No. 27. [717]

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 2, 1859.

Legislative Council of India.

THE 26TH MARCH 1859.

The following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 22nd March 1859, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. VIII OF 1859.

An Act for simplifying the Procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature not established by Royal Charter.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to simplify the Procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature not established by Royal Charter, It is enacted as follows :—

CHAPTER I.

OF THE JURISDICTION OF THE CIVIL COURTS.

Civil Courts have cognizance of all suits unless specially barred.

1. The Civil Courts shall take cognizance of all suits of a Civil nature, with the exception of suits of which their cognizance is barred by any Act of Parliament, or by any Regulation of the Codes of Bengal, Madras and Bombay respectively, or by any Act of the Governor General of India in Council.

Unless suits previously heard and determined.

2. The Civil Courts shall not take cognizance of any suit brought on a cause of action which shall have been heard and determined by a Court of competent jurisdiction in a former suit between the same parties or between parties under whom they claim.

Revision of judgments of the Civil Courts.

3. The judgments of the Civil Courts shall not be subject to revision, otherwise than by those Courts under the rules contained in this Act applicable to reviews of judgment, and by the constituted Courts of Appellate Jurisdiction.

No person exempted from jurisdiction by reason of place of birth or of descent.

4. No person whatever shall, by reason of place of birth, or by reason of descent, be in any Civil proceeding whatever excepted from the jurisdiction of any of the Civil Courts.

Jurisdiction of Civil Courts.

5. Subject to such pecuniary or other limitations as are or shall be prescribed by any law for the time being in force, the Civil Courts of each grade shall receive, try, and determine all suits hereby declared to be cognizable by those Courts, if in the case of suits for land or other immoveable property such land or property shall be situate within the limits to which their respective jurisdictions may extend, and in all other cases if the cause of action shall have arisen, or the defendant at the time of commencement of the suit shall dwell, or personally work for gain, within such limits.

Court in which suit to be instituted.

Transfer of suits.

6. Every suit shall be instituted in the Court of the lowest grade competent to try it. But it shall be lawful for the District Court to withdraw any suit instituted in any Court subordinate to such District Court and to try such suit itself or to refer it for trial to any other Court subordinate to its authority and competent in respect of the value of the suit to try the same, whenever it may see sufficient cause for so doing. In like manner the Sudder Court may order that the cognizance of any suit or appeal which may be instituted in any Court subordinate to such Sudder Court shall be transferred to any other Court subordinate to its authority and competent in respect of the value of the suit or appeal to try the same.

Suit to include the whole claim.

Relinquishment of part of claim.

7. Every suit shall include the whole of the claim arising out of the cause of action, but a plaintiff may relinquish any portion of his claim in order to bring the suit within the jurisdiction of any Court. If a plaintiff relinquish or omit to

sue for any portion of his claim, a suit for the portion so relinquished or omitted, shall not afterwards be entertained.

Joinder of causes of action in the same suit.

8. Causes of action by and against the same parties, and cognizable by the same Court, may be joined in the same suit, provided the entire claim in respect of the amount or value of the property in suit do not exceed the jurisdiction of such Court.

Court may in certain cases order separate trials of such causes of action.

9. If two or more causes of action be joined in one suit, and the Court shall be of opinion that they cannot conveniently be tried together, the Court may order separate trials of such causes of action to be held.

Claim for recovery of land & for mesne profits to be deemed distinct causes of action.

10. A claim for the recovery of land and a claim or the mesne profits of such land shall be deemed to be distinct causes of action within the meaning of the two last preceding Sections.

Suits for immoveable property situate within different jurisdictions of the same District.

11. If the suit be for land or other immoveable property situate within the limits of a single District, but within the jurisdiction of different Courts, the suit may be brought in the Court within the jurisdiction of which any portion of such land or other immoveable property is situate, provided the entire claim in respect of the value of the property in suit be cognizable by such Court; but in such case the Court in which the suit is brought shall apply to the District Court for authority to proceed with the same.

Suits for immoveable property situate in different Districts.

12. In like manner, if the property be situate within the limits of different Districts, the suit may be brought in any Court, otherwise competent to try it, within the jurisdiction of which any portion of the land or other immoveable property in suit is situate, but in such case the Court in which the suit is brought shall apply to the Sudder Court for authority to proceed with the same; if the suit is brought in any Court subordinate to a District Court, the application shall be submitted through the District Court to which such Court is subordinate.

Suits for immoveable property situate in Districts subject to different Sudder Courts.

13. If the Districts within the limits of which the property is situate, are subject to different Sudder Courts, the application shall be submitted to the Sudder Court to which the District, in which the suit is brought, is subject; and the Sudder Court to which such application is made, may, with the concurrence of the Sudder Court to which the other District is subject, give authority to proceed with the same.

Suit for land situate on the borders of the Court's local jurisdiction and alleged by the defendant to be within another local jurisdiction.

14. If, in a suit for land situate on the borders of the Court's local jurisdiction, the defendant object to the hearing of the suit on the ground that the land is not included within the local jurisdiction of the Court, the Court shall have power to determine the point; and if the Court shall find that the land is included within its local jurisdiction, it shall proceed to try the suit. Provided that, if it be shown that the land in dispute has been adjudged by competent authority to belong to an estate, village, or other known division of land situate within the local jurisdiction of another Court, the Court in which the suit is brought shall reject the plaint, or return it to the plaintiff in order to its being presented in the proper Court.

Proviso.

Declaratory suit.

15. No suit shall be open to objection on the ground that a merely declaratory decree or order is sought thereby, and it shall be lawful for the Civil Courts to make binding declarations of right without granting consequential relief.

CHAPTER II.

Preliminary Rules.

Parties may appear in person or by recognized agent or by pleader.

16. All applications to any Civil Court, and all appearances of parties in any Civil Court, except when otherwise specially provided by this Act, shall be made by the party in person, or by his recognized agent, or by a pleader duly appointed to act on his behalf.

Recognized agents.

17. The recognized agents of parties by whom such applications and appearances may be made are—

Persons holding powers of attorney.

1*st*. Persons holding general powers of attorney from parties not within the jurisdiction of the Court, authorizing them to make such applications and appearances on behalf of such parties.

Persons carrying on trade or business for absent persons.

2*ndly*. Persons carrying on trade or business for and in the name of parties not within the jurisdiction of the Court in matters connected with such trade or business only, where no other agent is expressly authorized to make such applications or appearances.

Persons authorized to act for Government.

3*rdly*. Persons being ex-officio or otherwise authorized to act for Government in respect of any suit or judicial proceeding.

Persons specially appointed to prosecute a suit for any Sovereign Prince.

4*thly*. Persons specially appointed by order of Government at the request of any Sovereign Prince, or Independent Chief, whether residing within or without the British Territories, to prosecute or defend a suit on his behalf.

Acts required to be done by a party to a suit in person may be done by his recognized agent.

Whenever the personal appearance of a party to a suit is required by this Act, such appearance may be made by his recognized agent, unless the Court shall otherwise direct; and anything which by this Act is required or permitted to be done by a party in person may be done by his recognized agent. Notices given to or processes served on a recognized agent relative to a suit shall be as effectual for all purposes in relation to the suit as if the same had been given to or served on the party in person, unless the Court shall otherwise direct; and all the provisions of this Act relative to the service of notices or processes on a party to a suit shall be applicable

Service of notices, &c., on recognized agents.

to the service of notices and processes on such recognized agent.

Appointment of pleader.

18. The appointment of a pleader to make any such application or appearance as aforesaid shall be in writing, and shall be filed in the Court. When so filed, it shall be considered to be in full force until revoked by a writing filed in the Court. All notices given to, or processes served on the pleader of any party, or left at the office or ordinary residence of such pleader, relative to a suit, and whether the same be for the personal attendance of the party or not, shall be presumed to be duly communicated and made known to the party whom the pleader represents, and shall be as effectual for all purposes in relation to the suit as if the same had been given to or served on the party in person, unless the Court shall otherwise direct.

Service of notices on pleaders.

Officers or Soldiers who cannot obtain leave of absence may authorize any person to appear for them.

19. When an Officer or Soldier in the service of the Government is a party to a suit, and cannot obtain a furlough or leave of absence for the purpose of prosecuting or defending the suit in person, he may authorize any member of his family or any other person to commence, conduct, and manage the suit or the defence, as the case may be, in his stead. The authority shall be in writing, and shall be signed by the Officer or Soldier in the presence of his Commanding Officer, who shall countersign the same, and it shall be filed in the Court. When so filed, the counter-signature of the Commanding Officer shall be sufficient proof that the authority was duly executed, and that the Officer or Soldier by whom it was granted could not obtain a furlough or leave of absence for the purpose of prosecuting or defending the suit in person.

The person so authorized may appear personally, or appoint pleader.

20. Any person who may be authorized, as in the last preceding Section mentioned, by an Officer or Soldier to prosecute or defend a suit in his stead, shall be competent to prosecute or defend it in person in the same manner as the Officer or Soldier could do if present; or he may appoint a pleader of the Court to prosecute or defend the suit on behalf of such Officer or Soldier. And all notices or processes relative to the suit which may be served upon any person who shall be so authorized as aforesaid by an Officer or Soldier, or upon any pleader who shall be appointed as aforesaid by such person to act for or on behalf of such Officer or Soldier, shall be as effectual for all purposes relative to the suit as if the same had been served on the party in person or on a pleader appointed by him.

Exemption of certain women from personal appearance.

21. Women, who according to the custom and manners of the country ought not to be compelled to appear in public, shall be exempt from personal appearance in Court.

Government may exempt certain persons from personal appearance.

22. The Government may at its discretion exempt from personal appearance in Court any person whose rank in the opinion of the Government entitles him to the privilege of exemption, and may at its discretion withdraw such privilege. The names of the persons so exempted (if any) residing within the jurisdiction of the Principal Civil Court of each District shall from time to time be forwarded to such Court by the local Government, and a list of such persons (if any) shall be kept in such Court and in the several subordinate Courts of the District.

Cost of serving process.

23. Every process required to be issued under this Act, shall be served at the expense of the party at whose instance it is issued, unless otherwise specially directed by the Court; and the sum required to defray the cost of such service shall be paid into Court before the process is issued.

Requisite sum to be paid into Court before process issued.

Punishment for false verification of plaint, statement, &c.

24. If any plaint, written statement, or declaration in writing required by this Act to be verified shall contain any averment which the person making the verification shall know or believe to be false, or shall not know or believe to be true, such person shall be subject to punishment according to the provision of the law for the time being in force for the punishment of giving or fabricating false evidence.

CHAPTER III.

OF A SUIT TILL FINAL DECREE.

Of the institution of Suits.

Suits to be commenced by plaint.

25. All suits shall be commenced by a plaint which, except when otherwise specially provided by this Act, shall be presented to the Court by the plaintiff in person, or by his recognized agent, or by a pleader duly appointed to act on his behalf.

Particulars to be given in the plaint.

26. The plaint shall be distinctly written in the language in ordinary use in proceedings before the Court and shall contain the following particulars:—

1.—The name, description, and place of abode of the plaintiff.

2.—The name, description, and place of abode of the defendant, so far as they can be ascertained.

3.—The relief sought for, the subject of the claim, the cause of action and when it accrued: and, if the cause of action accrued beyond the period ordinarily allowed by any law for commencing such a suit, the ground upon which exemption from the law is claimed.

The following are instances:

If the suit be for money due on a bond or other written instrument:—Payment of
due on *(a bond or other written instrument as the case may be)*, for the sum of
, bearing date the
day of , and payable on
the day of , namely,—

Principal... ... ...
Interest ... ...
Amount paid (if any) ... ...

Balance due.....

If the plaintiff claim exemption from any law of limitation, say—"The plaintiff was an infant *(or as the case may be)* from the day of to the day of ".

If the suit be for the price of goods sold:—Payment of on account of maunds of *(rice, indigo, sugar, or as the case may be)* sold on the day of , and the price of which became payable on the day of as per account at foot.

If the suit be for damages for an injury done:—Payment of on account of injury done to the plaintiff, [*here set out the nature of the injury, and state the particulars of the pecuniary loss (if any).*]

4.—When the claim is for any property other than money, its estimated value.

The following is an instance:

If the suit be for an estate or for a share in an estate paying Revenue to Government:—Possession of the estate or of share in the estate, called , situate in the Zillah of the sudder jumma of which is and estimated value (of which the plaintiff was dispossessed *(or forcibly or fraudulently dispossessed, if the case be so)* on the day of ; or to which the plaintiff became entitled by inheritance from *(or by gift, purchase, or otherwise, as the case may be)* on or about the day of .

5.—When the claim is for land or for any interest in land, the nature of the tenure or interest must be specified; and if the claim be for land forming part of a village or other known division, or for a house, garden, or the like, its situation shall be described by the setting forth of boundaries, or in such other manner as may suffice for its identification.

6.—In all suits by or against the Government, or one of its Officers in his official capacity, or any Corporation, or any Company authorized to sue and be sued in the name of an Officer or Trustees, the words "The Government," or "The Collector of ," or otherwise as the case may be, or the name of the Corporation, or the name or names of the Officer or Trustees of the Company, shall be inserted in Nos. 1 and 2 instead of the name and description of the plaintiff or defendant. But in all other cases it shall be necessary to specify the names of all the parties.

Plaint to be subscribed and verified.

27. The plaint shall be subscribed by the plaintiff and his pleader (if any), and shall be verified at the foot by the plaintiff in the manner following or to the like effect:—

I (A. B.) the plaintiff named in the above plaint do declare that what is stated therein is true to the best of my information and belief.

If plaintiff by reason of absence be unable to subscribe and verify the plaint.

28. If the plaintiff, by reason of absence or for other good cause, be unable to subscribe and verify the plaint, the Court may allow the plaint to be subscribed and verified on behalf of the plaintiff by any person whom the Court may consider competent to make the verification.

In suits by a Corporation or Company, a Director or Secretary shall verify the plaint.

In suits by a Corporation or Company authorized to sue and be sued in the name of an Officer or Trustees, the plaint shall be subscribed and verified on behalf of the Corporation or Company by any Director, Secretary, or other principal Officer of the Corporation or Company who may be able to depose to the facts of the case.

Court may reject plaint, if it do not contain the required particulars, &c.

29. If the plaint do not contain the several particulars hereinbefore required to be specified therein, or if it contain particulars other than those required to be specified whether relevant to the suit or not, or if the statement of particulars be unnecessarily prolix, or if the plaint be not subscribed and verified as hereinbefore required, the Court may reject the plaint, or at its discretion may allow the plaint to be amended.

Plaint to be returned, if the claim is beyond the jurisdiction of the Court.

30. If the amount or estimated value of the claim, as stated by the plaintiff, be beyond the jurisdiction of the Court, the plaint shall be returned to the plaintiff in order to its being presented in the proper Court.

Plaint to be rejected, if improperly or insufficiently valued.

31. If it appear to the Court that the claim is improperly valued, or being properly valued that the plaint is written upon stamped paper of inadequate value, and the plaintiff, on being required by the Court to correct such improper valuation or to supply such additional stamp paper as may be necessary, shall not comply with the requisition, the Court shall reject the plaint.

Plaint to be rejected, if it appear to the Court that plaintiff has no cause of action or that right of action is barred by lapse of time.

32. If upon the face of the plaint, or after questioning the plaintiff, it appear to the Court that the subject matter of the plaint does not constitute a cause of action, or that the right of action is barred by lapse of time, the Court shall reject the plaint.

Amendment of plaint.

Provided that the Court may in any case allow the plaint to be amended, if it appear proper to do so.

Plaint to be returned, if it appear to the Court that it has not jurisdiction.

33. If it appear to the Court that the cause of action did not arise, or that the defendant is not dwelling or personally working for gain within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Court, or, if the claim relate to land or other immoveable property, that such land or other property is not situate within such limits, the Court shall return the plaint to the plaintiff in order to its being presented in the proper Court.

Security for costs to be furnished by plaintiff at the time of presenting the plaint, if he resides out of the British territories in India.

34. A suit by a party ordinarily residing out of the British territories in India, and not possessing any land or other immoveable property within those territories independent of the property in suit, shall not be entertained unless the plaintiff, at the time of presenting the plaint or within such time as the Court shall order, furnish security for the payment of all costs

that may be incurred by the defendant in the suit. In the event of such security not being furnished, the Court shall return the plaint to the plaintiff.

Plaint to be rejected if security be not furnished.

35. If in any stage of a suit it shall appear to the Court that the plaintiff (being sole plaintiff) is a person residing out of the British territories in India, the Court may order him, within a time to be fixed by such order, to furnish security for the payment of all costs incurred and to be incurred by the defendant in the suit. In the event of such security not being furnished within the time so fixed, the Court shall pass judgment against the plaintiff by default, unless he be permitted to withdraw from the suit under the provisions of Section 97.

Security for costs may be required in any stage of suit, if it appear that plaintiff resides out of India.

36. Whenever a plaint is rejected under any of the foregoing Sections, an appeal shall lie from the order rejecting the plaint. The rejection of a plaint on any of the grounds mentioned in Sections 29 and 31 shall not preclude a plaintiff from presenting a fresh plaint in respect of the same cause of action.

Appeal from order rejecting plaint.

37. If the suit be for land or other immoveable property situate partly within the jurisdiction of the Court and partly within the jurisdiction of some other Court or Courts, the Court shall proceed according to the rules contained in Section 11, Section 12, or Section 13, as the case may be.

Proceeding in a suit for immoveable property in different jurisdictions.

38. If the Court consider the plaint admissible, the particulars mentioned in Section 26 shall be entered in a book to be kept for the purpose, and called the Register of Civil Suits; and the entries shall be numbered in every year according to the order in which the plaint is presented. The Register shall be kept in the form contained in the Schedule (A) hereunto annexed.

When the plaint is admissible, particulars to be entered in a Register.

Form of the Register.

39. When the plaintiff sues upon any written document or relies upon any such document as evidence in support of his claim, he shall produce the same in Court when the plaint is presented, and shall at the same time deliver a copy of the document to be filed with the plaint; if the document be an entry in a shop-book or other book, the plaintiff shall produce the book to the Court together with a copy of the entry on which he relies. The Court shall forthwith mark the document for the purpose of identification; and after examining and comparing the copy with the original, shall return the document to the plaintiff. The plaintiff may, if he think proper, deliver the original document to be filed instead of the copy. The Court may, if it see sufficient cause, direct any written document so produced to be impounded and kept in the custody of some Officer of the Court, for such period and subject to such conditions as to the Court shall seem meet. Any document not produced in Court by the plaintiff when the plaint is presented, shall not be received in evidence on his behalf at the hearing of the suit without the sanction of the Court.

Written document to be produced in Court when plaint is presented.

And copy filed with plaint.

Original to be marked and returned.

If plaintiff wish, original may be filed instead of copy.

Court may order document to be impounded.

Document not produced when plaint filed, to be inadmissible in evidence.

40. If the plaintiff require the production of any written document in the possession or power of the defendant, he may, at the time of presenting the plaint, deliver to the Court a description of the document, in order that the defendant may be required to produce the same.

If plaintiff require production of document in possession of defendant.

Of Summoning the Defendant.

41. When the plaint has been registered, a summons under the signature of the Judge and the seal of the Court shall be issued to the defendant to appear and answer the claim, on a day to be therein specified, in person or by a pleader of the Court duly instructed and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or by a pleader who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions. The Court shall determine at the time of issuing the summons whether it shall be for the settlement of issues only or for the final disposal of the suit, and the summons shall contain a direction accordingly.

On plaint being registered, summons to issue to defendant.

Summons to be either to settle the issues, or for the final disposal of the case.

42. If the Court see reason to require the personal attendance of the defendant, the summons shall order the defendant to appear personally in Court on the day therein specified. If the Court see reason to require the personal attendance of the plaintiff on that day, it may make an order for such attendance. Provided that no plaintiff or defendant shall be ordered to attend in person, who at the time is *bonâ fide* residing at a distance of more than fifty miles from the place where the Court is held, unless he be resident within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Court.

Personal appearance of defendant or plaintiff.

If resident within 50 miles.

Or within the local jurisdiction of the Court.

43. The summons to appear shall order the defendant to produce any written document in his possession or power, of which the plaintiff demands inspection, or upon which the defendant intends to rely in support of his defence.

Summons shall order defendant to produce documents.

Form of summons.

44. The summons shall be in the Form contained in the Schedule (B) hereunto annexed or to the like effect.

45. The day for the appearance of the defendant shall be fixed by the Court with reference to the place of residence of the defendant, and the time necessary for the service of the summons; and the day shall be so fixed as to allow the defendant a sufficient time to enable him to appear and answer in person or by a pleader on such day.

The day for appearance of defendant how to be fixed.

Court may order personal appearance of a Director or Secretary in suits against a Corporation or Company.

46. In suits against a Corporation or a Company authorized to sue and be sued in the name of an Officer or Trustees, the Court may, if it think proper, require the personal attendance of any Director, Secretary, or other principal Officer of the Corporation or Company who may be able to answer all material questions relating to the suit.

SERVICE OF SUMMONS ON THE DEFENDANT.

Summons shall be served by Officer of Court.

47. The summons shall be delivered to the Nazir or other proper Officer of the Court to be served by himself or one of his subordinates, and such Officer shall be responsible for its due service.

How service shall be made.

48. Service of the summons shall be made by delivering or tendering a copy thereof under the signature of the Judge and seal of the Court; and when there are more defendants than one, service of the summons shall be made on each defendant.

When there are several defendants.

Service to be on defendant in person, when practicable.

Service on agent sufficient.

49. Whenever it may be practicable the service shall be on the defendant in person, unless he have an agent empowered to accept the service, in which case service on such agent shall be sufficient.

Who may be an agent to receive service.

50. Besides the recognized agents described in Section 17, any person residing within the jurisdiction of the Court may be appointed an agent to receive the service of summonses and other processes.

Appointment of such agent to be in writing and to be filed in Court.

51. The appointment of such agent shall be in writing, and the original appointment, or a copy thereof if the appointment be a general one, shall be filed in the Court.

Agent of Government.

52. The Government pleader in each Court shall be accounted the agent of the Government for the purpose of receiving services of summonses and other judicial processes against the Government, issuing out of the Court in which he may be the pleader of Government.

If defendant cannot be found, and has no agent, service may be made on a male member of his family.

53. When the defendant cannot be found, and has no agent empowered to accept the service of the summons, it may be made on any adult male member of his family residing with him.

In all cases the person served is to be required to endorse the summons.

54. In all cases where the summons is served on the defendant personally or any agent or other person on his behalf, the serving Officer shall require the signature of the person on whom the service may be made, to an acknowledgment of service, to be endorsed on the original summons or on a copy thereof under the seal of the Court. If such person refuse to sign the acknowledgment, the service of the summons shall nevertheless be held sufficient, if it be otherwise proved to the satisfaction of the Court.

But service is sufficient without.

If the summons cannot be served, a copy shall be fixed to the door of the dwelling house.

55. When the defendant cannot be found, and there is no agent empowered to accept the service, nor and other person on whom the service can be made, the serving Officer shall fix the copy of the summons on the outer door of the house in which the defendant is dwelling; and if he is not dwelling in the place mentioned in the summons, the serving Officer shall return the summons to the Court from whence it issued with an endorsement thereon that he has been unable to serve it. Provided that, if the serving Officer is informed that the defendant is to be found or has his dwelling in a place within the jurisdiction of the Court other than that indicated in the summons, the Officer may proceed to that place to serve the summons.

If defendant do not dwell in the place mentioned, the summons shall be returned with an endorsement of non-service.

Proviso.

If served, time and manner of service to be endorsed on summons.

56. The serving Officer shall, in all cases in which the summons has been served, endorse on the original summons or on a copy thereof under the seal of the Court, the time when and the manner in which it was served.

When summons is returned unserved, Court to order substituted service, if satisfied that the defendant is avoiding service.

57. When a summons is returned to the Court without having been served, if the plaintiff shall satisfy the Court that there is reasonable ground for believing that the defendant is keeping out of the way of its Officer for the purpose of avoiding the service of the summons, the Court shall order the summons to be served by fixing up a copy thereof upon some conspicuous place in the Court-house, and also upon the door of the house in which the defendant shall have last resided, if it be known where he last resided; or that the summons shall be served in such other manner as the Court shall think proper. And the service which shall be substituted by order of the Court, shall be as effectual to all intents and purposes as if it had been effected in the manher above specified.

When service is substituted, the time for appearance to be fixed.

58. Whenever service shall be substituted by order of the Court by virtue of the power contained in the last preceding Section, the Court shall fix such time for the appearance of the defendant as the case may require.

How the summons is to be served when the defendant is resident within the jurisdiction of another Court and has no agent to accept service.

59. If the defendant be resident within the jurisdiction of any Court other than that in which the suit is instituted, and have no agent empowered to accept the service, the Court in which the suit is instituted shall transmit the summons, either by an Officer of the Court or by post, to any Court having jurisdiction at the place where the defendant resides, by which it can be most conveniently served, and shall fix such time for the appearance of the defendant as the case may require; and the Court to which the summons is transmitted, shall, upon receipt of the summons, deliver the same to the Nazir or other proper Officer of such Court, to be served in the manner above directed; and upon the return of the summons by the serving Officer, it shall be

re-transmitted to the Court from whence it originally issued.

How the summons is to be served when the defendant resides out of the British territories in India and has no agent to accept service.

60. If the defendant be resident out of the British territories in India, and have no agent empowered to accept the service, the summons shall be addressed to the defendant at the place where he may reside, and forwarded to him by post: in such case the time for the appearance of the defendant shall be regulated by the time which may be required for communication by post between the place at which the Court is held and the place where the defendant resides; and if, on the day fixed for the hearing of the suit or on any day to which the hearing may be adjourned, the defendant shall not appear in person or by pleader, the plaintiff may apply to the Court, and it shall be lawful for the Court to direct that the plaintiff shall be at liberty to proceed with his suit in such manner and subject to such conditions as to the Court may seem meet.

Time for appearance.

In case of non-appearance of defendant, Court may direct suit to proceed subject to conditions.

In suits for immoveable property, service may in certain cases be made on agent in charge of such property.

61. When the suit is for land or other immoveable property, and the summons for any reason cannot be served on the defendant in person, and the defendant has no agent empowered to accept the service, the summons may be served on any agent of the defendant in charge of such land or other immoveable property.

How service may be made on Government Servants.

62. When the defendant is in the service of the Government, the Court may transmit a copy of the summons to the head Officer of the Office in which the defendant is employed, for the purpose of being served on him, if it shall appear to the Court that the summons may be most conveniently so served. If the defendant be an Officer or Soldier, the Court shall transmit a copy of the summons to the Commanding Officer of the Corps to which the defendant belongs, for the purpose of being served on him. The Officer to whom the summons is transmitted, after causing the summons to be served on the person to whom it is addressed if practicable, shall return it to the Court with the written acknowledgment of such person endorsed thereon. If from any cause the summons cannot be served upon the person to whom it is addressed, it shall be returned to the Court by which it was transmitted with information of the cause which has prevented the service. In such case the Court shall adopt such other means of serving the summons as it may deem proper.

Service on Officers and Soldiers.

Service on a Corporation or Company.

63. When the suit is against a Corporation or a Company authorized to sue and be sued in the name of an Officer or Trustees, the summons may be served by leaving the same at the registered Office (if any) of the Company, or sending it through the Post Office by a letter addressed to such Office, or by giving it to any Director, Secretary, or other principal Officer of the Corporation or Company.

In what case a letter may be substituted for a summons.

64. Nothing contained in the preceding rules shall be construed to prevent the Court from substituting for the summons, a letter or other appropriate communication under the signature of the Judge and seal of the Court, when the person whose appearance is required is of a rank which entitles him to such mark of consideration. The letter or other communication shall contain all the particulars required to be stated in the summons, and shall be treated in all respects as a summons.

Service how to be made in such case.

65. When a letter or other communication is substituted for a summons under the authority of the last preceding Section, it may be transmitted through the Post Office, or by a special messenger selected by the Court, or in any other manner which the Court may deem sufficient; unless the party shall have an agent empowered to accept service of judicial process, in which case delivery to such agent shall be deemed sufficient service.

Proof of due service and delivery of summons, letter, &c. transmitted through the post.

66. Whenever it is provided that any summons, letter, or other communication may be transmitted to the person to whom it is addressed through the Post Office, proof that the same was correctly addressed to such person at his place of residence, and that it was duly posted and registered according to Section XXXVIII of Act XVII of 1854 *(for the management of the Post Office, for the regulation of the duties of Postage, and for the punishment of offences against the Post Office)*, shall be sufficient proof of the due service and delivery of the summons, letter, or other communication, in the absence of evidence to the contrary.

Of Suits against Government and Public Officers.

In suits against Government, summons to be served on Government Pleader.

Appearance and answer.

67. If the suit be against the Government, the summons shall be served on the Government Pleader. The Court, in fixing the day for the Government to answer to the plaint, shall allow a reasonable time for the necessary communication with the Government through the proper channels, and for the issue of instructions to the Government Pleader to appear and answer on behalf of the Government, and may extend the time at its discretion on the application of the Government Pleader. The Court may also, if it think proper, direct the attendance of a person who may be able to answer all material questions relating to the suit.

In suits against Government Officers for alleged official acts, summons to be served on them.

68. If the suit be against an Officer of the Government for an act which the plaintiff alleges to have been done by such Officer in his official capacity, the summons shall be served upon such Officer in the manner hereinbefore provided.

Court may grant extension of time to enable Officer to make a reference to Government.

69. If the Officer on receiving the summons shall consider it proper to make a reference to Government before answering to the plaint, he may move the Court to grant such extension of the time fixed in the summons as may be necessary to enable him to make such reference and to receive orders thereon through the proper channels; and the Court upon such motion may extend the time for so long as shall appear to it to be requisite.

70. If the Government shall undertake the defence of the suit, the Government Pleader shall be furnished with authority to appear and answer to the plaint; and, upon motion made by him, the Court shall order a note to that effect to be entered in the Registor.

If Government undertake defence, Government Pleader to appear and move that a note of his appearance be entered in the Register.

71. If such motion shall not be made by the Government Pleader on or before the day fixed in the notice for the defendant to appear and answer to the plaint, the case shall proceed as in a suit between private parties except that the defendant shall not be liable to arrest before judgment.

If no such motion be made, case to proceed as in a suit between private parties.

But defendant not liable to arrest before judgment.

72. If in any such suit the Court shall require the personal appearance of the defendant, and the defendant shall satisfy the Court that he cannot absent himself from his duty without injury to the public service, the Court shall exempt him from such appearance, but he shall be liable to be examined in any way in which an absent witness may be examined.

Defendant may in certain cases be exempted from personal appearance.

How Persons not before the Court may be made Parties to a Suit.

73. If it appear to the Court, at any hearing of a suit, that all the persons who may be entitled to, or who claim some share or interest in the subject matter of the suit, and who may be likely to be affected by the result, have not been made parties to the suit, the Court may adjourn the hearing of the suit to a future day to be fixed by the Court, and direct that such persons shall be made either plaintiffs or defendants in the suit as the case may be. In such case the Court shall issue a notice to such persons in the manner provided in this Act for the service of a summons on a defendant.

Court may adjourn hearing and direct that parties appearing to be interested in a suit shall be made parties to the suit.

Of Arrest before Judgment.

74. If in any suit, not being a suit for land or other immoveable property, the defendant, with intent to avoid or delay the plaintiff, or to obstruct or delay the execution of any decree that may be passed against him, is about to leave the jurisdiction of the Court, or has disposed of or removed from the jurisdiction of the Court his property or any part thereof, the plaintiff may, either at the institution of the suit, or at any time thereafter until final judgment, make an application to the Court that security be taken for the appearance of the defendant to answer any judgment that may be passed against him in the suit.

In suits for moveable property, when defendant is about to leave the jurisdiction, &c., plaintiff may apply that security be taken.

75. If the Court, after examining the applicant and making such further investigation as it may consider necessary, shall be of opinion that there is probable cause for believing that the defendant is about to leave its jurisdiction with the intent of avoiding or delaying the plaintiff, or that he has disposed of or removed from the jurisdiction of the Court his property or any part thereof with the intent to obstruct or delay the execution of any decree, it shall be lawful for the Court to issue a warrant to the proper Officer, enjoining him to bring the defendant before the Court, that he may show cause why he should not give good and sufficient bail for his appearance.

Court may issue warrant to bring up defendant to show cause why he should not give bail.

76. If the defendant fail to show such cause, the Court shall order him to give bail for his appearance at any time when called upon while the suit is pending, and until execution or satisfaction of any decree that may be passed against him in the suit; and the surety or sureties shall undertake, in default of such appearance, to pay any sum of money that may be adjudged against the defendant in the suit, with costs. Any order made by the Court, under the provisions of this Section, shall be open to appeal by the defendant.

If defendant fail to show cause, Court may order him to give bail.

Appeal.

77. Should a defendant offer, in lieu of bail for his appearance, to deposit a sum of money or other valuable property sufficient to answer the claim against him, with the costs of the suit, the Court may accept such deposit.

Deposit in lieu of bail.

78. In the event of the defendant neither furnishing security nor offering a sufficient deposit, he may be committed to custody until the decision of the suit, or if judgment be given against the defendant until the execution of the decree, if the Court shall so order.

Defendant to be committed to custody if he cannot give security.

79. If it shall appear to the Court that the arrest of the defendant was applied for on insufficient grounds, or if the suit of the plaintiff is dismissed or judgment is given against him by default or otherwise and it shall appear to the Court that there was no probable ground for instituting the suit, the Court may (on the application of the defendant) award against the plaintiff in its decree such amount, not exceeding the sum of one thousand Rupees, as it may deem a reasonable compensation to the defendant for any injury or loss which he may have sustained by reason of such arrest. Provided that the Court shall not award a larger amount of compensation under this Section than it is competent to such Court to decree in an action for damages. An award of compensation under this Section shall bar any suit for damages in respect of such arrest.

Compensation to defendant arrested on insufficient grounds.

Proviso as to amount.

80. If in any suit the defendant is about to leave the British territories in India with intent to remain absent so long that the plaintiff will or may thereby be obstructed or delayed in the execution of any decree that may be passed against the defendant, the plaintiff may make an application to the Court to the effect and in the manner aforesaid, and the procedure thereupon shall be in all respects the same as hereinbefore provided.

When the defendant is about to leave India, the application to be made to the Court.

OF ATTACHMENT BEFORE JUDGMENT.

In what cases plaintiff may apply before judgment for security from defendant to fulfil decree, and in default for an attachment of defendant's property.

81. If the defendant, with intent to obstruct or delay the execution of any decree that may be passed against him, is about to dispose of his property or any part thereof, or to remove any such property from the jurisdiction of the Court where the suit is pending, the plaintiff may apply to the Court, either at the time of the institution of the suit or at any time thereafter until final judgment, to call upon the defendant to furnish sufficient security to fulfil any decree that may be passed against him in the suit, and, on his failing to give such security, to direct that any property, moveable or immoveable, belonging to the defendant, shall be attached until the further order of the Court.

Application how to be made.

82. The application shall contain a specification of the property required to be attached, and the estimated value of each article or item thereof; and the plaintiff shall, at the time of making the application, declare that the defendant is about to dispose of or remove his property with such intent as aforesaid.

Form of warrant to be issued.

83. If the Court, after examining the applicant and making such further investigation as it may consider necessary, shall be satisfied that the defendant is about to dispose of or remove his property, with intent to obstruct or delay the execution of the decree, it shall be lawful for the Court to issue a warrant to the proper Officer, commanding him to call upon the defendant, within a time to be fixed by the Court, either to furnish security in such sum as may be specified in the order to produce and place at the disposal of the Court when required the said property or the value of the same or such portion thereof as may be sufficient to fulfil the decree, or to appear and show cause why he should not furnish security. The Court may also in the warrant direct the attachment until further order of the whole or any portion of the property specified in the application.

If cause be not shown or security be not furnished, property may be attached.

84. If the defendant fail to show such cause or to furnish the required security within the time fixed by the Court, the Court may direct that the property specified in the application, if not already attached, or such portion thereof as shall be sufficient to fulfil the decree, shall be attached until further order.

Withdrawal of attachment.

If the defendant show such cause or furnish the required security, and the property specified in the application or any portion of it shall have been attached, the Court shall order the attachment to be withdrawn.

How the attachment is to be made.

85. The attachment shall be made according to the nature of the property to be attached, in the manner hereinafter prescribed for the attachment of property in execution of a decree for money.

Appeal.

Any order for the attachment of property under the preceding Section shall be open to appeal by the defendant.

Claims to property attached before judgment, how to be investigated.

86. In the event of any claim being preferred to the property attached before judgment, such claim shall be investigated in the manner hereinafter prescribed for the investigation of claims to property attached in execution of a decree for money.

Attachment may be removed when security is furnished.

87. In all cases of attachment before judgment, the Court which passed the order for the attachment shall at any time remove the same, on the defendant furnishing security as above required, together with security for the costs of the attachment.

Compensation for attachment applied for on insufficient grounds, &c.

88. If it shall appear to the Court that the attachment was applied for on insufficient grounds, or if the suit of the plaintiff is dismissed or judgment is given against him by default or otherwise and it shall appear to the Court that there was no probable ground for instituting the suit, the Court may (on the application of the defendant) award against the plaintiff in its decree such amount, not exceeding the sum of one thousand Rupees, as it may deem a reasonable compensation to the defendant for the expense or injury occasioned to him by the attachment of his property.

Proviso.

Provided that the Court shall not award a larger amount of compensation under this Section than it is competent to such Court to decree in an action for damages. An award of compensation under this Section shall bar any suit for damages in respect of such attachment.

Attachment not to affect the rights of persons not parties to the suit, or bar the execution of decrees.

89. Attachments before judgment shall not affect the rights of persons not parties to the suit, nor bar any person holding a decree against the defendant from applying for the sale of the property under attachment in execution of such decree.

Court may stay the sale of property already under attachment, when execution of a decree fraudulently obtained is applied for.

90. If it shall appear to the Court by whose order the property may have been attached before judgment, that there is reasonable ground for supposing that the decree, in satisfaction of which the sale of the property is applied for, was obtained by fraud or other improper means, the Court may refuse to allow the property to be sold in execution, if the decree be a decree of that Court; or if it be a decree of another Court, may stay the proceedings for a reasonable time to enable the plaintiff in the pending suit to adopt proceedings to set aside the decree.

Special case in which party may be put in immediate possession of land the subject of suit.

91. Whenever lands paying revenue to Government or a tenure liable to summary sale under the provisions of Regulation VIII. 1819 of the Bengal Code *(to declare the validity of certain tenures and to define the relative rights of Zemindars and Putnee Talookdars &c.)* form the subject of a suit, if the party in possession of such lands or tenure shall neglect to pay the Government revenue or the rent due to the proprietor of the estate, as the case may be, and a public sale shall in consequence be ordered to take place, the party not in possession shall, upon payment of the revenue or rent due previously to the sale (and with or without security at the discretion of the Court), be put in immediate possession of the

lands or tenure; and the Court in its decree may award against the defendant the amount so paid, with interest thereupon at such rate as to the Court may seem fit, or may charge the amount so paid, with interest thereupon, at such rate as the Court may order, in any adjustment of accounts which may be directed in the final decree upon the suit.

Of Injunctions.

92. In any suit in which it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the Court that any property which is in dispute in the suit is in danger of being wasted, damaged, or alienated by any party to the suit, it shall be lawful for the Court to issue an injunction to such party, commanding him to refrain from doing the particular act complained of, or to give such other orders for the purpose of staying and preventing him from wasting, damaging, or alienating the property, as to the Court may seem meet. And in all cases in which it may appear to the Court to be necessary for the preservation or the better management or custody of any property which is in dispute in a suit, it shall be lawful for the Court to appoint a receiver or manager of such property, and, if need be, to remove the person in whose possession or custody the property may be from the possession or custody thereof, and to commit the same to the custody of such receiver or manager, and to grant to such receiver or manager all such powers for the management or the preservation and improvement of the property, and the collection of the rents and profits thereof, and the application and disposal of such rents and profits, as to the Court may seem proper. If the property be land paying revenue to Government, and it is considered that the interests of those concerned will be promoted by the management of the Collector, the Court may appoint the Collector to be receiver and manager of such land, unless the Government shall by any general order prohibit the appointment of Collectors for such purpose, or shall in any particular case prohibit the appointment of the Collector to be such receiver.

Cases in which an injunction to stay waste &c. may be granted.

Or in which a receiver or manager may be appointed.

When the Collector may be appointed receiver or manager.

93. In any suit for restraining the defendant from the committal of any breach of contract or other injury, and whether the same be accompanied with any claim for damages or not, it shall be lawful for the plaintiff, at any time after the commencement of the suit, and whether before or after judgment, to apply to the Court for an injunction to restrain the defendant from the repetition, or the continuance of the breach of contract or wrongful act complained of, or the committal of any breach of contract or injury of a like kind arising out of the same contract or relating to the same property or right; and such injunction may be granted by the Court on such terms as to the duration of the injunction, keeping an account, giving security, or otherwise, as to such Court shall seem reasonable and just, and in case of disobedience such injunction may be enforced by imprisonment in the same manner as a decree for specific performance: provided always that any order for an injunction may be discharged or varied or set aside by the Court, on application made thereto by any party dissatisfied with such order.

In suits to restrain breach of contract &c.

Injunction to restrain repetition or continuance of breach.

Proviso.

94. Any order made under either of the last two preceding Sections shall be open to appeal by the defendant.

Appeal.

95. The Court may in every case before granting an injunction direct such reasonable notice of the application for the same to be given to the opposite party as it shall see fit.

Before granting injunction, Court may direct reasonable notice to be given to the opposite party.

96. If it shall appear to the Court that the injunction was applied for on insufficient grounds, or if the claim of the plaintiff is dismissed or judgment is given against him by default or otherwise and it shall appear to the Court that there was no probable ground for instituting the suit, the Court may (on the application of the defendant) award against the plaintiff in its decree such sum, not exceeding one thousand Rupees, as it may deem a reasonable compensation to the defendant for the expense or injury occasioned to him by the issue of the injunction. Provided that the Court shall not award a larger amount of compensation under this Section than it is competent to such Court to decree in an action for damages. An award of compensation under this Section shall bar any suit for damages in respect of the issue of the injunction.

Compensation to defendant for needless issue of injunction.

Proviso.

Of the Withdrawal and Adjustment of Suits.

97. If the plaintiff at any time before final judgment satisfy the Court that there are sufficient grounds for permitting him to withdraw from the suit with liberty to bring a fresh suit for the same matter, it shall be competent to the Court to grant such permission on such terms as to costs or otherwise as it may deem proper. In any such fresh suit the plaintiff shall be bound by the rules for the limitation of actions in the same manner as if the first suit had not been brought. If the plaintiff withdraw from the suit without such permission, he shall be precluded from bringing a fresh suit for the same matter.

Court may allow plaintiff to withdraw from a suit, with liberty to bring a fresh suit.

98. If a suit shall be adjusted by mutual agreement or compromise, or if the defendant satisfy the plaintiff in respect to the matter of the suit, such agreement, compromise, or satisfaction shall be recorded, and the suit shall be disposed of in accordance therewith. On the application of the plaintiff reciting the substance of such agreement, compromise, or satisfaction, the Court, if satisfied that such agreement, compromise, or satisfaction has been actually entered into or made, shall grant a certificate to the plaintiff authorizing him to receive back from the Collector the full amount of stamp duty paid on the plaint if the application shall have been presented before the settlement of issues, or half the amount if presented at any time after the settlement of issues and before any witness has been

Adjustment or compromise.

Court may grant certificate for refund of stamp duty on plaint, if suit be adjusted.

examined. Provided however that no such certificate shall be granted if the adjustment between the parties be such as to require a decree to pass on which process of execution can be taken out.

Proviso.

Of the Death, Marriage, and Bankruptcy or Insolvency of Parties.

Suit not to abate by death in certain cases.

99. The death of a plaintiff or defendant shall not cause the suit to abate if the cause of action survive.

Proceeding in case of death of one of several plaintiffs or defendants, if the cause of action survives.

100. If there be two or more plaintiffs or defendants and one of them die, and if the cause of action survive to the surviving plaintiff or plaintiffs alone, or against the surviving defendant or defendants alone, the suit shall proceed at the instance of the surviving plaintiff or plaintiffs, and against the surviving defendant or defendants.

Proceeding in case of death of one of several plaintiffs, where the cause of action accrues to the survivor and the representative of the deceased.

101. If there be two or more plaintiffs, and one of them die, and if the cause of action shall not survive to the surviving plaintiff or plaintiffs alone but shall survive to them and the legal representative of the deceased plaintiff jointly, the Court may, on the application of the legal representative of the deceased plaintiff, enter the name of such representative in the Register of the suit in the place of such deceased plaintiff, and the suit shall proceed at the instance of the surviving plaintiff or plaintiffs and such legal representative of the deceased plaintiff. If no application shall be made to the Court by any person claiming to be the legal representative of the deceased plaintiff, the suit shall proceed at the instance of the surviving plaintiff or plaintiffs; and the legal representative of the deceased plaintiff shall be interested in and shall be bound by the judgment given in the suit in the same manner as if the suit had proceeded at his instance conjointly with the surviving plaintiff or plaintiffs.

Proceeding in case of death of sole or sole surviving plaintiff.

102. In case of the death of a sole plaintiff or sole surviving plaintiff, the Court may, on the application of the legal representative of such plaintiff, enter the name of such representative in the place of such plaintiff in the Register of the suit, and the suit shall thereupon proceed; if no such application shall be made to the Court within what it may consider a reasonable time by any person claiming to be the legal representative of the deceased sole plaintiff or sole surviving plaintiff, it shall be competent to the Court to pass an order that the suit shall abate, and to award to the defendant the reasonable cost which he may have incurred in defending the suit, to be recovered from the estate of the deceased sole plaintiff or surviving plaintiff; or the Court may, if it think proper, on the application of the defendant, and upon such terms as to costs as may seem fit, pass such other order for bringing in the legal representative of the deceased sole plaintiff or surviving plaintiff, and for proceeding with the suit in order to a final determination of the matters in dispute, as may appear just and proper in the circumstances of the case.

Proceeding in case of dispute as to who is the legal representative of a deceased plaintiff.

103. If any dispute arise as to who is the legal representative of a deceased plaintiff, it shall be competent to the Court either to stay the suit until the fact has been duly determined in another suit, or to decide at or before the hearing of the suit who shall be admitted to be such legal representative for the purpose of prosecuting the suit.

Proceeding in case of death of one of several defendants or of a sole or sole surviving defendant.

104. If there be two or more defendants, and one of them die, and the cause of action shall not survive against the surviving defendant or defendants alone, and also in case of the death of a sole defendant or sole surviving defendant, where the action survives, the plaintiff may make an application to the Court specifying the name, description, and place of abode of any person whom the plaintiff alleges to be the legal representative of such defendant, and whom he desires to be made the defendant in his stead; and the Court shall thereupon enter the name of such representative in the Register of the suit in the place of such defendant, and shall issue a summons to him to appear on a day to be therein mentioned to defend the suit; and the case shall thereupon proceed in the same manner as if such representative had originally been made a defendant and had been a party to the former proceedings in the suit.

Marriage of a female plaintiff or defendant not to abate the suit.

105. The marriage of a woman, plaintiff or defendant, shall not cause the suit to abate, but the suit may notwithstanding be proceeded with to judgment, and the decree thereupon may be executed upon the wife alone; and if the case is one in which the husband is by law liable for the debts of his wife, the decree may, with the permission of the Court, be executed against the husband also; and in case of judgment for the wife, execution of the decree may, with the permission of the Court, be issued upon the application of the husband, where the husband is by law entitled to the money or thing which may be the subject of the decree.

Bankruptcy or insolvency when not to abate the suit.

106. The bankruptcy or insolvency of the plaintiff in any suit which the Assignee might maintain for the benefit of the creditors shall not be a valid objection to the continuance of such suit, unless the Assignee shall decline to continue the suit and to give security for the costs thereof within such reasonable time as the Court may order; if the Assignee neglect or refuse to continue the suit and to give such security within the time limited by the order, the defendant may, within eight days after such neglect or refusal, plead the bankruptcy or insolvency of the plaintiff as a reason for abating the suit.

Of Notices to produce, and how they are to be served.

Two notices in writing to be delivered to the proper Officer of the Court.

107. Whenever any of the parties to a suit is desirous that any document, writing, or other thing, which he believes to be in the possession or power of another of the parties thereto, should be produced at any hearing of the suit, and the production of such document, writing, or other thing has not previously been required, under the pro-

visions of Sections 40 and 43, he shall at the earliest opportunity deliver to the Court two notices in writing to the party in whose possession or power he believes the document, writing, or other thing to be, calling upon him to produce the same; and one of such notices shall be filed in Court, and the other shall be delivered by the Court to the Nazir or other proper Officer, to be served upon such party.

Service of notices and other judicial process how to be made on a party who has not appointed a pleader to act for him.

108. In all cases in which a party to a suit has not appointed a pleader to act for him, all notices and other judicial processes shall be served upon such party in the manner hereinbefore provided for the service of a summons upon a defendant to appear and answer.

OF THE APPEARANCE OF THE PARTIES, AND CONSEQUENCES OF NON-APPEARANCE.

Parties must appear in person or by pleader.

109. On the day fixed in the summons for the defendant to appear and answer, the parties shall be in attendance at the Court-house in person or by a pleader, and the suit shall then be heard unless the hearing be adjourned to a future day which shall be fixed by the Court.

If neither party appear, suit to be dismissed with liberty to the plaintiff to bring a fresh suit.

110. If, on the day fixed for the defendant to appear and answer, or any other day subsequent thereto to which the hearing of the suit may be adjourned, neither party shall appear either in person or by a pleader when duly called upon by the Court, the suit shall be dismissed. Whenever a suit is dismissed under the provisions of this Section, the plaintiff shall be at liberty to bring a fresh suit unless precluded by the rules for the limitation of actions; or if he shall within the period of thirty days satisfy the Court that there was a sufficient excuse for his non-appearance, the Court may issue a fresh summons upon the plaint already filed.

Or if sufficient excuse for non-appearance, a fresh summons may be issued.

If plaintiff only appear, Court may proceed *ex parte* if due service of summons be proved.

111. If the plaintiff shall appear in person or by a pleader, and the defendant shall not appear in person or by a pleader, and it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Court that the summons was duly served, the Court shall proceed to hear the suit *ex parte*. If the defendant appear on any subsequent day to which the hearing of the suit is adjourned, and shall assign good and sufficient cause for his previous non-appearance, he may, upon such terms as the Court may direct as to payment of costs or otherwise, be heard in answer to the suit in like manner as if he had appeared on the day fixed for his appearance.

If defendant appear on day of adjourned hearing, and assign good cause for his previous non-appearance, he may be heard.

If plaintiff only appear and due service of summons be not proved, Court may order issue of second summons.

112. If the plaintiff shall appear in person or by a pleader and the defendant shall not appear in person or by a pleader, and it shall not be proved to the satisfaction of the Court that the summons was duly served in any of the modes of service hereinbefore provided, the Court may direct a second summons to the defendant to be issued in any of the said modes.

If plaintiff only appear, and service of summons be proved, but the service was not in due time, Court may adjourn hearing and direct notice to be given to defendant.

113. If the plaintiff shall appear in person or by a pleader, and the defendant shall not appear in person or by a pleader, and it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Court that the summons was served on the defendant but not in sufficient time to enable the defendant to appear and answer on the day fixed in the summons, the Court shall postpone the hearing of the suit to a future day to be fixed by the Court and may direct notice of such day to be given to the defendant.

If defendant only appear, Court to pass judgment by default against plaintiff, unless defendant admit the claim.

114. If the defendant shall appear in person or by a pleader, and the plaintiff shall not appear in person or by a pleader, the Court shall pass judgment against the plaintiff by default, unless the defendant admit the claim, in which case the Court shall pass judgment against the defendant upon such admission.

No fresh suit after such judgment.

When judgment is passed against a plaintiff by default, he shall be precluded from bringing a fresh suit in respect of the same cause of action.

When there are several plaintiffs or defendants, each may authorize the other to appear for him.

115. When there are two or more plaintiffs, any one or more of them may be authorized to appear, plead, and act for the other or others of them; and in like manner, when there are two or more defendants, any one or more of them may be authorized to appear, plead, and act for the other or others of them; provided that the authority shall in all cases be in writing, and shall be filed in the Court; when so filed, it shall be as effectual to all intents and purposes as if the person so authorized to appear, plead, and act, were a pleader of the Court.

Consequence of non-appearance of one or more of several plaintiffs.

116. If there are two or more plaintiffs, and one or more of them shall appear in person or by a pleader or by a co-plaintiff duly authorized, and the other or others of them shall not appear in person or by a pleader or by a co-plaintiff duly authorized, it shall be competent to the Court to proceed with the suit at the instance of the plaintiff or plaintiffs who shall have appeared, in the same way as if all the plaintiffs had appeared, and to pass such order as may be just and proper in the circumstances of the case; and if there are two or more defendants, and one or more of them shall appear in person or by a pleader or by a co-defendant duly authorized, and the other or others of them shall not appear in person or by a pleader or by a co-defendant duly authorized, the Court shall proceed with the suit to judgment, and shall at the time of passing judgment give such order with respect to the defendant or defendants who shall not have appeared as shall be just and proper in the circumstances of the case.

Consequence of non-appearance of one or more of several defendants.

117. If any plaintiff or defendant who shall have been ordered or summoned to appear personally under the provisions of Section 42, shall not appear in person, or show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of the Court for failing so to appear, such plaintiff or defendant shall be subject to all the provisions of the foregoing Sections applicable to plaintiffs and defendants respectively, who do not appear either in person or by pleader.

Consequence of non-appearance, without sufficient cause shown, of any party to a suit summoned or ordered to appear in person.

118. In support of the cause shown by a plaintiff or defendant for failure to appear in person, the Court shall receive any declaration in writing on unstamped paper, if signed by such plaintiff or defendant and verified in the manner hereinbefore provided for the verification of plaints.

Court to receive declaration in support of cause shown.

119. No appeal shall lie from a judgment passed *ex parte* against a defendant who has not appeared, or from a judgment against a plaintiff by default for non-appearance. But in all cases in which judgment may be passed *ex parte* against a defendant, he may apply, within a reasonable time, not exceeding thirty days after any process for enforcing the judgment has been executed, to the Court by which the judgment was passed, for an order to set it aside; and if it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Court that the summons was not duly served, or that the defendant was prevented by any sufficient cause from appearing when the suit was called on for hearing, the Court shall pass an order to set aside the judgment, and shall appoint a day for proceeding with the suit. In all cases of judgment against a plaintiff by default, he may apply, within thirty days from the date of the judgment, for an order to set it aside; and if it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Court that the plaintiff was prevented by any sufficient cause from appearing when the suit was called on for hearing, the Court shall pass an order to set aside the judgment by default, and shall appoint a day for proceeding with the suit. But no judgment shall be set aside on any such application as aforesaid, unless notice thereof have been served on the opposite party. In all cases in which the Court shall pass an order under this Section for setting aside a judgment, the order shall be final; but in all appealable cases in which the Court shall reject the application, an appeal shall lie from the order of rejection to the tribunal to which the final decision in the suit would be appealable, provided that the appeal be preferred within the time allowed for an appeal from such final decision, and be written upon stamp paper of the value prescribed for petitions to the Court where a stamp is required for petitions.

No appeal from judgments passed *ex parte* or by default.

When and how judgment *ex parte* against a defendant may be set aside.

When and how judgment by default against a plaintiff may be set aside.

No judgment to be set aside, without notice to opposite party.

Order for setting aside judgment shall be final.

In appealable cases, an appeal from order of rejection.

Proviso.

Of Written Statements.

120. The parties or their pleaders may tender at the first hearing of the suit written statements of their respective cases, and the Court shall receive the same and put them on the record. Such statements shall be written on the stamp paper prescribed for petitions to the Court where a stamp is required for petitions.

Written statements may be tendered by the parties at the first hearing of the suit.

Written statements to be on stamp paper.

121. If in a suit for debt the defendant desire to set-off against the claim of the plaintiff the amount of any debt due to him from the plaintiff, he shall tender a written statement containing the particulars of his demand, and the Court shall thereupon enquire into the same. Provided that, if the sum claimed by the defendant exceed the amount cognizable by the Court, the defendant shall not be allowed to set-off the same unless he abandon the excess.

Particulars of set-off to be given in a written statement.

Abandonment of excess of set-off over claim.

122. No written statement shall be received after the first hearing of the suit, unless called for by the Court. But it shall be competent to the Court, at any time before final judgment, to call for a written statement, or an additional written statement from any of the parties. When such statements are called for by the Court, they shall be received on plain paper.

No written statement to be received after first hearing unless called for by the Court.

Court may at any time call for a written statement.

123. Written statements shall be as brief as the nature of the case will admit, and shall not be argumentative, nor by way of answer one to the other; but each statement shall be confined, as much as possible, to a simple narrative of the facts which the party by whom or on whose behalf the written statement is made believes to be material to the case, and which he believes he will be able to prove if called upon by the Court. Written statements shall be subscribed and verified in the manner hereinbefore provided for subscribing and verifying plaints, and no written statement shall be received unless it be so subscribed and verified.

How written statements are to be framed.

Written statements to be subscribed and verified.

124. If it shall appear to the Court that any written statement presented by or on behalf of a party, whether the same have been spontaneously tendered or have been called for by the Court, is argumentative or unnecessarily prolix, or that it contains matter irrevelant to the suit, the Court may reject the same, and return it to the party with the order of rejection endorsed thereon; and it shall not be competent to a party whose written statement has been rejected for any of these causes to present another written statement, unless it shall be expressly called for or allowed by the Court.

Court may reject a written statement which is argumentative, prolix, or irrelevant.

Of the Examination of the Parties.

Oral examination of party &c.

125. At the first hearing of the suit, and if necessary at any subsequent hearing, any party who appears in person or is present in Court, or the pleader of any party who appears by a pleader, or if the pleader be accompanied by another person able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, then such other person, may be examined orally by the Court. Such examination shall (unless the pleader be the person examined) be upon oath or affirmation or otherwise according to the provisions of the law for the time being in force in relation to the examination of witnesses. The substance of the examination shall be reduced to writing and form part of the record.

Oath.

Substance of the examination to be written.

Consequence of refusal of a party to answer.

126. If any party who appears in person or is present in Court shall without lawful excuse refuse to answer any material question relating to the suit which the Court may think proper to put to such party, the Court may pass judgment against him, or make such other order in relation to the suit as it may deem proper in the circumstances of the case.

Consequence of refusal or inability of pleader to answer.

127. If the pleader of any party who shall appear by a pleader shall refuse or be unable to answer any material question relating to the suit which the Court is of opinion that the party whom he represents ought to answer, and is likely to be able to answer, if interrogated in person, the Court may postpone the hearing of the suit to a future day and direct that such party shall attend in person on such day; and if the party so directed to attend shall without lawful excuse fail to appear in person on the day to be so appointed, the Court may pass judgment against him, or make such other order in relation to the suit as it may deem proper in the circumstances of the case.

Of the Production of Documents.

Documentary evidence to be produced at first hearing.

128. The parties or their pleaders shall bring with them, and have in readiness at the first hearing of the suit to be produced when called upon by the Court, all their documentary evidence of every description which may not already have been filed in Court, and all documents, writings, or other things which may have been specified in any notice which may have been served on them respectively within a reasonable time before the hearing of the suit; and no documentary evidence of any kind, which the parties or any of them may desire to produce, shall be received by the Court at any subsequent stage of the proceedings, unless good cause be shown to its satisfaction for the non-production thereof at the first hearing.

Exhibits to be received and inspected by the Court.

Rejection of exhibits.

129. All exhibits produced by the parties shall be received and inspected by the Court; but it shall be competent to the Court, after inspection, to reject any exhibit which it may consider irrelevant or otherwise inadmissible, recording the grounds of such rejection.

Documents insufficiently stamped may be received on payment of deficient duty and penalty.

130. If the exhibit be a deed, instrument, or writing, chargeable with stamp duty under any Regulation or Act for the time being in force, and it shall appear to the Court that the deed, instrument, or writing, although written on stamp paper, does not bear a sufficient stamp, the Court shall nevertheless receive the same in evidence, saving all just exceptions on other grounds, if the party producing it or requiring its production shall pay into Court the deficiency of the stamp duty and a penalty equal to ten times the amount of the deficiency. Provided that, if it shall appear to the Court that there are reasonable grounds for believing that the deed, instrument, or writing was not properly stamped with the intention of evading the stamp laws, the Court may reject the same.

Proviso.

Account of monies so received to be kept.

131. An entry of the fact of such payment and of the amount thereof shall be made in a book to be kept in the Court, and shall also be endorsed on the back of such deed, instrument, or writing under the signature of the Judge of the Court. The Court shall at the end of every month make a return to the Collector of Revenue of the District of the monies (if any) which it has so received by way of duty or penalty, distinguishing between such monies, and stating the number and title of the suit, and the name of the party from whom such monies were received, and the date (if any) and description of the document, for the purpose of identifying the same; and the Court shall pay over the said monies to the Collector of Revenue, or to such person as he may appoint to receive the same; and the Collector of Revenue or other proper authority shall, upon production of the deed, instrument, or writing, with the endorsement hereinbefore mentioned, cause such additional stamp as may be necessary to be affixed to such deed, instrument, or writing in respect of the sums so paid as aforesaid.

Monthly return to be made to Collector.

Admitted exhibits to be marked and filed.

132. When an exhibit is received by the Court and admitted in evidence, it shall be endorsed with the number and title of the suit, the name of the party producing it, and the date on which it was produced, and shall be filed as part of the record. Provided that, if the exhibit be an entry in any shop book or other book, the party on whose behalf such book is produced shall furnish a copy of the entry, which copy shall be endorsed as aforesaid, and shall be filed as part of the record, and the book shall be returned to the party producing it.

Proviso.

No stamp duty in respect of the production or filing of exhibits.

133. No stamp duty shall be leviable in respect of the production or filing of any exhibit, anything contained in any Regulation or Act notwithstanding.

Rejected exhibits to be marked and returned.

134. When an exhibit is rejected by the Court, it shall be endorsed in the manner specified in Section 132 with the addition of the word "rejected," and the endorsement shall be subscribed by the Judge. The exhibit shall then be returned to the party who

produced it, unless the Court shall think proper, for special reasons (as on suspicion of forgery), to detain it.

Unless detained by the Court.

135. When the time for preferring an appeal from the decision passed in the suit has elapsed, or if an appeal has been preferred from such decision, then after the appeal has been finally disposed of, any person, whether a party to the suit or not, who may be desirous of receiving back any exhibit produced by him in the suit, shall be entitled, on application to the Court in which such exhibit may be, to receive back the same unless the further use of such exhibit has been superseded by the terms of the decree, or the Court has directed it to be detained for purposes of public justice.

After the time for appeal has elapsed, exhibit admitted in evidence may be returned.

136. Any exhibit may be returned before the time mentioned in the last preceding Section, if the Court in which the document may be shall think proper, for special reasons, to order its return. But in every case a copy, properly certified, and made at the expense of the applicant, shall be substituted for the original in the record of the suit.

Exhibit may be returned before the time limited for special reasons.

Certified copy to be kept.

137. Whenever an exhibit once received by a Court of Justice and admitted in evidence is returned, a receipt shall be given by the party receiving it in a receipt-book kept for the purpose.

Receipt to be given for returned exhibit.

138. Any Civil Court may of its own accord, or upon the application of any of the parties to a suit, send for, either from its own record or from any other public Office or Court, the record of any other suit or case, or any other official papers (not being documents relating to affairs of State the production of which would be contrary to good policy) and inspect the same, when the inspection of such record or papers shall appear likely to elucidate the facts of the suit before the Court, and to promote the ends of justice.

Court may send for papers from its own records or from other public Offices or Courts.

Except State papers.

Of the Settlement of Issues.

139. At the first hearing of the suit the Court shall enquire and ascertain upon what questions of law or fact the parties are at issue, and shall thereupon proceed to frame and record the issues of law and fact on which the right decision of the case may depend. The Court may frame the issues from the allegations of fact which it collects from the oral examination of the parties or their pleaders, notwithstanding any difference between such allegations of fact and the allegations of fact contained in the written statements, if any, tendered by the parties or their pleaders.

Framing of issues.

140. If the Court shall be of opinion that the issues cannot be correctly framed without the examination of some person other than the persons already before the Court or without the reading of some document not produced by any of such persons, it may adjourn the framing of the issues to a future day, to be fixed by the Court, and may compel the attendance of such person, or the production of the document by the person in whose hands it may be, by summons or other suitable process.

Court may examine witnesses or documents before framing the issues.

141. At any time before the decision of the case, the Court may amend the issues or frame additional issues on such terms as to it shall seem fit, and all such amendments as may be necessary for the purpose of determining the real question or controversy between the parties shall be so made.

Amendment of issues.

Additional issues.

Of Issues by Agreement of Parties.

142. When the parties to a suit are agreed as to the question or questions of fact or of law to be decided between them, they may state the same in the form of an issue, and enter into an agreement in writing, which shall not be subject to any stamp duty, that upon the finding of the Court in the affirmative or the negative of such issue, a sum of money specified in the agreement, or to be ascertained by the Court upon a question inserted in the issue for that purpose, shall be paid by one of the parties to the other of them, or that upon such finding some property specified in the agreement, and in dispute in the suit, shall be delivered by one of the parties to the other of them, or that upon such finding one or more of the parties shall do or perform some particular legal act, or shall refrain from doing or performing some particular act, specified in the agreement, and having reference to the matter in dispute.

Questions of fact or law may by agreement be stated by the parties in the form of an issue.

143. If the Court shall be satisfied, after an examination of the parties or their pleaders, and taking such evidence as it may deem proper, that the agreement was duly executed by the parties, and that the parties have a *bonâ fide* interest in the decision of such question, and that the same is fit to be tried and decided, it may proceed to record and try the same, and deliver its finding or opinion thereon in the same manner as if the issue had been framed by the Court, and may, upon the finding or decision on such issue, give judgment for the sum so agreed on or so ascertained as aforesaid, or otherwise according to the terms of the agreement; and upon the judgment which shall be so given, decree shall follow and may be executed in the same way as if the judgment had been pronounced in a contested suit.

Court, if satisfied that the agreement was executed *bonâ fide*, may decree accordingly.

When the Suit may be disposed of at the First Hearing.

144. If at the first hearing of a suit it shall appear that the parties are not at issue on any question of law or fact, the Court may at once give judgment.

If the parties are not at issue on any question of law or fact.

145. When the parties are at issue on some question of law or fact, and issues have been framed by the Court as hereinbefore provided, if the Court shall be satisfied that no further argument or evidence than such as the parties or their pleaders can at once supply is required upon any such of the issues of law or fact as may

If the parties are at issue on questions of law or fact.

be sufficient for the decision of the suit, the Court, after hearing such argument and evidence, may proceed to determine such issue or issues, and if the finding thereon is sufficient for the decision, may pronounce judgment accordingly, whether the summons shall have been issued for the settlement of issues only or for the final disposal of the suit; otherwise the Court shall postpone the further hearing of the suit, and shall fix a day for the production of such further evidence or for such further argument as the case may require. Provided that if the summons shall have been issued for the final disposal of the suit and either party shall fail without sufficient cause to produce the evidence on which he relies, the Court may at once give judgment.

Court if satisfied may determine the issues and give judgment.

Proviso where summons is for final disposal.

Of Adjournments.

146. The Court may, if sufficient cause be shown, at any stage of the suit, grant time to the parties, or to either of them, and may from time to time adjourn the hearing of the suit; and in all such cases the Court shall fix a day for the further hearing of the suit. Provided that in all such cases the party applying for time shall pay the costs occasioned by such adjournment, unless the Court shall otherwise direct.

Court may grant time, or adjourn to a future day.

Proviso.

147. If, on any day to which the hearing of the suit may be adjourned, the parties or either of them shall not appear in person or by pleader, the Court may proceed to dispose of the suit in the manner specified in Section 110, Section 111, or Section 114 as the case may be, or may make such other order as may appear to be just and proper in the circumstances of the case.

How Court is to proceed if the parties fail to appear on the day fixed.

148. If either party to a suit to whom time may have been granted shall fail to produce his proofs, or to cause the attendance of his witnesses, or to perform any other act for which time may have been allowed, the Court shall proceed to a decision of the suit on the record, notwithstanding such default.

Court to proceed if either party fail to produce proofs or witnesses.

Of summoning Witnesses.

149. The parties or their pleaders may, at any time after the issue of the summons to the defendant, if the summons be for the final disposal of the suit, or after the issues have been recorded if the summons to the defendant be for the settlement of issues only, obtain, on application to the Court, summonses to witnesses or other persons to attend either to give evidence or to produce documents, and in any such summons the names of any number of persons may be inserted.

Application for summons.

150. No stamp duty shall be leviable in respect of any application for the summons of a witness or other person to attend either to give evidence or to produce a document, anything contained in any Regulation or Act notwithstanding.

No stamp duty on application for summons.

151. The person applying for a summons shall pay into Court such a sum of money as shall appear to the Court to be reasonable, to defray the travelling and other expenses of each witness, or other person mentioned in the summons, in passing to and from the Court in which he may be required to attend, and for one day's attendance. If the Court be a subordinate Court, regard shall be had, in fixing the scale of such expenses, to the rules (if any) established by the Court to which such Court shall be immediately subordinate. The sum so paid into Court shall be tendered to the witness or other person at the time of serving the summons, if it can be served personally. If it shall appear to the Court that the sum paid into Court on account of the travelling and other expenses of the witness or other person in passing to and from the Court is not sufficient to cover such expenses, the Court may direct such further sum to be paid to the witness or other person as may appear to be necessary on that account, and, in case of default in payment, may order such sum to be levied by attachment and sale of the goods of the person ordered to pay the same, or may discharge the witness without requiring him to give evidence. If it shall be necessary to detain the witness or other person summoned for a longer period than one day, the Court may from time to time order the party at whose instance he was summoned to pay into Court such sum as may be sufficient to defray the expenses of his detention for such further period, and, in default of such deposit being made, may order the witness to be discharged without requiring him to give evidence.

Expenses of witnesses to be paid before issue of summons.

Scale of expenses.

Tender of expenses to witness.

If sum be not sufficient.

Expenses if witness is detained.

152. Every summons for the attendance of a witness or other person shall specify the time and place at which he is required to attend, and also whether his attendance is required for the purpose of giving evidence or to produce a document, or for both purposes; and any particular document, which the witness or other person may be called on to produce shall be described in the summons with convenient certainty.

Time, place, and purpose of attendance to be specified in summons.

153. Any person whether a party to a suit or not may be summoned to produce a document, without being summoned to give evidence; and any person, summoned merely to produce a document, shall be deemed to have complied with the summons, if he cause such document to be produced instead of attending personally to produce the same.

Summons to produce a document.

Service of Summons on a Witness.

154. Every summons to a witness or other person shall be served by exhibiting the original, and delivering or tendering a copy; and the service shall in all cases be made a sufficient time before the time specified in the summons for the attendance of the witness or other person, to allow him a reasonable time for preparation, and for travelling to the place at which his attendance is required.

How and when the summons shall be served.

155. Whenever it may be practicable, the service of the summons shall be upon the person thereby required to attend; but when he cannot be found, the service may be made on any adult male member of his family residing with him.

Service to be on the witness, or a male member of his family.

156. When the person required to attend cannot be found, and there is no adult male member of his family on whom the summons can be served, the serving Officer shall return the summons to the Court from whence it issued, with an endorsement thereon that he has been unable to serve it.

When the summons cannot be served, it is to be returned to the Court.

157. The serving Officer shall, in all cases in which the summons has been served, endorse on the original summons the time when, and the manner in which it was served.

Time and manner of service to be endorsed on the summons.

158. If the person required to attend be resident within the jurisdiction of any other Court than that in which the suit is pending, the summons shall be transmitted by the Court in which the suit is pending, to any Court having jurisdiction at the place where the witness resides by which it can be most conveniently served; and the Court to which the summons is sent shall, upon receipt thereof, deliver the same to the Nazir or other proper Officer of such Court, to be served in the manner above directed; and upon the return of the summons by the serving Officer, it shall be transmitted to the Court from whence it originally issued.

How a summons on a witness who resides in another jurisdiction is to be served.

159. If the summons for the attendance of any person either to give evidence or to produce a document, cannot be served in either of the ways hereinbefore specified, the Court, on being certified thereof by the return of the serving Officer, and upon proof that the evidence of such witness or the production of the document is material, and that the witness or other person absconds or keeps out of the way for the purpose of avoiding the service of the summons, may cause a proclamation requiring the attendance of such person to give evidence, or produce the document, at a time and place to be named therein, to be affixed in some conspicuous place upon his house or place of abode; and if such person shall not attend at the time and place named in such proclamation, the Court may, at the instance of the party on whose application the summons was issued, make an order for the attachment of the moveable and immoveable property of such person, to such amount as the Court shall deem reasonable, not being in excess of the amount of the costs of attachment and of any fine to which the person may be liable under the provisions of the following Section.

When a witness absconds, his property may be attached.

160. If, on the attachment of the property, such witness or other person shall appear and satisfy the Court that he did not abscond or keep out of the way to avoid service of the summons, and that he had not notice of the proclamation in time to attend at the time and place named therein, the Court shall direct that the property be released from attachment, and shall make such order in regard to the costs of the attachment as it shall deem fit. If such witness or other person shall not appear, or appearing shall fail to satisfy the Court that he did not abscond or keep out of the way to avoid service of the summons, and that he had not such a notice of the proclamation as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Court to order the property attached, or any part thereof, to be sold for the purpose of satisfying all costs incurred in consequence of such attachment, together with the amount of any fine which the Court may impose upon such witness or other person under the provisions of any law for the time being in force for the punishment of a witness who may abscond or keep out of the way in order to avoid the service of a summons. If the witness or other person shall pay into Court the costs and fine as aforesaid, the Court shall order the property to be released from attachment.

How the Court is to proceed with the witness on his appearance.

Of the Examination of Parties as Witnesses.

161. When a party to a suit appears in person at any hearing of the suit, he may be examined as a witness, either in his own behalf or on behalf of any other party to the suit, in the same way as if he were not a party thereto.

A party to a suit appearing in person may be examined either in his own behalf or on behalf of any other party.

162. If any party to a suit shall require to enforce the attendance of any other party thereto as a witness, he shall, by himself or his pleader, make a special application to the Court for an order requiring the attendance of the party, and shall show to the satisfaction of the Court sufficient grounds in support of such application, otherwise a summons shall not be issued.

Special application to be made for the examination of a party as a witness.

163. The Court, if it think fit, may, before making such order, cause notice to be given to the party or his pleader, fixing a day for such party to show cause why he should not attend and give evidence; and may also, from time to time, if necessary, for good and sufficient reason, enlarge the time for such purpose.

The Court may first issue a notice to show cause.

164. In support of the cause shown, the Court shall receive any declaration in writing of the party, on unstamped paper, if signed by him and verified in the manner hereinbefore provided for the verification of plaints, and delivered into the Court by himself or his pleader.

Court shall receive a written declaration in support of the cause shown.

165. If no sufficient cause be shown on the day fixed, or upon any subsequent day to which the Court shall enlarge the time for that purpose, the Court shall issue its order requiring the party to attend and give evidence.

If no sufficient cause be shown, summons to issue.

166. If the Court shall think it necessary for the ends of justice to examine any party to the suit or to inspect any document in his possession or power, the Court may of its own accord in any stage of the suit cause such party to be summoned to attend as a witness to give evidence or to produce such document if in his possession or power on a day to be appointed in the summons, and may examine such party as a witness in open Court, or

Court may of its own accord at any time summon a witness.

may cause such party to be examined in such other manner as the Court may direct.

ATTENDANCE OF WITNESSES, AND CONSEQUENCE OF NON-ATTENDANCE.

Persons summoned to give evidence must attend.

167. Any person who shall be summoned to appear and give evidence in a suit shall be bound to attend at the time and place named in the summons for that purpose.

Consequences of non-attendance by a witness.

168. If any person, on whom any summons to give evidence or produce a document shall have been served in either of the ways specified in Section 155, shall, without lawful excuse, fail to comply with the summons, the Court may order such person to be apprehended and brought before the Court. If such person abscond or keep out of the way, so that he cannot be apprehended or brought before the Court, his property shall be liable to attachment and sale in the manner and subject to the rules provided in Sections 159 and 160 with respect to a witness or other person on whom the service of a summons cannot be effected.

Consequences of refusal to give evidence.

169. If any witness, attending or being present in Court, shall, without lawful excuse, refuse to give evidence, or to produce any document in his custody or possession named in such summons as aforesaid, upon being required by the Court so to do, the Court may commit such witness to close custody for such reasonable time as it may deem proper, unless he shall, in the meantime, consent to give his evidence, or to produce the document. If after the expiration of such time the witness shall persist in his refusal, the Court may proceed to deal with him according to the provisions of any law for the time being in force for the punishment of persons refusing to give evidence.

Consequence of non-attendance or refusal of a party to give evidence.

170. If any person, being a party to the suit, who shall be ordered to attend to give evidence or produce a document, shall, without lawful excuse, fail to comply with such order, or, attending or being present in Court, shall, without lawful excuse, refuse to give evidence, or to produce any document in his custody or possession named in such summons as aforesaid, upon being required by the Court so to do, the Court may either pass judgment against the party so failing or refusing, or make such other order in relation to the suit as the Court may deem proper in the circumstances of the case.

Any person present in Court may be called upon to give evidence though not summoned.

171. Any person present in Court, whether a party to the suit or not, may be called upon by the Court to give evidence and to produce any document then and there in his actual possession or in his power, in the same manner and subject to the same rules as if he had been summoned to attend and give evidence or to produce such document, and shall be liable to be dealt with by the Court as a party or witness, as the case may be, would, under any of the preceding provisions, be liable to be dealt with for any refusal to obey the order of the Court.

WHEN AND HOW WITNESSES ARE TO BE EXAMINED.

Witnesses to be examined at the hearing of the suit in open Court.

172. On the day appointed for the hearing of the suit or on some other day to which the hearing may be adjourned, the evidence of the witnesses in attendance shall be taken orally in open Court, in the presence and hearing, and under the personal direction and superintendence of the Judge. In cases in which an appeal lies to a higher tribunal, the evidence of each witness given upon such examination shall be taken down in writing, in the language in ordinary use in proceedings before the Court, by, or in the presence and under the personal direction and superintendence of the Judge, not ordinarily in the form of question and answer but in that of a narrative, and, when completed, shall be read over in the presence of the Judge and of the witness, and also in the presence of the parties to the suit or their pleaders, or such of them as are in attendance, and shall, if necessary, be corrected, and shall be signed by the Judge. If the evidence be taken down in a different language from that in which it has been given, and the witness does not understand the language in which it is taken down, the witness may require his deposition as taken down in writing to be interpreted to him in the language in which it was given. Where all the parties to the suit present, and the pleaders of such as are absent, consent to have such evidence as is given in English taken down in English, the Judge may so take it down in his own hand. It shall be in the discretion of the Court to take down, or cause to be taken down, any particular question and answer, if there shall appear any special reason for so doing, or any party or his pleader shall require it. If any question put to a witness be objected to by either of the parties or their pleaders, and the Court shall allow the same to be put, the question and answer shall be taken down, and the objection, and the name of the party making it, shall be noticed in taking down the depositions, together with the decision of the Court upon the objection. The Court shall record such remarks as it may think material respecting the demeanor of the witness while under examination. In cases in which the evidence is not taken down in writing by the Judge himself, he shall be bound, as the examination of each witness proceeds, to make a memorandum of the substance of what such witness deposes, and such memorandum shall be written and signed by the Judge with his own hand, and shall accompany the record. In cases in which an appeal does not lie to a higher tribunal, it shall not be necessary to take down the depositions of the witnesses in writing at length; but the Judge, as the examination of each witness proceeds, shall make a memorandum of the substance of what such witness deposes, and such memorandum shall be written and signed by the Judge with his own hand, and shall

In what form evidence shall be taken in appealable cases.

In what case deposition to be interpreted.

When evidence may be taken in English.

Objection made to questions.

Memorandum of substance of the evidence to be made by Judge as each witness is examined.

In what form evidence shall be taken in cases not appealable.

record. If the Judge shall be prevented from making a memorandum as above required, he shall record the reason of his inability to do so, and in cases not appealable shall cause such memorandum to be made in writing from his dictation in open Court, and shall sign the same, and such memorandum shall form part of the record.

If Judge be unable to make a memorandum of the evidence, reason of inability to be recorded.

173. If a witness be about to leave the jurisdiction of the Court, or other good and sufficient cause can be shown to the satisfaction of the Court why his examination should be taken immediately, it shall be competent to the Court, upon the application of either party or of the witness, at any time after the institution of the suit, to take the examination of such witness forthwith, or on any day that may be fixed for that purpose, of which due notice shall be given to the parties if the day be fixed in their absence. The witness shall be examined, and his deposition shall be taken down in writing, in the manner hereinbefore prescribed; and the deposition so taken down may be read in evidence at any hearing of the suit.

A witness may for sufficient cause be examined immediately.

174. All witnesses shall be examined upon oath or affirmation or otherwise according to the provisions of the law for the time being in force in relation to the examination of witnesses.

Witness to be examined upon oath or affirmation, or according to the law for the time being in force.

Of Commissions to examine absent Witnesses and make Local Enquiries.

175. When the evidence of a witness is required who is resident at some place distant more than a hundred miles from the place where the Court is held, or who is unable from sickness or infirmity to attend before the Court to be personally examined, or is a person exempted by reason of rank or sex from personal appearance in Court; the Court may, of its own motion, or on the application of any of the parties to the suit, or on the representation of the witness, order a Commission to issue for the examination of such witness on interrogatories or otherwise; and may, by the same or any subsequent order, give all such directions for taking such examinations as may appear reasonable and just. If the witness be resident within the jurisdiction of the Court issuing the Commission, the Commission may be issued to any Officer of the Court, or to any subordinate Court, or to any other person or persons whom the Court issuing the Commission may think proper to appoint. If the witness be resident at some place which is beyond the jurisdiction of the Court issuing the Commission, and not within the local jurisdiction of Her Majesty's Supreme Court, but within the jurisdiction of the Sudder Court, the Commission shall ordinarily be issued to the Court within whose jurisdiction the witness may reside, and which can most conveniently execute the same; but, under special circumstances, the Commission may be issued to any other person or persons whom the Court issuing the Commission may think proper to appoint.

Cases in which Court may issue a Commission to examine witnesses.

When the witness resides within the Court's jurisdiction.

When the witness resides beyond the Court's jurisdiction, and not within the Supreme Court's jurisdiction, but within the jurisdiction of the Sudder Court.

176. If the witness be resident within the local jurisdiction of Her Majesty's Supreme Court, the Commission shall ordinarily be issued to the Court of Small Causes held under Act IX of 1850 *(for the more easy recovery of small debts and demands in Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay)*, but may, under special circumstances, be directed to any person or persons whom the Court issuing the Commission may think proper to appoint.

When the witness is within the local jurisdiction of the Supreme Court.

177. When the evidence of a witness is required, who is resident at some place not within the jurisdiction of the Sudder Court or of Her Majesty's Supreme Court, but within the British territories in India or within the territories of a Native Prince or State in alliance with the British Government, the Court, if it be satisfied that the evidence of such witness is necessary, may, of its own motion or on the representation of any of the parties to the suit, issue a Commission for the examination of the witness; provided that, if the suit be pending in any Court subordinate to the principal Civil Court of a District, such subordinate Court shall not issue the Commission, but the principal Civil Court of the District may issue the Commission on the application of the subordinate Court.

When the witness is not within the jurisdiction of the Sudder Court or the Supreme Court, but within the British territories or the territories of any Native Prince or State in alliance with the British Government.

178. When the evidence of a witness is required, who is resident at some place beyond the said territories and not within the territories of a Native Prince or State in alliance with the British Government, the Sudder Court, if the suit in which the evidence of the witness is required be pending in that Court and the Court be satisfied that such evidence is necessary, may, of its own motion or on the application of any of the parties to the suit, issue a Commission to examine the witness; if the suit be not pending in the Sudder Court, that Court may issue the Commission on the application of the Court in which the suit is pending. In all such cases, the Commission may be issued to any person or persons whom the Sudder Court may think proper to appoint.

When the witness is beyond the said territories and not within the territories of any Native Prince or State in alliance with the British Government.

179. After the Commission has been duly executed, it shall be returned, together with the deposition of the witness who may have been examined there-under, to the Court out of which the Commission issued, unless otherwise directed by the order for issuing the Commission, in which case it shall be returned in terms of such order, and the Commission and the return thereto and the deposition of the witness who may have been examined under such Commission shall in all cases form part of the record of the suit. But no deposition taken under a Commission shall be read in evidence without the consent of the party against whom the same may be offered, unless it be proved that the deponent is beyond the jurisdiction of the

Commission to be returned with the depositions of the witnesses.

When depositions may be read in evidence.

Court, or dead, or unable from sickness or infirmity to attend to be personally examined, or distant, without collusion, more than a hundred miles from the place where the Court is held, or exempted by reason of rank or sex from personal appearance in Court, or unless the Court shall, at its discretion, dispense with the proof of any of the above circumstances, or shall authorize the deposition of any witness being read in evidence, notwithstanding proof that the causes for taking such deposition have ceased at the time of reading the same.

Commission for local investigations.

180. In any suit or other judicial proceeding in which the Court may deem a local investigation to be requisite or proper for the purpose of elucidating the matters in dispute, or of ascertaining the amount of any mesne profits or damages, the Court may issue a Commission to an Officer of the Court appointed to execute such Commissions, or, if there be no such Officer, to any suitable person, directing him to make such investigation and to report thereon to the Court. In all such cases, unless otherwise directed by the order of appointment, the Commissioner shall have power to examine any witnesses who may be produced to him by the parties or any of them, the parties themselves, and any other persons whom he may think proper to call upon to give evidence in the matters referred to him; and also to call for and examine documents and other papers relevant to the subject of enquiry; and persons not attending on the requisition of the Commissioner, or refusing to give their testimony or to produce any documents or other papers, shall be subject to the like disadvantages, penalties, and punishments, by order of the Court on the report of the Commissioner, as they would incur for the same offences in suits tried before the Court. The Commissioner, after such local inspection as he may deem necessary, and after reducing to writing, in the manner hereinbefore prescribed for taking the depositions of witnesses in the presence of the Judge, the depositions taken by him, shall return the depositions, together with his report in writing, subscribed with his name, to the Court. The report and depositions shall be taken as evidence in the suit and shall form part of the record; but it shall be competent to the Court, or to the parties to the suit or any of them, with the permission of the Court, to examine the Commissioner personally in open Court, touching any of the matters referred to him or mentioned in his report, or the manner in which he may have conducted the investigation.

The report and depositions to be taken as evidence in the suit, but the Commissioner may be examined in person.

A Commissioner may be appointed to investigate and adjust accounts.

181. In any suit or other judicial proceeding in which an investigation or adjustment of accounts may be necessary, it shall be lawful for the Court to appoint such Officer or other person as aforesaid to be a Commissioner for the purpose of making such investigation or adjustment, and to direct that the parties or their attorneys or pleaders shall attend upon the Commissioner during such investigation or adjustment. In all such cases, the Court shall furnish the Commissioner with such part of the proceedings and such detailed instructions as may appear necessary for his information and guidance and the instructions shall distinctly specify whether the Commissioner is merely to transmit the proceedings which he may hold on the enquiry or also to report his own opinion on the point referred for his investigation. The proceedings of the Commissioner shall be received in evidence in the case, unless the Court may have reason to be dissatisfied with them; in which case the Court shall make such further enquiry as may be requisite, and shall pass such ultimate judgment or order as may appear to it to be right and proper in the circumstances of the case.

In cases of local investigation or investigation into accounts, expenses of Commission to be paid into Court, before issue thereof.

182. Whenever a Commission is issued either for taking evidence or for a local investigation or an investigation into accounts, the Court, before issuing the Commission, may order such sum as may be thought reasonable for the expenses of the Commission to be paid into Court by the party at whose instance or for whose benefit the Commission is issued.

Of Judgment and Decree.

When judgment is to be pronounced.

183. When the exhibits have been perused, the witnesses examined, and the parties heard in person or by their respective pleaders, the Court shall pronounce its judgment. The judgment shall be pronounced in open Court either immediately or on some future day of which due notice shall be given to the parties or their pleaders.

Judgment to be written in the vernacular language of the Judge.

Proviso.

184. The judgment shall be written in the vernacular language of the Judge. Provided that if the vernacular language of the Judge be not English and the Judge be sufficiently conversant with the English language to be able to write a clear and intelligible decision in that language, and prefer to write his judgment in it, the judgment may be written in English.

Judgment what to contain.

185. The judgment shall contain the point or points for determination, the decision thereupon, and the reasons for the decision, and shall be dated and signed by the Judge in open Court at the time of pronouncing it. Whenever the judgment is written in any other language than that which is in ordinary use in the Court, the judgment shall be translated into the language in ordinary use in the Court, and the translation shall also be signed by the Judge.

Judgment to be translated.

Court to state its decision on each issue.

Proviso.

186. In all suits in which issues have been framed, the Court shall state its finding or decision on each separate issue, unless the finding upon any one or more of the issues be sufficient for the decision of the suit.

Judgment to direct by whom costs are to be paid.

187. The judgment shall in all cases direct by whom the costs of each party are to be paid, whether by himself or by another party, and whether in whole or in what part or proportion; and the Court shall have full power to award and apportion costs in any manner it may deem proper.

What is included under the denomination of costs.

188. Under the denomination of costs are included the whole of the expenses necessarily incurred by either party on account of the suit, and in enforcing the decree passed therein, such as the expense of stamps, of summoning the defendants and witnesses, and of other processes, or of procuring copies of documents, fees of pleaders, charges of witnesses, and expenses of Commissioners either in taking evidence or in local investigations or in investigations into accounts.

Decree.

189. The decree shall bear date the day on which the judgment was passed. It shall contain the number of the suit, the names and descriptions of the parties, and particulars of the claim, as stated in the Register of the suit, and shall specify clearly the relief granted or other determination of the suit. It shall also state the amount of costs incurred in the suit and by what parties and in what proportions they are to be paid, and shall be signed by the Judge and sealed with the seal of the Court.

Decree for the recovery of a portion of immoveable property.

190. When the suit is for land or other immoveable property with specified boundaries, if the decree be for the recovery of a portion only of such property, it shall specify the boundaries of the land or property adjudged.

Decree for the delivery of moveable property.

191. When the suit is for moveable property, if the decree be for the delivery of such property, it shall also state the amount of money to be paid as an alternative if delivery cannot be had.

Decree for damages for breach of contract.

192. When the suit is for damages for breach of contract, if it appear that the defendant is able to perform the contract, the Court with the consent of the plaintiff may decree the specific performance of the contract within a time to be fixed by the Court, and in such case shall award an amount of damages to be paid as an alternative if the contract is not performed.

In suits for money, decree may order certain interest to be paid on the principal sum adjudged.

193. When the suit is for a sum of money due to the plaintiff, the Court may in the decree order interest to be paid on the principal sum adjudged from the date of suit to the date of payment at such rate as the Court may think proper.

Payments by instalments.

194. In all decrees for the payment of money, the Court may for any sufficient reason order that the amount shall be paid by instalments with or without interest.

If set-off be allowed.

195. If the defendant shall have been allowed to set-off any demand against the claim of the plaintiff, the decree shall state what amount is due to the plaintiff and what amount (if any) is due to the defendant, and shall be for the recovery of any sum which shall appear to be due to either party. The decree

Effect of decree.

of the Court with respect to any sum awarded to the defendant shall have the same effect and be subject to the same rules as if such sum had been claimed by the defendant in a separate suit against the plaintiff.

When the suit is for land, the Court may provide in the decree for payment of mesne profits with interest.

196. When the suit is for land or other property paying rent, the Court may provide in the decree for the payment of mesne profits or rent on such land or other property from the date of the suit until the date of delivery of possession to the decree-holder with interest thereupon at such rate as the Court may think proper.

Court may determine amount of mesne profits prior to passing decree or may reserve enquiry.

197. When the suit is for land and for mesne profits which have accrued thereon during a period prior to the date of suit, and the amount of such profits is disputed, the Court may either determine the amount prior to passing a decree for the land, or may pass a decree for the land and reserve the enquiry into the amount of mesne profits for the execution of the decree according as may appear most convenient.

Certified copies of the decree and judgment to be furnished.

198. Certified copies of the decree and judgment shall be furnished to the parties or their pleaders on application to the Court, and on the production of the necessary stamps where stamps are required by any law for the time being in force. The application may be made either orally or by writing on unstamped paper.

CHAPTER IV.

Execution of Decrees.

Decree for immoveable property.

199. If the decree be for land or other immoveable property, the same shall be delivered over to the party to whom it shall have been adjudged.

Decree for moveable property, performance of contract, or alternative.

200. If the decree be for any specific moveable, or for the specific performance of any contract, or for the performance of any other particular act, it shall be enforced by the seizure, if practicable, of the specific moveable and the delivery thereof to the party to whom it shall have been adjudged, or by imprisonment of the party against whom the decree is made, or by attaching his property and keeping the same under attachment until further order of the Court, or by both imprisonment and attachment if necessary; or if alternative damages be awarded, by levying such damages in the mode hereinafter provided for the execution of a decree for money.

Decree for money.

201. If the decree be for money, it shall be enforced by the imprisonment of the party against whom the decree is made, or by the attachment and sale of his property, or by both if necessary; and if such party be other than a defendant, the decree may be enforced against him in the same manner as a decree may be enforced under the provisions of this Chapter against a defendant. When the decree is against Government or against any Officer acting on behalf of Government, if the Officer whose duty it is to satisfy the decree neglect or refuse to satisfy the same, the Court shall report the case through the Sudder

Court for the orders of Government, and execution shall not issue on the decree unless the same shall remain unsatisfied for the space of three months from the date of such report.

Decrees for execution of conveyances, or endorsement of negotiable instruments.

202. If the decree be for the execution of a conveyance or for the endorsement of a negotiable instrument, and the party ordered to execute or endorse such conveyance or negotiable instrument shall neglect or refuse so to do, any party interested in having the same executed or endorsed may prepare a conveyance or endorsement of the instrument in accordance with the terms of the decree, and tender the same to the Court, for execution upon the proper stamp (if any is required by law), and the signature thereof by the Judge shall have the same effect as the execution or endorsement thereof by the party ordered to execute.

Decree against representatives of deceased persons.

203. If the decree be against a party as the representative of a deceased person, and such decree be for money to be paid out of the property of the deceased person, it may be executed by the attachment and sale of any such property, or, if no such property can be found and the defendant fail to satisfy the Court that he has duly applied such property of the deceased as shall be proved to have come into his possession, the decree may be executed against the defendant to the extent of the property not duly applied by him, in the same manner as if the decree had been against the defendant personally.

Decree against sureties.

204. Whenever a person has become liable as security for the performance of a decree or of any part thereof, the decree may be executed against such person to the extent to which he has rendered himself liable, in the same manner as a decree may be enforced against a defendant.

What property liable to attachment and sale in execution of a decree.

205. The following property is liable to attachment and sale in execution of a decree, namely, lands, houses, goods, money, bank-notes, cheques, bills of exchange, promissory notes, Government securities, bonds, or other securities for money, debts, shares in the capital or joint-stock of any Railway, Banking, or other Public Company or Corporation, and all other property whatsoever, moveable or immoveable, belonging to the defendant, and whether the same be held in his own name or by another person in trust for him, or on his behalf.

Payment of monies under decrees &c.

206. All monies payable under a decree shall be paid into the Court, whose duty it is to execute the decree, unless such Court or the Court which passed the decree shall otherwise direct.

Adjustment of decree to be made through the Court.

No adjustment of a decree in part or in whole shall be recognized by the Court unless such adjustment be made through the Court or be certified to the Court by the person in whose favor the decree has been made or to whom it has been transferred.

Application for Execution.

Application for execution how to be made.

207. When any party in whose favor a decree has been made is desirous of enforcing the same, he shall apply to the Court whose duty it is to execute the decree either in person or through his pleader in the suit or some other pleader duly appointed to act for him in that behalf. If there be two or more decree-holders, one or more of them may make the application, if the Court shall see sufficient cause for allowing him or them to make such application; and the Court shall in such case pass such order as it may deem necessary for protecting the interests of the other decree-holders.

Application by whom to be made, if decree be transferred from original decree-holder to another person.

208. If a decree shall be transferred by assignment or by operation of law from the original decree-holder to any other person, application for the execution of the decree may be made by the person to whom it shall have been so transferred or his pleader; and if the Court shall think proper to grant such application, the decree may be executed in the same manner as if the application were made by the original decree-holder.

Cross-decrees.

209. If there be cross-decrees between the same parties for the payment of money, execution shall be taken out by that party only who shall have obtained a decree for the larger sum, and for so much only as shall remain after deducting the smaller sum, and satisfaction for the smaller sum shall be entered on the decree for the larger sum as well as satisfaction on the decree for the smaller sum, and if both sums shall be equal, satisfaction shall be entered upon both decrees.

The above rules shall apply to decrees sent to a Court for execution as well as to decrees in the same Court.

Whenever a suit shall be pending in any Court against the holder of a decree of such Court, by the person or persons against whom the decree was passed, the Court may, if it appear just and reasonable to do so, stay execution on the decree either absolutely or on such terms as it may think just, until a decree shall be passed in the pending suit.

If the person against whom a decree is made shall die before execution, application may be made against his legal representative or estate.

210. If any person against whom a decree has been made shall die before execution has been fully had thereon, application for execution thereof may be made against the legal representative or the estate of the person so dying as aforesaid; and if the Court shall think proper to grant such application, the decree may be executed accordingly.

Decree how to be executed against legal representative.

211. If the decree be ordered to be executed against the legal representative it shall be executed in the manner provided in Section 203 for the execution of a decree for money to be paid out of the property of a deceased person.

Form of application for execution of a decree.

212. The application for execution of a decree shall be in writing, and shall contain in a tabular form the following particulars, namely, the number of the suit, the names of the parties, the date of the decree, whether any appeal has been preferred from the decree, and whether any and what adjustment of the matter in dispute has been made between the parties subsequently to the decree; the amount of the debt or damages due upon it, or other relief

granted by the decree; the amount of costs, if any were awarded; the name of the person against whom the enforcement of the decree is sought; and the mode in which the assistance of the Court is required, whether by the delivery of property specifically decreed, the arrest and imprisonment of the person named, or attachment of his property, or otherwise as the case may be.

Further particulars when the application is for an attachment of immoveable property.

213. When the application is for an attachment of any land or other immoveable property belonging to the defendant, it shall be accompanied with an inventory or list of such property, containing such a description of the property as may be sufficient to identify it, together with a specification of the defendant's share or interest therein, to the best of the applicant's belief and so far as he has been able to ascertain the same. And where the property is an estate paying revenue to Government or any portion of such estate, the application for an attachment shall be accompanied with an authenticated extract from the Register of the Collector's Office, specifying the revenue of such estate, and the names and (where registered) the shares of the registered proprietors.

The application for an attachment of moveable property may be general, or may be accompanied with an inventory of the property to be attached.

214. Where the application is for an attachment of the defendant's moveable property or any part thereof, it may be accompanied with an inventory or list of the property to be attached, containing a reasonably accurate description thereof; or the applicant may apply for a general attachment of the defendant's moveable property wheresoever the same can be found, to the amount of the judgment and costs.

Procedure on receiving the application.

215. The Court, on receiving any application for execution of a decree, containing the particulars above mentioned, or such of them as may be applicable to the case, shall cause the same to be compared with the original decree contained in the record of the suit, and if they shall be found to correspond therewith, shall enter a note of the application, and the date on which it was made in the Register of the suit. If the particulars shall not be found to correspond with the original decree, the Court shall either return the application for correction to the person making it, or shall, with the consent of such person, cause the necessary correction to be made. If the application be admitted, the Court shall order execution of the decree according to the nature of the application.

Measures required in certain cases preliminary to the issue of the Warrant.

In certain special cases, notice to show cause why the decree should not be executed shall be issued.

216. If an interval of more than one year shall have elapsed between the date of the decree and the application for its execution, or if the enforcement of the decree be applied for against the heir or representative of an original party to the suit, the Court shall issue a notice to the party against whom execution may be applied for requiring him to show cause, within a limited period to be fixed by the Court, why the decree should not be executed against him. Provided that no such notice shall be necessary in consequence of an interval of more than one year having elapsed between the date of the decree and the application for execution, if the application be made within one year from the date of the last order passed on any previous application for execution; and provided further that no such notice shall be necessary in consequence of the application being against an heir or representative, if upon a previous application for execution against the same person, the Court shall have ordered execution to issue against him.

Proviso.

Procedure after issue of notice.

217. When such notice is issued, if the party shall not attend in person or by a pleader, or shall not show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of the Court why the decree should not be forthwith executed, the Court shall order it to be executed accordingly. If the party shall attend in person or by a pleader, and shall offer any objection to the enforcement of the decree, the Court shall pass such order as in the circumstances of the case may appear to be just and proper.

Application for a general attachment of moveable property.

218. Where the application is for a general attachment of the moveable property of the defendant, it shall be competent to the Court, if it shall think proper, before issuing an order for such attachment, to require the applicant to give security to the satisfaction of the Court, in such sum as may be considered adequate, for any injury that may be occasioned by the attachment of property belonging to any other person than the defendant.

Before granting order, Court may make certain enquiries as to the property to be attached.

219. Before granting the order for a general attachment or at the instance of the plaintiff at any time after judgment and before complete execution of the decree, the Court may summon the person against whom the application is made and examine him as to the property liable to be seized in satisfaction of the judgment. The Court may also, of its own motion or at the instance of any person interested in the enquiry, summon any other person whom it may think necessary and examine him in respect to such property, and may require the person summoned to produce all deeds and documents in his possession or power relating to such property.

Rules applicable to the summoning and examination of parties and witnesses after judgment.

220. In all cases in which a summons may be issued for the attendance of a party to a suit or any other person at any time after judgment, the rules applicable to the summoning and examination of parties and witnesses after issues recorded, shall apply to the party or witnesses so summoned.

Issue of the Warrant.

Warrant when to issue.

221. When all necessary preliminary measures have been taken, where any such are required, the Court, unless it see cause to the contrary, shall issue the proper warrants for the execution of the decree.

Latest day of execution to be written in warrant, and time and manner of execution to be endorsed.

222. Every warrant for the execution of a decree shall bear the date of the day on which it is issued, and shall be signed by the Judge and sealed with the seal of the Court, and delivered to the Nazir or other proper Officer

of the Court. A day shall be specified in the warrant on or before which it must be executed, and the Nazir or other proper Officer shall endorse upon the warrant the day and the manner in which it was executed, or if it was not executed the reason why it was not executed, and shall return it with such endorsement to the Court from which it issued.

Of the execution of Decrees for Immoveable Property.

How immoveable property is to be delivered when in the occupancy of a defendant or of some person under him.

223. If the decree be for a house, land, or other immoveable property in the occupancy of a defendant or some person on his behalf, or of some person claiming under a title created by the defendant subsequently to the institution of the suit, the Court shall order delivery thereof to be made by putting the party to whom the house, land, or other immoveable property may have been adjudged, or any person whom he may appoint to receive delivery on his behalf, in possession thereof, and if need be, by removing any person who may refuse to vacate the same.

How it is to be delivered when in the occupancy of ryot.

224. If the decree be for land or other immoveable property in the occupancy of ryots or other persons entitled to occupy the same, the Court shall order delivery thereof to be made by affixing a copy of the warrant in some conspicuous place on the land or other immoveable property, and proclaiming to the occupants of the property by beat of drum, or in such other mode as may be customary, at some convenient place or places, the substance of the decree in regard to the property.

Division of estate or separation of share how to be made.

225. If the decree be for the division of an estate or for the separate possession of a share of an undivided estate paying revenue to Government, the division of the estate or the separation of the share shall be made by the Collector under the orders of the Court according to the rules in force for the partition of an estate paying revenue to Government.

Obstruction to execution of decree for immoveable property.

226. If in the execution of a decree for land or other immoveable property, the Officer executing the same shall be resisted or obstructed by any person, the person in whose favor such decree was made may apply to the Court at any time within one month from the time of such resistance or obstruction. The Court shall fix a day for investigating the complaint and shall summon the party against whom the complaint is made to answer the same.

Obstruction by defendant.

227. If it shall appear to the satisfaction of the Court that the obstruction or resistance was occasioned by the defendant or by some person at his instigation on the ground that the land or other immoveable property is not included in the decree, or on any other ground, the Court shall enquire into the matter of the complaint and pass such order as may be proper under the circumstances of the case.

How defendant may be dealt with, if he persists in obstructing the complainant.

228. If the Court shall be satisfied, after such investigation of the facts of the case as it may deem proper, that the resistance or obstruction complained of was without any just cause and that the complainant is still resisted or obstructed in obtaining effectual possession of the property adjudged to him by the decree, by the defendant or some person at his instigation, the Court may, at the instance of the plaintiff and without prejudice to any proceedings to which such defendant or other person may be liable under any law for the time being in force for the punishment of such resistance or obstruction, commit the defendant or such other person to close custody for such period not exceeding thirty days as may be necessary to prevent the continuance of such obstruction or resistance.

Obstruction by a *bonâ fide* claimant other than the defendant.

229. If it shall appear to the satisfaction of the Court that the resistance or obstruction to the execution of the decree has been occasioned by any person, other than the defendant, claiming *bonâ fide* to be in possession of the property on his own account or on account of some other person than the defendant, the claim shall be numbered and registered as a suit between the decree-holder as plaintiff and the claimant as defendant, and the Court shall, without prejudice to any proceedings to which the claimant may be liable under any law for the time being in force for the punishment of such resistance or obstruction, proceed to investigate the claim in the same manner and with the like power as if a suit for the property had been instituted by the decree-holder against the claimant, under the provisions of this Act, and shall pass such order for staying execution of the decree, or executing the same, as it may deem proper in the circumstances of the case.

Procedure in certain cases if person dispossessed of immoveable property disputes the right of decree-holder to be put into possession of such property.

230. If any person other than the defendant shall be dispossessed of any land or other immoveable property in execution of a decree and such person shall dispute the right of the decree-holder to dispossess him of such property under the decree on the ground that the property was *bonâ fide* in his possession on his own account or on account of some other person than the defendant, and that it was not included in the decree, or, if included in the decree, that he was not a party to the suit in which the decree was passed, he may apply to the Court within one month from the date of such dispossession; and if, after examining the applicant, it shall appear to the Court that there is probable cause for making the application, the application shall be numbered and registered as a suit between the applicant as plaintiff, and the decree-holder as defendant, and the Court shall proceed to investigate the matter in dispute in the same manner and with the like powers as if a suit for the property had been instituted by the applicant against the decree-holder.

Appeal from decision under the last two Sections.

231. The decision passed by the Court under either of the last two Sections shall be of the same force as a decree in an ordinary suit, and shall be subject to appeal

under the rules applicable to appeals from decrees; and no fresh suit shall be entertained in any Court between the same party or parties claiming under them in respect of the same cause of action.

Of the Execution of Decrees for Money by Attachment of Property.

Attachment of property in execution of decree for money, to be as follows.

232. If the decree be for money, and the amount thereof is to be levied from the property of the person against whom the same may have been pronounced, the Court shall cause the property to be attached in the manner following.

Attachment of moveable property in possession of defendant, by seizure.

233. Where the property shall consist of goods, chattels, or other moveable property in the possession of the defendant, the attachment shall be made by actual seizure, and the Nazir or other Officer shall keep the same in his own custody, or in the custody of his subordinates, and shall be responsible for the due custody thereof.

Attachment by prohibitory order of moveable property, to which defendant is entitled subject to a lien.

234. Where the property shall consist of goods, chattels, or other moveable property to which the defendant is entitled subject to a lien or right of some other person to the immediate possession thereof, the attachment shall be made by a written order prohibiting the person in possession from giving over the property to the defendant.

Attachment of immoveable property by prohibitory order.

235. Where the property shall consist of lands, houses, or other immoveable property, the attachment shall be made by a written order prohibiting the defendant from alienating the property by sale, gift, or in any other way, and all persons from receiving the same by purchase, gift, or otherwise.

Attachment of debts not being negotiable instruments, and of shares in public Companies &c., by prohibitory order.

236. Where the property shall consist of debts not being negotiable instruments, or of shares in any Railway, Banking, or other public Company or Corporation, the attachment shall be made by a written order prohibiting the creditor from receiving the debts, and the debtor from making payment thereof to any person whomsoever, until the further order of the Court, or prohibiting the person in whose name the shares may be standing from making any transfer of the shares or receiving payment of any dividends thereof, and the Manager, Secretary, or other proper Officer of the Company or Corporation from permitting any such transfer or making any such payment until such further order.

Attachment of money or securities in deposit in a Court of Justice or with a Government Officer, by notice.

237. Where the property shall consist of money, or of any security, in deposit in any Court of Justice or in the hands of any Officer of Government, which is or may become payable to the defendant or on his behalf, the attachment shall be made by a notice to such Court or Officer requesting that the money or security may be held subject to the further order of the Court by which the notice may be issued. Provided that, if such money or security is in deposit in any Court of Justice, any question of title or priority which may arise between the decree-holder and any other person, not being the defendant, claiming to be interested in such money or security by virtue of any assignment, attachment, or otherwise, shall be determined by the Court in which such money or security is in deposit.

Proviso.

Attachment of negotiable instruments by seizure.

238. Where the property shall consist of a negotiable instrument, the attachment shall be made by actual seizure, and the Nazir or other Officer shall bring the same into Court, and such instrument shall be held subject to the further orders of the Court.

When the attachment is by prohibitory order, how the order is to be made known.

239. In the case of goods, chattels, or other moveable property not in the possession of the defendant, the written order shall be fixed up in some conspicuous part of the Court-house, and a copy of the order shall be delivered or sent registered by post to the person in possession of the property. In the case of lands, houses, or other immoveable property, the written order shall be read aloud at some place on or adjacent to such lands, houses, or other property, and shall be fixed up in some conspicuous part of the Court-house; and when the property is land or any interest in land, the written order shall also be fixed up in the Office of the Collector of the Zillah in which the land may be situated. In the case of debts, the written order shall be fixed up in some conspicuous part of the Court-house, and copies of the written order shall be delivered or sent registered by post to each individual debtor. And in the case of shares in the capital or joint-stock of any Railway, Banking, or other public Company or Corporation, the written order shall in like manner be fixed up in some conspicuous part of the Court-house, and a copy of the order shall be delivered or sent registered by post to the Manager, Secretary, or other proper Officer of the Company or Corporation.

Any private alienation of property after attachment to be null and void.

240. After any attachment shall have been made by actual seizure, or by written order as aforesaid, and in the case of an attachment by written order after it shall have been duly intimated and made known in manner aforesaid, any private alienation of the property attached, whether by sale, gift, or otherwise, and any payment of the debt or debts or dividends or shares to the defendant during the continuance of the attachment, shall be null and void.

Payment by a debtor who has been prohibited from making payment to his creditor.

241. In every case in which a debtor shall be prohibited from making payment of his debt to the creditor, he may pay the amount into Court and such payment shall have the same effect as payment to the party entitled to receive the debt.

The Court may direct money or bank-notes to be paid to the plaintiff.

242. In all cases of attachment under the preceding Sections, it shall be competent to the Court, at any time during the attachment, to direct that any part of the property so attached as shall con-

sist of money or bank-notes, or a sufficient part thereof, shall be paid over to the party applying for execution of the decree; or that any part of the property so attached as may not consist of money or bank-notes, so far as may be necessary for the satisfaction of the decree, shall be sold, and that the money which may be realized by such sale, or a sufficient part thereof, shall be paid to such party.

Or other attached property to be sold, and proceeds to be paid to him.

243. When the property attached shall consist of debts due to the party who may be answerable for the amount of the decree, or of any lands, houses, or other immoveable property, it shall be competent to the Court to appoint a manager of the said property, with power to sue for the debts, and to collect the rents or other receipts and profits of the land or other immoveable property, and to execute such deeds or instruments in writing as may be necessary for the purpose, and to pay and apply such rents, profits, or receipts towards the payment of the amount of the decree and costs; or when the property attached shall consist of land, if the judgment debtor can satisfy the Court that there is reasonable ground to believe that the amount of the judgment may be raised by the mortgage of the land, or by letting it on lease, or by disposing by private sale of a portion of the land or of any other property belonging to the judgment debtor, it shall be competent to the Court, on the application of the judgment debtor, to postpone the sale for such period as it may think proper to enable the judgment debtor to raise the amount. In any case in which a manager shall be appointed under this Section, such manager shall be bound to render due and proper accounts of his receipts and disbursements from time to time as the Court may direct.

Where the property attached consists of debts or immoveable property, a manager may be appointed.

Court may postpone sale of land if satisfied that amount of judgment may be raised by mortgage, &c.

Manager to render accounts.

244. When in any District, where land paying revenue to Government is ordinarily sold by the Collector, as provided in Section 248, the property attached shall consist of any such land, or of a share in any such land, if the Collector shall represent to the Court that the public sale of the land or share is objectionable, and that satisfaction of the decree may be made within a reasonable period by a temporary alienation of the land or share, the Court may authorize the Collector, on security for the amount of the decree or for the value of such land or share being given, to make provision for such satisfaction in the manner recommended by the Collector, instead of proceeding to a public sale of the land or share.

When Court may authorize Collectors to stay public sale of land.

On security being given.

245. If the amount decreed with costs and all charges and expenses which may be incurred by the attachment be paid into Court, or if satisfaction of the decree be otherwise made, an order shall be issued for the withdrawal of the attachment; and if the defendant shall desire it and shall deposit in Court a sum sufficient to cover the expense, the order shall be proclaimed or intimated in the same manner as hereinbefore prescribed for the proclamation or intimation of the attachment; and such steps shall be taken as may be necessary for staying further proceedings in execution of the decree.

Order for withdrawal of attachment after satisfaction of the decree.

Of Claims to Attached Property.

246. In the event of any claim being preferred to, or objection offered against the sale of lands or any other immoveable or moveable property which may have been attached in execution of a decree or under any order for attachment passed before judgment, as not liable to be sold in execution of a decree against the defendant, the Court shall, subject to the proviso contained in the next succeeding Section, proceed to investigate the same with the like powers as if the claimant had been originally made a defendant to the suit, and also with such powers as regards the summoning of the original defendant as are contained in Section 220. And if it shall appear to the satisfaction of the Court that the land or other immoveable or moveable property was not in the possession of the party against whom execution is sought, or of some other person in trust for him, or in the occupancy of ryots or cultivators or other persons paying rent to him at the time when the property was attached, or that, being in the possession of the party himself at such time, it was so in his possession not on his own account or as his own property, but on account of or in trust for some other person, the Court shall pass an order for releasing the said property from attachment. But if it shall appear to the satisfaction of the Court that the land or other immoveable or moveable property was in possession of the party against whom execution is sought, as his own property, and not on account of any other person, or was in the possession of some other person in trust for him, or in the occupancy of ryots or cultivators or other persons paying rent to him at the time when the property was attached, the Court shall disallow the claim. The order which may be passed by the Court under this Section shall not be subject to appeal, but the party against whom the order may be given shall be at liberty to bring a suit to establish his right at any time within one year from the date of the order.

How claims and objections to sale of attached property are to be investigated.

247. The claim or objection shall be made at the earliest opportunity to the Court which shall have ordered the attachment; and if the property to which the claim or objection applies, shall have been advertized for sale, the sale may (if it appears necessary) be postponed for the purpose of making the investigation mentioned in the last preceding Section. Provided that no such investigation shall be made if it appear that the making of the claim or objection was designedly and unnecessarily delayed, with a view to obstruct the ends of justice. The order disallowing the investigation shall not be subject to appeal, and the claimant shall be left to prosecute his claim by a regular suit.

Claims and objections should be preferred at the earliest opportunity.

Of Sales in execution of Decrees.

248. Sales in execution of decrees shall be conducted by an Officer of the Court or by any other person whom the Court may appoint,

Sales to be by public auction.

and shall in all cases be made by public auction in manner hereinafter mentioned. Provided that if the property to be sold shall consist of negotiable securities or of shares in any Railway, Banking, or other public Company or Corporation, it shall be competent to the Court, instead of directing the sale to be made by public auction, to authorize the sale of such securities or shares through a broker at the market-rate of the day. If the property to be sold shall be land paying revenue to Government and the Government shall so direct, the sale shall be conducted by the Collector on the requisition of the Court.

Exception as to negotiable securities and shares in public Companies.

Sale by Collector of lands paying revenue to Government.

249. In all cases of intended sale by public auction, whether of moveable or immoveable property, in execution of a decree, a proclamation of the intended sale, specifying the time and place of sale, the property to be sold, the revenue assessed upon the estate when the property to be sold is an estate or a part of an estate paying revenue to Government, and the amount for the recovery of which the sale is ordered, together with any other particulars that the Court may think necessary, shall be made in the current language of the District. The proclamation shall also declare that the sale extends only to the right, title, and interest of the defendant in the property specified therein. Such proclamation shall be made on the spot where the property is attached by beat of drum or in such other mode as may be customary; and a written notification to the same effect shall be affixed in the Court-house of the Judge who shall have ordered the sale, and in some conspicuous spot in the town or village in which the attachment may have taken place. When the property ordered to be sold may consist of land or of any right or interest in land, the written notification shall also be affixed in the Office of the Collector of the District in which such land is situate and in the Court-house of the principal Civil Court of the District where the Court which ordered the sale is subordinate to such Court. The sale shall not take place until after the expiration of at least thirty days in the case of immoveable property, and of at least fifteen days in the case of moveable property, calculated from the date on which the notification shall have been affixed in the Court-house of the Judge ordering the sale.

Notification of sales by public auction.

Time of sale.

250. The usual process for attachment and sale when the property to be attached consists of goods, chattels, or other personal estate other than debts, may be issued either successively or simultaneously as the Court directing the sale may in each instance think proper.

The process for attachment and sale may in certain cases be issued simultaneously.

251. In all cases of sale of moveable property, the price of every lot shall be paid for at the time of sale or as soon after as the Officer holding the sale shall direct, and in default of such payment the property shall forthwith be again put up and sold. On payment of the purchase money, the Officer holding the sale shall grant a receipt for the same, and the sale shall become absolute.

Mode of payment on sale of moveable property.

252. No irregularity in the sale of moveable property under an execution, shall vitiate the sale; but any person who may sustain any injury by reason of such irregularity may recover damages by a suit in Court.

Irregularity not to vitiate sale of moveable property, but any person injured may recover damages by suit.

253. In all cases of sale of immoveable property, the party who is declared to be the purchaser shall be required to deposit immediately twenty-five per centum on the amount of his bid, and in default of such deposit the property shall forthwith be again put up and sold.

Deposit by purchaser in case of sale of immoveable property.

254. The full amount of purchase money shall be made good by the purchaser before sunset of the fifteenth day from that on which the sale of the property took place, or if the fifteenth day be a Sunday or other close holiday, then on the first office day after the fifteenth day; and in default of payment within such period, the deposit, after defraying the expenses of the sale, shall be forfeited to Government, and the property shall be resold and the defaulting purchaser shall forfeit all claim to the property or to any part of the sum for which it may subsequently be sold. If the proceeds of the sale which is eventually consummated be less than the price bid by such defaulting purchaser, the difference shall be leviable from him under the rules for enforcing the payment of money in satisfaction of a decree of Court.

When full amount of purchase money to be made good.

Procedure on default.

Defaulting purchaser answerable for loss by re-sale.

255. Every re-sale of immoveable property in default of payment of the purchase money shall be made after the issue of a fresh notification in the manner and for the period prescribed for original sales.

Notification on re-sale of immoveable property.

256. No sale of immoveable property shall become absolute until the sale has been confirmed by the Court. At any time within thirty days from the date of the sale, application may be made to the Court to set aside the sale on the ground of any material irregularity in publishing or conducting the sale, but no sale shall be set aside on the ground of such irregularity unless the applicant shall prove to the satisfaction of the Court that he has sustained substantial injury by reason of such irregularity.

Confirmation of sale.

257. If no such application as is mentioned in the last preceding Section be made, or if such application be made and the objection be disallowed, the Court shall pass an order confirming the sale; and in like manner if such application be made, and if the objection be allowed, the Court shall pass an order setting aside the sale for irregularity. If the objection be allowed, the order made to set aside the sale shall be final; if the objection be disallowed, the order confirming the sale shall be open to appeal; and such order, unless appealed from, and if appealed from, then the order passed on the appeal, shall be final; and the party against whom the same has been given

The sale, if not objected to for irregularity, or if the objection is disallowed, shall become absolute.

When the order to set aside a sale shall be open to appeal.

shall be precluded from bringing a suit for establishing his claim.

If the sale be set aside, price to be returned to purchaser.

258. Whenever a sale of immoveable property is set aside, the purchaser shall be entitled to receive back his purchase money with or without interest, in such manner as it may appear proper to the Court to direct in each instance.

Certificate to be granted to the purchasers of land.

259. After a sale of immoveable property shall have become absolute in manner aforesaid, the Court shall grant a certificate to the person who may have been declared the purchaser at such sale, to the effect that he has purchased the right, title, and interest of the defendant in the property sold, and such certificate shall be taken and deemed to be a valid transfer of such right, title, and interest.

Certificate to state the name of actual purchaser.

260. The certificate shall state the name of the person who at the time of sale is declared to be the actual purchaser, and any suit brought against the certified purchaser on the ground that the purchase was made on behalf of another person not the certified purchaser, though by agreement the name of the certified purchaser was used, shall be dismissed with costs.

Delivery of moveable property in the possession of defendant.

261. Where the property sold shall consist of goods, chattels, or other moveable property in the possession of the defendant, or to the immediate possession of which the defendant is entitled, and of which actual seizure has been made, the property shall be delivered to the purchaser.

Delivery of moveable property to which defendant is entitled subject to lien.

262. Where the property sold shall consist of goods, chattels, or other moveable property to which the defendant is entitled subject to a lien or right of any person to the immediate possession thereof, the delivery to the purchaser shall as far as practicable be made by giving notice to the person in possession prohibiting him from delivering possession of the property to any person except the purchaser thereof.

Delivery of immoveable property in the occupancy of defendants, &c.

263. If the property sold shall consist of a house, land, or other immoveable property, in the occupancy of a defendant or some person on his behalf or of some person claiming under a title created by the defendant subsequently to the attachment of such property, the Court shall order delivery thereof to be made by putting the party to whom the house, land, or other immoveable property may have been sold, or any person whom he may appoint to receive delivery on his behalf, in possession thereof, and, if need be, by removing any person who may refuse to vacate the same.

Delivery of immoveable property in the occupancy of ryots, &c.

264. If the property sold shall consist of land or other immoveable property in the occupancy of ryots or other persons entitled to occupy the same, the Court shall order delivery thereof to be made by affixing a copy of the certificate of sale in some conspicuous place on the land or other immoveable property, and proclaiming to the occupants of the property by beat of drum, or in such other mode as may be customary, at some convenient place or places, that the right, title, and interest of the defendant has been transferred to the purchaser.

Delivery of debts not being negotiable instruments, and of shares in public Companies.

265. Where the property sold shall consist of debts not being negotiable instruments or of shares in any Railway, Banking, or other public Company or Corporation, the delivery thereof shall be by a written order of the Court prohibiting the creditor from receiving the debts and the debtor from making payment thereof to any person or persons except the purchaser, or prohibiting the person in whose name the shares may be standing, from making any transfer of the shares to any person except the purchaser, or receiving payment of any dividends thereon, and the Manager, Secretary, or other proper Officer of the Company or Corporation from permitting any such transfer or making any such payment to any person except the purchaser.

Delivery of negotiable securities of which actual seizure has been made.

266. Where the property sold shall consist of negotiable securites of which actual seizure has been made, the same shall be delivered to the purchaser thereof.

Transfer of securities and shares.

267. If the endorsement or conveyance of the party in whose name any negotiable security or any share in a public Company or Corporation is standing, shall be required to transfer the same, the Judge may endorse the security or the certificate of the share or may execute such other document as may be necessary for transferring the same. The endorsement or execution shall be in the following form or to the like effect—"A. B. by C D. Judge of the Court of *(or as the case may be)*; in a suit by E. F. *versus* A. B." Until the transfer of such security or share, the Judge may, by order, appoint some person to receive any interest or dividend due thereon, and to sign receipts for the same; and any endorsement made or document executed or receipts signed as aforesaid shall be as valid and effectual for all purposes, as if the same had been made or executed or signed by the party himself.

Resisting or obstructing purchasers in obtaining possession of property.

268. If the purchaser of any immoveable property sold in execution of a decree shall be resisted or obstructed in obtaining possession of the property, the provisions contained in Sections 226, 227, and 228 relating to resistance or obstruction to a party in whose favor a suit has been decreed in obtaining possession of the property adjudged to him, shall be applicable in the case of such resistance or obstruction.

Obstruction by claimants other than defendants.

269. If it shall appear that the resistance or obstruction to the delivery of possession was occasioned by any person other than the defendant claiming a right to the possession of the property sold as proprietor, mortgagee, lessee, or under any other title, or if in the delivery of possession to the purchaser any such person claiming as aforesaid shall be dispossessed, the Court, on the complaint of the purchaser, or of such person claiming as aforesaid, if made within one month from the date of such resistance or obstruction or of such dispossession as the case may be, shall enquire into the matter of the complaint and pass such order as may be proper in the circumstances of the case. The order shall not be subject to appeal, but the party against whom it is given

shall be at liberty to bring a suit to establish his right at any time within one year from the date thereof.

Attaching creditor to be first paid out of property attached.

270. Whenever property is sold in execution of a decree, the person on whose application such property was attached shall be entitled to be first paid out of the proceeds thereof, notwithstanding a subsequent attachment of the same property by another party in execution of a prior decree.

Surplus to be rateably distributed among decree-holders who have taken out execution prior to the order for distribution.

271. If, after the claim of the person on whose application the property was attached has been satisfied in full from the proceeds of the sale, any surplus remain, such surplus shall be distributed rateably amongst any other persons who prior to the order for such distribution may have taken out execution of decrees against the same defendant and not obtained satisfaction thereof. Provided that, when any property is sold subject to a mortgage, the mortgagee shall not beentitled to share in any surplusarising from such sale.

Proviso where property is sold subject to a mortgage.

Court may on application order another decree-holder to be satisfied out of proceeds of property attached under a decree obtained fraudulently.

272. If it shall appear to the Court, upon the application of a decree-holder, that any other decree under which property has been attached was obtained by fraud or other improper means, the Court may order that the applicant shall be satisfied out of the proceeds of the property attached so far as the same may suffice for the purpose if such other decree be a decree of that Court, or, if it be a decree of another Court, may stay the proceedings to enable the applicant to obtain a similar order from the Court by which the decree was made.

Of Arrest in execution of Decrees for Money.

On what grounds, application for discharge may be made.

273. Any person arrested under a warrant in execution of a decree for money may, on being brought before the Court, apply for his discharge on the ground that he has no present means of paying the debt, either wholly or in part, or, if possessed of any property, that he is willing to place whatever property he possesses at the disposal of the Court. The application shall contain a full account of all property of whatever nature belonging to the applicant, whether in expectancy or in possession, and whether held exclusively by himself or jointly with others, or by others in trust for him (except the necessary wearing apparel of himself and his family and the necessary implements of his trade), and of the places respectively where such property is to be found, or shall state that, with the exceptions above-mentioned, the applicant is not possessed of any property, and the application shall be subscribed and verified by the applicant in the manner herein before prescribed for subscribing and verifying plaints.

Form of application.

Verification.

Procedure on application.

274. Upon such application being made, the Court shall examine the applicant in the presence of the plaintiff or his pleader as to his then circumstances, and as to his future means of payment, and shall call upon the plaintiff to show cause why he does not proceed against any property of which the defendant is possessed and why the defendant should not be discharged; and should the plaintiff fail to show such cause, the Court may direct the discharge of the defendant from custody. Pending any enquiry which the Court may consider it necessary to make into the allegations of either party, the Court may leave the defendant in the custody of the Officer of the Court to whom the service of the warrant was entrusted, on the defendant making the necessary deposit for paying the fees of such Officer; or if the defendant furnish good and sufficient security for his appearance at any time when called upon while such enquiry is being made, his surety or surties undertaking in default of such appearance to pay the amount mentioned in the warrant, the Court may release the defendant on such security.

Defendant liable to be again arrested if proved guilty of fraudulent concealment of property, &c.

275. The discharge of the defendant under the last preceding Section shall not protect him from being arrested again and imprisoned if it should be shown that, in the application made by him, he had been guilty of any concealment or of wilfully making any false statement respecting the property belonging to him, whether in possession or in expectancy or held for him in trust, or had fraudulently concealed, transferred, or removed any property, or had committed any other act of bad faith; nor shall such discharge exempt from attachment and sale any property then in the possession of the defendant, or of which he may afterwards become possessed.

Of the execution of Decrees by Imprisonment.

Subsistence-money of a defendant in gaol how fixed and furnished.

276. When a defendant is committed to prison in execution of a decree, the Court shall fix whatever monthly allowance it shall think sufficient for his subsistence, not exceeding four annas per day, which shall be supplied by the party at whose instance the decree may have been executed, to the proper Officer of the Court or of the gaol where the defendant may be in custody, by monthly payments in advance, before the first day of each month; the first payment to be made for such portion of the current month as may remain unexpired before the defendant is committed to prison.

Court may vary the allowance in case of illness or for other special cause.

277. The Court may, in case of illness or for other special cause, fix the monthly allowance at such sum not exceeding six annas per day as shall appear necessary. The order fixing such allowance may from time to time be revised and altered on due cause being shown.

Release of defendant.

278. A defendant shall be released at any time on the decree being fully satisfied, or at the request of the person at whose instance he may have been imprisoned, or on such person omitting to pay the allowance as above direct-

ed. No person shall be imprisoned on account of a decree for a longer period than two years, or for a longer period than six months if the decree be for the payment of money not exceeding five hundred Rupees, or for a longer period than three months if the decree be for the payment of money not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Imprisonment not to be longer than 2 years.

6 months if decree for money not exceeding 500 Rs.

3 months if not exceeding 50 Rs.

279. Sums disbursed by a plaintiff for the subsistence of a defendant in gaol shall be added to the costs of the decree and shall be recoverable by the attachment and sale of the property of the defendant under the foregoing rules; but the defendant shall not be detained in custody or arrested on account of any sums so disbursed.

Subsistence-money to be added to amount of decree.

280. Any person in confinement under a decree may apply to the Court for his discharge. The application shall contain a full account of all property of whatever nature belonging to the applicant, whether in expectancy or in possession, and whether held exclusively by himself or jointly with others, or by others in trust for him (except the necessary wearing apparel of himself and his family and the necessary implements of his trade), and of the places respectively where such property is to be found; and such application shall be subscribed and verified by the applicant in the manner hereinbefore provided for subscribing and verifying plaints.

Application may be made for discharge on a surrender of the whole of the debtor's property.

281. On such application being made, the Court shall cause the plaintiff to be furnished with a copy of the account of the defendant's property, and shall fix a reasonable period within which the plaintiff may cause the whole or any part of such property to be attached and sold or may make proof that the defendant, for the purpose of procuring his discharge without satisfying the decree, has wilfully concealed property, or his right or interest therein, or fraudulently transferred or removed property, or committed any other act of bad faith. If within such period the plaintiff shall fail to make such proof, the Court shall cause the defendant to be set at liberty. If the plaintiff shall within the time specified or at any subsequent period prove to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant has been guilty of any of the acts abovementioned, the Court shall, at the instance of the plaintiff, either retain the defendant in confinement, or commit him to prison, as the case may be, unless he shall have already been in confinement two years on account of the decree; and may also, if it shall think proper, send the defendant to the Magistrate to be dealt with according to law.

Procedure on such application.

Defendant to be discharged on plaintiff failing to prove fraud or concealment by defendant.

If guilty of fraud or concealment, debtor's imprisonment may be extended to two years;

and he may be further dealt with criminally.

282. A defendant once discharged shall not again be imprisoned on account of the same decree, except under the operation of the last preceding Section, but his property shall continue liable, under the ordinary rules, to attachment and sale until the decree shall be fully satisfied, unless the decree shall be for a sum less than one hundred Rupees and on account of a transaction bearing date subsequently to the passing of this Act. When the decree shall be for a sum less than one hundred Rupees, and on account of a transaction bearing date as above, the Court may declare a defendant who shall be discharged as aforesaid absolved from further liability under that decree.

Though the defendant be discharged, his property is liable for the decree.

283. All questions regarding the amount of any mesne profits which by the terms of the decree may have been reserved for adjustment in the execution of the decree, or of any mesne profits or interest which may be payable in respect of the subject matter of a suit between the date of the institution of the suit and execution of the decree, as well as questions relating to sums alleged to have been paid in discharge or satisfaction of the decree or the like, shall be determined by order of the Court executing the decree and not by separate suit; and the order passed by the Court shall be open to appeal.

How questions regarding amount of mesne profits and interest, and sums paid in satisfaction of decree, are to be determined.

Of Execution of a Decree out of the Jurisdiction of the Court by which it was passed.

284. A decree of any Civil Court within any part of the British territories in India, or established by the authority of the Governor General of India in Council in the territories of any Foreign Prince or State, which cannot be executed within the jurisdiction of the Court whose duty it is to execute the same, may be executed within the jurisdiction of any other such Court in the manner following.

How a decree of one Court may be executed within the jurisdiction of another Court.

285. The plaintiff in such case may apply to the Court whose duty it is to execute the decree, to transmit a copy thereof, together with a certificate that satisfaction of such decree has not been obtained by execution within the jurisdiction of the said Court, and a copy of any order for execution of such decree that may have been passed, to the Court by which the applicant may wish the decree to be executed.

Application for such execution.

286. The Court, unless there be any sufficient reason to the contrary, shall cause such copies and certificate to be prepared: and the same, after being signed by the Judge and sealed with the seal of the Court, shall be transmitted to the Court indicated by the applicant if that Court be within the same District, otherwise to the principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction in the District in which the applicant may wish the decree to be executed; and the Court to which such copies and certificates are transmitted shall cause the same to be filed therein, without any proof of the judgment or order for execution, or of the copies thereof, or of the seal or jurisdiction of any Court, or of the signature of any Judge, unless it shall, under any peculiar circumstances to be specified in an order, require such proof.

Copy of decree and order for execution to be transmitted.

287. The copy of any decree, or of any order for execution, when filed in the Court to which it shall have been transmitted for the purpose of being executed as aforesaid, shall for such purpose have the same effect as a decree or order for execution made by such Court, and may, if the Court be the principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction in the District, be executed by such Court, or any Court subordinate thereto, to which it may entrust the execution of the same.

Decree or order transmitted, to be executed as that of the Court.

288. When application shall be made to any Court to execute the decree of any other Court as aforesaid, the Court to which the application shall be made or referred shall proceed to execute the same according to its own rules in the like cases; provided that such Court shall have no power to inquire into the validity of the decree unless it appear upon the face of the decree that the Court by which it was made had no jurisdiction to make the same.

Execution how to be enforced by Court applied to.

289. The Court to which such application is made or referred for execution as aforesaid, shall take cognizance of and punish all wrongful acts or irregularities done or committed in executing such decree; and all persons disobeying or obstructing the execution of such decree shall be punishable by such Court in the same manner as if the decree had been made by such Court.

Wrongful acts or irregularities in executing decree to be punished by Court applied to.

290. The Court to which such application is made may, upon good and sufficient cause being shown, stay the execution of the decree for a reasonable time, to enable the defendant to apply to the Court by which the decree was passed or to any Court having appellate jurisdiction in respect of the decree or the execution thereof, for an order to stay the execution, or for any other order relating to the decree or the execution thereof, which such Court of first instance or Court of Appeal might have made if execution had been issued by such Court of first instance, or if application for execution had been made to such Court; and in case the property or person of the defendant shall have been seized under an execution, the Court which issued the execution may order the restitution of the property or the discharge of the person of the defendant pending the result of such application.

Court applied to may in certain cases stay execution or order restitution of property or discharge of defendant.

291. Before making an order to stay execution or for the restitution of property or the discharge of the defendant under the last preceding Section, the Court may require such security from or impose such conditions upon the defendant as it may deem reasonable.

Before staying execution, Court may require security from, or impose conditions upon defendant.

292. Any order of the Court in which the decree was passed or of such Court of Appeal as aforesaid, shall be binding upon the Court to which the application for execution was made, and shall be a sufficient indemnity for all persons acting in execution of process issued by such last mentioned Court.

Order of Court passing decree or of Appellate Court to be binding upon Court applied to.

293. No discharge of a defendant under the provisions of Section 290 shall prevent him from being re-taken in execution of the decree.

Liability of defendant discharged, to be re-taken.

294. All orders of a Court for executing the decree of another Court shall be subject to the same rules, in respect to appeal, as if the decree had been originally passed by the Court making such order.

What appeal from orders for execution under this Act.

295. If, in execution of a decree, a warrant of arrest or other process is to be enforced within the limits of a Garrison, Cantonment, Military Station, or Military Bazar, the Officer entrusted with the execution of such warrant or other process shall carry the same to the Commanding Officer, or in his absence to the Senior Officer actually present in the Garrison, Cantonment, Station, or Military Bazar; and the Commanding Officer or such Senior Officer, upon such warrant or other process being produced to him, shall back the same with his signature, and, in the case of a warrant of arrest, shall cause the person named in the warrant to be arrested if within the limits of his command and delivered, according to the exigency of the warrant, to the Civil Officer charged with the execution thereof.

Warrant of arrest or other process in execution of decrees, how to be enforced in Military Cantonments, &c.

296. The rules contained in this Chapter shall be applicable to the execution of any judicial process for the sale of property or for the payment of money which may be ordered by a Civil Court in any Civil proceeding.

Rules contained in this Chapter to be applicable to all Civil process.

CHAPTER V.

Of Pauper Suits.

297. A suit may be brought *in formâ pauperis* in the Court having jurisdiction over the claim, subject to the following rules.

Suits may be brought *in formâ pauperis*.

298. No pauper suit shall be brought for the recovery of any sum of money on account of damages for loss of caste, slander, abusive language, or assault.

What suits excepted.

299. The application to the Court for permission to sue *in formâ pauperis* shall be by petition, which shall be written on a stamp paper of the value of eight annas.

Application to be by petition on stamp paper.

300. The petition shall contain the particulars required by Section 26 of this Act, in regard to plaints, and shall have annexed to it a Schedule of any moveable or immoveable property belonging to the petitioner, with the estimated value thereof, and shall be subscribed and verified in the manner hereinbefore prescribed for the subscription and verification of plaints.

Petition what to contain.

301. The petition shall be presented to the Court by the petitioner in person; but if the petitioner satisfy the Court that he is prevented by sickness from attending the Court in person, or if

How to be presented.

the petitioner be a female, who, according to the custom and manners of the country ought not to be compelled to appear in public, the petition may be presented by a duly authorized agent who may be able to answer all material questions relating to the application and who shall be liable to be examined in the same manner as the party represented by him might have been examined had such party attended in person.

Examination of petitioner, if a female; how to be taken.

302. If the petition be not framed or presented in the manner laid down in the last two preceding Sections, the Court shall reject the petition.

Petition to be rejected if not in form.

303. If the petition be in form and duly presented, the Court shall proceed to examine the petitioner, or the agent of the petitioner as the case may be, regarding the merits of the claim and the property of the petitioner. When the petition is presented by an agent, the Court may also, if it think proper, order that the petitioner be examined in the manner hereinbefore prescribed for the examination of absent witnesses.

If in form, Court how to proceed.

If presented by an agent, Court may order petitioner to be examined in like manner as an absent witness.

304. If it appear to the Court upon such examination that the defendant, or the matter of the suit, is not within the jurisdiction of the Court, or that the claim is barred by the Statute of Limitations, or that the allegations of the petitioner do not constitute a reasonable ground of action, or (if none of the objections above stated exist) that the petitioner has failed to show that he is not possessed of sufficient means to enable him to pay for the stamps required for the institution and prosecution of the suit, or that the petitioner has recently disposed of any property fraudulently or with a view to obtain the benefit of this Chapter, the Court shall refuse to allow the petitioner to sue as a pauper.

Court may reject the application.

305. If upon such examination the Court shall see no reason to refuse the application on any of the grounds stated in the last preceding Section, it shall fix a day (of which at least ten days' previous notice shall be given to the opposite party) for receiving such evidence as the petitioner may adduce in proof of his pauperism, and for hearing any evidence which the opposite party may bring forward in disproof of the pauperism of the petitioner.

Notice to opposite party.

306. On the day appointed for the hearing, or as soon after as the business of the Court will permit, the Court shall consider any objections made by the opposite party, and shall examine any witnesses produced by either party and make a memorandum of the substance of their evidence, and shall either allow or refuse to allow the petitioner to sue as a pauper.

After a summary enquiry, the Court to pass a final order.

307. Previously to passing a final order in the case, the Court may, if it deem fit, institute a local enquiry, in the manner laid down in Section 180 of this Act, regarding the property of the petitioner or regarding the amount or value of any property claimed.

Court may direct a local enquiry.

308. If the application of the petitioner be granted, it shall be registered and shall be deemed the plaint in the suit, and the suit shall proceed in all other respects as an ordinary suit, except that the plaintiff shall not be liable to any further stamp duty in respect of any petition, appointment of a pleader, or other proceeding connected with the suit or with the execution of any decree passed in it.

Course of proceeding to be observed, if application be admitted.

309. On the decision of the suit, the Court shall calculate the amount of stamps which would have been paid by the plaintiff if he had not been permitted to sue as a pauper, and such amount shall be recoverable by Government from any party ordered by the decree to pay the same, in the same manner as costs of suit are recoverable.

On the decision of the suit, costs how to be calculated.

310. The refusal to allow the petitioner to sue as a pauper shall be a bar to any subsequent application of the like nature in respect of the same cause of action; but the plaintiff shall be at liberty to institute a suit in the usual manner in respect of such cause of action, unless precluded by the rules for the limitation of suits.

Refusal to allow to sue as a pauper, to bar any subsequent application of the like nature.

311. The orders passed by the Court under the provisions of this Chapter shall not be subject to appeal.

No appeals from orders under this Chapter.

CHAPTER VI.

Reference to Arbitration.

312. If the parties to a suit are desirous that the matters in difference between them in the suit, or any of such matters, shall be referred to the final decision of one or more arbitrator or arbitrators, they may apply to the Court at any time before final judgment for an order of reference.

Reference to arbitration on application of the parties.

313. The application shall be made by the parties in person or by their pleaders specially authorized in that behalf by an instrument in writing, which shall be presented to the Court at the time of making the application, and shall be filed with the proceedings in the suit.

Application how to be made.

314. The arbitrator or arbitrators shall be nominated by the parties in such manner as may be agreed upon between them. If the parties cannot agree with respect to the nomination of the arbitrator or arbitrators, or if the person or persons nominated by them shall refuse to accept the arbitration, and the parties are desirous that the nomination shall be made by the Court, the Court shall appoint the arbitrator or arbitrators.

Nomination and appointment of arbitrators.

315. The Court shall, by an order under its seal, refer to the arbitrator or arbitrators the matters in difference in the suit which he or they may be required to determine, and shall fix such time as it may think reasonable for the delivery of the award, and the time so fixed shall be specified in the order.

Order of reference.

316. If the reference be to two or more arbitrators, provision shall be made in the order for a difference of opinion among the arbitrators, by the appointment of an umpire, or by declaring that the decision shall be with the majority, or by empowering the arbitrators to appoint an umpire, or otherwise as may be agreed upon between the parties; or if they cannot agree, as the Court may determine.

When the reference is to two or more, the order shall provide for difference of opinion.

317. When a reference is made to arbitration by an order of Court, the Court shall issue the same processes to the parties and witnesses whom the arbitrator or arbitrators or umpire may desire to have examined, as the Court is authorized to issue in suits tried before it; and persons not attending in consequence of such process, or making any other default, or refusing to give their testimony, or being guilty of any contempt to the arbitrator or arbitrators or umpire during the investigation of the suit, shall be subject to the like disadvantages, penalties, and punishments, by order of the Court on the representation of the arbitrator or arbitrators or umpire, as they would incur for the same offences in suits tried before the Court.

Powers of arbitrators.

318. When the arbitrator or arbitrators shall not have been able to complete the award within the period specified in the order from the want of the necessary evidence or information or other good and sufficient cause, the Court may from time to time enlarge the period for the delivery of the award, if it shall think proper. In any case in which an umpire shall have been appointed, it shall be lawful for him to enter on the reference in lieu of the arbitrators, if they shall have allowed their time or their extended time to expire without making an award, or shall have delivered to the Court or to the umpire a notice in writing stating that they cannot agree. Provided that an award shall not be liable to be set aside only by reason of its not having been completed within the period allowed by the Court, unless on proof that the delay in completing the award arose from corruption or misconduct of the arbitrator or arbitrators or umpire, or unless the award shall have been made after the issue of an order by the Court superseding the arbitration and recalling the suit.

Extension of time for making award.

319. If, in any case of reference to arbitration by an order of Court, the arbitrator or arbitrators or umpire shall die, or refuse or become incapable to act, it shall be lawful for the Court to appoint a new arbitrator or arbitrators or umpire, in the place of the person or persons so dying, or refusing or becoming incapable to act. Where the arbitrators are empowered by the terms of the order of reference to appoint an umpire and do not appoint an umpire, any of the parties may serve the arbitrators with a written notice to appoint an umpire; and if within seven days after such notice shall have been served, no umpire be appointed, it shall be lawful for the Court, upon the application of the party having served such notice as aforesaid, and upon proof to its satisfaction of such notice having been served, to appoint an umpire. In any case of appointment under this Section, the arbitrator or arbitrators, or umpire so appointed, shall have the like power to act in the reference, as if their name or names had been inserted in the original order of reference.

In case of death, incapacity, or refusal to act of arbitrators or umpire, Court may appoint others in stead.

320. When an award in a suit shall be made either by the arbitrator or arbitrators, or by the umpire, it shall be submitted to the Court under the signature of the person or persons by whom it may be made, together with all the proceedings, depositions, and exhibits in the suit.

Award how to be submitted to Court.

321. It shall be lawful for the arbitrator or arbitrators or umpire, upon any reference, by an order of Court if he or they shall think fit, and if it is not provided to the contrary, to state his or their award as to the whole or any part thereof in the form of a special case for the opinion of the Court.

Arbitrator may state special case.

322. The Court may on the application of either party modify or correct an award where it appears that a part of the award is upon matters not referred to the arbitrators, provided such part can be separated from the other part and does not affect the decision on the matter referred; or where the award is imperfect in form or contains any obvious error which can be amended without affecting such decision. The Court may also on such application make such order as it thinks just respecting the costs of the arbitration, if any question arise respecting such costs and the award contain no sufficient provision concerning them.

Court may, on application, modify or correct an award in certain cases.

And make order respecting the costs of arbitration.

323. In any of the following cases the Court shall have power to remit the award or any of the matters referred to arbitration to the re-consideration of the same arbitrator or arbitrators or umpire, upon such terms as it may think proper (that is to say)—

In what cases Court may remit the award or any of the matters referred to arbitration, for re-consideration.

If the award has left undetermined some of the matters referred to arbitration, or if it determine matters not referred to arbitration.

If the award is so indefinite as to be incapable of execution.

If an objection to the legality of the award is apparent upon the face of the award.

324. No award shall be liable to be set aside except on the ground of corruption or misconduct of the arbitrators or umpire. Any application to set aside an award shall be made within ten days after the same has been submitted to the Court.

Award not to be set aside except on ground of corruption.

Application to set aside the award.

325. If the Court shall not see cause to remit the award or any of the matters referred to arbitration for re-consideration in manner aforesaid, and if no application shall have been made to set aside the award, or if the Court shall have refused such application, the Court shall proceed to pass judgment according to the award or according to its own opinion on the special case if the award shall have been submitted to it in the form of a special case; and upon the judgment which shall be so given decree shall follow and shall be carried into execution in the same manner as other decrees of the Court. In every case in which judgment shall be given according to the award, the judgment shall be final.

Judgment to be according to the award.

326. When any persons shall by an instrument in writing agree that any differences between them or any of them shall be referred to the arbitration of any person or persons named in the agreement or to be appointed by any Court having jurisdiction in the matter to which it relates, application may be made by the parties thereto or any of them that the agreement be filed in such Court. On such application being made, the Court shall direct such notice to be given to any of the parties to the agreement, other than the applicants, as it may think necessary, requiring such parties to show cause, within a time to be specified, why the agreement should not be filed. The application shall be written on a stamp paper of one-fourth of the value prescribed for plaints in suits, and shall be numbered and registered as a suit between some or one of the parties interested or claiming to be interested as plaintiffs or plaintiff, and the others or other of them as defendants or defendant, if the application have been presented by all the parties-or, if otherwise, between the applicant as plaintiff and the other parties as defendants. If no sufficient cause be shown against the agreement, the agreement shall be filed and an order of reference to arbitration shall be made thereon. The several provisions of this Chapter, so far as they are not inconsistent with the terms of any agreement so filed, shall be applicable to all proceedings under an order of reference made by the Court and to the award of arbitration and to the enforcement of such award.

Agreement of parties to refer to arbitration may be filed in the Court.

Provisions of this Chapter applicable.

327. When any matter has been referred to arbitration without the intervention of any Court of Justice, and an award has been made, any person interested in the award may within six months from the date of the award make application to the Court having jurisdiction in the matter to which the award relates, that the award be filed in Court. The Court shall direct notice to be given to the parties to the arbitration other than the applicant, requiring such parties to show cause, within a time to be specified, why the award should not be filed. The application shall be written on the stamp paper required for petitions to the Court where a stamp is required for petitions by any law for the time being in force, and shall be numbered and registered as a suit between the applicant as plaintiff and the other parties as defendants. If no sufficient cause be shown against the award, the award shall be filed and may be enforced as an award made under the provisions of this Chapter.

Filing in Court an award when the matter was referred to arbitration without intervention of Court.

Enforcement of such award.

CHAPTER VII.

OF PROCEEDINGS ON AGREEMENT OF PARTIES.

How questions may be raised for the decision of a Civil Court by any Persons interested.

328. Parties interested or claiming to be interested in the decision of any question of fact or law, may enter into an agreement, which shall be subject to the same stamp duty as prescribed for plaints in suits, that upon the finding of a Court in the affirmative or negative of such question of fact or law, a sum of money fixed by the parties, or to be determined by the Court, shall be paid by one of the parties to the other of them; or that some property, moveable or immoveable, specified in the agreement, shall be delivered by one of the parties to the other of them; or that one or more of the parties shall do or perform some particular legal act or shall refrain from doing or performing some particular act specified in the agreement. Where the agreement is for the delivery of some property moveable or immoveable, or for the doing or performing, or the refraining to do or perform any particular act, the estimated value of the property to be delivered, or to which the act specified may have reference, shall be stated in the agreement.

Questions of fact, or of law or equity, may be raised by agreement for the decision of any Court having jurisdiction.

329. The agreement may be filed in any Court having jurisdiction in the matter, and, when so filed, shall be numbered and registered as a suit between some or one of the parties interested or claiming to be interested as plaintiffs or plaintiff, and the others or other of them as defendants or defendant; and notice shall be given to all the parties to the agreement other than the party or parties by whom it was presented.

Agreement to be filed and numbered as a suit.

330. After the agreement shall have been filed, all the parties to it shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Court, and shall be bound by the statements contained therein.

Parties to be subject to the Court's jurisdiction.

331. The case shall be set down for hearing as an ordinary suit; and if the Court shall be satisfied, after an examination of the parties or their pleaders, or taking such evidence as it may deem proper, that the agreement was duly executed by the parties, and that they have a *bonâ fide* interest in the question of fact or law stated therein, and that the same is fit to be tried or decided, it shall proceed to record and try, or hear the same, and deliver its finding or opinion thereon, in the same way as in an ordinary suit; and shall, upon its finding or deciding upon the question of fact or law, give judgment for the sum fixed by the parties, or so ascertained as aforesaid, or otherwise, according to the terms of the agreement, and upon the judgment which shall be so given, decree shall follow and may be executed in the same way as if the judgment had been pronounced in a contested suit.

Hearing and disposal of the case.

CHAPTER VIII.

Of Appeals.

332. Except when otherwise expressly provided in this or any other Regulation or Act for the time being in force, an appeal shall lie from the decrees of the Courts of original jurisdiction to the Courts authorized to hear appeals from the decisions of those Courts. If the appeal lie to the Sudder Court it shall be heard and determined by a Court consisting of three or more Judges of that Court.

Appeal to lie from all decrees except when expressly prohibited.

Appeal to Sudder Court to be heard by three or more Judges.

HOW APPEALS ARE TO BE PREFERRED.

Appeal to be preferred by a memorandum to be presented to the Appellate Court within specified time.

333. Appeals shall be made in the form of a memorandum which shall be presented in the Appellate Court within the period hereinafter specified, unless the appellant shall show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of the Appellate Court for not having presented it within such limited period; that is to say, within thirty days if the appeal be to a District Court, and within ninety days if the appeal be to the Sudder Court. The days shall be reckoned from and exclusive of the day on which judgment was pronounced, and also exclusive of such time as may be requisite for obtaining a copy of the decree appealed against.

What the memorandum is to contain.

334. The memorandum of appeal shall set forth concisely, and under distinct heads, the grounds of objection to the decision appealed against, without any argument or narrative, and such grounds shall be numbered consecutively. The appellant shall not without the leave of the Court urge or be heard in support of any other ground of objection, but the Court in deciding the appeal shall not be confined to the grounds set forth by the appellant.

Form of memorandum.

335. The memorandum of appeal shall be in the following form, or to the following effect, and shall be accompanied by a copy of the decree appealed against—

Memorandum of Appeal.

(Name, &c. as in Register.) Plaintiff.
(Name, &c. as in Register.) Defendant.

[Name of Appellant] Plaintiff [or Defendant] above-named appeals to the Sudder Court at [or Zillah Court at be], against the decree of as the case may in the above suit, dated the day of ; for the following reasons, namely, [*here state the reasons.*]

If memorandum be not in form or duly presented.

336. If the memorandum be not drawn up in the manner hereinbefore prescribed, the Court may reject it or may return it to the party for the purpose of being corrected. If the memorandum be not presented within the prescribed period and no sufficient cause be shown for the delay, the appeal shall be rejected.

One of several plaintiffs or defendants may appeal and obtain a reversal of the whole decree if it proceed on a ground common to all.

337. If there be two or more plaintiffs or two or more defendants in a suit, and the decision of the Lower Court proceed on any ground common to all, any one of the plaintiffs or defendants may appeal against the whole decree, and the Appellate Court may reverse or modify the decree in favor of all the plaintiffs or defendants.

OF STAYING AND EXECUTING DECREES UNDER APPEAL.

Execution of decree not to be stayed by appeal; but if sufficient cause be shown, execution may be stayed.

338. Execution of a decree shall not be stayed by reason only of an appeal having been preferred against such decree; but the Appellate Court may, for sufficient cause shown, order that execution be stayed. If application for execution be made before the time allowed for appeal has expired, and the Lower Court has not received intimation of an appeal having been preferred, the Lower Court, if sufficient cause be shown, may stay the execution. Before making an order to stay execution, the Court making the order shall require security to be given by the party against whom the decree was passed for the due performance of the decree or order of the Appellate Court.

Court, before making order to stay execution, shall require security for due performance of decree or order of Appellate Court.

Court making an order for execution of a decree against which an appeal has been preferred, may require security for restitution of property, &c.

339. When an order is made for the execution of a decree against which an appeal has been preferred, it shall be lawful for the Court which pronounced the decree to require security to be given for the restitution of any property which may be taken in execution of the decree or of the value thereof, and for the due performance of the decree or order of the Appellate Court.

No such security to be required from Government or any Public Officer.

340. In suits instituted or defended under the authority and at the expense of Government, no such security as is mentioned in the last two preceding Sections shall in any case be required from Government or from any public Officer.

OF PROCEDURE IN APPEALS FROM DECREES.

How the appeal is to be entered.

341. When a memorandum of appeal is presented in the prescribed form and within the time allowed, the Appellate Court, or the proper Officer of that Court, shall endorse thereon the date of presentment, and shall register the appeal in a book to be kept for the purpose, and called the Register of Appeals. Such Register shall be in the form contained in the Schedule (C) hereunto annexed.

Form of the Register.

Appellate Court may, at its discretion, require security for costs from appellant.

342. It shall be in the discretion of the Appellate Court to demand security for costs from the appellant or not, as it shall see fit, before the respondent is called upon to appear and answer. Provided that the Court shall demand such security in all cases in which the appellant is residing out of the British Territories in India and is not possessed of any land or other immoveable property within those territories independent of the property to which the appeal relates; and in the event of such security not being furnished at the time of presenting the memorandum of appeal or within such time as the Court shall order, the Court shall reject the appeal.

Proviso.

Appellate Court to send intimation to Lower Court of appeal being registered.

343. When the memorandum of appeal has been registered, the Appellate Court shall send intimation thereof to the Lower Court. If the appeal be from a Court the records of which are not deposited in the Appellate Court, the Lower Court shall, upon the receipt of the intimation, transmit to the Appellate Court with all practicable despatch all material papers in

Lower Court to transmit papers to Appellate Court.

the suit, or such papers as may be specially called for by the Appellate Court. Either party may give notice in writing to the Lower Court specifying any exhibits of which he requires copies to be made and deposited in the Lower Court, and copies of such exhibits shall be prepared at the expense of the party giving the notice and shall be deposited in the Lower Court.

Either party may give notice of exhibits of which he requires copies to be made and deposited in the Lower Court.

344. A day shall be fixed by the Appellate Court for the hearing of the appeal. The day shall be so fixed, with reference to the place of residence of the respondent and the time necessary for the service of the notice of appeal, as to allow the respondent a sufficient time to enable him to appear in person or by a pleader on such day.

Day for hearing the appeal, how to be fixed.

345. Notice of the day which has been fixed for hearing the appeal shall be affixed in the Appellate Court, and a like notice shall be sent by the Appellate Court to the Lower Court and shall be served on the respondent in the same way as hereinbefore provided for the service of a summons to a defendant to appear and answer, and all rules applicable to such summons and to proceedings with reference to the service thereof, shall apply to the service of such notice. The notice to the respondent shall contain an intimation that, if he does not appear in the Appellate Court on the day so fixed for the hearing of the appeal, the case will be heard and decided *ex parte* in his absence. Provided that, if the respondent has appointed a pleader to appear in his behalf in the Appellate Court, the service of the notice on such pleader shall be sufficient.

Publication and service of notice of the day fixed for hearing the appeal.

Form of notice.

346. If on the day fixed for hearing the appeal or any other day subsequent thereto to which the hearing of the appeal may be adjourned, the appellant shall not appear in person or by a pleader, the appeal shall be dismissed for default. If the appellant shall appear in person or by a pleader, and the respondent shall not appear in persón or by a pleader, the appeal shall be heard *ex parte* in his absence.

Consequence of non-appearance.

347. If an appeal be dismissed for default of prosecution, the appellant may, within thirty days from the date of the dismissal, apply to the Appellate Court for the re-admission of the appeal; and if it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Court that the appellant was prevented by any sufficient cause from appearing when the appeal was called on for hearing, the Court may re-admit the appeal.

Re-admission of appeals dismissed for default of prosecution.

348. Upon the hearing of the appeal, the respondent may take any objection to the decision of the Lower Court which he might have taken if he had preferred a separate appeal from such decision.

Respondent may object to decision of Lower Court in the same manner as if he had preferred a separate appeal.

349. The Appellate Court, after hearing the appeal, shall proceed to give its judgment in the manner hereinbefore prescribed for giving judgment in Courts of original jurisdiction.

The Appellate Court how to give judgment.

350. The judgment may be for confirming or reversing or modifying the decree of the Lower Court. But no decree shall be reversed or modified nor shall any case be remanded to the Lower Court on account of any error, defect, or irregularity either in the decision or in any interlocutory order passed in the suit not affecting the merits of the case or the jurisdiction of the Court.

No decision to be reversed for irregularity.

351. If the Lower Court shall have disposed of the case upon any preliminary point so as to exclude any evidence of fact which shall appear to the Appellate Court essential to the rights of the parties, and the decree of the Lower Court upon such preliminary point shall be reversed by the decree in appeal, the Appellate Court may, if it think right, remand the case, together with a copy of the decree in appeal, to the Lower Court, with directions to restore the suit to its original number in the Register and proceed to investigate the merits of the case, and pass a decree therein.

When a case may be remanded by Appellate Court.

352. It shall not be competent to the Appellate Court to remand a case for a second decision by the Lower Court, except as provided in the last preceding Section.

Power to remand limited as above.

353. When the evidence upon the record of the Lower Court is sufficient to enable the Appellate Court to pronounce a satisfactory judgment, the Appellate Court shall finally determine the case, notwithstanding that the judgment of the Lower Court has proceeded wholly upon some other ground.

When the evidence is sufficient, the Appellate Court must determine the case though the Lower Court has decided on other grounds.

354. If the Lower Court shall have omitted to raise or try any issue or to determine any question of fact which shall appear to the Appellate Court essential to the right determination of the suit upon the merits, and the evidence upon the record is not sufficient to enable the Appellate Court to determine such issue or question of fact, the Appellate Court may frame an issue or issues for trial by the Lower Court and may refer the same to the Lower Court for trial. Thereupon the Lower Court shall proceed to try such issue or issues and shall return to the Appellate Court its finding thereon together with the evidence. Such finding and evidence shall become part of the record in the suit; and either party may, within a time to be fixed by the Appellate Court, file a memorandum of any objection to the finding; and after the expiration of the period so fixed, the Appellate Court shall proceed to determine the appeal.

Trial of issues by Lower Court on reference from Appellate Court.

355. It shall not be competent to the parties in an appeal to produce additional evidence in the Appellate Court, whether of exhibits or witnesses; but if it appear that the Lower

When the Appellate Court may call for fresh evidence.

Court refused to admit competent evidence, or if the Appellate Court require any exhibits to be produced or witnesses examined to enable it to pronounce a satisfactory judgment, or for any other substantial cause, the Appellate Court may allow additional exhibits to be received and any necessary witnesses to be examined, whether such witnesses shall have been previously examined in the Court below or not; provided that, whenever additional evidence is admitted by an Appellate Court, the reasons for the admission shall be recorded on the proceedings of such Court.

How additional evidence is to be taken.

356. Whenever additional evidence is permitted to be received, it shall be competent to the Appellate Court to take such evidence before itself, or to require the Lower or any other Court or to empower any person to take such evidence, and to transmit the evidence so taken to the Appellate Court. It shall also be competent to the Appellate Court to prescribe the manner in which such evidence shall be taken.

Points to be defined.

357. In all cases where additional evidence is permitted to be taken, the Appellate Court shall define the point or points to which the evidence is to be confined, and record the same on its proceedings.

Powers of Appellate Court.

358 The Appellate Court shall have all the like powers in regard to the granting of time, adjourning the hearing of the suit, examining the parties or their pleaders, and awarding costs, or otherwise, as are hereinbefore contained in regard to Courts of original jurisdiction.

Judgment of the Appellate Court. In what language it is to be written.

359. The judgment of the Appellate Court shall be pronounced in open Court. It shall contain the point or points for determination, the decision thereupon, and the reasons for the decision, and shall be dated and signed by the Judge or by the Judges concurring therein at the time of pronouncing it. The judgment shall be written in the English language; but if the Judge shall not be able to write an intelligible judgment in that language, the judgment shall be written in the vernacular language of the Judge. When the language in which the judgment is written is not the language in ordinary use in proceedings before the Court, the judgment shall be translated into such language, and the translation shall be signed by the Judge or Judges. Any Judge dissenting from the judgment of the Court shall state his opinion in writing, which shall form part of the record.

Dissent to be recorded.

What the decree is to contain.

360. The decree of the Appellate Court shall bear date the day on which the judgment was passed. It shall contain the number of the suit, the names and description of the parties appellant and respondent, and the memorandum of appeal, and shall specify clearly the relief granted or other determination of the appeal. It shall also state the amount of costs incurred in the appeal, and by what parties and in what proportions such costs and the costs in the original suit are to be paid. The decree shall be signed by the Judge or Judges who passed it and shall be sealed with the seal of the Court. If there be a difference of opinion among the Judges of the Court, it shall not be necessary for any Judge dissenting from the judgment of the Court to sign the decree, but the opinion of such Judge shall be recited in the decree. Certified copies of the decree shall be furnished to the parties in the same manner as hereinbefore provided in regard to the decrees of Courts of original jurisdiction.

A certified copy of the decree to be transmitted to the Lower Court.

361. A copy of the decree or other order disposing of the appeal, certified by the Appellate Court or the proper Officer of such Court, and sealed with the seal of the Court, shall be transmitted to the Court which passed the first decree in the suit appealed from, and shall be filed with the original proceedings in the suit, and an entry of the judgment of the Appellate Court shall be made in the original Register of the suit.

How to be executed.

362. Application for execution of the decree of an Appellate Court shall be made to the Court which passed the first decree in the suit, and shall be executed by that Court, in the manner and according to the rules hereinbefore contained for the execution of original decrees.

Appeals from Orders.

No appeal from order passed before decree, but error or defect therein may be set forth as an objection if the decree be appealed against.

363. No appeal shall lie from any order passed in the course of a suit and relating thereto prior to decree; but if the decree be appealed against, any error, defect, or irregularity in any such order affecting the merits of the case or the jurisdiction of the Court, may be set forth as a ground of objection in the memorandum of appeal.

No appeal from order passed after decree and relating to the execution thereof except as provided.

364. No appeal shall lie from any order passed after decree and relating to the execution thereof except as is hereinbefore expressly provided.

Appeal from orders as to fines or imprisonment.

365. All orders as to fines or the levying thereof or as to imprisonment under this Act (except when the imprisonment is in execution of a decree) shall be subject to appeal.

Procedure in appeals from orders.

366. When an appeal from any order is allowed, the period for preferring the appeal and the procedure thereon shall be in all respects the same as in an appeal from a decree.

CHAPTER IX.

Of Appeals in Forma Pauperis.

Who may appeal as pauper.

367. Any party to a suit who may be unable to pay for the stamps required for the prosecution of an appeal from the decision passed therein, may be allowed to appeal as a pauper from

such decision subject to all the rules contained in the last preceding Chapter and in Chapter V in so far as they are applicable.

Application to whom and when to be presented.

368. The application to be allowed to appeal *in formâ pauperis* shall be written on a stamp paper of the value of one Rupee if the appeal lie to the District Court, and on a stamp paper of the value of two Rupees if the appeal lie to the Sudder Court, and shall be presented in the Appellate Court within the period allowed for the presentation of a memorandum of appeal.

Form of application.

369. The application shall contain the particulars required to be set forth in the memorandum of appeal and shall be drawn up in the like manner. It shall have annexed to it a Schedule of any moveable or immoveable property belonging to the applicant with the estimated value thereof, and shall also be accompanied by copies of the judgment and decree from which the appeal is made.

Procedure.

370. If the Appellate Court, upon a perusal of the application and of the judgment and decree of the Court below, shall see no reason to think that the decision of that Court is contrary to law or to some usage having the force of law or is otherwise erroneous or unjust, it shall reject the application. If the application be not rejected upon any of the grounds abovementioned, enquiry shall be made into the alleged pauperism of the applicant, and such enquiry may be conducted either by the Appellate Court or by the Court from whose decision the appeal is made under the orders of the Appellate Court. Provided that, if the applicant was allowed to sue *in formâ pauperis* in the Court below, no further enquiry in respect of his pauperism shall be necessary, unless the Appellate Court shall see special cause to direct such enquiry.

Effect of order by Appellate Court.

371. The order passed by the Appellate Court on an application to be allowed to appeal *in formâ pauperis*, whether for the admission or rejection of the application, shall be final; but, if the application be rejected, the Appellate Court may, if it think proper, allow the applicant a reasonable time for preferring an appeal on a stamp of the value prescribed for appeals from decrees.

CHAPTER X.

Of Special Appeals.

Special appeals allowed on what grounds.

372. Unless otherwise provided by any law for the time being in force, a special appeal shall lie to the Sudder Court from all decisions passed in regular appeal by the Courts subordinate to the Sudder Court, on the ground of the decision being contrary to some law or usage having the force of law, or of a substantial error or defect in law in the procedure or investigation of the case which may have produced error or defect in the decision of the case upon the merits, and on no other ground.

Application to be presented to the Sudder Court.

373. The application for the admission of a special appeal shall be presented in the Sudder Court within the period prescribed for the presentation of a memorandum of appeal, and shall be accompanied by copies of the judgments and decrees of the Lower Appellate Court and of the Court of first instance. The application shall be written on a stamp paper of the value prescribed for regular appeals; but if the applicant be unable to pay for the stamps required for the prosecution of the appeal, the Sudder Court may admit him to appeal as a pauper, subject to all the rules contained in Chapter IX in respect to appeals from decrees *in formâ pauperis* in so far as the same may be applicable.

Form of application.

374. The application shall set forth concisely the grounds of objection to the decision appealed against without argument or narrative, and such grounds shall be numbered consecutively. The applicant shall not, without the leave of the Court, be heard in support of any other ground of objection; but the determination of the Court may be upon any ground on which a special appeal would lie.

Application how to be dealt with.

375. If the application be not drawn up in the manner hereinbefore prescribed, the Court may reject it or may return it to the party for the purpose of being corrected. When the application is correctly drawn up, it shall be registered in a book to be kept for that purpose, which shall be in the form contained in the Schedule D. hereunto annexed and the case shall proceed in all other respects as a regular appeal, and shall be subject to all the rules hereinbefore provided for such appeals so far as the same may be applicable.

CHAPTER XI.

Review of Judgment.

Review of judgment.

376. Any person considering himself aggrieved by a decree of a Court of original jurisdiction, from which no appeal shall have been preferred to a Superior Court—or by a decree of a District Court in appeal, from which no special appeal shall have been admitted by the Sudder Court—or by a decree of the Sudder Court from which either no appeal may have been preferred to Her Majesty in Council, or an appeal having been preferred, no proceedings in the suit have been transmitted to Her Majesty in Council—and who from the discovery of new matter or evidence which was not within his knowledge, or could not be adduced by him at the time when such decree was passed, or from any other good and sufficient reason, may be desirous of obtaining a review of the judgment passed against him—may apply for a review of judgment by the Court which passed the decree.

On discovery of new evidence &c.

Within what time and on what paper the application should be made.

377. The application shall be made within ninety days from the date of the decree unless the party preferring the same shall be able to show just and reasonable cause, to the satisfaction of the Court, for

not having preferred such application within the limited period. If the application be made within the period above-mentioned, it shall be written on the stamp paper prescribed for petitions to the Court where a stamp is required; but if made after the expiration of that period, it shall be written on the stamp paper prescribed for plaints.

The order of the Court for granting or refusing the review is final.

378. If the Court shall be of opinion that there are not any sufficient grounds for a review, it shall reject the application, but if it shall be of opinion that the review desired is necessary to correct an evident error or omission, or is otherwise requisite for the ends of justice, the Court shall grant the review, and its order in either case, whether for rejecting the application or granting the review, shall be final. Provided that no review of judgment shall be granted without previous notice to the opposite party to enable him to appear and be heard in support of the decree of which a review is solicited.

Proviso.

Application for a review in the Sudder Court must be made to the Judge or Judges that passed the decree.

379. If the Court to which the application for a review of its judgment has been presented by a Court consisting of two or more Judges, whenever the Judge or Judges who may have passed the decree, or if the decree have been passed by two or more Judges, when any of such Judges shall continue attached to the Court at the time when the application for a review is presented, and shall not be precluded by absence or other cause, for a period of six months after the application, from considering the judgment to which the application refers, it shall not be competent to any other Judge or Judges of the same Court to enter upon a consideration of the merits of the application, and record an order or opinion thereon.

Procedure on application for a review being granted.

380. When an application for a review of judgment is granted, a note thereof shall be made in the Register of Suits or appeals (as the case may be), and the Court shall give such order in regard to the re-hearing of the suit as it may deem proper in the circumstances of the case.

CHAPTER XII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sudder Court empowered to make rules of practice &c., for the Subordinate Civil Courts.

381. The Sudder Court shall have power to make and issue general rules for regulating the practice and proceedings of the Subordinate Civil Courts, and also to frame forms for every proceeding in the said Courts for which it shall think necessary that a form be provided, and for keeping all books, entries, and accounts to be kept by the Officers, and from time to time to alter any such rule or form; provided that such rules and forms be not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act or of any other law in force.

Provided such rules are not inconsistent with this or any other law.

Act not to extend, except in certain cases, to Supreme and Presidency Small Cause Courts.

382. Except so far as relates to the examination of witnesses under Commission and to the execution of decrees out of the jurisdiction of the Courts by which they were passed, this Act shall not extend to any suit instituted in any Court of Judicature established by Royal Charter or in any Court for the more easy recovery of small debts and demands in Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay.

Saving of jurisdiction and procedure of Village Moonsiffs and Village or District Punchayets in Madras—

383. Nothing in this Act shall be held to alter or affect the jurisdiction or procedure in Civil cases of Village Moonsiffs or Village or District Punchayets under the provisions of the Madras Code; or the jurisdiction or procedure

of Military Courts of Request—

of Military Courts of Request; or the jurisdiction or procedure of a single Officer duly authorized and appointed under the rules in force in the Presidencies of Fort St. George and Bombay respectively, for the trial of small suits in Military Bazars at Cantonments and Stations occupied by the Troops of those Presidencies respectively; or by Punchayets in regard to suits against Military persons, according to the rules in force under the Presidency of Fort St. George.

of single Officers appointed to try small suits in Madras and Bombay.

and of Military Punchayets in Madras.

Saving of certain special or local Laws.

384. Nothing in this Act shall be held to affect the jurisdiction exercised by certain Jagheerdars and other authorities invested with powers under the provisions of Regulation XIII. 1830 of the Bombay Code *(for vesting certain Jagheerdars, Surinjameedars, and Enamdars with the power of deciding suits within the boundaries of their respective estates)* and Act XV of 1840 *(for extending Regulations XI. 1827 and XIII. 1830 of the Bombay Code to the Agents of Foreign Sovereigns)*, or their procedure in the exercise of such jurisdiction; or to affect suits instituted under Regulation XI. 1816 of the Bengal Code *(for receiving, trying, and deciding claims to the right of inheritance or succession in certain Tributary estates in Zillah Cuttack)*, or cases of the nature defined in Regulation XXIX. 1827 *(for bringing under the operation of the Regulations the Bombay Territories in the Dekkan and Khandesh)*, Regulation VII. 1830 *(for bringing under the operation of the Regulations the Territories comprised in the Southern Mahratta Country)*, Regulations I and XVI. 1831 of the Bombay Code *(for extending the jurisdiction of the Agent of Government in the Dekkan and Khandesh and of the Political Agent in the Southern Mahratta Country over suits in which certain privileged persons are concerned)*, Act XIX of 1835 *(relating to the jurisdiction and authority of the Assistant to the Agent for Sirdars in the Dekkan)*, and Act XIII of 1842 *(to enable the holders of revenue which has been alienated to them by the state to collect that revenue within the Presidency of Bombay)*, except that such suits and cases and the regular and special appeals to the Civil Courts allowed therein, shall be received, heard, and determined under the rules laid down in this Act, unless where those rules are inconsistent with any specific provisions contained in the Regulations and Acts above quoted.

Act not to take effect in places not subject to the general Regulations until extended thereto.

385. This Act shall not take effect in any part of the territories not subject to the general Regulations of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, until the same shall be extended thereto by the Governor General of India in Council or by the Local Government to which such territory is subordinate, and notified in the *Gazette*.

Interpretation.

386. The following words and expressions in this Act shall have the meanings hereby assigned to them, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction (that to is say)—

Number.

Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number.

Gender.

Words importing the masculine gender shall include females.

"District."

The local jurisdiction of a Principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction shall be deemed a District for the purposes of this Act; and the words "District Court" shall mean such Court.

"District Court."

"Sudder Court."

In any part of the British territories in India to which this Act may be extended under the provisions of Section 385, the expression "Sudder Court" shall be deemed to include the highest Civil Court of Appeal in such part of the said territories.

Commencement of operation of Act.

387. This Act shall come into operation in the Presidency of Bengal from the 1st day of July 1859 and in the Presidencies of Madras and Bombay from the 1st day of January 1860 or from such earlier day as the Local Government in those Presidencies respectively shall fix and shall publicly notify in the Gazette of the Presidency three months at least before the date so fixed. But if in any suit pending at the time when this Act shall come into operation it shall appear to the Court that the application of any provision of this Act would deprive any party to the suit of any right in reference to the procedure of the suit, whether of appeal or otherwise, which but for the passing of this Act would have belonged to him, the Court shall proceed according to the law in force before this Act takes effect.

Pending suits.

Where Act comes into operation, procedure of Civil Courts to be regulated by it only.

388. From and after the time when this Act shall come into operation in any part of the British territories in India, the procedure of the Civil Courts in such part of the said territories shall be regulated by this Act, and except as otherwise provided by this Act, by no other Law or Regulation.

SCHEDULE A. referred to in the foregoing scheme of Procedure.

Court of the ——— holden at

Register of Civil Suits in the year 18 .

Date of presentation of plaint.	No. of Suit.	Plaintiff.			Defendant.			Claim.			Appearance.			Judgment.			Appeal.		Execution.					Return of Execution.		
		Name.	Description.	Place of abode.	Name.	Description.	Place of abode.	Particulars.	Amount or value.	When the Cause of Action accrued.	Day for Parties to appear.	Plaintiff.	Defendant.	Date.	For whom.	For what, or Amount.	Date of Appeal.	Judgment in Appeal.	Date of application.	Date of Order.	Against whom.	For what, and Amount if Money.	Amount of Costs.	Amount paid into Court.	Arrested.	Minute of other Return than Payment or Arrest, and Date of every Return.

SCHEDULE B.

No. of Suit.

In the Court of at

Plaintiff.

Defendant.

(Name, description, and address.)

Whereas [*here enter the name, description, and address of the Plaintiff*] has instituted a suit in this Court against you [*here state the particulars of the claim as in the Register*]: you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person on the day of at in the forenoon [*if not specially required to appear in person, state—"in person or by a pleader of the Court duly instructed and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions"*] to answer the above-named plaintiff. [*If the summons be for the final disposal of the suit, this further direction shall be added here; "and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must be prepared to produce all your witnesses on that day"*]; and you are hereby required to take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence; and you will bring with you (or send by your agent) [*here mention any document the production of which may be required by the plaintiff*] which the plaintiff desires to inspect, and any document on which you intend to rely in support of your defence.

SCHEDULE C. to the foregoing scheme of Procedure.

COURT at

REGISTER OF APPEALS from DECREES in the year 18

Date of Memorandum.	No. of Appeal.	Appellant.			Respondent.			Decree appealed from.						Appearance.				Judgment.		
		Name.	Description.	Place of abode.	Name.	Description.	Place of abode.	Of what Court.	No. of Original Suit.	Particulars.	Amount or Value.	Day for Parties to appear.	Appellant.	Respondent.	Date.	Confirmed, reversed, or altered.	For what, or Amount.

SCHEDULE D. to the foregoing scheme of Procedure.

SUDDER COURT at

REGISTER OF SPECIAL APPEALS.

Date of Memorandum.	No. of Appeal.	Appellant.			Respondent.			Decree appealed from.				Appearance.			Judgment.		
		Name.	Description.	Place of abode.	Name.	Description.	Place of abode.	Of what Court.	No. of Original Suit and of Appeal.	Particulars.	Amount or Value.	Day for Parties to appear.	Appellant.	Respondent.	Date.	Confirmed, reversed, or altered.	For what, or Amount.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Home Department.

No. 686.

Fort William, the 31st March 1859.

Notifications.—The following Members of the Civil Service reported their departure for England by the Steam-ship *Nemesis*, which Vessel was left by the Pilot at Sea on the 25th instant:—

Mr. Octavius Toogood.
„ G. H. M. Ricketts.
„ H. R. Madocks.
„ R. P. Jenkins.
„ S. N. Martin.

No. 687.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council has been pleased to permit Senior Lieutenant H. W. Etheridge, I. N., to proceed to Sea on Medical Certificate, for one year, from the 28th instant, under the old Furlough Regulations.

No. 688.

The 1st April 1859.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to permit the Hon'ble F. J. Halliday to resign the Civil Service from the 1st May next.

No. 691.

The following Rules for the transmission of Service Messages by Electric Telegraph, passed by His Excellency the Governor General of India in Council, on the 1st April 1859, in supersession of all previous Rules on the subject, are published for general information:—

I. From the 1st May 1859, all messages sent on service by public functionaries of all classes, must be paid for in cash previous to despatch.

II. The rates payable for the number of words and distances will be the same in all respects as those charged to private individuals.

III. Repetition price will be charged whenever the message contains numbers or refers to financial matters.

IV. The privilege of precedence in despatch for all Service Messages will cease, except in cases of pressing public emergency and importance, when priority of despatch may be claimed by the sender. The Superintendent will bring to the notice of the Government of India, any case of a Public Officer insisting in priority of despatch without reason.

V. One exception only will be made to the Rule of cash payments. Officers in Command of Troops employed in operations in the Field may send their messages without payment But this privilege does not extend to the case of Troops marching to join, or to moveable columns while halted, and with funds available for contingent expenses.

VI. The sums paid by public functionaries for the despatch of messages will be recovered from Government by the sender, by contingent bills countersigned as usual.

VII. The above Rules do not apply to the Hooghly River Lines and Offices, which are employed for special purposes.

VIII. The Governors of Pondicherry and Goa shall also continue to enjoy the privilege of free transmission of messages conceded to their Governments.

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Foreign Department.

No. 1403.

Fort William, the 30th March 1859.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to grant to Captain W. R. Shakespear, First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General for Central India, leave of absence for one month, from the date he may avail himself of the same, to proceed to Bombay, to appear before a Medical Committee, preparatory to applying for Furlough on Medical Certificate to England.

No. 1404.

The 31st March 1859.

Captain J. J. Hamilton, Assistant Commissioner, West Berar, has obtained privilege leave of absence for three months, from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1405.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to grant to Major R. H. Keatinge, Officiating Political Assistant in Nimar and Political Agent in Western Malwa, the usual leave from the 16th instant, the date on which he made over charge of the Nimar Agency Office to Mr. S. J. Naher, Deputy Collector in Nimar, to proceed to Bombay, preparatory to applying for further leave to England on Medical Certificate.

No. 1406.

Major R. R. W. Ellis, Political Assistant for Bundlecund, has obtained leave of absence for eight weeks, from the date on which he may avail himself of the same, preparatory to applying for further leave to Europe on Medical Certificate.

No. 1407.

The Hon'ble Sir John Lawrence, Bart., G. C. B., Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab, has reported his departure for Europe on the Steamer *Benares*, which left Bombay on the 12th instant.

No. 1408.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Assistant Surgeon C. Mathias, of the Meenah Corps at Deolee, to the Medical charge of the Ulwar Political Agency.

Doctor Mathias joined his appointment on the 13th ultimo.

No. 1409.

Assistant Surgeon R. Dempster officiated as Deputy Commissioner of Mergui, from 2nd August to 1st October 1858.

No. 1410.

Notification.—By order of His Excellency the Governor General of India in Council the following Despatch, and its enclosures, from H. B. M's Consul at Batavia, dated the 4th instant, relative to the blockade by the Netherland's Forces of the

Coasts of Boni (Celebes) are published for general information :—

(Copies.)

No. 23.

British Consulate,
Batavia, 4th March 1859.

To

His Excellency the Right Hon'ble
Viscount Canning,
Governor General of British India, Calcutta.

My Lord,

I have the honor to enclose translated copy of a communication received by me, from the Government of Netherlands India, relative to the blockade by the Netherlands Forces, of the Coasts of *Boni* (Celebes), and to request that your Lordship will cause the same to be published.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) Alexander Fraser,
H. B. M's. Consul.

Translated Copy.

Batavia, 28th February 1859.

To

The Consul for Great Britain,
Batavia.

No. 442 A. Enclosure 1.

In the name of His Excellency the Governor General, I have the honor to inform you that the Coasts of Boni (Celebes) have been put in a state of active blockade, since the 15th of February 1859, and to hand you a copy of the declaration referring thereto of the Major General Commander-in-Chief of the Sea and Land Forces, fitted out to obtain by force of Arms redress of grievances from the Queen of Boni.

I am desired at the same time to request that you will give notice of this blockade to the British Government in India and dependencies and also to the British Authorities in China.

(Signed) L. L. W. deWall,
1st Secretary of Government.

A True Translation,
(Signed) Alexander Fraser,
H. B. M's. Consul.

Translated Copy.

I, the undersigned, Major General Commander-in-Chief of the Sea and Land Forces fitted out to obtain from the Queen of Boni by force of Arms redress of grievances due to the Government of Netherlands India, and in terms of the power conferred upon me

Declare,

Beginning with the 15th February 1859, the Coasts of the Kingdom of Boni (Celebes) in state of active blockade to be maintained by the Naval and Military power under my Command.

Any Vessel attempting to violate the blockade shall be treated according to the International Laws and Treaties in force with neutral powers.

Bay of Badjoa, 10th February 1859.
(Signed) Steinmetz.

For a true Copy,
(Signed) Nederburgh,
Secretary to the Government.

(A True Translation,)
(Signed) Alexander Fraser,
H. B. M's. Consul.

(True Copies)
R. Simson,
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Financial Department.

No. 21.

Fort William, the 31st March 1859.

Notifications.—The Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. J. Christie, Second Assistant Accountant General at Bombay, to officiate as First Assistant Accountant General at Bombay.

Mr. D. B. Hodge to officiate as Second Assistant Accountant General at Bombay.

The above arrangement to take effect from the departure on Furlough of Mr. H. P. St. G. Tucker, until the return of Mr. Lodwick, First Assistant Accountant General, from Europe.

No. 22.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to allow Mr. C. Grant, Accountant, North-Western Provinces, the usual leave of absence from the date on which he may make over charge of his Office, preparatory to retiring from the Service.

No. 23.

Appointment.—Mr. F. Lushington, Civil Auditor at Madras, to officiate as Accountant, North-Western Provinces.

By Order of His Excellency the Governor General of India in Council,

C. Hugh Lushington,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, 29th March 1859.

No. 425 *of* 1859.—Second Captain James Edward Cordner, of the Regiment of Artillery, is allowed leave of absence from the 15th instant to the 14th June 1859, to visit Bombay, with permission to proceed thence to Europe on Furlough, on private affairs, for two years, under the new Regulations.

No. 426 *of* 1859.—The leave of absence to visit Bombay, preparatory to applying for Sick leave to Europe, granted on the 5th instant by the Commissioner of Nagpore to Assistant Surgeon S. J. Wyndowe, attached to the Nagpore Irregular Cavalry, is confirmed.

No. 427 *of* 1859.—Subadar Alif Khan, of the 2nd Regiment Native Infantry, (Grenadiers), is dismissed from the Service from this date.

No. 428 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on Furlough, on private affairs :—

Lieutenant Joseph Hind, of the 26th Regiment Native Infantry ...	For three years, under the old Regulations.

No. 429 *of* 1859.—The following Notification, from the Foreign Department is published in General Orders :—

No. 1233.—*The 29th March* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Captain G. Delane to officiate as Superintendent of the Ex-Ameers of Sinde and the Sikh Sirdars, as also of the affairs of the Mysore Princes, with effect from the 22nd instant, the date on which he received charge of the Offices from Major C. V. Bowie.

No. 430 *of* 1859.—The following Orders by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal are published in General Orders :

The 22nd March 1859.—Mr. R. Pringle to be Civil Assistant Surgeon of Cuttack.

Mr. B. Kendall to be Civil Assistant Surgeon of Pooree.

No. 431 *of* 1859.—The following Orders by the Government, North-Western Provinces, are published in General Orders :—

No. 819.—*The 20th March* 1859.—The following Extract from Station Orders by Lieutenant Colonel G. W. P. Bingham, C. B., dated Agra, 4th February 1859, is republished :—

"Lieutenant W. Smith, Cantonment Joint Magistrate, is permitted to proceed towards the Presidency from the 3rd instant, in anticipation of the general leave for which he has applied on Medical Certificate.

"The Officer Commanding at Agra is pleased to appoint Brevet Major J. Morrieson, late 30th Regiment Native Infantry, to officiate as Cantonment Joint Magistrate, from the 1st instant, the date on which he received charge of the office from Lieutenant W. Smith, subject to confirmation."

No. 124.—*The 25th March* 1859.—Local Cornet Gibson, Officiating Adjutant Moradabad District Police to be Adjutant of the Military Police, in the Baitool District, *vice* Mr. Christopher Borthwick, whose appointment has been cancelled.

Fort William, 30th March 1859.

No. 432 *of* 1859.—Assistant Surgeon John White, M. D., of the Medical Department, is allowed leave of absence, from the 15th March to the 15th June 1859, to visit Bombay, with permission to proceed thence to Europe on Furlough, on private affairs for two years, under the new Regulations.

No. 433 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment :—

Stud Department.

Veterinary Surgeon J. S. Woods, now Officiating, to the Veterinary charge of the Seharunpore Stud Depot, *vice* Veterinary Surgeon Henderson, deceased.

No. 434 *of* 1859—The leave of absence to visit Bombay, preparatory to proceeding to Europe on Sick Certificate, granted to Surgeon T. R. Strover, of the Medical Department, in Government General Order No. 224 of the 21st February 1859, is to be held to have effect from the 1st June next, or from such date as he may avail himself of it, instead of from the date formerly published.

Fort William, 1st April 1859.

No. 435 *of* 1859.—Lieutenant R. Pope, of the Madras Artillery, is allowed leave of absence from the 15th February 1859, to visit Bombay, preparatory to applying for leave of absence on Sick Certificate to Europe, under the old Regulations.

No. 436 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate :—

Lieutenant John Richard Pearson, of the Regiment of Artillery, Deputy Commissary of Ordnance	For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.
Surgeon George Saunders, of the Medical Department.	For eighteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 437 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit the undermentioned Native Officers of the 1st Belooch Extra Battalion to the 3rd Class of the Order of Merit, in consideration of their conspicuous gallantry and exemplary conduct in several instances during the late disturbances :—

Subadar Khyroolla Khan.
" Hadjee Khan.
" Zurreef Khan.
" Pyand Khan.

No. 438 *of* 1859.—The following Order issued by the Government of Bombay, is confirmed :—

No. 203, *dated 10th March* 1859.—Granting leave of absence to Europe, on Medical Certificate, to Captain Henry White Best, of the 5th Regiment European Light Cavalry ...	For three years, under the old Regulations.

No. 439 *of* 1859.—The services of the undermentioned Officers are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces :—

Assistant Surgeon J. C. Bow, M. D.
Assistant Surgeon T. T. Sherlock, B. A.

No. 440 *of* 1859.—Captain Tyrwhitt Pulman, of the Regiment of Artillery, is allowed leave of absence, from the 15th March to the 14th June 1859, to visit Bombay, with permission to proceed thence to Europe on Furlough on private affairs for two years, under the new Regulations.

No. 441 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers reported their departure on the dates specified opsite to their respective names :—

Second Captain E. C. S. Williams, of the Corps of Engineers, Principal of the Civil Engineering College at the Presidency, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 70, of the 17th January 1859 ...	*Bengal*, 24th January 1859.
Surgeon J. Harrison, M. D., Professor of Anatomy, &c., in the Medical College, on leave for two years. Government General Order No. 74, of the 18th January 1859 ...	

Captain and Brevet Lieutenant Colonel A. Taylor, C. B., of Engineers, Superintendent Lahore and Peshawur Road, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 306, of the 8th March 1859 ...
Lieutenant H. S. Clarke, of the Regiment of Artillery, on leave for eighteen months. Government General Order No. 289, of the 4th March 1859 ...
Bombay, 9th February 1859, from Bombay.

Brevet Lieutenant Colonel N. D. Barton, of the 3rd Bengal European Light Cavalry, on leave for two years. Government General Order No. 145, of the 7th February 1859.
Surgeon E. B. Thring, of the Medical Department, on leave for two years. Government General Order No. 130, of the 1st February 1859 ...
Captain and Brevet Major C. J. S. Gough, of the 5th Regiment Light Cavalry, on leave for two years. Government General Order No. 147, of the 8th February 1859 ...
Captain H. C. Roberts, of the 31st Regiment Native Infantry, on leave for eighteen months. Government General Order No. 126, of the 1st February 1859 ...
Captain H. Finch, of the 31st Regiment Native Infantry, on leave for eighteen months. Government General Order No. 101, of the 24th January 1859 ...
Lieutenant G. G. Thain, of the 2nd Regiment Native Infantry, (Grenadiers), on leave for eighteen months. Government General Order No. 126, of the 1st February 1859 ...
Simlah, 10th February 1859.

Captain J. G. Sparke, of the 21st Regiment Native Infantry, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 248, of the 24th February 1859 ...
Eliza Stewart, 14th February 1859, from Bombay.

Surgeon J. Jowett, of the Medical Department, on leave for two years. Government General Order No. 157, of the 8th February 1859 ...
Edmund Graham, 17th February 1859.

Captain G. W. Harding, of the 2nd Bombay Native Infantry, (Grenadiers), Commandant 2nd Sikh Infantry, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 137, of the 4th February 1859 ...
Agamemnon, 18th February 1859.

Captain J. W. L. Bird, of the 11th Regiment Native Infantry, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 147, of the 8th February 1859 ...
Phœbe Dunbar, 22nd February 1859.

Lieutenant Colonel J. Powell, of the 55th Regiment Native Infantry, on leave for three years. Government General Order No. 137, of the 4th February 1859 ..
Octavia, 24th February 1859.

Major General H. M. Graves, of Infantry, on leave for three years. Government General Order No. 120, of the 28th January 1859 ...
Major General G. Tomkyns, Colonel of the late 19th Regiment Native Infantry, on leave for three years. Government General Order No. 200, of the 16th February 1859 ...
Major J. Sleeman, of the 73rd Regiment Native Infantry, General Superintendent of Operations for the Suppression of Thuggee, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 220, of the 19th February 1859 ...
Captain and Brevet Major F. J. Harriott, of the 4th Bengal European Light Cavalry, Deputy Judge Advocate General, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 133, of the 3rd February 1859 ...
Brevet Major T. F. Wilson, of the 13th Regiment Native Infantry, Deputy Assistant Adjutant General, Cawnpore Division, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 228, of the 21st February 1859...
Captain and Brevet Major R. H. Miles, of the Invalid Establishment, on leave for six months. Government General Order No. 219, of the 19th February 1859 ...
Captain A. G. Forsyth, of the 3rd European Regiment, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 210, of the 18th February 1859 ..
Captain S. R. J. Owen, of the late 19th Regiment Native Infantry, 2nd in Command Jhansi Division, Military Police, on leave for two years. Government General Order No. 218, of the 19th February 1859 ...
Candia, 25th February 1859.

Second Captain E. Tierney, of the Regiment of Artillery, Deputy Commissary of Ordnance, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 191, of the 14th February 1859 ...
Lieutenant W. Smith, of the 28th Regiment Native Infantry, Cantonment Joint Magistrate of Agra, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 210, of the 18th February 1859
Assistant Surgeon C. M. Smith, M. D., attached to the 1st Punjaub Irregular Cavalry, on leave for eighteen months. Government General Order No. 168, of the 11th February 1859 ...
Veterinary Surgeon R.W. Murray, attached to the Remount Depôt, Allahabad, on leave for twelve months. Government General Order No. 201, of the 16th February 1859
Candia, 25th February 1859.

Colonel J. Steel, C. B., of the 67th Regiment Native Infantry, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 325, of the 11th March 1859 ...
Lieutenant F. W. Grant, of the 22nd Regiment Native Infantry, on leave for eighteen months. Government General Order No. 175, of the 11th February 1859 ...
Alfred, 7th March 1859.

Captain H. Strachey, of the 66th or Goorka Regiment, on leave for two years. Government General Order No. 241, of the 23rd February 1859 ...
Lieutenant J. Alexander, of the Regiment of Artillery, on leave for eighteen months. Government General Order No. 87, of the 19th January 1859
Lieutenant C. Martin, of the 1st Bengal European Light Cavalry, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 133, of the 3rd February 1859
Gosforth, 9th March 1859.

Lieutenant Colonel Z. M. Mallock, of the Regiment of Artillery, retired. Government General Order No. 41, of the 11th January 1859
Lieutenant W. H. Jackson, of the 52nd Regiment Native Infantry, on leave for eighteen months. Government General Order No. 175, of the 11th February 1859 ...
Harbinger, 9th March 1859.

Lieutenant Colonel and Brevet Colonel R. Garrett, of the 64th Regiment Native Infantry, on leave for two years. Government General Order No. 302, of the 7th March 1859 ...
Major and Brevet Lieutenant Colonel R. Farquhar, C. B., of the 6th Regiment Bombay Native Infantry, Commanding 1st Belooch Extra Battalion, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 259, of the 25th February 1859 ...
Captain C. W. Timbrell, of the Regiment of Artillery, on leave for two years. Government General Order No. 292, of the 4th March 1859 ...
Surgeon E. Campbell, of the Medical Department, Garrison Surgeon of Fort William, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 168, of the 11th February 1859 ...
Lieutenant S. Boulderson, of the 5th Bengal European Light Cavalry, on leave for eighteen months. Government General Order No. 302, of the 7th March 1859 ..
Assistant Surgeon T. Farquhar, M. D., of the Medical Department, Superintendent, Central Prison, Allahabad, on leave for eighteen months. Government General Order No. 302, of the 7th March 1859. ...
Alma, 10th March 1859.

Lieutenant G. C. Udny, of the 5th European Regiment, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 228, of the 21st February 1859 ...
St. Pierre, 16th March 1859.

Captain G. R. Brown, of Artillery, on leave for one year. Government General Order No. 369, of the 18th March 1859 ..
Malabar, 16th February 1859, from Bombay.

No. 442 *of* 1859.—The following promotion is made:—

6th European Regiment.

Ensign James Calder Stewart to be Lieutenant, from the 15th March 1859, *vice* Lieutenant A. Turnbull, deceased.

No. 443 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned individual who was pronounced by the Invaliding Committee to be unfit for further duty and directed by General Order by the Commander-in-Chief 27th November last, to be sent to Europe recommended for Pension, is admitted to a Pension equivalent to 9*d.* per diem under the provisions of General Order of the 5th February 1820, with permission to reside in India, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India:—

Gunner Patrick Dobson, of the 2nd Company 1st Battalion Artillery.

No. 444 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General of India has been pleased to make the following appointment with effect from this date :—

Major *Sir* E. F. Campbell, *Baronet*, of Her Majesty's 60th Royal Rifles to be Aide-de-Camp on His Lordship's Personal Staff, *vice* Major Bowie, proceeded to Europe

No. 445 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to announce for general information that Her Majesty's Government have appointed the under-mentioned gentlemen to officiate temporarily as Chaplains with Her Majesty's Roman Catholic Troops sent out as re-inforcement to India :—

The Reverend John Knaresboro,
" " Peter O'Parke,
" " Lewis Mascarrllo,
" " Martin F. VanderKeyt.

No. 446 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate :—

Lieutenant Charles Myers Longueville Clarke, of the 37th Regiment Native Infantry ... } For two years, under the old Regulations.

No. 447 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor-General in Council is pleased to admit Ressaldar Meer Modood Buksh, of the Guzerat Irregular Horse, to the 3rd Class of the Order of Merit, in consideration of the valuable services rendered by him to the State, and as a recognition of the gallantry and loyalty of his Corps.

No. 448 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate :—

Superintending Surgeon John Greig, of the Medical Department ... ... } For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 449 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on urgent private affairs :—

Lieutenant Henry Alexander Lindsay Carnegie, of the Corps of Engineers ... } For six months, without pay.

R. J. H. Birch, *Major-Genl.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Public Works Department.

No. 72.

General.—Establishments.

The 25th March 1859.

Notification.—Baboo Nilmoney Mitter, Assistant to the Civil Architect at the Presidency, is reduced from the Grade of 2nd Class Assistant Engineer to that of Probationary Assistant Engineer, and removed to the Dacca Division of Public Works.

No. 73.

The 26th March 1859.

Appointment.—Lieutenant A. C. Padday, of Engineers, placed at the disposal of the Public Works Department in G. O. G. G., No. 413, of the 25th instant, is appointed a Probationary Assistant Engineer and attached to the Punjab.

No. 74.

The 28th March 1859.

Transfers and Postings.—Lieutenant G. Swinton, of Engineers, Probationary Assistant Engineer, is transferred from the Barrackpoor to the Ramghur Division.

Lieutenant J. M. Heywood, of Engineers, Probationary Assistant Engineer, is transferred from the 2nd Division Grand Trunk Road to the Barrackpoor Division.

Mr. W. Barnfather, Probationary Assistant Engineer, is transferred from the Barrackpoor Division to the Ganges and Darjeeling Road.

Lieutenant C. N. Judge, of Engineers, Assistant Engineer 2nd Class, and Lieutenant R. C. Danbuz, of Engineers, Probationary Assistant Engineer, are posted to the 2nd Division Grand Trunk Road.

No. 75.

Erratum.—In Notification No. 38, of the 23rd ultimo, for "*Meerut Division*" read "Station of Shajehanpoor."

H. Yule, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 2119.

Appointments.—*The 11th March* 1859.—The following transfers have been sanctioned, *viz.* :—

Assistant Overseer Bipprodoss Mitter, from the Pooree or Southern Cuttack Division to the Central Cuttack Division.

Assistant Overseer Gunner W. Rowe, from the Cuttack (Building and Road) Division to the Pooree or Southern Cuttack Division

Assistant Overseer Serjeant J. Donovan from the 2nd Division Grand Trunk Road to the Ramghur Division.

The 24th March 1859.—Mr. J. M. Coates to be Civil Assistant Surgeon of Chumparun.

The 26th March 1859.—Moulavy Azhar Ali, Moonsiff of Pero, Shahabad, is promoted to the First Grade of Moonsiffs.

Baboo Gungapersaud Gossain to be a Commissioner for the improvement of the Town of Serampore, under Act XXVI. of 1850.

The 28th March 1859.—Moulavy Mahomed Wajid to be Sudder Ameen of Bhaugulpore, and Moonsiff of the Sudder Station of that District.

The 29th March 1859.—Mr. R. J. Richardson to officiate as Civil and Sessions Judge of Shahabad.

Mr. H. C. Richardson to officiate as Collector of Sarun.

Mr. F. J. Alexander to be Assistant to the Magistrate and the Collector of Moorshedabad.

Moulavy Furreedooddeen Ahmed to be a Deputy Magistrate, under Act XV. of 1843, and a Deputy Collector, under Regulation IX. of 1833, in Behar, and to exercise the powers of a Covenanted Assistant to a Magistrate, under Regulations XIII. of 1797 and IX. of 1807, in that District.

Leave of Absence.—*The 23rd March* 1859.—The Reverend T. A. C. Firminger, Chaplain of Howrah, for six months on Medical Certificate, under the Financial Notification of the 29th April 1856.

The 25th March 1859.—Mr. A. R. C. Eckford, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Rajshahye, for two months on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Mr. H. F. Williams, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Burdwan, for one month, under the Financial Notification of the 29th October 1857, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 10th instant.

The 26th March 1859.—Mr. S. H. C. Tayler, in charge of the Sub-Division of Serampore, for one month, under Section XII. of the new revised Absentee Rules.

Notification.—*The 29th March* 1859.—The privilege leave for three months granted to Mr. C. T. Buckland, Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal, on the 21st instant, under Section XII, is commuted to leave on private affairs for six months, from the 23rd idem, under Section XIV. of the new revised Absentee Rules.

A. R. Young,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 822.

Allahabad, the 26th March 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Captain A. H. Ternan, Deputy Commissioner of Jaloun, for eight weeks under the Rules applicable to Military Officers on Staff employ, from 20th April, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave, preparatory to applying for fifteen months' leave to England, on Medical Certificate.

No. 850.

The 29th March 1859.

Notification.—The services of Mr. Robert Henry Davies are placed at the disposal of the Government of India, with effect from the 27th December last, the date on which he made over charge of his late Office at Benares.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

E. C. Bayley,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces.

Public Works Department,

No. 584, *dated* 21*st March* 1859.

Leave.—Assistant Supervisor Beharee Lall, attached to the Attock Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road, has obtained five months' leave of absence, on private affairs, from the 1st April 1859.

General Department,

No. 642, *dated* 22*nd March* 1859.

The leave of absence, for two months, granted to Mr. G. Ouseley, Deputy Commissioner of Shahpoor, notified in the *Punjab Gazette*, of the 16th February 1859, is hereby cancelled.

Public Works Department,

No. 602, *dated* 22*nd March* 1859.

Captain J. Crofton, Bengal Engineers, Superintendent Baree Doab Canal, has obtained eight weeks' leave from the 15th April 1859, preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe, on Medical Certificate.

General Department,

Nos. 669-70, *dated* 23*rd March* 1859.

Mr. E. A. Prinsep, Deputy Commissioner of Sealkote, has obtained six months' leave to England from date of embarkation under Section XIV. of the Civil Absentee Rules; also eight weeks' preparatory leave from the date on which he may avail himself thereof.

Nos. 652-7, *dated* 22*nd March* 1859.

Appointments.—Captain R. Young, Assistant Commissioner, Lahore, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Hooshyarpoor, *vice* Mr. D. Simson, transferred to Oude.

Nos. 661-2, *dated* 23*rd March* 1859.

Sir A. H. Lawrence, *Bart.*, Assistant Commissioner, is posted to the Lahore District, as a temporary arrangement.

Nos. 658-60, *dated* 22*nd March* 1859.

Transfer.—Mr. W. B. Jones, Assistant Commissioner, from the Jhelum to the Lahore District.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces,

R. H. Davies,
Secy. to Govt. Punjab Provinces.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the fourth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1857-58, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Thursday, the 14th of April 1859, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 2,260 chests, *viz* :—

Behar Opium	1,915
Benares Ditto	345
Total Chests,...	2,260

2. The general conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 1st December 1858, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 19th and 29th April 1859, respectively, that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, Company's Paper or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the sale will be received after 4 P. M. of Tuesday the 19th April 1859, and no Treasury Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Friday, the 29th April 1859.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium of 1857-58, will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board however reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday, 9th May 1859	1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 13th June "	1915	345	2230
Do. Thursday, 14th July "	1915	345	2260
Do Wednesday, 10th August "	1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 9th September "	1915	345	2260
Do Friday, 14th October "	1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 7th November "	1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 5th December "	1934	379	2313
	15330	2794	18133

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

E. T. TREVOR,
Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 28th March 1859.

No. 257.

Notice.

TENDERS for the transportation of Salt from the Central and Southern Agencies of Orissa, to the Government Golahs at Sulkea, will be received at this Office until 2 P. M., of the 17th of May next.

2. The Tenders must be drawn up according to a form which may be obtained on application at this Office.

3. Distinct contracts must be entered into for the removal of the Salt in each of the three following localities, to wit Hunsoah (in Central Cuttack) and the Ustrung Aurungs and the Chilka Lake Aurungs, in the Southern or Poorce Agency.

4. Parties tendering must satisfy the Board of Revenue and the Commissioner of Cuttack, that they possess the means of conveying the full quantity of Salt tendered for, and with this object a list of the vessels intended to be employed must accompany each Tender.

5. The quantity of Salt to be shipped at the Hunsoah Golahs will probably not exceed 1,00,000 maunds in each year; that from the Ustrungs is roughly estimated at 80,000 maunds for the ensuing season, and that from the Chilka Aurungs at maunds 3,20,000. The tenderer may apply for the whole quantity for which freight is required at each locality, or for any part not less than a quarter of such quantity.

6. Contractors must engage to ship the Salt allotted to them, during the period between the last spring tides of October and the end of February.

7. Parties whose tenders are accepted will be required to make a deposit of Government Promissory Notes, or to furnish other unexceptionable Security for the performance of their contracts.

8. The Board reserve to themselves the right of rejecting any Tender without assigning a reason.

By order of the Board of Revenue,

E. T. TREVOR,
Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 15th March 1859.

Notification.

AT the request of the Accountant-General at Bombay, it is hereby notified that the Treasury of the Collector of Bombay is to be expunged from the list annexed to Circulars of this Office, dated the 8th and 10th November last, on the subject of Military Remittances to and from Bombay and Madras.

E. DRUMMOND,
Acctt. Genl. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM;
Accountant General's Office, Durbar & Revenue Department,
The 23rd March 1859.

WEEKLY STATEMENT OF TRAFFIC PASSED THROUGH THE CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS FROM 23rd TO 31st MARCH 1859.

From 23rd to 31st March 1859.	Name of Chowkeys.	Charcoal.			Wood Coal.			Piece Goods, Native Produce.			Piece Goods, Imported Fabrics.			Hides.		Cotton.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
Circular Canal	Bamanghatta	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	14800	20200	...	...	.
	Chitpore	32	55100	38075	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	8375	280	bale	...	...	3	1000	225
Tolly's Nullah	Samcokpotta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Russa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Kyderpore	2	3360	1800	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	125	8

From 23rd to 31st March 1859.	Name of Chowkeys.	Castor Seed.			Castor Oil.			Indigo.			Jaggery.			Jute.			Lime.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
Circular Canal	Bamanghatta	1	230	200	...	...	...	...	...	..	88	43830	31700	64	51950	36325	165	151175	118100
	Chitpore	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
Tolly's Nullah	Samcokpotta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	4523	3250	...	...	...	1	850	600
	Russa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Kyderpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1230	350	...	...	...	...	...	...

From 23rd to 31st March 1859.	Name of Chowkeys.	Mustard Seed.			Mustard Seed Oil.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
Circular Canal	Bamanghatta	67	31360	21775	5	1975	800
	Chitpore	2	625	250	..	...	..
Tolly's Nullah	Samcokpotta	25	11175	7750	2	3600	1700
	Russa	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Kyderpore	1	600	400	...	...	...

From 23rd to 31st March 1859.	Name of Chowkeys.	Salt.			Sugar.			Tobacco.			Linseed.			Paddy.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
Circular Canal	Bamanghatta	126	61475	46900	23	9900	5750	109	43875	26250	13	5500	2500	2	625	300
	Chitpore	213	141750	62450	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tolly's Nullah	Samcokpotta	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	750	600	1	3100	1000	75	14600	10975
	Russa	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
	Kyderpore	19	14625	6350	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	850	150

From 23rd to 31st March 1859.	Name of Chowkeys.	Pulse.			Peas.			Rice.			Wheat.			Lentil.			Grain.			Sundries.	
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Total Number of Boats.	Total Maundage by Canal Measurement.
Circular Canal	Bamanghatta	2	625	300	51	9425	6175	209	125650	91575	3	2900	1800	86	11550	7775	4	4750	3500	1439	530275
	Chitpore	1	150	150	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	705	308650
Tolly's Nullah	Samcokpotta	...	...	...	17	3025	1950	11	3625	2475	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	652	105500
	Russa	...	...	...	...	...	...	225	12000	11975	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	335	10775
	Kyderpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	216	93600

J. F. GALIFFE,
Collector and Magistrate of Canals.

Notice.

THE General Treasury will be closed on Monday, the 11th April 1859, on account of the Hindoo Holiday Sree Ram Nubbomy, and on Tuesday, the 12th and Wednesday, the 13th April 1859, on account of the Hindoo Holidays Churruck Poojah.

J. I. HARVEY,
Sub-Treasurer.

GENERAL TREASURY,
The 24th March 1859.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

B. L. EXAMINATION.
1859.

THE above Examination will commence at the Town Hall, on Monday, the 4th instant, at 10 o'clock A. M., and be continued during the five following days.

By Order of the Vice-Chancellor,
H. SCOTT SMITH, *A. B.*,
Registrar.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY,
The 1st April 1859.

Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William, in Bengal.

IN EQUITY. Bindasoondery Dossee,
Versus
A. B. Mackintosh and others.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Tuesday, the 5th April next, at one o'Clock in the afternoon, James Welch, Esquire, Receiver of the Supreme Court, and the Receiver appointed in the above Cause, will put up for lease by competition at his Office, one anna eight pies share of Turruff Ranaghaut, situate in Zillah Nudden, upon such terms and conditions as will be then made known and upon such Security as he may think fit.

For further particulars, apply at the Receiver's Office, Supreme Court.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE;
Court House,
The 17th March 1859.

TO BE SOLD, pursuant to a decree of the Supreme Court of Judicature, at Fort William in Bengal, made in a certain Cause, wherein Robert Molloy, Alexander Brodie Mackintosh, and Henry Harington Poe, Executor of William Haring Poe, deceased, are Plaintiffs, and Hurchunder Lahoree is Defendant, bearing date the 27th day of October 1857, with the approbation of John Cochrane, Esquire, the Master of the said Supreme Court, at his Office in the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on a day of which due notice will be hereafter given, the following properties, that is to say,—

A piece or parcel of land or ground, containing by estimation twenty-five biggahs and one and a half cottahs, situate in Ramkistnopore, in Pergunnah Boroo, in the Zillah of the Twenty-four Pergunnahs and Province of Bengal, and butted and bounded as follows:—(that is to say,) on the North by the rented land of Mr. Robinson, on the West by the garden of Sreenauth Mullick, on the East by the River Hooghly, and on the South by an Embankment.

A piece or parcel of land or ground, containing forty biggahs more or less, situate, lying and being at Sulkea, in Pergunnah Balleah, in the Zillah of the Twenty-four Pergunnahs aforesaid, and commonly called "Gollabattee," and butted and bounded as follows:—(that is to say,) on the North by the East India Company's Salt Gollah, on the South by a Highway, on the East by the River Hooghly, and on the West by a Highway, and in respect of which said piece or parcel of land or ground a yearly rent of Company's Rupees one hundred and ninety-four, two annas and one pie is payable to the Zemindar or Landlord thereof.

A piece of garden ground standing in the name of the said Hurchunder Lahoree, held by pottah No. 1076, containing by estimation one biggah and three cottahs, situate at a place called Braminparrah, in the Town of Serampore, and in the Zillah of Hooghly.

A brick-built house, together with the piece of lackraj or rent-free land thereto belonging, and on part whereof the same is erected, under a pottah No. 1145, in the Serampore Collectorate Register, containing by estimation one biggah and nine cottahs more or less, situate at Serampore, aforesaid, and bounded as follows:—(that is to say), on the North and West by the land of the said Hurchunder Lahoree, on the South and East by a lane.

Another piece or parcel of land, held under a pottah No. 1077, in the Serampore Collectorate Register, comprising two biggahs and ten cottahs more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore, aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows:—(that is to say), on the North by a Highway, on the South by the land of Shaikh Nokree Tailor, on the East by the land of Moorjin Mistry, and on the West by a foot path, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupees seven, eleven annas and eight pies is payable to Government the Landlord thereof.

Another piece or parcel of land held under a pottah No. 1161, in the Serampore Collectorate Register, comprising fifteen cottahs more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore, aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows:—(that is to say), on the North by the land of Nilloo Dharra, on the South by the land of Goluck Pyne, on the East by the land of Potey Mistry, and on the West by a Highway, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupee one, nine annas and six pies is payable to the Landlord thereof.

Another piece of land held under a pottah No. 1402, in the said Collectorate Register, comprising seven cottahs and five chittacks, situate, lying and being at Serampore, aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows:—(that is to say), on the North by the River Hooghly, on the South by a Highway, on the East by the land of Gourmohun Gossain, and on the West by the debutter land of Sree Sree Radamadub Takoor, and in respect whereof the yearly rent of Company's Rupees two, eleven annas and nine pies is payable to the Landlord thereof.

Another piece or parcel of land, held under a pottah No. 1411, (upon which stands a lower-

roomed godown) in the said Collectorate Register, comprising two cottahs more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore, aforesaid, and bounded as follows:—(that is to say), on the North by a Highway, on the South by the land of Petumber Chunder, on the East by the land of Bungay Chunder, and on the West by a lane, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of twelve annas and nine pies is payable to Government the Landlord thereof.

Another piece or parcel of land, held under a pottah No. 1449, in the said Collectorate Register, comprising five cottahs more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore, aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows:—(that is to say), on the North and South by the land of the late Ruggoram Gossain, and on the East and West by the land of the said Hurchunder Lahoree, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupee one is payable to Government.

Another piece or parcel of lakraj or rent-free land, held under a pottah No. 1146, in the said Collectorate Register, comprising three biggahs, thirteen cottahs, and seven chittacks more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore, aforesaid, and situate and being in front of the brick-built building in the said Hurchunder Lahoree's garden.

A brick-built ghaut, situate in the village of Chittra on the banks of the River Hooghly, called Hurro Baboo's Ghaut, and being in front of the said family dwelling-house in Braminparrah, in Serampore, aforesaid, situate on the opposite side of the road.

Another piece or parcel of garden ground, comprising on the whole about thirty biggahs or thereabouts, including three tanks therein, together also with the lower-roomed dwelling-house or bytuckhannah, standing on part thereof, and which said garden ground constitutes at present one compound and belongs as to part thereof to Serampore, and as to another part thereof to Rajjedhurpore, and also as to the remainder thereof, is lakraj land.

Another piece of land, comprising in the whole two biggahs and four cottahs or thereabouts, held in perpetual tenure by the said Hurchunder Lahoree from Gopeekisto Gossain, the Zemindar of Chittrah, ten annas and fifteen gundahs share at an annual rent for the whole of Company's Rupees sixteen, thirteen annas and seventeen gundahs, and which said land is now occupied by the following tenants, under the said Hurchunder Lahoree; namely, Sonatun Chootar, two cottahs and eight chittacks; Mohun Mallah, five cottahs; Bungshee Dome, one cottah and eight chittacks; Komul Ghurramee, two cottahs; Modoosoodun Malla and Banessur Malla, four cottahs; Juggobundoo Malla, one cottah; Bhoota's mother, one cottah; Hurro Malanee, one cottah; Ramdhone Malla, three cottahs; Rokeenee Malla and Poresh Bewah, one cottah and eight chittacks; Roopchund Choonooree, one cottah and eight chittacks; Bhuguram Modock, three cottahs; Hurroo Chatterjee, three cottahs; Potee Bewah, one cottah; Chauroo Dome, three cottahs; Kallee Chootar, two cottahs; Janokee Panjaree, two cottahs; Hullodhur Dome, one cottah and eight chittacks; Ramchand Malla and Nubbye Malla, three cottahs, total—two biggahs and four cottahs.

Another piece of land, situate in Chittrah Gourunghatty, comprising in the whole two biggahs and eight cottahs more or less, held by the said Hurchunder Lahoree in perpetual tenure from Ramtarun Chowdry and several others, the Zemindars of Chittrah, nine annas share subject to the annual rent of Company's Rupees eleven, three annas and four gundahs, and which said land as to ten cottahs thereof are known as Stable-barry and have an upper-roomed house erected on part thereof, and which said land as to the remaining one biggah and eighteen cottahs is occupied by the following tenants holding from the said Hurchunder Lahoree, *namely*, Juggoo, koloo, Bachoo, chokedar, and Kyroo, straw-seller.

Another piece of land comprising ten cottahs, situate in Chittrah aforesaid, held by the said Hurchunder Lahoree in perpetual tenure from Ramnarain Mookerjee, as zemindar thereof at the annual rent of one Rupee, six annas and six pies, and which land as to seven cottahs is at present in the possession of Hurchunder Lahoree, as to one cottah in the occupation of Bungsee Koyboto, and as the remaining two cottahs in the possession of Jadoo Paramanick as his tenants.

An upper-roomed brick-built family dwelling-house, situate at Braminparrah, in the Town of Serampore, in the Zillah of Hooghly, and the piece or parcel of land or part whereof the same is erected and built, containing in the whole by measurement, as appears by the pottahs thereof, (one dottah being for nine cottahs and six chittacks of land, and the other pottah for two biggahs, two cottahs, thirteen chittacks and five feet), two biggahs, twelve cottahs, three chittacks and five feet and bounded as follows:—(that is to say), on the North by the public Road, on the East by the land and premises of Kistomohun Bonnerjee, and other land belonging to the said Hurchunder Lahoree, and on the South and West by the land and premises of the late Roghooram Gossain, and paying in respect of the said parcel of land an aggregate annual Revenue to Government of Company's Rupees ten, twelve annas and eleven pies.

WILLIAM DALLAS,
Attorney.

JOHN COCHRANE,
Master.

CALCUTTA SUPREME COURT;
Master's Office,
The 16th March 1859.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

WITH reference to Government Notification No. 5, Fort William, Financial Department, 26th January 1855, notifying the intention of Government to dissolve its connexion with the Government Agency—

The Oriental Bank Corporation undertake the safe custody of Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal, and other local Stocks, free of all charge.

Will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, and remit at the current rates of exchange, or pay the same according to instructions, if to be remitted through the Corporation. Without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... 1-4th per Cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the purchase of Government or other Securities, ... 1-4th per Cent.
On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Corporation, ... Without charge.

WM. ANDERSON,
Agent.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION;
Calcutta, 29th January 1855.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 30th March 1859.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
Proprietors' Capital ...	...	1,07,00,000	0 0	Government Securities ...	...	23,92,000	0 0
Reserve Fund ...	...	1,97,534	10 10	Dues from Government ...	...	6,94,682	11 10
Current Accounts ...	...	95,29,219	6 3	Cash ...	...	1,25,85,559	11 11
Cash Credits Undrawn ...	...	4,89,979	2 11	Loans on Deposit of Securities ...	...	1,19,90,800	0 0
Other Claims	...	2,52,828	14 7	Discount Loans on ditto ...	...	64,13,900	0 0
Bank Notes	...	1,43,68,732	0 0	Accounts of Credit on ditto ...	...	6,50,300	0 0
Post Bills	...	2,95,324	12 2	Government Bills Discounted ...	...	18,572	0 0
Profit and Loss *(Rebate Account)* ...	...	37,565	14 6	Mint Certificates ditto ...	...	41,727	6 8
				Mercantile Bills ditto ...	...	8,96,809	13 0
				Dead Stock	...	86,343	2 4
				Interest accrued	...	489	15 5
Co.'s Rs.	...	3,58,71,184	13 2	Co.'s Rs.		3,58,71,184	13 2

Published by order of the Directors.
J. B. PEMAN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

C. N. COOKE,
Accountant.

Commercial Bank of India.

CALCUTTA BRANCH.

Rates of Exchange on London Joint Stock Bank.

			s.	d.	
At 6 months' sight	...	...	2	0¼	per Rupee
„ 3 „	„	...	1	11⅞	„
„ 30 days'	„	...	1	11⅞	„
„ 3 „	„	...	1	11¼	„

The Bank grants Drafts on the Head Office, Bombay, and on its Branches in London, Shanghae, and Hong-Kong. Bills collected at any of the above places at a uniform charge of ¼ per Cent.

The Bank will undertake the purchase or sale of Government Paper, Bank Stock and other Securities, draw Interest and Dividends payable in Calcutta, when due, at a Commission of ¼ per Cent.

No charge made when the proceeds of Sale or amount of Interest or Dividends drawn is remitted in the Bank's Bills.

Rates of Interest allowed to Deposits subject to

3 months'	notice of withdrawal,	4	p. ct.	per annum
6 ditto	ditto ditto	5		„
2 ditto	ditto ditto	6		„

Notice may be given when the money is deposited, or at any subsequent time; and it will be dispensed with in cases when the money is to be remitted through the Bank.

Current Accounts kept and Interest allowed at 2 per Cent. per annum on Balances of Rupees 500 and upwards, not exceeding Rupees 50,000, unless by special agreement.

Hours of business, 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. On Saturdays, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

W. S. FITZWILLIAM,
Agent.

27, TANK SQUARE,
Calcutta, 7th October 1858.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of the Asiatic Marine Insurance Office, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 4th day of December instant, it was ordered that such of the Shareholders of the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office resident in Calcutta, or the Suburbs thereof, as have neglected to pay the sum of Co.'s Rs. 2,000 at which they have been respectively assessed by the Official Assignee of this Court, in respect of each Share held by them respectively in the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office, do, on or before the 1st day of February next, pay to the said Official Assignee the said sum of Co.'s Rs. 2,000 at which they have been respectively assessed in respect of such share, or so much thereof as still remains unpaid and that the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office resident in Hong-Kong and in Bombay, do, on or before the 2nd day of May next, and that the Shareholders of the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office resident at Mauritius and in Great Britain, and all other places not herein specifically mentioned, do, on or before the 1st day of August next, pay to the said Official Assignee the respective sums at which they have been respectively assessed in respect of the Shares held by them respectively in the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office, and that in case any of the Shareholders of the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office shall neglect to comply with this order within the time hereby limited, the said Official Assignee shall be at liberty to apply to this Court that such defaulting Shareholders may be adjudged to have committed an act of Insolvency according to the provisions of the Act No. XLIII. of 1850, passed by the Hon'ble the President of the Council of India in Council, on the 27th day of December 1850, entitled an Act for the Regulation of Registered Joint Stock Companies.

Denman and Hatch, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 10th December 1859.

In the matter of John Deffell, lately carrying on trade and business in partnership with one John Fergusson, of Calcutta, as a Merchant and Agent, at No. 77, Clive Street, in the Town of Calcutta, under the name, style and firm of Allan, Deffell and Co., an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 5th day of March instant, it was ordered that the first Saturday in the month of March 1860, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, and that unless cause be shown to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent be discharged personally as well as to his after-acquired property from all liability for debts, claims and demands of and against the said Insolvent at the time of the filing of his petition for relief.

Sandes, Watts and Collis, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 19*th March* 1859.

In the matter of Gungakaunt Bhadoory, of Bally, near Calcutta, and also of Postah, in Calcutta, formerly a Clerk in the service of Messrs. Parry and Co., Wine Merchants, an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 25th day of March instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 7th day of May next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

T. Owen, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 29*th March* 1859.

In the matter of Eric Bollman Gordon McDowgal, of Calcutta, at present residing at No. 18-1, Theatre Road, in Calcutta, late a Clerk in the firm of Messrs. Henderson and Co., an Insolvent.

Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Friday, the 8th day of April instant, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Orr and Goodall, *Attorneys.*

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent, desirous of opposing such application, must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

In the matter of Eric Bollman Gordon McDowgal, of Calcutta, at present residing at No. 18-1, Theatre Road, in Calcutta, late a Clerk in the firm of Messrs. Henderson and Co., an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic. cap. XXI. was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 30th day of March last, and by an order of the same date the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Orr and Goodall, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Eric Bollman Gordon McDowgal, of Calcutta, at present residing at No. 18-1, Theatre Road, in Calcutta, late a Clerk in the firm of Messrs. Henderson and Co., an Insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 30th day of March last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 4th day of June next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Orr and Goodall, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 1*st April* 1859.

The Calcutta Steam Tug Association, Limited.

A Dividend at the rate of Co.'s Rs. 30 per share is now payable at the Office of the Secretaries. Proprietors are requested to send their Share Certificates to the Office, that Receipts and Cheques may be prepared.

GORDON, STUART & Co.,
Secretaries.

CALCUTTA,
The 29th March 1859.

Notice.

MR. ROBERT BROWN MACKAY is authorized to sign our Firm.

GILLANDERS, ARBUTHNOT & Co.

The 28th March 1859.

Notice.

WE have authorised MR. SARKUS NIXON SMELLIE to sign our Firm by procuration from this date.

PEARCE, MACRAE & Co.,

CALCUTTA,
The 31st March 1859.

Notice

IS hereby given for the information and guidance of all Treasury Officers that Government Promissory Note, No. 8283 of 1856-57, for (1,000) one thousand Rupees, in favor of Reverend R. M. Price, has been lost in transit from the Loan Office to Almorah.

B. W. COLVIN,
Senr. Asst. Commissioner.

KUMAON;
Senr. Asst. Commissioner's Office, Almorah,
The 23rd March 1859.

Notice.

PLUNDERED OR DESTROYED, during the Mutiny at Delhie in 1857, the fifth four per Cent. Government Promissory Notes, Nos. 2772 and 9099 of 1842-43, dated 1st February 1843, for Co.'s Rs. 1,000 each, standing in the name of Mrs. S. Champion, by whom they were transferred to the late Mr. J. W. Staines, of Delhie, who was Executor to the Estate of the said Mrs. S. Champion (and who was killed in May 1857 by the Rebels,) by whom the said Promissory Notes were bequeathed to the late Mrs. Sarah White, wife of the late Mr. W. C. White, to whose Estate the undersigned has been empowered under Act XX. of 1841, to administer.

Payment of the said Notes and Interest thereon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes in favor of the undersigned.

M. L. WHITE.

Agra, the 8th March 1859.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed

THE under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of Mah Leekee Begum, the Proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the Notes and of Interests thereupon have been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes in favor of the Proprietor :—

No. 10781	of	16547	of	1855-56,	dated 31st March 1856,	for Rs.	5000
No. 10782	„	„	„	„	„	for „	5000
No. 10783	„	„	„	„	„	for „	4000
No. 10785	„	16535	„	„	„	for „	3000
No. 10786	„	„	„	„	„	for „	3000
No. 10787	„	„	„	„	„	for „	3000
No. 10788	„	„	„	„	„	for „	3000
No. 10789	„	„	„	„	„	for „	3000
No. 10790	„	„	„	„	„	for „	3000
No. 10791	„	„	„	„	„	for „	3000
No. 10792	„	„	„	„	„	for „	3000
No. 10793	„	„	„	„	„	for „	2000
No. 10794	„	„	„	„	„	for „	2000
No. 417	„	1080	„	„	„	for „	7000
No. 28661	„		1854-55,	„	30th June 1854,	for „	2000
No. 28662	„		„	„	„	for „	2000
No. 28663	„		„	„	„	for „	3000
No. 28664	„		„	„	„	for „	2000
No. 28665	„		„	„	„	for „	2500
No. 28666	„		„	„	„	for „	5000
No. 13077	„		„	„	„	for „	5000
No. 33548	„		„	„	„	for „	1000
No. 2477	„	40145	„	„	„	for „	5000
No. 2401	„		„	„	„	for „	4000
No. 2404	„		„	„	„	for „	4000
No. 2460	„		„	„	„	for „	3000
No. 2407	„		„	„	„	for „	3000
No. 2408	„		„	„	„	for „	3000
No. 2968	„	20797	„	„	„	for „	2000
No. 2974	„		„	„	„	for „	2000
No. 4509	„		„	„	„	for „	1000

MAH LEEKEE BEGUM.

LUCKNOW,
The 21st March 1859.

Lost.

THE under-mentioned 5 Per Cent. Government Promissory Notes, originally standing in the names mentioned against each and, last endorsed to Kissen Sahee :—

No. 33593 of 1856-57, for Rupees 2,000, originally standing in the name of Peerbux, and last endorsed to Kissen Sahee.

No. 32318 of 1856-57 for Rupees 1,000, originally standing in the name of Nannoo Mull, and last endorsed to Kissen Sahee.

No. 49495 of 1856-57 for Rupees 1,000, originally standing in the name of Nannoo Mull, and last endorsed to Kissen Sahee.

Payment of the above Notes and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for duplicates thereof, in the name of Kissen Sahee, their present proprietor, by whom they were not endorsed to any body.

(Signed) NANNOO MULL.

CALCUTTA,
The 24th March 1859.

General Post Office Notifications.

Notice.

No. 8189.

ON Letters and Newspapers sent in the Alexandria Packet for Jaffa, Jerusalem, Bagdad, Beyrout, Constantinople, and other places in Turkey or Syria, the following rates of Postage must be pre-paid :—

FOR LETTERS.

	Rs.	As.	P.
When not exceeding half an ounce ...	0	11	6
When above half an ounce and under one ounce	1	7	0
When above one ounce and not exceeding two ounces	2	14	0

FOR NEWSPAPERS.

When not exceeding two ounces ...	0	0	9
When exceeding two ounces and under four ounces	0	1	6
When exceeding four ounces and under eight ounces	0	3	0
When exceeding eight ounces and under 1lb	0	6	0
When exceeding 1lb and under 1½lb ...	0	8	0

The above rates are those chargeable upon letters and papers posted at the Presidency Towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay. On letters and papers posted in the interior, as also when posted at Calcutta or Madras for transmission *vid* Bombay, Indian Inland Postage must be pre-paid in addition to the above rates.

C. K. DOVE,
Offg. Post-Master Genl. of Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
The 22nd March 1859.

Notice.

No. 8199.

LETTERS for all the States of Italy, (except Tuscany), may in future be pre-paid in India, and if pre-paid, will be sent in the Malta Mail for direct despatch from that place to Italy. Newspapers may be similarly sent.

The rates of Postage are as follows :—

On Letters	To Sardinia.			To any other State of Italy, except Tuscany.		
Weighing less than ¼ of an ounce	0	6	0	0	14	0
More than ¼ of an ounce, but less than ½ an ounce	0	9	0	1	0	0
More than ½ an ounce, but less than ¾ of an ounce ..	0	15	0	1	14	0
More than ¾ of an ounce, but less than 1 ounce... ..	1	2	0	2	0	0

The above rates comprise the Indian Postage as well as the British and Foreign Postage.

On Newspapers and Printed Papers	To Sardinia.	To any other State of Italy, except Tuscany.		
Weighing less than 2 ounces .	Newspapers, &c., to Sardinia cannot be prepaid.	0	1	6
More than 2 ounces, less than 4 ounces		0	2	0
More than 4 ounces, less than 6 ounces		0	3	6
More than 6 ounces, less than 8 ounces		0	4	0

In addition to the above rates on Newspapers and Printed Papers, Inland Indian Postage must

be paid on all papers posted elsewhere than at the Post Offices of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, and likewise on all papers posted in Calcutta or Madras when they are intended for transmission *viâ* Bombay.

Unpaid Letters for Tuscany and Unpaid Letters for any other part of Italy, (except Sardinia) will be forwarded as heretofore *through France.*

For Sardinia, Unpaid Letters, as well as Paid Letters, will be sent in the Mail for Malta.

Upon *Unpaid* Letters for any part of Italy, except Sardinia, Indian Inland Postage must be paid, as heretofore, according to the Indian Scale of weight, *vide* Section XIX of Act XVII of 1854.

C. K. Dove,
Offg. Post-Master General of Bengal.

Calcutta,
The 22nd March 1859.

No. 5556.

Overland Mail.

The Overland Mail, *viâ* Marseilles and Southampton, and the intermediate Ports, Madras, Ceylon and Aden, per P. and O. Company's Steamer *Bengal*, will be closed at this Office, on Friday, the 8th proximo, at 6 P. M.

Letters, &c., for Penang, Singapore and Hong-Kong, will be forwarded *viâ* Galle, and for Mauritius and Australia *viâ* Aden by this opportunity.

T. Garrett,
Offg. Deputy Post-Master Genl.

Calcutta;
General Post Office,
The 24th March 1859.

No. 5600.

Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Akyab, Rangoon and Moulmein, for transmission per Steamer *Baltic* will be closed at this Office, on Saturday, the 2nd proximo, at 6 P. M.

T. Garrett,
Offg. Depy. Post-Master General.

Fort William;
General Post Office,
The 26th March 1859.

No. 5619.

Overland Mail.

Mail Packets will be closed at this Office at 5 P. M., on the 1st and 2nd proximo, for the Overland Mail Steamer, which leaves Bombay on the 11th idem.

The Public are reminded, that 2nd will be the latest safe day, and that letters and papers will be sent *viâ* Marseilles only.

T. Garrett,
Offg. Depy. Post-Master Genl.

Calcutta;
General Post Office,
The 29th March 1859.

No. 5663.

Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Chittagong and Akyab, for transmission per Brig *Deva*, will be closed at this Office, on Saturday, the 2nd proximo, at 6 P. M.

T. Garrett,
Offg. Depy. Post-Master Genl.

Fort William;
General Post Office,
The 30th March 1859.

IT is hereby notified, that unless marked for particular Ships, all Letters received at the General Post Office between Monday, the 21st March 1859, *and Sunday, the 27th March* 1859, *both dates inclusive, were despatched by the under-mentioned Vessels which sailed from Calcutta on dates specified :—*

Letters received on dates from and to	By what Ship despatched.	Bound to	Remarks.
21st March 1859 ..	Steamer *Burmah* ...	Akyab, Rangoon and Moulmein ...	Left Town on the 22nd March 1859.
21st to 23rd March 1859..	„ *Lancefield* ...	Singapore and China ...	Left Town on the 24th ditto.
21st to 23rd „ „ ..	„ *James Hartley* ..	Penang ...	Left Town on the 24th ditto.
21st to 23rd „ „ ..	Ship *Fulwood* ...	Mauritius ...	Left Town on the 24th ditto.

Calcutta;
General Post Office,
The 29th March 1859.

T. Garrett,
Offg. Depy. Post-Master General.

Printed and Published for the Government, by Thomas Jones, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

No. 28. [773]

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 6, 1859.

Legislative Council of India.

THE 26TH MARCH 1859.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 22nd March 1859, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. VIII OF 1859.

An Act for simplifying the Procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature not established by Royal Charter.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to simplify the Procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature not established by Royal Charter, It is enacted as follows :—

CHAPTER I.

OF THE JURISDICTION OF THE CIVIL COURTS.

Civil Courts have cognizance of all suits unless specially barred.

1. The Civil Courts shall take cognizance of all suits of a Civil nature, with the exception of suits of which their cognizance is barred by any Act of Parliament, or by any Regulation of the Codes of Bengal, Madras and Bombay respectively, or by any Act of the Governor General of India in Council.

Unless suits previously heard and determined.

2. The Civil Courts shall not take cognizance of any suit brought on a cause of action which shall have been heard and determined by a Court of competent jurisdiction in a former suit between the same parties or between parties under whom they claim.

Revision of judgments of the Civil Courts.

3. The judgments of the Civil Courts shall not be subject to revision, otherwise than by those Courts under the rules contained in this Act applicable to reviews of judgment, and by the constituted Courts of Appellate Jurisdiction.

No person exempted from Jurisdiction by reason of place of birth or of descent.

4. No person whatever shall, by reason of place of birth, or by reason of descent, be in any Civil proceeding whatever excepted from the jurisdiction of any of the Civil Courts.

Jurisdiction of Civil Courts.

5. Subject to such pecuniary or other limitations as are or shall be prescribed by any law for the time being in force, the Civil Courts of each grade shall receive, try, and determine all suits hereby declared to be cognizable by those Courts, if in the case of suits for land or other immoveable property such land or property shall be situate within the limits to which their respective jurisdictions may extend, and in all other cases if the cause of action shall have arisen, or the defendant at the time of commencement of the suit shall dwell, or personally work for gain, within such limits.

Court in which suit to be instituted.

Transfer of suits.

6. Every suit shall be instituted in the Court of the lowest grade competent to try it. But it shall be lawful for the District Court to withdraw any suit instituted in any Court subordinate to such District Court and to try such suit itself or to refer it for trial to any other Court subordinate to its authority and competent in respect of the value of the suit to try the same, whenever it may see sufficient cause for so doing. In like manner the Sudder Court may order that the cognizance of any suit or appeal which may be instituted in any Court subordinate to such Sudder Court shall be transferred to any other Court subordinate to its authority and competent in respect of the value of the suit or appeal to try the same.

Suit to include the whole claim.

Relinquishment of part of claim.

7. Every suit shall include the whole of the claim arising out of the cause of action, but a plaintiff may relinquish any portion of his claim in order to bring the suit within the jurisdiction of any Court. If a plaintiff relinquish or omit to

sue for any portion of his claim, a suit for the portion so relinquished or omitted, shall not afterwards be entertained.

Joinder of causes of action in the same suit.

8. Causes of action by and against the same parties, and cognizable by the same Court, may be joined in the same suit, provided the entire claim in respect of the amount or value of the property in suit do not exceed the jurisdiction of such Court.

Court may in certain cases order separate trials of such causes of action.

9. If two or more causes of action be joined in one suit, and the Court shall be of opinion that they cannot conveniently be tried together, the Court may order separate trials of such causes of action to be held.

Claim for recovery of land & for mesne profits to be deemed distinct causes of action.

10. A claim for the recovery of land and a claim or the mesne profits of such land shall be deemed to be distinct causes of action within the meaning of the two last preceding Sections.

Suits for immoveable property situate within different jurisdictions of the same District.

11. If the suit be for land or other immoveable property situate within the limits of a single District, but within the jurisdiction of different Courts, the suit may be brought in the Court within the jurisdiction of which any portion of such land or other immoveable property is situate, provided the entire claim in respect of the value of the property in suit be cognizable by such Court; but in such case the Court in which the suit is brought shall apply to the District Court for authority to proceed with the same.

Suits for immoveable property situate in different Districts.

12. In like manner, if the property be situate within the limits of different Districts, the suit may be brought in any Court, otherwise competent to try it, within the jurisdiction of which any portion of the land or other immoveable property in suit is situate, but in such case the Court in which the suit is brought shall apply to the Sudder Court for authority to proceed with the same; if the suit is brought in any Court subordinate to a District Court, the application shall be submitted through the District Court to which such Court is subordinate.

Suits for immoveable property situate in Districts subject to different Sudder Courts.

13. If the Districts within the limits of which the property is situate, are subject to different Sudder Courts, the application shall be submitted to the Sudder Court to which the District, in which the suit is brought, is subject; and the Sudder Court to which such application is made, may, with the concurrence of the Sudder Court to which the other District is subject, give authority to proceed with the same.

Suit for land situate on the borders of the Court's local jurisdiction and alleged by the defendant to be within another local jurisdiction.

14. If, in a suit for land situate on the borders of the Court's local jurisdiction, the defendant object to the hearing of the suit on the ground that the land is not included within the local jurisdiction of the Court, the Court shall have power to determine the point; and if the Court shall find that the land is included within its local jurisdiction, it shall proceed to try the suit. Provided that, if it be shown that the land in dispute has been adjudged by competent authority to belong to an estate, village, or other known division of land situate within the local jurisdiction of another Court, the Court in which the suit is brought shall reject the plaint, or return it to the plaintiff in order to its being presented in the proper Court.

Proviso.

Declaratory suit.

15. No suit shall be open to objection on the ground that a merely declaratory decree or order is sought thereby, and it shall be lawful for the Civil Courts to make binding declarations of right without granting consequential relief.

CHAPTER II.

Preliminary Rules.

Parties may appear in person or by recognized agent or by pleader.

16. All applications to any Civil Court, and all appearances of parties in any Civil Court, except when otherwise specially provided by this Act, shall be made by the party in person, or by his recognized agent, or by a pleader duly appointed to act on his behalf.

Recognized agents.

17. The recognized agents of parties by whom such applications and appearances may be made are—

Persons holding powers of attorney.

1*st*. Persons holding general powers of attorney from parties not within the jurisdiction of the Court, authorizing them to make such applications and appearances on behalf of such parties.

Persons carrying on trade or business for absent persons.

2*ndly*. Persons carrying on trade or business for and in the name of parties not within the jurisdiction of the Court in matters connected with such trade or business only, where no other agent is expressly authorized to make such applications or appearances.

Persons authorized to act for Government.

3*rdly*. Persons being ex-officio or otherwise authorized to act for Government in respect of any suit or judicial proceeding.

Persons specially appointed to prosecute a suit for any Sovereign Prince.

4*thly*. Persons specially appointed by order of Government at the request of any Sovereign Prince, or Independent Chief, whether residing within or without the British Territories, to prosecute or defend a suit on his behalf.

Acts required to be done by a party to a suit in person may be done by his recognized agent.

Whenever the personal appearance of a party to a suit is required by this Act, such appearance may be made by his recognized agent, unless the Court shall otherwise direct; and anything which by this Act is required or permitted to be done by a party in person may be done by his recognized agent. Notices given to or processes served on a recognized agent relative to a suit shall be as effectual for all purposes in relation to the suit as if the same had been given to or served on the party in person, unless the Court shall otherwise direct; and all the provisions of this Act relative to the service of notices or processes on a party to a suit shall be applicable

Service of notices, &c., on recognized agents.

to the service of notices and processes on such recognized agent.

Appointment of pleader.

18. The appointment of a pleader to make any such application or appearance as aforesaid shall be in writing, and shall be filed in the Court. When so filed, it shall be considered to be in full force until revoked by a writing filed in the Court. All notices given to, or processes served on the pleader of any party, or left at the office or ordinary residence of such pleader, relative to a suit, and whether the same be for the personal attendance of the party or not, shall be presumed to be duly communicated and made known to the party whom the pleader represents, and shall be as effectual for all purposes in relation to the suit as if the same had been given to or served on the party in person, unless the Court shall otherwise direct.

Service of notices on pleaders.

Officers or Soldiers who cannot obtain leave of absence may authorize any person to appear for them.

19. When an Officer or Soldier in the service of the Government is a party to a suit, and cannot obtain a furlough or leave of absence for the purpose of prosecuting or defending the suit in person, he may authorize any member of his family or any other person to commence, conduct, and manage the suit or the defence, as the case may be, in his stead. The authority shall be in writing, and shall be signed by the Officer or Soldier in the presence of his Commanding Officer, who shall countersign the same, and it shall be filed in the Court. When so filed, the counter-signature of the Commanding Officer shall be sufficient proof that the authority was duly executed, and that the Officer or Soldier by whom it was granted could not obtain a furlough or leave of absence for the purpose of prosecuting or defending the suit in person.

The person so authorized may appear personally, or appoint pleader.

20. Any person who may be authorized, as in the last preceding Section mentioned, by an Officer or Soldier to prosecute or defend a suit in his stead, shall be competent to prosecute or defend it in person in the same manner as the Officer or Soldier could do if present; or he may appoint a pleader of the Court to prosecute or defend the suit on behalf of such Officer or Soldier. And all notices or processes relative to the suit which may be served upon any person who shall be so authorized as aforesaid by an Officer or Soldier, or upon any pleader who shall be appointed as aforesaid by such person to act for or on behalf of such Officer or Soldier, shall be as effectual for all purposes relative to the suit as if the same had been served on the party in person or on a pleader appointed by him.

Exemption of certain women from personal appearance.

21. Women, who according to the custom and manners of the country ought not to be compelled to appear in public, shall be exempt from personal appearance in Court.

Government may exempt certain persons from personal appearance.

22. The Government may at its discretion exempt from personal appearance in Court any person whose rank in the opinion of the Government entitles him to the privilege of exemption, and may at its discretion withdraw such privilege. The names of the persons so exempted (if any) residing within the jurisdiction of the Principal Civil Court of each District shall from time to time be forwarded to such Court by the local Government, and a list of such persons (if any) shall be kept in such Court and in the several subordinate Courts of the District.

Cost of serving process.

Requisite sum to be paid into Court before process issued.

23. Every process required to be issued under this Act, shall be served at the expense of the party at whose instance it is issued, unless otherwise specially directed by the Court; and the sum required to defray the cost of such service shall be paid into Court before the process is issued.

Punishment for false verification of plaint, statement, &c.

24. If any plaint, written statement, or declaration in writing required by this Act to be verified shall contain any averment which the person making the verification shall know or believe to be false, or shall not know or believe to be true, such person shall be subject to punishment according to the provision of the law for the time being in force for the punishment of giving or fabricating false evidence.

CHAPTER III.

OF A SUIT TILL FINAL DECREE.

Of the Institution of Suits.

Suits to be commenced by plaint.

25. All suits shall be commenced by a plaint which, except when otherwise specially provided by this Act, shall be presented to the Court by the plaintiff in person, or by his recognized agent, or by a pleader duly appointed to act on his behalf.

Particulars to be given in the plaint.

26. The plaint shall be distinctly written in the language in ordinary use in proceedings before the Court and shall contain the following particulars:—

1.—The name, description, and place of abode of the plaintiff.

2.—The name, description, and place of abode of the defendant, so far as they can be ascertained.

3.—The relief sought for, the subject of the claim, the cause of action and when it accrued: and, if the cause of action accrued beyond the period ordinarily allowed by any law for commencing such a suit, the ground upon which exemption from the law is claimed.

The following are instances:

If the suit be for money due on a bond or other written instrument:—Payment of
due on *(a bond or other written instrument as the case may be)*, for the sum of
, bearing date the
day of , and payable on
the day of , namely,—

Principal .. ..
Interest ... ...
Amount paid (if any) ... ...

Balance due.....

If the plaintiff claim exemption from any law of limitation, say—"The plaintiff was an infant *(or as the case may be)* from the day of to the day of ".

If the suit be for the price of goods sold:—Payment of on account of maunds of *(rice, indigo, sugar, or as the case may be)* sold on the day of , and the price of which became payable on the day of as per account at foot.

If the suit be for damages for an injury done:—Payment of on account of injury done to the plaintiff, [*here set out the nature of the injury, and state the particulars of the pecuniary loss (if any).*]

4.—When the claim is for any property other than money, its estimated value.

The following is an instance:

If the suit be for an estate or for a share in an estate paying Revenue to Government:—Possession of the estate or of share in the estate, called , situate in the Zillah of the sudder jumma of which is and estimated value (of which the plaintiff was dispossessed *(or forcibly or fraudulently dispossessed, if the case be so)* on the day of ; or to which the plaintiff became entitled by inheritance from *(or by gift, purchase, or otherwise, as the case may be)* on or about the day of .

5.—When the claim is for land or for any interest in land, the nature of the tenure or interest must be specified; and if the claim be for land forming part of a village or other known division, or for a house, garden, or the like, its situation shall be described by the setting forth of boundaries, or in such other manner as may suffice for its identification.

6.—In all suits by or against the Government, or one of its Officers in his official capacity, or any Corporation, or any Company authorized to sue and be sued in the name of an Officer or Trustees, the words "The Government," or "The Collector of ," or otherwise as the case may be, or the name of the Corporation, or the name or names of the Officer or Trustees of the Company, shall be inserted in Nos. 1 and 2 instead of the name and description of the plaintiff or defendant. But in all other cases it shall be necessary to specify the names of all the parties.

Plaint to be subscribed and verified.

27. The plaint shall be subscribed by the plaintiff and his pleader (if any), and shall be verified at the foot by the plaintiff in the manner following or to the like effect:—

I (A. B.) the plaintiff named in the above plaint do declare that what is stated therein is true to the best of my information and belief.

If plaintiff by reason of absence be unable to subscribe and verify the plaint.

28. If the plaintiff, by reason of absence or for other good cause, be unable to subscribe and verify the plaint, the Court may allow the plaint to be subscribed and verified on behalf of the plaintiff by any person whom the Court may consider competent to make the verification. In suits by a Corporation or a Company authorized to sue and be sued in the name of an Officer or Trustees, the plaint shall be subscribed and verified on behalf of the Corporation or Company by any Director, Secretary, or other principal Officer of the Corporation or Company who may be able to depose to the facts of the case.

In suits by a Corporation or Company, a Director or Secretary shall verify the plaint.

Court may reject plaint, if it do not contain the required particulars, &c.

29. If the plaint do not contain the several particulars hereinbefore required to be specified therein, or if it contain particulars other than those required to be specified whether relevant to the suit or not, or if the statement of particulars be unnecessarily prolix, or if the plaint be not subscribed and verified as hereinbefore required, the Court may reject the plaint, or at its discretion may allow the plaint to be amended.

Plaint to be returned, if the claim is beyond the jurisdiction of the Court.

30. If the amount or estimated value of the claim, as stated by the plaintiff, be beyond the jurisdiction of the Court, the plaint shall be returned to the plaintiff in order to its being presented in the proper Court.

Plaint to be rejected, if improperly or insufficiently valued.

31. If it appear to the Court that the claim is improperly valued, or being properly valued that the plaint is written upon stamped paper of inadequate value, and the plaintiff, on being required by the Court to correct such improper valuation or to supply such additional stamp paper as may be necessary, shall not comply with the requisition, the Court shall reject the plaint.

Plaint to be rejected, if it appear to the Court that plaintiff has no cause of action or that right of action is barred by lapse of time.

32. If upon the face of the plaint, or after questioning the plaintiff, it appear to the Court that the subject matter of the plaint does not constitute a cause of action, or that the right of action is barred by lapse of time, the Court shall reject the plaint

Amendment of plaint.

Provided that the Court may in any case allow the plaint to be amended, if it appear proper to do so.

Plaint to be returned, if it appear to the Court that it has not jurisdiction.

33. If it appear to the Court that the cause of action did not arise, or that the defendant is not dwelling or personally working for gain within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Court, or, if the claim relate to land or other immoveable property, that such land or other property is not situate within such limits, the Court shall return the plaint to the plaintiff in order to its being presented in the proper Court.

Security for costs to be furnished by plaintiff at the time of presenting the plaint, if he resides out of the British territories in India.

34. A suit by a party ordinarily residing out of the British territories in India, and not possessing any land or other immoveable property within those territories independent of the property in suit, shall not be entertained unless the plaintiff, at the time of presenting the plaint or within such time as the Court shall order, furnish security for the payment of all costs

that may be incurred by the defendant in the suit. In the event of such security not being furnished, the Court shall return the plaint to the plaintiff.

Plaint to be rejected if security be not furnished.

35. If in any stage of a suit it shall appear to the Court that the plaintiff (being sole plaintiff) is a person residing out of the British territories in India, the Court may order him, within a time to be fixed by such order, to furnish security for the payment of all costs incurred and to be incurred by the defendant in the suit. In the event of such security not being furnished within the time so fixed, the Court shall pass judgment against the plaintiff by default, unless he be permitted to withdraw from the suit under the provisions of Section 97.

Security for costs may be required in any stage of suit, if it appear that plaintiff resides out of India.

36. Whenever a plaint is rejected under any of the foregoing Sections, an appeal shall lie from the order rejecting the plaint. The rejection of a plaint on any of the grounds mentioned in Sections 29 and 31 shall not preclude a plaintiff from presenting a fresh plaint in respect of the same cause of action.

Appeal from order rejecting plaint.

37. If the suit be for land or other immoveable property situate partly within the jurisdiction of the Court and partly within the jurisdiction of some other Court or Courts, the Court shall proceed according to the rules contained in Section 11, Section 12, or Section 13, as the case may be.

Proceeding in a suit for immoveable property in different jurisdictions.

38. If the Court consider the plaint admissible, the particulars mentioned in Section 26 shall be entered in a book to be kept for the purpose, and called the Register of Civil Suits; and the entries shall be numbered in every year according to the order in which the plaint is presented. The Register shall be kept in the form contained in the Schedule (A) hereunto annexed.

When the plaint is admissible, particulars to be entered in a Register.

Form of the Register

39. When the plaintiff sues upon any written document or relies upon any such document as evidence in support of his claim, he shall produce the same in Court when the plaint is presented, and shall at the same time deliver a copy of the document to be filed with the plaint; if the document be an entry in a shop-book or other book, the plaintiff shall produce the book to the Court together with a copy of the entry on which he relies. The Court shall forthwith mark the document for the purpose of identification; and after examining and comparing the copy with the original, shall return the document to the plaintiff. The plaintiff may, if he think proper, deliver the original document to be filed instead of the copy. The Court may, if it see sufficient cause, direct any written document so produced to be impounded and kept in the custody of some Officer of the Court, for such period and subject to such conditions as to the Court shall seem meet. Any document not produced in Court by the plaintiff when the plaint is presented, shall not be received in evidence on his behalf at the hearing of the suit without the sanction of the Court.

Written document to be produced in Court when plaint is presented.

And copy filed with plaint.

Original to be marked and returned.

If plaintiff wish, original may be filed instead of copy.

Court may order document to be impounded.

Document not produced when plaint filed, to be inadmissible in evidence.

40. If the plaintiff require the production of any written document in the possession or power of the defendant, he may, at the time of presenting the plaint, deliver to the Court a description of the document, in order that the defendant may be required to produce the same.

If plaintiff require production of document in possession of defendant.

Of Summoning the Defendant.

41. When the plaint has been registered, a summons under the signature of the Judge and the seal of the Court shall be issued to the defendant to appear and answer the claim, on a day to be therein specified, in person or by a pleader of the Court duly instructed and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or by a pleader who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions. The Court shall determine at the time of issuing the summons whether it shall be for the settlement of issues only or for the final disposal of the suit, and the summons shall contain a direction accordingly

On plaint being registered, summons to issue to defendant.

Summons to be either to settle the issues, or for the final disposal of the case.

42. If the Court see reason to require the personal attendance of the defendant, the summons shall order the defendant to appear personally in Court on the day therein specified. If the Court see reason to require the personal attendance of the plaintiff on that day, it may make an order for such attendance. Provided that no plaintiff or defendant shall be ordered to attend in person, who at the time is *bonâ fide* residing at a distance of more than fifty miles from the place where the Court is held, unless he be resident within the limits of the jurisdiction of the Court.

Personal appearance of defendant or plaintiff.

If resident within 50 miles.

Or within the local jurisdiction of the Court.

43. The summons to appear shall order the defendant to produce any written document in his possession or power, of which the plaintiff demands inspection, or upon which the defendant intends to rely in support of his defence.

Summons shall order defendant to produce documents.

Form of summons.

44. The summons shall be in the Form contained in the Schedule (B) hereunto annexed or to the like effect.

45. The day for the appearance of the defendant shall be fixed by the Court with reference to the place of residence of the defendant, and the time necessary for the service of the summons; and the day shall be so fixed as to allow the defendant a sufficient time to enable him to appear and answer in person or by a pleader on such day.

The day for appearance of defendant how to be fixed.

Court may order personal appearance of a Director or Secretary in suits against a Corporation or Company.

46. In suits against a Corporation or a Company authorized to sue and be sued in the name of an Officer or Trustees, the Court may, if it think proper, require the personal attendance of any Director, Secretary, or other principal Officer of the Corporation or Company who may be able to answer all material questions relating to the suit.

SERVICE OF SUMMONS ON THE DEFENDANT.

Summons shall be served by Officer of Court.

47. The summons shall be delivered to the Nazir or other proper Officer of the Court to be served by himself or one of his subordinates, and such Officer shall be responsible for its due service.

How service shall be made.

48. Service of the summons shall be made by delivering or tendering a copy thereof under the signature of the Judge and seal of the Court; and when there are more defendants than one, service of the summons shall be made on each defendant.

When there are several defendants.

Service to be on defendant in person, when practicable.

Service on agent sufficient.

49. Whenever it may be practicable the service shall be on the defendant in person, unless he have an agent empowered to accept the service, in which case service on such agent shall be sufficient.

Who may be an agent to receive service.

50. Besides the recognized agents described in Section 17, any person residing within the jurisdiction of the Court may be appointed an agent to receive the service of summonses and other processes.

Appointment of such agent to be in writing and to be filed in Court.

51. The appointment of such agent shall be in writing, and the original appointment, or a copy thereof if the appointment be a general one, shall be filed in the Court.

Agent of Government.

52. The Government pleader in each Court shall be accounted the agent of the Government for the purpose of receiving services of summonses and other judicial processes against the Government, issuing out of the Court in which he may be the pleader of Government.

If defendant cannot be found, and has no agent, service may be made on a male member of his family.

53. When the defendant cannot be found, and has no agent empowered to accept the service of the summons, it may be made on any adult male member of his family residing with him.

In all cases the person served is to be required to endorse the summons.

54. In all cases where the summons is served on the defendant personally or any agent or other person on his behalf, the serving Officer shall require the signature of the person on whom the service may be made, to an acknowledgment of service, to be endorsed on the original summons or on a copy thereof under the seal of the Court. If such person refuse to sign the acknowledgment, the service of the summons shall nevertheless be held sufficient, if it be otherwise proved to the satisfaction of the Court.

But service is sufficient without.

If the summons cannot be served, a copy shall be fixed to the door of the dwelling house.

55. When the defendant cannot be found, and there is no agent empowered to accept the service, nor and other person on whom the service can be made, the serving Officer shall fix the copy of the summons on the outer door of the house in which the defendant is dwelling; and if he is not dwelling in the place mentioned in the summons, the serving Officer shall return the summons to the Court from whence it issued with an endorsement thereon that he has been unable to serve it. Provided that, if the serving Officer is informed that the defendant is to be found or has his dwelling in a place within the jurisdiction of the Court other than that indicated in the summons, the Officer may proceed to that place to serve the summons.

If defendant do not dwell in the place mentioned, the summons shall be returned with an endorsement of non-service.

Proviso.

If served, time and manner of service to be endorsed on summons.

56. The serving Officer shall, in all cases in which the summons has been served, endorse on the original summons or on a copy thereof under the seal of the Court, the time when and the manner in which it was served.

When summons is returned unserved, Court to order substituted service, if satisfied that the defendant is avoiding service.

57. When a summons is returned to the Court without having been served, if the plaintiff shall satisfy the Court that there is reasonable ground for believing that the defendant is keeping out of the way of its Officer for the purpose of avoiding the service of the summons, the Court shall order the summons to be served by fixing up a copy thereof upon some conspicuous place in the Court-house, and also upon the door of the house in which the defendant shall have last resided, if it be known where he last resided; or that the summons shall be served in such other manner as the Court shall think proper. And the service which shall be substituted by order of the Court, shall be as effectual to all intents and purposes as if it had been effected in the manner above specified.

When service is substituted, the time for appearance to be fixed.

58. Whenever service shall be substituted by order of the Court by virtue of the power contained in the last preceding Section, the Court shall fix such time for the appearance of the defendant as the case may require.

How the summons is to be served when the defendant is resident within the jurisdiction of another Court and has no agent to accept service.

59. If the defendant be resident within the jurisdiction of any Court other than that in which the suit is instituted, and have no agent empowered to accept the service, the Court in which the suit is instituted shall transmit the summons, either by an Officer of the Court or by post, to any Court having jurisdiction at the place where the defendant resides, by which it can be most conveniently served, and shall fix such time for the appearance of the defendant as the case may require; and the Court to which the summons is transmitted, shall, upon receipt of the summons, deliver the same to the Nazir or other proper Officer of such Court, to be served in the manner above directed; and upon the return of the summons by the serving Officer, it shall be

re-transmitted to the Court from whence it originally issued.

How the summons is to be served when the defendant resides out of the British territories in India and has no agent to accept service.

60. If the defendant be resident out of the British territories in India, and have no agent empowered to accept the service, the summons shall be addressed to the defendant at the place where he may reside, and forwarded to him by post: in such case the time for the appearance of the defendant shall be regulated by the time which may be required for communication by post between the place at which the Court is held and the place where the defendant resides; and if, on the day fixed for the hearing of the suit or on any day to which the hearing may be adjourned, the defendant shall not appear in person or by pleader, the plaintiff may apply to the Court, and it shall be lawful for the Court to direct that the plaintiff shall be at liberty to proceed with his suit in such manner and subject to such conditions as to the Court may seem meet.

Time for appearance.

In case of non-appearance of defendant, Court may direct suit to proceed subject to conditions.

In suits for immoveable property, service may in certain cases be made on agent in charge of such property.

61. When the suit is for land or other immoveable property, and the summons for any reason cannot be served on the defendant in person, and the defendant has no agent empowered to accept the service, the summons may be served on any agent of the defendant in charge of such land or other immoveable property.

How service may be made on Government Servants.

62. When the defendant is in the service of the Government, the Court may transmit a copy of the summons to the head Officer of the Office in which the defendant is employed, for the purpose of being served on him, if it shall appear to the Court that the summons may be most conveniently so served. If the defendant be an Officer or Soldier, the Court shall transmit a copy of the summons to the Commanding Officer of the Corps to which the defendant belongs, for the purpose of being served on him. The Officer to whom the summons is transmitted, after causing the summons to be served on the person to whom it is addressed if practicable, shall return it to the Court with the written acknowledgment of such person endorsed thereon. If from any cause the summons cannot be served upon the person to whom it is addressed, it shall be returned to the Court by which it was transmitted with information of the cause which has prevented the service. In such case the Court shall adopt such other means of serving the summons as it may deem proper.

Service on Officers and Soldiers.

Service on a Corporation or Company.

63. When the suit is against a Corporation or a Company authorized to sue and be sued in the name of an Officer or Trustees, the summons may be served by leaving the same at the registered Office (if any) of the Company, or sending it through the Post Office by a letter addressed to such Office, or by giving it to any Director, Secretary, or other principal Officer of the Corporation or Company.

In what case a letter may be substituted for a summons.

64. Nothing contained in the preceding rules shall be construed to prevent the Court from substituting for the summons, a letter or other appropriate communication under the signature of the Judge and seal of the Court, when the person whose appearance is required is of a rank which entitles him to such mark of consideration. The letter or other communication shall contain all the particulars required to be stated in the summons, and shall be treated in all respects as a summons.

Service how to be made in such case.

65. When a letter or other communication is substituted for a summons under the authority of the last preceding Section, it may be transmitted through the Post Office, or by a special messenger selected by the Court, or in any other manner which the Court may deem sufficient; unless the party shall have an agent empowered to accept service of judicial process, in which case delivery to such agent shall be deemed sufficient service.

Proof of due service and delivery of summons, letter, &c. transmitted through the post.

66. Whenever it is provided that any summons, letter, or other communication may be transmitted to the person to whom it is addressed through the Post Office, proof that the same was correctly addressed to such person at his place of residence, and that it was duly posted and registered according to Section XXXVIII of Act XVII of 1854 *(for the management of the Post Office, for the regulation of the duties of Postage, and for the punishment of offences against the Post Office)*, shall be sufficient proof of the due service and delivery of the summons, letter, or other communication, in the absence of evidence to the contrary.

Of Suits against Government and Public Officers.

In suits against Government, summons to be served on Government Pleader.

67. If the suit be against the Government, the summons shall be served on the Government Pleader. The Court, in fixing the day for the Government to answer to the plaint, shall allow a reasonable time for the necessary communication with the Government through the proper channels, and for the issue of instructions to the Government Pleader to appear and answer on behalf of the Government, and may extend the time at its discretion on the application of the Government Pleader. The Court may also, if it think proper, direct the attendance of a person who may be able to answer all material questions relating to the suit.

Appearance and answer.

In suits against Government Officers for alleged official acts, summons to be served on them.

68. If the suit be against an Officer of the Government for an act which the plaintiff alleges to have been done by such Officer in his official capacity, the summons shall be served upon such Officer in the manner hereinbefore provided.

Court may grant extension of time to enable Officer to make a reference to Government.

69. If the Officer on receiving the summons shall consider it proper to make a reference to Government before answering to the plaint, he may move the Court to grant such extension of the time fixed in the summons as may be necessary to enable him to make such reference and to receive orders thereon through the proper channels; and the Court upon such motion may extend the time for so long as shall appear to it to be requisite.

70. If the Government shall undertake the defence of the suit, the Government Pleader shall be furnished with authority to appear and answer to the plaint; and, upon motion made by him, the Court shall order a note to that effect to be entered in the Register.

If Government undertake defence, Government Pleader to appear and move that a note of his appearance be entered in the Register.

71. If such motion shall not be made by the Government Pleader on or before the day fixed in the notice for the defendant to appear and answer to the plaint, the case shall proceed as in a suit between private parties except that the defendant shall not be liable to arrest before judgment.

If no such motion be made, case to proceed as in a suit between private parties.

But defendant not liable to arrest before judgment.

72. If in any such suit the Court shall require the personal appearance of the defendant, and the defendant shall satisfy the Court that he cannot absent himself from his duty without injury to the public service, the Court shall exempt him from such appearance, but he shall be liable to be examined in any way in which an absent witness may be examined.

Defendant may in certain cases be exempted from personal appearance.

How Persons not before the Court may be made Parties to a Suit.

73. If it appear to the Court, at any hearing of a suit, that all the persons who may be entitled to, or who claim some share or interest in the subject matter of the suit, and who may be likely to be affected by the result, have not been made parties to the suit, the Court may adjourn the hearing of the suit to a future day to be fixed by the Court, and direct that such persons shall be made either plaintiffs or defendants in the suit as the case may be. In such case the Court shall issue a notice to such persons in the manner provided in this Act for the service of a summons on a defendant.

Court may adjourn hearing and direct that parties appearing to be interested in a suit shall be made parties to the suit.

Of Arrest before Judgment.

74. If in any suit, not being a suit for land or other immoveable property, the defendant, with intent to avoid or delay the plaintiff, or to obstruct or delay the execution of any decree that may be passed against him, is about to leave the jurisdiction of the Court, or has disposed of or removed from the jurisdiction of the Court his property or any part thereof, the plaintiff may, either at the institution of the suit, or at any time thereafter until final judgment, make an application to the Court that security be taken for the appearance of the defendant to answer any judgment that may be passed against him in the suit.

In suits for moveable property, when defendant is about to leave the jurisdiction, &c., plaintiff may apply that security be taken.

75. If the Court, after examining the applicant and making such further investigation as it may consider necessary, shall be of opinion that there is probable cause for believing that the defendant is about to leave its jurisdiction with the intent of avoiding or delaying the plaintiff, or that he has disposed of or removed from the jurisdiction of the Court his property or any part thereof with the intent to obstruct or delay the execution of any decree, it shall be lawful for the Court to issue a warrant to the proper Officer, enjoining him to bring the defendant before the Court, that he may show cause why he should not give good and sufficient bail for his appearance.

Court may issue warrant to bring up defendant to show cause why he should not give bail.

76. If the defendant fail to show such cause, the Court shall order him to give bail for his appearance at any time when called upon while the suit is pending, and until execution or satisfaction of any decree that may be passed against him in the suit; and the surety or sureties shall undertake, in default of such appearance, to pay any sum of money that may be adjudged against the defendant in the suit, with costs. Any order made by the Court, under the provisions of this Section, shall be open to appeal by the defendant.

If defendant fail to show cause, Court may order him to give bail.

Appeal.

77. Should a defendant offer, in lieu of bail for his appearance, to deposit a sum of money or other valuable property sufficient to answer the claim against him, with the costs of the suit, the Court may accept such deposit.

Deposit in lieu of bail.

78. In the event of the defendant neither furnishing security nor offering a sufficient deposit, he may be committed to custody until the decision of the suit, or if judgment be given against the defendant until the execution of the decree, if the Court shall so order.

Defendant to be committed to custody if he cannot give security.

79. If it shall appear to the Court that the arrest of the defendant was applied for on insufficient grounds, or if the suit of the plaintiff is dismissed or judgment is given against him by default or otherwise and it shall appear to the Court that there was no probable ground for instituting the suit, the Court may (on the application of the defendant) award against the plaintiff in its decree such amount, not exceeding the sum of one thousand Rupees, as it may deem a reasonable compensation to the defendant for any injury or loss which he may have sustained by reason of such arrest. Provided that the Court shall not award a larger amount of compensation under this Section than it is competent to such Court to decree in an action for damages. An award of compensation under this Section shall bar any suit for damages in respect of such arrest.

Compensation to defendant arrested on insufficient grounds.

Proviso as to amount.

80. If in any suit the defendant is about to leave the British territories in India with intent to remain absent so long that the plaintiff will or may thereby be obstructed or delayed in the execution of any decree that may be passed against the defendant, the plaintiff may make an application to the Court to the effect and in the manner aforesaid, and the procedure thereupon shall be in all respects the same as hereinbefore provided.

When the defendant is about to leave India, the application to be made to the Court.

OF ATTACHMENT BEFORE JUDGMENT.

In what cases plaintiff may apply before judgment for security from defendant to fulfil decree, and in default for an attachment of defendant's property.

*81. If the defendant, with intent to obstruct or delay the execution of any decree that may be passed against him, is about to dispose of his property or any part thereof, or to remove any such property from the jurisdiction of the Court where the suit is pending, the plaintiff may apply to the Court, either at the time of the institution of the suit or at any time thereafter until final judgment, to call upon the defendant to furnish sufficient security to fulfil any decree that may be passed against him in the suit, and, on his failing to give such security, to direct that any property, moveable or immoveable, belonging to the defendant, shall be attached until the further order of the Court.

Application how to be made.

82. The application shall contain a specification of the property required to be attached, and the estimated value of each article or item thereof; and the plaintiff shall, at the time of making the application, declare that the defendant is about to dispose of or remove his property with such intent as aforesaid.

Form of warrant to be issued.

83. If the Court, after examining the applicant and making such further investigation as it may consider necessary, shall be satisfied that the defendant is about to dispose of or remove his property, with intent to obstruct or delay the execution of the decree, it shall be lawful for the Court to issue a warrant to the proper Officer, commanding him to call upon the defendant, within a time to be fixed by the Court, either to furnish security in such sum as may be specified in the order to produce and place at the disposal of the Court when required the said property or the value of the same or such portion thereof as may be sufficient to fulfil the decree, or to appear and show cause why he should not furnish security. The Court may also in the warrant direct the attachment until further order of the whole or any portion of the property specified in the application.

If cause be not shown or security be not furnished, property may be attached.

84. If the defendant fail to show such cause or to furnish the required security within the time fixed by the Court, the Court may direct that the property specified in the application, if not already attached, or such portion thereof as shall be sufficient to fulfil the decree, shall be attached until further order.

Withdrawal of attachment.

If the defendant show such cause or furnish the required security, and the property specified in the application or any portion of it shall have been attached, the Court shall order the attachment to be withdrawn.

How the attachment is to be made.

85. The attachment shall be made according to the nature of the property to be attached, in the manner hereinafter prescribed for the attachment of property in execution of a decree for money.

Appeal.

Any order for the attachment of property under the preceding Section shall be open to appeal by the defendant.

Claims to property attached before judgment, how to be investigated.

86. In the event of any claim being preferred to the property attached before judgment, such claim shall be investigated in the manner hereinafter prescribed for the investigation of claims to property attached in execution of a decree for money.

Attachment may be removed when security is furnished.

87. In all cases of attachment before judgment, the Court which passed the order for the attachment shall at any time remove the same, on the defendant furnishing security as above required, together with security for the costs of the attachment.

Compensation for attachment applied for on insufficient grounds, &c.

88. If it shall appear to the Court that the attachment was applied for on insufficient grounds, or if the suit of the plaintiff is dismissed or judgment is given against him by default or otherwise and it shall appear to the Court that there was no probable ground for instituting the suit, the Court may (on the application of the defendant) award against the plaintiff in its decree such amount, not exceeding the sum of one thousand Rupees, as it may deem a reasonable compensation to the defendant for the expense or injury occasioned to him by the attachment of his property.

Proviso.

Provided that the Court shall not award a larger amount of compensation under this Section than it is competent to such Court to decree in an action for damages. An award of compensation under this Section shall bar any suit for damages in respect of such attachment.

Attachment not to affect the rights of persons not parties to the suit, or bar the execution of decrees.

89. Attachments before judgment shall not affect the rights of persons not parties to the suit, nor bar any person holding a decree against the defendant from applying for the sale of the property under attachment in execution of such decree.

Court may stay the sale of property already under attachment, when execution of a decree fraudulently obtained is applied for.

90. If it shall appear to the Court by whose order the property may have been attached before judgment, that there is reasonable ground for supposing that the decree, in satisfaction of which the sale of the property is applied for, was obtained by fraud or other improper means, the Court may refuse to allow the property to be sold in execution, if the decree be a decree of that Court; or if it be a decree of another Court, may stay the proceedings for a reasonable time to enable the plaintiff in the pending suit to adopt proceedings to set aside the decree.

Special case in which party may be put in immediate possession of land the subject of suit.

91. Whenever lands paying revenue to Government or a tenure liable to summary sale under the provisions of Regulation VIII. 1819 of the Bengal Code *(to declare the validity of certain tenures and to define the relative rights of Zemindars and Putnee Talookdars &c.)* form the subject of a suit, if the party in possession of such lands or tenure shall neglect to pay the Government revenue or the rent due to the proprietor of the estate, as the case may be, and a public sale shall in consequence be ordered to take place, the party not in possession shall, upon payment of the revenue or rent due previously to the sale (and with or without security at the discretion of the Court), be put in immediate possession of the

lands or tenure; and the Court in its decree may award against the defendant the amount so paid, with interest thereupon at such rate as to the Court may seem fit, or may charge the amount so paid, with interest thereupon, at such rate as the Court may order, in any adjustment of accounts which may be directed in the final decree upon the suit.

Of Injunctions.

92. In any suit in which it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the Court that any property which is in dispute in the suit is in danger of being wasted, damaged, or alienated by any party to the suit, it shall be lawful for the Court to issue an injunction to such party, commanding him to refrain from doing the particular act complained of, or to give such other orders for the purpose of staying and preventing him from wasting, damaging, or alienating the property, as to the Court may seem meet. And in all cases in which it may appear to the Court to be necessary for the preservation or the better management or custody of any property which is in dispute in a suit, it shall be lawful for the Court to appoint a receiver or manager of such property, and, if need be, to remove the person in whose possession or custody the property may be from the possession or custody thereof, and to commit the same to the custody of such receiver or manager, and to grant to such receiver or manager all such powers for the management or the preservation and improvement of the property, and the collection of the rents and profits thereof, and the application and disposal of such rents and profits, as to the Court may seem proper. If the property be land paying revenue to Government, and it is considered that the interests of those concerned will be promoted by the management of the Collector, the Court may appoint the Collector to be receiver and manager of such land, unless the Government shall by any general order prohibit the appointment of Collectors for such purpose, or shall in any particular case prohibit the appointment of the Collector to be such receiver.

Cases in which an injunction to stay waste &c. may be granted.

Or in which a receiver or manager may be appointed.

When the Collector may be appointed receiver or manager.

93. In any suit for restraining the defendant from the committal of any breach of contract or other injury, and whether the same be accompanied with any claim for damages or not, it shall be lawful for the plaintiff, at any time after the commencement of the suit, and whether before or after judgment, to apply to the Court for an injunction to restrain the defendant from the repetition, or the continuance of the breach of contract or wrongful act complained of, or the committal of any breach of contract or injury of a like kind arising out of the same contract or relating to the same property or right; and such injunction may be granted by the Court on such terms as to the duration of the injunction, keeping an account, giving security, or otherwise, as to such Court shall seem reasonable and just, and in case of disobedience such injunction may be enforced by imprisonment in the same manner as a decree for specific performance: provided always that any order for an injunction may be discharged or varied or set aside by the Court, on application made thereto by any party dissatisfied with such order.

In suits to restrain breach of contract &c.

Injunction to restrain repetition or continuance of breach.

Proviso.

94. Any order made under either of the last two preceding Sections shall be open to appeal by the defendant.

Appeal.

95. The Court may in every case before granting an injunction direct such reasonable notice of the application for the same to be given to the opposite party as it shall see fit.

Before granting injunction, Court may direct reasonable notice to be given to the opposite party.

96. If it shall appear to the Court that the injunction was applied for on insufficient grounds, or if the claim of the plaintiff is dismissed or judgment is given against him by default or otherwise and it shall appear to the Court that there was no probable ground for instituting the suit, the Court may (on the application of the defendant) award against the plaintiff in its decree such sum, not exceeding one thousand Rupees, as it may deem a reasonable compensation to the defendant for the expense or injury occasioned to him by the issue of the injunction. Provided that the Court shall not award a larger amount of compensation under this Section than it is competent to such Court to decree in an action for damages. An award of compensation under this Section shall bar any suit for damages in respect of the issue of the injunction.

Compensation to defendant for needless issue of injunction.

Proviso.

Of the Withdrawal and Adjustment of Suits.

97. If the plaintiff at any time before final judgment satisfy the Court that there are sufficient grounds for permitting him to withdraw from the suit with liberty to bring a fresh suit for the same matter, it shall be competent to the Court to grant such permission on such terms as to costs or otherwise as it may deem proper. In any such fresh suit the plaintiff shall be bound by the rules for the limitation of actions in the same manner as if the first suit had not been brought. If the plaintiff withdraw from the suit without such permission, he shall be precluded from bringing a fresh suit for the same matter.

Court may allow plaintiff to withdraw from a suit, with liberty to bring a fresh suit.

98. If a suit shall be adjusted by mutual agreement or compromise, or if the defendant satisfy the plaintiff in respect to the matter of the suit, such agreement, compromise, or satisfaction shall be recorded, and the suit shall be disposed of in accordance therewith. On the application of the plaintiff reciting the substance of such agreement, compromise, or satisfaction, the Court, if satisfied that such agreement, compromise, or satisfaction has been actually entered into or made, shall grant a certificate to the plaintiff authorizing him to receive back from the Collector the full amount of stamp duty paid on the plaint if the application shall have been presented before the settlement of issues, or half the amount if presented at any time after the settlement of issues and before any witness has been

Adjustment or compromise.

Court may grant certificate for refund of stamp duty on plaint, if suit be adjusted.

examined. Provided however that no such certificate shall be granted if the adjustment between the parties be such as to require a decree to pass on which process of execution can be taken out.

Proviso.

Of the Death, Marriage, and Bankruptcy or Insolvency of Parties.

Suit not to abate by death in certain cases.

99. The death of a plaintiff or defendant shall not cause the suit to abate if the cause of action survive.

Proceeding in case of death of one of several plaintiffs or defendants, if the cause of action survives.

100. If there be two or more plaintiffs or defendants and one of them die, and if the cause of action survive to the surviving plaintiff or plaintiffs alone, or against the surviving defendant or defendants alone, the suit shall proceed at the instance of the surviving plaintiff or plaintiffs, and against the surviving defendant or defendants.

Proceeding in case of death of one of several plaintiffs, where the cause of action accrues to the survivor and the representative of the deceased.

101. If there be two or more plaintiffs, and one of them die, and if the cause of action shall not survive to the surviving plaintiff or plaintiffs alone but shall survive to them and the legal representative of the deceased plaintiff jointly, the Court may, on the application of the legal representative of the deceased plaintiff, enter the name of such representative in the Register of the suit in the place of such deceased plaintiff, and the suit shall proceed at the instance of the surviving plaintiff or plaintiffs and such legal representative of the deceased plaintiff If no application shall be made to the Court by any person claiming to be the legal representative of the deceased plaintiff, the suit shall proceed at the instance of the surviving plaintiff or plaintiffs; and the legal representative of the deceased plaintiff shall be interested in and shall be bound by the judgment given in the suit in the same manner as if the suit had proceeded at his instance conjointly with the surviving plaintiff or plaintiffs.

Proceeding in case of death of sole or sole surviving plaintiff.

102. In case of the death of a sole plaintiff or sole surviving plaintiff, the Court may, on the application of the legal representative of such plaintiff, enter the name of such representative in the place of such plaintiff in the Register of the suit, and the suit shall thereupon proceed; if no such application shall be made to the Court within what it may consider a reasonable time by any person claiming to be the legal representative of the deceased sole plaintiff or sole surviving plaintiff, it shall be competent to the Court to pass an order that the suit shall abate, and to award to the defendant the reasonable cost which he may have incurred in defending the suit, to be recovered from the estate of the deceased sole plaintiff or surviving plaintiff; or the Court may, if it think proper, on the application of the defendant, and upon such terms as to costs as may seem fit, pass such other order for bringing in the legal representative of the deceased sole plaintiff or surviving plaintiff, and for proceeding with the suit in order to a final determination of the matters in dispute, as may appear just and proper in the circumstances of the case.

Proceeding in case of dispute as to who is the legal representative of a deceased plaintiff.

103. If any dispute arise as to who is the legal representative of a deceased plaintiff, it shall be competent to the Court either to stay the suit until the fact has been duly determined in another suit, or to decide at or before the hearing of the suit who shall be admitted to be such legal representative for the purpose of prosecuting the suit.

Proceeding in case of death of one of several defendants or of a sole or sole surviving defendant.

104. If there be two or more defendants, and one of them die, and the cause of action shall not survive against the surviving defendant or defendants alone, and also in case of the death of a sole defendant or sole surviving defendant, where the action survives, the plaintiff may make an application to the Court specifying the name, description, and place of abode of any person whom the plaintiff alleges to be the legal representative of such defendant, and whom he desires to be made the defendant in his stead; and the Court shall thereupon enter the name of such representative in the Register of the suit in the place of such defendant, and shall issue a summons to him to appear on a day to be therein mentioned to defend the suit; and the case shall thereupon proceed in the same manner as if such representative had originally been made a defendant and had been a party to the former proceedings in the suit.

Marriage of a female plaintiff or defendant not to abate the suit.

105. The marriage of a woman, plaintiff or defendant, shall not cause the suit to abate, but the suit may notwithstanding be proceeded with to judgment, and the decree thereupon may be executed upon the wife alone; and if the case is one in which the husband is by law liable for the debts of his wife, the decree may, with the permission of the Court, be executed against the husband also; and in case of judgment for the wife, execution of the decree may, with the permission of the Court, be issued upon the application of the husband, where the husband is by law entitled to the money or thing which may be the subject of the decree.

Bankruptcy or insolvency when not to abate the suit.

106. The bankruptcy or insolvency of the plaintiff in any suit which the Assignee might maintain for the benefit of the creditors shall not be a valid objection to the continuance of such suit, unless the Assignee shall decline to continue the suit and to give security for the costs thereof within such reasonable time as the Court may order; if the Assignee neglect or refuse to continue the suit and to give such security within the time limited by the order, the defendant may, within eight days after such neglect or refusal, plead the bankruptcy or insolvency of the plaintiff as a reason for abating the suit.

Of Notices to produce, and how they are to be served.

Two notices in writing to be delivered to the proper Officer of the Court.

107. Whenever any of the parties to a suit is desirous that any document, writing, or other thing, which he believes to be in the possession or power of another of the parties thereto, should be produced at any hearing of the suit, and the production of such document, writing, or other thing has not previously been required, under the pro-

visions of Sections 40 and 43, he shall at the earliest opportunity deliver to the Court two notices in writing to the party in whose possession or power he believes the document, writing, or other thing to be, calling upon him to produce the same; and one of such notices shall be filed in Court, and the other shall be delivered by the Court to the Nazir or other proper Officer, to be served upon such party.

Service of notices and other judicial process how to be made on a party who has not appointed a pleader to act for him.

108. In all cases in which a party to a suit has not appointed a pleader to act for him, all notices and other judicial processes shall be served upon such party in the manner hereinbefore provided for the service of a summons upon a defendant to appear and answer.

OF THE APPEARANCE OF THE PARTIES, AND CONSEQUENCES OF NON-APPEARANCE.

Parties must appear in person or by pleader.

109. On the day fixed in the summons for the defendant to appear and answer, the parties shall be in attendance at the Court-house in person or by a pleader, and the suit shall then be heard unless the hearing be adjourned to a future day which shall be fixed by the Court.

If neither party appear, suit to be dismissed with liberty to the plaintiff to bring a fresh suit.

110. If, on the day fixed for the defendant to appear and answer, or any other day subsequent thereto to which the hearing of the suit may be adjourned, neither party shall appear either in person or by a pleader when duly called upon by the Court, the suit shall be dismissed. Whenever a suit is dismissed under the provisions of this Section, the plaintiff shall be at liberty to bring a fresh suit unless precluded by the rules for the limitation of actions; or if he shall within the period of thirty days satisfy the Court that there was a sufficient excuse for his non-appearance, the Court may issue a fresh summons upon the plaint already filed.

Or if sufficient excuse for non-appearance, a fresh summons may be issued.

If plaintiff only appear, Court may proceed *ex parte* if due service of summons be proved.

111. If the plaintiff shall appear in person or by a pleader, and the defendant shall not appear in person or by a pleader, and it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Court that the summons was duly served, the Court shall proceed to hear the suit *ex parte*. If the defendant appear on any subsequent day to which the hearing of the suit is adjourned, and shall assign good and sufficient cause for his previous non-appearance, he may, upon such terms as the Court may direct as to payment of costs or otherwise, be heard in answer to the suit in like manner as if he had appeared on the day fixed for his appearance.

If defendant appear on day of adjourned hearing, and assign good cause for his previous non-appearance, he may be heard.

If plaintiff only appear and due service of summons be not proved, Court may order issue of second summons.

112. If the plaintiff shall appear in person or by a pleader and the defendant shall not appear in person or by a pleader, and it shall not be proved to the satisfaction of the Court that the summons was duly served in any of the modes of service hereinbefore provided, the Court may direct a second summons to the defendant to be issued in any of the said modes.

If plaintiff only appear, and service of summons be proved, but the service was not in due time, Court may adjourn hearing and direct notice to be given to defendant.

113. If the plaintiff shall appear in person or by a pleader, and the defendant shall not appear in person or by a pleader, and it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Court that the summons was served on the defendant but not in sufficient time to enable the defendant to appear and answer on the day fixed in the summons, the Court shall postpone the hearing of the suit to a future day to be fixed by the Court and may direct notice of such day to be given to the defendant.

If defendant only appear, Court to pass judgment by default against plaintiff, unless defendant admit the claim.

114. If the defendant shall appear in person or by a pleader, and the plaintiff shall not appear in person or by a pleader, the Court shall pass judgment against the plaintiff by default, unless the defendant admit the claim, in which case the Court shall pass judgment against the defendant upon such admission. When judgment is passed against a plaintiff by default, he shall be precluded from bringing a fresh suit in respect of the same cause of action.

No fresh suit after such judgment.

When there are several plaintiffs or defendants, each may authorize the other to appear for him.

115. When there are two or more plaintiffs, any one or more of them may be authorized to appear, plead, and act for the other or others of them; and in like manner, when there are two or more defendants, any one or more of them may be authorized to appear, plead, and act for the other or others of them; provided that the authority shall in all cases be in writing, and shall be filed in the Court; when so filed, it shall be as effectual to all intents and purposes as if the person so authorized to appear, plead, and act, were a pleader of the Court.

Consequence of non-appearance of one or more of several plaintiffs.

116. If there are two or more plaintiffs, and one or more of them shall appear in person or by a pleader or by a co-plaintiff duly authorized, and the other or others of them shall not appear in person or by a pleader or by a co-plaintiff duly authorized, it shall be competent to the Court to proceed with the suit at the instance of the plaintiff or plaintiffs who shall have appeared, in the same way as if all the plaintiffs had appeared, and to pass such order as may be just and proper in the circumstances of the case; and if there are two or more defendants, and one or more of them shall appear in person or by a pleader or by a co-defendant duly authorized, and the other or others of them shall not appear in person or by a pleader or by a co-defendant duly authorized, the Court shall proceed with the suit to judgment, and shall at the time of passing judgment give such order with respect to the defendant or defendants who shall not have appeared as shall be just and proper in the circumstances of the case.

Consequence of non-appearance of one or more of several defendants.

117. If any plaintiff or defendant who shall have been ordered or summoned to appear personally under the provisions of Section 42, shall not appear in person, or show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of the Court for failing so to appear, such plaintiff or defendant shall be subject to all the provisions of the foregoing Sections applicable to plaintiffs and defendants respectively, who do not appear either in person or by pleader.

Consequence of non-appearance, without sufficient cause shown, of any party to a suit summoned or ordered to appear in person.

118. In support of the cause shown by a plaintiff or defendant for failure to appear in person, the Court shall receive any declaration in writing on unstamped paper, if signed by such plaintiff or defendant and verified in the manner hereinbefore provided for the verification of plaints.

Court to receive declaration in support of cause shown.

119. No appeal shall lie from a judgment passed *ex parte* against a defendant who has not appeared, or from a judgment against a plaintiff by default for non-appearance. But in all cases in which judgment may be passed *ex parte* against a defendant, he may apply, within a reasonable time, not exceeding thirty days after any process for enforcing the judgment has been executed, to the Court by which the judgment was passed, for an order to set it aside; and if it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Court that the summons was not duly served, or that the defendant was prevented by any sufficient cause from appearing when the suit was called on for hearing, the Court shall pass an order to set aside the judgment, and shall appoint a day for proceeding with the suit. In all cases of judgment against a plaintiff by default, he may apply, within thirty days from the date of the judgment, for an order to set it aside; and if it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Court that the plaintiff was prevented by any sufficient cause from appearing when the suit was called on for hearing, the Court shall pass an order to set aside the judgment by default, and shall appoint a day for proceeding with the suit. But no judgment shall be set aside on any such application as aforesaid, unless notice thereof have been served on the opposite party. In all cases in which the Court shall pass an order under this Section for setting aside a judgment, the order shall be final; but in all appealable cases in which the Court shall reject the application, an appeal shall lie from the order of rejection to the tribunal to which the final decision in the suit would be appealable, provided that the appeal be preferred within the time allowed for an appeal from such final decision, and be written upon stamp paper of the value prescribed for petitions to the Court where a stamp is required for petitions.

No appeal from judgments passed *ex parte* or by default.

When and how judgment *ex parte* against a defendant may be set aside.

When and how judgment by default against a plaintiff may be set aside.

No judgment to be set aside, without notice to opposite party.

Order for setting aside judgment shall be final.

In appealable cases, an appeal from order of rejection.

Proviso.

Of Written Statements.

120. The parties or their pleaders may tender at the first hearing of the suit written statements of their respective cases, and the Court shall receive the same and put them on the record. Such statements shall be written on the stamp paper prescribed for petitions to the Court where a stamp is required for petitions.

Written statements may be tendered by the parties at the first hearing of the suit.

Written statements to be on stamp paper.

121. If in a suit for debt the defendant desire to set-off against the claim of the plaintiff the amount of any debt due to him from the plaintiff, he shall tender a written statement containing the particulars of his demand, and the Court shall thereupon enquire into the same. Provided that, if the sum claimed by the defendant exceed the amount cognizable by the Court, the defendant shall not be allowed to set-off the same unless he abandon the excess.

Particulars of set-off to be given in a written statement.

Abandonment of excess of set-off over claim.

122. No written statement shall be received after the first hearing of the suit, unless called for by the Court. But it shall be competent to the Court, at any time before final judgment, to call for a written statement, or an additional written statement from any of the parties. When such statements are called for by the Court, they shall be received on plain paper.

No written statement to be received after first hearing unless called for by the Court.

Court may at any time call for a written statement.

123. Written statements shall be as brief as the nature of the case will admit, and shall not be argumentative, nor by way of answer one to the other; but each statement shall be confined, as much as possible, to a simple narrative of the facts which the party by whom or on whose behalf the written statement is made believes to be material to the case, and which he believes he will be able to prove if called upon by the Court. Written statements shall be subscribed and verified in the manner hereinbefore provided for subscribing and verifying plaints, and no written statement shall be received unless it be so subscribed and verified.

How written statements are to be framed.

Written statements to be subscribed and verified.

124. If it shall appear to the Court that any written statement presented by or on behalf of a party, whether the same have been spontaneously tendered or have been called for by the Court, is argumentative or unnecessarily prolix, or that it contains matter irrevelant to the suit, the Court may reject the same, and return it to the party with the order of rejection endorsed thereon; and it shall not be competent to a party whose written statement has been rejected for any of these causes to present another written statement, unless it shall be expressly called for or allowed by the Court.

Court may reject a written statement which is argumentative, prolix, or irrelevant.

Of the Examination of the Parties.

Oral examination of party &c.

125. At the first hearing of the suit, and if necessary at any subsequent hearing, any party who appears in person or is present in Court, or the pleader of any party who appears by a pleader, or if the pleader be accompanied by another person able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, then such other person, may be examined orally by the Court. Such examination shall (unless the pleader be the person examined) be upon oath or affirmation or otherwise according to the provisions of the law for the time being in force in relation to the examination of witnesses. The substance of the examination shall be reduced to writing and form part of the record.

Oath.

Substance of the examination to be written.

Consequence of refusal of a party to answer.

126. If any party who appears in person or is present in Court shall without lawful excuse refuse to answer any material question relating to the suit which the Court may think proper to put to such party, the Court may pass judgment against him, or make such other order in relation to the suit as it may deem proper in the circumstances of the case.

Consequence of refusal or inability of pleader to answer.

127. If the pleader of any party who shall appear by a pleader shall refuse or be unable to answer any material question relating to the suit which the Court is of opinion that the party whom he represents ought to answer, and is likely to be able to answer, if interrogated in person, the Court may postpone the hearing of the suit to a future day and direct that such party shall attend in person on such day; and if the party so directed to attend shall without lawful excuse fail to appear in person on the day to be so appointed, the Court may pass judgment against him, or make such other order in relation to the suit as it may deem proper in the circumstances of the case.

Of the Production of Documents.

Documentary evidence to be produced at first hearing.

128. The parties or their pleaders shall bring with them, and have in readiness at the first hearing of the suit to be produced when called upon by the Court, all their documentary evidence of every description which may not already have been filed in Court, and all documents, writings, or other things which may have been specified in any notice which may have been served on them respectively within a reasonable time before the hearing of the suit; and no documentary evidence of any kind, which the parties or any of them may desire to produce, shall be received by the Court at any subsequent stage of the proceedings, unless good cause be shown to its satisfaction for the non-production thereof at the first hearing.

Exhibits to be received and inspected by the Court.

Rejection of exhibits.

129. All exhibits produced by the parties shall be received and inspected by the Court; but it shall be competent to the Court, after inspection, to reject any exhibit which it may consider irrelevant or otherwise inadmissible recording the grounds of such rejection.

Documents insufficiently stamped may be received on payment of deficient duty and penalty.

130. If the exhibit be a deed, instrument, or writing, chargeable with stamp duty under any Regulation or Act for the time being in force and it shall appear to the Court that the deed, instrument, or writing, although written on stamp paper, does not bear a sufficient stamp, the Court shall nevertheless receive the same in evidence, saving all just exceptions on other grounds, if the party producing it or requiring its production shall pay into Court the deficiency of the stamp duty and a penalty equal to ten times the amount of the deficiency. Provided that, if it shall appear to the Court that there are reasonable grounds for believing that the deed, instrument, or writing was not properly stamped with the intention of evading the stamp laws, the Court may reject the same.

Proviso.

Account of monies so received to be kept.

131. An entry of the fact of such payment and of the amount thereof shall be made in a book to be kept in the Court, and shall also be endorsed on the back of such deed, instrument, or writing under the signature of the Judge of the Court. The Court shall at the end of every month make a return to the Collector of Revenue of the District of the monies (if any) which it has so received by way of duty or penalty, distinguishing between such monies, and stating the number and title of the suit, and the name of the party from whom such monies were received, and the date (if any) and description of the document, for the purpose of identifying the same; and the Court shall pay over the said monies to the Collector of Revenue, or to such person as he may appoint to receive the same; and the Collector of Revenue or other proper authority shall, upon production of the deed, instrument, or writing, with the endorsement hereinbefore mentioned, cause such additional stamp as may be necessary to be affixed to such deed, instrument, or writing in respect of the sums so paid as aforesaid.

Monthly return to be made to Collector.

Admitted exhibits to be marked and filed.

132. When an exhibit is received by the Court and admitted in evidence, it shall be endorsed with the number and title of the suit, the name of the party producing it, and the date on which it was produced, and shall be filed as part of the record. Provided that, if the exhibit be an entry in any shop book or other book, the party on whose behalf such book is produced shall furnish a copy of the entry, which copy shall be endorsed as aforesaid, and shall be filed as part of the record, and the book shall be returned to the party producing it.

Proviso.

No stamp duty in respect of the production or filing of exhibits.

133. No stamp duty shall be leviable in respect of the production or filing of any exhibit, anything contained in any Regulation or Act notwithstanding.

Rejected exhibits to be marked and returned.

134. When an exhibit is rejected by the Court, it shall be endorsed in the manner specified in Section 132 with the addition of the word "rejected," and the endorsement shall be subscribed by the Judge. The exhibit shall then be returned to the party who

produced it, unless the Court shall think proper, for special reasons (as on suspicion of forgery), to detain it.

Unless detained by the Court.

135. When the time for preferring an appeal from the decision passed in the suit has elapsed, or if an appeal has been preferred from such decision, then after the appeal has been finally disposed of, any person, whether a party to the suit or not, who may be desirous of receiving back any exhibit produced by him in the suit, shall be entitled, on application to the Court in which such exhibit may be, to receive back the same unless the further use of such exhibit has been superseded by the terms of the decree, or the Court has directed it to be detained for purposes of public justice.

After the time for appeal has elapsed, exhibit admitted in evidence may be returned.

136. Any exhibit may be returned before the time mentioned in the last preceding Section, if the Court in which the document may be shall think proper, for special reasons, to order its return. But in every case a copy, properly certified, and made at the expense of the applicant, shall be substituted for the original in the record of the suit.

Exhibit may be returned before the time limited for special reasons.

Certified copy to be kept.

137. Whenever an exhibit once received by a Court of Justice and admitted in evidence is returned, a receipt shall be given by the party receiving it in a receipt-book kept for the purpose.

Receipt to be given for returned exhibit.

138. Any Civil Court may of its own accord, or upon the application of any of the parties to a suit, send for, either from its own record or from any other public Office or Court, the record of any other suit or case, or any other official papers (not being documents relating to affairs of State the production of which would be contrary to good policy) and inspect the same, when the inspection of such record or papers shall appear likely to elucidate the facts of the suit before the Court, and to promote the ends of justice.

Court may send for papers from its own records or from other public Offices or Courts.

Except State papers.

Of the Settlement of Issues.

139. At the first hearing of the suit the Court shall enquire and ascertain upon what questions of law or fact the parties are at issue, and shall thereupon proceed to frame and record the issues of law and fact on which the right decision of the case may depend. The Court may frame the issues from the allegations of fact which it collects from the oral examination of the parties or their pleaders, notwithstanding any difference between such allegations of fact and the allegations of fact contained in the written statements, if any, tendered by the parties or their pleaders.

Framing of issues.

140. If the Court shall be of opinion that the issues cannot be correctly framed without the examination of some person other than the persons already before the Court or without the reading of some document not produced by any of such persons, it may adjourn the framing of the issues to a future day, to be fixed by the Court, and may compel the attendance of such person, or the production of the document by the person in whose hands it may be, by summons or other suitable process.

Court may examine witnesses or documents before framing the issues.

141. At any time before the decision of the case, the Court may amend the issues or frame additional issues on such terms as to it shall seem fit, and all such amendments as may be necessary for the purpose of determining the real question or controversy between the parties shall be so made.

Amendment of issues.

Additional issues.

Of Issues by Agreement of Parties.

142. When the parties to a suit are agreed as to the question or questions of fact or of law to be decided between them, they may state the same in the form of an issue, and enter into an agreement in writing, which shall not be subject to any stamp duty, that upon the finding of the Court in the affirmative or the negative of such issue, a sum of money specified in the agreement, or to be ascertained by the Court upon a question inserted in the issue for that purpose, shall be paid by one of the parties to the other of them, or that upon such finding some property specified in the agreement, and in dispute in the suit, shall be delivered by one of the parties to the other of them, or that upon such finding one or more of the parties shall do or perform some particular legal act, or shall refrain from doing or performing some particular act, specified in the agreement, and having reference to the matter in dispute.

Questions of fact or law may by agreement be stated by the parties in the form of an issue.

143. If the Court shall be satisfied, after an examination of the parties or their pleaders, and taking such evidence as it may deem proper, that the agreement was duly executed by the parties, and that the parties have a *bonâ fide* interest in the decision of such question, and that the same is fit to be tried and decided, it may proceed to record and try the same, and deliver its finding or opinion thereon in the same manner as if the issue had been framed by the Court, and may, upon the finding or decision on such issue, give judgment for the sum so agreed on or so ascertained as aforesaid, or otherwise according to the terms of the agreement; and upon the judgment which shall be so given, decree shall follow and may be executed in the same way as if the judgment had been pronounced in a contested suit.

Court, if satisfied that the agreement was executed *bonâ fide*, may decree accordingly.

When the Suit may be disposed of at the First Hearing.

144. If at the first hearing of a suit it shall appear that the parties are not at issue on any question of law or fact, the Court may at once give judgment.

If the parties are not at issue on any question of law or fact.

145. When the parties are at issue on some question of law or fact, and issues have been framed by the Court as hereinbefore provided, if the Court shall be satisfied that no further argument or evidence than such as the parties or their pleaders can at once supply is required upon any such of the issues of law or fact as may

If the parties are at issue on questions of law or fact.

be sufficient for the decision of the suit, the Court, after hearing such argument and evidence, may proceed to determine such issue or issues, and if the finding thereon is sufficient for the decision, may pronounce judgment accordingly, whether the summons shall have been issued for the settlement of issues only or for the final disposal of the suit; otherwise the Court shall postpone the further hearing of the suit, and shall fix a day for the production of such further evidence or for such further argument as the case may require. Provided that if the summons shall have been issued for the final disposal of the suit and either party shall fail without sufficient cause to produce the evidence on which he relies, the Court may at once give judgment.

Court if satisfied may determine the issues and give judgment.

Proviso where summons is for final disposal.

Of Adjournments.

146. The Court may, if sufficient cause be shown, at any stage of the suit, grant time to the parties, or to either of them, and may from time to time adjourn the hearing of the suit; and in all such cases the Court shall fix a day for the further hearing of the suit. Provided that in all such cases the party applying for time shall pay the costs occasioned by such adjournment, unless the Court shall otherwise direct.

Court may grant time, or adjourn to a future day.

Proviso.

147. If, on any day to which the hearing of the suit may be adjourned, the parties or either of them shall not appear in person or by pleader, the Court may proceed to dispose of the suit in the manner specified in Section 110, Section 111, or Section 114 as the case may be, or may make such other order as may appear to be just and proper in the circumstances of the case.

How Court is to proceed if the parties fail to appear on the day fixed.

148. If either party to a suit to whom time may have been granted shall fail to produce his proofs, or to cause the attendance of his witnesses, or to perform any other act for which time may have been allowed, the Court shall proceed to a decision of the suit on the record, notwithstanding such default.

Court to proceed if either party fail to produce proofs or witnesses.

Of summoning Witnesses.

149. The parties or their pleaders may, at any time after the issue of the summons to the defendant, if the summons be for the final disposal of the suit, or after the issues have been recorded if the summons to the defendant be for the settlement of issues only, obtain, on application to the Court, summonses to witnesses or other persons to attend either to give evidence or to produce documents, and in any such summons the names of any number of persons may be inserted.

Application for summons.

150. No stamp duty shall be leviable in respect of any application for the summons of a witness or other person to attend either to give evidence or to produce a document, anything contained in any Regulation or Act notwithstanding.

No stamp duty on application for summons.

151. The person applying for a summons shall pay into Court such a sum of money as shall appear to the Court to be reasonable, to defray the travelling and other expenses of each witness, or other person mentioned in the summons, in passing to and from the Court in which he may be required to attend, and for one day's attendance. If the Court be a subordinate Court, regard shall be had, in fixing the scale of such expenses, to the rules (if any) established by the Court to which such Court shall be immediately subordinate. The sum so paid into Court shall be tendered to the witness or other person at the time of serving the summons, if it can be served personally. If it shall appear to the Court that the sum paid into Court on account of the travelling and other expenses of the witness or other person in passing to and from the Court is not sufficient to cover such expenses, the Court may direct such further sum to be paid to the witness or other person as may appear to be necessary on that account, and, in case of default in payment, may order such sum to be levied by attachment and sale of the goods of the person ordered to pay the same, or may discharge the witness without requiring him to give evidence. If it shall be necessary to detain the witness or other person summoned for a longer period than one day, the Court may from time to time order the party at whose instance he was summoned to pay into Court such sum as may be sufficient to defray the expenses of his detention for such further period, and, in default of such deposit being made, may order the witness to be discharged without requiring him to give evidence.

Expenses of witnesses to be paid before issue of summons.

Scale of expenses.

Tender of expenses to witness.

If sum be not sufficient.

Expenses if witness is detained.

152. Every summons for the attendance of a witness or other person shall specify the time and place at which he is required to attend, and also whether his attendance is required for the purpose of giving evidence or to produce a document, or for both purposes; and any particular document, which the witness or other person may be called on to produce shall be described in the summons with convenient certainty.

Time, place, and purpose of attendance to be specified in summons.

153. Any person whether a party to a suit or not may be summoned to produce a document, without being summoned to give evidence; and any person, summoned merely to produce a document, shall be deemed to have complied with the summons, if he cause such document to be produced instead of attending personally to produce the same.

Summons to produce a document.

Service of Summons on a Witness.

154. Every summons to a witness or other person shall be served by exhibiting the original, and delivering or tendering a copy; and the service shall in all cases be made a sufficient time before the time specified in the summons for the attendance of the witness or other person, to allow him a reasonable time for preparation, and for travelling to the place at which his attendance is required.

How and when the summons shall be served.

155. Whenever it may be practicable, the service of the summons shall be upon the person thereby required to attend; but when he cannot be found, the service may be made on any adult male member of his family residing with him.

Service to be on the witness, or a male member of his family.

156. When the person required to attend cannot be found, and there is no adult male member of his family on whom the summons can be served, the serving Officer shall return the summons to the Court from whence it issued, with an endorsement thereon that he has been unable to serve it.

When the summons cannot be served, it is to be returned to the Court.

157. The serving Officer shall, in all cases in which the summons has been served, endorse on the original summons the time when, and the manner in which it was served.

Time and manner of service to be endorsed on the summons.

158. If the person required to attend be resident within the jurisdiction of any other Court than that in which the suit is pending, the summons shall be transmitted by the Court in which the suit is pending, to any Court having jurisdiction at the place where the witness resides by which it can be most conveniently served; and the Court to which the summons is sent shall, upon receipt thereof, deliver the same to the Nazir or other proper Officer of such Court, to be served in the manner above directed; and upon the return of the summons by the serving Officer, it shall be transmitted to the Court from whence it originally issued.

How a summons on a witness who resides in another jurisdiction is to be served.

159. If the summons for the attendance of any person either to give evidence or to produce a document, cannot be served in either of the ways hereinbefore specified, the Court, on being certified thereof by the return of the serving Officer, and upon proof that the evidence of such witness or the production of the document is material, and that the witness or other person absconds or keeps out of the way for the purpose of avoiding the service of the summons, may cause a proclamation requiring the attendance of such person to give evidence, or produce the document, at a time and place to be named therein, to be affixed in some conspicuous place upon his house or place of abode; and if such person shall not attend at the time and place named in such proclamation, the Court may, at the instance of the party on whose application the summons was issued, make an order for the attachment of the moveable and immoveable property of such person, to such amount as the Court shall deem reasonable, not being in excess of the amount of the costs of attachment and of any fine to which the person may be liable under the provisions of the following Section.

When a witness absconds, his property may be attached.

160. If, on the attachment of the property, such witness or other person shall appear and satisfy the Court that he did not abscond or keep out of the way to avoid service of the summons, and that he had not notice of the proclamation in time to attend at the time and place named therein, the Court shall direct that the property be released from attachment, and shall make such order in regard to the costs of the attachment as it shall deem fit. If such witness or other person shall not appear, or appearing shall fail to satisfy the Court that he did not abscond or keep out of the way to avoid service of the summons, and that he had not such a notice of the proclamation as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Court to order the property attached, or any part thereof, to be sold for the purpose of satisfying all costs incurred in consequence of such attachment, together with the amount of any fine which the Court may impose upon such witness or other person under the provisions of any law for the time being in force for the punishment of a witness who may abscond or keep out of the way in order to avoid the service of a summons. If the witness or other person shall pay into Court the costs and fine as aforesaid, the Court shall order the property to be released from attachment.

How the Court is to proceed with the witness on his appearance.

Of the Examination of Parties as Witnesses.

161. When a party to a suit appears in person at any hearing of the suit, he may be examined as a witness, either in his own behalf or on behalf of any other party to the suit, in the same way as if he were not a party thereto.

A party to a suit appearing in person may be examined either in his own behalf or on behalf of any other party.

162. If any party to a suit shall require to enforce the attendance of any other party thereto as a witness, he shall, by himself or his pleader, make a special application to the Court for an order requiring the attendance of the party, and shall show to the satisfaction of the Court sufficient grounds in support of such application, otherwise a summons shall not be issued.

Special application to be made for the examination of a party as a witness.

163. The Court, if it think fit, may, before making such order, cause notice to be given to the party or his pleader, fixing a day for such party to show cause why he should not attend and give evidence; and may also, from time to time, if necessary, for good and sufficient reason, enlarge the time for such purpose.

The Court may first issue a notice to show cause.

164. In support of the cause shown, the Court shall receive any declaration in writing of the party, on unstamped paper, if signed by him and verified in the manner hereinbefore provided for the verification of plaints, and delivered into the Court by himself or his pleader.

Court shall receive a written declaration in support of the cause shown.

165. If no sufficient cause be shown on the day fixed, or upon any subsequent day to which the Court shall enlarge the time for that purpose, the Court shall issue its order requiring the party to attend and give evidence.

If no sufficient cause be shown, summons to issue.

166. If the Court shall think it necessary for the ends of justice to examine any party to the suit or to inspect any document in his possession or power, the Court may of its own accord in any stage of the suit cause such party to be summoned to attend as a witness to give evidence or to produce such document if in his possession or power on a day to be appointed in the summons, and may examine such party as a witness in open Court, or

Court may of its own accord at any time summon a witness.

may cause such party to be examined in such other manner as the Court may direct.

ATTENDANCE OF WITNESSES, AND CONSEQUENCE OF NON-ATTENDANCE.

Persons summoned to give evidence must attend.

167. Any person who shall be summoned to appear and give evidence in a suit shall be bound to attend at the time and place named in the summons for that purpose.

Consequences of non-attendance by a witness.

168. If any person, on whom any summons to give evidence or produce a document shall have been served in either of the ways specified in Section 155, shall, without lawful excuse, fail to comply with the summons, the Court may order such person to be apprehended and brought before the Court. If such person abscond or keep out of the way, so that he cannot be apprehended or brought before the Court, his property shall be liable to attachment and sale in the manner and subject to the rules provided in Sections 159 and 160 with respect to a witness or other person on whom the service of a summons cannot be effected.

Consequences of refusal to give evidence.

169. If any witness, attending or being present in Court, shall, without lawful excuse, refuse to give evidence, or to produce any document in his custody or possession named in such summons as aforesaid, upon being required by the Court so to do, the Court may commit such witness to close custody for such reasonable time as it may deem proper, unless he shall, in the meantime, consent to give his evidence, or to produce the document. If after the expiration of such time the witness shall persist in his refusal, the Court may proceed to deal with him according to the provisions of any law for the time being in force for the punishment of persons refusing to give evidence.

Consequence of non-attendance or refusal of a party to give evidence.

170. If any person, being a party to the suit, who shall be ordered to attend to give evidence or produce a document, shall, without lawful excuse, fail to comply with such order, or, attending or being present in Court, shall, without lawful excuse, refuse to give evidence, or to produce any document in his custody or possession named in such summons as aforesaid, upon being required by the Court so to do, the Court may either pass judgment against the party so failing or refusing, or make such other order in relation to the suit as the Court may deem proper in the circumstances of the case.

Any person present in Court may be called upon to give evidence though not summoned.

171. Any person present in Court, whether a party to the suit or not, may be called upon by the Court to give evidence and to produce any document then and there in his actual possession or in his power, in the same manner and subject to the same rules as if he had been summoned to attend and give evidence or to produce such document, and shall be liable to be dealt with by the Court as a party or witness, as the case may be, would, under any of the preceding provisions, be liable to be dealt with for any refusal to obey the order of the Court.

WHEN AND HOW WITNESSES ARE TO BE EXAMINED.

Witnesses to be examined at the hearing of the suit in open Court.

172. On the day appointed for the hearing of the suit or on some other day to which the hearing may be adjourned, the evidence of the witnesses in attendance shall be taken orally in open Court, in the presence and hearing, and under the personal direction and superintendence of the Judge. In cases in which an appeal lies to a higher tribunal, the evidence of each witness given upon such examination shall be taken down in writing, in the language in ordinary use in proceedings before the Court, by, or in the presence and under the personal direction and superintendence of the Judge, not ordinarily in the form of question and answer but in that of a narrative, and, when completed, shall be read over in the presence of the Judge and of the witness, and also in the presence of the parties to the suit or their pleaders, or such of them as are in attendance, and shall, if necessary, be corrected, and shall be signed by the Judge. If the evidence be taken down in a different language from that in which it has been given, and the witness does not understand the language in which it is taken down, the witness may require his deposition as taken down in writing to be interpreted to him in the language in which it was given. Where all the parties to the suit present, and the pleaders of such as are absent, consent to have such evidence as is given in English taken down in English, the Judge may so take it down in his own hand. It shall be in the discretion of the Court to take down, or cause to be taken down, any particular question and answer, if there shall appear any special reason for so doing, or any party or his pleader shall require it. If any question put to a witness be objected to by either of the parties or their pleaders, and the Court shall allow the same to be put, the question and answer shall be taken down, and the objection, and the name of the party making it, shall be noticed in taking down the depositions, together with the decision of the Court upon the objection. The Court shall record such remarks as it may think material respecting the demeanor of the witness while under examination. In cases in which the evidence is not taken down in writing by the Judge himself, he shall be bound, as the examination of each witness proceeds, to make a memorandum of the substance of what such witness deposes, and such memorandum shall be written and signed by the Judge with his own hand, and shall accompany the record. In cases in which an appeal does not lie to a higher tribunal, it shall not be necessary to take down the depositions of the witnesses in writing at length; but the Judge, as the examination of each witness proceeds, shall make a memorandum of the substance of what such witness deposes, and such memorandum shall be written and signed by the Judge with his own hand, and shall

In what form evidence shall be taken in appealable cases.

In what case deposition to be interpreted.

When evidence may be taken in English.

Objection made to questions.

Memorandum of substance of the evidence to be made by Judge as each witness is examined.

In what form evidence shall be taken in cases not appealable.

form part of the record. If the Judge shall be prevented from making a memorandum as above required, he shall record the reason of his inability to do so, and in cases not appealable shall cause such memorandum to be made in writing from his dictation in open Court, and shall sign the same, and such memorandum shall form part of the record.

If Judge be unable to make a memorandum of the evidence, reason of inability to be recorded.

173. If a witness be about to leave the jurisdiction of the Court, or other good and sufficient cause can be shown to the satisfaction of the Court why his examination should be taken immediately, it shall be competent to the Court, upon the application of either party or of the witness, at any time after the institution of the suit, to take the examination of such witness forthwith, or on any day that may be fixed for that purpose, of which due notice shall be given to the parties if the day be fixed in their absence. The witness shall be examined, and his deposition shall be taken down in writing, in the manner hereinbefore prescribed; and the deposition so taken down may be read in evidence at any hearing of the suit.

A witness may for sufficient cause be examined immediately.

174. All witnesses shall be examined upon oath or affirmation or otherwise according to the provisions of the law for the time being in force in relation to the examination of witnesses.

Witness to be examined upon oath or affirmation, or according to the law for the time being in force.

Of Commissions to examine absent Witnesses and make Local Enquiries.

175. When the evidence of a witness is required who is resident at some place distant more than a hundred miles from the place where the Court is held, or who is unable from sickness or infirmity to attend before the Court to be personally examined, or is a person exempted by reason of rank or sex from personal appearance in Court; the Court may, of its own motion, or on the application of any of the parties to the suit, or on the representation of the witness, order a Commission to issue for the examination of such witness on interrogatories or otherwise; and may, by the same or any subsequent order, give all such directions for taking such examinations as may appear reasonable and just. If the witness be resident within the jurisdiction of the Court issuing the Commission, the Commission may be issued to any Officer of the Court, or to any subordinate Court, or to any other person or persons whom the Court issuing the Commission may think proper to appoint. If the witness be resident at some place which is beyond the jurisdiction of the Court issuing the Commission, and not within the local jurisdiction of Her Majesty's Supreme Court, but within the jurisdiction of the Sudder Court, the Commission shall ordinarily be issued to the Court within whose jurisdiction the witness may reside, and which can most conveniently execute the same; but, under special circumstances, the Commission may be issued to any other person or persons whom the Court issuing the Commission may think proper to appoint.

Cases in which Court may issue a Commission to examine witnesses.

When the witness resides within the Court's jurisdiction.

When the witness resides beyond the Court's jurisdiction, and not within the Supreme Court's jurisdiction, but within the jurisdiction of the Sudder Court.

176. If the witness be resident within the local jurisdiction of Her Majesty's Supreme Court, the Commission shall ordinarily be issued to the Court of Small Causes held under Act IX of 1850 *(for the more easy recovery of small debts and demands in Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay)*, but may, under special circumstances, be directed to any person or persons whom the Court issuing the Commission may think proper to appoint.

When the witness is within the local jurisdiction of the Supreme Court.

177. When the evidence of a witness is required, who is resident at some place not within the jurisdiction of the Sudder Court or of Her Majesty's Supreme Court, but within the British territories in India or within the territories of a Native Prince or State in alliance with the British Government, the Court, if it be satisfied that the evidence of such witness is necessary, may, of its own motion or on the representation of any of the parties to the suit, issue a Commission for the examination of the witness; provided that, if the suit be pending in any Court subordinate to the principal Civil Court of a District, such subordinate Court shall not issue the Commission, but the principal Civil Court of the District may issue the Commission on the application of the subordinate Court.

When the witness is not within the jurisdiction of the Sudder Court or the Supreme Court, but within the British territories or the territories of any Native Prince or State in alliance with the British Government.

178. When the evidence of a witness is required, who is resident at some place beyond the said territories and not within the territories of a Native Prince or State in alliance with the British Government, the Sudder Court, if the suit in which the evidence of the witness is required be pending in that Court and the Court be satisfied that such evidence is necessary, may, of its own motion or on the application of any of the parties to the suit, issue a Commission to examine the witness; if the suit be not pending in the Sudder Court, that Court may issue the Commission on the application of the Court in which the suit is pending. In all such cases, the Commission may be issued to any person or persons whom the Sudder Court may think proper to appoint.

When the witness is beyond the said territories and not within the territories of any Native Prince or State in alliance with the British Government.

179. After the Commission has been duly executed, it shall be returned, together with the depositions of the witness who may have been examined thereunder, to the Court out of which the Commission issued, unless otherwise directed by the order for issuing the Commission, in which case it shall be returned in terms of such order, and the Commission and the return thereto and the deposition of the witness who may have been examined under such Commission shall in all cases form part of the record of the suit. But no deposition taken under a Commission shall be read in evidence without the consent of the party against whom the same may be offered, unless it be proved that the deponent is beyond the jurisdiction of the

Commission to be returned with the depositions of the witnesses.

When depositions may be read in evidence.

Court, or dead, or unable from sickness or infirmity to attend to be personally examined, or distant, without collusion, more than a hundred miles from the place where the Court is held, or exempted by reason of rank or sex from personal appearance in Court, or unless the Court shall, at its discretion, dispense with the proof of any of the above circumstances, or shall authorize the deposition of any witness being read in evidence, notwithstanding proof that the causes for taking such deposition have ceased at the time of reading the same.

Commission for local investigations.

180. In any suit or other judicial proceeding in which the Court may deem a local investigation to be requisite or proper for the purpose of elucidating the matters in dispute, or of ascertaining the amount of any mesne profits or damages, the Court may issue a Commission to an Officer of the Court appointed to execute such Commissions, or, if there be no such Officer, to any suitable person, directing him to make such investigation and to report thereon to the Court. In all such cases, unless otherwise directed by the order of appointment, the Commissioner shall have power to examine any witnesses who may be produced to him by the parties or any of them, the parties themselves, and any other persons whom he may think proper to call upon to give evidence in the matters referred to him; and also to call for and examine documents and other papers relevant to the subject of enquiry; and persons not attending on the requisition of the Commissioner, or refusing to give their testimony or to produce any documents or other papers, shall be subject to the like disadvantages, penalties, and punishments, by order of the Court on the report of the Commissioner, as they would incur for the same offences in suits tried before the Court. The Commissioner, after such local inspection as he may deem necessary, and after reducing to writing, in the manner hereinbefore prescribed for taking the depositions of witnesses in the presence of the Judge, the depositions taken by him, shall return the depositions, together with his report in writing, subscribed with his name, to the Court. The report and depositions shall be taken as evidence in the suit and shall form part of the record; but it shall be competent to the Court, or to the parties to the suit or any of them, with the permission of the Court, to examine the Commissioner personally in open Court, touching any of the matters referred to him or mentioned in his report, or the manner in which he may have conducted the investigation.

The report and depositions to be taken as evidence in the suit, but the Commissioner may be examined in person.

A Commissioner may be appointed to investigate and adjust accounts.

181. In any suit or other judicial proceeding in which an investigation or adjustment of accounts may be necessary, it shall be lawful for the Court to appoint such Officer or other person as aforesaid to be a Commissioner for the purpose of making such investigation or adjustment, and to direct that the parties or their attorneys or pleaders shall attend upon the Commissioner during such investigation or adjustment. In all such cases, the Court shall furnish the Commissioner with such part of the proceedings and such detailed instructions as may appear necessary for his information and guidance and the instructions shall distinctly specify whether the Commissioner is merely to transmit the proceedings which he may hold on the enquiry or also to report his own opinion on the point referred for his investigation. The proceedings of the Commissioner shall be received in evidence in the case, unless the Court may have reason to be dissatisfied with them; in which case the Court shall make such further enquiry as may be requisite, and shall pass such ultimate judgment or order as may appear to it to be right and proper in the circumstances of the case.

In cases of local investigation or investigation into accounts, expenses of Commission to be paid into Court, before issue thereof.

182. Whenever a Commission is issued either for taking evidence or for a local investigation or an investigation into accounts, the Court, before issuing the Commission, may order such sum as may be thought reasonable for the expenses of the Commission to be paid into Court by the party at whose instance or for whose benefit the Commission is issued.

Of Judgment and Decree.

When judgment is to be pronounced.

183. When the exhibits have been perused, the witnesses examined, and the parties heard in person or by their respective pleaders, the Court shall pronounce its judgment. The judgment shall be pronounced in open Court either immediately or on some future day of which due notice shall be given to the parties or their pleaders.

Judgment to be written in the vernacular language of the Judge.

Proviso.

184. The judgment shall be written in the vernacular language of the Judge. Provided that if the vernacular language of the Judge be not English and the Judge be sufficiently conversant with the English language to be able to write a clear and intelligible decision in that language, and prefer to write his judgment in it, the judgment may be written in English.

Judgment what to contain.

185. The judgment shall contain the point or points for determination, the decision thereupon, and the reasons for the decision, and shall be dated and signed by the Judge in open Court at the time of pronouncing it. Whenever the judgment is written in any other language than that which is in ordinary use in the Court, the judgment shall be translated into the language in ordinary use in the Court, and the translation shall also be signed by the Judge.

Judgment to be translated.

Court to state its decision on each issue.

Proviso.

186. In all suits in which issues have been framed, the Court shall state its finding or decision on each separate issue, unless the finding upon any one or more of the issues be sufficient for the decision of the suit.

Judgment to direct by whom costs are to be paid.

187. The judgment shall in all cases direct by whom the costs of each party are to be paid, whether by himself or by another party, and whether in whole or in what part or proportion; and the Court shall have full power to award and apportion costs in any manner it may deem proper.

What is included under the denomination of costs.

188. Under the denomination of costs are included the whole of the expenses necessarily incurred by either party on account of the suit, and in enforcing the decree passed therein, such as the expense of stamps, of summoning the defendants and witnesses, and of other processes, or of procuring copies of documents, fees of pleaders, charges of witnesses, and expenses of Commissioners either in taking evidence or in local investigations or in investigations into accounts.

Decree.

189. The decree shall bear date the day on which the judgment was passed. It shall contain the number of the suit, the names and descriptions of the parties, and particulars of the claim, as stated in the Register of the suit, and shall specify clearly the relief granted or other determination of the suit. It shall also state the amount of costs incurred in the suit and by what parties and in what proportions they are to be paid, and shall be signed by the Judge and sealed with the seal of the Court.

Decree for the recovery of a portion of immoveable property.

190. When the suit is for land or other immoveable property with specified boundaries, if the decree be for the recovery of a portion only of such property, it shall specify the boundaries of the land or property adjudged.

Decree for the delivery of moveable property.

191. When the suit is for moveable property, if the decree be for the delivery of such property, it shall also state the amount of money to be paid as an alternative if delivery cannot be had.

Decree for damages for breach of contract.

192. When the suit is for damages for breach of contract, if it appear that the defendant is able to perform the contract, the Court with the consent of the plaintiff may decree the specific performance of the contract within a time to be fixed by the Court, and in such case shall award an amount of damages to be paid as an alternative if the contract is not performed.

In suits for money, decree may order certain interest to be paid on the principal sum adjudged.

193. When the suit is for a sum of money due to the plaintiff, the Court may in the decree order interest to be paid on the principal sum adjudged from the date of suit to the date of payment at such rate as the Court may think proper.

Payment by instalments.

194. In all decrees for the payment of money, the Court may for any sufficient reason order that the amount shall be paid by instalments with or without interest.

If set-off be allowed.

195. If the defendant shall have been allowed to set-off any demand against the claim of the plaintiff, the decree shall state what amount is due to the plaintiff and what amount (if any) is due to the defendant, and shall be for the recovery of any sum which shall appear to be due to either party. The decree

Effect of decree.

of the Court with respect to any sum awarded to the defendant shall have the same effect and be subject to the same rules as if such sum had been claimed by the defendant in a separate suit against the plaintiff.

When the suit is for land, the Court may provide in the decree for payment of mesne profits with interest.

196. When the suit is for land or other property paying rent, the Court may provide in the decree for the payment of mesne profits or rent on such land or other property from the date of the suit until the date of delivery of possession to the decree-holder with interest thereupon at such rate as the Court may think proper.

Court may determine amount of mesne profits prior to passing decree or may reserve enquiry.

197. When the suit is for land and for mesne profits which have accrued thereon during a period prior to the date of suit, and the amount of such profits is disputed, the Court may either determine the amount prior to passing a decree for the land, or may pass a decree for the land and reserve the enquiry into the amount of mesne profits for the execution of the decree according as may appear most convenient.

Certified copies of the decree and judgment to be furnished.

198. Certified copies of the decree and judgment shall be furnished to the parties or their pleaders on application to the Court, and on the production of the necessary stamps where stamps are required by any law for the time being in force. The application may be made either orally or by writing on unstamped paper.

CHAPTER IV.

Execution of Decrees.

Decree for immoveable property.

199. If the decree be for land or other immoveable property, the same shall be delivered over to the party to whom it shall have been adjudged.

Decree for moveable property, performance of contract, or alternative.

200. If the decree be for any specific moveable, or for the specific performance of any contract, or for the performance of any other particular act, it shall be enforced by the seizure, if practicable, of the specific moveable and the delivery thereof to the party to whom it shall have been adjudged, or by imprisonment of the party against whom the decree is made, or by attaching his property and keeping the same under attachment until further order of the Court, or by both imprisonment and attachment if necessary; or if alternative damages be awarded, by levying such damages in the mode hereinafter provided for the execution of a decree for money.

Decree for money.

201. If the decree be for money, it shall be enforced by the imprisonment of the party against whom the decree is made, or by the attachment and sale of his property, or by both if necessary; and if such party be other than a defendant, the decree may be enforced against him in the same manner as a decree may be enforced under the provisions of this Chapter against a defendant. When the decree is against Government or against any Officer acting on behalf of Government, if the Officer whose duty it is to satisfy the decree neglect or refuse to satisfy the same, the Court shall report the case through the Sudder

Court for the orders of Government, and execution shall not issue on the decree unless the same shall remain unsatisfied for the space of three months from the date of such report.

Decrees for execution of conveyances, or endorsement of negotiable instruments.

202. If the decree be for the execution of a conveyance or for the endorsement of a negotiable instrument, and the party ordered to execute or endorse such conveyance or negotiable instrument shall neglect or refuse so to do, any party interested in having the same executed or endorsed may prepare a conveyance or endorsement of the instrument in accordance with the terms of the decree, and tender the same to the Court, for execution upon the proper stamp (if any is required by law), and the signature thereof by the Judge shall have the same effect as the execution or endorsement thereof by the party ordered to execute.

Decree against representatives of deceased persons.

203. If the decree be against a party as the representative of a deceased person, and such decree be for money to be paid out of the property of the deceased person, it may be executed by the attachment and sale of any such property, or, if no such property can be found and the defendant fail to satisfy the Court that he has duly applied such property of the deceased as shall be proved to have come into his possession, the decree may be executed against the defendant to the extent of the property not duly applied by him, in the same manner as if the decree had been against the defendant personally.

Decree against sureties.

204. Whenever a person has become liable as security for the performance of a decree or of any part thereof, the decree may be executed against such person to the extent to which he has rendered himself liable, in the same manner as a decree may be enforced against a defendant.

What property liable to attachment and sale in execution of a decree.

205. The following property is liable to attachment and sale in execution of a decree, namely, lands, houses, goods, money, bank-notes, cheques, bills of exchange, promissory notes, Government securities, bonds, or other securities for money, debts, shares in the capital or joint-stock of any Railway, Banking, or other Public Company or Corporation, and all other property whatsoever, moveable or immoveable, belonging to the defendant, and whether the same be held in his own name or by another person in trust for him, or on his behalf.

Payment of monies under decrees &c.

206. All monies payable under a decree shall be paid into the Court, whose duty it is to execute the decree, unless such Court or the Court which passed the decree shall otherwise direct.

Adjustment of decree to be made through the Court.

No adjustment of a decree in part or in whole shall be recognized by the Court unless such adjustment be made through the Court or be certified to the Court by the person in whose favor the decree has been made or to whom it has been transferred.

Application for Execution.

Application for execution how to be made.

207. When any party in whose favor a decree has been made is desirous of enforcing the same, he shall apply to the Court whose duty it is to execute the decree either in person or through his pleader in the suit or some other pleader duly appointed to act for him in that behalf. If there be two or more decree-holders, one or more of them may make the application, if the Court shall see sufficient cause for allowing him or them to make such application; and the Court shall in such case pass such order as it may deem necessary for protecting the interests of the other decree-holders.

Application by whom to be made, if decree be transferred from original decree-holder to another person.

208. If a decree shall be transferred by assignment or by operation of law from the original decree-holder to any other person, application for the execution of the decree may be made by the person to whom it shall have been so transferred or his pleader; and if the Court shall think proper to grant such application, the decree may be executed in the same manner as if the application were made by the original decree-holder.

Cross-decrees.

209. If there be cross-decrees between the same parties for the payment of money, execution shall be taken out by that party only who shall have obtained a decree for the larger sum, and for so much only as shall remain after deducting the smaller sum, and satisfaction for the smaller sum shall be entered on the decree for the larger sum as well as satisfaction on the decree for the smaller sum, and if both sums shall be equal, satisfaction shall be entered upon both decrees.

The above rules shall apply to decrees sent to a Court for execution as well as to decrees in the same Court.

Whenever a suit shall be pending in any Court against the holder of a decree of such Court, by the person or persons against whom the decree was passed, the Court may, if it appear just and reasonable to do so, stay execution on the decree either absolutely or on such terms as it may think just, until a decree shall be passed in the pending suit.

If the person against whom a decree is made shall die before execution, application may be made against his legal representative or estate.

210. If any person against whom a decree has been made shall die before execution has been fully had thereon, application for execution thereof may be made against the legal representative or the estate of the person so dying as aforesaid; and if the Court shall think proper to grant such application, the decree may be executed accordingly.

Decree how to be executed against legal representative.

211. If the decree be ordered to be executed against the legal representative it shall be executed in the manner provided in Section 203 for the execution of a decree for money to be paid out of the property of a deceased person.

Form of application for execution of a decree.

212. The application for execution of a decree shall be in writing, and shall contain in a tabular form the following particulars, namely, the number of the suit, the names of the parties, the date of the decree, whether any appeal has been preferred from the decree, and whether any and what adjustment of the matter in dispute has been made between the parties subsequently to the decree; the amount of the debt or damages due upon it, or other relief

granted by the decree; the amount of costs, if any were awarded; the name of the person against whom the enforcement of the decree is sought; and the mode in which the assistance of the Court is required, whether by the delivery of property specifically decreed, the arrest and imprisonment of the person named, or attachment of his property, or otherwise as the case may be.

Further particulars when the application is for an attachment of immoveable property.

213. When the application is for an attachment of any land or other immoveable property belonging to the defendant, it shall be accompanied with an inventory or list of such property, containing such a description of the property as may be sufficient to identify it, together with a specification of the defendant's share or interest therein, to the best of the applicant's belief and so far as he has been able to ascertain the same. And where the property is an estate paying revenue to Government or any portion of such estate, the application for an attachment shall be accompanied with an authenticated extract from the Register of the Collector's Office, specifying the revenue of such estate, and the names and (where registered) the shares of the registered proprietors.

The application for an attachment of moveable property may be general, or may be accompanied with an inventory of the property to be attached.

214. Where the application is for an attachment of the defendant's moveable property or any part thereof, it may be accompanied with an inventory or list of the property to be attached, containing a reasonably accurate description thereof; or the applicant may apply for a general attachment of the defendant's moveable property wheresoever the same can be found, to the amount of the judgment and costs.

Procedure on receiving the application.

215. The Court, on receiving any application for execution of a decree, containing the particulars above mentioned, or such of them as may be applicable to the case, shall cause the same to be compared with the original decree contained in the record of the suit, and if they shall be found to correspond therewith, shall enter a note of the application, and the date on which it was made in the Register of the suit. If the particulars shall not be found to correspond with the original decree, the Court shall either return the application for correction to the person making it, or shall, with the consent of such person, cause the necessary correction to be made. If the application be admitted, the Court shall order execution of the decree according to the nature of the application.

Measures required in certain cases preliminary to the issue of the Warrant.

In certain special cases, notice to show cause why the decree should not be executed shall be issued.

216. If an interval of more than one year shall have elapsed between the date of the decree and the application for its execution, or if the enforcement of the decree be applied for against the heir or representative of an original party to the suit, the Court shall issue a notice to the party against whom execution may be applied for requiring him to show cause, within a limited period to be fixed by the Court, why the decree should not be executed against him. Provided that no such notice shall be necessary in consequence of an interval of more than one year having elapsed between the date of the decree and the application for execution, if the application be made within one year from the date of the last order passed on any previous application for execution; and provided further that no such notice shall be necessary in consequence of the application being against an heir or representative, if upon a previous application for execution against the same person, the Court shall have ordered execution to issue against him.

Proviso.

Procedure after issue of notice.

217. When such notice is issued, if the party shall not attend in person or by a pleader, or shall not show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of the Court why the decree should not be forthwith executed, the Court shall order it to be executed accordingly. If the party shall attend in person or by a pleader, and shall offer any objection to the enforcement of the decree, the Court shall pass such order as in the circumstances of the case may appear to be just and proper.

Application for a general attachment of moveable property.

218. Where the application is for a general attachment of the moveable property of the defendant, it shall be competent to the Court, if it shall think proper, before issuing an order for such attachment, to require the applicant to give security to the satisfaction of the Court, in such sum as may be considered adequate, for any injury that may be occasioned by the attachment of property belonging to any other person than the defendant.

Before granting order, Court may make certain enquiries as to the property to be attached.

219. Before granting the order for a general attachment or at the instance of the plaintiff at any time after judgment and before complete execution of the decree, the Court may summon the person against whom the application is made and examine him as to the property liable to be seized in satisfaction of the judgment. The Court may also, of its own motion or at the instance of any person interested in the enquiry, summon any other person whom it may think necessary and examine him in respect to such property, and may require the person summoned to produce all deeds and documents in his possession or power relating to such property.

Rules applicable to the summoning and examination of parties and witnesses after judgment.

220. In all cases in which a summons may be issued for the attendance of a party to a suit or any other person at any time after judgment, the rules applicable to the summoning and examination of parties and witnesses after issues recorded, shall apply to the party or witnesses so summoned.

Issue of the Warrant.

Warrant when to issue.

221. When all necessary preliminary measures have been taken, where any such are required, the Court, unless it see cause to the contrary, shall issue the proper warrants for the execution of the decree.

Latest day of execution to be written in warrant, and time and manner of execution to be endorsed.

222. Every warrant for the execution of a decree shall bear the date of the day on which it is issued, and shall be signed by the Judge and sealed with the seal of the Court, and delivered to the Nazir or other proper Officer

of the Court. A day shall be specified in the warrant on or before which it must be executed, and the Nazir or other proper Officer shall endorse upon the warrant the day and the manner in which it was executed, or if it was not executed the reason why it was not executed, and shall return it with such endorsement to the Court from which it issued.

Of the execution of Decrees for Immoveable Property.

How immoveable property is to be delivered when in the occupancy of a defendant or of some person under him.

223. If the decree be for a house, land, or other immoveable property in the occupancy of a defendant or some person on his behalf, or of some person claiming under a title created by the defendant subsequently to the institution of the suit, the Court shall order delivery thereof to be made by putting the party to whom the house, land, or other immoveable property may have been adjudged, or any person whom he may appoint to receive delivery on his behalf, in possession thereof, and if need be, by removing any person who may refuse to vacate the same.

How it is to be delivered when in the occupancy of ryot.

224. If the decree be for land or other immoveable property in the occupancy of ryots or other persons entitled to occupy the same, the Court shall order delivery thereof to be made by affixing a copy of the warrant in some conspicuous place on the land or other immoveable property, and proclaiming to the occupants of the property by beat of drum, or in such other mode as may be customary, at some convenient place or places, the substance of the decree in regard to the property.

Division of estate or separation of share how to be made.

225. If the decree be for the division of an estate or for the separate possession of a share of an undivided estate paying revenue to Government, the division of the estate or the separation of the share shall be made by the Collector under the orders of the Court according to the rules in force for the partition of an estate paying revenue to Government.

Obstruction to execution of decree for immoveable property.

226. If in the execution of a decree for land or other immoveable property, the Officer executing the same shall be resisted or obstructed by any person, the person in whose favor such decree was made may apply to the Court at any time within one month from the time of such resistance or obstruction. The Court shall fix a day for investigating the complaint and shall summon the party against whom the complaint is made to answer the same.

Obstruction by defendant.

227. If it shall appear to the satisfaction of the Court that the obstruction or resistance was occasioned by the defendant or by some person at his instigation on the ground that the land or other immoveable property is not included in the decree, or on any other ground, the Court shall enquire into the matter of the complaint and pass such order as may be proper under the circumstances of the case.

How defendant may be dealt with, if he persists in obstructing the complainant.

228. If the Court shall be satisfied, after such investigation of the facts of the case as it may deem proper, that the resistance or obstruction complained of was without any just cause and that the complainant is still resisted or obstructed in obtaining effectual possession of the property adjudged to him by the decree, by the defendant or some person at his instigation, the Court may, at the instance of the plaintiff and without prejudice to any proceedings to which such defendant or other person may be liable under any law for the time being in force for the punishment of such resistance or obstruction, commit the defendant or such other person to close custody for such period not exceeding thirty days as may be necessary to prevent the continuance of such obstruction or resistance.

Obstruction by a *bonâ fide* claimant other than the defendant.

229. If it shall appear to the satisfaction of the Court that the resistance or obstruction to the execution of the decree has been occasioned by any person, other than the defendant, claiming *bonâ fide* to be in possession of the property on his own account or on account of some other person than the defendant, the claim shall be numbered and registered as a suit between the decree-holder as plaintiff and the claimant as defendant, and the Court shall, without prejudice to any proceedings to which the claimant may be liable under any law for the time being in force for the punishment of such resistance or obstruction, proceed to investigate the claim in the same manner and with the like power as if a suit for the property had been instituted by the decree-holder against the claimant under the provisions of this Act, and shall pass such order for staying execution of the decree, or executing the same, as it may deem proper in the circumstances of the case.

Procedure in certain cases if person dispossessed of immoveable property dispute the right of decree-holder to be put into possession of such property.

230. If any person other than the defendant shall be dispossessed of any land or other immoveable property in execution of a decree and such person shall dispute the right of the decree-holder to dispossess him of such property under the decree on the ground that the property was *bonâ fide* in his possession on his own account or on account of some other person than the defendant, and that it was not included in the decree, or, if included in the decree, that he was not a party to the suit in which the decree was passed he may apply to the Court within one month from the date of such dispossession; and if, after examining the applicant, it shall appear to the Court that there is probable cause for making the application, the application shall be numbered and registered as a suit between the applicant as plaintiff, and the decree-holder as defendant, and the Court shall proceed to investigate the matter in dispute in the same manner and with the like powers as if a suit for the property had been instituted by the applicant against the decree-holder.

Appeal from decision under the last two Sections.

231. The decision passed by the Court under either of the last two Sections shall be of the same force as a decree in an ordinary suit, and shall be subject to appeal

under the rules applicable to appeals from decrees; and no fresh suit shall be entertained in any Court between the same party or parties claiming under them in respect of the same cause of action.

Of the Execution of Decrees for Money by Attachment of Property.

Attachment of property in execution of decree for money, to be as follows.

232. If the decree be for money, and the amount thereof is to be levied from the property of the person against whom the same may have been pronounced, the Court shall cause the property to be attached in the manner following.

Attachment of moveable property in possession of defendant, by seizure.

233. Where the property shall consist of goods, chattels, or other moveable property in the possession of the defendant, the attachment shall be made by actual seizure, and the Nazir or other Officer shall keep the same in his own custody, or in the custody of his subordinates, and shall be responsible for the due custody thereof.

Attachment by prohibitory order of moveable property, to which defendant is entitled subject to a lien.

234. Where the property shall consist of goods, chattels, or other moveable property to which the defendant is entitled subject to a lien or right of some other person to the immediate possession thereof, the attachment shall be made by a written order prohibiting the person in possession from giving over the property to the defendant.

Attachment of immoveable property by prohibitory order.

235. Where the property shall consist of lands, houses, or other immoveable property, the attachment shall be made by a written order prohibiting the defendant from alienating the property by sale, gift, or in any other way, and all persons from receiving the same by purchase, gift, or otherwise.

Attachment of debts not being negotiable instruments, and of shares in public Companies &c., by prohibitory order.

236. Where the property shall consist of debts not being negotiable instruments, or of shares in any Railway, Banking, or other public Company or Corporation, the attachment shall be made by a written order prohibiting the creditor from receiving the debts, and the debtor from making payment thereof to any person whomsoever, until the further order of the Court, or prohibiting the person in whose name the shares may be standing from making any transfer of the shares or receiving payment of any dividends thereof, and the Manager, Secretary, or other proper Officer of the Company or Corporation from permitting any such transfer or making any such payment until such further order.

Attachment of money or securities in deposit in a Court of Justice or with a Government Officer, by notice.

237. Where the property shall consist of money, or of any security, in deposit in any Court of Justice or in the hands of any Officer of Government, which is or may become payable to the defendant or on his behalf, the attachment shall be made by a notice to such Court or Officer requesting that the money or security may be held subject to the further order of the Court by which the notice may be issued. Provided that, if such money or security is in deposit in any Court of Justice, any question of title or priority which may arise between the decree-holder and any other person, not being the defendant, claiming to be interested in such money or security by virtue of any assignment, attachment, or otherwise, shall be determined by the Court in which such money or security is in deposit.

Proviso.

Attachment of negotiable instruments by seizure.

238. Where the property shall consist of a negotiable instrument, the attachment shall be made by actual seizure, and the Nazir or other Officer shall bring the same into Court, and such instrument shall be held subject to the further orders of the Court.

When the attachment is by prohibitory order, how the order is to be made known.

239. In the case of goods, chattels, or other moveable property not in the possession of the defendant, the written order shall be fixed up in some conspicuous part of the Court-house, and a copy of the order shall be delivered or sent registered by post to the person in possession of the property. In the case of lands, houses, or other immoveable property, the written order shall be read aloud at some place on or adjacent to such lands, houses, or other property, and shall be fixed up in some conspicuous part of the Court-house; and when the property is land or any interest in land, the written order shall also be fixed up in the Office of the Collector of the Zillah in which the land may be situated. In the case of debts, the written order shall be fixed up in some conspicuous part of the Court-house, and copies of the written order shall be delivered or sent registered by post to each individual debtor. And in the case of shares in the capital or joint-stock of any Railway, Banking, or other public Company or Corporation, the written order shall in like manner be fixed up in some conspicuous part of the Court-house, and a copy of the order shall be delivered or sent registered by post to the Manager, Secretary, or other proper Officer of the Company or Corporation.

Any private alienation of property after attachment to be null and void.

240. After any attachment shall have been made by actual seizure, or by written order as aforesaid, and in the case of an attachment by written order after it shall have been duly intimated and made known in manner aforesaid, any private alienation of the property attached, whether by sale, gift, or otherwise, and any payment of the debt or debts or dividends or shares to the defendant during the continuance of the attachment, shall be null and void.

Payment by a debtor who has been prohibited from making payment to his creditor.

241. In every case in which a debtor shall be prohibited from making payment of his debt to the creditor, he may pay the amount into Court and such payment shall have the same effect as payment to the party entitled to receive the debt.

The Court may direct money or bank-notes to be paid to the plaintiff;

242. In all cases of attachment under the preceding Sections, it shall be competent to the Court, at any time during the attachment, to direct that any part of the property so attached as shall con-

sist of money or bank-notes, or a sufficient part thereof, shall be paid over to the party applying for execution of the decree; or that any part of the property so attached as may not consist of money or bank-notes, so far as may be necessary for the satisfaction of the decree, shall be sold, and that the money which may be realized by such sale, or a sufficient part thereof, shall be paid to such party.

Sale of other attached property to be sold, and proceeds to be paid to him.

213. When the property attached shall consist of debts due to the party who may be answerable for the amount of the decree, or of any lands, houses, or other immoveable property, it shall be competent to the Court to appoint a manager of the said property, with power to sue for the debts, and to collect the rents or other receipts and profits of the land or other immoveable property, and to execute such deeds or instruments in writing as may be necessary for the purpose, and to pay and apply such rents, profits, or receipts towards the payment of the amount of the decree and costs; or when the property attached shall consist of land, if the judgment debtor can satisfy the Court that there is reasonable ground to believe that the amount of the judgment may be raised by the mortgage of the land, or by letting it on lease, or by disposing by private sale of a portion of the land or of any other property belonging to the judgment debtor, it shall be competent to the Court, on the application of the judgment debtor, to postpone the sale for such period as it may think proper to enable the judgment debtor to raise the amount. In any case in which a manager shall be appointed under this Section, such manager shall be bound to render due and proper accounts of his receipts and disbursements from time to time as the Court may direct.

Where the property attached consists of debts or immoveable property, a manager may be appointed.

Court may postpone sale of land if satisfied that amount of judgment may be raised by mortgage, &c.

Manager to render accounts.

244. When in any District, where land paying revenue to Government is ordinarily sold by the Collector, as provided in Section 248, the property attached shall consist of any such land, or of a share in any such land, if the Collector shall represent to the Court that the public sale of the land or share is objectionable, and that satisfaction of the decree may be made within a reasonable period by a temporary alienation of the land or share, the Court may authorize the Collector, on security for the amount of the decree or for the value of such land or share being given, to make provision for such satisfaction in the manner recommended by the Collector, instead of proceeding to a public sale of the land or share.

When Court may authorize Collectors to stay public sale of land.

On security being given.

245. If the amount decreed with costs and all charges and expenses which may be incurred by the attachment be paid into Court, or if satisfaction of the decree be otherwise made, an order shall be issued for the withdrawal of the attachment; and if the defendant shall desire it and shall deposit in Court a sum sufficient to cover the expense, the order shall be proclaimed or intimated in the same manner as hereinbefore prescribed for the proclamation or intimation of the attachment; and such steps shall be taken as may be necessary for staying further proceedings in execution of the decree.

Order for withdrawal of attachment after satisfaction of the decree.

Of Claims to Attached Property.

246. In the event of any claim being preferred to, or objection offered against the sale of lands or any other immoveable or moveable property which may have been attached in execution of a decree or under any order for attachment passed before judgment, as not liable to be sold in execution of a decree against the defendant, the Court shall, subject to the proviso contained in the next succeeding Section, proceed to investigate the same with the like powers as if the claimant had been originally made a defendant to the suit, and also with such powers as regards the summoning of the original defendant as are contained in Section 220. And if it shall appear to the satisfaction of the Court that the land or other immoveable or moveable property was not in the possession of the party against whom execution is sought, or of some other person in trust for him, or in the occupancy of ryots or cultivators or other persons paying rent to him at the time when the property was attached, or that, being in the possession of the party himself at such time, it was so in his possession not on his own account or as his own property, but on account of or in trust for some other person, the Court shall pass an order for releasing the said property from attachment. But if it shall appear to the satisfaction of the Court that the land or other immoveable or moveable property was in possession of the party against whom execution is sought, as his own property, and not on account of any other person, or was in the possession of some other person in trust for him, or in the occupancy of ryots or cultivators or other persons paying rent to him at the time when the property was attached, the Court shall disallow the claim. The order which may be passed by the Court under this Section shall not be subject to appeal, but the party against whom the order may be given shall be at liberty to bring a suit to establish his right at any time within one year from the date of the order.

How claims and objections to sale of attached property are to be investigated.

247. The claim or objection shall be made at the earliest opportunity to the Court which shall have ordered the attachment; and if the property to which the claim or objection applies, shall have been advertized for sale, the sale may (if it appears necessary) be postponed for the purpose of making the investigation mentioned in the last preceding Section. Provided that no such investigation shall be made if it appear that the making of the claim or objection was designedly and unnecessarily delayed, with a view to obstruct the ends of justice. The order disallowing the investigation shall not be subject to appeal, and the claimant shall be left to prosecute his claim by a regular suit.

Claims and objections should be preferred at the earliest opportunity.

Of Sales in execution of Decrees.

248. Sales in execution of decrees shall be conducted by an Officer of the Court or by any other person whom the Court may appoint,

Sales to be by public auction.

and shall in all cases be made by public auction in manner hereinafter mentioned. Provided that if the property to be sold shall consist of negotiable securities or of shares in any Railway, Banking, or other public Company or Corporation, it shall be competent to the Court, instead of directing the sale to be made by public auction, to authorize the sale of such securities or shares through a broker at the market-rate of the day. If the property to be sold shall be land paying revenue to Government and the Government shall so direct, the sale shall be conducted by the Collector on the requisition of the Court.

Exception as to negotiable securities and shares in public Companies.

Sale by Collector of lands paying revenue to Government.

249. In all cases of intended sale by public auction, whether of moveable or immoveable property, in execution of a decree, a proclamation of the intended sale, specifying the time and place of sale, the property to be sold, the revenue assessed upon the estate when the property to be sold is an estate or a part of an estate paying revenue to Government, and the amount for the recovery of which the sale is ordered, together with any other particulars that the Court may think necessary, shall be made in the current language of the District. The proclamation shall also declare that the sale extends only to the right, title, and interest of the defendant in the property specified therein. Such proclamation shall be made on the spot where the property is attached by beat of drum or in such other mode as may be customary; and a written notification to the same effect shall be affixed in the Court-house of the Judge who shall have ordered the sale, and in some conspicuous spot in the town or village in which the attachment may have taken place. When the property ordered to be sold may consist of land or of any right or interest in land, the written notification shall also be affixed in the Office of the Collector of the District in which such land is situate and in the Court-house of the principal Civil Court of the District where the Court which ordered the sale is subordinate to such Court. The sale shall not take place until after the expiration of at least thirty days in the case of immoveable property, and of at least fifteen days in the case of moveable property, calculated from the date on which the notification shall have been affixed in the Court-house of the Judge ordering the sale.

Notification of sales by public auction.

Time of sale.

250. The usual process for attachment and sale when the property to be attached consists of goods, chattels, or other personal estate other than debts, may be issued either successively or simultaneously as the Court directing the sale may in each instance think proper.

The process for attachment and sale may in certain cases be issued simultaneously.

251. In all cases of sale of moveable property, the price of every lot shall be paid for at the time of sale or as soon after as the Officer holding the sale shall direct, and in default of such payment the property shall forthwith be again put up and sold. On payment of the purchase money, the Officer holding the sale shall grant a receipt for the same, and the sale shall become absolute.

Mode of payment on sale of moveable property

252. No irregularity in the sale of moveable property under an execution, shall vitiate the sale; but any person who may sustain any injury by reason of such irregularity may recover damages by a suit in Court.

Irregularity not to vitiate sale of moveable property, but any person injured may recover damages by suit.

253. In all cases of sale of immoveable property, the party who is declared to be the purchaser shall be required to deposit immediately twenty-five per centum on the amount of his bid, and in default of such deposit the property shall forthwith be again put up and sold.

Deposit by purchaser in case of sale of immoveable property.

254. The full amount of purchase money shall be made good by the purchaser before sunset of the fifteenth day from that on which the sale of the property took place, or if the fifteenth day be a Sunday or other close holiday, then on the first office day after the fifteenth day; and in default of payment within such period, the deposit, after defraying the expenses of the sale, shall be forfeited to Government, and the property shall be resold and the defaulting purchaser shall forfeit all claim to the property or to any part of the sum for which it may subsequently be sold. If the proceeds of the sale which is eventually consummated be less than the price bid by such defaulting purchaser, the difference shall be leviable from him under the rules for enforcing the payment of money in satisfaction of a decree of Court.

When full amount of purchase money to be made good.

Procedure on default.

Defaulting purchaser answerable for loss by re-sale.

255. Every re-sale of immoveable property in default of payment of the purchase money shall be made after the issue of a fresh notification in the manner and for the period prescribed for original sales.

Notification on re-sale of immoveable property.

256. No sale of immoveable property shall become absolute until the sale has been confirmed by the Court. At any time within thirty days from the date of the sale, application may be made to the Court to set aside the sale on the ground of any material irregularity in publishing or conducting the sale, but no sale shall be set aside on the ground of such irregularity unless the applicant shall prove to the satisfaction of the Court that he has sustained substantial injury by reason of such irregularity.

Confirmation of sale.

257. If no such application as is mentioned in the last preceding Section be made, or if such application be made and the objection be disallowed, the Court shall pass an order confirming the sale; and in like manner if such application be made, and if the objection be allowed, the Court shall pass an order setting aside the sale for irregularity. If the objection be allowed, the order made to set aside the sale shall be final; if the objection be disallowed, the order confirming the sale shall be open to appeal; and such order, unless appealed from, and if appealed from, then the order passed on the appeal, shall be final; and the party against whom the same has been given

The sale, if not objected to for irregularity, or if the objection is disallowed, shall become absolute.

When the order to set aside a sale shall be open to appeal.

shall be precluded from bringing a suit for establishing his claim.

If the sale be set aside, price to be returned to purchaser.

258. Whenever a sale of immoveable property is set aside, the purchaser shall be entitled to receive back his purchase money with or without interest, in such manner as it may appear proper to the Court to direct in each instance.

Certificate to be granted to the purchasers of land.

259. After a sale of immoveable property shall have become absolute in manner aforesaid, the Court shall grant a certificate to the person who may have been declared the purchaser at such sale, to the effect that he has purchased the right, title, and interest of the defendant in the property sold, and such certificate shall be taken and deemed to be a valid transfer of such right, title, and interest.

Certificate to state the name of actual purchaser.

260. The certificate shall state the name of the person who at the time of sale is declared to be the actual purchaser, and any suit brought against the certified purchaser on the ground that the purchase was made on behalf of another person not the certified purchaser, though by agreement the name of the certified purchaser was used, shall be dismissed with costs.

Delivery of moveable property in the possession of defendant.

261. Where the property sold shall consist of goods, chattels, or other moveable property in the possession of the defendant, or to the immediate possession of which the defendant is entitled, and of which actual seizure has been made, the property shall be delivered to the purchaser.

Delivery of moveable property to which defendant is entitled subject to lien.

262. Where the property sold shall consist of goods, chattels, or other moveable property to which the defendant is entitled subject to a lien or right of any person to the immediate possession thereof, the delivery to the purchaser shall as far as practicable be made by giving notice to the person in possession prohibiting him from delivering possession of the property to any person except the purchaser thereof.

Delivery of immoveable property in the occupancy of defendants, &c.

263. If the property sold shall consist of a house, land, or other immoveable property, in the occupancy of a defendant or some person on his behalf or of some person claiming under a title created by the defendant subsequently to the attachment of such property, the Court shall order delivery thereof to be made by putting the party to whom the house, land, or other immoveable property may have been sold, or any person whom he may appoint to receive delivery on his behalf, in possession thereof, and, if need be, by removing any person who may refuse to vacate the same.

Delivery o immoveable property in the occupancy of ryots, &c.

264. If the property sold shall consist of land or other immoveable property in the occupancy of ryots or other persons entitled to occupy the same, the Court shall order delivery thereof to be made by affixing a copy of the certificate of sale in some conspicuous place on the land or other immoveable property, and proclaiming to the occupants of the property by beat of drum, or in such other mode as may be customary, at some convenient place or places, that the right, title, and interest of the defendant has been transferred to the purchaser.

Delivery of debts not being negotiable instruments, and of shares in public Companies.

265. Where the property sold shall consist of debts not being negotiable instruments or of shares in any Railway, Banking, or other public Company or Corporation, the delivery thereof shall be by a written order of the Court prohibiting the creditor from receiving the debts and the debtor from making payment thereof to any person or persons except the purchaser, or prohibiting the person in whose name the shares may be standing, from making any transfer of the shares to any person except the purchaser, or receiving payment of any dividends thereon, and the Manager, Secretary, or other proper Officer of the Company or Corporation from permitting any such transfer or making any such payment to any person except the purchaser.

Delivery of negotiable securities of which actual seizure has been made.

266. Where the property sold shall consist of negotiable securites of which actual seizure has been made, the same shall be delivered to the purchaser thereof.

Transfer of securities and shares.

267. If the endorsement or conveyance of the party in whose name any negotiable security or any share in a public Company or Corporation is standing, shall be required to transfer the same, the Judge may endorse the security or the certificate of the share or may execute such other document as may be necessary for transferring the same. The endorsement or execution shall be in the following form or to the like effect—" A. B. by C D. Judge of the Court of *(or as the case may be)*; in a suit by E. F. *versus* A. B." Until the transfer of such security or share, the Judge may, by order, appoint some person to receive any interest or dividend due thereon, and to sign receipts for the same; and any endorsement made or document executed or receipts signed as aforesaid shall be as valid and effectual for all purposes, as if the same had been made or executed or signed by the party himself.

Resisting or obstructing purchasers in obtaining possession of property.

268. If the purchaser of any immoveable property sold in execution of a decree shall be resisted or obstructed in obtaining possession of the property, the provisions contained in Sections 226, 227, and 228 relating to resistance or obstruction to a party in whose favor a suit has been decreed in obtaining possession of the property adjudged to him, shall be applicable in the case of such resistance or obstruction.

Obstruction by claimants other than defendants.

269. If it shall appear that the resistance or obstruction to the delivery of possession was occasioned by any person other than the defendant claiming a right to the possession of the property sold as proprietor, mortgagee, lessee, or under any other title, or if in the delivery of possession to the purchaser any such person claiming as aforesaid shall be dispossessed, the Court, on the complaint of the purchaser, or of such person claiming as aforesaid, if made within one month from the date of such resistance or obstruction or of such dispossession as the case may be, shall enquire into the matter of the complaint and pass such order as may be proper in the circumstances of the case. The order shall not be subject to appeal; but the party against whom it is given

shall be at liberty to bring a suit to establish his right at any time within one year from the date thereof.

Attaching creditor to be first paid out of property attached.

270. Whenever property is sold in execution of a decree, the person on whose application such property was attached shall be entitled to be first paid out of the proceeds thereof, notwithstanding a subsequent attachment of the same property by another party in execution of a prior decree.

Surplus to be rateably distributed among decree-holders who have taken out execution prior to the order for distribution.

271. If, after the claim of the person on whose application the property was attached has been satisfied in full from the proceeds of the sale, any surplus remain, such surplus shall be distributed rateably amongst any other persons who prior to the order for such distribution may have taken out execution of decrees against the same defendant and not obtained satisfaction thereof.

Proviso where property is sold subject to a mortgage.

Provided that, when any property is sold subject to a mortgage, the mortgagee shall not be entitled to share in any surplus arising from such sale.

Court may on application order another decree-holder to be satisfied out of proceeds of property attached under a decree obtained fraudulently.

272. If it shall appear to the Court, upon the application of a decree-holder, that any other decree under which property has been attached was obtained by fraud or other improper means, the Court may order that the applicant shall be satisfied out of the proceeds of the property attached so far as the same may suffice for the purpose if such other decree be a decree of that Court, or, if it be a decree of another Court, may stay the proceedings to enable the applicant to obtain a similar order from the Court by which the decree was made.

Of Arrest in execution of Decrees for Money.

On what grounds, application for discharge may be made.

273. Any person arrested under a warrant in execution of a decree for money may, on being brought before the Court, apply for his discharge on the ground that he has no present means of paying the debt, either wholly or in part, or, if possessed of any property, that he is willing to place whatever property he possesses at the disposal of the Court.

Form of application.

The application shall contain a full account of all property of whatever nature belonging to the applicant, whether in expectancy or in possession, and whether held exclusively by himself or jointly with others, or by others in trust for him (except the necessary wearing apparel of himself and his family and the necessary implements of his trade), and of the places respectively where such property is to be found, or shall state that, with the exceptions above-mentioned, the applicant is not possessed of any property, and the application shall be

Verification.

subscribed and verified by the applicant in the manner herein before prescribed for subscribing and verifying plaints.

Procedure on application.

274. Upon such application being made, the Court shall examine the applicant in the presence of the plaintiff or his pleader as to his then circumstances, and as to his future means of payment, and shall call upon the plaintiff to show cause why he does not proceed against any property of which the defendant is possessed and why the defendant should not be discharged; and should the plaintiff fail to show such cause, the Court may direct the discharge of the defendant from custody. Pending any enquiry which the Court may consider it necessary to make into the allegations of either party, the Court may leave the defendant in the custody of the Officer of the Court to whom the service of the warrant was entrusted, on the defendant making the necessary deposit for paying the fees of such Officer; or if the defendant furnish good and sufficient security for his appearance at any time when called upon while such enquiry is being made, his surety or surties undertaking in default of such appearance to pay the amount mentioned in the warrant, the Court may release the defendant on such security.

Defendant liable to be again arrested if proved guilty of fraudulent concealment of property, &c.

275. The discharge of the defendant under the last preceding Section shall not protect him from being arrested again and imprisoned if it should be shown that, in the application made by him, he had been guilty of any concealment or of wilfully making any false statement respecting the property belonging to him, whether in possession or in expectancy or held for him in trust, or had fraudulently concealed, transferred, or removed any property, or had committed any other act of bad faith; nor shall such discharge exempt from attachment and sale any property then in the possession of the defendant, or of which he may afterwards become possessed.

Of the execution of Decrees by Imprisonment.

Subsistence-money of a defendant in gaol how fixed and furnished.

276. When a defendant is committed to prison in execution of a decree, the Court shall fix whatever monthly allowance it shall think sufficient for his subsistence, not exceeding four annas per day, which shall be supplied by the party at whose instance the decree may have been executed, to the proper Officer of the Court or of the gaol where the defendant may be in custody, by monthly payments in advance, before the first day of each month; the first payment to be made for such portion of the current month as may remain unexpired before the defendant is committed to prison.

Court may vary the allowance in case of illness or for other special cause.

277. The Court may, in case of illness or for other special cause, fix the monthly allowance at such sum not exceeding six annas per day as shall appear necessary. The order fixing such allowance may from time to time be revised and altered on due cause being shown.

Release of defendant.

278. A defendant shall be released at any time on the decree being fully satisfied, or at the request of the person at whose instance he may have been imprisoned, or on such person omitting to pay the allowance as above direct-

ed. No person shall be imprisoned on account of a decree for a longer period than two years, or for a longer period than six months if the decree be for the payment of money not exceeding five hundred Rupees, or for a longer period than three months if the decree be for the payment of money not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Imprisonment not to be longer than 2 years.

6 months if decree for money not exceeding 500 Rs.

3 months if not exceeding 50 Rs.

279. Sums disbursed by a plaintiff for the subsistence of a defendant in gaol shall be added to the costs of the decree and shall be recoverable by the attachment and sale of the property of the defendant under the foregoing rules; but the defendant shall not be detained in custody or arrested on account of any sums so disbursed.

Subsistence-money to be added to amount of decree.

280. Any person in confinement under a decree may apply to the Court for his discharge. The application shall contain a full account of all property of whatever nature belonging to the applicant, whether in expectancy or in possession, and whether held exclusively by himself or jointly with others, or by others in trust for him (except the necessary wearing apparel of himself and his family and the necessary implements of his trade), and of the places respectively where such property is to be found; and such application shall be subscribed and verified by the applicant in the manner hereinbefore provided for subscribing and verifying plaints.

Application may be made for discharge on a surrender of the whole of the debtor's property.

281. On such application being made, the Court shall cause the plaintiff to be furnished with a copy of the account of the defendant's property, and shall fix a reasonable period within which the plaintiff may cause the whole or any part of such property to be attached and sold or may make proof that the defendant, for the purpose of procuring his discharge without satisfying the decree, has wilfully concealed property, or his right or interest therein, or fraudulently transferred or removed property, or committed any other act of bad faith. If within such period the plaintiff shall fail to make such proof, the Court shall cause the defendant to be set at liberty. If the plaintiff shall within the time specified or at any subsequent period prove to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant has been guilty of any of the acts above-mentioned, the Court shall, at the instance of the plaintiff, either retain the defendant in confinement, or commit him to prison, as the case may be, unless he shall have already been in confinement two years on account of the decree; and may also, if it shall think proper, send the defendant to the Magistrate to be dealt with according to law.

Procedure on such application.

Defendant to be discharged on plaintiff failing to prove fraud or concealment by defendant.

If guilty of fraud or concealment, debtor's imprisonment may be extended to two years;

and he may be further dealt with criminally.

282. A defendant once discharged shall not again be imprisoned on account of the same decree, except under the operation of the last preceding Section, but his property shall continue liable, under the ordinary rules, to attachment and sale until the decree shall be fully satisfied, unless the decree shall be for a sum less than one hundred Rupees and on account of a transaction bearing date subsequently to the passing of this Act. When the decree shall be for a sum less than one hundred Rupees, and on account of a transaction bearing date as above, the Court may declare a defendant who shall be discharged as aforesaid absolved from further liability under that decree.

Though the defendant be discharged, his property is liable for the decree.

283. All questions regarding the amount of any mesne profits which by the terms of the decree may have been reserved for adjustment in the execution of the decree, or of any mesne profits or interest which may be payable in respect of the subject matter of a suit between the date of the institution of the suit and execution of the decree, as well as questions relating to sums alleged to have been paid in discharge or satisfaction of the decree or the like, shall be determined by order of the Court executing the decree and not by separate suit; and the order passed by the Court shall be open to appeal.

How questions regarding amount of mesne profits and interest, and sums paid in satisfaction of decree, are to be determined.

Of Execution of a Decree out of the Jurisdiction of the Court by which it was passed.

284. A decree of any Civil Court within any part of the British territories in India, or established by the authority of the Governor General of India in Council in the territories of any Foreign Prince or State, which cannot be executed within the jurisdiction of the Court whose duty it is to execute the same, may be executed within the jurisdiction of any other such Court in the manner following.

How a decree of one Court may be executed within the jurisdiction of another Court.

285. The plaintiff in such case may apply to the Court whose duty it is to execute the decree, to transmit a copy thereof, together with a certificate that satisfaction of such decree has not been obtained by execution within the jurisdiction of the said Court, and a copy of any order for execution of such decree that may have been passed, to the Court by which the applicant may wish the decree to be executed.

Application for such execution.

286. The Court, unless there be any sufficient reason to the contrary, shall cause such copies and certificate to be prepared: and the same, after being signed by the Judge and sealed with the seal of the Court, shall be transmitted to the Court indicated by the applicant if that Court be within the same District, otherwise to the principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction in the District in which the applicant may wish the decree to be executed; and the Court to which such copies and certificates are transmitted shall cause the same to be filed therein, without any proof of the judgment or order for execution, or of the copies thereof, or of the seal or jurisdiction of any Court, or of the signature of any Judge, unless it shall, under any peculiar circumstances to be specified in an order, require such proof.

Copy of decree and order for execution to be transmitted.

287. The copy of any decree, or of any order for execution, when filed in the Court to which it shall have been transmitted for the purpose of being executed as aforesaid, shall for such purpose have the same effect as a decree or order for execution made by such Court, and may, if the Court be the principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction in the District, be executed by such Court, or any Court subordinate thereto, to which it may entrust the execution of the same.

Decree or order transmitted, to be executed as that of the Court.

288. When application shall be made to any Court to execute the decree of any other Court as aforesaid, the Court to which the application shall be made or referred shall proceed to execute the same according to its own rules in the like cases; provided that such Court shall have no power to inquire into the validity of the decree unless it appear upon the face of the decree that the Court by which it was made had no jurisdiction to make the same.

Execution how to be enforced by Court applied to.

289. The Court to which such application is made or referred for execution as aforesaid, shall take cognizance of and punish all wrongful acts or irregularities done or committed in executing such decree; and all persons disobeying or obstructing the execution of such decree shall be punishable by such Court in the same manner as if the decree had been made by such Court.

Wrongful acts or irregularities in executing decree to be punished by Court applied to.

290. The Court to which such application is made may, upon good and sufficient cause being shown, stay the execution of the decree for a reasonable time, to enable the defendant to apply to the Court by which the decree was passed or to any Court having appellate jurisdiction in respect of the decree or the execution thereof, for an order to stay the execution, or for any other order relating to the decree or the execution thereof, which such Court of first instance or Court of Appeal might have made if execution had been issued by such Court of first instance, or if application for execution had been made to such Court; and in case the property or person of the defendant shall have been seized under an execution, the Court which issued the execution may order the restitution of the property or the discharge of the person of the defendant pending the result of such application.

Court applied to may in certain cases stay execution or order restitution of property or discharge of defendant.

291. Before making an order to stay execution or for the restitution of property or the discharge of the defendant under the last preceding Section, the Court may require such security from or impose such conditions upon the defendant as it may deem reasonable.

Before staying execution, Court may require security from, or impose conditions upon defendant.

292. Any order of the Court in which the decree was passed or of such Court of Appeal as aforesaid, shall be binding upon the Court to which the application for execution was made, and shall be a sufficient indemnity for all persons acting in execution of process issued by such last mentioned Court.

Order of Court passing decree or of Appellate Court to be binding upon Court applied to.

293. No discharge of a defendant under the provisions of Section 290 shall prevent him from being retaken in execution of the decree.

Liability of defendant discharged, to be re-taken.

294. All orders of a Court for executing the decree of another Court shall be subject to the same rules, in respect to appeal, as if the decree had been originally passed by the Court making such order.

What appeal from orders for execution under this Act.

295. If, in execution of a decree, a warrant of arrest or other process is to be enforced within the limits of a Garrison, Cantonment, Military Station, or Military Bazar, the Officer entrusted with the execution of such warrant or other process shall carry the same to the Commanding Officer, or in his absence to the Senior Officer actually present in the Garrison, Cantonment, Station, or Military Bazar; and the Commanding Officer or such Senior Officer, upon such warrant or other process being produced to him, shall back the same with his signature, and, in the case of a warrant of arrest, shall cause the person named in the warrant to be arrested if within the limits of his command and delivered, according to the exigency of the warrant, to the Civil Officer charged with the execution thereof.

Warrant of arrest or other process in execution of decrees, how to be enforced in Military Cantonments, &c.

296. The rules contained in this Chapter shall be applicable to the execution of any judicial process for the sale of property or for the payment of money which may be ordered by a Civil Court in any Civil proceeding.

Rules contained in this Chapter to be applicable to all Civil process.

CHAPTER V.

Of Pauper Suits.

297. A suit may be brought *in formâ pauperis* in the Court having jurisdiction over the claim, subject to the following rules.

Suits may be brought *in formâ pauperis*.

298. No pauper suit shall be brought for the recovery of any sum of money on account of damages for loss of caste, slander, abusive language, or assault.

What suits excepted.

299. The application to the Court for permission to sue *in formâ pauperis* shall be by petition, which shall be written on a stamp paper of the value of eight annas.

Application to be by petition on stamp paper.

300. The petition shall contain the particulars required by Section 26 of this Act, in regard to plaints, and shall have annexed to it a Schedule of any moveable or immoveable property belonging to the petitioner, with the estimated value thereof, and shall be subscribed and verified in the manner hereinbefore prescribed for the subscription and verification of plaints.

Petition what to contain.

301. The petition shall be presented to the Court by the petitioner in person; but if the petitioner satisfy the Court that he is prevented by sickness from attending the Court in person, or if

How to be presented.

the petitioner be a female, who, according to the custom and manners of the country ought not to be compelled to appear in public, the petition may be presented by a duly authorized agent who may be able to answer all material questions relating to the application and who shall be liable to be examined in the same manner as the party represented by him might have been examined had such party attended in person.

Examination of petitioner, if a female, how to be taken.

302. If the petition be not framed or presented in the manner laid down in the last two preceding Sections, the Court shall reject the petition.

Petition to be rejected if not in form.

303. If the petition be in form and duly presented, the Court shall proceed to examine the petitioner, or the agent of the petitioner as the case may be, regarding the merits of the claim and the property of the petitioner. When the petition is presented by an agent, the Court may also, if it think proper order that the petitioner be examined in the manner hereinbefore prescribed for the examination of absent witnesses.

If in form, Court how to proceed.

If presented by an agent, Court may order petitioner to be examined in like manner as an absent witness.

304. If it appear to the Court upon such examination that the defendant, or the matter of the suit, is not within the jurisdiction of the Court, or that the claim is barred by the Statute of Limitations, or that the allegations of the petitioner do not constitute a reasonable ground of action, or (if none of the objections above stated exist) that the petitioner has failed to show that he is not possessed of sufficient means to enable him to pay for the stamps required for the institution and prosecution of the suit, or that the petitioner has recently disposed of any property fraudulently or with a view to obtain the benefit of this Chapter, the Court shall refuse to allow the petitioner to sue as a pauper.

Court may reject the application.

305. If upon such examination the Court shall see no reason to refuse the application on any of the grounds stated in the last preceding Section, it shall fix a day (of which at least ten days' previous notice shall be given to the opposite party) for receiving such evidence as the petitioner may adduce in proof of his pauperism, and for hearing any evidence which the opposite party may bring forward in disproof of the pauperism of the petitioner.

Notice to opposite party.

306. On the day appointed for the hearing, or as soon after as the business of the Court will permit, the Court shall consider any objections made by the opposite party, and shall examine any witnesses produced by either party and make a memorandum of the substance of their evidence, and shall either allow or refuse to allow the petitioner to sue as a pauper.

After a summary enquiry, the Court to pass a final order.

307. Previously to passing a final order in the case, the Court may, if it deem fit, institute a local enquiry, in the manner laid down in Section 180 of this Act, regarding the property of the petitioner or regarding the amount or value of any property claimed.

Court may direct a local enquiry.

308. If the application of the petitioner be granted, it shall be registered and shall be deemed the plaint in the suit, and the suit shall proceed in all other respects as an ordinary suit, except that the plaintiff shall not be liable to any further stamp duty in respect of any petition, appointment of a pleader, or other proceeding connected with the suit or with the execution of any decree passed in it.

Course of proceeding to be observed, if application be admitted.

309. On the decision of the suit, the Court shall calculate the amount of stamps which would have been paid by the plaintiff if he had not been permitted to sue as a pauper, and such amount shall be recoverable by Government from any party ordered by the decree to pay the same, in the same manner as costs of suit are recoverable.

On the decision of the suit, costs how to be calculated.

310. The refusal to allow the petitioner to sue as a pauper shall be a bar to any subsequent application of the like nature in respect of the same cause of action; but the plaintiff shall be at liberty to institute a suit in the usual manner in respect of such cause of action, unless precluded by the rules for the limitation of suits.

Refusal to allow to sue as a pauper, to bar any subsequent application of the like nature.

311. The orders passed by the Court under the provisions of this Chapter shall not be subject to appeal.

No appeals from orders under this Chapter.

CHAPTER VI.

Reference to Arbitration.

312. If the parties to a suit are desirous that the matters in difference between them in the suit, or any of such matters, shall be referred to the final decision of one or more arbitrator or arbitrators, they may apply to the Court at any time before final judgment for an order of reference.

Reference to arbitration on application of the parties.

313. The application shall be made by the parties in person or by their pleaders specially authorized in that behalf by an instrument in writing, which shall be presented to the Court at the time of making the application, and shall be filed with the proceedings in the suit.

Application how to be made.

314. The arbitrator or arbitrators shall be nominated by the parties in such manner as may be agreed upon between them. If the parties cannot agree with respect to the nomination of the arbitrator or arbitrators, or if the person or persons nominated by them shall refuse to accept the arbitration, and the parties are desirous that the nomination shall be made by the Court, the Court shall appoint the arbitrator or arbitrators.

Nomination and appointment of arbitrators.

315. The Court shall, by an order under its seal, refer to the arbitrator or arbitrators the matters in difference in the suit which he or they may be required to determine, and shall fix such time as it may think reasonable for the delivery of the award, and the time so fixed shall be specified in the order.

Order of reference.

316. If the reference be to two or more arbitrators, provision shall be made in the order for a difference of opinion among the arbitrators, by the appointment of an umpire, or by declaring that the decision shall be with the majority, or by empowering the arbitrators to appoint an umpire, or otherwise as may be agreed upon between the parties; or if they cannot agree, as the Court may determine.

When the reference is to two or more, the order shall provide for difference of opinion.

317. When a reference is made to arbitration by an order of Court, the Court shall issue the same processes to the parties and witnesses whom the arbitrator or arbitrators or umpire may desire to have examined, as the Court is authorized to issue in suits tried before it; and persons not attending in consequence of such process, or making any other default, or refusing to give their testimony, or being guilty of any contempt to the arbitrator or arbitrators or umpire during the investigation of the suit, shall be subject to the like disadvantages, penalties, and punishments, by order of the Court on the representation of the arbitrator or arbitrators or umpire, as they would incur for the same offences in suits tried before the Court.

Powers of arbitrators.

318. When the arbitrator or arbitrators shall not have been able to complete the award within the period specified in the order from the want of the necessary evidence or information or other good and sufficient cause, the Court may from time to time enlarge the period for the delivery of the award, if it shall think proper. In any case in which an umpire shall have been appointed, it shall be lawful for him to enter on the reference in lieu of the arbitrators, if they shall have allowed their time or their extended time to expire without making an award, or shall have delivered to the Court or to the umpire a notice in writing stating that they cannot agree. Provided that an award shall not be liable to be set aside only by reason of its not having been completed within the period allowed by the Court, unless on proof that the delay in completing the award arose from corruption or misconduct of the arbitrator or arbitrators or umpire, or unless the award shall have been made after the issue of an order by the Court superseding the arbitration and recalling the suit.

Extension of time for making award.

319. If, in any case of reference to arbitration by an order of Court, the arbitrator or arbitrators or umpire shall die, or refuse or become incapable to act, it shall be lawful for the Court to appoint a new arbitrator or arbitrators or umpire, in the place of the person or persons so dying, or refusing or becoming incapable to act. Where the arbitrators are empowered by the terms of the order of reference to appoint an umpire and do not appoint an umpire, any of the parties may serve the arbitrators with a written notice to appoint an umpire; and if within seven days after such notice shall have been served, no umpire be appointed, it shall be lawful for the Court, upon the application of the party having served such notice as aforesaid, and upon proof to its satisfaction of such notice having been served, to appoint an umpire. In any case of appointment under this Section, the arbitrator or arbitrators, or umpire so appointed, shall have the like power to act in the reference, as if their name or names had been inserted in the original order of reference.

In case of death, incapacity, or refusal to act of arbitrators or umpire, Court may appoint others in stead.

320. When an award in a suit shall be made either by the arbitrator or arbitrators, or by the umpire, it shall be submitted to the Court under the signature of the person or persons by whom it may be made, together with all the proceedings, depositions, and exhibits in the suit.

Award how to be submitted to Court.

321. It shall be lawful for the arbitrator or arbitrators or umpire, upon any reference, by an order of Court if he or they shall think fit, and if it is not provided to the contrary, to state his or their award as to the whole or any part thereof in the form of a special case for the opinion of the Court.

Arbitrator may state special case.

322. The Court may on the application of either party modify or correct an award where it appears that a part of the award is upon matters not referred to the arbitrators, provided such part can be separated from the other part and does not affect the decision on the matter referred; or where the award is imperfect in form or contains any obvious error which can be amended without affecting such decision. The Court may also on such application make such order as it thinks just respecting the costs of the arbitration, if any question arise respecting such costs and the award contain no sufficient provision concerning them.

Court may, on application, modify or correct an award in certain cases.

And make order respecting the costs of arbitration.

323. In any of the following cases the Court shall have power to remit the award or any of the matters referred to arbitration to the re-consideration of the same arbitrator or arbitrators or umpire, upon such terms as it may think proper (that is to say)—

In what cases Court may remit the award or any of the matters referred to arbitration, for re-consideration.

If the award has left undetermined some of the matters referred to arbitration, or if it determine matters not referred to arbitration.

If the award is so indefinite as to be incapable of execution.

If an objection to the legality of the award is apparent upon the face of the award.

324. No award shall be liable to be set aside except on the ground of corruption or misconduct of the arbitrators or umpire. Any application to set aside an award shall be made within ten days after the same has been submitted to the Court.

Award not to be set aside except on ground of corruption.

Application to set aside the award.

325. If the Court shall not see cause to remit the award or any of the matters referred to arbitration for re-consideration in manner aforesaid, and if no application shall have been made to set aside the award, or if the Court shall have refused such application, the Court shall proceed to pass judgment according to the award or according to its own opinion on the special case if the award shall have been submitted to it in the form of a special case; and upon the judgment which shall be so given decree shall follow and shall be carried into execution in the same manner as other decrees of the Court. In every case in which judgment shall be given according to the award, the judgment shall be final.

Judgment to be according to the award.

326. When any persons shall by an instrument in writing agree that any differences between them or any of them shall be referred to the arbitration of any person or persons named in the agreement or to be appointed by any Court having jurisdiction in the matter to which it relates, application may be made by the parties thereto or any of them that the agreement be filed in such Court. On such application being made, the Court shall direct such notice to be given to any of the parties to the agreement, other than the applicants, as it may think necessary, requiring such parties to show cause, within a time to be specified, why the agreement should not be filed. The application shall be written on a stamp paper of one-fourth of the value prescribed for plaints in suits, and shall be numbered and registered as a suit between some or one of the parties interested or claiming to be interested as plaintiffs or plaintiff, and the others or other of them as defendants or defendant, if the application have been presented by all the parties or, if otherwise, between the applicant as plaintiff and the other parties as defendants. If no sufficient cause be shown against the agreement, the agreement shall be filed and an order of reference to arbitration shall be made thereon. The several provisions of this Chapter, so far as they are not inconsistent with the terms of any agreement so filed, shall be applicable to all proceedings under an order of reference made by the Court and to the award of arbitration and to the enforcement of such award.

Agreement of parties to refer to arbitration may be filed in the Court.

Provisions of this Chapter applicable.

327. When any matter has been referred to arbitration without the intervention of any Court of Justice, and an award has been made, any person interested in the award may within six months from the date of the award make application to the Court having jurisdiction in the matter to which the award relates, that the award be filed in Court. The Court shall direct notice to be given to the parties to the arbitration other than the applicant, requiring such parties to show cause, within a time to be specified, why the award should not be filed. The application shall be written on the stamp paper required for petitions to the Court where a stamp is required for petitions by any law for the time being in force, and shall be numbered and registered as a suit between the applicant as plaintiff and the other parties as defendants. If no sufficient cause be shown against the award, the award shall be filed and may be enforced as an award made under the provisions of this Chapter.

Filing in Court an award when the matter was referred to arbitration without intervention of Court

Enforcement of such award.

CHAPTER VII.

OF PROCEEDINGS ON AGREEMENT OF PARTIES.

How questions may be raised for the decision of a Civil Court by any Persons interested.

328. Parties interested or claiming to be interested in the decision of any question of fact or law, may enter into an agreement, which shall be subject to the same stamp duty as prescribed for plaints in suits, that upon the finding of a Court in the affirmative or negative of such question of fact or law, a sum of money fixed by the parties, or to be determined by the Court, shall be paid by one of the parties to the other of them; or that some property, moveable or immoveable, specified in the agreement, shall be delivered by one of the parties to the other of them; or that one or more of the parties shall do or perform some particular legal act or shall refrain from doing or performing some particular act specified in the agreement. Where the agreement is for the delivery of some property moveable or immoveable, or for the doing or performing, or the refraining to do or perform any particular act, the estimated value of the property to be delivered, or to which the act specified may have reference, shall be stated in the agreement.

Questions of fact, or of law or equity, may be raised by agreement for the decision of any Court having jurisdiction.

329. The agreement may be filed in any Court having jurisdiction in the matter, and, when so filed, shall be numbered and registered as a suit between some or one of the parties interested or claiming to be interested as plaintiffs or plaintiff, and the others or other of them as defendants or defendant; and notice shall be given to all the parties to the agreement other than the party or parties by whom it was presented.

Agreement to be filed and numbered as a suit.

330. After the agreement shall have been filed, all the parties to it shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Court, and shall be bound by the statements contained therein.

Parties to be subject to the Court's jurisdiction.

331. The case shall be set down for hearing as an ordinary suit; and if the Court shall be satisfied, after an examination of the parties or their pleaders, or taking such evidence as it may deem proper, that the agreement was duly executed by the parties, and that they have a *bonâ fide* interest in the question of fact or law stated therein, and that the same is fit to be tried or decided, it shall proceed to record and try, or hear the same, and deliver its finding or opinion thereon, in the same way as in an ordinary suit; and shall, upon its finding or deciding upon the question of fact or law, give judgment for the sum fixed by the parties, or so ascertained as aforesaid, or otherwise, according to the terms of the agreement, and upon the judgment which shall be so given, decree shall follow and may be executed in the same way as if the judgment had been pronounced in a contested suit.

Hearing and disposal of the case.

CHAPTER VIII.

Of Appeals.

332. Except when otherwise expressly provided in this or any other Regulation or Act for the time being in force, an appeal shall lie from the decrees of the Courts of original jurisdiction to the Courts authorized to hear appeals from the decisions of those Courts. If the appeal lie to the Sudder Court it shall be heard and determined by a Court consisting of three or more Judges of that Court.

Appeal to lie from all decrees except when expressly prohibited.

Appeal to Sudder Court to be heard by three or more Judges.

HOW APPEALS ARE TO BE PREFERRED.

Appeal to be preferred by a memorandum to be presented to the Appellate Court within specified time.

333. Appeals shall be made in the form of a memorandum which shall be presented in the Appellate Court within the period hereinafter specified, unless the appellant shall show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of the Appellate Court for not having presented it within such limited period; that is to say, within thirty days if the appeal be to a District Court, and within ninety days if the appeal be to the Sudder Court. The days shall be reckoned from and exclusive of the day on which judgment was pronounced, and also exclusive of such time as may be requisite for obtaining a copy of the decree appealed against.

What the memorandum is to contain.

334. The memorandum of appeal shall set forth concisely, and under distinct heads, the grounds of objection to the decision appealed against, without any argument or narrative, and such grounds shall be numbered consecutively. The appellant shall not without the leave of the Court urge or be heard in support of any other ground of objection, but the Court in deciding the appeal shall not be confined to the grounds set forth by the appellant.

Form of memorandum.

335. The memorandum of appeal shall be in the following form, or to the following effect, and shall be accompanied by a copy of the decree appealed against—

Memorandum of Appeal.

(Name, &c. as in Register.) Plaintiff.
(Name, &c. as in Register.) Defendant.

[Name of Appellant] Plaintiff [or Defendant] above-named appeals to the Sudder Court at [or Zillah Court at as the case may be], against the decree of in the above suit, dated the day of ; for the following reasons, namely, [*here state the reasons.*]

If memorandum be not in form or duly presented.

336. If the memorandum be not drawn up in the manner hereinbefore prescribed, the Court may reject it or may return it to the party for the purpose of being corrected. If the memorandum be not presented within the prescribed period and no sufficient cause be shown for the delay, the appeal shall be rejected.

One of several plaintiffs or defendants may appeal and obtain a reversal of the whole decree if it proceed on a ground common to all.

337. If there be two or more plaintiffs or two or more defendants in a suit, and the decision of the Lower Court proceed on any ground common to all, any one of the plaintiffs or defendants may appeal against the whole decree, and the Appellate Court may reverse or modify the decree in favor of all the plaintiffs or defendants.

OF STAYING AND EXECUTING DECREES UNDER APPEAL.

Execution of decree not to be stayed by appeal; but if sufficient cause be shown, execution may be stayed.

338. Execution of a decree shall not be stayed by reason only of an appeal having been preferred against such decree; but the Appellate Court may, for sufficient cause shown, order that execution be stayed. If application for execution be made before the time allowed for appeal has expired, and the Lower Court has not received intimation of an appeal having been preferred, the Lower Court, if sufficient cause be shown, may stay the execution. Before making an order to stay execution, the Court making the order shall require security to be given by the party against whom the decree was passed for the due performance of the decree or order of the Appellate Court.

Court, before making order to stay execution, shall require security for due performance of decree or order of Appellate Court.

Court making an order for execution of a decree against which an appeal has been preferred, may require security for restitution of property, &c.

339. When an order is made for the execution of a decree against which an appeal has been preferred, it shall be lawful for the Court which pronounced the decree to require security to be given for the restitution of any property which may be taken in execution of the decree or of the value thereof, and for the due performance of the decree or order of the Appellate Court.

No such security to be required from Government or any Public Officer.

340. In suits instituted or defended under the authority and at the expense of Government, no such security as is mentioned in the last two preceding Sections shall in any case be required from Government or from any public Officer.

OF PROCEDURE IN APPEALS FROM DECREES.

How the appeal is to be entered.

341. When a memorandum of appeal is presented in the prescribed form and within the time allowed, the Appellate Court, or the proper Officer of that Court, shall endorse thereon the date of presentment, and shall register the appeal in a book to be kept for the purpose, and called the Register of Appeals.

Form of the Register.

Such Register shall be in the form contained in the Schedule (C) hereunto annexed.

Appellate Court may, at its discretion, require security for costs from appellant.

342. It shall be in the discretion of the Appellate Court to demand security for costs from the appellant or not, as it shall see fit, before the respondent is called upon to appear and answer.

Proviso.

Provided that the Court shall demand such security in all cases in which the appellant is residing out of the British Territories in India and is not possessed of any land or other immoveable property within those territories independent of the property to which the appeal relates; and in the event of such security not being furnished at the time of presenting the memorandum of appeal or within such time as the Court shall order, the Court shall reject the appeal.

Appellate Court to send intimation to Lower Court of appeal being registered.

343. When the memorandum of appeal has been registered, the Appellate Court shall send intimation thereof to the Lower Court. If the appeal be from a Court the records of which are not deposited in the Appellate Court, the Lower Court shall, upon the receipt of the intimation, transmit to the Appellate Court with all practicable despatch all material papers in

Lower Court to transmit papers to Appellate Court.

the suit, or such papers as may be specially called for by the Appellate Court. Either party may give notice in writing to the Lower Court specifying any exhibits of which he requires copies to be made and deposited in the Lower Court, and copies of such exhibits shall be prepared at the expense of the party giving the notice and shall be deposited in the Lower Court.

Either party may give notice of exhibits of which he requires copies to be made and deposited in the Lower Court.

344. A day shall be fixed by the Appellate Court for the hearing of the appeal. The day shall be so fixed, with reference to the place of residence of the respondent and the time necessary for the service of the notice of appeal, as to allow the respondent a sufficient time to enable him to appear in person or by a pleader on such day.

Day for hearing the appeal, how to be fixed.

345. Notice of the day which has been fixed for hearing the appeal shall be affixed in the Appellate Court, and a like notice shall be sent by the Appellate Court to the Lower Court and shall be served on the respondent in the same way as herein before provided for the service of a summons to a defendant to appear and answer, and all rules applicable to such summons and to proceedings with reference to the service thereof, shall apply to the service of such notice. The notice to the respondent shall contain an intimation that, if he does not appear in the Appellate Court on the day so fixed for the hearing of the appeal, the case will be heard and decided *ex parte* in his absence. Provided that, if the respondent has appointed a pleader to appear in his behalf in the Appellate Court, the service of the notice on such pleader shall be sufficient.

Publication and service of notice of the day fixed for hearing the appeal.

Form of notice.

346. If on the day fixed for hearing the appeal or any other day subsequent thereto to which the hearing of the appeal may be adjourned, the appellant shall not appear in person or by a pleader, the appeal shall be dismissed for default. If the appellant shall appear in person or by a pleader, and the respondent shall not appear in person or by a pleader, the appeal shall be heard *ex parte* in his absence.

Consequence of non-appearance.

347. If an appeal be dismissed for default of prosecution, the appellant may, within thirty days from the date of the dismissal, apply to the Appellate Court for the re-admission of the appeal; and if it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Court that the appellant was prevented by any sufficient cause from appearing when the appeal was called on for hearing, the Court may re-admit the appeal.

Re-admission of appeals dismissed for default of prosecution.

348. Upon the hearing of the appeal, the respondent may take any objection to the decision of the Lower Court which he might have taken if he had preferred a separate appeal from such decision.

Respondent may object to decision of Lower Court in the same manner as if he had preferred a separate appeal.

349. The Appellate Court, after hearing the appeal, shall proceed to give its judgment in the manner hereinbefore prescribed for giving judgment in Courts of original jurisdiction.

The Appellate Court how to give judgment.

350. The judgment may be for confirming or reversing or modifying the decree of the Lower Court. But no decree shall be reversed or modified nor shall any case be remanded to the Lower Court on account of any error, defect, or irregularity either in the decision or in any interlocutory order passed in the suit not affecting the merits of the case or the jurisdiction of the Court.

No decision to be reversed for irregularity.

351. If the Lower Court shall have disposed of the case upon any preliminary point so as to exclude any evidence of fact which shall appear to the Appellate Court essential to the rights of the parties, and the decree of the Lower Court upon such preliminary point shall be reversed by the decree in appeal, the Appellate Court may, if it think right, remand the case, together with a copy of the decree in appeal, to the Lower Court, with directions to restore the suit to its original number in the Register and proceed to investigate the merits of the case, and pass a decree therein.

When a case may be remanded by Appellate Court.

352. It shall not be competent to the Appellate Court to remand a case for a second decision by the Lower Court, except as provided in the last preceding Section.

Power to remand limited as above.

353. When the evidence upon the record of the Lower Court is sufficient to enable the Appellate Court to pronounce a satisfactory judgment, the Appellate Court shall finally determine the case, notwithstanding that the judgment of the Lower Court has proceeded wholly upon some other ground.

When the evidence is sufficient, the Appellate Court must determine the case though the Lower Court has decided on other grounds.

354. If the Lower Court shall have omitted to raise or try any issue or to determine any question of fact which shall appear to the Appellate Court essential to the right determination of the suit upon the merits, and the evidence upon the record is not sufficient to enable the Appellate Court to determine such issue or question of fact, the Appellate Court may frame an issue or issues for trial by the Lower Court and may refer the same to the Lower Court for trial. Thereupon the Lower Court shall proceed to try such issue or issues and shall return to the Appellate Court its finding thereon together with the evidence. Such finding and evidence shall become part of the record in the suit; and either party may, within a time to be fixed by the Appellate Court, file a memorandum of any objection to the finding; and after the expiration of the period so fixed, the Appellate Court shall proceed to determine the appeal.

Trial of issues by Lower Court on reference from Appellate Court.

355. It shall not be competent to the parties in an appeal to produce additional evidence in the Appellate Court, whether of exhibits or witnesses; but if it appear that the Lower

When the Appellate Court may call for fresh evidence.

Court refused to admit competent evidence, or if the Appellate Court require any exhibits to be produced or witnesses examined to enable it to pronounce a satisfactory judgment, or for any other substantial cause, the Appellate Court may allow additional exhibits to be received and any necessary witnesses to be examined, whether such witnesses shall have been previously examined in the Court below or not; provided that, whenever additional evidence is admitted by an Appellate Court, the reasons for the admission shall be recorded on the proceedings of such Court.

How additional evidence is to be taken.

356. Whenever additional evidence is permitted to be received, it shall be competent to the Appellate Court to take such evidence before itself, or to require the Lower or any other Court or to empower any person to take such evidence, and to transmit the evidence so taken to the Appellate Court. It shall also be competent to the Appellate Court to prescribe the manner in which such evidence shall be taken.

Points to be defined.

357. In all cases where additional evidence is permitted to be taken, the Appellate Court shall define the point or points to which the evidence is to be confined, and record the same on its proceedings.

Powers of Appellate Court.

358. The Appellate Court shall have all the like powers in regard to the granting of time, adjourning the hearing of the suit, examining the parties or their pleaders, and awarding costs, or otherwise, as are hereinbefore contained in regard to Courts of original jurisdiction.

Judgment of the Appellate Court. In what language it is to be written.

359. The judgment of the Appellate Court shall be pronounced in open Court. It shall contain the point or points for determination, the decision thereupon, and the reasons for the decision, and shall be dated and signed by the Judge or by the Judges concurring therein at the time of pronouncing it. The judgment shall be written in the English language; but if the Judge shall not be able to write an intelligible judgment in that language, the judgment shall be written in the vernacular language of the Judge. When the language in which the judgment is written is not the language in ordinary use in proceedings before the Court, the judgment shall be translated into such language, and the translation shall be signed by the Judge or Judges. Any Judge dissenting from the judgment of the Court shall state his opinion in writing, which shall form part of the record.

Dissent to be recorded.

What the decree is to contain.

360. The decree of the Appellate Court shall bear date the day on which the judgment was passed. It shall contain the number of the suit, the names and description of the parties appellant and respondent, and the memorandum of appeal, and shall specify clearly the relief granted or other determination of the appeal. It shall also state the amount of costs incurred in the appeal, and by what parties and in what proportions such costs and the costs in the original suit are to be paid. The decree shall be signed by the Judge or Judges who passed it and shall be sealed with the seal of the Court. If there be a difference of opinion among the Judges of the Court, it shall not be necessary for any Judge dissenting from the judgment of the Court to sign the decree, but the opinion of such Judge shall be recited in the decree. Certified copies of the decree shall be furnished to the parties in the same manner as hereinbefore provided in regard to the decrees of Courts of original jurisdiction.

A certified copy of the decree to be transmitted to the Lower Court.

361. A copy of the decree or other order disposing of the appeal, certified by the Appellate Court or the proper Officer of such Court, and sealed with the seal of the Court, shall be transmitted to the Court which passed the first decree in the suit appealed from, and shall be filed with the original proceedings in the suit, and an entry of the judgment of the Appellate Court shall be made in the original Register of the suit.

How to be executed.

362. Application for execution of the decree of an Appellate Court shall be made to the Court which passed the first decree in the suit, and shall be executed by that Court, in the manner and according to the rules hereinbefore contained for the execution of original decrees.

Appeals from Orders.

No appeal from order passed before decree, but error or defect therein may be set forth as an objection if the decree be appealed against.

363. No appeal shall lie from any order passed in the course of a suit and relating thereto prior to decree; but if the decree be appealed against, any error, defect, or irregularity in any such order affecting the merits of the case or the jurisdiction of the Court, may be set forth as a ground of objection in the memorandum of appeal.

No appeal from order passed after decree and relating to the execution thereof except as provided.

364. No appeal shall lie from any order passed after decree and relating to the execution thereof except as is hereinbefore expressly provided.

Appeal from orders as to fines or imprisonment.

365. All orders as to fines or the levying thereof or as to imprisonment under this Act (except when the imprisonment is in execution of a decree) shall be subject to appeal.

Procedure in appeals from orders.

366. When an appeal from any order is allowed, the period for preferring the appeal and the procedure thereon shall be in all respects the same as in an appeal from a decree.

CHAPTER IX.

Of Appeals in Forma Pauperis.

Who may appeal as pauper.

367. Any party to a suit who may be unable to pay for the stamps required for the prosecution of an appeal from the decision passed therein, may be allowed to appeal as a pauper from

such decision subject to all the rules contained in the last preceding Chapter and in Chapter V in so far as they are applicable.

368. The application to be allowed to appeal *in formâ pauperis* shall be written on a stamp paper of the value of one Rupee if the appeal lie to the District Court, and on a stamp paper of the value of two Rupees if the appeal lie to the Sudder Court, and shall be presented in the Appellate Court within the period allowed for the presentation of a memorandum of appeal.

Application to whom and when to be presented.

369. The application shall contain the particulars required to be set forth in the memorandum of appeal and shall be drawn up in the like manner. It shall have annexed to it a Schedule of any moveable or immoveable property belonging to the applicant with the estimated value thereof, and shall also be accompanied by copies of the judgment and decree from which the appeal is made.

Form of application.

370. If the Appellate Court, upon a perusal of the application and of the judgment and decree of the Court below, shall see no reason to think that the decision of that Court is contrary to law or to some usage having the force of law or is otherwise erroneous or unjust, it shall reject the application If the application be not rejected upon any of the grounds abovementioned, enquiry shall be made into the alleged pauperism of the applicant, and such enquiry may be conducted either by the Appellate Court or by the Court from whose decision the appeal is made under the orders of the Appellate Court. Provided that, if the applicant was allowed to sue *in formâ pauperis* in the Court below, no further enquiry in respect of his pauperism shall be necessary, unless the Appellate Court shall see special cause to direct such enquiry.

Procedure.

371. The order passed by the Appellate Court on an application to be allowed to appeal *in formâ pauperis*, whether for the admission or rejection of the application, shall be final; but, if the application be rejected, the Appellate Court may, if it think proper, allow the applicant a reasonable time for preferring an appeal on a stamp of the value prescribed for appeals from decrees.

Effect of order by Appellate Court.

CHAPTER X.

Of Special Appeals.

372. Unless otherwise provided by any law for the time being in force, a special appeal shall lie to the Sudder Court from all decisions passed in regular appeal by the Courts subordinate to the Sudder Court, on the ground of the decision being contrary to some law or usage having the force of law, or of a substantial error or defect in law in the procedure or investigation of the case which may have produced error or defect in the decision of the case upon the merits, and on no other ground.

Special appeals allowed on what grounds.

373. The application for the admission of a special appeal shall be presented in the Sudder Court within the period prescribed for the presentation of a memorandum of appeal, and shall be accompanied by copies of the judgments and decrees of the Lower Appellate Court and of the Court of first instance. The application shall be written on a stamp paper of the value prescribed for regular appeals; but if the applicant be unable to pay for the stamps required for the prosecution of the appeal, the Sudder Court may admit him to appeal as a pauper, subject to all the rules contained in Chapter IX in respect to appeals from decrees *in formâ pauperis* in so far as the same may be applicable.

Application to be presented to the Sudder Court.

374. The application shall set forth concisely the grounds of objection to the decision appealed against without argument or narrative, and such grounds shall be numbered consecutively. The applicant shall not, without the leave of the Court, be heard in support of any other ground of objection; but the determination of the Court may be upon any ground on which a special appeal would lie.

Form of application.

375. If the application be not drawn up in the manner hereinbefore prescribed, the Court may reject it or may return it to the party for the purpose of being corrected. When the application is correctly drawn up, it shall be registered in a book to be kept for that purpose. which shall be in the form contained in the Schedule D. hereunto annexed and the case shall proceed in all other respects as a regular appeal, and shall be subject to all the rules hereinbefore provided for such appeals so far as the same may be applicable.

Application how to be dealt with.

CHAPTER XI.

Review of Judgment.

376. Any person considering himself aggrieved by a decree of a Court of original jurisdiction, from which no appeal shall have been preferred to a Superior Court—or by a decree of a District Court in appeal, from which no special appeal shall have been admitted by the Sudder Court—or by a decree of the Sudder Court from which either no appeal may have been preferred to Her Majesty in Council, or an appeal having been preferred, no proceedings in the suit have been transmitted to Her Majesty in Council—and who from the discovery of new matter or evidence which was not within his knowledge, or could not be adduced by him at the time when such decree was passed, or from any other good and sufficient reason, may be desirous of obtaining a review of the judgment passed against him—may apply for a review of judgment by the Court which passed the decree.

Review of judgment.

On discovery of new evidence &c.

377. The application shall be made within ninety days from the date of the decree unless the party preferring the same shall be able to show just and reasonable cause, to the satisfaction of the Court, for

Within what time and on what paper the application should be made.

not having preferred such application within the limited period. If the application be made within the period above-mentioned, it shall be written on the stamp paper prescribed for petitions to the Court where a stamp is required; but if made after the expiration of that period, it shall be written on the stamp paper prescribed for plaints.

The order of the Court for granting or refusing the review is final.

378. If the Court shall be of opinion that there are not any sufficient grounds for a review, it shall reject the application, but if it shall be of opinion that the review desired is necessary to correct an evident error or omission, or is otherwise requisite for the ends of justice, the Court shall grant the review, and its order in either case, whether for rejecting the application or granting the review, shall be final. Provided that no review of judgment shall be granted without previous notice to the opposite party to enable him to appear and be heard in support of the decree of which a review is solicited.

Proviso.

Application for a review in the Sudder Court must be made to the Judge or Judges that passed the decree.

379. If the Court to which the application for a review of its judgment has been presented by a Court consisting of two or more Judges, whenever the Judge or Judges who may have passed the decree, or if the decree have been passed by two or more Judges, when any of such Judges shall continue attached to the Court at the time when the application for a review is presented, and shall not be precluded by absence or other cause, for a period of six months after the application, from considering the judgment to which the application refers, it shall not be competent to any other Judge or Judges of the same Court to enter upon a consideration of the merits of the application, and record an order or opinion thereon.

Procedure on application for a review being granted.

380. When an application for a review of judgment is granted, a note thereof shall be made in the Register of Suits or appeals (as the case may be), and the Court shall give such order in regard to the re-hearing of the suit as it may deem proper in the circumstances of the case.

CHAPTER XII.

Miscellaneous.

Sudder Court empowered to make rules of practice &c., for the Subordinate Civil Courts.

381. The Sudder Court shall have power to make and issue general rules for regulating the practice and proceedings of the Subordinate Civil Courts, and also to frame forms for every proceeding in the said Courts for which it shall think necessary that a form be provided, and for keeping all books, entries, and accounts to be kept by the Officers, and from time to time to alter any such rule or form; provided that such rules and forms be not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act or of any other law in force.

Provided such rules are not inconsistent with this or any other law.

Act not to extend, except in certain cases, to Supreme and Presidency Small Cause Courts.

382. Except so far as relates to the examination of witnesses under Commission and to the execution of decrees out of the jurisdiction of the Courts by which they were passed, this Act shall not extend to any suit instituted in any Court of Judicature established by Royal Charter or in any Court for the more easy recovery of small debts and demands in Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay.

Saving of jurisdiction and procedure of Village Moonsiffs and Village or District Punchayets in Madras—

of Military Courts of Request—

of single Officers appointed to try small suits in Madras and Bombay.

Troops of those

and of Military Punchayets in Madras.

383. Nothing in this Act shall be held to alter or affect the jurisdiction or procedure in Civil cases of Village Moonsiffs or Village or District Punchayets under the provisions of the Madras Code; or the jurisdiction or procedure of Military Courts of Request; or the jurisdiction or procedure of a single Officer duly authorized and appointed under the rules in force in the Presidencies of Fort St. George and Bombay respectively, for the trial of small suits in Military Bazars at Cantonments and Stations occupied by the Presidencies respectively; or by Punchayets in regard to suits against Military persons, according to the rules in force under the Presidency of Fort St. George.

Saving of certain special or local Laws.

384. Nothing in this Act shall be held to affect the jurisdiction exercised by certain Jagheerdars and other authorities invested with powers under the provisions of Regulation XIII. 1830 of the Bombay Code *(for vesting certain Jagheerdars, Surinjameedars, and Enamdars with the power of deciding suits within the boundaries of their respective estates)* and Act XV of 1840 *(for extending Regulations XV.* 1827 *and XIII.* 1830 *of the Bombay Code to the Agents of Foreign Sovereigns)*, or their procedure in the exercise of such jurisdiction; or to affect suits instituted under Regulation XI. 1816 of the Bengal Code *(for receiving, trying, and deciding claims to the right of inheritance or succession in certain Tributary estates in Zillah Cuttack)*, or cases of the nature defined in Regulation XXIX. 1827 *(for bringing under the operation of the Regulations the Bombay Territories in the Dekkan and Khandesh)*, Regulation VII. 1830 *(for bringing under the operation of the Regulations the Territories comprised in the Southern Mahratta Country)*, Regulations I and XVI. 1831 of the Bombay Code *(for extending the jurisdiction of the Agent of Government in the Dekkan and Khandesh and of the Political Agent in the Southern Mahratta Country over suits in which certain privileged persons are concerned)*, Act XIX of 1835 *(relating to the jurisdiction and authority of the Assistant to the Agent for Sirdars in the Dekkan)*, and Act XIII of 1842 *(to enable the holders of revenue which has been alienated to them by the state to collect that revenue within the Presidency of Bombay)*, except that such suits and cases and the regular and special appeals to the Civil Courts allowed therein, shall be received, heard, and determined under the rules laid down in this Act, unless where those rules are inconsistent with any specific provisions contained in the Regulations and Acts above quoted.

385. This Act shall not take effect in any part of the territories not subject to the general Regulations of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, until the same shall be extended thereto by the Governor General of India in Council or by the Local Government to which such territory is subordinate, and notified in the *Gazette*.

Act not to take effect in places not subject to the general Regulations until extended thereto.

386. The following words and expressions in this Act shall have the meanings hereby assigned to them, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction (that to is say)—

Interpretation.

Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number.

Number.

Words importing the masculine gender shall include females.

Gender.

The local jurisdiction of a Principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction shall be deemed a District for the purposes of this Act; and the words "District Court" shall mean such Court.

"District."

"District Court."

In any part of the British territories in India to which this Act may be extended under the provisions of Section 385, the expression "Sudder Court" shall be deemed to include the highest Civil Court of Appeal in such part of the said territories.

"Sudder Court."

387. This Act shall come into operation in the Presidency of Bengal from the 1st day of July 1859 and in the Presidencies of Madras and Bombay from the 1st day of January 1860 or from such earlier day as the Local Government in those Presidencies respectively shall fix and shall publicly notify in the Gazette of the Presidency three months at least before the date so fixed. But if in any suit pending at the time when this Act shall come into operation it shall appear to the Court that the application of any provision of this Act would deprive any party to the suit of any right in reference to the procedure of the suit, whether of appeal or otherwise, which but for the passing of this Act would have belonged to him, the Court shall proceed according to the law in force before this Act takes effect.

Commencement of operation of Act.

Pending suits.

388. From and after the time when this Act shall come into operation in any part of the British territories in India, the procedure of the Civil Courts in such part of the said territories shall be regulated by this Act, and except as otherwise provided by this Act, by no other Law or Regulation.

Where Act comes into operation, procedure of Civil Courts to be regulated by it only.

SCHEDULE A. referred to in the foregoing scheme of Procedure.

Court of the ——— holden at

Register of Civil Suits in the year 18 .

Date of presentation of plaint.	No. of Suit.	Plaintiff.			Defendant.			Claim.			Appearance.			Judgment.			Appeal.			Execution.				Return of Execution.		
		Name.	Description.	Place of abode.	Name.	Description.	Place of abode.	Particulars.	Amount or value.	When the Cause of Action accrued.	Day for Parties to appear.	Plaintiff.	Defendant.	Date.	For whom.	For what, or Amount.	Date of Appeal.	Judgment in Appeal.	Date of Application.	Date of Order.	Against whom.	For what, and Amount of Money.	Amount of Costs.	Amount paid into Court.	Arrested.	Minute of other Return than Payment or Arrest, and Date of every Return.

SCHEDULE B.

No. of Suit.

In the Court of at

Plaintiff.

Defendant.

(Name, description, and address.)

Whereas [*here enter the name, description, and address of the Plaintiff*] has instituted a suit in this Court against you [*here state the particulars of the claim as in the Register*]: you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person on the day of at in the forenoon [*if not specially required to appear in person, state—"in person or by a pleader of the Court duly instructed and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions"*] to answer the above-named plaintiff. [*If the summons be for the final disposal of the suit, this further direction shall be added here; "and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must be prepared to produce all your witnesses on that day"*]; and you are hereby required to take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence; and you will bring with you (or send by your agent) [*here mention any document the production of which may be required by the plaintiff*] which the plaintiff desires to inspect, and any document on which you intend to rely in support of your defence.

SCHEDULE C. to the foregoing scheme of Procedure.

Court at

Register of Appeals from Decrees in the year 18 .

Date of Memorandum.	No. of Appeal.	Appellant.			Respondent.			Decree appealed from.					Appearance.			Judgment.		
		Name.	Description.	Place of abode.	Name.	Description.	Place of abode.	Of what Court.	No. of Original Suit.	Particulars.	Amount or Value.	Day for Parties to appear.	Appellant.	Respondent.	Date.	Confirmed, reversed, or altered.	For what, or Amount.

SCHEDULE D. to the foregoing scheme of Procedure.

Sudder Court at

Register of Special Appeals.

Date of Memorandum.	No. of Appeal.	Appellant.			Respondent.			Decree appealed from.					Appearance.			Judgment.		
		Name.	Description.	Place of abode.	Name.	Description.	Place of abode.	Of what Court.	No. of Original Suit and of Appeal.	Particulars.	Amount or Value.	Day for Parties to appear.	Appellant.	Respondent.	Date.	Confirmed, reversed, or altered.	For what, or Amount.

W. Morgan,
Clerk of the Council.

THE 2ND APRIL 1859.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council of India on the 26th March 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 6th of June next :—

A Bill to regulate the appointment, employment, and dismissal of Village Watchmen in the Territories under the Government of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to regulate by enactment the administration of the rural police ; It is enacted as follows :—

Number of village watchmen.

I. In default of any special rule or custom, the requisite number of village watchmen shall be held to be one watchman for every hundred houses. Where villages are small and scattered so that one man cannot watch one hundred houses, the number of watchmen relatively with the number of houses may be increased by the Magistrate with the approval of the Commissioner ; provided always that a watchman shall not be appointed to fewer than sixty houses.

Nomination of village watchmen.

II. The nomination of village watchmen shall rest with those who have heretofore nominated them, whether Zemindars, Gomastahs, or village headmen, or villagers. If they fail to nominate on the requisition of the Magistrate, or if their nomination shall be disapproved by the Magistrate, and shall not be cancelled on requisition by the Magistrate, the Magistrate shall nominate, and his nomination shall be final.

Responsibility of appointing or paying watchmen, if disputed, by whom to be determined.

III. If it be disputed with whom the responsibility of appointing, or of paying a village watchman lies, the Magistrate, after hearing all the parties concerned, shall determine. The decision of the Magistrate shall be open to appeal within thirty days to the Commissioner, whose decision shall be final.

Remuneration of watchmen.

IV. The proper pay of a village watchman shall be held to be not more than five, and not less than three Rupees per mensem. Whatever has been the nature of the remuneration of a watchman, whether by land, or money, or clothes, or grain, the nature of such remuneration shall not be changed without the consent of the payers, but the Magistrate shall encourage payment in money, and whatever the nature of the remuneration, the total value of the same shall not be less than three Rupees per mensem for each watchman.

If remuneration falls short of three Rupees per mensem.

V. If the sum hitherto paid by the inhabitants of a watchman's beat does not amount to three Rupees per mensem, the Magistrate may cause the parties responsible to make good that sum, or may amalgamate such watchman's beat with the beat of another watchman or other watchmen, and make the pay of the watchman dispensed with payable to such other watchman or to such other watchmen in such portions as may appear proper. The decisions of a Magistrate under this Section shall not be appealable by right to the Commissioner, but the Commissioner shall have authority to call for the Magistrate's proceedings in any such cases in which he may see cause to interfere, and to pass such orders as he may deem proper.

Punchayet.

VI. In places where the village watchmen are paid by the inhabitants, circles of villages shall be formed comprising about one thousand houses, and in every circle there shall be a Punchayet of five respectable persons, to be elected every third year by the inhabitants. If any member of a Punchayet shall die, or resign, or become disqualified, his place shall be filled up by the election of another person by the inhabitants.

Assessment of cess.

VII. The Punchayet shall determine the cess necessary for the payment of the village watchmen, and shall cause a statement of the sum payable by each inhabitant to be prepared and forwarded to the Thannah where it shall be hung up in a conspicuous place for fifteen days. Any party dissatisfied with the assessment imposed on him may appeal to the Magistrate whose order shall be final.

Collection of tax.

VIII. *Clause* 1. The Punchayet shall collect the tax monthly, and pay it to the watchmen, and forward their receipts to the Darogah If any party fail to pay the tax assessed on him for the period of two months, the Punchayet shall, through the Darogah, report the defaulter to the Magistrate. The Magistrate shall issue a summons to the defaulter to appear in person before him, and show cause why attachment should not issue. Should the party fail to appear, or appearing, fail to show good cause for not paying the arrear, the Magistrate shall, by warrant to the Darogah of Police to whom such watchman may be subordinate, cause the amount due, with costs, to be recovered by distress and sale of any goods and chattels belonging to or found on the premises of the defaulter.

If defaulter be an absentee land holder.

Clause 2. Or if, by reason of the defaulter being an absentee land-holder, the realization of the arrear by means of summons and attachment is impracticable, it shall be competent to the Magistrate to call on the Collector to levy the arrear, and the Collector shall levy the sum called for by the Magistrate as he would levy an arrear of revenue due by such absentee land-holder. There shall be no appeal of right from the orders of a Magistrate under this Section, but they shall be subject to the review of the Commissioner as provided for in Section V.

Appointment of one or more watchmen may in certain cases be dispensed with.

IX. It shall be lawful for a Magistrate, when he may consider it conducive to the efficiency of the Police, to dispense with the appointment of one or more watchmen, and to cause the money leviable as the pay of the watchman or watchmen dispensed with to be paid to another watchman with a view to the increase of the pay of such watchman, and to his appointment as a head watchman.

X. It shall be lawful for a Magistrate, whenever he may consider it needful to collect the watchmen of several contiguous villages or beats in order to the establishment of a watch-post, and to make one of the watchmen so collected head of the watch-post, and to place several contiguous villages or beats under such head watchman, and to make such head watchman and the watchmen placed under him, answerable for the peace of all the villages or beats included in the tract of country under such watch-post.

Magistrate may collect watchmen of several villages to form a watch-post.

XI. Should the parties responsible for the appointment of a watchman desire the removal of an incumbent, and the appointment of a another watchman in his place, they shall apply to the Magistrate, either through the Darogah of Police, or direct, and the Magistrate shall comply with their request, or reject the application, as he may think proper, and his order shall be final. It shall be competent to a Magistrate, whenever he may think it necessary, to dismiss a village watchman from employment, and to direct the parties responsible, to appoint another watchman in the room of the watchman dismissed, and his order shall be final.

Removal of watchmen.

XII. Any village watchman who may be convicted before a Magistrate of any wilful neglect or misconduct in the discharge of his duty as a Police Officer, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees, or to imprisonment with or without hard labor for a period not exceeding one month, or to both, provided that he shall not be so liable if he shall have been punished for the same act as a criminal offence. Provided further that punishment for neglect shall not bar prosecution for a criminal offence should it be found that a village watchman, besides neglecting his duty as a watchman, has committed a criminal offence.

Punishment for watchmen guilty of neglect or misconduct.

XIII. It shall be lawful for a Magistrate to cause such a percentage from the aggregate sum collected for the pay of watchmen as shall suffice to pay the Officers necessary to make the collections, conduct the disbursements, and keep the accounts, to be set apart for that purpose.

Renumeration of collecting Officers.

XIV. It shall be lawful for the Magistrate to assign any of his duties under this Act to a Joint, or Deputy, or Assistant Magistrate.

Magistrate may assign any of his duties under this Act to a Joint, Deputy, or Assistant Magistrate.

XV. It shall be lawful for the Government of Bengal, to appoint a Commissioner or Commissioners for settling the liabilities of landowners, headmen, villagers, &c., in respect to the appointment of village watchmen under this Act, and to vest such Commissioner or Commissioners with the powers of a Magistrate in that behalf

Appointment of Commissioners.

W. Morgan,
Clerk of the Council.

Home Department.

No. 708.

Fort William, the 5th April 1859.

Mr. F. F. Hogg, of the Civil Service, reported his return from leave to England on Medical Certificate on the 31st ultimo, by the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company's Steamer *Nubia*.

No. 709.

Mr. F. B. Simson, of the Civil Service, was permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough, on Medical Certificate, for a period of three years, on the 4th October last.

No. 710.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. W. Grey to be Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department.

Cecil Beadon,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Foreign Department.

No. 1603.

Fort William, the 31st March 1859.

Brigadier General G. St. P. Lawrence, Agent to the Governor General for the States of Rajpootana, has obtained leave of absence for one month, from the date on which he may avail himself of it, preparatory to obtaining Furlough to Europe, under Medical Certificate.

No. 1604.

The 2nd April 1859.

The Reverend H. W. Crofton, Officiating Chaplain of Rangoon, is appointed Chaplain of that Station.

No. 1605.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant W. F. Edwards, of the 45th Bengal Native Infantry, to be Second in Command of the Malwa Bheel Corps.

No. 1606.

The 5th April 1859.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Cecil Beadon to be Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.

No. 1607.

Assistant Surgeon Kelsall, of Her Majesty's 20th Regiment, is appointed to the Medical charge of the Civil Station and Military Police at Goorda, Oudh, with effect from the 20th February last.

No. 1608.

Lieutenant R. E. Oakes, Assistant Revenue Surveyor, is appointed to the charge of the 1st or Eastern Division, Nagpore Survey, during the absence on leave of Captain Vanrenen, or until further orders.

No. 1609.

Captain T. H. Chamberlain, Assistant General Superintendent of Operations for the Suppression of Thuggee and Dacoitee, assumed charge of his duties at Lucknow, on the 21st ultimo.

No. 1610.

The appointment of Lieutenant L. H. E. DeH. Larpent to be District Adjutant of the Oudh Military Police, as notified in General Order No. 496, dated the 20th January last, is hereby cancelled.

No. 1611.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to grant to Mr. T. H. Kavanagh, Assistant Commissioner in Oudh, leave of absence for one year to proceed to England, under Section IX. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, with one month's preparatory leave to proceed to the port of embarkation.

No. 1612.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to grant to Lieutenant W. R. Shakespear, 1st Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General for Central India, leave of absence for six months, to proceed to Europe, under Rule IX. of the new Furlough Regulations.

R. Simson,

Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, 4th April 1859.

No. 450 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications from the Foreign Department are published in General Orders :—

No. 1405.—*The* 31*st March* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to grant to Major R. H. Keatinge, Officiating Political Assistant in Nimar and Political Agent in Western Malwa, the usual leave from the 16th instant, the date on which he made over charge of the Nimar Agency Office to Mr. S. J. Naher, Deputy Collector in Nimar, to proceed to Bombay, preparatory to applying for further leave to England, on Medical Certificate.

No. 1406.—Major R. R. W. Ellis, Political Assistant for Bundlecund, has obtained leave of absence for eight weeks, from the date on which he may avail himself of the same, preparatory to applying for further leave to Europe on Medical Certificate.

No. 1408.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Assistant Surgeon C. Mathias, of the Meenah Corps at Deolee, to the Medical charge of the Ulwar Political Agency.

Doctor Mathias joined his appointment on the 13th ultimo.

No. 451 *of* 1859.—The following Notification issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, is published in General Orders. :—

The 24th March 1859.—Assistant Surgeon J. M. Coates to be Civil Assistant Surgeon of Chumparun.

No. 452 *of* 1859.—The following Notification by the Government, North-Western Provinces, is published in General Orders :—

No. 822.—*The 26th March* 1859.—Captain A. H. Ternan, Deputy Commissioner of Jaloun, for eight weeks, under the Rules applicable to Military Officers on Staff employ, from 20th April, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave, preparatory to applying for fifteen months' leave to England, on Medical Certificate.

No. 453 *of* 1859.—The following Notification by the Government of the Punjaub, is published in General Orders :—

No 602.—*The 22nd March* 1859.—Captain J. Crofton, Bengal Engineers, Superintendent Barce Doab Canal, has obtained eight weeks' leave from the 15th April 1859, preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe, on Medical Certificate.

No. 454 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications from the Public Works Department, are published in General Orders :—

No. 73.—*The 26th March* 1859.—Lieutenant A. C. Pudday, of Engineers, placed at the disposal of the Public Works Department in G. O. G. G., No. 413, of the 25th instant, is appointed a Probationary Assistant Engineer and attached to the Punjab.

No. 74.—*The 28th March* 1859.—Lieutenant G. Swinton, of Engineers, Probationary Assistant Engineer, is transferred from the Barrackpoor to the Ramghur Division.

Lieutenant J. M. Heywood, of Engineers, Probationary Assistant Engineer, is transferred from the 2nd Division Grand Trunk Road to the Barrackpoor Division.

Mr. W. Barnfather, Probationary Assistant Engineer, is transferred from the Barrackpoor Division to the Ganges and Darjeeling Road.

Lieutenant C. N. Judge, of Engineers, Assistant Engineer 2nd Class, and Lieutenant R. C. Danbuz, of Engineers, Probationary Assistant Engineer, are posted to the 2nd Division Grand Trunk Road.

No. 455 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned men who were pronounced by the Invaliding Committee to be unfit for further duty, and recommended to be sent to Europe, are admitted to Pension as specified opposite to their respective names, under the provisions of General Order of the 5th February 1820, with permission to reside in India, subject to

the confirmation of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State:—

Serjeant Samuel Pritchard, of the Department Public Works ...	Equivalent to 1 shilling per diem.
Gunner Patrick Rourk, of the 3rd Company 6th Battalion Artillery ...	Equivalent to 9 pence per diem.

No. 456 *of* 1859.—Captain A. L. Nicholson, of the 64th Native Infantry, Officiating Sub-Assistant Commissary General, is allowed leave of absence, from the 15th April to the 15th May 1859, to visit the Presidency preparatory to applying for Furlough.

No. 457 *of* 1859.—Captain Frederick Octavius Salusbury, of the 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, is permitted to proceed to Europe on private affairs under the old Regulations, for the residue of the Furlough on the same account granted to him in Government General Order No. 271, of the 17th February 1857.

Fort William, the 5th April 1859.

No. 458 *of* 1859.—With reference to Government General Order No. 193, dated 5th October 1836, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct, that the following Military Letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 58, dated 16th February 1859, be published in General Orders:—

Military. No. 58.

To His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council.

My Lord,

Great difficulty having been experienced in dealing with claims advanced by Officers of short periods of service to retire on half pay under the clause of the Retiring Regulations established by the late Court of Directors of the East India Company, by their Despatch to the Governor General of India, dated 11th May 1836, No. 3, as quoted in the margin, I have resolved with the concurrence of the Council of India to recommend to Her Majesty the substitution of the following modified Rule, which Her Majesty has been pleased to sanction:—

"Officers who are compelled to quit "the service by wounds received in "action or by ill health contracted "on duty after three years' service "in India, are permitted to retire on "the half pay of their Rank, viz:— "2nd Lieutenants, Cornets or "Ensigns 3s. a day, Lieutenants 4s."

"Officers on producing the prescribed Medical "Certificates, countersigned by the Commanding "Officer, that they are compelled to quit the ser- "vice by wounds received in action, or by ill-health, "contracted on active service, or on Detachment "or out-post, or any Military duty in notoriously "unhealthy localities, after three years' service in "India, are permitted to retire on the half pay "of their Rank."

I have, &c.,
(Signed) Stanley.

India Office,
London, 16*th February* 1859.

No. 459 *of* 1859.—Major William Henry Rickards, of the 14th Regiment Native Infantry, Political Agent in Bhopal, is permitted to retire from the Service on the Pension of a Colonel, from the date of his departure from Bombay.

No. 460 *of* 1859.—The following arrangements will have effect consequent on the re-organization of the Pay Office at Cawnpore, and the Establishment of a Divisional Pay Office at Lucknow:—

Officers and Troops at all Stations at present comprised within the Cawnpore Circle, excepting Mhow, which is transferred to the Benares Circle, will continue to be paid from the Cawnpore Pay Office.

All Officers and Troops serving in the Province of Oude will be paid from the new Lucknow Pay Office.

No. 461 *of* 1859.—Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned gentlemen to be Cadets for the Cavalry in Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces at the Presidency of Bengal. They are accordingly admitted into the Service and promoted to the rank of Cornet, leaving the dates of their Commissions for future adjustment:—

	Date of arrival at Fort William.
Cavalry.	
Mr. Clement Edward Benthall „ Arthur William Roberts,...	1st April 1859.

No. 462 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate:—

Lieutenant Charles Combe, of the 3rd Regiment Bombay Light Cavalry.	For eighteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 463 *of* 1859.—The services of Sub-Assistant Surgeon J. Sheetz, attached to Alexander's Horse, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 464 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe, on Furlough on private affairs:—

Captain William Charles Clifton, of the 67th Regiment Native Infantry ...	For three years, under the old Regulations.
Lieutenant Frederick William Graham, of the 11th Regiment Native Infantry ...	For two years, under the new Regulations.

No. 465 *of* 1859.—Assistant Surgeon F. Carter, of the Medical Department, is allowed leave of absence for two months, from the 1st February 1859, or from such date as he may avail himself of it, to visit Bombay preparatory to applying for leave of absence, on Sick Certificate to Europe, under the new Regulations.

No. 466 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers have returned to duty on this Establishment, without prejudice to their rank:—

	Date of arrival at Fort William.
Lieutenant Colonel and Brevet Colonel James Matthie, 21st Native Infantry. Lieutenant Gavin Dring Crawfurd, 18th Native Infantry. Lieutenant Robert Dalla Campbell, 63rd Native Infantry. Assistant Surgeon William Henry Kirton, of the Medical Department.	1st April 1859.

No. 467 *of* 1859.—Lieutenant E. S. Jackson, Sub-Assistant Stud Department, in charge of the Buxar Depôt is allowed leave of absence from the 20th March to the 20th May 1859, to visit the Presidency, preparatory to applying for leave of absence, on Sick Certificate to Europe, under the new Regulations.

No. 468 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is promoted to the rank of Captain by Brevet, from the date expressed opposite to his name :—

24th Regiment Native Infantry.

Lieutenant Brooking Soady ... 1st April 1859.

No. 469 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate :—

Assistant Surgeon James Arthur Sewell, M. D., of the Medical Department ...	For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.
Deputy Assistant Commissary John Brooke, 1st Class Sub-Engineer, Department Public Works ...	For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.

No 470 *of* 1859.—Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned gentlemen to be Cadets for the Infantry in Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces at the Presidency of Bengal. They are accordingly admitted into the Service, and promoted to the rank of Ensign, leaving the dates of their Commissions for future adjustment :—

	Date of arrival at Fort William.
Infantry.	
Mr. Edward Maximiliam Bethune	1st April 1859.
Mr. Hugh Wilson Williams ...	
Mr. Adam Wilson Graham ...	
Mr. Astell Harrison ...	

No 471 *of* 1859.—Captain J. A. Law, of the 66th or Goorka Regiment, Sub-Assistant Commissary General, is allowed leave of absence, from the 1st April to the 15th June 1859, to visit the Presidency, preparatory to applying for permission to proceed to Europe on urgent private affairs.

No. 472 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate :—

Assistant Surgeon Thomas Anderson, M. D, Garrison Assistant Surgeon, Fort William	For fifteen months, under the new Regulations

R. H. J. Birch, *Major-General,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Public Works Department.

No. 76.

General.—Establishments.

The 31st March 1859.

Appointment.—Corporal J. Brierly, of the Corps of Delhi Pioneers, whose services were placed at the disposal of the Public Works Department, in General Order by the Commander-in-Chief, dated 21st October 1858, is appointed a Probationary Assistant Overseer and posted to Oudh, with effect from the date on which he commenced his duties.

No. 77.

The 1st April 1859.

Notification.—Mr. C. Sinclair, Overseer in Oudh, is dismissed from the Public Works Department.

No. 78.

The 2nd April 1859.

Leave of Absence.—The leave of absence granted to 2nd Lieutenant H. A. L. Carnegie, of Engineers, in Notification No. 70, of the 24th ultimo, is preparatory to applying for six months' leave to Europe on urgent private affairs, and not for the purpose of resigning the Service.

No. 79.

The 4th April 1859.

Appointment.—Mr. E. Fitzgerald is appointed temporarily an Assistant Overseer in the Department of Public Works, Oudh, with effect from the 9th March 1859.

No. 80.

Notification.—Overseer Serjeant R. Phillips, of the Bengal Artillery, attached to the Lower Sirhind Division, is dismissed from the Public Works Department, and will be remanded to Military duty.

No. 81.

The 5th April 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Major R. Strachey, of Engineers, Consulting Engineer to the Government of India, Railway Department, is allowed privilege leave for six weeks, with effect from the departure of the next Mail Steamer for Galle.

Appointment.—Captain C. J. Hodgson, of Engineers, Deputy Consulting Engineer to the Government of India, Railway Department, will officiate as Consulting Engineer during the absence of Major Strachey.

No. 82.

Postings and Transfers.—Captain J. T. N. O'Brien, Assistant Engineer, 1st Class, is posted to the 1st Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road, as Officiating Executive Engineer.

Captain C. Pollard, Executive Engineer 2nd Class, is transferred from the 1st Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road, to the amalgamated Peshawur and Nowshera Division.

Captain H. Hyde, Executive Engineer, 1st Class, is transferred from the Peshawur to the Lahore Division.

Captain J. J. O'Bryen, of the 16th Regiment Native Infantry, now in temporary charge of the Lahore Division, is transferred to the charge of Umritsur and Govindghur, subordinate to the Executive Engineer, Lahore, as a temporary arrangement.

Mr. N. G. Steele, Executive Engineer, 4th Class, is to take charge of the 9th Division Grand Trunk Road, and the Umritsur Drainage Works.

No. 83.

Notification.—The appointment of Mr. E. Swetenham, late 1st Class Assistant Engineer, to officiate as Executive Engineer of the 3rd Division, Baree Doab Canal, from the 13th March to the 12th April 1856, is sanctioned respectively.

H. Yule, *Lieut.-Col.,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 2204.

APPOINTMENT.—*The 1st April* 1859.—Mr. E. O. White to be a Lieutenant in the 10th Bengal Police Battalion.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—*The 29th March* 1859.—Mr. G. K. Poole, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Rungpore, for two months, under the Financial Notification of the 29th October 1857, making over charge of the Medical duties of the Station to the Native Doctor, Fyz Mahomed.

Mr. E. M. Reily, Deputy Collector of Cachar, from the 24th November to the 27th December last, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 30th March 1859.—Lieutenant J. Robertson, Second in Command 6th Bengal Police Battalion, from the 1st proximo to the 15th May next, under Section VII. of the revised Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 31st March 1859.—Baboo Doorgapersaud Ghose, Additional Principal Sudder Ameen of Chittagong, for two months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 27th January last.

NOTIFICATIONS.—*The 4th March* 1859.—The Sub-Division of Cox's Bazar in Chittagong will in future consist of Thannahs Chuckeriah Ramoo and Tecknauf, with their subordinate Pharees of Mascal and Kootubdea.

The 23rd March 1859.—Mr. E. H. Lushington assumed charge of the Office of the Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal on this day.

A. R. YOUNG,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 903.

Allahabad, the 30th March 1859.

Appointments.—Captain J. N. H. McLean to officiate as Deputy Commissioner 1st Class of Oraie, during the absence on leave of Captain A. H. Ternan, or until further orders.

Captain E. A. Fenton to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of 2nd Class of Baitool.

Lieutenant W. Tyler to officiate as Deputy Commissioner 2nd Class of Chundeyree.

No. 931.

The 31st March 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. Fendall Thompson, Officiating Magistrate and Collector of Allahabad, for eight weeks, from the 1st proximo, to enable him to proceed to Calcutta, preparatory to availing himself of the unexpired portion of his Furlough.

No. 933.

Appointments.—Mr. William Ralph Benson temporarily to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Allahabad, from the date on which he may receive charge from Mr. Thompson.

No. 945.

The 1st April 1859.

Captain C. Warde, 68th Regiment Native Infantry, to officiate as Cantonment Joint Magistrate and Superintendent of the Abkarry Mehal at Agra, during the absence on leave of Lieutenant W. Smith, or until further orders.

No. 948.

Captain R. Ouseley, 34th Regiment Native Infantry, to be Cantonment Joint Magistrate and Superintendent of the Abkarry Mehal at Saugor.

No. 951.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. Elliot Macnaghten, Assistant Magistrate and Collector of Mirzapoor, for six months, on private affairs, to England, from the 25th April, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the leave.

No. 957.

Mr. Alfred Lisle March Phillipps, for six months, under Section XIV. of the Absentee Rules, to visit England, on urgent private affairs, with six weeks' preparatory leave, to reach the port of embarkation, from the date on which he may make over charge of his Office.

No. 960.

Appointments.—Mr. George Boles Pasley to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Agra, from the date on which he may receive charge from Mr. Phillipps, or until further orders.

No. 978.

Allahabad, the 2nd April 1859.

Captain A. G. Davidson to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Ajmere and Mhairwarra.

Lieutenant T. Pierce to officiate as 1st Assistant Commissioner of Ajmere.

Nohbut Roy to officiate as 2nd Assistant Commissioner of Ajmere.

The above appointments to have effect from the 22nd February last, the date on which Captain J. Brooke, Deputy Commissioner and Political Agent left for Jodhpoor and Serohie.

No. 983.

Leave of Absence.—Assistant Surgeon H. M. Cannon, Superintendent of the Meerut Central Prison, for one month, under the Rules applicable to Military Officers in Staff employ, from the 15th April next, to proceed to the Presidency, preparatory to applying for leave to England on Medical Certificate.

Appointment.—Assistant Surgeon J. C. Corbyn, to officiate as Superintendent of the Meerut Central Prison, during the absence on leave of Dr. Cannon, or until further orders.

No. 989.

Notification.—Baboo Kedarnath, Moonsiff of the City of Jubbulpoor, is vested with the powers of an Assistant Magistrate, also with authority to receive petitions under Act X. of 1854, and administer stripes under Act XI. of 1858.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

E. C. Bayley,
Offg. Secy to. Govt., N. W.P

No. 328.

Allahabad, the 30th March 1859.

Appointment.—Zein-oolab-deen to be a Deputy Collector and Deputy Magistrate of Khundwah, in Nimar.

No. 535.

The 31st March 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Captain G. Baillie, Deputy Superintendent Roorkee Workshops, for one month, from the 15th proximo, to visit Calcutta, preparatory to applying for general leave, on private affairs to England.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

F. B. Outram,
Offg. Under-Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 148 A.

Allahabad, the 29th March 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Lieutenant N. Barton, Commandant of the Mundlah District Police, preparatory leave to the Presidency, subject to the conditions of the G. O. Government of India, Financial Department, No. 157, dated the 14th January 1859, from such date as he may avail himself of it.

No. 153.

The 30th March 1859.

Appointments.—Captain J. S. D. Tulloch, 17th Regiment Native Infantry, to be Second in Command of the Jhansie Divisional Police Battalion, *vice* Lieutenant Owen, proceeded to Europe, on Sick Certificate.

No. 160.

The 2nd April 1859.

Lieutenant R. Cadell, 20th Regiment Native Infantry, to be Commandant of the District Police at Mundlah, *vice* Captain Barton, proceeding to Europe. Lieutenant Cadell to continue to officiate as District Commandant at Cawnpore, until the return of Captain W. Thompson, or until further orders.

No. 161.

Notification.—The services of Lieutenant T. N. Baker, Second in Command of the 2nd Sikh Police Corps, have this day been placed at the disposal of the Government of India, Military Department.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

G. W. Williams, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Military Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 954.

Allahabad, the 1st April 1859.

Notification.—The leave of absence, for three months, granted to Mr. George Dundee Turnbull, Civil and Sessions Judge of Meerut, under Section XII. of the amended Absentee Rules, in O. S., of the 23rd February, is cancelled at that Officer's own request.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

J. D. Sandford,
Offg Asst. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces.

General Department,

No. 672, dated 24th March 1859.

Leave.—Mr. G. Thomson, Extra Assistant of Leia, has obtained one month's leave under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, from the date on which he may avail himself thereof.

No. 682, dated 25th March 1859.

Naik Ram, Extra Assistant of Goorgaon, has obtained nine months' leave on Medical Certificate, from the date of his availing himself thereof. Imdad Allee, Revenue Serishtadar of the Deputy Commissioner's Office, Goorgaon, will officiate as Extra Assistant during the absence of Naik Ram.

Nos. 675-9, dated 24th March 1859.

Appointments.—Mr. R. F. Saunders, Assistant Commissioner, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Kangra.

Major R. G. Taylor, Deputy Commissioner of Kangra, to officiate as Commissioner of Leia.

Captain H. R. James, Officiating Commissioner of Leia, to officiate as Commissioner of Peshawur.

Public Works Department,

No. 619, dated 25th March 1859.

Hukeem Rae is appointed a Sub-Overseer, with effect from the 10th January 1859, and posted to the Lahore Division of Public Works.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces,

R. H. Davies,
Secy. to Govt., Punjab Provinces.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the fourth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1857-58, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Thursday, the 14th of April 1859, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 2,260 chests, *viz* :—

Behar Opium	1,915
Benares Ditto	345
Total Chests,...	2,260

2. The general conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 1st December 1858, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 19th and 29th April 1859, respectively, that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, Company's Paper or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the sale will be received after 4 P. M. of Tuesday the 19th April 1859, and no Treasury Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Friday, the 29th April 1859.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium of 1857-58, will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board however reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday, 9th May 1859	1913	345	2260
Do. Monday, 13th June "	1913	345	2260
Do. Thursday, 14th July "	1913	345	2260
Do. Wednesday, 10th August "	1913	345	2260
Do. Friday, 9th September "	1913	345	2260
Do. Friday, 14th October "	1913	345	2260
Do. Monday, 7th November "	1913	345	2260
Do. Monday, 5th December "	1944	370	2314
	15329	2704	18033

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

E. T. TREVOR,
Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 28th March 1859.

No. 257.

Notice.

TENDERS for the transportation of Salt from the Central and Southern Agencies of Orissa, to the Government Golahs at Sulkea, will be received at this Office until 2 P. M., of the 17th of May next.

2. The Tenders must be drawn up according to a form which may be obtained on application at this Office.

3. Distinct contracts must be entered into for the removal of the Salt in each of the three following localities, to wit Hunsoah (in Central Cuttack) and the Ustrung Aurungs and the Chilka Lake Aurungs, in the Southern or Poorie Agency.

4. Parties tendering must satisfy the Board of Revenue and the Commissioner of Cuttack, that they possess the means of conveying the full quantity of Salt tendered for, and with this object a list of the vessels intended to be employed must accompany each Tender.

5. The quantity of Salt to be shipped at the Hunsoah Golahs will probably not exceed 1,00,000 maunds in each year; that from the Ustrungs is roughly estimated at 80,000 maunds for the ensuing season, and that from the Chilka Aurungs at maunds 3,20,000. The tenderer may apply for the whole quantity for which freight is required at each locality, or for any part not less than a quarter of such quantity.

6. Contractors must engage to ship the Salt allotted to them, during the period between the last spring tides of October and the end of February.

7. Parties whose tenders are accepted will be required to make a deposit of Government Promissory Notes, or to furnish other unexceptionable Security for the performance of their contracts.

8. The Board reserve to themselves the right of rejecting any Tender without assigning a reason.

By order of the Board of Revenue,

E. T. TREVOR,
Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 15th March 1859.

Notification No. 40.

Baboo Anandaram Phookun, Sub-Assistant Commissioner, received charge of the Treasury at Nowgong, Assam, on the 21st ultimo.

Mr. Uncovenanted Deputy Collector J. Johnson received charge of the Treasury of Monghyr, on the 28th ultimo.

R. P. HARRISON,
Offg. Accts. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM;
Office of Accts., Govt. of Bengal,
The 4th April 1859.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

—ooo—

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION, MARCH 1859.

PASSED CANDIDATES ALPHABETICALLY ARRANGED.

—ooo—

First Division.

	Ajodhya Persad	...	Ajmere School.
	Ali Hafiz	...	Muddrissa College.
	Anundloll Sen	...	Presidency College.
	Abdool Quadir	...	Sarun School.
	Anund Chunder Sen	...	Teacher, Furreedpore School.
	Boikuntnoth Sen	...	Berhampore College.
	Baneymadhub Bose	...	Colootolah Branch School.
	Bhobany Churn Dutt	...	Hindoo School.
	Bacharam Chatterjee	...	Oriental Seminary.
10	Benode Chund Mookerjee	...	Ootterparah School.
	Bhoobun Chunder Banerjee	...	Presidency College.
	Brojokissore Bose	...	Teacher, Bhaugulpore School.
	Bhugwan Chunder Bose	...	7th Master, Dacca College.
	Bhoobun Mohun Raha	...	4th Master, Burrisaul School.
	Chunder Mohun Ghose	...	Colootolah Branch School.
	Chunder Nath Ghose	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Chunder Coomar Dutt	...	Dacca College.
	Crump, H. W.	...	Doveton College.
	Chunder Shekhur Mookerjee	...	Hooghly College.
20	Cally Doss Chatterjee	...	Presidency College.
	Calli Mohun Chowdry	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Callica Dose Dutt	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Cashee Prosonno Mitter	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Chunder Mohun Banerjee	...	2nd Master, Bhaugulpore School.
	Chunder Cant Sein	...	Head Master, Rungpore Training School.
	Coutto, J. R.	...	Private Student.
	Denonath Pyne	...	Hindoo School.
	Doyal Chunder Shome	...	Hooghly College.
	Denonath Mookerjee	...	Teacher, Jonye School.
30	Deno Nath Bose	...	Presidency College.
	Ethmam Hosain	...	Muddrissa College.
	Gordon, B. D.	...	Doveton College.
	Greesh Chunder Mitter	...	Hindoo School.
	Gopeenath Bannerjee	...	Hooghly College.
	Grish Chunder Chowdry	...	Ootterparah School.
	Gopalchunder Goopto	...	Sanskrit College.
	Hyder Hosain	...	Muddrissa College.
	Hungsheshur Mookerjee	...	Puruliah School.
	Ishree Persad	...	Doveton College.
40	Isher Chunder Chuckerbutty	...	Calcutta Free Church Institution.
	Jai Gopal Sing	...	Gya School.
	Juddoonath Chatterjee	...	Presidency College.
	Jadub Chunder Day	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Juddoonath Mookerjee	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Khetter Mohun Bose	...	Civil Engineering College.
	Kisto Mohun Dey	...	Chinsurah Grammar School.
	Kisto Chunder Chatterjee	...	Colootolah Branch School.
	Kadernath Dutt	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Kally Prosonno Mookerjee	...	Hooghly Collegiate School.
50	Koylash Chunder Mookerjee	...	Kishnagur Collegiate School.
	Kissory Mohun Sen	...	Seal's College.
	Kesava Deva Sandylia	...	Benares College.
	Mohendronath Ghose	...	Bansbaria Free Church Branch School.
	Mendes, L. A.	...	Doveton College.
	Mudden Mohun Byaack	...	Hindoo School.
	Mahomed Diem	...	Muddrissa College.
	Nilmoney Koar	...	Hooghly College.

	Nobin Kissen Mookerjee	...	Ootterparah School.
	Nobin Chunder Gangooly	...	Presidency College.
60	Nobinkissen Mookerjee	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Nobin Chunder Dey	...	Teacher, Burdwan Rajah's School.
	Nilmoney Dey	...	Private Student.
	Omernoth Bose	...	Colootolah Branch School.
	Okhilnoth Roy	...	Hindoo School.
	Omirtololl Paul	...	Howrah School.
	Odeutoolah	...	Mudrissa College.
	Obenash Chunder Ghose	...	Oriental Seminary.
	Opendro Chunder Bose	...	Presidency College.
	Omirtololl Chatterjee	...	Ditto. Ditto.
70	Otool Chunder Mookerjee	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Protap Chunder Dey	...	Berhampore College.
	Prankristo Doss	...	Chittagong School.
	Poornando Mitter	...	Colootolah Branch School.
	Pitamber Dey	...	Presidency College.
	Parbutty Churn Ghose	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Pearymohun Mookerjee	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Poorno Chunder Sircar	...	Serampore College.
	Peary Mohun Banerjee	...	4th Master, Baraset School.
	Prosonno Chunder Roy	...	Teacher, Sanscrit College.
80	Prosonno Budana Mitter	...	Benares College.
	Rohim Buksh	...	Bansbaria Free Church Branch School.
	Rajkrishna Mitter	...	Colootolah Branch School.
	Radha Govind Dutt	...	Hooghly College.
	Roby Chunder Gangooly	...	Kishnagur Collegiate School.
	Romesh Chunder Mitter	...	Presidency College.
	Raj Kissen Pramanick	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Rajcoomar Roy	...	Head Master, Barrackpore School.
	Shosheebhoosun Sen	...	Burrisaul School.
	Shosheebhoosun Sen	...	Colootollah Branch School.
90	Simon, J. P. A.	...	Dacca Collegiate School.
	Sreekunt Mullick	...	Hooghly Branch School.
	Stevens, G.	...	La Martinere College.
	Soorjee Coomar Chatterjee	...	Presidency College.
	Shama Churn Gangooly	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Suryanarain Sing	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Surrut Chunder Doss	...	Teacher, Furreedpore School.
	Shittanath Mookerjee	...	Head Master, Chuckdegee Aided School.
	Sadhoo Chunder Seal	...	13th Master, Dacca College.
	Tarabelash Mitter	...	Berhampore College.
100	Troyluckhonath Mitter	...	Ootterparah School.
	Tarucknath Dutt	...	Presidency College.
	Tarabur Mitter	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Taraprosonno Mookerjee	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Tribhowun Sing	...	2nd Master, Gya School.
	Umbica Churn Sircar	...	Librarian, Howrah School.
	Wooma Canth Doss	...	Dacca Collegiate School.
107	Woomesh Chunder Sircar	...	Presidency College.

Second Division.

	Anundloll Bose	...	Bhaugulpore School.
	Anund Mohun Bose	...	Burrisaul School.
	Augustine, J.	...	Doveton College.
	Ashootosh Ghose	...	Hooghly Collegiate School.
	Aughore Nath Bannerjee	...	Jessore School.
	Aughore Nath Dutt	...	Midnapore School.
	Aunonto Ram Ghose	...	Colootolah Branch School.
	Beharyloll Gangooly	...	Bally Aided School.
	Bholanath Doss	...	Baraset School.
10	Brojobullub Mitter	...	Bancoorah School.
	Benwarry Sen	...	Beerbhoom School.
	Bholanath Bose	...	Bishop's College.
	Burrodaprosad Chatterjee	...	Colootolah Branch School.
	Byrne, V. P.	...	Doveton College.
	Bulloram Mullick	...	Chinsurah Free Church Institution.
	Beharryloll Bhadoory	...	Hindoo School.
	Beernursing Dey	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Benodebeharry Dey	...	Hooghly Collegiate School.
	Bhoobun Mohun Gupto	...	Ditto. Ditto.
20	Brojonath Shaw	...	Ditto. Ditto.

	Behareeloll Mitter	...	Howrah School.
	Brojololl Bannerjee	...	Jonya School.
	Bhooputty Chatterjee	...	Kishnagur Collegiate School.
	Bedhoobuddun Bannerjee	...	Konenuggur Aided School.
	Bully Chand Sen	...	Medical College.
	Bama Churn Palit	...	Mymensing School.
	Behareeloll Mookerjee	...	Ootterparah School.
	Bunnomally Mullick	...	Presidency College.
	Bissesur Chatterjee	...	Russapuglah School.
30	Bansy Madhub Mozoomdar	...	Private Student.
	Bunkoobehary Seal	...	Private Student.
	Coloodaprosad Sen	...	Beerbhoom School.
	Chunder Narain Sing	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Chuckerdhur Pershad	...	Bhaugulpore School.
	Cofil Ooddeen	...	General Assembly's Institution.
	Chooney Lall Doss	...	Hindoo School.
	Chunder Shekhur Gangooly	...	Hooghly Collegiate School.
	Chunderkant Mitter	...	Jessore School.
	Chundee Churn Bannerjee	...	Oriental Seminary.
40	Chunder Shekhur Coondoo	...	Private Student.
	Dhonesh Chunder Roy	...	Colootolah Branch School.
	Denonath Bannerjee	...	Culna Free Church Branch School.
	Denonath Dutt	...	Ex-Student Furreedpore School.
	Debendro Loll Bose	...	Hooghly Collegiate School.
	Dukhenaprosad Bose	...	Takey Aided School.
	Doorgadoss Dustadar	...	Chittagong School.
	Denonath Bannerjee	...	Culna Free Church Branch School.
	Eshan Chunder Koonr	...	Hooghly College.
	Gopal Chunder Paul	...	Bally Aided School.
50	Guddadhur Gorrain	...	Beerbhoom School.
	Gopal Chunder Paray	...	Bogra School.
	Gooroonath Sen	...	Burrisaul School.
	Gossie Doss Doss	...	Burdwan Rajah's School.
	Golokemohun Ghose	...	Dacca Collegiate School.
	Gobind Chunder Bose	...	Chinsurah Free Church Institution.
	Grish Chunder Dutt	...	General Assembly's Institution.
	Gopal Chunder Dutt	...	Hindoo School.
	Grish Chunder Mozoomdar	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Grish Chunder Mitter	...	Howrah School.
60	Gopal Chunder Lahory	...	Medical College.
	Goorooprosad Sen	...	Mymensing School.
	Grish Chunder Bose	...	Presidency College.
	Hurry Churn Bose	...	Alipore School.
	Hurry Mohun Bose	...	Baraset School.
	Hurrish Chunder Chowdry	...	Berhampore College.
	Hurry Mohun Lahory	...	Bogra School.
	Hurrish Chunder Roy	...	Burdwan Rajah's School.
	Hemendro Nath Tagore	...	Doveton College.
	Hem Chunder Ghose	...	General Assembly's Institution.
70	Hem Chunder Chatterjee	...	Hindoo School.
	Heraloll Ghose	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Heraloll Mookerjee	...	Hooghly Branch School
	Hurry Mohun Bannerjee	...	Kishnagur Collegiate School.
	Hodgkinson, E.	...	Medical College.
	Humeeodoodden Ahmed	...	Mymensing School.
	Hem Chunder Roy	...	Presidency College.
	Hurritarun Bhuttacharjee	...	Private Student.
	Ishen Chunder Sing	...	Colinga Branch School.
	Ishan Chunder Mookerjee	...	Chinsurah Free Church Institution.
80	Joggendronath Mookerjee	...	Baraset School.
	Janookyloll Roy	...	Beerbhoom School.
	Juggut Chunder Doss	...	Chittagong School.
	Jogesh Chunder Chowdry	...	Colootolah Branch School.
	Joyloll Doss	...	Hindoo School.
	Joy Gopal Mookerjee	...	Hooghly Collegiate School.
	Jogesh Chunder Bannerjee	...	Kishnagur Collegiate School.
	Juddoo Gopul Bose	...	Presidency College.
	Juddoonath Chatterjee	...	Serampore College.
	Koolodaprosad Mookerjee	...	Bancoorah School.
90	Kalliprosonno Mookerjee	...	Commillah School.
	Kader Nath Ghose	...	Colootolah Branch School.
	Keith J. N.	...	Colombo Academy.

	Kalliprosono Mookerjee	...	Hindoo School.
	Kistobehary Mookerjee	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Kader Nath Bannerjee	...	Hooghly College.
	Koylash Chunder Mookerjee	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Khettor Mohun Roy	...	Hooghly Collegiate School.
	Kader Nath Chatterjee	...	Hooghly Branch School.
	Koraliprosonno Mookerjee	...	Ditto. Ditto.
100	Kader Nath Dutt	...	Howrah School.
	Kally Churn Ghosal	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Kessub Loll Bose	...	Jessore School
	Kallyprosonno Mookerjee	...	Khamargachee Aided School.
	Kally Doss Bagchee	...	Kishnaghur Collegiate School.
	Kisno Chunder Chatterjee	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Kader Nath Bannerjee Junior	...	Konenuggur Aided School.
	Kishnadhun Ghose	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Kally Prosonno Gangoly	...	Ootterparah School.
	Khetter Chunder Chatterjee	...	Presidency College.
110	Kangali Churn Ghose	...	Presidency College.
	Koylash Chunder Ghose	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Koonjobehary Chowdry	...	Russapuglah School.
	Kirkpatrick, C.	...	St. Paul's School.
	Kally Kissen Bannerjee	...	Baraset School.
	Lal Beharry Lahory	...	Beauleah School.
	Lubil, E. G.	...	Colombo Academy.
	Loos, Robert	...	Ditto. Ditto.
	Luckhenarain Lahory	...	Private Student.
	Muttyloll Goopto	...	Banshania Free Church Branch School.
120	Moor, Robert	....	Bishop's College.
	Mohesh Chunder Sircar	...	Colinga Branch School.
	Mohince Mohun Burdhun	...	Commilla School.
	Modhoosuden Sen	...	Colootolah Branch School.
	Mothoornath Mookerjee	...	Hindoo School.
	Mutteeloll Bose	...	Hooghly Collegiate School.
	Mon Mohun Ghose	...	Kishnaguro Collegiate School.
	Modhoosudun Roy	...	Midnapore School.
	Mohendro Nath Roy	...	Presidency College.
	Muttiloll Pramanick	...	Ranaghat Aided School.
130	Moneyloll Sandel	...	St. Paul's School.
	Mookundobu'lub Mojoomdar	...	Private Student.
	Mudoosuden Burmora	...	Teacher, Juggutbullobpore Aided School.
	Nilmadhub Bhuttacharjee	...	Barrackpore School.
	Nuffer Chunder Bhutto	...	Berhampore College.
	Nobin Chunder Mitter	...	Ditto Ditto.
	Nobin Chunder Sen	...	Ditto Ditto.
	Nilmoney Bose	...	Hindoo School.
	Nemy Churn Bysack	...	Ditto Ditto.
	Nilambur Bannerjee	...	Hooghly Collegiate School.
140	Nilcunt Mookerjee	...	Hooghly Branch School.
	Nundololl Ghose	...	Midnapore School.
	Nobin Chunder Pattuck	...	Oriental Seminary.
	Nakuleshur Bannerjee	...	Sanskrit College.
	Noyan Chunder Bose	...	Seal's College.
	Nobokissen Sen	...	Sylhet Mission School.
	Nuleet Chunder Sen	...	Private Student.
	Oomakanth Moytro	...	Beauleah School.
	Obhoy Kristo Dutt	...	Colinga Branch School.
	Ooma Churn Goopto	...	Dacca Collegiate School.
150	Omirtolall Bose	...	Hindoo School.
	Obenash Chunder Dey	...	Ditto Ditto.
	Openderlall Bose	...	Hooghly College.
	Ojoodhyalall Pal	...	Midnapore School.
	Obhoy Coomar Bose	...	Oriental Seminary.
	Oottum Kishna Sircar	...	Presidency College.
	Pearylall Roy	...	Beerbhoom School.
	Promothnath Mookerjee	...	Bhaugulpore School.
	Prosunno Coomar Bose	...	Burrisaul School.
	Pearylall Goho	...	Dacca Collegiate School.
160	Poorno Chunder Banerjee	...	Hindoo School.
	Protap Chunder Dey	...	Ditto Ditto.
	Poorno Chunder Bose	...	Howrah School.
	Pearylall Shome	...	Ootterparah School.
	Prosunno Chunder Gangooly	...	Ranaghat Aided School.

	Procash Chunder Dutt	...	Sylhet School.
	Pro no Chunder Bhuttacharjee	...	Teacher, Ootterparah School.
	Punchanon Roy	...	Burrisaul School.
	Ramtaruck Muduck	...	Bansbaria Free Church Branch School.
	Rajnarain Chuckerbutty	...	Berhampore College.
170	Rakhal Chunder Sein	...	Ditto Ditto.
	Ram Gopal Tallapatra	...	Beauleah School.
	Romesh Chunder Bose	...	Colootolah Branch School.
	Romesh Chunder Ghose	...	Colootolah Branch School.
	Rukhal Chunder Seal	...	Ex-student Dacca College.
	Roheenee Coomar Bysack	...	Dacca Collegiate School.
	Roodro Chunder Mullick	...	Ditto ditto.
	Reedoynath Sircar	...	Ditto ditto.
	Rashbeharry Surma	...	Ditto ditto.
	Russickloll Mozoomdar	...	Calcutta Free Church Institution.
180	Rakhal Doss Bose	...	Hooghly Collegiate School.
	Rajcoomar Coondoo	...	Howrah School.
	Ramtaruck Roy	..	Paikparah School.
	Russickloll Banerjee	...	Presidency College.
	Ramtaruck Ghose	...	Seal's College.
	Radha Churn Mookerjee	...	Serampore College.
	Rajnarain Deb	...	Private Student.
	Romanoth Mookerjee	...	Private Student.
	Sarodaprosad Bannerjee	...	Baraset School.
	Saradaprosad Gangooly	...	Beerbhoom School.
190	Sreekrishna Mookerjee	...	Ditto ditto.
	Surbanund Doss	...	Burrisaul School.
	Surjeenarain Sing	...	Burdwan Rajah's School.
	Shib Chunder Aich	...	Colootolah Branch School.
	Shosheebhoosun Mookerjee	...	Ditto ditto.
	Shama Churn Mozoomdar	...	Ditto ditto.
	Suttynath Roy	...	Ditto ditto.
	Soorjo Coomar Dutt	...	Dacca College.
	Sorish Chunder Surma	...	Ditto ditto.
	Scott, G. L.	...	Doveton College.
200	Shib Chunder Pramanick	...	Hooghly Collegiate School.
	Soorjo Coomar Chatterjee	...	Hooghly Branch School.
	Sarodaprosad Bose	...	Jessore School.
	Shama Churn Ghose	...	Kishnogur College School.
	Sree Gopal Dutt	...	Kishnagur Mission School.
	Shama Churn Deb	...	Konenuggur Aided School.
	Shosheebhoosun Dutt	...	Mymensingh School.
	Shiboodass Bannerjee	...	Ooterparah School.
	Satcowry Mitter	...	Ditto ditto.
	Satcowry Chatterjee	...	Presidency College.
220	Shib Chunder Chatterjee	...	Ditto ditto.
	Suroop Chunder Bose	...	Purulia School.
	Shama Churn Mookerjee	...	Ranaghat Aided School.
	Shyama Churn Mookerjee	...	Sanskrit College.
	Sheoprosad Sing	...	Teacher, Gya School.
	Sham Loll Ghose	...	Private Student.
	Tarinee peersaud	...	Bhaugulpore School.
	Troylucko Nath Chatterjee	...	Civil Engineering College.
	Taracant Bose	...	Hindoo School.
	Thacoor Doss Mookerjee	...	Ditto ditto.
220	Troy uckho Nath Mitter	..	Hooghly Branch School.
	Tarap osid Mitter	...	Jessore School.
	Tareence Churn Bhadoory	...	Medical College.
	Troyluckho Nath Roy	...	Private Student.
	Umbica Churn Sircar	...	Hooghly College.
	Umbica Churn Bannerjee	...	Kishnagure Collegiate School.
	Umbica Churn Gangooly	...	Ootterparah School.
	Vander Stratten, J. W.	...	Colombo Academy.
	Vandort, W. G.	...	Ditto ditto.
	Wood, Henry	...	Bishop's College.
230	Wooma Churn Ghose	...	Burrisaul School.
	Wright, Edmund A.	...	Doveton College.
	Woodoy Chand Neogy	...	Hindoo School.
233	Watts, E. R.	...	La Martiniere College.

By order of the Vice-Chancellor,

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY,
The 4th April 1859.

H. SCOTT SMITH, *A. B.*,
Registrar.

Notice.

The General Treasury will be closed on Monday, the 11th April 1859, on account of the Hindoo Holiday Sree Ram Nubbomy, and on Tuesday, the 12th and Wednesday, the 13th April 1859, on account of the Hindoo Holidays Churruck Poojah.

J. I. Harvey,
Sub-Treasurer.

General Treasury,
The 24th March 1859.

Notification.

At the instance of the Accountants in the North-Western Provinces and the Punjab, the undersigned begs to draw the attention of Officers obtaining Sepoys' Remittance Drafts from Civil Treasuries, to the General Order No. 314, of the 8th November 1844, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 16th idem, page 904, directing that such Drafts should, after the Descriptive Roll at foot has been filled up, be transmitted by the Officer obtaining them to the Officer in charge of the Treasury drawn upon.

E. Drummond,
Acctt. Genl. to the Govt. of India.

Fort William;
Accountant General's Office, Durbar & Revenue Department,
The 2nd April 1859.

Memorandum.

The Electrical Time Ball at the Semaphore Tower this day did not drop at the proper time.

Surveyor General's Office;
Calcutta, 1st April 1859.

Neither the Electrical Time Ball nor the Old Time Ball at the Semaphore Tower dropped at the proper time to-day.

Surveyor General's Office;
Calcutta, 2nd April 1859.

Both the Electrical Ball as well as the Old Ball at the Semaphore Town dropped this day apparently of their own accord, without reference to Mean Time.

(Signed Radhanath Sickdhar,
In charge of the Observatory.

Surveyor General's Office;
Calcutta, 4th April 1859.

Orfeur Cavenagh, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Town Major.

REPORT showing the smallest depth of water in the Bhaugiruttee, Jellinghee and Matabanjah Rivers, from 21st to 27th March 1859.

Names of Rivers.	Smallest depth of Water.	Remarks on the Phenomena of the River, during the week.
Bhaugirutte River.	F. Is.	
Above its entrance Bar in Ganges	4 6	All Boats suited for the present dry season's Traffic of the Nuddeah Rivers should take the Bhaugirutte Route this year.
On the entrance Bar	3 6	
From thence to Jungypore, 14 miles	2 9	
From Jungypore to Berhampore, 45 miles	2 8	
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 54 miles ..	2 3*	
And from Cutwa to Nuddea, 63 miles ..	3 0	
Jellinghee River.		
From its entrance to Bansemarree ...	Closed.	Entrance closed by the Chur formed by Ganges in 1853-54.
From Bansemarree to Teeahkattah	1 6	
From Teeahkattah to Chundipore ...	1 9	
And from Chundipore to Moisgunge ..	2 6	
Matabangah River.		
From its entrance to Alickdeah ...	Closed.	Works on Upper River suspended. Lower River open from Alickdeah to Hooghly, and will be kept so. No Tolls collected since December 6th, 1858.
From Alickdeah to Seebpore ...	2 7	

Height of water on gauge at Berhampore on the 27th March 1859 + 11¼ Inches.

T. N. Armstrong, *C. E.*,
Supdt., Nuddeah Rivers.

Camp on the Bhaugiruttee River, Moulah
The 31st March 1859.

* 2 Feet 3 Inches at Sathya and Juggurnauthpore Shoals being worked at.

Notice.

The Office of the Railway Commissioner of the Eastern Bengal Railway has removed from No. 5 Mission Row, to No. 122 Bow Bazar Street.

To be sold, pursuant to an Order of the Supreme Court of Judicature, at Fort William in Bengal, made in a certain Cause, wherein Bholanauth Coondoo Chowdery and another are Plaintiffs, and Radharomun Bose is Defendant, bearing date the twelfth day of November 1857, with the approbation of John Cochrane, Esquire, the Master of the said Court, of which due notice will be hereafter given, the following property, that is to say, a brick-built messuage, tenement or dwelling-house, and a a piece or parcel of and on which the same is erected and built, containing by estimation seven cottahs

a little more or less, situate, lying and being at Sootanooty, in the Town of Calcutta, and bounded in the manner following, that is to say, on the East side thereof by a piece of tenanted land belonging to Rajah Nursing Chunder Roy, on the North side thereof by the Hon'ble Company's Street, commonly called Nimtollah Street, on the West side thereof by the house and premises formerly the property of Rajkissore Dutt, and at present belonging to the heirs of the late Radamadub Bondopadhia and by a path, and on the South side thereof, partly by a house formerly the property of the said Rajkissore Dutt, and at present the property of the said Radamadub Bondopadhia, deceased, and partly by the house of the late Jeetnarain Roy, deceased.

Further particulars may be had at the Master's Office, or of Mr. Goodall, Attorney for the Plaintiffs.

E. B. Goodall,
Plaintiffs' Solicitor.

John Cochrane,
Master.

Calcutta Supreme Court;
Master's Office,
The 31st March 1859.

Bank of Bengal.

The 4th March 1859.

Notice is hereby given, that applications for the Office of Secretary and Treasurer of the Bank, (about to become vacant by the resignation of the present incumbent), will be received up to the 1st August next.

Candidates are requested to transmit their applications addressed to "*C. Hugh Inshington, Esq., President of the Board of Directors of the Bank of Bengal, Calcutta.*"

None need apply who do not possess a thorough knowledge of Banking, and who cannot furnish the highest testimonials of general efficiency for the Office.

Salary Rupees 2,600 per mensem (equal to £3,120 per annum) and residence free, upon the Bank premises.

Published by order of the Directors,

J. B. Plumb,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

With reference to Government Notification No. 5, Fort William, Financial Department, 26th January 1855, notifying the intention of Government to dissolve its connexion with the Government Agency—

The Oriental Bank Corporation undertake the safe custody of Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal, and other local Stocks, free of all charge.

Will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, and remit at the current rates of exchange, or pay the same according to instructions, if to be remitted through the Corporation. Without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... 1-4th per Cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the purchase of Government or other Securities, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Corporation, ... Without charge.

Wm. Anderson,
Agent.

Oriental Bank Corporation;
Calcutta, 29th January 1855.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Eric Bollman Gordon McDowgal, of Calcutta, at present residing at No. 18-1, Theatre Road, in Calcutta, late a Clerk in the firm of Messrs. Henderson and Co., an Insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 30th day of March last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 4th day of June next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Orr and Goodall, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 1st April 1859.

In the matter of Alfred Dumat, Louis Thomas and Francois Hodoul, carrying on business in Calcutta, together in co-partnership as Merchant and Agents under the style and firm of Langlois and Co., Insolvents.

In the matter of Alfred Dumat, of Loudon Street, in Calcutta, Merchant and Agent, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Francois Hodoul, lately of Paris, but at present of Calcutta, carring on business in co-partnership with Alfred Dumat and Louis Thomas, as Merchants and Agents, under the style and firm of Langlois and Co., an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 2nd day of April instant, it was ordered that the hearing of these several matters do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 7th day of May next, and that the said Insolvents do then respectively attend to be examined by the said Court.

Carey and Berners, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Nobin Chunder Dutt, of Hautcollah, in Calcutta, late a Banian, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Thomas Muir, of No. 101, Boitukkannah Road, in Calcutta, late an Assistant to Joshua Jenkinson, General Contractor, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 2nd day of April instant, it was ordered that the hearing of these several matters do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 7th day of May next, and that the said Insolvents do then respectively attend to be examined by the said Court.

Shircore, *Attorney.*
Anley and Sims, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Robert Roddis Wallis, an Insolvent.

In the matter of John Noble Mabert, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Kartickchurn Roy, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 2nd day of April instant, it was ordered that the hearing of these several matters do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 7th day of May next, and that the order made in these matters for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvents from arrest be enlarged to the said 7th day of May next, and that the said Insolvents do then respectively attend to be examined by the said Court.

T. Owen, *Attorney.*
Sherrington, *Attorney.*
Swinhoe and Beeby, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Nathoo Moolchand, formerly carrying on business as a Merchant at Bombay, but at present of Amratollah, in Calcutta, Opium Broker an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 2nd day of April instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 1st day of October next, and that the order made in this matter for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvent from arrest be recalled and revoked, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Templeton and Carrapiet, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Edwin Delanougerede, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Dyanauth Khettre, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 2nd day of April instant, it was ordered that the hearing of these several matters do stand adjourned until Saturday the 4th day of June, next, and that the order made in these matters for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvents from arrest be enlarged to the said 4th day of June next, and that the said Insolvents do then respectively attend to be examined by the said Court.

Shircore, *Attorney.*
Remfry, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 5th April 1859.

Notice.

We have authorised Mr. Sareus Nixon Smellie to sign our Firm by procuration from this date.

Pearce, Macrae & Co.,

Calcutta,
The 31st March 1859.

Notice.

The Office of the Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund has been removed to No. 7, Dacres' Lane.

By Order of the Directors,

R. C. Tulloh,
Secretary.

The 1st April 1859.

Notice

Is hereby given for the information and guidance of all Treasury Officers that Government Promissory Note, No. 8283 of 1856-57, for (1,000) one thousand Rupees, in favor of Reverend R. M. Price, has been lost in transit from the Loan Office to Almorah.

B. W. Colvin,
Senr. Asst. Commissioner.

Kumaon;
Senr. Asst. Commissioner's Office,
Almorah,
The 23rd March 1859.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

The under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of Ullee Hussun, the Proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, payment of the Notes and of Interest thereupon have been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of duplicate Notes in favor of the Proprietor:—

No. 4853 of 1854-55, dated 30th September 1854, for Rs. 2,000								
„ 4854	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	
„ 4855	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	
„ 4856	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	
„ 4857	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	

Ullee Hussun.

Lucknow,
31st March 1859.

LOST.—In Transit. The first-half of a new Bank B.
of Bengal Note, No. 17096 for Rupees 25, and a ditto old ditto, No. 43255, Rupees for 25.

Raujinder Mitter.

Lost.

The following right-hand halves of the Bank of Bengal Notes:—

No.	07177	for Rupees	100
„	04662	„ „	100
„	21790	„ „	50

Stolen.

The Public are cautioned against receiving the under-mentioned half Notes, which have been this day stolen from Travellers on the highway near Kishnagur:—

No.	07815	Rupees	1,000
„	04322	„	500
„	24443	„	50

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of Mah Leekee Begum, the Proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the Notes and of Interests thereupon have been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes in favor of the Proprietor :—

No.	10781	of	16547	of	1855-56,	dated 31st March 1856, for Rs.	5000
No.	10782	„	„		„	„ for „	5000
No.	10783	„	„		„	„ for „	4000
No.	10785	„	16535		„	„ for „	3000
No.	10786	„	„		„	„ for „	3000
No.	10787	„	„		„	„ for „	3000
No.	10788	„	„		„	„ for „	3000
No.	10789	„	„		„	„ for „	3000
No.	10790	„	„		„	„ for „	3000
No.	10791	„	„		„	„ for „	3000
No.	10792	„	„		„	„ for „	3000
No.	10793	„	„		„	„ for „	2000
No.	10794	„	„		„	„ for „	2000
No.	417	„	1060		„	„ for „	7000
No.	28661	„		1854-55,	„	30th June 1854, for „	2000
No.	28662	„			„	„ for „	2000
No.	28663	„			„	„ for „	3000
No.	28664	„			„	„ for „	2500
No.	28665	„			„	„ for „	2500
No.	28666	„			„	„ for „	5000
No.	13077	„			„	„ for „	5000
No.	33548	„			„	„ for „	1000
No.	2477	„	40145		„	„ for „	5000
No.	2461	„			„	„ for „	4000
No.	2464	„			„	„ for „	4000
No.	2466	„			„	„ for „	3000
No.	2467	„			„	„ for „	3000
No.	2468	„			„	„ for „	3000
No.	2963	„	20797		„	„ for „	2000
No.	2974	„			„	„ for „	3000
No.	4899	„			„	„ for „	1000

MAH LEEKEE BEGUM.

LUCKNOW,
The 21st March 1859.

Lost.

THE under-mentioned 5 Per Cent. Government Promissory Notes, originally standing in the names mentioned against each and, last endorsed to Kissen Sahee:—

No. 33593 of 1856-57, for Rupees 2,000, originally standing in the name of Peerbux, and last endorsed to Kissen Sahee.

No. 32318 of 1856-57 for Rupees 1,000, originally standing in the name of Nannoo Mull, and last endorsed to Kissen Sahee.

No. 49495 of 1856-57 for Rupees 1,000, originally standing in the name of Nannoo Mull, and last endorsed to Kissen Sahee.

Payment of the above Notes and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for duplicates thereof, in the name of Kissen Sahee, their present proprietor, by whom they were not endorsed to any body.

(Signed) NANNOO MULL.

CALCUTTA,
The 24th March 1859.

Notices issued by the Officiating Deputy Post-Master General of Bengal.

MEMORANDUM showing the Date and Hour of Arrival at the Calcutta Post Office of the Mails which left England on the *February* 1859, *and the time occupied in sorting the Letters and Papers for delivery.*

Name of the Steamer.	Date and hour at which the Mails were landed at Garden Reach.	Hour at which the Mails arrived at the General Post Office.	Hour at which the Window Delivery commenced.	Hour at which the Peons left the Post Office.	Delivery.	No. of Boxes of Letters.			No. of Boxes of Newspapers and Books.			
						Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.	Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.	Grand Total.
Nubia	1st April 1859 3 P. M.	4-20 P. M.	7 P. M.	7-20 P. M.	2 hours 40 mins.	7	3	10	58	31	89	99
										France ...	...	2
										Alexandria ...	...	1
										Hong-Kong ...	...	1
										Singapore ...	...	1
										Penang ...	...	1
										Galle ...	...	1
										Madras ...	...	3
										Malta ...	...	1
										Gibraltar ...	...	1
										Suez ...	...	1
										Aden ...	...	1
										Galle ...	...	1
										Bombay ...	...	1
										Total ...	...	115

The 2nd April 1859.

IT is hereby notified, that unless marked for particular Ships, all Letters received at the General Post Office between Monday, the 28th March 1859, and Sunday, the 3rd April 1859, both dates inclusive were despatched by the under-mentioned Vessels which sailed from Calcutta on dates specified :—

Letters received on dates from and to	By what Ship despatched.	Bound to	Remarks.
28th and 29th March 1859.	*Francis Banfield* ...	Cape of Good Hope .	Left Town on the 30th March 1859.
28th Mar. to 3rd Apr. 1859	Steamer *Baltic* ..	Rangoon & Moulmein...	Left Town on the 4th April.
30th „ to 2nd „ „ ..	*Philo* ...	Cape of Good Hope ...	Left Town on the 3rd ditto.
28th „ to 1st „ „ ..	*Julia* ...	Melbourne ...	Left Town on the 2nd ditto.

Calcutta ;
General Post Office,
The 5th April 1859.

T. Garrett,
Offg. Depy. Post-Master General.

All Postal Authorities are to take notice of, and be guided by, the Official Notifications and Announcements published in the Postal Advertiser.

Parties holding Window-delivery Tickets can, on payment of one Rupee per annum extra, obtain a copy of the Postal Advertiser.

To those who do not hold such Tickets, the charge is Rupees two per annum, payable in advance.

All communications respecting change of address should be made to the Post-Master of Calcutta and not to the Post-Master General. Letters re-directed, whether delivered in Calcutta, or forwarded to some other Station, are taxed with "Forward Postage."

All complaints requiring redress, such as overcharge of Postage, mis-sending or delay in the delivery of Letters, &c., must be made to the Post-Master General, accompanied by the Envelopes of the letters referred to; the number of the Delivery Peon should always be stated.

Dates of Departure of Mail Steamers from Calcutta to England, &c., during the ensuing six months.

	Date.	*Date.*
April	9th	23rd
May	4th	18th
June	4th	18th
July	4th	18th
August	9th	23rd
September	9th	23rd

Latest safe Date of Overland Mails from Calcutta to Bombay, for the ensuing three months.

From Calcutta.	From Bombay.
Date.	*Date.*
2nd April 1859.	11th April 1859.
17th „ „	26th „ „
3rd May „	12th May „
14th „ „	23rd „ „
27th „ „	5th June „

MEMORANDUM of Countries and Places to which pre-payment of Postage is **COMPULSORY** *per Contract Steamers.*

COUNTRIES AND PLACES.	Letters. Not exceeding ½ oz.	Above ½ oz. and not exceeding ¾ oz.	Above ¾ oz. and not exceeding 1 oz.	Above 1 oz. and not exceeding 1½ oz.	Above one ounce & not exceeding 2 oz.	Every ounce after first oz.	Books. Each Packet not exceeding 4 ounces in weight.	Each Packet exceeding 4 oz. & not exceeding ½ lb.	Each Packet exceeding ½ lb. & not exceeding 1 lb.	Each Packet exceeding 1 lb. and not exceeding 1½ lb.	Each Packet exceeding 1½ lb. & not exceeding 2½ lbs.	Each Packet exceeding 2½ lbs. and not exceeding 3½ lbs.	Each Packet exceeding 3½ lbs. & not exceeding 5 lbs.	Newspapers or Prices Current. Not exceeding 4 oz.	Exceeding 4 oz. and not exceeding 8 oz.	Exceeding 8 oz. and not exceeding 12 oz.	Exceeding 12 oz. and not exceeding 16 oz.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
United Kingdom *viâ* Marseilles...	0 6 0	0 8 0	0 14 0	1 0 0	0* 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 6 0	0 8 0
Ditto *viâ* Southampton	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 3 0	0 5 6	0 11 0	1 0 0	1 5 6	1 11 0	2 0 0	0 0 9	0 1 6	0 2 3	0 3 0
Great Britain *viâ* Trieste	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 9	0 1 6	0 2 3	0 3 0
Foreign Europe *viâ* Trieste (excepting France) ...	0 0 0	0 8 0	0 0 1	0 0 2	0 0 0	1 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 9	0 1 6	0 2 3	0 3 0
Malta	0 0 0	0 4 0	0 0 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 3 0	0 5 6	0 11 0	1 0 0	1 5 6	1 11 0	2 0 0	0 0 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Gibraltar	0 0 0	0 4 0	0 0 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 3 0	0 5 6	0 11 0	1 0 0	1 5 6	1 11 0	2 0 0	0 0 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Ionian Island (consigned to Alexandria)	0 0 0	0 8 0	0 0 1	0 0 2	0 0 0	1 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Australian Colonies	0 0 0	0 4 0	0 0 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	0 0 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Mauritius	0 0 0	0 4 0	0 0 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	0 0 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Any British Colony, the route to which does not lie through Great Britain (excepting Ceylon and Hong-Kong)																	
China (except Hong-Kong)																	
Macao																	
Canton	...	0 4 0	...	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	...	...	...	...	..	0 0 9	...	...	...		
Manilla																	
Batavia, Java																	
Bourbon or any Foreign Ports, the route to which does not pass through Egypt																	
Trieste																	
Austria																	
Alexandria	..	0 8 0		1 0 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	...	...	...	.	...	0 0 9	..	.	...		
Cairo																	
Suez																	
														2 oz.	4 oz.	8 oz.	16 oz.
Places in Turkey or Syria	0 11 6	...	1 7 0	2 14 0	1 7 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 0 9	0 1 6	0 3 0	0 6 0		
Bagdad	0 0 0	0 11 6	0 0 1	7 0 2	14 0	1 7 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 2 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Jerusalem	0 0 0	0 11 6	0 0 1	7 0 2	14 0	1 7 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 2 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
														4 oz.			
Madras...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Ceylon	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0	0 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	0 0 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Bombay	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Aden	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0	0 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	0 0 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Penang	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0	0 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	0 0 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Singapore	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0	0 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	0 0 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Malacca	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Hong-Kong	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0	0 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	0 0 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
United States *viâ* Southampton...	0 0 0	9 6 0	0 0 1	3 0 2	6 0	1 3 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 9	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Ditto *viâ* Marseilles	0 11 6	0 13 6	1 9 0	1 11 0	0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 2 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0

* And so on adding 8 annas for every additional ounce or fraction of an ounce, in addition to 2 annas (French Postage) for every additional quarter of an ounce or part of a quarter.

N. B.—Letters and Papers to France or to Foreign Europe through France cannot be pre-paid.

MEMORANDUM of Countries and Places to which pre-payment of Postage is **OPTIONAL** *per Contract Steamers.*

COUNTRIES AND PLACES.	LETTERS.									NAMES PAPERS AND RYUTED PAPERS.				
	Not exceeding ½ oz.	Above ½ oz. and not exceeding ¾ oz.	Above ¾ oz. and not exceeding 1 oz.	Above 1 oz. and not exceeding 1½ oz.	Above 1½ oz. and not exceeding 1½ oz.	Above 1½ oz. and not exceeding 1½ oz.	Above 1½ oz. and not exceeding 2 oz.	Every ounce after first oz.	Weighing less than 2 ounces.	More than 2 ounces. and less than 4 ounces.	More than 4 ounces. and less than 6 ounces.	More than 6 ounces and less 5 ounces.	
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.					
Madras													
Ceylon...													
Bombay...													
Aden	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 8	0 8	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0	0 8					
Penang														
Singapore														
Malacca														
Hong-Kong														
Canada *vid* Marseilles	0 11 0	0 13 0	1 8	1 10	2 14	3 0	3 2	3 4	0					
Ditto *vid* Southampton	0 9 0	0 9 0	1 2	1 2	2 4	2 4	2 4	2 4	1 2					
West Indies (British) *vid* Marseilles	0 9 6	0 11 6	1 5	1 7	2 8	2 10	2 12	2 14	0 0					
Ditto (British) *vid* Southampton. ...	0 7 6	0 7 6	0 15	0 15	1 14	1 14	1 14	1 14	0 15					
Sardinia *vid* Malta	0 6 0	0 9 0	0 15	1 2	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	Newspapers, &c., cannot be prepaid.				
States of Italy (except Tuscany) *vid* Malta..	0 14 0	1 0 0	1 14	2 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 1 6	0 2 0	0 3 6	0 4 0	

MEMORANDUM of Countries and Places to which pre-payment of Postage is **OPTIONAL** *when Articles are sent by Government or Private Steamers and Sailing Vessels.*

COUNTRIES AND PLACES.	LETTERS.						NEWSPAPERS AND PRICES CURRENT.				PARCELS.					
	Not exceeding ½ Tolah.	Exceeding ½ Tolah and not exceeding ¾ Tolah.	Exceeding ¾ Tolah and not exceeding 1 Tolah.	Exceeding 1 Tolah and not exceeding 1½ Tolah.	Exceeding 1½ Tolah and not exceeding 2 Tolahs.	For every Tolah above 2 Tolahs, or every Fraction thereof.	Not exceeding 4 Tolahs.	Exceeding 4 Tolahs and not exceeding 6 Tolahs.	Exceeding 6 Tolahs and not exceeding 9 Tolahs.	Exceeding 9 Tolahs and not exceeding 12 Tolahs.	Not exceeding 100 Tolahs.	Exceeding 100 Tolahs and not exceeding 200 Tolahs.	Exceeding 200 Tolahs and not exceeding 300 Tolahs.	Exceeding 300 Tolahs and not exceeding 400 Tolahs.	Exceeding 400 Tolahs and not exceeding 500 Tolahs.	Exceeding 500 Tolahs and not exceeding 600 Tolahs.
	As. P.	As. P.	As. P.	As. P.	As. P.	As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Arracan																
Madras																
Moulmein																
Pegu Provinces																
Penang	0 6	1 0	2 0	3 0	4 0	2 0	0 1 0	0 2 0	0 3 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	1 8 0	2 0 0	2 8 0	3 0 0
Singapore																
Malacca																
Rangoon																
Aden																

N. B.—One Anna Ship Postage will be realized on each Letter from the Receiver when conveyed by a Private Vessel.

MEMORANDUM of Countries and Places to which pre-payment of Postage is **COMPULSORY** *when Articles are sent by Government or Private Steamers and Sailing Vessels.*

COUNTRIES AND PLACES.		Letters.						Newspapers and Prices Current.				Parcels.			Books.	
		Not exceeding ¼ Tolah.	Exceeding ¼ Tolah and not exceeding ½ Tolah.	Exceeding ½ Tolah and not exceeding 1 Tolah.	Exceeding 1 Tolah and not exceeding 1½ Tolahs.	Exceeding 1½ Tolahs and not exceeding 2 Tolahs.	For every Tolah above 2 Tolahs, or every fraction thereof.	Not exceeding 4 Tolahs.	Exceeding 4 Tolahs and not exceeding 6 Tolahs.	Exceeding 6 Tolahs and not exceeding 9 Tolahs.	Exceeding 9 Tolahs and not exceeding 12 Tolahs.	Not exceeding 100 Tolahs.	Exceeding 100 Tolahs and not exceeding 200 Tolahs.	For every 100 Tolahs, or fraction thereof.	Not exceeding 20 Tolahs.	For every 20 Tolahs, or fraction thereof above 20 Tolahs.
		As. P.	As. P.	As. P.	As. P	As. P.	As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs As. P.
Ceylon	Indian Rates of Postage.	0 6	1 0	2 0	3 0	4 0	2 0	0 1 0	0 2 0	0 3 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 1 0	0 1 0
Hong-Kong																
Macao																
Canton																
Manilla																
Batavia																
Labuan																
Australian Colonies																
Mauritius .																
Bourbon																
Cape of Good Hope																
St. Helena .																
France .. .																
United States ..																
West Indies																

RATES OF POSTAGE

to be collected upon Letters forwarded through the United Kingdom, addressed to the under-mentioned Colonies and Foreign Countries.

Upon Letters for those places marked, Pre-payment is compulsory.*

NOTE.—The French transit rate of two annas per quarter ounce must be collected, *in addition*, upon all Letters sent to the United Kingdom, *vid* Marseilles.

COUNTRIES, &c.	Upon a Letter not exceeding half an ounce conveyed from India to the United Kingdom by Packet *vid Southampton*. R. A. P.	COUNTRIES, &c.	Upon a Letter not exceeding half an ounce conveyed from India to the United Kingdom by Packet *vid Southampton*. R. A. P.	COUNTRIES, &c.	Upon a Letter not exceeding half an ounce conveyed from India to the United Kingdom by Packet *vid Southampton*. R. A. P.
*Africa, West Coast of...	0 7 6	*Guatemala	0 7 6	*Portugal	1 1 0
*Ascension	0 7 6	Hamburgh	0 9 6	Prince Edward Island... ...	0 7 6
Austria	0 9 6	Hanover	0 9 6	Prussia...	0 9 6
*Azores	1 1 6	*Hayti...	0 7 6	Reuss	0 9 6
Belgium	0 6 0	Hesse...	0 9 6	Russia	0 12 0
Belize, Honduras ...	0 7 6	Holland	0 6 0	St. Helena	0 7 6
Bermuda	0 7 6	Homburg, Hesse ...	0 9 6	*Sandwich Islands	0 13 0
*Bolivia	1 3 6	Larnaca	0 13 0	Saxe Altenburg	0 9 6
*Brazil	0 11 6	Lauenburg	0 11 0	Saxe Coburg Gotha	0 9 6
Bremen	0 9 6	Lippe Detmold... ...	0 9 6	Saxe Meiningen	0 9 6
Brunswick	0 9 6	Lubeck	0 9 6	Saxe Weimar	0 9 6
*Buenos Ayres	0 11 6	*Madeira	1 1 6	Saxony...	0 9 6
*California	0 13 0	*Martinique	0 7 6	Schaumburg Lippe	0 9 6
*Cape de Verd Islands...	1 1 6	Mecklenburg	0 9 6	Schwartzburg Rudoldstadt..	0 9 6
Cape of Good Hope ...	0 7 6	*Mexico	1 5 0	Schwartzburg Sonderhausen.	0 9 6
Canada	0 9 0	*Monte Video	0 11 6	Seres	0 9 6
*Canary Islands	0 11 6	Nassau (Germany) ...	0 9 6	*Surinam	0 7 6
*Chili	1 3 6	*Natal	0 7 6	Sweden	0 13 6
*Costa Rica...	1 5 0	*New Granada	0 11 6	Tchesme	0 13 0
*Cuba	0 15 6	*Norway	0 15 0	Tenedos	0 13 0
*Curacoa	0 7 6	New Brunswick ...	0 7 6	*Turkey (Europe) except the	
Denmark	0 11 0	Newfoundland	0 7 6	places specified...	0 9 6
*Ecuador	1 3 6	Nova Scotia	0 7 6	*United States	0 9 6
*Falkland Islands ...	0 7 6	Oldenburg...	0 9 6	*Venezuela	0 11 6
Frankfort	0 9 6	*Oregon	0 13 0	West Indies (British)	0 7 6
Gold Coast	0 7 6	*Peru	1 3 6	West Indies (Danish)	0 7 6
*Grey Town...	1 5 0	Poland	0 12 0		
*Guadeloupe	0 7 6	*Porto Rico	0 14 0		

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF THE POST IN INDIA,
January 1st 1859.

THE following Conditions are to be observed in sending Book-Packets by Post:—

1*st*.—The Postage must be pre-paid in full, by means of Postage Stamps affixed outside the Packet on its cover.

2*nd*.—Every Packet must be sent either without a cover, or in a cover open at the ends or sides, so as to admit of the enclosures being removed for examination.

3*rd*.—The Packet may contain any number of separate books or other publications, prints, or maps, and any quantity of paper, parchment or vellum (to the exclusion, however, of letters whether sealed or open) and the books or other publications, prints, maps, &c., may be either printed, written or plain, or any mixture of the three. Further, all legitimate binding, mounting, or covering of a book, publication, &c., or of a portion thereof, will be allowed, whether such binding, &c. be loose or attached; as also rollers in the case of prints or maps, markers (whether of paper or otherwise) in the case of books; and in short whatever is necessary for the safe transmission of literary or artistic matter or usually appertains thereto.

4*th*.—The Packet must not contain any letter, closed or open, or any enclosure sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, nor must there be any letter, or any communication of the nature of a letter, written or printed in any such Packet or on its cover. Entries, however, merely stating who sends the book, &c., or to whom it is given, are not regarded as a letter.

5*th*.—No Book-Packet can be received if it exceeds two feet in length, width, or depth.

6*th*.—Any Packet which shall not be open at the ends or sides, or shall have any letter or any communication of the nature of a letter written or printed in it or upon its cover will be charged with Letter Postage.

7*th*.—If a Packet be found to contain any letter, whether closed or open, or any enclosure sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, or any other unauthorized enclosure, the letter or enclosure will be taken out and forwarded to the address on the Packet, charged with full Postage as an unpaid letter

together with an additional Book-rate; that is, with the Postage chargeable on a Book weighing not more than half a lb the remainder of the Packet, if duly pre-paid with Stamps, will then be forwarded to its address.

8*th*.—If a Packet be not sufficiently pre-paid with Stamps but nevertheless bear Stamps equal to a single Book-rate, it will be forwarded charged with the deficient Book-Postage together with an additional Book-rate; but any Packet which shall not bear Postage Stamps equal to a single Book-rate will be detained and charged with the Letter Postage.

9*th*.—No Book-Packet weighing more than three lbs can be sent to or from the East Indies or to New South Wales.

10*th*.—The Colonial Book-Post extends to those Colonies only which are so marked in the Table of Colonial and Foreign Postage.

11*th*.—In no case can a Book-Packet be sent to the Colonies (except at the letter rate of Postage,) through a Foreign Country.

Special Notice is directed to the subjoined Clauses of Rules, the want of attention to which has occasioned the Post Office much inconvenience.

2*nd*.—A separate instruction will be required for every change of address, and no instruction will be attended to for more than three months after its receipt.

3*rd*.—Under Section XXIII. of Act XVII. of 1854, Forward Postage will be charged in addition to all other Postage due or paid thereon upon every letter without exception, which may be re-directed in any Post Office. For example, if a letter posted in Calcutta and addressed to Hooghly is, under instructions which may have been received from the addressee, re-directed in the Calcutta Post Office and sent to Barrackpore, Forward Postage will be charged in addition to the Postage which would have been due, had the letter been despatched to Hooghly according to its original address.

4*th*.—The practice of giving instructions to the Officers of the Post Office to intercept and re-direct letters, not only imposes much labor upon them, but in large Offices seriously retards the delivery and despatch of the Mails. A register of instructions regarding changes of address will be kept in every Post Office, but it must be understood, that it is impossible to guarantee that they shall be attended to, except in the case of letters received for delivery.

The Railway Trains leave Howrah, at 9-20 A. M. daily (Sundays excepted.) Letters and Papers are sent to Bally, Coonnughur, Barrackpore, Serampore, Chandernagore, Hooghly, Burdwan, Bood Bood, Pundooah, Panaghur, Soorool, Raneegunge, Bancoorah, Beerbhoom, Bousee and Nyadoomka. By the 5-40 P. M. Train, Mails for Bally, Coonnughur, Barrackpore, Serampore, Chandernagore, Hooghly and Pundooah are again made up and despatched. By the Express Mail Train which leaves Howrah at 8-45 P. M. the above Packets are also made up and forwarded, together with Mails for the North-Western Provinces and Gya, Ghazeepore, and Bombay Lines.

Noon Despatch for Serampore and Barrackpore are also made up and forwarded by Runners, and at 1 P. M. a Mail for Dum-Dum is made up and forwarded in a similar manner.

Letters, &c., posted at the Thannahs, Pillar Boxes, and the several Receiving Houses up to 1 P. M. will reach the General Post Office in time for Train Despatch at 4 P. M.

The Receiving Houses are opened daily from 9½ A. M. to 4 P. M.

Letters posted at the Receiving Houses and Pillar Boxes for delivery at Calcutta before 9 A. M. will be sent out by the second delivery, those posted before 1 P. M. will be sent out by the third delivery and after that hour the delivery will take place the following morning.

There is only one delivery of letters at the General Post Office on Sundays, and Banghy Parcels are neither received nor despatched on that day.

Letters and Newspapers despatched to and from the United Kingdom by private Vessels are liable to the following rates of Postage which must be pre-paid by Stamps:—

	Rs.	As.	Pie.
Letters not exceeding ½ oz. in weight	0	4	0
Ditto exceeding ½ oz. but not exceeding 1 oz.	0	8	0

And so on adding 8 annas for each oz. or fraction thereof which includes Inland Postage.

Newspapers not exceeding 4 oz. in weight, 1*d*. or 9 pie must be pre-paid in cash, and no Inland Postage is required upon such papers.

Parcels conveyed by the above opportunity for the United Kingdom are liable to Letter rates of Postage.

Notice.

The following Extract of an Order of the Government of India, No. 884, of the 13th July 1855.

"No Public Officer is authorized to send Covers on the Public Service by Post, without payment of Postage, unless he is at the time on active duty and in charge of the Office by virtue of which the privilege is enjoyed. All letters superscribed as 'on the Public Service only' must, even though the Postage thereon be not paid, be received and opened by the Officer to whom they are addressed, but if any

such, or partially paid letter so superscribed, and addressed to any Officer except a Secretary to Government be found when opened, to relate to the private affairs of the Sender, the Postage will be debited to him and he will be further liable to be dealt with under Section XLVII. Act No. XVII. of 1854.

His Honor in Council further directs that unpaid or insufficiently paid letters addressed to any such Officer or Department and not superscribed 'on the Public Service only' be refused, or if opened that it be at the risk and cost of the opener."

IRON Pillar Letter Boxes have been placed in the following localities:—

Rada Bazar, Bonded Ware-house, Wellington Square, Mangoe Lane, Park Street, Gowkhannah, Scott Thomson's, General Treasury, Prinsep's Ghaut, Fort near Main Guard, Watgunge, Salt Golah Ghaut, Matia Poruze, Ballygunge, General Hospital, Theatre Road, Strand Flour Mills, Prossono Coomar's Ghaut, College Square and Chitpore Road, and are opened three times a day at 9 A. M., 1 and 4 P. M.

Letters, &c., intended for Calcutta posted in the above Box up to 9 A. M. and 1 P. M. will be brought in time for the second and third deliveries respectively, and those dropped into the Box after 1 P. M. and up to 4 P. M. will be distributed the next morning at the first delivery.

Letters, &c., intended for the Train Mail, found in the Pillar Box at 9 A. M. and 1 P. M. will arrive in time for 4 P. M. Despatch, and those posted after the last mentioned hour and up to 5 P. M. will be forwarded by the Express Mail Train at 8-45 P. M.

Letters, &c., for Eastern and Southern routes posted up to 5 P. M. will be forwarded to their destination at 8 P. M.

On Sundays, the Letter Box will be cleared twice, *viz.*, 12 noon and 4 P. M., and letters, &c., posted after the latter hour will be brought to the Calcutta Post Office the following morning.

LETTERS arriving at the Presidency Towns, by Mail Steamers will be immediately sorted for delivery according to the address alone, without any reference to instructions which may have been received regarding change of address; such changes will be left to be discovered by the Delivery Officers, and be corrected in the forward and unclaimed Departments of the Office.

Forward Postage will be charged in addition to all other Postage due or paid thereon, upon every letter, without exception, which may be re-directed in the Post Office.

Letters, &c., received by the Steamer will be delivered at the Window of the Post Office only to parties who have registered their names. Applications to the Post Office on the day of the Steamer's arrival to intercept and re-direct letters, &c., cannot be attended to, as they are found not only to impose much labour but seriously retard the delivery and despatch of the Mails.

ALL Banghy Parcels being registered before despatch it is needless to have a Banghy Parcel specially registered by payment of the Fee of 4 annas as no additional precaution can be taken of a specially Registered Parcel which is not taken in the case of every ordinary Banghy Parcel.

UNDER the orders of Government, no fourth delivery of letters by the Post Office is allowed. Mails which are received by Steamers from Suez at so late an hour in the day as not to admit of the letters being taken out for delivery by 6 P. M. are detained till the following morning, but parties who have registered their names under the usual fee, are entitled to receive their letters, and Marseilles Newspapers so soon as the Mails are sorted, and which is generally about 2½ hours after receipt of the Mail at the Post Office.

A NUMBER of Letters and Newspapers for parties residing at Calcutta are from their being directed to the Suburbs* of the Town, mistaken for places in the Mofussil, and are enclosed in the Boxes superscribed "Inland" by the London Post Office and are not in consequence discovered by the Calcutta Post Office, till after the local delivery has taken place. This will account for some of the letters, &c., reaching the Addressees at a late hour.

* Kidderpore. Alipore. Belvidere. Bhowanipore. Simlah. Mirzapore. Cossipore. Chitpore. Garden Reach.

THE exemption allowed to Officers with the Army from the charge of Forward Postage on re-directed letters has been continued by the Governor General "until further orders."

Forward Newspapers.—Extra or Forward Postage is chargeable on every Newspaper re-directed at the Post Office of original address and forwarded to another Post Office.

Replies to Petitions.—The receipt at all District Post Offices of Bearing Letters superscribed "Replies to Petitions" and franked by any Public Officer is authorized.

MAILS for Akyab, Rangoon and Moulmein are made up on the 3rd and 19th of each month, for transmission by the Contract Steamers or by Government Vessels, which sail on the morning of the 4th and 20th, unless the Contractors choose to postpone the departure for 48 hours, of which they have the power on making a requisition.

THE following additions have been made by Government to the List No. 1.:—

The Assistant Presidency Pay Master.

The Assistant Superintendent of Marine at Madras.

The arrangements for the Despatch of the Indian Mails will hereafter be as follows:—

Date of Despatch from London.	By what Route.	Destination of correspondence forwarded in the Mail.
Evening of 3rd of the month..	*Vid* Marseilles ...	Malta, Egypt, and all parts of India, (except Penang and Singapore.)
Morning of 4th ...	„ Southampton ..	Gibraltar, Malta, Egypt, all parts of India, (except Presidency of Bombay,) Ceylon, Penang, Singapore and China.
Evening of 10th ...	„ Marseilles ...	Malta, Egypt, all parts of India, (except Presidency of Bombay), Ceylon, Penang, Singapore and China.
Morning of 12th ...	„ Southampton...	Gibraltar, Malta, Egypt, the Presidency of Bombay, and Upper or North-West Provinces of Bengal.
Evening of 18th ...	„ Marseilles ...	Malta, Egypt, and all parts of India, (except Penang and Singapore.)
Morning of 20th ...	„ Southampton...	Gibraltar, Malta, Egypt, all parts of India, (except Presidency of Bombay), Ceylon, Penang, Singapore and China.
Evening of 26th ...	„ Marseilles ...	Malta, Egypt, all parts of India (except Presidency of Bombay), Ceylon, Penang, Singapore and China.
Morning of 27th ...	„ Southampton...	Gibraltar, Malta, Egypt, the Presidency of Bombay, and Upper or North-West Provinces of Bengal.

(Signed) ROWLAND HILL,
Secretary.

GENERAL POST OFFICE,
The 17th January 1859.

(True Copy)

T. GARRETT,
Officiating Deputy Post-Master General.

List of Unclaimed Bullock Train Peckages.

Whence Despatched.	Month and Date.	Address.	Weight.	Bearing hire.	Contents.	REMARKS.
Cawnpore ..	Sept. 1, 1858	W. M. Williams..	0 10	2 1 0	One Bed. One Pillow. One Curtain. One Pillow Case, tied with a piece of Canvas and Wax Cloth.	The articles to be sold after the expiration of six calendar months from the date of Advertisement, in case if the Package be not removed by the Addressee

Notice.

No. 8189.

On Letters and Newspapers sent in the Alexandria Packet for Jaffa, Jerusalem, Bagdad, Beyrout, Constantinople, and other places in Turkey or Syria, the following rates of Postage must be pre-paid :—

For Letters.

	Rs.	As.	P.
When not exceeding half an ounce ...	0	11	6
When above half an ounce and under one ounce	1	7	0
When above one ounce and not exceeding two ounces	2	14	0

For Newspapers.

When not exceeding two ounces ...	0	0	9
When exceeding two ounces and under four ounces ..	0	1	6
When exceeding four ounces and under eight ounces	0	3	0
When exceeding eight ounces and under 1lb	0	6	0
When exceeding 1lb and under 1½lb ...	0	8	0

The above rates are those chargeable upon letters and papers posted at the Presidency Towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay. On letters and papers posted in the interior, as also when posted at Calcutta or Madras for transmission *vid* Bombay, Indian Inland Postage must be pre-paid in addition to the above rates.

Notice.

No. 8199.

Letters for all the States of Italy, (except Tuscany), may in future be pre-paid in India, and if pre-paid, will be sent in the Malta Mail for direct despatch from that place to Italy. Newspapers may be similarly sent.

The rates of Postage are as follows :—

On Letters	To Sardinia.			To any other State of Italy, except Tuscany.		
Weighing less than ¼ of an ounce	0	6	0	0	14	0
More than ¼ of an ounce, but less than ½ an ounce	0	9	0	1	0	0
More than ½ an ounce, but less than ¾ of an ounce	0	15	0	1	14	0
More than ¾ of an ounce, but less than 1 ounce	1	2	0	2	0	0

The above rates comprise the Indian Postage as well as the British and Foreign Postage.

On Newspapers and Printed Papers	To Sardinia.	To any other State of Italy, except Tuscany.		
Weighing less than 2 ounces	Newspapers, &c., to Sardinia cannot be prepaid.	0	1	6
More than 2 ounces, less than 4 ounces		0	2	0
More than 4 ounces, less than 6 ounces		0	3	6
More than 6 ounces, less than 8 ounces		0	4	0

In addition to the above rates on Newspapers and Printed Papers, Inland Indian Postage must be paid on all papers posted elsewhere than at the Post Offices of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, and likewise on all papers posted in Calcutta or Madras when they are intended for transmission *vid* Bombay.

Unpaid Letters for Tuscany and Unpaid Letters for any other part of Italy, (except Sardinia) will be forwarded as heretofore *through France*.

For Sardinia, Unpaid Letters, as well as Paid Letters, will be sent in the Mail for Malta.

Upon *Unpaid* Letters for any part of Italy, except Sardinia, Indian Inland Postage must be paid, as heretofore, according to the Indian Scale of weight, *vide* Section XIX of Act XVII of 1854.

Overland Mail.

The Overland Mail, *vid* Marseilles and Southampton, and the intermediate Ports, Madras, Ceylon and Aden, per P. and O. Company's Steamer *Bengal*, will be closed at this Office, on Friday, the 8th proximo, at 6 P. M.

Letters, &c., for Penang, Singapore and Hong-Kong, will be forwarded *vid* Galle, and for Mauritius and Australia *vid* Aden by this opportunity.

MEMORANDUM showing the Date and Hour of Arrival at the Calcutta Post Office of the Mails which left England on the 10th of February 1859, and the time occupied in sorting the Letters and Papers for delivery.

Name of the Steamer.	Date and hour at which the Mail Steamer anchored at Garden Reach.	Hour at which the Mails arrived at the General Post Office.	Hour at which the Window Delivery commenced.	Hour at which the Peons left the Post Office.	Delivery.	No. of Boxes of Letters.			No. of Boxes of Newspapers and Books.			
						Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.	Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.	Grand Total.
Bengal ...	15th March 1859 2 P. M.	3 P. M.	5¼ P. M.	6 P. M.	2 hours 45 mins.	7	3	10	54	21	75	85
										France ...		2
										Alexandria ...		1
										Hong-Kong ...		1
										Singapore ...		1
										Penang ...		1
										Galle ...		2
										Mauritius ...		1
										Madras ...		2
										Australia ...		4 Bags.
										Gibraltar ...		1 Ditto
										Suez ...		1 Packet
										Aden ...		1 Ditto
										Bombay ...		2 Ditto
										Malta ...		1 Ditto
										Gibraltar ...		1 Ditto
										Australia ...		16 Ditto
										Total ...		123

IT is hereby notified that unless marked for particular Ships, all Letters received at the General Post Office, between Monday the 1st to the 31st March 1859, both dates inclusive, were despatched by the under-mentioned Vessels, which sailed from Calcutta, on dates specified.

Letters received on dates from and to	By what Ship despatched.	Bound to	Remarks.
1st to 4th Mar. 1859	Steamer *Cape of Good Hope* ...	Rangoon & Moulmein ...	Left Town on the 5th Mar. 1859.
5th „ 21st „ „	„ *Burmah* ...	Ditto ..	Left Town on the 22nd Ditto.
22nd „ 31st „ „	„ *Baltic* ...	Ditto ..	Will sail on the 4th proximo.
1st „ 23rd „ „	„ *Lancefield* ...	Singagore and Hong-Kong ...	Left Town on the 24th Mar. 1859.
1st „ 23rd „ „	„ *James Hartley*	Penang ..	Left Town on the 24th Ditto.
1st „ 6th „ „	Ship *Tartar* ..	Melbourne ..	Left Town on the 7th Ditto.
7th „ 14th „ „	„ *Furganhall* ..	Ditto ...	Left Town on the 15th Ditto.
15th „ 16th „ „	„ *Fortitude* ..	Ditto ...	Left Town on the 17th Ditto.
17th „ 25th „ „	„ *British Banner* ...	Ditto ...	Left Town on the 26th Ditto.
1st „ 7th „ „	„ *Sir Colin Campbell*	Mauritius ...	Left Town on the 8th Ditto.
8th „ 10th „ „	„ *Calliope* ...	Ditto ...	Left Town on the 11th Ditto.
11th „ 23rd „ „	„ *Fulwood* ...	Ditto ...	Left Town on the 24th Ditto.
1st „ 16th „ „	Steamer *Fire Queen* ...	Port Blair ...	Left Town on the 17th Ditto.
1st „ 29th „ „	Ship *Francis Banfield*	Cape of Good Hope ...	Left Town on the 30th Ditto.

CALCUTTA;
General Post Office,
The 24th March 1859.

T. GARRETT,
Offg. Depy. Post-master General.

Printed and Published for the Government, by THOMAS JONES, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 6, 1859.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah West Burdwan, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 19th April 1859, or 7th Bysack 1266 B. S., for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 28th day of March 1859:—

Class I.—Temporary-settled Estate.

No. 145.—Mehal Pooroosuttumpoor, Pergunnah Bishenpoor; recorded proprietors; Nehalchunder Mookerjee and others; sudder jumma, rupees 163-12-3.

Class II.—Temporary-settled Estate.

No. 457.—Mehal Polashdanga, Pergunnah Bishenpoor; recorded proprietor, Neelmony Mookerjee; sudder jumma, rupees 5-11-1.

J. S. SPANKIE,
Deputy Collector.

BANCOORAH;
Deputy Collectorate,
The 2nd April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Beerbhoom, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Saturday, the 23rd day of April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 11th Bysack 1266 B. S:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 411.—Mehal Kismut Helorah, Pergunnah Sool Tanoojeean; recorded proprietor, Manick Chunder Chowdhooree; sudder jumma, rupees 106-4-8.

R. O. HEYWOOD,
Offg. Collector.

ZILLAH BEERBHOOM;
Collector's Office,
The 30th March 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Tipperah, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Tuesday, the 26th April 1859, corresponding with 14th Bysack, 1266 B. S.:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 1071.—Talook Luckhee Narain Roy Moodafat Byddo Nauth Roy, Pergunnah Mohobutpore; recorded proprietors, Soojo Monee Shaha, Chunder Monee Shaha, Gooshye Doss Shaha, minors, Luckhee Kanth Shaha, minor, and Kumulla Kanth Shaha, minor; sudder jumma, rupees 214-6-5.

L. BARBER,
Depy. Collector in Charge.

ZILLAH TIPPERAH;
Collector's Office,
The 29th March 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Backergunge, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 25th April 1859, or 13th Bysack 1266 B. S., for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1859:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

Former No. 1524.—Present No. 1556.—Kharijah Pergunnah Bozoorg Omedpore, Talook Kisto Dass Bhottacharge; recorded proprietor, Meer Mahamoud Jummee; sudder jumma, rupees 383-7-7½.

C. LIMOND,
Offg. Collector.

ZILLAH BACKERGUNGE;
Collector's Office,
The 1st April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section XI. Act I of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Behar, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of this District, on the 26th April 1859, for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1859:—

Class I.—Permanently Estates.

No. 1638.—Mehal Maunpoor Tetrawan Lot 1st—Pergunnah Behar; recorded proprietors, Meer Yar Ali, Mussamuts Hubbun, Hayatun, Jeeto, Tekchund Mahto, Poonit Loll, Roopun Mahto, Bodhee Mahto and Kurrumchund Mahto, maliks and occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 138-4-6.

No. 1668.—Mehal Maunpoor Tetrawan Lot 3rd—Pergunnah Behar; recorded proprietors, Shah Neamut Ali, Shaikh Bundah Ali, Iltaf Hosain, Mehdee Hosain, Ufzul Hosain, Tufazul Hosain, Ooff Dahoo, Meer Immam Ali, Hasim Ali, Shah Kumurooddeen, Meer Wusee Ali, Mussamuts Ameer Odnissa, Edun, Boodhun, Zuhoorun and Rujjo, maliks and occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 80-9-11.

No. 1983.—Mehal Jyteepoor Bara, Pergunnah Bhellawur; recorded proprietors, Beharee Loll, mallicks and occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 267-11-9.

Class IV—Arrears due on account of Estates other than that to be sold.

No. 2116.—Mehal Simrah, Chuck Simrah, Pergunnah Bhellawur; recorded proprietors, Mussamut Muckdoomun, Nujmoodeen, Nuseebun, Mussamuts Ameerun and Wuheedun, occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 540-15-6, including malikana from which the right and interest of Mussamut Muckhdoomun heiress of Mussamut Mudeehun, deceased, surety of Busharut Hosain, the son of Chundry Khadim Hosain and farmer of Mouzah Samadhee Boozoorg, Pergunnah Tilhara, Zillah Patna, will be sold on account of arrears of rent due from him.

W. BUTLER,
Deputy Collector in Charge.

BEHAR COLLECTORATE;
Gya,
The 1st April 1859.

PRINTED BY THOMAS JONES, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE

The Calcutta Gazette,

EXTRAORDINARY.

FRIDAY, APRIL 8, 1859.

No. 483 OF 1859.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort William, Military Department.

THE 8TH APRIL 1859.

HER MAJESTY'S 84th Regiment of Infantry will embark to-day from Calcutta on their return to England.

Of all the Regiments of the Royal Army which in 1857 were drawn to Bengal from distant Stations, the 84th is that which was first in the Field.

The good work of this Regiment is recorded in many *Gazettes*, from the first outbreak of Mutiny, through the Capture of Lucknow, and finally in the arduous and exhausting Campaign of Behar during the Summer of last year.

The Governor-General in Council requests the Officers and Men of Her Majesty's 84th Regiment to accept his best Thanks for their valuable and protracted Service, and he cordially congratulates them upon having closed their career of seventeen years in India with marked Distinction and Honor.

The 84th Regiment will be saluted from the Battery of Fort William upon leaving Calcutta.

By Order of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General in Council,

R. J. H. BIRCH, MAJOR-GENERAL,
Secretary to the Government of India.

PRINTED BY THOMAS JONES, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

No. 29. [843]

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 9, 1859.

Legislative Council of India.

THE 2ND APRIL 1859.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council of India on the 26th March 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 6th of June next :—

A Bill to regulate the appointment, employment, and dismissal of Village Watchmen in the Territories under the Government of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

Preamble. WHEREAS it is expedient to regulate by enactment the administration of the rural police; It is enacted as follows :—

Number of village watchmen. I. In default of any special rule or custom, the requisite number of village watchmen shall be held to be one watchman for every hundred houses. Where villages are small and scattered so that one man cannot watch one hundred houses, the number of watchmen relatively with the number of houses may be increased by the Magistrate with the approval of the Commissioner; provided always that a watchman shall not be appointed to fewer than sixty houses.

Nomination of village watchmen. II. The nomination of village watchmen shall rest with those who have heretofore nominated them, whether Zemindars, Gomastahs, or village headmen, or villagers. If they fail to nominate on the requisition of the Magistrate, or if their nomination shall be disapproved by the Magistrate, and shall not be cancelled on requisition by the Magistrate, the Magistrate shall nominate, and his nomination shall be final.

Responsibility of appointing or paying watchmen, if disputed, by whom to be determined. III. If it be disputed with whom the responsibility of appointing, or of paying a village watchman lies, the Magistrate, after hearing all the parties concerned, shall determine. The decision of the Magistrate shall be open to appeal within thirty days to the Commissioner, whose decision shall be final.

Remuneration of watchmen. IV. The proper pay of a village watchman shall be held to be not more than five, and not less than three Rupees per mensem. Whatever has been the nature of the remuneration of a watchman, whether by land, or money, or clothes, or grain, the nature of such remuneration shall not be changed without the consent of the payers, but the Magistrate shall encourage payment in money, and whatever the nature of the remuneration, the total value of the same shall not be less than three Rupees per mensem for each watchman.

If remuneration falls short of three Rupees per mensem. V. If the sum hitherto paid by the inhabitants of a watchman's beat does not amount to three Rupees per mensem, the Magistrate may cause the parties responsible to make good that sum, or may amalgamate such watchman's beat with the beat of another watchman or other watchmen, and make the pay of the watchman dispensed with payable to such other watchman or to such other watchmen in such portions as may appear proper. The decisions of a Magistrate under this Section shall not be appealable by right to the Commissioner, but the Commissioner shall have authority to call for the Magistrate's proceedings in any such cases in which he may see cause to interfere, and to pass such orders as he may deem proper.

Punchayet. VI. In places where the village watchmen are paid by the inhabitants, circles of villages shall be formed comprising about one thousand houses, and in every circle there shall be a Punchayet of five respectable persons, to be elected every third year by the inhabitants. If any member of a Punchayet shall die, or resign, or become disqualified, his place shall be filled up by the election of another person by the inhabitants.

Assessment of cess. VII. The Punchayet shall determine the cess necessary for the payment of the village watchmen, and shall cause a statement of the sum payable by each inhabitant to be prepared and forwarded to the

Thannah where it shall be hung up in a conspicuous place for fifteen days. Any party dissatisfied with the assessment imposed on him may appeal to the Magistrate whose order shall be final.

Collection of tax.

VIII. *Clause* 1. The Punchayet shall collect the tax monthly, and pay it to the watchmen, and forward their receipts to the Darogah. If any party fail to pay the tax assessed on him for the period of two months, the Punchayet shall, through the Darogah, report the defaulter to the Magistrate. The Magistrate shall issue a summons to the defaulter to appear in person before him, and show cause why attachment should not issue. Should the party fail to appear, or appearing, fail to show good cause for not paying the arrear, the Magistrate shall, by warrant to the Darogah of Police to whom such watchman may be subordinate, cause the amount due, with costs, to be recovered by distress and sale of any goods and chattels belonging to or found on the premises of the defaulter.

If defaulter be an absentee land-holder.

Clause 2. Or if, by reason of the defaulter being an absentee land-holder, the realization of the arrear by means of summons and attachment is impracticable, it shall be competent to the Magistrate to call on the Collector to levy the arrear, and the Collector shall levy the sum called for by the Magistrate as he would levy an arrear of revenue due by such absentee land-holder. There shall be no appeal of right from the orders of a Magistrate under this Section, but they shall be subject to the review of the Commissioner as provided for in Section V.

Appointment of one or more watchmen may in certain cases be dispensed with.

IX. It shall be lawful for a Magistrate, when he may consider it conducive to the efficiency of the Police, to dispense with the appointment of one or more watchmen, and to cause the money leviable as the pay of the watchman or watchmen dispensed with to be paid to another watchman with a view to the increase of the pay of such watchman, and to his appointment as a head watchman.

Magistrate may collect watchmen of several villages to form a watch-post.

X. It shall be lawful for a Magistrate, whenever he may consider it needful to collect the watchmen of several contiguous villages or beats in order to the establishment of a watch-post, and to make one of the watchmen so collected head of the watch-post, and to place several contiguous villages or beats under such head watchman, and to make such head watchman and the watchmen placed under him, answerable for the peace of all the villages or beats included in the tract of country under such watch-post.

Removal of watchmen.

XI. Should the parties responsible for the appointment of a watchman desire the removal of an incumbent, and the appointment of a another watchman in his place, they shall apply to the Magistrate, either through the Darogah of Police, or direct, and the Magistrate shall comply with their request, or reject the application, as he may think proper, and his order shall be final. It shall be competent to a Magistrate, whenever he may think it necessary, to dismiss a village watchman from employment, and to direct the parties responsible, to appoint another watchman in the room of the watchman dismissed, and his order shall be final.

Punishment for watchmen guilty of neglect or misconduct.

XII. Any village watchman who may be convicted before a Magistrate of any wilful neglect or misconduct in the discharge of his duty as a Police Officer, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees, or to imprisonment with or without hard labor for a period not exceeding one month, or to both, provided that he shall not be so liable if he shall have been punished for the same act as a criminal offence. Provided further that punishment for neglect shall not bar prosecution for a criminal offence should it be found that a village watchman, besides neglecting his duty as a watchman, has committed a criminal offence.

Renumeration of collecting Officers.

XIII. It shall be lawful for a Magistrate to cause such a percentage from the aggregate sum collected for the pay of watchmen as shall suffice to pay the Officers necessary to make the collections, conduct the disbursements, and keep the accounts, to be set apart for that purpose.

Magistrate may assign any of his duties under this Act to a Joint, Deputy, or Assistant Magistrate.

XIV. It shall be lawful for the Magistrate to assign any of his duties under this Act to a Joint, or Deputy, or Assistant Magistrate.

Appointment of Commissioners.

XV. It shall be lawful for the Government of Bengal, to appoint a Commissioner or Commissioners for settling the liabilities of landowners, headmen, villagers, &c., in respect to the appointment of village watchmen under this Act, and to vest such Commissioner or Commissioners with the powers of a Magistrate in that behalf.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Home Department.

No. 707.

Fort William, the 4th April 1859.

Notifications.—The following Ordinance No. 30 of 1858, enacted by the Legislature of the Colony of Mauritius on the 20th October last, and the Regulations made by the Governor of the said Colony in Council, in pursuance of the aforesaid Ordinance, are published for general information :—

ORDINANCE No. 30 OF 1858.

ENACTED *by the Governor of Mauritius, with the advice and consent of the Council of Government thereof.*

W. STEVENSON.

AN ORDINANCE to legalize Contracts of Service made in India, and authorize Government to allot Newly Arrived Immigrants.

(20th October 1858.)

WHEREAS it is expedient to legalize Contracts of Service to be entered into in India with Immigrants to Mauritius;

And whereas it is also expedient to enable the Government of Mauritius to allot to employers

Indian Immigrants newly arrived in Mauritius who shall not have entered into such Contracts; Be it therefore enacted by His Excellency the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Council of Government, as follows:

Contracts of Service in India legalized.

I.—From and after the date when this Ordinance shall come into operation, Contracts of Service to be performed in Mauritius for periods not exceeding three years may be lawfully entered into in India between Immigrants from India to Mauritius and persons residing or having landed property in the Colony, provided that such Contracts shall be entered into in the manner prescribed by this Ordinance, and by any Regulations to be made and published as hereinafter provided.

Such Contracts valid if made according to law.

II. Every such Contract of Service entered into in terms of this Ordinance and of the said Regulations, shall be equally valid and effectual (except as hereinafter provided) as if it had been entered into in Mauritius, according to the law and practice existing there at the date of such Contract.

Employer to pay passage money, &c.

III.—In every case in which a passage to Mauritius shall have been taken for any Immigrant, who shall have entered into a Contract as hereinaforesaid, the party whom such Immigrant shall have engaged to serve, shall pay to the Government of Mauritius the passage money and all other expenses which may be incurred on account of such Immigrant, together with the proportional expense chargeable upon him on account of females accompanying Immigrants, under Regulations existing at the time.

Arrival of engaged Immigrants to be published.

IV.—The arrival at the Immigration Depôt in Mauritius of every Immigrant who shall have entered into a Contract in India, as aforesaid, shall, as soon as possible, be published or notified to the intended employer under such Contract, in terms of the Regulations to be framed under this Ordinance.

Immigrant engaged in India to be free from stamp-duty for Contract with first employer.

V.—Every Immigrant who shall have made a Contract in India, as aforesaid, and who shall enter on service with the original or substituted employer under the same, shall be free from stamp duty or other impost on account of the same or any subsequent Contract of Service which he may make with such employer or those in his right.

Employer may release Immigrant from Contract.

It shall also be in the power of such employer or those in his right so long as the Immigrant shall remain in his or their service, with the consent of such Immigrant to release him from all obligation to serve under the said Contract made in India; and every such Immigrant if released in the form to be prescribed by regulation, shall be free from the said Contract, and from all obligation of industrial residence or otherwise under the same.

If not re-engaging to be subject to stamp duty, or to buy up industrial residence.

VI.—If such Immigrant shall at the termination of his said Contract of Service, refuse to re-engage with the employer under the same, he shall either enter into a Contract of Service with another employer or other employers successively, subject to a stamp duty of £1-12-0 per annum, to be paid by such new employer or employers for the time required to complete the Immigrant's full term of five years industrial residence in the Colony: Or if he shall desire to redeem the residue of his industrial residence, he shall pay to the Colonial Treasury a sum at the said rate of £1-12-0 per annum for every year or part thereof remaining unexpired of his said term of industrial residence.

Such amount to be paid to first employer.

VII.—Any sums which may be recovered by Government under the preceding Article shall in each case be paid on demand to the employer under the said first mentioned Contract, or to those in his right, upon sufficient evidence to be by them produced of the right to receive the same.

Magistrate may cancel Contracts made in India.

VIII.—Nothing contained in the preceding articles shall be held to prevent or restrict the power of the Magistrate having jurisdiction therein, upon lawful grounds from ordering the cancellation of any Contract of Service hereinaforesaid. But when such cancellation shall have been ordered on account of an fault or wrong on the part of the employer, or those for whom he is responsible, he shall have no right to any sum which may be received by Government for the Immigrant by way of stamp duty on engagement, or for redemption of industrial residence.

Immigrant not claimed within seven days may elect to be free from Contract.

IX.—In case the services of any Immigrant who shall have entered in India into a Contract, as aforesaid, shall not be claimed by the intended employer under the same, within seven days after the Immigrant's arrival at the Depôt in Mauritius; (such arrival being duly published or notified in terms of Regulations) such Immigrant may elect either to enforce the Contract by proceeding before the proper Stipendiary Magistrate against the intended employer under the same, or to be entirely free from the obligations of the said Contract, subject to claim of damages for any loss which may arise to him in consequence of non-fulfilment of the Contract, which damages may be recovered before the properStipendiary Magistrate.

Every such election shall be intimated to the Protector of Immigrants, and shall by him be recorded in terms of Regulations to be framed under this Ordinance.

In such case intended employer to pay half expense of introduction.

X.—In case the Immigrant shall elect to be free from his Contract, the party on behalf of whom he shall have been introduced, shall forfeit and pay to the Government one-half of the passage money and other expenses applicable to such Immigrant, and of the proportional expense chargeable on him on account of the introduction of females; and every such Immigrant shall be in the same position in all respects as if he had been introduced into the Colony without having made any Contract in India with an individual employed.

Contract made in India may be transferred.

XI.—It shall moreover be lawful to any Immigrant and intended employer under a Contract made in India to transfer the same with all its rights and obligations to a substitute employer; and every such transfer shall

assign and transfer to the substituted employer the whole rights and interest under such Contract and all the obligations incumbent upon the intended employer therein.

Such transfer shall only be valid if made with the full consent of the original and substituted employer and of the Immigrant, and with the approval and concurrence of the Government upon satisfactory reasons being assigned therefore.

Every such transfer shall be in the form and be executed in the manner prescribed by Regulations under this Ordinance.

Such transfer may be made either on the Immigrant's arrival in Mauritius or at any time during the currency of his engagement.

Engaged Immigrant to be maintained at Depôt.

XII.—During the interval between the arrival at the "Depôt" in Mauritius of any Immigrant who shall have entered into a Contract in India, and his entering the service of his original or substituted employer under the Contract or of any employer to whom he may be allotted, he shall be maintained by the Government; and the expense of such maintenance shall be recovered from the intended employer under the Contract or those in his right.

Governor authorized to allot Immigrants not engaged in India.

XIII.—When any Immigrant shall arrive at Mauritius without having contracted in India, as hereinaforesaid, it shall be lawful to the Governor, by such Officer as may be entrusted with the duty, to allot such Immigrant to any person applying for his services who may be selected therefore, and who shall be able and willing, and shall oblige himself to pay and provide a fair rate of wages and allowances for such Immigrant.

All such allotments shall be made in terms of Regulations to be proclaimed from time to time under this Ordinance.

Immigrant allotted to be in same position as if engaged.

XIV.—Every Immigrant who shall thus be allotted to an employer shall be subject to the law existing in the Colony at the time as to his industrial residence, and his allotment to or engagement with such employer shall be subject to the stamp duty now payable on Contracts with new Immigrants introduced entirely at the expense of the Colonial Treasury, except such allotment shall be made in excess of the number to which the employer would be entitled by Regulation.

Governor in Executive Council to make Regulations.

XV.—It shall be lawful to the Governor in Executive Council from time to time to make Regulations for carrying out the purposes of this Ordinance, and from time to time to alter the same; and all such Regulations, on being published in the *Government Gazette*, shall have the same effect as if they had been contained *verbatim* herein; provided that they are not inconsistent with the spirit and meaning of any of the provisions hereof.

Ordinance No. 12 of 1855 repealed.

XVI.—Ordinance No. 12 of 1855, entitled "An Ordinance to enable persons to procure at their own expense Immigrants from India," is hereby repealed, except in so far as it relates to any Immigrants already introduced, or who may be introduced, or embarked under its provision before the present Ordinance shall have been known at the agency in India whence they shall have been transmitted, and all powers and remedies thereunder in such respects.

Promulgation.

XVII. This Ordinance shall take effect from the twenty-third day of October, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight.

PASSED in Council at Port Louis, Island of Mauritius, this twentieth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight.

R. Y. Cummins,
Secretary to the Council.

Published by order of His Excellency the Governor,

Humphry Sandwith,
Colonial Secretary.

PROCLAMATION.

In the Name of Her Majesty VICTORIA, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, &c., &c., &c.

W. Stevenson. *By His Excellency* William Stevenson, *Esquire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Mauritius and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.*

WHEREAS by Ordinance No. 30 of 1858, entitled "An Ordinance to legalize Contracts of Service made in India, and to authorize Government to allot newly arrived Immigrants," the Governor in Executive Council is authorized from time to time to make Regulations for carrying out the purposes of the said Ordinance; and whereas it is necessary to make such Regulations;

In virtue, therefore, of the powers conferred by the aforesaid Ordinance:

I do hereby, in Executive Council, order and proclaim as follows:—

REGULATIONS.

1.

Engagement of Immigrants in India.

I. Every person desiring to engage Immigrants in India, under the provisions of the said Ordinance shall deposit with the Protector of Immigrants in Mauritius a requisition (as nearly as may be in the Form A) specifying the number of Immigrants required by him,—in what District in Mauritius, and for what kind of service or labor they shall be required, the Presidency of India from which he wishes them to be sent, and whether he is willing to give wages and allowances on the Government scale for the time being, or any other and what wages and allowances.

Every such requisition shall be available for the period of fifteen calendar months to be calculated from its date.

II. Every such requisition may at any time be withdrawn by the party who shall have made it, by written notice left with the Protector of Immigrants; and such withdrawal shall be intimated by the Protector to the Emigration Agent at the Presidency from which the Immigrants shall be required.

But in such case the requisition shall remain in full effect so far as regards any action that shall have taken place upon it before notice of such withdrawal was received by the said Emigration Agent.

III. The party making such requisition shall also give security to the Protector by bond, with one surety (as nearly as may be in the Form B) for payment of the passage money and other expenses of the Immigrants to be engaged under his requisition.

The Protector may refuse to deliver any Immigrant to his intended employer, until the said payment shall have been made.

In these expenses no charge shall be made on account of Quarantine, if incurred on account of the said Immigrants; but the same shall in all cases be borne by Government.

IV. As soon as possible after the said requisition and bond shall have been deposited with the Protector of Immigrants, that Officer shall transmit a certified copy of the requisition to the Emigration Agent for Mauritius at the Presidency from which the Immigrants are required, with instructions to forward the subject of the requisition with all convenient speed.

The Protector shall at the same time transmit to such Emigration Agent the name and description of any Special Agent who may have been selected by the Requisitionist, and whom the Protector shall not have rejected for that duty.

V. In all cases where a Licensed Special Agent is not employed, the recruiting for Immigrants to be engaged in India shall be conducted only by Recruiting Agents employed and paid by the Government of Mauritius.

VI. Special Agents for employers in Mauritius may recruit Immigrants for their principals who shall have complied with the aforesaid requisites, provided that the following conditions be observed:

(1o.) The names of every such Agent and of the person or persons for whom he is to recruit shall be given at full length to the Protector of Immigrants who shall transmit the same to the Emigration Agent at the Presidency to which the Agent is to be accredited, unless he knows of good reason to the contrary.

(2o.) The Emigration Agent, on receipt of the communication, shall (unless he knows of good reason to the contrary) grant to the Special Agent a license, as nearly as may be in the Form C, to recruit for the said party; every such license being for a specified time not exceeding one year from its date.

(3o.) Every Special Agent shall be under the direction and control of the Emigration Agent at the Presidency for which he shall be licensed, who shall have full power to suspend and withdraw the license, in case of misconduct.

(4o.) Every Principal shall be responsible for the wrongs and breaches of Regulations committed by his Agent, in so far as that the Government may refuse to accept future nominations of Agents by employers, whose Agents shall have more than once wilfully committed any such wrongs or breaches.

VII. When Special Agents have been employed and licensed, no recruiting by any Government Recruiting Agent or any of his Subordinates shall be expected or relied on by the employers; but that portion of the service shall rest entirely with the licensed Special Agent and those employed by him, subject to the control of the Government Emigration Agent at the Presidency.

VIII. In case, however, the Special Agent shall die or withdraw from his Agency, or in case license shall be refused to such Agent, the Emigration Agent may and shall allow the Government Recruiting Agents to act in regard to the requisition of the principal of such Agent in the same way as if no Special Agent had been appointed.

IX. When Special Agents are employed, the engagement of Immigrants for agricultural labor may be either at the rate of wages and allowances in the Government Scale for the time being, or at any other rate which shall be at least equivalent thereto; and which shall be set forth in the requisition.

When Special Agents are not employed, the engagement of ordinary agricultural laborers shall be at the wages and allowances in the said Government Scale.

X. Skilled laborers of any kind may be engaged upon any terms which shall be set forth in the requisition, and shall in no case be less than the minimum rate specified by the Government Scale.

XI. Whether Special Agents shall be employed or not, the engagement shall in every case be upon the terms set forth in the requisition, without any deviation whatever; and if the requisition shall not be in accordance with the Rules above specified, it will be rejected, and no engagement will be made in pursuance thereof.

XII. The Emigration Agent at each dependency shall, before any Contract shall be completed, explain the same fully to the Immigrant, with the aid (if necessary) of a duly qualified Interpreter, and shall take all proper precautions to prevent the Immigrant from being induced to contract by any fraud, falsehood or unfair means or representations.

XIII. If the Emigration Agent shall be satisfied that the Contract is fully understood by the Immigrant, and, if not upon the Government Scale, that it is fair and reasonable, he shall as soon as possible have the same signed in his presence by the Immigrant and by the Special Agent (if any) of the employer, with their names or marks, and he shall certify the same by a docket signed by himself.

XIV. If the Special Agent for the employer shall not be present at the time, the Emigration Agent may sign the Contract in his absence, and the Contract shall, in that case, be equally valid and binding as if signed also by the Special Agent; and no Contract bearing to be so signed shall be challengeable on the ground that the Special Agent not subscribing was present at the time.

XV. The Contract and Docket shall contain all the items, and shall be, as nearly as may be, in the terms of Form D. But no such Contract shall be void or voidable on account of any informality, which does not affect it in substance.

XVI. The Emigration Agent shall, upon the first opportunity after the completion of each Contract, despatch the Immigrant engaged therein to the Protector of Immigrants in Mauritius, along with the original of his Contract; and he shall also, with every band of male Immigrants so despatched, send the number of females required by Regulations at the time.

XVII. The Emigration Agent shall also, whenever he may see occasion, transmit to the Protector certified copies, one or more, of any Contract; and the same, if bearing to be certified by him as true copies and to be subscribed by him, shall have the same effect in law as the original Contracts to which they apply, subject only to proof that they are false or inaccurate.

XVIII. The arrival at Mauritius of any Immigrant who shall have entered into a Contract in India with an individual employer, shall, as soon as possible, be published by the Protector by written or printed notice, as nearly as may be in the Form E, in conspicuous places in and outside of the Immigration Depôt.

XIX. The Protector of Immigrants as soon as possible after the arrival at the Depôt of any Immigrants, and their Contracts, shall cause the same respectively to be registered in the Books of his Office, after which he shall deliver a certified copy of each Contract to the employer under the same, or any one having his authority, along with the Immigrants one or more thereby engaged.

XX. The Protector shall transmit the original Contract to the Stipendiary Magistrate of the District in which the service is to be performed, and the employer shall be entitled to retain the certified copy thereof; which, if bearing to be certified as a true copy and to be signed by the Protector, shall have the same force and effect as an original, subject only to proof that it is false or inaccurate.

XXI. The Protector of Immigrants shall also deliver to each Immigrant a Ticket bearing his name, number and marks, along with the name of his employer, the place where he is to be employed, and the date of registration of his Contract.

XXII. Whenever the Protector of Immigrants shall have delivered any Contract and Ticket as above-mentioned, both parties to the Contract shall be entitled to enforce the same by all lawful procedure, in the same way as if it had been entered into in Mauritius, according to the Law and Practice existing there at the time.

XXIII. When any Immigrant shall (under Arts. 9 and 10 of the aforesaid Ordinance) elect to be free from the obligations of his Contract, in consequence of his intended employer not having claimed his services, such election shall be intimated to the Protector of Immigrants, and a note thereof (Form F) shall by him be indorsed upon the entry of the Contract of such Immigrant in the Register of the Depôt.

XXIV. Every transfer (under Art. 11 of the Ordinance) of a Contract shall be in the Form G.

If made upon the Immigrant's arrival in Mauritius, and before he shall have entered upon his service, it shall be made before and authenticated by the Protector of Immigrants or other Officer to be appointed by the Governor to the duty.

If made during the currency of the engagement, it shall be made before and authenticated by the Stipendiary Magistrate of the District.

Before any such transfer shall have been signed, its nature and effect shall be fully explained to the Immigrant by the Protector or Magistrate, as the case may be.

XXV. The Protector or Magistrate shall have the power to express the approval and concurrence of the Government in the transfer, provided he shall be satisfied with the reasons assigned therefore.

XXVI. In no case shall such approval or concurrence be expressed where there is reason to believe that the original engagement with the Immigrant was not made with the *bonâ fide* intention of his serving the employer therein.

XXVII. Wherever the transaction shall appear to be a speculation or trafficking in the services of Immigrants through the medium of a pretended employer, the approval or concurrence abovementioned shall be withheld.

XXVIII. Any employer who shall (under Art. 5 of the Ordinance) desire to release from Contract an Immigrant engaged to him in India, shall either personally or by one having his written authority appear along with the Immigrant before the Stipendiary Magistrate of the District; who shall thereupon explain to the Immigrant the object and effect of the said release; and if the Immigrant shall understand and agree to the same, he shall cause both parties to sign a memorandum of such release in his presence, authenticating it also by his signed docket, all as in Form H. in the Schedule.

The Magistrate shall then deliver to the Immigrant a certified copy of such memorandum, after which he shall transmit the original thereof to the Protector of Immigrants, by whom an entry of the same shall be made on the registry of the said Immigrant in the books at the Depôt.

II.

Allotment of Immigrants not specially engaged in India.

XXIX. The wages and allowances of all Immigrants, who shall not have engaged in India to individual employers, shall for their first period of service for three years or otherwise be upon the scale to be fixed by Government in the mode after described; and no alteration which may come into operation upon the said scale after the date of any allotment shall have any effect upon the wages and allowances of the Immigrant allotted previously thereto.

XXX. When their first service shall have terminated by the said Immigrants having served during its whole period, with any extension on account of unlicensed absences, they will be free to engage with any employer upon any terms that may be mutually agreed to.

XXXI. But in case the first service of any allotted Immigrant shall terminate prematurely, such Immigrant shall be again allotted to another employer or employers, successively, for the residue of his original allotment; provided that he shall receive the same wages and allowances as if he had continued in his first employment.

XXXII. Every Immigrant who shall not have been engaged in India to an individual employer shall, in presence of the Emigration Agent at the Presidency from which he shall be embarked, sign a Contract, as nearly as may be in the Form of Schedule I, which Contract the said Agent shall transmit to Mauritius, along with the Immigrant, and his name, number and marks.

XXXIII. Every person intending to apply for an allotment of Immigrants one or more shall lodge with the Protector a requisition containing the items of his proposed Contract, in the Form K of Schedule; which requisition may be with-

drawn or altered any time before an allotment shall have been made and duly certified upon it.

XXXIV. The Protector of Immigrants, as soon as possible, after the arrival of any Immigrants not engaged in India to individual employers, shall register them and give them tickets as by the practice at the date hereof.

XXXV. When any such Immigrant shall have been recruited for an individual employer, the Protector shall allot him to such employers, provided both parties consent to such allotment. He shall follow the same course in regard to any Immigrant who shall express his preference for an individual employer.

In both of these cases when the Immigrants allotted are in excess of the proportion to which the employer would be entitled by Regulations, the employer shall pay the expenses applicable to such Immigrants in excess, in terms of Ordinance No. 22 of 1857.

XXXVI. But in the cases mentioned in the preceding Articles, the Protector shall not give effect to any recruiting or selection which shall have been induced by improper agency or artifice in any place whatever.

XXXVII. Whenever it shall appear to the Protector that an Immigrant has selected a particular employer in consequence of the intervention of any person habitually making a trade, business or speculation of interposing between employers and Immigrants, the Protector shall not allot him to the employer so selected.

XXXVIII. The Protector shall not recognise any recruiting for or selection of any individual employer, unless the same shall have been intimated to the Protector, or a duly qualified Officer of his Department, either on board the vessel which shall have brought the Immigrant, or upon the Immigrant's giving his name to the Protector at the Depôt on his arrival, and the Protector shall take the earliest opportunity of ascertaining whether any and which of the Immigrants arriving in any vessel have been recruited for or have selected their employers.

XXXIX. Upon any vessel arriving with Immigrants not engaged in India to individual employers, the Protector shall, either on board the vessel, or as soon as possible after the landing of the Immigrants, set aside all such as shall declare themselves to have been recruited for or to have selected individual employers, and to be ready to engage with them, and he shall without delay prepare, execute and deliver their certificates of allotment as aftermentioned.

XL. Immigrants who shall not have specially engaged in India and who shall not have declared that they have been recruited for, or have selected individual employers shall be allotted to persons applying for them according to the proportions specified in the *Government Gazette* of 17th April 1858, or in any Proclamation upon the subject to be made by the Governor in Executive Council.

XLI. In reckoning the proportion of each employer, account shall be taken of Immigrants allotted to him in consequence of recruiting or selection, but not of Immigrants who shall have been engaged to him under Contracts in India.

XLII. No allotment shall be made to any middleman coming within the description of Art. 37 or to any person trafficking in the services of Immigrants.

XLIII. The Immigrants arriving in each ship without previous recruiting or selection shall be regarded as one group, and shall be distributed among the parties entitled to them in one or more Districts; the several Districts being for this purpose arranged in Alphabetical order, and following each other in regular rotation.

XLIV. When any such group shall not suffice to give one-fourth part of their quota to the Requisitionists in any District, they shall be distributed proportionally among those Requisitionists in Alphabetical order who shall be entitled together to four times the number for distribution; and the remaining Requisitionists in such District shall not be entitled to their allotments until one group shall have been distributed in like manner among the Requisitionists in the other Districts.

XLV. After all the Districts shall have been gone over, distribution shall again be made in the same rotation, those employers in each District among whom no distribution has been made being supplied first, and afterwards those who shall only have received part of their quota.

XLVI. After all employers throughout the Colony shall have received their full quotas, allotments shall be made to those who may be willing to pay (in terms of Ordinance No. 22 of 1857) for the passage money and other expenses of additional Immigrants so to be allotted, and in such allotment each group of Immigrants shall be distributed in the order and proportions above specified.

XLVII. The Protector shall arrange the Immigrants so as to carry out the above mode of allotment with as little disturbance as possible to their association among themselves in bands, he shall also have and shall exercise a discretionary power to deviate from the strict order above specified whenever such deviation may be necessary to prevent Immigrants who are connected by family ties from being allotted against their will to different employers.

XLVIII. Every allotment shall be made by written certificate in the terms, and executed as in the Form L hereunto annexed; which certificate shall be appended to the requisition abovementioned.

XLIX. Upon being so executed, and being delivered by the Protector to the intended employer or his authorized Agent, it shall operate as a binding obligation on the parties to enter into a formal Contract of Service in the terms mentioned in the requisition.

L. The Protector at the time with delivering to the employer of his Agent the certificate of allotment shall also deliver the whole Immigrants thereby allotted.

LI. Every such certificate shall be full authority to the Stipendiary Magistrate having jurisdiction in the premises, to make out and execute a formal written Contract of Service in terms of the requisition and certificate; and in so doing he shall not enquire whether the Immigrant and employer consents to such Contract: nor shall it be necessary for the separate parties to attend before the Magistrate for the purpose of executing the same.

LII. The service shall be held to have commenced at the date of the certificate of allotment.

III.

GENERAL REGULATIONS.

LIII. The Protector of Immigrants shall as soon as possible, after the passing of these Regulations, procure and furnish to the Governor for transmission to the Government Emigration Agents in India a full and accurate statement as to the average rates of wages and allowances for different kinds of agricultural laborers, tradesmen, artisans and domestic servants in the Colony distinguishing the rates applicable: 1*st.*, to newly arrived Immigrants; 2*nd.* to Immigrants who have been three years in the Colony, and 3*rd.* to old Immigrants.

LIV. From these materials there shall be fixed under authority of the Governor the rate of wages and allowances of ordinary agricultural laborers to be allotted during the ensuing year, and of those to be engaged without the intervention of Special Agents.

There shall also be prepared a scale of the minimum and maximum rates of wages and allowances of tradesmen, artisans and household servants current at the time.

The said scales may be graduated so as to increase year by year throughout the first period of service.

The scales so prepared shall as soon as possible be published in the *Government Gazette.*

LV. Similar scales shall be made not later than the month of August in each succeeding year from which a similar scale of wages and allowances shall in like manner be prepared and published.

LVI. The scales specified in the preceding Articles shall upon the earliest opportunity the transmitted to the Emigration Agents at be several Presidencies in order to be posted up in conspicuous places in or near their Depôts in the several dialects commonly understood in the Presidencies, respectively.

They shall also be posted up in and near the Depôt in Mauritius in the different dialects commonly known in the Colony.

LVII. All communication, directly or indirectly, by or on behalf of any intended employer, with newly arrived Immigrants, previous to their arrival at the Immigration Depôt, is strictly prohibited.

LVIII. Whenever it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Protector that such communication has taken place, he may refuse to allot any Immigrant to the employer for whom such Immigrant shall have been induced to declare a preference in consequence of such communication.

LIX. The Protector shall also have full power to exclude from the Depôt every person who shall have reason to believe shall have come there for the purpose or with the intention of inducing Immigrants to engage with an employer for whom they shall not have been recruited in India, or whom they shall not have selected before arrival at the Depôt.

LX. All Contracts and other documents mentioned in the Schedule shall as far as possible be upon printed forms to be furnished by a duly authorized Officer of Government; and when such forms can be obtained, none other shall be used for the purpose.

LXI. When any document requiring to have any official signature of any Magistrate or Public Officer under these Regulations, shall bear *ex facie* to have such signature, it shall be received in all Courts of Justice as genuine, without such signature requiring to be proved; and it shall continue to be so received until the said signature shall have been proved to be a forgery.

LXII. The present Regulations shall take effect from the thirteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight.

Given in Executive Council at Government House, this twelfth day of November 1858.

R. Y. CUMMINS,
Secretary to the Council.

By Command,

HUMPHRY SANDWITH,
Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

FORM A.

Ordinary Agricultural Laborers.

I *(name and designation)* request the Protector of Immigrants to take the steps required by Law and Regulations for obtaining for me from the Presidency of the number of Immigrants for agricultural purposes to be employed in the District of

I undertake to pay to each Immigrant who shall engage with me in virtue of this requisition the wages and allowances upon the Government scale at the time of engagement, (*or* the wages and allowances following, *viz., as the case may be.*)

Proper lodging and medical care to be also furnished by me to each of the said Immigrants.

(If a Special Agent is to be employed the following will be added:)

I name my Special Agent and Recruiter of Immigrants in India.

A. B.,
Applicant's Signature.

The above requisition lodged with me, this day of 185 .

G. H.,
Protector of Immigrants, Mauritius.

Artisans and other skilled Laborers.

I *(name and designation)* request the Protector of Immigrants to take the steps required by Law and Regulations for obtaining for me from the Presidency of to be employed in the District of the number of Immigrants for the employments and at the monthly rate of wages and allowances following, *viz:*—

(Number) Carpenters at the wages of *(lowest rate offered)* to *(highest rate offered.)*

(Do.) Masons of *(do.)* to *(do.)*
(Do.) Grooms of *(do.)* to *(do.)*

(and so on with regard to other skilled laborers required.)

(If only one rate is offered the same to be stated.)
Allowances *(if any, to be specified at length.)*

Proper lodging and medical treatment to be also furnished by me to each of the said Immigrants.

I undertake to pay and provide to each Immigrant who shall engage to me in virtue of this

requisition the wages which shall be agreed on in India with him at the rates (or within the limits) above-mentioned, and also the allowances above stated.

(If a Special Agent is to be employed, the following will be added:)

I name my Special Agent and Recruiter of Immigrants in India.

A. B.,
Applicant's Signature.

The above requisition lodged with me, this day of 185 .

G. H.,
Protector of Immigrants, Mauritius.

FORM B.

A. B. of and C. D. of jointly and severally promise and bind themselves towards the Protector of Immigrants on behalf of the Government of Mauritius, as follows:

The said A. B. having this day made requisition under the provisions of Ordinance No. 30 of 1858, for Indian Immigrants, hereby undertakes to accept that number or any lesser number that may be introduced, pursuant to his requisition—the said A. B. and C. D. bind themselves jointly and severally to pay all expenses attendant upon the introduction of such Immigrants, and of the proportion of females by Regulation required to accompany them, including in such expenses of introduction the cost of maintenance of such Immigrants at the rate of six pence per diem for each Immigrant from the date of landing until the date of leaving the Depôt to enter on the service of the said A. B. The said A. B. and C. D. promise to pay to the Protector of Immigrants all such expenses of introduction upon the said Immigrants being handed over to the said A. B. engaged to him under a binding Contract to be made with them in India, such payment to be exigible previous to their leaving the Depôt.

In default of the said A. B. claiming and engaging such Immigrants within seven clear days after they shall have been landed at the Depôt, the said A. B. and C. D. bind themselves to pay to the Protector of Immigrants seven shillings for each Immigrant as his cost of maintenance during the interval between his arrival at the Depôt and his entering on service; and in case of such default and of any of the said Immigrants electing to be free from their engagement, the said A. B. and C. D. do further bind themselves, as aforesaid, to pay to the Protector one half of the expense of introducing the Immigrants, so electing and of the proportion of females accompanying them.

The said A. B. and C. D. hereby consent that the certificate of the Protector of Immigrants shall be conclusive evidence against them in all Courts and places of the amount chargeable against them in respect of the said expenses of introduction, or of the costs of their maintenance, as the case may be.

To be written by each of the obligants in his own name. } Approved A. B. Approved C. D.

If they or either of them cannot write, they or he shall sign by mark in presence of one witness subscribing.

The above bond signed in my presence and deposited with me this day of 185 .

T. H.,
Protector of Immigrants.

FORM C.

This is to certify that (*name of Special Agent*) is hereby licensed to recruit Emigrant laborers for (*employer's name and designation*) in Mauritius in conformity with the Regulations published and to be published from time to time regarding such recruiting. This license is granted from the to the inclusive, and upon the express understanding and condition that the said Agent is to be under the direction and control of myself and my successors in office in all matters relating to such recruiting, and that we shall have full power to suspend or withdraw this license, if he shall not conduct himself in the premises to our satisfaction.

(Date)

A. B.,
Emigration Agent at
for Government of Mauritius.

FORM D.

We, the undersigned Immigrants from to Mauritius hereby engage to serve (*employer's name and addition*) as on the estate of in the District or (*or otherwise, as the case may be*) for full period of years from the date of registration of this Contract in Mauritius, with double the time of any unlicensed absences, in consideration of receiving the wages and allowances following, *viz.*

(*Here follow the wages and allowances.*)

Proper lodging and medical care to be also provided to us.

And we further engage at the expiry of this Contract to enter into new Contracts of Service, one or more either with the above named or with other persons to be agreed upon hereafter, until we shall have completed the full period of five years industrial residence in Mauritius, with double the time of any unlicensed absences.

Here follow the signatures and marks of the Immigrants and of employer's Agent if present at the time.

The above Contract was explained in my presence to the said Immigrants and signed before me by

Registered at Immigration Depôt, Mauritius, this day of 185 .
by me,
G. H.,
Protector of Immigrants.

them with their names or marks, and by authorized Agent of the said at this day of 185 .

A. B.,
Emigration Agent at
for Government of Mauritius.

(List of names and numbers of Immigrants to the above Contract.)

FORM E.

Notice of arrival of Immigrants specially engaged in India.

Immigrants arrived engaged in India upon requisition by the following persons, *viz:*—

(List of names and designations of parties to whom engaged.)

T. H.,
Protector of Immigrants.

Immigration Depôt, Mauritius,
day of 185 .

FORM F.

The within named Immigrant has elected to be free from his Contract, not having been claimed within seven days after arrival at the Depôt.

(Date)

T. H.,
Protector of Immigrants.

FORM G.

We *(name and designation of intended employer, and names and numbers of Immigrants engaged)* being respectively the intended Master and Servants under a Contract of Service made before the Government Emigration Agent at on the day of do hereby agree that the whole rights and obligations of the said first party under the said Contract shall be, and the same are, hereby transferred, as at the date hereof, to *(name and designation)* under the provisions of Ordinance No. 30 of 1858; who hereby agrees to accept the said transfer and the Contract hereby transferred, with all its rights and obligations.

X. I.
A. B. } *(Signatures or marks of all the parties.)*
I.

The above transfer signed by all the parties thereto, its nature and effect having been first fully explained to the Immigrants above named all in my presence. The said transfer also approved and concurred in by me as on behalf of the Government.

At this
day of 185 .

T. H.,
Protector of Immigrants.

(or)

Stipendiary Magistrate
for the District of

FORM H.

Memorandum of release from Contract of Service.

We *(name and designation of employer and name and number of Immigrant)* being respectively the employer and the servant under a Contract of Service made at India, and dated the day of do hereby consent that the said second party shall from this day and henceforth be released from the said Contract and all obligations under the same.

X Y
Z } *Signatures or marks of parties.*

The nature and effect of the above release explained by me to the said Immigrant who, having expressed his full consent hereto, both parties signed the same in my presence this day of 185 .

M. N.,
Stipendiary Magistrate
for the District of

FORM I.

We, the under-mentioned Immigrants from to Mauritius, hereby engage to serve the employers to whom we may be respectively allotted by the Mauritius Government for the period of years after the date of registration of this Contract in Mauritius, with double the time of any unlicensed absences: And we further engage, after the expiry of such service, to enter into Contracts of Service one or more with other persons to be agreed upon hereafter, until we shall have completed the full period of five years' industrial residence in Mauritius, with double the time of any unlicensed absences.

Registered at Immigration Depôt, Mauritius, this day of 185 by me G. H., *Protector of Immigrants.*

(Here follow the signatures and marks of the Immigrants.)

The above Contract was explained to the said Immigrants in my presence, and signed by them with their names or marks before me, and also signed by me on behalf of the Government of Mauritius, at this day of 185 .

A. B.,
Immigration Agent at *for*
Mauritius Government.

(List of names and numbers of Immigrants to the above Contract.)

FORM K.

I *(name and designation)* request the Protector of Immigrants to allot to me under Ordinance No. 30 of 1858 and relative Regulations, for Contract of Service for years, the number of newly arrived Immigrants for the employments following, *viz:*

(Number required, and for what kinds of employment to be specified.)

I undertake to give to any Immigrants who may be allotted to me under this requisition wages and allowances according to the Government scale existing at the time of allotment.

Proper lodging and medical care to be also furnished by me to the said Immigrants.

L. M.

(Signature of Requisitionist.)

(If he cannot write he will sign his mark before one subscribing witness.)

Lodged with me this day of 185 .

I. H.,

Protector of Immigrants.

FORM L.

I hereby certify that I have this day allotted to the said Requisitionist the Immigrants following, for the employments and periods of service, and on the conditions above specified, respectively.

(Date)

T. H.,

Protector of Immigrants.

List of Immigrants allotted.

With reference to the above Ordinance and Regulations, it is hereby declared that any Special Agent accredited by the Protector of Immigrants at Mauritius and licensed by the Emigration Agent at any of the Ports at Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, may at any of the said Ports make with any Native of India a Contract for labor to be performed in the Colony of Mauritius for a period not exceeding three years, provided that such Contract shall be executed in the presence of the Emigration Agent and in that of the Protector of Immigrants.

In like manner the Emigration Agent at any one of the three Ports aforesaid may, on behalf of the Government of Mauritius, enter into a Contract in accordance with the provisions of Clause 32 of the abovementioned Regulations with any Native of India for labor to be performed in the said Colony for a period not exceeding three years, provided that every such Contract shall be executed in the presence of the Protector of Immigrants.

It is the duty of the Protector of Immigrants to see that the Regulations are precisely observed, and that every Native of India with whom a Contract is entered into in India for service in Mauritius, either by a private person or by the Emigration Agent on behalf of the Government of Mauritius, fully understands the nature and terms of the Contract, and that he is not induced to enter into it by any unfair means.

All the provisions of the existing law applicable to the Emigration of Native laborers to the Colony of Mauritius are applicable also to Native laborers with whom Contracts may be made in India for service in the Colony.

By Order of His Excellency the Governor General in Council,

CECIL BEADON,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 730.

The 6th April 1859.

Mr. W. Grey this day received charge of the Office of Secretary to the Government of India, in the Home Department, from Mr. C. Beadon.

B. B. CHAPMAN,

Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 731.

The 8th April 1859.

The following Extract from a Despatch, No. 7 of 1859, dated the 1st March, from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, is published for general information :—

"I have to acquaint you that the Reverend FitzHenry W. Ellis, of the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment, has been permitted to return to his duty."

No. 732.

Mr. William Bell, of the Civil Service, is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough, for the remainder of the three years to which he is entitled from the date of embarkation.

W. GREY,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Foreign Department.

No. 1696.

Fort William, the 8th April 1859.

Captain W. D. Bunbury, Assistant Commissioner in Oudh, has obtained leave of absence for one month, from the date on which he may avail himself of it, to proceed to Calcutta for the purpose of appearing before a Medical Committee.

No. 1697.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to grant to Major A. B. Kemball, C. B., Political Agent in Turkish Arabia, leave of absence for fifteen months, to proceed to England, on Medical Certificate, under the new Furlough Regulations.

No. 1698.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. H. Monckton, C. S., to be a Supernumerary 1st Class Deputy Commissioner in the Punjab, with effect from the 25th September last.

No. 1699.

Ensign Roddy, District Adjutant, is appointed to be a Divisional Adjutant in the Oudh Military Police, with retrospective effect from the 11th October last, *vice* Lieutenant Hawkins, appointed District Commandant.

CECIL BEADON,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Financial Department.

Fort William, the 7th April 1859.

No. 24.

Notification.—That part of the Notification No. 13, dated 16th February last, which relates to the appointment of Mr. H. A. Mangles to officiate as 1st Assistant Accountant General at Madras is cancelled, and Mr. W. Balmain is appointed to officiate in that appointment in his stead.

C. HUGH LUSHINGTON,

Secretary to the Govt. of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, the 6th April 1859.

No. 473 *of* 1859.—The following Notification, from the Home Department, is published in General Orders:—

No. 691, *the* 1*st April* 1859.—The following Rules for the transmission of Service Messages by Electric Telegraph, passed by His Excellency the Governor General of India in Council on the 1st April 1859, in supercession of all previous Rules on the subject, are published for general information:—

I. From the 1st May 1859, all Messages sent on Service by public functionaries of all classes must be paid for in cash previous to despatch.

II. The rates payable for the number of words and distances will be the same in all respects as those charged to private individuals.

III. Repetition price will be charged whenever the Message contains numbers, or refers to financial matters.

IV. The privilege of precedence in despatch for all Service Messages will cease, except in cases of pressing public emergency and importance, when priority of despatch may be claimed by the sender. The Superintendent will bring to the notice of the Government of India any case of a Public Officer insisting in priority of despatch without reason.

V. One exception only will be made to the Rules of cash payments. Officers in Command of Troops employed in operations in the Field may send their Messages without payment. But this privilege does not extend to the case of Troops marching to join, or to movable columns while halted, and with funds available for contingent expenses.

VI. The sums paid by public functionaries for the despatch of Messages will be recovered from Government by the sender, by contingent bills countersigned as usual.

VII. The above Rules do not apply to the Hooghly River Lines and Offices, which are employed for special purposes.

VIII. The Governors of Pondicherry and Goa shall also continue to enjoy the privilege of free transmission of Messages conceded to their Governments.

No. 474 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, from the Foreign Department, are published in General Orders:—

No. 1603, *the* 31*st March* 1859.—Brigadier General G. St. P. Lawrence, Agent to the Governor General for the States of Rajpootana, has obtained leave of absence for one month, from the date on which he may avail himself of it, preparatory to obtaining Furlough to Europe, under Medical Certificate.

No. 1605, *the* 2*nd April* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant W. F. Edwards, of the 45th Bengal Native Infantry, to be Second in Command of the Malwa Bheel Corps.

No. 1610, *the* 5*th April* 1859.—The appointment of Lieutenant L. H. E. DeH. Larpent, to be District Adjutant of the Oudh Military Police, as notified in General Order No. 496, dated the 20th January last, is hereby cancelled.

No. 475 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, from the Public Works Department, are published in General Orders:—

No. 78.—*The* 2*nd April* 1859.—The leave of absence granted to 2nd Lieutenant H. A. L. Carnegie, of Engineers, in Notification No. 70, of the 24th ultimo, is preparatory to applying for six months' leave to Europe, on urgent private affairs, and not for the purpose of resigning the Service.

No. 81.—*The* 5*th April* 1859.—Captain C. J. Hodgson, of Engineers, Deputy Consulting Engineer to the Government of India, Railway Department, will officiate as Consulting Engineer during the absence of Major Strachey.

No. 82.—Captain J. T. N. O'Brien, Assistant Engineer, 1st Class, is posted to the 1st Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road, as Officiating Executive Engineer.

Captain C. Pollard, Executive Engineer, 2nd Class, is transferred from the 1st Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road, to the amalgamated Peshawur and Nowshera Division.

Captain H. Hyde, Executive Engineer, 1st Class, is transferred from the Peshawur to the Lahore Division.

Captain J. J. O'Bryen, of the 16th Regiment Native Infantry, now in temporary charge of the Lahore Division, is transferred to the charge of the Umritsur and Govindghur Division, subordinate to the Executive Engineer, Lahore, as a temporary arrangement.

Mr. N. G. Steele, Executive Engineer, 4th Class, is to take charge of the 9th Division, Grand Trunk Road, and the Umritsur Drainage Works.

No. 476 *of* 1859.—The following Notification, issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, is published in General Orders.

Leave of Absence.—The 30*th March* 1859.—Lieutenant J. Robertson, Second in Command 6th Bengal Police Battalion, from the 1st proximo, to the 15th May next, under Section VII of the revised Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

No. 477 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, by the Government North-Western Provinces, are published in General Orders:—

No 903.—*The* 30*th March* 1859.—*Appointments.* Captain J. N. H. McLean to officiate as Deputy Commissioner 1st Class of Oraie, during the absence, on leave, of Captain A. H. Ternan, or until further orders.

Captain F. A. Fenton to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of 2nd Class of Baitool.

Lieutenant W. Tyler to officiate as Deputy Commissioner 2nd Class of Chundeyree.

No. 945.—*The* 1*st April* 1859.—Captain C. Warde, 68th Regiment Native Infantry, to officiate as Cantonment Joint Magistrate and Superintendent of the Abkarry Mehal at Agra, during the absence, on leave, of Lieutenant W. Smith, or until further orders.

No. 948.—Captain R. Ouseley, 34th Regiment Native Infantry, to be Cantonment Joint Magistrate and Superintendent of the Abkarry Mehal at Saugor.

No. 978.—*The* 2*nd April* 1859.—Lieutenant T. Pierce to officiate as 1st Assistant Commissioner of Ajmere.

The above appointments to have effect from the 22nd February last, the date on which Captain J. Brooke, Deputy Commissioner and Political Agent, left for Jodhpoor and Serahie.

No. 983.—*Leave of Absence.*—Assistant Surgeon H. M. Cannon, Superintendent of the Meerut Central Prison, for one month, under the Rules applicable to Military Officers in Staff employ, from the 15th April next, to proceed to the Presidency, preparatory to applying for leave to England, on Medical Certificate.

Appointment.—Assistant Surgeon J. C. Corbyn to officiate as Superintendent of the Meerut Central Prison, during the absence, on leave, of Dr. Cannon, or until further orders.

No. 535.—*The 31st March* 1859.—*Leave of Absence.*—Captain G. Baillie, Deputy Superintendent Roorkee Workshops, for one month, from the 15th proximo, to visit Calcutta, preparatory to applying for general leave, on private affairs, to England.

No. 148 *A.*—*The 29th March* 1859.—Lieutenant N. Barton, Commandant of the Mundlah District Police, preparatory leave to the Presidency, subject to the conditions of the General Order Government of India, Financial Department, No. 157, dated the 14th January 1859, from such date as he may avail himself of it.

No. 153.—*The 30th March* 1859.—*Appointments.* Captain J. S. D. Tulloch, 17th Regiment Native Infantry, to be Second in Command of the Jhansie Divisional Police Battalion, *vice* Lieutenant Owen, proceeded to Europe, on Sick Certificate.

No. 160.—*The 2nd April* 1859.—Lieutenant R. Cadell, 20th Regiment Native Infantry, to be Commandant of the District Police at Mundlah, *vice* Captain Barton, proceeding to Europe. Lieutenant Cadell to continue to officiate as District Commandant at Cawnpore, until the return of Captain W. Thompson, or until further orders.

No. 161.—The services of Lieutenant T. N. Baker, Second in Command of the 2nd Sikh Police Corps, have this day been placed at the disposal of the Government of India, Military Department.

With reference to the above, the services of Lieutenant Baker are placed at the disposal of the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 478 *of* 1859.—Superintending Surgeon Donald Butler, M. D., of the Medical Department, is permitted to retire from the Service, on the pension of £700 per annum, from the 23rd April 1859, up to which date that Officer is allowed leave of absence, on private affairs, under the new Regulations.

Fort William, 7th April 1859.

No. 479 *of* 1859.—Assistant Surgeon D. Young, M. D., attached to the Buxar and Koruntadhee Stud Depôts, is allowed leave of absence from the 6th March to the 1st May 1859, to visit the Presidency, preparatory to applying for leave of absence, on Sick Certificate, to Europe, under the old Rules.

Fort William, 8th April 1859.

No. 480 *of* 1859.—Upon the recent transfer of the Forces of the late East India Company to the immediate Service of Her Majesty, under the provisions of the Act of the XXI and XXII Vic. Cap. 106, certain European Soldiers of the East India Company's Forces having claimed their discharge or their enlistment anew into the Queen's Service with fresh bounty, the subject was brought under the consideration of Her Majesty's Government and referred to the Law Officers of the Crown.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Council has now to announce to the European Soldiers of Her Majesty's Indian Forces in the three Presidencies who were formerly in the Service of the East India Company, that Her Majesty's Government have finally decided that the claim made to discharge or re-enlistment with bounty is inadmissible.

No. 481 *of* 1859.—Assistant Surgeon W. Delpratt, M. D., attached to the 3rd Punjaub Cavalry, is allowed leave of absence from the 1st instant to the 1st June 1859, to visit Bombay, preparatory to applying for furlough to Europe on private affairs, under the new Regulations.

No. 482 *of* 1859.—Captain W. Paget, Commanding the 5th Punjaub Cavalry, is allowed leave of absence for two months from the 1st instant, or from such date as he may avail himself of it, to visit Bombay, preparatory to applying for leave of absence on Sick Certificate to Europe, under the new Regulations.

No. 483 *of* 1859.—Her Majesty's 84th Regiment of Infantry will embark to-day from Calcutta on their return to England.

Of all the Regiments of the Royal Army which in 1857 were drawn to Bengal from distant Stations, the 84th is that which was first in the Field.

The good work of this Regiment is recorded in many *Gazettes*, from the first outbreak of Mutiny, through the Capture of Lucknow, and finally in the arduous and exhausting Campaign of Behar during the Summer of last year.

The Governor General in Council requests the Officers and Men of Her Majesty's 84th Regiment to accept his best Thanks for their valuable and protracted Service, and he cordially congratulates them upon having closed their career of seventeen years in India with marked Distinction and Honor.

The 84th Regiment will be saluted from the Battery of Fort William upon leaving Calcutta.

No. 484 *of* 1859.—With reference to Government General Order Nos. 392 and 400, the following paragraph of a Military letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 71, dated 24th February 1859, is published in General Orders :—

It appearing by Lloyd's List that the Ship *Boanerges* sailed from Gravesend on the 8th December, and not on the 10th January as before reported, Mr. Arthur Noel Phillips, who proceeded by that Ship, is entitled to be ranked accordingly, and should be placed in List No. 1 of 1859, next below Mr. Arthur George Handcock.

No. 485 *of* 1859.—The leave of absence on Sick Certificate to the Cape of Good Hope, granted to Captain C. F. Hicks, of the 5th European Regiment, in Government General Order No. 701, of the 6th May 1858, is extended to the 12th January 1860, on the same account.

No. 486 *of* 1859.—Captain R. Patton, of the 3rd European Regiment, is appointed a Brigade Major on the Establishment, to fill an existing vacancy.

No. 487 *of* 1859.—Assistant Surgeon Cavendish Johnson, of the Medical Department, attached to the 6th Irregular Cavalry, is allowed leave of absence from the 1st April to the 1st June next, to visit Bombay, with permission to proceed thence to Europe on Furlough, on private affairs, for three years, under the old Regulations.

No. 488 *of* 1859.—Captain Charles Poulet Lane, of the 3rd Regiment European Light Cavalry, is permitted to proceed to Europe on private affairs, under the old Rules, for the residue of the furlough on the same account granted to him in Government General Order No. 329, of the 27th February 1857.

No. 489 *of* 1859.—The services of Lieutenant H. T. Newmarch, of the 24th Regiment Native Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces.

No. 490 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following arrangements in the Department of the Adjutant General of the Army, during the absence on sick leave to Europe of Lieutenant Colonel W. A. J. Mayhew, Adjutant General of the Army, or until further orders,

Major H. W. Norman, Deputy Adjutant General, to officiate as Adjutant General of the Army.

Captain S. H. Becher, 1st Assistant Adjutant General of the Army, to officiate as Deputy Adjutant General.

Lieutenant-Colonel D. M. Stewart, 2nd Assistant Adjutant General of the Army, to officiate as 1st Assistant Adjutant General of the Army.

Lieutenant G. L. Fraser, of the 23rd Regiment Native Infantry, Commandant of the Agra Levy, to officiate as 2nd Assistant Adjutant General of the Army.

R. J. H. Birch, *Major-General,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 2311.

Appointments.—*The 4th April* 1859.—Mr. A. R. Thompson to officiate as Junior Secretary to the Board of Revenue.

The 6th April 1859.—Mr. G. Bright to be Magistrate of Shahabad, but to continue to officiate until further orders as Collector of the 24-Pergunnahs.

Mr. H. Muspratt to be Magistrate of Moorshedabad.

Mr. H. A. Cockerell to be a Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the 2nd Grade.

Leave of Absence.—*The 5th April* 1859.—Mr. W. A. Peacock, Officiating Superintendent of Salt Chowkies, Calcutta, for two months, under Clause 1, Section VII. of the revised Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, making over charge of his Office to Mr. F. Crank, Superintendent of the Barripore Salt Chowkies, who will conduct the duties thereof in addition to his own during Mr. Peacock's absence, or until further orders.

Notification.—*The 4th April* 1859.—The preparatory leave for six weeks granted to Mr. W. Bell, Judge of Shahabad, on the 12th ultimo, is commuted to leave for one month under Section XII. of the new revised Absentee Rules.

A. R. Young,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 1003.

Allahabad, the 31st March 1859.

Notification.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct the following temporary division of jurisdiction between the Judge of Bareilly and the newly-appointed Judge, now posted at Shahjehanpoor.

The Judgeship of Bareilly will comprise the District of that name and Phillibheet. The Districts of Budaon and Shahjehanpoor will form the jurisdiction of the Judge posted for the present at Shahjehanpoor.

No. 1040.

The 5th April 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. John Power, Magistrate and Collector of Futtehpoor, for fifteen months, on Medical Certificate, to England, under Section VI. of the Absentee Rules, with the usual preparatory leave to reach the Port of Embarkation, from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1043.

Appointments.—Mr. James William Power to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Futtehpoor, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. John Power, or until further orders.

No. 1054.

Shunkur Dyal Panday, Tehseeldar of the Huzzoor Tehseel at Ghazeepore, to be a Deputy Magistrate under Act XV. of 1843, and to exercise the powers of a Covenanted Assistant, within the limits of his present jurisdiction.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

E. C. Bayley,
Offg. Secy to Govt., N. W. P.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the fourth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1857-58, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Thursday, the 14th of April 1859, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 2,260 chests, *viz* :—

Behar Opium	...	...	1,915
Benares Ditto	...	...	345
Total Chests,			2,260

2. The general conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 1st December 1858, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 19th and 29th April 1859, respectively, that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, Company's Paper or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the sale will be received after 4 P. M. of Tuesday the 19th April 1859, and no Treasury Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Friday, the 29th April 1859.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium of 1857-58, will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board however reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

		Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about	Monday, 9th May 1859	1915	345	2260
Do.	Monday, 13th June "	1915	345	2260
Do.	Thursday, 14th July "	1915	345	2260
Do.	Wednesday, 10th August "	1915	345	2260
Do.	Friday, 9th September "	1915	345	2260
Do.	Friday, 14th October "	1915	345	2260
Do.	Monday, 7th November "	1915	345	2260
Do.	Monday, 5th December "	1564	379	2313
		15339	2704	18133

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

E. T. TREVOR,
Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 28th March 1859.

No. 257.

Notice.

TENDERS for the transportation of Salt from the Central and Southern Agencies of Orissa, to the Government Golahs at Sulkea, will be received at this Office until 2 P. M., of the 17th of May next.

2. The Tenders must be drawn up according to a form which may be obtained on application at this Office.

3. Distinct contracts must be entered into for the removal of the Salt in each of the three following localities, to wit Hunsooah (in Central Cuttack) and the Ustrung Aurungs and the Chilka Lake Aurungs, in the Southern or Pooree Agency.

4. Parties tendering must satisfy the Board of Revenue and the Commissioner of Cuttack, that they possess the means of conveying the full quantity of Salt tendered for, and with this object a list of the vessels intended to be employed must accompany each Tender.

5. The quantity of Salt to be shipped at the Hunsooah Golahs will probably not exceed 1,00,000 maunds in each year; that from the Ustrungs is roughly estimated at 80,000 maunds for the ensuing season, and that from the Chilka Aurungs at maunds 3,20,000. The tenderer may apply for the whole quantity for which freight is required at each locality, or for any part not less than a quarter of such quantity.

6. Contractors must engage to ship the Salt allotted to them, during the period between the last spring tides of October and the end of February.

7. Parties whose tenders are accepted will be required to make a deposit of Government Promissory Notes, or to furnish other unexceptionable Security for the performance of their contracts.

8. The Board reserve to themselves the right of rejecting any Tender without assigning a reason.

By order of the Board of Revenue,

E. T. TREVOR,
Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 15th March 1859.

Notification No. 938.

THE Public Bill Forms, bearing the printed Nos. noted in the margin having been found to be missing from the Purneah Treasury, are hereby cancelled; and Officers in charge of Treasuries are cautioned to refuse acceptance of them if presented, taking the requisite steps for the apprehension of the parties concerned in negociating them.

No. 297897
" 297898
" 297899
" 297900

R. P. HARRISON,
Offg. Acctt. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM,
Office of Acctt. Govt. of Bengal.
The 7th April 1859.

Notification No. 41.

Mr. John Scott, Assistant Commissioner Sonthal Pergunnahs, received charge of the Treasury at Nya Doomka, on the 1st instant.

R. P. HARRISON,
Offg. Acctt. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM;
Office, of Acctt. Govt. of Bengal.
The 6th April 1859.

Memorandum.

THE Ball dropped this-day at the Semaphore Tower half a second (½s) after Mean one o'Clock.

(Signed) RADHANATH SICKDHAR,
In charge of the Observatory.

SURVEYOR GENERAL'S OFFICE;
Calcutta, 6th April 1859.

ORFEUR CAVENAGH, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Town Major.

Notification.

BILLS at par on the Public Treasuries of the under-mentioned Districts may be had on application to the Accountant to the Government of Bengal:—

Districts.	*Amounts available on this date.*
Cuttack, C. D., ...	1,00,000
Cuttack, S. D., ...	1,00,000
* Dacca, ...	4,00,000
Gowalparah, ...	70,000
Hooghly, ...	40,000
Jessore, ...	50,000
Jorehaut, ...	60,000
* Rungpore, ...	4,00,000

R. P. HARRISON,
Offg. Acct. to the Govt. of Bengal.

BENGAL ACCTT.'S OFFICE,
The 8th April 1859.

N. B.—* These Treasuries will be cleared shortly if the amounts available are not taken up in Bills.

Bills applied for after 2 P. M. will not be issued till the following day.

Bills will not be granted for less than Rupees Fifty.

SEALED TENDERS, for landing and stacking Government Public Works Stores coming out from England to this Port, will be received by the Officiating Civil Architect in his Office, No. 87, South Collingah Street, up to 4 P. M., on the 20th instant.

The Tenders should enumerate the rate per Ton for landing Stores of every description and size from the different Ships, inclusive of all charges of staking, piling and delivering, &c., for one year commencing from the 1st May 1859.

Tenders are to be made in strict accordance with the General Condition drawn out in the Civil Architect's Office, where it can be seen from 11 A. M. to 4 P. M.

A Deposit in Cash of (100) one hundred Rupees is required with each Tender, subject to forfeiture if the Tenders be withdrawn.

ARCH. IMPEY, *Captain*,
Offg. Civil Architect.

Notification.

AT the instance of the Accountants in the North-Western Provinces and the Punjab, the undersigned begs to draw the attention of Officers obtaining Sepoys' Remittance Drafts from Civil Treasuries, to the General Order No. 311, of the 8th November 1844, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 16th idem, page 908, directing that such Drafts should, after the Descriptive Roll at foot has been filled up, be transmitted by the Officer obtaining them to the Officer in charge of the Treasury drawn upon.

E. DRUMMOND,
Acctt. Genl. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM;
Accountant General's Office,
Durbar & Revenue Department,
The 2nd April 1859.

Notice.

COLLECTORS and Officers in charge of Public Treasuries drawing Drafts on the Accountant General to the Government of India, or on the Sub-Treasurer, Fort William, are particularly requested to attest with their *own* initials all alterations or corrections that my be made in their Bills or Letters of Advice, as, owing to alterations not having been so attested, much inconvenience and delay have occurred in accepting Bills.

2. Advices of all Bills drawn on Calcutta should be sent to the Accountant General, Government of India, and not to the Sub-Treasurer.

GEO. W. KELLNER,
Offg. Asst. Acct. Genl. to the Govt of India.

FORT WILLIAM;
Accountt. Genl's. Office,
Bill Acceptance Department,
The 8th April 1859.

Notice.

THE General Treasury will be closed on Monday, the 11th April 1859, on account of the Hindoo Holiday Sree Ram Nubbomy, and on Tuesday, the 12th and Wednesday, the 13th April 1859, on account of the Hindoo Holidays Churruck Poojah.

J. I. HARVEY,
Sub-Treasurer.

GENERAL TREASURY,
The 21th March 1859.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

Notice.

THE Colombo Academy, under the title of "Queen's College, Colombo," has been affiliated to the University.

By Order of the Vice-Chancellor,

H. SCOTT SMITH, *A. B.*,
Registrar.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY,
The 6th April 1859.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION, MARCH 1859.

Errata.—IN the list of passed Candidates that appeared in the last number of *Calcutta Gazette* Juddoonath Sircar, of the Kishnagur College, was omitted from the Second Division, Denonoth Bannerjee, of the Culna Free Church Branch School, was entered twice, and for *Taraprosonno Mookerjee*, of the Commillah School, was entered *Kalliprosono Mookerjee*, of the Commillah School.

By Order of the Vice-Chancellor,

H. SCOTT SMITH, *A. B.*,

Registrar.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY,
The 7th April 1859.

Education Notice.

MEDICAL COLLEGE, CALCUTTA.

IT is hereby notified that, the Primary or English Class of the Medical College will for the future include, (in addition to Scholarship holders and Free Students) a Class of paying pupils.

2. Such pupils, on admission to the Medical College, will be subjected to the rules regarding an Entrance Examination, which apply to all other Students of the English Class of the College.

3. They will be required to conform to the rules of the Institution generally, in all matters connected with discipline.

4. They will be required to pursue their studies in the order and after the manner prescribed by the rules of the Calcutta University and of the Medical College.

5. On admission, each Student will be charged an Entrance Fee of Rupees (15) fifteen, for the use of books, &c., and he will afterwards be required to pay a tuition fee of Rupees (5) five monthly during such time as he may remain in the Medical College.

6. Paying Students of the English Class will be at liberty to leave the College, should they so wish, at any period of their studies, receiving Certificates for such courses of lectures; or hospital attendance as they may have followed, or they will be allowed to complete their Medical Education in the College, and after obtaining the University Degree in Medicine and Surgery to volunteer for the Service of Government or not, as they may think proper.

W. C. B. EATWELL, *M. D.*,

Principal, Medical College.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 7th April 1859.

Notification.

THE Civil Auditor, North-Western Provinces, has the honor to repeat his annual call to all Disbursing Officers in charge of Civil Establishments in the North-Western Provinces, for the submission (as soon after the 1st May next, as practicable, with the April Abstract) of their regular Annual Detailed Statement, containing the names and full particulars of the whole of the Establishment; and to observe that, with reference to the orders of Government, dated 15th October 1842, published in the *Agra Government Gazette*, of the 15th November 1842, the audit of their Abstracts for April next will be withheld until the receipt of the required Returns.

2. To facilitate check, it is particularly requested that the Abstract for April be sub-divided into distinct headings, so that each description of Office with its total shall correspond with the details given in the Statement of Establishment for the 1st May, agreeably to the Form furnished.

3. It is also requested that the *three separate* Lists prescribed for all Uncovenanted Civil Servants (Europeans and East Indians) and Native, (in the last the names of *only those* holding appointments of *trust* and *responsibility* should be inserted,) employed on their Establishments, be furnished for 1st May 1859, without delay.

H. LOCH,

Offg. Civil Auditor.

CIVIL AUDITOR'S OFFICE;
N. W. P., Allahabad,
The 31st March 1859.

Mutlah Superintendent's Advertisement.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Lots Nos. 68, 6[illegible], 71, 72, 73, 74, 79, 80, 88, 89, 90, 91, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 116, 120, 127, 136, 137, 138, 142, 150, 165, 170, 175, 176, 180, 189, 190, 191 and 192, in the site of the proposed Town of Mutlah, will be sold by Public Auction at the Superintendent's Office, 34, Park Street, on Thursday, the 21st April 1859.

The highest bidder will be entitled to the Lots, on depositing immediately after the sale the full amount of the bid. On confirmation of the sale a Lease will be made out, and made over to the purchaser, who will become the Lessee. The Form of Lease showing terms may be seen at the Superintendent's Office, and also the Plan of the proposed Town, showing the position of the Lot.

H. LEONARD, *C. E.*,

Superintendent of Mutlah.

MUTLAH SUPDT.'S OFFICE,
The 6th April 1859.

Monthly Account of Salt in Store in the several Agencies and the Sulkea Golahs up to 31*st March* 1859, *together with* 4 *per cent. reserve for Golah Wastage.*

Agencies.	1260 or 1853-54, and previous years.			1261 or 1854-55.			1262 or 1855-56.			1263 or 1856-57.			1264 or 1857-58.			1265 or 1858-59.			Total Quantity in Store.		
Hidgellee.	Mds.	S.	C.	Mds.	S.	C.	Mds.	S.	C.	Mds.	S.	C.	Mds.	S.	C.	Mds.	S.	C.	Mds.	S.	C.
Pungah Salt, Ghaut Russoolpore ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	942	8	12	0	0	0	957	8	12
Ditto do., Kissamnuggur	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1932	0	0	93228	32	0	0	0	0	95160	32	0
Ditto do., Ramnuggur	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	123048	30	0	182558	39	0	0	0	0	305606	29	0
Do. do., North Kaleenuggur ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10189	25	8	0	0	0	10189	25	8
Do. do., Pooree Ghautta ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	33004	0	0	0	0	0	33004	0	0
Total ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	124995	30	0	319918	20	4	0	0	0	444914	10	4
Tumlook.																					
Pungah, Ghaut Narrainpore ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6561	18	9	0	0	0	6561	18	9
Total ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6561	18	9	0	0	0	6561	18	9
24-Pergunnahs.																					
Pungah, Ghaut Dhosah	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	743	32	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	743	32	8
Do. do., Baugundee ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	31	9	0	8111	28	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	8142	37	8
Total ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	31	9	0	8855	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8886	30	0
Chittagong.																					
Pungah, Bangkhally Ghaut ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18273	25	0	0	0	0	18273	25	0
Do., Sudder Ghaut Agency ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	124789	19	15	0	0	0	124789	19	15
Do. do., Arracan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kurkutch Madras	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	31444	0	0	264748	0	6	0	0	0	296192	0	6
Total ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	31444	0	0	407811	5	5	0	0	0	439255	5	5
Sulkea.																					
Pungah, Cuttack ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21135	0	0	85597	0	0	0	0	0	106732	0	0
Do., Balasore ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Do., Khordha ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	442	0	0	520	0	0	0	0	0	962	0	0
Do., Chilka ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	61070	0	0	0	0	0	61070	0	0
Do., 24-Pergunnahs ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	4320	0	0	13631	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17951	0	0
Do. do., Narsinpore ...	200597	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	200597	20	0
Do. do., Baugundee ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	1846	0	0	138168	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	140014	20	0
Do. do., Dhosah ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	1560	0	0	71058	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	72618	0	0
Kurkutch Madras Permit ...	0	0	0	259232	30	0	691886	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	951118	30	0
Do. Chilka ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	32759	0	0	309200	20	0	157100	0	0	0	0	0	589059	20	0
Do. Scinde ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	22857	0	0	22857	0	0
Mixed Kurkutch ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2226	0	0	2226	0	0
Pungah, Pooree Ghautta ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	61905	0	0	0	0	0	61905	0	0
Do. Ramnuggur ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28857	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28857	0	0
Mixed Pungah Salt ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	562	0	0	562	0	0
Total ...	200597	20	0	259232	30	0	732371	0	0	672492	0	0	366192	0	0	25645	0	0	2256530	10	0
Arracan.																					
Pungah, Ghaut Khyouk Phyoo ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9574	0	0	0	0	0	9574	0	0
Total ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9574	0	0	0	0	0	9574	0	0
Grand Total ...	200597	20	0	259232	30	0	732402	9	0	837787	11	0	1110057	4	2	25645	0	0	3165721	34	2

Board of Revenue,
The 5th April 1859.

E. T. Trevor,
Secretary.

WEEKLY STATEMENT OF TRAFFIC PASSED THROUGH THE CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS FROM 1st TO 6th APRIL 1859.

From 1st to 6th April 1859.	Name of Chowkeys.	Charcoal.			Wood Coal.			Piece Goods, Native Produce.			Piece Goods, Imported Fabrics.			Hides.			Cotton.			Castor Seed.			Castor Oil.			Indigo.			Jaggery.			Jute.			Lime.			Mustard Seed.			Mustard Seed Oil.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
Circular Canal ...	Bamanghatta	...	...	...	2	1000	800	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	10125	37300	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	83	24180	16375	43	40000	29023	49	71700	67200	61	36175	24700	...	...	...
	Chitpore ..	28	34200	21300	..	...	...	...	...	...	9	3450	210 bale.	..	...	...	6	1230	350	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	-	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	275	250	...	...	...
Tolly's Nullah ...	Samookpotta.	.	...	...	1	275	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	7250	4850	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	12575	9250	...	...	...
	Russa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Kyderpore ...	7	14600	7800	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	830	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

From 1st to 6th April 1859.	Name of Chowkeys.	Salt.			Sugar.			Tobacco.			Linseed.			Paddy.			Pulse.			Peas.			Rice.			Wheat.			Lentil.			Grain.			Sundries.	
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Total Number of Boats.	Total Maundage by Canal Measurement.
Circular Canal ...	Bamanghatta	...	...	...	136	68175	28425	10	4725	3050	83	62000	47700	6	1300	900	6	1175	825	54	12900	8650	109	121775	86075	2	1450	800	15	5450	3800	3	3075	2100	868	303425
	Chitpore ...	93	74025	24850	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	1	850	600	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	401	162125
Tolly's Nullah ...	Samookpotta ...	..	...	...	1	625	300	3	925	550	2	2400	2700	28	6000	7125	2	300	250	17	3875	1600	13	6000	4000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	291	80750
	Russa ..	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	220	11225	11115	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	108	3350
	Kyderpore ...	2	4150	1600	...	...	...	1	275	80	...	...	...	...	60	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	229	58200

J. F. GALIFFE,
Collector and Magistrate of Canals.

CUSTOMS.

LIST OF PACKAGES LYING UNCLAIMED ON THE CUSTOM HOUSE WHARF.

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships
1858, Oct. 14th ..	1 Case unknown, Qr. Mr. Frazer, 6th Dragoon Guards ...	Wellesley.
Ditto 15th ...	2 Cases ditto, ditto ...	Ditto.
Nov. 9th ...	1 Case ditto, C in triangle H M N ...	Kirkham.
Ditto 17th ...	1 Iron Rail, no mark ...	Fort William.
Dec. 6th ..	2 Chests unknown ...	Englishman.
1859, January 7th ...	2 Cases ditto, M C D S ...	Comete.
March 5th ...	1 Case ditto, P C F in Diamond ..	Albion.
Ditto 23rd ...	2 Small Packages Merchandize, B C ...	Str. Fiery Cross.
Ditto „ ...	1 Small Package, ditto, B ...	Ditto.
	1 Cask unknown, ditto, no mark ...	Unknown.

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE,
The 8th April 1859.

J. H. YOUNG,
Officiating Collector of Customs.

TO BE SOLD, pursuant to a decree of the Supreme Court of Judicature, at Fort William in Bengal, made in a certain Cause, wherein Robert Molloy, Alexander Brodie Mackintosh, and Henry Harington Poe, Executor of William Haring Poe, deceased, are Plaintiffs, and Hurchunder Lahoree is Defendant, bearing date the 27th day of October 1857, with the approbation of John Cochrane, Esquire, the Master of the said Supreme Court, at his Office in the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on a day of which due notice will be hereafter given, the following properties, that is to say,—

A piece or parcel of land or ground, containing by estimation twenty-five biggahs and one and a half cottahs, situate in Ramkistnopore, in Pergunnah Boroo, in the Zillah of the Twenty-four Pergunnahs and Province of Bengal, and butted and bounded as follows:—(that is to say,) on the North by the rented land of Mr. Robinson, on the West by the garden of Sreenauth Mullick, on the East by the River Hooghly, and on the South by an Embankment.

A piece or parcel of land or ground, containing forty biggahs more or less, situate, lying and being at Sulkea, in Pergunnah Balleah, in the Zillah of the Twenty-four Pergunnahs aforesaid, and commonly called "Gollabattee," and butted and bounded as follows:—(that is to say,) on the North by the East India Company's Salt Golah, on the South by a Highway, on the East by the River Hooghly, and on the West by a Highway, and in respect of which said piece or parcel of land or ground a yearly rent of Company's Rupees one hundred and ninety-four, two annas and one pie is payable to the Zemindar or Landlord thereof.

A piece of garden ground standing in the name of the said Hurchunder Lahoree, held by pottah No. 1076, containing by estimation one biggah and three cottahs, situate at a place called Braminparrah, in the Town of Serampore, and in the Zillah of Hooghly.

A brick-built house, together with the piece of lackraj or rent-free land thereto belonging, and on part whereof the same is erected, under a pottah No. 1145, in the Serampore Collectorate Register, containing by estimation one biggah and nine cottahs more or less, situate at Serampore, aforesaid, and bounded as follows:—(that is to say), on the North and West by the land of the said Hurchunder Lahoree, on the South and East by a lane.

Another piece or parcel of land, held under a pottah No. 1077, in the Serampore Collectorate Register, comprising two biggahs and ten cottahs more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore, aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows:—(that is to say), on the North by a Highway, on the South by the land of Shaikh Nokroe Tailor, on the East by the land of Moorjin Mistry, and on the West by a foot path, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupees seven, eleven annas and eight pies is payable to Government the Landlord thereof.

Another piece or parcel of land held under a pottah No. 1161, in the Serampore Collectorate Register, comprising fifteen cottahs more or less,

situate, lying and being at Serampore, aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows :—(that is to say), on the North by the land of Nilloo Dharra, on the South by the land of Goluck Pyne, on the East by the land of Potey Mistry, and on the West by a Highway, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupee one, nine annas and six pies is payable to the Landlord thereof.

Another piece of land held under a pottah No. 1402, in the said Collectorate Register, comprising seven cottahs and five chittacks, situate, lying and being at Serampore, aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows :—(that is to say), on the North by the River Hooghly, on the South by a Highway, on the East by the land of Gourmohun Gossain, and on the West by the debutter land of Sree Sree Radamadub Takoor, and in respect whereof the yearly rent of Company's Rupees two, eleven annas and nine pies is payable to the Landlord thereof.

Another piece or parcel of land, held under a pottah No. 1411, (upon which stands a lower-roomed godown) in the said Collectorate Register, comprising two cottahs more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore, aforesaid, and bounded as follows :—(that is to say), on the North by a Highway, on the South by the land of Petumber Chunder, on the East by the land of Bungsy Chunder, and on the West by a lane, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of twelve annas and nine pies is payable to Government the Landlord thereof.

Another piece or parcel of land, held under a pottah No. 1449, in the said Collectorate Register, comprising five cottahs more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore, aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows :—(that is to say), on the North and South by the land of the late Ruggoram Gossain, and on the East and West by the land of the said Hurchunder Lahoree, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupee one is payable to Government.

Another piece or parcel of lakraj or rent-free land, held under a pottah No. 1146, in the said Collectorate Register, comprising three biggahs, thirteen cottahs, and seven chittacks more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore, aforesaid, and situate and being in front of the brick-built building in the said Hurchunder Lahoree's garden.

A brick-built ghaut, situate in the village of Chittra on the banks of the River Hooghly, called Hurro Baboo's Ghaut, and being in front of the said family dwelling-house in Braminparrah, in Serampore, aforesaid, situate on the opposite side of the road.

Another piece or parcel of garden ground, comprising on the whole about thirty biggahs or thereabouts, including three tanks therein, together also with the lower-roomed dwelling-house or bytuckhannah, standing on part thereof, and which said garden ground constitutes at present one compound and belongs as to part thereof to Serampore, and as to another part thereof to Rajjedhurpore, and also as to the remainder thereof, is lakraj land.

Another piece of land, comprising in the whole two biggahs and four cottahs or thereabouts, held in perpetual tenure by the said Hurchunder Lahoree from Gopeekisto Gossain, the Zemindar of Chittrah, ten annas and fifteen gundahs share at an annual rent for the whole of Company's Rupees sixteen, thirteen annas and seventeen gundahs, and which said land is now occupied by the following tenants, under the said Hurchunder Lahoree; namely, Sonatun Chootar, two cottahs and eight chittacks; Mohun Mallah, five cottahs; Bungshee Dome, one cottah and eight chittacks; Komul Ghurramee, two cottahs; Modoosoodun Malla and Banessur Malla, four cottahs; Juggobundoo Malla, one cottah; Bhoota's mother, one cottah; Hurro Malanee, one cottah; Ramdhone Malla, three cottahs; Rokeenee Malla and Poresh Bewah, one cottah and eight chittacks; Roopchund Choonooree, one cottah and eight chittacks; Bhuguram Modock, three cottahs; Hurroo Chatterjee, three cottahs; Potee Bewah, one cottah; Chauroo Dome, three cottahs; Kallee Chootar, two cottahs; Janokee Panjaree, two cottahs; Hullodhur Dome, one cottah and eight chittacks; Ramchand Malla and Nubbye Malla, three cottahs, total—two biggahs and four cottahs.

Another piece of land, situate in Chittrah Gourunghatty, comprising in the whole two biggahs and eight cottahs more or less, held by the said Hurchunder Lahoree in perpetual tenure from Ramtarun Chowdry and several others, the Zemindars of Chittrah, nine annas share subject to the annual rent of Company's Rupees eleven, three annas and four gundahs, and which said land as to ten cottahs thereof are known as Stable-barry and have an upper-roomed house erected on part thereof, and which said land as to the remaining one biggah and eighteen cottahs is occupied by the following tenants holding from the said Hurchunder Lahoree, *namely*, Juggoo, koloo, Bachoo, chokedar, and Kyroo, straw-seller.

Another piece of land comprising ten cottahs, situate in Chittrah aforesaid, held by the said Hurchunder Lahoree in perpetual tenure from Ramnarain Mookerjee, as zemindar thereof at the annual rent of one Rupee, six annas and six pies, and which land as to seven cottahs is at present in the possession of Hurchunder Lahoree, as to one cottah in the occupation of Bungsee Koyboto, and as the remaining two cottahs in the possession of Jadoo Paramanick as his tenants.

An upper-roomed brick-built family dwelling-house, situate at Braminparrah, in the Town of Serampore, in the Zillah of Hooghly, and the piece or parcel of land or part whereof the same is erected and built, containing in the whole by measurement, as appears by the pottahs thereof, (one dottah being for nine cottahs and six chittacks of land, and the other pottah for two biggahs, two cottahs, thirteen chittacks and five feet), two biggahs, twelve cottahs, three chittacks and five feet and bounded as follows :—(that is to say), on the North by the public Road, on the East by the land and premises of Kistomohun Bonnerjee, and other land belonging to the said Hurchunder Lahoree, and on the South and West by the land and premises of the late Roghooram Gossain, and paying in respect of the said parcel of land an aggregate annual Revenue to Government of Company's Rupees ten, twelve annas and eleven pies.

WILLIAM DALLAS,

Attorney.

JOHN COCHRANE,

Master.

CALCUTTA SUPREME COURT;
Master's Office,
The 16th March 1859.

REPORT showing the smallest depth of water in the Bhaugiruttee, Jellinghee and Matabangah Rivers, from 28th March to 3rd April 1859.

Names of Rivers.	Smallest depth of Water.	Remarks on the Phenomena of the River, during the week.
Bhaugirutte River.	F. Is.	
Above its entrance Bar in Ganges ...	4 6	All Boats suited for the present dry season's Traffic of the Nuddeah Rivers should take the Bhaugirutte route this year.
On the entrance Bar...	3 6	
From thence to Jungypore, 14 miles ..	2 7	These depths are on sand Lumps. They do not show the general depth of the Channels which are seldom less than from 3 feet3 inche to 4½ feet.
From Jungypore to Berhampore, 45 miles ..	2 8	
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 54 miles ...	2 3*	
And from Cutwa to Nuddea, 63 miles ..	2 10	
Jellinghee River.		
From its entrance to Bansemarree ...	Closed.	Entrance closed by the Chur formed by Ganges in 1853-54.
From Bansemarree to Teeahkattah ..	1 6	
From Teeahkattah to Chundipore ..	1 9	
And from Chundipore to Moisgunge ...	2 6	
Matabangah River.		
From its entrance to Alickdeah ...	Closed.	Works on Upper River suspended. Lower River open from Alickdeah to Hooghly, and will be kept so. No Tolls collected since December 6th, 1858.
From Alickdeah to Seebpore ...	2 7	

Height of water on gauge at Berhampore on the 3rd April 1859 + 11 inches.

T. N. Armstrong, *C. E.*,
Supdt., Nuddeah Rivers.

Camp on the Bhaugiruttee River at Nuggur,
The 6th April 1859.

* 2 Feet 3 Inches at Nuggur and Juggurnauthpore Shoals being worked at.

Notice.

The Office of the Railway Commissioner of the Eastern Bengal Railway has removed from No. 8 Mission Row, to No. 122 Bow Bazar Street.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

With reference to Government Notification No. 5, Fort William, Financial Department, 26th January 1855, notifying the intention of Government to dissolve its connexion with the Government Agency—

The Oriental Bank Corporation undertake the safe custody of Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal, and other local Stocks, free of all charge.

Will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, and remit at the current rates of exchange, or pay the same according to instructions, if to be remitted through the Corporation, Without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... 1-4th per Cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the purchase of Government or other Securities, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Corporation, ... Without charge.

Wm. Anderson,
Agent

Oriental Bank Corporation;
Calcutta, 29th January 1855.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 6th April 1859.

Liabilities.		Assets.	
Proprietors' Capital ...	1,07,00,000 0 0	Government Securities ...	23,92,000 0 0
Reserve Fund ...	1,97,534 10 10	Dues from Government ...	2,62,457 2 9
Current Accounts ...	95,99,786 0 6	Cash ...	1,27,52,524 13 1
Cash Credits Undrawn ...	4,19,409 7 9	Loans on Deposit of Securities ...	1,15,27,600 0 0
Other Claims ...	2,77,680 8 11	Discount Loans on ditto ...	65,11,600 0 0
Bank Notes ...	1,41,44,366 0 0	Accounts of Credit on ditto ...	6,50,300 0 0
Post Bills ...	1,53,602 9 7	Government Bills Discounted ...	1,44,499 3 3
Profit and Loss (*Rebate Account*) ...	56,835 15 9	Mint Certificates ditto ...	1,03,133 13 7
		Mercantile Bills ditto ...	10,18,630 4 1
		Dead Stock	1,86,418 2 4
		Interest accrued	81 14 3
Co.'s Rs.	3,55,49,245 5 4	Co.'s Rs.	3,55,49,245 5 4

Published by order of the Directors,
J. B. Plume,
Secretary and Treasurer.

C. N. Cooke,
Accountant.

Commercial Bank of India.

CALCUTTA BRANCH.

Rates of Exchange on London Joint Stock Bank.

			s.	d.	
At	6 months' sight	... ...	2	0¼	per Rupee
„	3 „ „	... ...	1	11⅞	„
„	30 days' „	... ...	1	11⅝	„
„	8 „ „	... ...	1	11½	„

The Bank grants Drafts on the Head Office, Bombay, and on its Branches in London, Shanghae, and Hong-Kong. Bills collected at any of the above places at a uniform charge of ½ per Cent.

The Bank will undertake the purchase or sale of Government Paper, Bank Stock and other Securities, draw Interest and Dividends payable in Calcutta, when due, at a Commission of ¼ per Cent.

No charge made when the proceeds of Sale or amount of Interest or Dividends drawn is remitted in the Bank's Bills.

Rates of Interest allowed to Deposits subject to

3 months'	notice of withdrawal,	4	p. ct.	per annum
6 ditto	ditto ditto	5		„
2 ditto	ditto ditto	6		„

Notice may be given when the money is deposited, or at any subsequent time; and it will be dispensed with in cases when the money is to be remitted through the Bank.

Current Accounts kept and Interest allowed at 2 per Cent. per annum on Balances of Rupees 500 and upwards, not exceeding Rupees 50,000, unless by special agreement.

Hours of business, 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. On Saturdays, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

W. S. FITZWILLIAM,

27, TANK SQUARE, *Agent.*
Calcutta, 7th October 1858.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Thomas Sutherland, an Insolvent. — On Saturday the 2nd day of April, instant, it was ordered that Saturday the 4th day of June next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, and that unless cause be shewn to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent be discharged personally as well as to his after acquired property from all liability for debts, claims and demands of and against the said Insolvent at the time of the filing of his petition for relief.

Robertson, *Attorney.*

In the matter of George May, an Insolvent. — On Saturday, the 2nd day of April instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Company's Rupees 12,600 to and amongst all the Creditors upon the Estate of the said Insolvent as a Dividend at the rate of 8 annas per cent. upon such of the debts admitted in the Schedule of the said Insolvent, and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts, and upon the other debts admitted in the Schedule when and so soon as such debts orany of them shall be duly substantiated upon Affidavit filed in this Court, with liberty to the said Assignee to apply to the Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts, or any other matter or thing relating thereto.

J. Cochrane, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of James Gibbon, of Meerut, in the North-Western Provinces of British India, lately carrying on business in partnership with James Cock Coutts, of Clive Street, in Calcutta, as Wine Merchants, Coopers, Commission Agents and Traders, under the style or firm of Watson and Co., an Insolvent. — On Saturday, the 2nd day of April instant, it was ordered that the order made in this matter on the 10th day of April 1858 be enlarged, and the further hearing of this matter stand adjourned until Saturday, the 2nd day of July next.

In the matter of James Gibbon, of Meerut in the North Western Provinces of British India, lately carrying on business in partnership with James Cock Coutts, of Clive Street, in Calcutta; at Meerut as Wine Merchants, Commission Agents, and Traders, under the style or firm of Gibbon and Co., an Insolvent. — On Saturday, the 2nd day of April instant, it was ordered that the order made in this matter on the 10th day of April 1858, be enlarged and the further hearing of this matter stand adjourned until Saturday, the 2nd day of July next.

Rogers, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Matthew Steel Templeton, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Gobindchunder Auddy, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Woodychurn Bysack, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Thomas Sutherland, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Shaik Hossain Raza and another, Insolvents.

In the matter of Shaik Sherazoodeen and others, Insolvents. — On Saturday, the 2nd day of April instant, by six several orders of this Court, the said Insolvents were respectively adjudged entitled to their personal Discharge under the Act XI. Vic. cap. XXI. as to all persons named in their Schedules as Creditors or claiming to be Creditors, respectively.

In the matter of Ernest Melchior, at present of Calcutta, heretofore carrying on business in co-partnership with Ernest Augustus Apel and Jules Apel at Moulmein, in the Tenasserim Provinces, and also at Rangoon, in the Province of Pegu, under the style or firm of Apel and Co., and presently carrying on the same business in co-partnership with the said Jules Apel alone, under the same style or firm of Apel and Co., an Insolvent.

Notice that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic. cap XXI. was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 8th day of April instant, and by an order of the same date the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

In the matter of Ernest Melchior, at present of Calcutta, heretofore carrying on business in co-partnership with Ernest Augustus Apel and Jules Apel at Moulmein, in the Tenasserim Provinces, and also at Rangoon, in the province of Pegu, under the style or firm of Apel and Co., and presently carrying on the same business in co-partnership with the said Jules Apel alone, under the same style or firm of Apel and Co., an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 8th day of April instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday the 2nd day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

In the matter of Ernest Melchior, at present of Calcutta, heretofore carrying on business in co-partnership with Ernest Augustus Apel and Jules Apel at Moulmein, in the Tenasserim Provinces, and also at Rangoon, in the province of Pegu, under the style or firm of Apel and Co., and presently carrying on the same business in co-partnership with the said Jules Apel alone, under the same style or firm of Apel and Co., an Insolvent.

Notice that an application for an *Ad-interim* protection Order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court, on Friday, the 5th day of April instant, at the hour of 10 o'Clock in the forenoon.

☞ *Any Creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*

Lyons and Dow, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 8th April 1859.

Medical Invalid and General Life Assurance Society.

Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament.

During the absence of the Secretary, Mr. W. B. Walls will officiate.

By order,

P. M. Tait,
Secretary.

The 9th April, 1859.

Notice.

We have authorised Mr. Sareus Nixon Smellie to sign our Firm by procuration from this date.

Pearce, Macrae & Co.,

Calcutta,
The 31st March 1859.

Notice

Is hereby given for the information and guidance of all Treasury Officers that Government Promissory Note, No. 8283 of 1856-57, for (1,000) one thousand Rupees, in favor of Reverend R. M. Price, has been lost in transit from the Loan Office to Almorah.

B. W. Colvin,
Senr. Asst. Commissioner.

Kumaon;
Senr. Asst. Commissioner's Office,
Almorah,
The 23rd March 1859.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

The Government Promissory Note, No. 7866 of the 5 per Cent. Loan of 1854-55, dated the 12th March 1855, for Company's Rupees Five Hundred, originally standing in the name of (not known) sold by Govinchunder Sein to Muddoosoodun Chowdry, and by him last endorsed to G. H. Lawrence, the Proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of a Duplicate Note in favor of the Proprietor.

G. H. Lawrence,
Oudh.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

The under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of Ullee Hussun, the Proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, payment of the Notes and of Interest thereupon have been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of duplicate Notes in favor of the Proprietor:—

No. 4853 of 1854-55, dated 30th September 1854, for Rs. 2,000								
„ 4854	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	
„ 4855	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	
„ 4856	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	
„ 4857	„	„	„	„	„	„	„	

Ullee Hussun.

Lucknow,
31*st March* 1859.

assign and transfer to the substituted employer the whole rights and interest under such Contract and all the obligations incumbent upon the intended employer therein.

Such transfer shall only be valid if made with the full consent of the original and substituted employer and of the Immigrant, and with the approval and concurrence of the Government upon satisfactory reasons being assigned therefore.

Every such transfer shall be in the form and be executed in the manner prescribed by Regulations under this Ordinance.

Such transfer may be made either on the Immigrant's arrival in Mauritius or at any time during the currency of his engagement.

Engaged Immigrant to be maintained at Depôt.

XII.—During the interval between the arrival at the "Depôt" in Mauritius of any Immigrant who shall have entered into a Contract in India, and his entering the service of his original or substituted employer under the Contract or of any employer to whom he may be allotted, he shall be maintained by the Government; and the expense of such maintenance shall be recovered from the intended employer under the Contract or those in his right.

Governor authorized to allot Immigrants not engaged in India.

XIII.—When any Immigrant shall arrive at Mauritius without having contracted in India, as hereinaforesaid, it shall be lawful to the Governor, by such Officer as may be entrusted with the duty, to allot such Immigrant to any person applying for his services who may be selected therefore, and who shall be able and willing, and shall oblige himself to pay and provide a fair rate of wages and allowances for such Immigrant.

All such allotments shall be made in terms of Regulations to be proclaimed from time to time under this Ordinance.

Immigrant allotted to be in same position as if engaged.

XIV.—Every Immigrant who shall thus be allotted to an employer shall be subject to the law existing in the Colony at the time as to his industrial residence, and his allotment to or engagement with such employer shall be subject to the stamp duty now payable on Contracts with new Immigrants introduced entirely at the expense of the Colonial Treasury, except such allotment shall be made in excess of the number to which the employer would be entitled by Regulation.

Governor in Executive Council to make Regulations.

XV.—It shall be lawful to the Governor in Executive Council from time to time to make Regulations for carrying out the purposes of this Ordinance, and from time to time to alter the same; and all such Regulations, on being published in the *Government Gazette*, shall have the same effect as if they had been contained *verbatim* herein; provided that they are not inconsistent with the spirit and meaning of any of the provisions hereof.

Ordinance No. 12 of 1855 repealed.

XVI.—Ordinance No. 12 of 1855, entitled "An Ordinance to enable persons to procure at their own expense Immigrants from India," is hereby repealed, except in so far as it relates to any Immigrants already introduced, or who may be introduced, or embarked under its provisions before the present Ordinance shall have been known at the agency in India whence they shall have been transmitted, and all powers and remedies thereunder in such respects.

Promulgation

XVII. This Ordinance shall take effect from the twenty-third day of October, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight.

PASSED in Council at Port Louis, Island of Mauritius, this twentieth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight.

R. Y. Cummins,
Secretary to the Council.

Published by order of His Excellency the Governor,

Humphry Sandwith,
Colonial Secretary.

PROCLAMATION.

In the Name of Her Majesty VICTORIA, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN, &c., &c., &c.

W. Stevenson. *By His Excellency* William Stevenson, *Esquire, Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Mauritius and its Dependencies, &c., &c., &c.*

WHEREAS by Ordinance No. 30 of 1858, entitled "An Ordinance to legalize Contracts of Service made in India, and to authorize Government to allot newly arrived Immigrants," the Governor in Executive Council is authorized from time to time to make Regulations for carrying out the purposes of the said Ordinance; and whereas it is necessary to make such Regulations;

In virtue, therefore, of the powers conferred by the aforesaid Ordinance:

I do hereby, in Executive Council, order and proclaim as follows:—

REGULATIONS.

I.

Engagement of Immigrants in India.

I. Every person desiring to engage Immigrants in India, under the provisions of the said Ordinance shall deposit with the Protector of Immigrants in Mauritius a requisition (as nearly as may be in the Form A) specifying the number of Immigrants required by him,—in what District in Mauritius, and for what kind of service or labor they shall be required, the Presidency of India from which he wishes them to be sent, and whether he is willing to give wages and allowances on the Government scale for the time being, or any other and what wages and allowances.

Every such requisition shall be available for the period of fifteen calendar months to be calculated from its date.

II. Every such requisition may at any time be withdrawn by the party who shall have made it, by written notice left with the Protector of Immigrants; and such withdrawal shall be intimated by the Protector to the Emigration Agent at the Presidency from which the Immigrants shall be required.

But in such case the requisition shall remain in full effect so far as regards any action that shall have taken place upon it before notice of such withdrawal was received by the said Emigration Agent.

III. The party making such requisition shall also give security to the Protector by bond, with one surety (as nearly as may be in the Form B) for payment of the passage money and other expenses of the Immigrants to be engaged under his requisition.

The Protector may refuse to deliver any Immigrant to his intended employer, until the said payment shall have been made.

In these expenses no charge shall be made on account of Quarantine, if incurred on account of the said Immigrants; but the same shall in all cases be borne by Government.

IV. As soon as possible after the said requisition and bond shall have been deposited with the Protector of Immigrants, that Officer shall transmit a certified copy of the requisition to the Emigration Agent for Mauritius at the Presidency from which the Immigrants are required, with instructions to forward the subject of the requisition with all convenient speed.

The Protector shall at the same time transmit to such Emigration Agent the name and description of any Special Agent who may have been selected by the Requisitionist, and whom the Protector shall not have rejected for that duty.

V. In all cases where a Licensed Special Agent is not employed, the recruiting for Immigrants to be engaged in India shall be conducted only by Recruiting Agents employed and paid by the Government of Mauritius.

VI. Special Agents for employers in Mauritius may recruit Immigrants for their principals who shall have complied with the aforesaid requisites, provided that the following conditions be observed:

(1o.) The names of every such Agent and of the person or persons for whom he is to recruit shall be given at full length to the Protector of Immigrants who shall transmit the same to the Emigration Agent at the Presidency to which the Agent is to be accredited, unless he knows of good reason to the contrary.

(2o.) The Emigration Agent, on receipt of the communication, shall (unless he knows of good reason to the contrary) grant to the Special Agent a license, as nearly as may be in the Form C, to recruit for the said party; every such license being for a specified time not exceeding one year from its date.

(3o.) Every Special Agent shall be under the direction and control of the Emigration Agent at the Presidency for which he shall be licensed, who shall have full power to suspend and withdraw the license, in case of misconduct.

(4o.) Every Principal shall be responsible for the wrongs and breaches of Regulations committed by his Agent, in so far as that the Government may refuse to accept future nominations of Agents by employers, whose Agents shall have more than once wilfully committed any such wrongs or breaches.

VII. When Special Agents have been employed and licensed, no recruiting by any Government Recruiting Agent or any of his Subordinates shall be expected or relied on by the employers; but that portion of the service shall rest entirely with the licensed Special Agent and those employed by him, subject to the control of the Government Emigration Agent at the Presidency.

VIII. In case, however, the Special Agent shall die or withdraw from his Agency, or in case license shall be refused to such Agent, the Emigration Agent may and shall allow the Government Recruiting Agents to act in regard to the requisition of the principal of such Agent in the same way as if no Special Agent had been appointed.

IX. When Special Agents are employed, the engagement of Immigrants for agricultural labor may be either at the rate of wages and allowances in the Government Scale for the time being, or at any other rate which shall be at least equivalent thereto; and which shall be set forth in the requisition.

When Special Agents are not employed, the engagement of ordinary agricultural laborers shall be at the wages and allowances in the said Government Scale.

X. Skilled laborers of any kind may be engaged upon any terms which shall be set forth in the requisition, and shall in no case be less than the minimum rate specified by the Government Scale.

XI. Whether Special Agents shall be employed or not, the engagement shall in every case be upon the terms set forth in the requisition, without any deviation whatever; and if the requisition shall not be in accordance with the Rules above specified, it will be rejected and no engagement will be made in pursuance thereof.

XII. The Emigration Agent at each dependency shall, before any Contract shall be completed, explain the same fully to the Immigrant, with the aid (if necessary) of a duly qualified Interpreter, and shall take all proper precautions to prevent the Immigrant from being induced to contract by any fraud, falsehood or unfair means or representations.

XIII. If the Emigration Agent shall be satisfied that the Contract is fully understood by the Immigrant, and, if not upon the Government Scale, that it is fair and reasonable, he shall as soon as possible have the same signed in his presence by the Immigrant and by the Special Agent (if any) of the employer, with their names or marks, and he shall certify the same by a docket signed by himself.

XIV. If the Special Agent for the employer shall not be present at the time, the Emigration Agent may sign the Contract in his absence, and the Contract shall, in that case, be equally valid and binding as if signed also by the Special Agent; and no Contract bearing to be so signed shall be challengeable on the ground that the Special Agent not subscribing was present at the time.

XV. The Contract and Docket shall contain all the items, and shall be, as nearly as may be, in the terms of Form D. But no such Contract shall be void or voidable on account of any informality, which does not affect it in substance.

XVI. The Emigration Agent shall, upon the first opportunity after the completion of each Contract, despatch the Immigrant engaged therein to the Protector of Immigrants in Mauritius, along with the original of his Contract; and he shall also, with every band of male Immigrants so despatched, send the number of females required by Regulations at the time.

XVII. The Emigration Agent shall also, whenever he may see occasion, transmit to the Protector certified copies, one or more, of any Contract; and the same, if bearing to be certified by him as true copies and to be subscribed by him, shall have the same effect in law as the original Contracts to which they apply, subject only to proof that they are false or inaccurate.

XVIII. The arrival at Mauritius of any Immigrant who shall have entered into a Contract in India with an individual employer, shall, as soon as possible, be published by the Protector by written or printed notice, as nearly as may be in the Form E, in conspicuous places in and outside of the Immigration Depôt.

XIX. The Protector of Immigrants as soon as possible after the arrival at the Depôt of any Immigrants, and their Contracts, shall cause the same respectively to be registered in the Books of his Office, after which he shall deliver a certified copy of each Contract to the employer under the same, or any one having his authority, along with the Immigrants one or more thereby engaged.

XX. The Protector shall transmit the original Contract to the Stipendiary Magistrate of the District in which the service is to be performed, and the employer shall be entitled to retain the certified copy thereof; which, if bearing to be certified as a true copy and to be signed by the Protector, shall have the same force and effect as an original, subject only to proof that it is false or inaccurate.

XXI. The Protector of Immigrants shall also deliver to each Immigrant a Ticket bearing his name, number and marks, along with the name of his employer, the place where he is to be employed, and the date of registration of his Contract.

XXII. Whenever the Protector of Immigrants shall have delivered any Contract and Ticket as above-mentioned, both parties to the Contract shall be entitled to enforce the same by all lawful procedure, in the same way as if it had been entered into in Mauritius, according to the Law and Practice existing there at the time.

XXIII. When any Immigrant shall (under Arts. 9 and 10 of the aforesaid Ordinance) elect to be free from the obligations of his Contract, in consequence of his intended employer not having claimed his services, such election shall be intimated to the Protector of Immigrants, and a note thereof (Form F) shall by him be indorsed upon the entry of the Contract of such Immigrant in the Register of the Depôt.

XXIV. Every transfer (under Art. 11 of the Ordinance) of a Contract shall be in the Form G.

If made upon the Immigrant's arrival in Mauritius, and before he shall have entered upon his service, it shall be made before and authenticated by the Protector of Immigrants or other Officer to be appointed by the Governor to the duty.

If made during the currency of the engagement, it shall be made before and authenticated by the Stipendiary Magistrate of the District.

Before any such transfer shall have been signed, its nature and effect shall be fully explained to the Immigrant by the Protector or Magistrate, as the case may be.

XXV. The Protector or Magistrate shall have the power to express the approval and concurrence of the Government in the transfer, provided he shall be satisfied with the reasons assigned therefore.

XXVI. In no case shall such approval or concurrence be expressed where there is reason to believe that the original engagement with the Immigrant was not made with the *bonâ fide* intention of his serving the employer therein.

XXVII. Wherever the transaction shall appear to be a speculation or trafficking in the services of Immigrants through the medium of a pretended employer, the approval or concurrence abovementioned shall be withheld.

XXVIII. Any employer who shall (under Art. 5 of the Ordinance) desire to release from Contract an Immigrant engaged to him in India, shall either personally or by one having his written authority appear along with the Immigrant before the Stipendiary Magistrate of the District; who shall thereupon explain to the Immigrant the object and effect of the said release; and if the Immigrant shall understand and agree to the same, he shall cause both parties to sign a memorandum of such release in his presence, authenticating it also by his signed docket, all as in Form H. in the Schedule.

The Magistrate shall then deliver to the Immigrant a certified copy of such memorandum, after which he shall transmit the original thereof to the Protector of Immigrants, by whom an entry of the same shall be made on the registry of the said Immigrant in the books at the Depot.

II.

ALLOTMENT OF IMMIGRANTS NOT SPECIALLY ENGAGED IN INDIA.

XXIX. The wages and allowances of all Immigrants, who shall not have engaged in India to individual employers, shall for their first period of service for three years or otherwise be upon the scale to be fixed by Government in the mode after described; and no alteration which may come into operation upon the said scale after the date of any allotment shall have any effect upon the wages and allowances of the Immigrant allotted previously thereto.

XXX. When their first service shall have terminated by the said Immigrants having served during its whole period, with any extension on account of unlicensed absences, they will be free to engage with any employer upon any terms that may be mutually agreed to.

XXXI. But in case the first service of any allotted Immigrant shall terminate prematurely, such Immigrant shall be again allotted to another employer or employers, successively, for the residue of his original allotment; provided that he shall receive the same wages and allowances as if he had continued in his first employment.

XXXII. Every Immigrant who shall not have been engaged in India to an individual employer shall, in presence of the Emigration Agent at the Presidency from which he shall be embarked, sign a Contract, as nearly as may be in the Form of Schedule I, which Contract the said Agent shall transmit to Mauritius, along with the Immigrant, and his name, number and marks.

XXXIII. Every person intending to apply for an allotment of Immigrants one or more shall lodge with the Protector a requisition containing the items of his proposed Contract, in the Form K of Schedule; which requisition may be with-

drawn or altered any time before an allotment shall have been made and duly certified upon it.

XXXIV. The Protector of Immigrants, as soon as possible, after the arrival of any Immigrants not engaged in India to individual employers, shall register them and give them tickets as by the practice at the date hereof.

XXXV. When any such Immigrant shall have been recruited for an individual employer, the Protector shall allot him to such employers, provided both parties consent to such allotment. He shall follow the same course in regard to any Immigrant who shall express his preference for an individual employer.

In both of these cases when the Immigrants allotted are in excess of the proportion to which the employer would be entitled by Regulations, the employer shall pay the expenses applicable to such Immigrants in excess, in terms of Ordinance No. 22 of 1857.

XXXVI. But in the cases mentioned in the preceding Articles, the Protector shall not give effect to any recruiting or selection which shall have been induced by improper agency or artifice in any place whatever.

XXXVII. Whenever it shall appear to the Protector that an Immigrant has selected a particular employer in consequence of the intervention of any person habitually making a trade, business or speculation of interposing between employers and Immigrants, the Protector shall not allot him to the employer so selected.

XXXVIII. The Protector shall not recognise any recruiting for or selection of any individual employer, unless the same shall have been intimated to the Protector, or a duly qualified Officer of his Department, either on board the vessel which shall have brought the Immigrant, or upon the Immigrant's giving his name to the Protector at the Depôt on his arrival, and the Protector shall take the earliest opportunity of ascertaining whether any and which of the Immigrants arriving in any vessel have been recruited for or have selected their employers.

XXXIX. Upon any vessel arriving with Immigrants not engaged in India to individual employers, the Protector shall, either on board the vessel, or as soon as possible after the landing of the Immigrants, set aside all such as shall declare themselves to have been recruited for or to have selected individual employers, and to be ready to engage with them, and he shall without delay prepare, execute and deliver their certificates of allotment as aftermentioned.

XL. Immigrants who shall not have specially engaged in India and who shall not have declared that they have been recruited for, or have selected individual employers shall be allotted to persons applying for them according to the proportions specified in the *Government Gazette* of 17th April 1858, or in any Proclamation upon the subject to be made by the Governor in Executive Council.

XLI. In reckoning the proportion of each employer, account shall be taken of Immigrants allotted to him in consequence of recruiting or selection, but not of Immigrants who shall have been engaged to him under Contracts in India.

XLII. No allotment shall be made to any middleman coming within the description of Art. 37 or to any person trafficking in the services of Immigrants.

XLIII. The Immigrants arriving in each ship without previous recruiting or selection shall be regarded as one group, and shall be distributed among the parties entitled to them in one or more Districts; the several Districts being for this purpose arranged in Alphabetical order, and following each other in regular rotation.

XLIV. When any such group shall not suffice to give one-fourth part of their quota to the Requisitionists in any District, they shall be distributed proportionally among those Requisitionists in Alphabetical order who shall be entitled together to four times the number for distribution; and the remaining Requisitionists in such District shall not be entitled to their allotments until one group shall have been distributed in like manner among the Requisitionists in the other Districts.

XLV. After all the Districts shall have been gone over, distribution shall again be made in the same rotation, those employers in each District among whom no distribution has been made being supplied first, and afterwards those who shall only have received part of their quota.

XLVI. After all employers throughout the Colony shall have received their full quotas, allotments shall be made to those who may be willing to pay (in terms of Ordinance No. 22 of 1857) for the passage money and other expenses of additional Immigrants so to be allotted, and in such allotment each group of Immigrants shall be distributed in the order and proportions above specified.

XLVII. The Protector shall arrange the Immigrants so as to carry out the above mode of allotment with as little disturbance as possible to their association among themselves in bands, he shall also have and shall exercise a discretionary power to deviate from the strict order above specified whenever such deviation may be necessary to prevent Immigrants who are connected by family ties from being allotted against their will to different employers.

XLVIII. Every allotment shall be made by written certificate in the terms, and executed as in the Form L hereunto annexed; which certificate shall be appended to the requisition abovementioned.

XLIX. Upon being so executed, and being delivered by the Protector to the intended employer or his authorized Agent, it shall operate as a binding obligation on the parties to enter into a formal Contract of Service in the terms mentioned in the requisition.

L. The Protector at the time with delivering to the employer of his Agent the certificate of allotment shall also deliver the whole Immigrants thereby allotted.

LI. Every such certificate shall be full authority to the Stipendiary Magistrate having jurisdiction in the premises, to make out and execute a formal written Contract of Service in terms of the requisition and certificate; and in so doing he shall not enquire whether the Immigrant and employer consents to such Contract: nor shall it be necessary for the separate parties to attend before the Magistrate for the purpose of executing the same.

LII. The service shall be held to have commenced at the date of the certificate of allotment.

III.

GENERAL REGULATIONS.

LIII. The Protector of Immigrants shall as soon as possible, after the passing of these Regulations, procure and furnish to the Governor for transmission to the Government Emigration Agents in India a full and accurate statement as to the average rates of wages and allowances for different kinds of agricultural laborers, tradesmen, artisans and domestic servants in the Colony distinguishing the rates applicable: 1*st.*, to newly arrived Immigrants; 2*nd.* to Immigrants who have been three years in the Colony, and 3*rd.* to old Immigrants.

LIV. From these materials there shall be fixed under authority of the Governor the rate of wages and allowances of ordinary agricultural laborers to be allotted during the ensuing year, and of those to be engaged without the intervention of Special Agents.

There shall also be prepared a scale of the minimum and maximum rates of wages and allowances of tradesmen, artisans and household servants current at the time.

The said scales may be graduated so as to increase year by year throughout the first period of service.

The scales so prepared shall as soon as possible be published in the *Government Gazette*.

LV. Similar scales shall be made not later than the month of August in each succeeding year from which a similar scale of wages and allowances shall in like manner be prepared and published.

LVI. The scales specified in the preceding Articles shall upon the earliest opportunity the transmitted to the Emigration Agents at be several Presidencies in order to be posted up in conspicuous places in or near their Depôts in the several dialects commonly understood in the Presidencies, respectively.

They shall also be posted up in and near the Depôt in Mauritius in the different dialects commonly known in the Colony.

LVII. All communication, directly or indirectly, by or on behalf of any intended employer, with newly arrived Immigrants, previous to their arrival at the Immigration Depôt, is strictly prohibited.

LVIII. Whenever it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Protector that such communication has taken place, he may refuse to allot any Immigrant to the employer for whom such Immigrant shall have been induced to declare a preference in consequence of such communication.

LIX. The Protector shall also have full power to exclude from the Depôt every person who shall have reason to believe shall have come there for the purpose or with the intention of inducing Immigrants to engage with an employer for whom they shall not have been recruited in India, or whom they shall not have selected before arrival at the Depot.

LX. All Contracts and other documents mentioned in the Schedule shall as far as possible be upon printed forms to be furnished by a duly authorized Officer of Government; and when such forms can be obtained, none other shall be used for the purpose.

LXI. When any document requiring to have any official signature of any Magistrate or Public Officer under these Regulations, shall bear *ex facie* to have such signature, it shall be received in all Courts of Justice as genuine, without such signature requiring to be proved; and it shall continue to be so received until the said signature shall have been proved to be a forgery.

LXII. The present Regulations shall take effect from the thirteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight.

Given in Executive Council at Government House, this twelfth day of November 1858.

R. Y. CUMMINS,
Secretary to the Council.

By Command,

HUMPHRY SANDWITH,
Colonial Secretary.

SCHEDULE.

FORM A.

Ordinary Agricultural Laborers.

I *(name and designation)* request the Protector of Immigrants to take the steps required by Law and Regulations for obtaining for me from the Presidency of the number of Immigrants for agricultural purposes to be employed in the District of

I undertake to pay to each Immigrant who shall engage with me in virtue of this requisition the wages and allowances upon the Government scale at the time of engagement, (*or* the wages and allowances following, *viz.*, *as the case may be.*)

Proper lodging and medical care to be also furnished by me to each of the said Immigrants.

(If a Special Agent is to be employed the following will be added:)

I name my Special Agent and Recruiter of Immigrants in India.

A. B.,
Applicant's Signature.

The above requisition lodged with me, this day of 185 .

G. H.,
Protector of Immigrants, Mauritius.

Artisans and other skilled Laborers.

I *(name and designation)* request the Protector of Immigrants to take the steps required by Law and Regulations for obtaining for me from the Presidency of to be employed in the District of the number of Immigrants for the employments and at the monthly rate of wages and allowances following, *viz*:—

(Number) Carpenters at the wages of *(lowest rate offered)* to *(highest rate offered.)*

(Do.) Masons of *(do.)* to *(do.)*

(Do.) Grooms of *(do.)* to *(do.)*

(and so on with regard to other skilled laborers required.)

(If only one rate is offered the same to be stated.)

Allowances *(if any, to be specified at length.)*

Proper lodging and medical treatment to be also furnished by me to each of the said Immigrants.

I undertake to pay and provide to each Immigrant who shall engage to me in virtue of this

requisition the wages which shall be agreed on in India with him at the rates (or within the limits) above-mentioned, and also the allowances above stated.

(If a Special Agent is to be employed, the following will be added:)

I name my Special Agent and Recruiter of Immigrants in India.

A. B.,
Applicant's Signature.

The above requisition lodged with me, this day of 185 .

G. H.,
Protector of Immigrants, Mauritius.

FORM B.

A. B. of and C. D. of jointly and severally promise and bind themselves towards the Protector of Immigrants on behalf of the Government of Mauritius, as follows:

The said A. B. having this day made requisition under the provisions of Ordinance No. 30 of 1858, for Indian Immigrants, hereby undertakes to accept that number or any lesser number that may be introduced, pursuant to his requisition—the said A. B. and C. D. bind themselves jointly and severally to pay all expenses attendant upon the introduction of such Immigrants, and of the proportion of females by Regulation required to accompany them, including in such expenses of introduction the cost of maintenance of such Immigrants at the rate of six pence per diem for each Immigrant from the date of landing until the date of leaving the Depôt to enter on the service of the said A. B. The said A. B. and C. D. promise to pay to the Protector of Immigrants all such expenses of introduction upon the said Immigrants being handed over to the said A. B. engaged to him under a binding Contract to be made with them in India, such payment to be exigible previous to their leaving the Depôt.

In default of the said A. B. claiming and engaging such Immigrants within seven clear days after they shall have been landed at the Depôt, the said A. B. and C. D. bind themselves to pay to the Protector of Immigrants seven shillings for each Immigrant as his cost of maintenance during the interval between his arrival at the Depot and his entering on service; and in case of such default and of any of the said Immigrants electing to be free from their engagement, the said A. B. and C. D. do further bind themselves, as aforesaid, to pay to the Protector one half of the expense of introducing the Immigrants, so electing and of the proportion of females accompanying them.

The said A. B. and C. D. hereby consent that the certificate of the Protector of Immigrants shall be conclusive evidence against them in all Courts and places of the amount chargeable against them in respect of the said expenses of introduction, or of the costs of their maintenance, as the case may be.

To be written by each of the obligants in his own name. Approved A. B. Approved C. D.

If they or either of them cannot write, they or he shall sign by mark in presence of one witness subscribing.

The above bond signed in my presence and deposited with me this day of 185

T. H.,
Protector of Immigrants.

FORM C.

This is to certify that (*name of Special Agent*) is hereby licensed to recruit Emigrant laborers for (*employer's name and designation*) in Mauritius in conformity with the Regulations published and to be published from time to time regarding such recruiting. This license is granted from the to the inclusive, and upon the express understanding and condition that the said Agent is to be under the direction and control of myself and my successors in office in all matters relating to such recruiting, and that we shall have full power to suspend or withdraw this license, if he shall not conduct himself in the premises to our satisfaction.

(Date)

A. B.,
Emigration Agent at
for Government of Mauritius.

FORM D.

We, the undersigned Immigrants from to Mauritius hereby engage to serve (*employer's name and addition*) as on the estate of, in the District or (*or otherwise, as the case may be*) for full period of years from the date of registration of this Contract in Mauritius, with double the time of any unlicensed absences, in consideration of receiving the wages and allowances following, *viz.*

(*Here follow the wages and allowances.*)

Proper lodging and medical care to be also provided to us.

And we further engage at the expiry of this Contract to enter into new Contracts of Service, one or more either with the above named or with other persons to be agreed upon hereafter, until we shall have completed the full period of five years industrial residence in Mauritius, with double the time of any unlicensed absences.

Registered at Immigration Depôt, Mauritius, this day of 185 by me. G. H., *Protector of Immigrants.*

Here follow the signatures and marks of the Immigrants and of employer's Agent if present at the time.

The above Contract was explained in my presence to the said Immigrants and signed before me by

them with their names or marks, and by authorized Agent of the said at this day of 185 .

A. B.,

Emigration Agent at for Government of Mauritius.

(List of names and numbers of Immigrants to the above Contract.)

FORM E.

Notice of arrival of Immigrants specially engaged in India.

Immigrants arrived engaged in India upon requisition by the following persons, *viz* :—

(List of names and designations of parties to whom engaged.)

T. H.,

Protector of Immigrants.

Immigration Depôt, Mauritius,
day of 185 .

FORM F.

The within named Immigrant has elected to be free from his Contract, not having been claimed within seven days after arrival at the Depôt.

(Date)

T. H.,

Protector of Immigrants.

FORM G.

We *(name and designation of intended employer, and names and numbers of Immigrants engaged)* being respectively the intended Master and Servants under a Contract of Service made before the Government Emigration Agent at on the day of do hereby agree that the whole rights and obligations of the said first party under the said Contract shall be, and the same are, hereby transferred, as at the date hereof, to *(name and designation)* under the provisions of Ordinance No. 30 of 1858; who hereby agrees to accept the said transfer and the Contract hereby transferred, with all its rights and obligations.

X. I.
A. B.
I. } *(Signatures or marks of all the parties.)*

The above transfer signed by all the parties thereto, its nature and effect having been first fully explained to the Immigrants above named all in my presence. The said transfer also approved and concurred in by me as on behalf of the Government.

At this
day of 185 .

T. H.,

Protector of Immigrants.

(or)

Stipendiary Magistrate for the District of

FORM H.

Memorandum of release from Contract of Service.

We *(name and designation of employer and name and number of Immigrant)* being respectively the employer and the servant under a Contract of Service made at India, and dated the day of do hereby consent that the said second party shall from this day and henceforth be released from the said Contract and all obligations under the same.

X Y
Z } *Signatures or marks of parties.*

The nature and effect of the above release explained by me to the said Immigrant who, having expressed his full consent hereto, both parties signed the same in my presence this day of 185 .

M. N.,

Stipendiary Magistrate for the District of

FORM I.

We, the under-mentioned Immigrants from to Mauritius, hereby engage to serve the employers to whom we may be respectively allotted by the Mauritius Government for the period of years after the date of registration of this Contract in Mauritius, with double the time of any unlicensed absences: And we further engage, after the expiry of such service, to enter into Contracts of Service one or more with other persons to be agreed upon hereafter, until we shall have completed the full period of five years' industrial residence in Mauritius, with double the time of any unlicensed absences.

Registered at Immigration Depôt, Mauritius, this day of 185 , by me T. H., *Protector of Immigrants.*

(Here follow the signatures and marks of the Immigrants.)

The above Contract was explained to the said Immigrants in my presence, and signed by them with their names or marks before

me, and also signed by me on behalf of the Government of Mauritius, at this day of 185

A. B.,

Immigration Agent at for Mauritius Government.

(List of names and numbers of Immigrants to the above Contract.)

FORM K.

I *(name and designation)*

request the Protector of Immigrants to allot to me under Ordinance No. 30 of 1858 and relative Regulations, for Contract of Service for years, the number of newly arrived Immigrants for the employments following, *viz*.

(Number required, and for what kinds of employment to be specified.)

I undertake to give to any Immigrants who may be allotted to me under this requisition wages and allowances according to the Government scale existing at the time of allotment.

Proper lodging and medical care to be also furnished by me to the said Immigrants.

L. M.

(Signature of Requisitionist.)

(If he cannot write he will sign his mark before the subscribing witness.)

Lodged with me this day of 185 .

I. H.,

Protector of Immigrants.

FORM L.

I hereby certify that I have this day allotted to the said Requisitionist the Immigrants following, for the employments and periods of service, and on the conditions above specified, respectively.

(Date)

T. H.,

Protector of Immigrants.

List of Immigrants allotted.

With reference to the above Ordinance and Regulations, it is hereby declared that any Special Agent accredited by the Protector of Immigrants at Mauritius and licensed by the Emigration Agent at any of the Ports at Calcutta, Madras, or Bombay, may at any of the said Ports make with any Native of India a Contract for labor to be performed in the Colony of Mauritius for a period not exceeding three years, provided that such Contract shall be executed in the presence of the Emigration Agent and in that of the Protector of Emigrants.

In like manner the Emigration Agent at any one of the three Ports aforesaid may, on behalf of the Government of Mauritius, enter into a Contract in accordance with the provisions of Clause 32 of the abovementioned Regulations with any Native of India for labor to be performed in the said Colony for a period not exceeding three years, provided that every such Contract shall be executed in the presence of the Protector of Emigrants.

It is the duty of the Protector of Emigrants to see that the Regulations are precisely observed, and that every Native of India with whom a Contract is entered into in India for service in Mauritius, either by a private person or by the Emigration Agent on behalf of the Government of Mauritius, fully understands the nature and terms of the Contract, and that he is not induced to enter into it by any unfair means.

All the provisions of the existing law applicable to the Emigration of Native laborers to the Colony of Mauritius are applicable also to Native laborers with whom Contracts may be made in India for service in the Colony.

By Order of His Excellency the Governor General in Council,

CECIL BEADON,

Sec. to the Govt. of India.

Forrign Department.

No. 1700.

Fort William, the 8th April 1859.

Notification.—By order of His Excellency the Governor General in Council the under-mentioned Despatch, and its enclosure, from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, dated the 24th February last, No. 5, are published for general information.

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Political. No. 5.

INDIA OFFICE,
London, the 24th February 1859.

To

HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

MY LORD,

I TRANSMIT herewith a printed copy of a Treaty of Commerce and Navigation between Her Majesty and the Emperor of Russia.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) STANLEY.

TREATY of Commerce and Navigation between HER MAJESTY and the Emperor of all the Russias; with three Separate Articles thereunto annexed.

Signed at St. Petersburgh, January 12, 1859.

[*Ratifications exchanged at London, February* 1, 1859.]

In the Name of the Most Holy and Indivisible Trinity.

HER Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias, being desirous of extending and facilitating the relations of commerce between their respective dominions and subjects, have resolved to conclude a Treaty for that purpose, and have named as their respective Plenipotentiaries, that is to say:

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Sir John Fiennes Crampton, Baronet of the United Kingdom, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias;

And His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias, Prince Alexander Gortchacow, his actual Privy Councillor and Minister for Foreign Affairs, Knight of the Orders of Russia and of St. Vladimir of the First Class, Grand Cross of the Legion of Honour of France, of the Golden Fleece of Spain, of St. Stephen of Hungary, of the Black Eagle and of the Red Eagle of Prussia, of Ferdinand and of Merit of Naples, of the Crown of Wurtemberg, of the Elephant and of the Dannebrog of Denmark, of St. Hubert of Bavaria, of Fidelity and of the Lion of Zähringen of Baden, of the Guelfs of Hanover, of Louis of Hesse-Darmstadt, the Crown of Saxony, of Ernest of Saxe-Altenburg, of the White Falcon of Saxe-Weimar, of Leopold of Belgium, of the Saviour of Greece, of St. Joseph of Tuscany, of the Pianum, of the Medjidié of Turkey, decorated with the portrait of the Shah of Persia, of the First Class, adorned with diamonds;

Who after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon and concluded the following Articles:—

ARTICLE I.

There shall be between all the dominions and possessions of the two High Contracting Parties,

Au Nom de la Très Sainte et Indivisible Trinité.

SA Majesté la Reine du Royaume Uni de la Grande Bretagne et d'Irlande, et Sa Majesté l'Empereur de toutes les Russies, animés du désir d'étendre et de faciliter les relations commerciales entre leurs Etats et sujets respectifs, ont résolu de conclure un Traité à cet effet, et ont nommé pour leurs Plénipotentiaires respectifs, savoir:

Sa Majesté la Reine du Royaume Uni de la Grande Bretagne et d'Irlande, Sir John Fiennes Crampton, Chevalier Baronet du Royaume Uni, Chevalier Commandeur du Très Honorable Ordre du Bain, Envoyé Extraordinaire et Ministre Plénipotentiaire de Sa Majesté près Sa Majesté l'Empereur de toutes les Russies;

Et Sa Majesté l'Empereur de toutes les Russies, le Prince Alexandre Gortchacow, son Conseiller Privé actuel et Ministre des Affaires Etrangères, Chevalier des Ordres de Russie et de St. Vladimir de la première classe, Grand-Croix de la Légion d'Honneur de France, de la Toison d'Or d'Espagne, de St. Etienne de Hongrie, de l'Aigle Noir et de l'Aigle Rouge de Prusse, de Ferdinand et du Mérite de Naples, de la Couronne de Wurtemberg, de l'Eléphant et du Dannebrog de Danemarc, de St. Hubert de Bavière, de la Fidélité et du Lion de Zähringen de Bade, des Guelfes de Hanovre, de Louis de Hesse-Darmstadt, de la Couronne de Saxe, d'Ernest de Saxe-Altenbourg, du Faucon Blanc de Saxe-Weimar, de Léopold de Belgique, du Sauveur de Grèce, de St. Joseph de Toscane, du Pianum, du Medjidié de Turquie, ayant le portrait du Schah de Perse de la première classe orné de diamants;

Lesquels, après s'être communiqué leurs pleins-pouvoirs respectifs, trouvés en bonne et due forme, ont arrêté et conclu les Articles suivants:—

ARTICLE I.

Il y aura entre tous les états et possessions des deux Hautes Parties Contractantes, liberté réciproque

reciprocal freedom of commerce and navigation. The subjects of each of the two Contracting Parties, respectively, shall have liberty freely and securely to come, with their ships and cargoes, to all places, ports, and rivers in the dominions and possessions of the other, to which other foreigners are or may be permitted to come; and shall, throughout the whole extent of the dominions and possessions of the other, enjoy the same rights, privileges, liberties, favours, immunities, and exemptions in matters of commerce and navigation, which are or may be enjoyed by native subjects generally.

It is understood, however, that the preceding stipulations in no wise affect the laws, decrees, and special regulations regarding commerce, industry, and police, in vigour in each of the two countries, and generally applicable to all foreigners.

ARTICLE II.

No other or higher duties shall be imposed on the importation into the dominions and possessions of Her Britannic Majesty, of any article the growth, produce, or manufacture of the dominions and possessions of His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias, from whatever place arriving, and no other or higher duties shall be imposed on the importation into the dominions and possessions of His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias, of any article the growth, produce, or manufacture of Her Britannic Majesty's dominions and possessions, from whatever place arriving, than are or shall be payable on the like article, the growth, produce, or manufacture of any other foreign country; nor shall any prohibition be imposed on the importation of any article the growth, produce, or manufacture of the dominions and possessions of either of the two Contracting Parties into the dominions and possessions of the other, which shall not equally extend to the importation of the like articles being the growth, produce, or manufacture of any other country.

ARTICLE III.

No other or higher duties or charges shall be imposed in the dominions and possessions of either of the Contracting Parties, on the exportation of any article to the dominions and possessions of the other, than such as are, or may be, payable on the exportation of the like article to any foreign country; nor shall any prohibition be imposed on the exportation of any article from the dominions and possessions of either of the two Contracting Parties to the dominions and possessions of the other, which shall not equally extend to the exportation of the like article to any other country.

ARTICLE IV.

The same reciprocal equality of treatment shall take effect in regard to warehousing, and to the transit trade, and also in regard to bounties, facilities, and drawbacks, which are or may be hereafter granted by the legislation of either country.

ARTICLE V.

All merchandize and articles of commerce, the produce or manufacture either of the dominions and possessions of His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias, or of any other country, which are or may be legally importable into the ports of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, its domi-

que de commerce et de navigation. Les sujets de chacune des deux Hautes Parties Contractantes pourront respectivement entrer en toute liberté et sécurité, avec leurs navires et cargaisons, dans toutes les places, ports, et rivières des états et possessions de l'autre dont l'entrée est ou pourra être permise à d'autres étrangers; et dans toute l'étendue des états et possessions de l'autre ils jouiront, en matière de commerce et de navigation, des mêmes droits, privilèges, libertés, faveurs, immunités, et exemptions, dont jouissent ou jouiront les nationaux.

Il est entendu, toutefois, que les stipulations qui précèdent ne dérogent en rien aux lois, ordonnances, et réglements spéciaux en matière de commerce, d'industrie, et de police, en vigueur dans chacun des deux pays, et applicables à tous les étrangers en général.

ARTICLE II.

Il ne sera imposé d'autres ni de plus forts droits sur l'importation dans les états et possessions de Sa Majesté Britannique, d'un article quelconque, produit du sol ou de l'industrie des états et possessions de Sa Majesté l'Empereur de toutes les Russies, de quelque place qu'il arrive, et il ne sera imposé d'autres ni de plus forts droits sur l'importation dans les états et possessions de Sa Majesté l'Empereur de toutes les Russies, d'un article quelconque, produit du sol ou de l'industrie des états et possessions de Sa Majesté Britannique, de quelque place qu'il arrive, que ceux qui sont ou seront payés pour le même article produit du sol ou de l'industrie d'un autre pays étranger quelconque; et il n'y aura aucune prohibition pour l'importation d'un article quelconque, produit du sol ou de l'industrie des états et possessions de l'une des deux Hautes Parties Contractantes dans les états et possessions de l'autre, laquelle ne s'étendra pas également à l'importation des mêmes articles produits du sol ou de l'industrie d'un autre pays quelconque.

ARTICLE III.

Il ne sera imposé d'autres ni de plus forts droits ou charges dans les états et possessions de l'une des Parties Contractantes, sur l'exportation pour les états et possessions de l'autre, d'un article quelconque, que ceux qui sont ou seront payés à l'exportation du même article pour un autre pays étranger quelconque; et l'exportation d'un article quelconque des états et possessions de l'une des deux Parties Contractantes pour les états et possessions de l'autre, ne sera frappée d'aucune prohibition qui ne s'étendra pas également à l'exportation du même article pour tout autre pays.

ARTICLE IV.

Il y aura réciproquement la même égalité de traitement pour l'entrepôt, pour le commerce de transit, ainsi que pour les primes, facilités, et remboursements de droits qui sont ou qui pourraient être accordés par la législation de l'un ou l'autre pays.

ARTICLE V.

Toutes les marchandises et tout article de commerce, produits du sol ou de l'industrie soit des états et possessions de Sa Majesté l'Empereur de toutes les Russies, soit d'un autre pays quelconque, qui peuvent ou qui pourront être légalement importés dans les ports du Royaume

nions and possessions, in British vessels, may likewise be imported into those ports in Russian vessels, without being liable to any other or higher duties, of whatever denomination, than if such merchandize and articles were imported in British vessels; and reciprocally, all merchandize and articles of commerce, the produce or manufacture either of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, its dominions and possessions, or of any other country, which are or may be legally importable into the ports of the dominions and possessions of His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias, in Russian vessels, may likewise be imported into those ports in British vessels, without being liable to any other or higher duties, of whatever denomination, than if such merchandize and articles were imported in Russian vessels. Such reciprocal equality of treatment shall take effect without distinction, whether such merchandize and articles come directly from the place of origin, or from any other place.

In the same manner, there shall be perfect equality of treatment in regard to exportation, so that the same export duties shall be paid, and the same bounties and drawbacks allowed, in the dominions and possessions of either of the High Contracting Parties, on the exportation of any article which is or may be legally exportable therefrom, without distinction, whether such exportation shall take place in Russian or in British vessels, and whatever may be the place of destination, whether a port of the other Contracting Party, or of any third Power.

ARTICLE VI.

No duties of tonnage, harbour, pilotage, lighthouse, quarantine, or other similar or corresponding duties of whatever nature or under whatever denomination, levied in the name or for the profit of Government, public functionaries, private individuals, corporations, or establishments of any kind, shall be imposed in the ports of either country upon the vessels of the other country, which shall not equally and under the same conditions be imposed in the like cases on national vessels in general; the intention of the two High Contracting Parties being that, save certain exemptions which the shipping of some ports of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland enjoys from old times, in this respect there shall not exist in their respective dominions and possessions, in regard to the above-mentioned duties, any privilege or preference whatever favouring the national flag to the prejudice of the flag of the other party. Such equality of treatment shall apply reciprocally to the respective vessels, from whatever port or place they may arrive, and whatever may be their place of destination.

ARTICLE VII.

In all that regards the stationing, loading and unloading of vessels in the ports, basins, docks, roadsteads, harbours, or rivers of the two countries, no privilege shall be granted to national vessels which shall not be equally granted to vessels of the other country; the intention of the Contracting Parties being that in this respect also the respective vessels shall be treated on the footing of perfect equality.

Uni de la Grande Bretagne et d'Irlande, et de ses états et possessions, par navires Britanniques, pourront également y être importés par navires Russes, sans payer d'autres ni de plus forts droits, sous quelque dénomination que ce soit, que si ces marchandises et articles de commerce étaient importés par navires Britanniques; et réciproquement, toutes les marchandises et tout article de commerce produits du sol ou de l'industrie, soit du Royaume Uni de la Grande Bretagne et d'Irlande, de ses états et possessions, soit d'un autre pays quelconque, qui peuvent ou qui pourront être légalement importés dans les ports des états et possessions de Sa Majesté l'Empereur de toutes les Russies par navires Russes, pourront également y être importés par navires Britanniques, sans payer d'autres ni de plus forts droits, sous quelque dénomination que ce soit, que si ces marchandises et articles de commerce étaient importés par navires Russes. Cette réciproque égalité de traitement aura son effet sans distinction de provenance, soit que la marchandise ou article de commerce arrive directement du pays de son origine, soit qu'il arrive de tout autre pays.

De la même manière il y aura parfaite égalité de traitement pour l'exportation, de sorte que les mêmes droits de sortie seront payés, et les mêmes primes et remboursements de droits seront accordés dans les états et possessions de chacune des deux Hautes Parties Contractantes à l'exportation d'un article quelconque qui peut ou qui pourra en être légalement exporté, sans distinction que l'exportation se fasse par navires Russes ou par navires Britanniques, et quelle qu'en soit la destination, soit pour un port de l'autre Partie Contractante, soit pour un port d'une Puissance tierce quelconque.

ARTICLE VI.

Aucun droit de tonnage, de port, de pilotage, de fanaux, de quarantaine, ni autre droit semblable ou correspondant, de quelque nature ou sous quelque dénomination que ce soit, perçu au nom ou au profit du Gouvernement, de fonctionnaires publics, de particuliers, de corporations ou d'établissements quelconques, ne sera imposé dans les ports de l'un des deux pays aux navires de l'autre, qui ne serait pas également, et dans les mêmes conditions, imposé aux navires nationaux en général; l'intention des deux Hautes Parties Contractantes étant que, sauf certaines exemptions locales dont jouit d'ancienne date la navigation de quelques uns des ports du Royaume Uni de la Grande Bretagne et d'Irlande, il n'existe dans leurs Etats et possessions respectifs, sous le rapport des droits mentionnés ci-dessus, aucun privilège, ni aucune prérogative quelconque, favorisant exclusivement le pavillon national au préjudice du pavillon de l'autre Partie Contractante. Cette égalité de traitement aura réciproquement son effet à l'égard des navires respectifs, de quelque port ou place qu'ils arrivent, et quelle que soit leur destination à leur départ.

ARTICLE VII.

En tout ce qui concerne le placement, le chargement, et le déchargement des navires dans les ports, bassins, docks, rades, ou rivières des deux pays, aucun privilège ne sera accordé aux navires nationaux qui ne sera également accordé aux navires de l'autre pays; l'intention des Hautes Parties Contractantes étant que sous ce rapport aussi les navires respectifs soient traités sur le pied d'une parfaite égalité.

ARTICLE VIII.

The stipulations of the preceding Articles shall not apply to the coasting trade, which each of the High Contracting Parties shall regulate according to its own laws.

The vessels of each of the two Contracting Parties shall, however, be at liberty, according as the captain, proprietor, or other person duly authorized to act as agent for the vessel or cargo, shall consider advisable, to proceed from one port of one of the two States to one or several ports of the same State, in order to discharge the whole or part of their cargo brought from abroad, or in order to take in or complete their cargo, without paying other duties than those to which national vessels are, or may hereafter be, liable in similar cases.

ARTICLE IX.

All vessels which according to the laws of Great Britain are to be deemed British vessels, and all vessels which according to the laws of the Empire of Russia are to be deemed Russian vessels, shall for the purposes of this Treaty be deemed British and Russian vessels respectively.

ARTICLE X.

Her Britannic Majesty engages that in all matters relating to commerce and navigation, the subjects of His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias shall, in the British dominions, be entitled to every privilege, favour and immunity which is actually granted, or may hereafter be granted, by Her Britannic Majesty to the subjects or citizens of any other Power; and His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias, actuated by a desire to foster and extend the commercial relations of the two countries, engages that any privilege, favour, or immunity whatever, in regard to commerce and navigation, which his Imperial Majesty has actually granted, or may hereafter grant, to the subjects or citizens of any other State, shall be extended to the subjects of Her Britannic Majesty.

ARTICLE XI.

The subjects of either of the two High Contracting Parties, conforming themselves to the laws of the country, shall have—

1. Full liberty, with their families, to enter, travel, or reside in any part of the dominions and possessions of the other Contracting Party.

2. They shall be permitted, in the towns and ports, to hire or possess the houses, warehouses, shops, and premises, which may be necessary for them.

3. They may carry on their commerce, either in person or by any agents whom they may think fit to employ.

4. They shall not be subject, in respect of their persons or property, or in respect of passports, licenses for residence or establishment, nor in respect of their commerce or industry, to any taxes, whether general or local, nor to imposts or

ARTICLE VIII.

Les stipulations des Articles qui précèdent ne s'appliqueront point au commerce de cabotage, que chacune des Hautes Parties Contractantes réglera conformément à ses propres lois.

Toutefois, il sera libre aux navires de chacun des deux pays, selon que le capitaine, le propriétaire, ou une autre personne dûment autorisée à agir comme agent pour le navire ou la cargaison, le jugera à propos, de passer d'un port de l'un des deux Etats dans un ou plusieurs ports du même Etat, soit pour y débarquer toute ou partie de leur cargaison apportée de l'étranger, soit pour y compléter ou compléter leur chargement, sans payer d'autres droits que ceux auxquels sont ou seront soumis, en pareil cas, les bâtiments nationaux.

ARTICLE IX.

Tous les navires qui, en conformité des lois de la Grande Bretagne, doivent être considérés comme navires Britanniques, et tous les navires qui, en conformité des lois de l'Empire de Russie, doivent être considérés comme navires Russes, seront, pour l'application du présent Traité, respectivement considérés comme navires Britanniques ou Russes.

ARTICLE X.

Sa Majesté Britannique promet qu'en tout ce qui concerne le commerce et la navigation, les sujets de Sa Majesté l'Empereur de toutes les Russies jouiront dans les états et possessions Britanniques de tous les privilèges, faveurs, et immunités qui sont actuellement ou qui pourraient être par la suite accordés par Sa Majesté Britannique aux sujets ou citoyens d'une autre Puissance quelconque; et Sa Majesté l'Empereur de toutes les Russies, animé du désir de favoriser et d'étendre les relations commerciales des deux pays, promet, de son côté, que tout privilège, toute faveur ou immunité quelconque que Sa Majesté Impériale accorde actuellement, ou qu'elle pourrait accorder par la suite, en matière de commerce et de navigation, aux sujets ou citoyens d'un autre Etat quelconque, sera étendu aux sujets de Sa Majesté Britannique.

ARTICLE XI.

Les sujets de chacune des deux Hautes Parties Contractantes, en se conformant aux lois du pays, auront—

1. Pleine liberté, avec leurs familles, d'entrer, de voyager, ou séjourner dans quelque partie que ce soit des états et possessions de l'autre Partie Contractante.

2. Ils auront la faculté, dans les villes et ports, de louer ou posséder les maisons, magasins, boutiques, et terrains qui leur seront nécessaires.

3. Ils pourront exercer leur commerce, soit en personne soit par l'intermédiaire d'agents de leur choix. Enfin,

4. Ils ne seront assujettis pour leurs personnes ou propriétés, ni pour leurs passeports, permis de séjour ou d'établissement, ni en raison de leur commerce ou de leur industrie, à des taxes, soit générales soit locales, ni à des impôts ou obliga-

obligations of any kind whatever, other or greater than those which are or may be imposed upon native subjects.

ARTICLE XII.

The dwellings and warehouses of the subjects of either of the two High Contracting Parties in the dominions and possessions of the other, and all premises appertaining thereto, destined for purposes of residence or commerce, shall be respected. If there should be occasion to make a search of, or a domiciliatory visit to, such dwellings and premises, or to examine or inspect books, papers, or accounts, such measure shall be executed only in conformity with the legal warrant or order in writing of a tribunal, or of the competent authority.

The subjects of either of the two Contracting Parties in the dominions and possessions of the other shall have free access to the courts of justice for the prosecution and defence of their rights. They shall enjoy in this respect the same rights and privileges as subjects of the country, and shall, like them, be at liberty to employ, in all causes, their advocates, attorneys, or agents from among the persons admitted to the exercise of those professions according to the laws of the country.

ARTICLE XIII.

The subjects of either of the two Contracting Parties in the dominions and possessions of the other shall be at full liberty to acquire, possess, and dispose of every description of property which the laws of the country may permit any foreigners, of whatsoever nation, to acquire and possess. They may acquire and dispose of the same, whether by purchase, sale, donation, exchange, marriage, testament, succession *ab intestato*, or in any other manner, under the same conditions as are established by the laws of the country for all foreigners. Their heirs and representatives may succeed to and take possession of such property, either in person or by agents acting on their behalf, in the same manner and in the same legal forms as subjects of the country. In the absence of heirs and representatives the property shall be treated in the same manner as the like property belonging to a subject of the country under similar circumstances.

In none of these respects shall they pay upon the value of such property any other or higher impost, duty, or charge, than is payable by subjects of the country. In every case the subjects of the Contracting Parties shall be permitted to export their property, or the proceeds thereof if sold, freely, and without being subjected on such exportation to pay any duty as foreigners, or any other or higher duties than those to which subjects of the country are liable under similar circumstances.

ARTICLE XIV.

The subjects of either of the two High Contracting Parties in the dominions and possessions of the other, shall be exempted from all compulsory Military Service whatever, whether in the army, navy, or national guard or militia. They shall be equally exempted from all judicial and municipal charges and functions whatever, as well as from all contributions, whether pecuniary or

tions de quelque nature que ce soit, autres ni plus onéreux que ceux qui sont ou pourront être établis pour les nationaux.

ARTICLE XII.

Seront respectés les habitations et magasins des sujets de chacune des deux Hautes Parties Contractantes dans les états et possessions de l'autre, ainsi que tous les terrains qui en dépendent, servant soit à la demeure soit au commerce. S'il y avait lieu à faire une perquisition ou visite domiciliaire dans ces habitations et terrains, ou bien à inspecter ou visiter les livres, papiers, ou comptes, il ne sera procédé à une telle mesure qu'en vertu d'un arrêt légal, ou d'un ordre par écrit d'un tribunal, ou de l'autorité compétente.

Les sujets de chacune des deux Hautes Parties Contractantes dans les états et possessions de l'autre auront libre accès dans les tribunaux pour défendre ou poursuivre leurs droits. Ils jouiront, sous ce rapport, des mêmes droits et privilèges que les sujets du pays, et seront, comme ceux-ci, libres de se servir en toute cause de leurs avocats, fondés de pouvoirs, ou agents pris parmi les personnes que les lois du pays autorisent à exercer cette espèce de profession.

ARTICLE XIII.

Les sujets de chacune des deux Parties Contractantes, dans les états et possessions de l'autre, auront pleine liberté d'acquérir, de posséder, et d'aliéner toute espèce de propriété que les lois du pays permettent aux étrangers, de quelque nation que ce soit, d'acquérir et de posséder. Ils pourront en faire l'acquisition et en disposer, soit par achat, vente, donation, échange, mariage, testament, succession *ab intestato*, soit de toute autre manière, sous les mêmes conditions que les lois du pays établissent pour tous les étrangers. Leurs héritiers et ayants cause pourront hériter et prendre possession d'une telle propriété, soit en personne, soit par des agents agissant en leur nom, de la même manière et dans les mêmes formes légales que les sujets du pays.

En l'absence d'héritiers et ayants cause, il sera procédé, à l'égard de la propriété, de la même manière qu'à l'egard d'une propriété semblable appartenant à un sujet du pays et se trouvant dans les mêmes conditions.

Dans aucun des cas précités il ne sera payé, à raison de la valeur de la propriété, d'autres ni de plus forts impôts, droits, ou charges, que ceux que payent les sujets du pays. Dans tous les cas il sera permis aux sujets des Parties Contractantes d'exporter librement leur propriété, ou le produit de la vente si elle a été vendue sans être assujettis, à cause de l'exportation, à payer un droit quelconque comme étrangers, ni en général des droits autres ou plus élevés que ceux auxquels les sujets du pays sont assujettis en pareille circonstance.

ARTICLE XIV.

Les sujets de chacune des deux Hautes Parties Contractantes, dans les états et possessions de l'autre, seront exempts de tout service militaire forcé, soit dans les armées de terre ou dans la marine, soit dans les gardes ou milices nationales. Ils seront également dispensés de toute charge et fonction judiciaire ou municipale quelconque, ainsi que de toute contribution, soit pécuniaire soit en

in kind, imposed as a compensation for personal service; and finally, from forced loans and military exactions or requisitions.

In regard, however, to judicial and municipal charges and functions, those shall be excepted which are consequent upon the possession of real property or of a lease; and in regard to military exactions and requisitions, those which all subjects of the country may be required to furnish as landed proprietors or as farmers.

ARTICLE XV.

It shall be free for each of the two High Contracting Parties to appoint Consuls-General, Consuls, Vice-Consuls, and Consular Agents, to reside in the towns and ports of the dominions and possessions of the other. Such Consuls-General, Consuls, Vice-Consuls, and Consular Agents, however, shall not enter upon their functions until after they shall have been approved and admitted, in the usual form, by the Government to which they are sent. They shall exercise whatever functions, and enjoy whatever privileges, exemptions, and immunities are or shall be granted there to Consuls of the most favoured nation.

ARTICLE XVI.

Any ship of war or merchant-vessel of either of the High Contracting Parties which may be compelled by stress of weather or by accident to take shelter in a port of the other, shall be at liberty to refit therein, to procure all necessary stores, and to put to sea again, without paying any dues other than such as would be payable in a similar case by a national vessel. In case, however, the master of a merchant-vessel should be under the necessity of disposing of a part of his merchandize in order to defray his expenses, he shall be bound to conform to the regulations and tariffs of the place to which he may have come.

If any ship of war or merchant-vessel of one of the High Contracting Parties should run aground or be wrecked upon the coasts of the other, such ship or vessel, and all parts thereof, and all furniture and appurtenances belonging thereunto, and all goods and merchandize saved therefrom, including any which may have been cast into the sea, or the proceeds thereof if sold as well as all papers found on board such stranded or wrecked ship or vessel, shall be given up to the owners or their agents when claimed by them. If there are no such owners or agents on the spot, then the same shall be delivered to the British or Russian Consul-General, Consul, or Vice-Consul in whose district the wreck or stranding may have taken place, upon being claimed by him within the period fixed by the laws of the country; and such Consuls, owners, or agents, shall pay only the expenses incurred in the preservation of the property, together with the salvage, or other expenses, which would have been payable in the like case of a wreck of a national vessel.

The goods and merchandize saved from the wreck shall be exempt from all duties of custom, unless cleared for consumption, in which case they shall pay the same rate of duty as if they had been imported in a national vessel.

In the case either of a vessel being driven in by stress of weather, run aground, or wrecked, the respective Consuls-General, Consuls, Vice-Consuls, and Consular Agents shall, if the owner

nature, établi à titre d'équivalent du service personnel; enfin, de tout emprunt forcé et de toute prestation ou réquisition militaire.

Seront toutefois exceptées, quant aux charges et fonctions judiciaires ou municipales, celles qui sont attachées à la possession d'un bien fonds ou d'un bail; et quant aux prestations et réquisitions militaires, celles auxquelles tous les sujets du pays peuvent être appelés à concourir comme propriétaires fonciers ou comme fermiers.

ARTICLE XV.

Il sera libre à chacune des deux Hautes Parties Contractantes d'établir des Consuls-Généraux, Consuls, Vice-Consuls, et Agents Consulaires, dans les villes et ports des états et possessions de l'autre. Toutefois, ces Consuls-Généraux, Consuls, Vice-Consuls, et Agents Consulaires, n'entreront en fonctions qu'après avoir été approuvés et admis, dans les formes usitées, par le Gouvernement auquel ils sont envoyés. Ils exerceront toutes les fonctions et jouiront de tous les privilèges, exemptions, et immunités qui appartiennent ou qui pourront appartenir aux Consuls de la nation la plus favorisée.

ARTICLE XVI.

Tout vaisseau de guerre ou navire marchand de l'une des Hautes Parties Contractantes qui sera forcé par des tempêtes ou par quelque accident de se réfugier dans un port de l'autre, aura la liberté de s'y radouber, de s'y pourvoir de tous les objets qui lui seront nécessaires, et de se remettre en mer, sans payer d'autres droits que ceux qui seraient payés en pareil cas par un bâtiment national. Si, cependant, le patron d'un navire marchand se trouvait dans la nécessité de se défaire d'une partie de ses marchandises pour subvenir à ses dépenses, il sera tenu de se conformer aux ordonnances et aux tarifs de l'endroit où il aura abordé.

S'il arrivait qu'un vaisseau de guerre ou navire marchand de l'une des Hautes Parties Contractantes échouât ou fît naufrage sur les côtes de l'autre, ce vaisseau ou navire, ainsi que ses débris, ses proviaions et gréémens, et tous les biens et marchandises qui en auront été sauvés, y compris ceux qui auraient été jetés à la mer, ou le produit de la vente s'ils étaient vendus, de même que tous les papiers trouvés à bord d'un tel vaisseau ou navire échoué ou naufragé, seront remis aux propriétaires ou à leurs agents sur leur réclamation. Au défaut de propriétaire ou d'agents sur les lieux, cette remise se fera entre les mains du Consul-Général, Consul, Vice-Consul, ou Agent Consulaire Britannique ou Russe, dans le district duquel le naufrage ou échouement aura eu lieu, et ce sur sa réclamation présentée dans le délai que fixent les lois du pays. Les dits Consuls, propriétaires, ou agents, ne payeront que les frais occasionnés par la conservation de la propriété, ainsi que les mêmes droits de sauvetage, et autres, que payerait en pareil cas de naufrage un bâtiment national.

Les biens et marchandises sauvés du naufrage seront exempts de tous droits de douane, à moins qu'ils ne soient admis à la consommation, et dans ce cas ils payeront les mêmes droits que s'ils étaient importés par navire national.

Dans le cas soit de relâche forcée, soit d'échouement ou de naufrage, si le propriétaire ou le patron ou un autre agent du propriétaire n'est pas présent, ou bien s'il est présent et qu'il le demande,

or master or other agent of the owner is not present, or is present and requires it, be authorized to interpose in order to afford the necessary assistance to their fellow-countrymen.

ARTICLE XVII.

The Consuls-General, Consuls, Vice-Consuls, and Consular Agents of either of the High Contracting Parties, residing in the dominions and possessions of the other, shall receive from the local authorities such assistance as can by law be given to them for the recovery of deserters from ships of war or merchant-vessels of their respective countries.

ARTICLE XVIII.

The Ionian Islands being under the protection of Her Britannic Majesty, the subjects and vessels of those Islands shall enjoy, in the dominions and possessions of His Majesty the Emperor of Russia, all the advantages which are granted by the present Treaty to the subjects and vessels of Great Britain, as soon as the Government of the Ionian Islands shall have agreed to grant the same reciprocal advantages in those Islands to Russian subjects and vessels; it being understood that, in order to prevent abuses, every Ionian vessel claiming the benefits of the present Treaty shall be furnished with a patent signed by the Lord High Commissioner or his Representative.

ARTICLE XIX.

The stipulations of the present Treaty shall be applicable to all vessels navigating under the Russian flag, without any distinction between the Russian Mercantile Marine, properly so called, and that which belongs more particularly to the Grand Duchy of Finland, which forms an integral part of the Empire of Russia.

In regard to commerce and navigation in the Russian Possessions on the North-West Coast of America, the Convention concluded at St. Petersburgh on the $\frac{1}{13}$th of February, 1825, shall continue in force.

ARTICLE XX.

The High Contracting Parties being desirous to secure, each within its own dominions, complete and effectual protection against fraud for the manufactures of the other, have agreed that any piracy or fraudulent imitation in one of the two countries of the manufacturers' or tradesmen's mark originally affixed, *bonâ fide*, to goods produced in the other, in attestation of their origin and quality, shall be strictly prohibited and repressed. Her Britannic Majesty engages to recommend to Her Parliament to adopt such measures as may be required to enable Her to give the more complete execution to the stipulations of this Article.

ARTICLE XXI.

The High Contracting Parties reserve to themselves to determine hereafter, by a special Convention, the means of reciprocally protecting copyright in works of literature and of the fine arts, within their respective dominions.

les Consuls-Généraux, Consuls, Vice-Consuls, et Agents Consulaires, seront autorisés à intervenir pour prêter l'assistance nécessaire à leurs nationaux.

ARTICLE XVII.

Les Consuls-Généraux, Consuls, Vice-Consuls, et Agents Consulaires de chacune des Hautes Parties Contractantes dans les états et possessions de l'autre, recevront des autorités locales toute l'assistance qui pourra légalement leur être accordée pour la restitution des déserteurs des vaisseaux de guerre ou navires marchands de leurs pays respectifs.

ARTICLE XVIII.

Les Iles Ioniennes se trouvant sous la protection de Sa Majesté Britannique, les sujets et navires des dites Iles jouiront, dans les états et possessions de Sa Majesté l'Empereur de Russie, de tous les avantages que le présent Traité accorde aux sujets et navires de la Grande Bretagne, aussitôt que le Gouvernement des Iles Ioniennes aura déclaré vouloir réciproquement accorder les mêmes avantages dans les dites îles aux sujets et navires Russes; et pour qu'il n'y ait pas d'abus, il est entendu que tout navire Ionien qui voudra participer au bénéfice du présent Traité devra être muni d'une patente signée par le Lord Haut Commissaire ou son Représentant.

ARTICLE XIX.

Les stipulations du présent Traité seront applicables à tous les bâtiments naviguant sous pavillon Russe, sans distinction aucune entre la Marine Marchande Russe, proprement dite, et celle qui appartient plus particulièrement au Grand Duché de Finlande, lequel forme une partie intégrante de l'Empire de Russie.

Pour ce qui concerne le commerce et la navigation dans les possessions Russes sur la Côte Nord-Ouest de l'Amerique, la Convention conclue à St. Pétersbourg, le $\frac{1}{13}$ Février, 1825, est maintenue en vigueur.

ARTICLE XX.

Les Hautes Parties Contractantes désirant, assurer, chacune dans ses propres Etats, une complète et efficace protection contre la fraude, à l'industrie manufacturière de l'autre, sont convenus que toute contrefaçon ou imitation frauduleuse, dans l'un des deux pays, des marques de fabrique ou de métier, primitivement apposées *bonâ fide* à des marchandises, produits de l'autre pays, pour constater leur origine et leure qualité, sera sévèrement interdite et réprimée. Sa Majesté Britannique s'engage à recommander à son Parlement d'adopter telles mesures qui pourront mettre Sa Majesté à même de faire exécuter de la maniere la plus complète les stipulations du présent Article.

ARTICLE XXI.

Les Hautes Parties Contractantes se réservent de déterminer par la suite, dans une Convention spéciale, les moyens de protéger réciproquement, dans leurs Etats respectifs, les droits d'auteur pour les œuvres de littérature et des beaux arts.

ARTICLE XXII.

The present Treaty of Commerce and Navigation shall remain in force for ten years from the date of the exchange ratifications; and further, until the expiration of twelve months after either of the High Contracting Parties shall have given notice to the other of its intention to terminate the same; each of the High Contracting Parties reserving to itself the right of giving such notice to the other at the expiration of the first nine years, or at any time afterwards.

The present Treaty shall be ratified, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at London in six weeks, or sooner if possible.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the seal of their arms.

Done at St. Petersburgh, this twelfth/thirty-first day of January/December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty nine/eight.

JOHN F. CRAMPTON. (L.S.)

ARTICLE XXII.

Le présent Traité de Commerce et de Navigation restera en vigueur pendant dix ans à dater de l'échange des ratifications, et au delà de ce terme jusqu' à l'expiration de douze mois après que l'une des Hautes Parties Contractantes aura notifié à l'autre son intention d'en faire cesser l'effet; chacune des Hautes Parties Contractantes se réservant le droit de faire cette notification à l'autre à l'expiration des neuf premières années, ou à toute époque postérieure.

Le présent Traité sera ratifié, et les ratifications en seront échangées à Londres dans le délai de six semaines, ou plus tôt si faire se peut.

En foi de quoi les Plénipotentiaires respectifs l'ont signé, et y ont apposé le cachet de leurs armes.

Fait à Saint Pétersbourg, ce douze Janvier/trente un Décembre de l'an de grace mil huit cent cinquante neuf/huit.

PRINCE A. GORTCHACOW (L.S.)

SEPARATE ARTICLE I.

The commercial intercourse of Russia with the Kingdoms of Sweden and Norway being regulated by special stipulations, which may hereafter be renewed, and which do not form part of the regulations applicable to foreign commerce in general, the two High Contracting Parties, being desirous of removing from their commercial relations every kind of doubt or cause for discussion, have agreed that those special stipulations granted in favour of the commerce of Sweden and Norway, in consideration of equivalent advantages granted in those countries to the commerce of the Grand Duchy of Finland, shall in no case apply to the relations of Commerce and Navigation established between the two High Contracting Parties by the present Treaty.

ARTICLE SEPARE I.

Les relations commerciales de la Russie avec les Royaumes de Suède et de Norvège étant réglées par des stipulations spéciales, qui pourront être renouvelées dans la suite, sans que les dites stipulations soient liées aux règlements existants pour le commerce étranger en général, les deux Hautes Parties Contractantes, voulant écarter de leurs relations commerciales toute espèce d'équivoque ou de motif de discussion, sont tombées d'accord que ces stipulations spéciales accordées au commerce de la Suède et de la Norvège, en considération d'avantages équivalents accordés dans ces pays au commerce du Grand Duché de Finlande, ne pourront dans aucun cas être invoquées en faveur des relations de commerce et de navigation établies entre les deux Hautes Parties Contractantes par le présent Traité.

SEPARATE ARTICLE II.

It is equally understood that the exemptions, immunities, and privileges hereinafter mentioned, shall not be considered as at variance with the principle of reciprocity which forms the basis of the Treaty of this date, that is to say:—

1. The exemption from navigation dues during the first three years, which is enjoyed by vessels built in Russia, and belonging to Russian subjects;

2. The permission granted to the inhabitants of the coast of the Government of Archangel, to import duty free, or on payment of moderate duties, into the ports of the said Government, dried or salted fish, as likewise certain kinds of furs, and to export therefrom, in the same manner, corn, rope and cordage, pitch, and ravensduck;

3. The privilege of the Russian American Company;

4. The immunities granted in Russia to certain English and Netherland Companies, called "Yacht Clubs."

ARTICLE SEPARE II.

Il est également entendu, que ne seront pas censés déroger au principe de réciprocité qui est la base du Traité de ce jour, les franchises, immunités, et privilèges mentionnés ci-après, savoir:—

1. La franchise dont jouissent les navires construits en Russie, et appartenant à des sujets Russes, lesquels, pendant les trois premières années, sont exempts des droits de navigation;

2. La faculté accordée aux habitants de la côte du Gouvernement d'Archangel, d'importer en franchise ou moyennant des droits modérés, dans les ports du dit Gouvernement, du poisson sec ou salé, ainsi que certaines espèces de fourrures, et d'en exporter de la même manière des blés, cordes et cordages, du goudron, et du ravendouc;

3. Le privilège de la Compagnie Russe Américaine;

4. Les immunités accordées en Russie à différentes Compagnies Anglaises et Néerlandaises, dites "Yacht Clubs."

SEPARATE ARTICLE III.

The present Separate Articles shall have the same force and validity as if they were inserted, word for word, in the Treaty signed this day. They shall be ratified, and the ratifications thereof exchanged at the same time.

In witness whereof the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the seals of their arms.

Done at St. Petersburgh, this twelfth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty nine.

JOHN F. CRAMPTON.
(L. S.)

ARTICLE SEPARE III

Les présents Articles Séparés auront la même force et valeur que s'ils étaient insérés, mot à mot, dans le Traité de ce jour. Ils seront ratifiés, et les ratifications en seront échangées en même temps.

En foi de quoi les Plénipotentiaires respectifs les ont signés, et y ont apposé le cachet de leurs armes.

Fait à Saint Pétersbourg, le douze Janvier de l'an de grace mil huit cent cinquante neuf.

PRINCE A. GORTCHACOW.
(L. S.)

True Copy,

CECIL BEADON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 1850.

The 8th April 1859

Mahomed Mooitaba Khan, late Tehsildar of Bindkee, in the Futtehpore District, is hereby declared to be debarred from serving the Government in any capacity whatever.

No. 1851.

Lieutenant G. W. Manson, District Commandant, Oudh Military Police, has obtained leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, from the 20th March to the 20th September 1859, to proceed to Nynee Tal and the Hills North of Deyrah.

No. 1852.

The 11th April 1859.

Captain T. W. Mercer, Assistant Commissioner of Jullundur, is appointed a Marriage Registrar in that District, under Act V. of 1852.

No. 1853.

The 12th April 1859.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant C. H. Grace, of the 30th Madras Native Infantry, to be an Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd Class in Oudh.

No. 1854.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. F. St. Claire Williams, Extra Assistant of the 2nd Grade, to be a Supernumerary Extra Assistant of the 1st Grade in Oudh, from the 1st instant.

No. 1855.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Captain W. D. Dickson, of the 3rd Bombay Native Infantry, to officiate as Assistant Superintendent of Operations for the Suppression of Thuggee and Dacoitee at Belgaum, during the absence, on deputation, of Major C. Hervey.

No. 1856.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following promotions and appointment in the Hyderabad Commission :—

Lieutenant R. N. Taylor, Deputy Commissioner of the 3rd Class, to be a Deputy Commissioner of the 2nd Class, *vice* Major Balmain.

Lieutenant W. Cadell, Assistant Commissioner of the 1st Class, to be a Deputy Commissioner of the 3rd Class, *vice* Lieutenant Taylor.

Lieutenant S. Temple, Extra Assistant of the 1st Class, to be an Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd Class, *vice* Lieutenant Cadell.

Mr. C. Hordern to be an Extra Assistant of the 1st Class, and to officiate as an Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd Class.

No. 1857.

The under-mentioned Officers are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief :

Lieutenant W. G. Chalmers, 51st Regiment Native Infantry, Assistant Commissioner at Kohat.

Lieutenant J. J. Boswell, 69th Regiment Native Infantry, Officiating 2nd in Command 3rd Punjab Infantry.

No. 1858.

Captain E. B. Ramsay, Officiating Military Assistant to the Commissioner of Mysore, has obtained privilege leave of absence from the 11th to the 17th February last, on urgent private affairs.

C. BEADON,
Sec. to the Govt. of India.

Financial Department.

No. 25.

Fort William, the 11th April 1859.

Notification.—The following Statement of the Silver received and coined in the Mints of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay in February 1859, is published for general information :—

Statement of the Silver received and Coined in the Mints of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, in February 1859.

	Calcutta			Madras.			Bombay		
	Bullion or Coin received during the month, valued in Rupees		Coined during the month, valued in	Bullion or Coin received during the month, valued in Rupees.		Coined during the month, valued in	Bullion or Coin received during the month, valued in Rupees.		Coined during the month, valued in
	Govt.	Merchts.	Rupees.	Govt.	Merchts.	Rupees	Govt	Merchts	Rupees
February 1859	62,064	38,82,317	28,61,883	.	4,86,850	7,14,000	10,029	16,95,478	15,00,843

No. 26.

The 8th April 1859.

Read an Endorsement from the Home Department, No. 806, dated the 23rd ultimo, forwarding for consideration and orders a Despatch from the Government of Fort St. George, No. 86, dated the 3rd idem, submitting a question connected with the leave of absence to Chaplains and Assistant Chaplains.

Resolution.—With reference to the order of the late Hon'ble the Court of Directors, dated 15th August 1855, No. 23, which directs that no deduction be made from the allowance of a Chaplain or Assistant Chaplain in the *Provinces* during the leave granted anterior to embarkation on Sick Certificate, provided that the extent of the leave is in proportion to the distance to be travelled to the Presidency, the Madras Government now enquires whether Chaplains and Assistant Chaplains stationed at the *Presidency* and proceeding home on *Medical Certificate*, are entitled to leave *preparatory to embarkation* and, if so, on what terms.

The Governor General in Council considers it reasonable in such cases to allow Chaplains and Assistant Chaplains preparatory leave for fifteen days on full pay.

Order.—Ordered, that a copy of the foregoing Resolution be sent to the Home Department, for communication to the Government of Fort St. George.

Ordered also, that a transcript of the Resolution be sent to the Departments,* Governments,† and Officers‡ noted in the margin, for information and guidance.

Ordered further, that a copy of the Resolution be published in the *Official Gazette*, for general information.

* Foreign and Military.
† Bengal, North-Western Provinces, Bombay, Straits' Settlements and the Punjaub.
‡ Civil Auditors, Fort William, Fort St. George, Bombay, North-Western Provinces, and the Punjaub

By Order of His Excellency the Governor General of India in Council,

C. Hugh Lushington,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, 12th April 1859.

No. 491 *of* 1859.—The following Notification from the Foreign Department is published in General Orders:—

No. 1699.—*The 8th April* 1859.—Ensign Roddy, District Adjutant, is appointed to be a Divisional Adjutant in the Oudh Military Police, with retrospective effect from the 11th October last, *vice* Lieutenant Hawkins, appointed District Commandant.

No. 492 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following promotions in the Warrant Grades:—

DEPARTMENT PUBLIC WORKS.

To be Deputy Commissary.

Assistant Commissary John Symms, from 1st November 1858.

To be Assistant Commissaries.

Deputy Assistant Commissary John Wallace.
Deputy Assistant Commissary Edward Rooke.
Deputy Assistant Commissary John Brooke.
} From 1st Nov. 1858.

To be Deputy Assistant Commissaries.

Conductor James Finn.
" Edward Smith.
" David Gair.
} From 1st November 1858.

To be Conductors.

Sub-Conductor William Smallman, from 26th June 1857.

Sub-Conductor Alexander O'Berne, from 2nd December 1857.

Sub-Conductor E. J. Gillis,
" A. B. Bremner,
" J. McArthur,
" T. FitzPatrick,
" D. Oliver,
} From 1st November 1858.
" W. Craig, from 29th December 1858.
" T. Marten " 3rd January 1859.
" P. Stephens " 17th March 1859.

No. 493 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication for general information of the following documents regarding the services rendered by the Officers of the Corps of Bengal Engineers during the Mutinies:—

Military Department.

TO THE HON'BLE THE COURT OF DIRECTORS OF THE EAST INDIA COMPANY.

HON'BLE SIRS,

I BEG leave to lay before your Hon'ble Court a List of the Engineer Corps of Bengal, setting forth briefly the aggregate services rendered by its Officers during the Mutinies, and the Casualties among them, up to the month of June last.

2. This List has been compiled from official documents by Captain Yule, an Officer of the Corps.

3. It shows that more than one-half of the Officers have been actually engaged with the Rebels, and that of those so engaged more than one-half have met their death, or have been wounded.

4. It mentions shortly the chief duties upon which the Officers have been severally engaged, and amongst these your Hon'ble Court will recognize the construction of works of great magnitude and importance which have been carried out with invariable success in the face of many difficulties.

5. The record is very honorable to the Corps of Bengal Engineers, and cannot, I think, fail to be interesting to your Hon'ble Court.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) CANNING.

ALLAHABAD,
19*th August* 1858.

ABSTRACT OF THE LIST OF THE ENGINEER CORPS OF BENGAL.

Absent in England or retired from active employment	14
Actually engaged with the Rebels	64
Murdered in cold blood by the Mutineers ...	3
Remainder, of whom several were indirectly employed in measures for suppression of Rebellion	39
Total strength of Corps ...	120

CASUALTIES.

Killed in action, murdered, or died of exposure	13
Survive, wounded	22
Total	35

Letter dated 19*th August* 1858.
List of the Engineer Corps of Bengal, stating the aggregate services rendered by the Officers of the Corps during the Mutinies, and the Casualties which have occurred amongst them up to the month of June 1858.

Extract of letter from the Secretary of State for India, No. 109, *dated the* 31*st of December* 1858, *paragraphs* 8 *and* 9.

Para. 8.—I entirely concur with you in considering this record of the services of the Officers of the Corps of Engineers, during the late eventful occurrences as highly honorable to that distinguished Corps. I deeply regret that so large a number of these Officers, *viz.*, more than one-half of those engaged with the Rebels, have met their death, or have been wounded. The public service has thus sustained a loss which is most deeply to be deplored.

9. The compilation of this lucid Statement is highly creditable to Captain Yule.

No. 494 *of* 1859.—Lieutenant E. A. C. Lambert, of the 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, Officiating Sub-Assistant Commissary General, is allowed leave of absence for one month, from the 28th March 1859, to visit the Presidency, preparatory to applying for leave of absence, on Sick Certificate to Europe, under the old Regulations.

No. 495 *of* 1859.—Captain H. Lewis, Principal Commissary of Ordnance, is allowed leave of absence for one month, from the date on which he may avail himself of it, to visit the Presidency, preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe, on private affairs, under the new Regulations.

No. 496 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—

Staff Department.

Captain A. A. Macdonell, Assistant of the 2nd Class, to officiate as Assistant of the 1st Class, *vice* Captain Couper, appointed to officiate as Deputy Superintendent, Central Provinces.

Lieutenant W. C. MacDougall, Assistant of the 2nd Class, to officiate as Assistant of the 1st Class, during the absence on leave of Captain D'Oyly, or until further orders.

Captain B. Parrott, Sub Assistant, to officiate as Assistant of the 2nd Class, *vice* Captain Macdonell

Lieutenant W. B. Irwin, Sub Assistant, to officiate as Assistant of the 2nd Class, *vice* Lieutenant MacDougall.

Lieutenant C. C. Lloyd, Officiating Sub Assistant, to continue to act as Sub Assistant, *vice* Captain Parrott.

Major G.C. Barchard, Officiating, to continue to act as Sub Assistant, *vice* Lieutenant Irwin.

Lieutenant H. H. Lyster, Officiating, to continue to act as Sub Assistant, *vice* Lieutenant Jackson, on leave.

No. 497 *of* 1859.—The leave of absence, on Sick Certificate, to proceed to the Cape of Good Hope, granted to Lieutenant W. E. M. B. Ramsay, of the 17th Native Infantry, in Government General Order No 1001, of the 29th June 1858, and extended in Government General Order No. 203, of the 17th February 1859, is extended for a further period of six days.

No. 498 *of* 1859 —The following Order issued by the Government of Bombay is confirmed .—

No. 261, *dated* 21*th March* 1859.—Grantin, leave of absence to Europe on Medical Certificate, to Surgeon Henry William Rumley, of the Medical Department	For eighteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 499 *of* 1859.—Captain Thomas Brougham, of the Regiment of Artillery, Commanding the Peshawur Mountain Train Battery, is allowed leave of absence, from the 20th March to the 20th June 1859, to visit Bombay, with permission to proceed thence to Europe on Furlough, on private affairs, for three years, under the old Regulations.

No. 500 *of* 1859.—The following Order issued by the Resident at Hyderabad are confirmed .—

No. 54, *dated* 21*st March* 1859.—Confirming the Order by the Officer Commanding the 4th Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, dated 19th November 1856, directing Lieutenant Fraser, Adjutant 4th Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, to act as Second in Command, in addition to his duties as Adjutant from the 15th March, consequent on the departure from Ellichpore on that date of Lieutenant Grant, Second in Command 4th Cavalry Hyderabad Contingent, for Court Martial Duty to Amlah.

No. 501 *of* 1859.—The undermentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough, on private affairs :—

Brevet Colonel Edmund Wintle, of the 24th Regiment Native Infantry ...	For three years, under the old Regulations.

R. J. H. Birch, *Major-General,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Public Works Department.

General.—Establishments.

No. 85.

The 9th April 1859.

Leave of Absence.—The leave of absence granted by the Government of the Punjab to Captain J. Crofton, of Engineers, Superintendent Baree Doab Canal, for eight weeks, from the 15th April 1859, preparatory for applying for Furlough to Europe on Medical Certificate, is confirmed.

No. 86.

The 11th April 1859.

Notification.—Assistant Overseer Mr. J. Thompson, of the 2nd Division, Grand Trunk Road, having left the Department Public Works without giving the requisite notice, and without the orders of Government, is struck off the Books of the Department, with effect from the date on which he quitted it.

Alex. Fraser, *Captain,*
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 2341.

Appointments.—*The 6th April* 1859.—The Reverend A. Garstin to be Chaplain of Dacca.

The 7th April 1859.—Lieutenant W. N. Lees, L. L. D., to officiate as Director of Public Instruction.

Lieutenant G. J. Reeves, 50th Regiment Native Infantry, to officiate as Commandant of the Irregular Cavalry in Chota Nagpore.

Leave of Absence.—*The 29th March* 1859.—Dr. H. Halleur, Professor of Natural Philosophy and Astronomy in the Presidency College, for twelve months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 6th April 1859.—Mr. W. H. Hayes, Civil Assistant Surgeon and Assistant Commissioner at Chyebassa, for thirty days, under the Financial Resolution of the 29th October 1857, making over charge of the Medical duties of the Station to the Apothecary attached to the Indian Naval Brigade.

Notification.—*The 7th April* 1859.—The appointment of Mr. C. W. Mackenzie, on the 15th ultimo, to be a Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Midnapore, in charge of the Sub-Division of Nugwan, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 19th idem, has been cancelled.

A. R. Young,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 1045.

Allahabad, the 5th April 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Captain R. H. Keatinge, Political Assistant in Nimar, for six weeks, under the Rules applicable to Military Officers on Staff employ, preparatory to applying for Sick leave to Europe.

No. 1090.

The 6th April 1859.

Appointments.—Mr. William Jennings Bramley to officiate as Civil and Sessions Judge of Banda, until further orders.

No. 1118.

The 8th April 1859.

Assistant Surgeon T. T. Sherlock, B. A., to be Civil Assistant Surgeon of Futtehpoor, from 19th February last, the date on which he assumed charge.

No. 1121.

Assistant Surgeon J. C. Bow, M. D., to officiate as Superintendent of the Allahabad Central Prison, during the absence on leave of Assistant Surgeon T. Farquhar, M. D., or until further orders.

No. 447.

Revenue Department.

Mr. Patrick Barclay Reid to be Deputy Collector under Regulation IX. of 1833; and Deputy Magistrate with the full powers of a Magistrate under Act XV. of 1843 on the 1st grade, from the 1st December 1858, and to continue in special charge of the Allahabad Treasury.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

E. C. Bayley,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 417.

Allahabad, the 6th April 1859.

Notifications.—Mr. Nicholas Parsick, Deputy Collector of Cawnpoor, is placed in charge of the Treasury of that District.

By Order of the Honorable the Lieutenant-Governor, North Western Provinces,

F. B. Outram,
Offg. Under-Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 1065.

The unexpired portion of the leave of absence for one month, granted to Captain G. R. Cookson, Cantonment Joint Magistrate of Meerut, on private affairs, in Orders of 11th ultimo, is cancelled from the 13th March, the date on which he rejoined.

No. 1086.

Judicial Department.

Allahabad, the 7th April 1859.

The leave of absence granted in orders of 15th March No. 645, to Mr. E. G. Jenkinson, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Benares, is cancelled at that Officer's own request.

No. 1088.

The leave of absence, granted in orders of the 17th February last, No. 265, to Mr. H. G. Astell, Civil and Sessions Judge of Jounpore, is cancelled at that Officer's own request.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

J. D. Sandford,
Offg Asst. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces.

General Department,

The 30th March 1859.

Appointment.—The services of Surgeon J. V. Kelly having been made available for the duty by the Military Authorities, he is appointed by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor to officiate as Civil Medical Officer of Goordaspoor, on the departure with his Regiment of Assistant Surgeon J. Pirthall, 2nd Irregular Cavalry.

Nos. 709-11.

Transfers.—The Reverend J. K. Stuart, Chaplain of Rawul Pindee, to Mecan Meer.

The Reverend H. Murray, Chaplain of Mecan Meer, to Rawul Pindee.

Nos. 713-16.

Notification.—The services of Mr J. S. Campbell, Deputy Commissioner of Jhuggur, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces.

Captain Dwyer will assume charge of the Jhuggur District, as a temporary arrangement.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces,

R. H. Davies,
Secy. to Govt., Punjab Provinces.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the fourth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1857-58, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Thursday, the 14th of April 1859, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 2,260 chests, *viz* :—

Behar Opium	1,915
Benares Ditto	345
Total Chests,...	2,260

2. The general conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 1st December 1858, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 19th and 29th April 1859, respectively, that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, Company's Paper or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the sale will be received after 4 P. M. of Tuesday the 19th April 1859, and no Treasury Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Friday, the 29th April 1859.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium of 1857-58, will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board however reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

				Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about	Monday, 9th May	1859	-	1915	345	2260
Do.	Monday, 13th June	"	-	1915	345	2260
Do.	Thursday, 14th July	"	-	1915	345	2260
Do.	Wednesday, 10th August	"	-	1915	345	2260
Do.	Friday, 9th September	"	-	1915	345	2260
Do.	Friday, 14th October	"	-	1915	345	2260
Do.	Monday, 7th November	"	-	1915	345	2260
Do.	Monday, 5th December	"	-	1534	379	2314
				15339	2794	18133

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

E. T. TREVOR,
Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 28th March 1859.

No. 257.

Notice.

TENDERS for the transportation of Salt from the Central and Southern Agencies of Orissa, to the Government Golahs at Sulkea, will be received at this Office until 2 P. M., of the 17th of May next.

2. The Tenders must be drawn up according to a form which may be obtained on application at this Office.

3. Distinct contracts must be entered into for the removal of the Salt in each of the three following localities, to wit Hunsooah (in Central Cuttack) and the Ustrung Aurungs and the Chilka Lake Aurungs, in the Southern or Poorce Agency.

4. Parties tendering must satisfy the Board of Revenue and the Commissioner of Cuttack, that they possess the means of conveying the full quantity of Salt tendered for, and with this object a list of the vessels intended to be employed must accompany each Tender.

5. The quantity of Salt to be shipped at the Hunsooah Golahs will probably not exceed 1,00,000 maunds in each year; that from the Ustrungs is roughly estimated at 80,000 maunds for the ensuing season, and that from the Chilka Aurungs at maunds 3,20,000. The tenderer may apply for the whole quantity for which freight is required at each locality, or for any part not less than a quarter of such quantity.

6. Contractors must engage to ship the Salt allotted to them, during the period between the last spring tides of October and the end of February.

7. Parties whose tenders are accepted will be required to make a deposit of Government Promissory Notes, or to furnish other unexceptionable Security for the performance of their contracts.

8. The Board reserve to themselves the right of rejecting any Tender without assigning a reason.

By order of the Board of Revenue,

E. T. TREVOR,
Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 15th March 1859.

Notification No. 938.

THE Public Bill Forms, bearing the printed Nos. noted in the margin having been found to be missing from the Purneah Treasury, are hereby cancelled; and Officers in charge of Treasuries are cautioned to refuse acceptance of them if presented, taking the requisite steps for the apprehension of the parties concerned in negociating them.

No. 297897
" 297898
" 297899
" 297900

R. P. HARRISON,
Offg. Acctt. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM,
Office of Acctt. Govt. of Bengal.
The 7th April 1859.

Notification.

At the instance of the Accountants in the North-Western Provinces and the Punjab, the undersigned begs to draw the attention of Officers obtaining Sepoys' Remittance Drafts from Civil Treasuries, to the General Order No. 814, of the 8th November 1844, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 16th idem, page 908, directing that such Drafts should, after the Descriptive Roll at foot has been filled up, be transmitted by the Officer obtaining them to the Officer in charge of the Treasury drawn upon.

E. DRUMMOND,
Acctt. Genl. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM;
Accountant General's Office,
Durbar & Revenue Department,
The 2nd April 1859.

Notice.

COLLECTORS and Officers in charge of Public Treasuries drawing Drafts on the Accountant General to the Government of India, or on the Sub-Treasurer, Fort William, are particularly requested to attest with their *own* initials all alterations or corrections that my be made in their Bills or Letters of Advice, as, owing to alterations not having been so attested, much inconvenience and delay have occurred in accepting Bills.

2. Advices of all Bills drawn on Calcutta should be sent to the Accountant General, Government of India, and not to the Sub-Treasurer.

GEO. W. KELLNER,
Offg. Asst. Acct. Genl. to the Govt of India.

FORT WILLIAM;
Accountt. Genl's. Office,
Bill Acceptance Department,
The 8th April 1859.

SEALED TENDERS, for landing and stacking Government Public Works Stores coming out from England to this Port, will be received by the Officiating Civil Architect in his Office, No. 87, South Collingah Street, up to 4 P. M., on the 20th instant.

The Tenders should enumerate the rate per Ton for landing Stores of every description and size from the different Ships, inclusive of all charges of staking, piling and delivering, &c., for one year commencing from the 1st May 1859.

Tenders are to be made in strict accordance with the general condition drawn out in the Civil Architect's Office, where it can be seen from 11 A. M. to 4 P. M.

A Deposit in Cash of (100) one hundred Rupees is required with each Tender, subject to forfeiture if the Tenders be withdrawn.

ARCH. IMPEY, *Captain,*
Offg. Civil Architect.

CALCUTTA,
The 6th April 1859.

Notice of the Municipal Commissioners.

THE Municipal Commissioners hereby notify that they have this day attached their signatures to the Assessment Books for the year 1859, in accordance with the provisions of Section X. of Act XXV. of 1856.

By Order of the Board,

ROBT. TURNBULL,
Secretary to the Municipal Commissioners.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE;
3, *Chowringhee Road,*
Calcutta, 9th April 1859.

Education Notice.

MEDICAL COLLEGE, CALCUTTA.

IT is hereby notified that, the Primary or English Class of the Medical College will for the future include, (in addition to Scholarship Holders and Free Students) a Class of Paying Pupils.

2. Such pupils, on admission to the Medical College, will be subjected to the rules regarding an Entrance Examination, which apply to all other Students of the English Class of the College.

3. They will be required to conform to the rules of the Institution generally, in all matters connected with discipline.

4. They will be required to pursue their studies in the order and after the manner prescribed by the rules of the Calcutta University and of the Medical College.

5. On admission, each Student will be charged an Entrance Fee of Rupees (15) fifteen, for the use of books, &c., and he will afterwards be required to pay a tuition fee of Rupees (5) five monthly during such time as he may remain in the Medical College.

6. Paying Students of the English Class will be at liberty to leave the College, should they so wish, at any period of their studies, receiving Certificates for such courses of lectures; or hospital attendance as they may have followed, or they will be allowed to complete their Medical Education in the College, and after obtaining the University Degree in Medicine and Surgery to volunteer for the service of Government or not, as they may think proper.

W. C. B. EATWELL, *M. D.,*
Principal, Medical College.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 7th April 1859.

Notification.

THE Civil Auditor, North-Western Provinces, has the honor to repeat his annual call to all Disbursing Officers in charge of Civil Establishments in the North-Western Provinces, for the submission (as soon after the 1st May next, as practicable, with the April Abstract) of their regular Annual Detailed Statement, containing the names and full particulars of the whole of the Establishment; and to observe that, with reference to the orders of Government, dated 15th Oc-

tober 1842, published in the *Agra Government Gazette*, of the 15th November 1842, the audit of their Abstracts for April next will be withheld until the receipt of the required Returns.

2. To facilitate check, it is particularly requested that the Abstract for April be sub-divided into distinct headings, so that each description of Office with its total shall correspond with the details given in the Statement of Establishment for the 1st May, agreeably to the Form furnished.

3. It is also requested that the *three separate* Lists prescribed for all Uncovenanted Civil Servants (Europeans and East Indians) and Native, (in the last the names of *only those* holding appointments of *trust* and *responsibility* should be inserted,) employed on their Establishments, be furnished for 1st May 1859, without delay.

H. Loch,

Offg. Civil Auditor.

Civil Auditor's Office;
N. W. P., Allahabad,
The 31st March 1859.

Notification.

With the sanction of the Governor General of India in Council, it is hereby declared that the Port of Rangoon, and the Navigable River and Channels leading to that Port, are subject to Act XXII. of 1855.

The limits of the said Port of Rangoon are as follows:—

To the West.—A Line drawn South-West from the boundary pillar at Kummendine across the Rangoon River, to the boundary pillar on the opposite bank at the entrance of the Panlaug Creek.

To the South-East.—A Line drawn East from King's Point on the Dallah side of the Rangoon River, to the boundary pillar on the Syriam side.

To the North-East.—A Line running North-West and South-East drawn from the boundary pillar on the Rangoon or West side of the Pegu River, to a boundary pillar on the Syriam or East side, so much of Puzzondoung Creek as lies South of a Line drawn from a pillar on the East above Kyeezeik Village to a pillar opposide to the West bank of the Creek.

The limits of the said Port include to the North and South, so much of the Rangoon River and of the Shores thereof, and so much of the Puzzondoung Creek, and the Shores thereof as are within fifty yards of high-water mark spring tides.

The limits of the Navigable River and Channels leading to the said Port, made subject to the said Act, are as follows:

To the North.—The Port of Rangoon as above defined.

To the South.—A Line drawn East and West from the Light Ship.

All Ports of the Rangoon River between the said limits and below high-water line at spring tides are subject to the said Act.

PORT RULES.

I. No vessel, if above 200 tons, shall enter within the limits of the Port of Rangoon, or move from one place to another within the Port, between sun-set and sun-rise, without the special permission of the Master Attendant.

II. The Commanders of all vessels arriving at the Port of Rangoon are desired to enter correctly in the Columns of the Report Book of the Master Attendant, as soon as presented to them, the information therein required, regarding their vessels. They will also report in writing to the Master Attendant twenty-four hours before their departure the particulars noted in the forms appended hereto.

III. All Commanders of vessels arriving at Rangoon shall anchor in such a position as the Master Attendant or his Assistant shall direct. All vessels above 100 tons' burthen shall moor with two bower anchors and 30 fathoms of cable each way, and shall not move from their position without a Pilot, except with the express permission of the same authority.

IV. All Commanders of vessels shall have their jib and driver booms rigged in, when required by the Master Attendant, and shall strike their yard and masts if required so to do by, or by order of the same Officer.

V. Every ship or vessel within the Port of Rangoon shall have removed any anchor or spar or other substance projecting from her side, when so required by the Master Attendant, or other Officer of the Port.

VI. The Commanders of all vessels entering the Port of Rangoon, with ballast on board, shall without delay send to the Master Attendant a report in writing, stating the description of ballast on board, the quantity in tons, and the port of shipment; application must be made by the Commander to the Master Attendant for permission to tranship or land ballast, and no ballast shall be transhipped or landed except under the sanction of the Master Attendant and only at such Stations as he shall direct.

VII. A free channel of 240 yards which is to be kept for ships moving up or down the River within the Port, and also free passages to Piers, Jetties, Landing places, Wharves, Quays, Docks and Moorings, and all vessels shall be bound to move when required to clear such channels or passages.

VIII. All vessels within the Port of Rangoon shall be moored or warped from place to place as required by the Master Attendant, or other Officer of the Port, and no vessels shall cast off a warp that has been made fast to her to assist a vessel in mooring without being required to do so by the Pilot or Officer in charge of the vessel mooring.

IX. No vessels within the limits of the Port of Rangoon shall boil any pitch or dammer on board, or shall draw off spirits by candle or other artificial light.

X. All vessels within the limits of the Channels leading to the Port of Rangoon shall when at anchor, between sun-set and sun-rise, have a good light hoisted at the starboard fore-yard arm; and

all vessels under weigh at night shall show a good light at the fore-royal or upper foremast head, and when under weigh in tow of a steamer shall in addition to the masthead light, show a good light at each fore-yard arm; the steamer showing the usual light prescribed by the Admiralty Regulations.

XI. No vessel shall use any of the Government chain moorings, whether fixed or swinging, without permission of the Master Attendant.

XII. All vessels occupying Government mooring fixed or swinging, shall be liable to pay for the same, according to the following scale and no more:—

	From 1st November to 30th May, being seven months. Per Diem, Rs.	From 1st June to 31st October, being five months. Per Diem, Rs.
For fixed moorings.		
All vessels up to 199 tons	1	3
Ditto from 200 to 299 „	2	4
Ditto from 300 to 399 „	3	5
Ditto from 400 to 499 „	4	6
Ditto from 500 to 599 „	5	7
Ditto from 600 to 999 „	6	8
Ditto from 1000 and upwards	8	10
Swinging mooring.	3	4

XIII. The rate fixed for wharfage payable by all vessels at Government Wharves is at annas (8) eight per ton, according to the registered tonnage and one day for each (50) fifty tons is allowed for vessels to load or discharge their cargoes. Vessels remaining alongside Government Wharves, beyond the time allowed according to the tonnage, will be subject to an additional charge of annas (4) four per ton, for each day.

The provisions of Section XII XXXVII and XL. of the said Act No XXII of 1855, are hereby specially extended to the Port of Rangoon.

A. P. Phayre,
Commissioner of Pegu, and Agent to the Governor General.

Form of Conservator of Ports' Report Book of Arrival.

Date of arrival at Rangoon.	Name of Vessel.	Rig of Vessel.	Tonnage.	Under what Flag.	Name of Commander.	Where from.	Date of Departure.	Intermediate Ports touched at.	Names of Passengers.	Remarks.
										Any vessel spoken with, or wreck seen particulars to be noted.

A. P. Phayre,
Commissioner of Pegu, and Agent to the Governor General.

Particulars required to be reported by Commanders of Vessels previous to their departure as per Rule II

Intended date of Departure	Name of Vessel	Rig of Vessel.	Tonnage	Under what Flag	Name of Commander.	Where bound	Names of Passengers.	Remarks.

A. P. Phayre,
Commissioner of Pegu, and Agent to the Governor General.

Mutlah Superintendent's Advertisement.

Notice is hereby given, that Lots Nos. 68, 69, 71, 72, 73, 74, 79, 80, 88, 89, 90, 91, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 116, 126, 127, 136, 137, 138, 142, 150, 165, 170, 175, 176, 180, 189, 190, 191 and 192, in the site of the proposed Town of Mutlah, will be sold by Public Auction at the Superintendent's Office, 31, Park Street, on Thursday, the 21st April 1859.

The highest bidder will be entitled to the Lots, on depositing immediately after the sale the full amount of the bid. On confirmation of the sale a Lease will be made out, and made over to the purchaser, who will become the Lessee. The Form of Lease showing terms may be seen at the Superintendent's Office, and also the Plan of the proposed Town, showing the position of the Lot.

H. Leonard, *C. E.*,
Superintendent of Mutlah.

Mutlah Suptt's Office,
The 6th April 1859.

Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

In Equity.

Rajender Dutt,
Versus
Chundee Churn Dutt and others.

Receiver's Office.

Notice is hereby given, that on Wednesday, the 27th day of April 1859, at one o'Clock in the afternoon, James Welch, Esquire, Receiver of the Supreme Court, and the Receiver appointed in the above Cause of the Estate of Cally Persaud Dutt, deceased, will put up for Lease by public competition at his Office Lot Mohadeb Botty, of Pergunnah Chowmoha, situate in Zillah Hooghly, containing two Villages Mohadeb Botty and Dalepore, upon such terms and conditions as will be then made known and upon such security as he may think fit.

For further particulars apply to the Receiver's Office.

Receiver's Office:
Supreme Court,
Calcutta, 7th April 1859.

Abstract Statement of the Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund in the 2nd Quarter of the Official year 1858-59, compared with the corresponding Quarter of the year 1858.

	In the 2nd Quarter ending 31st October 1858.	In the 2nd Quarter ending 31st October 1857.
Balance at Credit of the Fund on the Government Book in the beginning of the 2nd Quarter of each year Company's Rupees	12,70,176 0 2	11,93,817 4 6
Receipts and Credits in the 2nd Quarter of each year	45,713 11 3	43,140 7 0
Interest allowed by the Government of India	76 506 15 4	70,673 5 5
Total, Company's Rupees	14 01,396 10 9	13,07,981 0 11
DEDUCT		
Pensions paid in the Quarter under Review, Company's Rupees	31,335 1 9	26,905 5 9
Fixed Office Establishment and Contingencies &c ditto	2,974 13 0	2,399 11 6
Interest on Reserve Fund passed to Subscribers qualified to share therein during the Quarter	6,747 10 9	6,975 0 6
Total, Company's Rupees	11,057 10 0	86,280 10 9
Balance on the 31st October of each Quarter under Review in the Government Books, inclusive of Interest for the past official years, Company Rupees	13 60,339 0 9	12,71,650 6 2
MONTHLY RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS		
Subscriptions	15,291 1 8	14,250 9 5
Deduct Pensions to Incumbents, Office charges and Estimated Contingencies and proceeds of Surplus divided among Members of five years standing at 40 per cent in the Widows' Fund and 30 per cent Children's Fund, Company's Rupees	14,193 8 0	12 677 15 10
Net monthly income exclusive of Interest upon the Capital Company's Rupees	1,100 9 8	1,572 9 7

In	Names of Subscribers	Nominees on Widows' Funds	Nominees on Children's Fund
1857-58	547	461	810
1858-59	568*	485	865

* For Wives 250
" Children 84
" Wives and Children 235
568

R A FINK,
E W HOLLINGBERY,
Auditors, Uncovenanted S. F P Fund

G. W. KELLNER,
Acct. and Collr.

Published by order of the Directors,

R. C TULLOH,
Secretary.

UNCOVENANTED SERVICE FAMILY PENSION FUND OFFICE,
The 12th March 1859.

Bank of Bengal.

The 9th April 1859.

A MEETING of the Proprietors is requested at the Bank on Tuesday, the 10th instant, at 10 A. M., for the election of a Director in the room of W. Maitland, Esq., resigned.

The Poll will close at 3 P. M.

Published by order of the Directors,

J. B. PEARCE,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

With reference to Government Notification No. 5, Fort William, Financial Department, 26th January 1855, notifying the intention of Government to dissolve its connexion with the Government Agency—

The Oriental Bank Corporation undertake the safe custody of Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal, and other local Stocks, free of all charge.

Will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, and remit at the current rates of exchange, or pay the same according to instructions, if to be remitted through the Corporation, Without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... 1-4th per Cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, . 1-4th per Cent.

On the purchase of Government or other Securities, . 1-4th per Cent.

On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Corporation, Without charge.

WM. ANDERSON,
Agent.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION;
Calcutta, 29th January 1855.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Ernest Melchior, at present of Calcutta, heretofore carrying on business in co-partnership with Ernest Augustus Apel and Jules Apel at Moulmein, in the Tenasserim Provinces, and also at Rangoon, in the Province of Pegu, under the style or firm of Apel and Co., and presently carrying on the same business in co-partnership with the said Jules Apel alone, under the same style or firm of Apel and Co., an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 8th day of April instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday the 2nd day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Lyons and Dow, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Thomas Sutherland, an Insolvent.

On Saturday the 2nd day of April, instant, it was ordered that Saturday the 4th day of June next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, and that unless cause be shewn to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent be discharged personally as well as to his after-acquired property from all liability for debts, claims and demands of and against the said Insolvent at the time of the filing of his petition for relief.

Robertson, *Attorney.*
Chief Clerk's Office, 8th April 1859.

Lost, Stolen, or Destroyed.

THE Government Promissory Note, No. 7866 of the 5 per Cent. Loan of 1854-55, dated the 12th March 1855, for Company's Rupees Five Hundred, originally standing in the name of (not known,) sold by Govinchunder Sein to Muddoosoodun Chowdry, and by him last endorsed to G. H. Lawrence, the Proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of a Duplicate Note in favor of the Proprietor.

G. H. LAWRENCE,
Ou th

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of Ulfee Hussun, the Proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, payment of the Notes and of Interest thereupon have been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of duplicate Notes in favor of the Proprietor:—

No. 1853 of 1854-55, dated 30th September 1854, for Rs. 2,000
" 1854 " " " " " " "
" 4855 " " " " " " "
" 4856 " " " " " " "
" 4857 " " " " " " "

ULLEF HUSSUN.

LUCKNOW,
31st March 1859.

Lost.

FIRST-half of a Bank of Bengal Note, No. 18014, for Company's Rupees 100.

Lost.

BY the capsizing of a Boat at Nuntollah Ghaut, on the 5th April, the following Government Promissory Notes, *viz.*:—

No. 3153 of 12th March 1854-55, 5 per Cent. 1,000 Rs.
" 8141 " " " " " 1,000 Rs.
" 4116 of 10079 " 31st " 1855-56, 4 " 1,000 Rs.

Payment of the same has been stopped at the Loan Office.

POOROOSOTTUM MULLICK.
Calcutta, 9th April 1859.

Stolen.

THE Public are cautioned against receiving the under-mentioned half Notes, which have been this day stolen from Travellers on the highway near Kishnagur:—

No. 07815 Rupees 1,000
" 04322 " 500
" 24143 " 50

Notice issued by the Officiating Post-Master General of Bengal,

No. 8702.

The 8th April 1859.—The Calcutta Banghy Despatch of the 30th ultimo which contained the Parcels, noted in the annexed List, having been plundered by highway robbers, whilst in transit at night near Ghaugree, about 6 miles beyond Doomree, the Senders of the Parcels are requested to furnish this Office with Lists, showing the contents and value of the Parcels.

List of Parcels despatched on the 30th March 1859, *from the Calcutta General Post Office.*

Date of Receipt.	Address.	Station.	Weight.	Description.
29	Collector	... Allahabad ...	560	Service.
,,	Ditto	... Ditto ..	560	Ditto.
,,	Mrs. C. M. Tiernan	.. Benares ..	150	Paid.
,,	Captain C. Levinge	.. Ditto ...	33	Bearing.
,,	O. M. Glubble	.. Allahabad ...	20	Ditto.
,,	C. H. Wilson	.. Ditto ..	20	Ditto.
,,	E. W. Longdem	... Ditto .	60	Ditto.
,,	Captain F. VonMeyern	.. Raipore ...	35	Ditto.
,,	Lieut. E. S. R. Carnac	... Allahabad ...	90	Ditto.
,,	J. M. Hamilton	... Ditto ...	38	Ditto.
,,	W. Ridsdale	Benares ..	8	Ditto.
,,	Captain A. Turner	Ditto	160	Ditto.
,,	Mrs. E. Sanders	Nagpore .	95	Ditto
,,	Lieut. J. Higgins	... Jubbulpore .	320	Ditto.
,,	Comdg. Officer and Field Battery Regt. Arty.	Goruckpore ...	415	Ditto.
,,	G. C. Plowden	Mirzapore ...	30	Ditto.
,,	Modobun Doss	Benares	185	Ditto.
,,	Dwarka Doss			
,,	G. G. Parbury	Allahabad ...	90	Ditto.
,,	Mrs. Lumsdaine	Ditto ..	10	Ditto.
,,	Hurry Sam Woodyray	Benares ..	100	Ditto.
,,	Gunga Doss	Ditto	100	Ditto.
,,	Messrs J. Hill and Co.	. Allahabad	30	Ditto.
	From Bombay.			
,,	Officer Commanding E. T.	Sarun .	21	Service.
	From Meerut.			
,,	H. B. De Montomency	. Benares .	17	Stamped.
,,	Hurdoyal and Banurseedoss	Ditto .	30	Bg. Regd.
,,	Debedoyal Sing	Ditto	100	Ditto.
,,	Golaup Chand Seepony	... Nagpore ...	100	Ditto.
,,	3 Pamphlets	.. Goruckpore	90	Stamped.
,,	1 Ditto	. Mirzapore ...	245	Ditto.
,,	8 Ditto	. Allahabad ...	120	Ditto.
,,	8 Ditto	Ditto	95	Ditto.
,,	6 Ditto	. Ditto ..	220	Ditto.
,,	1 Ditto	. Fyzabad .	50	Ditto.
,,	1 Ditto	Sultanpore ...	10	Ditto.
,,	2 Ditto	Azimghur ...	45	Ditto.
,,	1 Ditto	. Chunar	35	Ditto.
,,	1 Ditto	Nursingpore ..	15	Ditto.
,,	1 Ditto	Jaunpore	10	Ditto.
,,	2 Ditto	Poonah ...	70	
,,	1 Ditto	. Nagpore . .	15	
,,	1 Ditto	. . Benares ...	245	
,,	7 Ditto	. Ditto ...	645	
,,	Saligram	. Ditto ...	20	Paid.
,,	Officiating Deputy Commissioner	. Chandah ...	80	Service.
March 30	Collector	Allahabad ...	565	Service.
,,	Ditto	... Ditto . .	560	Ditto.
,,	Ditto	. Ditto .	550	Ditto.
,,	Ditto	. . Ditto ...	550	
,,	W. Muir	.. Ditto ...	80	Service.
,,	Ditto	... Ditto ...	80	Ditto.
,,	Ditto	Ditto ...	120	Ditto.
,,	Captain J. R. McMullen	.. Goruckpore ...	135	Bearing
,,	Captain Forster	. Allahabad ...	25	Ditto.
,,	Sekh Elahi Buksh	... Ditto ...	90	Ditto.

Date of Receipt.	Address.	Station.	Weight.	Description.
March 20	J. Manasch	Allahabad	470	Bearing.
,,	Ditto	Ditto	470	Ditto.
,,	D. C. Macdougall	Goruckpore	75	Ditto.
,,	C. G. Teall	Benares	45	Ditto.
,,	Mrs. Brandell	Chunar	37	Ditto.
,,	J. B. N. Hennessy	Mussoorie	310	Service.
	Invoiced to Meerut.			
29	J. B. N. Hennessy	Mussoorie	310	Service.
,,	Captain M. Clark	Saharunpore	85	Bearing.
,,	Molla Mohamud	Meerut	260	Ditto.
,,	Bhia Vowwoooddeen	Meerut	260	Ditto.
,,	1 Pamphlet	Mussoorie	90	Stamped.
,,	2 Ditto	Roorkee	70	Ditto.
,,	18 Ditto	Meerut	703	Ditto.
	Invoiced to Cawnpore.			
,,	Captain J. Davidson	Jhansie	155	Bearing.
,,	Gob. Jones	Ditto	200	Ditto.
,,	Judoonauth Banerjee	Lucknow	45	Ditto.
,,	Captain T. Nicholl	Saugor	135	Ditto.
,,	Lieutenant H. Hare	Cawnpore	130	Ditto.
,,	Captain W. D. Couchman	Lucknow	40	Ditto.
,,	Ensign Baster	Ditto	55	Ditto.
,,	H. Maxwell	Cawnpore	15	Ditto.
,,	Lieutenant C. Fortescue	Byramghat	50	Ditto.
,,	Colonel English	Toolseepore, Oude	28	Ditto.
,,	Bissonauth Bose	Cawnpore	185	Ditto.
,,	H. M.'s 20th Regiment	Camp Gonda	90	Ditto.
,,	Ditto ditto	Ditto	90	Ditto.
,,	Lieutenant J. H. Fraser	Lucknow	38	Ditto.
	From Balli.			
,,	Horroprosonno Gangooly	Nawabgunge	10¼	Stamped.
,,	2 Pamphlets	Saugor	40	Ditto.
,,	2 Ditto	Oude	65	Ditto.
,,	1 Ditto	Bartool	60	Ditto.
,,	1 Ditto	Jaloun	95	Ditto.
,,	2 Ditto	Jhansie	100	Ditto.
,,	1 Ditto	Seetapore	35	Ditto.
,,	1 Ditto	Hoshungabad	30	Ditto.
,,	1 Ditto	Humeerpore	35	Ditto.
,,	1 Ditto	Roi Bareily	60	Ditto.
,,	3 Ditto	Nawabgunge	110	Ditto.
,,	1 Ditto	Salone	90	Ditto.
,,	1 Ditto	Gonda	80	Ditto.
,,	18 Ditto	Cawnpore	445	Ditto.
,,	10 Ditto	Lucknow	132	Ditto.
,,	Nancomull and Nundkissore	Ditto	85	Registered
,,	Suddesook Chugmull	Ditto	85	Bearing.
,,	Joramul Chotamull	Ditto	70	Paid.
,,	Deputy Commissioner of Pertabghur	Oude	18	Service.
	Invoiced to Bhurtpore.			
,,	1 Pamphlet	Etawah	65	Stamped.
,,	2 Ditto	Mynpoorie	25	Ditto.
,,	W. C. Thomas	Ditto	35	Bearing.
,,	Captain W. Alexander	Ditto	128	Ditto.
,,	Miss A. Crawford	Ditto	25	Ditto.
,,	Major Drysdale	Nynee Tal	590	Ditto.
,,	G. Saunders	Allyghur	115	Do. Regd.
,,	Ditto	Ditto	535	Do. Regd.
,,	General Sir W. Richards	Nynee Tal	10	Do Regd.
,,	1 Pamphlet	Ditto	60	Stamped.
,,	1 Ditto	Peloraghur	50	Ditto.
,,	2 Ditto	Mooradabad	175	
,,	9 Pamphlets	Peshawur	720	Ditto.
,,	3 Ditto	Kurrachee, Scinde	105	Ditto.
,,	2 Ditto	Hydrabad, Scind	70	Ditto.
,,	2 Ditto	Sealkote	20	Ditto
,,	4 Ditto	Campbellpore	55	Ditto.
,,	1 Ditto	Mecan Meer	10	Ditto.

Date of Receipt.	Address.	Station.	Weight.	Description.
29	2 Pamphlets	... Rawul Pindee ...	80	Stamped.
,,	1 Ditto	... Lahore ...	35	Ditto.
,,	1 Ditto	... Ditto ...	80	Ditto.
,,	1 Ditto	... Dera Ghazie Khan...	32	Ditto.
,,	1 Ditto	... Jung ...	23	Ditto.
,,	1 Ditto	.. Mean Meer ..	5	Ditto.
,,	1 Ditto	... Sealkote ...	5	Ditto.
,,	1 Ditto	... Lahore .	5	Ditto.
,,	1 Ditto	Attock ...	5	Ditto.
,,	1 Ditto	. Rawul Pindee ...	5	Ditto.
,,	1 Ditto	. Kohat ..	50	Ditto.
,,	Major J. Liptrott	.. Peshawur	18	Bearing.
,,	Captain R. H. D. Tulloh	... Punjab ...	305	Ditto.
	Invoiced to Umballa.			
,,	1 Pamphlet	... Dugshai ..	20	Stamped.
,,	5 Ditto	... Umballa .	370	
,,	3 Ditto	. Ditto .	55	
,,	1 Ditto	Ditto .	22	
,,	Officer Commanding 7th Hussars	Ditto ...	60	
	Invoiced to Agra.			
,,	Mr. J. Leach	Agra ...	135	Bearing.
,,	Ditto	Ditto ...	130	Ditto.
,,	1 Pamphlet	... Indore .	5	
,,	1 Ditto	... Asseerghur .	35	
,,	4 Ditto	. Muttra ...	105	
,,	1 Ditto	... Leepree .	70	
,,	3 Pamphlets	... Gwalior ..	115	
,,	6 Ditto	. Agra .	128	
,,	4 Ditto	Ditto .	245	
,,	6 Ditto	. Ditto	537	
,,	Hamchand Hurruck Chand	... Ahmedabad	33	Regd.
,,	Captain G. S. Windham	Agra .	65	Ditto.
,,	Lieutenant-Colonel J. Glyn	Ditto .	10	Ditto.
,,	Puddumsy Tejry	Joypore	100	Ditto.
,,	C. Grant	. Agra	85	Ditto.
,,	Goolraj and Juggunnath	Indore	15	
,,	Gurrul Doss and Saberam	Muttra	200	
,,	Lieutenant J. L. Watts	Agra	145	
,,	2 Pamphlets	Ditto	150	
,,	1 Ditto	. Gwalior	15	
	Invoiced to Bombay.			
29	Hurruckchunder Husraj	Bombay ..	85	Regd.
,,	J. Burns	Ditto ...	35	
,,	W. Butcher	Ditto ..	35	
,,	J. Christie	Ditto	70	
	Invoiced to Futtyghur.			
29	J. Steaden	. . Budaon	615	Bearing.
,,	Major A. G. Martin	Shajehanpore ...	60	Ditto.
,,	Mrs. Humphrey	.. Bareilly ...	185	Ditto.
,,	3 Pamphlets	Futtyghur ..	55	Stamped.
,,	1 Ditto	Phibbeet ..	90	Ditto.
,,	6 Ditto	Bareilly ..	190	Ditto.
,,	4 Ditto	... Shajehanpore ..	65	Ditto.
	Invoiced to Futtypore.			
,,	C. H. T. Crosthwaite	. Banda ..	330	Bearing.
,,	Lieutenant W. M. Wynch	Ditto ..	128	Ditto.
,,	Ramjee Kaseprosaud	. Futtehpore ..	170	Paid.
,,	H. K. Duhan	Ditto ..	130	Stamped.
,,	1 Pamphlet	Ditto .	,,	Paid.
,,	1 Ditto	. Nagode ..	,,	Ditto.
,,	4 Ditto	. Banda	,,	Ditto.
	Invoiced to Delhi.			
,,	Issur Doss and Kissory Doss	. . Delhi .	75	Bearing.
,,	Goburdhun Doss and Sreenurain	... Ditto ..	100	Ditto.
,,	Muttro Doss and Issur Doss	... Ditto ...	50	Ditto.
,,	Juggernauth Mokundoolall	... Ditto ...	100	Ditto.
,,	5 Pamphlets	... Ditto ...	125	Stamped.
,,	1 Ditto	... Rhotuck ...	110	Ditto.

Date of Receipt.	Address.	Station.	Weight.	Description.
" 29	1 Pamphlet	. Goorgaon	6	Stamped.
	Invoiced to Umritsur			
"	Lieut. H. J. G. Ford	Umritsur	520	Bearing.
"	Lieut. W. O'Brien	Ditto	560	Ditto.
"	3 Pamphlets	Ditto	210	Stamped.
"	2 Ditto	Jullundur	110	Ditto
"	2 Ditto .	Ditto	165	Ditto
"	2 Ditto	Ditto	220	Ditto
"	3 Ditto ...	Ditto	215	Ditto
"	Mrs. O'Brien	Ditto	100	Bearing.
	Invoiced to Loodiana			
"	2 Pamphlets	. Ferozepore	80	Stamped.
	Invoiced to Ghazeepore			
"	Lieut. M. A. Borthwick	Ghazeepore	55	Bearing. "
"	Lieut. J. Sikes .	Ditto	68	Ditto
"	3 Pamphlets	Ditto	40	Stamped.
"	2 Ditto	Ditto	120	Ditto.
	Invoiced to Patna.			
"	Mrs W. Tayler	. Patna	100	Bearing.
"	Mrs. E. Richardson	Chuprah	15	Ditto
"	Captain A A. McDondal	Tirhoot	55	Ditto.
"	Lieutenant J. K Couper	Buxar	170	Ditto
"	Pay-Master Hasson .	Dinapore	175	Ditto
"	Lieutenant R. H. Ross	Ditto	310	Ditto
"	S. D. Cohen	Ditto	75	Paid
	From Balle.			
"	Major Captain Guzrajsing	Nepaul .	117½	Bearing
"	Mr. J H. Dixon	Patna	230	Bearing
"	Commissioner	Ditto	160	Stamped
"	Collector	Sarun	15	Ditto
"	Ditto	Patna	330	Ditto
"	Additional Judge	Sarun	70	Ditto
"	Ditto	Ditto	55	Ditto
"	H. M.'s 2nd Battation 60th Royal Rifles	Arrah	190	Ditto
"	1 Pamphlet	Nepaul	5	
"	3 Ditto	Buxar	80	
"	3 Ditto	Motehary	15	
"	3 Ditto	Arrah & Shahabad	61	
"	4 Ditto ,	Dinapore	90	
"	9 Ditto	Patna	180	
"	5 Ditto	Tirhoot & Mozuffer-pore	93	
"	Sotob Chand Surma	Patna	15	Regd Bg
"	Juggernauth Doss	Ditto	95	Ditto do
"	Manickchunder Johoree	Ditto	50	Ditto do
"	H. Gardner	Dinapore	25	Ditto
"	Mrs R. V. Bogle	Ditto	55	Ditto
"	Dr. F. W. A. de Fabeck	Ditto	65	Ditto.
"	Gonnes Mull Remmonas	Patna	115	Ditto
"	H. M's. 2nd Battation 60th Royal Rifles	Arrah	520	Unpd letr
"	2 Pamphlets	Gyah	30	
"	4 Ditto	Sherghotty	155	Stamped
"	1 Ditto	Nobunnagur	55	
"	Major Gharr	Sherghotty	102	Stamped.
"	Mrs. G. Wheeler	Hazareebaug	165	Bearing
"	Captain. J. Dowson	Ditto	315	Ditto
"	3 Pamphlets	Ditto	165	Stamped.

CALCUTTA;
The 5th April 1859.

Notices issued by the Officiating Deputy Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 5840.

OVERLAND MAIL.

The 9th April 1859.—Mail Packets will be closed at this Office at 5 P. M. on the 17th instant for the Overland Mail Steamer which leaves Bombay on the 26th April 1859.

The Public are reminded, that 17th will be the latest safe day, and that letters and papers will be sent *viâ* Marseilles only.

N. B. Letters and papers for the Bombay Steamer will be received up to 6 P. M. on every day prior to the 17th.

No. 5867.

OVERLAND MAIL.

The 11th April 1859.—The Overland Mail *viâ* Marseilles and Southampton, and the intermediate Ports, Madras, Ceylon and Aden, per P. & O. Co.'s Steamer *Nubia*, will be closed at this Office on Friday the 22nd instant at 6 P. M.

Letters, &c., for Penang, Singapore and Hong-Kong, will beforwarded *viâ* Galle and for Mauritius and Australia *viâ* Aden, by this opportunity.

Printed and Published for the Government, by THOMAS JONES, at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 13, 1859.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah West Burdwan, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 19th April 1859, or 7th Bysack 1266 B. S., for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 28th day of March 1859:—

Class I.—Temporary-settled Estate.

No. 115.—Mehal Pooroosuttumpoor, Pergunnah Bishenpoor; recorded proprietors; Nehalchunder Mookerjee and others; sudder jumma, rupees 163-12-3.

Class II.—Temporary-settled Estate.

No. 457.—Mehal Polashdanga, Pergunnah Bishenpoor; recorded proprietor, Neelmony Mookerjee; sudder jumma, rupees 5-11-1.

J. S. SPANKIE,
Deputy Collector.

BANCOORAH;
Deputy Collectorate,
The 2nd April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Beerbhoom, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Saturday, the 23rd day of April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 11th Bysack 1266 B. S:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 411.—Mehal Kismut Heloruh, Pergunnah Sool Tanoojeean; recorded proprietor, Manick Chunder Chowdhooree; sudder jumma, rupees 106-4-8.

R. O. HEYWOOD,
Offg. Collector.

ZILLAH BEERBHOOM;
Collector's Office,
The 30th March 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Tipperah, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Tuesday, the 26th April 1859, corresponding with 14th Bysack, 1266 B. S.:—

Class I.—Perma. ently-settled Estate.

No. 1071.—Talook Luckhee Narain Roy Mo da'at Byddo Nauth Roy, Pergunnah Mohobutpore; recorded proprietors, Soojo Monee Shaha, Chunder Monee Shaha, Gooshye Doss Shaha, minors, Luckhee Kanth Shaha, minor, and Kumulla Kanth Shaha, minor; sudder jumma, rupees 214-6-5.

L. BARBER,
Depy. Collector in Charge.

ZILLAH TIPPERAH;
Collector's Office,
The 29th March 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Backergunge, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 25th April 1859, or 13th Bysack 1266 B. S., for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1859 —

Class I.—Permanently settled Estate.

Former No. 1524—Present No. 1556.—Kharijah Pergunnah Boozoorg Omedpore, Talook Kisto Dass Bhottacharge, recorded proprietor, Meer Mahamoud Jummee, sudder jumma, rupees 389-7-7½.

C. LIMOND,
Offg. Collector.

ZILLAH BACKERGUNGE;
Collector's Office,
The 1st April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section XI. Act I of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Behar, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of this District, on the 26th April 1859, for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1859.—

Class I.—Permanently Estates.

No. 1638.—Mehal Maunpoor Tetrawan Lot 1st— Pergunnah Behar; recorded proprietors, Meer Yar Ali, Mussamuts Hubbun, Havatun, Jeeto, Tekchund Mahto, Poomt Loll, Roopun Mahto, Bodhee Mahto and Kurrumchund Mahto, maliks and occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 138-4-6.

No. 1068.—Mehal Maunpoor Tetrawan Lot 3rd— Pergunnah Behar; recorded proprietors, Shah Neamut Ali, Shaikh Bundah Ali, Iltaf Hosain, Mehdee Hosain, Ufzul Hosain, Tufuzul Hosain, Ourf Dahoo, Meer Immam Ali, Hasim Ali, Shah Kumuroodeen, Meer Wusee Ali, Mussamuts Ameer Oonissa, Edun, Boodhun, Zuhoorun and Rujo, maliks and occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 89-9-14.

No. 1983.—Mehal Jyteepoor Bara, Pergunnah Bhellawun, recorded proprietors, Beharee Loll, malliehs and occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 267-11-9.

Class II.—Arrears due on account of Estates other than that to be sold.

No. 2116.—Mehal Simrah, Chuck Simrah, Pergunnah Bhellawur; recorded proprietors, Mussamut Muckdoomun, Nujmoodeen, Nuseebun, Mussamuts Ameerun and Wuheedun, occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 540-15-6, including mahkana from which the right and interest of Mussamut Muckhdoomun heiress of Mussamut Mudeehun, deceased, surety of Busharut Hosain, the son of Chundry Khadim Hosain and farmer of Mouzah Samadhee Boozoorg, Pergunnah Tilhara, Zillah Patna, will be sold on account of arrears of rent due from him.

W. BEELER,
Deputy Collector in Charge.

BEHAR COLLECTORATE;
Gya,
The 1st April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Bhullooah, will be put upto public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Deputy Collector of that District, on Monday, the 25th day of April A. D. 1859, corresponding with 13th Bysack 1266 B. S.—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Mehal.

No. 200.—Hozooree Mehal, Chur Imethee in Afzul Fukeera, Lakheraj, Zimba Sheddessuree, present Talook Parbutty Shoomittra, Golam Mohuddin *alias* Golam Mahomed and Sheetaram Boodhimunt; recorded proprietors, Parbutty Shoomittra, Golam Mohuddin *alias* Golam Mahomed and Sheetaram Bhoodimunt; sudder jumma, rupees 130-11-8.

C. E. LANCE,
Officiating Deputy Collector.

BHULLOOAH;
Deputy Collector's Office,
The 2nd April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Moorshedabad, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 2nd of May 1859, or 20th Bysack 1266 B. S., for Arrears of Revenue —

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 605.—Kismut Mouzah Kalkapoor, Pergunnah Moorumpoor, recorded proprietors, Lakhee Gobind Deb Thakoor, Lukhee Jumna Dun Deb Thakoor, Sreedhur Deb Thakoor, Goopto Guddadhur Deb Thakoor, and Levant Dayamoi Dassi; sudder jumma, rupees 196-13-11.

W. MORRIS BEAUFORT,
Offg. Collector.

MOORSHIDABAD,
Collector's Office,
The 1th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Dinagepoor, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 26th day of April 1859, for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1859:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 151.—Mouzah Kurry, Pergunnah Kurdat; recorded proprietor, Muzarruddeen Choudry; sudder jumma, rupees 1,023-15-0¼.

FRAS. A ELPHINSTONE DALRYMPLE,
Collector.

DINAGEPOOR;
Collector's Office,
The 4th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Midnapore, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Thursday, the 28th day of April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 16th Bysack 1266 B. S., or 17th Bysack 1266 W. S:—

Class IV.—Estates saleable for Arrears due on other Estates.

Rights and Interests of Golucknath Doss in about one beegah of rent-free land, including a dwelling-house and a Tank with fishes thereon, in Mouza Kulunkool, Pergunnah Khandar.

Rights and Interests of Golucknath Doss in eight cottahs of Kala land cultivated by Radhoo Doss Jotedar, situated in Mouza Kulunkool, Pergunnah Khandar.

Rights and Interests of Golucknath Doss in one beegah of Jul land, in Mouza Kulunkool, Pergunnah Khandar.

Rights and Interests of Golucknath Doss in one beegah and ten cottahs of land, situated in Mouza Dhobapullasseea, Pergunnah Khandar.

A. ELLIOT,
Officiating Collector.

MIDNAPORE COLLECTORATE,
The 5th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Rajshahye, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue at the Office of the Collector of that District, on the 2nd May 1859 A. D., corresponding with 20th Bysack 1266 B. S:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 1135.—Kismut Guncoer, Pergunnah Soojanuggur; recorded proprietors, Kalleenath Choewdre and Tarrineekanto Chuckerbutty; sudder jumma, rupees 56-1-5.

F. S. LUSHINGTON,
Collector.

ZILLAH RAJSHAHYE;
Collector's Office,
The 5th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Dacca, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Monday, the 25th day of April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 13th Bysack 1266 B. S.:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 8914.—Chur Jalna Kamta; recorded proprietors Jelal Ruhoman and Khodaeja Bebee, mother of Mufeezuddy Khunkar; sudder jumma, rupees 184-12-6.

C. F. CARNAC,
Officiating Collector.

ZILLAH DACCA;
Collector's Office,
The 2nd April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Bhaugulpore, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 25th April 1859, or 8th Bysack 1266, for Arrears of Revenue:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 7.—Ghat Mirza Chowkee, Pergunnah Gurhee; recorded proprietor, Lugwah Manjhee; sudder jumma, rupees 5-3-2.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 79.—Certain lands in Mouzah Mahasingpoor, Pergunnah Kankjoul; sudder jumma, rupees 5-6-2.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 2339.—Jageer of Mohamud Sulfee Lushker in Mouzah Sujunpoor Lukheepoor, Thanna Oodhoa Nullah; recorded proprietor, Mahamud Sarick; sudder jumma, rupees 2-8-9¾.

No. 2377.—Jageer of Gundul Kussub in Mouzah Lukheepoor, Thanna Oodhoa Nullah, Pergunnah Kankjoul; recorded proprietor, Mahamud Sarick; sudder jumma, rupees 0-14-11¼.

J. H. MUSPRATT,
Collector.

BHAUGULPORE;
Collector's Office,
The 4th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah 24-Pergunnahs, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Saturday, the 30th April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 18th Bysack 1266 B. S:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 81.—Kismut Pergunnah Magoorah, Mowjeh Bhubanipore; recorded proprietor, Kalidhone Bundopadea; sudder jumma, rupees 371-3-2.

Class IV.—Estates saleable for arrears due on other Estates.

No. 102.—Pergunnah Magoorah, Kismut Kankooreah, &c.; recorded proprietor, Sowdaminee Dossee; sudder jumma, rupees 372-6.

No. 281.—Pergunnah Medenmullo, Kismut Kundurpopore, &c.; recorded proprietor, Sowdaminee Dossee; sudder jumma, rupees 597-14-11.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 1367.—Beel Dauthbangah; recorded proprietors, Horinarain Ghose and others; sudder jumma, rupees 1,100-2.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

Nos. 1368-8.—Pergunnah Boorun, Mouzah Bykam; recorded proprietors, Roy Perionath Chowdry and others; sudder jumma, rupees 85-4-10.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 1467.—Lot No 67 Sauckdho; recorded proprietors, Sheik Mahomed, Golam Hosseen Hazee and others, progressive; sudder jumma, rupees 206-1.

G. Bright,
Officiating Collector.

Collector's Office;
24-*Pergunnahs*,
The 8th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estates in Zillah Purneah will be put up to public and unreserved sale for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Tuesday the 26th day of April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 14th Bysack 1266 B. S:—

Bengal Portion.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 428.—Mouzah Bunganwan and Hanokhowar, Pergunnah Futtehpoor Singeah; recorded proprietors, Bissanauth Jha and Almchund, and others; sudder jumma, rupees 184-5-8.

Fuslee Portion.

Class I.—Permanently-settled estates.

No. 9.—Milick Bajayufty Anning Beelas, Pergunnah Dhurmpoor; recorded proprietor, Hoolas Manjee, auction purchaser; sudder jumma, rupees 79-7-7.

No. 26.—Mouzah Dhumdaha, Zillah Beernuggur, Pergunnah Dhurmpoor; recorded proprietor, Hemnarain Sing; sudder jumma, rupees 59-4-6.

No. 53.—Chukla Fuckrana, Mouzah Macknaha, Zillah Beernuggur, Pergunnah Dhurmpoor; recorded proprietor, Mussamut Ameeronissa Begum; sudder jumma, rupees 78-10-7.

No. 103.—Mouzah Dhumdaha, Zillah Beernuggur, Pergunnah Dhurmpoor; recorded proprietors, Jowahur Sing, and others; sudder jumma, rupees 74-15-3.

T. Walton,
Assistant Collector, in charge.

Purneah;
The 5th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate in Zillah Nuddea, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, for Arrears of Revenue at the Office of the Collector of that District, on the 25th day of April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 13th Bysack 1265 B. S:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 2870.—Mouzah Sreenuggur, Chuckla Sreenuggur; recorded proprietor, Rughoonauth Gangooly; sudder jumma, rupees 74-13-8¾.

C. S. Belli,
Officiating Collector.

Zillah Nuddea;
Collector's Office,
The 4th April 1859.

Printed by Thomas Jones, at the Bengal Secretariat Office.

No. 31. [905]

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 16, 1859.

Legislative Council of India.

THE 9TH APRIL 1859.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council of India on the 9th April 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 13th of July next:—

A Bill to amend Act XIII of 1856 *(for regulating the Police of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, and the several stations of the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca.)*

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend certain provisions of Act XIII of 1856: It is enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

1. Sections XIII, L, LIX, LXXVI, LXXVIII, and Clause 13 of Section LXXXI of Act XIII of 1856 (for regulating the Police of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, and the several stations of the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca) are repealed, and the following Sections are substituted in lieu thereof.

Sections repealed.

II. Whoever, being a member of the Police Force or being employed in any Police Office, asks for or takes any bribe or unauthorized reward, shall be dismissed by order of the Commissioner, and upon conviction before a Magistrate, shall be liable to fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees, or to imprisonment, with or without hard labor, for any term not exceeding six months.

Police Officers taking bribes.

III. Whoever in the Towns of Calcutta and Madras, or in any Station of the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca, has or keeps any hotel, tavern, punch-house, ale-house, arrack or toddy-shop, or place for smoking chandoo or other preparation of opium; or any eating-house, coffee-house, boarding-house, lodging-house, or other place of public resort and entertainment, wherein provisions, liquors, or refreshments of any kind are sold or consumed (whether the same be kept or retailed therein or procured elsewhere), without a license from the Commissioner of Police; and whoever, in the Town of Bombay has or keeps any such hotel, tavern house, shop, or place, or who sells by retail in any place any spirituous or fermented liquors without such license, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day that such unlicensed house or place is kept open or that such unlicensed sale by retail is continued.

(CALCUTTA, MADRAS, AND THE STRAITS' SETTLEMENT.)

Penalty for keeping taverns and places of public entertainment without a license from the Commissioner of Police.

(BOMBAY.)

Penalty for keeping such house and for retailing spirits in any place without a license.

IV. When any cards, dice, gaming-table or cloth, board, or other instruments of gaming, which are found in any house, room, or place, of which information has been given on oath to the Commissioner of Police that it is suspected of being used as a common gaming-house, or about the person of any of those who are found therein, it shall be evidence, until the contrary is made to appear, that such house, room, or place is used as a common gaming-house, and that the persons found therein were there present for the purpose of gaming, although no play was actually seen by the Police Officer, or any of his assistants.

Common gaming-houses.

V. Any Inspector or superior Officer of Police may enter any shop or premises for the purpose of inspecting the weights and measures and instruments for weighing, kept or used therein, and may seize any weight, measure, or instrument for weighing which he may have reason to believe is false.

Powers of Inspector, &c., to enter shops to seize false weights and measures.

VI. No boat shall ply for passengers in the Port of Calcutta, or in any of the Ports of the said Settlement, unless duly registered at the Police Office. The following particulars shall be entered in the Register.

In Calcutta and the Ports of the Straits' Settlement, passenger boats to be registered.

First.—Number of the boat.

Second.—Name and residence of the owner, and of the manjee.

Third.—Number of the crew.

Fourth.—Number of persons the boat is permitted to carry.

Registration.

The registration shall be in force for one year; and every change of the owner or manjee within that time shall be therein noted. A fee of one Rupee shall be paid on registration.

Name of owner or manjee, number, &c. to be painted.

The owner or manjee of every such registered boat shall cause to be painted on a conspicuous part of it, in the English and Vernacular languages, the registered number thereof, the number of the crew, and the number of passengers permitted to be carried.

Penalty.

The owner or manjee of a boat plying for passengers without being duly registered, or carrying more passengers, or with a less crew, than is stated in the register, or not having the prescribed particulars painted on it, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Discharging fire-arms, fire-works, &c.

VII. Whoever sets fire to, or burns any straw or other matter, or lights any bon-fire, or wantonly discharges any fire-arm, or air-gun, or lets off or throws any fire-work, or sends up any fire-balloon, in or near any public street, road, or thoroughfare, except at such times and places as shall be from time to time allowed by the Commissioner of Police, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees.

Construction.

VIII. This Act shall be read with and taken as part of the said Act XIII of 1856.

W. Morgan,
Clerk of the Council.

Home Department.

No. 762.

Fort William, the 14th April 1859.

Notification.—The following Extract (paragraphs 1 and 2), from a Despatch No. 29 of 1859, dated the 9th March, from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, is published for general information:—

"1. I have to acquaint you that the under-"mentioned Civil Servants, of the Bengal Estab-"lishment, have been permitted to return to their "duty, *viz.*:—

"Mr. J. A. Craigie.
" H. P. Fane.
" F. F. Hogg.
" G. E. Couper.

"2. The under-mentioned Civil and Uncove-"nanted Servants, of the Bengal Establishment, "have been granted extensions of leave, on Sick "Certificate, for the periods specified, *viz.*:—

"Mr. H. A. Mangles.....	6 Months.
" W. Edwards.....	
Hon'ble R. Drummond.....	
"Mr. G. D. Wilkins.....	3 Months.
" Francis C. Forbes.....	
Mr. J. Cosserat, Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent of Tirhoot ...	6 Months.
" R. H. Smith, Principal Sudder Ameen at Benares ...	
" J. F. Lynch, Deputy Magistrate and Special Commissioner, Bengal ...	

No. 763.

Lieutenant F. J. H. Helbert received charge of the Malwa Opium Agency on the 4th instant, from Sir Robert Hamilton, *Bart.*

No. 764.

The 15th April 1859.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to permit Mr C. Grant, of the Civil Service, to resign the Service, from the 1st May next.

W. Grey,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Foreign Department.

No. 1960.

Fort William, the 13th April 1859.

Captain C. R. Shaw, Assistant Commissioner, Fyzabad, in Oudh, has obtained one month's indulgence leave from the 1st instant, or from such date as he may avail himself of it.

No. 1961.

Hursahai, Extra Assistant in Oudh, has obtained two months' leave of absence, on urgent private affairs, under Section VIII. of the revised Uncovenanted Leave Rules, from the 1st instant, or from such date as he may avail himself of it.

No. 1962.

The 15th April 1859.

Captain H. N. Davies, Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of Pegu, received charge of the Delhi State Prisoners, &c., from Lieutenant E. L. Ommaney, on the 1st instant.

Cecil Beadon,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Financial Department.

No. 27.

Fort William, the 15th April 1859.

Notification.—Notice is hereby given, that the Salaries, Pay, Batta and Allowances of the Civil, Military and Marine Departments, for the month of April 1859, will be payable as under:—

Military and Marine Departments, on Tuesday, the 10th proximo.

Civil Department, on Saturday, the 14th proximo.

By Order of His Excellency the Governor General of India in Council,

C. Hugh Lushington,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, 13*th April* 1859.

No. 502 *of* 1859.—After a long and brilliant Career in India the 9th, "Queen's Royal," Lancers are on the eve of leaving Calcutta for England.

From the beginning of the Hostilities in which the British Army in India has recently been engaged, this Regiment has held a foremost place in the Contest.

Its name is inseparably connected with the Siege of Delhi, during which the Services rendered by its Officers and Men were various and most important: and in the latter Campaigns in Rohilcund and Oude it has closed its term with much Honor.

In taking leave of the 9th Lancers, the Viceroy and Governor General in Council desires to offer to this distinguished Regiment his hearty Thanks, not only for its good Services before the Enemy, but for the admirable Example which it has presented to the young Soldiers of the Indian Army by its perfection of Discipline, Conduct, and Efficiency.

The Regiment will be saluted by the Guns of Fort William on its departure.

Fort William, 14*th April* 1859.

No. 503 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, from the Foreign Department, are published in General Orders:—

No. 1851.—*The* 8*th April* 1859.—Lieutenant G. W. Manson, District Commandant, Oudh Military Police, has obtained leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, from the 20th March to the 20th September 1859, to proceed to Nynee Tal and the Hills North of Deyrah.

No. 1857.—*The* 12*th April* 1859.—The undermentioned Officers are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief:—

Lieutenant W. G. Chalmers, 51st Regiment Native Infantry, Assistant Commissioner at Kohat.

Lieutenant J. J. Boswell, 69th Regiment Native Infantry, Officiating Second in Command, 3rd Punjab Infantry.

No. 504 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, issued by the Government, North-Western Provinces, are published in General Orders:—

No. 1045.—*The* 5*th April* 1859.—*Leave of Absence.*—Captain R. H. Keatinge, Political Assistant in Nimar for six weeks, under the Rules applicable to Military Officers on Staff employ, preparatory to applying for Sick leave to Europe.

No. 1118.—*The* 8*th April* 1859.—Assistant Surgeon T. T. Sherlock, B. A., to be Civil Assistant Surgeon of Futtehpoor, from 19th February last, the date on which he assumed charge.

No. 1121.—Assistant Surgeon J. C. Bow, M. D., to officiate as Superintendent of the Allahabad Central Prison, during the absence on leave of Assistant Surgeon T. Farquhar, M. D., or until further orders.

No. 1065.—The unexpired portion of the leave of absence for one month, granted to Captain G. R. Cookson, Cantonment Joint Magistrate of Meerut, on private affairs, in Orders of 11th* ultimo, is cancelled from the 13th March, the date on which he rejoined.

* Published in Government General Order No. 352, of the 17th March 1859.

No. 505 *of* 1859.—The following Orders, issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjaub, and published in the *Punjaub Gazettes*, Nos. 13, 14, 15 and 16, of the 12th, 16th, 19th and 23rd February, are confirmed:—

9th Punjaub Infantry.

No. 84, 11*th February* 1859.—*Transfer.*—Jemadar Sunkur Singh to the Oudh Police, as Subadar.

No. 87, 12*th February* 1859.—The transfer of the under-mentioned men from the late 35th Light Infantry, to the 10th Punjaub Infantry, notified in Punjaub Order No. 67, dated 2nd February, is hereby cancelled:—

Havildar Myhase Singh, Naick Yakoob Ally, and Sepoy Dulleep Sing.

9th Punjaub Infantry.

Naick Yakoob Ally, from the late 35th Light Infantry.

13th Punjaub Infantry.

No. 88.—*Appointment.*—The Regimental Order, dated 21st January, by Lieutenant H. Bevill, Commanding, making over Command to Lieutenant Cox, and appointing Lieutenant Ruxton to officiate as Second in Command and assume Command of the Right Wing, in addition to his duties as Adjutant, is confirmed.

Lahore, 10th February 1859.

7th Regiment Punjaub Infantry.

No. 91.—The Regimental Order, dated 29th January, by Captain J. F. Stafford, Commanding, appointing Lieutenant H. A. Lewes, 20th Native Infantry, Supernumerary Doing Duty, to do duty in room of Lieutenant H. C. T. Jarrett, 20th Light Infantry, transferred to 20th Punjaub Infantry, is confirmed.

Lahore Light Horse.

No. 92.—The Regimental Order, dated 30th January, by Captain S. Jackson, Commanding, directing Captain G. G. Anderson, to act as Adjutant, until further orders, *vice* Lieutenant A. Shepherd, permitted to resign the appointment, is confirmed, as a special arrangement.

23rd Regiment Punjaub Infantry.

No. 93.—The following Regimental Orders by Captain G. C. Bloomfield, Commanding, are confirmed as temporary arrangements, dated 29th January:—

Directing Captain G. E. L. Willows to officiate as Second in Command during the absence of Lieutenant Hodgson, from 30th December 1858.

Dated 5*th February.*—Lieutenant H. Goschen, having reported his arrival to officiate as Adjutant from the 5th February.

8th Punjaub Infantry.

No. 94.—Subadar Chunda Singh is dismissed the Service for misconduct.

Lahore, 10th February 1859.

No. 95.—Sepoy Jurreef Khan, of the 2nd Punjaub Infantry, erroneously struck off the strength of that Regiment as a Deserter, is restored to the Service from the date of dismissal, and is transferred to the 12th Punjaub Infantry, with effect from the 25th December 1857.

No. 98.—*Erratum.*—In Punjaub Order No. 647, dated 21st August 1858, confirming a Regimental Order, making over Command of the 3rd Seikh Irregular Cavalry to Lieutenant B. W. Ryall, the words "in addition to his other duties" are to be omitted.

No. 99.—The Lahore Brigade Order, dated 11th February, by Brigadier S. Corbett, C. B., Commanding, appointing Veterinary Surgeon M. J. Marshall, 2nd Brigade Horse Artillery, to take charge of the Remount Depôt, in addition to his other duties during the absence of Second Captain H. Murray, on duty at Mooltan, is confirmed.

18th Punjaub Infantry.

No. 100.—The Officer Commanding is permitted to establish a Band in the Regiment, and to draw the prescribed Band Allowance from the date of its formation.

No. 101.—The Delhi Brigade Order, dated 10th February, by Brigadier J. Longfield, C. B., Commanding, appointing Lieutenant G. W. Richmond, late 54th Native Infantry, to do duty with the 23rd Punjaub Infantry, is confirmed as a temporary arrangement.

LAHORE, 23RD FEBRUARY 1859.

No. 103.—Major G. W. Stokes, Commanding Pathan Horse, on service in Hindoostan, is directed on being relieved from the Command, to proceed and join his own Corps, the 59th Native Infantry, at Umritsur, by Dâk at the public expense.

3rd Regiment Sikh Irregular Cavalry.

No. 105.—The Regimental Order, dated 7th February, by Lieutenant B. W. Ryall, Commanding, directing that Ramsahoy Opuddea, 1st Class Native Doctor, be borne on the strength of the Regiment from 2nd March 1858, the date he joined, and pay be drawn for him from that date, is confirmed.

No. 506 *of* 1859.—Lieutenant Colonel and Brevet Colonel Thomas Sewell, of the 25th Regiment Native Infantry, is permitted to proceed to the Cape of Good Hope, on Medical Certificate, and to be absent from Bengal on that account for two years, under the old Regulations.

Fort William, 15th April 1859.

No. 507 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned individual, of Her Majesty's Service, is permitted to reside and draw his pay at the Station specified opposite to his name, as an Out-pensioner of Chelsea Hospital, according to the 23rd Clause of the Royal Warrant of the 24th May 1847, pending a reference to the Horse Guards as to the amount of his Pension :—

Serjeant John Buckner...9th Lancers...Umballah.

No. 508 *of* 1859.—The following Orders, issued by the Brigadier General Commanding Peshawur Division, and now reported, are confirmed :—

No. 491, *dated 5th September* 1857.—Promoting the under-mentioned men, of the 7th Irregular Cavalry, in consideration of their exemplary loyalty to the State :

7th Irregular Cavalry.

Jemadar Shaick Hemayut Ally to be Ressaidar.

Sowar Boostum Ally to be Duffadar.

No. 534, *dated 17th September* 1857.—Making the following promotions :—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To what Rank promoted.	From what date.	In whose room.
7th I. C.	Kote Duffadar Mohib Ally Khan.	Jemadar ..	5th September 1857	Shaick Hemayut Ally, promoted.
18th I.C.	Naib Ressaldar Gynhzoodeen Khan	Woordie Major	6th Ditto. ..	Mahomed Zumed Khan, promoted.
	Jemadar Mahomed Wulle Khan	Naib Ressaldar	Ditto ..	Gynhzoodeen Khan, promoted.
	Kote Duffadar Ruhmutoollah Khan	Jemadar ..	Ditto ..	Mahomed Wulle Khan, promoted.

No. 509 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the restoration to the Service of the under-mentioned men, of the 28th Regiment Native Infantry, and to promote them to the next higher Grade as specified opposite to their respective names, in consideration of their admirable conduct on the occasion of the mutiny of their Regiment at Shajehanpore on the 31st May 1857 :—

Jemadar Ramsahaie Sing...	To be Subadar	31st May 1857.
Havildar Dewan Sing ..	To be Jemadar	
Havildar Ruhmatally Khan		
Havildar Jemaul Tewarry...		
Naik Gunness Tewarry ...	Havildar	
Sepoy Essoory Sing	Naik	
Sepoy Mohun Sing		
Sepoy Rushbeharrie Sing...		
Sepoy Seondur Sing		
Sepoy Sewsurn Pattuck ...		
Sepoy Goomaun Khan ...		
Sepoy Sheikh Khoda Buksh		
Sepoy Seetul Sing		
Sepoy Meerewan Khan ...		
Sepoy Goordut Ditchit ...		
Sepoy Sewdut Ditchit ...		
Sepoy Lutchmun Tewarry		
Sepoy Sheikh Cheetul ...		
Sepoy Heerah Sing		

No. 510 *of* 1859.— Assistant Surgeon John Williams, of the Medical Department, is allowed leave of absence from the 1st April to the 30th June 1859, to visit Bombay, with permission to proceed thence to Europe, on Furlough on private affairs, for two years, under the new Regulations.

No. 511 *of* 1859.—Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned gentlemen to be Cadets for the Infantry in Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces at the Presidency of Bengal, they are admitted into the Service, and promoted to the rank of Ensign, the former from the date assigned to him in Government General Order No. 400, dated 25th ultimo, leaving the date of Commisson of the latter for future adjustment :—

	Date of arrival at Fort William.
Infantry.	
Mr. Arthur Gore Handcock...	10th April 1859.
.. John Munro Sym ...	10th January 1859.

No. 512 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on Furlough, on private affairs:—

Lieutenant Charles William Peter, of the 42nd Regiment Native Infantry ...	For two years, under the new Regulations.

No. 513 *of* 1859.—Captain Clare Sewell Salmon, of the 57th Regiment Native Infantry, Officiating Major of Brigade, is allowed leave of absence from the 15th April to the 15th July 1859, to visit Bombay, with permission to proceed thence to Europe, on Furlough on private affairs, for three years, under the old Regulations.

No. 514 *of* 1859.—The following paragraphs of a Military letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 76, dated 9th ultimo, are published for general information:—

Para. 1. The under-mentioned Officers have been permitted to return to their duty, *viz.*:

Colonel J. Matthie.
Captain G. C. Haukin.
Captain Philip Rubie.
Captain E. C. Warner.
Lieutenant H. Jackson.
Lieutenant J. P. Harris.
Lieutenant W. H. Solly.
Lieutenant G. C. Swiney.
Lieutenant C. F. Packe.
Lieutenant J. D. Lance, *viâ* New Zealand.
Assistant Surgeon J. D. Wylie.

2. The under-mentioned Officers have been granted extensions of leave for the periods specified, *viz.*:

Colonel J. Travers ...	Three Months.
Colonel C. S. Maling ..	Six Months.
Major C. J. Richards...	
Major J. L. Walker...	
Captain H. M. Smith	
Captain E. B. Des Vœux	
Captain W. R. Cunningham ..	
Captain T. H. Wilson	
Captain H. Skinner ..	
Lieutenant E. C. Rawstorne ...	
Lieutenant H. P. P. Nash ...	
Lieutenant C. J. Nicholson ..	
Lieutenant C. J. Anderson ...	
Lieutenant W. G. Cubitt	
Lieutenant H. L. Gleig ..	Two Months.
Lieutenant J. Moore ...	Six Ditto.
Lieutenant C. F. Packe ..	Three Ditto.
Lieutenant C. W. Campbell	Six Ditto.
Lieutenant G. G. Gordon	Three Ditto.
Lieutenant W. R. Boyd Lieutenant J. P. Martin Surgeon G. Rae ... Assistant Surgeon M. W. Mott ... Assistant Surgeon J. B. S. Brown ... Assistant Surgeon A. J. Dale ...	Six Months.

3. The under-mentioned Officers have been permitted to retire from the Service, from the dates specified, *viz.*:—

Colonel G. H. Macgregor, C. B., Artillery, from the 22nd December 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel G. G. Channer, Artillery, from the 10th October 1858.

Lieutenant Colonel J. A. Weller, Engineers, from the 31st December 1858.

Lieutenant Colonel T. J. Nuthall, Infantry, from the 21st January 1859.

Captain R. Robertson, 70th Native Infantry, from the 10th January 1859.

Captain S. D. Turner, 21st Native Infantry, from the 6th September 1858.

Lieutenant R. A. F. W. Ellis, 18th Native Infantry, from the 9th June 1858.

4. Conductor C. Antisell has also been permitted to retire from the Service, from the 28th January 1859.

No. 515 *of* 1859.—The following promotion is made:—

22nd Native Infantry.

Ensign James Barry Slater to be Lieutenant, from the 1st April 1859, *vice* Lieutenant R. J. Grant, killed in action.

No. 516 of 1859.—*Erratum.*—In Government General Order No. 492, of the 12th instant, promoting Sub-Conductor W. Craig to the rank of Conductor for "29th December 1858," read *29th November* 1858. Order Books to be corrected accordingly.

No. 517 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate:—

Assistant Surgeon David Young, M. D., of the Medical Department, attached to the Buxar and Koruntadhee Stud Depôts ...	For two years, under the old Regulations.
Lieutenant Edward Samuel Jackson, of the 12th Regiment Native Infantry, Sub-Assistant, Stud Department.	For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 518 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers have returned to their duty on this Establishment, without prejudice to their rank:—

	Date of arrival at Fort William.
Lieutenant Thomas Edward Powell, of the 43rd Light Infantry ..	1st April 1859.
Lieutenant Jocelyn Pickard Cambridge, 2nd Native Infantry (Grenadiers) ..	2nd April 1859.

No. 519 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Assistant Surgeon W. H. Adley, Officiating in Medical charge of the Haupper Stud, to the Medical charge of the Regiment of Irregular Cavalry, under the Command of Major Roberts at Meerut.

No. 520 *of* 1859.—In continuation of Government General Order No. 256, of the 25th February 1859, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the Offices of Agent for Gun Carriages and Agent for Gun Powder which, under existing rules are required to be vacated on promotion to Lieutenant-Colonel, shall be removed from Class V. and placed under Class IV. in Government General Order No. 489, of the 10th June 1853, regulating the tenure of Staff employment.

No. 521 *of* 1859.—The following Order, issued by the Government of Bombay, is confirmed :—

No. 137, *of the* 17*th February* 1859.—Permitting Surgeon Alexander Cushnie Morison, of the Medical Department, to retire from the Service from the 20th February 1859.

No. 522 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate :—

Captain and Brevet Major Richards Rich Wilford Ellis, of the 23rd Regiment Native Infantry ...	For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 523 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment :—

HYDERABAD CONTINGENT.

Artillery.

Lieutenant S. H. E. Chamier, Madras Artillery, Officiating Commandant of the 3rd Company to the Command of the 1st Company, *vice* Lieutenant Colonel Orr, who vacates on promotion.

No. 524 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer has returned to his duty on this Establishment, without prejudice to his rank :—

	Date of arrival at Fort William.
Lieutenant Charles Ellison Bates, of the 36th Native Infantry, Adjutant of the 22nd Punjaub Infantry ...	13th April 1859.

No. 525 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit Duffadar Yacoob Alli Khan, of the Ramghur Irregular Cavalry, to the 3rd Class of the Order of Merit, in consideration of his conspicuous gallantry in an engagement with a body of mutineers at the Village of Pertole, on the 25th January 1859.

No. 526 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on Furlough, on private affairs :—

Brevet Lieutenant Colonel Thomas Henry Shuldham, of the 15th Regiment Native Infantry	For three years, under the old Regulations.

No. 527 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit the under-mentioned Native Officers and Men to the 3rd Class of the Order of Merit, in consideration of their distinguished conduct and conspicuous gallantry in the field :—

1st Regiment Sikh Irregular Cavalry.

Ressaidar Mizamoodeen Khan.
Kote Duffadar Bhudawa Sing.
Duffadar Aumzoollah Khan.

R. J. H. BIRCH, *Major-General,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Public Works Department.

GENERAL.—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 87.

The 11*th April* 1859.

Leave of Absence.—The preparatory leave granted to Captain W. Henderson, of Engineers, in Notification No. 102, dated Allahabad, 18th December 1858, is to be held to have commenced on the 15th January 1859, the date on which he availed himself thereof.

H. YULE, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 2141.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The* 4*th April* 1859.—Mr. H. T. Prinsep to be a Member of the Charitable Hospital and Dispensary at Tumlook.

The 11*th April* 1859.—Mr. E. Jackson, Officiating Additional Judge of the 24-Pergunnahs, &c., is empowered to try commitments from the Dacoity Commissioner and his Subordinates, in the District of Beerbhoom.

Mr. T. E. Ravenshaw, Dacoity Commissioner, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate in the District of Beerbhoom.

Lieutenant H. M. Boddam, Assistant General Superintendent for the Suppression of Thuggee, and Assistant to the Dacoity Commissioner, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate in the Districts of Beerbhoom and Balasore.

Baboo Chunder Sikur Roy, Deputy Magistrate, under the Dacoity Commissioner, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate in the District of Beerbhoom.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—*The* 6*th April* 1859.—Baboo Kooladanundo Mookerjee, Sudder Ameen and Sudder Moonsiff of Rungpore, for two months, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 24th of February last.

The 11*th April* 1859.—Mr. F. M. Halliday, Assistant to the Magistrate and the Collector of Hooghly, for three weeks from the 18th instant, under Section XII. of the new revised Absentee Rules.

NOTIFICATION.—*The* 12*th April* 1859.—Mr. A. R. Thompson, Officiating Junior Secretary to the Board of Revenue, assumed charge of his Office on the 6th instant, from which date the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him on the 16th ultimo, has been cancelled.

A. R. YOUNG,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 1164.

Allahabad, the 9th April 1859.

Appointments.—Mr. Francis Boyle Pearson to officiate as Civil and Sessions Judge of Cawnpoor, during the absence of Mr. J. H. Batten, or until further orders.

No. 1171.

Mr. John Hallet Batten to officiate as Commissioner of the Rohilcund Division, during the absence on leave of Mr. R. Alexander, or until further orders, making over charge of the current duties of his present office to the Principal Sudder Ameen of Cawnpoor.

Mr. James Hunter Prinsep to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Allygurh, during the absence of Mr. Bramley, or until further orders.

Mr. Fergusson Floyer Hogg, Joint Magistrate of the 1st Class, having reported his return to India, on the 1st instant, is posted to the Meerut District.

No. 479.

Revenue Department,

The 11th April 1859.

Notifications.—Mr. George B. Maconochie, Deputy Collector of Etawah, is promoted to the 1st Grade of Deputy Collectors.

No. 1220.

The 12th April 1859.

Mahomed Moorad Ally, late Officiating Cotwal of Agra, having been proved to have aided the Rebel cause, during the late disturbances, is hereby declared unworthy to serve Government in any capacity.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

E. C. Bayley,

Offg. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 630.

Allahabad, the 8th April 1859.

Appointment.—Lieutenant P. C. Dalmahoy, Adjutant of Humeerpore Military Police, to be a Member of the Road, Ferry, and Local Agency Funds Committee of that District.

By Order of the Honorable the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

F. B. Outram,

Offg. Under-Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 184.

Allahabad, the 11th April 1859.

Appointment.—Captain J. S. Rawlins, 44th Native Infantry, to be Commandant of the Auxiliary Levy, and District Commandant in Mynpoory, from the 22nd ultimo, during the absence of Captain Eckford, or until further orders.

No. 186.

Notification.—The unexpired portion (*viz.* twenty-eight days) of the privilege leave for eight weeks, granted to Captain T. Dennehy, Commandant Allahabad Division Police Battalion, in Orders dated 1st ultimo, is cancelled.

No. 188.

Leave of Absence.—Captain C. P. Hallett, Commanding Allygurh District Police, for two months, on private affairs, from 1st of May, or from such date as he may avail himself of it, to visit Nynee Tal and Mussoorie.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

G. W. Williams, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Military Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces.

General Department,

Nos. 727-9, *dated* 31*st March* 1859.

Leave.—Mr. D. F. McLeod, Financial Commissioner of the Punjab, has obtained one month's leave of absence under Section XII. of the Civil Service Absentee Rules, from the 15th April 1859, or from the date on which he may avail himself thereof.

Mr. A. A. Roberts, Commissioner of Jhelum, will perform the duties of the Financial Commissioner, in addition to his own, during Mr. McLeod's absence.

Public Works Department,

No. 683, *dated* 1*st April* 1859.

Transfers.—Mr. Conductor E. J. Smith, Sub-Engineer, from Sealkote to Jhelum.

General Department,

Nos. 732-4.

The Reverend C. W. Cahusac, Chaplain of Kussowlee, to Simla.

The Reverend F. Farrer, Chaplain of Simla, to Kussowlee.

Nos. 740-1.

Notification.—The Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to transfer the Kangurh District from the Leia to the Mooltan Division, and to determine that its designation shall in future be the *Mozuffergurh* District.

Dated 2nd April 1859.

Appointment.—Mr. J. Beames, Assistant Commissioner, has been appointed Secretary to the Local Fund Committee of Goojrat.

No. 754, *dated 4th April* 1859.

Transfers.—The services of Captain R. H. D. Tulloh, Assistant Commissioner, Peshawur, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner in Oude, as a temporary arrangement.

Nos. 761-3, *dated 5th April* 1859.

The transfers of the Reverend J. K. Stuart to Mecan Meer, and of the Reverend H. Murray to Rawul Pindee, notified in the *Punjab Gazette* of the 30th March 1859, are hereby cancelled.

Nos. 783-4, *dated 6th April* 1859.

Mr. C. E. Bernard, Assistant Commissioner, from the Hooshyarpoor to the Jullunder District.

Nos. 785-7.

Sir A. H. Lawrence, *Bart.*, Assistant Commissioner, from the Lahore to the Kangra District.

Nos. 788-90.

Mr. W. G. Lennox, Extra Assistant, from the Hooshyarpoor to the Sirsa District.

Nos. 791-3.

Mr. Cecil Burton, Extra Assistant, from the Sirsa to the Kurnal District.

No. 755, *dated 4th April* 1859.

Leave.—The leave, on Medical Certificate, granted to Extra Assistant Syud Sooltan Allee of Khangurh, notified in the *Punjab Gazette* of the 12th March 1859, is cancelled at his own request.

Nos. 756-8.

Dismissal.—Mirza Mahomed, late Serishtadar of the Assistant Commissioner's Office in Yoosufzai, dismissed for bribery and corruption, is prescribed from further employment under Government.

Dated 6th April 1858.

Appointments.—Mr. W. B. Jones, Assistant Commissioner, is appointed to be Secretary to the Local Fund Committee at Lahore, in succession to Captain R. Young, transferred to another District.

Nos. 781-2.

Mr. F. E. Moore to be an Extra Assistant of the 2nd Class, from the date of his relieving Mr. W. G. Lennox, Extra Assistant, at Hooshyarpoor.

Promotions.—The Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to make the following promotions from the date of Mr. R. P. Jenkins' departure from India on Furlough:—

Captain A. L. Busk, Deputy Commissioner of the 2nd Class, to be Deputy Commissioner of the 1st Class.

Captain H. W. H. Coxe, Deputy Commissioner of the 3rd Class, to be Deputy Commissioner of the 2nd Class.

Captain Ralph Young, Assistant Commissioner of the 1st Class, to be Deputy Commissioner of the 3rd Class.

Mr. R. W. Thomas, Assistant Commissioner of the 2nd Class, to be Assistant Commissioner of the 1st Class.

The Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to make the following promotion, with effect from the date of Mr. H. B. Henderson's departure from India:—

Mr. R. E. Egerton, Deputy Commissioner of the 2nd Class, to be Deputy Commissioner of the 1st Class.

Shahzadah Jumbhoor, Extra Assistant of the 2nd Class, to be Extra Assistant of the 1st Class, from the date of Mr. W. E. Blyth's promotion to the grade of Assistant Commissioner.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces,

R. H. Davies,
Secy. to Govt., Punjab Provinces.

No. 257.

Notice.

Tenders for the transportation of Salt from the Central and Southern Agencies of Orissa, to the Government Golahs at Sulkea, will be received at this Office until 2 P. M., of the 17th of May next.

2. The Tenders must be drawn up according to a form which may be obtained on application at this Office.

3. Distinct contracts must be entered into for the removal of the Salt in each of the three following localities, to wit Hunsooah (in Central Cuttack) and the Ustrung Aurungs and the Chilka Lake Aurungs, in the Southern or Poorce Agency.

4. Parties tendering must satisfy the Board of Revenue and the Commissioner of Cuttack, that they possess the means of conveying the full quantity of Salt tendered for, and with this object a list of the vessels intended to be employed must accompany each Tender.

5. The quantity of Salt to be shipped at the Hunsooah Golahs will probably not exceed 1,00,000 maunds in each year; that from the Ustrungs is roughly estimated at 80,000 maunds for the ensuing season, and that from the Chilka Aurungs at maunds 3,20,000. The tenderer may apply for the whole quantity for which freight is required at each locality, or for any part not less than a quarter of such quantity.

6. Contractors must engage to ship the Salt allotted to them, during the period between the last spring tides of October and the end of February.

7. Parties whose tenders are accepted will be required to make a deposit of Government Promissory Notes, or to furnish other unexceptionable Security for the performance of their contracts.

8. The Board reserve to themselves the right of rejecting any Tender without assigning a reason.

By order of the Board of Revenue,

E. T. TREVOR,
Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 15th March 1859.

Notification No. 938.

THE Public Bill Forms, bearing the printed Nos. noted in the margin having been found to be missing from the Purneah Treasury, are hereby cancelled; and Officers in charge of Treasuries are cautioned to refuse acceptance of them if presented, taking the requisite steps for the apprehension of the parties concerned in negociating them.

No. 297897
" 297898
" 297899
" 297900

R. P. HARRISON,
Offg. Acctt. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM,
Office of Acctt. Govt. of Bengal.
The 7th April 1859.

Notification No. 42.

MR. W. H. BROWNLOW, Sub-Assistant Commissioner, received charge of the Gowalparah Treasury on the 31st ultimo.

BABOO DWARKANATH BANERJEA, Uncovenanted Deputy Collector, received charge of the Treasury at Pubnah on the 4th instant.

R. P. HARRISON,
Offg. Acctt. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM;
Office of Acctt., Govt. of Bengal,
The 9th April 1859.

Notification.

AT the instance of the Accountants in the North-Western Provinces and the Punjab, the undersigned begs to draw the attention of Officers obtaining Sepoys' Remittance Drafts from Civil Treasuries, to the General Order No. 314, of the 8th November 1844, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 16th idem, page 908, directing that such Drafts should, after the Descriptive Roll at foot has been filled up, be transmitted by the Officer obtaining them to the Officer in charge of the Treasury drawn upon.

E. DRUMMOND,
Acctt. Genl. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM;
Accountant General's Office,
Durbar & Revenue Department,
The 2nd April 1859.

Notice.

THE Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, Public Works Department, will be held from the 16th instant in No. 1, Harington Street.

ALEX. FRASER, *Captain,*
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT;
No. 4, Chowringhee,
The 14th April 1859.

Notice.

COLLECTORS and Officers in charge of Public Treasuries drawing Drafts on the Accountant General to the Government of India, or on the Sub-Treasurer, Fort William, are particularly requested to attest with their *own* initials all alterations or corrections that my be made in their Bills or Letters of Advice, as, owing to alterations not having been so attested, much inconvenience and delay have occurred in accepting Bills.

2. Advices of all Bills drawn on Calcutta should be sent to the Accountant General, Government of India, and not to the Sub-Treasurer.

GEO. W. KELLNER,
Offg. Asst. Acct. Genl. to the Govt of India.

FORT WILLIAM;
Accountt. Genl's. Office,
Bill Acceptance Department,
The 8th April 1859.

Notification.

THE Civil Auditor, North-Western Provinces, has the honor to repeat his annual call to all Disbursing Officers in charge of Civil Establishments in the North-Western Provinces, for the submission (as soon after the 1st May next, as practicable, with the April Abstract) of their regular Annual Detailed Statement, containing the names and full particulars of the whole of the Establishment; and to observe that, with reference to the orders of Government, dated 15th October 1842, published in the *Agra Government Gazette*, of the 15th November 1842, the audit of their Abstracts for April next will be withheld until the receipt of the required Returns.

2. To facilitate check, it is particularly requested that the Abstract for April be sub-divided into distinct headings, so that each description of Office with its total shall correspond with the details given in the Statement of Establishment for the 1st May, agreeably to the Form furnished.

3. It is also requested that the *three separate* Lists prescribed for all Uncovenanted Civil Servants (Europeans and East Indians) and Native, (in the last the names of *only those* holding appointments of *trust* and *responsibility* should be inserted,) employed on their Establishments, be furnished for 1st May 1859, without delay.

H. LOCH,
Offg. Civil Auditor.

CIVIL AUDITOR'S OFFICE;
N. W. P., Allahabad,
The 31st March 1859.

WEEKLY STATEMENT OF TRAFFIC PASSED THROUGH THE CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS FROM 7th TO 14th APRIL 1859.

From 7th to 14th April 1859.	Name of Chowkeys.	Charcoal.			Wood Coal.			Piece Goods, Native Produce.			Piece Goods, Imported Fabrics.			Hides.			Cotton.			Castor Seed.			Castor Oil.			Indigo.			Jaggery.			Jute.			Lime.			Mustard Seed.			Mustard Seed Oil.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
Circular Canal — Bamanghatta		...	...	..	...	..	.	...	..	...	...	..	..	21	13450	49700	...	...	.	1	125	100	...	..	..	...	...	...	55	22000	17600	36	26150	19000	36	35375	25100	74	35375	24625	1	575	175
Circular Canal — Chitpore		19	23500	14100	..	...	...	...	..	..	9	4850	225	bale	..	...	2	1075	150	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tolly's Nullah — Samookpotta		...	...	...	2	475	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	2575	1850	...	...	...	..	...	...	30	18250	12050	2	975	600
Tolly's Nullah — Russa		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tolly's Nullah — Kyderpore		6	13400	7800	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	150	10	...	...	...	1	1300	500	...	...	...	...	...	...

From 7th to 14th April 1859.	Name of Chowkeys.	Salt.			Sugar.			Tobacco.			Linseed.			Paddy.			Pulse.			Peas.			Rice.			Wheat.			Lentil.			Grain.			Sundries.	
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Total Number of Boats.	Total Maundage by Canal Measurement.
Circular Canal — Bamanghatta		...	...	...	127	59830	42250	12	6325	4300	64	27600	19450	13	4500	3075	4	800	550	30	7800	5500	116	70850	50625	1	400	300	15	6425	4850	5	3500	2900	906	330825
Circular Canal — Chitpore		122	85475	44025	1	175	100	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	460	233925
Tolly's Nullah — Samookpotta		.	..	...	1	150	100	2	1450	700	2	3825	1400	42	9450	7600	12	2350	1425	11	4100	2800	12	3700	2350	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	269	120125
Tolly's Nullah — Russa		..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35	1850	1305	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	108	4025
Tolly's Nullah — Kyderpore		10	9625	4850	...	...	...	1	275	100	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	181	52250

J. F. GALIFFE,
Collector and Magistrate of Canals.

Notice of the Municipal Commissioners.

THE Municipal Commissioners hereby notify that they have this day attached their signatures to the Assessment Books for the year 1859, in accordance with the provisions of Section X. of Act XXV. of 1856.

By Order of the Board,

ROBT. TURNBULL,
Secretary to the Municipal Commissioners.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE;
3, *Chowringhee Road,*
Calcutta, 9th April 1859.

Education Notice.

MEDICAL COLLEGE, CALCUTTA.

IT is hereby notified that, the Primary or English Class of the Medical College will for the future include, (in addition to Scholarship Holders and Free Students), a Class of Paying Pupils.

2. Such pupils, on admission to the Medical College, will be subjected to the rules regarding an Entrance Examination, which apply to all other Students of the English Class of the College.

3. They will be required to conform to the rules of the Institution generally, in all matters connected with discipline.

4 They will be required to pursue their studies in the order and after the manner prescribed by the rules of the Calcutta University and of the Medical College.

5. On admission, each Student will be charged an Entrance Fee of Rupees (15) fifteen, for the use of books, &c., and he will afterwards be required to pay a tuition fee of Rupees (5) five monthly during such time as he may remain in the Medical College.

6. Paying Students of the English Class will be at liberty to leave the College, should they so wish, at any period of their studies, receiving Certificates for such courses of lectures; or hospital attendance as they may have followed, or they will be allowed to complete their Medical Education in the College, and after obtaining the University Degree in Medicine and Surgery to volunteer for the service of Government or not, as they may think proper.

W. C. B. EATWELL, *M. D.*,
Principal, Medical College.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 7th April 1859.

Notification.

WITH the sanction of the Governor General of India in Council, it is hereby declared that the Port of Rangoon, and the Navigable River and Channels leading to that Port, are subject to Act XXII. of 1855.

The limits of the said Port of Rangoon are as follows:—

To the West.—A Line drawn South-West from the boundary pillar at Kemmendine across the Rangoon River, to the boundary pillar on the opposite bank at the entrance of the Panlang Creek.

To the South-East.—A Line drawn East from King's Point on the Dallah side of the Rangoon River, to the boundary pillar on the Syriam side.

To the North-East.—A Line running North-West and South-East drawn from the boundary pillar on the Rangoon or West side of the Pegu River, to a boundary pillar on the Syriam or East side, so much of Puzzomdoung Creek as lies South of a Line drawn from a pillar on the East above Kyeezeik Village to a pillar opposide to the West bank of the Creek.

The limits of the said Port include to the North and South, so much of the Rangoon River and of the Shores thereof, and so much of the Puzzomdoung Creek, and the Shores thereof as are within fifty yards of high-water mark spring tides.

The limits of the Navigable River and Channels leading to the said Port, made subject to the said Act, are as follows:

To the North.—The Port of Rangoon as above defined.

To the South.—A Line drawn East and West from the Light Ship.

All Ports of the Rangoon River between the said limits and below high-water line at spring tides are subject to the said Act.

PORT RULES.

I. No vessel, if above 200 tons, shall enter within the limits of the Port of Rangoon, or move from one place to another within the Port, between sun-set and sun-rise, without the special permission of the Master Attendant.

II. The Commanders of all vessels arriving at the Port of Rangoon are desired to enter correctly in the Columns of the Report Book of the Master Attendant, as soon as presented to them, the information therein required, regarding their vessels. They will also report in writing to the Master Attendant twenty-four hours before their departure the particulars noted in the forms appended hereto.

III. All Commanders of vessels arriving at Rangoon shall anchor in such a position as the Master Attendant or his Assistant shall direct. All vessels above 100 tons' burthen shall moor with two bower anchors and 30 fathoms of cable each way, and shall not move from their position without a Pilot, except with the express permission of the same authority.

IV. All Commanders of vessels shall have their jib and driver booms rigged in, when required by the Master Attendant, and shall strike their yard and masts if required so to do by, or by order of the same Officer.

V. Every ship or vessel within the Port of Rangoon shall have removed any anchor or spar or other substance projecting from her side, when so required by the Master Attendant, or other Officer of the Port.

VI. The Commanders of all vessels entering the Port of Rangoon, with ballast on board, shall without delay send to the Master Attendant a report in writing, stating the description of ballast on board, the quantity in tons, and the port of

shipment; application must be made by the Commander to the Master Attendant for permission to tranship or land ballast, and no ballast shall be transhipped or landed except under the sanction of the Master Attendant and only at such Stations as he shall direct

VII. A free channel of 240 yards which is to be kept for ships moving up or down the River within the Port, and also free passages to Piers, Jetties, Landing places, Wharves, Quays, Docks and Moorings, and all vessels shall be bound to move when required to clear such channels or passages.

VIII. All vessels within the Port of Rangoon shall be moored or warped from place to place as required by the Master Attendant, or other Officer of the Port, and no vessels shall cast off a warp that has been made fast to her to assist a vessel in mooring without being required to do so by the Pilot or Officer in charge of the vessel mooring.

IX. No vessels within the limits of the Port of Rangoon shall boil any pitch or dammer on board, or shall draw off spirits by candle or other artificial lights.

X. All vessels within the limits of the Channels leading to the Port of Rangoon shall when at anchor, between sun-set and sun rise, have a good light hoisted at the starboard fore-yard arm; and all vessels under weigh at night shall show a good light at the fore-royal or upper foremast head, and when under weigh in tow of a steamer shall in addition to the masthead light, show a good light at each fore-yard arm; the steamer showing the usual light prescribed by the Admiralty Regulations.

XI. No vessel shall use any of the Government chain moorings, whether fixed or swinging, without permission of the Master Attendant

XII. All vessels occupying Government mooring fixed or swinging, shall be liable to pay for the same, according to the following scale and no more :—

	From 1st November to 30th May, being seven months. Per Diem, Rs.	From 1st June to 31st October, being five months. Per Diem, Rs.
For fixed moorings		
All vessels up to 199 tons	1	3
Ditto from 200 to 299 „	2	4
Ditto from 300 to 399 „	3	5
Ditto from 400 to 499 „	4	6
Ditto from 500 to 599 „	5	7
Ditto from 600 to 999 „	6	8
Ditto from 1000 and upwards	8	10
Swinging moorings	3	4

XIII. The rate fixed for warfage payable by all vessels at Government Wharves is at annas (8) eight per ton, according to the registered tonnage and one day for each (50) fifty tons is allowed for vessels to load or discharge their cargoes. Vessels remaining alongside Government Wharves, beyond the time allowed according to the tonnage, will be subject to an additional charge of annas (4) four per ton, for each day.

The provisions of Section XII. XXXVII. and XL. of the said Act No. XXII. of 1855, are hereby specially extended to the Port of Rangoon.

A. P. Phayre,
Commissioner of Pegu, and Agent to the Governor General.

Form of Conservator of Ports' Report Book of Arrival.

Date of arrival at Rangoon.	Name of Vessel.	Rig of Vessel.	Tonnage.	Under what Flag.	Name of Commander.	Where from.	Date of Departure.	Intermediate Ports touched at	Names of Passengers.	Remarks.
										Any vessel spoken with, or wreck seen, particulars to be noted.

A. P. Phayre,
Commissioner of Pegu, and Agent to the Governor General.

Particulars required to be reported by Commanders of Vessels previous to their departure as per Rule II.

Intended date of Departure.	Name of Vessel.	Rig of Vessel.	Tonnage.	Under what Flag	Name of Commander.	Where bound.	Names of Passengers.	Remarks.

A. P. Phayre,
Commissioner of Pegu, and Agent to the Governor General.

Mutlah Superintendent's Advertisement.

Notice is hereby given, that Lots Nos. 5, 68, 69, 71, 72, 73, 74, 79, 80, 88, 89, 90, 91, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 116, 126, 127, 136, 137, 138, 142, 150, 165, 170, 175, 176, 180, 189, 190, 191 and 192, on the site of the proposed Town of Mutlah, having been applied for, they will be sold by Public Auction, at the Superintendent's Office, 34, Park Street, on Thursday, the 21st April 1859, at noon.

The highest bidder will be entitled to the Lots, on depositing immediately after the sale the full amount of the bid. On confirmation of the sale a Lease will be made out, and made over to the purchaser, who will become the Lessee. The Form of the Lease showing terms may be seen at the Superintendent's Office, and also the Plan of the pasodoid Town, showing the position of the Lot.

H. Leonard, *C. E.*,
Superintendent of Mutlah.

Mutlah Supdt.'s Office,
The 13th April 1859.

SEALED TENDERS, for landing and stacking Government Public Works Stores coming out from England to this Port, will be received by the Officiating Civil Architect in his Office, No. 87, South Collingah Street, up to 4 P. M., on the 20th instant.

The Tenders should enumerate the rate per Ton for landing Stores of every description and size from the different Ships, inclusive of all charges of staking, piling and delivering, &c., for one year commencing from the 1st May 1859.

Tenders are to be made in strict accordance with the general condition drawn out in the Civil Architect's Office, where it can be seen from 11 A. M. to 4 P. M.

A Deposit in Cash of (100) one hundred Rupees is required with each Tender, subject to forfeiture if the Tenders be withdrawn.

ARCH. IMPEY, *Captain*,
Offg. Civil Architect.

CALCUTTA,
The 6th April 1859.

TO BE SOLD, pursuant to a decree of the Supreme Court of Judicature, at Fort William in Bengal, made in a certain Cause, wherein Robert Molloy, Alexander Brodie Mackintosh, and Henry Harington Poe, Executor of William Haring Poe, deceased, are Plaintiffs, and Hurchunder Lahoree is Defendant, bearing date the 27th day of October 1857, with the approbation of John Cochrane, Esquire, the Master of the said Supreme Court, at his Office in the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on a day of which due notice will be hereafter given, the following properties, that is to say,—

A piece or parcel of land or ground, containing by estimation twenty-five biggahs and one and a half cottahs, situate in Ramkistnopore, in Pergunnah Boroo, in the Zillah of the Twenty-four Pergunnahs and Province of Bengal, and butted and bounded as follows :—(that is to say,) on the North by the rented land of Mr. Robinson, on the West by the garden of Sreenauth Mullick, on the East by the River Hooghly, and on the South by an Embankment.

A piece or parcel of land or ground, containing forty biggahs more or less, situate, lying and being at Sulkea, in Pergunnah Balleah, in the Zillah of the Twenty-four Pergunnahs aforesaid, and commonly called "Gollabattee," and butted and bounded as follows :—(that is to say,) on the North by the East India Company's Salt Golah, on the South by a Highway, on the East by the River Hooghly, and on the West by a Highway, and in respect of which said piece or parcel of land or ground a yearly rent of Company's Rupees one hundred and ninety-four, two annas and one pie is payable to the Zemindar or Landlord thereof.

A piece of garden ground standing in the name of the said Hurchunder Lahoree, held by pottah No. 1076, containing by estimation one biggah and three cottahs, situate at a place called Braminparrah, in the Town of Serampore, and in the Zillah of Hooghly.

A brick-built house, together with the piece of lackraj or rent-free land thereto belonging, and on part whereof the same is erected, under a pottah No. 1145, in the Serampore Collectorate Register, containing by estimation one biggah and nine cottahs more or less, situate at Serampore, aforesaid, and bounded as follows :—(that is to say), on the North and West by the land of the said Hurchunder Lahoree, on the South and East by a lane.

Another piece or parcel of land, held under a pottah No. 1077, in the Serampore Collectorate Register, comprising two biggahs and ten cottahs more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore, aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows :—(that is to say), on the North by a Highway, on the South by the land of Shaikh Nokree Tailor, on the East by the land of Moorjin Mistry, and on the West by a foot path, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupees seven, eleven annas and eight pies is payable to Government the Landlord thereof.

Another piece or parcel of land held under a pottah No. 1161, in the Serampore Collectorate Register, comprising fifteen cottahs more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore, aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows :—(that is to say), on the North by the land of Nilloo Dharra, on the South by the land of Goluck Pyne, on the East by the land of Potey Mistry, and on the West by a Highway, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupee one, nine annas and six pies is payable to the Landlord thereof.

Another piece of land held under a pottah No. 1402, in the said Collectorate Register, comprising seven cottahs and five chittacks, situate, lying and being at Serampore, aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows :—(that is to say), on the North by the River Hooghly, on the South by a Highway, on the East by the land of Gourmohun Gossain, and on the West by the debutter land of Sree Sree Radamadub Takoor, and in respect whereof the yearly rent of Company's Rupees two, eleven annas and nine pies is payable to the Landlord thereof.

Another piece or parcel of land, held under a pottah No. 1411, (upon which stands a lower-roomed godown) in the said Collectorate Register, comprising two cottahs more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore, aforesaid, and bounded as follows :—(that is to say), on the North by a Highway, on the South by the land of Petumber Chunder, on the East by the land of Bungsy Chunder, and on the West by a lane, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of twelve annas and nine pies is payable to Government the Landlord thereof.

Another piece or parcel of land, held under a pottah No. 1449, in the said Collectorate Register, comprising five cottahs more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore, aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows :—(that is to say), on the North and South by the land of the late Ruggoram Gossain, and on the East and West by the land of the said Hurchunder Lahoree, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupee one is payable to Government.

Another piece or parcel of lakraj or rent-free land, held under a pottah No. 1146, in the said Collectorate Register, comprising three biggahs, thirteen cottahs, and seven chittacks more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore, aforesaid, and situate and being in front of the brick-built building in the said Hurchunder Lahoree's garden.

A brick-built ghaut, situate in the village of Chittra on the banks of the River Hooghly, called Hurro Baboo's Ghaut, and being in front of the said family dwelling-house in Braminparrah, in Serampore, aforesaid, situate on the opposite side of the road.

Another piece or parcel of garden ground, comprising on the whole about thirty biggahs or thereabouts, including three tanks therein, together also with the lower-roomed dwelling-house or bytuckhannah, standing on part thereof, and which said garden ground constitutes at present one compound and belongs as to part thereof to Serampore, and as to another part thereof to Rajjedhurpore, and also as to the remainder thereof, is lakraj land.

Another piece of land, comprising in the whole two biggahs and four cottahs or thereabouts, held in perpetual tenure by the said Hurchunder Lahoree from Gopeckisto Gossain, the Zemindar of Chittrah, ten annas and fifteen gundahs share at an annual rent for the whole of Company's Rupees sixteen, thirteen annas and seventeen gundahs, and which said land is now occupied by the following tenants, under the said Hurchunder Lahoree; namely, Sonatun Chootar, two cottahs and eight chittacks; Mohun Mallah, five cottahs; Bungshee Dome, one cottah and eight chittacks; Komul Ghurramee, two cottahs; Modoosoodun Malla and Banessur Malla, four cottahs; Juggobundoo Malla, one cottah; Bhoota's mother, one cottah; Hurro Malanee, one cottah; Ramdhone Malla, three cottahs; Rokeenee Malla and Poresh Bewah, one cottah and eight chittacks; Roopchund Choonooree, one cottah and eight chittacks; Bhuguram Modock, three cottahs; Hurroo Chatterjee, three cottahs; Potee Bewah, one cottah; Chauroo Dome, three cottahs; Kallee Chootar, two cottahs; Janokee Panjaree, two cottahs; Hullodhur Dome, one cottah and eight chittacks; Ramchand Malla and Nubbye Malla. three cottahs, total—two biggahs and four cottahs,

Another piece of land, situate in Chittrah Gourunghatty, comprising in the whole two biggahs and eight cottahs more or less, held by the said Hurchunder Lahoree in perpetual tenure from Ramtarun Chowdry and several others, the Zemindars of Chittrah, nine annas share subject to the annual rent of Company's Rupees eleven, three annas and four gundahs; and which said land as to ten cottahs thereof are known as Stable-barry and have an upper-roomed house erected on part thereof, and which said land as to the remaining one biggah and eighteen cottahs is occupied by the following tenants holding from the said Hurchunder Lahoree, *namely*, Juggoo, koloo, Bachoo, chokedar, and Kyroo, straw-seller.

Another piece of land comprising ten cottahs situate in Chittrah aforesaid, held by the said Hurchunder Lahoree in perpetual tenure from Ramnarain Mookerjee, as zemindar thereof at the annual rent of one Rupee, six annas and six pies, and which land as to seven cottahs is at present in the possession of Hurchunder Lahoree, as to one cottah in the occupation of Bungsee Koyboto, and as the remaining two cottahs in the possession of Jadoo Paramanick as his tenants.

An upper-roomed brick-built family dwelling-house, situate at Braminparrah, in the Town of Serampore, in the Zillah of Hooghly, and the piece or parcel of land or part whereof the same is erected and built, containing in the whole by measurement, as appears by the pottahs thereof, (one pottah being for nine cottahs and six chittacks of land, and the other pottah for two biggahs, two cottahs, thirteen chittacks and five feet), two biggahs, twelve cottahs, three chittacks and five feet and bounded as follows:—(that is to say), on the North by the public Road, on the East by the land and premises of Kistomohun Bonnerjee, and other land belonging to the said Hurchunder Lahoree, and on the South and West by the land and premises of the late Roghooram Gossain, and paying in respect of the said parcel of land an aggregate annual Revenue to Government of Company's Rupees ten, twelve annas and eleven pies.

WILLIAM DALLAS,
Attorney.

JOHN COCHRANE,
Master.

CALCUTTA SUPREME COURT;
Master's Office,
The 16th March 1859.

Bank of Bengal.

The 9th April 1859.

A MEETING of the Proprietors is requested at the Bank on Tuesday, the 19th instant, at 10 A. M., for the election of a Director in the room of W. Maitland, Esq., resigned.

The Poll will close at 3 P. M.

Published by order of the Directors,

J. B. PLUMB,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 13th April 1859.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
Proprietors' Capital	1,07,00,000	0	0	Government Securities	23,92,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	1,97,534	10	10	Dues from Government	448,855	9	11
Current Accounts	81,97,034	3	6	Cash	1,27,56,520	6	5
Cash Credits Undrawn	3,51,623	12	11	Loans on Deposit of Securities	1,13,59,400	0	0
Other Claims	2,95,950	10	2	Discount Loans on ditto	64,26,500	0	0
Bank Notes	1,54,34,951	0	0	Accounts of Credit on ditto	6,15,300	0	0
Post Bills	1,64,528	12	9	Government Bills Discounted	2,04,670	1	3
Profit and Loss (*Rebate Account*)	59,867	12	11	Mint Certificates ditto	62,735	14	10
				Mercantile Bills ditto	9,49,056	14	5
				Dead Stock	1,86,418	2	4
				Interest accrued	31	13	11
Co.'s Rs.	3,54,01,490	15	1	Co.'s Rs.	3,54,01,490	15	1

Published by order of the Directors,
J. B. PLUMB,
Secretary and Treasurer.

C. N. COOKE,
Accountant.

Commercial Bank of India.

CALCUTTA BRANCH.

Rates of Exchange on London Joint Stock Bank.

			s.	d.	
At	6 months' sight	... ...	2	0¼	per Rupee
„	3 „	„	1	11¾	„
„	30 days'	„	1	11¾	„
„	3 „	„	1	11¾	„

The Bank grants Drafts on the Head Office, Bombay, and on its Branches in London, Shanghae, and Hong-Kong. Bills collected at any of the above places at a uniform charge of ¼ per Cent.

The Bank will undertake the purchase or sale of Government Paper, Bank Stock and other Securities, draw Interest and Dividends payable in Calcutta, when due, at a Commission of ¼ per Cent.

No charge made when the proceeds of Sale or amount of Interest or Dividends drawn is remitted in the Bank's Bills.

Rates of Interest allowed to Deposits subject to

3 months' notice of withdrawal, 4 p. ct. per annum
6 ditto ditto ditto 5 „
2 ditto ditto ditto 6 „

Notice may be given when the money is deposited, or at any subsequent time; and it will be dispensed with in cases when the money is to be remitted through the Bank.

Current Accounts kept and Interest allowed at 2 per Cent. per annum on Balances of Rupees 500 and upwards, not exceeding Rupees 50,000, unless by special agreement.

Hours of business, 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. On Saturdays, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

W. S. FITZWILLIAM,

27, TANK SQUARE, *Agent.*
Calcutta, 7th October 1858.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

WITH reference to Government Notification No. 5, Fort William, Financial Department, 26th January 1855, notifying the intention of Government to dissolve its connexion with the Government Agency—

The Oriental Bank Corporation undertake the safe custody of Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal, and other local Stocks, free of all charge.

Will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, and remit at the current rates of exchange, or pay the same according to instructions, if to be remitted through the Corporation, Without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... 1-4th per Cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the purchase of Government or other Securities, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Corporation, ... Without charge.

WM. ANDERSON,

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION; *Agent.*
Calcutta, 29th January 1855.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Thomas Sutherland, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of April instant, it was ordered that Saturday, the 4th day of June next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, and that unless cause be shown to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent be discharged personally as well as to his after-acquired property from all liability for debts, claims and demands of and against the said Insolvent at the time of the filing of his petition for relief.

Robertson, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 8th April 1859.

In the matter of Robert Lindsay, of Soorteebagaun, in Calcutta, an Assistant Engineer in the employ of the Oriental Gas Company, an Insolvent. } Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic. cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 11th day of April instant, and by an order of the same date, the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Shircore, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Robert Lindsay, of Soorteebagaun, in Calcutta, an Assistant Engineer in the employ of the Oriental Gas Company, of Calcutta, an Insolvent. } On Monday, the 11th day of April instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 4th day of June next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Shircore, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Hurry-narain Doss and Sreenauth Doss, both of Gurranhutta, in Calcutta, Inhabitant, Insolvents.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvents, seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic. cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 12th day of April instant, and by an order of the same date, the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvents were vested in the Official Assignee.

Corbett, *Attorney*.

In the matter of Hurry-narain Doss and Sreenauth Doss, both of Gurranhutta, in Calcutta, Inhabitant, Insolvents.

On Tuesday, the 12th day of April instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvents be heard on Saturday, the 4th day of June next, and that the said Insolvents do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Corbett, *Attorney*.

In the matter of Hurry-narain Doss and Sreenauth Doss, both of Gurranhutta in Calcutta, Inhabitant, Insolvents.

Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvents, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court, on Thursday, the 21st day of April instant, at the hour of 10 o'Clock in the forenoon.

☞ *Any Creditor of the said Insolvent, desirous of opposing such application, must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*

Corbett, *Attorney*.

Chief Clerk's Office, 15th April 1859.

For Dacca and Assam.

The Steamer *Thames*, with the *Soorma* in tow, wil be despatched next Tuesday morning, the 19th instant. For Freight and Passage, apply to the Boat Office.

By order of the Superintendent of Marine,

W. White,
Clerk of the Govt. Boat Office.

Govt. Boat Office,
The 15th April 1859.

Lost, Stolen, or Destroyed.

The Government Promissory Note, No. 7866 of the 5 per Cent. Loan of 1854-55, dated the 12th March 1855, for Company's Rupees Five Hundred, originally standing in the name of (not known,) sold by Govinchunder Sein to Muddoosoodun Chowdry, and by him last endorsed to G. H. Lawrence, the Proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of a Duplicate Note in favor of the Proprietor.

G. H. Lawrence,
Oudh.

Lost.

F

First-half of a Bank of Bengal Note, No. 18014, for Company's Rupees 100.

Lost.

By the capsizing of a Boat at Nimtollah Ghaut, on the 5th April, the following Government Promissory Notes, *viz.* :—

No. 3153	of 12th March	1854-55,	5 per Cent,	1,000 Rs.
„ 3141	„	„	„	„	1,000 Rs.
„ 4116 of 10679	„ 31st	„	1855-56,	4 „	1,000 Rs.

Payment of the same has been stopped at the Loan Office.

Pooroosotum Mullick.

Calcutta, 9th April 1859.

LOST, Stolen or Abstracted from a letter, the Second-half of a Bank of Bengal Note, No. 30458 B. for Rupees 25. Payment stopped at the Bank.

Lost.

Bank of Bengal Note, No. 15901, for 100 Rupees, the payment of the same has been stopped at the Bank.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

The under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of Shazadee Begum, of Lucknow, in Oude, the Widow of Jaffer Ally Khan, deceased, the Proprietress, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the Notes and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application has been made to Government for the issue of duplicate Notes for the respective amounts :—

No.	12513	of	15366	of	1832-33	...	Rs. 5,000
„	12514	„	„	„	„	...	„ 5,000
„	12516	„	„	„	„	...	„ 3,000
„	10114	„	„	„	„	...	„ 4,000
„	11754	„	1536	„	„	...	„ 1,000
„	11755	„	„	„	„	...	„ 1,000
„	1821	„	4732	„	1842-43	...	„ 2,000

Lyall, Rennie & Co.

Calcutta,
The 15th April 1859.

Notice issued by the Officiating Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 8702.

The 8th April 1859.—The Calcutta Banghy Despatch of the 30th ultimo which contained the Parcels, noted in the annexed List, having been plundered by highway robbers, whilst in transit at night near Ghaugree, about 6 miles beyond Doomree, the Senders of the Parcels are requested to furnish this Office with Lists, showing the contents and value of the Parcels.

List of Parcels despatched on the 30th March 1859, *from the Calcutta General Post Office.*

Date of Receipt.		Address.	Station.	Weight.	Description.
	29	Collector	... Allahabad ...	560	Service.
	„	Ditto	... Ditto ...	560	Ditto.
	„	Mrs. C. M. Tiernan	... Benares ...	150	Paid.
	„	Captain C. Levinge	... Ditto ...	33	Bearing.
	„	O. M. Glubble	... Allahabad ...	20	Ditto.
	„	C. H. Wilson	... Ditto ...	20	Ditto.
	„	E. W. Longdem	... Ditto ...	60	Ditto.
	„	Captain F. VonMeyern	... Raipore ...	35	Ditto.
	„	Lieut. E. S. R. Carnac	... Allahabad ...	90	Ditto.
	„	J. M. Hamilton	... Ditto ...	38	Ditto.
	„	W. Ridsdale	... Benares ...	8	Ditto.
	„	Captain A. Turner	... Ditto ...	160	Ditto.
	„	Mrs. E. Sanders	... Nagpore ...	95	Ditto.
	„	Lieut. J. Higgins	... Jubbulpore ...	320	Ditto.
	„	Comdg. Officer and Field Battery Regt. Arty. ...	Goruckpore ...	415	Ditto.
	„	G. C. Plowden	... Mirzapore ...	30	Ditto.
	„	Modobun Doss ...	Benares ...	185	Ditto.
	„	Dwarka Doss ...			
	„	G. G. Parbury	... Allahabad ...	90	Ditto.
	„	Mrs. Lumsdaine	... Ditto ...	10	Ditto.
	„	Hurry Sam Woodyraj	... Benares ...	100	Ditto.
	„	Gunga Doss	... Ditto ...	100	Ditto.
	„	Messrs J. Hill and Co.	... Allahabad ...	30	Ditto.
		From Bombay.			
	„	Officer Commanding E. T.	... Sarun ...	21	Service.
		From Meerut.			
	„	H. B. De Mountomency	... Benares ...	17	Stamped.
	„	Hurdoyal and Banurseedoss	... Ditto ...	30	Bg. Regd.
	„	Debedoyal Sing	... Ditto ...	400	Ditto.
	„	Golaup Chand Seepony	... Nagpore ...	100	Ditto.
	„	8 Pamphlets	... Goruckpore ...	90	Stamped.
	„	4 Ditto	... Mirzapore ...	245	Ditto.
	„	8 Ditto	... Allahabad ...	120	Ditto.
	„	8 Ditto	... Ditto ...	95	Ditto.
	„	6 Ditto	... Ditto ...	220	Ditto.
	„	1 Ditto	... Fyzabad ...	50	Ditto.
	„	1 Ditto	... Sultanpore ...	10	Ditto.
	„	2 Ditto	... Azimghur ...	45	Ditto.
	„	1 Ditto	... Chunar ...	35	Ditto.
	„	1 Ditto	... Nursingpore ...	45	Ditto.
	„	1 Ditto	... Jaunpore ...	40	Ditto.
	„	2 Ditto	... Poonah ...	70	
	„	1 Ditto	... Nagpore ...	15	
	„	4 Ditto	... Benares ...	245	
	„	7 Ditto	... Ditto ...	645	
	„	Saligram	... Ditto ...	20	Paid.
	„	Officiating Deputy Commissioner	... Chandah ...	80	Service.
March	30	Collector	... Allahabad ...	565	Service.
	„	Ditto	... Ditto ...	560	Ditto.
	„	Ditto	... Ditto ...	550	Ditto.
	„	Ditto	... Ditto ...	550	
	„	W. Muir	... Ditto ...	80	Service.
	„	Ditto	... Ditto ...	80	Ditto.
	„	Ditto	... Ditto ...	120	Ditto.
	„	Captain J. R. McMullen	... Goruckpore ...	135	Bearing ½.
	„	Captain Forster	... Allahabad ...	25	Ditto.
	„	Sekh Elahi Buksh	... Ditto ...	90	Ditto.

Date of Receipt.	Address.	Station.	Weight.	Description.
March 30	J. Manasch	... Allahabad ...	470	Bearing.
„	Ditto	... Ditto ...	470	Ditto.
„	D. C. Macdougall	... Goruckpore ...	75	Ditto.
„	T. G. Teall	... Benares ...	45	Ditto.
„	Mrs. Brundell	... Chunar ...	37	Ditto.
„	J. B. N. Hennessy	... Mussoorie ...	310	Service.
	Invoiced to Meerut.			
29	J. B. N. Hennessy	... Mussoorie ...	310	Service.
„	Captain M. Clark	... Saharunpore ...	85	Bearing.
„	Molla Mohamud	} Meerut ...	260	Ditto.
„	Bhia Vowwoooddeen	...}		
„	1 Pamphlet	... Mussoorie ...	90	Stamped.
„	2 Ditto	... Roorkee ...	70	Ditto.
„	13 Ditto	... Meerut ...	703	Ditto.
	Invoiced to Cawnpore.			
„	Captain J. Davidson	... Jhansie ...	155	Bearing.
„	Gob Jones	... Ditto ...	200	Ditto.
„	Judoonauth Banerjee	... Lucknow ...	45	Ditto.
„	Captain T. Nicholl	... Saugor ...	135	Ditto.
„	Lieutenant H. Hare	... Cawnpore ...	130	Ditto.
„	Captain W. D. Couchman	... Lucknow ...	40	Ditto.
„	Ensign Baster	... Ditto ...	55	Ditto.
„	H. Maxwell	... Cawnpore ...	15	Ditto.
„	Lieutenant C. Fortescue	... Byramghat ...	50	Ditto.
„	Colonel English	... Toolsecpore, Oude ...	28	Ditto.
„	Brojonauth Bose	... Cawnpore ...	185	Ditto.
„	H. M.'s 20th Regiment	... Camp Gonda ...	90	Ditto.
„	Ditto ditto	... Ditto ...	90	Ditto.
„	Lieutenant J. H. Fraser	... Lucknow ...	38	Ditto.
	From Balli.			
„	Horroprosonno Gangooly	... Nawabgunge ...	19½	Stamped.
„	2 Pamphlets	... Saugor ...	40	Ditto.
„	2 Ditto	... Oude ...	65	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Baitool ...	60	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Jaloun ...	95	Ditto.
„	2 Ditto	... Jhansie ...	100	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Seetapore ...	35	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Hoshungabad ...	30	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Humeerpore ...	35	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Roi Barreily ...	60	Ditto.
„	3 Ditto	... Nawabgunge ...	110	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Salone ...	90	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Gonda ...	30	Ditto.
„	13 Ditto	... Cawnpore ...	445	Ditto.
„	10 Ditto	... Lucknow ...	132	Ditto.
„	Nancomull and Nundkissore	... Ditto ...	85	Registered
„	Suddosook Chugmull	... Ditto ...	85	Bearing.
„	Joramul Chotamull	... Ditto ...	70	Paid.
„	Deputy Commissioner of Pertabghur	... Oude ...	48	Service.
	Invoiced to Bhowgong.			
„	1 Pamphlet	... Etawah ...	65	Stamped.
„	2 Ditto	... Mynpoorie ...	25	Ditto.
„	W. C. Thomas	... Ditto ...	35	Bearing.
„	Captain W. Alexander	... Ditto ...	128	Ditto.
„	Miss A. Crawford	... Ditto ...	25	Ditto.
„	Major Drysdale	... Nynee Tal ...	590	Ditto.
„	G. Saunders	... Allyghur ...	415	Do. Regd.
„	Ditto	... Ditto ...	535	Do. Regd.
„	General *Sir* W. Richards	... Nynee Tal ...	10	Do. Regd.
„	1 Pamphlet	... Ditto ...	60	Stamped.
„	1 Ditto	... Peloraghur ...	50	Ditto.
„	2 Ditto	... Mooradabad ...	175	
„	9 Pamphlets	... Peshawur ...	720	Ditto.
„	3 Ditto	... Kurrachee, Scinde ...	105	Ditto.
„	2 Ditto	... Hydrabad, Scind ...	70	Ditto.
„	2 Ditto	... Sealkote ...	20	Ditto.
„	2 Ditto	... Campbellpore ...	55	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Meean Meer ...	10	Ditto.

Date of Receipt.	Address.	Station.	Weight.	Description.
29	2 Pamphlets	... Rawul Pindee ...	80	Stamped.
„	1 Ditto	... Lahore ...	35	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Ditto ...	80	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Dera Ghazie Khan...	22	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Jung ...	23	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Mean Meer ...	5	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Sealkote ...	5	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Lahore ...	5	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Attock ...	5	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Rawul Pindee ...	5	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Kohat ...	50	Ditto.
„	Major J. Liptrott	... Peshawur ...	18	Bearing.
„	Captain R. H. D. Tulloh	... Punjab ...	305	Ditto.
	Invoiced to Umballa.			
„	1 Pamphlet	... Dugshai ...	20	Stamped.
„	5 Ditto	... Umballa ...	370	
„	3 Ditto	... Ditto ...	55	
„	1 Ditto	... Ditto ...	22	
„	Officer Commanding 7th Hussars	... Ditto ...	60	
	Invoiced to Agra.			
„	Mr. J. Leach	... Agra ...	135	Bearing.
„	Ditto	... Ditto ...	130	Ditto.
„	1 Pamphlet	... Indore ...	5	
„	1 Ditto	... Asseerghur ...	35	
„	4 Ditto	... Muttra ...	105	
„	1 Ditto	... Leepree ...	70	
„	3 Pamphlets	... Gwalior ...	115	
„	6 Ditto	... Agra ...	128	
„	4 Ditto	... Ditto ...	245	
„	6 Ditto	... Ditto ...	537	
„	Hamchand Hurruck Chand	... Ahmedabad ...	33	Regd.
„	Captain G. S. Windham	... Agra ...	65	Ditto.
„	Lieutenant-Colonel J. Glyn	... Ditto ...	10	Ditto.
„	Puddumsy Tejry	... Joypore ...	100	Ditto.
„	C. Grant	... Agra ...	85	Ditto.
„	Goolraj and Juggunnath	... Indore ...	15	
„	Gurrul Doss and Saberam	... Muttra ...	200	
„	Lieutenant J. L. Watts	... Agra ...	145	
„	2 Pamphlets	... Ditto ...	150	
„	1 Ditto	... Gwalior ...	15	
	Invoiced to Bombay.			
„	Hurruckchunder Husraj	... Bombay ...	85	Regd.
„	J. Burns	... Ditto ...	35	
„	W. Butcher	... Ditto ...	35	
„	J. Christie	... Ditto ..	10	
	Invoiced to Futtyghur.			
„	J. Steaden	... Budaon ...	615	Bearing.
„	Major A. G. Martin	... Shajehanpore ...	60	Ditto.
„	Mrs. Humphrey	... Barreilly ...	135	Ditto.
„	3 Pamphlets	... Futtyghur ...	55	Stamped.
„	1 Ditto	... Philibheet ...	90	Ditto.
„	6 Ditto	... Bareilly ...	190	Ditto.
„	4 Ditto	... Shajehanpore ...	65	Ditto.
	Invoiced to Futtypore.			
„	C. H. T. Croothwaite	... Banda ...	260	Bearing.
„	Lieutenant W. M. Wynch	... Ditto ...	128	Ditto.
„	Ramjee Kaseprosaud	... Futtehpore ...	170	Paid
„	H. K. Duhan	... Ditto ...	130	Stamped.
„	1 Pamphlet	... Ditto ...	„	Paid.
„	1 Ditto	... Nagode ...	„	Ditto.
„	4 Ditto	... Banda ...	„	Ditto.
	Invoiced to Delhi.			
„	Issur Doss and Kissory Doss	... Delhi ...	75	Bearing.
„	Goburdhun Doss and Sreenarain	... Ditto ...	100	Ditto.
„	Muttro Doss and Issur Doss	... Ditto ...	50	Ditto.
„	Juggernauth Mokundoolall	... Ditto ...	100	Ditto.
„	5 Pamphlets	... Ditto ...	133	Stamped.
„	1 Ditto	... Rhotuck ...	110	Ditto.

Date of Receipt.	Address.	Station.	Weight.	Description.
20	1 Pamphlet	... Goorgaon ...	6	Stamped.
	Invoiced to Umritsur.			
„	Lieut. H. J. G. Ford	... Umritsur ...	520	Bearing.
„	Lieut. W. O'Brien	... Ditto ...	560	Ditto.
„	3 Pamphlets	... Ditto ...	210	Stamped.
„	2 Ditto	... Jullundur ...	110	Ditto
„	2 Ditto	... Ditto ...	105	Ditto
„	2 Ditto	... Ditto ...	220	Ditto
„	3 Ditto	... Ditto ...	215	Ditto
„	Mrs. O'Brien	... Ditto ...	100	Bearing.
	Invoiced to Loodiana.			
„	2 Pamphlets	... Ferozepore ...	30	Stamped.
	Invoiced to Ghazeepore.			
„	Lieut. M. A. Borthwick	... Ghazeepore ...	55	Bearing.
„	Lieut. J. Sikes	... Ditto ...	68	Ditto.
„	3 Pamphlets	... Ditto ...	40	Stamped.
„	2 Ditto	... Ditto ...	120	Ditto.
	Invoiced to Patna.			
„	Mrs. W. Tayler	... Patna ...	100	Bearing.
„	Mrs. E. Richardson	... Chuprah ...	15	Ditto.
„	Captain A. A. McDoudal	... Tirhoot ...	55	Ditto.
„	Lieutenant J. K. Couper	... Buxar ...	170	Ditto.
„	Pay-Master Hasson	... Dinapore ...	175	Ditto.
„	Lieutenant R. H. Ross	... Ditto ...	340	Ditto.
„	S. D. Cohen	... Ditto ...	75	Paid.
	From Balli.			
„	Major Captain Guzrajsing	... Nepaul ...	117½	Bearing.
„	Mr. J. H. Dixon	... Patna ...	230	Bearing.
„	Commissioner	... Ditto ...	160	Stamped.
„	Collector	... Sarun ...	15	Ditto
„	Ditto	... Patna ...	330	Ditto
„	Additional Judge	... Sarun ...	70	Ditto.
„	Ditto	... Ditto ...	55	Ditto.
„	H. M.'s 2nd Battation 60th Royal Rifles	Arrah ...	190	Ditto.
„	1 Pamphlet	... Nepaul ...	5	
„	3 Ditto	... Buxar ...	80	
„	3 Ditto	... Mooteharry ...	15	
„	3 Ditto	... Arrah & Shahabad...	61	
„	4 Ditto	... Dinapore ...	90	
„	9 Ditto	... Patna ...	180	
„	5 Ditto	... Tirhoot & Mozuffer-pore ...	93	
„	Sotob Chand Surma	... Patna ...	15	Regd. Bg.
„	Juggernauth Doss	... Ditto ...	95	Ditto do.
„	Manickchunder Johoree	... Ditto ...	50	Ditto do.
„	H. Gardner	... Dinapore ...	25	Ditto.
„	Mrs. R. V. Bogle	... Ditto ...	55	Ditto.
„	Dr. F. W. A. de Fabeck	... Ditto ...	65	Ditto.
„	Gonnes Mull Remmoras	... Patna ...	145	Ditto.
„	H. M's. 2nd Battation 60th Royal Rifles	Arrah ...	520	Unpd. letr.
„	2 Pamphlets	... Gyah ...	50	
„	4 Ditto	... Sherghotty ...	155	Stamped.
„	1 Ditto	... Nobinnagur ...	55	
„	Major Gharr	... Sherghotty ...	102	Stamped.
„	Mrs. G. Wheeler	... Hazareebaug ...	165	Bearing.
„	Captain. J. Dowson	... Ditto ...	345	Ditto.
„	3 Pamphlets	... Ditto ...	165	Stamped.

CALCUTTA;
The 5th April 1859.

Notices issued by the Officiating Deputy Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 5840.

OVERLAND MAIL.

The 9th April 1859.—Mail Packets will be closed at this Office at 5 P. M. on the 17th instant for the Overland Mail Steamer which leaves Bombay on the 26th April 1859.

The Public are reminded, that 17th will be the latest safe day, and that letters and papers will be sent *vid* Marseilles only.

N. B.—Letters and Papers for the Bombay Steamer will be received up to 6 P. M. on every day prior to the 17th.

No. 5867.

OVERLAND MAIL.

The 11th April 1859.—The Overland Mail *vid* Marseilles and Southampton, and the intermediate Ports, Madras, Ceylon and Aden, per P. and O. Co.'s Steamer *Nubia*, will be closed at this Office on Friday, the 22nd instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters, &c., for Penang, Singapore and Hong-Kong, will be forwarded *vid* Galle, and for Mauritius and Australia *vid* Aden, by this opportunity.

No. 5906.

The 14th April 1859.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mail for Port Blair, for transmission per Steamer *Fire Queen*, will be closed at this Office, on Saturday, the 16th instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 5907.

The 14th April 1859.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Akyab, Rangoon and Moulmein, for transmission per Steamer *Burmah*, will be closed at this Office, on Tuesday, the 19th instant, at 6 P. M.

Printed and Published for the Government, by THOMAS JONES, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 16, 1859.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah West Burdwan, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 19th April 1859, or 7th Bysack 1266 B. S., for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 28th day of March 1859:—

Class I.—Temporary-settled Estate.

No. 115.—Mehal Pooroosuttumpoor, Pergunnah Bishenpoor; recorded proprietors; Nehalchunder Mookerjee and others; sudder jumma, rupees 163-12-3.

Class II.—Temporary-settled Estate.

No. 457.—Mehal Polashdanga, Pergunnah Bishenpoor; recorded proprietor, Neelmony Mookerjee; sudder jumma, rupees 5-11-1.

J. S. SPANKIE,
Deputy Collector.

BANCOORAH;
Deputy Collectorate,
The 2nd April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Beerbhoom, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Saturday, the 23rd day of April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 11th Bysack 1266 B. S:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 411.—Mehal Kismut Helorah, Pergunnah Sool Tanoojeean; recorded proprietor, Manick Chunder Chowdhooree; sudder jumma, rupees 106-4-8.

R. O. HEYWOOD,
Offg. Collector.

ZILLAH BEERBHOOM;
Collector's Office,
The 30th March 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Tipperah, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Tuesday, the 26th April 1859, corresponding with 14th Bysack, 1266 B. S.:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 1071.—Talook Luckhee Narain Roy Moodafat Byddo Nauth Roy, Pergunnah Mohobutpore; recorded proprietors, Soojo Monee Shaha, Chunder Monee Shaha, Gooshye Doss Shaha, minors, Luckhee Kanth Shaha, minor, and Kumulla Kanth Shaha, minor; sudder jumma, rupees 214-6-5.

L. BARBER,
Depy. Collector in Charge.

ZILLAH TIPPERAH;
Collector's Office,
The 29th March 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Backergunge, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 25th April 1859, or 13th Bysack 1266 B. S., for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1859:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

Former No. 1524.—Present No. 1556.—Kharijah Pergunnah Bozoorg Omedpore, Talook Kisto Dass Bhottacharge; recorded proprietor, Meer Mahamoud Jummee; sudder jumma, rupees 383-7-7½.

C. Lemond,
Offg. Collector.

Zillah Backergunge;
Collector's Office,
The 1st April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section XI. Act I of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Behar, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of this District, on the 26th April 1859, for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1859:—

Class I.—Permanently Estates.

No. 1638.—Mehal Maunpoor Tetrawan Lot 1st—Pergunnah Behar; recorded proprietors, Meer Yar Ali, Mussamuts Hubbun, Hayatun, Jeeto, Tekchund Mahto, Poonit Loll, Roopun Mahto, Bodhee Mahto and Kurrumchund Mahto, maliks and occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 138-4-6.

No. 1668.—Mehal Maunpoor Tetrawan Lot 3rd—Pergunnah Behar; recorded proprietors, Shah Neamut Ali, Shaikh Bundah Ali, Iltaf Hosain, Mehdee Hosain, Ufzul Hosain, Tufazul Hosain, Dorf Dahoo, Meer Immam Ali, Hasim Ali, Shah Kumuroodeen, Meer Wusee Ali, Mussamuts Ameer Oolnissa, Edun, Boodhun, Zuhoorun and Rujjo, maliks and occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 80-9-11.

No. 1983.—Mehal Jyteepoor Bara, Pergunnah Bhellawur; recorded proprietors, Beharee Loll, mallicks and occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 267-11-9.

Class IV—Arrears due on account of Estates other than that to be sold.

No. 2116.—Mehal Simrah, Chuck Simrah, Pergunnah Bhellawur; recorded proprietors, Mussamut Muckdoomun, Nujmoodeen, Nuseebun, Mussamuts Ameerun and Wuheedun, occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 540-15-6, including malikana from which the right and interest of Mussamut Muckhdoomun heiress of Mussamut Mudeehun, deceased, surety of Busharut Hosain, the son of Chundry Khadim Hosain and farmer of Mouzah Samadhee Boozoorg, Pergunnah Tilhara, Zillah Patna, will be sold on account of arrears of rent due from him.

W. Butler,
Deputy Collector in Charge.

Behar Collectorate;
Gya,
The 1st April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Bhullooah, will be put upto public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Deputy Collector of that District, on Monday, the 25th day of April A. D. 1859, corresponding with 13th Bysack 1266 B. S.:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Mehal.

No. 200.—Hozooree Mehal, Chur Lucthee in Afzul Fukeera, Lakheraj, Zimba Sheddessuree, present Talook Parbutty Shoomittra, Golam Mohiuddin *alias* Golam Mahomed and Sheetaram Boodhimunt; recorded proprietors, Parbutty Shoomittra, Golam Mohiuddin *alias* Golam Mahomed and Sheetaram Bhoodimunt; sudder jumma, rupees 130-14-8.

C. E. Lance,
Officiating Deputy Collector.

Bhullooah;
Deputy Collector's Office,
The 2nd April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Moorshedabad, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 2nd of May 1859, or 20th Bysack 1266 B. S., for Arrears of Revenue:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 605.—Kismut Mouzah Kalkapoor, Pergunnah Mooraripoor; recorded proprietors, Lukhee Gobind Deb Thakoor, Lukhee Junnardun Deb Thakoor, Sreedhur Deb Thakoor, Goopto Guddadhur Deb Thakoor, and Levait Dayamoi Dasia; sudder jumma, rupees 196-13-11.

W. Morris Beaufort,
Offg. Collector.

Moorshedabad;
Collector's Office,
The 4th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Dinagepoor, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 26th day of April 1859, for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1859:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 151.—Mouzah Kurry, Pergunnah Kurdat; recorded proprietor, Muzarruddeen Choudry; sudder jumma, rupees 1,023-15-0¼.

FRAS. A ELPHINSTONE DALRYMPLE,
Collector.

DINAGEPOOR;
Collector's Office,
The 4th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Midnapore, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Thursday, the 28th day of April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 16th Bysack 1266 B. S., or 17th Bysack 1266 W. S:—

Class IV.—Estates saleable for Arrears due on other Estates.

Rights and Interests of Golucknath Doss in about one beegah of rent-free land, including a dwelling-house and a Tank with fishes thereon, in Mouza Kulunkool, Pergunnah Khandar.

Rights and Interests of Golucknath Doss in eight cottahs of Kala land cultivated by Radhoo Doss Jotedar, situated in Mouza Kulunkool, Pergunnah Khandar.

Rights and Interests of Golucknath Doss in one beegah of Jul land, in Mouza Kulunkool, Pergunnah Khandar.

Rights and Interests of Golucknath Doss in one beegah and ten cottahs of land, situated in Mouza Dhobapullasseea, Pergunnah Khandar.

A. ELLIOT,
Officiating Collector.

MIDNAPORE COLLECTORATE,
The 5th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Rajshahye, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue at the Office of the Collector of that District, on the 2nd May 1859 A. D., corresponding with 20th Bysack 1266 B. S:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 1135.—Kismut Guncoer, Pergunnah Soojanuggur; recorded proprietors, Kalleenath Chowdre and Tarrineekanto Chuckerbutty; sudder jumma, rupees 56-1-5.

F. S. LUSHINGTON,
Collector.

ZILLAH RAJSHAHYE;
Collector's Office,
The 5th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Dacca, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Monday, the 25th day of April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 13th Bysack 1266 B. S.:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 8914.—Chur Jalna Kamta; recorded proprietors, Jelal Ruhoman and Khodaeja Bebee, mother of Mufeezuddy Khunkar; sudder jumma, rupees 184-12-6.

C. F. CARNAC,
Officiating Collector.

ZILLAH DACCA;
Collector's Office,
The 2nd April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Bhaugulpore, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 25th April 1859, or 8th Bysack 1266, for Arrears of Revenue:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 7.—Ghat Mirza Chowkee, Pergunnah Gurhee; recorded proprietor, Lugwah Manjhee; sudder jumma, rupees 5-3-2.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 79.—Certain lands in Mouzah Mahasingpoor, Pergunnah Kankjoul; sudder jumma, rupees 5-0-2.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 2339.—Jageer of Mohamud Suffee Lushker in Mouzah Sujunpoor Lukheepoor, Thanna Oodhoa Nullah; recorded proprietor, Mahamud Sarick; sudder jumma, rupees 2-8-9¾.

No. 2377.—Jageer of Gundul Kussub in Mouzah Lukheepoor, Thanna Oodhoa Nullah, Pergunnah Kankjoul; recorded proprietor, Mahamud Sarick; sudder jumma, rupees 0-14-11¼.

J. H. MUSPRATT,
Collector.

BHAUGULPORE;
Collector's Office,
The 4th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah 24-Pergunnahs, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Saturday, the 30th April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 18th Bysack 1266 B. S:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 81.—Kismut Pergunnah Magoorah, Mowjeb Bhubanipore; recorded proprietor, Kalidhone Bundopadea; sudder jumma, rupees 371-3-2.

Class IV.—Estates saleable for arrears due on other Estates.

No. 102.—Pergunnah Magoorah, Kismut Kankooreah, &c.; recorded proprietor, Sowdamines Dossee; sudder jumma, rupees 372-6.

No. 281.—Pergunnah Medenmullo, Kismut Kundurpopore, &c.; recorded proprietor, Sowdamines Dossee; sudder jumma, rupees 597-14-11.

Class II.—Temporailry-settled Estate.

No. 1367.—Beel Dauthbangah; recorded proprietors, Horinarain Ghose and others; sudder jumma, rupees 1,100-2.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

Nos. 1368-3.—Pergunnah Boorun, Mouzah Bykam; recorded proprietors, Roy Perionath Chowdry and others; sudder jumma, rupees 85-4-10.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 1467.—Lot No 67 Sanckdho; recorded proprietors, Sheik Mahomed, Golam Hosseen Hazee and others, progressive; sudder jumma, rupees 206-4.

G. Bright,
Officiating Collector.

Collector's Office;
24-*Pergunnahs*,
The 5th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estates in Zillah Purneah will be put up to public and unreserved sale for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Tuesday, the 26th day of April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 14th Bysack 1266 B. S:—

Bengal Portion.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 428.—Mouzah Bunganwan and Hanokhowar, Pergunnah Futtehpoor Singeah; recorded proprietors, Bissanauth Jha and Almchund, and others; sudder jumma, rupees 184-5-8.

Fuslee Portion.

Class I.—Permanently-settled estates.

No. 9.—Milick Bajayufty Anning Beelas, Pergunnah Dhurmpoor; recorded proprietor, Heolas Manjee, auction purchaser; sudder jumma, rupees 79-7-7.

No. 26.—Mouzah Dhumdaha, Zillah Beernuggur, Pergunnah Dhurmpoor; recorded proprietor, Hemnarain Sing; sudder jumma, rupees 59-4-6

No. 53.—Chukla Fuckrana, Mouzah Macknaha, Zillah Beernuggur, Pergunnah Dhurmpoor; recorded proprietor, Mussamut Ameeronissa Begum; sudder jumma, rupees 78-10-7.

No. 103.—Mouzah Dhumdaha, Zillah Beernuggur, Pergunnah Dhurmpoor; recorded proprietors, Jowahur Sing, and others; sudder jumma, rupees 74-15-3.

T. Walton,
Assistant Collector, in Charge.

Purneah,
The 5th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate in Zillah Nuddea, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, for Arrears of Revenue at the Office of the Collector of that District, on the 25th day of April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 13th Bysack 1265 B. S:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 2870.—Mouzah Sreenuggur, Chuckla Sreenuggur; recorded proprietor, Rughoonauth Gangooly; sudder jumma, rupees 74-13-8¾.

C. S. Belli,
Officiating Collector.

Zillah Nuddea;
Collector's Office,
The 4th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Hooghly, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Friday, the 29th April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 17th Bysack 1266 B. S.:—

Class VI.—Estates to be sold on account of demands realizable in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of an alleged lackraj Tank, named Chowdry Pooshkurnee, including its banks, all measuring about 6 beegahs, situated on the South side of Village Tehghory, Pergunnah Balcegoree, and in the moiety of about 90 trees on the banks of that Tank, *viz.*, 50 palm (large and small) and about 40 other kinds of trees.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of an alleged purchased lackraj Tank, named Koondoo Pooshkurnee, with its banks, all measuring about 5 beegahs, situated on the South side of Village Mohunbatty, Pergunnah Balcegoree, and in the moiety of 100 palm trees on the banks of that Tank.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 1½ beegahs of alleged purchased land, situated in the East plain of the said village.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of 15 cottahs of alleged lackraj land which was purchased from Kalleechurn Ghose, and now inhabited by Thakoordas Tautee, situated in the above village.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 1½ beegahs of alleged lackraj land purchased from Kenoo Ghose, and now inhabited by Gokoolchunder Paul, situated in the above village.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 1½ beegahs of alleged lackraj land called Shunneasee Barry, situated on the South side of the above village.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 2½ beegahs of alleged lackraj land, purchased from Bissonath Roy, situated in the East plain of the above village, and on the North of Bindabun Roy's Tank.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 11 cottahs of alleged lackaj land, situated in the above village, and on the East of Aumeeroody Moonshee's Tank.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in eight annas share of an alleged lackraj Tank called Chowdry Pooshkurnee, including its banks, all measuring about 6 beegahs, situated on the South side of Village Tehghory, Pergunnah Baleegoree, and on the moiety of about 90 trees on the banks of that Tank, *viz.*, 50 palm (large and small) and about 40 other kinds of trees.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of an alleged purchased lackraj Tank named Koondoo Pooshkurnee, with its banks, all measuring about 5 beegahs, situated on the South side of Village Mohunbotty, Pergunnah Baleegoree and in the moiety of 110 palm tree, on the banks of that Tank.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 1½ beegahs of alleged purchased lackraj land, situated in the East plain of the said village.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of 15 cottahs of alleged lackraj land, which was purchased from Kalleechurn Ghose, and now inhabited by Thakoordas Tautee, situated in the above village.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 1½ beegahs of alleged lackraj land, purchased from Kenoo Ghose, and now inhabited by Gokool Chunder Paul, situated in the above village.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 1½ beegahs of alleged lackraj land, called Shunneasee Barry, situated on the South side of the above village.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 2½ beegahs of alleged lackraj land, purchased from Bissonath Roy, situated in the plain of the above village and on the North of Bindabun Roy's Tank.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 11 cottahs of alleged lackraj land, situated in the above village, and on the East of Aumeeruddy Moonshee's Tank.

W. B. Buckle,
Collector.

Hooghly Collectorate,
The 9th April 1859.

Printed by Thomas Jones, at the Bengal Secretariat Office.

SECOND SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 16, 1859.

Statement of Prices Current in the under-mentioned Districts,

ARTICLES.	Patna.		Behar.			Sarun.	
	Patna.	Dinapore.	Gya.	Behar, 40 miles from Sudder Station.	Sherghotty, 20 miles from Sudder Station.	Chuprah, Sudder Bazar.	Bhaugulpore.
	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.
Attah ... ... per Rupee	13 0	15 0	14 0	16 8	13 0	14 8	17 8
Barley, (Jow) „ „ -	30 0	27 0	27 0	31 4	26 0	31 0	30 0
Bhoosa, White „ „ -	120 0	80 0	35 0	160 0	120 0	110 0	150 0
„ Missa „ „ -	140 0	90 0	120 0	180 0	140 0	120 0	200 0
Cotton „ „ -	2 0	1 10	2 0	2 0	2 0	2 0	0 0
Dal, Urhur „ „ -	23 0	22 0	18 0	17 8	16 0	22 0	17 8
„ Gram „ „ -	22 0	23 0	18 0	20 0	0 0	19 0	20 0
„ Khesaree „ „ -	31 0	27 6	23 0	26 0	19 0	22 0	25 0
„ Muskullye „ „ -	22 0	20 14	18 0	0 0	15 0	0 0	26 4
„ Moong „ „ -	21 0	18 0	16 0	16 0	10 0	16 0	0 0
„ Mussoor „ „ -	30 0	26 2	23 0	26 0	18 0	21 8	21 4
„ Muttur „ „ -	23 0	0 0	19 0	22 0	0 0	22 0	25 0
Firewood „ „ -	120 0	0 0	160 0	200 0	240 0	200 0	200 0
Ghee, Cow's „ „ -	1 8	1 8	2 4	2 2	0 0	1 8	1 14
„ Buffaloe's „ „ -	2 5	2 8	2 6	2 8	2 4	2 8	2 5½
Gram, (Boot) 1st sort „ -	31 0	30 4	24 0	30 0	21 0	25 0	32 8
„ „ 2nd sort „ -	34 0	31 0	25 0	31 4	22 0	26 0	30 0
Grass, Dry „ „ -	80 bdls	0 0	0 0	0 0	120 0	0 0	0 0
Joar „ „ -	28 0	27 0	23 0	25 0	0 0	26 0	27 8
Oil, Cocoanut „ „ -	2 4	2 2	2 0	2 0	0 0	2 4	1 14
„ Linseed „ „ -	4 12	4 12	5 0	5 8	5 0	4 8	2 8
„ Mustard „ „ -	4 8	4 4	5 8	6 0	4 8	4 4	3 12
Paddy, (Dhan) „ „ -	32 0	31 0	28 0	33 12	25 0	31 0	37 8
Potatoes „ „ -	65 0	26 8	40 0	60 0	0 0	0 0	40 0
Rice, Autub, Table or fine Grain	12 0	11 0	14 0	0 0	18 0	11 0	15 0
„ „ small Grain -	12 8	11 8	0 0	0 0	0 0	12 0	15 0
„ Moonghy „ „ -	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
„ Ballam „ „ -	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	17 0	0 0
„ Khairee „ „ -	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
„ Sollie „ „ -	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
Khajla, or Nona or Pinky „ -	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
Salt, 1st sort „ „ -	8 8	8 0	7 0	0 0	0 0	8 12	8 12
„ 2nd sort „ „ -	9 0	8 8	7 8	0 0	0 0	9 0	0 0
„ Samber „ „ -	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
„ Pangah „ „ -	8 8	8 8	7 0	9 0	7 0	9 0	0 0
Sugar Cane „ „ -	4 0	3 8	4 0	4 4	0 0	4 0	3 2
„ Date „ „ -	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
Wheat, (Gaho) „ „ -	16 0	18 11	18 0	19 0	15 0	16 8	21 4

Stations, and Markets, as on the 31st March 1859.

Purneah.		Rajshahye.		Pubnah.		Rungpore.		Bograh.		Dinagepore.		Dacca.		Cachar.		Backergunge.		
																Burrisaul.		Nulchitty.
Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs. C.
14	0	12	0	14	4	11	13	10	8	8	8	10	0	0	0	11	0	0 0
30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	8	35	0	0	0	12	0	0 0
50	0	37	8	65	0	47	4	60	0	206	0	55	0	0	0	40	0	80 0
64	0	52	8	0	0	47	4	60	0	247	0	60	0	0	0	64	0	70 0
1	8	1	12½	2	4	1	6½	1	9½	1	4	1	10	6	6	0	0	2 8
16	0	18	12	20	0	14	10	15	12	12	8	16	0	9	0	14	0	16 0
20	0	15	0	14	0	9	0	15	0	17	8	16	0	13	4	13	0	14 0
30	0	33	12	15	0	18	0	27	0	27	0	34	0	18	0	28	0	33 12
0	0	18	12	21	4	14	10	21	0	21	8	22	0	0	0	20	0	16 0
16	0	10	8	15	0	9	0	13	8	11	0	13	0	13	4	11	0	11 0
27	0	24	0	32	0	14	10	24	0	22	8	13	8	0	0	16	0	16 0
27	0	22	8	40	0	14	10	21	0	21	0	21	0	16	0	21	4	20 0
200	0	200	0	180	0	256	bdls	240	0	220	0	140	0	13	bdls	32	bdls	160 0
1	4	1	14½	2	8	1	6½	1	11	1	8	2	0	1	12	1	9	1 10
2	2	0	0	0	0	1	8½	1	11	2	0	1	12	1	14	0	0	2 0
24	0	30	0	32	0	14	10	18	12	26	8	18	0	13	4	21	4	18 0
25	0	35	10	38	12	18	0	21	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	25	0	20 0
32	bdls	0	0	2	bdls	0	0	175	bdls	9	puns	4	bdls	0	0	0	0	0 0
28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
2	0	2	8	4	0	1	6½	2	4	1	12	2	12	0	0	2	12	2 12
3	0	0	0	4	8	1	2	0	0	0	0	2	12	0	0	2	8	0 0
5	0	5	0	5	8	3	6	4	2	4	12	4	0	3	0	3	12	4 0
45	0	33	12	45	0	47	4	45	0	35	0	37	8	40	0	35	0	40 0
30	0	19	3½	16	0	36	0	24	0	70	0	12	0	0	0	8	0	0 0
16	0	6	0	13	0	5	1	22	8	0	0	7	0	0	0	13	0	0 0
16	0	0	0	14	0	6	0¾	18	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	16	0	0 0
6	0	0	0	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
0	0	0	0	21	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	0	19 8
0	0	0	0	0	0	23	0	26	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21 0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	4	22 0
8	8	10	0½	0	0	0	0	9	12	0	0	10	0	8	0	0	0	0 0
8	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
8	12	9	13	14	0	9	0	10	2	8	8	10	0	0	0	9	0	10 0
3	0	3	9	4	4	2	13	3	0	3	0	3	0	2	0	3	0	3 4
0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	3	12	4	8	4	0	4	0	9 0
22	0	16	14	25	0	27	0	21	0	19	0	14	0	0	0	14	0	0 0

Statement of Prices Current in the under-mentioned Districts,

ARTICLES.	Chittagong.		Tipperah.		Bhullooah.		Nuddea.		Baraset.		Jessore.		Moorshedabad.	
	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.
Attah ... ... per Rupee -	11	0	6	6	5	0	10	10	9	0	10	0	13	0
Barley, (Jow) „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	0	16	0	20	0	24	0
Bhoosa, White „ „ -	32	0	9	0	30	0	40	0	32	0	32	0	40	0
„ Missa „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	53	0	42	8	68	0	45	0
Cotton „ „ -	1	12	2	0	10	0	1	12	2	0	1	9	1	8
Dal, Urhur „ „ -	11	0	12	12	11	0	18	0	14	0	16	0	15	0
„ Gram „ „ -	12	0	12	12	11	0	16	0	13	0	16	0	19	0
„ Khesaree „ „ -	26	0	25	9	21	0	24	12	26	0	22	0	23	0
„ Muskullye „ „ -	22	0	18	4	15	0	18	0	22	8	16	0	17	0
„ Moong „ „ -	12	0	12	12	13	0	10	10	14	0	0	0	7	0
„ Mussoor „ „ -	16	0	14	3	13	0	22	12	21	4	19	0	20	0
„ Muttur „ „ -	18	0	18	4	0	0	22	12	21	4	21	5	23	0
Firewood „ „ -	12	bdls	32	bdls	8	bdls	64	bdls	180	0	64	bdls	118	0
Ghee, Cow's „ „ -	1	12	0	0	0	0	1	12	1	4	1	8	1	6
„ Buffaloe's „ „ -	1	8	2	0	1	8	0	0	1	3	0	0	1	13
Gram, (Boot) 1st sort „ -	16	0	18	4	15	0	26	10	20	0	16	0	34	0
„ „ 2nd sort „ -	20	0	0	0	16	0	30	8	21	4	20	0	35	0
Grass, Dry „ „ -	8	bdls	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Joar „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oil, Cocoanut „ „ -	2	8	2	4	2	0	2	12	2	14	3	0	2	4
„ Linseed „ „ -	2	0	0	0	3	12	3	14	3	4	0	0	4	0
„ Mustard „ „ -	4	4	4	0	3	8	3	10	4	0	4	2	3	12
Paddy, (Dhan) „ „ -	22	8	0	0	25	0	29	0	30	0	45	0	27	0
Potatoes „ „ -	12	0	8	0	15	0	20	0	20	0	13	5	19	0
Rice, Autub, Table or fine Grain	8	0	12	12	15	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	8	0
„ „ small Grain -	9	0	0	0	10	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	9	0
„ Moonghy „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	16	8
„ Ballam „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	0	0	0	0	0
„ Khairee „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	0	18	0	0	0	0	0
„ Sollie „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	0	0	18	0
Khajla, or Nona or Pinky „ -	0	0	24	9	0	0	17	8	22	0	0	0	0	0
Salt, 1st sort „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ 2nd sort „ „ -	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	8
„ Samber „ „ -	0	0	7	1	7	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ Pangah „ „ -	0	0	9	2	10	0	10	10	10	10	9	0	8	8
Sugar Cane „ „ -	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	0	4	0	3	0	3	8
„ Date „ „ -	7	0	0	0	5	0	3	4	4	8	5	0	0	0
Wheat, (Gaho) „ „ -	17	8	0	0	18	0	18	12	14	0	13	5	18	0

Stations, and Markets, as on the 31st March 1859.—(Continued.)

Burdwan.		Bancoorah.		Beerbhoom.		Midnapore.		Cuttack.		Gowalparah.		Kamroop.		Luckimpore.		Seebsagur.		Akyab.	
Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.
10	8	10	0	13	0	11	4	15	12	8	0	7	0	5	0	8	0	4	0
30	0	24	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
41	4	46	0	48	0	32	0	42	0	0	0	0	0	32	0	0	0	16	0
45	0	60	0	52	0	37	8	84	0	32	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0
2	1	1	8	1	11	1	12	0	0	2	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0
18	12	15	0	18	0	16	8	15	12	14	0	10	0	8	0	10	0	13	5
17	4	0	0	15	8	11	0	12	5	16	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	8	0
28	8	17	0	24	0	22	0	23	10	30	0	20	0	20	0	20	0	20	0
19	2	0	0	16	0	0	0	18	6	25	0	16	0	8	0	0	0	13	5
11	4	8	0	9	0	17	0	14	7	16	0	7	0	5	0	13	0	11	8
24	12	0	0	20	0	18	0	12	5	28	0	16	0	10	0	0	0	13	0
22	8	12	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	25	0	20	0	10	0	16	0	12	8
90	0	300	0	200	0	220	0	1 per kahoon	12	6	bdls	16	bdls	200	0	0	0	8	billets
1	2	1	2	2	0	1	7	1	11½	1	8	1	4	1	0	2	0	1	4
2	1	1	10	1	14	1	9	1	12½	1	4	1	4	1	0	1	4	1	8
24	0	16	0	18	0	16	0	17	1	16	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	16	0
24	12	17	0	21	0	17	0	0	0	27	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	20	0
0	0	7½	bdls	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	bdls
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	2	2	2	7	2	12	3	15	1	12	1	12	1	0	0	0	2	8
2	4	0	0	3	0	3	4	4	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	2	4	12	4	12	4	0	4	9	4	0	3	12	3	0	3	8	2	4
30	0	25	0	33	0	30	0	72	3	40	0	0	0	28	0	0	0	36	0
24	0	12	0	13	0	16	0	0	0	32	0	8	0	8	0	0	0	8	0
7	8	0	0	0	0	15	0	23	10	8	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0
7	11	0	0	15	8	17	0	18	6	12	0	9	0	0	0	26	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	4	0	0	9	6	0	0	22	0	10	8	9	0	6	0	8	0	26	0
11	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	14	8	8	0	0	10	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	12	0	0	3	12	4	3	0	0	3	0	3	0	2	0	3	0	3	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0
16	8	17	12	18	8	15	0	22	5	25	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	8	0

Statement of Prices Current in the under-mentioned Districts, Stations, and Markets, as on the 31st March 1859.—(Concluded.)

ARTICLES.	Nugwan Sub-Division of Midnapore.						Darjeeling.	
	Bazar Contai.		Bazar at Balee-ghatt.		Tumlook Sub-Division of Midnapore.			
	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.
Attah ... ... per Rupee -	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0
Barley, (Jow) „ „ -	20	0	0	0	21	4	0	0
Bhoosa, White „ „ -	0	0	0	0	45	0	0	0
„ Missa „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cotton „ „ -	1	10	1	12	1	10	1	0
Dal, Urhur „ „ -	12	8	13	0	14	0	10	0
„ Gram „ „ -	10	0	0	0	11	0	9	8
„ Khesaree „ „ -	21	0	26	0	25	8	11	0
„ Muskullye „ „ -	13	0	21	0	19	0	8	0
„ Moong „ „ -	8	0	21	0	12	0	6	8
„ Mussoor „ „ -	13	0	0	0	17	0	10	0
„ Muttur „ „ -	10	0	0	0	21	4	0	0
Firewood „ „ -	0	0	0	0	160	0	320	0
Ghee, Cow's „ „ -	1	2	1	2	1	8	1	8
„ Buffaloe's „ „ -	1	6	1	8	1	10	2	8
Gram, (Boot) 1st sort „ -	12	8	16	0	18	0	13	0
„ „ 2nd sort „ -	16	0	18	0	19	0	14	0
Grass, Dry „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Joar „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oil, Cocoanut „ „ -	2	0	0	0	2	12	1	8
„ Linseed „ „ -	3	12	4	8	0	0	0	12
„ Mustard „ „ -	3	8	4	0	3	12	4	0
Paddy, (Dhan) „ „ -	36	0	45	0	40	0	0	0
Potatoes „ „ -	16	0	0	0	16	0	13	to20
Rice, Autub, Table or fine Grain	0	0	0	0	13	4	7	0
„ „ small Grain -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ Moonghy „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ Ballam „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ Khairee „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ Sollie „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Khajla, or Nona or Pinky „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Salt, 1st sort „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0
„ 2nd sort „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	8
„ Samber „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ Pangah „ „ -	15	0	13	4	13	0	0	0
Sugar Cane „ „ -	4	0	4	0	4	4	3	4
„ Date „ „ -	3	8	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wheat, (Gaho) „ „ -	13	0	0	0	10	8	0	0

By order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces,

E. T. TREVOR,
Secretary.

Printed by THOMAS JONES, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

No. 32. [927]

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20, 1859.

Legislative Council of India.

THE 9TH APRIL 1859.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council of India on the 9th April 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 13th of July next:—

A Bill to amend Act XIII of 1856 (for regulating the Police of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, and the several stations of the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca.)

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend certain provisions of Act XIII of 1856: It is enacted as follows:—

Sections repealed.

I. Sections XIII, L, LIX, LXXVI, LXXVIII, and Clause 13 of Section LXXXI of Act XIII of 1856 (for regulating the Police of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, and the several stations of the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca) are repealed, and the following Sections are substituted in lieu thereof.

Police Officers taking bribes.

II. Whoever, being a member of the Police Force or being employed in any Police Office, asks for or takes any bribe or unauthorized reward, shall be dismissed by order of the Commissioner, and upon conviction before a Magistrate, shall be liable to fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees, or to imprisonment, with or without hard labor, for any term not exceeding six months.

(CALCUTTA, MADRAS, AND THE STRAITS' SETTLEMENT.)

Penalty for keeping taverns and places of public entertainment without a license from the Commissioner of Police.

III. Whoever in the Towns of Calcutta and Madras, or in any Station of the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca, has or keeps any hotel, tavern, punch-house, ale-house, arrack or toddy-shop, or place for smoking chundoo or other preparation of opium; or any eating-house, coffee-house, boarding-house, lodging-house, or other place of public resort and entertainment, wherein provisions, liquors, or refreshments of any kind are sold or consumed (whether the same be kept or retailed therein or procured elsewhere), without a license from the Commissioner of Police; and whoever, in the Town of Bombay has or keeps any such hotel, tavern house, shop, or place, or who sells by retail in any place any spirituous or fermented liquors without such license, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day that such unlicensed house or place is kept open or that such unlicensed sale by retail is continued.

(BOMBAY.)

Penalty for keeping such house and for retailing spirits in any place without a license.

Common gaming-houses.

IV. When any cards, dice, gaming-table or cloth, board, or other instruments of gaming, which are found in any house, room, or place, of which information has been given on oath to the Commissioner of Police that it is suspected of being used as a common gaming-house, or about the person of any of those who are found therein, it shall be evidence, until the contrary is made to appear, that such house, room, or place is used as a common gaming-house, and that the persons found therein were there present for the purpose of gaming, although no play was actually seen by the Police Officer, or any of his assistants.

Powers of Inspector, &c., to enter shops to seize false weights and measures.

V. Any Inspector or superior Officer of Police may enter any shop or premises for the purpose of inspecting the weights and measures and instruments for weighing, kept or used therein, and may seize any weight, measure, or instrument for weighing which he may have reason to believe is false.

In Calcutta and the Ports of the Straits' Settlement, passenger boats to be registered.

VI. No boat shall ply for passengers in the Port of Calcutta, or in any of the Ports of the said Settlement, unless duly registered at the Police Office. The following particulars shall be entered in the Register.

First.—Number of the boat.

Second.—Name and residence of the owner, and of the manjee.

Third.—Number of the crew.

Fourth.—Number of persons the boat is permitted to carry.

Registration.

The registration shall be in force for one year; and every change of the owner or manjee within that time shall be therein noted. A fee of one Rupee shall be paid on registration.

Name of owner or manjee, number, &c. to be painted.

The owner or manjee of every such registered boat shall cause to be painted on a conspicuous part of it, in the English and Vernacular languages, the registered number thereof, the number of the crew, and the number of passengers permitted to be carried.

Penalty.

The owner or manjee of a boat plying for passengers without being duly registered, or carrying more passengers, or with a less crew, than is stated in the register, or not having the prescribed particulars painted on it, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Discharging fire-arms, fire-works, &c.

VII. Whoever sets fire to, or burns any straw or other matter, or lights any bon-fire, or wantonly discharges any fire-arm, or air-gun, or lets off or throws any fire-work, or sends up any fire-balloon, in or near any public street, road, or thoroughfare, except at such times and places as shall be from time to time allowed by the Commissioner of Police, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees.

Construction.

VIII. This Act shall be read with and taken as part of the said Act XIII of 1856.

W. Morgan,

Clerk of the Council.

The 16th April 1859.

The following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council of India on the 16th April 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 20th of July next:—

A Bill for regulating the establishment of Markets.

Preamble.

Whereas the establishment of new markets in the neighbourhood of places where markets have been previously established, leads to disputes between the owners of the lands on which such new and previously established markets are held, and such disputes not unfrequently occasion breaches of the peace, and serious inconvenience to the frequenters of such markets; It is enacted as follows:—

No new market to be established without permission of Magistrate.

I. After the passing of this Act no person shall establish a new market without permission in writing from the Magistrate of the District. If any person shall attempt to establish a new market without such license, he shall on conviction by the Magistrate be subject to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees.

Application for permission.

II. When any person desires to establish a new market, he shall make application in writing to the Magistrate. The application shall specify the name of the place at which it is proposed to establish such new market, the days on which it is to be held, the name of the place where the nearest existing market is held, and the days on which it is held, the distance in English miles between the two places, and the reasons of the applicant for desiring to establish the new market.

Issue of proclamation and notice.

III. On receipt of the application the Magistrate shall issue a proclamation stating the desire of the applicant to establish a market at the place named by him and the days on which it is proposed to be held, and calling upon any person who may have any objection to the establishment of the market, to state his objection in writing within six weeks from the date of the proclamation. The proclamation shall be affixed in a conspicuous place in the village or town in or near to which it is proposed that the new market shall be held; and a copy of the same shall be affixed at the Police Station within the jurisdiction of which the village or town is situate and in the Court of the Magistrate. If it shall appear that any existing market is held within a distance of four miles from the place where it is proposed that the new market shall be established, the Magistrate shall cause a notice to the effect of the proclamation to be served upon the owner of the land where such existing market is held. The proclamation and notice (if any) shall be issued and served at the expense of the applicant.

Magistrate's order.

IV. If within the time specified in the proclamation and notice (if any), no objection is preferred to the establishment of the proposed market, the Magistrate shall pass an order permitting it to be established.

If objection be made.

If within the time specified any objection is preferred, the Magistrate shall enquire into the objection, and pass such order as may appear proper in the circumstances of the case.

Markets established two years before the passing of this Act.

V. If within six months from the passing of this Act any objection shall be preferred to the Magistrate in respect of any market which has been newly established within a period of two years before the passing of this Act, the Magistrate shall enquire into the objection, and if it shall appear that such new market has been established within a distance of four miles from any previously existing market, and that the establishment of the new market has been the cause of disturbances or other inconvenience to the people of the neigbourhood, the Magistrate may, if he think necessary, change the days upon which such new market is held, or at his discretion order that it be discontinued.

Appeal.

VI. Every order passed by a Magistrate under this Act shall be open to appeal to the Commissioner of Police, and the order of the Commissioner, subject to the control of the local Government, shall be final.

VII. Every person who shall contravene any order duly passed under this Act shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees. .

Penalty for contravening order.

VIII. All the provisions of this Act relative to the establishment of new markets shall be applicable also to the establishment of new fairs.

Act applicable to the establishment of new fairs.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Home Department.

No. 792.

Fort William, the 16th April 1859.

The Reverend F. W. Kingsford, appointed an Assistant Chaplain on the Bengal Establishment reported his arrival per Ship *Saladin*, which Vessel reached the Sand-heads on the 8th instant.

No. 793.

The services of the Reverend J. Mackay, Assistant Chaplain, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Straits' Settlements and those of the Reverend F. W. Kingsford, Assistant Chaplain, at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces.

No. 794.

The 19th April 1859.

Messrs. R. C. Oldfield and C. J. Daniell, of the Civil Service, reported their departure for England by the Steam Ship *Bengal*, which Vessel was left by the Pilot at Sea on the 10th instant.

No. 795.

Mr. H. P. Fane, of the Civil Service, reported his return from leave to England on Medical Certificate, on the 13th instant, by the Peninsular and Oriental Company's Steamer *Simla*.

W. GREY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Foreign Department.

No. 2073.

Fort William, the 15th April 1859.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Assistant Surgeon W. Eddowes, attached to the Convalescent Depot at Allahabad, to the Medical charge of the Joudpore Legion, *vice* Dr. A. Young.

No. 2074.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Captain R. H. D. Tulloh, Assistant Commissioner, 1st Class, Punjab, to be Assistant Commissioner, First Class, in the Province of Oudh.

No. 2075.

With reference to General Order, dated 31st December last, No. 4332, Lieutenant C. W. Street has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Commissioner in the Prome District, with effect from the 8th March last, the date on which he joined his appointment.

No. 2076.

The following appointments are made in amendment of those notified in General Orders, dated 4th ultimo, No. 576:—

Lieutenant Stainforth to be District Adjutant, *vice* Lieutenant Smith.

Lieutenant Ffrench to officiate as Divisional Adjutant, *vice* Ward.

Lieutenant Rawlins to officiate as Divisional Adjutant, *vice* Boileau.

No. 2077.

Major W. H. Rickards made over charge of the Bhopal Political Agency to Captain W. G. Cumming on the 29th March last.

No. 2078.

Sir R. N. C. Hamilton, Bart., Agent to the Governor General for Central India, made over charge of the Central India Agency Office temporarily to his Assistant, Captain F. J. H. Helbert, on the 4th instant.

No. 2079.

Mr. T. J. Tallon, Assistant Commissioner, Pegu, received charge of the Office of the Assistant Commissioner, Pegu Town, Rangoon District, from Captain Jepson, on the 26th February last.

No. 2080.

Ensign James Kelly, 1st Madras Fusiliers, doing duty with the Oudh Military Police, is permitted to resign his appointment in the Police.

No. 2081.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to permit Lieutenant C. H. Boileau, of Her Majesty's 61st and Ensign Charles Pye, of Her Majesty's 53rd Regiment, to resign their respective appointments of Divisional and District Adjutants in the Oudh Military Police, and their services are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

No. 2082.

Lieutenant R. N. Taylor, Deputy Commissioner, 3rd Class, in charge Raichore Doab, has obtained privilege leave of absence for two months, from the 3rd instant, or from such subsequent date as may avail himself of the same.

Mr. L. Ricketts, Assistant Commissioner, is appointed to the charge of the District during Lieutenant Taylor's absence.

No. 2083.

Mr. P. Carnegy, Deputy Commissioner, Lucknow, availed himself of only nine days of the privilege leave granted to him in General Order, dated 29th ultimo, No. 1329.

No. 2084.

Major G. Haines, Superintendent of the Bangalore Division, in Mysore, availed himself on the 9th ultimo of the leave granted to him in General Order, dated 29th March last, No. 1330, and returned to his duty on the 23rd idem.

No. 2085.

The 18*th April* 1859.

Subject to the approbation of Her Majesty, the Right Hon'ble the Viceroy and Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant R G. Watson, of the 2nd Bombay European Light Infantry, to be 3rd Attaché to Her Majesty's Embassy at the Court of Persia.

No. 2086.

The 19*th April* 1859.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Dr. J. M. Hyslop, Civil Surgeon at Bagdad, to officiate as Political Agent in Turkish Arabia, during the absence on leave of Major A. B. Kemball, C. B.

No. 2087.

Mr. George Couper, Commissioner in Oudh, reported his return from Sick leave on the Steamer *Simla*, which reached the Sand-heads, on the 11th instant.

No. 2088.

Major J. W. Carnegie, Deputy Commissioner in Oudh, has obtained the usual leave, from the 15th instant, or from such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it, to visit the Presidency, preparatory to proceeding on Sick leave to England.

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, 18*th April* 1859.

No. 528 *of* 1859.—The following Notification, from the Public Works Department, is published in General Orders :—

No. 87.—*The* 11*th April* 1859.—The preparatory leave granted to Captain W. Henderson, of Engineers, in Notification No. 102, dated Allahabad, 18th December 1858, is to be held to have commenced on the 15th January 1859, the date on which he availed himself thereof.

No. 529 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, issued by the Government, North-Western Provinces, are published in General Orders :—

No. 184.—*The* 11*th April* 1859.—*Appointment.*—Captain J. S. Rawlins, 41th Native Infantry, to be Commandant of the Auxiliary Levy, and District Commandant in Mynpoory, from the 22nd ultimo, during the absence of Captain Eckford, or until further orders.

No. 188.—*Leave of Absence.*—Captain C. P. Hallett, Commanding Allygurh District Police, for two months, on private affairs, from 1st of May, or from such date as he may avail himself of it, to visit Nynee Tal and Mussoorie.

No. 530 *of* 1859.—The following Notification issued by the Government of the Punjab, is published in General Orders :—

No. 754.—*The* 4*th April* 1859.—*Transfer.*—The services of Captain R. H. D. Tulloh, Assistant Commissioner, Peshawur, are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner in Oude, as a temporary arrangement.

No. 531 *of* 1859.—The Pay, Batta and other Allowances for April 1859, of the Troops at the Presidency and at the other Stations of the Army, will be issued on or after Tuesday, the 10th proximo.

No. 532 *of* 1859.—Superintending Surgeon Alexander Davidson, M.D., of the Medical Department, is permitted to retire from the Service on the Pension of £700 per annum, from the date of sailing of the Steam-ship *Nubia*.

No. 533 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on Furlough, on private affairs :—

Lieutenant Colonel and Brevet Colonel Bulstrode Bygrave, of the 31st Regiment Native Light Infantry ...	For three years, under the old Regulations.

No. 534 *of* 1859.—Lieutenant C. M. L. Clarke, of the 37th Native Infantry, late Officiating Sub-Assistant Commissary General, is allowed leave of absence, from the 23rd February to the 9th instant, to visit the Presidency, preparatory to obtaining Sick leave to Europe, under the old Regulations.

Fort William, 19*th April* 1859.

No. 535 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council has much satisfaction in publishing the following letter from the Adjutant General of the Army, with enclosures, giving details of an engagement with the Rebels by a Detachment under Command of Brigadier Faddy.

The Governor General in Council desires to record his thanks to the Brigadier Commanding and to the Troops employed on the occasion, and more particularly to Captain Boileau and the party of

the 2nd Sikh Cavalry under his Command, and to Captain Wright of the same Corps.

No. 526.

FROM THE ADJUTANT GENERAL OF THE ARMY,
TO THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,

Military Department.

SIR,

Submits a Despatch from Major-General Whitlock, detailing operations against the Rebels at Kentee.

I HAVE the honor, by desire of the Commander-in-Chief, to forward for submission to His Excellency the Governor General, the accompanying letter, in original, No. 167, of the 12th ultimo, from Major-General G. C. Whitlock, Commanding the Saugor Field Division, with annexures, relating to an engagement with the Rebels at Kentee, in Bundlecund, and I am to beg you will express Lord Clyde's approbation of the conduct of Brigadier Faddy, and the Troops engaged under his Command.

3. His Lordship desires specially to recommend for favorable notice the conduct of Captain Boileau, and the party of 2nd Seikh Cavalry under his Command, also to express his approval of the services of Captain Wright, Commandant of the 2nd Seikh Cavalry, as brought to notice by Major-General Whitlock.

3. The Commander-in-Chief desires further to recommend the admission to the Order of Merit, of the men named in the 17th paragraph of Brigadier Faddy's Despatch.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) W. MAYHEW, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Adjt. Genl. of the Army.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE ;
Calcutta,
The 6th April 1859.

No. 167.

FROM MAJOR-GENERAL G. C. WHITLOCK,
Commanding Saugor Field Division,
TO MAJOR-GENERAL SIR R. W. MANSFIELD, K. C. B.
Chief of the Staff,
With Army Head Quarters.
Camp near Nagode, 12th March 1859.

SIR,

I HAD the honor to communicate to the Right Honorable the Commander-in-Chief, in my letter No. 60, and dated 3rd March, to the address of the Quarter-Master General, my having detached every available Soldier from this place to try to fall in, if possible, with the Rebels under Munzoor Ally and Runmutt Sing, who had committed two murders and other atrocities in this neighbourhood, I beg now to enclose a copy of a Despatch from Brigadier Faddy, who had the good fortune to encounter them in force at the village of Kentee. The prompt and decisive measures taken on this occasion by the Brigadier, the gallantry with which that Officer's orders were executed, call for the highest commendations, and I do indeed most cordially and warmly recommend to the special notice of His Lordship, Brigadier Faddy and those Officers named in his Despatch. A Detachment of the A Troop Horse Artillery well merit the praise bestowed upon them by the Brigadier. I well know the keen disappointment it must have been to them not to have brought their guns into action.

The Columns under Lieutenant-Colonel Oakes, Her Majesty's 12th Lancers; Major Chichester, Her Majesty's 97th Regiment; Major Middleton, of the 17th Native Infantry; Major Babington, of the 17th Native Infantry, although not having met with the Rebels, still performed the responsible duties allotted to them in the most satisfactory manner. Captain Wright, Commanding the 2nd Seikh Cavalry, and his gallant body have done their duty well. Captain Wright has been on the constant move and kept that part of the country entrusted to his care quite free from Rebels. A Roll shall be sent to the Commander-in-Chief of the men recommended for the Order of Merit. I have been inconstant communication with Mr. Mayne, the Collector of Banda, and whose information again has been most useful to me. Brigadier Faddy has recorded his sense of the services of Lieutenant Osborne, the Political Agent of Rewah, in enabling him to learn the movements of the Rebels.

I would beg permission to mention, that the information that I have received from a valuable and intelligent Officer, Mr. Coles, the Deputy Political Agent at Nagode, was of the greatest assistance to me.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) G. C. WHITLOCK, *Major-General,*
Commanding Saugor Field Division,

FROM BRIGADIER P. P. FADDY,
Comdg. Artillery Brigade and Field Detachment,
Saugor Field Division,
TO THE ASSISTANT ADJUTANT GENERAL,
Saugor Field Division, Nagode.
Camp Kentee, 5th March 1859.

SIR,

Artillery.
Captain Heneagan.
Lieutenant Anderson.
Troop Quarter Master Knox.
3 Serjeants.
49 Rank and File.
83 Horses.
2 6-pounder Guns.
1 12-pounder Howitzer.
2nd Seikh Cavalry.
Captain Boileau.
6 Native Officers.
162 Non-Commissioned Rank and File.

ON the 3rd instant, I reported my arrival at Rewah. I have now the honor to state that at 2 P. M. on that afternoon, I marched for Simereah with the half A. Troop Madras Horse Artillery and one Squadron of Seikh Cavalry, strength as per margin, arriving there by 9 P. M.

2. Early on the morning of the 4th, intelligence was received by Captain Osborne, the Political Agent, that the Rebels had moved from their positions at *Mynhna and Kutchereea* with the intention of proceeding towards *Myaqurhee*. Orders were sent off to Major McDonell, 27th Madras Native Infantry, Commanding the Infantry Detachments at *Rewah* to proceed immediately to *Mungowah* on the Mirzapore Road, and there await orders, and I marched at 10½ A. M. with Horse Artillery and Seikhs towards *Kentee*. At 4 miles from Camp I received intelligence that the Rebels had been at a village about six miles ahead and were then encamped at a village a short distance beyond. I pushed on a Troop of Cavalry to reconnoitre, following as rapidly as I could with the Artillery and remaining Troop.

3. About three miles on we crossed the "Tons" River, a most difficult passage for the guns, and three miles further on, met the River Beehur or Gogur, a branch of the Tons. Here we were delayed a considerable time, the usual ford at the village of *Chachye* being impassable for guns ; another ford was found half a mile lower down by which we crossed, the Artillery with excessive difficulty being obliged to drag the guns up nearly a perpendicular bank by hand.

4. While the guns were crossing, I pushed on the Cavalry to *Sirmoul*, and shortly after had the gratification of hearing from Captain Boileau, who commanded them, that the enemy were halted a short distance ahead of him.

5. As soon as the guns were over the River, I again pushed on at a sharp trob and came up with the Ca-

valry, halted about one mile from the village of *Kentee* where the enemy were in position.

6. I moved on to the attack, the Cavalry on the right, and guns on the left, but was brought up by the *Mahanna Nuddee*, a wide and rocky branch of the Tons River with very steep banks.

7. The enemy were drawn up in position with this River on their front, flanked by the village of Kentee on their right, and a deep impassable Nullah on their left.

8. On first approaching the River, they seemed inclined to stand, but on the guns nearing them, they moved off slowly towards the village.

9. I proceeded with the Cavalry across the *Nuddee* and up the bank of the nullah, which I crossed about quarter of a mile in rear of the enemy's first position, with the intention of keeping them in view till the guns could be brought up, the River and Nullah forming almost an impracticable hindrance for guns.

10. Having crossed the Nullah and got well in rear of their position, I brought my right shoulders forward and halted in line to watch the enemy's movements. After a few minutes we observed the enemy advancing from the village to take possession of a tope in our front.

11 From the dense mass in which the enemy came on, I should estimate their numbers at from twelve to sixteen hundred men, including a few Sowars.

12. On reconnoitring their position in the tope, it was observed the enemy were moving out and showed intention of coming down on the Cavalry, but suddenly changing their direction, they moved off in a compact body to their left, apparently in the direction of *Gurh*. I immediately sent back an Officer to the rear to bring up the guns with the utmost expedition, but by this time it was near 4 P. M., and no signs of the guns coming on, and fearing from the lateness of the hour, I should be unable to inflict any punishment on the enemy were I to wait for them, I determined to attack with the Cavalry, strength as per margin, and accordingly ordered them to form up in line and placing myself at their head accompanied by Captain Howlett, Lieutenants Ward and Shaw, I directed their Commanding Officer, Captain F. W. Boileau to charge; and from personal observation can testify to the dashing manner in which the Squadron carried out my orders led by their gallant Commander.

Staff.	
Brigadier Faddy.	
Captain Howlett.	
Lieutenant Ward.	
Lieutenant Shaw.	
Cavalry.	
1 Officer,	Captain Boileau.
61	Sabres.

13. After a gallop of 400 yards we crossed a high bank with a ditch on the other side, from behind which we were greeted with a heavy discharge of musketry, but this had no effect in checking the advance of the Seikhs, who plied their swords most vigorously and effectually, continuing the pursuit for about two miles, when I considered it prudent to recall them, and we rejoined the guns at about half past five, just as they were dragging the last one across the Nullah. I think the Major General will agree with me, that the dashing charge of so small a body of Cavalry against such superior numbers was a most gallant exploit, and reflects the greatest credit on the Seikh Cavalry.

14. I cannot speak too highly of the manner in which the half A Troop Madras Horse Artillery overcame every difficulty and brought their guns over ground which, had they not effected it, I should have considered impassable for Artillery, and which requires to be seen to form a correct idea of the obstacles they surmounted. It is to me a matter of the deepest regret that after all their exertions, they had not an opportunity of showing the enemy what metal they were made of, and I feel well assured that very few of the enemy would have escaped, had this desirable point been effected, as it was 102 *bodies were counted dead on the field*, most of whom were Sepoys, and several wounded men have since been brought in.

15. *Sixty Stands of Arms*, nearly all percussion, *one Enfield Rifle*, 17 *Matchlocks* and 15 *Swords* have been collected from the Field, and the Seikh Cavalry have had the high honor of capturing the *Regimental Colour of the late 30th Bengal Native Infantry*, also several articles, the property of the Engineers who were lately murdered by these Rebels, have been recovered.

16. I beg to enclose a Return of Killed and Wounded which considering the smallness of the body engaged, I regret to say is heavy.

17. Captain Boileau has brought prominently to my notice the under-mentioned men. Naib Ressaldar, Khan Sing, 6th Troop; Jemadar Acbar Khan, 5th Troop, Jemadar Goolab Sing, 6th Troop, Duffadar Mahomed Khan, 5th Troop; and Lance Duffadar Shiojee Sing, 6th Troop; and I beg that Major General Whitlock will do me the favor to recommend them to the Right Honorable the Commender-in-Chief as fitting candidates for the Order of Merit.

Naib Ressaldar Khan Sing,	6th	Troop.
Jemadar Acbar Khan,	5th	"
Jemadar Goolab Sing,	6th	"
Duffadar Mahomed Khan,	5th	"
Lance Duffadar Shiojee Sing,	6th	"

18. I cannot speak too highly of the cheerfulness and alacrity with which all ranks of the small Column under my command have undergone the fatigues of the severe marches from Nagode, a distance of 106 *miles* which we have accomplished in *sixty-nine hours*, the last *fifteen* being across-country at a trot and a canter.

19. I beg to bring to the favorable notice of the Major General the Officers who acted on my Staff, namely* Captain A. Howlett, 27th Madras Native Infantry, Deputy Assistant Quarter-Master General; Captain C. H. Harrison, Madras Artillery, Brigade Major; Lieutenant Ward, Madras Rifles, and Lieutenant Shaw, Madras Artillery, Orderly Officers, whose zeal and energy deserve every commendation, and my best thanks are also due to Captain Henegan, Commanding the Artillery, and Captain Boileau, Commanding the Seikhs.

* Captain A. Howlett, 27th Madras Native Infantry.
Captain C. H. Harrison, Madras Artillery.
Lieutenant Ward, Madras Rifles.
" Shaw, Madras Artillery.
Captain Henegan "
" Boileau, Seikhs.

20. I would also wish to bring to notice Dr. Abbott, of the Bengal Service, whose kindness and attention to the wounded has been unremitting.

Dr. Abbott.

21. I must not omit to mention that the whole of this success must be atributed to the excellent information afforded by W. Osborne, Esq., Political Agent of Rewah, to whom I beg to tender my sincere thanks.

Captain Osborne.

22. I march this evening from Kentee to Gurh, where the Infantry under Major McDonell have been ordered to join, and where I hope Captain Osborne will receive further intelligence by which I shall be guided.

23. Hoping that these movements will meet with the Major General's approval.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) P. P. Faddy, *Brigadier*,
Commanding Artillery Brigade, and Field Detachment, Saugor Field Division.

P. S.—Since my Despatch was written, Captain Osborne has succeeded in gaining the following specific intelligence from some of the prisoners who were examined *separately*, that *Runmutt Sing* is the Commander-in-Chief of the Rebel Army, and *Mundroog Sing*, Commander of the Mutineers, who are men of the 2nd Grenadiers, 7th, 11th, 30th, 38th, 40th and 53rd Regiments Native Infantry to the number of five hundred men, and that *Furzund Ally* and Lopal Sing, with a party of 50 mounted men, keep half a mile in advance of the main body to reconnoitre.

(Signed) P. P. Faddy, *Brigadier*,
Commanding Artillery Brigade and Field Detachment, Saugor Field Division.

(True Copy)

(Signed) G. C. Whitlock, *Major-General*,
Commanding Saugor Field Division.

NOMINAL ROLL of Killed and Wounded in the Action of "Kentee" under the Command of Brigadier Faddy on the 4th day of March 1859.

Regiment or Troop.	General Number.	Rank and Names.		Killed.	Wounded.	Remarks.
2nd Sikh Cavalry ...	...	Lieut. and Adjutant...	F. W. Boileau ...	...	Wounded by Pistol on right knee ...	Slight.
B. Co. 4th Battalion Madras Artillery ...	2807	Bombadier ...	Anthony Ricketts ...	...	Wounded from Battle-axe ...	Ditto.
2nd Sikh Cavalry.						
5th Troop ...	...	Sowar ...	Sheer Khan ...	Killed		
6th Troop ...	...	„ ...	Kishern Sing ...	Killed		
6th Troop ...	...	„ ...	Bhag Sing ...	...	Gun-shot wound ...	Since dead.
6th Troop ...	...	Jemadar ...	Goolab Sing ...	...	Ditto ditto ...	Slight.
5th Troop ...	...	Duffadar ...	Sivai Sing ...	...	Sword cut across left fore-arm ...	Ditto.
6th Troop ...	...	Kote Duffadar ...	Gunga Sing ...	...	Wound from Battle-axe ...	Ditto.
6th Troop ...	...	Sowar ...	Jeejee Sing ...	...	Gun-shot wound ...	Ditto.
5th Troop ...	...	„ ...	Jasse Sing ...	...	Ditto ditto ...	Dangerous.
6th Troop ...	...	„ ...	Peean Sing ...	...	Sword cut ...	Severe
6th Troop ...	...	„ ...	Hukeek Sing ...	...	Ditto ...	Dangerous.
6th Troop ...	...	„ ...	Dyab Sing ...	...	Ditto ...	Slight.
6th Troop ...	...	„ ...	Ameen Khan ...	...	Gun-shot wound ...	Dangerous.
6th Troop ...	...	„ ...	Boor Sing ...	...	Ditto ditto ...	Severe.
5th Troop ...	...	„ ...	Madho Bux ...	...	Contusion on left breast ...	Slight.
6th Troop ...	...	„ ...	Utchull Sing ...	...	Sword cut ...	Severe.

(Signed) N. Abbott, *M. D., Assistant Surgeon, Political Agency, Rewah.*

Camp Kentee, *The 5th March* 1859.

(Signed) P. P. Faddy, *Brigadier, Comdg. Artillery Brigade and Detacht. S. F. D.*

(Signed) G. C. Whitlock, *Major-General, Commanding Saugor Field Division.*

Abstract of Killed, Wounded and Missing.

Corps.	Killed.						Wounded.						Missing.						Remarks.
	European Officers.	Native Officers.	Non-Com. Officers.	Rank and File.	Total	Horses.	European Officers.	Native Officers.	Non-Com. Officers.	Rank and File.	Total.	Horses.	European Officers.	Native Officers.	Non-Com. Officers.	Rank and File.	Total.	Horses.	
B. Co. 4th Battalion Madras Artillery ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	*1	*1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	* Camp Colorman to the Brigadier Commanding Artillery Brigade.
2nd Regiment Seikh Cavalry ...	...	...	...	3	3	2	1	1	2	11	15	8	...	...	...	...	...	8	
Total ...	...	...	...	3	3	2	1	1	2	12	16	8	...	...	...	...	...	8	

(Signed) P. P. Faddy, *Brigadier,*
Comdg. Artillery Brigade and Field Detachment, Saugor Field Division.

Camp Kentee,
The 5th March 1859.

(True Copy)

(Signed) G. C. Whitlock, *Major-General,*
Commanding Saugor Field Division.

No. 536 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit the undermentioned Native Officers and Men of the 2nd Sikh Cavalry, to the 3rd Class of the Orderof Merit, in consideration of their conspicuous gallantry in action with a body of Rebels, at Kentee, in Bundlecund, on the 4th March 1859 :—

Naib Ressaldar Khan Sing	...	6th Troop.
Jemadar Acbar Khan	...	5th „
Jemadar Goolab Sing	...	6th „
Duffadar Mahomed Khan	...	5th „
Lance Duffadar Shiojee Sing	...	6th „

No. 537 *of* 1859.—Conductor Amos Jackson, of the Ordnance Commissariat Department, is permitted to retire from the Service on the Pension of his Rank, *viz.*, £ 60 per annum, and to reside and draw his stipend in Europe.

No. 538 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate :—

Second Captain Lionel Bridge, of the Madras Artillery ...	For eighteen months, under the old Regulations.
Lieutenant Frederic Henderson, of the 16th Regiment Native Infantry.	For eighteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 539 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct, that all Elephants captured from the Rebels by the British Troops on the Field which may be recognized and proved to be the property of friendly Chiefs from whom they may have been taken by the Rebels, shall be restored through the medium of the Political Authorities.

No. 540 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit Sepoy Zumyat Sing, of the 22nd Punjaub Infantry, to the 3rd Class of the Order of Merit, from the 7th March 1859, in consideration of the valuable services rendered by him to the State.

No. 541 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment :—

Colonel M. Smith, of Her Majesty's 81st Regiment, to be a Brigadier of the 2nd Class on the Establishment, in succession to Brigadier *the Hon'ble* P. E. Herbert, C. B., proceeding to Europe.

No. 542 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit the undermentioned men to the 3rd Class of the Order of Merit, with effect from the 13th March 1859, for their distinguished conduct and conspicuous gallantry in the Field :—

1. Havildar Ally Hoossain, No. 2 Madras Horse Field Battery.

2. Havildar Shaik Hossain and Jemaun, of the E Company Madras Gun Lascars.

3. Lance Naick Ragonath Sing, No. 2 Madras Horse Field Battery.

4. Gun Lascar Ibrahim Beg, of the E Company Madras Gun Lascars.

No. 543 *of* 1859.—The following Order issued by the Commissioner of the Province, to the Nagpore Irregular Force, is confirmed :—

No. 6, *dated* 30*th March* 1859. With reference to Order No. 5,* of the 21st ultimo, Assistant Surgeon W. R. Grylls will be considered as having assumed Medical charge of the Light Field Battery and Staff of the Nagpore Irregular Force from that date.

* G. G. O., No. 335 of 1859.

No 544 *of* 1859.—The following paragraph of a Military Letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State, No. 87, dated 16th March 1859, to the Government of India, is published for general information :—

I have to acquaint you that Mr. James Salisbury Tait and Mr. Henry Bathurst Hanna, now residing in India, have been appointed Cadets of Infantry on the Bengal Establishment, subject to the usual conditions, and to their being found qualified agreeably to the prescribed test.

Their Order of Rank will be transmitted in due course.

No. 545 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment :—

Assistant Surgeon A. G. Duff, M. D., to officiate as Garrison Assistant Surgeon of Fort William, during the absence on Sick leave to Europe of Assistant Surgeon Anderson, M. D., or until further orders.

No. 516 *of* 1859.—In consideration of the eminent services of 2nd Captain L. F. C. Thomas, of the Madras Artillery, Commissary of Ordnance, Lucknow Field Force, in the defence of the Residency at Lucknow and at Alumbagh, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to confirm that Officer, as a special case, in the charge of the Lucknow Magazine, with the Rank and Allowances of a Commissary of Ordnance.

No. 547 *of* 1859.—The following promotion and alteration of Rank are made in the Medical Department :—

Promotion.

Rank and Name.	To what Rank promoted.	From what date.	In whose room.
Assistant Surgeon Robert Wilbank Macaulay, M. D.	Surgeon ...	24th Feb. 1859.	Surgeon T. Leckie, M. D., retired.

Alteration of Rank.

Rank and Names.	To rank from.	In whose room.
Surgeon Charles Manners Smith	21st Feb. 1859.	Surgeon Alexander Cushnie Morison, retired.

No. 548 *of* 1859.—Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned gentlemen to be Cadets for the Artillery and Infantry in Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces at the Presidency of Bengal. They are accordingly admitted into the Service and promoted to the Rank of Lieutenant and Ensign respectively, from the dates assigned to them in Government General Order No. 400, of the 24th ultimo :—

	Date of Arrival at Fort William.
Artillery.	
Mr. John William Taylor ...	13th April 1859.
„ James Andrew Sutherland Colquhoun ...	
„ Walter Earnest Forbes ..	
„ John Forbes Meiklejohn...	
Infantry.	
Mr. Francis William Collis...	13th April 1859.

No. 549 *of* 1859.—The services of Brevet Major C. Douglas, of the Regiment of Artillery, Commissary of Ordnance, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 550 *of* 1859.—Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned gentlemen to be Cadets for the Cavalry and Infantry in Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces at the Presidency of Bengal. They are accordingly admitted into the Service and promoted to the Rank of Cornet and Ensign respectively, leaving the dates of their Commissions for future adjustment :—

	Date of Arrival at Fort William.
Cavalry.	
Mr. Frederick Elliott Farquharson ...	13th April 1859.
Infantry.	
Mr. Thomas James Quin ...	
„ Francis Monro Newbery.	
„ Charles Mercer ...	

No. 551 *of* 1859.—The following Promotions and Alterations of Rank are made:—

Promotions.

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To what Rank promoted.	From what date.	In whose Room.
Artillery.	Capt. and Brevet-Major David Reid ..	Lieutenant-Colonel	23rd Dec. 1858	Lieut-Col. and Bt. Col. G. H. Macgregor, C. B., retired.
	Capt. and Brevet Lieut.-Col. Townsend James William Hungerford .. *Brought on the Establishment of Captains.*	Lieutenant-Colonel	2nd Jan. 1859	Lieut.-Col. Z. M. Mallock, retired.
	Supy. Capt. Edward Harrison ..	.. ..	.. ..	*Vice* Reid, promoted.
	Supy. Capt. William Frederick Cox...	.. ..	... ...	*Vice* Hungerford, promoted.
Engineers.	Capt. and Brevet Lieut.-Col. Norman Chester MacLeod ..	Lieutenant-Colonel	1st Jan. 1859	Lieut.-Col. J. A. Wellet, retired.
	Supy. Capt. Henry Hyde is brought on the Establishment of Captains...			
Infantry..	Major Arthur Purves Phayre ...	Lieutenant-Colonel	22nd Jan. 1859	
6th European Regiment.	Captain Walter Birch ...	Major by Brevet, Under the operation of G. O. No. 217 of 1840.	22nd Jan. 1859	Lieut.-Col. T. J. Nuthall, retired.
	Lieut. John Mitchell Evans ...	Captain by Brevet Under the operation of G. O. No. 217 of 1840.	22nd Jan. 1859	
	Ensign Horace Moule Evans ..	Lieutenant ..	15th Mar. 1859	Lieut. A. Turnbull, deceased.
21st N. I.	Lieut. and Brevet Capt. John Guyse Sparke ..	Captain ..	7th Sept. 1858	Capt. S. A. Turner, retired.
	Ensign William Brereton Birch ...	Lieutenant ..	23rd Dec. 1858	
70th N.I.	Lieut. and Brevet Capt. Francis Chantry Wiggins ..	Captain ..	11th Jan 1859	Capt. R. Robertson, retired.
	Ensign Cecil George Millett ..	Lieutenant ..	29th Mar. 1859	
18th N.I..	Ensign Alexander David Cator Inglis	Lieutenant ..	23rd Dec. 1858	Lieut. R. A. F. W. Ellis, retired.

Alteration of Rank.

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To rank from	In whose Room.
Artillery...	Lieut.-Col. Frank Turner, C. B. ...	11th Oct. 1858	Lieut.-Col. G. W. Channer, retired.
	Lieut.-Col. Henry Alexander Carleton, C. B. ...	14th „ „	Lieut.-Col. (Major-General) Sir A. Wilson, Bart., K. C. B., promoted.
	Lieut.-Col. William Henry Delamain ...	13th Nov. „	Lieut.-Col. (Brevet Colonel) A. Abbott, C. B., promoted.
	Lieut.-Col. Gravenor Kirby ...	21st „ „	Lieut.-Col. G. F. C. Fitzgerald, retired.
6th European Regiment.	Lieut.-Col. James Calder Stewart. ...	22nd Jan. 1859	Lieut. J. M. Evans, promoted.

No. 552 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate :—

Captain Osborn Wilkinson, of the 4th European Light Cavalry and Officiating Deputy Assistant Quarter-Master General } For two years, under the old Regulations.

Lieutenant Edwin Archibald Chester Lambert, of the 1st European Bengal Fusiliers } For two years, under the old Regulations.

R. J. H. Birch, *Major-Genl.*,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 2514.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 9th April* 1859.—Mr. F. H. Pellew and Baboo Keylash Chunder Ghose to be Members of the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Cuttack.

The 13th April 1859.—Mr. W. S. Wells to the charge of the Sub-Division of Govindpore, and to exercise the special powers of an Assistant Magistrate, described in Clause 3, Section 2, Regulation III. of 1821, and the powers of an Assistant Collector described in Section 21, Regulation VIII. of 1831, and Section 1, Act X. of 1854, in Maunbhoom.

The 14th April 1859.—Mr. G. N. Barlow is vested with the powers of a Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector in Sarun.

Moulavy Wajeeoollah, Law Officer of Hooghly, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate in that District.

Mr. J. R. Anderson to be a Deputy Magistrate, under Act XV. of 1843, and a Deputy Collector, under Regulation IX. of 1833 in Sarun, and to exercise the powers of a Covenanted Assistant to a Magistrate, under Regulations XIII. of 1797 and IX. of 1807, in that District.

The 15th April 1859.—Mr. J. H. Young to officiate as Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit of the Nuddea Division.

Mr. F. J. Cockburn to officiate as Collector of Customs at Calcutta.

Mr. A. J. R. Bainbridge, in charge of the Sub-Division of Gopalgunge, to the temporary charge also of the Sub-Division of Magoorah.

Captain W. T. Fagan to be Commandant of the 7th Bengal Police Battalion, but to continue to officiate until further orders as Commandant of the 6th Bengal Police Battalion.

Syud Hossein Ally to be a Deputy Magistrate under Act XV. of 1843, and a Deputy Collector under Regulation IX. of 1833, in Patna, and to exercise the powers of a Covenanted Assistant to a Magistrate, under Regulations XIII. of 1797 and IX. of 1807, in that District.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—*The 13th April* 1859.—Moulavy Waheedoon Nubbee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Rajshahye, for two months, under Section VII. of the revised Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, from the date on which he may be relieved of his present Office.

The 15th April 1859.—Mr. A. Grote, Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit of the Nuddea Division, for one month, under Section XII. of the new revised Absentee Rules.

Mr. E. M. Reily, Deputy Collector of Cachar, for three months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 16th April 1859.—Mr. J. Hume, Magistrate of Calcutta, for six months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Mr. F. A. Vincent, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Burrh, for twelve months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

A. R. YOUNG,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 523.

Allahabad, the 14th April 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. P. Campbell, Patrol of Arail, is allowed the usual special leave of absence to rejoin his appointment from 10th January last, the date on which he reported his return from England.

No. 526.

Appointment.—Mr. J. C. Ross to be Deputy Collector and Deputy Magistrate of Boolundshuhur, with the full powers of a Magistrate.

No. 1259.

Notification.—The following Order by the Right Honorable the Governor General is re-published :—

No. 463 OF 1859.

The 5th April.

The services of Sub-Assistant Surgeon J. Sheetz, attached to Alexander's Horse, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Honorable the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

(Signed) R. J. H. BIRCH, *Major-Genl.*,
Secy. to Govt. of India, Military Dept.

Dr. J. Sheetz is appointed to the Medical charge of the Civil Station of Etawah, as a temporary measure.

No. 1262.

Appointment.—The following Notification, by the Government of India is re-published :—

No. 489 OF 1859.

The 8th April.

The services of Lieutenant H.F. Newmarch, of the 24th Regiment Native Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Honorable the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces.

(Signed) R. J. H. BIRCH, *Major-Genl.*,
Secy. to Govt. of India, Military Dept.

Appointment.—Lieutenant H. F. Newmarch, 24th Regiment Native Infantry, to be an Assistant Commissioner in the Saugor and Nerbudda Territories.

No. 1265.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. Henry Davis Willock, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Shahjehanpoor, for six months, to Europe, under Section XIV. of the Absentee Rules, with the usual preparatory leave to reach the port of embarkation, from the date on which he may quit the Station.

No. 1310.

The 15th April 1859.

Notification.—The following Order of the Punjab Government is re-published for general information :—

General Department, dated 30th March 1859, *Nos.* 713-16.

The services of Mr. J. S. Campbell, Deputy Commissioner of Jhujjur, are placed at the disposal of the Government, North-Western Provinces.

(Signed) R. H. Davies,
Secy. to the Govt. of Punjab.

Appointment.—Mr. John Scarlett Campbell to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Allahabad, until further orders.

No. 1318.

Notification.—The following Order issued by His Excellency the Governor General in Council is re-published :—

No. 417 of 1859.

The 29th March.

The services of Assistant Surgeon W. R. Rice, M. D., are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

(Signed) R. J. H. Birch, *Major-General*
Secy. to Govt. of India,
Military Department.

Assistant Surgeon W. R. Rice, M. D., is appointed Civil Assistant Surgeon of Saugor, with effect from the date on which he assumed charge of his duties.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

E. C. Bayley,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 407 A.

Allahabad, the 5th April 1859.

Notifications.—On the 21st September 1858, Sookh Lall Singh, Extra Deputy Collector of Jubbulpore, was promoted to the 2nd Grade of Deputy Collector, on a salary of Rupees 350 per month.

No. 539.

Allahabad, the 14th April 1859.

Mr. G. A. Wright to be Collector of Customs at Allahabad.

Mr. G. M. Jones to be Collector of Customs at Jhansie.

Mr. W. O. Bell to be Collector of Customs at Saugor.

The above appointments to have effect from the 17th February last.

No. 560.

The 15th April 1859.

Notification.—The unexpired portion, *viz.* twenty-four days of the last extension of six months' leave, granted to Mr. G. A. Wright, Collector of Customs, by the Home Government, is cancelled.

No. 570.

The 16th April 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. H. B. Goodall, Deputy Collector in Zillah Mynpoory, for three months, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Leave Rules, from the 15th instant, or such date as he may avail himself of it.

No. 572.

Two months' privilege leave is granted to Mr. C. Davis, Collector of Customs at Agra, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Leave Rules, from the date of his availing himself of it.

By Order of the Honorable the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

F. B. Outram,
Offg. Under-Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 225.

Allahabad, the 13th April 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Lieutenant D. Shaw, Adjutant Allahabad Division, Military Police Battalion, for eight weeks, on private affairs, from the 15th of April 1859, or from such date as he may avail himself of it, to visit Mussoorie and the Hills North of Deyrah.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

G. W. Williams, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Military Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 257.

Notice.

TENDERS for the transportation of Salt from the Central and Southern Agencies of Orissa, to the Government Golahs at Sulkea, will be received at this Office until 2 P. M., of the 17th of May next.

2. The Tenders must be drawn up according to a form which may be obtained on application at this Office.

3. Distinct contracts must be entered into for the removal of the Salt in each of the three following localities, to wit Hunsooah (in Central Cuttack) and the Ustrung Aurungs and the Chilka Lake Aurungs, in the Southern or Poorce Agency.

4. Parties tendering must satisfy the Board of Revenue and the Commissioner of Cuttack, that they possess the means of conveying the full quantity of Salt tendered for, and with this object a list of the vessels intended to be employed must accompany each Tender.

5. The quantity of Salt to be shipped at the Hunsooah Golahs will probably not exceed 1,00,000 maunds in each year; that from the Ustrungs is roughly estimated at 80,000 maunds for the ensuing season, and that from the Chilka Aurungs at maunds 3,20,000. The tenderer may apply for the whole quantity for which freight is required at each locality, or for any part not less than a quarter of such quantity.

6. Contractors must engage to ship the Salt allotted to them, during the period between the last spring tides of October and the end of February.

7. Parties whose tenders are accepted will be required to make a deposit of Government Promissory Notes, or to furnish other unexceptionable Security for the performance of their contracts.

8. The Board reserve to themselves the right of rejecting any Tender without assigning a reason.

By order of the Board of Revenue,

E. T. TREVOR,
Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 15th March 1859.

Notification No. 938.

THE Public Bill Forms, bearing the printed Nos. noted in the margin having been found to be missing from the Purneah Treasury, are hereby cancelled; and Officers in charge of Treasuries are cautioned to refuse acceptance of them if presented, taking the requisite steps for the apprehension of the parties concerned in negociating them.

No. 297897
„ 297898
„ 297899
„ 297900

R. P. HARRISON,
Offg. Acctt. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM,
Office of Acctt. Govt. of Bengal.
The 7th April 1859.

Notice.

THE Office of the Secretary to the Government of India, Public Works Department, will be held from the 16th instant in No. 1, Harington Street.

ALEX. FRASER, *Captain,*
Under-Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT;
No. 4, Chowringhee,
The 14th April 1859.

Notification.

AT the instance of the Accountants in the North-Western Provinces and the Punjab, the undersigned begs to draw the attention of Officers obtaining Sepoys' Remittance Drafts from Civil Treasuries, to the General Order No. 314, of the 8th November 1844, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 16th idem, page 908, directing that such Drafts should, after the Descriptive Roll at foot has been filled up, be transmitted by the Officer obtaining them to the Officer in charge of the Treasury drawn upon.

E. DRUMMOND,
Acctt. Genl. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM;
Accountant General's Office,
Durbar & Revenue Department,
The 2nd April 1859.

Notice.

COLLECTORS and Officers in charge of Public Treasuries drawing Drafts on the Accountant General to the Government of India, or on the Sub-Treasurer, Fort William, are particularly requested to attest with their *own* initials all alterations or corrections that my be made in their Bills or Letters of Advice, as, owing to alterations not having been so attested, much inconvenience and delay have occurred in accepting Bills.

2. Advices of all Bills drawn on Calcutta should be sent to the Accountant General, Government of India, and not to the Sub-Treasurer.

GEO. W. KELNER,
Offg. Asst. Acct. Genl. to the Govt of India.

FORT WILLIAM;
Accountt. Genl's. Office,
Bill Acceptance Department,
The 8th April 1859.

Memorandum.

THE Electrical Time Ball dropped at the Semaphore Tower to-day is perfectly trustworthy, the old Time Ball being raised and dropped without reference to any Signal from the Observatory.

(Signed) RADHANATH SICKDHAR,
In charge of the Observatory.

SURVEYOR GENERAL'S OFFICE;
Calcutta, 18th April 1859.

ORFEUR CAVENAGH, *Lieut.-Col.,*
Town Major.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

B. A. Pass Examination 1859.

(Passed Candidates arranged alphabetically).

First Division.

Bholanoth Paul	... Head-master, Ranaghaut School.
Hem Chunder Bannerjee	... Presidency College.
Taraprosad Chatterjee	... Ditto.

Second Division.

Lal Gopal Dutt	... Presidency College.
Lethbridge, W. N.	... Bishop's College.
Omesh Chunder Sircar	... Calcutta Free Church Institution.
Protap Chunder Chatterjee	Presidency College.
Radha Gobind Moytro	... Ditto.
Ramloll Mookerjee	... Ditto.
Srish Chunder Ghose	... Ditto.

By Order of the Vice-Chancellor,

H. Scott Smith, *A. B.*,
Registrar.

Calcutta University,
The 18th April 1859.

Education Notice.

MEDICAL COLLEGE, CALCUTTA.

It is hereby notified that, the Primary or English Class of the Medical College will for the future include, (in addition to Scholarship Holders and Free Students) a Class of Paying Pupils.

2. Such pupils, on admission to the Medical College, will be subjected to the rules regarding an Entrance Examination, which apply to all other Students of the English Class of the College.

3. They will be required to conform to the rules of the Institution generally, in all matters connected with discipline.

4. They will be required to pursue their studies in the order and after the manner prescribed by the rules of the Calcutta University and of the Medical College.

5. On admission, each Student will be charged an Entrance Fee of Rupees (15) fifteen, for the use of books, &c., and he will afterwards be required to pay a tuition fee of Rupees (5) five monthly during such time as he may remain in the Medical College.

6. Paying Students of the English Class will be at liberty to leave the College, should they so wish, at any period of their studies, receiving Certificates for such courses of lectures; or hospital attendance as they may have followed, or they will be allowed to complete their Medical Education in the College, and after obtaining the University Degree in Medicine and Surgery to volunteer for the service of Government or not, as they may think proper.

W. C. B. Eatwell, *M. D.*,
Principal, Medical College.

Fort William,
The 7th April 1859.

Sealed Tenders, for landing and stacking Government Public Works Stores coming out from England to this Port, will be received by the Officiating Civil Architect in his Office, No. 87, South Collingah Street, up to 4 P. M., on the 20th instant.

The Tenders should enumerate the rate per Ton for landing Stores of every description and size from the different Ships, inclusive of all charges of staking, piling and delivering, &c., for one year commencing from the 1st May 1859.

Tenders are to be made in strict accordance with the general condition drawn out in the Civil Architect's Office, where it can be seen from 11 A. M. to 4 P. M.

A Deposit in Cash of (100) one hundred Rupees is required with each Tender, subject to forfeiture if the Tenders be withdrawn.

Arch. Impey, *Captain*,
Offg. Civil Architect.

Calcutta,
The 6th April 1859.

Notification.

The Civil Auditor, North-Western Provinces has the honor to repeat his annual call to all Disbursing Officers in charge of Civil Establishments in the North-Western Provinces, for the submission (as soon after the 1st May next, as practicable, with the April Abstract) of their regular Annual Detailed Statement, containing the names and full particulars of the whole of the Establishment; and to observe that, with reference to the orders of Government, dated 15th October 1842, published in the *Agra Government Gazette*, of the 15th November 1842, the audit of their Abstracts for April next will be withheld until the receipt of the required Returns.

2. To facilitate check, it is particularly requested that the Abstract for April be sub-divided into distinct headings, so that each description of Office with its total shall correspond with the details given in the Statement of Establishment for the 1st May, agreeably to the Form furnished.

3. It is also requested that the *three separate* Lists prescribed for all Uncovenanted Civil Servants (Europeans and East Indians) and Native, (in the last the names of *only those* holding appointments of *trust* and *responsibility* should be inserted,) employed on their Establishments, be furnished for 1st May 1859, without delay.

H. Loch,
Offg. Civil Auditor.

Civil Auditor's Office;
N. W. P., Allahabad,
The 31st March 1859.

Notice is hereby given, that the Effects of the late Mr. Hugh Campbell, in charge of Commissariat Stores proceeding by water to Allahabad, who died in this District on the 11th instant, are under the Seal of this Court, and will be delivered to any one legally entitled to receive them.

James Lean,
Judge.

Dewanny Adawlut,
Zillah Mirzapoor,
The 16th April 1859

Notification.

WITH the sanction of the Governor General of India in Council, it is hereby declared that the Port of Rangoon, and the Navigable River and Channels leading to that Port, are subject to Act XXII. of 1855.

The limits of the said Port of Rangoon are as follows:—

To the West.—A Line drawn South-West from the boundary pillar at Kemmendine across the Rangoon River, to the boundary pillar on the opposite bank at the entrance of the Panlang Creek.

To the South-East.—A Line drawn East from King's Point on the Dallah side of the Rangoon River, to the boundary pillar on the Syriam side.

To the North-East.—A Line running North-West and South-East drawn from the boundary pillar on the Rangoon or West side of the Pegu River, to a boundary pillar on the Syriam or East side, so much of Puzzomdoung Creek as lies South of a Line drawn from a pillar on the East above Kyeezeik Village to a pillar opposide to the West bank of the Creek.

The limits of the said Port include to the North and South, so much of the Rangoon River and of the Shores thereof, and so much of the Puzzomdoung Creek, and the Shores thereof as are within fifty yards of high-water mark spring tides.

The limits of the Navigable River and Channels leading to the said Port, made subject to the said Act, are as follows:

To the North.—The Port of Rangoon as above defined.

To the South.—A Line drawn East and West from the Light Ship.

All Ports of the Rangoon River between the said limits and below high-water line at spring tides are subject to the said Act.

PORT RULES.

I. No vessel, if above 200 tons, shall enter within the limits of the Port of Rangoon, or move from one place to another within the Port, between sun-set and sun-rise, without the special permission of the Master Attendant.

II. The Commanders of all vessels arriving at the Port of Rangoon are desired to enter correctly in the Columns of the Report Book of the Master Attendant, as soon as presented to them, the information therein required, regarding their vessels. They will also report in writing to the Master Attendant twenty-four hours before their departure the particulars noted in the forms appended hereto.

III. All Commanders of vessels arriving at Rangoon shall anchor in such a position as the Master Attendant or his Assistant shall direct. All vessels above 100 tons' burthen shall moor with two bower anchors and 30 fathoms of cable each way, and shall not move from their position without a Pilot, except with the express permission of the same authority.

IV. All Commanders of vessels shall have their jib and driver booms rigged in, when required by the Master Attendant, and shall strike their yard and masts if required so to do by, or by order of the same Officer.

V. Every ship or vessel within the Port of Rangoon shall have removed any anchor or spar or other substance projecting from her side, when so required by the Master Attendant, or other Officer of the Port.

VI. The Commanders of all vessels entering the Port of Rangoon, with ballast on board, shall without delay send to the Master Attendant a report in writing, stating the description of ballast on board, the quantity in tons, and the port of shipment; application must be made by the Commander to the Master Attendant for permission to tranship or land ballast, and no ballast shall be transhipped or landed except under the sanction of the Master Attendant and only at such Stations as he shall direct.

VII. A free channel of 240 yards which is to be kept for ships moving up or down the River within the Port, and also free passages to Piers, Jetties, Landing places, Wharves, Quays, Docks and Moorings, and all vessels shall be bound to move when required to clear such channels or passages.

VIII. All vessels within the Port of Rangoon shall be moored or warped from place to place as required by the Master Attendant, or other Officer of the Port, and no vessels shall cast off a warp that has been made fast to her to assist a vessel in mooring without being required to do so by the Pilot or Officer in charge of the vessel mooring.

IX. No vessels within the limits of the Port of Rangoon shall boil any pitch or dammer on board, or shall draw off spirits by candle or other artificial lights.

X. All vessels within the limits of the Channels leading to the Port of Rangoon shall when at anchor, between sun-set and sun-rise, have a good light hoisted at the starboard fore-yard arm; and all vessels under weigh at night shall show a good light at the fore-royal or upper foremast head, and when under weigh in tow of a steamer shall in addition to the masthead light, show a good light at each fore-yard arm; the steamer showing the usual light prescribed by the Admiralty Regulations.

XI. No vessel shall use any of the Government chain moorings, whether fixed or swinging, without permission of the Master Attendant.

XII. All vessels occupying Government mooring fixed or swinging, shall be liable to pay for the same, according to the following scale and no more:—

	From 1st November to 30th May, being seven months. *Per Diem, Rs.*	From 1st June to 31st October, being five months. *Per Diem, Rs.*
For fixed moorings		
All vessels up to 199 tons	1	3
Ditto from 200 to 299 „	2	4
Ditto from 300 to 399 „	3	5
Ditto from 400 to 499 „	4	6
Ditto from 500 to 599 „	5	7
Ditto from 600 to 999 „	6	8
Ditto from 1000 and upwards	8	10
Swinging moorings	3	4

XIII. The rate fixed for warfage payable by all vessels at Government Wharves is at annas (8) eight per ton, according to the registered tonnage and one day for each (50) fifty tons is allowed for vessels to load or discharge their cargoes. Vessels remaining alongside Government Wharves, beyond the time allowed according to the tonnage, will be subject to an additional charge of annas (4) four per ton, for each day.

The provisions of Section XII. XXXVII. and XL. of the said Act No. XXII. of 1855, are hereby specially extended to the Port of Rangoon.

A. P. PHAYRE,
Commissioner of Pegu, and Agent to the Governor General.

Form of Conservator of Ports' Report Book of Arrival.

Date of arrival at Rangoon.	Name of Vessel.	Rig of Vessel.	Tonnage.	Under what Flag.	Name of Commander.	Where from.	Date of Departure.	Intermediate Ports touched at	Names of Passengers.	Remarks.
										Any vessel spoken with, or wreck seen, particulars to be noted.

A. P. PHAYRE,
Commissioner of Pegu, and Agent to the Governor General.

Particulars required to be reported by Commanders of Vessels previous to their departure as per Rule II.

Intended date of Departure.	Name of Vessel.	Rig of Vessel.	Tonnage.	Under what Flag	Name of Commander.	Where bound.	Names of Passengers.	Remarks.

A. P. PHAYRE,
Commissioner of Pegu, and Agent to the Governor General

Mutlah Superintendent's Advertisement.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Lots Nos. 5, 68, 69, 71, 72, 73, 74, 79, 80, 88, 89, 90, 91, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 116, 126, 127, 136, 137, 138, 142, 150, 165, 170, 175, 176, 180, 189, 190, 191 and 192, on the site of the proposed Town of Mutlah, having been applied for, they will be sold by Public Auction, at the Superintendent's Office, 84, Park Street, on Thursday, the 21st April 1859, at noon.

The highest bidder will be entitled to the Lots, on depositing immediately after the sale the full amount of the bid. On confirmation of the sale a Lease will be made out, and made over to the purchaser, who will become the Lessee. The Form of the Lease showing terms may be seen at the Superintendent's Office, and also the Plan of the pasodoid Town, showing the position of the Lot.

H. LEONARD, *C. E.*,
Superintendent of Mutlah.

MUTLAH SUPDT.'S OFFICE,
The 13th April 1859.

REPORT showing the smallest depth of water in the Bhaugiruttee, Jellinghee and Matabangah Rivers, from 4th to 10th April 1859.

NAMES OF RIVERS.	Smallest depth of Water.	Remarks on the Phenomena of the River, during the week.
Bhaugirutte River.	F. Is.	
Above its entrance Bar in Ganges	4 6	All Boats suited for the present dry season's Traffic of the Nuddeah Rivers should take the Bhaugiruttee route this year.
On the entrance Bar ..	3 6	
From thence to Jungypore, 14 miles .	2 5	These depths are on sand Lumps. They do not show the general depth of the Channels which are seldom less than from 8 feet 3 inches to 4½ feet.
From Jungypore to Berhampore, 45 miles ...	2 8	
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 54 miles .	2 8	
And from Cutwa to Nudden, 63 miles		
Jellinghee River.		
From its entrance to Bansémarree ...	Closed.	Entrance closed by the Chur formed by Ganges in 1853-54.
From Bansemarree to Teeahkattah .	1 6	
From Teeahkattah to Chandipore ..	1 0	
And from Chundipore to Moisgunge .	2 6	
Matabangah River.		
From its entrance to Alickdeah ...	Closed.	Works on Upper River suspended. Lower River open from Alickdeah to Hooghly, and will be kept so. No Tolls collected since December 6th, 1858.
From Alickdeah to Seebpore ...	2 7	

Height of water on gauge at Berhampore on the 10th April 1859 + 0½ inches.

T. N. ARMSTRONG, *C. E.*,
Supdt., Nuddeah Rivers.

CAMP BERHAMPORE,
The 14th April 1859.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

WITH reference to Government Notification No. 5, Fort William, Financial Department, 26th January 1855, notifying the intention of Government to dissolve its connexion with the Government Agency—

The Oriental Bank Corporation undertake the safe custody of Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal, and other ocal Stocks, free of all charge.

Will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, and remit at the current rates of exchange, or pay the same according to instructions, if to be remitted through the Corporation. Without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... 1-4th per Cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the purchase of Government or other Securities, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Corporation, ... Without charge.

WM. ANDERSON,

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION; *Agent.*
Calcutta, 29th January 1855.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Thomas Sutherland, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 2nd day of April instant, it was ordered that Saturday, the 4th day of June next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, and that unless cause be shown to the contrary on that day, the said Insolvent be discharged personally as well as to his after-acquired property from all liability for debts, claims and demands of and against the said Insolvent at the time of the filing of his petition for relief.

Robertson, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 8th April 1859.

In the matter of Robert Lindsay, of Soortcebagaun, in Calcutta, an Assistant Engineer in the employ of the Oriental Gas Company, of Calcutta, an Insolvent. } On Monday, the 11th day of April instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 4th day of June next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Shircore, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Hurrynarain Doss and Sreenauth Doss, both of Gurranhutta, in Calcutta, Inhabitant, Insolvents. } On Tuesday, the 12th day of April instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvents be heard on Saturday, the 4th day of June next, and that the said Insolvents do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Corbett, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 15th April 1859.

In the matter of Robert Lindsay, late of Soortcebagaun, in Calcutta, an Assistant Engineer in the employ of the Oriental Gas Company of Calcutta, an Insolvent. } Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court, on Friday, the 29th day of April instant, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the fore noon.

☞ *"Any Creditor of the said Insolvent, desirous "of opposing such application, must appear before the "said Court at the time and place aforesaid."*

Shircore, *Attorney.*

In the matter of John Parry, carrying on business at Calcutta, as Wine Merchant and Agent, under the name, style and firm of Messrs. Parry and Co., an Insolvent. } Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic. cap. XXI. was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, on the 15th day of April instant, and by an order of the same date, the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Allan, Judge and Lingham, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of John Parry, carrying on business at Calcutta, as Wine Merchant and Agent, under the name, style and firm of Messrs. Parry & Co., an Insolvent. } On Friday, the 15th day of April instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 2nd day July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Allan, Judge & Lingham, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Teeluckchunder Shaw and Lallchund Shaw, both of Jorabagaun, in Calcutta, retail dealers in Tobacoo Leaf, Insolvents. } Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvents, seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic. cap. XXI. was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 18th day of April instant, and by an order of the same date, the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvents were vested in the Official Assignee.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of Teeluckchunder Shaw and Lallchund Shaw, both of Jorabagaun, in Calcutta, retail dealers in Tobacoo Leaf, Insolvents. } On Monday, the 18th day of April instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvents be heard on Saturday, the 2nd day of July next, and that the said Insolvents do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

Chief Clerk's Office, 19th April 1859.

Bengal Civil Fund.

NOTICE.—The Managers notify the result of the reference to the Service of the Rule providing for fines on unequal marriages.

Votes in favor of the adoption of a Rule providing for fines on unequal marriages ...	212
Against	35
Majority	177

Votes in favor of the Managers' proposal that the fine should apply to all cases in which the Husband's age exceeds the Wife's by more than ten years, and that the fine be assessed on the principle explained in the Circular of 10th January 1859	162
Votes for other terms	48
Majority	114

The following Rule will accordingly take effect from the 1st May 1859 :—

Rule.—In the event of the difference of age between a Subscriber and his Wife exceeding ten years, a penalty proportionate to the injury to the Fund, caused by such inequality, shall be levied at the time of marriage, according to the scale of fines annexed to the Circular of the 10th January 1859.

By Order of the Managers,

E. F. HARRISON,

Hony. Secretary.

CIVIL FUND OFFICE,
The 15th April 1859.

Lost.

BY the capsizing of a Boat at Nimtollah Ghaut, on the 5th April, the following Government Promissory Notes, *viz.* :—

No. 3153	of 12th March	1854-55,	5 per Cent,	1,000 Rs.
„ 3141	„ „	„	„	1,000 Rs.
„ 4116 of 10679	„ 31st „	1835-36,	4 „	1,000 Rs.

Payment of the same has been stopped at the Loan Office.

POOROOSOTUM MULLICK.

Calcutta, 9th April 1859.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of Shazadee Begum, of Lucknow, in Oude, the Widow of Jaffer Ally Khan, deceased, the Proprietress, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the Notes and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application has been made to Government for the issue of duplicate Notes for the respective amounts :—

No. 12513	of 15366	of 1832-33	...	Rs.	5,000
„ 12514	„ „	„	„	...	„	5,000
„ 12516	„ „	„	„	...	„	3,000
„ 10114	„ „	„	„	...	„	4,000
„ 11754	„ 1536	„	„	...	„	1,000
„ 11755	„ „	„	„	...	„	1,000
„ 1821	„ 4732	„	1842-43	...	„	2,000

LYALL, RENNIE & Co.

CALCUTTA,
The 15th April 1859.

Stolen.

THE Public are cautioned against receiving the under-mentioned half Notes, which have been this day stolen from Travellers on the highway near Kishnagur :—

No.	07815	Rupees 1,000
„	04322	„ 500
„	24443	„ 50

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Note, No. 3698 of 11547 of 1835-36 for Co.'s Rs. 500, in the name of my brother Ramdhone Mookerjee, deceased, the Proprietor, was never endorsed to any one. Payment and Interest has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of a Duplicate.

COLLEEPODOW MOOKERJEE.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes standing in the name of Robert Orr, late of Bareilly, the Proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any person. Payment of the Notes and of Interest thereon has been stopped at the Loan Office and application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates.

PARTICULARS OF THE GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

No. 2300 of 1835-36,	dated 31st March 1836, for	Co.'s Rs. 500
No. 6302 of 1842-43,	dated 1st Feb. 1843, for	„ 1000
No. 36006 of 1854-55,	dated 30th June 1854, for	„ 2500
		Co.'s Rs. 4000

J. WELCH,

Offg. Administrator General.

LOST, STOLEN, or Abstracted from a letter between Dacca and Calcutta, the first-half of a Bank of Bengal Note, No. 43055, for Rupees 50. Payment stopped at the Bank.

Notices issued by the Officiating Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 8702.

The 8th April 1859.—The Calcutta Banghy Despatch of the 30th ultimo which contained the Parcels, noted in the annexed List, having been plundered by highway robbers, whilst in transit at night near Ghaugree, about 6 miles beyond Doomree, the Senders of the Parcels are requested to furnish this Office with Lists, showing the contents and value of the Parcels.

List of Parcels despatched on the 30th March 1859, *from the Calcutta General Post Office.*

Date of Receipt.	Address.	Station.	Weight.	Description.
29	Collector	... Allahabad	... 560	Service.
„	Ditto	... Ditto	... 560	Ditto.
„	Mrs. C. M. Tiernan	... Benares	... 150	Paid.
„	Captain C. Levinge	... Ditto	... 33	Bearing.
„	O. M. Glubble	... Allahabad	... 20	Ditto.
„	C. H. Wilson	... Ditto	... 20	Ditto.
„	E. W. Longdem	... Ditto	... 60	Ditto.
„	Captain F. VonMeyern	... Raipore	... 35	Ditto.
„	Lieut. E. S. R. Carnac	... Allahabad	... 90	Ditto.
„	J. M. Hamilton	... Ditto	... 38	Ditto.
„	W. Ridsdale	... Benares	... 8	Ditto.
„	Captain A. Turner	... Ditto	... 160	Ditto.
„	Mrs. E. Sanders	... Nagpore	... 95	Ditto.
„	Lieut. J. Higgins	... Jubbulpore	... 320	Ditto.
„	Comdg. Officer and Field Battery Regt. Arty.	... Goruckpore	... 415	Ditto.
„	G. C. Plowden	... Mirzapore	... 30	Ditto.
„	Modobun Doss	... Benares	... 185	Ditto.
„	Dwarka Doss	...		
„	G. G. Parbury	... Allahabad	... 90	Ditto.
„	Mrs. Lumsdaine	... Ditto	... 10	Ditto.
„	Hurry Sam Woodyraj	... Benares	... 100	Ditto.
„	Gunga Doss	... Ditto	... 100	Ditto.
„	Messrs J. Hill and Co.	... Allahabad	... 30	Ditto.
	From Bombay.			
„	Officer Commanding E. T.	... Sarun	... 21	Service.
	From Meerut.			
„	H. B. De Mountomency	... Benares	... 17	Stamped.
„	Hurdoyal and Banurseedoss	... Ditto	... 30	Bg. Regd.
„	Debedoyal Sing	... Ditto	... 400	Ditto.
„	Golaup Chand Seepony	... Nagpore	... 100	Ditto.
„	3 Pamphlets	... Goruckpore	... 90	Stamped.
„	4 Ditto	... Mirzapore	... 245	Ditto.
„	8 Ditto	... Allahabad	... 120	Ditto.
„	8 Ditto	... Ditto	... 95	Ditto.
„	6 Ditto	... Ditto	... 220	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Fyzabad	... 50	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Sultanpore	... 10	Ditto.
„	2 Ditto	... Azimghur	... 45	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Chunar	... 35	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Nursingpore	... 45	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Jaunpore	... 40	Ditto.
„	2 Ditto	... Poonah	... 70	
„	1 Ditto	... Nagpore	... 15	
„	4 Ditto	... Benares	... 245	
„	7 Ditto	... Ditto	... 645	
„	Saligram	... Ditto	... 20	Paid.
„	Officiating Deputy Commissioner	... Chandah	... 80	Service.
March 30	Collector	... Allahabad	... 565	Service.
„	Ditto	... Ditto	... 560	Ditto.
„	Ditto	... Ditto	... 550	Ditto.
„	Ditto	... Ditto	... 550	
„	W. Muir	... Ditto	... 80	Service.
„	Ditto	... Ditto	... 80	Ditto.
„	Ditto	... Ditto	... 120	Ditto.
„	Captain J. R. McMullen	... Goruckpore	... 135	Bearing ½.
„	Captain Forster	... Allahabad	... 25	Ditto.
„	Sekh Elahi Buksh	... Ditto	... 90	Ditto.

Date of Receipt.	Address.	Station.	Weight.	Description.
March 30	J. Manasch	... Allahabad ...	470	Bearing.
„	Ditto	... Ditto ...	470	Ditto.
„	D. C. Macdougall	... Goruckpore ...	75	Ditto.
„	T. G. Teall	... Benares ...	45	Ditto.
„	Mrs. Brundell	... Chunar ...	37	Ditto.
„	J. B. N. Hennessy	... Mussoorie ...	310	Service.
	Invoiced to Meerut.			
29	J. B. N. Hennessy	... Mussoorie ...	310	Service.
„	Captain M. Clark	... Saharunpore ...	85	Bearing.
„	Molla Mohamud	} Meerut ...	260	Ditto.
„	Bhia Vowwoooddeen	... }		
„	1 Pamphlet	... Mussoorie ...	90	Stamped.
„	2 Ditto	... Roorkee ...	70	Ditto.
„	13 Ditto	... Meerut ...	703	Ditto.
	Invoiced to Cawnpore.			
„	Captain J. Dayidson	... Jhansie ...	155	Bearing
„	Gob Jones	... Ditto ...	200	Ditto.
„	Judoonauth Banerjee	... Lucknow ...	45	Ditto.
„	Captain T. Nicholl	... Saugor ...	135	Ditto.
„	Lieutenant H. Hare	... Cawnpore ...	130	Ditto.
„	Captain W. D. Couchman	... Lucknow ...	40	Ditto.
„	Ensign Baster	... Ditto ...	55	Ditto.
„	H. Maxwell	... Cawnpore ...	15	Ditto.
„	Lieutenant C. Fortescue	... Byramghat ...	50	Ditto.
„	Colonel English	... Toolseepore, Oude ...	28	Ditto.
„	Brojonauth Bose	... Cawnpore ...	185	Ditto.
„	H. M.'s 20th Regiment	... Camp Gonda ...	90	Ditto.
„	Ditto ditto	... Ditto ...	90	Ditto.
„	Lieutenant J. H. Fraser	... Lucknow ...	38	Ditto.
	From Balli.			
„	Horroprosonno Gangooly	... Nawabgunge ...	19½	Stamped.
„	2 Pamphlets	... Saugor ...	40	Ditto.
„	2 Ditto	... Oude ...	65	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Baitool ...	60	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Jaloun ...	95	Ditto.
„	2 Ditto	... Jhansie ...	100	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Seetapore ...	35	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Hoshungabad ...	30	Dit o.
„	1 Ditto	... Humeerpore ...	35	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Roi Barreily ...	60	Ditto.
„	3 Ditto	... Nawabgunge ...	110	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Salone ...	90	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Gonda ...	30	Ditto.
„	13 Ditto	... Cawnpore ...	445	Ditto.
„	10 Ditto	... Lucknow ...	132	Ditto.
„	Nancomull and Nundkissore	... Ditto ...	85	Registered
„	Suddosook Chugmull	... Ditto ...	85	Bearing.
„	Joramul Chotamull	... Ditto ...	70	Paid.
„	Deputy Commissioner of Pertabghur	... Oude ...	48	Service.
	Invoiced to Bhowgong.			
„	1 Pamphlet	... Etawah ...	65	Stamped.
„	2 Ditto	... Mynpoorie ...	25	Ditto.
„	W. C. Thomas	... Ditto ...	35	Bearing.
„	Captain W. Alexander	... Ditto ...	128	Ditto.
„	Miss A. Crawford	... Ditto ...	25	Ditto.
„	Major Drysdale	... Nynee Tal ...	500	Ditto.
„	G. Saunders	... Allyghur ...	415	Do. Regd.
„	Ditto	... Ditto ...	535	Do. Regd.
„	General *Sir* W. Richards	... Nynee Tal ...	10	Do. Regd.
„	1 Pamphlet	... Ditto ..	60	Stamped.
„	1 Ditto	... Peloraghur ...	50	Ditto.
„	2 Ditto	... Moorudabad ...	175	
„	9 Pamphlets	... Peshawur ...	720	Ditto.
„	3 Ditto	... Kurrachee, Scinde ...	105	Ditto.
„	2 Ditto	... Hydrabad, Scind ...	70	Ditto.
„	2 Ditto	... Sealkote ...	20	Ditto.
„	2 Ditto	... Campbellpore ...	55	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Mecan Meer ...	10	Ditto.

Date of Receipt.	Address.	Station.	Weight.	Description.
29	2 Pamphlets	... Rawul Pindee ...	80	Stamped.
„	1 Ditto	... Lahore ...	35	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Ditto ...	80	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Dera Ghazie Khan ..	22	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Jung ...	23	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Mean Meer ...	5	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Sealkote ...	5	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Lahore ...	5	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Attock ...	5	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Rawul Pindee ...	5	Ditto.
„	1 Ditto	... Kohat ...	50	Ditto.
„	Major J. Liptrott	... Peshawur ...	18	Bearing.
„	Captain R. H. D. Tulloh	... Punjab ...	305	Ditto.
	Invoiced to Umballa.			
„	1 Pamphlet	... Dugshai ...	20	Stamped.
„	5 Ditto	... Umballa ...	370	
„	3 Ditto	... Ditto ...	55	
„	1 Ditto	... Ditto ...	22	
„	Officer Commanding 7th Hussars	... Ditto ...	60	
	Invoiced to Agra.			
„	Mr. J. Leach	... Agra ...	135	Bearing.
„	Ditto	... Ditto ...	180	Ditto.
„	1 Pamphlet	... Indore ...	5	
„	1 Ditto	... Asseerghur ...	35	
„	4 Ditto	... Muttra ...	105	
„	1 Ditto	... Leepree ...	70	
„	3 Pamphlets	... Gwalior ...	115	
„	6 Ditto	... Agra ...	128	
„	4 Ditto	... Ditto ...	245	
„	6 Ditto	... Ditto ...	537	
„	Hamchand Hurruck Chand	... Ahmedabad ...	33	Regd.
„	Captain G. S. Windham	... Agra ...	65	Ditto.
„	Lieutenant-Colonel J. Glyn	... Ditto ...	10	Ditto.
„	Puddumsy Tejry	... Joypore ...	100	Ditto.
„	C. Grant	... Agra ...	85	Ditto.
„	Goolraj and Juggunnath	... Indore ...	15	
„	Gurrul Doss and Saberam	... Muttra	200	
„	Lieutenant J. L. Watts	... Agra ...	145	
„	2 Pamphlets	... Ditto ...	150	
„	1 Ditto	... Gwalior ...	15	
	Invoiced to Bombay.			
„	Hurruckchunder Husraj	... Bombay ...	85	Regd.
„	J. Burns	... Ditto ...	35	
„	W. Butcher	... Ditto ...	35	
„	J. Christie	... Ditto. ..	10	
	Invoiced to Futtyghur.			
„	J. Steaden	... Budaon ...	615	Bearing.
„	Major A. G. Martin	... Shajehanpore ...	60	Ditto.
„	Mrs. Humphrey	... Barreilly ...	135	Ditto.
„	3 Pamphlets	... Futtyghur ...	55	Stamped.
„	1 Ditto	... Philibheet ...	90	Ditto.
„	8 Ditto	... Bareilly ...	190	Ditto.
„	4 Ditto	... Shajehanpore ...	65	Ditto.
	Invoiced to Futtypore.			
„	C. H. T. Croothwaite	... Banda ...	260	Bearing.
„	Lieutenant W. M. Wynch	... Ditto ...	123	Ditto.
„	Ramjee Kaseprosaud	... Futtehpore ...	170	Paid
„	H. K. Duhan	... Ditto ...	130	Stamped.
„	1 Pamphlet	... Ditto ...	„	Paid.
„	1 Ditto	... Nagode ...	„	Ditto.
„	4 Ditto	... Banda ...	„	Ditto.
	Invoiced to Delhi.			
„	Issur Doss and Kissory Doss	... Delhi ...	75	Bearing.
„	Goburdhun Doss and Srecnarain	... Ditto ...	100	Ditto.
„	Muttro Doss and Issur Doss	... Ditto ...	50	Ditto.
„	Juggernauth Mokundoolall	... Ditto ...	100	Ditto.
„	5 Pamphlets	... Ditto ...	133	Stamped.
„	1 Ditto	... Rhotuck ...	110	Ditto.

Date of Receipt.	Address.	Station.	Weight.	Description.
29	1 Pamphlet	... Goorgaon ...	6	Stamped.
	Invoiced to Umritsur.			
„	Lieut. H. J. G. Ford	... Umritsur ...	520	Bearing.
„	Lieut. W. O'Brien	... Ditto ...	560	Ditto.
„	3 Pamphlets	... Ditto ...	210	Stamped.
„	2 Ditto	... Jullundur ...	110	Ditto
„	2 Ditto	... Ditto ...	165	Ditto
„	2 Ditto	... Ditto ...	220	Ditto
„	3 Ditto	... Ditto ...	215	Ditto
„	Mrs. O'Brien	... Ditto ...	100	Bearing.
	Invoiced to Loodiana.			
„	2 Pamphlets	... Ferozepore ...	30	Stamped.
	Invoiced to Ghazeepore.			
„	Lieut. M. A. Borthwick	... Ghazeepore ...	55	Bearing.
„	Lieut. J. Sikes	... Ditto ...	68	Ditto.
„	3 Pamphlets	... Ditto ...	40	Stamped.
„	2 Ditto	... Ditto ...	120	Ditto.
	Invoiced to Patna.			
„	Mrs. W. Tayler	... Patna ...	100	Bearing.
„	Mrs. E. Richardson	... Chuprah ...	15	Ditto.
„	Captain A. A. McDoudal	... Tirhoot ...	55	Ditto.
„	Lieutenant J. K. Couper	... Buxar ...	170	Ditto.
„	Pay-Master Hasson	... Dinapore ...	175	Ditto.
„	Lieutenant R. H. Ross	... Ditto ...	340	Ditto.
„	S. D. Cohen	... Ditto ...	75	Paid.
	From Balli.			
„	Major Captain Guzrajsing	... Nepaul ...	117½	Bearing.
„	Mr. J. H. Dixon	... Patna ...	230	Bearing.
„	Commissioner	... Ditto ...	160	Stamped.
„	Collector	... Sarun ...	15	Ditto
„	Ditto	... Patna ...	330	Ditto
„	Additional Judge	... Sarun ...	70	Ditto.
„	Ditto	... Ditto ...	55	Ditto.
„	H. M.'s 2nd Battation 60th Royal Rifles	Arrah ...	190	Ditto.
„	1 Pamphlet	... Nepaul ...	5	
„	3 Ditto	... Buxar ...	80	
„	3 Ditto	... Mooteharry ...	15	
„	3 Ditto	... Arrah & Shahabad...	61	
„	4 Ditto	... Dinapore ...	90	
„	9 Ditto	... Patna ...	180	
„	5 Ditto	... Tirhoot & Mozuffer-pore ...	93	
„	Sotob Chand Surma	... Patna ...	15	Regd. Bg.
„	Juggernauth Doss	... Ditto ...	95	Ditto do.
„	Manickchunder Johoree	... Ditto ...	50	Ditto do.
„	H. Gardner	... Dinapore ...	25	Ditto.
„	Mrs. R. V. Bogle	... Ditto ...	55	Ditto.
„	Dr. F. W. A. de Fabeck	... Ditto ...	65	Ditto.
„	Gonnes Mull Remmoras	... Patna ...	145	Ditto.
„	H. M's. 2nd Battation 60th Royal Rifles	Arrah ...	520	Unpd. letr.
„	2 Pamphlets	... Gyah ...	50	
„	4 Ditto	... Sherghotty ...	155	Stamped.
„	1 Ditto	... Nobinnagur ...	55	
„	Major Gharr	... Sherghotty ...	102	Stamped.
„	Mrs. G. Wheeler	... Hazarecabaug ...	165	Bearing.
„	Captain. J. Dowson	.. Ditto ...	345	Ditto.
„	3 Pamphlets	... Ditto ...	165	Stamped.

CALCUTTA;
The 5th April 1859.

Notices issued by the Officiating Deputy Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 5867.

OVERLAND MAIL.

The 11th April 1859.

The Overland Mail *vid* Marseilles and Southampton, and the intermediate Ports, Madras, Ceylon and Aden, per P. and O. Co.'s Steamer *Nubia*, will be closed at this Office on Friday, the 22nd instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters &c., for Penang, Singapore and Hong-Kong, will be forwarded *vid* Galle, and for Mauritius and Australia *vid* Aden, by this opportunity.

The 14th April 1859.

PACKETS for the reception of Letters by the following Ships are open at this Office.

NAMES OF VESSELS.	Agents.	Intended Departure.	For what Port.	Touching at	Remarks.
Steamer *Nubia* ..	P. & O. S. N. & Co. ..	23rd April 1859 ...	Suez ...	Madras, Ceylon and Aden.	
Steamer *Burmah* ...	Mackinon McKenzie & Co.	20th Ditto ..	Moulmein ..	Akyab and Rangoon.	
Steamer *Viscount Canning* .	Gladstone Wyllie & Co....	20th Ditto ..	Madras ...	Intermediate Ports.	

The 15th April 1859.

MEMORANDUM showing the Date and Hour of Arrival at the Calcutta Post Office of the Mails which left England on the 10th of March 1859, *and the time occupied in sorting the Letters and Papers for delivery.*

Name of the Steamer.	Date and hour at which the Mails were landed at Garden Reach.	Hour at which the Mails arrived at the General Post Office.	Hour at which the Window Delivery commenced.	Hour at which the Peons left Office.	Delivery.	No. of Boxes of Letters.			No. of Boxes of Newspapers and Books.			
						Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.	Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.	Grand Total.
Simla ...	13th April 1859 1 40 P. M.	2½ P. M.	5 P. M.	5¼ P. M.	2 hours 30 minutes.	6	3	9	44	20	64	73
										France		2
										Alexandria		1
										Galle		1
										Madras		3
									for ad.	Sydney		1
									for ad.	Mountain		1
										Aden		1
										Malta		1
										Gibraltar		1
										Suez		1
										Galle		2
										Madras		3
										Bombay		1
										Bagdad		1
										Australia		7
										Total ...	...	107

The 18th April 1859.

Notice is hereby given, that an After-Packet for the P. and O. Company's Steamer *Nubia* will be closed at this Office at 6 P. M, on Saturday next, the 23rd instant, to be sent to Kedgeree the following morning by an Extra Steamer.

Inland Postage will be charged on letters and papers as usual on similar occasions.

The 19th April 1859.

IT is hereby notified, that unless marked for particular Ships, all Letters received at the General Post Office between Monday, the 11th April 1859, and Sunday, the 17th April 1859, both dates inclusive, were despatched by the under-mentioned Vessels which sailed from Calcutta on dates specified :—

Letters received on dates from and to	By what Ship despatched.	Bound to	Remarks.
11th to 14th April 1859.	*Startled Fawn* ...	Mauritius ...	Left Town on the 15th April 1859
15th to 17th „ „ ...	*India* ...	ditto ...	Left Town on the 18th ditto.
13th to 17th „ „ ..	Steamer *Fire Queen* ..	Port Blair ...	Left Town on the 18th ditto.

Printed and Published for the Government, by Thomas Jones, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 20, 1859.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah West Burdwan, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 19th April 1859, or 7th Bysack 1266 B. S., for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 28th day of March 1859:—

Class I.—Temporary-settled Estate.

No. 145.—Mehal Pooroosuttumpoor, Pergunnah Bishenpoor; recorded proprietors; Nehalchunder Mookerjee and others; sudder jumma, rupees 163-12-3.

Class II.—Temporary-settled Estate.

No. 457.—Mehal Polashdanga, Pergunnah Bishenpoor; recorded proprietor, Neelmony Mookerjee; sudder jumma, rupees 5-11-1.

J. S. Spankie,
Deputy Collector.

Bancoorah;
Deputy Collectorate,
The 2nd April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Beerbhoom, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Saturday, the 23rd day of April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 11th Bysack 1266 B. S:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 411.—Mehal Kismut Helorah, Pergunnah Sool Tanoojeean; recorded proprietor, Manick Chunder Chowdhooree; sudder jumma, rupees 106-4-8.

R. O. Heywood,
Offg. Collector.

Zillah Beerbhoom;
Collector's Office,
The 30th March 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Tipperah, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Tuesday, the 26th April 1859, corresponding with 14th Bysack, 1266 B. S.:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 1071.—Talook Luckhee Narain Roy Moodafat Byddo Nauth Roy, Pergunnah Mohobutpore; recorded proprietors, Soojo Monee Shaha, Chunder Monee Shaha, Gooshye Doss Shaha, minors, Luckhee Kanth Shaha, minor, and Kumulla Kanth Shaha, minor; sudder jumma, rupees 214-6-5.

L. Barber,
Depy. Collector in Charge.

Zillah Tipperah;
Collector's Office,
The 29th March 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Backergunge, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 25th April 1859, or 13th Bysack 1266 B. S., for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1859:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

Former No. 1524.—Present No. 1556.—Kharijah Pergunnah Bozoorg Omedpore, Talook Kisto Dass Bhottacharge; recorded proprietor, Meer Mahamoud Jummee; sudder jumma, rupees 383-7-7¼.

C. LIMOND,
Offg. Collector.

ZILLAH BACKERGUNGE;
Collector's Office,
The 1st April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section XI. Act I of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Behar, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of this District, on the 26th April 1859, for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1859:—

Class I.—Permanently Estates.

No. 1638.—Mehal Maunpoor Tetrawan Lot 1st—Pergunnah Behar; recorded proprietors, Meer Yar Ali, Mussamuts Hubbun, Hayatun, Jeeto, Tekchund Mahto, Poonit Loll, Roopun Mahto, Bodhee Mahto and Kurrumchund Mahto, maliks and occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 138-4-6.

No. 1668.—Mehal Maunpoor Tetrawan Lot 3rd—Pergunnah Behar; recorded proprietors, Shah Neamut Ali, Shaikh Bundah Ali, Iltaf Hosain, Mehdee Hosain, Ufzul Hosain, Tufazul Hosain, Oorf Dahoo, Meer Immam Ali, Hasim Ali, Shah Kumurooddeen, Meer Wusee Ali, Mussamuts Ameer Oolnissa, Edun, Boodhun, Zuhoorun and Rujjo, maliks and occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 80-9-11.

No. 1983.—Mehal Jyteepoor Bara, Pergunnah Bhellawur; recorded proprietors, Beharee Loll, mallicks and occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 267-11-9.

Class IV—Arrears due on account of Estates other than that to be sold.

No. 2116.—Mehal Simrah, Chuck Simrah, Pergunnah Bhellawur; recorded proprietors, Mussamut Muckdoomun, Nujmoodeen, Nuseebun, Mussamuts Ameerun and Wuheedun, occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 540-15-6, including malikana from which the right and interest of Mussamut Muckhdoomun heiress of Mussamut Mudeehun, deceased, surety of Busharut Hosain, the son of Chundry Khadim Hosain and farmer of Mouzah Samadhee Boozoorg, Pergunnah Tilhara, Zillah Patna, will be sold on account of arrears of rent due from him.

W. BUTLER,
Deputy Collector in Charge.

BEHAR COLLECTORATE;
Gya,
The 1st April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Bhullooah, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Deputy Collector of that District, on Monday, the 25th day of April A. D. 1859, corresponding with 13th Bysack 1266 B. S.:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Mehal.

No. 200.—Hozooree Mehal, Chur Lucthee in Afzul Fukeera, Lakheraj, Zimba Sheddessuree, present Talook Parbutty Shoomittra, Golam Mohiuddin *alias* Golam Mahomed and Sheetaram Boodhimunt; recorded proprietors, Parbutty Shoomittra, Golam Mohiuddin *alias* Golam Mahomed and Sheetaram Bhoodimunt; sudder jumma, rupees 130-14-8.

C. E. LANCE,
Officiating Deputy Collector.

BHULLOOAH;
Deputy Collector's Office,
The 2nd April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Moorshedabad, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 2nd of May 1859, or 20th Bysack 1266 B. S., for Arrears of Revenue:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 605.—Kismut Mouzah Kalkapoor, Pergunnah Mooraripoor; recorded proprietors, Lukhee Gobind Deb Thakoor, Lukhee Junnardun Deb Thakoor, Sreedhur Deb Thakoor, Goopto Guddadhur Deb Thakoor, and Levait Dayamoi Dasia; sudder jumma, rupees 196-13-11.

W. MORRIS BEAUFORT,
Offg. Collector.

MOORSHEDABAD;
Collector's Office,
The 4th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Dinagepoor, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 26th day of April 1859, for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1859:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 151.—Mouzah Kurry, Pergunnah Kurdat; recorded proprietor, Muzarruddeen Choudry; sudder jumma, rupees 1,023-15-0¼.

FRAS. A ELPHINSTONE DALRYMPLE,
Collector.

DINAGEPOOR;
Collector's Office,
The 4th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Midnapore, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Thursday, the 28th day of April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 16th Bysack 1266 B. S., or 17th Bysack 1266 W. S:—

Class IV.—Estates saleable for Arrears due on other Estates.

Rights and Interests of Golucknath Doss in about one beegah of rent-free land, including a dwelling-house and a Tank with fishes thereon, in Mouza Kulunkool, Pergunnah Khandar.

Rights and Interests of Golucknath Doss in eight cottahs of Kala land cultivated by Radhoo Doss Jotedar, situated in Mouza Kulunkool, Pergunnah Khandar.

Rights and Interests of Golucknath Doss in one beegah of Jul land, in Mouza Kulunkool, Pergunnah Khandar.

Rights and Interests of Golucknath Doss in one beegah and ten cottahs of land, situated in Mouza Dhobapullasseea, Pergunnah Khandar.

A. ELLIOT,
Officiating Collector.

MIDNAPORE COLLECTORATE,
The 5th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Rajshahye, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue at the Office of the Collector of that District, on the 2nd May 1859 A. D., corresponding with 20th Bysack 1266 B. S:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 1135.—Kismut Guncoer, Pergunnah Soojanuggur; recorded proprietors, Kalleenath Chowdre and Tarrineekanto Chuckerbutty; sudder jumma, rupees 56-1-5.

F. S. LUSHINGTON,
Collector.

ZILLAH RAJSHAHYE;
Collector's Office,
The 5th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Dacca, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Monday, the 25th day of April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 13th Bysack 1266 B. S.:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 8914.—Chur Jalna Kamta; recorded proprietors, Jelal Ruhoman and Khodaeja Bebee, mother of Mufeezuddy Khunkar; sudder jumma, rupees 184-12-6.

C. F. CARNAC,
Officiating Collector.

ZILLAH DACCA;
Collector's Office,
The 2nd April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Bhaugulpore, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 25th April 1859, or 8th Bysack 1266, for Arrears of Revenue:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 7.—Ghat Mirza Chowkee, Pergunnah Gurhee; recorded proprietor, Lugwah Manjhee; sudder jumma, rupees 5-3-2.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 79.—Certain lands in Mouzah Mahasingpoor, Pergunnah Kankjoul; sudder jumma, rupees 5-6-2.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 2339.—Jageer of Mohamud Suffee Lushker in Mouzah Sujunpoor Lukheepoor, Thanna Oodhoa Nullah; recorded proprietor, Mahamud Sarick; sudder jumma, rupees 2-8-9¾.

No. 2377.—Jageer of Gundul Kussub in Mouzah Lukheepoor, Thanna Oodhoa Nullah, Pergunnah Kankjoul; recorded proprietor, Mahamud Sarick; sudder jumma, rupees 0-14-11¼.

J. H. MUSPRATT,
Collector.

BHAUGULPORE;
Collector's Office,
The 4th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah 24-Pergunnahs, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Saturday, the 30th April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 18th Bysack 1266 B. S:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 81.—Kismut Pergunnah Magoorah, Mowjeb Bhubanipore; recorded proprietor, Kalidhone Bundopadea; sudder jumma, rupees 371-3-2.

Class IV.—Estates saleable for arrears due on other Estates.

No. 102.—Pergunnah Magoorah, Kismut Kankooreah, &c.; recorded proprietor, Sowdaminee Dossee; sudder jumma, rupees 372-6.

No. 281.—Pergunnah Medenmullo, Kismut Kundurpopore, &c.; recorded proprietor, Sowdaminee Dossee; sudder jumma, rupees 597-14-11.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 1367.—Beel Dauthbangah; recorded proprietors, Horinarain Ghose and others; sudder jumma, rupees 1,100-2.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

Nos. 1368-3.—Pergunnah Boorun, Mouzah Bykam; recorded proprietors, Roy Perionath Chowdry and others; sudder jumma, rupees 85-4-10.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 1467.—Lot No 67 Sanckdho; recorded proprietors, Sheik Mahomed, Golam Hosseen Hazee and others, progressive; sudder jumma, rupees 206-4.

G. BRIGHT,
Officiating Collector.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE;
24-Pergunnahs,
The 8th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estates in Zillah Purneah will be put up to public and unreserved sale for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Tuesday, the 26th day of April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 14th Bysack 1266 B. S:—

BENGAL PORTION.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 428.—Mouzah Bunganwan and Hanokhowar, Pergunnah Futtehpoor Singeah; recorded proprietors, Bissanauth Jha and Almchund, and others; sudder jumma, rupees 184-5-8.

FUSLEE PORTION.

Class I.—Permanently-settled estates.

No. 9.—Milick Bajayufty Anning Beelas, Pergunnah Dhurmpoor; recorded proprietor, Hoolas Manjee, auction purchaser; sudder jumma, rupees 79-7-7.

No. 26.—Mouzah Dhumdaha, Zillah Beernuggur, Pergunnah Dhurmpoor; recorded proprietor, Hemnarain Sing; sudder jumma, rupees 59-4-6.

No. 53.—Chukla Fuckrana, Mouzah Macknaha, Zillah Beernuggur, Pergunnah Dhurmpoor; recorded proprietor, Mussamut Ameeronissa Begum; sudder jumma, rupees 78-10-7.

No. 103.—Mouzah Dhumdaha, Zillah Beernuggur, Pergunnah Dhurmpoor; recorded proprietors, Jowahur Sing, and others; sudder jumma, rupees 74-15-3.

T. WALTON,
Assistant Collector, in Charge.

PURNEAH,
The 5th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate in Zillah Nuddea, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, for Arrears of Revenue at the Office of the Collector of that District, on the 25th day of April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 13th Bysack 1265 B. S:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 2870.—Mouzah Sreenuggur, Chuckla Sreenuggur; recorded proprietor, Rughoonauth Gangooly; sudder jumma, rupees 74-13-8¾.

C. S. BELLI,
Officiating Collector.

ZILLAH NUDDEA;
Collector's Office,
The 4th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Hooghly, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Friday, the 29th April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 17th Bysack 1266 B. S.:—

Class VI.—Estates to be sold on account of demands realizable in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of an alleged lackraj Tank, named Chowdry Pooshkurnee, including its banks, all measuring about 6 beegahs, situated on the South side of Village Tehghory, Pergunnah Baleegoree, and in the moiety of about 90 trees on the banks of that Tank, *viz.*, 50 palm (large and small) and about 40 other kinds of trees.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of an alleged purchased lackraj Tank, named Koondoo Pooshkurnee, with its banks, all measuring about 5 beegahs, situated on the South side of Village Mohunbatty, Pergunnah Baleegoree, and in the moiety of 100 palm trees on the banks of that Tank.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight an nas share of about 1½ beegahs of alleged purchased land, situated in the East plain of the said village.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of 15 cottahs of alleged lackraj land which was purchased from Kalleechurn Ghose, and now inhabited by Thakoordas Tantee, situated in the above village.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 1½ beegahs of alleged lackraj land purchased from Kenoo Ghose, and now inhabited by Gokoolchunder Paul, situated in the above village.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 1½ beegahs of alleged lackraj land called Shunneasee Barry, situated on the South side of the above village.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 2½ beegahs of alleged lackraj land, purchased from Bissonath Roy, situated in the East plain of the above village, and on the North of Bindabun Roy's Tank.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 11 cottahs of alleged lackaj land, situated in the above village, and on the East of Aumeeroody Moonshee's Tank.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in eight annas share of an alleged lackraj Tank called Chowdry Pooshkurnee, including its banks, all measuring about 6 beegahs, situated on the South side of Village Tehghory, Pergunnah Baleegoree, and on the moiety of about 90 trees on the banks of that Tank, *viz.*, 50 palm (large and small) and about 40 other kinds of trees.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of an alleged purchased lackraj Tank named Koondoo Pooshkurnee, with its banks, all measuring about 5 beegahs, situated on the South side of Village Mohunbotty, Pergunnah Baleegoree and in the moiety of 110 palm tree, on the banks of that Tank.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 1½ beegahs of alleged purchased lackraj land, situated in the East plain of the said village.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of 15 cottahs of alleged lackraj land, which was purchased from Kalleechurn Ghose, and now inhabited by Thakoordas Tantee, situated in the above village.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 1½ beegahs of alleged lackraj land, purchased from Kenoo Ghose, and now inhabited by Gokool Chunder Paul, situated in the above village.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 1½ beegahs of alleged lackraj land, called Shunneasee Barry, situated on the South side of the above village.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 2½ beegahs of alleged lackraj land, purchased from Bissonath Roy, situated in the plain of the above village and on the North of Bindabun Roy's Tank.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 11 cottahs of alleged lackraj land, situated in the above village, and on the East of Aumeeruddy Moonshee's Tank.

W. B. BUCKLE,
Collector.

HOOGHLY COLLECTORATE,
The 9th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Jessore, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 30th day of April 1859, for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1859:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 139.—Turuff Caseempore, Pergunnahs Jahangirabad and Tarawoozial; recorded proprietors, Gopal Dass Mozoomdar and Biprodass Mozoomdar; sudder jumma, rupees 956-15-2.

No. 935.—Kismut Bawooteeparrah, Pergunnah Havilee; recorded proprietors, Kisto and Roop Chunder Gooho; sudder jumma, rupees 102-15-5.

No. 975.—Kismut Gootee, Pergunnah Havilee; recorded proprietors, Lal Khatoon, Jebunnissah Khatoon and Mear Camaludeen *alias* Mehere Alee; sudder jumma, rupees 118-2-6.

No. 1562.—Kismut Rampassah, Pergunnah Havilee; recorded proprietor, Rampersaud Shaw; sudder jumma, rupees 67-15-11.

No. 1640.—Kismut Gootee, Pergunnah Havilee; recorded proprietor, Mahomed Akman; sudder jumma, rupees 52-5-7.

No. 1809.—Kismut Debenugur, &c., Pergunnah Casseemnugur; recorded proprietors, Umer Sing, Ghose Chowdry, Rajnarain Ghose, Gooroopersad Ghose, Ram Ruttun Bose, Jogomuhun Dutto and Jahan Ear; sudder jumma, rupees 68-15-4.

No. 1926.—Kismut Bamundanga, Pergunnah Santore; recorded proprietor, Budee Udee; sudder jumma, rupees 73-7-1.

F. C. FOWLE,
Collector.

JESSORE COLLECTORATE.
The 15th April 1859.

PRINTED BY THOMAS JONES, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

No. 33. [951]

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 23, 1859.

Legislative Council of India.

THE 16TH APRIL 1859.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council of India on the 16th April 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 20th of July next:—

A Bill for regulating the establishment of Markets.

Preamble.

WHEREAS the establishment of new markets in the neighbourhood of places where markets have been previously established, leads to disputes between the owners of the lands on which such new and previously established markets are held, and such disputes not unfrequently occasion breaches of the peace, and serious inconvenience to the frequenters of such markets; It is enacted as follows:—

No new market to be established without permission of Magistrate.

I. After the passing of this Act no person shall establish a new market without permission in writing from the Magistrate of the District. If any person shall attempt to establish a new market without such license, he shall on conviction by the Magistrate be subject to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees.

Application for permission.

II. When any person desires to establish a new market, he shall make application in writing to the Magistrate. The application shall specify the name of the place at which it is proposed to establish such new market, the days on which it is to be held, the name of the place where the nearest existing market is held, and the days on which it is held, the distance in English miles between the two places, and the reasons of the applicant for desiring to establish the new market.

Issue of proclamation and notice.

III. On receipt of the application the Magistrate shall issue a proclamation stating the desire of the applicant to establish a market at the place named by him and the days on which it is proposed to be held, and calling upon any person who may have any objection to the establishment of the market, to state his objection in writing within six weeks from the date of the proclamation. The proclamation shall be affixed in a conspicuous place in the village or town in or near to which it is proposed that the new market shall be held; and a copy of the same shall be affixed at the Police Station within the jurisdiction of which the village or town is situate and in the Court of the Magistrate. If it shall appear that any existing market is held within a distance of four miles from the place where it is proposed that the new market shall be established, the Magistrate shall cause a notice to the effect of the proclamation to be served upon the owner of the land where such existing market is held. The proclamation and notice (if any) shall be issued and served at the expense of the applicant.

Magistrate's order.

IV. If within the time specified in the proclamation and notice (if any), no objection is preferred to the establishment

of the proposed market, the Magistrate shall pass an order permitting it to be established. If within the time specified any objection is preferred, the Magistrate shall enquire into the objection, and pass such order as may appear proper in the circumstances of the case.

If objection be made.

V. If within six months from the passing of this Act any objection shall be preferred to the Magistrate in respect of any market which has been newly established within a period of two years before the passing of this Act, the Magistrate shall enquire into the objection, and if it shall appear that such new market has been established within a distance of four miles from any previously existing market, and that the establishment of the new market has been the cause of disturbances or other inconvenience to the people of the neigbourhood, the Magistrate may, if he think necessary, change the days upon which such new market is held, or at his discretion order that it be discontinued.

Markets established two years before the passing of this Act.

VII. Every person who shall contravene any order duly passed under this Act shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees.

Penalty for contravening order.

VIII. All the provisions of this Act relative to the establishment of new markets shall be applicable also to the establishment of new fairs.

Act applicable to the establishment of new fairs.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Home Department.

No. 812.

Fort William, the 19th April 1859.

Notification.—Mr. James Watson, of the Civil Service, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough, for a period of three years, from the date of embarkation.

W. GREY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Foreign Department.

No. 2168.

Fort William, the 21st April 1859.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following promotions and appointments in the Oudh Military Police:—

Lieutenant Rawlins, District Adjutant, to be Divisional Adjutant, *vice* Lieutenant Boileau, resigned.

Lieutenant A. Soppitt, of the 10th Bombay Native Infantry, to be District Adjutant, *vice* Lieutenant Rawlins.

Mr. James Cosserat, attached to the Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry, to be District Adjutant, *vice* Ensign Pye.

No. 2169.

Lieutenant C. H. Clay, of the 30th Regiment Bombay Native Infantry, is appointed to act as Adjutant of the Meena Regiment, from the 1st March last.

No. 2170.

Mr. G. H. Lawrence, Deputy Commissioner in Oudh, reported his departure for England on the 10th instant.

No. 2171.

Captain A. P. W. Orr, District Commandant, Oudh Military Police, has obtained leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, from the 1st instant to the 15th October next.

No. 2172.

Dr. J. Chisholm, Residency Surgeon of Indore, has obtained three months' privilege leave of absence from the 4th instant.

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Financial Department.

No. 28 of 1859.

Fort William, 20th April 1859.

Notifications.—With reference to paragraph 14 of the Notification of this Department, No. 14, dated 21st February last, notice is hereby given, that the Sub-Treasurers at Fort William, Fort St. George and Bombay, the several Residents at Native Courts, and the several Collectors and other Officers in charge of Treasuries under the several Presidencies and Governments, and in the Provinces subordinate to the Government of India, have been authorized to receive from the 1st of May next, any sums of money in hundreds of Rupees, each being for not less than 500 of Company's Rupees which may be tendered on Loan to the Secretary of State in Council of India, at an interest of Five-and-a-half per Cent. per annum, subject to the provisions hereinafter specified.

Subscriptions to this Loan will be received from Holders of Five per Cent. Promissory Notes of this Government, half in Cash and half in the said Promissory Notes.

All authorized public demands, including audited Bills for arrears of Salary and Bills of Exchange on the Public Treasuries, these last being subject to a deduction at the rate of Five-and-a-half per Centum per annum for the period they may have to run, will be received as Cash at par.

The Pay-Masters of the Army under the several Presidencies are also authorized to transfer any demands which may be payable by them respectively to this Loan, and to grant Drafts for the amounts in Bengal and Madras on the Accountant General, and in Bombay on the Military Pay-Master General, which Drafts shall be received by those Officers in payment of subscriptions to this Loan, on being tendered to them for that purpose.

The several Public Officers, authorized to receive subscriptions into this Loan, will grant Acknowledgments in the following form, for all sums received by them respectively:—

" I hereby acknowledge that has this day paid into the Treasury at the sum of Company's Rupees for which entitled to receive a Promissory Note of the Secretary of State in Council of India, bearing Interest, from the of the tenor, and subject to the conditions of the Loan specified in the Advertisement published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 1859."

The Accountant General at Fort William will, on the said Acknowledgments being delivered, forthwith cause to be prepared and issued to the parties entitled thereto, Promissory Notes under the signature of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the following form:—

Fort William, the 31st May 1859.

Promissory Note at 5½ per Centum for Company's Rupees.

The Governor General of India in Council does hereby acknowledge to have received from the sum of Company's Rupees as a Loan to the Secretary of State in Council of India, and does hereby promise for and on behalf of the said Secretary of State in Council, to re-pay the said Loan by paying the said sum of Company's Rupees to the said his (or "her" or "their" as the case may be) Executors or Administrators, or his (or "her" as the case may be) or their order, on demand, at the General Treasury of Fort William, after the expiration of three months' notice of payment, to be given by the Governor General of India in Council in the Calcutta Gazette, and to pay the interest accruing on the said sum of Company's Rupees at the rate of Five-and-a-half per Cent. per annum, by Half-yearly payments at the General Treasury of Fort William to the said or his (or "her" or "their" as the case may be,) Executors or Administrators or his (or "her" as the case may be) or their order, until the expiration of three months after such notice of payment as aforesaid, when the amount of Interest due will be payable with the Principal, and (such notice being considered as equivalent to a tender of payment at the period appointed for the discharge of this Note) all further Interest shall cease. The Governor General in Council hereby further engages that the said Loan shall not be paid off before the 1st of May 1879.

Signed by the authority of the Governor General of India in Council,

Accountant General's Office; } *Secretary to the Government."*
Registered as No. of }

The several Officers authorized to receive subscriptions will, on application from the Holders of Acknowledgments, transmit them (free of every expense whatever) to the Accountant General at Fort William, to be exchanged for Promissory Notes bearing Interest from the 31st of May or the 30th of November next ensuing after the date of subscription. The Interest accruing on the broken period of the Half-year that may intervene between the date of subscription and the 31st of May or 30th of November next ensuing, as the case may be, will be paid up at the time of granting the Acknowledgment.

Proprietors of Notes or Acknowledgments, who may desire to have the Interest payable at any other Public Treasury than at the General Treasury of Calcutta, shall be entitled to receive it according-

ly, provided they notify ther wish to the Accountant General at Fort William, and transmit the Notes or Acknowledgments to him, to have an order for the payment of Interest at the said Treasury, written on the face of the Notes under the signature of the said Officer or that of his Assistant; and after such order shall, on the application of the Proprietor, be inscribed on any note, the Interest shall be payable only from the said Treasury, unless the Proprietor shall present the Note, with an application for the purpose of transferring the payment elsewhere, to the Accountant General at Fort William.

If desired, Interest will also be made payable at the General Treasury at Fort William, for the period for which the Loan is guaranteed, by *Coupons* payable to Bearer. Promissory Notes with Coupons attached will be granted on application, instead of Promissory Notes in the usual form.

Or, if it be desired, Interest will be made payable at the East India House in London, *by Bills* payable to order on demand, on the General Treasuries of Calcutta or Madras, subject to the Rules and Regulations at present in force, or that may hereafter be issued by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, or by this Government.

The Promissory Notes of this Loan shall not be renewed, sub-divided, or consolidated, except by the Accountant General of Fort William. The practice and rules heretofore in use in regard to the renewal, sub-division and consolidation of Promissory Notes will be adhered to in respect to the Promissory Notes of this Loan.

This Loan is limited to Five Crores of Rupees. No part of this Loan will be paid off before the 1st May 1879, nor without a previous notice of three months, to be issued at any time after the 31st January 1879.

The Five per Cent. Loan opened under Notification, dated 16th January 1857, will be closed from the 30th instant, after which date no further subscriptions to that Loan will be received, except in the cases of parties resident in Europe, who may have forwarded by the Mail which was to have left London on the 10th of April 1859, or by any previous Mail that left London after the 3rd of March 1859, written instructions for the immediate transfer to the said Loan of Promissory Notes of the 4 per Cent, 3½ per Cent and 4½ per Cent Loans, or Transfer Loan Securities. Subscriptions to the said Loan tendered under such instructions, on account of such parties, will be received at the General Treasuries of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, if the tender is made before the 1st of June next.

With the above exception Promissory Notes of the 4 per Cent, 3½ per Cent, and 4½ per Cent, Loans and Transfer Loan Securities, will not be receivable in subscription to any Loan after the 30th instant.

No. 29 of 1859.

It is hereby notified that from and after the 1st of May 1859, Interest on Government Promissory Notes of the Loans noted in the margin will, at the option of the Holders, be made payable for the period for which the said Loans have respectively been guaranteed, either in the manner heretofore observed, or by Coupons payable to Bearer signed by the Accountant General to the Government of India.

5 Per Cent. Public Works Loan of 1854-55.
5 Per Cent. Loan of 1856-57.
5½ Per Cent. Loan of 1859-60.

Promissory Notes in the form heretofore in use can be exchanged on renewal for Promissory Notes having Coupons attached. The Coupons will be in the following form :—

COUPON.

No. _____ **Rs.** _____

The sum of Rupees for Interest, at per Cent. per Annum, for the Half-year ending on upon the Promissory Note of the Government of India, No. , of the Loan of , for Rupees will be payable to Bearer on presentment of this Coupon, at the General Treasury of Fort William, on or after the of

Rs. _____ **No.** _____

(Signed)
Accountant General to the Government of India.

When the last of the Coupons attached to any Note shall have become payable, the Interest payable on the Note, until the expiration of three months after notice of payment of the Principal, will be paid at the General Treasury at Fort William, to the lawful Holder of the Note, on his presenting the same and writing his receipt thereon; or at the option of the lawful Holder, the Note may be enfaced for payment of Interest at the East India House in London by Bills on demand on the General Treasuries of Calcutta or Madras, subject to the Rules and Regulations at present in force, or that may hereafter be issued by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, or by this Government.

No. 30.

The 21st April 1859.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments to take effect from the 1st proximo, the date of resignation of the Service by Mr. C. Grant :—

Mr. F. Lushington to be Accountant, North-Western Provinces.

Mr. J L. Lushington to be Civil Auditor at Madras.

Mr. W. Balmain to be 1st Assistant Accountant General at Madras.

No. 31.

The 20th April 1859.

Mr. F. Lushington received charge of the Office of Accountant, North-Western Provinces, from Mr. C. Grant, on the 11th instant.

No. 32.

Mr. A. K. Corfield, Civil Auditor at Bombay, has obtained six months' special leave of absence, under Section XIV. of the Absentee Rules, to proceed to England, on urgent private affairs, from the 20th proximo, or from the date of the departure of the last Steamer in May.

Mr. J. M. Erskine, of the Account Department, is appointed to act for Mr. Corfield, during his absence.

By Order of His Excellency the Governor General of India in Council,

C. Hugh Lushington,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, the 20th April 1859.

No. 553 *of* 1859.—The following Orders issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjaub, and published in the *Punjaub Gazettes*, Nos. 17 to 25, dated 26th February 1859, 2nd, 5th, 9th, 12th, 16th, 19th, 23rd and 28th March 1859, are confirmed :—

Lahore, 10th March 1859.

No. 107.—*Erratum.*—In Punjab Order No. 74, dated 5th February 1858, confirming Dera Ismail Khan Station Order, making arrangements in the Magazine for Laboratory Man Serjeant J. "Dickson" read J. Dillon. The Order is also to be considered as having effect from the 1st January 1859.

23rd Regiment Punjaub Infantry.

No. 108.—The Delhi Gazette Order, dated 14th December, by Brigadier J. Longfield, C. B., Commanding, appointing Lieutenant H. Goschen, 3rd Bengal European Regiment, to do duty, is confirmed.

The Corps of Guides.

No. 110.—Havildar Jowahir Sing, 4th Punjab Infantry, to be Jemadar, in room of Pershad Sing, resigned, with effect from the 26th December 1858.

Lahore, 2nd March 1859.

15th Regiment Punjaub Infantry.

No. 111.—*Pioneers.*—The following Regimental Orders by Lieutenant R. H. Shebbeare, Commanding, are confirmed :—

Dated 7th November 1858.—On his resuming Command from the 7th November 1858, appointing Lieutenant J. T. Harris, to act as Adjutant until further orders.

Dated 13th November 1858.—Directing 1st Corporal H. S. Lynn, Bengal Sappers and Miners, to act as Serjeant Major, until further orders.

No. 113.—That portion of Punjaub Order, No. 938, dated 21st December, sanctioning a Band for the 16th Punjaub Infantry, is to be held to have effect from the 1st of that month.

Lahore, 5th March 1859.

No. 115.—The Dera Ismail Khan Station Order, dated 16th February, by Captain P. F. Gardiner, Commanding, directing Assistant Surgeon A. Garden, 6th Punjaub Infantry, to receive Medical charge of the 6th Punjab Police Battalion, No. 1 Punjab Light Field Battery, and Garrison Company of Artillery, consequent on the departure of Assistant Surgeon Furrell, with the 10th Punjaub Infantry, is confirmed.

Lahore, 8th March 1859.

No. 120.—The Punjaub Order, No. 104, dated 23rd ultimo, notifying the transfer of Sepoy Musicians of the late 62nd and 69th Regiments Native Infantry, to the 2nd Punjaub Infantry, is hereby cancelled.

Cureton's Mooltanee Regiment of Cavalry.

No. 122.—The Regimental Order, dated 15th January, by Major C. Cureton, Commanding, appointing Lieutenant and Adjutant B. Williams to officiate as 2nd in Command, and Lieutenant Smith, doing duty, to officiate as Adjutant in room of Lieutenant Dixon, temporarily disabled by wounds received in action, is confirmed.

No. 123.—The Kohat Station Order, dated 20th February, by Major F. W. Lambert, Commanding, appointing Assistant Surgeon J. R. Jackson, to the Medical charge of the Irregular Levies, Horse and Foot, at that Station, with effect from the 24th January, is confirmed.

Lahore 12th March 1859.

No. 125.—The Regimental Order, dated 22nd February, by Major C. Cureton, Commanding, directing Lieutenant B. Williams, 2nd in Command to assume charge of the Adjutant's Office, in addition to his other duties, is confirmed.

No. 126.—The Station Order issued on the 1st February 1859, by the Officer Commanding at Rae Bareilly, directing Major G. W. Stokes to make over the Command of the Pathan Horse to Captain H. Battye, is confirmed.

8th Punjaub Infantry.

No 127.—Lieutenant D. Jones, Her Majesty's 98th Foot, doing duty, is permitted at his own request, to resign his appointment.

No. 129.—The Kohat Station Order, dated 28th February, by Captain G. Maister, Commanding, appointing Lieutenant H. W. Gordon, 3rd Punjaub Infantry, Station Staff, from 25th January, *vice* Lieutenant J. Boswell, 3rd Punjaub Infantry, ordered to Rawul Pindee, is confirmed.

Lahore, 15th March 1859.

No. 130.—In continuation of Punjaub Order No. 90, dated 12th ultimo, the Loyal Poorbeah Regiment is transferred to the control of His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief from the 20th instant.

LAHORE, 16TH MARCH 1859.

No. 131.—The Peshawur Division Order, dated 10th November 1858, by Major General Sir S. Cotton, K. C. B., Commanding, appointing Lieutenant W. A. B. Gillies, of the 3rd Company 6th Battalion Artillery, to do duty with a Detachment of the Punjaub Irregular Force Artillery, proceeding on service to Hindoostan under the Command of Lieutenant W. B. Cumberland, is confirmed.

No. 132.—The Order issued at Kohat, by Captain G. Maister, Commanding No. 2 Punjaub Light Field Battery, dated 25th January last, authorizing the entertainment of six Syces for twelve extra Horses sanctioned for the Battery, and that grass be supplied at the rate of two annas per diem for each Horse, is confirmed.

No. 133.—The Kohat Station Order, dated 25th December 1858, by Captain G. Maister, Commanding, directing Assistant Surgeon Garden, 6th Punjab Infantry, to assume Medical charge of the Irregular Levies, Horse and Foot, at that Station, with effect from the 16th May 1857, the date of their being raised, is confirmed.

LAHORE, 18TH MARCH 1859.

No. 134.—Jemadar Gholam Mustapha Khan, of the Troop Mooltan Division Mounted Police serving with Cureton's Mooltanee Cavalry, is permitted to resign the Service, and Alladad Khan is appointed Jemadar in his room.

LAHORE, 24TH MARCH 1859.

Cureton's Mooltanee Cavalry.

No. 140.—Jemadar Ahmed Khan is permitted to resign the Service.

LAHORE, 25TH MARCH 1859.

1st Sekh Infantry.

No. 141.—Ram Churn, late a Subadar, who was struck off the Rolls of that Corps for having failed to rejoin it during the Mutiny, is, with the sanction of the Supreme Government restored to the Service, from the date of his dismissal, without forfeiture of arrears of pay or prejudice to previous service.

No. 142.—Shahjehanpore Brigade Order, dated 9th March, by Brigadier Sir T. Seaton, K. C. B., Commanding, directing Assistant Surgeon H. Clark, M. D., of the 5th European Light Cavalry, to afford Medical aid to Lind's Mooltanee Horse, is confirmed.

No. 554 *of* 1859.—Senior Surgeon Charles Mackinnon, of the Medical Department, Superintending Surgeon, is permitted to retire from the Service on the Pension of £ 700 per annum, with effect, as a special case, from the 31st March 1859.

No. 555 *of* 1859.—Surgeon James Anderson Staig, of the Medical Department, Garrison Surgeon, Allahabad, is permitted to retire from the Service on the Pension of £ 250 (two hundred and fifty) per annum, from this date.

Fort William, 21st April 1859.

No. 556 *of* 1859.—The services of Assistant Surgeon B. Brown, M. D., not being available, the Government General Order, No. 412, of the 25th March 1859, placing that Officer at the disposal of the Honorable the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, is hereby cancelled.

No. 557 *of* 1859.—Assistant Apothecary Joseph Higginbottom, attached to Her Majesty's 5th Fusiliers, is permitted to resign his situation in the Subordinate Medical Department.

No. 558 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following letter from the Deputy Adjutant General of the Army, No. 93, of the 6th instant, with enclosures, reporting the recent operations of a Column employed under Colonel Kelly, C. B., of Her Majesty's 34th, against the Rebels who had taken refuge in the borders of Nepaul.

His Excellency in Council highly commends the conduct of Colonel Kelly, and of the Officers and Troops employed on the occasion.

No. 93.

FROM THE DEPUTY ADJUTANT GENERAL OF THE ARMY,
TO THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
Military Department.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor by desire of the Commander in Chief to transmit, for the information of His Excellency the Governor General in Council, documents as per margin, relative to the recent operations of a column employed under Colonel R. D. Kelly, C. B., of Her Majesty's 34th Regiment, against the Rebels who had taken refuge in the borders of Nepaul.

1. Despatch (in original) from Colonel R. D. Kelly, C. B., dated 20th March 1859, with returns of casualties and captured Ordnance.
2. Despatch (in original) of Colonel R. D. Kelly, C. B., dated 28th March 1859.
3. Copy of a telegram from Brigadier F. Rowcroft, C. B., dated 4th April 1859.

2. Lord Clyde considers that Colonel Kelly has discharged the duty entrusted to him in a most successful manner; and that he and the Officers and Troops employed under him are deserving of the approbation of the Government.

3. I am to beg you will submit His Lordship's recommendation in favor of the men of the Jat Horse, whose gallantry is reported by Colonel Kelly.

4. As the reports of Majors Henry and Murray contain no information of importance, the Commander in Chief has not considered it necessary to send them.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) H. W. NORMAN, *Major,*
Depy. Adjutant Genl. of the Army.

HEAD QUARTERS' CAMP,
DELHI;
The 6th April 1859.

No. 176 A.

FROM COLONEL R. D. KELLY,

Commdg. Troops, Nepal Frontier.

TO THE CHIEF OF THE STAFF,

Army Head Quarters.

Camp near Bootwul, Nepal, 26th March 1859.

SIR,

With reference to my letter No. 156, of 24th instant, to the Quarter-Master General of the Army, I have now the honor to report for the information of His Lordship the Commander-in-Chief that I left Karjooreah at 4 A. M. on the 25th instant for the purpose of attacking the Rebels, said to be in force at a place called Jouraha in the heart of the Terai, with the Force named in the margin.

J. Field Battery, R. A.

4 Officers.
88 N. C. O. & Gunners.
4 Guns.

Jât Horse.

4 English Officers.
13 Native Ditto.
464 Sabres.

3rd Sikh Infantry.

4 English Officers.
16 Native Ditto.
766 N. C. O. & Privates.

7th Punjaub Infantry.

4 English Officers.
15 Native Ditto.
573 N. C. O. Rank & File.

2. At Beturhee I halted the Column for about an hour whilst I went forward with a Troop of Cavalry to reconnoitre the jungle about three (3) miles in our front, but could see nothing of the Enemy's outposts, although the villagers told us they had been there early that morning.

3. I accordingly advanced the Column, and covered by a strong line of skirmishers of the 3rd Sikh Infantry, we proceeded through a thick jungle with occasional open spaces, where a resolute Enemy might have occasioned us heavy loss.

4. On reaching Jouraha we learnt that some of the Rebels had proceeded West, while others had gone on towards Bootwul I determined to continue my march towards that place, being of opinion that the majority of them would try to escape by a road running West from Bootwul through the jungle under the first range of hills, being the same by which they entered Nepal.

5. Here I was obliged to leave the Detachment Her Majesty 13th Light Infantry, as by some misapprehension they had not brought cooked rations with them, and had to halt to give the men a meal, and I considered the Force with me sufficiently strong for pursuit, and was anxious to lose no time.

6. When within two or three miles of Bootwul, about 4 P. M., the Cavalry flankers on our left reported the Enemy as being in force in some topes in the open country on our left skirting the jungle.

7. I immediately desired Captain Rennie to cover our advance in that direction with the 3rd Sikhs thrown out in skirmishing order. I formed the rest of the Column in line to the left; the four guns of the J. Field Battery, Royal Artillery, being on the left of the 7th Punjaub Infantry, and a squadron of Murray's Jât Horse on each flank of the line, and in that order proceeded towards the Enemy.

8. I left the baggage in rear in charge of two Companies 7th Punjaub Infantry, and one Troop Jât Horse. I also sent an express to Jouraha to bring up the Detachment 13th Light Infantry, who, although they used every exertion, were not able to arrive till after the affair was over, much to the regret of Lieutenant-Colonel King, his Officers and men.

9. After proceeding about half a mile we came on the Enemy posted in a good position, his right resting on a elevated ridge, and his line extending through topes strongly occupied by Infantry to the jungle on which their left rested, and in which they had large bodies of men. They had guns on both flanks, which were also covered by strong bodies of Cavalry, of whom they had at least 1,200 in the field with about 4,000 Infantry visible. Indeed prisoners have since informed us that the whole of the Rebel Army was on the ground under the command of Bala Roa. The ground in their front was intersected by Nullahs and deep irrigation Channels, which offered great obstacles to the rapid progress of the guns.

10. The skirmishers of the 3rd Sikhs, ably directed by Captain Rennie, soon drove the left of the Enemy into the jungle while the sharp fire of Major Henry's guns made them leave the topes. Their Cavalry on each flanks made an attempt to turn our flanks and get at the baggage in the rear, but were promptly stopped on our right by the fire of two Companies of 7th Punjaub Infantry under the command of Lieutenant Gordon, H. M. 61st Regiment, the Second in Command, whom Captain Stafford had most judiciously ordered to change front to the right, and by a dashing charge made on them by Major Murray with a Squadron Jât Horse.

11. The Rebel Cavalry on the left were similarly dispersed by a charge which I directed Lieutenant Chalmers, 2nd in Command, Jât Horse, to make on them with his Squadron which he led most gallantly killing two men with his own hand. The Squadron then wheeled to the right and took a gun on the ridge, and a general advance of the whole line and guns drove the Enemy across the Nullah into the jungle, several of them being cut down in the open Plain by our Cavalry.

12. On the edge of the jungle, the Sepoys made a stand for some time, and their fire I regret to say caused several casualties among men and Horses of our Cavalry who were then in advance, but the skirmishers of the 3d Sikhs and 7th Punjaub Infantry, and the discharge of some rounds of case from the guns which rapidly came up inflicted heavy loss on them and put them to flight.

13. It was now nearly 6 o'clock and would soon be too dark to act in the jungle; the men and horses had been out since 4 A. M. and had marched from 18 to 20 miles mostly under a burning sun, besides being engaged for two hours. We had taken four guns on the Field, besides two which were found the following day abandoned by the Enemy, together with 15 cart loads of ammunition and a gilded howdah, supposed from the royal fish of Oude carved on it, to have belonged to the Begum.

14 I accordingly pitched my camp having previously sent patrols of Cavalry along the road leading West. The Rebels retired through the jungle into the Hills where we saw their fires burning at a considerable elevation. Their loss must have been severe in killed and wounded, judging from the bodies found in the open Plain, and the number stated by native reports to be in the jungle. Our casualties amounted to thirty-six, of which I enclose a numerical and nominal Return, together with a list of captured Ordnance.

15. It only remains for me to draw the attention of His Excellency to the admirable manner in which Officers and Soldiers of all ranks, both British and Native, behaved in their steadiness under fire and their patient endurance of heat and fatigue, and to bring to the favorable notice of Lord Clyde the names of Major Henry, R. A., Commanding J. Field Battery; Major Murray, Commanding Jât Horse, to whom I am particularly indebted, not only for the able manner in which he commanded his Corps on this occasion, but also for the zeal and readiness which he has invariably displayed since he has been under my command in reconnoitring and procuring intelligence;

Captain Rennie, Commanding 3rd Sikh Infantry, a most admirable Light Infantry Corps; and Captain Stafford, Commanding 7th Punjaub Infantry; Lieutenant Cochrane, Her Majesty 34th Regiment, my Staff Officer, who is always most indefatigable in the discharge of his duty; Lieutenant Fitzgerald, Her Majesty's 13th Light Infantry, who acted as my Orderly Officer.

16. I have also to express my sense of the exertions of all the Medical Officers of Corps in their attention to the wounded, particularly to Assistant Surgeon McKellar, Jât Horse, the senior present, and whose Corps had by far the greatest number wounded. Major Murray also mentioned his being most useful and active in carrying orders for him during the action. I must also mention the name of Ensign Hennessy, Her Majesty 24th Regiment, Adjutant of the Jât Horse, a most promising young Officer, and who by remaining on Picquet for three days watching the Enemy's outposts before I entered the Terai, was able to furnish me with reliable intelligence and a sketch of the Country.

I am also much indebted to Mr. Pipe, Deputy Magistrate, who accompained me into Nepal, for the very useful information he has afforded me respecting this part of the country. Sheikh Khyroodeen Ahmud, Deputy Magistrate, attached to this Force, has also been most useful in procuring intelligence.

17. Major Murray has also brought to my notice the names of the following Native Officers and men of the Jât Horse, who particularly distinguished themselves on this occasion on charging a gun, *viz.*:—

4th Troop.

Resaldar Chona Man.
Duffadar Totaram.
Sowar Sirreeram.

6th Troop.

Resaldar Ramrutton.
Jemadar Mookram, who saved Lieutenant Chalmers' life in the charge when attacked by superior numbers.
Sowar Mahoo Sing Sreekrissen, who lost his arm charging the gun.

And I trust they may be suitably rewarded.

I enclose Major Murray's letter forwarding their names, and also a letter from Major Henry, R. A. detailing the proceedings of the J. Field Battery during the day.

I have, &c.,

R. D. KELLY, *Colonel*, *34th Regt.*,
Comdg. Troops, Nepal Frontier.

Present State of the Field Force under Command of Colonel R. D. Kelly, C. B., engaged on the 25th March 1859, near Bootwul.

Camp Ruttenpore, 27th March 1857.

CORPS.	EFFECTIVE.						ORDNANCE.				KILLED.						WOUNDED.						REMARKS.
	European Officers.	Native Officers.	European Non-Commissioned Officers, Rank and File.	Native Non-Commissioned Officers, Rank and File.	Total.	Horses.	9-Pounder Guns.	24-Pounder Howitzers.	Ammunition Waggons.	Spare Carriages.	European Officers.	Native Officers.	European Non-Commissioned Officers, Rank and File.	Native Non-Commissioned Officers, Rank and File.	Total.	Horses.	European Officers.	Native Officers.	European Non-Commissioned Officers, Rank and File.	Native Non-Commissioned Officers, Rank and File.	Total.	Horses.	
Staff ...	3	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Col. Kelly's, wounded by musket bullet, under him.
J. Battery, R. A. ...	4	0	88	0	92	80	2	2	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	One man injured by gun-wheel, the other by his horse falling.
Jât Horse Yey. Cav.	4	13	0	464	481	474	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	4	4	0	1	0	18	19	12	10 Horses missing.
3rd Sekh Infantry .	4	18	0	766	788	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5	0	Severely.
7th Punjab Infantry	4	15	0	573	592	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	6	0	4 severely, 2 slightly
	19	46	88	1803	1956	557	2	2	4	1	0	1	0	3	4	4	0	1	2	29	32	13	

(Examined)

RUPERT COCHRANE, *Lieutenant*,
Staff Officer.

(Signed) R. D. KELLY, *Colonel*,
Commanding Field Force.

Nominal Roll of Killed and Wounded of the Field Force under the Command of Colonel R. D. Kelly, C. B., in action near Bootwul on the 25th March 1859

Camp Ruttenpore, 27th March 1859.

Rank and Name.	Corps.	Remarks.
Gunner John Glass ...	Royal Artillery	Compound fracture of right leg by fall from Gun.
,, John Holden ...	,,	Fracture of right collar bone (slight) fall from Horse.
Jemadar Dowlit ...	Jât Horse	Killed.
Sowar Chumparun ...	,,	Ditto.
,, Ramdal ...	,,	Ditto.
,, Teerharam ...	,,	Ditto.
Resaldar Ramruttun ...	,,	Severely wounded, Gun-shot 2 places, right arm, hip.
Duffadar Totdram ...	,,	Dangerous, Bayonet in abdomen.
Sowar Hurnardan ..	,,	Ditto Gun-shot left knee.
,, Srickessen ..	,,	Ditto Bayonet, left side.
,, Sirreeram ..	,,	Very severely, Sword cut, left shoulder.
,, Mohur Sing ...	,,	Severely, Gun-shot, left fore-arm.
,, Hera Sing ...	,,	Ditto ditto right buttock.
,, Maunsookh ...	,,	Ditto Sword cut, head.
,, Kissen Lal ...	,,	Very severely, Gun-shot, left fore-arm's fracture.
,, Totaram ..	,,	Ditto ditto both fore-arms.
,, Paim Sing ...	,,	Ditto Sword cut, right arm.
,, Baharoo Sing ...	,,	Slightly, Bayonet, right ear.
,, Seekissen ...	,,	Ditto Sword cut, right hand.
,, Bhurt Sing ..	,,	Ditto Gun-shot, right foot.
,, Dyaram ...	,,	Ditto Bayonet, left side.
,, Jowrawur ...	,,	Ditto ditto, left hand.
,, Phool Chund ..	,,	Ditto Sword cut, left eye-brow.
Duffadar Kulloo Sing ...	,,	Ditto Gun-shot graze, left side.
Sowar Mahoo Sing ...	,,	Very severely, Gun-shot, right, elbow amputation.
Sepoy Drya Sing ...	3rd Seikh Infantry	Severely, Musket shot, right foot.
,, Sudda Sing ...	,,	Ditto ditto, right groin.
,, Khan Sing ...	,,	Ditto ditto, right thigh.
,, Khuzgan Sing ...	,,	Ditto ditto, right fore-arm.
,, Gunace Sing ...	,,	Ditto ditto, right thigh fracture.
Naik Hakim Khan ...	7th Punjab Infantry	Gun-shot wound of leg, severely.
Sepoy Misalta ..	,,	Severely, Gun-shot, shoulder joint.
,, Dhan Sing ...	,,	Ditto ditto, lower jaw.
,, Meerah Bux ...	,,	Ditto ditto, elbow joint.
,, Futtundeen ...	,,	Slightly, contusion of wrist joint.
,, Kettar Sing ...	,,	Ditto ditto, kick of Horse.

(Examined)
Rupert Cochrane, *Lieutenant*,
Staff Officer.

R. D. Kelly, *Colonel*,
Commanding Field Force.

From Colonel R. D. Kelly,
Commanding Field Force,

To the Quarter-Master General of the Army,
Army Head Quarters.

Camp near Bootwul, 28th March 1859.

Sir,

I have the honor to report to you for the information of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief that the Force under Lieutenant-Colonel Simpson having joined me yesterday, I carried out my plan of attacking the Rebels in the first range of hills whither they had retreated after their defeat on the 25th.

2. At day-light this morning having established a chain of picquets of Infantry, Cavalry and Artillery, skirting the jungle in order to cut off their retreat, I formed two Columns, composed of the 3rd Sikhs and 7th Punjaub Infantry respectively, 100 Rank and File of Her Majesty's 13th Regiment Light Infantry being attached to each, which ascended the hills at different points and beat the jungle to the summit of the ridge, driving the mass of the Rebels completely over the first range of hills, killing from 3 to 400 of them, and taking a quantity of arms of all sorts, 6 Elephants and about 25 Camels and 300 Horses and Ponies.

The Columns were most ably led by Captains Rennie and Stafford, Commanding respectively the 3rd Sikhs and 7th Punjaub Infantry, and they deserve the greatest credit for the manner in which they so successfully carried out my instructions. All Officers and men engaged were animated with the greatest ardor, and seemed entirely to disregard the toil of fighting their way up a steep hill side covered with dense jungle under a burning sun, and opposed by a numerous if not a resolute Foe, who had also the advantage of a superior position I trust soon to be able to transmit for His Excellency's information a report of their proceedings from Captains Stafford and Rennie. Our casualties amounted to, I regret to say, 5 killed and 9 wounded; among the latter was Lieutenant and Adjutant Baillie, 7th Punjaub Infantry, a most excellent Officer. He received a severe scalp wound on the back of his head from a musket ball. The wound I am happy to say is not considered dangerous and he is going on well. The mass of the Rebels are I hear now between the 1st and 2nd ranges of hills, where they will find it difficult to get food, which I hope will soon oblige them to surrender. The Nawab Mirza Nadir of Lucknow gave

himself up to day with about 50 followers, and Mahomoned Hussein has sent in to ask for terms. The health of the Troops continues very good.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) R. D. KELLY, *Colonel*,
Commanding Field Force.

From Goruckpore, 4th April, *vid* Fyzabad, 5th April

From Brigadier Rowcroft, C. B.
To Army Head Quarters, Delhi.
To the Quarter-Master General of the Army.

Mahomed Hossein, with his nephew, Mahomed Nawaz, and with three other followers, and six Elephants, surrendered on the 31st March; also some 90 Affghans and Persians, mostly Cavalry, laid down their Arms and came into Colonel Kelly's Camp.

(True Copy)
(Signed) H. W. NORMAN, *Major*,
Depy. Adjt. Genl. of the Army.

No. 559 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit the undermentioned Native Officers and men of the Jat Horse to the 3rd Class of the Order of Merit, from the 25th March 1859, in consideration of their distinguished conduct in action with the Rebels, as brought to notice in the Despatches published in Government General Order, No. 558, of this date :—

Ressaldar Choora Mun	...	4th Troop.
Duffadar Totaram	...	Ditto.
Sowar Sirreeram	...	Ditto.
Ressaldar Ramruttun	...	6th Troop.
Jemadar Mookram	...	Ditto.
Sowar Mahoo Sing Sreekrissen.		Ditto.

No. 560 *of* 1859.—The leave of absence to visit the Presidency, preparatory to proceeding to Europe on Sick Certificate, granted to Lieutenant E. A. C. Lambert, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, in Government General Order No. 494, of the 12th April 1859, is to be held to have effect from the 23rd February 1859 to the date of his departure for Europe, instead of for the period previously stated.

No. 561 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on Furlough, on private affairs :—

Captain Alexander Pringle Scott Moncrieff, of the 44th Regiment Native Infantry, Junior Assistant to the Commissioner of Chota Nagpore ...	For six months, under the new Regulations.

No. 562 *of* 1859.—Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned gentleman to be an Assistant Surgeon in Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces at the Presidency of Bengal. He is accordingly admitted into the Service :—

	Date of arrival at Fort William.
Medical Department	
Mr. James Fawcus, M. D., ...	1st April 1859.

No. 563 *of* 1859.—The following Order issued by the Government of Bombay is confirmed :—

No. 265, *of 25th March* 1859.—Permitting Captain William Metcalf, of the 35th Regiment Native Light Infantry, to proceed to the Australian Colonies on Medical Certificate, and to be absent on that account for two years, under the old Regulations.

No. 564 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned new appointments to the Great Trigonometrical Survey of India will take effect from the 1st April 1859.

Mr. H. N. C. Williams, 3rd Class Sub-Assistant.
Mr. F. Ryall, 3rd Class Sub-Assistant.

No. 565 *of* 1859.—The promotions in the Ordnance Commissariat Department, announced in Government General Order, No. 1352, of the 28th September, and 1742, of the 30th December, 1858, are to be altered as follows :—

Conductor S. Vandrass to rank from the 24th September 1858, *vice* Harris, promoted to Deputy Assistant Commissary.

Conductor M. McCarthy, from the 28th September 1858, to complete the Establishment.

No 566 *of* 1859:—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased, with reference to Government General Order, No. 1544, of 8th October 1857, to admit Ressaldar Abdool Azeez Khan, of the 5th Irregular Cavalry, to the 3rd Class of the Order of Merit, for his services during the Siege of Lucknow.

No. 567 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit the under-mentioned Native Pensioners, who served in the Lucknow Garrison to the "Order of Merit," as specified opposite to their respective names, as a further recognition of the very valuable services rendered by them during the Siege of that Garrison :—

	RANK AND NAMES.	To what Regiment, &c., they belonged.	REMARKS.
1	Subadar Koosial Sing	... Sappers and Miners ...	1st Class Order of Merit.
„	Sheik Peer Ally	... 32nd N. I. ...	
„	Mendhye Sing	... 19th Bombay N. I. ...	
4 „	Goorbuccus	... Ahmednuggur Police Corps ...	
1	Jemadar Golab Doobey	... 56th N. I. ...	2nd ditto ditto.
2 „	Buldee	... 51st N. I. ...	
1	Havildar Goorbuccus Roy	... 51st N. I. ...	3rd Class Order of Merit.
„	Gunga Koormee	... 63rd N. I. ...	
„	Manick Pandy	... 72nd N. I. ...	
„	Shaik Newrah	... 74th N. I. ...	
„	Buldee	... 1st Nizam's Infantry ...	
„	Ramdeen	... Nagpore Magazine ...	

	Rank and Names.	To what Regiment, &c., they belonged.	Remarks.
	Havildar Mohomed Khan	... 20th Bombay N. I. ...	
	„ Sewdeen Misser	... 20th Light Infantry ...	
	„ Bhowanedeen	... 59th N. I. ...	
10	„ Sheik Furreed	... 12th N. I. ...	
	„ Sewah	... 74th N. I. ...	
	„ Sobbaram Opudiah	... 10th N. I. ...	
	„ Tilluk Ram	... 12th N. I. ...	
	„ Ungud	... 16th N. I. ...	
15	„ Doorjun	... 25th Bombay N. I. ...	
	„ Nieput	... 14th N. I. ...	
	„ Chintah	... 12th N. I. ...	
	„ Sheik Deena	... 63rd N. I. ...	
	„ Meindah	... 6th Bombay N. I. ...	
20	„ Koorbeer	... 24th N. I, ...	
	„ Bhowancedeen Tewary	... 30th N. I. ...	
22	„ Umrith Opudiah	... 33rd N. I. ...	
1	Naick Ramdeen Pattuck	... 44th N. I. ...	
	„ Sheik Khyratee	... 3rd Bombay N. I. ...	
	„ Russool Khan	... 27th Bombay N. I. ...	
	„ Sheik Fyzoo	... 59th Bombay N. I. ...	
5	„ Thakoor	... 1st Scindiah's Contgt....	
	„ Meerwan Sing	... Horse Artillery ...	
	„ Petumber Sing	... 15th Bombay N. I. ...	
	„ Gunga Geer	... 21st Bombay N. I. ...	
	„ Ghain Sing	... 36th N. I. ...	
10	„ Kullunder	... 5th Nizam's Infantry...	
	„ Sheik Peer Buccus	... 71st N. I. ...	
	„ Kooseal	... 7th Nizam's Infantry ...	
	„ Gungadeen	.... 71st N. I. ...	
	„ Banee Opudiah	... 46th N I. ...	
15	„ Ousaree	... 26th Bombay N. I. ...	
	„ Ramsahoy Oustee	... Sappers and Miners ...	
17	„ Sooklall Sing	... 19th Bombay N. I. ...	
1	Sepoy Ungud	... 31st N. I. ...	
	„ Soorujbullee Sing	... 6th Battalion Artillery...	
	„ Unantram Tewary	... 40th N. I. ...	3rd Class Order of Merit.
	„ Ousaree	... 8th Battalion Artillery...	
5	„ Mykoo Roy	... 63rd N. I. ...	
	„ Rampersad Doobey	... 63rd N. I. ...	
	„ Seetul Sing	... 37th N. I. ...	
	„ Poorun	... Sappers and Miners ...	
	„ Sewdeen Chowbey	... 50th N. I. ...	
10	„ Issurree Opudeah	... 48th N. I. ...	
	„ Ramdeen Lalla	... Sappers and Miners ...	
	„ Dariow Khan	... 14th N. I. ...	
	„ Koosheal	... 70th N. I. ...	
	„ Kheeally	... 14th N. I. ...	
15	„ Lall Mun	... 45th N. I. ...	
	„ Sheik Noor Alloe	... 3rd Bde. II. Artillery ...	
	„ Dhuma	... Mundleiser Local Bn. ...	
	„ Sheikh Moda Bux	... Sappers and Miners ...	
	„ Bhowanee Deen	... 3rd Bombay N. I. ...	
20	„ Bhugwan	... 74th N. I. ...	
	„ Gunnesh	... 45th N. I. ...	
	„ Sewdeen Tewary	... 46th N. I. ...	
	„ Ramkissen Roy	... Sappers and Miners ...	
	„ Haim	... 32nd N. I. ...	
25	„ Narrain	... 1st Nizam's Infantry ...	
	„ Culloo Roy	... 22nd N. I. ...	
	„ Ram Sing	... 7th Bombay N. I. ...	
	„ Rambuccus Sing	... 29th N. I. ...	
	„ Banee Sing	... 21st N. I. ...	
30	„ Rajahram Doobey	... 11th Bombay N. I. ...	
	„ Thukoor Tewary	... 18th N. I. ...	
	„ Heera Sing	... 10th Light Cavalry ...	
	„ Khoosheal	... 42nd Light Infantry ...	
	„ Lall	... 1st Nizam's Infantry ...	
35	„ Gunga Sing	... 61st N. I. ...	
	„ Ramdeal Chowbee	... 27th Madras N. I. ...	
	„ Deenah	... Native Veteran Battn. ...	
	„ Chundee	... 73rd N. I. ...	
39	„ Sheikh Ally Buksh	... 37th N. I. ...	

No. 568 *of* 1859.—The following Extract from the *London Gazette* of the 11th instant, is published for general information :—

War Office, 11th March 1859.

BREVET.

Major Gravenor Kirby, Bengal Artillery, to be Lieutenant Colonel in the Army, dated 24th March 1858.

To be Majors in the Army.

Captain James Thomas Walker, Bombay Engineers, dated 19th January 1858.

Captain Thomas Harmer Sibley, 62nd Bengal Native Infantry, dated 19th January 1858.

Captain William Maxwell, Bengal Artillery, dated 24th March 1858.

Captain Folliott Walker Baugh, 26th Bengal Native Infantry, dated 24th March 1858.

Captain Francis Geach Crossman, 45th Bengal Native Infantry, dated 24th March 1858.

Captain Charles St. George Brownlow, 15th Bengal Native Infantry, dated 24th March 1858.

Captain Frederick Octavius Salusbury, 1st Bengal European Fusiliers, dated 20th July 1858.

Captain Arthur Bunny, Bengal Artillery, dated 20th July 1858.

Captain George Alexander Renny, Bengal Artillery, dated 20th July 1858.

Captain George Hutchinson, Bengal Engineers, dated 20th July 1858.

Captain Osborn Wilkinson, 4th Bengal European Light Cavalry, dated 20th July 1858.

Second Captain William Wilson, Bengal Artillery, dated 28th August 1858.

Second Captain Edward Walker Ellis Walker, Bengal Artillery, dated 28th August 1858.

Second Captain Henry Parlett Bishop, Bengal Artillery, dated 28th August 1858.

Second Captain John Sabatier Frith, Bengal Artillery, dated 28th August 1858.

Second Captain William Wilberforce Harris Greathed, Bengal Engineers, dated 28th August 1858.

Second Captain Frederick Richards Maunsell, Bengal Engineers, dated 28th August 1858.

Second Captain George Edward Watson, Bengal Engineers, dated 28th August 1858.

Second Captain James Frederick Tennant, Bengal Engineers, dated 28th August 1858.

Second Captain Julius George Medley, Bengal Engineers, dated 28th August 1858.

Second Captain James John McLeod Innes, Bengal Engineers, dated 28th August 1858.

Second Captain George Tomkyns Chesney, Bengal Engineers, dated 28th August 1858.

Second Captain William Edmund Warrand, Bengal Engineers, dated 28th August 1858.

Second Captain Henry Alexander Brownlow, Bengal Engineers, dated 28th August 1858.

Second Captain Patrick Stewart, Bengal Engineers, dated 28th August 1858.

Second Captain Charles Scott, Madras Engineers, dated 28th August 1858.

Second Captain John Archibald Ballard, Bombay Engineers, dated 28th August 1858.

Second Captain Robert Cadell, Madras Artillery, dated 28th August 1858.

The promotion of Captain John Temple, 12th Madras Native Infantry, to be Major in the Army, to bear date 13th April 1858, in lieu of 20th July 1858, as stated in the Gazette of the 28th January 1859.

The under-mentioned Officers of Her Majesty's Indian Army, who were promoted to the Brevet Rank of Major, with the date erroneously of 20th July 1858, in the *London Gazettes* of 16th November 1858 and 28th January 1859, to have their Brevet Rank post-dated to 28th August 1858, being the day after they became Regimental Captains :—

Second Captain W. Tod Brown, Bengal Artillery.

Second Captain James Shaw Gibb, Bengal Artillery.

Second Captain Richard Pittman, Bombay Artillery.

No. 569 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment :—

HYDERABAD CONTINGENT.

Artillery.

Lieutenant R. A. Baker, of the Madras Artillery, to officiate as Commandant of the 3rd Company, *vice* Lieutenant Chamier, appointed to the Command of the 1st Company.

No. 570 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate :—

Captain Samuel Rogers, of the 73rd Regiment Native Infantry	For two years, under the old Regulations.
Captain and Brevet Major Charles Gill, of the 17th Madras Native Infantry ...	For two years, under the old Regulations.

No. 571 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—

Assistant Surgeon J. L. Bryden, M. D., to the Medical charge of the Buxar and Koruntadhee Stud Depots, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Young, proceeding to Europe.

Major Roberts' Regiment of Cavalry.

Lieutenant T. J. Watson, of the 46th Regiment Native Infantry, to be Adjutant.

No. 572 *of* 1859.—The services of Lieutenant C. E. Bates, of the Madras Rifle Regiment, are placed at the disposal of the Commissary General, for the Commissariat duties at Raneegunge.

R. J. H. BIRCH, *Major-General,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Public Works Department.

GENERAL.—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 88.

The 20th April 1859.

Appointments.—Lieutenant E. Swetenham, 45th Regiment Native Infantry, is appointed an Assistant Engineer of the 1st Class in the Public Works Department and posted to the Jhansie Division, with effect from the 8th February 1859, the date on which he joined his appointment.

No. 89.

Private John Holmes, of the 1st Madras Fusiliers, attached to the Rangoon Town Division Public Works, having obtained a free discharge from the Military Service, is re-appointed to the Public Works Department, as a Civil Probationary Assistant Overseer, from the 15th May 1858.

No. 90.

The 21st April 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India has intimated that he has granted a further extension* of leave for six months, on Medical Certificate, to Mr. G. H. Dupuis, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Class Indus Canal.

* *Vide* Notification No. 157, dated the 9th December 1858.

H. YULE, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 2569.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 7th April* 1859.—Captain H. H. Thompson, Revenue Surveyor, Hazareebaugh Division, is vested with the powers of a Collector, under Regulation VII. of 1822, in that Division.

The 16th April 1859.—Lieutenant J. M. Graham to be Commandant of the 3rd Bengal Police Battalion.

The 20th April 1859.—Mr. A. V. Palmer to be a Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the 2nd Grade.

Mr. R. C. Raikes to be Collector of Nuddea.

Mr. C. F. Carnac to be Collector of Dacca.

Mr. C. E. Lance to be Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Noacolly.

Mr. C. Jenkins to be Magistrate of Mymensing.

Mr. S. H. C. Tayler to be a Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the 2nd Grade.

The 21st April 1859.—Captain H. Raban to be Commandant of the 6th Bengal Police Battalion, but to continue to act for the present as Private Secretary and Aide-de-Camp to the Lieutenant-Governor.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—*The 14th April* 1859.—Mr. G. N. Cheek, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Bancoorah, the usual preparatory leave to proceed to the Presidency to appear before the Standing Medical Committee.

The 16th April 1859.—Mr. G. C. Fletcher, Judge of Chittagong, for three months, under Section XII. of the new revised Absentee Rules, from the 1st instant.

Moulavy Dubeerooddeen, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Moonshoegunge, for two months and a half, under Section IX. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Baboo Gurgoram Burooah, Sudder Ameen of Gowhatty, for six days, under Section VIII. of the revised Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 19th April 1859. Mr. E. Jenkins, Additional Judge of Tirhoot and Sarun, for twelve months, on Medical Certificate, under Section VI. of the new revised Absentee Rules.

The 20th April 1859.—Mr. J. P. H. Ward, in charge of the Sub-Division of Kurreempore, for two months, under Section XII. of the new revised Absentee Rules, making over charge of the Thannas of the Sub-Division, to the Magistrates of Nuddea and Moorshedabad respectively.

A. R. YOUNG,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 1351.

Allahabad, the 16th April 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. George Pocklington Money, Magistrate and Collector of Shahjehanpoor, for one month, from 6th proximo, preparatory to availing himself of the unexpired portion of his Furlough.

No. 1354.

Appointment.—Mr. Henry Walmsley Hammond to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Shahjehanpoor, during the absence on leave of Mr. G. P. Money, or until further orders.

No. 1357.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. Robert Spankie, Officiating Civil and Sessions Judge of Saharunpoor, for one month, from the 20th proximo, or such date on which he may avail himself of the leave, under Section XII. of the Absentee Rules.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

E. C. BAYLEY,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 577.

Allahabad, the 16th April 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. Samuel Thornton, Deputy Collector and Deputy Magistrate of Cawnpoor, is allowed two months' privilege leave, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules, from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

F. B. OUTRAM,
Offg. Under-Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 242.

Allahabad, the 16th April 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Lieutenant E. C. Corbyn, Adjutant of the Boolundshuhur Military Police Battalion, for thirty days, from the 2nd proximo, or from such date as he may avail himself of it, on private affairs, to visit Bareilly.

No. 243.

Lieutenant G. L. Smith, Adjutant Shahjehanpore Military Police Battalion, privilege leave for two months, from the 1st proximo, or from such date as he may avail himself of it, to visit Nynee Tal and the Hills in Kumaon.

No. 244.

Lieutenant F. B. Foote, Commanding Hoshungabad District Police Battalion, privilege leave for sixty days, from the 2nd proximo, or from such date as he may avail himself of it, to visit the Puchmurree and Chilkulda Hills. The District Adjutant to assume temporary Command.

By Order of the Honorable the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

G. W. WILLIAMS, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Military Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces.

General Department,

Dated 9th April 1859.

The unexpired portion of the leave granted to the Reverend C. Sloggett, Chaplain of Anarkullee, as notified in the *Punjab Gazette* of the 12th February 1859, *viz.* from 16th to 21st March 1859, is cancelled.

Public Works Department,

Nos. 740-2, *dated 9th April* 1859.

Appointment.—Mr. H. A. Lawrence, Probationary Assistant Overseer, Public Works Department, is posted to the Sealkote Division.

General Department,

Nos. 812-14, *dated 9th April* 1859.

Dismissals.—The following Native Officials of the Rohtuck District, dismissed for bribery, are proscribed from further employment under Government:—

Ameer Khan	... Thanadar.
Jowala Nauth	. Tehseeldar.

R. H. Davies,

Secy. to Govt., Punjab Provinces.

No. 257.

Notice.

Tenders for the transportation of Salt from the Central and Southern Agencies of Orissa, to the Government Golahs at Sulkea, will be received at this Office until 2 P. M., of the 17th of May next.

2. The Tenders must be drawn up according to a form which may be obtained on application at this Office.

3. Distinct contracts must be entered into for the removal of the Salt in each of the three following localities, to wit Hunsooah (in Central Cuttack) and the Ustrung Aurungs and the Chilka Lake Aurungs, in the Southern or Pooree Agency.

4. Parties tendering must satisfy the Board of Revenue and the Commissioner of Cuttack, that they possess the means of conveying the full quantity of Salt tendered for, and with this object a list of the vessels intended to be employed must accompany each Tender.

5. The quantity of Salt to be shipped at the Hunsooah Golahs will probably not exceed 1,00,000 maunds in each year; that from the Ustrungs is roughly estimated at 80,000 maunds for the ensuing season, and that from the Chilka Aurungs at maunds 3,20,000. The tenderer may apply for the whole quantity for which freight is required at each locality, or for any part not less than a quarter of such quantity.

6. Contractors must engage to ship the Salt allotted to them, during the period between the last spring tides of October and the end of February.

7. Parties whose tenders are accepted will be required to make a deposit of Government Promissory Notes, or to furnish other unexceptionable Security for the performance of their contracts.

8. The Board reserve to themselves the right of rejecting any Tender without assigning a reason.

By order of the Board of Revenue,

E. T. Trevor,

Secretary.

Fort William,
The 15th March 1859.

Notification No. 43.

Mr. W. Clementson, Uncovenanted Deputy Collector, received charge of the Dinagepore Treasury on the 9th instant.

R. P. Harrison,

Offg. Acctt. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Fort William;
Office of Acctt., Govt. of Bengal,
The 16th April 1859.

Notification.

The Civil Auditor, North-Western Provinces has the honor to repeat his annual call to all Disbursing Officers in charge of Civil Establishments in the North-Western Provinces, for the submission (as soon after the 1st May next, as practicable, with the April Abstract) of their regular Annual Detailed Statement, containing the names and full particulars of the whole of the Establishment; and to observe that, with reference to the orders of Government, dated 15th October 1842, published in the *Agra Government Gazette*, of the 15th November 1842, the audit of their Abstracts for April next will be withheld until the receipt of the required Returns.

2. To facilitate check, it is particularly requested that the Abstract for April be sub-divided into distinct headings, so that each description of Office with its total shall correspond with the details given in the Statement of Establishment for the 1st May, agreeably to the Form furnished.

3. It is also requested that the *three separate* Lists prescribed for all Uncovenanted Civil Servants (Europeans and East Indians) and Native, (in the last the names of *only those* holding appointments of *trust* and *responsibility* should be inserted,) employed on their Establishments, be furnished for 1st May 1859, without delay.

H. Loch,

Offg. Civil Auditor.

Civil Auditor's Office;
N. W. P., Allahabad,
The 31st March 1859.

CUSTOMS.

LIST OF PACKAGES LYING UNCLAIMED ON THE CUSTOM HOUSE WHARF.

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships
1858, Oct. 14th ...	1 Case unknown, Qr. Mr. Frazer, 6th Dragoon Guards ...	Wellesley.
Ditto 15th ...	2 Cases ditto, ditto ...	Ditto.
Nov. 7th ...	66 Cases Merchandize, P E X J ...	Mary Ann Wilson.
Ditto 9th ...	1 Case ditto, C in triangle H M N ..	Kirkham.
Ditto 14th ...	29 Cases ditto, P H X J ...	Mary Ann Wilson.
Ditto 17th ...	1 Iron Rail, no mark ...	Fort William.
Dec. 6th ..	2 Chests unknown ...	Englishman.
1859, January 7th ...	2 Cases ditto, M C D S ...	Comete.
March 5th ...	1 Case ditto, P C F in Diamond ..	Albion.
Ditto 23rd ...	2 Small Packages Merchandize, B C ...	Str. Fiery Cross.
Ditto ...	1 Small Package, ditto, B ...	Ditto.
April 7th ..	1 Box ditto, J S ..	Str. Lightning.
	1 Cask unknown, ditto, no mark ...	Unknown.

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE,
The 21st April 1859.

F. J. COCKBURN,
Officiating Collector of Customs.

Notification.

Fort William, Civil Auditor's Office, the 20th April 1859.

To the Officers of the Political, Judicial, Revenue, Customs, Salt, Opium, and other branches of Service.

The Civil Auditor has the honor to request that Disbursing Officers, in charge of Civil Establishments, will be good enough to submit, as soon after 1st of May next as may be practicable, separate from their April Pay Abstracts, the Annual Detailed Statements of the respective Establishments as per Forms Nos. 1, 2, and 3, furnished for their guidance in 1848, annexing a note to each of the above Statements showing the items of expenditure which, though sanctioned, have not been actually incurred with reference to Financial Resolution of 29th October 1857, No. 4751. Pending the receipt of these documents, the audit of their April Abstracts will, under Financial Resolution of 7th September 1842, be withheld.

The usual Annual Returns of Uncovenanted Servants up to May 1859, as well as separate Statements showing the periods of leave granted to Uncovenanted Assistants, are also requested to be furnished in Forms Nos. 4 and 5, with the above Annual Detailed Statements.

W. P. PALMER,
Civil Auditor.

Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

IN EQUITY.

Rajender Dutt,

versus

Chundee Churn Dutt and others.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Wednesday, the 27th day of April 1859, at one o'clock in the afternoon, James Welch, Esquire, Receiver of the Supreme Court, and the Receiver appointed in the above Cause of the Estate of Cally Persaud Dutt, deceased, will put up for Lease by public competition at his Office Lot Mohadeb Botty, of Pergunnah Chowmoha, situate in Zillah Hooghly, containing two Villages Mohadeb Botty and Dabepore, upon such terms and conditions as will be then made known and upon such security as he may think fit.'

For further particulars apply to the Receiver's Office.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE;
Supreme Court,
Calcutta, 7th April 1859.

Ecclesiastical.

The Reverend Henry Parr Thicknesse Woodington, Assistant Chaplain at Dehlie, and the Reverend Charles William Bell, Minister at Jessore, have been appointed Surrogates for granting Episcopal Licences of Marriage, in this Diocese.

By Desire of the Lord Bishop, dated at Calcutta, this 21st day of April 1859.

Wm. Henry Abbott,
Registrar and Secretary.

Sheriff's Sale; Calcutta, 23rd April 1859.

Notice is hereby given, that on Thursday, the 12th day of May next, precisely at the hour of 12 o'clock at noon, R. S. Palmer, Esquire, former Sheriff of Calcutta, will put up to Public Sale at the lower Verandah of the Court House, near the Entrance into the Sheriff's Office by virtue of a writ of *fieri facias* in hands against the Effects of Ununtoram Haldar, who carries on trade and business in Calcutta, under the name, style and firm of Bhuggoban Dutt and Ununtoram Haldar.

The Right, Title, and Interest of the said Ununtoram Haldar, who carries on trade and business in Calcutta, under the name, style and firm of Bhuggoban Dutt and Ununtoram Haldar, of, in, and to the following landed property, *viz.*:—

1. An upper-roomed brick-built Dwelling-house, with a piece of land thereunto belonging, containing, by estimation ten cottahs, more or less, situate, lying and being at Jowgram, in Pergunnah Nulhee and in the Zillah of Burdwan.
2. Also a Goalbatty, with a piece of land thereunto belonging, containing by estimation, ten cottahs, more or less, situate, lying and being at the same place.
3. Also a piece of Garden Ground, with several trees growing thereon, containing by estimation, six cottahs, more or less, situate, lying and being at the same place.
4. And also a Tank, called Hado Pooskurnee, with a piece of land thereunto belonging, containing by estimation, eleven biggahs, more or less, situate, lying and being at the same place.

The Conditions of Sale may be known by applying at the Sheriff's Office.

R. S. Palmer,
Former Sheriff.

Notification.

With the sanction of the Governor General of India in Council, it is hereby declared that the Port of Rangoon, and the Navigable River and Channels leading to that Port, are subject to Act XXII. of 1855.

The limits of the said Port of Rangoon are as follows:—

To the West.—A Line drawn South-West from the boundary pillar at Kommendine across the Rangoon River, to the boundary pillar on the opposite bank at the entrance of the Panlang Creek.

To the South-East.—A Line drawn East from King's Point on the Dallah side of the Rangoon River, to the boundary pillar on the Syriam side.

To the North-East.—A Line running North-West and South-East drawn from the boundary pillar on the Rangoon or West side of the Pegu River, to a boundary pillar on the Syriam or East side, so much of Puzzomdoung Creek as lies South of a Line drawn from a pillar on the East above Kyeezeik Village to a pillar opposide to the West bank of the Creek.

The limits of the said Port include to the North and South, so much of the Rangoon River and of the Shores thereof, and so much of the Puzzomdoung Creek, and the Shores thereof as are within fifty yards of high-water mark spring tides.

The limits of the Navigable River and Channels leading to the said Port, made subject to the said Act, are as follows:

To the North.—The Port of Rangoon as above defined.

To the South.—A Line drawn East and West from the Light Ship.

All Ports of the Rangoon River between the said limits and below high-water line at spring tides are subject to the said Act.

PORT RULES.

I. No vessel, if above 200 tons, shall enter within the limits of the Port of Rangoon, or move from one place to another within the Port, between sun-set and sun-rise, without the special permission of the Master Attendant.

II. The Commanders of all vessels arriving at the Port of Rangoon are desired to enter correctly in the Columns of the Report Book of the Master Attendant, as soon as presented to them, the information therein required, regarding their vessels. They will also report in writing to the Master Attendant twenty-four hours before their departure the particulars noted in the forms appended hereto.

III. All Commanders of vessels arriving at Rangoon shall anchor in such a position as the Master Attendant or his Assistant shall direct. All vessels above 100 tons' burthen shall moor with two bower anchors and 30 fathoms of cable each way, and shall not move from their position without a Pilot, except with the express permission of the same authority.

IV. All Commanders of vessels shall have their jib and driver booms rigged in, when required by the Master Attendant, and shall strike their yard and masts if required so to do by, or by order of the same Officer.

V. Every ship or vessel within the Port of Rangoon shall have removed any anchor or spar or other substance projecting from her side, when so required by the Master Attendant, or other Officer of the Port.

VI. The Commanders of all vessels entering the Port of Rangoon, with ballast on board, shall without delay send to the Master Attendant a report in writing, stating the description of ballast on board, the quantity in tons, and the port of shipment; application must be made by the Commander to the Master Attendant for permission to tranship or land ballast, and no ballast shall be transhipped or landed except under the sanction of the Master Attendant and only at such Stations as he shall direct.

VII. A free channel of 240 yards which is to be kept for ships moving up or down the River within the Port, and also free passages to Piers, Jetties, Landing places, Wharves, Quays, Docks and Moorings, and all vessels shall be bound to move when required to clear such channels or passages.

VIII. All vessels within the Port of Rangoon shall be moored or warped from place to place as required by the Master Attendant, or other Officer of the Port, and no vessels shall cast off a warp that has been made fast to her to assist a vessel in mooring without being required to do so by the Pilot or Officer in charge of the vessel mooring.

IX. No vessels within the limits of the Port of Rangoon shall boil any pitch or dammer on board, or shall draw off spirits by candle or other artificial lights.

X. All vessels within the limits of the Channels leading to the Port of Rangoon shall when at anchor, between sun-set and sun rise, have a good light hoisted at the starboard fore-yard arm; and all vessels under weigh at night shall show a good light at the fore-royal or upper foremast head, and when under weigh in tow of a steamer shall in addition to the masthead light, show a good light at each fore-yard arm; the steamer showing the usual light prescribed by the Admiralty Regulations.

XI. No vessel shall use any of the Government chain moorings, whether fixed or swinging, without permission of the Master Attendant.

XII. All vessels occupying Government moorings fixed or swinging, shall be liable to pay for the same, according to the following scale and no more :—

	From 1st November to 30th May, being seven months. Per Diem, Rs.	From 1st June to 31st October, being five months. Per Diem, Rs.
For fixed moorings		
All vessels up to 199 tons	1	3
Ditto from 200 to 299 „	2	4
Ditto from 300 to 399 „	3	5
Ditto from 400 to 499 „	4	6
Ditto from 500 to 599 „	5	7
Ditto from 600 to 999 „	6	8
Ditto from 1000 and upwards	8	10
Swinging moorings	3	4

XIII. The rate fixed for warfage payable by all vessels at Government Wharves is at annas (8) eight per ton, according to the registered tonnage and one day for each (50) fifty tons is allowed for vessels to load or discharge their cargoes. Vessels remaining alongside Government Wharves, beyond the time allowed according to the tonnage, will be subject to an additional charge of annas (4) four per ton, for each day.

The provisions of Section XII. XXXVII. and XL. of the said Act No. XXII. of 1855, are hereby specially extended to the Port of Rangoon.

A. P. PHAYRE,
Commissioner of Pegu, and Agent to the Governor General.

Form of Conservator of Ports' Report Book of Arrival.

Date of arrival at Rangoon.	Name of Vessel.	Rig of Vessel.	Tonnage.	Under what Flag.	Name of Commander.	Where from.	Date of Departure.	Intermediate Ports touched at	Names of Passengers.	Remarks.
										Any vessel spoken with, or wreck seen, particulars to be noted.

A. P. PHAYRE,
Commissioner of Pegu, and Agent to the Governor General.

Particulars required to be reported by Commanders of Vessels previous to their departure as per Rule II.

Intended date of Departure.	Name of Vessel.	Rig of Vessel.	Tonnage.	Under what Flag	Name of Commander.	Where bound.	Names of Passengers.	Remarks.

A. P. PHAYRE,
Commissioner of Pegu, and Agent to the Governor General

TO BE SOLD, pursuant to a decree of the Supreme Court of Judicature, at Fort William in Bengal, made in a certain Cause, wherein Robert Molloy, Alexander Brodie Mackintosh, and Henry Harington Poe, Executor of William Haring Poe, deceased, are Plaintiffs, and Hurchunder Lahoree is Defendant, bearing date the 27th day of October 1857, with the approbation of John Cochrane, Esquire, the Master of the said Supreme Court, at his Office in the Court House, in the Town of Calcutta, on a day of which due notice will be hereafter given, the following properties, that is to say,—

A piece or parcel of land or ground, containing by estimation twenty-five biggahs and one and a half cottahs, situate in Ramkistnopore, in Pergunnah Boroo, in the Zillah of the Twenty-four Pergunnahs and Province of Bengal, and butted and bounded as follows :—(that is to say,) on the North by the rented land of Mr. Robinson, on the West by the garden of Sreenauth Mullick, on the East by the River Hooghly, and on the South by an Embankment.

A piece or parcel of land or ground, containing forty biggahs more or less, situate, lying and being at Sulkea, in Pergunnah Balleah, in the Zillah of the Twenty-four Pergunnahs aforesaid, and commonly called "Gollabattee," and butted and bounded as follows:—(that is to say,) on the North by the East India Company's Salt Golah, on the South by a Highway, on the East by the River Hooghly, and on the West by a Highway, and in respect of which said piece or parcel of land or ground a yearly rent of Company's Rupees one hundred and ninety-four, two annas and one pie is payable to the Zemindar or Landlord thereof.

A piece of garden ground standing in the name of the said Hurchunder Lahoree, held by pottah No. 1076, containing by estimation one biggah and three cottahs, situate at a place called Braminparrah, in the Town of Serampore, and in the Zillah of Hooghly.

A brick-built house, together with the piece of lackraj or rent-free land thereto belonging, and on part whereof the same is erected, under a pottah No. 1145, in the Serampore Collectorate Register, containing by estimation one biggah and nine cottahs more or less, situate at Serampore, aforesaid, and bounded as follows:—(that is to say), on the North and West by the land of the said Hurchunder Lahoree, on the South and East by a lane.

Another piece or parcel of land, held under a pottah No. 1077, in the Serampore Collectorate Register, comprising two biggahs and ten cottahs more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore, aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows:—(that is to say), on the North by a Highway, on the South by the land of Shaikh Nokree Tailor, on the East by the land of Moorjin Mistry, and on the West by a foot path, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupees seven, eleven annas and eight pies is payable to Government the Landlord thereof.

Another piece or parcel of land held under a pottah No. 1161, in the Serampore Collectorate Register, comprising fifteen cottahs more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore, aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows:—(that is to say), on the North by the land of Nilloo Dharra, on the South by the land of Goluck Pyne, on the East by the land of Potey Mistry, and on the West by a Highway, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupee one, nine annas and six pies is payable to the Landlord thereof.

Another piece of land held under a pottah No. 1402, in the said Collectorate Register, comprising seven cottahs and five chittacks, situate, lying and being at Serampore, aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows:—(that is to say), on the North by the River Hooghly, on the South by a Highway, on the East by the land of Gourmohun Gossain, and on the West by the debutter land of Sree Sree Radamadub Takoor, and in respect whereof the yearly rent of Company's Rupees two, eleven annas and nine pies is payable to the Landlord thereof.

Another piece or parcel of land, held under a pottah No. 1411, (upon which stands a lower-roomed godown) in the said Collectorate Register, comprising two cottahs more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore, aforesaid, and bounded as follows:—(that is to say), on the North by a Highway, on the South by the land of Petumber Chunder, on the East by the land of Bungsy Chunder, and on the West by a lane, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of twelve annas and nine pies is payable to Government the Landlord thereof.

Another piece or parcel of land, held under a pottah No. 1149, in the said Collectorate Register, comprising five cottahs more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore, aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows:—(that is to say), on the North and South by the land of the late Ruggoram Gossain, and on the East and West by the land of the said Hurchunder Lahoree, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupee one is payable to Government.

Another piece or parcel of lakraj or rent-free land, held under a pottah No. 1146, in the said Collectorate Register, comprising three biggahs, thirteen cottahs, and seven chittacks more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore, aforesaid, and situate and being in front of the brick-built building in the said Hurchunder Lahoree's garden.

A brick-built ghaut, situate in the village of Chittra on the banks of the River Hooghly, called Hurro Baboo's Ghaut, and being in front of the said family dwelling-house in Braminparrah, in Serampore, aforesaid, situate on the opposite side of the road.

Another piece or parcel of garden ground, comprising on the whole about thirty biggahs or thereabouts, including three tanks therein, together also with the lower-roomed dwelling-house or bytuc-khannah, standing on part thereof, and which said garden ground constitutes at present one compound and belongs as to part thereof to Serampore, and as to another part thereof to Rajjedhurpore, and also as to the remainder thereof, is lakraj land.

Another piece of land, comprising in the whole two biggahs and four cottahs or thereabouts, held in perpetual tenure by the said Hurchunder Lahoree from Gopeekisto Gossain, the Zemindar of Chittrah, ten annas and fifteen gundahs share at an annual rent for the whole of Company's Rupees sixteen, thirteen annas and seventeen gundahs, and which said land is now occupied by the following tenants, under the said Hurchunder Lahoree; namely, Sonatun Chootar, two cottahs and eight chittacks; Mohun Mallah, five cottahs; Bungshee Dome, one cottah and eight chittacks; Komul Ghurramee, two cottahs; Modoosoodun Malla and Banessur Malla, four cottahs; Juggobundoo Malla, one cottah; Bhoota's mother, one cottah; Hurro Malanee, one cottah; Ramdhone Malla, three cottahs; Rokeenee Malla and Poresh Bewah, one cottah and eight chittacks; Roopchund Choonooree, one cottah and eight chittacks; Bhuguram Modock, three cottahs; Hurroo Chatterjee, three cottahs; Potee Bewah, one cottah; Chauroo Dome, three cottahs; Kallee Chootar, two cottahs; Janokee Panjaree, two cottahs; Hullodhur Dome, one cottah and eight chittacks; Ramchand Malla and Nubbye Malla, three cottahs, total—two biggahs and four cottahs,

Another piece of land, situate in Chittrah Gourunghatty, comprising in the whole two biggahs and eight cottahs more or less, held by the said Hurchunder Lahoree in perpetual tenure from Ramtarun Chowdry and several others, the Zemindars of Chittrah, nine annas share subject to the annual rent of Company's Rupees eleven, three annas and four gundahs, and which said land as to ten cottahs thereof are known as Stable-barry and have an upper-roomed house erected on part thereof, and which said land as to the remaining one biggah and eighteen cottahs is occupied by the

following tenants holding from the said Hurchunder Lahoree, *namely*, Juggoo, koloo, Bachoo, chokedar, and Kyroo, straw-seller.

Another piece of land comprising ten cottahs, situate in Chittrah aforesaid, held by the said Hurchunder Lahoree in perpetual tenure from Ramnarain Mookerjee, as zemindar thereof at the annual rent of one Rupee, six annas and six pies, and which land as to seven cottahs is at present in the possession of Hurchunder Lahoree, as to one cottah in the occupation of Bungsee Koyboto, and as the remaining two cottahs in the possession of Jadoo Paramanick as his tenants.

An upper-roomed brick-built family dwelling-house, situate at Braminparrah, in the Town of Serampore, in the Zillah of Hooghly, and the piece or parcel of land or part whereof the same is erected and built, containing in the whole by measurement, as appears by the pottahs thereof, (one pottah being for nine cottahs and six chittacks of land, and the other pottah for two biggahs, two cottahs, thirteen chittacks and five feet), two biggahs, twelve cottahs, three chittacks and five feet and bounded as follows:—(that is to say), on the North by the public Road, on the East by the land and premises of Kistomohun Bonnerjee, and other land belonging to the said Hurchunder Lahoree, and on the South and West by the land and premises of the late Roghooram Gossain, and paying in respect of the said parcel of land an aggregate annual Revenue to Government of Company's Rupees ten, twelve annas and eleven pies.

WILLIAM DALLAS,
Attorney.

JOHN COCHRANE,
Master.

CALCUTTA SUPREME COURT;
Master's Office,
The 16th March 1859.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

WITH reference to Government Notification No. 5, Fort William, Financial Department, 26th January 1855, notifying the intention of Government to dissolve its connexion with the Government Agency—

The Oriental Bank Corporation undertake the safe custody of Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal, and other local Stocks, free of all charge.

Will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, and remit at the current rates of exchange, or pay the same according to instructions, if to be remitted through the Corporation. Without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... 1-4th per Cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the purchase of Government or other Securities, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Corporation, ... Without charge.

WM. ANDERSON,
Agent.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION;
Calcutta, 29th January 1855.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 20th April 1859.

LIABILITIES.			ASSETS.		
Proprietors' Capital ...	1,07,00,000	0 0	Government Securities ...	23,92,000	0 0
Reserve Fund	1,97,534	10 10	Dues from Government ...	9,72,784	11 6
Current Accounts ...	90,38,309	13 9	Cash	1,16,71,328	5 4
Cash Credits Undrawn ...	5,29,472	1 6	Loans on Deposit of Securities ...	1,13,72,400	0 0
Other Claims	3,43,067	12 2	Discount Loans on ditto ...	62,94,300	0 0
Bank Notes	1,42,95,476	0 0	Accounts of Credit on ditto ...	6,15,300	0 0
Post Bills	1,36,804	7 6	Government Bills Discounted ...	3,01,441	11 9
Profit and Loss (*Rebate Account*) ...	69,189	12 9	Mint Certificates ditto ...	3,98,916	0 1
			Mercantile Bills ditto ...	11,06,953	0 9
			Dead Stock	1,66,418	2 4
			Interest accrued ...	12	10 6
Co.'s Rs. ...	3,53,11,854	9 6		Co.'s Rs.	3,53,11,854 9 6

Published by order of the Directors,
J. B. PEAKE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

C. N. COOKE,
Accountant.

Commercial Bank of India.

CALCUTTA BRANCH.

Rates of Exchange on London Joint Stock Bank.

			s.	d.	
At	6 months' sight	... ...	2	0¼	per Rupee
„	3 „ „	... ...	1	11⅞	„
„	30 days' „	... ...	1	11⅞	„
„	3 „ „	... ...	1	11¼	„

The Bank grants Drafts on the Head Office, Bombay, and on its Branches in London, Shanghae, and Hong-Kong. Bills collected at any of the above places at a uniform charge of ¼ per Cent.

The Bank will undertake the purchase or sale of Government Paper, Bank Stock and other Securities, draw Interest and Dividends payable in Calcutta, when due, at a Commission of ¼ per Cent.

No charge made when the proceeds of Sale or amount of Interest or Dividends drawn is remitted in the Bank's Bills.

Rates of Interest allowed to Deposits subject to

3	months'	notice of withdrawal,	4	p. ct. per annum
6	ditto	ditto	5	„
2	ditto	ditto	6	„

Notice may be given when the money is deposited, or at any subsequent time; and it will be dispensed with in cases when the money is to be remitted through the Bank.

Current Accounts kept and Interest allowed at 2 per Cent. per annum on Balances of Rupees 500 and upwards, not exceeding Rupees 50,000, unless by special agreement.

Hours of business, 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. On Saturdays, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

W. S. FITZWILLIAM,

27, TANK SQUARE, *Agent.*
Calcutta, 7th October 1858.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of John Parry, carrying on business at Calcutta, as Wine Merchant and Agent, under the name, style and firm of Messrs. Parry & Co., an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 15th day of April instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 2nd day July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Allan, Judge & Lingham, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Teeluckchunder Shaw and Lallchund Shaw, both of Jorabagaun, in Calcutta, retail dealers in Tobacoo Leaf, Insolvents.

On Monday, the 18th day of April instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvents be heard on Saturday, the 2nd day of July next, and that the said Insolvents do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

Chief Clerk's Office, 19th April 1859.

In the matter of George Augustus Sunbolf, late of Agra, in the North-Western Provinces of India, Writer in the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut, and at present of No. 14, Doomtollah Street, in Calcutta, refugee, an Insolvent.

Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court, on Friday, the 29th day of April instant, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent, desirous of opposing such application, must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

Templeton and Carrapiet, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of George Augustus Sunbolf, late of Agra, in the North-Western Provinces of India, Writer in the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut, and at present of No. 14, Doomtollah Street, in Calcutta, refugee, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic. Cap. XXI. was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 9th day of April instant, and by an order of the same date the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Templeton and Carrapiet, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of George Augustus Sunbolf, late of Agra, in the North-Western Provinces of India, Writer in the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut, and at present of No. 14, Doomtollah Street in Calcutta, refugee, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 19th day of April instant, it was that ordered the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 2nd day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Templeton and Carrapiet, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Brojobullub Mullick and Hurrydoss Mullick, Insolvents ...

Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvents, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court, on Friday, the 29th day of April instant, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ *Any Creditor of the said Insolvent, desirous of opposing such application, must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*

Insolvent in person.

Chief Clerk's Office, 21st April 1859.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of Shazadee Begum, of Lucknow, in Oude, the Widow of Jaffer Ally Khan, deceased, the Proprietress, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the Notes and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application has been made to Government for the issue of duplicate Notes for the respective amounts:—

No.	12513	of	15366	of	1832-33	...	Rs. 5,000
„	12514	„	„	„	„	...	„ 5,000
„	12516	„	„	„	„	...	„ 3,000
„	10114	„	„	„	„	...	„ 4,000
„	11754	„	1536	„	„	...	„ 1,000
„	11755	„	„	„	„	...	„ 1,000
„	1821	„	4732	„	1842-43	...	„ 2,000

LYALL, RENNIE & Co.

CALCUTTA,
The 15th April 1859.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of Ellahie Begum of Nowajgunge, in Lucknow in Oude, the widow of Dilwar Ally Khan, deceased, the Proprietress, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the Notes and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application has been made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes for the respective amounts :—

No. 11179, of 30th June 1854, of 1854-55, Rs. 4,000.
„ 11180 „ „ „ „ 2,000.

J. RENNIE.

CALCUTTA,
The 21st April 1859.

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Note, No. 3698 of 11547 of 1835-36 for Co.'s Rs. 500, in the name of my brother Ramdhone Mookerjee, deceased, the Proprietor, was never endorsed to any one. Payment and Interest has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of a Duplicate.

COLLEEPODOW MOOKERJEE.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes standing in the name of Robert Orr, late of Bareilly, the Proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any person. Payment of the Notes and of Interest thereon has been stopped at the Loan Office and application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates.

PARTICULARS OF THE GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

No. 2900 of 1835-36,	dated 31st March 1836, for	Co.'s Rs. 500
No. 3393 of 1842-43,	dated 1st Feb. 1843, for	„ 1000
No. 36006 of 1854-55,	dated 30th June 1854, for	„ 2500
		Co.'s Rs. 4000

J. WELCH,
Offg. Administrator General.

Notices issued by the Officiating Deputy Post-Master General of Bengal.

The 18th April 1859.

Notice is hereby given, that an After-Packet for the P. and O. Company's Steamer *Nubia* will be closed at this Office at 6 P. M, on Saturday next, the 23rd instant, to be sent to Kedgeree the following morning by an Extra Steamer.

Inland Postage will be charged on letters and papers as usual on similar occasions.

No. 5973.

The 20th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Mails for the Straits and for transmission per Steamer *Fiery Cross* will be closed at this Office, on Monday, the 25th instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 5974.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Mails for Straits and China for transmission per Steamer *Lightning* will be closed at this Office, on Monday, the 25th instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 5975.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Mails for Cape of Good Hope, for transmission per Ship *Clanmerden* will be closed at this Office, on Tuesday, the 26th instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 5976.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Mails for Singapore and Hongkong, for transmission per Steamer *Thebes* will be closed at this Office, on Tuesday, the 26th instant, at 6 P. M.

LIST of unclaimed Bullock Train Packages lying at the Office of the Post Master General, N. W. P., which will be sold by Public Auction to defray expences if not claimed within three months from this date.

No.	Description of Package.	Address.	Particulars.
1	Parcel ...	Lieut. Drummond, 9th Irregular Cavalry ...	1 Pair of Boots.
1	Ditto ...	Major Jacobs, 1st Fusiliers	3 Flannel Banians.
1	Ditto ...	J. C. Browne, M. D. Arty.	2 Dozen Woollen Socks.
1	Small Box ...	Without address ...	8 Bottles Essence of Coffee.
1	Tin Box .	Fuzzul Hoosain ...	Medicines.
1	Box	Peter Carty, 1st Fusiliers	A Silver Medal for Pegu.
1	Parcel	Shurroofdeen ...	1 Native lace worked Cap, 1 bag Snuff.
1	Ditto ...	Mrs. A. Campbell ...	1 Lady's Companion, 11 pairs Woollen Socks and some Ribbons.
1	Ditto .	R. Davidson, care of Captain Hood Bullubgurh ...	2 Flannel Banians.
1	Parcel ...	Nusseerooddeen ...	1 Bottle Uttar, 1 card Elastic.
1	Small Box ...	Serjeant Collman, H. M's. 75th Regiment ...	Pipes and Tobacco.
1	Ditto ...	J. E. Fairfax, Esq., C. S....	3 Bottles Warburg's Tincture.
1	Parcel .	Moonshee Hurgolam ...	1 Pair Socks.
2	Ditto ...	Captain Graham, Comdg. for Coll. Watt Belfast .	2 Packets Pine Seeds.
1	Ditto ...	Mrs. Graham, Doroundah	1 White Cashmere Shawl.
1	Tin Case ...	Dr. Morris, Sirmoor Battn.	Drawing Paper.
1	Parcel	Mr. Cox, boot maker Jullunder ...	1 Pair of Boots.
1	Ditto ...	Reverend H. E. Cockey, S. P. G. Cawnpore ...	1 Wool-worked Cheroot case.
1	Ditto ...	Without address ...	1 Turquoise, 1 Snuff box and pieces of Chintz and Silk, 6 Pictures.
1	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1 Pair half Boots.
2	Ditto ...	Captain Strangways ...	A Lady's and Baby's Linen and Clothing.
1	Ditto ...	Rajah Roodu Narayan Sing, Benares ...	2 Small Glasses.
1	Ditto ...	B. Tayler, Esq. ...	2 Packets mourning Paper and Envelopes.
1	Ditto .	Without address ...	1 Brass Scabbard.
1	Ditto ...	P. F. DeQuency, Esq., ...	Seeds.
1	Ditto ...	Messrs. White and Co. ...	2 Waistcoats.
1	Tin Box ...	Reverend E. Ferlber, R. C. Chaplain, Cawnpore ...	Sacramental Wafers.
1	Ditto ...	Gunr. J. Healy ...	Smoking Pipes.
1	Parcel ...	Captain E. T. Dickens . .	6 Bottles Pills.
1	Ditto ...	Officer Commanding 8th Regiment, Sultanpore ...	1 Pair Pantaloons.
1	Ditto ...	John Watson, Esq. ...	1 Pair Wool-worked Slippers.
1	Box ...	Captain P. Comyn ...	1 Box Cheroots.
1	Tin Canister ...	No address ...	Pogson's Specific.
1	Small Box ...	Miss Habit ...	Jewellery, Earrings, &c.
1	Parcel ...	Lieut. Brown, 28th N. I.	3 Pairs Shoes.
1	Ditto ...	Lieut. Lamb, Arty., Assistant Commissioner ...	2 Waistcoats.
1	Box ...	Mr. G. Leonard ...	Cheroots.
1	Ditto ...	W. H. Bennet, Esq., ...	Steel Pens and Camels Hair Brushes.
1	Parcel ...	C. S. Lane, Assistant Commissioner ...	A roll of white Satin Ribbons.
1	Ditto ...	Baboo Samanth ...	1 Hindee Shastar.
3	Ditto . .	Mr. Watson ...	Dalley's Carminative Patent Nipples and a Woollen Cap.
1	Ditto ...	H. Lewellyn ...	A Wig.
1	Ditto ...	Kadir Bux ...	A Tin Box.
1	Ditto ...	Holden Nan ...	9 Articles Native Clothing.
1	Ditto . .	Lieut. Peil, 23rd N. I. ...	2 Native Silk Caps.
1	Tin Box ...	Mrs. Kirk, Cawnpore ...	1 Felt Riding Hat.
1	Ditto ..	Captain Green Lucknow...	1 Box Spices.
1	Parcel ...	Mohomed Hoosain ...	1 Piece of Silk.
1	Ditto ..	No address ...	A Sample of Hemp or Flax.
1	Ditto ...	Captain Aitkin, Rajpootana Field. Force. ...	1 Bombay Calendar, 1 Tom Brown's Schooldays, 1 Mutiny Act.

No.	Description of Package.	Address.	Particulars.
1	Parcel ...	Miss M. Barry ...	1 Bundle Violet Powder.
1	Ditto ...	Mr. Wohlzeborn ...	6 Books, plates, 6 German Works.
1	Tin Box ...	R. Kenrich, Esq. ...	1 Revolver, Pistol, &ca.
1	Parcel ...	No address ...	Shakespeare's Hindustanee Dictionary.
1	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1 Vol. Bombay Calendar.
1	Ditto ...	D. Mackey, Esq., or Coll. Clark ...	1 Book Forms.
2	Ditto ...	W. C. Lyall, Esq. ...	Flannel and other Shirts.
1	Ditto ...	A. Morris, Esq. ...	1 Vol. Punch, 1 Vol. Farriery.
1	Ditto ...	Haree Sing Baboo ...	Silk Handkerchiefs Coloured and 1 Piece white Silk.
1	Ditto ...	Raky Moolvie ...	Gold and Silver Ornaments.
1	Ditto ...	Captain Scott, or Havitt. address not known ...	4 Packets Envelopes.
1	Ditto ...	Gibson and Co. ...	Tobacco.
1	Ditto ...	Meer Ahmed, Peshawar ...	1 Pair Spectacles and 1 Penknife.
1	Ditto ...	Mr. C. Henfield, Lucknow	1 Black Frock Coat.
1	Ditto ...	G. Armstrong, Esq., Mooltan ...	A set of white Cornelian Studs.
1	Ditto ...	Major Tucker, Futtygurh	3 Vol. Books.
1	Ditto ...	A. C. Smith, Esq., Shahjehanpore ..	5 Vol. Books.
1	Ditto ...	Captain Peterson, Lahore	1 Pouch and Belt.
1	Ditto ...	Shahzada Mohamed, Station unknown. ..	2 Pairs Socks, 1 Bag Snuff, 1 Cap.
1	Ditto ...	Private Crighton, 3rd Co. 1st Battn. Arty., Lucknow .	1 Box Pills.
1	Ditto ...	Huges E.T. Depot. R. Pindee	Rupees 10 in Cash.
1	Ditto ...	Ahmed Khan, Sepoy, Anoopshuhur ...	1 Silk Handkerchief.
1	Tin Case ...	Col. M. C. Johnston, McGrigor and Co., London	Bearing Steam Postage contains Delhie Pictures.
1	Box ...	H. Lewis and Co., Calcutta	Cheroots.
1	Parcel. ...	Narain Dass, Mirzapore ..	Medicines.
1	Ditto ...	Q. Mr. Sergeant Mitchell, H. M's. 61st Regiment...	Shirts and Children's Shoes.
1	Basket ...	Ditto ditto ..	2 Small Beaver Hats.
1	Parcel ...	Khooshial Khan, Rissaldar, Etawah ...	2 Lace Caps.
1	Ditto ...	Captain Cleveland, Cawnpore ...	1 Coat, 1 pair Pantaloons 1 Pugree, Kakee Cloth.
1	Small Box ...	No address ...	1 Gold Ring, Red Stone.
1	Parcel ..	Mr. Pereira ...	One Black Alpacca Coat.
1	Ditto ...	Captain Godfrey, Military Train ...	Two Chains, Bridles.
1	Ditto ...	Shahzada Sultan ...	1 Cap and bag of Snuff.
1	Ditto ...	W. Parker ...	1 Pair of Socks, two pairs Pantaloons, one Shirt, and one Coat.
1	Ditto ...	Civil Surgeon, Mooltan ...	An Anatomical preparation.
1	Box ...	Miss Carbery, Benares ...	Millinery.
1	Ditto ...	Mrs. Hall, Secrora ...	1 Child's Frock, a Cape and two Dolls.
1	Parcel ...	Cox and Co., Mooltan ...	One Shoe.
1	Ditto ...	Mrs. M. Troup, Fyzabad ..	Two Crochet Needle Cases.
1	Ditto ...	Mrs. Beaumont, Meerut ..	One pair Hair Pads.
1	Ditto ...	No address ...	Four pairs Socks and two Handkerchiefs.
1	Ditto ..	Messrs White and Co., Meerut ..	One piece scarlet for a Tunic and Buff Facings.
1	Ditto ...	Dr. W. Carey ...	One Silver Hunting Watch, Chain and Key, one Signet Ring with Crest.
1	Ditto ...	No address ...	Four white and six colored Shirts, one Felt Hat and six Merino Banians.
1	Ditto ...	H. Jarrett ...	One Horse Artillery Undress Jacket.
1	Tin Case ...	Lieut. Phillpot .	1 Pair Spectacles.
1	Parcel ...	Major Brown ...	2 Delhie Gold-Worked Scarfs.
1	Ditto ...	Mr. Merrin ...	Plum Cake.

LAHORE,
The 12th April 1859.

G. PATON,
Post-Master General, N. W. P.

Printed and Published for the Government, by THOMAS JONES, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 23, 1859.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Tipperah, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Tuesday, the 26th April 1859, corresponding with 14th Bysack, 1266 B. S.:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 1071.—Talook Luckhee Narain Roy Moodafat Byddo Nauth Roy, Pergunnah Mohobutpore; recorded proprietors, Soojo Monee Shaha, Chunder Monee Shaha, Gooshye Doss Shaha, minors, Luckhee Kanth Shaha, minor, and Kumulla Kanth Shaha, minor; sudder jumma, rupees 214-6-5.

L. BARBER,
Depy. Collector in Charge.

ZILLAH TIPPERAH;
Collector's Office,
The 29th March 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Backergunge, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 25th April 1859, or 13th Bysack 1266 B. S., for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1859:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

Former No. 1524.—Present No. 1556.—Kharijah Pergunnah Bozoorg Omedpore, Talook Kisto Dass Bhottacharge; recorded proprietor, Meer Mahamoud Jummee; sudder jumma, rupees 383-7-7½.

C. LIMOND,
Offg. Collector.

ZILLAH BACKERGUNGE;
Collector's Office,
The 1st April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section XI. Act I of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Behar, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of this District, on the 26th April 1859, for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1859:—

Class I.—Permanently Estates.

No. 1638.—Mehal Maunpoor Tetrawan Lot 1st—Pergunnah Behar; recorded proprietors, Meer Yar Ali, Mussamuts Hubbun, Hayatun, Jeeto, Tekchund Mahto, Poonit Loll, Roopun Mahto, Bodhee Mahto and Kurrumchund Mahto, maliks and occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 138-1-6.

No. 1668.—Mehal Maunpoor Tetrawan Lot 3rd—Pergunnah Behar; recorded proprietors, Shah Neamut Ali, Shaikh Bundah Ali, Iltaf Hosain, Mehdee Hosain, Ufzul Hosain, Tufazul Hosain, Oorf Dahoo, Meer Immam Ali, Hasim Ali, Shah Kumurooddeen, Meer Wusee Ali, Mussamuts Ameer Oolnissa, Edun, Boodhun, Zuhoorun and Rujjo, maliks and occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 80-9-11.

No. 1983.—Mehal Jyteepoor Bara, Pergunnah Bhellawur; recorded proprietors, Beharee Loll, mallicks and occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 207-11-9.

Class IV.—Arrears due on account of Estates other than that to be sold.

No. 2116.—Mehal Simrah, Chuck Simrah, Pergunnah Bhellawur; recorded proprietors, Mussamut Muckdoomun, Nujmoodeen, Nuseebun, Mussamuts Ameerun and Wuheedun, occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 540-15-6, including malikana from which the right and interest of Mussamut Muckhdoomun heiress of Mussamut Mudeehun, deceased, surety of Busharut Hosain, the son of Chundry Khadim Hosain and farmer of Mouzah Samadhee Boozoorg, Pergunnah Tilhara, Zillah Patna, will be sold on account of arrears of rent due from him.

W. BUTLER,
Deputy Collector in Charge.

BEHAR COLLECTORATE;
Gya,
The 1st April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Bhullooah, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Deputy Collector of that District, on Monday, the 25th day of April A. D. 1859, corresponding with 13th Bysack 1266 B. S.:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Mehal.

No. 200.—Hozooree Mehal, Chur Lucthee in Afzul Fukeera, Lakheraj, Zimba Sheddessuree, present Talook Parbutty Shoomittra, Golam Mohiuddin *alias* Golam Mahomed and Sheetaram Boodhimunt; recorded proprietors, Parbutty Shoomittra, Golam Mohiuddin *alias* Golam Mahomed and Sheetaram Bhoodimunt; sudder jumma, rupees 130-14-8.

C. E. LANCE,
Officiating Deputy Collector.

BHULLOOAH;
Deputy Collector's Office,
The 2nd April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Moorshedabad, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 2nd of May 1859, or 20th Bysack 1266 B. S., for Arrears of Revenue:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 605.—Kismut Mouzah Kalkapoor, Pergunnah Mooraripoor; recorded proprietors, Lukhee Gobind Deb Thakoor, Lukhee Junnardun Deb Thakoor, Sreedhur Deb Thakoor, Goopto Guddadhur Deb Thakoor, and Levait Dayamoi Dasia; sudder jumma, rupees 196-13-11.

W. MORRIS BEAUFORT,
Offg. Collector.

MOORSHEDABAD;
Collector's Office,
The 4th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Dinagepoor, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 26th day of April 1859, for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1859:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 151.—Mouzah Kurry, Pergunnah Kurdat; recorded proprietor, Muzarruddeen Choudry; sudder jumma, rupees 1,023-15-0½.

FRAS. A ELPHINSTONE DALRYMPLE,
Collector.

DINAGEPOOR;
Collector's Office,
The 4th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Midnapore, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Thursday, the 28th day of April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 16th Bysack 1266 B. S., or 17th Bysack 1266 W. S:—

Class IV.—Estates saleable for Arrears due on other Estates.

Rights and Interests of Golucknath Doss in about one beegah of rent-free land, including a dwelling-house and a Tank with fishes thereon, in Mouza Kulunkool, Pergunnah Khandar.

Rights and Interests of Golucknath Doss in eight cottahs of Kala land cultivated by Radhoo Doss Jotedar, situated in Mouza Kulunkool, Pergunnah Khandar.

Rights and Interests of Golucknath Doss in one beegah of Jul land, in Mouza Kulunkool, Pergunnah Khandar.

Rights and Interests of Golucknath Doss in one beegah and ten cottahs of land, situated in Mouza Dhobapullasseea, Pergunnah Khandar.

A. ELLIOT,
Officiating Collector.

MIDNAPORE COLLECTORATE,
The 5th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Rajshahye, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue at the Office of the Collector of that District, on the 2nd May 1859 A. D., corresponding with 20th Bysack 1266 B. S :—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 1135.—Kismut Guncoor, Pergunnah Soojanuggur; recorded proprietors, Kalleenath Chowdre and Tarrineekanto Chuckerbutty; sudder jumma, rupees 56-1-5.

F. S. LUSHINGTON,
Collector.

ZILLAH RAJSHAHYE;
Collector's Office,
The 5th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Dacca, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Monday, the 25th day of April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 13th Bysack 1266 B. S. :—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 8914.—Chur Jalna Kamta; recorded proprietors, Jelal Ruhoman and Khodaeja Bebee, mother of Mutcezuddy Khunkar; sudder jumma, rupees 184-12-6.

C. F. CARNAC,
Officiating Collector.

ZILLAH DACCA;
Collector's Office,
The 2nd April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Bhaugulpore, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 25th April 1859, or 8th Bysack 1266, for Arrears of Revenue :—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 7.—Ghat Mirza Chowkee, Pergunnah Gurhee; recorded proprietor, Lugwah Manjhee; sudder jumma, rupees 5-3-2.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 79.—Certain lands in Mouzah Mahasingpoor, Pergunnah Kankjoul; sudder jumma, rupees 5-6-2.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 2339.—Jageer of Mohamud Suffee Lushker in Mouzah Sujunpoor Lukheepoor, Thanna Oodhoa Nullah; recorded proprietor, Mahamud Sarick; sudder jumma, rupees 2-8-9¾.

No. 2377.—Jageer of Gundul Kussub in Mouzah Lukheepoor, Thauna Oodhoa Nullah, Pergunnah Kankjoul; recorded proprietor, Mahamud Sarick; sudder jumma, rupees 0-14-11¼.

J. H. MUSPRATT,
Collector.

BHAUGULPORE;
Collector's Office,
The 4th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah 24-Pergunnahs, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Saturday, the 30th April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 18th Bysack 1266 B. S :—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 81.—Kismut Pergunnah Magoorah, Mowjeb Bhubanipore; recorded proprietor, Kalidhone Bundopadea; sudder jumma, rupees 371-3-2.

Class IV.—Estates saleable for arrears due on other Estates.

No. 102.—Pergunnah Magoorah, Kismut Kankooreah, &c.; recorded proprietor, Sowdaminee Dossee; sudder jumma, rupees 372-6.

No. 281.—Pergunnah Medenmullo, Kismut Kundurpopore, &c.; recorded proprietor, Sowdaminee Dossee; sudder jumma, rupees 597-14-11.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 1367.—Beel Dauthbangah; recorded proprietors, Horinarain Ghose and others; sudder jumma, rupees 1,100-2.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

Nos. 1368-3.—Pergunnah Boorun, Mouzah Bykam; recorded proprietors, Roy Perionath Chowdry and others; sudder jumma, rupees 85-4-10.

Class II.—Temporarly-settled Estate.

No. 1467.—Lot No 67 Sanckdho; recorded proprietors, Sheik Mahomed, Golam Hosseen Hazee and others, progressive; sudder jumma, rupees 206-4.

G. BRIGHT,
Officiating Collector.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE;
24-Pergunnahs,
The 8th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estates in Zillah Purneah will be put up to public and unreserved sale for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Tuesday, the 26th day of April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 14th Bysack 1266 B. S :—

BENGAL PORTION.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 428.—Mouzah Bunganwan and Hanokhowar, Pergunnah Futtehpoor Singeah; recorded proprietors, Bissanauth Jha and Almchund, and others; sudder jumma, rupees 184-5-8.

FUSLEE PORTION.

Class I.—Permanently-settled estates.

No. 9.—Milick Bajayufty Anning Beelas, Pergunnah Dhurmpoor; recorded proprietor, Heolas Manjee, auction purchaser; sudder jumma, rupees 79-7-7.

No. 26.—Mouzah Dhumdaha, Zillah Beernuggur, Pergunnah Dhurmpoor; recorded proprietor, Hemnarain Sing; sudder jumma, rupees 59-4-6

No. 53.—Chukla Fuckrana, Mouzah Macknaha, Zillah Beernuggur, Pergunnah Dhurmpoor; recorded proprietor, Mussamut Ameeronissa Begum; sudder jumma, rupees 78-10-7.

No. 103.—Mouzah Dhumdaha, Zillah Beernuggur, Pergunnah Dhurmpoor; recorded proprietors, Jowahur Sing, and others; sudder jumma, rupees 74-15-3.

T. WALTON,
Assistant Collector, in Charge.

PURNEAH,
The 5th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate in Zillah Nuddea, will be put up to public and unreserved sale, for Arrears of Revenue at the Office of the Collector of that District, on the 25th day of April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 13th Bysack 1265 B. S :—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 2870.—Mouzah Sreenuggur, Chuckla Sreenuggur; recorded proprietor, Rughoonauth Gangooly; sudder jumma, rupees 74-13-8¾.

C. S. BELLI,
Officiating Collector

ZILLAH NUDDEA;
Collector's Office,
The 4th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Hooghly, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Friday, the 29th April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 17th Bysack 1266 B. S. :—

Class VI.—Estates to be sold an account of demands realizable in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of an alleged lackraj Tank, named Chowdry Pooshkurnee, including its banks, all measuring about 6 beegahs, situated on the South side of Village Tehghory, Pergunnah Baleegoree, and in the moiety of about 90 trees on the banks of that Tank, *viz.*, 50 palm (large and small) and about 40 other kinds of trees.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of an alleged purchased lackraj Tank, named Koondoo Pooshkurnee, with its banks, all measuring about 5 beegahs, situated on the South side of Village Mohunbatty, Pergunnah Baleegoree, and in the moiety of 100 palm trees on the banks of that Tank.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 1½ beegahs of alleged purchased land, situated in the East plain of the said village.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of 15 cottahs of alleged lackraj land which was purchased from Kalleechurn Ghose, and now inhabited by Thakoordas Tantee, situated in the above village.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 1½ beegahs of alleged lackraj land purchased from Kenoo Ghose, and now inhabited by Gokoolchunder Paul, situated in the above village.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 1½ beegahs of alleged lackraj land called Shunneasee Barry, situated on the South side of the above village.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 2½ beegahs of alleged lackraj land, purchased from Bissonath Roy, situated in the East plain of the above village, and on the North of Bindabun Roy's Tank.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 11 cottahs of alleged lackaj land, situated in the above village, and on the East of Aumeeroody Moonshee's Tank.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in eight annas share of an alleged lackraj Tank called Chowdry Pooshkurnee, including its banks, all measuring about 6 beegahs, situated on the South side of Village Tehghory, Pergunnah Baleegoree, and on the moiety of about 90 trees on the banks of that Tank, *viz.*; 50 palm (large and small) and about 10 other kinds of trees.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of an alleged purchased lackraj Tank named Koondoo Pooshkurnee, with its banks, all measuring about 5 beegahs, situated on the South side of Village Mohunbotty, Pergunnah Baleegoree and in the moiety of 110 palm tree, on the banks of that Tank.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 1½ beegahs of alleged purchased lackraj land, situated in the East plain of the said village.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of 15 cottahs of alleged lackraj land, which was purchased from Kalleechurn Ghose, and now inhabited by Thakoordas Tantee, situated in the above village.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 1½ beegahs of alleged lackraj land, purchased from Kenoo Ghose, and now inhabited by Gokool Chunder Paul, situated in the above village.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 1½ beegahs of alleged lackraj land, called Shunneasee Barry, situated on the South side of the above village.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 2½ beegahs of alleged lackraj land, purchased from Bissonath Roy, situated in the plain of the above village and on the North of Bindabun Roy's Tank.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 11 cottahs of alleged lackraj land, situated in the above village, and on the East of Aumeeruddy Moonshee's Tank.

W. B. BUCKLE,
Collector.

HOOGHLY COLLECTORATE,
The 9th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Jessore, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 30th day of April 1859, for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1859:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 139.—Turuff Caseempore, Pergunnahs Jahangirabad and Tarawoozial; recorded proprietors, Gopal Dass Mozoomdar and Biprodass Mozoomdar; sudder jumma, rupees 956-15-2.

No. 935.—Kismut Bawooteeparrah, Pergunnah Havilee; recorded proprietors, Kisto and Roop Chunder Gooho; sudder jumma, rupees 102-15-5.

No. 975.—Kismut Gootee, Pergunnah Havilee; recorded proprietors, Lal Khatoon, Jebunnissah Khatoon and Mear Camaludeen *alias* Mehere Alee; sudder jumma, rupees 118-2-6.

No. 1562.—Kismut Rampassah, Pergunnah Havilee; recorded proprietor, Rampersaud Shaw; sudder jumma, rupees 67-15-11.

No. 1640.—Kismut Gootee, Pergunnah Havilee; recorded proprietor, Mahomed Akman; sudder jumma, rupees 52-5-7.

No. 1809.—Kismut Debenugur, &c., Pergunnah Casseemnugur; recorded proprietors, Umer Sing, Ghose Chowdry, Rajnarain Ghose, Gooroopersad Ghose, Ram Ruttun Bose, Jogomuhun Dutto and Jahan Ear; sudder jumma, rupees 68-15-4.

No. 1926.—Kismut Bamundanga, Pergunnah Santore; recorded proprietor, Budee Udee; sudder jumma, rupees 73-7-1.

F. C. FOWLE,
Collector.

JESSORE COLLECTORATE.
The 15th April 1859.

PRINTED BY THOMAS JONES, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

No. 34. [975]

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 27, 1859.

Legislative Council of India.

THE 16TH APRIL 1859.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council of India on the 16th April 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 20th of July next:—

A Bill for regulating the establishment of Markets.

WHEREAS the establishment of new markets in the neighbourhood of places where markets have been previously established, leads to disputes between the owners of the lands on which such new and previously established markets are held, and such disputes not unfrequently occasion breaches of the peace, and serious inconvenience to the frequenters of such markets; It is enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

I. After the passing of this Act no person shall establish a new market without permission in writing from the Magistrate of the District If any person shall attempt to establish a new market without such license, he shall on conviction by the Magistrate be subject to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees.

No new market to be established without permission of Magistrate.

II. When any person desires to establish a new market, he shall make application in writing to the Magistrate. The application shall specify the name of the place at which it is proposed to establish such new market, the days on which it is to be held, the name of the place where the nearest existing market is held, and the days on which it is held, the distance in English miles between the two places, and the reasons of the applicant for desiring to establish the new market.

Application for permission.

III. On receipt of the application the Magistrate shall issue a proclamation stating the desire of the applicant to establish a market at the place named by him and the days on which it is proposed to be held, and calling upon any person who may have any objection to the establishment of the market, to state his objection in writing within six weeks from the date of the proclamation. The proclamation shall be affixed in a conspicuous place in the village or town in or near to which it is proposed that the new market shall be held; and a copy of the same shall be affixed at the Police Station within the jurisdiction of which the village or town is situate and in the Court of the Magistrate. If it shall appear that any existing market is held within a distance of four miles from the place where it is proposed that the new market shall be established, the Magistrate shall cause a notice to the effect of the proclamation to be served upon the owner of the land where such existing market is held. The proclamation and notice (if any) shall be issued and served at the expense of the applicant.

Issue of proclamation and notice.

IV. If within the time specified in the proclamation and notice (if any), no objection is preferred to the establishment

Magistrate's order.

of the proposed market, the Magistrate shall pass an order permitting it to be established. If within the time specified any objection is preferred, the Magistrate shall enquire into the objection, and pass such order as may appear proper in the circumstances of the case.

If objection be made.

V. If within six months from the passing of this Act any objection shall be preferred to the Magistrate in respect of any market which has been newly established within a period of two years before the passing of this Act, the Magistrate shall enquire into the objection, and if it shall appear that such new market has been established within a distance of four miles from any previously existing market, and that the establishment of the new market has been the cause of disturbances or other inconvenience to the people of the neigbourhood, the Magistrate may, if he think necessary, change the days upon which such new market is held, or at his discretion order that it be discontinued.

Markets established two years before the passing of this Act.

VII. Every person who shall contravene any order duly passed under this Act shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees.

Penalty for contravening order.

VIII. All the provisions of this Act relative to the establishment of new markets shall be applicable also to the establishment of new fairs.

Act applicable to the establishment of new fairs.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Home Department.

No. 837.

Fort William, the 26th April 1859.

Notifications.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to permit Mr. E. Currie to resign Her Majesty's Indian Civil Service, from the 1st May next.

No. 838.

Mr. W. A. Forbes, of the Civil Service, is permitted to proceed to Europe, on furlough, for the remainder of the three years to which he is entitled, commencing from the date of embarkation.

W. GREY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Foreign Department.

No. 2233.

Fort William, the 23rd April 1859.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the following transfer of appointments :—

Mr. H. W. Lewis, Extra Assistant Commissioner of Pegu, from the Twantay to the Prome District, with effect from the 4th January last.

Mr. B. P. Doyle, Officiating Extra Assistant Commissioner of Pegu, from the Prome District to that of Twantay, with effect from the 17th January last.

No. 2234.

Brevet Major A. L. McMullin, Officiating Assistant General Superintendent of Operations for the Suppression of Thuggee and Dacoitee, at Agra, made over charge of his Office to Mr. G. B. Pasley, Officiating Magistrate at that Station, on the 5th instant.

No. 2235.

The 26th April 1859.

Dr. K. Burr, in Medical Charge of the Jeypore Agency, resumed charge of his duties on the 14th ultimo.

No. 2236.

Major W. F. Eden, Political Agent at Jeypore, received charge of the Rajpootana Political Agency, from Brigadier General G. St. P. Lawrence, on the 10th instant.

No. 2237.

Sir Robert Hamilton, Bart., Agent to the Governor General for Central India, reported his departure from Bombay, on the Steamer *Northam*, on the 12th instant.

No. 2238.

Lieutenant W. R. Shakespear, 1st Assistant to the Agent Governor General for Central India, reported his departure from Bombay for England, on the *Northam*, on the 12th instant.

No. 2239.

The services of Mr. G. E. W. Couper, Commissioner in Oudh, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces.

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Financial Department.

No. 28 of 1859.

Fort William, 20th April 1859.

Notifications.—With reference to paragraph 14 of the Notification of this Department, No. 14, dated 21st February last, notice is hereby given, that the Sub-Treasurers at Fort William, Fort St. George and Bombay, the several Residents at Native Courts, and the several Collectors and other Officers in charge of Treasuries under the several Presidencies and Governments, and in the Provinces subordinate to the Government of India, have been authorized to receive from the 1st of May next, any sums of money in hundreds of Rupees, each being for not less than 500 of Company's Rupees which may be tendered on Loan to the Secretary of State in Council of India, at an interest of Five-and-a-half per Cent. per annum, subject to the provisions hereinafter specified.

Subscriptions to this Loan will be received from Holders of Five per Cent. Promissory Notes of this Government, half in Cash and half in the said Promissory Notes.

All authorized public demands, including audited Bills for arrears of Salary and Bills of Exchange on the Public Treasuries, these last being subject to a deduction at the rate of Five-and-a-half per Centum per annum for the period they may have to run, will be received as Cash at par.

The Pay-Masters of the Army under the several Presidencies are also authorized to transfer any demands which may be payable by them respectively to this Loan, and to grant Drafts for the amounts in Bengal and Madras on the Accountant General, and in Bombay on the Military Pay-Master General, which Drafts shall be received by those Officers in payment of subscriptions to this Loan, on being tendered to them for that purpose.

The several Public Officers, authorized to receive subscriptions into this Loan, will grant Acknowledgments in the following form, for all sums received by them respectively:—

"I hereby acknowledge that has this day paid into the Treasury at the sum of Company's Rupees for which entitled to receive a Promissory Note of the Secretary of State in Council of India, bearing Interest from the of the tenor, and subject to the conditions of the Loan specified in the Advertisement published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 1859."

The Accountant General at Fort William will, on the said Acknowledgments being delivered, forthwith cause to be prepared and issued to the parties entitled thereto, Promissory Notes under the signature of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the following form:—

Fort William, the 31st May 1859.

PROMISSORY NOTE AT 5½ PER CENTUM FOR COMPANY'S RUPEES.

The Governor General of India in Council does hereby acknowledge to have received from the sum of Company's Rupees as a Loan to the Secretary of State in Council of India, and does hereby promise for and on behalf of the said Secretary of State in Council, to re-pay the said Loan by paying the said sum of Company's Rupees to the said his (or "her" or "their" as the case may be) Executors or Administrators, or his (or "her" as the case may be) or their order, on demand, at the General Treasury of Fort William, after the expiration of three months' notice of payment, to be given by the Governor General of India in Council in the Calcutta Gazette, and to pay the interest accruing on the said sum of Company's Rupees at the rate of Five-and-a-half per Cent. per annum, by Half-yearly payments at the General Treasury of Fort William to the said or his (or "her" or "their" as the case may be,) Executors or Administrators or his (or "her" as the case may be) or their order, until the expiration of three months after such notice of payment as aforesaid, when the amount of Interest due will be payable with the Principal, and (such notice being considered as equivalent to a tender of payment at the period appointed for the discharge of this Note) all further Interest shall cease. The Governor General in Council hereby further engages that the said Loan shall not be paid off before the 1st of May 1879.

Signed by the authority of the Governor General of India in Council,

ACCOUNTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE;
Registered as No. of

Secretary to the Government."

The several Officers authorized to receive subscriptions will, on application from the Holders of Acknowledgments, transmit them (free of every expense whatever) to the Accountant General at Fort William to be exchanged for Promissory Notes bearing Interest from the 31st of May or the 30th of November next ensuing after the date of subscription. The Interest accruing on the broken period of the Half-year that may intervene between the date of subscription and the 31st of May or 30th of November next ensuing, as the case may be, will be paid up at the time of granting the Acknowledgment.

Proprietors of Notes or Acknowledgments, who may desire to have the Interest payable at any other Public Treasury than at the General Treasury of Calcutta, shall be entitled to receive it according

ly, provided they notify ther wish to the Accountant General at Fort William, and transmit the Notes or Acknowledgments to him, to have an order for the payment of Interest at the said Treasury written on the face of the Notes under the signature of the said Officer or that of his Assistant; and after such order shall, on the application of the Proprietor, be inscribed on any note, the Interest shall be payable only from the said Treasury, unless the Proprietor shall present the Note, with an application for the purpose of transferring the payment elsewhere, to the Accountant General at Fort William.

If desired, Interest will also be made payable at the General Treasury at Fort William, for the period for which the Loan is guaranteed, by *Coupons* payable to Bearer. Promissory Notes with Coupons attached will be granted on application, instead of Promissory Notes in the usual form.

Or, if it be desired, Interest will be made payable at the East India House in London, *by Bills* payable to order on demand, on the General Treasuries of Calcutta or Madras, subject to the Rules and Regulations at present in force, or that may hereafter be issued by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, or by this Government.

The Promissory Notes of this Loan shall not be renewed, sub-divided, or consolidated, except by the Accountant General of Fort William. The practice and rules heretofore in use in regard to the renewal, sub-division and consolidation of Promissory Notes will be adhered to in respect to the Promissory Notes of this Loan.

This Loan is limited to Five Crores of Rupees. No part of this Loan will be paid off before the 1st May 1879, nor without a previous notice of three months, to be issued at any time after the 31st January 1879.

The Five per Cent. Loan opened under Notification, dated 16th January 1857, will be closed from the 30th instant, after which date no further subscriptions to that Loan will be received, except in the cases of parties resident in Europe, who may have forwarded by the Mail which was to have left London on the 10th of April 1859, or by any previous Mail that left London after the 3rd of March 1859, written instructions for the immediate transfer to the said Loan of Promissory Notes of the 4 per Cent, 3½ per Cent and 4½ per Cent Loans, or Transfer Loan Securities. Subscriptions to the said Loan tendered under such instructions, on account of such parties, will be received at the General Treasuries of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, if the tender is made before the 1st of June next.

With the above exception Promissory Notes of the 4 per Cent, 3½ per Cent, and 4½ per Cent, Loans and Transfer Loan Securities, will not be receivable in subscription to any Loan after the 30th instant.

No. 29 of 1859.

It is hereby notified that from and after the 1st of May 1859, Interest on Government Promissory Notes of the Loans noted in the margin will, at the option of the Holders, be made payable for the period for which the said Loans have respectively been guaranteed, either in the manner heretofore observed, or by Coupons payable to Bearer signed by the Accountant General to the Government of India.

5 Per Cent. Public Works Loan of 1854-55.
5 Per Cent. Loan of 1856-57.
5½ Per Cent. Loan of 1859-60.

Promissory Notes in the form heretofore in use can be exchanged on renewal for Promissory Notes having Coupons attached. The Coupons will be in the following form :—

COUPON.

No. _____ **Rs.** _____

The sum of Rupees *for Interest, at* *per Cent. per Annum, for the Half-year ending on* *upon the Promissory Note of the Government of India, No.* *, of the Loan of* *, for Rupees* *will be payable to Bearer on presentment of this Coupon, at the General Treasury of Fort William, on or after the* *of*

Rs. _____ **No.** _____

(Signed)
Accountant General to the Government of India.

When the last of the Coupons attached to any Note shall have become payable, the Interest payable on the Note, until the expiration of three months after notice of payment of the Principal, will be paid at the General Treasury at Fort William, to the lawful Holder of the Note, on his presenting the same and writing his receipt thereon; or at the option of the lawful Holder, the Note may be enfaced for payment of Interest at the East India House in London by Bills on demand on the General Treasuries of Calcutta or Madras, subject to the Rules and Regulations at present in force, or that may hereafter be issued by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, or by this Government.

By Order of His Excellency the Governor General of India in Council,

C. Hugh Lushington,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, 22nd April 1859.

No. 573 *of* 1859.—The Second Battalion Military Train is under orders for immediate Embarkation for England.

The Career in India of this Corps has been short, but brilliant and eminently serviceable to its Country.

Upon arriving at the Presidency it was at once converted into a Cavalry Force, and sent untrained into the Field under the late Sir Henry Havelock.

Throughout the glorious and most trying Summer Campaign of which the first Relief of Lucknow was the fruit, the Military Train bore a part which would have reflected Credit upon the oldest and most experienced Cavalry Soldiers.

It has since served with distinction in various affairs under Lieutenant-General Sir James Outram, at the Capture of Lucknow, in the Operations about Azimghur, and lastly in the harassing Campaign of Shahabad.

The Military Train leaves India with the best Wishes of the Viceroy and Governor General in Council for the future Honor and Prosperity of the Battalion.

A Salute will be fired from the Guns of Fort William on the departure of the Corps.

Fort William, 25th April 1859.

No. 574 *of* 1859.—Captain Charles Metcalfe Young, of the Regiment of Artillery, is permitted to proceed to Europe on private affairs under the new Regulations for the residue of the Furlough, on the same account, granted to him in Government General Order No. 1300, of the 20th October 1856.

No. 575 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough, on private affairs :—

Captain Alexander Irvine, of the 24th Regiment Native Infantry ...	For two years, under the new Regulations.
Captain Arthur Innis Shuldham, of the 20th Regiment Native Infantry ...	For three years, under the old Regulations.

Fort William, 26th April 1859.

No. 576 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following letter from the Deputy Adjutant General of the Army No. 75, of the 7th April, submitting a report of the particulars of an Action in which a Detachment of Troops under Lieutenant-Colonel Gordon, Commanding 1st Sikh Infantry, were engaged with a vastly superior body of Rebels in the neighbourhood of Toolseepore.

His Excellency in Council notifies his entire approval of the service rendered by Lieutenant-Colonel Gordon and by those under his Command on this occasion; and participates in the regret expressed by the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief at the death of Lieutenant Grant and of the other gallant soldiers who fell in this Action.

No. 75.

From the Depy. Adjt. General of the Army,
To the Secy. to the Govt. of India,
Military Department.

Sir,

I have the honor by desire of the Commander-in-Chief, to forward, for the information of His Excellency the Governor General in Council, a letter dated the 1st instant, from Brigadier A. H. Horsford, C. B., Commanding Troops Trans Gogra, detailing the particulars of an Action in which a Detachment of Troops under Lieutenant-Colonel G. Gordon, Commanding 1st Sikh Infantry, were seriously engaged with a vastly superior body of the Rebels, in the neighbourhood of Toolseepore.

2. Lord Clyde very highly appreciates the conduct of Lieutenant-Colonel Gordon and those under his Command on this occasion; and His Lordship considers that a very important service has been rendered by the Troops.

3. I am to express the regret of Lord Clyde at the death of a promising Officer, Lieutenant R. J. Grant, and of the other gallant soldiers who fell in this Action.

4. The Commander-in Chief would earnestly recommend the reward of the Native Soldiers mentioned by Lieutenant-Colonel Gordon, in paragraph 8 of his letter, and in the manner suggested.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) H. W. Norman, *Major,*
Deputy Adjutant General of the Army.

Head Quarters; *Camp Delhi, 7th April* 1859.

No. 194.

From Brigadier A. Horsford, C. B.,
Commanding Trans Gogra,
To the Depy. Asst. Adjutant General,
&c., &c., &c.,
Oude Force, Lucknow.
Camp near Jerwah Pass, the 1st April 1859.

Sir,—I have the honor to report for the information of Major-General Sir Hope Grant, K. C. B., Commanding in Oudh, that on the evening of the 30th March 1859, I learned that certain bodies of the Rebels having evaded the post at Dhukkuree had crossed into the Oude District, and intended to pass from East to West of it, under the hills which divide the British from the Nepaulese Territory.

Toolseepore I felt should not be abandoned, but to watch the forest under the hills, I detached a Force Commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel Gordon, 1st Seikh Infantry, whose report I enclose. The arduous duty which this Officer found himself unexpectedly called upon to perform was most ably carried out, and I trust that the Major-General Commanding may deem his name worthy of being brought to the notice of His Excellency Lord Clyde.

On the receipt of a report from Lieutenant-Colonel Gordon, of the strength of the approaching enemy, I instantly hastened to his support, taking with me, one Wing of 1st Regiment Hodson's Horse, the remaining Wing escorting 4 Guns Q Field Battery, having 20 men of the 53rd Regiment on the limbers followed with all possible speed. A Wing of the 53rd Regiment was also put in movement as a reserve.

The sudden appearance on the Field of the leading portion of this force was at once felt, the enemy hesitated, and a general advance turned their hesitation into a rapid retreat, pursued by the Cavalry until they found refuge in the dense forest, and I learn that they did not halt until they had reached the Arrah Nuddee on the Nepaul Frontier, East of this.

One hundred and fifty dead, all Sepoys armed with muskets, were counted on the Field and four Elephants were captured.

The wounded and prisoners and 120 Cavalry who subsequently surrendered, report the enemy's numbers to have been 13,000 Telingahs and 700 Sowars.

Too much praise cannot be awarded to the Officers and Men, of the 1st Seikh Infantry, who with great

gallantry maintained a most unequal fight, until the arrival of the relieving force. I fully sympathize with the Corps in the loss it has sustained in Lieutenant Grant, a young Officer whose forward conduct was remarkable.

I would bring to the Major-General's notice the Officers named in Lieutenant-Colonel Gordon's Report.

My thanks are due to Officers Commanding Corps and Detachments, to Lieutenant-Colonel Gordon, 1st Sikh Infantry, of whom I need make no further mention; Lieutenant-Colonel Daly, C. B., not only for his activity in the Field, but also for the general assistance he has always rendered me; Captain Johnson, Royal Artillery, and Captain Walter, 53rd Regiment.

I cannot speak too highly of the zeal of my Brigade Major, Major Dillon. My thanks are also due to Captain Hoste, my Officiating Quarter-Master General, and to Lieutenant Stainforth, Military Police, who on this occasion acted as my Orderly Officer.

From Captain Ross, Deputy Commissioner, I have received every aid and support.

I enclose herewith a return of Casualties.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) A. Horsford, *Brigadier, Comdg. Trans Gogra.*

(Signed) J. Hope Grant, *Major-General, Comdg. Oude Force.*

From Lieut.-Colonel G. Gordon,
Comdg. Advance Post of Brigadier Horsford's Field Force,

To Major Dillon,
Major of Brigade,
Brigdr. Horsford's C. B. Column.
Camp near Jerwah, the 1st April 1859.

Sir,—Pursuant to Brigade Orders, of the 30th ultimo, I have the honor to inform you, for the information of Brigadier Horsford, C. B., Commanding, that I encamped yesterday morning at Jerwah, with a Detachment as per margin, in such a position, as to enable me to watch that Pass, and to prevent the Rebels slipping Westward unobserved.

1st Sekh Infantry.
5 European Officers.
15 Native Officers.
95 Non-Commd. Officers.
663 Privates.

Hodson's Horse.
1 Naib Ressaldar.
4 Duffadars.
25 Sowars.

2. About 9 A. M., I received information that the Rebels were within a mile of my Camp, I immediately got my Detachment under arms, and proceeded to meet the enemy, which I did, about one thousand yards or so from my Camp, and here I encountered a very severe opposition from them, but succeeded in driving their force, beyond a line of hillocks, flanked on the left, by a dense jungle swarming with the enemy; and on the right, by broken ground and scrubby jungle. I took possession of this position, as far as my means would allow, and held it although hard pressed, from several determined attacks of the enemy, I kept possession of this position for abour three and a half hours, when a check, appeared to have taken place among the Rebels on my right rear (in which direction I had been totally out-flanked). This check was occasioned by the arrival of Brigadier Horsford, leading an advance of Hodson's Horse. Seeing this I immediately ordered my Detachment to advance on the flank of the retreating enemy.

3. I cannot say with accuracy the number of the Rebels disposed of, but from the numerous dead bodies lying about, should conceive that their loss must have been severe.

4. I regret to say, that the number of Casualties in my Detachment is large, but this event could not be avoided, on account of the numerical disparity of my force, and that of the enemy, which is said by spies and prisoners taken, to have amounted to between seven and eight thousand men.

5. I have to deplore the loss of my Officiating Second in Command Lieutenant R. J. Grant, a most promising Officer, who gallantly fell at the head of his men. My best thanks are due to Lieutenant Colonel C. D. P. Nott, Officiating Adjutant, who gave me every assistance and satisfaction. I have to regret the dangerous wounds received by Lieutenant J. Beckett, "doing Duty," who with Lieutenant R. J. Grant, I cannot praise too highly,

6. It affords me the greatest pleasure to bring to the notice of the Brigadier Assistant Surgeon C. A. Poole's conduct on this occasion, his attentions to the numerous wounded, although exposed to a heavy fire were beyond all praise, he was also useful to me in carrying orders from one position to another in the early part of the day.

7. I cannot speak too highly of the conduct of the Detachment which accompanied me, and which under very trying circumstances behaved most admirably, and displayed a courage most creditable to it.

8. I would, amongst the Natives engaged, more particularly bring to the notice of the Brigadier, for recommendation to, and advancement in, the "Order of Merit," the following Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers:—

Jemadar Hedayutoollah, Light Company, 1st Seikhs.

Havildar Moosuddee Khan, No. 1 Company, 1st Seikhs.

Also Duffadar Chungun, of Hodson's Horse, who is already possessed of the 2nd Clasp.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) G. Gordon, *Lieut.-Col., Comdg. Advance Post of Brigadier Horsford's Field Force.*

P. S.—Nominal Roll of killed and wounded is annexed.

Numerical Return of Killed, Wounded and Missing in the Force, under the Command of Brigadier Horsford, C. B., Commanding Trans Gogra. Camp Ruttonpore, 1st April 1859.

Abstract.	Duffadar.	Sowar.	Horses.	Lieutenants.	Subadar.	Jemadars.	Havildars.	Sepoys.	Buglers.	Total.	Remarks.
1st Regt. Hodson's Horse, Killed ...	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	Horse.
Ditto Wounded ...	3	6	7	0	0	0	2	5	0	9	
1st Regt. Seikh Infantry, Killed ...	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	
Ditto Wounded ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ditto Mortally Wounded	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ditto Severely Ditto. ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	13	0	17	
Ditto Dangerously Ditto.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	
Ditto Slightly Ditto. ...	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	14	0	17	
Ditto Missing ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
Total ...	3	7	8	1	1	1	7	34	0	54	

Examined. M. A. Dillon, *Major, Major of Brigade.*

A. Horsford, *Brigadier, Commanding Trans Gogra.*

Casualty Return of Field Force, under Command of Brigadier Horsford, C. B.
Camp Ruttenpore, 2nd April 1859.

Corps.	Rank and Names.		Nature of Casualty.	Remarks.
Q Battery Foot Artillery..	....	None ..	None.	
Detachment H. M.'s 53rd Regiment ..	....	None ...	None.	
1st Regt. Hodson's Horse	Sowar ..	Man Singh ...	Killed by pistol shot.	
	Duffadar ..	Jowahir Singh ...	Sabre cut on head.	
	Sowar ..	Kurrum Singh ..	Bullet wound on hip.	
	Duffadar ..	Muhammad Buksh ...	Sabre cut on head.	
	" ..	Golab Rae ...	Sabre cut on hand.	
	Sowar ..	Bhagwan Doss ..	Sabre cut on hand.	
	" ..	Dhial Singh ...	Sabre cut on hand.	
	....	Muhummad Buksh ...	Bullet wound in knee.	
	....	Shunmand Singh ..	Bullet wound in wrist.	
	Sowar ..	Doola Singh ..	Sabre cut in hand.	
Recapitulation ..	Killed ..	1 (One) ...	Wounded 9 (Nine).	
1st Regt. Seikh Infantry	Lieutenant ..	S. Beckett ...	Wound of abdomen and wrist, both gun shot.	
	Subadar ..	Bahoot Singh ...	Sabre cut of hand.	
	Jemadar ..	Shaick Feedyttoolah .	Sabre cut of hand.	
	Havildar ..	Goordutt Singh ..	Gun shot wound of thigh.	
	" ..	Bhan Singh ..	Gun shot wound of abdomen.	
	" ..	Soobah Singh ..	Gun shot wound of foot.	
	" ..	Issurree Singh ..	Contused wound of thigh.	
	" ..	Koorman ..	Sabre cut of shoulder.	
	Sepoy ..	Jewalab Singh ..	Ankle shattered from gun shot, wound, amputation, sabre cut of face.	
	" ..	Noor Khan ..	Gun shot wound of thigh.	
	" ..	Deen Muhammed ..	Gun shot wound of wrist.	
	" ..	Ameer Chund ..	Severe sabre cut penetrating the shoulder joint.	
	" ..	Ahmed Ally ..	Gun shot wound of arm.	
	" ..	Bhugwan Singh ...	Gun shot wound of abdomen.	
	" ..	Alah Singh ...	Gun shot wound of back ...	Since dead.
	" ..	Nujah Singh ..	Contused wound of thigh.	
	" ..	Joymull Singh ..	Gun shot wound of face.	
	" ..	Keera Singh ..	Gun shot wound of arm.	
	" ..	Jeewun Singh ...	Contused wound of ankle.	
	" ..	Soochell Singh ...	Contused wound of head.	
	" ..	Jorawar ..	Gun shot wound of back.	
	" ..	Kumma (2nd) ..	Contused wound of thigh.	
	" ..	Bhugat Singh ..	Contused wound of arm.	
	" ..	Utter Singh ..	Gun shot wound at the upper part of scrotina.	
	" ..	Hookum Singh ...	Gun shot wound of left arm.	
	" ..	Khoz Bux ..	Sabre cut of right hand.	
	" ..	Koosyn ...	Gun shot wound of back.	
	" ..	Dhumnah Singh ..	Gun shot wound of thigh.	
	" ..	Boodh Singh ..	Gun shot wound of right foot.	
	" ..	Noab Khan ..	Gun shot wound of hates.	
	" ..	Meena Khan ..	Gun shot wound of right leg.	
	" ..	Ahmed Khan ..	Gun shot wound of face.	
	" ..	Bartah Singh ..	Contused wound.	
	" ..	Hurree Singh ..	Gun shot wound of foot.	
	Bugler ..	Hera Singh ..	Gun shot wound of left arm.	
	Rickalee ..	Kulloo ..	Gun shot wound of abdomen.	
	Sangree ..	Sewake ..	Contused wound of head.	
1st Regt. Seikh Infantry Killed ...	Lieutenant ..	N. J. Grant.		
	Havildar ..	Nund Singh.		
	" ...	Sanker Singh.		
	Sepoy ..	Urcher Singh.		
	" ..	Bussa Singh.		
	" ..	Kaleh Singh.		
	" ...	Doomee Chund.		
	" ..	Wuzeera Puck Ally.		

Recapitulation—Killed 8 ; Wounded 37.

Examined.
M. A. Dillon, *Major*,
Major of Brigade.

A. Horsford, *Brigadier*,
Commanding Trans Gogra.

R. J. H. Birch, *Major-Genl.*,
Secy. to Govt. of India.

Public Works Department.

GENERAL.—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 91.

The 21st April 1859.

Appointment.—Captain R. D. Dansey, of the 3rd Madras European Regiment, formerly belonging to the Department of Public Works, Madras, is appointed a Special Assistant Engineer in the Public Works Department and posted to the Gwalior Division, with effect from the date on which he joined his appointment.

No. 92.

Notification.—Assistant Overseer Serjeant W. Scott, of the Etawah Terminal Division, Ganges Canal, is reduced to the grade of Probationary Assistant Overseer.

H. YULE, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 2573.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 19th April* 1859.—Mr. J. Mackenzie, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Behar, is transferred to Shahabad, where he will exercise the powers of an Assistant to a Magistrate described in Clause 3, Section 2, Regulation III. of 1821.

The 21st April 1859.—Lieutenant G. J. Reeves to be Commandant of the 2nd Bengal Police Battalion, but to continue in charge of the Irregular Cavalry at Chota Nagpore, until further orders.

The following Gentlemen to be Deputy Magistrates under Act XV. of 1843, and Deputy Collectors under Regulation IX. of 1833, and to exercise respectively the powers of a Covenanted Assistant to a Magistrate under Regulations XIII. of 1797, and IX. of 1807, in the Districts named opposite to each, *viz.*:—

Mr. J. B. Pratt, in Dinagepore.
Baboo Kooldeepnarain Sing, in Sarun.
Lalla Fhuqueerchund Lal, in Tirhoot.

The 23rd April 1859.—Lieutenant W. Vincent to be Second in Command and Officiating Adjutant, 2nd Bengal Police Battalion.

Lieutenant C. J. D. Arbuthnot to be Second in Command of the 4th Bengal Police Battalion, but to continue for the present in Command of the Shahabad European Mounted Police.

Mr. R. M. King to be Second in Command and Officiating Adjutant of the 5th Bengal Police Battalion.

Lieutenant William Parry Davis, of the Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry, to be Second in Command and Officiating Adjutant of the 10th Bengal Police Battalion.

Lieutenant C. P. Waller is transferred from the 2nd to the 9th Bengal Police Battalion.

Lieutenant A. N. M. MacGregor is transferred from the 1st to the 10th Bengal Police Battalion.

The following Gentlemen to be Sub-Lieutenants of the 1st Grade in the Bengal Police Battalions, mentioned opposite to each, *viz.*:—

Mr. Richard S. O'Conner, in the 2nd Battalion.
Mr. J. M. E. Gouldsbury, in the 3rd Battalion.
Mr. H. A. Coombs, in the 4th Battalion.
Mr. H. Baker, in the 5th Battalion.
Mr. A. Howard, in the 6th Battalion.
Mr. Wyndham Edmondes, in the 7th Battalion.
Mr. Julius A. Dolmaye, in the 8th Battalion.

Sub-Lieutenant Hidayut Ali to be a Sub-Lieutenant of the 1st Grade in the 1st Bengal Police Battalion.

Shaikh Panchkowrie to be a Sub-Lieutenant of the 2nd Grade in the 9th Bengal Police Battalion.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—*The 20th April* 1859.—Moulavy Irfan Ali, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Mymensing, for three months, under Clause 1, Section VII. of the revised Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 21st April 1859.—Syud Sukhawut Hossein, Additional Principal Sudder Ameen of Chittagong, for one month, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 17th ultimo.

A. R. YOUNG,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 1160A.

Allahabad, the 9th April 1859.

Notification.—Mr. John Adair Craigie, Civil and Sessions Judge of the Saugor and Nerbudda Territories, reported his return to India, from leave to Europe, on the 31st ultimo.

No. 1371.

The 19th April 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. John Adair Craigie is allowed the usual additional leave under the Absentee Rules, to rejoin his appointment as Civil and Sessions Judge of the Saugor and Nerbudda Territories.

No. 1375.

Appointment.—Assistant Surgeon James Wise, M. D., is appointed, as a temporary measure, to the Medical charge of the Civil Station of Muttra, with effect from the 4th instant.

No. 1393.

Notification.—The unexpired portion (eight days) of the leave of absence, granted to Lieutenant C. V. Gordon, Assistant Commissioner of

Hoshungabad, in O. S. of 9th February last, is cancelled from the 28th March, the date on which he re-joined his appointment.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

E. C. BAYLEY,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 1387.

Allahabad, the 18th April 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Raie Soondur Lall, Principal Sudder Ameen of Shahjehanpoor, on urgent private affairs, from the 20th to the 26th instant.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

J. D. SANDFORD,
Offg. Asst. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 242.

Allahabad, the 18th April 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Prag Dutt, Deputy Collector, Zillah Etah, for one month, on private affairs, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Leave Rules, from the date he may avail himself of the leave.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

F. B. OUTRAM,
Offg. Under-Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces.

Public Works Department,

No. 760, *dated* 11*th April* 1859.

Leave.—Captain W. Henderson, Executive Engineer, Public Works Department, has obtained one day's leave in extension of that granted to him per *Punjab Gazette* of 30th March 1859.

General Department,

Nos. 820-1.

Kaim Alee, Extra Assistant, Sealkote, has obtained six months' leave of absence, under Section VIII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, with effect from the date of his availing himself thereof.

Public Works Department,

Nos. 766-7, *dated* 12*th April* 1859.

Appointment.—Lieutenant A. C. Padday, Probationary Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, is posted to the 2nd Division of the Baree Doab Canal.

General Department,

Dated 13*th April* 1859.

Erratum.—In Notification of 30th March 1859, placing the services of Mr. J. S. Campbell, at the disposal of the Government North-Western Provinces; add, "*for employment in an Officiating capacity.*"

Public Works Department,

No. 811, *dated* 15*th April* 1859.

Leave.—Major F. M. Baker, Assistant to Chief Engineer, Punjab, has obtained two months' indulgence leave from the date on which he may avail himself thereof.

General Department,

No. 868, *dated* 16*th April* 1859.

Sub-Assistant Surgeon Ketter Chunder Nundy, in Medical charge of the Rawul Pindee Dispensary, has obtained six months' leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, from the date of his departure.

Public Works Department,

No. 815, *dated* 15*th April* 1859.

Transfers.—Assistant Overseer Serjeant Davis, from the Lower Sirhind Division, to the 7th Division Grand Trunk Road.

General Department,

Nos. 877-9, *dated* 16*th April* 1859.

Mr. G. R. Elsmie, Assistant Commissioner, from the Loodianah to the Jhelum District.

Dated 15*th April* 1859.

Promotion.—Lieutenant T. F. Forster, Assistant Commissioner 3rd Class, to be an Assistant Commissioner 2nd Class.

No. 844, *dated* 13*th April* 1859.

Appointments.—Captain R. R. Adams, Deputy Commissioner of Goojrat, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Hazara, during the absence of Major Becher, on special duty at Cashmere.

No. 861, *dated* 15*th April* 1859.

Mr. H. B. Hardinge, Assistant Commissioner, Rawul Pindee, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Goojrat, in the room of Captain Adams.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces,

R. H. DAVIES,
Secy. to Govt., Punjab Provinces.

No. 257.

Notice.

TENDERS for the transportation of Salt from the Central and Southern Agencies of Orissa, to the Government Golahs at Sulkea, will be received at this Office until 2 P. M., of the 17th of May next.

2. The Tenders must be drawn up according to a form which may be obtained on application at this Office.

3. Distinct contracts must be entered into for the removal of the Salt in each of the three following localities, to wit Hunsooah (in Central Cuttack) and the Ustrung Aurungs and the Chilka Lake Aurungs, in the Southern or Poorce Agency.

4. Parties tendering must satisfy the Board of Revenue and the Commissioner of Cuttack, that they possess the means of conveying the full quantity of Salt tendered for, and with this object a list of the vessels intended to be employed must accompany each Tender.

5. The quantity of Salt to be shipped at the Hunsooah Golahs will probably not exceed 1,00,000 maunds in each year; that from the Ustrungs is roughly estimated at 80,000 maunds for the ensuing season, and that from the Chilka Aurungs at maunds 3,20,000. The tenderer may apply for the whole quantity for which freight is required at each locality, or for any part not less than a quarter of such quantity.

6. Contractors must engage to ship the Salt allotted to them, during the period between the last spring tides of October and the end of February.

7. Parties whose tenders are accepted will be required to make a deposit of Government Promissory Notes, or to furnish other unexceptionable Security for the performance of their contracts.

8. The Board reserve to themselves the right of rejecting any Tender without assigning a reason.

By order of the Board of Revenue,

E. T. TREVOR,
Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 15th March 1859.

Notification.

IT having been noticed that some Treasury Officers make a practice of transmitting Advices of Bills drawn on the Sub-Treasurer in an Envelope, the Accountant General begs to draw the attention of Treasury Officers to paragraph 10 of the Bill Rules which requires Advices to be sent without Envelope.

E. DRUMMOND,
Acctt. Genl. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM;
Accountant General's Office,
Durbar & Revenue Department,
The 23rd April 1859.

Notification.

THE Bill Forms for the Chandah Treasury, bearing printed Nos. 478051 to 478550, having been plundered while in progress to the addressee, Officers in charge of treasuries are requested to stop them if presented, and bring the holders to justice.

E. DRUMMOND,
Acct. Genl. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM;
Accountt. Genl's. Office,
Bill Branch,
The 26th April 1859.

Notification.

Fort William, Civil Auditor's Office, the 20th April 1859.

To the Officers of the Political, Judicial, Revenue, Customs, Salt, Opium, and other branches of Service.

The Civil Auditor has the honor to request that Disbursing Officers, in charge of Civil Establishments, will be good enough to submit, as soon after 1st of May next as may be practicable, separate from their April Pay Abstracts, the Annual Detailed Statements of the respective Establishments as per Forms Nos. 1, 2, and 3, furnished for their guidance in 1848, annexing a note to each of the above Statements showing the items of expenditure which, though sanctioned, have not been actually incurred with reference to Financial Resolution of 29th October 1857, No. 4731. Pending the receipt of these documents, the audit of their April Abstracts will, under Financial Resolution of 7th September 1842, be withheld.

The usual Annual Returns of Uncovenanted Servants up to May 1859, as well as separate Statements showing the periods of leave granted to Uncovenanted Assistants, are also requested to be furnished in Forms Nos. 4 and 5, with the above Annual Detailed Statements.

W. P. PALMER,
Civil Auditor.

Notification No. 44.

MR. JOHN THORNTON, Uncovenanted Deputy Collector, received charge of the Treasury at Seebsagur (Jorehaut) on the 1st instant.

Mr. W. O. A. Beckett, Sub-Assistant Commissioner, received charge of the Gowalparah Treasury on the 7th instant.

R. P. HARRISON,
Offg. Acctt. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM,
Office of Acctt., Govt. of Bengal,
The 20th April 1859.

Notification No. 45.

MR. JAMES HIND, Additional Assistant Commissioner, received charge of the Akyab Treasury on the 12th instant.

R. P. HARRISON,
Offg. Acctt. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM;
Office of Acctt., Govt. of Bengal,
The 21st April 1859.

WEEKLY STATEMENT OF TRAFFIC PASSED THROUGH THE CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS FROM 15th TO 22nd APRIL 1859.

From 15th to 22nd April 1859.	Name of Chowkeys	Charcoal.			Wood Coal.			Piece Goods, Native Produce.			Piece Goods, Imported Fabrics.			Hides.			Cotton.			Castor Seed.			Castor Oil.			Indigo.			Jaggery.			Jute.			Lime.			Mustard Seed.			Mustard Seed Oil.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
Circular Canal — Ramanghatta																																								
Circular Canal — Chitpore	37	44725	28600								8	2300	bale 210	9	5800	21600	1	175	25										55	56750	18400	42	23075	27650	50	79300	59150	65	31625	19200	3	900	325
Tolly's Nullah — Samookpotta																													1	150	23				6	2275	1575						
Tolly's Nullah — Russa																																										
Tolly's Nullah — Kyderpore	7	15850	9400																										7	2875	1725							25	15600	11550	6	1500	1000
																													3	1235	300											

From 15th to 22nd April 1859.	Name of Chowkeys	Salt.			Sugar.			Tobacco.			Linseed.			Paddy.			Pulse.			Pear.			Rice.			Wheat.			Lentil.			Grain.			Sundries.	
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Total Number of Boats.	Total Maundage by Canal Measurement.
Circular Canal — Ramanghatta			—		184	97400	54700	10	4450	2900	93	57575	38475	19	7950	5300	14	4925	3150	23	8775	5450	188	120575	72525	3	1450	1000	23	9680	6725	6	7650	4800	963	407300
Circular Canal — Chitpore	116	70075	31150																																490	260025
Tolly's Nullah — Samookpotta								1	75	50	3	3000	2000	60	10900	6450							15	7125	4900										224	75875
Tolly's Nullah — Russa														3	900	150							4	150	145										118	4375
Tolly's Nullah — Kyderpore	8	5425	2900					1	250	60				1	550	100							1	425	100										234	77425

J. F. GALIFFE,
Collector and Magistrate of Canals.

Civil Engineering College, Fort William.

Notice.

THE next Annual Session will commence on the 1st of June. Candidates for admission should submit their Applications not later than the 20th May, forms of which may be obtained at the College between the hours of 10 and 4 daily.

Candidates must have either passed the Entrance Examination of the Calcutta University, or must pass successfully a similar Examination, which will be held at the College, on Monday, the 23rd May, and following days.

GEORGE CHESNEY, *Major*,
Offg. Principal.

Notification.

THE Civil Auditor, North-Western Provinces has the honor to repeat his annual call to all Disbursing Officers in charge of Civil Establishments in the North-Western Provinces, for the submission (as soon after the 1st May next, as practicable, with the April Abstract) of their regular Annual Detailed Statement, containing the names and full particulars of the whole of the Establishment; and to observe that, with reference to the orders of Government, dated 15th October 1842, published in the *Agra Government Gazette*, of the 15th November 1842, the audit of their Abstracts for April next will be withheld until the receipt of the required Returns.

2. To facilitate check, it is particularly requested that the Abstract for April be sub-divided into distinct headings, so that each description of Office with its total shall correspond with the details given in the Statement of Establishment or the 1st May, agreeably to the Form furnished.

3. It is also requested that the *three separate* Lists prescribed for all Uncovenanted Civil Servants (Europeans and East Indians) and Native, (in the last the names of *only those* holding appointments of *trust* and *responsibility* should be inserted,) employed on their Establishments, be furnished for 1st May 1859, without delay.

H. LOCH,
Offg. Civil Auditor.

CIVIL AUDITOR'S OFFICE;
N. W. P., Allahabad,
The 31st March 1859.

Notification.

WITH the sanction of the Governor General of India in Council, it is hereby declared that the Port of Rangoon, and the Navigable River and Channels leading to that Port, are subject to Act XXII. of 1855.

The limits of the said Port of Rangoon are as follows:—

To the West.—A Line drawn South-West from the boundary pillar at Kemmendine across the Rangoon River, to the boundary pillar on the opposite bank at the entrance of the Panlang Creek.

To the South-East.—A Line drawn East from King's Point on the Dallah side of the Rangoon River, to the boundary pillar on the Syriam side.

To the North-East.—A Line running North-West and South-East drawn from the boundary pillar on the Rangoon or West side of the Pegu River, to a boundary pillar on the Syriam or East side, so much of Puzzomdoung Creek as lies South of a Line drawn from a pillar on the East above Kyeezeik Village to a pillar opposide to the West bank of the Creek.

The limits of the said Port include to the North and South, so much of the Rangoon River and of the Shores thereof, and so much of the Puzzomdoung Creek, and the Shores thereof as are within fifty yards of high-water mark spring tides.

The limits of the Navigable River and Channels leading to the said Port, made subject to the said Act, are as follows:

To the North.—The Port of Rangoon as above defined.

To the South.—A Line drawn East and West from the Light Ship.

All Ports of the Rangoon River between the said limits and below high-water line at spring tides are subject to the said Act.

PORT RULES.

I. No vessel, if above 200 tons, shall enter within the limits of the Port of Rangoon, or move from one place to another within the Port, between sun-set and sun-rise, without the special permission of the Master Attendant.

II. The Commanders of all vessels arriving at the Port of Rangoon are desired to enter correctly in the Columns of the Report Book of the Master Attendant, as soon as presented to them, the information therein required, regarding their vessels. They will also report in writing to the Master Attendant twenty-four hours before their departure the particulars noted in the forms appended hereto.

III. All Commanders of vessels arriving at Rangoon shall anchor in such a position as the Master Attendant or his Assistant shall direct. All vessels above 100 tons' burthen shall moor with two bower anchors and 30 fathoms of cable each way, and shall not move from their position without a Pilot, except with the express permission of the same authority.

IV. All Commanders of vessels shall have their jib and driver booms rigged in, when required by the Master Attendant, and shall strike their yard and masts if required so to do by, or by order of the same Officer.

V. Every ship or vessel within the Port of Rangoon shall have removed any anchor or spar or other substance projecting from her side, when so required by the Master Attendant, or other Officer of the Port.

VI. The Commanders of all vessels entering the Port of Rangoon, with ballast on board, shall without delay send to the Master Attendant a report in writing, stating the description of ballast on board, the quantity in tons, and the port of shipment; application must be made by the Commander to the Master Attendant for permission to tranship or land ballast, and no ballast shall be transhipped or landed except under the sanction of the Master Attendant and only at such Stations as he shall direct.

VII. A free channel of 240 yards which is to be kept for ships moving up or down the River within the Port, and also free passages to Piers, Jetties, Landing places, Wharves, Quays, Docks and Moorings, and all vessels shall be bound to move when required to clear such channels or passages.

VIII. All vessels within the Port of Rangoon shall be moored or warped from place to place as

required by the Master Attendant, or other Officer of the Port, and no vessels shall cast off a warp that has been made fast to her to assist a vessel in mooring without being required to do so by the Pilot or Officer in charge of the vessel mooring.

IX. No vessels within the limits of the Port of Rangoon shall boil any pitch or dammer on board, or shall draw off spirits by candle or other artificial lights.

X. All vessels within the limits of the Channels leading to the Port of Rangoon shall when at anchor, between sun-set and sun rise, have a good light hoisted at the starboard fore-yard arm; and all vessels under weigh at night shall show a good light at the fore-royal or upper foremast head, and when under weigh in tow of a steamer shall in addition to the masthead light, show a good light at each fore-yard arm; the steamer showing the usual light prescribed by the Admiralty Regulations.

XI. No vessel shall use any of the Government chain moorings, whether fixed or swinging, without permission of the Master Attendant

XII. All vessels occupying Government moorings fixed or swinging, shall be liable to pay for the same, according to the following scale and no more:—

	From 1st November to 30th May, being seven months. *Per Diem, Rs.*	From 1st June to 31st October, being five months. *Per Diem, Rs.*
For fixed moorings		
All vessels up to 199 tons	1	3
Ditto from 200 to 299 „	2	4
Ditto from 300 to 399 „	3	5
Ditto from 400 to 499 „	4	6
Ditto from 500 to 599 „	5	7
Ditto from 600 to 999 „	6	8
Ditto from 1000 and upwards	8	10
Swinging moorings	3	4

XIII. The rate fixed for warfage payable by all vessels at Government Wharves is at annas (8) eight per ton, according to the registered tonnage and one day for each (50) fifty tons is allowed for vessels to load or discharge their cargoes. Vessels remaining alongside Government Wharves, beyond the time allowed according to the tonnage, will be subject to an additional charge of annas (4) four per ton, for each day.

The provisions of Section XII. XXXVII. and XL. of the said Act No. XXII. of 1855, are hereby specially extended to the Port of Rangoon.

A. P. PHAYRE,
Commissioner of Pegu, and Agent to the Governor General.

Form of Conservator of Ports' Report Book of Arrival.

Date of arrival at Rangoon.	Name of Vessel.	Rig of Vessel.	Tonnage.	Under what Flag.	Name of Commander.	Where from.	Date of Departure.	Intermediate Ports touched at	Names of Passengers.	Remarks.
										Any vessel spoken with, or wreck seen, particulars to be noted.

A. P. PHAYRE,
Commissioner of Pegu, and Agent to the Governor General.

Particulars required to be reported by Commanders of Vessels previous to their departure as per Rule II.

Intended date of Departure.	Name of Vessel.	Rig of Vessel.	Tonnage.	Under what Flag	Name of Commander.	Where bound.	Names of Passengers.	Remarks.

A. P. PHAYRE,
Commissioner of Pegu, and Agent to the Governor General.

REPORT showing the smallest depth of water in the Bhaugiruttee, Jellinghee and Matabangah Rivers from 11th to 17th April 1859.

NAMES OF RIVERS.	Smallest depth of Water.	Remarks on the Phenomena of the River, during the week.
• *Bhaugirutte River.*	F. Is.	
Above its entrance Bar in Ganges	4 6	All Boats suited for the present dry season's Traffic of the Nuddeah Rivers should take the Bhaugiroute route this year.
On the entrance Bar...	3 6	
From thence to Jungypore, 14 miles ..	2 4	These depths are on sand Lumps. They do not show the general depths of the Channels which are seldom less than from 3 feet 3 inches to 4½ feet.
From Jungypore to Berhampore, 45 miles ...	2 6	
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 54 miles ...	2 8	
And from Cutwa to Nuddea, 63 miles ..	2 5*	
Jellinghee River.		
From its entrance to Bansemarree ...	Closed.	Entrance closed by the Chur formed by Ganges in 1853-54.
From Bansemarree to Teeahkattah ...	1 6	
From Teeahkattah to Chundipore ...	1 9	
And from Chundipore to Moisgunge ...	2 6	
Matabangah River.		
From its entrance to Alickdeah ...	Closed.	Works on Upper River suspended. Lower River open from Alickdeah to Hooghly, and will be kept so. No Tolls collected since December 6th, 1858.
From Alickdeah to Seebpore ...	2 7	

Height of water on gauge at Berhampore on the 17th April 1859 + 9½ inches.

T. N. ARMSTRONG, *C. E.*,
Supdt., Nuddeah Rivers.

CAMP BHAUGIRUTTE RIVER AT GOTEPARRAH,
The 21st April 1859.

* At Bussutpore.

Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund.

WITH reference to the provisions of Rule 51, the result of the Votes on the propositions alluded to in the Circular, dated the 16th December 1858, is published for the information of Subscribers:—

For 1st Resolution...	223.	Against ..	5
For 2nd Resolution...	220.	Against ..	8
For 3rd Resolution...	196.	Against...	30
For 4th Resolution...	207.	Against...	18

Published by the Order of the Directors,

R. C. TULLOH,
Secretary.

UNCOVENANTED SERVICE FAMILY PENSION FUND OFFICE,
The 21st April 1859.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

WITH reference to Government Notification No. 5, Fort William, Financial Department, 26th January 1855, notifying the intention of Government to dissolve its connexion with the Government Agency—

The Oriental Bank Corporation undertake the safe custody of Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal, and other local Stocks, free of all charge.

Will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, and remit at the current rates of exchange, or pay the same according to instructions, if to be remitted through the Corporation. Without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... 1-4th per Cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the purchase of Government or other Securities, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Corporation, ... Without charge.

WM. ANDERSON,
Agent.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION;
Calcutta, 29th January 1855.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of George Augustus Sunbolf, late of Agra, in the North-Western Provinces of India, Writer in the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut, and at present of No. 14, Doomtollah Street in Calcutta, refugee, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 19th day of April instant, it was that ordered the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 2nd day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Templeton and Carrapiet, *Attorneys.*
Chief Clerk's Office, 21st April 1859.

Required.

A TRANSLATOR thoroughly conversant with English and Oordoo, his duties will be to translate and to superintend the Persian Office. Salary Rupees 100 per mensem. Apply to Deputy Commissioner, Pertaubghur *viâ* Allahabad, Oude.

Lost.

THE under-mentioned four per Cent. Government Promissory Note, standing in the name of Kadarnath Gangoly, Native Agent, 8th Division Grand Trunk Road.—

No 2535 of 3329 of 1842-43, for Rupees 500' Application has been made to Government for duplicate thereof, and payment stopped in the Loan Office.

JOHN HARDING,
Head Accountant, D. P. W.,
for Assistant to Chief Engineer,
Punjaub.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of Oomed Chund and Sreechund Seth, proprietors, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Notes and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of a Duplicate Note in favor of th Peroprietor:—

No.	3172	of 1842-43	for Co.'s	Rs.	1,500
„	3182	„ 8084 of 1842-43	„	„	4,500
„	20165	„ 1842-43	„	„	5,000
„	20166	„ 1842-43	„	„	5,000
„	20167	„ 1842-43	„	„	5,000
„	2480	„ 6650 of 1842-43	„	„	10,700
„	13743	„ 1854-55	„	„	1,000
„	13744	„ 1854-55	„	„	1,000
„	13745	„ 1854-55	„	„	1,000
„	13746	„ 1854-55	„	„	1,000
„	13747	„ 1854-55	„	„	1,000
„	13752	„ 1854-55	„	„	1,000
„	13756	„ 1854-55	„	„	1,000
„	43615	„ 1854-55	„	„	5,000
„	43616	„ 1854-55	„	„	5,000
„	11940	„ 1854-55	„	„	1,000

Total, Co.'s Rs. 49,700

RAMCHUND,
Attorney of Oomed Chund and Sree Chund,
Jhansie.

JHANSIE,
The 19th April 1859.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of Ellahie Begum of Nowajgunge, in Lucknow in Oude, the widow of Dilwar Ally Khan, deceased, the Proprietress, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the Notes and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application has been made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes for the respective amounts :—

No. 11179, of 30th June 1854, of 1854-55, Rs. 4,000.
„ 11180 „ „ „ „ 2,000.

J. RENNIE.

CALCUTTA,
The 21st April 1850.

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Note, No. 3698 of 11547 of 1835-36 for Co.'s Rs. 500, in the name of my brother Ramdhone Mookerjee, deceased, the Proprietor, was never endorsed to any one. Payment and Interest has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of a Duplicate.

COLLEEPODOW MOOKERJEE.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes standing in the name of Robert Orr, late of Bareilly, the Proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any person. Payment of the Notes and of Interest thereon has been stopped at the Loan Office and application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates.

PARTICULARS OF THE GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

No. 2360 of 1835-36,	dated 31st March 1836, for	Co.'s Rs. 500
No. 8392 of 1842-43,	dated 1st Feb. 1843, for	„ 1000
No. 36006 of 1854-55,	dated 30th June 1854, for	„ 2500
		Co.'s Rs. 4000

J. WELCH,
Offg. Administrator General.

Lost.

FIRST-half Bank of Bengal Notes, Nos. F 24558, F 16130, F 13369, and F 02947, each Co.'s Rupees 100, and Second-half, Nos. F 03613, F 08318, F 13750, each Rupees 100; and Second-half Nos. C 10099, C 21449, each Rupees 50, the payment of which has been stopped at the Bank.

Stolen.

THE Public are cautioned against receiving the under-mentioned half Notes, which have been this day stolen from Travellers on the highway near Kishnagur :—

No. 07815 Rupees 1,000
„ 04322 „ 500
„ 21113 „ 50

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE lower-halves of the under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, which were despatched by Post from Lucknow to Saugor, on the 26th July 1858, not being forthcoming, payment of those Notes and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes in favor of the Executive Commissariat Officer, Saugor, to whom they were endorsed :—

No.	Date.	In whose favor and to whom endorsed.	Amount.
5357 of 42221 of 54-55, 4 per Cent.	30th June 1854.	Executive Commissariat Officer, Saugor.	1000 0 0
8358 of 12221 of 54-55, 4 per Cent.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1000 0 0
		Total, Rs.	2000 0 0

CHAS. S. W. OGILVIE,
Asst. Commy. General.

COMMISSARIAT OFFICE;
Saugor,
The 15th April 1859.

Notices issued by the Officiating Deputy Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 5437.

The 21st April 1859.—SEALED TENDERS will be received at the Calcutta General Post Office for the repairs of three Post Office Vans, nine Accelerators, and one Dray, for a period of five years, from the 6th June 1859.

2. The Tenders will be received up to Friday, the 20th May, and will be opened on that day, at noon, in presence of all parties concerned.

3. A Deposit in Cash of (100) one hundred Rupees is required with each Tender, subject to forfeiture, if the Tender be withdrawn.

4. Information relative to conditions will be given in writing on application to this Office.

No. 6024.

The 25th April 1859.—The Overland Mail, *vid* Marseilles and Southampton, and the intermediate Ports, Madras, Ceylon and Aden, per P. and O. Co.'s Steamer *Simla*, will be closed at this Office, on Tuesday, the 3rd proximo, at 6 P. M.

Letters, &c., for Penang, Singapore and Hong-Kong will be forwarded *vid* Galle, and for Mauritius and Australia *vid* Aden by this opportunity.

No. 6025.

The 25th April 1859.—Notice is hereby given that in consequence of the departure of the Ship *Clasmerden* having been postponed, the Mail for the Cape of Good Hope will be closed at this Office, on Friday, the 29th instant, at 6 P. M.

LIST of unclaimed Bullock Train Packages lying at the Office of the Post Master General, N. W. P., which will be sold by Public Auction to defray expences if not claimed within three months from this date.

No.	Description of Package.	Address.	Particulars.
1	Parcel ...	Lieut. Drummond, 9th Irregular Cavalry ...	1 Pair of Boots.
1	Ditto ...	Major Jacobs, 1st Fusiliers	3 Flannel Banians.
1	Ditto ...	J. C. Browne, M. D. Arty.	2 Dozen Woollen Socks.
1	Small Box ...	Without address ...	8 Bottles Essence of Coffee.
1	Tin Box ...	Fuzzul Hoosain ...	Medicines.
1	Box ...	Peter Carty, 1st Fusiliers	A Silver Medal for Pegu.
1	Parcel ...	Shurroofdeen ..	1 Native lace worked Cap, 1 bag Snuff.
1	Ditto ...	Mrs. A. Campbell ...	1 Lady's Companion, 11 pairs Woollen Socks and some Ribbons.
1	Ditto ...	R. Davidson, care of Captain Hood Bullubgurh ..	2 Flannel Banians.
1	Parcel ...	Nusseerooddeen ..	1 Bottle Uttar, 1 card Elastic.
1	Small Box ...	Serjeant Colleran, H. M's. 75th Regiment ...	Pipes and Tobacco.
1	Ditto ...	J. E. Fairfax, Esq., C. S....	3 Bottles Warburg's Tincture.
1	Parcel ..	Moonshee Hurgolam .	1 Pair Socks.
2	Ditto ...	Captain Graham, Comdg. for Coll. Watt Belfast	2 Packets Pine Seeds.
1	Ditto ...	Mrs. Graham, Doroundah	1 White Cashmere Shawl.
1	Tin Case ...	Dr. Morris, Sirmoor Battn.	Drawing Paper.
1	Parcel ...	Mr. Cox, boot maker Jullunder ...	1 Pair of Boots.
1	Ditto ...	Reverend H. E. Cockey, S. P. G. Cawnpore ...	1 Wool-worked Cheroot case.
1	Ditto ...	Without address ...	1 Turquoise, 1 Snuff box and pieces of Chintz and Silk, 6 Pictures.
1	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1 Pair half Boots.
2	Ditto ...	Captain Strangways ...	A Lady's and Baby's Linen and Clothing.
1	Ditto ...	Rajah Roodu NarayanSing, Benares ...	2 Small Glasses.
1	Ditto ...	B. Tayler, Esq. ...	2 Packets mourning Paper and Envelopes.
1	Ditto ...	Without address ...	1 Brass Scabbard.
1	Ditto ...	P. F. DeQuency, Esq., ...	Seeds.
1	Ditto ...	Messrs. White and Co. ...	2 Waistcoats.
1	Tin Box ...	Reverend E. Terlber, R. C. Chaplain, Cawnpore ...	Sacramental Wafers.
1	Ditto ...	Gunr. J. Healy ...	Smoking Pipes.
1	Parcel ...	Captain E. T. Dickens ...	6 Bottles Pills.
1	Ditto ...	Officer Commanding 8th Regiment, Sultanpore ...	1 Pair Pantaloons.
1	Ditto ...	John Watson, Esq. ..	1 Pair Wool-worked Slippers.
1	Box ...	Captain P. Comyn ...	1 Box Cheroots.
1	Tin Canister ...	No address ...	Pogson's Specific.
1	Small Box ...	Miss Habit ...	Jewellery, Earrings, &ca.
1	Parcel ...	Lieut. Brown, 28th N. I.	3 Pairs Shoes.
1	Ditto ...	Lieut. Lamb, Arty., Assistant Commissioner ...	2 Waistcoats.
1	Box ...	Mr. G. Leonard ...	Cheroots.
1	Ditto ..	W. H. Bennet, Esq., ...	Steel Pens and Camels Hair Brushes.
1	Parcel ...	C. S. Lane, Assistant Commissioner .	A roll of white Satin Ribbons.
1	Ditto ...	Baboo Samanth ...	1 Hindee Shastar.
3	Ditto ...	Mr. Watson ...	Dalley's Carminative Patent Nipples and a Woollen Cap.
1	Ditto ...	H. Lewellyn ...	A Wig.
1	Ditto ...	Kadir Bux ...	A Tin Box.
1	Ditto ...	Holden Nan ...	9 Articles Native Clothing.
1	Ditto ...	Lieut. Peil, 23rd N. I. ...	2 Native Silk Caps.
1	Tin Box ...	Mrs. Kirk, Cawnpore ...	1 Felt Riding Hat.
1	Ditto ..	Captain Green Lucknow...	1 Box Spices.
1	Parcel ...	Mohomed Hoosain ...	1 Piece of Silk.
1	Ditto ..	No address ...	A Sample of Hemp or Flax.
1	Ditto ...	Captain Aitkin, Rajpootana Field. Force. ...	1 Bombay Calendar, 1 Tom Brown's Schooldays, 1 Mutiny Act.

No.	Description of Package.	Address.	Particulars.
1	Parcel ...	Miss M. Barry ...	1 Bundle Violet Powder.
1	Ditto ...	Mr. Wohlzeborn ...	6 Books, plates, 6 German Works.
1	Tin Box ...	R. Kenrich, Esq. ...	1 Revolver, Pistol, &c.
1	Parcel ...	No address ..	Shakespeare's Hindustance Dictionary.
1	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1 Vol. Bombay Calendar.
1	Ditto ...	D. Mackey, Esq., or Coll. Clark ...	1 Book Forms.
2	Ditto ...	W. C. Lyall, Esq. ...	Flannel and other Shirts.
1	Ditto ...	A. Morris, Esq. ...	1 Vol. Punch, 1 Vol. Farriery.
1	Ditto ...	Haree Sing Baboo ...	Silk Handkerchiefs Coloured and 1 Piece white Silk.
1	Ditto ...	Raky Moolvie ...	Gold and Silver Ornaments.
1	Ditto ...	Captain Scott, or Havitt. address not known ...	4 Packets Envelopes.
1	Ditto ...	Gibson and Co. ...	Tobacco.
1	Ditto ...	Meer Ahmed, Peshawar ...	1 Pair Spectacles and 1 Penknife.
1	Ditto ...	Mr. C. Henfield, Lucknow	1 Black Frock Coat.
1	Ditto ...	G. Armstrong, Esq., Mooltan ...	A set of white Cornelian Studs.
1	Ditto ...	Major Tucker, Futtygurh	3 Vol. Books.
1	Ditto ...	A. C. Smith, Esq., Shahjehanpore ...	5 Vol. Books.
1	Ditto ...	Captain Peterson, Lahore	1 Pouch and Belt.
1	Ditto ...	Shahzada Mohamed, Station unknown. ...	2 Pairs Socks, 1 Bag Snuff, 1 Cap.
1	Ditto ...	Private Crighton, 3rd Co. 1st Battn. Arty., Lucknow ..	1 Box Pills.
1	Ditto ...	Huges E.T. Depot. R. Pindee	Rupees 10 in Cash.
1	Ditto ...	Ahmed Khan, Sepoy, Anoopshuhur ...	1 Silk Handkerchief.
1	Tin Case ...	Col. M. C. Johnston, McGrigor and Co., London	Bearing Steam Postage contains Delhie Pictures.
1	Box ...	H. Lewis and Co., Calcutta	Cheroots.
1	Parcel. ...	Narain Dass, Mirzapore ...	Medicines.
1	Ditto ...	Q. Mr. Sergeant Mitchell, H. M's. 61st Regiment...	Shirts and Children's Shoes.
1	Basket ...	Ditto ditto ..	2 Small Beaver Hats.
1	Parcel ...	Khooshial Khan, Rissaldar, Etawah ...	2 Lace Caps.
1	Ditto ...	Captain Cleveland, Cawnpore ...	1 Coat, 1 pair Pantaloons 1 Pugree, Kakee Cloth.
1	Small Box ...	No address ...	1 Gold Ring, Red Stone.
1	Parcel ...	Mr. Pereira ...	One Black Alpacca Coat.
1	Ditto ...	Captain Godfrey, Military Train ...	Two Chains, Bridles.
1	Ditto ...	Shahzada Sultan ...	1 Cap and bag of Snuff.
1	Ditto ...	W. Parker ...	1 Pair of Socks, two pairs Pantaloons, one Shirt, and one Coat.
1	Ditto ...	Civil Surgeon, Mooltan ...	An Anatomical preparation.
1	Box ...	Miss Carbery, Benares ...	Millinery.
1	Ditto ...	Mrs. Hall, Secrora ...	1 Child's Frock, a Cape and two Dolls.
1	Parcel ...	Cox and Co., Mooltan ...	One Shoe.
1	Ditto ...	Mrs. M. Troup, Fyzabad...	Two Crochet Needle Cases.
1	Ditto ...	Mrs. Beaumont, Meerut ...	One pair Hair Pads.
1	Ditto ...	No address ...	Four pairs Socks and two Handkerchiefs.
1	Ditto ..	Messrs White and Co., Meerut ...	One piece scarlet for a Tunic and Buff Facings.
1	Ditto ...	Dr. W. Carey ...	One Silver Hunting Watch, Chain and Key, one Signet Ring with Crest.
1	Ditto ...	No address ...	Four white and six colored Shirts, one Felt Hat and six Merino Banians.
1	Ditto	H. Jarrett ...	One Horse Artillery Undress Jacket.
1	Tin Case ...	Lieut. Phillpot ..	1 Pair Spectacles.
1	Parcel ...	Major Brown ...	2 Delhie Gold-Worked Scarfs.
1	Ditto ...	Mr. Merrin ...	Plum Cake.

LAHORE,
The 12th April 1859.

G. PATON,
Post-Master General, N. W. P.

Printed and Published for the Government, by THOMAS JONES, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 27, 1859.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Moorshedabad, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 2nd of May 1859, or 20th Bysack 1266 B. S., for Arrears of Revenue:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 605.—Kismut Mouzah Kalkapoor, Pergunnah Mooraripoor; recorded proprietors, Lukhee Gobind Deb Thakoor, Lukhee Junnardun Deb Thakoor, Sreedhur Deb Thakoor, Goopto Guddadhur Deb Thakoor, and Levait Dayamoi Dasia; sudder jumma, rupees 196-13-11.

W. Morris Beaufort,
Offg. Collector.

Moorshedabad;
Collector's Office,
The 4th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Midnapore, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Thursday, the 28th day of April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 16th Bysack 1266 B. S., or 17th Bysack 1266 W. S:—

Class IV.—Estates saleable for Arrears due on other Estates.

Rights and Interests of Golucknath Doss in about one beegah of rent-free land, including a dwelling-house and a Tank with fishes thereon, in Mouza Kulunkool, Pergunnah Khandar.

Rights and Interests of Golucknath Doss in eight cottahs of Kala land cultivated by Radhoo Doss Jotedar, situated in Mouza Kulunkool, Pergunnah Khandar.

Rights and Interests of Golucknath Doss in one beegah of Jul land, in Mouza Kulunkool, Pergunnah Khandar.

Rights and Interests of Golucknath Doss in one beegah and ten cottahs of land, situated in Mouza Dhobapullasseea, Pergunnah Khandar.

A. Elliot,
Officiating Collector.

Midnapore Collectorate,
The 5th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Rajshahye, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue at the Office of the Collector of that District, on the 2nd May 1859 A. D., corresponding with 20th Bysack 1266 B. S:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 1135.—Kismut Guncoer, Pergunnah Soojanuggur; recorded proprietors, Kalleenath Chowdre and Tarrineekanto Chuckerbutty; sudder jumma, rupees 56-1-5.

F. S. Lushington,
Collector.

Zillah Rajshahye;
Collector's Office,
The 5th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah 24-Pergunnahs, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Saturday, the 30th April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 18th Bysack 1266 B. S:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 81.—Kismut Pergunnah Magoorah, Mowjeb Bhubanipore; recorded proprietor, Kalidhone Bundopadea; sudder jumma, rupees 371-3-2.

Class IV.—Estates saleable for arrears due on other Estates.

No. 102.—Pergunnah Magoorah, Kismut Kankooreah, &c.; recorded proprietor, Sowdaminee Dossee; sudder jumma, rupees 372-6.

No. 281.—Pergunnah Medenmullo, Kismut Kundurpopore, &c.; recorded proprietor, Sowdaminee Dossee; sudder jumma, rupees 597-14-11.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 1367.—Beel Dauthbangah; recorded proprietors, Horinarain Ghose and others; sudder jumma, rupees 1,100-2.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

Nos. 1368-8.—Pergunnah Boorun, Mouzah Bykam; recorded proprietors, Roy Perionath Chowdry and others; sudder jumma, rupees 85-4-10.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

No. 1467.—Lot No 67 Sanckdho; recorded proprietors, Sheik Mahomed, Golam Hosseen Hazee and others, progressive; sudder jumma, rupees 206-4.

G. Bright,
Officiating Collector.

Collector's Office;
24-Pergunnahs,
The 8th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Hooghly, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Friday, the 29th April 1859 A. D., corresponding with 17th Bysack 1266 B. S.:—

Class VI.—Estates to be sold on account of demands realizable in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of an alleged lackraj Tank, named Chowdry Pooshkurnee, including its banks, all measuring about 6 beegahs, situated on the South side of Village Tehghory, Pergunnah Baleegoree, and in the moiety of about 90 trees on the banks of that Tank, *viz.*, 50 palm (large and small) and about 40 other kinds of trees.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of an alleged purchased lackraj Tank, named Koondoo Pooshkurnee, with its banks, all measuring about 5 beegahs, situated on the South side of Village Mohunbatty, Pergunnah Baleegoree, and in the moiety of 100 palm trees on the banks of that Tank.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 1½ beegahs of alleged purchased land, situated in the East plain of the said village.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of 15 cottahs of alleged lackraj land which was purchased from Kalleechurn Ghose, and now inhabited by Thakoordas Tautee, situated in the above village.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 1½ beegahs of alleged lackraj land purchased from Kenoo Ghose, and now inhabited by Gokoolchunder Paul, situated in the above village.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 1½ beegahs of alleged lackraj land called Shunneasee Barry, situated on the South side of the above village.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 2½ beegahs of alleged lackraj land, purchased from Bissonath Roy, situated in the East plain of the above village, and on the North of Bindabun Roy's Tank.

The rights and interests of Koylash Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 11 cottahs of alleged lackaj land, situated in the above village, and on the East of Aumeeroody Moonshee's Tank.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in eight annas share of an alleged lackraj Tank called Chowdry Pooshkurnee, including its banks, all measuring about 6 beegahs, situated on the South side of Village Tehghory, Pergunnah Baleegoree, and on the moiety of about 90 trees on the banks of that Tank, *viz.*, 50 palm (large and small) and about 40 other kinds of trees.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of an alleged purchased lackraj Tank named Koondoo Pooshkurnee, with its banks, all measuring about 5 beegahs, situated on the South side of Village Mohunbotty, Pergunnah Baleegoree and in the moiety of 110 palm tree, on the banks of that Tank.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 1½ beegahs of alleged purchased lackraj land, situated in the East plain of the said village.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of 15 cottahs of alleged lackraj land, which was purchased from Kalleechurn Ghose, and now inhabited by Thakoordas Tautee, situated in the above village.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 1½ beegahs of alleged lackraj land, purchased from Kenoo Ghose, and now inhabited by Gokool Chunder Paul, situated in the above village.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 1½ beegahs of alleged lackraj land, called Shunneasee Barry, situated on the South side of the above village.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 2½ beegahs of alleged lackraj land, purchased from Bissonath Roy, situated in the plain of the above village and on the North of Bindabun Roy's Tank.

The rights and interests of Issan Chunder Roy, in the eight annas share of about 11 cottahs of alleged lackraj land, situated in the above village, and on the East of Aumeeruddy Moonshee's Tank.

W. B. BUCKLE,
Collector.

HOOGHLY COLLECTORATE,
The 9th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Jessore, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 30th day of April 1859, for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1859:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 139.—Turuff Caseempore, Pergunnahs Jahangirabad and Tarawoozial; recorded proprietors, Gopal Dass Mozoomdar and Biprodass Mozoomdar; sudder jumma, rupees 956-15-2.

No. 935.—Kismut Bawooteeparrah, Pergunnah Havilee; recorded proprietors, Kisto and Roop Chunder Gooho; sudder jumma, rupees 102-15-5.

No. 975.—Kismut Gootee, Pergunnah Havilee; recorded proprietors, Lal Khatoon, Jebunnissah Khatoon and Mear Camaludeen *alias* Mehere Alee; sudder jumma, rupees 118-2-6.

No. 1562.—Kismut Rampassah, Pergunnah Havilee; recorded proprietor, Rampersaud Shaw; sudder jumma, rupees 67-15-11.

No. 1640.—Kismut Gootee, Pergunnah Havilee; recorded proprietor, Mahomed Akman; sudder jumma, rupees 52-5-7.

No. 1809.—Kismut Debenugur, &c., Pergunnah Casseemnugur; recorded proprietors, Umer Sing, Ghose Chowdry, Rajnarain Ghose, Gooroopersad Ghose, Ram Ruttun Bose, Jogomuhun Dutto and Jahan Ear; sudder jumma, rupees 68-15-4.

No. 1926.—Kismut Bamundanga, Pergunnah Santore; recorded proprietor, Budee Udee; sudder jumma, rupees 73-7-1.

F. C. FOWLE,
Collector.

JESSORE COLLECTORATE,
The 15th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Tirhoot, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Thursday, the 12th May 1859, corresponding with 25th Bysack 1266 Fuslee:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 3.—Mouzah Sonepore, Pergunnah Ahir, recorded proprietors, Gyan Sing Doss and others; sudder jumma, rupees 300-6-5.

No. 73.—Mouzah Jownapore, Roodur and others, Pergunnah Balagatch; recorded proprietors, Jorawan Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 144-2-8.

No. 147.—Mouzah Jhuckrah Seikh, Tuppeh Bhutsullah, Pergunnah Birarah; recorded proprietors, Bukhtour Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 237-14-8.

No. 223.—Mouzah Mahomedpore, Pergunnah Bhallah; recorded proprietors, Jankee Jha and others; sudder jumma, rupees 513-6-6.

No. 375.—Mouzah Kulwarah, Chuck Kulwarah, Pergunnah Bhurwarrah; recorded proprietors, Roopnarain Doobey and others; sudder jumma, rupees 116-1-4. This Mehal is under Butwarrah, the rights and interests only of Bustee Misser, Mukhdoomun, Sheronarain Doobey, Hurjan Thakoor, Nehal Misser, Lutchmeenath Misser, Oogree Misser, Dhum Dutt Misser, Buddree Thakoor, Mussumut Bebee Jeetun, Mussamut Hushmut oolnissa oorf Bebee Dhomun, Nath Jha, Shewdyal Doobey, Deonath Misser, Sheikh Budloo, Pudoomlall Mullick, Mussamut Ramdhunee Misserain, Kubeeroolnissa, Pultun Jha, Bhugowan dutt Thakoor, and Oochit Thakoor, Defendants, are to be sold.

No. 384.—Mouzah Judoo Mehree, Pergunnah Barail; recorded proprietors, Fuquerollah and others; sudder jumma, rupees 122-10.

No. 408.—Mouzah Ghoograha, Pergunnah Barail; recorded proprietors, Bhugowuntnarin Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 139-13-6.

No. 698.—Mouzah Bishonpore Hiraram and others, Chuckley Girjowl, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Gopaul Doss and others; sudder jumma, rupees 430-11.

No. 766.—Mouzah Panapore, Seclowthur Chuckley Girjowl, Pergunnah Birarah; recorded proprietors, Dewlutram and others; sudder jumma, rupees 146-0--11.

No. 779.—Mouzah Rohoah Shah Mean, Chuckley Girjowl, Pergunnah Bisarah, recorded proprietors, Sheik Bohorah, and others; sudder jumma, rupees 173-2-7.

No. 909.—Mouzah Rajwarah Dhee Chuckley Girjowl, Pergunnah Birarah; recorded proprietors, Dirghgopaul Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 58-2-3. This Mehal is under Butwarrah, the rights and interests only of Quhbul Misser, Bala Misser, Mussamut Sunsaree Kowur, Juggoo Misser, Pertaub Misser, Rungloll Misser, Senahoe Misser, Mussamut Buchunoo Kowur, Balchand Misser, Rughoobunsee Tewaree, and Gobind Tewaree, defendants, are to be sold.

No. 1187.—Mouzah Bhoojpore, Pergunnah Hajeepore, recorded proprietor, Lall Jee; sudder jumma, rupees 394-15-6.

No. 1211.—Mouzah Khilwut, Pergunnah Hajeepore; recorded proprietors, Kowur Mahto and others; sudder jumma, rupees 854-6-6.

No. 1385.—Mouzah Bishonpore Khord, Pergunnah Hattee; recorded proprietor, Jankeedutt Chowdry; sudder jumma, rupees 76-7-0.

No. 1509.—Mouzah Minahpore, Syud Mahmood, Pergunnah Hajeepore; recorded proprietors, Sheikh Fuzul Allee and others; sudder jumma, rupees 173-14-6.

No. 1516.—Mouzah Supta, Pergunnah Hajeepore; recorded proprietors, Lokurmun Opudhia and others; sudder jumma, rupees 115-2-9.

No. 1537.—Uz Ruqba Chooptah, Pergunnah Jubdee; recorded proprietor, Mussamut Sahuj Dye; sudder jumma, rupees 73-2-8.

No. 1550.—Uz Ruqba Sutghura, Pergunnah Jubdee; recorded proprietor, Urjoon Thakoor sudder jumma, rupees 94-5-5.

No. 1653.—Uz Ruqba Doolarpore Byse, Pergunnah Kunowlee, Zillah Toorkee; recorded; proprietors, Shah Koodrutallee and others; sudder jumma, rupees 160-14-10.

No. 2022.—Mouzah Bhanduree Bhutowleah, Pergunnah Mehela, Zillah Toorkee; recorded proprietors, Shewlall Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 648-13-5.

No. 2057.—Mouzah Bishenpore Ram and others, Chuckley Nye, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Chuckunlall and others; sudder jumma, rupees 311-10-8.

No. 2182.—Mouzah Khulcelpore, Chuckley Nye Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Meer Mozuferallee and others; sudder jumma, rupees 221-1-11.

No. 2195.—Mouzah Sulahpore Boodhun, Chuckley Nye, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Meer Gholaum Shah and others; sudder jumma, rupees 150-6-5.

No. 2229.—Mouzah Bhugowanpore Beerbul, Chuckley Nye, Pergunnah, Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Juggernath Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 194-13-0.

No. 2246.—Mouzah Bishenpore Dhunarjay, Chuckley Nye, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Munsha Misser, and others; sudder jumma, rupees 53-4-10.

No. 2585.—Mouzah Turownee, Pergunnah Puchimbheegoo; recorded proprietors, Goberdhun Roy and others; sudder jumma, rupees 50-10-8.

No. 2799.—Mouzah Etwarpore, Pergunnah Ruttee; recorded proprietors, Maharaj Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 71-9-6.

No 2800.—Mouzah Etwarpore, Pergunnah Ruttee; recorded proprietors, Nischul Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 67-6-0.

No. 3010.—Mouzah Hushunpore Sugawon, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Birjbeharee Panday and others; sudder jumma, rupees 1,045-6-10. This Mehal is under Butwarrah, the rights and interests of Jowahur Panday, Puraoo Panday, Rowdee Panday, Juttee Panday, Beharee Panday, Byjun Panday, Jhugroo Panday, Goodur Panday, Munroop Panday, Umrit Panday, applicants, 14th parties, and Mussamut Keerutbutty Kowur, 15th party to the Butwarrah are to be sold.

No. 3062.—Mouzah Sumurtha, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietor, Boybeharee Lall; sudder jumma, rupees 467-6-8.

No. 3083.—Mouzah Kuleanpore Bomeya, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Ameer Lall, sudder jumma, rupees 5,018-10-10. This Talook is under Butwarrah, the rights and interests only of Bundhoo Sing, Mowlee Sing, Chutterdhary Sing, Soodee Sing, Bheckdhary, Sing, Doomah Sing, Kowur Chowdry, Ramchunder Chowdry, Jeetun Chowdry, Booncead Chowdry, Goordyal Chowdry, Fuquera Roy, Shew Ram Roy, Gungapersaud, Doomee Loll, Ramdyal Jha, Hoolas Jha, Khukroo Jha, Bhyeah Ram Jha, Gholaub Jha, Kishnaram Jha, Runjeet Jha, Munoo Sing, Runnoo Sing, Hirdaynarain Sing, Shewdyal Sing, Hardhean Sing, Burmah Sing, Govinda Sing, Rameaun Sing, Rambux Sing, Bumoodee Sing, Pursun Sing, Dursun Sing, Ramgopaul Sing, Johahur Lall, Gunnesh Dutt, Busraj Sing, Boodhun Sing, Lullectram, Neeladoss, Munrunjun Doss, Sree Kishun Doss, Joylall Misser, Choonnee Lall Misser, Joyanund Misser, Mootee Lall Misser, Hur Narain, Shewnarain, Bundhoo Jha, Gooroopersaud Sing, Rambhuroos Sing, Bhoopnarain Sing, Jankee Misraine, Kooldeepersaud Sham Jha, Rithlall Chowdry, Joorawan Chowdry, original heirs of Singessur Dutt Chowdry, Mussamut Sooha Kowur, mother and guardian of Karee Chowdry, and Bunee Lall Chowdry, oorf Mukoonee Chowdry, minor sons and heirs of the late Jugomohun Chowdry, Barum Dutt Chowdry, Muncheet Chowdry, Ramsahal Sing and Mahtab Sing, Defendants, are to be sold.

No. 3253.—Mouzah Mooradpore, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Surdha Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 65-15-4.

No. 3364.—Chuck Abdool Rusool, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Meer Nuzurallee and others; sudder jumma, rupees 60-9-0.

No. 3392.—Mouzah Saracheah, Pergunnah Tilluckchawand; recorded proprietors, Rughoobeer Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 306-2-7.

No. 3393.—Mouzah Roopowlee Boozoorg, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Bebee Bholun and others; sudder jumma, rupees 206-4-4.

No. 3499.—Mouzah Esa Chuck, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Ramdial Jha and others; sudder jumma, rupees 206-4-4.

H. L. Dampier,
Offg. Collector.

Tirhoot;
Collector's Office,
The 16th April 1859.

Printed by Thomas Jones, at the Bengal Secretariat Office.

No. 35. [993]

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 30, 1859.

Legislative Council of India.

THE 23rd APRIL 1859.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council of India, on the 23rd April 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 30th of July next :—

A Bill to amend Act III of 1857 (relating to trespasses by Cattle).

Preamble.

WHEREAS, under the provisions of Act III of 1857, fines may be levied from the owners of Cattle found trespassing and doing damage or straying in any public place, and all unclaimed Cattle so found may be sold after sufficient notice; and whereas it is provided in the said Act that the sums received on account of fines and the unclaimed proceeds of the sale of unclaimed Cattle shall be applied to the payment of the salaries of pound-keepers and other purposes connected with the execution of the Act; and whereas the amount of the said sums may be larger than is required for the said purposes, and it is expedient to provide for their legal application to other purposes; It is enacted as follows :—

Appropriation of surplus fines, &c.

I. When the amount of the sums received on account of fines and the unclaimed proceeds of the sale of unclaimed Cattle is larger than is required for the payment of the salaries allowed to pound-keepers and the expenses incurred for the construction and maintenance of pounds and other purposes connected with the execution of the said Act, any surplus which may remain after making full provision for the said salaries and expenses may be applied, under the direction of the local Government, to the construction and repair of roads and bridges, and other works of a like nature.

Act to be read as part of Act III of 1857.

II. This Act shall be read with and taken as part of Act III of 1857.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE 23RD APRIL 1859.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council of India, on the 23rd April 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 30th of July next :—

A Bill to empower Magistrates to decide certain disputes between contractors and workmen engaged in Railway and other works.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to empower Magistrates to decide disputes concerning wages and certain other disputes between contractors and workmen engaged in Railway and other works; It is enacted as follows :—

Who shall be deemed a contractor within this Act.

I. Any person who has contracted or who may hereafter contract to construct any portion of a Railway, canal, or other public work, the construction of which is or shall be sanctioned by Parliament or by the Government

of India, shall be deemed a contractor within the meaning of this Act.

Magistrate to take cognizance of cases of non-payment of wages to workmen by contractors.

II. If any person being a contractor within the meaning of this Act shall employ or engage with any artificer, workman, or laborer for the execution of any work connected with or incidental to the performance of his contract (whether such work is to be performed by the person so employed or engaged or by others to be employed with, by or under him), and shall not from time to time pay all such sums of money and wages as shall be justly due to the person or persons so employed, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate of the Zillah or District where the work is performed, to take cognizance of the matter.

To decide summarily after summoning the parties &c.

III. The Magistrate shall summon such contractor (or in his absence his local manager or agent) to appear at a time and place to be named in the summons; and it shall be lawful for the Magistrate to examine witnesses upon oath or solemn affirmation and in a summary way to decide between the parties, which decision shall be final and conclusive to all intents and purposes.

Order for payment.

IV. The Magistrate shall order the payment of such sum of money as shall apppear to him to be justly due to the person or persons so employed as aforesaid, and in default of payment of such sum immediately or within such time as the Magistrate shall direct, he shall issue his warrant to levy the same by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the defaulting contractor.

Distress.

Property distrained.

V. If any question shall arise whether any goods or chattels seized under the warrant of distress belong to the defaulter or are liable to be distrained and sold as aforesaid, the decision and order of the Magistrate shall be final and conclusive with respect thereto.

Penalty for workmen neglecting or refusing to work.

VI. Any artificer, workman, or laborer employed or engaged by a contractor within the meaning of this Act to execute any work of the nature mentioned in Section I, who shall wilfully and without lawful or reasonable excuse neglect or refuse to perform such work, shall be liable on conviction before the Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rupees. The Magistrate may, at the request of the complainant or of any one authorized to act on his behalf, instead of fining such artificer, workman, or laborer, order him to perform or get performed the work according to the terms of his contract, and if he shall fail to comply with the order, the Magistrate may, upon proof to his satisfaction of such non-compliance, sentence such artificer, workman, or laborer to be imprisoned with hard labor for any term not exceeding months.

Interpretation. 'Magistrate.'

VII. The word "Magistrate" in this Act shall include any person who may be specially empowered by the Executive Government to exercise the powers vested in a Magistrate by this Act.

Operation of Act.

VIII. This Act shall take effect only in those Districts or places to which it shall be extended by order of the Governor General of India in Council or of the Executive Government of any Presidency or place.

W. Morgan,
Clerk of the Council.

Home Department.

No. 870.

Fort William, the 29th April 1859.

Notification.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to attach Mr. P. A. Humphery, of the Civil Service, reported qualified for the Public Service, to the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William.

W. Grey,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Foreign Department.

No. 2295.

Fort William, the 29th April 1859.

Major W. H. Rickards, Political Agent at Bhopal, reported his departure from Bombay to Europe on the Steamer *Northam* on the 12th instant.

No. 2296.

Major R. H. Keatinge, Political Assistant at Nimar and Officiating Political Agent, Western Malwa, reported his departure from Bombay for Europe on the Steamer *Northam* on the 12th instant.

Cecil Beadon,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Financial Department.

No. 28 of 1859.

Fort William, 20th April 1859.

Notifications.—With reference to paragraph 11 of the Notification of this Department, No. 14, dated 21st February last, notice is hereby given, that the Sub-Treasurers at Fort William, Fort St. George and Bombay, the several Residents at Native Courts, and the several Collectors and other Officers in charge of Treasuries under the several Presidencies and Governments, and in the Provinces subordinate to the Government of India, have been authorized to receive from the 1st of May next, any sums of money in hundreds of Rupees, each being for not less than 500 of Company's Rupees which may be tendered on Loan to the Secretary of State in Council of India, at an interest of Five-and-a-half per Cent. per annum, subject to the provisions hereinafter specified.

Subscriptions to this Loan will be received from Holders of Five per Cent. Promissory Notes of this Government, half in Cash and half in the said Promissory Notes.

All authorized public demands, including audited Bills for arrears of Salary and Bills of Exchange on the Public Treasuries, these last being subject to a deduction at the rate of Five-and-a-half per Centum per annum for the period they may have to run, will be received as Cash at par.

The Pay-Masters of the Army under the several Presidencies are also authorized to transfer any demands which may be payable by them respectively to this Loan, and to grant Drafts for the amounts in Bengal and Madras on the Accountant General, and in Bombay on the Military Pay-Master General, which Drafts shall be received by those Officers in payment of subscriptions to this Loan, on being tendered to them for that purpose.

The several Public Officers, authorized to receive subscriptions into this Loan, will grant Acknowledgments in the following form, for all sums received by them respectively:—

" I hereby acknowledge that has this day paid into the Treasury at the sum of Company's Rupees for which entitled to receive a Promissory Note of the Secretary of State in Council of India, bearing Interest from the of the tenor, and subject to the conditions of the Loan specified in the Advertisement published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 1859."

The Accountant General at Fort William will, on the said Acknowledgments being delivered, forthwith cause to be prepared and issued to the parties entitled thereto, Promissory Notes under the signature of the Secretary to the Government of India, in the following form :—

Fort William, the 31st May 1859.

Promissory Note at 5½ per Centum for Company's Rupees.

The Governor General of India in Council does hereby acknowledge to have received from the sum of Company's Rupees as a Loan to the Secretary of State in Council of India, and does hereby promise for and on behalf of the said Secretary of State in Council, to re-pay the said Loan by paying the said sum of Company's Rupees to the said his (or " her" or " their" as the case may be) Executors or Administrators, or his (or " her" as the case may be) or their order, on demand, at the General Treasury of Fort William, after the expiration of three months' notice of payment, to be given by the Governor General of India in Council in the Calcutta Gazette, and to pay the interest accruing on the said sum of Company's Rupees at the rate of Five-and-a-half per Cent. per annum, by Half-yearly payments at the General Treasury of Fort William to the said or his (or " her" or " their" as the case may be,) Executors or Administrators or his (or " her" as the case may be) or their order, until the expiration of three months after such notice of payment as aforesaid, when the amount of Interest due will be payable with the Principal, and (such notice being considered as equivalent to a tender of payment at the period appointed for the discharge of this Note) all further Interest shall cease. The Governor General in Council hereby further engages that the said Loan shall not be paid off before the 1st of May 1879.

Signed by the authority of the Governor General of India in Council,

Accountant General's Office ;
Registered as No. of

Secretary to the Government."

The several Officers authorized to receive subscriptions will, on application from the Holders of Acknowledgments, transmit them (free of every expense whatever) to the Accountant General at Fort William, to be exchanged for Promissory Notes bearing Interest from the 31st of May or the 30th of November next ensuing after the date of subscription. The Interest accruing on the broken period of the Half-year that may intervene between the date of subscription and the 31st of May or 30th of November next ensuing, as the case may be, will be paid up at the time of granting the Acknowledgment.

Proprietors of Notes or Acknowledgments, who may desire to have the Interest payable at any other Public Treasury than at the General Treasury of Calcutta, shall be entitled to receive it accordingly,

provided they notify ther wish to the Accountant General at Fort William, and transmit the Notes or Acknowledgments to him, to have an order for the payment of Interest at the said Treasury written on the face of the Notes under the signature of the said Officer or that of his Assistant; and after such order shall, on the application of the Proprietor, be inscribed on any note, the Interest shall be payable only from the said Treasury, unless the Proprietor shall present the Note, with an application for the purpose of transferring the payment elsewhere, to the Accountant General at Fort William.

If desired, Interest will also be made payable at the General Treasury at Fort William, for the period for which the Loan is guaranteed, by *Coupons* payable to Bearer. Promissory Notes with Coupons attached will be granted on application, instead of Promissory Notes in the usual form.

Or, if it be desired, Interest will be made payable at the East India House in London, *by Bills* payable to order on demand, on the General Treasuries of Calcutta or Madras, subject to the Rules and Regulations at present in force, or that may hereafter be issued by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, or by this Government.

The Promissory Notes of this Loan shall not be renewed, sub-divided, or consolidated, except by the Accountant General of Fort William. The practice and rules heretofore in use in regard to the renewal, sub-division and consolidation of Promissory Notes will be adhered to in respect to the Promissory Notes of this Loan.

This Loan is limited to Five Crores of Rupees. No part of this Loan will be paid off before the 1st May 1879, nor without a previous notice of three months, to be issued at any time after the 31st January 1879.

The Five per Cent. Loan opened under Notification, dated 16th January 1857, will be closed from the 30th instant, after which date no further subscriptions to that Loan will be received, except in the cases of parties resident in Europe, who may have forwarded by the Mail which was to have left London on the 10th of April 1859, or by any previous Mail that left London after the 3rd of March 1859, written instructions for the immediate transfer to the said Loan of Promissory Notes of the 4 per Cent, 3½ per Cent and 4½ per Cent Loans, or Transfer Loan Securities. Subscriptions to the said Loan tendered under such instructions, on account of such parties, will be received at the General Treasuries of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, if the tender is made before the 1st of June next.

With the above exception Promissory Notes of the 4 per Cent, 3½ per Cent, and 4½ per Cent, Loans and Transfer Loan Securities, will not be receivable in subscription to any Loan after the 30th instant.

No. 29 OF 1859.

IT is hereby notified that from and after the 1st of May 1859, Interest on Government Promissory Notes of the Loans noted in the margin will, at the option of the Holders, be made payable for the period for which the said Loans have respectively been guaranteed, either in the manner heretofore observed, or by Coupons payable to Bearer signed by the Accountant General to the Government of India.

4 Per Cent. Public Works Loan of 1854-55.
5 Per Cent. Loan of 1856-57.
5½ Per Cent. Loan of 1859-60.

Promissory Notes in the form heretofore in use can be exchanged on renewal for Promissory Notes having Coupons attached. The Coupons will be in the following form :—

COUPON.

No. ═══════ **Rs.** ═══════

The sum of Rupees *for Interest, at* *per Cent. per Annum, for the Half-year ending on* *upon the Promissory Note of the Government of India, No.* *, of the Loan of* *, for Rupees* *will be payable to Bearer on presentment of this Coupon, at the General Treasury of Fort William, on or after the* *of*

Rs. ═══════ **No.** ═══════

(Signed)
Accountant General to the Government of India.

WHEN the last of the Coupons attached to any Note shall have become payable, the Interest payable on the Note, until the expiration of three months after notice of payment of the Principal, will be paid at the General Treasury at Fort William, to the lawful Holder of the Note, on his presenting the same and writing his receipt thereon; or at the option of the lawful Holder, the Note may be enfaced for payment of Interest at the East India House in London by Bills on demand on the General Treasuries of Calcutta or Madras, subject to the Rules and Regulations at present in force, or that may hereafter be issued by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, or by this Government.

By Order of His Excellency the Governor General of India in Council,

C. HUGH LUSHINGTON,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

No. 33.

The 29th April 1859.

READ again the following papers on the subject of the Deputation Allowance receivable by Covenanted Officers, Civil or Military, acting for Uncovenanted Officers and *vice versâ*.

Order contained in the Financial Resolution No. 5701, dated 8th October 1858.

Paragraph 4 of Financial Resolution No. 1431, dated 11th February 1859.

Read the under-mentioned papers on the same subject:

Letter from Civil Auditor, Fort William, No. 985, dated 4th instant.

Letter from the Punjab Civil Auditor, No. [illegible], dated 23rd ultimo.

RESOLUTION.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to pass, experimentally for one year, the following Rules in respect to the Deputation Allowance receivable by the Officers mentioned below:

When Covenanted Officers, Civil or Military, officiate for Uncovenanted Officers and when Uncovenanted Officers act for Covenanted Officers Civil or Military, the Deputation Allowance in such cases will be regulated according to the principle laid down in Chapter VI. Sections 25, 26 and 27, of the Covenanted Civil Absentee Rules, it being understood however that Section 27 shall not apply to *Ministerial* Officers acting for Covenanted Officers, who are entitled to Acting Allowance from the date they commence to officiate and not after the expiration of one month as in the case of other Uncovenanted Officers of superior grade.

When an Officer of the Uncovenanted Service acts for another of the same Service or when a Military Officer acts for another Military Officer, he shall be governed by the Rules of the respective Services to which he belongs.

In passing the foregoing Rules, the Governor General in Council directs that the Audit Offices in the several Presidences and Governments, should submit, at the expiration of the experimental year for which the Rules are sanctioned, a Return showing in juxta-position the amount forfeited by the Absentees of the Military (so far as it is concerned with the Civil Department) and Uncovenanted Services, as well as that defrayed in the remuneration of their Substitutes in the same manner as is done at present, with regard to the forfeited Salary and the Deputation Allowance of Covenanted Civil Servants.

ORDER.—Ordered, that a Copy of the foregoing Resolution be sent to the Civil Auditors, Fort William, Fort St George, Bombay and North-Western Provinces for information and guidance, and to the Punjab Civil Auditor, in reply to his reference above adverted to.

Ordered further, that a transcript of the Resolution be published in the Official *Gazette* for general information.

C. HUGH LUSHINGTON,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, 26th April 1859.

No. 577 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit Jemadar Hedayutoollah and Havildar Moosuddee Khan, of the 1st Seikh Infantry, to the 3rd Class of the Order of Merit, and to promote Dufladar Chungua, of Hodson's Horse, from the 3rd to the 2nd Class of that Order, from the 1st instant, in consideration of their excellent conduct in action with a body of rebels in the neighborhood of Toolseepore as brought to notice in the Despatch published in Government General Order, No. 576 of this date.

No. 578 *of* 1859.—The following paragraph of a Military letter, from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 76, dated 9th ultimo, is published in General Orders:—

6. Lieutenant Henry Moller, of the 11th Native Infantry, has been permitted by Royal License, to take the additional surname of Champion. He is therefore to be recorded in the Army List as Henry Champion Moller.

No. 579 *of* 1859.—The services of Lieutenant C. T. Hitchins, of the 54th Regiment Native Infantry, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Honorable the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 580 *of* 1859.—The following Garrison Order, dated Fort William, 7th March 1859, is confirmed:—

Dated 7th March 1859.—Directing Surgeon E. Campbell, who is about to proceed to Europe, on Medical Certificate, to make over charge of his duties as Garrison Surgeon to Assistant Surgeon T. Anderson, M. D.

Appointing Garrison Assistant Surgeon T. Anderson, M. D., to officiate as Garrison Surgeon from the date of departure from India of Garrison Surgeon E. Campbell, in addition to his other duties, pending the arrival of Surgeon Kinsey, F. R. C. S.

No. 581 *of* 1859.—The following promotions are made:—

Dept.	Rank and Names.	To what Rank promoted.	From what date.	In whose room.
Medical Department.	Assistant Surgeon James Pattison Walker, M. D. ...	Surgeon ...	1st April 1859	Superintending Surgeon Mackinnon, retired.
	Assistant Surgeon Richard Southby Otto Thring, M. D. ...	Surgeon ...	31st April 1859 ..	Surgeon J. A. Staig, retired.
	Assistant Surgeon John Squire ...	Surgeon ...	24th April 1859 ..	Superintending Surgeon D. Butter, M. D., retired.

No. 582 *of* 1859.—The following Orders, issued by the Government of Bombay, are confirmed :—

No. 251, *dated* 23*rd March* 1859.—Granting leave of absence, on Medical Certificate to Europe, to the under-mentioned Officers :—

Lieutenant Thomas Trevor Turton, of the 47th Madras Native Infantry, Second in Command of the 2nd Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent ...	For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.
No. 266, *dated* 26*th March* 1859.—Captain and Brevet Major Clement Read Browne, of the 60th Regiment Native Infantry, Commissioner in the Punjaub ...	For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.
No. 267, *dated* 26*th March* 1859.—Captain Frederic Sherwood Taylor, of the Corps of Engineers ...	For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 583 *of* 1859.—The following Order, issued by the Resident at Hyderabad, is confirmed :—

No. 66, *dated* 21*st March* 1859.—Making the following appointments :

Lieutenant Pedler, Adjutant 4th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, to act as Second in Command 2nd Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, *vice* Lieutenant Turton, proceeded on Sick leave to Europe.

Lieutenant T. H. Way, 35th Madras Native Infantry, to act as Adjutant 4th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, *vice* Pedler.

Lieutenant Pedler will continue to act as Adjutant 4th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, until relieved by Lieutenant Way.

No. 584 *of* 1859.—The name of Mr. Beckett, appointed a Cadet of Infantry on this Establishment in Government General Order No. 277, of the 1st March 1859, is *William Henry* Beckett and not "*William*" Beckett. Order Books to be corrected accordingly.

Mr. William Henry Beckett having satisfied Government on the points of qualification, prescribed by existing Regulations, is admitted into the Service as a Cadet of Infantry, from the 12th April 1859, and promoted to the rank of Ensign, leaving the date of his Commission for future adjustment.

No. 585 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer, of the Infantry, is promoted to the rank of Captain by Brevet, from the date expressed opposite to his name :—

Lieutenant George Veasy Balderston, of the 23rd Regiment Native Infantry ...	21st April 1859.

Fort William, 28th April 1859.

No. 586 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, from the Foreign Department, are published in General Orders :—

No. 2073.—*The* 15*th April* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General is pleased to appoint Assistant Surgeon W. Eddowes, attached to the Convalescent Depôt at Allahabad, to the Medical charge of the Joudpore Legion, *vice* Dr. A. Young.

No. 2076.—The following appointments are made in amendment of those notified in General Orders, dated 4th ultimo :—

No. 576.—Lieutenant Stainforth to be District Adjutant, *vice* Lieutenant Smith.

Lieutenant Ffrench to officiate as Divisional Adjutant, *vice* Ward.

Lieutenant Rawlins to officiate as Divisional Adjutant, *vice* Boileau.

No. 2081.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to permit Lieutenant C. H. Boileau, of Her Majesty's 61st, and Ensign Charles Pye, of Her Majesty's 53rd Regiment, to resign their respective appointments of Divisional and District Adjutants in the Oudh Military Police, and their services are re-placed at the disposal of the Military Department.

No. 2088.—*The* 19*th April* 1859.—Major J. W. Carnegie, Deputy Commissioner in Oudh, has obtained the usual leave from the 15th instant, or from such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it, to visit the Presidency, preparatory to proceeding on Sick leave to England.

No. 2168.—*The* 21*st April* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following promotions and appointments in the Oudh Military Police :—

Lieutenant Rawlins, District Adjutant, to be Divisional Adjutant, *vice* Lieutenant Boileau, resigned.

Lieutenant A. Soppitt, of the 10th Bombay Native Infantry, to be District Adjutant, *vice* Lieutenant Rawlins.

Mr. James Cosserat, attached to the Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry, to be District Adjutant, *vice* Ensign Pye.

No. 2169.—Lieutenant C. H. Clay, of the 30th Regiment Bombay Native Infantry, is appointed to act as Adjutant of the Meena Regiment, from the 1st March last.

No. 2171.—Captain A. P. W. Orr, District Commandant, Oudh Military Police, has obtained leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, from the 1st instant to the 15th October next.

The services of Lieutenant Boileau and Ensign Pye are placed at the disposal of the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 587 *of* 1859.—The following Notification, from the Public Works Department, is published in General Orders :—

No. 88.—*The* 20*th April* 1859.—Lieutenant E. Swetenham, 45th Regiment Native Infantry, is appointed an Assistant Engineer of the 1st Class in the Public Works Department, and posted to the Jhansie Division, with effect from the 8th February 1859, the date on which he joined his appointment.

No. 588 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, are published in General Orders :—

The 15*th April* 1859.—Captain W. T. Fagan to be Commandant of the 7th Bengal Police Battalion, but to continue to officiate, until further orders, as Commandant of the 6th Bengal Police Battalion.

The 16*th April* 1859.—Lieutenant J. M. Graham to be Commandant of the 3rd Bengal Police Battalion.

The 21st April 1859.—Captain H. Raban to be Commandant of the 6th Bengal Police Battalion, but to continue to act for the present as Private Secretary and Aide-de-Camp to the Lieutenant-Governor.

The 14th April 1859.—*Leave of Absence.*—Assistant Surgeon G. N. Cheek, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Bancoorah, the usual preparatory leave to proceed to the Presidency to appear before the Standing Medical Committee.

No. 589 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, issued by the Government, North-Western Provinces, are published in General Orders:—

No. 1259, *the 14th April* 1859.—Sub-Assistant Surgeon J. Sheetz is appointed to the Medical charge of the Civil Station of Etawah, as a temporary measure.

No. 1262.—*Appointment.*—Lieutenant H. F. Newmarch, 24th Regiment Native Infantry, to be an Assistant Commissioner in the Saugor and Nerbudda Territory.

No. 1318, *the 15th April* 1859.—Assistant Surgeon W. R. Rice, M. D., is appointed Civil Assistant Surgeon of Saugor, with effect from the date on which he assumed charge of his duties.

No. 225, *the 13th April* 1859.—*Leave of Absence.*—Lieutenant D. Shaw, Adjutant, Allahabad Division Military Police Battalion, for eight weeks, on private affairs, from the 15th of April 1859, or from such date as he may avail himself of it, to visit Mussoorie and the Hills North of Deyrah.

No. 242, *the 16th April* 1859.—*Leave of Absence.*—Lieutenant E. C. Corbyn, Adjutant of the Bolundshuhur Military Police Battalion, for thirty days, from the 2nd proximo, or from such date as he may avail himself of it, on private affairs, to visit Bareilly.

No 590 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe, on Furlough, on private affairs:—

Captain James Price Clarkson, of the 44th Regiment Native Infantry ...	For three years, under the old Regulations.
Captain James Adeane Law, of the 66th or Goorkah Regiment, Sub-Assistant Commissary General ...	For five and half months, under the new Regulations.
Captain and Brevet Major John Hatfield Brooks, of the 1st European Light Cavalry ...	For two years, under the old Regulations.
Lieutenant John Brenton Cox, of the 62nd Regiment Native Infantry, 2nd in Command, 13th Punjaub Infantry	For two years, under the new Regulations.
Lieutenant Decimus William Becher, of the 2nd European Bengal Fusiliers ...	For two years, under the new Regulations.
Lieutenant Peter Stark Lumsden, of the 66th Regiment Native Infantry, Assistant Quarter-Master General of the Army ...	For six months, under the new Regulations.
Assistant Surgeon Thomas Maxwell, M. D., of the Medical Department ...	For two years, under the new Regulations.
Surgeon Francis Turnbull, M. D., of the Medical Department ...	For eighteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 591 *of* 1859.—Captain Albert Locke Nicholson, of the 64th Regiment Native Infantry, is permitted to proceed to Europe, on private affairs, under the old Regulations, for the residue of the Furlough on the same account granted to him in Government General Order No. 1338, of the 21st December 1855.

No. 592 *of* 1859.—Mr. James May, whose appointment as a Cadet of Infantry upon the Bengal Establishment was announced in Government General Order No. 1053, of the 8th July 1858, having satisfied Government on the points of qualification prescribed by existing Regulations, is admitted into the Service as a Cadet of Infantry, from the 12th instant, and promoted to the rank of Ensign, leaving the date of his Commission for future adjustment.

Fort William, 29th April 1859.

No. 593 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers reported their departure on the dates specified opposite to their respective names:—

Lieutenant O. Campbell, of the Invalid Establishment, on leave for eighteen months. Government General Order No. 210, of the 18th February 1859 ...	*Bucephalus*, 9th March 1859.
Lieutenant Colonel C. Prior, of the 64th Regiment Native Infantry, on leave for three years. Government General Order No. 420, of the 29th March 1859 ...	*Benares*, 12th March 1859, from Bombay.
Second Captain W. Henderson, Bengal Engineers, Department of Public Works, Lahore and Peshawur Road, Punjaub, on leave for three years. Government General Order No. 420, of the 29th March 1859 ...	*Vernon*, 16th March 1859, from Bombay.
Captain H. D. Twysden, of the 33rd Regiment Native Infantry, on leave for three years. Government General Order No. 306, of the 8th March 1859 ...	
Major C. Boulton, of the Invalid Establishment, on leave for two years. Government General Order No. 249, of the 24th February 1859 ...	*Forgunhall*, 23rd March 1859.
Major H. M. Nation, of the 3rd European Regiment, on leave for two years. Government General Order No. 355, of the 17th [illegible]ch 1859 ...	

Captain and Brevet Major C. V. Bowie, of the Regiment of Artillery, Aide-de-Camp to the Governor General, Superintendent of the Mysore Princes and of the Ex-Ameers of Scinde and the Sikh Sirdars, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 331, of the 15th March 1859 ...

Captain C. W. D'Oyly, 58th Regiment Native Infantry, attached to the Stud Department, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 343, of the 15th March 1859 ...

Captain W. A. Shaw, of the 4th Regiment European Light Cavalry, on Furlough for two years. Government General Order No. 381, of the 22nd March 1859 ...

Lieutenant E. F. Browne, of the 15th Regiment Native Infantry, on Furlough for one year. Government General Order No. 312, of the 10th March 1859 ...

Lieutenant T. E. Vander Gucht, of the 5th European Regiment, on leave for two years. Government General Order No. 313, of the 10th March 1859 ...

Nemesis, 25th March 1859.

Lieutenant P. L. Gordon, of the 6th Regiment Madras Light Cavalry, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 325, of the 11th March 1859 ...

Hougomont, 27th March 1859.

Lieutenant A. A. G. Dashwood, of the 3rd Madras European Regiment, on leave for one year. Government General Order No. 313, of the 10th March 1859 ...

Captain and Brevet Major J. G. Stephen, of the 6th European Regiment, on leave for two years. Government General Order No. 372, of the 18th March 1859 ...

Lieutenant D. Reid, of the 2nd Regiment Native Infantry (Grenadiers) on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 377, of the 21st March 1859 ...

England, 27th March 1859.

Captain H. W. Best, of the 5th Regiment European Light Cavalry, on leave for three years. Government General Order No. 438, of the 1st April 1859 ...

Sea Queen, 30th March 1859, from Bombay.

Lieutenant C. M. L. Clarke, of the 37th Regiment Native Infantry, on leave for two years. Government General Order No. 440, of the 1st April 1859

Bengal, 10th April 1859.

Captain F. O. Salusbury, of the 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, on Furlough. Government General Order No. 457, of the 1st April 1859 ...

Assistant Surgeon J. A Sewell, M. D., of the Medical Department, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 469, of the 5th April 1859 ...

Lieutenant Colonel W. A. J. Mayhew, 6th European Regiment, Adjutant General of the Army, on leave for nine months. Government General Order No. 424, of the 29th March 1859 ...

Lieutenant J. Hind, of the 26th Regiment Native Infantry, on Furlough for three years. Government General Order No. 428, of the 29th March 1859 ...

Surgeon G. Saunders, of the Medical Department, on leave for eighteen months. Government General Order No. 436, of the 1st April 1859...

Captain C. P. Lane, of the 3rd Regiment European Light Cavalry, on Furlough. Government General Order No. 488, of the 7th April 1859

Lieutenant F. W. Dunbar, of the 37th Regiment Native Infantry, Second in Command of the Meerut Police Battalion, on Furlough for two years. Government General Order No. 410, of the 25th March 1859 ...

Superintending Surgeon J. Greig, of the Medical Department, on leave for fifteen months. Government General Order No. 448, of the 1st April 1859. ...

Lieutenant H. A. L. Carnegie, of the Corps of Engineers, permitted to proceed to Europe on urgent private affairs for six months. Government General Order No. 449, of the 1st April 1859 ...

Captain W. C. Clifton, of the 67th Regiment Native Infantry, on Furlough for three years. Government General Order No. 464, of the 5th April 1859

Bengal, 10th April 1859.

Major W. H. Rickards, of the 14th Regiment Native Infantry, Political Agent in Bhopal, retired. Government General Order No. 459, of the 5th April 1859 ...

Captain W. Metcalf, of the 35th Regiment Native Light Infantry, on leave for two years. Government General Order No. 563, of the 21st April 1859 ...

Northam, 12th April 1859, from Bombay.

No. 594 *of* 1859.—Captain the Baron F. A. Von Meyrn, of the 53rd Regiment Native Infantry, Commanding 3rd Infantry Nagpore Irregular Force, is allowed leave of absence for two months from the date on which he may avail himself of the same to visit Bombay, preparatory to obtaining Furlough to Europe, on private affairs, under the new Regulations.

No. 595 *of* 1859.—Lieutenant and Brevet Captain W. H. Phillips, of the 59th Regiment Native Infantry, is allowed leave of absence from the 12th April to the 12th June next to visit Bombay, preparatory to applying for leave of absence, on Sick Certificate to Europe, under the new Regulations.

No. 596 *of* 1859.—Veterinary Surgeon J. M. Cullimore, of the 6th Regiment Madras Light Cavalry, is allowed leave of absence from the date on which he may avail himself of it, with permission to visit Bombay and Calcutta, on urgent private affairs, and to be absent on that account for six months.

No. 597 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit Subadar Mandace Sing, Ramlall, Dabee Deen and Jemadar Hoossien Allee, of the Shekhawattee Battalion, to the 2nd Class of the Order of Merit, in consideration of their conspicuous acts of loyalty to the State during the late disturbances.

No. 598 *of* 1859.—The transfer of Lieutenant E. W. Dun, from the 4th Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, to be Officiating Second in Command of the 3rd Cavalry, announced in General Order by the Governor General No. 488, dated Allahabad, 22nd October 1858, is to be held to have effect from the 11th November 1858, instead of from the 6th October 1858, as previously sanctioned.

No. 599 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate:—

Assistant Surgeon Henry Mills Cannon, M. B., Superintendent, Meerut Central Prison.	For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.
Captain and Brevet Lieutenant Colonel Henry D. Daly, C. B., of the 1st Bombay Fusiliers, Commandant Hodsons's Horse ...	For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.
Captain and Brevet Major Henry Nicoll, of the 50th Regiment Native Infantry, Major of Brigade, Delhi ...	For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 600 of 1859.—The following Order, issued by the Resident at Hyderabad, is confirmed:—

No. 60, *dated* 26*th March* 1859.—Appointing Lieutenant Tweedie, 4th European Regiment, to be Adjutant of the 1st Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent.

This cancels Government General Order No 305, of the 18th March 1859.

No. 601 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit Allie Woordie Khan Bahadoor, Native Commandant, 6th Police Battalion, to the 1st Class of the Order of British India, in consideration of his fidelity to the State and his conspicuous gallantry in action with the enemy.

No. 602 *of* 1859.—Major C. Douglas, Commissary of Ordnance, is allowed leave of absence from the 16th to the 30th instant, in extension of privilege leave granted to him.

No. 603 *of* 1859.—The following Order, issued by the Resident at Hyderabad, is confirmed:—

No. 70, *dated* 8*th April* 1859.—Permitting Lieutenant Strutt, Commanding 2nd Company Artillery Hyderabad Contingent, to proceed to Bombay, on leave, for special duty.

2. Lieutenant Henchy, Commanding 4th Company Artillery Hyderabad Contingent, will, as a temporary arrangement, proceed to Ellichpoor and Command the 2nd Company Artillery Hyderabad Contingent, during the absence of Lieutenant Strutt.

No. 604 *of* 1859.—The services of Lieutenant R. D. Griffin, of the 64th Regiment Native Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 605 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Peshawur Mountain Train Battery.

Captain F. R. DeBude, of the Artillery, Commanding No. 1 Punjaub Light Field Battery, to be Commandant, *vice* Captain Brougham proceeding to Europe.

2nd Punjaub Cavalry.

Assistant Surgeon A. M. Garden, attached to the 6th Punjaub Infantry, to the Medical Charge, *vice* Assistant Surgeon Maxwell, M. D., proceeding to Europe.

3rd Punjaub Cavalry.

Lieutenant H. S. Jarrett, of the 3rd European Regiment, to do duty, during the period Lieutenant Burton may act as Adjutant.

4th Punjaub Cavalry.

Lieutenant C. J. Godby, Second in Command Corps of Guides and Officiating Commandant, to be Commandant, *vice* Captain Fraser who has exceeded the prescribed period of leave.

Corps of Guides.

Lieutenant T. G. Kennedy, Officiating, to be Second in Command, *vice* Lieutenant Godby, appointed to another situation.

8th Punjaub Infantry.

Lieutenant E. Chapman, of the 14th Native Infantry, to do duty, *vice* Lieutenant Jones, resigned.

No. 606 of 1859.—The following Officers, who have already been promoted to the rank of Colonel in the Army under Government General Order No. 306, of the 23rd March 1855, are to have their Commissions antedated to the 28th November 1854, in accordance with the 14th Clause of the Royal Warrant of the 14th October 1858, and General Orders Governor General No. 613, of the 1st January 1859 :—

BREVET.

Colonel Alexander Peter Le Messurier, Bombay Infantry.
" Philip Anstruther, C. B., Madras Artillery, retired.
" George Monro Carmichael Smyth, Bengal Cavalry.
" Albert Pinson, Madras Infantry.
" John Francis Bird, Madras Infantry.
" David Davidson, Bombay Infantry.
" George Burney, Bengal Infantry.
" Thomas Anderson, Madras Cavalry.
" Haughton James, Bombay Infantry.
" Charles Edward Faber, Madras Engineers.
" William Lang, Bombay Infantry.
" Josiah Webbe Goldsworthy, Madras Infantry.
" Edmund Wintle, Bengal Infantry.
" Augustus Samuel Hawkins, Bombay Infantry.
" James Don Kennedy, Bengal Infantry.
" Robert Turnbull Sandeman, Bengal Infantry.
" Richard Blood, Bombay Infantry.
" Peter Melvill Melvill, Bombay Infantry.
" Charles Harington Græme, Madras Cavalry.
" Bulstrode Whitelocke Cumberlege, Madras Cavalry.
" William Swatman, Bengal Infantry.
" Michael Francklin Willoughby, C. B., Bombay Artillery.
" William Brett, Bombay Artillery, retired.
" St. George Daniel Showers, C. B., Bengal Infantry.
" William Couperus McLeod, Madras Infantry.
" Colin Troup, Bengal Infantry.
" George Alexander Baillie, Madras Infantry.
" William Biddle, Madras Infantry, retired.
" George Moyle Sherer, Bengal Infantry.
" William George Lennox, Bengal Infantry.
" John Welchman, C. B., Bengal Infantry.
" Peter James Begbie, Madras Artillery, retired.
" Francis Archibald Reid, C. B., Madras Infantry.
" John Forbes Musgrove, Madras Infantry, retired.
" Daniel Hall Stevenson, Madras Infantry.
" Arthur Wheatley, Bengal Cavalry.
" David Babington, Madras Infantry.
" William Robert Andrew Freeman, Madras Infantry.
" William Ferguson Beatson, Bengal Infantry.
" Bulstrode Bygrave, Bengal Infantry.
" George LeGrand Jacob, Bombay Infantry.
" Richmond Haughton, Bengal Infantry.
" Richard Hall, Madras Infantry.
" William Hill, Madras Infantry.
" Charles Samuel Reid, Bengal Artillery
" John Edmonstoune Landers, Bengal Infantry.
" Howland Roberts, Madras Infantry.
" Arthur McCally, Madras Infantry.
" Edward John Dickey, Bengal Infantry.
" Alfred Shepheard, Bombay Infantry.
" Charles Forbes Jackson, Bombay Cavalry, retired.
" Henry Templer, Bengal Infantry.
" James Allardyce, Madras Infantry.
" George Cumberland Hughes, Madras Infantry.

The following Officers to take rank from the dates specified, agreeably to the General Order Governor General quoted above :—

Colonel Sir Thomas Seaton, K. C. B., Bengal Infantry	...	20th June 1857.
" Thomas Townsend Pears, C. B., Madras Engineers	...	20th June 1857.
" Richard Cornwallis Moore, C. B., Madras Artillery	...	20th June 1857.
" Robert Henderson, C. B., Madras Engineers	...	20th June 1857.
" Patrick Gordon, Bengal Infantry	...	20th June 1857.
" Arthur Cleghorn Wight, Madras Infantry	...	20th June 1857.
" Hubert Marshall, Madras Infantry	...	20th June 1857.
" Hamlyn Lavicount Harris, Madras Infantry	...	20th June 1857.

Colonel John Liddell, Bombay Infantry	...	20th June 1857.
„ William Henry Atkinson, Madras Engineers, retired	...	20th June 1857.
„ Henry Blois Turner, Bombay Engineers	...	20th June 1857.
„ Henry Palmer, Bengal Infantry	...	29th July 1857.
„ Edward Rowland Mainwaring, Bengal Infantry	...	7th Oct. 1857.
„ Henry Stiles, Bombay Infantry	...	28th Nov. 1857.
„ John Byng, C. B., Madras Cavalry	...	15th Jan. 1858.

The under-mentioned promotions to take place in accordance with the Royal Warrant of the 4th October 1858, and General Order Governor General No. 613, of the 1st January 1859:—

To be Colonels from the dates specified.

Lieutenant-Colonel John Jackson, C. B., Bombay Infantry, retired	...	28th Nov. 1854.
„ John Carne Boulderson, Madras Infantry, retired	...	28th Nov. 1854.
„ Arthur Knyvett, Bengal Infantry, retired	...	28th Nov. 1854.
„ William Beveridge Thomson, Bengal Infantry	...	20th June 1857.
„ John Liptrap, Bengal Infantry	...	20th June 1857.
„ Thomas John Nuthall, Bengal Infantry, retired	...	20th June 1857.
„ Simon Fraser Hannay, Bengal Infantry	...	20th June 1857.
„ Alexander McLeod, Madras Cavalry	...	20th June 1857.
„ Edward Darvall, Bengal Infantry	...	20th June 1857.
„ Peter Abbott, Bengal Infantry	...	20th June 1857.
„ Donald Mackay Scobie, Bombay Infantry	...	20th June 1857.
„ Robert Codrington, Madras Infantry	...	16th Oct. 1857.
„ David Pott, Bengal Infantry	...	7th Nov. 1857.
„ Frederick Conyers Cotton, Madras Engineers	...	28th Nov. 1857.
„ William Maxwell Gabbett, Madras Artillery	...	28th Nov. 1857.
„ Thomas Tapp, C. B., Bombay Infantry	...	28th Nov. 1857.
„ James William Henry Jamieson, Bengal Infantry	...	28th Nov. 1857.
„ William Pitt Robbins, Bengal Infantry	...	28th Nov. 1857.
„ Charles Hogge, C. B., Bengal Artillery	...	28th Nov. 1857.
„ William Edward Mulcaster, Bengal Infantry	...	28th Nov. 1857.
„ John Stafford Paton, Bengal Infantry	...	28th Nov. 1857.
„ Robert Farquhar, C. B., Bombay Infantry	...	28th Nov. 1857.
„ John William Hicks, Bengal Infantry	...	15th Feb. 1858.
„ Robert Romer Younghusband, Bombay Infantry	...	2nd March 1858.
„ James Duncan McPherson, C. B., Bengal Infantry	...	5th April 1858.
„ Robert Nicholas Faunce, Madras Infantry	...	20th July 1858.
„ James Ramsay, Bengal Infantry, retired	...	24th July 1858.
„ Adam Cuppage, Madras Infantry, retired	...	1st Sept. 1858.

R. J. H. Birch, *Major-Genl.,*

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Public Works Department.

General.—Establishments.

No. 93.

The 26th April 1859.

Transfer.—Mr. W. Palmer, Assistant Supervisor, Department Public Works, is transferred from Nagpoor to the North-Western Provinces.

No. 94.

The 28th April 1859.

Notification.—Sub-Conductor C. Harding, Sub-Engineer 3rd Class Punjab, is removed from the Public Works Department, and will be remanded to Military duty.

No. 95.

Appointments.—Mr. W. H. W. Marshall is appointed a Probationary Assistant Overseer in the Public Works Department and posted to Bengal.

No. 96.

Serjeant W. Kelly, of the Madras Sappers and Miners, is appointed an Assistant Overseer in the Public Works Department in Hyderabad, and posted to the Secunderabad Division, with effect from the date on which he joined his appointment.

H. Yule, *Lieut.-Colonel,*

Secretary to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 2736.

Appointments.—*The 11th February* 1859.—Mr. H. H. Robinson to be Assistant to the Magistrate and Collector of Bhaugulpore, and to exercise the powers of a Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector in that District.

The 22nd April 1859.—Baboo Poornoo Chunder Bannerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Hooghly, is transferred to Rungpore, where he will exercise the powers of an Assistant to a Magistrate described in Clause 3, Section II. Regulation III. of 1821.

The 25th April 1859.—Brevet Major C. Douglas to officiate as Professor of Natural Philosophy and Astronomy in the Presidency College.

Mr. H. C. Richardson to be Secretary to the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Sarun.

The 26th April 1859.—Mr. E. Jackson to be Civil and Sessions Judge of Shahabad, but to continue to officiate until further orders as Additional Sessions Judge of the 24-Pergunnahs, &c.

Mr. A. Money to be Magistrate, Collector and Salt Agent of Pooree, but to continue to officiate until further orders as Controller of Salt Chowkies.

Mr. W. H. Brodhurst to be Magistrate and Collector of Tirhoot, but to continue to officiate until further orders as Judge of Purneah.

Mr. R. Alexander to be Collector of Purneah.

Mr. W. J. Longmore to be Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Pubna, but to continue to officiate until further orders as Collector of Sylhet.

Mr. E. Grey to be a Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the 2nd Grade.

Mr. E. W. Molony to officiate as Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Pubna.

Mr. F. Tucker to officiate as Collector of Jessore.

Mr. A. Magniac to officiate as Magistrate of Tipperah.

Mr. L. R. Tottenham to the charge of the Sub-Division of Nattore, and to exercise the powers of a Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector in Rajshahye.

Leave of Absence.—*The 23rd April* 1859.—The Reverend H. H. Harington, Chaplain of Cuttack, for one month under the Financial Notification of the 18th September 1857.

Baboo Ramnarain Samoodah, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Bancoorah, for two months under Clause 1, Section VII. of the revised Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Baboo Govind Chunder Biddyarutton, Principal Sudder Ameen of Bancoorah, for twenty-five days under Section VIII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 25th April 1859.—Mr. G. F. Cockburn, Commissioner of Cuttack, for one month under Section XII. of the new revised Absentee Rules retaining charge of his Office.

Baboo Koylas Chunder Dutt, Deputy Collector of Calcutta and Abkarry Superintendent of Calcutta and the 24-Pergunnahs, for two weeks on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, making over charge of his Office to Mr. W. Heysham, Deputy Collector of the 24-Pergunnahs, who will conduct the duties thereof in addition to his own, during the absence of Baboo Koylas Chunder Dutt, or until further orders.

Notifications.—*The 15th April* 1859.—Mr. W. Meyers, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Bowsee, rejoined his Office on the 28th February, from which date the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him on the 5th of January last has been cancelled.

The services of Lieutenant Minto Elliot, of the Artillery, Assistant Revenue Surveyor in Hazareebaugh, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India, in the Military Department, at his own request.

Erratum.—In the Orders published in the *Gazette* of the 27th instant, page 982, for "Mr Julius A. Dolmaye," read "Mr. Julius A. Dolmage."

A. R. Young,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 618.

Allahabad, the 21st April 1859.

Appointments.—Mungul Sen to officiate as Deputy Collector at Moradabad, until further orders, with retrospective effect from the 15th of December last.

No. 1435.

The 23rd April 1859.

Mr. Henry Prinsep Fane to officiate as Magistrate and Collector of Agra, until further orders.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

E. C. Bayley,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 1455.

Allahabad, the 25th April 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Doobey Jowalapershad, Principal Sudder Ameen of Saharunpoor, for twelve days, *viz.*, from 3rd to 14th proximo, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

J. D. Sandford,
Offg. Asst. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the fifth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1857-58, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Monday, the 9th of May 1859, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 2,260 chests, *viz* :—

Behar Opium	1,015
Benares Ditto	345
Total Chests...	2,260

2. The general conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 1st December 1858, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 14th and 25th May 1859, respectively, (the 24th May being a public holiday) that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts Company's Paper or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the sale, will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 14th May 1859, and no Treasury Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Wednesday, the 25th May 1859.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium of 1857-58, will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board however reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday, 13th June 1859	1915	345	2260
Do. Thursday, 14th July "	1915	345	2260
Do. Wednesday, 10th August "	1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 9th September "	1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 14th October "	1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 7th November "	1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 5th December "	1934	379	2313
	13424	2449	15873

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 26th April 1859.

No. 257.

Notice.

TENDERS for the transportation of Salt from the Central and Southern Agencies of Orissa, to the Government Golahs at Sulkea, will be received at this Office until 2 P. M., of the 17th of May next.

2. The Tenders must be drawn up according to a form which may be obtained on application at this Office.

3. Distinct contracts must be entered into for the removal of the Salt in each of the three following localities, to wit Hunsooah (in Central Cuttack) and the Ustrung Aurungs and the Chilka Lake Aurungs, in the Southern or Poorce Agency.

4. Parties tendering must satisfy the Board of Revenue and the Commissioner of Cuttack, that they possess the means of conveying the full quantity of Salt tendered for, and with this object a list of the vessels intended to be employed must accompany each Tender.

5. The quantity of Salt to be shipped at the Hunsooah Golahs will probably not exceed 1,00,000 maunds in each year; that from the Ustrungs is roughly estimated at 80,000 maunds for the ensuing season, and that from the Chilka Aurungs at maunds 3,20,000. The tenderer may apply for the whole quantity for which freight is required at each locality, or for any part not less than a quarter of such quantity.

6. Contractors must engage to ship the Salt allotted to them, during the period between the last spring tides of October and the end of February.

7. Parties whose tenders are accepted will be required to make a deposit of Government Promissory Notes, or to furnish other unexceptionable Security for the performance of their contracts.

8. The Board reserve to themselves the right of rejecting any Tender without assigning a reason.

By order of the Board of Revenue,

E. T. TREVOR,
Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 15th March 1859.

Notification.

IT having been noticed that some Treasury Officers make a practice of transmitting Advices of Bills drawn on the Sub-Treasurer in an Envelope, the Accountant General begs to draw the attention of Treasury Officers to paragraph 10 of the Bill Rules which requires Advices to be sent without Envelope.

E. DRUMMOND,
Acctt. Genl. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM;
Accountant General's Office,
Durbar & Revenue Department,
The 23rd April 1859.

Notification.

The Bill Forms for the Chandah Treasury, bearing printed Nos. 478051 to 478550, having been plundered while in progress to the Addressee, Officers in charge of Treasuries are requested to stop them if presented, and bring the holders to justice.

E. Drummond,

Accl. Genl. to the Govt. of India.

Fort William;
Accountt. Genl's. Office, Bill Branch,
The 26th April 1859.

Notification No. 46.

Mr. W. Heysham, Uncovenanted Deputy Collector, received charge of the Treasury of the Calcutta Collectorate on the 23rd instant.

R. P. Harrison,

Offg. Acctt. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Fort William,
Office of Acctt., Govt. of Bengal,
The 26th April 1859.

Notification.

Fort William, Civil Auditor's Office, the 20th April 1859.

To the Officers of the Political, Judicial, Revenue, Customs, Salt, Opium, and other branches of Service.

The Civil Auditor has the honor to request that Disbursing Officers, in charge of Civil Establishments, will be good enough to submit, as soon after 1st of May next as may be practicable, separate from their April Pay Abstracts, the Annual Detailed Statements of the respective Establishments as per Forms Nos. 1, 2, and 3, furnished for their guidance in 1848, annexing a note to each of the above Statements showing the items of expenditure which, though sanctioned, have not been actually incurred with reference to Financial Resolution of 29th October 1857, No. 4751. Pending the receipt of these documents, the audit of their April Abstracts will, under Financial Resolution of 7th September 1842, be withheld.

The usual Annual Returns of Uncovenanted Servants up to May 1859, as well as separate Statements showing the periods of leave granted to Uncovenanted Assistants, are also requested to be furnished in Forms Nos. 4 and 5, with the above Annual Detailed Statements.

W. P. Palmer,

Civil Auditor.

Civil Engineering College, Fort William.

Notice.

The next Annual Session will commence on the 1st of June. Candidates for admission should submit their Applications not later than the 20th May, forms of which may be obtained at the College between the hours of 10 and 4 daily.

Candidates must have either passed the Entrance Examination of the Calcutta University, or must pass successfully a similar Examination, which will be held at the College on Monday the 23rd May, and following days.

George Chesney, *Major,*
Offg. Principal.

Notification.

The Civil Auditor, North-Western Provinces, has the honor to repeat his annual call to all Disbursing Officers in charge of Civil Establishments in the North-Western Provinces, for the submission (as soon after the 1st May next, as practicable, with the April Abstract) of their regular Annual Detailed Statement, containing the names and full particulars of the whole of the Establishment; and to observe that, with reference to the orders of Government, dated 15th October 1812, published in the *Agra Government Gazette*, of the 15th November 1842, the audit of their Abstracts for April next will be withheld until the receipt of the required Returns.

2. To facilitate check, it is particularly requested that the Abstract for April be sub-divided into distinct headings, so that each description of Office with its total shall correspond with the details given in the Statement of Establishment or the 1st May, agreeably to the Form furnished.

3. It is also requested that the *three separate* Lists prescribed for all Uncovenanted Civil Servants (Europeans and East Indians) and Native, (in the last the names of *only those* holding appointments of *trust* and *responsibility* should be inserted,) employed on their Establishments, be furnished for 1st May 1859, without delay.

H. Loch,
Offg. Civil Auditor.

Civil Auditor's Office;
N. W. P., Allahabad,
The 31st March 1859.

Calcutta Drainage.

The Public are hereby informed that the Drainage Works are about to be commenced, for which purpose it will be necessary to deposit Materials, excavate Trenches, &c., in the Streets of the Town. Every precaution will be used to prevent accidents at night from these obstructions. The work will be commenced in Durrumtollah, and it is hoped this Notice by drawing attention thereto, will ensure caution on the part of those who travel through the Street after dark.

By order of the Board of Municipal Commissioners.

W. Clark,
Engineer to the Municipal Commissioners.

Calcutta,
The 30th April 1859.

Notification.

With the sanction of the Governor General of India in Council, it is hereby declared that the Port of Rangoon, and the Navigable River and Channels leading to that Port, are subject to Act XXII. of 1855.

The limits of the said Port of Rangoon are as follows:—

To the West.—A Line drawn South-West from the boundary pillar at Kemmendine across the Rangoon River, to the boundary pillar on the opposite bank at the entrance of the Panlang Creek.

To the South-East.—A Line drawn East from King's Point on the Dallah side of the Rangoon River, to the boundary pillar on the Syriam side.

To the North-East.—A Line running North-West and South-East drawn from the boundary pillar on the Rangoon or West side of the Pegu Rivers to a boundary pillar on the Syriam or East side, so much of Puzzomdoung Creek as lies South of a Line drawn from a pillar on the East above Kyeezeik Village to a pillar opposide to the West bank of the Creek.

The limits of the said Port include to the North and South, so much of the Rangoon River and of the Shores thereof, and so much of the Puzzomdoung Creek, and the Shores thereof as are within fifty yards of high-water mark spring tides.

The limits of the Navigable River and Channels leading to the said Port, made subject to the said Act, are as follows:

To the North.—The Port of Rangoon as above defined.

To the South.—A Line drawn East and West from the Light Ship.

All Ports of the Rangoon River between the said limits and below high-water line at spring tides are subject to the said Act.

PORT RULES.

I. No vessel, if above 200 tons, shall enter within the limits of the Port of Rangoon, or move from one place to another within the Port, between sun-set and sun-rise, without the special permission of the Master Attendant.

II. The Commanders of all vessels arriving at the Port of Rangoon are desired to enter correctly in the Columns of the Report Book of the Master Attendant, as soon as presented to them, the information therein required, regarding their vessels. They will also report in writing to the Master Attendant twenty-four hours before their departure the particulars noted in the forms appended hereto.

III. All Commanders of vessels arriving at Rangoon shall anchor in such a position as the Master Attendant or his Assistant shall direct. All vessels above 100 tons' burthen shall moor with two bower anchors and 30 fathoms of cable each way, and shall not move from their position without a Pilot, except with the express permission of the same authority.

IV. All Commanders of vessels shall have their jib and driver booms rigged in, when required by the Master Attendant, and shall strike their yard and masts if required so to do by, or by order of the same Officer.

V. Every ship or vessel within the Port of Rangoon shall have removed any anchor or spar or other substance projecting from her side, when so required by the Master Attendant, or other Officer of the Port.

VI. The Commanders of all vessels entering the Port of Rangoon, with ballast on board, shall without delay send to the Master Attendant a report in writing, stating the description of ballast on board, the quantity in tons, and the port of shipment; application must be made by the Commander to the Master Attendant for permission to tranship or land ballast, and no ballast shall be transhipped or landed except under the sanction of the Master Attendant and only at such Stations as he shall direct.

VII. A free channel of 240 yards which is to be kept for ships moving up or down the River within the Port, and also free passages to Piers, Jetties, Landing places, Wharves, Quays, Docks and Moorings, and all vessels shall be bound to move when required to clear such channels or passages.

VIII. All vessels within the Port of Rangoon shall be moored or warped from place to place as required by the Master Attendant, or other Officer of the Port, and no vessels shall cast off a warp that has been made fast to her to assist a vessel in mooring without being required to do so by the Pilot or Officer in charge of the vessel mooring.

IX. No vessels within the limits of the Port of Rangoon shall boil any pitch or dammer on board, or shall draw off spirits by candle or other artificial lights.

X. All vessels within the limits of the Channels leading to the Port of Rangoon shall when at anchor, between sun-set and sun rise, have a good light hoisted at the starboard fore-yard arm; and all vessels under weigh at night shall show a good light at the fore-royal or upper foremast head, and when under weigh in tow of a steamer shall in addition to the masthead light, show a good light at each fore-yard arm; the steamer showing the usual light prescribed by the Admiralty Regulations.

XI. No vessel shall use any of the Government chain moorings, whether fixed or swinging, without permission of the Master Attendant.

XII. All vessels occupying Government mooring fixed or swinging, shall be liable to pay for the same, according to the following scale and no more:—

	From 1st November to 30th May, being seven months. *Per Diem, Rs.*	From 1st June to 31st October, being five months. *Per Diem, Rs.*
For fixed moorings		
All vessels up to 199 tons	1	3
Ditto from 200 to 299 „	2	4
Ditto from 300 to 399 „	3	5
Ditto from 400 to 499 „	4	6
Ditto from 500 to 599 „	5	7
Ditto from 600 to 999 „	6	8
Ditto from 1000 and upwards	8	10
Swinging moorings	3	4

XIII. The rate fixed for warfage payable by all vessels at Government Wharves is at annas (8) eight per ton, according to the registered tonnage and one day for each (50) fifty tons is allowed for vessels to load or discharge their cargoes. Vessels remaining alongside Government Wharves, beyond the time allowed according to the tonnage, will be subject to an additional charge of annas (4) four per ton, for each day.

The provisions of Section XII. XXXVII. and XL. of the said Act No. XXII. of 1855, are hereby specially extended to the Port of Rangoon.

A. P. PHAYRE,
Commissioner of Pegu, and Agent to the Governor General.

Form of Conservator of Ports' Report Book of Arrival.

Date of arrival at Rangoon.	Name of Vessel.	Rig of Vessel.	Tonnage.	Under what Flag.	Name of Commander.	Where from.	Date of Departure.	Intermediate Ports touched at	Names of Passengers.	Remarks.
										Any vessel spoken with, or wreck seen, particulars to be noted.

A. P. PHAYRE,
Commissioner of Pegu, and Agent to the Governor General.

Particulars required to be reported by Commanders of Vessels previous to their departure as per Rule II.

Intended date of Departure.	Name of Vessel.	Rig of Vessel.	Tonnage.	Under what Flag	Name of Commander.	Where bound.	Names of Passengers.	Remarks.

A. P. PHAYRE,
Commissioner of Pegu, and Agent to the Governor General.

Bank of Bengal.

THE 28TH APRIL 1859.

THE following appointments will take effect from the 1st proximo, the date of resignation of the present Secretary:—

Mr. H. I. Lee to officiate as Secretary and Treasurer.

Mr. C. N. Cooke to officiate as Deputy Secretary and Treasurer, and

Mr. G. W. Moultrie to officiate as Accountant.

Published by order of the Directors,

J. B. PLUMB,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 27th April 1859.

LIABILITIES.

Proprietors' Capital	...	1,07,00,000	0 0
Reserve Fund ...	...	1,97,534	10 10
Current Accounts	...	85,98,359	3 4
Cash Credits Undrawn	...	4,83,922	7 2
Other Claims ...	...	3,67,771	3 1
Bank Notes ...	...	1,42,91,346	0 0
Post Bills ...	...	2,51,678	5 0
Profit and Loss (*Rebate Account*)	...	74,105	5 3
Co.'s Rs.	...	3,49,64,717	2 8

ASSETS.

Government Securities	...	23,92,000	0 0
Dues from Government	...	9,595	7 5
Cash ...	...	1,11,71,259	7 4
Loans on Deposit of Securities	...	1,18,73,300	0 0
Discount Loans on ditto	...	65,56,000	0 0
Accounts of Credit on ditto	...	6,15,300	0 0
Government Bills Discounted	...	3,19,568	13 0
Mint Certificates ditto	...	5,12,610	6 6
Mercantile Bills ditto	...	12,43,364	14 1
Dead Stock ...	...	1,86,418	2 4
Co.'s Rs.		3,49,64,717	2 8

Published by order of the Directors,

J. B. PLUMB,
Secretary and Treasurer.

C. N. COOKE,
Accountant.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

WITH reference to Government Notification No. 5, Fort William, Financial Department, 26th January 1855, notifying the intention of Government to dissolve its connexion with the Government Agency—

The Oriental Bank Corporation undertake the safe custody of Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal, and other local Stocks, free of all charge.

Will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, and remit at the current rates of exchange, or pay the same according to instructions, if to be remitted through the Corporation. Without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... 1-4th per Cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the purchase of Government or other Securities, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Corporation, ... Without charge.

WM. ANDERSON,
ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION; } *Agent.*
Calcutta, 29th January 1855. }

Commercial Bank of India.

CALCUTTA BRANCH.

Rates of Exchange on London Joint Stock Bank.

		s.	d.	
At 6 months' sight	... ...	2	0¼	per Rupee
„ 3 „	„	1	11⅞	„
„ 30 days	„	1	11⅞	„
„ 8 „	„	1	11½	„

The Bank grants Drafts on the Head Office, Bombay, and on its Branches in London, Shanghae, and Hong-Kong. Bills collected at any of the above places at a uniform charge of ½ per Cent.

The Bank will undertake the purchase or sale of Government Paper, Bank Stock and other Securities, draw Interest and Dividends payable in Calcutta, when due, at a Commission of ¼ per Cent.

No charge made when the proceeds of Sale or amount of Interest or Dividends drawn is remitted in the Bank's Bills.

Rates of Interest allowed to Deposits subject to

3 months' notice of withdrawal, 4 p. ct. per annum
6 ditto ditto ditto 5 „
2 ditto ditto ditto 6 „

Notice may be given when the money is deposited, or at any subsequent time; and it will be dispensed with in cases when the money is to be remitted through the Bank.

Current Accounts kept and Interest allowed at 2 per Cent. per annum on Balances of Rupees 500 and upwards, not exceeding Rupees 50,000, unless by special agreement.

Hours of business, 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. On Saturdays, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

W. S. FITZWILLIAM,
27, TANK SQUARE, } *Agent.*
Calcutta, 7th October 1858. }

Notice.

THE Office of MESSRS. DUTTS, LINZEE AND Co. is removed to No. 7, Commercial Buildings, Strand.

Notice.

THE Interest and Responsibility of the late MR. THOMAS SCOTT in our Firm ceased on the 6th June 1857; and the business will from this date be conducted under the style of TARRUCK & Co.

THOMAS SCOTT AND TARRUCK.

CALCUTTA,
The 30th April 1859.

Required.

A TRANSLATOR thoroughly conversant with English and Oordoo, his duties will be to translate and to superintend the Persian Office. Salary Rupees 100 per mensem. Apply to Deputy Commissioner, Pertaubghur *vid* Allahabad, Oude.

Notice.

LOST at Delhie, on or after the 11th May 1857, the under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, bearing the signature of Mrs. Grace Clarke:—

4 per Cent. Loan, No 1118 of 2430, dated 31st March 1836, Co.'s Rs.				500
„ „ „ „ 8417 „ „ „				500
„ „ „ „ 38890 „ „ „	30th	June	1854	1000
Total, Co.'s Rupees ...				2000

Payment of the Notes and Interest thereon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application made to Government for issue of duplicate Notes.

ISABELLA MANN,
Administratix to the Estate of the late Mrs. Grace Clarke.

CALCUTTA,
The 28th April 1859. }

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of Oomed Chund and Sreechund Seth, proprietors, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Notes and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of a Duplicate Note in favor of the Proprietor:—

No.	3172 of 1842-43		for Co.'s Rs.		1,500
„	3182 „ 8084 of 1842-43		„	„	4,500
„	20165 „ 1842-43		„	„	5,000
„	20166 „ 1842-43		„	„	5,000
„	20167 „ 1842-43		„	„	5,000
„	2489 „ 6650 of 1842-43		„	„	10,700
„	13743 „ 1854-55		„	„	1,000
„	13744 „ 1854-55		„	„	1,000
„	13745 „ 1854-55		„	„	1,000
„	13746 „ 1854-55		„	„	1,000
„	13747 „ 1854-55		„	„	1,000
„	13752 „ 1854-55		„	„	1,000
„	13756 „ 1854-55		„	„	1,000
„	43615 „ 1854-55		„	„	5,000
„	43616 „ 1854-55		„	„	5,000
„	11940 „ 1854-55		„	„	1,000
		Total, Co.'s Rs.			49,700

RAMCHUND,
Attorney of Oomed Chund and Sree Chund, Jhansie.

JHANSIE,
The 19th April 1859. }

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of Ellahie Begum of Nowajgunge, in Lucknow in Oude, the widow of Dilwar Ally Khan, deceased, the Proprietress, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the Notes and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application has been made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes for the respective amounts:—

No. 11179, of 30th June 1854, of 1854-55, Rs. 4,000.
„ 11180 „ „ „ „ 2,000.

J. RENNIE.

CALCUTTA,
The 21st April 1859. }

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE lower-halves of the under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, which were despatched by Post from Lucknow to Saugor, on the 26th July 1858, not being forthcoming, payment of those Notes and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes in favor of the Executive Commissariat Officer, Saugor, to whom they were endorsed :—

No.	Date.	In whose favor and to whom endorsed.	Amount.
8357 of 42221 of 54-55, 4 per Cent.	30th June 1854.	Executive Commissariat Officer, Saugor.	1000 0 0
8358 of 42221 of 54-55, 4 per Cent.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1000 0 0
		Total, Rs.	2000 0 0

CHAS. S. W. OGILVIE,
Asst. Commy. General.

COMMISSARIAT OFFICE;
Saugor,
The 15th April 1859.

Lost.

THE under-mentioned four per Cent. Government Promissory Note, standing in the name of Kadarnath Gangoly, Native Agent, 8th Division Grand Trunk Road.—

No 2535 of 3329 of 1842-43, for Rupees 500. Application has been made to Government for duplicate thereof, and payment stopped in the Loan Office.

JOHN HARDING,
Head Accountant, D. P. W.,
for Assistant to Chief Engineer,
Punjaub.

Lost.

LEFT-HAND half of a Bank of Bengal Note, No. 32086, for Rupees 10.

RAM KISTO BOSE.

Lost.

LEFT-HAND halves of the Bank of Bengal Notes, No. 43420, for Co.'s Rs. 100, and No. 20557, for Co.'s Rs. 50, the payment of which has been stopped at the Bank.

Notices issued by the Officiating Deputy Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 5437.

The 21st April 1859.—SEALED TENDERS will be received at the Calcutta General Post Office for the repairs of three Post Office Vans, nine Accelerators, and one Dray, for a period of five years, from the 6th June 1859.

2. The Tenders will be received up to Friday, the 20th May, and will be opened on that day, at noon, in presence of all parties concerned.

3. A Deposit in Cash of (100) one hundred Rupees is required with each Tender, subject to forfeiture, if the Tender be withdrawn.

4. Information relative to conditions will be given in writing on application to this Office.

No. 6024.

The 25th April 1859.—The Overland Mail, *vid* Marseilles and Southampton, and the intermediate Ports, Madras, Ceylon and Aden, per P. and O. Co.'s Steamer *Simla*, will be closed at this Office, on Tuesday, the 3rd proximo, at 6 P. M.

Letters, &c., for Penang, Singapore and Hong-Kong will be forwarded *viâ* Galle, and for Mauritius and Australia *vid* Aden by this opportunity.

No. 6059.

The 27th April 1859.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Akyab, Rangoon and Moulmein, for transmission per Steamer *Baltic*, will be closed at this Office on Tuesday, the 3rd proximo at 6 P. M.

No. 6075.

The 28th April 1859.—Notice is hereby given, that the letters for the Overland Mail despatched from this Office up to 2nd instant were in time for the Steamer that left Bombay on the 12th instant.

No. 5537.

The 29th April 1859.—Notice is hereby given that an After-Packet per P. and O. Company's Steamer *Simla* will be closed at this Office at 6 P. M., on Wednesday next, the 4th proximo, to be sent to Kedgeree on Thursday morning by an Extra Steamer.

A second After-Packet will be closed at 1 P. M. on the 5th proximo, to be sent to by land in the usual manner.

Inland Postage will be closed on letters and papers, as usual, by both the After-Packets.

PACKETS for the reception of Letters by the following Ships are open at this Office:—

NAMES OF VESSELS.	Agents.	Intended Departure.	For what Port.	Touching at	Remarks.
Steamer *Simla*	P. & O. S. N. Co.	4th Proximo.	Suez	Madras, Ceylon and Aden.	
Steamer *Baltic*	Mackinnon, McKenzie & Co.	4th Ditto	Moulmein	Akyab and Rangoon.	
Ship *Clanmerden*	Gladstone, Wyllie & Co.	30th April	Cape of Good Hope.		

LIST of unclaimed Bullock Train Packages lying at the Office of the Post Master General, N. W. P., which will be sold by Public Auction to defray expences if not claimed within three months from this date.

No.	Description of Package.	Address.	Particulars.
1	Parcel ...	Lieut. Drummond, 9th Irregular Cavalry ...	1 Pair of Boots.
1	Ditto ...	Major Jacobs, 1st Fusiliers	3 Flannel Banians.
1	Ditto ...	J. C. Browne, M. D. Arty.	2 Dozen Woollen Socks.
1	Small Box ...	Without address ...	8 Bottles Essence of Coffee.
1	Tin Box ..	Fuzzul Hoosain ...	Medicines.
1	Box ...	Peter Carty, 1st Fusiliers	A Silver Medal for Pegu.
1	Parcel ...	Shurroofdeen . .	1 Native lace worked Cap, 1 bag Snuff.
1	Ditto ...	Mrs. A. Campbell ...	1 Lady's Companion, 11 pairs Woollen Socks and some Ribbons.
1	Ditto .	R. Davidson, care of Captain Hood Bullubgurh ...	2 Flannel Banians.
1	Parcel ...	Nusseeroddeen ...	1 Bottle Uttar, 1 card Elastic.
1	Small Box ...	Serjeant Colleran, H. M's. 75th Regiment ...	Pipes and Tobacco.
1	Ditto ...	J. E. Fairfax, Esq., C. S....	3 Bottles Warburg's Tincture.
1	Parcel ...	Moonshee Hurgolam ...	1 Pair Socks.
2	Ditto ...	Captain Graham, Comdg. for Coll. Watt Belfast	2 Packets Pine Seeds.
1	Ditto ...	Mrs. Graham, Doroundah	1 White Cashmere Shawl.
1	Tin Case ...	Dr. Morris, Sirmoor Battn.	Drawing Paper.
1	Parcel ..	Mr. Cox, boot maker Jullunder ...	1 Pair of Boots.
1	Ditto ...	Reverend H. E. Cockey, S. P. G. Cawnpore ...	1 Wool-worked Cheroot case.
1	Ditto ...	Without address ...	1 Turquoise, 1 Snuff box and pieces of Chintz and Silk, 6 Pictures.
1	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1 Pair half Boots.
2	Ditto ...	Captain Strangways ...	A Lady's and Baby's Linen and Clothing.
1	Ditto ...	Rajah Roodu NarayanSing, Benares ...	2 Small Glasses.
1	Ditto ...	B. Tayler, Esq. ...	2 Packets mourning Paper and Envelopes.
1	Ditto ...	Without address ...	1 Brass Scabbard.
1	Ditto ...	P. F. DeQuency, Esq., ...	Seeds.
1	Ditto ...	Messrs. White and Co. ...	2 Waistcoats.
1	Tin Box ...	Reverend E. Terlber, R. C. Chaplain, Cawnpore ...	Sacramental Wafers.
1	Ditto ...	Gunr. J. Healy ...	Smoking Pipes.
1	Parcel ...	Captain E. T. Dickens ...	6 Bottles Pills.
1	Ditto ...	Officer Commanding 8th Regiment, Sultanpore ...	1 Pair Pantaloons.
1	Ditto ...	John Watson, Esq. ...	1 Pair Wool-worked Slippers.
1	Box ...	Captain P. Comyn ...	1 Box Cheroots.
1	Tin Canister ...	No address ...	Pogson's Specific.
1	Small Box ...	Miss Habit ...	Jewellery, Earrings, &ca.
1	Parcel ...	Lieut. Brown, 28th N. I.	3 Pairs Shoes.
1	Ditto ...	Lieut. Lamb, Arty., Assistant Commissioner ...	2 Waistcoats.
1	Box ...	Mr. G. Leonard ...	Cheroots.
1	Ditto ...	W. H. Bennet, Esq., ...	Steel Pens and Camels Hair Brushes.
1	Parcel ...	C. S. Lane, Assistant Commissioner ...	A roll of white Satin Ribbons.
1	Ditto ...	Baboo Samnath ...	1 Hindee Shastar.
3	Ditto ...	Mr. Watson ...	Dalley's Carminative Patent Nipples and a Woollen Cap.
1	Ditto ...	H. Lowellyn ...	A Wig.
1	Ditto ...	Kadir Bux ...	A Tin Box.
1	Ditto . .	Holden Nan ...	9 Articles Native Clothing.
1	Ditto . .	Lieut. Peil, 23rd N. I. ...	2 Native Silk Caps.
1	Tin Box .,	Mrs. Kirk, Cawnpore ...	1 Felt Riding Hat.
1	Ditto ...	Captain Green Lucknow...	1 Box Spices.
1	Parcel ...	Mohomed Hoosain ...	1 Piece of Silk.
1	Ditto ...	No address ...	A Sample of Hemp or Flax.
1	Ditto ...	Captain Aitkin, Rajpootana Field. Force. ...	1 Bombay Calendar, 1 Tom Brown's Schooldays, 1 Mutiny Act.

No.	Description of Package.	Address.	Particulars.
1	Parcel ...	Miss M. Barry ...	1 Bundle Violet Powder.
1	Ditto ...	Mr. Wohlzeborn ...	6 Books, plates, 6 German Works.
1	Tin Box ...	R. Kenrich, Esq. ...	1 Revolver, Pistol, &ca.
1	Parcel ...	No address .	Shakespeare's Hindustanee Dictionary.
1	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1 Vol. Bombay Calendar.
1	Ditto ...	D. Mackey, Esq., or Coll. Clark ...	1 Book Forms.
2	Ditto ...	W. C. Lyall, Esq. ...	Flannel and other Shirts.
1	Ditto ..	A. Morris, Esq. ..	1 Vol. Punch, 1 Vol. Farriery.
1	Ditto ...	Haree Sing Baboo ...	Silk Handkerchiefs Coloured and 1 Piece white Silk.
1	Ditto ...	Raky Moolvie ...	Gold and Silver Ornaments.
1	Ditto ...	Captain Scott, or Havitt. address not known ...	4 Packets Envelopes.
1	Ditto ...	Gibson and Co. ...	Tobacco.
1	Ditto ...	Meer Ahmed, Peshawar ...	1 Pair Spectacles and 1 Penknife.
1	Ditto ...	Mr. C. Henfield, Lucknow	1 Black Frock Coat.
1	Ditto ...	G. Armstrong, Esq., Mooltan ...	A set of white Cornelian Studs.
1	Ditto ...	Major Tucker, Futtygurh	3 Vol. Books.
1	Ditto ...	A. C. Smith, Esq., Shahjehanpore ...	5 Vol. Books.
1	Ditto ...	Captain Peterson, Lahore	1 Pouch and Belt.
1	Ditto ...	Shahzada Mohamed, Station unknown. ...	2 Pairs Socks, 1 Bag Snuff, 1 Cap.
1	Ditto ...	Private Crighton,3rd Co. 1st Battn. Arty., Lucknow	1 Box Pills.
1	Ditto ...	Huges E.T. Depot. R.Pindee	Rupees 10 in Cash.
1	Ditto ...	Ahmed Khan,Sepoy, Anoopshuhur ...	1 Silk Handkerchief.
1	Tin Case ...	Col. M. C. Johnston, McGrigor and Co.,London	Bearing Steam Postage contains Delhie Pictures.
1	Box ...	H. Lewis and Co., Calcutta	Cheroots.
1	Parcel. ...	Narain Dass, Mirzapore ...	Medicines.
1	Ditto ...	Q. Mr. Sergeant Mitchell, H. M's. 61st Regiment ..	Shirts and Children's Shoes.
1	Basket ...	Ditto ditto ..	2 Small Beaver Hats.
1	Parcel ..	Khooshial Khan, Rissaldar, Etawah .	2 Lace Caps.
1	Ditto ...	Captain Cleveland, Cawnpore ...	1 Coat, 1 pair Pantaloons 1 Pugree, Kakee Cloth.
1	Small Box ...	No address ...	1 Gold Ring, Red Stone.
1	Parcel ..	Mr. Pereira ...	One Black Alpacca Coat.
1	Ditto ...	Captain Godfrey, Military Train ...	Two Chains, Bridles.
1	Ditto ...	Shahzada Sultan ...	1 Cap and bag of Snuff.
1	Ditto ...	W. Parker ...	1 Pair of Socks, two pairs Pantaloons, one Shirt, and one Coat.
1	Ditto ...	Civil Surgeon, Mooltan ...	An Anatomical preparation.
1	Box ...	Miss Carbery, Benares ...	Millinery.
1	Ditto ...	Mrs. Hall, Secrora ...	1 Child's Frock, a Cape and two Dolls.
1	Parcel ...	Cox and Co., Mooltan ...	One Shoe.
1	Ditto ...	Mrs. M. Troup, Fyzabad...	Two Crochet Needle Cases.
1	Ditto ...	Mrs. Beaumont, Meerut ...	One pair Hair Pads.
1	Ditto ...	No address ...	Four pairs Socks and two Handkerchiefs.
1	Ditto ...	Messrs White and Co., Meerut ...	One piece scarlet for a Tunic and Buff Facings.
1	Ditto ...	Dr. W. Carey ...	One Silver Hunting Watch, Chain and Key, one Signet Ring with Crest.
1	Ditto ...	No address ...	Four white and six colored Shirts, one Felt Hat and six Merino Banians.
1	Ditto ..	H. Jarrett ...	One Horse Artillery Undress Jacket.
1	Tin Case ...	Lieut. Phillpot ...	1 Pair Spectacles.
1	Parcel ...	Major Brown ...	2 Delhie Gold-Worked Scarfs.
1	Ditto ...	Mr. Merrin ...	Plum Cake.

LAHORE,
The 12th April 1850.

G. PATON,
Post-Master General, N. W. P.

Printed and Published for the Government, by THOMAS JONES, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 30, 1859.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Moorshedabad, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 2nd of May 1859, or 20th Bysack 1266 B. S., for Arrears of Revenue:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 605.—Kismut Mouzah Kalkapoor, Pergunnah Mooraripoor; recorded proprietors, Lukhee Gobind Deb Thakoor, Lukhee Junnardun Deb Thakoor, Sreedhur Deb Thakoor, Goopto Guddadhur Deb Thakoor, and Levait Dayamoi Dasia; sudder jumma, rupees 196-13-11.

W. MORRIS BEAUFORT,
Offg. Collector.

MOORSHEDABAD;
Collector's Office,
The 4th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Rajshahye, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue at the Office of the Collector of that District, on the 2nd May 1859 A. D., corresponding with 20th Bysack 1266 B. S:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 1135.—Kismut Guncoer, Pergunnah Soojanuggur; recorded proprietors, Kalleenath Chowdre and Tarrineekanto Chuckerbutty; sudder jumma, rupees 56-1-5.

F. S. LUSHINGTON,
Collector.

ZILLAH RAJSHAHYE;
Collector's Office,
The 5th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Tirhoot, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Thursday, the 12th May 1859, corresponding with 25th Bysack 1266 Fuslee:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 3.—Mouzah Sonepore, Pergunnah Ahir, recorded proprietors, Gyan Sing Doss and others; sudder jumma, rupees 300-6-5.

No. 73.—Mouzah Jownapore, Roodur and others, Pergunnah Balagatch; recorded proprietors, Jorawan Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 144-2-8.

No. 147.—Mouzah Jhuckrah Seikh, Tuppeh Bhutsullah, Pergunnah Birarah; recorded proprietors, Bukhtour Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 237-14-8.

No. 223.—Mouzah Mahomedpore, Pergunnah Bhallah; recorded proprietors, Jankee Jha and others; sudder jumma, rupees 513-6-6.

No. 375.—Mouzah Kulwarah, Chuck Kulwarah, Pergunnah Bhurwarrah; recorded proprietors, Roopnarain Doobey and others; sudder jumma, rupees 116-1-4. This Mehal is under Butwarrah, the rights and interests only of Bustee Misser, Mukhdoomun, Sheonarain Doobey, Hurjan Thakoor, Nehal Misser, Lutchmeenath Misser, Oogree Misser, Dhurm Dutt Misser, Buddree Thakoor, Mussumut Bebee Jeetun, Mussamut Hushmut oolnissa oorf Bebee Dhomun, Nath Jha, Shewdyal Doobey, Deonath Misser, Sheikh Budloo, Pudoomlall Mullick, Mussamut Ramdhunee Musserain, Kubeeroolnissa, Pultun Jha, Bhugowan dutt Thakoor, and Oochit Thakoor, Defendants, are to be sold.

No. 384.—Mouzah Judoo Mehree, Pergunnah Barail; recorded proprietors, Fuquerollah and others; sudder jumma, rupees 122-10.

No. 408.—Mouzah Ghoograha, Pergunnah Barail; recorded proprietors, Bhugowuntnarin Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 139-13-6.

No 698.—Mouzah Bishonpore Hiraran and others, Chuckley Girjowl, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Gopaul Doss and others; sudder jumma, rupees 130-11.

No. 766. Mouzah Punapore, Seelowthur Chuckley Girjowl, Pergunnah Birarah; recorded proprietors, Dewlutram and others; sudder jumma, rupees 146-0-11.

No. 779.—Mouzah Rohoah Shah Mean, Chuckley Girjowl, Pergunnah Bisarah, recorded proprietors, Sheik Bohorah and others; sudder jumma, rupees 173-2-7.

No. 919.—Mouzah Rujwarah Dhee Chuckley Girjowl, Pergunnah Birarah; recorded proprietors, Dirghgopaul Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 58-2-3. This Mehal is under Butwarrah, the

rights and interests only of Quhbul Misser, Bala Misser, Mussamut Sunsaree Kowur, Juggoo Misser, Pertaub Misser, Rungloll Misser, Senahoe Misser, Mussamut Buchunoo Kowur, Balchand Misser, Rughoobunsee Tewaree, and Gobind Tewaree, defendants, are to be sold.

No. 1187.—Mouzah Bhoojpore, Pergunnah Hajeepore, recorded proprietor, Lall Jee; sudder jumma, rupees 394-15-6.

No. 1211.—Mouzah Khilwut, Pergunnah Hajeepore; recorded proprietors, Kowur Mahto and others; sudder jumma, rupees 854-6-6.

No 1385.—Mouzah Bishonpore Khord, Pergunnah Hattee; recorded proprietor, Jankeedutt Chowdry; sudder jumma, rupees 76-7-0.

No. 1509.—Mouzah Minahpore, Syud Mahmood, Pergunnah Hajeepore; recorded proprietors, Sheikh Fuzul Allee and others; sudder jumma, rupees 173-14-6.

No. 1516.—Mouzah Supta, Pergunnah Hajeepore; recorded proprietors, Lokurmun Opudhia and others; sudder jumma, rupees 115-2-9.

No. 1537.—Uz Ruqba Chooptah, Pergunnah Jubdee; recorded proprietor, Mussamut Sahuj Dye; sudder jumma, rupees 73-2-8.

No. 1550.—Uz Ruqba Sutghura, Pergunnah Jubdee; recorded proprietor, Urjoon Thakoor; sudder jumma, rupees 94-5-5.

No. 1653.—Uz Ruqba Doolarpore Bvse, Pergunnah Kunowlee, Zillah Toorkee; recorded proprietors, Shah Koodrutallee and others; sudder jumma, rupees 160-14-10.

No. 2022.—Mouzah Bhanduree Bhutowleah, Pergunnah Mehela, Zillah Toorkee; recorded proprietors, Shewlall Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 648-13-5.

No. 2057.—Mouzah Bishenpore Ram and others, Chuckley Nye, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Chuckunlall and others; sudder jumma, rupees 371-10-8.

No. 2182.—Mouzah Khuleelpore, Chuckley Nye, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Meer Mozuferallee and others; sudder jumma, rupees 221-1-11.

No. 2195.—Mouzah Sulahpore Boodhun, Chuckley Nye, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Meer Gholaum Shah and others; sudder jumma, rupees 150-6-5.

No. 2229.—Mouzah Bhugowanpore Beerbul, Chuckley Nye, Pergunnah, Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Juggernath Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 191-13-0.

No. 2246.—Mouzah Bishenpore Dhunarjay, Chuckley Nye, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Munsha Misser and others; sudder jumma, rupees 53-4-10.

No. 2585.—Mouzah Turownee, Pergunnah Puchimbheegoo; recorded proprietors, Goberdhun Roy and others; sudder jumma, rupees 50-10-8.

No. 2799.—Mouzah Etwarpore, Pergunnah Ruttee; recorded proprietors, Maharaj Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 71-9-6.

No 2800.—Mouzah Etwarpore, Pergunnah Ruttee; recorded proprietors, Nischul Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 67-6-0.

No. 3010.—Mouzah Hushunpore Sugawon, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Birjbehares Panday and others; sudder jumma, rupees 1,045-6-10. This Mehal is under Butwarrah, the rights and interests of Jowahur Panday, Puraoo Panday, Rowdee Panday, Juttee Panday, Beharee Panday, Byjun Panday, Jhugroo Panday, Goodur Panday, Munroop Panday, Umrit Panday, applicants, 14th parties, and Mussamut Keerutbuttv Kowur, 15th party to the Butwarrah are to be sold.

No. 3042.—Mouzah Sumurtha, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietor, Boybeharee Lall; sudder jumma, rupees 167-6-8.

No. 3083.—Mouzah Kuleanpore Bomeya, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Ameer Lall, sudder jumma, rupees 5,018-10-10. This Talook is under Butwarrah, the rights and interests only of Bundhoo Sing, Mowlee Sing, Chutterdhary Sing, Soodee Sing, Bheekdhary, Sing, Doomah Sing, Kowar Chowdry, Ramchunder Chowdry, Jeetun Chowdry, Booneead Chowdry, Goordyal Chowdry, Fuquera Roy, Shew Ram Roy, Gungapersaud, Doomee Loll, Ramdyal Jha, Hoolas Jha, Khukroo Jha, Bhyeah Ram Jha, Gholaub Jha, Kishuaram Jha, Runjeet Jha, Munoo Sing, Runnoo Sing, Hirdaynarain Sing, Shewdyal Sing, Hardhean Sing, Burmah Sing, Govinda Sing, Rameaun Sing, Rambux Sing, Bumoodee Sing, Pursun Sing, Dursun Sing, Ramgopaul Sing, Johuhur Lall, Gunnesh Dutt, Busraj Sing, Boodhun Sing, Lulleetram, Neeladoss, Munrunjun Doss, Sree Kishun Doss, Joylall Musser, Choonnee Lall Misser, Joyanund Misser, Mootee Lall Musser, Hur Narain, Shewnaram, Bundhoo Jha, Gooroopersaud Sing, Rambhuroos Sing, Bhoopnarain Sing, Junkee Misraine, Kooldeepersaud Sham Jha, Rithlall Chowdry, Joorawan Chowdry, original heirs of Singessur Dutt Chowdry, Mussamut Sooha Kowur, mother and guardian of Karee Chowdry, and Banee Lall Chowdry, oorf Mukoonee Chowdry, minor sons and heirs of the late Jugomohun Chowdry, Barum Dutt Chowdry, Muncheet Chowdry, Ramsahai Sing and Mahtab Sing, Defendants, are to be sold.

No. 3253.—Mouzah Mooradpore, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Surdha Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 65-15-4.

No. 3364.—Chuck Abdool Rusool, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Meer Nuzurallee and others; sudder jumma, rupees 60-9-0.

No. 3392.—Mouzah Saracheah, Pergunnah Tilluckchawand; recorded proprietors, Rughoobeer Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 306-2-7.

No. 3393.—Mouzah Roopowlee Boozoorg, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Bebee Bholun and others; sudder jumma, rupees 206-4-4.

No. 3499.—Mouzah Esa Chuck, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Ramdial Jha and others; sudder jumma, rupees 206-4-4.

H. L. Dampier,
Offg. Collector.

Tirhoot;
Collector's Office,
The 16th April 1859.

Printed by Thomas Jones, at the Bengal Secretariat Office.

SECOND SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, APRIL 30, 1859.

No. 2297 of 1859.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort William, Foreign Department.

THE 30TH APRIL 1859.

THE Right Honorable the Governor General is pleased to make the following appointments :—

Colonel Sir Richmond Shakespear, Knight, to be Agent to the Governor General for Central India.

Major W. F. Eden, 1st Madras Native Infantry, to be Political Agent in Meywar.

Major R. L. Taylor, 18th Bombay Native Infantry, to be Political Agent at Jeypore.

Major R. Morrieson, 52nd Native Infantry, to be Political Agent at Harowtee.

Captain J. P. Nixon, 25th Bombay Native Infantry, to be Political Agent at Joudhpore.

Major P. A. P. Bouverie, 35th Native Infantry, to be Political Agent at Bhurtpore.

Captain A. R. E. Hutchinson, 13th Native Infantry, to be Political Agent at Bhopal.

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PRINTED BY THOMAS JONES, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

No. 36.] [1013]

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 4, 1859.

Home Department.

No. 904.

Fort William, the 2nd May 1859.

Notifications.—The Hon'ble John Peter Grant having been appointed by His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Viceroy and Governor General of India, subject to the approbation of Her Majesty, to be Lieutenant-Governor of the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William from the 1st instant, assumed charge of the Office on that date, and has this day taken the prescribed oaths, under the usual salute.

No. 874.

The 30th April 1859.

The Honorable Frederick James Halliday having obtained permission to resign Her Majesty's Civil Service in India from the 1st of May, from which date he will cease to hold the Office of Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct, as a mark of respect due to the Character and Services of Mr. Halliday, that all the Honors and Distinctions to which he is now entitled as Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall be continued to him until the period of his embarkation for Europe.

No. 875.

Under the authority conveyed in the 29th Section of the Act 21 and 22 Victoria, Cap CVI., His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Viceroy and Governor General of India is pleased to appoint, subject to the approbation of Her Majesty, the Honorable John Peter Grant, at present a Member of the Council of the Governor General of India, to be Lieutenant-Governor of the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William, from the 1st of May.

By Order of His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Viceroy and Governor General of India,

W. Grey,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 885.

The 3rd May 1859.

Mr. Fendall Thompson, of the Civil Service, is permitted to proceed to Europe, on furlough, for the remainder of the three years to which he is entitled, commencing from the date of embarkation.

No. 886.

Messrs. H. D. Robertson, W. Bell and J. Watson, of the Civil Service, reported their departure for England by the Steam Ship *Nubia*, which Vessel was left by the Pilot at Sea on the 25th instant.

No. 899.

Mr. T. H. Cowie, Standing Counsel to the Government, reported his return from leave to England on Medical Certificate, and the resumption of the duties of his Office on the 29th instant.

The unexpired portion of his leave is cancelled.

No. 900.

The 3rd May 1859.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council has been pleased to permit the Hon'ble Sir John Lawrence, Bart., K. C. B., Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab and its Dependencies, to resign the Civil Service from the 1st instant.

No. 901.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council has been pleased to permit Mr. William Bell, of the Civil Service, to resign the Service from the 1st instant.

No. 902.

Lieutenant C. Y. Ward, I. N., reported his departure for England, on Medical Certificate, per P. and O. Company's Steamer *Nubia*, which Vessel was left by the Pilot at Sea on the 25th ultimo.

No. 903.

The following extract (paragraph 1) from a Despatch No. 33, of 1859, dated the 24th March, from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, is published for general information :—

Mr. Thomas Frank Bignold has been appointed a Member of the Civil Service on your Establishment.

W. Grey,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Legislative Council of India.

The 30th April 1859.

The following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 30th April 1859, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

Act No. IX of 1859.

An Act to provide for the adjudication of claims to property seized as forfeited.

Preamble.

Whereas it is expedient to make provision for the adjudication of claims to property seized as forfeited, with a view to the speedy determination of the same; and whereas it is also expedient to remove doubts concerning the powers of Officers or other persons to whom Commissions may have been issued for the trial of heinous offences in certain districts, and concerning the validity of convictions and adjudications of forfeiture made by such Officers or other persons ; It is enacted as follows :—

Courts of Special Commission to be established.

I. It shall be lawful for the Executive Governments of the Lower and North-Western Provinces of the Presidency of Bengal, to establish within any part of the Territories subject to their respective Governments, Courts of Special Commission for the trial and determination of claims to property seized as forfeited, and to assign, from time to time, such local jurisdiction to the Courts so established as may appear proper. Provided that no additional expense shall be incurred by the establishment of any such Court without the previous sanction of the Governor General of India in Council.

Proviso.

Court to consist of three Commissioners.

II. Every Court established under this Act shall consist of not less than three Commissioners who shall sit together for the trial and determination of claims; but any one or more of them shall have power to make all such orders as may be necessary for preparing the cases that may be instituted for trial and decision.

Notification of establishment of Court in any District.

III. Whenever any Court shall be established under the provisions of this Act, with jurisdiction in any district or districts, notice thereof shall be given by a written proclamation, of which copies shall be affixed in the several Courts and in the Offices of the several Collectors and Magistrates of such district or districts ; and the powers heretofore vested in the Courts of such district or districts in respect of all cases cognizable by the Courts established under this Act, shall be suspended until such Courts shall be informed, by an order under the signature of the Secretary to Government, that the local jurisdiction of such Court of Special Commission has ceased, of which notice shall be given by proclamation in the manner aforesaid.

Transfer of pending suits.

IV. Any case pending before any Court sitting as a Court of original jurisdiction at the time of the passing of this Act, in respect of a matter made cognizable by Courts established under its provisions, shall be transferred to the Court of Special Commission, within the limits of whose jurisdiction the property in dispute is situate, and such Court shall summon the defendant and proceed to dispose of the case in the same manner as if it had been instituted before it.

Court where to be held.

V. The Courts established under this Act shall be held at such place within the limits of their respective jurisdiction, as shall from time to time be appointed by the local Government.

Form of plaint.

VI. The plaint in suits instituted under this Act shall be written on the stamp paper prescribed for petitions of plaint in regular suits, and shall contain the following particulars, namely,

The name, description, and place of abode of the plaintiff, the relief sought for, the subject of the claim, and the cause of action ; and if the suit be brought against a defendant other than the Government or some Officer on the part of Government, the name, description, and place of abode of such defendant.

Verification of plaint.

VII. The plaint shall be verified in the manner prescribed for the verification of plaints in Section XXVII. Act VIII of 1859 *(for simplifying the Procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature not established by Royal Charter)* ; and if the plaint contain any averment which the person making the verification shall know or believe to be false, or shall not know or believe to be true, such person shall be subject to punishment according to the provisions of

Punishment for false averment in plaint.

the law for the time being in force for the punishment of giving or fabricating false evidence.

Presentation of plaint

VIII. The plaint may be presented by the plaintiff in person or by his duly constituted representative, either in the principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction in the district in which the property or any part of the property in dispute is situate, or in the Court of Special Commission having jurisdiction over the claim under this Act. If the plaint be not presented in the Court of Special Commi-sion, it shall be forwarded to such Court without delay.

Procedure before hearing of suit.

IX. The Court shall fix a day for the appearance of the parties and for the hearing of the suit, of which due notice shall be given to the parties or their representatives, and on the day so fixed the parties shall bring their witnesses into Court, together with any documents on which they may intend to rely in support of their respective statements If either party require the assistance of the Court to procure the attendance of a witness on such day, he shall apply to the Court in sufficient time before the day fixed for the hearing of the suit, and the Court shall issue a subpœna requiring such witness to attend the Court on that day. It shall be competent to the Court to require the personal attendance of the plaintiff on the day fixed for the hearing of the suit or at any subsequent stage.

Procedure on hearing.

X. On the day fixed for the hearing of the suit or as soon after as may be practicable, the Court shall proceed to examine the plaintiff or his representative (when his personal attendance is not required) and the witnesses of the parties, and upon such examination and after inspecting the documents of the parties and making any further enquiry that may appear necessary, shall proceed to pass such order in the case in respect both to the claim and to the costs of suit as it may consider just and proper.

Examination, &c., of witnesses.

XI. It shall not be necessary to take down the depositions of the witnesses in writing at length; but the Court, as the examination of each witness proceeds, shall reduce into writing the substance of what such witness deposes, and the deposition so taken shall form part of the record. In all other respects the provisions of the Regulations and Acts for procuring the attendance of witnesses and for the examination, remuneration, and punishment of witnesses in suits before the Civil Courts, shall be of equal force and effect in cases tried under this Act.

Decisions.

XII. The rules contained in Act XII of 1813 *(concerning the time at which and the language in which the decisions of the Judges in the Courts of the East India Company are to be written)* shall be applicable to decisions passed under this Act.

No appeal.

XIII. No appeal shall lie from any decision passed under this Act, nor shall any such decision be open to revision.

Execution of decrees.

XIV. The decrees of the Courts of Special Commission established under this Act shall be enforced by the Civil Courts of the district in which the property in dispute is situate, under the rules applicable to the execution of decrees passed by those Courts.

Records of cases where to be deposited.

XV. The records of cases disposed of by Courts established under this Act shall be deposited amongst the records of the principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction in the district in which the property in dispute is situate.

Validity of convictions of offences involving forfeiture of property not to be questioned by any Court.

XVI. Whenever any person shall have been convicted of an offence for which his property was forfeited to Government, no Court has power in any suit or proceeding relating to such property, to question the validity of the conviction.

Validity of conviction not to be questioned because the record does not show in what capacity the convicting Officer acted.

XVII. Whenever any person shall have been convicted as above by an Officer having power to try and convict, the validity of any such conviction shall not be questioned upon the ground that the record of the conviction does not show in what capacity such Officer acted, or that it represents him to have acted in a different capacity from that in which he had power to convict.

Property attached without adjudication of forfeiture.

XVIII. Whenever any property shall have been attached or seized without either conviction or an adjudication of forfeiture by any Officer of Government as property forfeited or liable to be forfeited to Government for an offence for which upon conviction the property of the offender would be forfeited, the validity of such attachment or seizure shall not be called in question by any Court or other authority in any suit or proceeding, unless the offender or alleged offender shall, within one year after the seizure of his property, have surrendered himself for trial and upon trial before a competent Court shall have been or shall be acquitted of the offence and shall prove to the satisfaction of the Court that he did not escape or keep out of the way for the purpose of evading justice. Nothing in this Section shall extend to persons entitled to pardon under Her Majesty's proclamation published in the Calcutta Gazette Extraordinary dated the 1st November 1858, or to any person who, having surrendered himself within the period of one year after the seizure of his property, shall be discharged by order of Government without a prosecution.

Validity of such attachment not to be questioned unless offender surrender within one year and be acquitted, &c.

Proviso.

Release of property attached as forfeited.

XIX. No Judge or other person acting as Commissioner under the provisions of Acts XIV and XVI of 1857 has power to release property attached or seized as forfeited or as liable to be forfeited to Government except under the provisions of Section VIII Act

XXV of 1857, when the offender or alleged offender shall have surrendered himself for trial and shall be tried and acquitted by such Judge or Commissioner, and shall prove that he did not escape or keep out of the way for the purpose of evading justice; and any order passed by any such Judge or Commissioner for the release of any property attached or seized as forfeited or liable to be forfeited to Government, except upon the acquittal before him of the person accused, and upon proof that he did not escape or keep out of the way for the purpose of evading justice, is hereby declared null and void.

Act not affect the rights of parties not charged with an offence punishable by forfeiture of property.

XX. Nothing in this Act shall be held to affect the rights of parties not charged with any offence for which upon conviction the property of the offender is forfeited, in respect of any property attached or seized as forfeited or liable to be forfeited to Government; provided that no suit brought by any party in respect of such property shall be entertained unless it be instituted within the period of one year from the date of the attachment or seizure of the property to which the suit relates.

Proviso.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE 23rd APRIL 1859.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council of India, on the 23rd April 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 30th of July next:—

A Bill to amend Act III of 1857 (relating to trespasses by Cattle).

Preamble.

WHEREAS, under the provisions of Act III of 1857, fines may be levied from the owners of Cattle found trespassing and doing damage or straying in any public place, and all unclaimed Cattle so found may be sold after sufficient notice; and whereas it is provided in the said Act that the sums received on account of fines and the unclaimed proceeds of the sale of unclaimed Cattle shall be applied to the payment of the salaries of pound-keepers and other purposes connected with the execution of the Act; and whereas the amount of the said sums may be larger than is required for the said purposes, and it is expedient to provide for their legal application to other purposes; It is enacted as follows:—

Appropriation of surplus fines, &c.

I. When the amount of the sums received on account of fines and the unclaimed proceeds of the sale of unclaimed Cattle is larger than is required for the payment of the salaries allowed to pound-keepers and the expenses incurred for the construction and maintenance of pounds and other purposes connected with the execution of the said Act, any surplus which may remain after making full provision for the said salaries and expenses may be applied, under the direction of the local Government, to the construction and repair of roads and bridges, and other works of a like nature.

Act to be read as part of Act III of 1857.

II. This Act shall be read with and taken as part of Act. III of 1857.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE 23RD APRIL 1859.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council of India, on the 23rd April 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 30th of July next:—

A Bill to empower Magistrates to decide certain disputes between contractors and workmen engaged in Railway and other works.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to empower Magistrates to decide disputes concerning wages and certain other disputes between contractors and workmen engaged in Railway and other works; It is enacted as follows:—

Who shall be deemed a contractor within this Act.

I. Any person who has contracted or who may hereafter contract to construct any portion of a Railway, canal, or other public work, the construction of which is or shall be sanctioned by Parliament or by the Government of India, shall be deemed a contractor within the meaning of this Act.

Magistrate to take cognizance of cases of non-payment of wages to workmen by contractors.

II. If any person being a contractor within the meaning of this Act shall employ or engage with any artificer, workman, or laborer for the execution of any work connected with or incidental to the performance of his contract (whether such work is to be performed by the person so employed or engaged or by others to be employed with, by or under him), and shall not from time to time pay all such sums of money and wages as shall be justly due to the person or persons so employed, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate of the Zillah or District where the work is performed, to take cognizance of the matter.

To decide summarily after summoning the parties, &c.

III. The Magistrate shall summon such contractor (or in his absence his local manager or agent) to appear at a time and place to be named in the summons; and it shall be lawful for the Magistrate to examine witnesses upon oath or solemn affirmation and in a summary way to decide between the parties, which decision shall be final and conclusive to all intents and purposes.

Order for payment.

IV. The Magistrate shall order the payment of such sum of money as shall appear to him to be justly due to the person or persons so employed as aforesaid,

and in default of payment of such sum immediately or within such time as the Magistrate shall direct, he shall issue his warrant to levy the same by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the defaulting contractor.

Distress.

V. If any question shall arise whether any goods or chattels seized under the warrant of distress belong to the defaulter or are liable to be distrained and sold as aforesaid, the decision and order of the Magistrate shall be final and conclusive with respect thereto.

Property distrained.

VI. Any artificer, workman, or laborer employed or engaged by a contractor within the meaning of this Act to execute any work of the nature mentioned in Section I, who shall wilfully and without lawful or reasonable excuse neglect or refuse to perform such work, shall be liable on conviction before the Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rupees. The Magistrate may, at the request of the complainant or of any one authorized to act on his behalf, instead of fining such artificer, workman, or laborer, order him to perform or get performed the work according to the terms of his contract, and if he shall fail to comply with the order, the Magistrate may, upon proof to his satisfaction of such non-compliance, sentence such artificer, workman, or laborer to be imprisoned with hard labor for any term not exceeding months.

Penalty for workmen neglecting or refusing to work.

VII. The word "Magistrate" in this Act shall include any person who may be specially empowered by the Executive Government to exercise the powers vested in a Magistrate by this Act.

Interpretation. 'Magistrate.'

VIII. This Act shall take effect only in those Districts or places to which it shall be extended by order of the Governor General of India in Council or of the Executive Government of any Presidency or place.

Operation of Act.

W. Morgan,
Clerk of the Council.

The 30th April 1859.

The following Bill was read a first and second time in the Legislative Council of India on the 30th April 1859, and referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon within a month:—

A Bill to provide for the more speedy disposal of Appeals in cases appealable to the Sudder Court and of applications for Special Appeals.

Whereas by reason of the large number of regular appeals preferred in the Sudder Courts of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, much delay occurs in the hearing and determination of such Appeals; and it is expedient that measures should be provided for the more speedy disposal of the same: and whereas it is also expedient that in cases of application for special appeal any order passed by a single Judge of either of the said Courts for the admission or the rejection of any such appeal should be final; It is enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

I. In suits decided by Principal Sudder Ameens in any part of the said Presidency where the amount or value of the suit shall be less than ten thousand Rupees, the appeal shall lie to the Zillah Judge, and shall not lie to the Sudder Court, any thing in Section IV Act XXV of 1837 to the contrary notwithstanding.

Appeals, in suits decided by Principal Sudder Ameens below Rupees 10,000, to lie to Zillah Judge.

II. All applications for special appeal, which are now pending in either of the said Sudder Courts, or which have been presented in any subordinate Court for transmission to the Sudder Court, and all such applications which may be hereafter presented under the provisions of Act XVI of 1853, may be heard, and on hearing may be either admitted or rejected by a single Judge of the Sudder Court, and the order passed by such Judge either for the admission or the rejection of the appeal shall be final, any thing in Clause 4 Section VIII of Act XVI of 1853 to the contrary notwithstanding. Provided always that, except under the circumstances and for the purpose described in Clause 1 of the said Section, no case shall be remanded to the Court which passed the decree by the order of a single Judge; but when such Judge shall make an order for remand, the case shall be dealt with in the manner provided in Clauses 4 and 5 of the said Section.

Applications for special appeals to be heard by a single Judge of the Sudder Court.

Proviso.

W. Morgan,
Clerk of the Council.

The 30th April 1859.

The following Bill, as settled in Committee of the whole Council, was ordered to be published for general information, and to be re-considered after two months:—

A Bill for the establishment of Courts of Small Causes beyond the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Supreme Courts of Judicature established by Royal Charter.

Whereas, with a view to the more easy recovery of small debts and demands, it is expedient to establish Courts of Small Causes beyond the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Supreme Courts of Judicature established by Royal Charter at the several Presidencies of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay; It is enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

I. It shall be lawful for the Executive Government of any of the said Presidencies or of any place, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, to constitute Courts of Small Causes, with the required establishment of Officers, at any place within the limits of their respective Governments, for the trial of suits under this Act. Whenever any such Court may be so constituted, the Executive Government shall fix the territorial jurisdiction of such Court, and may, from time to time, alter the same as may appear proper.

Constitution of Small Cause Courts.

Limits of territorial jurisdiction to be fixed.

II. The following are the suits which shall be cognizable by Courts of Small Causes constituted under this Act, namely, claims for money due, whether on bond or other contract, or for rent, or for personal property, or for the value of such property, or for damages, when the debt, damage, or demand does not exceed in amount or value the sum of five hundred Rupees. Provided that no action shall lie in any such Court on a balance of partnership account, unless the balance shall have been struck by the parties or their agents; or for a share or part of a share under an intestacy, or for a legacy or part of a legacy under a will; or for any claim for the rent of land or any other claim for which a suit may be brought before a Revenue Officer, if commenced in due time; or for the recovery of damages on account of alleged personal injuries, unless special damage of a pecuniary nature shall have resulted from such injury.

Description of suits cognizable by Small Cause Courts.

Proviso.

III. Every Court of Small Causes constituted under this Act shall have cognizance of all such suits as are mentioned in the last preceding Section, if the cause of action shall have arisen or the defendant at the time of the commencement of the suit shall dwell or personally work for gain within the local limits of the jurisdiction of such Court.

Jurisdiction of the Courts.

IV. Every Court constituted under this Act shall use a seal, bearing the following inscription in English and in the language of the Court—"Court of Small Causes of ;" and every such Court shall be subject to the general control and orders of the Judge of the District and of the Sudder Court.

Seal of the Court.

Court to be generally subject to the Zillah Judge and Sudder Court.

V. Whenever a Court of Small Causes is constituted under this Act, all suits cognizable under the provisions of this Act, for any amount exceeding twenty Rupees which shall arise within the limits of the jurisdiction of such Court, shall be heard and determined in such Court and shall not be cognizable in any other Court.

Suits cognizable by a Small Cause Court under this Act not to be cognizable in any other Court.

VI. Nothing in this Act shall be held to take away the jurisdiction which a Magistrate, or a person exercising the powers of a Magistrate, or an Assistant or a Deputy Magistrate, can now exercise in regard to debts or other claims of a Civil nature; or the jurisdiction which can be exercised by Village Moonsiffs or Village or District Punchayets under the provisions of the Madras Code, or by Military Courts of Request, or by Cantonment Joint Magistrates invested with Civil jurisdiction under Act III of 1850, or by a single Officer duly authorized and appointed under the rules in force in the Presidencies of Fort St. George and Bombay respectively, for the trial of small suits in Military Bazars, in Cantonments, and Stations occupied by the troops of those Presidencies respectively, or by Punchayets in regard to suits against Military persons, according to the rules in force under the Presidency of Fort St, George.

Saving of jurisdiction of Magistrates, &c.

of Village Moonsiffs and Village or District Punchayets in Madras.

of Military Courts of Request—

of single Officers appointed to try small suits in Madras and Bombay.

and of Military Punchayets in Madras

VII. Courts of Small Causes constituted under this Act shall be held at such place or places within the local limits of their respective jurisdictions as shall from time to time be appointed by the local Government to which such Courts are subordinate.

Courts where to be held.

VIII. Whenever any such Court is directed to be held at more places than one within the local limits of its jurisdiction, the Judge of such Court, subject to the control of the Judge of the District, shall appoint the time at which the Court shall hold its sittings in every such place. Due notice of the time so appointed shall be given by a proclamation to be fixed up in some conspicuous place in the Court-house or other building in which the sittings of the Court are to be held.

Time of holding Courts, if they be directed to be held in more places than one.

IX. The procedure to be observed in the trial of cases cognizable under this Act, shall be that prescribed in Act VIII of 1859 *(for simplifying the Procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature not established by Royal Charter)*, in so far as the same may be applicable and necessary. Provided that in all suits under this Act the summons to the defendant shall be for the final disposal of the suit, and provided also that, at the time of passing a decree under this Act, the Court may on the verbal application of the party in whose favor the decree is passed direct immediate execution of the same by the issue of a warrant directed either generally against the personal property of the judgment debtor wherever it may be found within the local limits of the Court's jurisdiction, or specially against any personal property belonging to the judgment debtor within the same limits which may be indicated by the judgment creditor.

Procedure.

Proviso.

X. In the execution of a decree under this Act, if, after the sale of the moveable property of a judgment debtor, any portion of a judgment shall remain due and the holder of such judgment desire to issue execution upon any immoveable property belonging to the judgment debtor, the Court, on the application of such judgment creditor, shall grant him a copy of the judgment and a certificate of any sum remaining due under it, and on the presentation of such copy and certificate to any Civil Court having general jurisdiction in which the immoveable property of the judgment debtor is situate, such Court shall proceed to enforce such judgment according to its own rules and mode of procedure in like cases.

Execution against immoveable property, if moveable property not sufficient.

XI. In suits tried under this Act, all decisions and orders of the Court shall be final. Provided that it shall be competent to the Court, if it shall think fit, to grant a new trial if applied for within the period of thirty days from the date of the decision.

Decision in certain suits to be final.

Proviso.

XII. If in the trial of any suit under this Act any question of law or usage having the force of law or the construction of a document affecting the merits of the decision shall arise, on which the Court may entertain reasonable doubts, the Court may, either of its own motion or on the application of any of the parties to the suit, draw up a statement of the

Court may refer questions of law &c. to Sudder Court

case and submit it, with its own opinion, for the decision of the Sudder Court.

Court may pass decree contingent upon the opinion of the Sudder Court, pending which execution not to issue.

XIII. The Court may proceed in the case, notwithstanding a reference to the Sudder Court, and may pass a decree contingent upon the opinion of the Sudder Court on the point referred; but no execution shall be issued in any case in which a reference may be made to the Sudder Court, until the receipt of the order of that Court.

Full bench of the Sudder Court to decide cases referred under this Act.

XIV. Cases referred for the opinion of the Sudder Court shall be dealt with by a full bench of that Court.

Sudder Court to fix an early day for the hearing of the case. Proclamation thereof.

XV. The Sudder Court shall fix an early day for the hearing of the case, and shall notify the same by a proclamation to be fixed up in the Court-house of that Court.

Parties may appear and be heard in person or by pleader.

XVI. The parties to the case may appear and be heard in the Sudder Court in person or by pleader.

Decision of Sudder Court how to be transmitted.

XVII. The Sudder Court, when it has heard and considered the case, shall transmit a copy of its judgment, under the seal of the Court and the signature of the Register, to the Court by which the reference was made; and such Court shall, on the receipt thereof, proceed to dispose of the case conformably to the decision of the Sudder Court.

Costs of reference to Sudder Court.

XVIII. Costs, if any, consequent on the reference of a case for the opinion of the Sudder Court shall be costs in the suit.

No appeal from decision of any existing Court subordinate to a District Court in suits below 20 Rupees.

XIX. No appeal shall lie from a decree of any existing Court subordinate to a District Court in any suit of the description contained in Section II, when the debt, damage, or demand shall not exceed twenty Rupees, but every such decree shall be final. Provided that the provisions of Section IX and the proviso in Section XI shall be applicable to every suit in which the decree is by this Section made final.

Proviso.

No special appeal from decision of any Court subordinate to the Sudder Court in suits below 500 Rupees.

XX. No special appeal shall lie from any decision or order passed on regular appeal by any Court subordinate to the Sudder Court in any suit of the nature described in Section II, when the debt, damage, or demand for which the original suit shall be instituted shall not exceed five hundred Rupees. But every such order or decision shall be final.

Reference of questions to Sudder Court under two last preceding Sections.

XXI. In every case in which a decree or decision is by the two last preceding Sections made final, the Court passing the final decree or decision shall have the same power to draw up a statement of the case for the opinion of the Sudder Court as is hereby vested in a Court of Small Causes, and all the provisions of this Act relative to statements drawn up by Courts of Small Causes shall be applicable to statements drawn up under the provisions of this Section.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Foreign Department.

No. 2373.

Fort William, the 29th April 1859.

Lieutenants Badgely and Drake are appointed to do duty with the Oudh Military Police, the former from the 26th November, and the latter from the 18th December last.

No. 2374.

Mr. W. A. Forbes made over charge of the Office of Officiating Commissioner Baraich Division, in Oudh, to Mr. D. Simson, on the 15th instant.

No. 2375.

Captain W. H. Beynon, Assistant Agent to the Governor General in Rajpootana, received charge of the Jeypore Political Agency on the 10th instant, as a temporary arrangement.

No. 2376.

With reference to General Order dated 16th ultimo, No. 1119, Captain Elliot, Deputy Commissioner of Nagpore, has obtained a further extension of leave to the 14th instant, the date on which he resumed charge of the Raepore District from Mr. J. H. Master.

No. 2377.

The 2nd May 1859.

The services of Lieutenant E. L. Ommaney, 59th Native Infantry, Assistant Commissioner in Pegu, and late in charge of the Delhie State Prisoners, are re-placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab and its Dependencies.

No. 2378.

The 3rd May 1859.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Major W. F. Eden, Political Agent at Maywar, to officiate as Agent to the Governor General for the States of Rajpootana.

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Financial Department.

No. 31 of 1859.

Fort William, 30th April 1859.

Notifications.—Referring to paragraph 16 of the Notification of this Department, No. 14, dated the 21st February last, it is hereby notified, that from and after the 1st of May next, the Sub-Treasurers at Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, the several Residents at Native Courts, the several Collectors of Land Revenue under the several Presidencies, and the Officers in charge of District Treasuries in the Territories immediately subordinate to the Government of India, will be authorized to receive money for the purchase of Treasury Bills, payable to Order, and bearing Interest at the rate of two-and-a-half Pie a day, for every one hundred Rupees.

2. On money being paid into their Treasuries, the said Sub-Treasurers and Officers aforesaid will issue Loan Certificates in the usual manner, which Certificates will be exchanged at the Offices of the Accountants General at the several Presidencies for Treasury Bills, as soon as possible.

The Loan Certificates will be issued in the following form :—

LOAN ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

No.

Calcutta (Madras or Bombay, as the case may be) General Treasury,

The

I hereby acknowledge that has this day paid into the Treasury at the sum of Company's Rupees , for which he is entitled to receive a Treasury Bill bearing Interest from the date of this Acknowledgment, of the tenor, and subject to the condition specified in Form No. (1 or 2 as the case may be) set forth in the Advertisement published in the Calcutta Gazette Extraordinary of the 30th of April 1859.

Company's Rupees

Sub-Treasurer.

The Treasury Bills will be issued, at the option of the subscriber, in either of the two following Forms, subject to the conditions specified therein :—

No. 1.

TREASURY BILL, BENGAL, (MADRAS OR BOMBAY, AS THE CASE MAY BE.)

The Governor General of India in Council does hereby acknowledge to have received from on this day of 18 *the sum of Company's Rupees, as a Loan to the Secretary of State in Council of India, and does hereby, on behalf of the said Secretary of State in Council, promise to pay the said sum, together with any Interest that may be due thereon, at the rate of two-and-a-half Pies a day for every hundred Rupees to the said or his Executors or Administrators, or to his or their Order, at the General Treasury in Calcutta, (Madras or Bombay, as the case may be) on demand, at any time after the expiration of one year from the date hereof, and also in the mean time to pay Interest on the said sum at the rate aforesaid, half-yearly, at the said General Treasury, provided that the said sum shall be liable to be paid off at the option of the Governor General in Council at any time after the expiration of one year from the date hereof, upon notice being given in the Calcutta Gazette, at least three Calendar months before the time fixed for the proposed payment, after which time all further Interest will cease. After the expiration of one year from the date hereof, this Bill will be receivable for the amount of the Principal, and any Interest due thereon, in payment of Government Revenue at any Treasury in Bengal, the North-Western Provinces, Nagpore, Oude or the Punjab, (the Madras or Bombay Presidency, as the case may be,) or in subscriptions to any Loan that may be generally open, as well as in payment of any demand of Government, payable at the said General Treasury, or payable in Bengal, the North-Western Provinces, Nagpore, Oude or the Punjab, (to the Government of Madras, or to the Government of Bombay as the case may be,) on Account of Salt, Opium or Customs.*

No. dated the 1859.

No. 2.

TREASURY BILL, BENGAL, (MADRAS OR BOMBAY AS THE CASE MAY BE.)

The Governor General of India in Council does hereby acknowledge to have received from on this day of 18 *, the sum of Company's Rupees, as a Loan to the Secretary of State in Council of India, for which Interest shall be paid to the said or his Executors or Administrators, or to his or their Order, half-yearly, at the rate of two-and-a-half Pie per day for every one hundred Rupees.*

The said sum shall be liable to be paid off, at the option of the Governor General of India in Council, at any time after the expiration of one year from the date of this Bill, upon notice being given in the Calcutta Gazette at least three Calendar months before the time fixed for the proposed payment, after which time all further Interest will cease. It shall be at the option of the lawful holder of this Note to obtain payment thereof three months after sight, by presenting the same at the Office of the Accountant General in Calcutta (Madras or Bombay, as the case may be) and obtaining a Memorandum in writing on the Note, signed by the Accountant General, or some other Officer duly authorized on that behalf, acknowledging the presentment and the date thereof, which acknowledgment shall be given on presentment. In case of presentment, as aforesaid, the Principal sum of Rupees will be payable at the General Treasury in Calcutta (Madras or Bombay, as the case may be) at any time after the expiration of three months from the date of such acknowledgment, together with Interest at the rate aforesaid up to the expiration of the period of three months, but all Interest shall cease from the expiration of that period.

No. dated the 18 .

Loan Acknowledgments issued from the Treasuries in the Presidencies of Madras and Bombay will be exchanged for Treasury Bills at the Offices of the Accountants General of those Presidencies respectively: Loan Acknowledgments issued from Treasuries in Bengal, the North-Western Provinces, Nagpore, Oude and the Punjab, will be exchanged for Treasury Bills at the Office of the Accountant General to the Government of India at Calcutta: Loan Acknowledgments issued by Residents at Native Courts, and Officers in charge of District Treasuries in Territories other than the above, immediately subordinate to the Government of India, will be exchanged for Treasury Bills at the Office of the Accountant General of the nearest Presidency.

The Bills will be issued in sums of Rupees 200, Rupees 500, Rupees 1,000, Rupees 5,000 and Rupees 10,000.

The Bills issued by the Accountant General to the Government of India will be signed by the Secretary to the Government of India in the Financial Department. Those issued by the Accountants General at Bombay and Madras, by the Chief Secretaries to those Governments respectively.

Published by Order of His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council,

C. Hugh Lushington,
Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 29 of 1859.

Mr. Ricketts' Report on Civil Salaries being now under the consideration of His Excellency the Governor General in Council, it is hereby notified that in the case of all Civil Appointments made after the date of this Notification, the Salaries of such Appointments will be held to be subject to such Reductions as may be determined upon by the Government of India, provisionally; and permanently, to such Reductions as shall be ordered by the Secretary of State for India.

Published by Order of His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council,

C. Hugh Lushington,
Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 30.

The 29th April 1859.

Notification.—The following letter to the Civil Auditor, Fort William, is published for general information:—

No. 3280.

To the Civil Auditor,
Fort William.

Sir,

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 844, dated the 21st ultimo, suggesting that one month's preparatory leave be granted on half-pay to Uncovenanted Servants, desirous of retiring from the Service on Pension.

In reply, I am desired to state that Uncovenanted Servants about to resign the Service, who are residents in India, and have no voyage to prepare for, have not, in the opinion of the Governor General in Council, any reasonable claim to a month's "preparatory" leave; but he thinks that this indulgence, which is granted on half pay to Covenanted Servants, may be extended to *European* Uncovenanted Servants, intending to proceed to Europe immediately on retirement, on the understanding, however, that it shall subject to the same condition as the leave to Convenanted Officers, viz. that it shall be granted only in case it can be given without detriment to the Public Service.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) C. Hugh Lushington,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Council Chamber,
The 29th April 1859.

By Order of His Excellency the Governor General of India in Council,

C. Hugh Lushington,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, the 30th April 1859.

No. 607 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Men who were pronounced by the Invaliding Committee to be unfit for further duty, and recommended to be sent to Europe, are admitted each to a pension equivalent to (9) nine Pence per diem under the provisions of General Orders of the 5th February 1820, with permission to reside in India, subject to the confirmation of the Right Honorable the Secretary of State :—

Gunner Robert Craig, of the 3rd Troop, 1st Brigade, Horse Artillery.

Private Michael Hearn, of the 3rd Troop, 1st Brigade, Horse Artillery.

No. 608 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate :—

Captain Henry Joseph Hughes, of the 62nd Regiment Native Infantry ...	For two years under the old Regulations.

Fort William, the 3rd May 1859.

No. 609 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council has much satisfaction in publishing the following letter from the Officiating Adjutant General of the Army, No. 132, of the 17th April 1859, forwarding detailed Reports of the attack made on the insurgents in the first range of the Nepal Hills on the 28th ultimo, by the Troops under Colonel Kelly, C. B.

His Excellency in Council while concurring with the Commander-in-Chief in the approbation expressed by His Lordship, desires to record his thanks to Colonel Kelly and Captains Renny and Stafford in Command of Columns, and the Officers and Troops employed on this occasion.

No. 132.

From the Offg. Adjt. Genl. of the Army,
To the Secretary to the Govt. of India,
Military Department.

Sir,

In continuation of my letter of the 6th instant, No. 93,* I have the honor, by direction of the Commander-in Chief, to transmit, for the information of His Excellency the Governor General in Council, detailed Reports of the attack made on the insurgents in the first range of the Nepal Hills on the 28th ultimo, by the Troops under Colonel R. D. Kelly, C. B., of H. M.'s 31th Foot.

* G. G. O. No. 558, of 1859.

2. Lord Clyde desires to record his approval of Colonel Kelly's arrangements, and to recommend to the favorable notice of the Governor General Captains Renny and Stafford in Command of Columns, and the Officers and Troops employed.

3. His Lordship further solicits the bestowal of the 3rd Class of the Order of Merit upon the Native Officers and Soldiers of the 3rd Seikh Infantry and 7th Punjaub Infantry, who are specially brought to notice.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) H. W. Norman, *Major*,
Offg. Adjt. Genl. of the Army.

Head Quarters,
Camp Bootana, 17th April 1859.

No. 200.

From Colonel R. D. Kelly,
Commanding Field Force,
To the Depy. Asst. Adjutant General,
Oude Division, Lucknow.

Camp near Bootwul, the 30th March 1859.

Sir,

In my letter No. 186, of 28th instant, to the address of the Quarter-Master General of the Army, I gave a short statement of the successful attack made, on the morning of the 28th instant, by a portion of the Force under my Command on the Rebels posted in the first range of the Nepal Hills; and I have now the honor to forward for the information of Major-General Sir Hope Grant, K. C. B., a more detailed account of the affair, which I request he will have the goodness to transmit for submission to his Lordship the Commander-in-Chief.

2. The Force intended for the attack was divided into two Columns; that on the right Commanded by Captain Stafford 7th Punjaub Infantry, consisted of that Regiment and a Detachment of 92 men of Her Majesty's 13th Light Infantry, Commanded by Lieutenant Gilbert. The left under Captain Renny, of his own Regiment the 3rd Seikh Infantry, and a Detachment of 92 men, of Her Majesty's 13th Light Infantry, under Captain Peel: the strength of these Columns is given in the margin.

Right Column.
H. M.'s 13th Light Infantry.
Lieutenant Gilbert.
" Sanderson.
6 Serjeants.
1 Bugler.
85 Privates.

7th Punjaub Infantry
3 European Officers.
9 Native. "
44 Havildars.
4 Buglers.
471 Sepoys.

Left Column.
H. M.'s 13th Light Infantry
2 Officers.
4 Serjeants.
1 Bugler.
87 Privates.

3rd Seikh Infantry.
4 European Officers.
15 Native "
44 Havildars.
623 Rank and file.

3. The remainder of the Force consisting of the Field Battery Royal Artillery under Major Henry; the remainder of the Wing Her Majesty's 13th Light Infantry under Lieutenant-Colonel King; Her Majesty's 31th Regiment under Lieutenant-Colonel Simpson; the Jât Horse under Major Murray; Lahore Light Horse under Captain Jackson, Her Majesty's 70th Regiment; and Pathan Horse under Lieutenant Vivian, were distributed in a chain of Picquets skirting the jungle to cut off the escape of the enemy should they attempt it from the direction of the base of the hills; 3 Companies of Her Majesty's 31th Regiment under Major Maxwell were left to guard our Camps which were left standing.

4. At day-break the attacking Columns left the Camp and pushing through the dense belt of jungle skirting the base of the hills, commenced their steep ascent at the points selected by me the previous evening, and skilfully led by Captains Stafford and Renny, they ascended the spurs of the hills by which they commanded the Gorges on either side, and notwithstanding the opposition made by the Rebels greatly superior to them in numbers, with all the advantages of position in their favor, fairly drove them from ridge to ridge completely over the crest of the range, inflicting on them a loss of at least four hundred in killed alone, and a quantity of Arms of all sorts thrown away by them, six Elephants and about twenty five Camels and three hundred Horses and Ponies were also captured.

5. Our loss amounted to five men killed and one European Officer Lieutenant and Adjutant Baillie, 7th Punjaub Infantry, (who although severely wounded is I am glad to say doing well) one Native Officer and eight men wounded, total five killed and ten wounded, which although to be regretted, will not I hope be considered out of proportion to the advantage gained.

6 I enclose for the information of the Major-General the Reports of their operations made to me by Captains Renny and Stafford, and I trust that he will support my recommendation that their valuable services on this occasion as well as on that of the affair of 25th instant, may receive some recognition. The conduct of all engaged both Officers and Men was admirable.

7. The difficulties of a steep ascent through a thick jungle, and under a burning sun, and exposed to a heavy fire, were overcome with cheerfulness and with a resolution which overcame all opposition, and left the enemy no resource but flight, and I beg to recommend to the notice of Sir Hope Grant the names of the Officers and Men mentioned by Captains Renny and Stafford, *viz.*, Captain Peel and Lieutenant Gilbert, Her Majesty's 13th Light Infantry; Lieutenant Roberts, Her Majesty's 87th Regiment, 2nd in Command 3rd Sikh Infantry; Lieutenant Gordon, Her Majesty's 61st Regiment, 2nd in Command 7th Punjaub Infantry; Lieutenant and Adjutant Baillie of the same Corps (severely wounded;) also—

Soubadar and Native Adjutant Heerah Sing, 3rd Sikh.
Soubader Koodah Sing, ... Ditto.
Naik Abah Khan, ... Ditto.
Sepoy Sobah Sing, ... Ditto.
Soubadar Esur Sing, ... 7th P. I.
Ditto Soubaz Sing, ... Ditto.
Jemadar Ahmed Jee, ... Ditto.
Ditto Lalloo, ... Ditto.

8. The enemy made some attempts to escape on our right and left flanks through the jungle, but a fire being opened on them by the Picquets of Her Majesty's 13th and 34th Regiments stationed there about twenty were killed, and I think few escaped.

In addition to the Officers Commanding Corps and Detachments I have already mentioned, I beg to express my sense of the services rendered by Lieutenant-Colonel Gwilt and Major Maxwell who Commanded post on this occasion, and Lieutenant Cochrane the Staff Officer to the Column. I have also to thank Captain Haig, the Commissariat Officer, with the Column, for his indefatigable exertions to feed the Troops which has been attended with unusual difficulty on account of our being at present in a foreign State.

I enclose Nominal and Numerical Returns of the Killed and wounded, and also a present state of the Force.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) R. D. Kelly, *Colonel*,
Commanding Field Force.

(Signed) J. Hope Grant, *Major-General*,
Commanding Oude Force.

No. 61.

From Captain R. Renny,
Commanding Left Column of Attack,

To Lieut. Cochrane,
Staff Officer.

Camp Field Force, the 29th March 1859

Sir,

For the information of Colonel Kelly, C. B., Commanding the Field Force, I have the honor to report that agreeably to instructions received from him on the previous evening, I marched yesterday morning at ½ o'clock A. M., with the Troops noted in the margin, for the purpose of attacking the enemy's position in the Hills North of Camp.

H. M.'s 13th Light Infantry.
2 Officers.
4 Serjeants.
1 Bugler.
87 Privates.
3rd Sikh Infantry
4 Officers.
15 Native Officers.
44 Havildars.
623 Rank and File.

On reaching the edge of the jungle a little to the Westward, I drew up the Troops in the following order:—

One Company of the 3rd Sikh Infantry extended as skirmishers in front with a Sub-Division in the same order on either flank. The Detachment of H. M.'s 13th Light Infantry and another Company of the 3rd Sikhs in support.

In this order we advanced through the heavy jungle and ascended the ridge of the steep Hill to the North-West.

When half way up the Hill, I was enabled to reconnoitre the position of the enemy and determine my plan of attack.

Two Columns consisting of two Companies of the 3rd Sikh Infantry, with a Section of H. M.'s 13th Light Infantry attached to each were detached to the right, with orders to proceed along the spur of the Hill running out to the North-East. These Detachments were Commanded by Captain Peel, of H. M.'s 13th Light Infantry, and Lieutenant Roberts, 2nd in Command, 3rd Sikh Infantry.

I advanced with the remainder of the Column along the ridge to the top of the Hill, from whence two more parties were detached under Lieutenant Harrison, Adjutant, 3rd Sikh Infantry, and Lieutenant Sartorius, 72nd N. I., attached to H. M.'s 13th Light Infantry.

The enemy were now completely surrounded, and the different Columns commenced the descent simultaneously, and although we had to pass down the face of the Hill through a most dense and difficult jungle, the enemy were driven from every position with great slaughter into the valley below. Owing to the nature of the ground, the few European Officers were all employed in command of separate Detachments. My thanks are due to all, but more particularly to Captain Peel, of H. M.'s 13th Light Infantry, and Lieutenant Roberts, 3rd Sikh Infantry, on whose Detachments fell the principal share of the fighting.

No Troops could have behaved better than those entrusted to my Command, both European and Native.

The practice of the Enfield Rifles of H. M.'s 13th Light Infantry, was admirable, the duty was most orduous over steep hills, precipices, and a heavy impenetrable jungle.

Our loss was small owing, I believe, to the heights being occupied before commencing the action, that of the enemy could not have been under three hundred and fifty.

I beg to recommend to the favorable consideration of Colonel Kelly, C. B., Commanding—

Soubadar and Native Adjutant Heerah Sing, 3rd Sikhs.
Soubadar Koodah Sing, ... Ditto.
Naick Abah Khan, ... Ditto.
Sepoy Sobah Sing, ... Ditto.

The conduct of these Native Officers and Men was conspicuous both on this occasion and in the Action of the 25th instant.

A Nominal Roll of Killed and Wounded is enclosed.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) R. Renny, *Captain*,
Commanding Left Column of Attack.

FROM CAPTAIN J. F. STAFFORD,
7th Punjaub Infantry,
Commanding Right Column of Attack,

TO LIEUTENANT COCHRANE,
Her Majesty's 34th Regiment,
Staff Officer.
Camp Field Force, the 28th March 1859.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to report for the information of Brigadier Kelly, C. B., Commanding the Frontier, that agreeably to his instructions, I marched from Camp this morning at 4 o'clock, with the Troops marginally noted, for the purpose of attacking the Rebels in the low range of the Nepaul Hills.

H. M.'s 13th Light Infantry.
Lieutenant Gilbert
" Sandeson
6 Sergeants.
1 Bugler.
85 Privates.

7th Punjaub Infantry.
3 European Officers.
9 Native Officers.
44 " Havildars.
4 " Buglers.
471 " Sepoys.

2. I entered the belt of heavy jungle which here skirts the hills to a depth of about 4 miles at break of day, and having thrown out four Companies of the 7th Punjaub Infantry, two extended and two as supports, under Lieutenants Gordon and Baillie to cover the advance of the Column, I pouched on through the dense jungle as rapidly as possible. After proceeding about 4 miles and reaching the foot of the hills, the skirmishers surprised and cut up a Cavalry Picquet capturing their horses.

The Rebels having then become aware of our approach, opened a heavy fire from the left front, from which, however, they were speedily dislodged, but finding that my skirmishers, though gradually forcing their way up the first range, were greatly out numbered and exposed to an overwhelming fire, I determined upon occupying an elevated ridge on the right, from which after a rapid but toilsome ascent, I was enabled materially to assist the skirmishers by a protecting fire form the Rifles of the Company of Her Majesty's 13th Light Infantry, under Lieutenant Gilbert.

4. The Rebel Force fully numbered 5,000 fighting men well supplied with ammunition, as was apparent from the continued heavy fire which they kept up till driven over the highest range.

The bodies of the enemy killed which lay directly in the path of the Troops, amounted to about 50, but there can be no doubt but that in the dense jungle to the right and left of our advance, and into which the fire was chiefly directed many must have fallen.

5. No Troops could have behaved better, and I am much indebted to Lieutenant Gilbert, Commanding Detachment Her Majesty's 13th Light Infantry, for his support. Also to Lieutenants Gordon and Baillie, 7th Punjab Infantry, for the gallant manner in which they led their respective Detachments. I regret to say the latter Officer was wounded in the head by a musket ball.

6. I beg further to bring to the notice of the Brigadier Commanding the names of the under-mentioned Native Officers, who were distinguished by their cool bravery and exertions in encouraging the men and keeping them together :—

Subadar Esur Sing, 7th Punjaub Infantry.
" Sirbaz Khan "
Jemadar Ahmedjee "
" Lalloo "

I annex a Return of Killed and Wounded.

I have, &c.,
Signed J. F. STAFFORD, *Captain.*,
7th Punjaub Infantry,
Commanding Right Column of Attack.

Present State of the Field Force under Command of Colonel R. D. Kelly, C. B., engaged on the 28th March 1859.

Camp Ruttenpore, the 30th March 1859.

CORPS.	EFFECTIVE.					ORDNANCE.				KILLED.					WOUNDED.					HORSES.			REMARKS.
	European Officers.	Native Officers.	European Non-Commissioned Officers, Rank and File.	Native Non-Commissioned Officers, Rank and File.	Total.	9-Pounder Guns.	24-Pounder Howitzers.	Ammunition Waggons.	Spare Carriages.	European Officers.	Native Officers.	European Non-Commissioned Officers, Rank and File.	Native Non-Commissioned Officers, Rank and File.	Total.	European Officers.	Native Officers.	European Non-Commissioned Officers, Rank and File.	Native Non-Commissioned Officers, Rank and File.	Total.	Effective.	Killed.	Wounded.	
Staff	4	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	
J. Battery, R. A.	5	0	131	0	136	4	2	8	1	0	0	0	0							130	0	0	
Wing H. M.'s 13th Light Infantry	8	0	300	0	308	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
H. M.'s 34th Regiment	20	0	810	0	830	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	
1st Horse Yry. Cav.	4	12	0	433	449															437	0	0	
Lahore Light Horse	4	0	126	0	130															146	0	0	
Pathan Horse	1	2	80	83	86															85	0	0	
3rd Sciks Infantry	4	20	0	849	873	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	
7th Punjab Infantry	3	14	0	857	874	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	1	1	0	6	8	0	0	0	
Total .	53	48	1367	1922	3390	4	2	8	1	0	0	0	5	5	1	1	0	8	10	806	0	0	

RUPERT COCHRANE, *Lieutenant,*
Staff Officer.

(Signed) R. D. KELLY, *Colonel,*
Commanding Field Force.

Nominal Roll of Killed and Wounded of the Field Force under the Command of Colonel R. D. Kelly, C. B., in Action with the Enemy on the 28th March 1859

Camp near Bootwul, the 30th March 1859.

Rank and Name.		Corps.	Remarks.
Lieutenant and Adjutant ..	J. C. P. Baillie ..	7th Punjab Infantry	Severely. Gunshot wound of scalp.
Sepoy ..	Ram Sing ..	3rd Seikh Infantry	Killed.
Havildar ..	Sham Sing ..	7th Punjab Infantry	Ditto.
„ ..	Towrabaz Sing ..	„ ..	Ditto.
Naik ..	Jewan Sing ..	„ ...	Ditto.
Sepoy ..	Junghee ..	„ ..	Ditto.
Naik ..	Bhugwan Sing ..	3rd Seikh Infantry	Wounded severely. Gunshot left arm and muscles of back.
Sepoy ..	Goolam Mahomed ..	„ ..	Slight Tulwar wound on foot.
Jemadar ..	Ahmudgee ..	7th Punjab Infantry	Severe. Gunshot through abdomen wall.
Sepoy ...	Mahe Sing ...	„ ...	Ditto ditto of leg.
„ ..	Hazras Shah ..	„ ...	Ditto ditto of foot.
„ ..	Sahib Sing ..	„ ...	Ditto ditto of thigh.
„ ..	Gunga Sing ..	„ ...	Ditto ditto of shoulder.
Havildar ..	Kimega ..	„ ...	Slight Tulwar wound.
Sepoy ..	Shurufdeen ..	„ ...	Ditto ditto ditto.

Rupert Cochrane, *Lieutenant*, *Staff Officer.*

R. D. Kelly, *Colonel*, *Commanding Field Force.*

No. 610 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit the undermentioned Native Officers and Men, of the 3rd Sikh Infantry and 7th Punjaub Infantry, to the 3rd Class of the Order of Merit from the 28th March 1859, in consideration of their conspicuous gallantry and distinguished conduct in Action as brought to notice in the Despatches published in Government General Order No. 609, of this date:—

3rd Sikh Infantry.

Subadar and Native Adjutant Heerah Sing.
Subadar Koodah Sing.
Naick Abab Khan.
Sepoy Sobah Sing.

7th Punjaub Infantry.

Subadar Esur Sing.
Subadar Sirbaz Khan.
Jemadar Ahmed Jee.
Jemadar Lalloo.

No. 611 *of* 1859.—In continuation of Government General Order No. 606, of the 29th ultimo, the following Officers are to take rank from the dates specified agreeably to General Order by the Governor General No. 613, of the 1st January 1859:—

Brevet.

Colonel Francis Burton Boileau, Bengal Artillery } 20th June 1857.
Colonel James Abbott, Bengal Artillery
Colonel John Glasfurd, Bengal Engineers } 28th Nov. 1857.

No. 612 *of* 1859.—Lieutenant D. J. Welsh, of Artillery, who was appointed to officiate as Deputy Commissary in General Order by the Governor General No. 137, of the 12th May 1858, having been reported qualified to hold charge of a Magazine, is permanently attached to the Ordnance Commissariat Department under the operation of Government General Order No. 268, of the 17th February 1857, with effect from the 14th ultimo.

No. 613 *of* 1859.—The services of Mr. J. Cosserat, attached to the Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry, are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

No. 614 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following promotion:—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To what Rank promoted.	From what date.	In whose room.
Infantry ...	Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Charles Haldane ...	Colonel ...	18th March 1859	General J. MacInnes, deceased.
„	Major and Brevet-Colonel Henry Pelham Burn	Lt.-Colonel ...		
4th European Regiment...	Captain and Brevet Major Goodricke Armstong Fisher	Major ...		
„	Lieutenant John Straton Bennett	Captain by Brevet agreeably to G. G. O. No. 217 of 1840.		
„	Ensign Frederick William Leman	Lieutenant ...		
Infantry ...	Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Richard Drought, C. B. .	Lt.-Colonel..	17th March 1859.	Lieut.-Col. and Bt. Col. T. F. Tait, C.B., deceased.
60th Native Infantry.	Captain and Brevet Major Clement Read Browne ..	Major ...		
„	Lieutenant and Brevet-Captain Martin Godfrey Brabazon	Captain ...		
„	Ensign Charles Herbert Bergman	Lieutenant ...		

No. 615 *of* 1859.—The services of Lieutenant M. Elliot, of the Regiment of Artillery, who has resigned his appointment of Assistant Revenue Surveyor in the Hazarcebaugh Survey party, are placed at the disposal of the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 616 *of* 1859.—Captain T. M. Cameron, of the 55th Regiment Native Infantry, Fort Adjutant, Attock, is allowed leave of absence from the 2nd January 1859 to the 6th April 1859, to visit Bombay on private affairs.

No. 617 *of* 1859.—The following list of rank of Assistant Surgeons, appointed for the Bengal Presidency, is published for general information:—

No. 1 of 1859.

List of Rank of Assistant Surgeons for Bengal.

To rank from the date of their appointment and in the following order, provided they take their departure within the prescribed period, *viz*:—

William Edward Allen ...	10th February 1859.
Alexander Carroll Maingay, M. D. ...	
Riners Mantell, M. B. ...	
William John Thomson ...	
Edwin Clement Bensley ...	
James Fawcus, M. D. ...	
George Bremner, M. D. ...	
Thomas William Sheppard ...	
John Ellis, M. B. ...	
Edric Selons ...	
Charles Peter Costello ...	
James John Durant ...	
Ferdinand Odevanie ...	
Robert Rhind ...	
George Grant, M. B. ...	
William Nichol, M. D. ...	
George Cochet Chesnaye ...	
John Duncan, M. D. ...	
Edward Ord Tandy ...	
James Robert Purefoy, M. D. ...	
Francis Parsons ...	
Henry Seymour Smith, M. D. ...	
Frederick George Constant, M. D. ...	
James Hunt Condon ...	
William Roe Hooper ...	
Mark Henry Lackersteen ...	

Dr. Alexander Stephen having resigned his appointment on account of sickness, his name is to be struck out of list of Assistant Surgeons, No. 3 of 1858.

(Signed) W. E. Baker, *Col.*, *Military Secretary.*

India Office, *The 17th March* 1859.

(True Copy)

(Signed) J. Cosmo Melvill, *Assist. Under-Secy. of State.*

India Office; London, *The 26th March* 1859.

No. 618 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Men are admitted to pension as specified opposite to their names under the provisions of Government General Order No. 275, of the 15th February 1858, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of Sate for India:—

Serjeant Major William Holroyd Bradbury, of the 38th Light Infantry.	2 S. 6 D. each per diem payable in Europe.
Serjeant Major John Frawley, of the Arracan Battalion.	

No. 619 *of* 1859.—Errata.—In the Government General Order No. 318, of the 11th March 1859, granting certain rewards to Native Officers and Men of the Hyderabad Contingent—

For

Trooper Ghoolam Dustagheer, 6th Troop,

Read

Duffadar Ghoolam Dustagheer, 4th Troop,

For

Trooper Tukroodeen, 6th Troop,

Read

Trooper Shaik Fukroodeen, 3rd Troop.

Order books to be corrected accordingly.

No. 620 *of* 1859.—The services of Lieutenant T. Buttanshaw, of the 28th Regiment Native Infantry, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Deputy Commissary General, Lower Circle, for employment in the Commissariat Department.

No. 621 *of* 1859.—The following appointments of Native Commissioned Officers in the 3rd Regiment Hodson's Horse, are confirmed:—

Names.	*Appointment.*	*From what date.*
Meah Sing ...	Ressaldar ...	1st Dec. 1857.
Hurnam Sing ...	Ressaidar ...	Ditto
Futteh Sing ...	Ditto ...	9th Dec. 1857.
Goodur Sing ...	Ditto ...	1st Jan. 1858.
Bheer Sing ...	Naib Ressaldar.	1st Dec. 1857.
Khan Sing ...	Ditto ...	5th Dec. 1857.
Gholab Sing ...	Ditto ...	1st Jan. 1858.
Hurnam Sing...	Ditto ...	8th Dec. 1857.
Ismael Khan ...	Ditto ...	14th Nov. 1858.
Bhugwan Sing...	Jemadar ...	1st Dec. 1857.
Sadoo Sing ...	Ditto ...	8th Dec. 1857.
Boodh Sing ...	Ditto ...	9th Dec. 1857.
Gundah Sing ...	Ditto ...	1st Jan. 1858.
Goolaum Mahoed Khan ...	Ditto ...	15th Oct. 1858.
Jafir Khan ...	Ditto ...	15th Oct. 1858.

No. 622 *of* 1859.—The following Orders, issued by the Resident at Hyderabad, are confirmed:—

No. 62, *dated 26th March* 1859.—Confirming the Station Order by the Officer Commanding at Aurungabad, dated 17th March 1859, directing Surgeon W. Mackenzie, A. M. and M. D., 3rd Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, to assume Medical charge of the 4th Company Artillery, Hyderabad Contingent and Details from that date.

No. 72, *dated 8th April* 1859.—Confirming the Regimental Order by Captain Murray, Commanding 1st Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, dated 29th March 1859, directing Captain Grant to act as Adjutant in addition to his own duties as Second in Command, consequent on the departure of Lieutenant Dowker.

No. 73, *dated 8th April* 1859.—Confirming the Order by Brigadier Hill, Commanding Hyderabad Contingent, dated 5th April 1859, directing Lieutenant Justice, Adjutant 1st Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, to officiate without prejudice to his Regimental duties for Captain Hoseason, Brigade Major, Hyderabad Contingent, reported unable to perform his duties from indisposition.

No. 74, *dated 9th April* 1859.—Approving the Field Detachment Order by Lieutenant-Colonel Orr, dated Camp Nandair, 23rd February 1859, appointing Lieutenant and Adjutant Justice, 1st Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, to officiate as Staff Officer to the Field Detachment from that date without prejudice to his Regimental duties.

Detachment 7th Madras Light Cavalry.
½ European Troop, Madras Horse Artillery.
Head Quarters 1st Company Artillery, Hyderabad Contingent.
Head Quarters 1st Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent.

Confirming the Order, dated 23rd February 1859, directing Assistant Surgeon Bide, M. B., 1st Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, to assume Medical charge of all Details and Detachments in Camp.

No. 623 *of* 1858.—The under-mentioned Promotions are made :—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To what Rank promoted.	From what date.	In whose room.
Cavalry	Lieut.-Col. (Major-General) Robert Hawkes ...	Colonel ..	4th Feb. 1859 .	Lieut.-Genl. H. T. Roberts, C. B., deceased.
5th Light Cavalry ...	Lieut. John Innis Robinson	Captain ...	3rd April 1859	Capt. and Bt. Lieut.-Col. C. G. Becher, deceased.
	Cornet Henry Montagu Buller . .	Lieutenant		
14th N. I	Capt. and Bt.-Major Charles Gustavus Walsh ...	Major .	13th April 1859 ..	Major W. H. Rickards, retired.
	Lieut. and Bt.-Capt. Spencer Charles Dudly Ryder ..	Captain ...		
	Ensign Morris Graham Taylor ...	Lieutenant		

R. J. H. Birch, *Major-Genl.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Erratum.—At page 955 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 23rd April 1859, 1st column, publishing Punjaub Order No. 108, dated 16th March 1859 for *Delhi Gazette* Order read Delhi *Garrison* Order.

Public Works Department.

General.—Establishments.

No. 97.

The 20th April 1859.

Mr. R. F. Chisholm, C. E., Special Assistant Engineer, lately arrived under Covenant with Her Majesty's Government, is posted to Bengal, and will receive his orders through the Officiating Chief Engineer.

The 20th April 1859.

No. 98.

Appointments.—Probationary Assistant Overseer Mr. G. Carpenter, attached to the Garrison Engineers Department, Fort William, is appointed a permanent Assistant Overseer in the Public Works Department.

The 30th April 1859.

No. 99.

Baboos Kedarnath Doss, Bissonath Chatterjee and Ramtarrun Chatterjee are appointed temporary Assistant Overseers in the Department Public Works, and posted to Bengal.

No. 100.

Leave of Absence.—Lieutenant-Colonel J. Laughton, of Engineers, Department Public Works, is allowed six months' leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, from the 14th instant, to proceed to Simla and the Hills North of Deyrah. The eight weeks' indulgence leave granted to Colonel Laughton by Notification No. 47, dated 5th ultimo, is cancelled.

No. 101.

General Records and Regulations

Notifications.—The first part of the forms to the Public Works Code is now ready and copies are for sale at the principal Calcutta Booksellers at one Rupee and eight annas each.

Rupees 1-8.

2. Copies will be supplied to each of the Offices of the Chief and Executive Engineers, but all Officers of the Engineer and Upper Subordinate Establishment must supply themselves with copies as laid down in the case of the Code itself in Notification No. 138, dated 6th November 1858.

No. 102.

General Establishments.

By the Notification in the Public Works Department, No. 117, dated 17th June 1856, (Public Works Code Chapter I. paragraph 4) the Military

allowances of Commissioned, Warrant, and Non-Commissioned Officers and of Soldiers employed in the Public Works Department, are chargeable to that Department, the pay proper only being chargeable to the Military Department, although both were drawn from the Military pay Offices under the audit of the Military Auditor General.

2. The Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council is now pleased to direct that the Military allowances of Officers and Soldiers employed in the Public Works Department, shall be drawn in the same bills with their Staff salaries subject to the audit of the Chief Engineers under whom they may be serving. The pay proper only will be drawn from the Military Pay Offices under audit of the Military Auditor General.

3. The operation of this Notification will commence with (and include) the Military allowances for May 1859.

4. This Regulation is applicable to the three Presidencies of India.

H. YULE, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 2818.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 19th April* 1859.—Probationary Assistant Overseer Gopaul Chunder Bose is transferred from the Sonthal Pergunnahs, to the 2nd Division Grand Trunk Road.

Mr. Supervisor J. Naylor, attached to the 1st Division Grand Trunk Road, was transferred to the Ramghur Division under orders of the 16th February last, and has since been placed at the disposal of the Executive Engineers of the 2nd Division, Grand Trunk Road at Dehree.

The 21st April 1859.—The following transfers in the Department of Public Works, have been sanctioned, *viz* :—

Third Class Sub-Engineer W. McCullogh from the Presidency to the Mutlah Division.

Mr. Assistant Overseer A. West from the Central Office of Account to the Presidency Division to be employed under the Civil Architect.

The 25th April 1859.—Mr. W. Butler to the charge of the Sub-Division of Sherghotty, and to exercise the powers of a Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector in Hazareebaugh.

Mr. H. Davies, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Sherghotty, is transferred to the Sudder Station of Behar, where he will exercise the full powers of a Magistrate.

Mr. P. Brett to officiate as Harbour-Master at Calcutta.

The 27th April 1859.—Mr. E. M. Reily, Deputy Collector of Cachar, to be a Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector in charge of the Sub-Division of Jehanabad, and to exercise the powers of an Assistant to a Magistrate described in Clause 3, Section 2, Regulation III. of 1821, in Hooghly and Burdwan.

Moulavy Abdool Jubbar to be a Deputy Magistrate under Act XV. of 1843, and a Deputy Collector under Regulation IX. of 1833, in Tipperah, and to exercise the powers of a Covenanted Assistant to a Magistrate under Regulation XIII. of 1797 and IX of 1807 in that District.

The 28th April 1859.—Sub-Lieutenant H. Baker is transferred from the 5th to the 4th Bengal Police Battalion.

Sub-Lieutenant H. A. Coombs is transferred from the 4th to the 5th Bengal Police Battalion.

The 29th April 1859.—Mr. C. F. Carnac to officiate as Magistrate, Collector and Salt Agent of Cuttack and ex-officio Assistant to the Superintendent of the Tributary Mehals.

Mr. H. A. R. Alexander to officiate as Collector of Dacca.

Mr. J. D. Ward to officiate as Magistrate of Dacca.

Mr. A. J. R. Bainbridge to officiate as Magistrate of Backergunge.

Mr G. S. Fagan to officiate for Mr. J. Hume, as Magistrate of Calcutta.

Mr. Edward S. Dale to officiate for Mr. Fagan, as Magistrate of Calcutta.

Messrs. J. Boulton and J. F. Curtis to be Members of the Ferry Fund Committee of Sarun.

The 30th April 1859.—Mr. J. Meik to be a Member of the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Pooree.

Mr. V. T. Taylor to be Secretary to the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Bancoorah.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—*The 26th April* 1859.—Mr. R. N. Shore, Magistrate, Collector and Salt Agent of Cuttack, for six months under Section XIV of

the new revised Absentee Rules, together with fifteen days' preparatory leave.

The 28th April 1859.—Mr. J. Hume, Magistrate of Calcutta, for twelve months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, in lieu of the leave granted to him on the 16th instant.

Mr. F. C. Fowle, Collector of Jessore, preparatory leave from the 25th proximo to the date of the sailing of the Steamer of the 4th June next, under the Financial Notification of the 14th November 1856.

The 29th April 1859.—Mr. H. Stainforth, Member of the Board of Revenue, for three months under Section XII of the new revised Absentee Rules.

Mr. W. White, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Rajshahye, for one month under the Financial Resolution of the 29th October 1857, making over charge of the Medical duties of the Station to the Native Doctor Nilmoney Doss.

The 30th April 1859.—Dr. W. C. B. Eatwell, Principal of the Medical College, for two months under the Financial Resolution of the 29th Octotober 1857. Dr. Macnamara will conduct Dr. Eatwell's duties in addition to his own during his absence, or until further orders.

Erratum.—In the Orders published in the *Gazette* of the 27th ultimo, page 982, for "Mr. R. M. King," *read* "Mr. R. W. King."

A. R. YOUNG,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 1484.

Allahabad, the 27th April 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. Elliot Macnaghten, Assistant Magistrate and Collector of Mirzapoor, for ten days, to reach the port of embarkation, in addition to the six months' leave, on private affairs, to England, granted to him in Orders of the 1st instant.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

J. D. SANDFORD,
Offg. Asst. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 1521.

Allahabad, the 28th April 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Assistant Surgeon G. R. Pemberton, M. D., Civil Assistant Surgeon of Mirzapoor, for two weeks, under the rules applicable to Military Officers in Staff employ, from the 15th May next, or from such date as he may avail himself of it, preparatory to applying for leave to England, on private affairs.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

E. C. BAYLEY,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces.

General Department,

Nos. 884-6, *dated* 18*th April* 1859.

Transfers.—Mr. J. B. Lyall, Assistant Commissioner, from the Googaira to the Hooshyarpoor District.

Nos. 893-5.

Lieutenant G. G. Young, Assistant Commissioner, from the Goojranwalla to the Rawul Pindee District.

Nos. 928-9, *dated* 20*th April* 1859.

Mr. T. Vaughan, Extra Assistant, from the Umballa to the Lahore District.

Nos. 932-4.

Mr. A. Levien, Assistant Commissioner, from the Hooshyarpoor to the Jhung District.

2. Mr. Levien will assume charge of the Jhung District as Officiating Deputy Commissioner on the departure of Captain Davies on leave.

Nos. 887-9, *dated* 18*th April* 1859.

Appointments.—Captain J. Fendall, Officiating Deputy Commissioner of Leia, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Jhujjur.

Nos. 890-1.

Lieutenant J. B. Parsons, Assistant Commissioner, Delhi, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Leia.

Nos. 926-7, *dated* 20*th April* 1859.

Mr. R. W. Thomas, Assistant Commissioner, Lahore, to officiate as Deputy Commissioner, Googaira.

No. 930.

Leave.—Lieutenant N. W. Elphinstone, Officiating Deputy Commissioner of Googaira, has obtained eight weeks' leave of absence, from the date on which he may avail himself thereof, preparatory to applying for fifteen months' Furlough to Europe, on Medical Certificate, under the new Rules.

Erratum.—In the Order in the *Punjab Gazette* of the 6th instant, appointing Mr. Moore to be an Extra Assistant of the 2nd Class; for, "Mr. *T.* E. Moore," read "Mr. *F.* E. Moore."

Public Works Department.

No. 867, *dated* 21*st April* 1859.

Leave.—Mr. C. Harding, Sub-Engineer, Lower Sirhind Division, has obtained six months' leave, on Medical Certificate, from the date of his availing himself thereof.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab Provinces,

R. H. DAVIES,
Secy. to Govt., Punjab Provinces.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the fifth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1857-58, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Monday, the 9th of May 1859, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 2,260 chests, *viz* :—

Behar Opium	1,915
Benares Ditto	345
Total Chests .	2,260

2. The general conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 1st December 1858, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 14th and 25th May 1859, respectively, (the 24th May being a public holiday) that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, Company's Paper or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the sale, will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 14th May 1859, and no Treasury Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Wednesday, the 25th May 1859.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium of 1857-58, will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board however reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

		Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday, 13th June 1859		1915	345	2260
Do. Thursday, 14th July "		1915	345	2260
Do. Wednesday, 10th August "		1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 9th September "		1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 14th October "		1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 7th November "		1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 5th December "		1934	379	2313
		13424	2449	15873

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 26th April 1859.

No. 257.

Notice.

TENDERS for the transportation of Salt from the Central and Southern Agencies of Orissa, to the Government Golahs at Sulkea, will be received at this Office until 2 P. M., of the 17th of May next.

2. The Tenders must be drawn up according to a form which may be obtained on application at this Office.

3. Distinct contracts must be entered into for the removal of the Salt in each of the three following localities, to wit, Hunsoosh (in Central Cuttack) and the Ustrung Aurungs and the Chilka Lake Aurungs, in the Southern or Poorce Agency.

4. Parties tendering must satisfy the Board of Revenue and the Commissioner of Cuttack, that they possess the means of conveying the full quantity of Salt tendered for, and with this object a list of the vessels intended to be employed must accompany each Tender.

5. The quantity of Salt to be shipped at the Hunsoosh Golahs will probably not exceed 1,00,000 maunds in each year; that from the Ustrungs is roughly estimated at 80,000 maunds for the ensuing season, and that from the Chilka Aurungs at maunds 3,20,000. The tenderer may apply for the whole quantity for which freight is required at each locality, or for any part not less than a quarter of such quantity.

6. Contractors must engage to ship the Salt allotted to them, during the period between the last spring tides of October and the end of February.

7. Parties whose tenders are accepted will be required to make a deposit of Government Promissory Notes, or to furnish other unexceptionable Security for the performance of their contracts.

8. The Board reserve to themselves the right of rejecting any Tender without assigning a reason.

By order of the Board of Revenue,

E. T. TREVOR,
Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 15th March 1859.

No. 374.

Notification.

IT is hereby notified that for the Commercial Year commencing with the 1st May 1859, and ending with the 30th April 1860, the fixed price of each description of Government Salt at the wholesale Depôts of Bengal will be as stated below; the rate being the duty of 250 Rupees per 100 Maunds added to the cost of production which has, where practicable, been calculated on an average of the adjusted charges of three years :—

Place of production.		*Rate per 100 Maunds.* Rupees.
	Boiled Salt at the Agency Depôts.	
	Hidgellee	299
	Tumlook	300
	Chittagong	312
	Arracan at Chittagong	331
	Boiled Salt stored at Sulkea.	
	Cuttack	325
	Balasore	311
	Poorce	323
	Old 24-Pergunnahs	345
	New Ditto	336
	Bay or Solar Evaporation Salt at Sulkea.	
	Madras *Kurkutch* ...	313
	Chilka Ditto	298

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

E. T. TREVOR,
Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 29th April 1859.

Notification.

It having been noticed that some Treasury Officers make a practice of transmitting Advices of Bills drawn on the Sub-Treasurer in an Envelope, the Accountant General begs to draw the attention of Treasury Officers to paragraph 10 of the Bill Rules which requires Advices to be sent without Envelope.

E. Drummond,

Acctt. Genl. to the Govt. of India.

Fort William;
Accountant General's Office,
Durbar & Revenue Department,
The 23rd April 1859.

Notification.

The Bill Forms for the Chandah Treasury, bearing printed Nos. 478051 to 478550, having been plundered while in progress to the Addressee, Officers in charge of Treasuries are requested to stop them if presented, and bring the holders to justice.

E. Drummond,

Acct. Genl. to the Govt. of India.

Fort William;
Accountt. Genl's. Office,
Bill Branch,
The 26th April 1859.

Notification.

The undersigned begs to notify for the information of Officers under the direct orders of the Government of India, that the designations of the Districts of Panceput and Khangurh, in the Punjab, have been altered to Kurnaul and Moozuffergurh, respectively.

E. Drummond,

Acctt. Genl. to the Govt. of India.

Fort William;
Accountant General's Office,
Durbar and Revenue Dept.,
The 29th April 1859.

Notification No. 1000.

The Public Bill Form, bearing the printed No. 294550, having been found to be missing from the Nuddea Treasury, is hereby cancelled; and Officers in charge of Treasuries are cautioned to refuse acceptance of it, if presented, taking the requisite steps for the apprehension of the parties concerned in negotiating it.

R. P. Harrison,

Offg. Acctt. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Fort William;
Office of Acctt., Govt. of Bengal,
The 29th April 1859.

Notification.

Fort William, Civil Auditor's Office, the 20th April 1859.

To the Officers of the Political, Judicial, Revenue, Customs, Salt, Opium, and other branches of Service.

The Civil Auditor has the honor to request that Disbursing Officers, in charge of Civil Establishments, will be good enough to submit, as soon after 1st of May next as may be practicable, separate from their April Pay Abstracts, the Annual Detailed Statements of the respective Establishments as per Forms Nos. 1, 2, and 3, furnished for their guidance in 1848, annexing a note to each of the above Statements showing the items of expenditure which, though sanctioned, have not been actually incurred with reference to Financial Resolution of 29th October 1857, No. 4751. Pending the receipt of these documents, the audit of their April Abstracts will, under Financial Resolution of 7th September 1842, be withheld.

The usual Annual Returns of Uncovenanted Servants up to May 1859, as well as separate Statements showing the periods of leave granted to Uncovenanted Assistants, are also requested to be furnished in Forms Nos. 4 and 5, with the above Annual Detailed Statements.

W. P. Palmer,
Civil Auditor.

Medical College.

The Session of 1859-60 will commence in the Medical College on the 15th June next.

2. Students who may be desirous of entering the College are requested to apply to the Principal, at the Medical College, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., on or before the 10th of June next.

3. The possession of the "Entrance Examination" Certificate of the Calcutta University, will entitle Students to enter the Medical College without further Examination.

4. Under certain conditions (which may be learned on application to the Principal) Students will be admitted in anticipation of passing the University Entrance Examination, but under the clear proviso of their going up for that Examination before the commencement of the Session of 1860-61.

5. The course of Instruction given in the Calcutta Medical College is framed to meet the requirements of the Calcutta University for obtaining its Degrees in Medicine and Surgery.

6 The Certificates of Lectures and Hospital Attendance of the College are likewise recognised by the University of London, the Royal College of Surgeons of England, and the Worshipful Society of Apothecaries of London, as entitling the possessors of such to compete in London for the Degree, Diploma and License of those bodies, under the Rules which regulate the granting of the same.

W. C. B. Eatwell, *M. D.*,
Principal, Medical College.

Calcutta;
Medical College Office,
The 30th April 1859.

WEEKLY STATEMENT OF TRAFFIC PASSED THROUGH THE CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS FROM 23rd *TO* 30*th APRIL* 1859.

From 23rd to 30th April 1859.	Name of Chowkeys.	Charcoal.			Wood Coal.			Piece Goods, Native Produce.			Piece Goods, Imported Fabrics.			Hides.			Cotton.			Castor Seed.			Castor Oil.			Indigo.			Jaggery.			Jute.			Lime.			Mustard Seed.			Mustard Seed Oil.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
Circular Canal	Bamanghatta	..	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	4650	42000	..	...	...	1	1200	800	..	...	...	...	...	...	20	14050	9400	22	18850	13625	7	9250	6800	64	28000	19425	..	..	..
	Chitpore	31	40725	23575	..	...	..	...	...	...	5	2775	140	bale	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	..
Tolly's Nullah	Samookpotta	...	...	...	2	900	650	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	2750	2050	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	10825	7700	..	..	..
	Russa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	..
	Kyderpore	2	6200	3300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	150	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	..

From 23rd to 30th April 1859.	Name of Chowkeys.	Salt.			Sugar.			Tobacco.			Linseed.			Paddy.			Pulse.			Peas.			Rice.			Wheat.			Lentil.			Grain.			Sundries.	
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Total Number of Boats.	Total Maundage by Canal Measurement.
Circular Canal	Bamanghatta	...	...	...	83	37325	23175	6	3000	1950	77	29025	18175	12	4225	2600	5	1150	775	31	9675	6375	106	73600	50475	4	2275	2300	7	1725	950	1	500	500	669	200175
	Chitpore	198	116425	54100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	423	212475
Tolly's Nullah	Samookpotta	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	275	50	2	475	325	23	4725	3600	...	...	...	4	2500	1700	13	3675	2350	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	102	42475
	Russa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	37	2050
	Kyderpore	8	2400	1000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	174	40625

J. F. GALIFFE,
Collector and Magistrate of Canals.

Civil Engineering College, Fort William.

Notice.

The next Annual Session will commence on the 1st of June. Candidates for admission should submit their Applications not later than the 20th May, forms of which may be obtained at the College between the hours of 10 and 4 daily.

Candidates must have either passed the Entrance Examination of the Calcutta University, or must pass successfully a similar Examination, which will be held at the College on Monday the 23rd May, and following days.

George Chesney, *Major*,
Offg. Principal.

Notification.

The Civil Auditor, North-Western Provinces, has the honor to repeat his annual call to all Disbursing Officers in charge of Civil Establishments in the North-Western Provinces, for the submission (as soon after the 1st May next, as practicable, with the April Abstract) of their regular Annual Detailed Statement, containing the names and full particulars of the whole of the Establishment; and to observe that, with reference to the orders of Government, dated 15th October 1842, published in the *Agra Government Gazette*, of the 15th November 1842, the audit of their Abstracts for April next will be withheld until the receipt of the required Returns.

2. To facilitate check, it is particularly requested that the Abstract for April be sub-divided into distinct headings, so that each description of Office with its total shall correspond with the details given in the Statement of Establishment or the 1st May, agreeably to the Form furnished.

3. It is also requested that the *three separate* Lists prescribed for all Uncovenanted Civil Servants (Europeans and East Indians) and Native, (in the last the names of *only those* holding appointments of *trust* and *responsibility* should be inserted,) employed on their Establishments, be furnished for 1st May 1859, without delay.

H. Loch,
Offg. Civil Auditor.

Civil Auditor's Office;
N. W. P., Allahabad,
The 31st March 1859.

Calcutta Drainage.

The Public are hereby informed that the Drainage Works are about to be commenced, for which purpose it will be necessary to deposit Materials, excavate Trenches, &c., in the Streets of the Town. Every precaution will be used to prevent accidents at night from these obstructions. The work will be commenced in Durrumtollah, and it is hoped this Notice by drawing attention thereto, will ensure caution on the part of those who travel through the Street after dark.

By order of the Board of Municipal Commissioners.

W. Clark,
Engineer to the Municipal Commissioners.

Calcutta,
The 30th April 1859.

Notification.

With the sanction of the Governor General of India in Council, it is hereby declared that the Port of Rangoon, and the Navigable River and Channels leading to that Port, are subject to Act XXII. of 1855.

The limits of the said Port of Rangoon are as follows:—

To the West.—A Line drawn South-West from the boundary pillar at Kemmendine across the Rangoon River, to the boundary pillar on the opposite bank at the entrance of the Panlang Creek.

To the South-East.—A Line drawn East from King's Point on the Dallah side of the Rangoon River, to the boundary pillar on the Syriam side.

To the North-East.—A Line running North-West and South-East drawn from the boundary pillar on the Rangoon or West side of the Pegu Rivers to a boundary pillar on the Syriam or East side, so much of Puzzomdoung Creek as lies South of a Line drawn from a pillar on the East above Kyeezeik Village to a pillar opposite to the West bank of the Creek.

The limits of the said Port include to the North and South, so much of the Rangoon River and of the Shores thereof, and so much of the Puzzomdoung Creek, and the Shores thereof as are within fifty yards of high-water mark spring tides.

The limits of the Navigable River and Channels leading to the said Port, made subject to the said Act, are as follows:—

To the North.—The Port of Rangoon as above defined.

To the South.—A Line drawn East and West from the Light Ship.

All Ports of the Rangoon River between the said limits and below high-water line at spring tides are subject to the said Act.

PORT RULES.

I. No vessel, if above 200 tons, shall enter within the limits of the Port of Rangoon, or move from one place to another within the Port, between sun-set and sun-rise, without the special permission of the Master Attendant.

II. The Commanders of all vessels arriving at the Port of Rangoon are desired to enter correctly in the Columns of the Report Book of the Master Attendant, as soon as presented to them, the information therein required, regarding their vessels. They will also report in writing to the Master Attendant twenty-four hours before their departure the particulars noted in the forms appended hereto.

III. All Commanders of vessels arriving at Rangoon shall anchor in such a position as the

Master Attendant or his Assistant shall direct. All vessels above 100 tons' burthen shall moor with two bower anchors and 30 fathoms of cable each way, and shall not move from their position without a Pilot, except with the express permission of the same authority.

IV. All Commanders of vessels shall have their jib and driver booms rigged in, when required by the Master Attendant, and shall strike their yard and masts if required so to do by, or by order of the same Officer.

V. Every ship or vessel within the Port of Rangoon shall have removed any anchor or spar or other substance projecting from her side, when so required by the Master Attendant, or other Officer of the Port.

VI. The Commanders of all vessels entering the Port of Rangoon, with ballast on board, shall without delay send to the Master Attendant a report in writing, stating the description of ballast on board, the quantity in tons, and the port of shipment; application must be made by the Commander to the Master Attendant for permission to tranship or land ballast, and no ballast shall be transhipped or landed except under the sanction of the Master Attendant and only at such Stations as he shall direct.

VII. A free channel of 240 yards which is to be kept for ships moving up or down the River within the Port, and also free passages to Piers, Jetties, Landing places, Wharves, Quays, Docks and Moorings, and all vessels shall be bound to move when required to clear such channels or passages.

VIII. All vessels within the Port of Rangoon shall be moored or warped from place to place as required by the Master Attendant, or other Officer of the Port, and no vessels shall cast off a warp that has been made fast to her to assist a vessel in mooring without being required to do so by the Pilot or Officer in charge of the vessel mooring.

IX. No vessels within the limits of the Port of Rangoon shall boil any pitch or dammer on board, or shall draw off spirits by candle or other artificial lights.

X. All vessels within the limits of the Channels leading to the Port of Rangoon shall when at anchor, between sun-set and sun rise, have a good light hoisted at the starboard fore-yard arm; and all vessels under weigh at night shall show a good light at the fore-royal or upper foremast head, and when under weigh in tow of a steamer shall in addition to the masthead light, show a good light at each fore-yard arm; the steamer showing the usual light prescribed by the Admiralty Regulations.

XI. No vessel shall use any of the Government chain moorings, whether fixed or swinging, without permission of the Master Attendant

XII. All vessels occupying Government mooring fixed or swinging, shall be liable to pay for the same, according to the following scale and no more:—

	From 1st November to 30th May, being seven months. Per Diem, Rs.	From 1st June to 31st October, being five months. Per Diem, Rs.
For fixed moorings		
All vessels up to 199 tons	1	3
Ditto from 200 to 299 „	2	4
Ditto from 300 to 399 „	3	5
Ditto from 400 to 499 „	4	6
Ditto from 500 to 599 „	5	7
Ditto from 600 to 999 „	6	8
Ditto from 1000 and upwards	8	10
Swinging moorings	3	4

XIII. The rate fixed for warfage payable by all vessels at Government Wharves is at annas (8) eight per ton, according to the registered tonnage and one day for each (50) fifty tons is allowed for vessels to load or discharge their cargoes. Vessels remaining alongside Government Wharves, beyond the time allowed according to the tonnage, will be subject to an additional charge of annas (4) four per ton, for each day.

The provisions of Sections XII. XXXVII. and XL. of the said Act No. XXII. of 1855, are hereby specially extended to the Port of Rangoon.

A. P. Phayre,
Commissioner of Pegu, and Agent to the Governor General.

Form of Conservator of Ports' Report Book of Arrival.

Date of arrival at Rangoon.	Name of Vessel.	Rig of Vessel.	Tonnage.	Under what Flag.	Name of Commander.	Where from.	Date of Departure.	Intermediate Ports touched at	Names of Passengers.	Remarks.
										Any vessel spoken with, or wreck seen, particulars to be noted.

A. P. Phayre,
Commissioner of Pegu, and Agent to the Governor General.

Particulars required to be reported by Commanders of Vessels previous to their departure as per Rule II.

Intended date of Departure.	Name of Vessel.	Rig of Vessel.	Tonnage.	Under what Flag	Name of Commander.	Where bound.	Names of Passengers.	Remarks.

A. P. Phayre,
Commissioner of Pegu, and Agent to the Governor General.

REPORT showing the smallest depth of water in the Bhaugiruttee, Jellinghee and Matabangah Rivers, from 18th to 24th April 1859.

Names of Rivers.	Smallest depth of Water.	Remarks on the Phenomena of the River, during the week.
Bhaugirutte River.	F. Is.	
Above its entrance Bar in Ganges	4 9	All Boats suited for the present dry season's Traffic of the Nuddeah Rivers should take the Bhaugiroute rattee this year. These depths are on sand Lumps. They do not show the general depths of the Channels which are seldom less than from 3 feet 3 inches to 44 feet.
On the entrance Bar ..	3 7	
From thence to Jungypore, 14 miles	2 5	
From Jungypore to Berhampore, 45 miles ..	2 8	
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 54 miles ..	2 7	
And from Cutwa to Nuddea, 63 miles ..	2 9	
Jellinghee River.		
From its entrance to Bansemarree ..	Closed.	Entrance closed by the Chur formed by Ganges in 1853-54.
From Bansemarree to Tecahkattah	1 4	
From Tecahkattah to Chundipore ..	1 7	
And from Chundipore to Moisgunge ..	2 7	
Matabangah River.		
From its entrance to Alickdeah ...	Closed.	Works on Upper River suspended. Lower River open from Alickdeah to Hooghly, and will be kept so. No Tolls collected since December 6th, 1858.
From Alickdeah to Seebpore ...	2 6	

Height of water on Gauge at Berhampore on the 24th April 1859 + 10 inches.

T. N. Armstrong, *C. E.*,
Supdt., Nuddeah Rivers.

Camp Kishnaghur,
The 29th April 1859.

Pursuant to a Decretal Order of the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, made in a certain cause wherein Thomas Steers and Isabella Sarah, his wife, and others are Plaintiffs and John Conrade Schorn and others are Defendants, bearing date the twenty-fifth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, the creditors of George Wilding Chisholm, late of the Town of Calcutta, who died on the twenty-first day of April one thousand eight hundred and forty-three, are required forthwith to come in and prove their respective debts before John Cochrane, Esquire, Master of the said Court at his Office in the Court-House, or in default thereof, they will be excluded from the benefit of the said Decree.

John Cochrane,
Master.

Calcutta Supreme Court;
Master's Office,
The 29th April 1859.

Sandes & Watts, *Plaintiffs' Solicitors.*

Bank of Bengal.

The 4th March 1859.

Notice is hereby given, that applications for the Office of Secretary and Treasurer of the Bank, about to become vacant by the resignation of the present incumbent, will be received up to the 1st August next.

Candidates are requested to transmit their applications addressed to "*C. Hugh Lushington, Esq., President of the Board of Directors of the Bank of Bengal, Calcutta.*"

None need apply who do not possess a thorough knowledge of Banking, and who cannot furnish the highest testimonials of general efficiency for the Office.

Salary Rupees 2,000 per mensem (equal to £3,120 per annum) and residence free, upon the Bank premises.

Published by order of the Directors,

J. B. Plumb,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

With reference to Government Notification No. 5, Fort William, Financial Department, 20th January 1855, notifying the intention of Government to dissolve its connexion with the Government Agency—

The Oriental Bank Corporation undertake the safe custody of Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal, and other local Stocks, free of all charge.

Will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, and remit at the current rates of exchange, or pay the same according to instructions, if to be remitted through the Corporation. Without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... 1-4th per Cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the purchase of Government or other Securities, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Corporation, ... Without charge.

Wm. Anderson,
Agent.

Oriental Bank Corporation;
Calcutta, 29th January 1855.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of the Asiatic Marine Insurance Office, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 4th day of December instant, it was ordered that such of the Shareholders of the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office resident in Calcutta, or the Suburbs thereof, as have neglected to pay the sum of Co.'s Rs. 2,000 at which they have been respectively assessed by the Official Assignee of this Court, in respect of each Share held by them respectively in the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office, do, on or before the 1st day of February next, pay to the said Official Assignee the said sum of Co.'s Rs. 2,000 at which they have been respectively assessed in respect of such share, or so much thereof as still remains unpaid and that the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office resident in Hong-Kong and in Bombay, do, on or before the 2nd day of May next, and that the Shareholders of the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office resident at Mauritius and in Great Britain, and all other places not herein specifically mentioned, do, on or before the 1st day of August next, pay to the said Official Assignee the respective sums at which they have been respectively assessed in respect of the Shares held by them respectively in the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office, and that in case any of the Shareholders of the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office shall neglect to comply with this order within the time hereby limited, the said Official Assignee shall be at liberty to apply to this Court that such defaulting Shareholders may be adjudged to have committed an act of Insolvency according to the provisions of the Act No. XLIII. of 1850, passed by the Hon'ble the President of the Council of India in Council, on the 27th day of December 1850, entitled an Act for the Regulation of Registered Joint Stock Companies.

Denman and Hatch, *Attorneys.*

Chief Cerk's Office, 10*th December* 1858.

In the matter of Anny Maria Menville, Widow, and William Burnard Browne, both of Lall Bazar, in Calcutta, carrying on together business of Boot, Shoe, Saddle, and Harness Makers, and lodging and boarding House-keepers for Mariners, under the style of A. M. Menville, Insolvents.

Notice, that the Petition of the said Insolvents, seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic. Chap. XXI. was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 25th day of April last, and by an order of the same date, the Estate the Effects of the said Insolvents were vested in the Official Assignee.

Insolvents in person.

In the matter of Brojobullub Mullick and Hurrydoss Mullick, of Bow Bazar, in Calcutta, the said Brojobullub Mullick heretofore carrying on business in co-partnership with Gorachaund Mullick as Wine Merchants at Barrackpore, under the name, style and firm of Brojobullub Mullick and Co., Insolvents. ...

Notice, that the Petition of the said Insolvents seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic. Chap. XXI. was filed in Office of the Chief Clerk on the 20th day of April last, and by an order of the same date, the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvents were vested in the Official Assignee.

Insolvents in person.

In the matter of Brojobullub Mullick and Hurrydoss Mullick, of Bow Bazar, in Calcutta, the said Brojobullub Mullick heretofore carrying on business in co-partnership with Gorachaund Mullick, as Wine Merchants at Barrackpore, under the name, style and firm of Brojobullub Mullick and Co., Insolvents.

On Wednesday, the 20th day of April last, it was ordered that the matters of the Petition of the said Insolvents be heard on Saturday, the 4th day of June next, and that the said Insolvents do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Insolvents in person.

Chief Clerk's Office, 3*rd May* 1859.

Notice.

It is hereby notified for the information of Subscribers to the Fund that the Rule (published in Calcutta and Mofussil Papers in January 1858) for enforcing, under penalty, the Registry of childrens' births, having been submitted to the Home Government for confirmation, has been approved of by the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, and will be carried out from 1st May 1859.

By Order of the General Management of the Military Orphan Society,

CHAS. J. GRAY,
Secy., M. O. S.

ORPHAN SOCIETY'S OFFICE;
Kiddepore,
The 28th April 1859.

Required.

A TRANSLATOR thoroughly conversant with English and Oordoo, his duties will be to translate and to superintend the Persian Office. Salary Rupees 100 per mensem. Apply to Deputy Commissioner, Pertaubghur *vid* Allahabad, Oude.

Notice.

THE Office of MESSRS. DUTTS, LINZEE AND Co. is removed to No. 7, Commercial Buildings, Strand,

---

Notice.

THE Interest and Responsibility of the late MR. THOMAS SCOTT in our Firm ceased on the 6th June 1857; and the business will from this date be conducted under the style of TARRUCK & Co.

THOMAS SCOTT AND TARRUCK.

CALCUTTA,
The 30th April 1859.

Notice.

THE Interest and Responsibility of MR. WILLIAM GRANT and MR. DAVID BAIRD LINDSAY, in our Firm here and at Rangoon, and in the Firm of JAMES WYLLIE & Co., in London, ceased on this date by the effluxion of time.

GLADSTONE, WYLLIE & Co.

CALCUTTA,
The 30th April 1859.

Notice.

MR. PATRICK KEITH and MR. GEORGE ROSS have this day been admitted as Partners in our Firm here and at Rangoon.

GLADSTONE, WYLLIE & Co.

CALCUTTA,
The 30th April 1859.

Notice.

MESSRS. DICKINSON, BROTHERS AND Co. beg to announce that they will henceforth transact business in Calcutta, as the representatives of MESSRS. WILLIAM DICKINSON AND Co. of London, and MESSRS. ALFRED WILKINSON AND Co. of Hong-Kong.

1, FANCY LANE,
Calcutta, 2nd May 1859.

Notice.

THE Partnership heretofore existing between MESSRS. DANIELL DICKINSON AND Co., of London, and JAMES CHURCH, JUNIOR, carrying on business under the Firm of JAMES CHURCH, JUNIOR, AND Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

HENRY MORTLOCK AITKEN,
CHAS. A. DICKINSON,
Attorneys for Daniell Dickinson and Co.

JAMES CHURCH, *Junior*,
By his Attorney Edw. J. Lindsay.

CALCUTTA,
The 30th April 1859.

WITH reference to the above, MR. EDWARD JAMES LINDSAY will conduct the business of MESSRS. JAMES CHURCH, JUNIOR, AND Co., in liquidation.

HENRY MORTLOCK AITKEN,
CHAS. A. DICKINSON,
Attorneys for Daniell Dickinson and Co.

EDW. JAMES LINDSAY,
As Attorney for James Church, Junior.

CALCUTTA,
The 2nd May 1859.

Notice.

MR. JAMES CHURCH, Junior, MR. DAVID BAIRD LINDSAY and MR. JAMES STEEL have this day commenced business as Merchants and Commission Agents under the firm of CHURCH, LINDSAY & Co.

Calcutta 2nd May 1859.

Notice.

THE Interest of MR. GEORGE GILBERT in our Concern ceased on the 30th April 1858.

JESSOP & Co.

Notice.

THE Office of the Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China is removed from No. 1A, Lyons' Range, to No. 4, Council House Street.

The 2nd May 1859.

Partnership.

I HAVE this day admitted my son BABOO MOHANUND BENERJEE a partner in my business, which will henceforth be carried on under the firm and style of BHOOBUNMOHUN BENERJEE and SON.

BHOOBUNMOHUN BANERJEE.

CALCUTTA,
The 1st May 1859.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE lower-halves of the under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, which were despatched by Post from Lucknow to Saugor, on the 26th July 1858, not being forthcoming, payment of those Notes and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes in favor of the Executive Commissariat Officer, Saugor, to whom they were endorsed :—

No.	Date.	In whose favor and to whom endorsed.	Amount.
5357 of 42221 of 54-55, 4 per Cent.	30th June 1854.	Executive Commissariat Officer, Saugor.	1000 0 0
5358 of 42221 of 54-55, 4 per Cent.	Ditto.	Ditto.	1000 0 0
		Total, Rs.	2000 0 0

CHAS. S. W. OGILVIE,
Asst. Commy. General.

COMMISSARIAT OFFICE;
Saugor,
The 15th April 1859.

Lost.

PLUNDERED OR DESTROYED, during the Mutiny at Delhie in 1857, the fifth four per Cent. Government Promissory Notes, Nos. 2772 and 9099 of 1842-43, dated 1st February 1843, for Co.'s Rs. 1,000 each, standing in the name of Mrs. S. Champion, by whom they were transferred to the late Mr. J. W. Staines, of Delhie, who was Executor to the Estate of the said Mrs. S. Champion (and who was killed in May 1857 by the Rebels,) by whom the said Promissory Notes were bequeathed to the late Mrs. Sarah White, wife of the late Mr. W. C. White, to whose Estate the undersigned has been empowered under Act XX. of 1841, to administer.

Payment of the said Notes and Interest thereon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes in favor of the undersigned.

M. L. WHITE.

Agra, the 8th March 1859.

Lost.

THE under-mentioned four per Cent. Government Promissory Note, standing in the name of Kadarnath Gangoly, Native Agent, 8th Division Grand Trunk Road.—

No 2535 of 3329 of 1842-43, for Rupees 500. Application has been made to Government for duplicate thereof, and payment stopped in the Loan Office.

JOHN HARDING,
Head Accountant, D. P. W.,
for Assistant to Chief Engineer,
Punjaub.

Notice.

LOST at Delhie, on or after the 11th May 1857, the under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, bearing the signature of Mrs. Grace Clarke:—

4 per Cent. Loan, No	1118	of 2430,	dated 31st March 1856,	Co.'s Rs.	500
„ „ „	8417	„ „	„	„	500
„ „ „	38890	„ „	„ 30th June 1854	„	1000
			Total, Co.'s Rupees ...		2000

Payment of the Notes and Interest thereon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application made to Government for issue of duplicate Notes.

ISABELLA MANN,
Administratrix to the Estate of
the late Mrs. Grace Clarke.

CALCUTTA,
The 28th April 1859.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of Oomed Chund and Sreechund Seth, proprietors, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Notes and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of a Duplicate Note in favor of the Proprietor:—

No.	3172	of 1842-43	for	Co.'s Rs.	1,500
„	3182	„ 8084 of 1842-43	„	„	4,500
„	20165	„ 1842-43	„	„	5,000
„	20166	„ 1842-43	„	„	5,000
„	20167	„ 1842-43	„	„	5,000
„	2489	„ 6650 of 1842-43	„	„	10,700
„	13743	„ 1854-55	„	„	1,000
„	13744	„ 1854-55	„	„	1,000
„	13745	„ 1854-55	„	„	1,000
„	13746	„ 1854-55	„	„	1,000
„	13747	„ 1854-55	„	„	1,000
„	13752	„ 1854-55	„	„	1,000
„	13756	„ 1854-55	„	„	1,000
„	43615	„ 1854-55	„	„	5,000
„	43616	„ 1854-55	„	„	5,000
„	11940	„ 1854-55	„	„	1,000
			Total, Co.'s Rs.		49,700

RAMCHUND,
Attorney of Oomed Chund and Sree Chund,
Jhansie.

JHANSIE,
The 19th April 1859.

Lost.

LEFT-HAND halves of the Bank of Bengal Notes, No. 43420, for Co.'s Rs. 100, and No. 20557, for Co.'s Rs. 50, the payment of which has been stopped at the Bank.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of Ellahie Begum of Nowajgunge, in Lucknow in Oude, the widow of Dilwar Ally Khan, deceased, the Proprietress, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the Notes and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application has been made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes for the respective amounts:—

No. 11179, of 30th June 1854, of 1854-55, Rs. 4,000.
„ 11180 „ „ „ „ 2,000.

J. RENNIE.

CALCUTTA,
The 21st April 1859.

Lost.

Half of a Bank of Bengal Note, new Issue, A No. 10031 for Company's Rupees 10.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION,
The 2nd May 1859.

Notices issued by the Officiating Deputy Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 5437.

The 21st April 1859.—SEALED TENDERS will be received at the Calcutta General Post Office for the repairs of three Post Office Vans, nine Accelerators, and one Dray, for a period of five years, from the 6th June 1859.

2. The Tenders will be received up to Friday, the 20th May, and will be opened on that day, at noon, in presence of all parties concerned.

3. A Deposit in Cash of (100) one hundred Rupees is required with each Tender, subject to forfeiture, if the Tender be withdrawn.

4. Information relative to conditions will be given in writing on application to this Office.

No. 5537.

The 29th April 1859.—Notice is hereby given that an After-Packet per P. and O. Company's Steamer *Simla* will be closed at this Office at 6 P. M., on Wednesday next, the 4th proximo, to be sent to Kedgeree on Thursday morning by an Extra Steamer.

A second After-Packet will be closed at 1 P. M. on the 5th proximo, to be sent to by land in the usual manner.

Inland Postage will be closed on letters and papers, as usual, by both the After-Packets.

ALL Postal Authorities are to take notice of, and be guided by, the Official Notifications and Announcements published in the Postal Advertiser.

PARTIES holding Window-delivery Tickets can, on payment of one Rupee per annum extra, obtain a copy of the Postal Advertiser.

To those who do not hold such Tickets, the charge is Rupees two per annum, payable in advance.

ALL communications respecting change of address should be made to the Post-Master of Calcutta and not to the Post-Master General. Letters re-directed, whether delivered in Calcutta, or forwarded to some other Station, are taxed with "Forward Postage."

ALL complaints requiring redress, such as overcharge of Postage, mis-sending or delay in the delivery of Letters, &c., must be made to the Post-Master General, accompanied by the Envelopes of the letters referred to; the number of the Delivery Peon should always be stated.

Dates of Departure of Mail Steamers from Calcutta to England, &c., during the current years.

	Date.	*Date.*
May	4th	18th
June	4th	18th
July	4th	18th
August	9th	23rd
September	9th	23rd
October...	9th	23rd
November	9th	23rd
December	9th	23rd

Latest safe Date of Overland Mails from Calcutta to Bombay, for the remaining eight months of the year 1859.

FROM CALCUTTA.	FROM BOMBAY.
Date.	*Date.*
3rd May 1859.	12th May 1859.
14th „ „	23rd „ „
25th „ „	5th June „
12th June „	23rd „ „
24th „ „	5th July „
10th July „	1st „ „
25th „ „	5th Aug. „
10th Aug. „	21st „ „
31st „ „	11th Sept. „
15th Sept. „	26th „ „
1st Oct. „	12th Oct. „
17th „ „	26th „ „
2nd Nov. „	11th Nov. „
17th „ „	26th „ „
3rd Dec. „	12th Dec. „
18th „ „	27th „ „

MEMORANDUM of Countries and Places to which pre-payment of Postage is **COMPULSORY** *per Contract Steamers.*

COUNTRIES AND PLACES.	LETTERS. Not exceeding ½ oz.	Above ½ oz. and not exceeding ¾ oz.	Above ¾ oz. and not exceeding 1 oz.	Above 1 oz. and not exceeding 1½ oz.	Above one ounce & not exceeding 8 oz.	Every ounce after first oz.	BOOKS Each Packet not exceeding 4 ounces in weight.	Each Packet exdg. 4 oz. & not exceeding ½ lb.	Each Packet exceeding ½ lb. & not exceeding 1 lb.	Each Packet exdg. 1 lb. and not exceeding 1½lb.	Each Packet exceeding 1½ lb. & not exceeding 2 lbs.	Each Packet exceeding 2 lbs. and not exdg. 2½ lbs	Each Packet exceeding 2½ lbs. & not exceeding 3 lbs.	NEWSPAPERS OR PRICES C Not exceeding 4 oz.	Exceeding 4 oz. and not exceeding 8 oz	Exceeding 8 oz. and not exceeding 12 oz.	Exceeding 12 oz. and not exceeding 16 oz.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
United Kingdom *viâ* Marseilles...	0 6 0	0 8 0	0 14 0	1 0 0	0* 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 6 0	0 8 0
Ditto *viâ* Southampton...	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 3 0	0 5 6	0 11 0	1 0 0	1 5 6	1 11 0	2 0 0	0 9 0	1 6 0	2 3 0	3 0 0
Great Britain *viâ* Trieste	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 9 0	1 6 0	2 3 0	3 0 0
Foreign Europe *viâ* Trieste (excepting France) ...	0 0 0	0 8 0	0 0 1	0 0 2	0 0 1	0 0 2	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 9 0	1 6 0	2 3 0	3 0 0
Malta	0 0 0	0 4 0	0 0 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 3 0	0 5 6	0 11 0	1 0 0	1 5 6	1 11 0	2 0 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Gibraltar	0 0 0	0 4 0	0 0 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 3 0	0 5 6	0 11 0	1 0 0	1 5 6	1 11 0	2 0 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Ionian Island (consigned to Alexandria)	0 0 0	0 8 0	0 0 1	0 0 2	0 0 0	1 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Australian Colonies...	0 0 0	0 4 0	0 0 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Mauritius	0 0 0	0 4 0	0 0 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Any British Colony, the route to which does not lie through Great Britain (excepting Ceylon and Hong-Kong) China (except Hong-Kong)																	
Macao																	
Canton	...	0 4 0	...	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 0 9	...	...	...
Manilla...																	
Batavia, Java																	
Bourbon or any Foreign Ports, the route to which does not pass through Egypt																	
Trieste																	
Austria																	
Alexandria	...	0 8 0	...	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 0 9	...	...	...
Cairo																	
Suez																	
														2 oz.	4 oz.	8 oz.	16 oz.
Places in Turkey or Syria	...	0 11 6	...	1 7 0	2 14 0	1 7 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 0 9	0 1 6	0 3 0	0 6 0
Bagdád	0 0 0	0 11 6	0 0 1	7 0 2	14 0	1 7 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 2 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Jerusalem	0 0 0	0 11 6	0 0 1	7 0 2	14 0	1 7 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 2 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
														4 oz.			
Madras...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Ceylon	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	2 0 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Bombay	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Aden	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	2 0 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Penang	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	2 0 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Singapore	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	2 0 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Malacca	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Hong-Kong	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	2 0 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
United States *viâ* Southampton...	0 0 0	0 9 6	0 0 1	3 0 2	6 0 1	3 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Ditto *viâ* Marseilles	0 11 6	0 13 6	1 9 0	1 11 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 2 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0

* And so on adding 8 annas for every additional ounce or fraction of an ounce, in addition to 2 annas (French Postage) for every additional quarter of an ounce or part of a quarter.

N. B.—Letters and Papers to France or to Foreign Europe through France cannot be pre-paid.

MEMORANDUM of Countries and Places to which pre-payment of Postage is **OPTIONAL** *per Contract Steamers.*

COUNTRIES AND PLACES.	Letters. Not exceeding ¼ oz.	Above ¼ oz. and not exceeding ½ oz.	Above ½ oz. and not exceeding ¾ oz.	Above ¾ oz. and not exceeding 1 oz.	Above 1 oz. and not exceeding 1¼ oz.	Above 1¼ oz. and not exceeding 1½ oz.	Above 1½ oz. and not exceeding 1¾ oz.	Above 1¾ oz. and not exceeding 2 oz.	Every ounce after first oz.	Names Papers and Ryuted Papers. Weighing less than 2 ounces.	More than 2 ounces. and less than 4 ounces.	More than 4 ounces. and less than 6 ounces.	More than 6 ounces and less 5 ounces.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.				
Madras													
Ceylon...													
Bombay...													
Aden	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 8	0 8	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0	0 8				
Penang													
Singapore													
Malacca													
Hong-Kong													
Canada *vid* Marseilles	0 11 0	0 13 0	1 8	1 10	2 14	3 0	3 2	3 4	0				
Ditto *vid* Southampton	0 9 0	0 9 0	1 2	1 2	2 4	2 4	2 4	2 4	1 2				
West Indies (British) *vid* Marseilles	0 9 6	0 11 6	1 5	1 7	2 8	2 10	2 12	2 14	0 0				
Ditto (British) *vid* Southampton. ...	0 7 6	0 7 6	0 15	0 15	1 14	1 14	1 14	1 14	0 15				
Sardinia *vid* Malta	0 6 0	0 9 0	0 15	1 2	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	Newspapers, &c., cannot be prepaid.			
States of Italy (except Tuscany) *vid* Malta..	0 14 0	1 0 0	1 14	2 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 1 6	0 2 0	0 3 6	0 4 0

MEMORANDUM of Countries and Places to which pre-payment of Postage is **OPTIONAL** *when Articles are sent by Government or Private Steamers and Sailing Vessels.*

COUNTRIES AND PLACES.	LETTERS.						NEWSPAPERS AND PRICES CURRENT.				PARCELS.					
	Not exceeding ½ Tolah.	Exceeding ½ Tolah and not exceeding 1 Tolah.	Exceeding 1 Tolah and not exceeding 1½ Tolah.	Exceeding 1½ Tolah and not exceeding 2 Tolahs.	Exceeding 2 Tolahs and not exceeding 2½ Tolahs.	For every Tolah above 2 Tolahs, or every Fraction thereof.	Not exceeding 4 Tolahs.	Exceeding 4 Tolahs and not exceeding 6 Tolahs.	Exceeding 6 Tolahs and not exceeding 9 Tolahs.	Exceeding 9 Tolahs and not exceeding 12 Tolahs.	Not exceeding 100 Tolahs.	Exceeding 100 Tolahs and not exceeding 200 Tolahs.	Exceeding 200 Tolahs and not exceeding 300 Tolahs.	Exceeding 300 Tolahs and not exceeding 400 Tolahs.	Exceeding 400 Tolahs and not exceeding 500 Tolahs.	Exceeding 500 Tolahs and not exceeding 600 Tolahs.
	As. P.	As. P.	As. P.	As P.	As. P.	As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As P.	Rs As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Arracan																
Madras																
Moulmein																
Pegu Provinces																
Penang	0 6	1 0	2 0	3 0	4 0	2 0	0 1 0	0 2 0	0 3 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	1 8 0	2 0 0	2 8 0	3 0 0
Singapore																
Malacca																
Rangoon																
Aden																

N. B.—One Anna Ship Postage will be realized on each Letter from the Receiver when conveyed by a Private Vessel.

[1042]

MEMORANDUM of Countries and Places to which pre-payment of Postage is **COMPULSORY** *when Articles are sent by Government or Private Steamers and Sailing Vessels.*

COUNTRIES AND PLACES.		Letters.						Newspapers and Prices Current.				Parcels.			Books.	
		Not exceeding ½ Tolah.	Exceeding ½ Tolah and not exceeding 1 Tolah.	Exceeding 1 Tolah and not exceeding 1 Tolah.	Exceeding 1 Tolah and not exceeding 1½ Tolahs.	Exceeding 1½ Tolahs and not exceeding 2 Tolahs.	For every Tolah above 2 Tolahs, or every fraction thereof.	Not exceeding 4 Tolahs.	Exceeding 4 Tolahs and not exceeding 6 Tolahs.	Exceeding 6 Tolahs and not exceeding 9 Tolahs.	Exceeding 9 Tolahs and not exceeding 12 Tolahs.	Not exceeding 100 Tolahs.	Exceeding 100 Tolahs and not exceeding 200 Tolahs.	For every 100 Tolahs, or fraction thereof.	Not exceeding 20 Tolahs.	For every 20 Tolahs, or fraction thereof above 20 Tolahs.
		As. P.	As. P.	As. P.	As. P	As. P.	As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Ceylon	Indian Rates of Postage.	0 6	1 0	2 0	3 0	4 0	2 0	0 1 0	0 2 0	0 3 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 1 0	0 1 0
Hong-Kong																
Macao																
Canton																
Manilla																
Batavia																
Labuan																
Australian Colonies																
Mauritius																
Bourbon																
Cape of Good Hope																
St. Helena																
France																
United States ...																
West Indies ...																

RATES OF POSTAGE

to be collected upon Letters forwarded through the United Kingdom, addressed to the under-mentioned Colonies and Foreign Countries.

Upon Letters for those places marked, Pre-payment is compulsory.*

NOTE.—The French transit rate of two annas per quarter ounce must be collected, *in addition*, upon all Letters sent to the United Kingdom, *viâ* Marseilles.

COUNTRIES, &c.	Upon a Letter not exceeding half an ounce conveyed from India to the United Kingdom by Packet *viâ Southampton*.	COUNTRIES, &c.	Upon a Letter not exceeding half an ounce conveyed from India to the United Kingdom by Packet *viâ Southampton*.	COUNTRIES, &c.	Upon a Letter not exceeding half an ounce conveyed from India to the United Kingdom by Packet *viâ Southampton*.
	R. A. P.		R. A. P.		R. A. P.
*Africa, West Coast of..	0 7 6	*Guatemala	0 7 6	*Portugal	1 1 0
*Ascension	0 7 6	Hamburgh	0 9 6	Prince Edward Island... ...	0 7 6
Austria	0 9 6	Hanover	0 9 6	Prussia...	0 9 6
*Azores	1 1 6	*Hayti...	0 7 6	Reuss	0 9 6
Belgium	0 6 0	Hesse...	0 9 6	Russia	0 12 0
Belize, Honduras ...	0 7 6	Holland	0 6 0	St. Helena	0 7 6
Bermuda	0 7 6	Homburg, Hesse ...	0 9 6	*Sandwich Islands	0 13 0
*Bolivia	1 3 6	Larnaca	0 13 0	Saxe Altenburg	0 9 6
*Brazil	0 11 6	Lauenburg	0 11 0	Saxe Coburg Gotha	0 9 6
Bremen	0 9 6	Lippe Detmold... ...	0 9 6	Saxe Meiningen	0 9 6
Brunswick	0 9 6	Lubeck	0 9 6	Saxe Weimar	0 9 6
*Buenos Ayres	0 11 6	*Madeira	1 1 6	Saxony...	0 9 6
*California	0 13 0	*Martinique	0 7 6	Schaumburg Lippe	0 9 6
*Cape de Verd Islands...	1 1 6	Mecklenburg	0 9 6	Schwartzburg Rudoldstadt..	0 9 6
Cape of Good Hope ...	0 7 6	*Mexico	1 5 0	Schwartzburg Sonderhausen.	0 9 6
Canada	0 9 0	*Monte Video	0 11 6	Seres	0 9 6
*Canary Islands	0 11 6	Nassau (Germany) ...	0 9 6	*Surinam	0 7 6
*Chili	1 3 6	*Natal	0 7 6	Sweden	0 13 6
*Costa Rica...	1 5 0	*New Granada	0 11 6	Tchesme	0 13 0
*Cuba	0 15 6	*Norway	0 15 0	Tenedos	0 13 0
*Curacoa	0 7 6	New Brunswick ...	0 7 6	*Turkey (Europe) except the	
Denmark	0 11 0	Newfoundland	0 7 6	places specified...	0 9 6
*Ecuador	1 3 6	Nova Scotia	0 7 6	*United States	0 9 6
*Falkland Islands ...	0 7 6	Oldenburg...	0 9 6	*Venezuela	0 11 6
Frankfort	0 9 6	*Oregon	0 13 0	West Indies (British)	0 7 6
Gold Coast	0 7 6	*Peru	1 3 6	West Indies (Danish)	0 7 6
*Grey Town	1 5 0	Poland	0 12 0		
*Guadeloupe	0 7 6	*Porto Rico	0 14 0		

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF THE POST IN INDIA,
January 1st 1859.

THE following Conditions are to be observed in sending Book-Packets by Post:—

1*st*.—The Postage must be pre-paid in full, by means of Postage Stamps affixed outside the Packet on its cover.

2*nd*.—Every Packet must be sent either without a cover, or in a cover open at the ends or sides, so as to admit of the enclosures being removed for examination.

3*rd*.—The Packet may contain any number of separate books or other publications, prints, or maps, and any quantity of paper, parchment or vellum (to the exclusion, however, of letters whether sealed or open) and the books or other publications, prints, maps, &c., may be either printed, written or plain, or any mixture of the three. Further, all legitimate binding, mounting, or covering of a book, publication, &c., or of a portion thereof, will be allowed, whether such binding, &c. be loose or attached; as also rollers in the case of prints or maps, markers (whether of paper or otherwise) in the case of books; and in short whatever is necessary for the safe transmission of literary or artistic matter or usually appertains thereto.

4*th*.—The Packet must not contain any letter, closed or open, or any enclosure sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, nor must there be any letter, or any communication of the nature of a letter, written or printed in any such Packet or on its cover. Entries, however, merely stating who sends the book, &c., or to whom it is given, are not regarded as a letter.

5*th*.—No Book-Packet can be received if it exceeds two feet in length, width, or depth.

6*th*.—Any Packet which shall not be open at the ends or sides, or shall have any letter or any communication of the nature of a letter written or printed in it or upon its cover will be charged with Letter Postage.

7*th*.—If a Packet be found to contain any letter, whether closed or open, or any enclosure sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, or any other unauthorized enclosure, the letter or enclosure will be taken out and forwarded to the address on the Packet, charged with full Postage as an unpaid letter

together with an additional Book-rate; that is, with the Postage chargeable on a Book weighing not more than half a lb the remainder of the Packet, if duly pre-paid with Stamps, will then be forwarded to its address.

8*th*.—If a Packet be not sufficiently pre-paid with Stamps but nevertheless bear Stamps equal to a single Book-rate, it will be forwarded charged with the deficient Book-Postage together with an additional Book-rate; but any Packet which shall not bear Postage Stamps equal to a single Book-rate will be detained and charged with the Letter Postage.

9*th*.—No Book-Packet weighing more than three lbs can be sent to or from the East Indies or to New South Wales.

10*th*.—The Colonial Book-Post extends to those Colonies only which are so marked in the Table of Colonial and Foreign Postage.

11*th*.—In no case can a Book-Packet be sent to the Colonies (except at the letter rate of Postage,) through a Foreign Country.

Special Notice is directed to the subjoined Clauses of Rules, the want of attention to which has occasioned the Post Office much inconvenience.

2*nd*.—A separate instruction will be required for every change of address, and no instruction will be attended to for more than three months after its receipt.

3*rd*.—Under Section XXIII. of Act XVII. of 1854, Forward Postage will be charged in addition to all other Postage due or paid thereon upon every letter without exception, which may be re-directed in any Post Office. For example, if a letter posted in Calcutta and addressed to Hooghly is, under instructions which may have been received from the addressee, re-directed in the Calcutta Post Office and sent to Barrackpore, Forward Postage will be charged in addition to the Postage which would have been due, had the letter been despatched to Hooghly according to its original address.

4*th*.—The practice of giving instructions to the Officers of the Post Office to intercept and re-direct letters, not only imposes much labor upon them, but in large Offices seriously retards the delivery and despatch of the Mails. A register of instructions regarding changes of address will be kept in every Post Office, but it must be understood, that it is impossible to guarantee that they shall be attended to, except in the case of letters received for delivery.

There is only one delivery of letters at the General Post Office on Sundays, and Banghy Parcels are neither received nor despatched on that day.

Letters and Newspapers despatched to and from the United Kingdom by private Vessels are liable to the following rates of Postage which must be pre-paid by Stamps:—

	Rs.	As.	Pie.
Letters not exceeding ½ oz. in weight	0	4	0
Ditto exceeding ½ oz. but not exceeding 1 oz.	0	8	0

And so on adding 8 annas for each oz. or fraction thereof which includes Inland Postage.

Newspapers not exceeding 4 oz. in weight, 1*d*. or 9 pie must be pre-paid in cash, and no Inland Postage is required upon such papers.

Parcels conveyed by the above opportunity for the United Kingdom are liable to Letter rates of Postage.

Notice.

The following Extract of an Order of the Government of India, No. 884, of the 13th July 1855.

"No Public Officer is authorized to send Covers on the Public Service by Post, without payment of Postage, unless he is at the time on active duty and in charge of the Office by virtue of which the privilege is enjoyed. All letters superscribed as 'on the Public Service only' must, even though the Postage thereon be not paid, be received and opened by the Officer to whom they are addressed, but if any such, or partially paid letter so superscribed, and addressed to any Officer except a Secretary to Government be found when opened, to relate to the private affairs of the Sender, the Postage will be debited to him and he will be further liable to be dealt with under Section XLVII. Act No. XVII. of 1851.

His Honor in Council further directs that unpaid or insufficiently paid letters addressed to any such Officer or Department and not superscribed "on the Public Service only' be refused, or if opened that it be at the risk and cost of the opener."

Letters arriving at the Presidency Towns, by Mail Steamers will be immediately sorted for delivery according to the address alone, without any reference to instructions which may have been received regarding change of address; such changes will be left to be discovered by the Delivery Officers, and be corrected in the forward and unclaimed Departments of the Office.

Forward Postage will be charged in addition to all other Postage due or paid thereon, upon every letter, without exception, which may be re-directed in the Post Office.

Letters, &c., received by the Steamer will be delivered at the Window of the Post Office only to parties who have registered their names. Applications to the Post Office on the day of the Steamer's arrival to intercept and re-direct letters, &c., cannot be attended to, as they are found not only to impose much labour but seriously retard the delivery and despatch of the Mails.

ALL Banghy Parcels being registered before despatch it is needless to have a Banghy Parcel specially registered by payment of the Fee of 4 annas as no additional precaution can be taken of a specially Registered Parcel which is not taken in the case of every ordinary Banghy Parcel.

UNDER the orders of Government, no fourth delivery of letters by the Post Office is allowed. Mails which are received by Steamers from Suez at so late an hour in the day as not to admit of the letters being taken out for delivery by 6 P. M. are detained till the following morning, but parties who have registered their names under the usual fee, are entitled to receive their letters, and Marseilles Newspapers so soon as the Mails are sorted, and which is generally about 2½ hours after receipt of the Mail, at the Post Office.

THE exemption allowed to Officers with the Army from the charge of Forward Postage on re-directed letters has been continued by the Governor General "until further orders."

Forward Newspapers.—Extra or Forward Postage is chargeable on every Newspaper re-directed at the Post Office of original address and forwarded to another Post Office.

MAILS for Akyab, Rangoon and Moulmein are made up on the 3rd and 19th of each month, for transmission by the Contract Steamers or by Government Vessels, which sail on the morning of the 4th and 20th, unless the Contractors choose to postpone the departure for 48 hours, of which they have the power on making a requisition.

Notice.

No. 8189.

ON Letters and Newspapers sent in the Alexandria Packet for Jaffa, Jerusalem, Bagdad, Beyrout, Constantinople, and other places in Turkey or Syria, the following rates of Postage must be pre-paid:—

FOR LETTERS.

	Rs.	As.	P.
When not exceeding half an ounce ...	0	11	6
When above half an ounce and under one ounce	1	7	0
When above one ounce and not exceeding two ounces	2	14	0

FOR NEWSPAPERS.

When not exceeding two ounces ...	0	0	9
When exceeding two ounces and under four ounces	0	1	6
When exceeding four ounces and under eight ounces	0	3	0
When exceeding eight ounces and under 1lb	0	6	0
When exceeding 1lb and under 1½lb ...	0	8	0

The above rates are those chargeable upon letters and papers posted at the Presidency Towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay. On letters and papers posted in the interior, as also when posted at Calcutta or Madras for transmission *viâ* Bombay, Indian Inland Postage must be pre-paid in addition to the above rates.

Notice.

No. 8199.

LETTERS for all the States of Italy, (except Tuscany), may in future be pre-paid in India, and if pre-paid, will be sent in the Malta Mail for direct despatch from that place to Italy. Newspapers may be similarly sent.

The rates of Postage are as follows:—

On Letters	To Sardinia.	To any other State of Italy, except Tuscany.
Weighing less than ½ of an ounce	0 6 0	0 14 0
More than ½ of an ounce, but less than ¾ an ounce	0 9 0	1 0 0
More than ¾ an ounce, but less than ¼ of an ounce	0 15 0	1 14 0
More than ¼ of an ounce, but less than 1 ounce . .	1 2 0	2 0 0

The above rates comprise the Indian Postage as well as the British and Foreign Postage.

On Newspapers and Printed Papers	To Sardinia.	To any other State of Italy, except Tuscany.
Weighing less than 2 ounces	Newspapers, &c., to Sardinia cannot be prepaid.	0 1 6
More than 2 ounces, less than 4 ounces		0 2 0
More than 4 ounces, less than 6 ounces		0 3 6
More than 6 ounces, less than 8 ounces		0 4 0

In addition to the above rates on Newspapers and Printed Papers, Inland Indian Postage must be paid on all papers posted elsewhere than at the Post Offices of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, and likewise on all papers posted in Calcutta or Madras when they are intended for transmission *viâ* Bombay.

Unpaid Letters for Tuscany and Unpaid Letters for any other part of Italy, (except Sardinia) will be forwarded as heretofore *through France.*

For Sardinia, Unpaid Letters, as well as Paid Letters, will be sent in the Mail for Malta.

Upon *Unpaid* Letters for any part of Italy, except Sardinia, Indian Inland Postage must be paid, as heretofore, according to the Indian Scale of weight, *vide* Section XIX of Act XVII of 1854.

MEMORANDUM showing the Date and Hour of Arrival at the Calcutta Post Office of the Mail which left England on the 26th February 1859, *and the time occupied in sorting the Letters and Papers for delivery.*

Name of the Steamer.	Date and hour at which the Mails were landed at Garden Reach.	Hour at which the Mails arrived at the General Post Office.	Hour at which the Window Delivery commenced.	Hour at which the Peons left Office.	Delivery.	No. of Boxes of Letters.			No. of Boxes of Newspapers and Books.		
						Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.	Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.
Nubia ..	1st April 1859 3 P. M.	4-20 P. M.	7 P. M.	7-20 P. M.	2 hours. 40 mins.	7	3	10	58	31 Total, France Alexandria Hong-Kong Singapore Penang Galle Madras Malta Gibraltar Suez Aden Galle Bombay Total ..	89 99 2 1 1 1 1 1 3 1 Bag. 1 Ditto. 1 Packet. 1 Ditto. 1 Ditto. 1 Ditto. 115

MEMORANDUM showing the Date and Hour of Arrival at the Calcutta Post Office of the Mails which left England on the 10th of March 1859, *and the time occupied in sorting the Letters and Papers for delivery.*

Name of the Steamer.	Date and hour at which the Mail Steamer anchored at Garden Reach.	Hour at which the Mails arrived at the General Post Office.	Hour at which the Window Delivery commenced.	Hour at which the Peons left the Post Office.	Delivery.	No. of Boxes of Letters.			No. of Boxes of Newspapers and Books.		
						Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.	Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.
Simla ...	13th April 1859 1-40 P. M.	2½ P. M.	5 P. M.	5½ P. M.	2 hours 30 mins.	6	3	9	44	20 Total France Alexandria Galle Madras Sydney Mauritius Suez Galle Madras Bombay Bagdad Australia Ditto Aden Malta Gibralter Total ...	64 73 2 1 1 3 1 1 11 Packet. 2 Ditto. 3 Ditto. 1 Ditto. 1 Ditto. 7 Ditto. 7 Bags. 1 Ditto. 1 Ditto. 1 Ditto. 107

MEMORANDUM showing the Date and Hour of Arrival at the Calcutta Post Office of the Mails which left England on the 26th of March 1859, *and the time occupied in sorting the Letters and Papers for delivery.*

Name of the Steamer.	Date and hour at which the Mail Steamer anchored at Garden Reach.	Hour at which the Mails arrived at the General Post Office.	Hour at which the Window Delivery commenced.	Hour at which the Peons left the Post Office.	Delivery.	No. of Boxes of Letters.			No. of Boxes of Newspapers and Books.		
						Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.	Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.
Candia ...	29th April 1859 1 P. M.	2 P. M.	4½ P. M.	5 P. M.	2 hours 30 mins.	7	3	10	54	22	76
										Total	86
										France	2
										Alexandria	1
										Mauritius	1
										Hong-Kong	1
										Singapore	1
										Penang	1
										Ceylon	1
										Madras	2
										Malta	1 Bag.
										Gibraltar	1 Ditto.
										Suez	1 Packet.
										Aden	1 Ditto.
										Bagdad	1 Ditto.
										Ceylon	3 Ditto.
										Bombay	1 Ditto.
										Sydney	1 Ditto.
										Total ...	106

IT is hereby notified that unless marked for particular Ships, all Letters received at the General Post Office, between the 1st *to the* 30th *April* 1859, *both dates inclusive, were despatched by the under-mentioned Vessels, which sailed from Calcutta, on dates specified.*

Letters received on dates from and to	By what Ship despatched.	Bound to	Remarks.
1st to 3rd April 1859.	Steamer *Baltic* ..	Rangoon & Moulmein ...	Left Town on the 4th April 1859.
4th „ 10th „ „	„ *Sydney* ..	Rangoon ..	Left Town on the 11th Ditto.
11th „ 19th „ „	„ *Burmah* ...	Rangoon and Moulmein ...	Left Town on the 20th Ditto.
20th „ 30th „ „	„ *Baltic* ...	Ditto .	Will sail on the 4th proximo.
1st „ 26th „ „	„ *Lightning* ..	Penang, Singapore & Hong-Kong .	Left Town on the 27th April 1859.
1st „ 19th „ „	Ship *Fair Light* ..	Melbourne	Left Town on the 20th Ditto.
20th and 21st „ „	„ *Royal Saxon* ..	Sydney and Melbourne	Left Town on the 22nd Ditto.
1st „ 4th „ „	„ *Catherine Apcar* ..	Mauritius ...	Left Town on the 5th Ditto.
5th „ 14th „ „	„ *Startled Fawn* ..	Ditto .	Left Town on the 15th Ditto.
15th „ 17th „ „	„ *India* ..	Ditto ..	Left Town on the 18th Ditto.
18th „ 21st „ „	„ *Punjab* ..	Ditto ..	Left Town on the 22nd Ditto.
1st „ 17th „ „	Steamer *Fire Queen* ...	Port Blair ...	Left Town on the 18th Ditto.
1st „ 29th „ „	Ship *Clanmerden* ..	Cape of Good Hope ...	Will sail in a few days.

CALCUTTA;
General Post Office,
The 24th March 1859.

T. GARRETT,
Offg. Depy. Post-master General.

LIST of unclaimed Bullock Train Packages lying at the Office of the Post Master General, N. W. P., which will be sold by Public Auction to defray expences if not claimed within three months from this date.

No.	Description of Package.	Address.	Particulars.
1	Parcel ...	Lieut. Drummond, 9th Irregular Cavalry ...	1 Pair of Boots.
1	Ditto ...	Major Jacobs, 1st Fusiliers	3 Flannel Banians.
1	Ditto ...	J. C. Browne, M. D. Arty.	2 Dozen Woollen Socks.
1	Small Box ...	Without address .	8 Bottles Essence of Coffee.
1	Tin Box	Fuzzul Hoosain .	Medicines.
1	Box	Peter Carty, 1st Fusiliers	A Silver Medal for Pegu.
1	Parcel	Shurroofdeen	1 Native lace worked Cap, 1 bag Snuff.
1	Ditto ...	Mrs. A. Campbell ...	1 Lady's Companion, 11 pairs Woollen Socks and some Ribbons.
1	Ditto	R. Davidson, care of Captain Hood Bullubgurh .	2 Flannel Banians.
1	Parcel .	Nusseerooddeen	1 Bottle Uttar, 1 card Elastic.
1	Small Box .	Serjeant Colleran, H. M's. 75th Regiment ...	Pipes and Tobacco.
1	Ditto ..	J. E. Fairfax, Esq., C. S. .	3 Bottles Warburg's Tincture.
1	Parcel	Moonshee Hurgolam .	1 Pair Socks.
2	Ditto ...	Captain Graham, Comdg. for Coll. Watt Belfast	2 Packets Pine Seeds.
1	Ditto ...	Mrs. Graham, Doroundah	1 White Cashmere Shawl.
1	Tin Case ..	Dr. Morris, Sirmoor Battn.	Drawing Paper.
1	Parcel	Mr. Cox, boot maker Jullunder	1 Pair of Boots.
1	Ditto ..	Reverend H. E. Cockey, S. P. G. Cawnpore ...	1 Wool-worked Cheroot case.
1	Ditto ..	Without address ...	1 Turquoise, 1 Snuff box and pieces of Chintz and Silk, 6 Pictures.
1	Ditto .	Ditto ..	1 Pair half Boots.
2	Ditto ...	Captain Strangways	A Lady's and Baby's Linen and Clothing.
1	Ditto ..	Rajah Roodu NarayanSing, Benares ...	2 Small Glasses.
1	Ditto ...	B. Tayler, Esq. ...	2 Packets mourning Paper and Envelopes.
1	Ditto ..	Without address ...	1 Brass Scabbard.
1	Ditto	P. F. DeQuency, Esq ,	Seeds.
1	Ditto	Messrs. White and Co. ...	2 Waistcoats.
1	Tin Box ...	Reverend E. Terlber, R. C. Chaplain, Cawnpore ..	Sacramental Wafers.
1	Ditto ...	Gunr. J. Healy .	Smoking Pipes.
1	Parcel ...	Captain E. T. Dickens .	6 Bottles Pills.
1	Ditto ...	Officer Commanding 8th Regiment, Sultanpore ...	1 Pair Pantaloons.
1	Ditto ...	John Watson, Esq.	1 Pair Wool-worked Slippers.
1	Box ...	Captain P. Comyn . .	1 Box Cheroots.
1	Tin Canister	No address ...	Pogson's Specific.
1	Small Box ...	Miss Habit ...	Jewellery, Earrings, &c.
1	Parcel ...	Lieut. Brown, 28th N. I.	3 Pairs Shoes.
1	Ditto .	Lieut. Lamb, Arty., Assistant Commissioner ...	2 Waistcoats.
1	Box .	Mr. G. Leonard ...	Cheroots.
1	Ditto ..	W. H. Bennet, Esq., ...	Steel Pens and Camels Hair Brushes.
1	Parcel	C. S. Lane, Assistant Commissioner	A roll of white Satin Ribbons.
	Ditto ...	Baboo Samanth ...	1 Hindee Shastar.
3	Ditto .	Mr. Watson ...	Dalley's Carminative Patent Nipples and a Woollen Cap.
1	Ditto	H. Lewellyn ...	A Wig.
1	Ditto ...	Kadir Bux .	A Tin Box.
1	Ditto .	Holden Nan ..	9 Articles Native Clothing.
1	Ditto . .	Lieut. Peil, 23rd N. I. ..	2 Native Silk Caps.
1	Tin Box	Mrs. Kirk, Cawnpore ...	1 Felt Riding Hat.
1	Ditto	Captain Green Lucknow	1 Box Spices.
1	Parcel ..	Mohomed Hoosain ...	1 Piece of Silk.
1	Ditto	No address ...	A Sample of Hemp or Flax.
	Ditto ...	Captain Aitkin, Rajpootana Field. Force. ..	1 Bombay Calendar, 1 Tom Brown' Schooldays, 1 Mutiny Act.

No.	Description of Package.	Address.	Particulars.
1	Parcel ..	Miss M. Barry .	1 Bundle Violet Powder.
1	Ditto ...	Mr. Wohbzeborn	6 Books, plates, 6 German Works.
1	Tin Box ...	R. Kenrich, Esq. ...	1 Revolver, Pistol, &ca.
1	Parcel .	No address	Shakespeare's Hindustanee Dictionary.
1	Ditto	Ditto	1 Vol. Bombay Calendar.
1	Ditto	D. Mackey, Esq., or Coll. Clark .	1 Book Forms.
2	Ditto ...	W. C. Lyall, Esq.	Flannel and other Shirts.
1	Ditto	A. Morris, Esq.	1 Vol. Punch, 1 Vol. Farriery.
1	Ditto . .	Haree Sing Baboo	Silk Handkerchiefs Coloured and 1 Piece white Silk.
1	Ditto .	Raky Moolvie	Gold and Silver Ornaments.
1	Ditto ..	Captain Scott, or Havitt. addre s not known	4 Packets Envelopes.
1	Ditto	Gibson and Co.	Tobacco.
1	Ditto	Meer Ahmed, Peshawar ..	1 Pair Spectacles and 1 Penknife.
1	Ditto	Mr. C. Henfield, Lucknow	1 Black Frock Coat.
1	Ditto	G. Armstrong, Esq., Mooltan	A set of white Cornelian Studs.
1	Ditto ..	Major Tucker, Futtygurh	3 Vol. Books.
1	Ditto	A. C. Smith, Esq., Shahjehanpore	5 Vol. Books.
1	Ditto .	Captain Peterson, Lahore	1 Pouch and Belt.
1	Ditto .	Shahzada Mohamed, Station unknown.	2 Pairs Socks, 1 Bag Snuff, 1 Cap.
1	Ditto	Private Crighton,3rd Co. 1st Battn Artv., Lucknow	1 Box Pills.
1	Ditto ...	Huges E T. Depot. R.Pindee	Rupees 10 in Cash.
1	Ditto	Ahmed Khan,Sepoy, Anoopshuhur	1 Silk Handkerchief.
1	Tin Case	Col. M. C. Johnston, McGrigor and Co.,London	Beating Steam Postage contains Delhie Pictures.
1	Box	H. Lewis and Co., Calcutta	Cheroots.
1	Parcel.	Narain Dass, Mirzapore	Medicines.
1	Ditto .	Q. Mr. Sergeant Mitchell, H. M's. 61st Regiment	Shirts and Children's Shoes.
1	Basket	Ditto ditto	2 Small Beaver Hats.
1	Parcel	Khooshial Khan, Rissaldar, Etawah	2 Lace Caps.
1	Ditto	Captain Cleveland, Cawnpore	1 Coat, 1 pair Pantaloons 1 Pugree, Kakee Cloth.
1	Small Box ...	No address	1 Gold Ring, Red Stone.
1	Parcel ..	Mr. Pereira ...	One Black Alpacca Coat.
1	Ditto ...	Captain Godfrey, Military Train ...	Two Chains, Bridles.
1	Ditto	Shahzada Sultan ...	1 Cap and bag of Snuff.
1	Ditto	W. Parker	1 Pair of Socks, two pairs Pantaloons, one Shirt, and one Coat.
1	Ditto ...	Civil Surgeon, Mooltan ...	An Anatomical preparation.
1	Box	Miss Carbery, Benares ...	Millinery.
1	Ditto	Mrs. Hall, Secrora ...	1 Child's Frock, a Cape and two Dolls.
1	Parcel	Cox and Co., Mooltan ..	One Shoe.
1	Ditto ...	Mrs. M. Troup, Fyzabad .	Two Crochet Needle Cases.
1	Ditto ...	Mrs. Beaumont, Meerut ..	One pair Hair Pads.
1	Ditto ..	No address ...	Four pairs Socks and two Handkerchiefs.
1	Ditto	Messrs White and Co., Meerut	One piece scarlet for a Tunic and Buff Facings.
1	Ditto ..	Dr. W. Carey ...	One Silver Hunting Watch, Chain and Key, one Signet Ring with Crest.
1	Ditto ...	No address	Four white and six colored Shirts, one Felt Hat and six Merino Banians.
1	Ditto	H. Jarrett .	One Horse Artillery Undress Jacket.
1	Tin Case	Lieut. Phillpot	1 Pair Spectacles.
1	Parcel . .	Major Brown ...	2 Delhie Gold-Worked Scarfs.
1	Ditto	Mr. Merrin	Plum Cake.

LAHORE,
The 12th April 1859.

G. PATON,
Post-Master General, N. W. P.

Printed and Published for the Government, by THOMAS JONES, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 4, 1859.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Tirhoot, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Thursday, the 12th May 1859, corresponding with 25th Bysack 1266 Fuslee:—

Class 1.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 3.—Mouzah Sonepore, Pergunnah Ahir, recorded proprietors, Gyan Sing Doss and others; sudder jumma, rupees 300-6-5.

No. 73.—Mouzah Jownapore, Roodar and others, Pergunnah Balagatch; recorded proprietors, Jorawan Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 114-2-8.

No. 147.—Mouzah Jhuckrah Seikh, Tuppeh Bhutsullah, Pergunnah Birarah; recorded proprietors, Buklitour Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 237-14-8.

No. 223.—Mouzah Mahomedpore, Pergunnah Bhallah; recorded proprietors, Jankee Jha and others; sudder jumma, rupees 543-6-6.

No. 375.—Mouzah Kulwarah, Chuck Kulwarah, Pergunnah Bhurwarrah; recorded proprietors, Roopnarain Doobey and others; sudder jumma, rupees 116-1-4. This Mehal is under Butwarrah, the rights and interests only of Bustee Misser, Mukhdoomun, Sheronarain Doobey, Hurjan Thakoor, Nehal Misser, Lutchmeenath Misser, Oogree Misser, Dhurm Dutt Misser, Buddree Thakoor, Mussumut Bebee Jectun, Mussamut Hushmut oolnissa oorf Bebee Dhomun, Nath Jha, Shewdyal Doobey, Deonath Misser, Sheikh Budloo, Pudoomlall Mullick, Mussamut Ramdhunee Misserain, Kubeerooluissa, Pultun Jha, Bhugowan dutt Thakoor, and Oochit Thakoor, Defendants, are to be sold.

No. 384.—Mouzah Judoo Mehree, Pergunnah Barail; recorded proprietors, Fuquerollah and others; sudder jumma, rupees 122-10.

No. 408.—Mouzah Ghoograha, Pergunnah Barail; recorded proprietors, Bhugowuntnarin Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 439-13-6.

No. 698.—Mouzah Bishonpore Hiraram and others, Chuckley Girjowl, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Gopaul Doss and others; sudder jumma, rupees 430-11.

No. 766.—Mouzah Panapore, Seelowthur Chuckley Girjowl, Pergunnah Birarah; recorded proprietors, Dewlutram and others; sudder jumma, rupees 446-0--11.

No. 779.—Mouzah Rohoah Shah Mean, Chuckley Girjowl, Pergunnah Bisarah, recorded proprietors, Sheik Bohorah and others; sudder jumma, rupees 473-2-7.

No. 999.—Mouzah Rujwarah Dhee Chuckley Girjowl, Pergunnah Birarah; recorded proprietors, Dirghgopaul Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 58-2-3. This Mehal is under Butwarrah, the rights and interests only of Quhbul Misser, Bala Misser, Mussamut Sunsaree Kowur, Juggoo Misser, Pertaub Misser, Rungloll Misser, Senahoe Misser, Mussamut Buchunoo Kowur, Balchand Misser, Rughoobunsee Tewaree, and Gobind Tewaree, defendants, are to be sold.

No. 1187.—Mouzah Bhoojpore, Pergunnah Hajeepore, recorded proprietor, Lall Jee; sudder jumma, rupees 394-15-6.

No. 1211.—Mouzah Khilwut, Pergunnah Hajeepore; recorded proprietors, Kowur Mahto and others; sudder jumma, rupees 854-6-6.

No. 1385.—Mouzah Bishonpore Khord, Pergunnah Hattee; recorded proprietor, Jankeedutt Chowdry; sudder jumma, rupees 76-7-0.

No. 1509.—Mouzah Minahpore, Syud Mahmood, Pergunnah Hajeepore; recorded proprietors, Sheikh Fuzul Allee and others; sudder jumma, rupees 173-14-6.

No. 1516.—Mouzah Supta, Pergunnah Hajeepore; recorded proprietors, Lokurmun Opudhia and others; sudder jumma, rupees 115-2-9.

No. 1537.—Uz Ruqba Chooptah, Pergunnah Jubdee; recorded proprietor, Mussamut Sahuj Dye; sudder jumma, rupees 73-2-8.

No. 1550.—Uz Ruqba Sutghura, Pergunnah Jubdee; recorded proprietor, Urjoon Thakoor; sudder jumma, rupees 94-5-5.

No. 1653.—Uz Ruqba Doolarpore Byse, Pergunnah Kunowlee, Zillah Toorkee; recorded proprietors, Shah Kocdrutallee and others; sudder jumma, rupees 160-14-10.

No. 2022.—Mouzah Bhandaree Bhutowleah, Pergunnah Mehela, Zillah Toorkee; recorded proprietors, Shewlall Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 648-13-5.

No. 2057.—Mouzah Bishenpore Ram and others, Chuckley Nye, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Chuckunlall and others; sudder jumma, rupees 311-10-8.

No. 2182.—Mouzah Khuleelpore, Chuckley Nye, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Meer Mozuffurllee and others; sudder jumma, rupees 221-1-11.

No. 2195.—Mouzah Sulahpore Boodhun, Chuckley Nye, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Meer Gholaum Shah and others; sudder jumma, rupees 150-6-5.

No. 2229.—Mouzah Bhugowanpore Beerbul, Chuckley Nye, Pergunnah, Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Juggernath Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 194-13-0.

No. 2246.—Mouzah Bishenpore Dhunarjay, Chuckley Nye, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Munsha Misser and others; sudder jumma, rupees 53-4-10.

No. 2585.—Mouzah Turownee, Pergunnah Puchimbhoegoo; recorded proprietors, Goberdhun Roy and others; sudder jumma, rupees 50-10-8.

No. 2799.—Mouzah Etwarpore, Pergunnah Ruttee; recorded proprietors, Maharaj Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 71-9-6.

No 2800.—Mouzah Etwarpore, Pergunnah Ruttee; recorded proprietors, Nischul Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 67-6-0.

No. 3010.—Mouzah Hushunpore Sugawon, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Birjbharee Panday and others; sudder jumma, rupees 1,045-6-10. This Mehal is under Butwarrah, the rights and interests of Jowahur Panday, Purabo Panday, Rowdeo Panday, Juttee Panday, Beharee Panday, Byjun Panday, Jhugroo Panday, Goodur Panday, Munroop Panday, Umrit Panday, applicants, 14th parties, and Mussamut Keerutbutty Kowur, 15th party to the Butwarrah are to be sold.

No. 3062.—Mouzah Sumurtha, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietor, Boybharee Lall; sudder jumma, rupees 467-6-8.

No. 3083.—Mouzah Kuleanpore Bomeya, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Ameer Lall, sudder jumma, rupees 5,018-10-10. This Talook is under Butwarrah, the rights and interests only of Bundhoo Sing, Mowlee Sing, Chutterdhary Sing, Soodee Sing, Bheekdhary, Sing, Doomah Sing, Kowur Chowdry, Ramchunder Chowdry, Jeetun Chowdry, Booneead Chowdry, Goordyal Chowdry, Fuquera Roy, Shew Ram Roy, Gungapersaud, Doomee Loll, Ramdyal Jha, Hoolas Jha, Khukroo Jha, Bhyeah Ram Jha, Gholaub Jha, Kishnaram Jha, Runjeet Jha, Munoo Sing, Runnoo Sing, Hirdaynarain Sing, Shewdyal Sing, Hardhean Sing, Burmah Sing, Govinda Sing, Rameaun Sing, Rambux Sing, Bumoodee Sing, Pursun Sing, Dursun Sing, Ramgopaul Sing, Johahur Lall, Gunnesh Dutt, Busraj Sing, Boodhun Sing, Lulleetram, Neeladoss, Munrunjun Doss, Sree Kishun Doss, Joylall Misser, Choonnee Lall Misser, Joyanund Misser, Mootee Lall Misser, Hur Narain, Shewnarain, Bundhob Jha, Gooroopersaud Sing, Rambhuroos Sing, Bhoopnarain Sing, Jankee Misraine, Kooldeepersaud Shain Jha, Rithlall Chowdry, Joorawan Chowdry, original heirs of Singeesur Dutt Chowdry, Mussamut Sooha Kowur, mother and guardian of Karee Chowdry, and Banee Lall Chowdry, oorf Mukoonee Chowdry, minor sons and heirs of the late Jugomohun Chowdry, Barun Dutt Chowdry, Munchect Chowdry, Ramsahal Sing and Mahtab Sing, Defendants, are to be sold.

No. 3253.—Mouzah Mooradpore, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Surdha Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 65-15-4.

No. 3364.—Chuck Abdool Rusool, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Meer Nuzurallee and others; sudder jumma, rupees 60-9-0.

No. 3392.—Mouzah Suracheah, Pergunnah Tilluckchawand; recorded proprietors, Rughoobeer Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 306-2-7.

No. 3393.—Mouzah Roopowlee Boozoorg, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Bebee Bholun and others; sudder jumma, rupees 206-4-4.

No. 3199.—Mouzah Esa Chuck, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Ramdial Jha and others; sudder jumma, rupees 206-4-4.

H. L. Dampier,
Offg. Collector.

Tirhoot;
Collector's Office,
The 16th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Shahabad, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Friday, the 20th May 1859, corresponding with 4th Jait 1266 F. S.:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 34.—Mehal Bhoputpoor, Pergunnah Arrah, Jankeeram, Chowaloll Sewsahae Sing, Muheepnarain, recorded proprietors; sudder jumma, rupees 261.

A. Hope,
Offg. Collector.

Shahabad Collectorate;
Buxar,
The 27th April 1859.

Printed by Thomas Jones, at the Bengal Secretariat Office.

SECOND SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 4, 1859.

No.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE BOARD OF EXAMINERS

Report on the Examination of the Junior Unpassed Civil Servants

PERSIAN.

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Kaye ..	N. W. P.	8th April 1858.	10th April 1858.	Passed on the 4th instant. Has to pass in a second language.
2	Howell ..	N. W. P.	27th Jan. 1858.	... ...	Not passed in any language.
3	Burney ..	N. W. P.	12th Feb. 1858.	18th Feb. 1858.	Passed in Hindee 1st September 1858.
4	Saunders ..	N. W. P.	26th Sept. 1858.	1st Oct. 1858.	Studying at Delhi. Not passed in any language.
5	Lawrence ..	N. W. P.	12th Feb. 1858.	18th Feb. 1858.	Studying at Lahore. Passed in Hindee 18th November 1858.
6	Elliott ..	N. W. P.	30th Nov. 1856.	... ...	Studying at Benares. Declared qualified for the Public Service on the 11th instant.

856.

FOR THE QUARTER ENDING 31ST MARCH 1859.

in Persian, Oordoo, Hindee, and Bengalee held in January 1859.

OORDOO.

Nos.	Names.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	Remarks.
1	Alexander ...	B.	10th July 1858.	16th July 1858.	Not passed in any language.
2	D'Oyly ...	B.	28th May 1858.	31st May 1858.	Passed in Bengalee 1st October 1858.
3	Park ...	B.	23rd June 1858.	28th June 1858.	Passed in Bengalee 3rd November 1858.
4	Carnac ..	B.	12th Nov. 1858.	17th Nov. 1858.	Not passed in any language.
5	Trotter ..	B.	24th Nov. 1855.	27th Nov. 1855.	Absent from Examination on Medical Certificate. Not passed in any language.
6	Kemble ...	B.	8th April 1858.	10th April 1858.	Studying at Dacca. Not passed in any language.

No.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE BOARD OF EXAMINERS

Report on the Examination of the Junior Unpassed Civil Servants

HINDEE.

Nos	NAMES	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Lyall ...	N. W. P.	8th April 1858.	10th April 1858	Passed on the 4th instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Persian 1st October 1858.
2	Middlemass ...	N. W. P.	28th May 1858.	31st May 1858.	Not passed in any language.
3	Beames ...	N. W. P.	16th Mar. 1858.	18th Mar. 1858.	Passed for High Proficiency on the 4th instant. Passed in Persian 1st July 1858, and in Hindee 1st September 1858. Qualified for the Public Service, received a Medal of Merit for marked proficiency in Persian 1st July 1858.
4	Garrett . — ...	N. W. P.	2nd Mar. 1858.	6th Mar. 1858.	Passed for High Proficiency on the 4th instant. Passed in Hindee 1st May 1858, and in Persian 2nd August 1858. Qualified for the Public Service.

856.

FOR THE QUARTER ENDING 31st MARCH 1859.

in Persian, Oordoo, Hindee, and Bengalee held in February 1859.

Oordoo.

Nos.	Names.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	Remarks.
1	Alexander ...	B.	10th July 1858.	16th July 1858.	Passed on the 1st instant. Has to pass in a second language.
2	D'Oyly ...	B.	28th May 1858.	31st May 1858.	Passed in Bengalee 1st October 1858.
3	Park ...	B.	23rd June 1858.	28th June 1858.	Passed in Bengalee 3rd November 1858.
4	Kemble ...	B.	8th April 1858.	10th April 1858.	Studying at Dacca. Passed on the 1st instant. Has to pass in a second language.
5	Carnac ...	B.	12th Nov. 1858.	17th Nov. 1858.	Permitted to study at Dacca. Not passed in any language.

No.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE BOARD OF EXAMINERS

Report on the Examination of the Junior Unpassed Civil Servants

HINDEE.

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Middlemass ...	N. W. P.	28th May 1858.	31st May 1858.	Passed on the 1st instant. Has to pass in a second language.
2	Kaye ...	N. W. P.	8th April 1858.	10th April 1858.	Passed in Persian 4th January 1859.
3	Wynne ...	N. W. P.	10th Jan. 1859.	... ...	Not passed in any language.
4	Watts ...	N. W. P.	10th Jan. 1859.	... ...	Not passed in any language.
5	Brown ...	N. W. P.	10th Jan. 1859.	... ...	Not passed in any language.

FOR THE QUARTER ENDING 31st MARCH 1859.

in Persian, Oordoo, Hindee, and Bengalee held in January 1859.

BENGALEE

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Mangles ..	B.	8th April 1858.	10th April 1858.	Not passed in any language.
2	Maclean ...	B.	18th May 1858.	31st May 1858.	Not passed in any language.
3	Oliphant ...	B.	8th April 1858.	10th April 1858.	Passed in Oordoo 3rd November 1858.
4	Graham ...	B.	8th April 1858.	10th April 1858.	Passed in Oordoo 3rd November 1858.
5	Humphery ...	B.	8th April 1858.	10th April 1858.	Studying at Sylhet. Passed in Oordoo with marked proficiency 1st September 1858, and received a Medal of Merit.
6	Kean ...	B.	30th Oct. 1857.	2nd Nov. 1857.	Studying at Berhampore. Passed in Oordoo 4th October 1858.

No.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE BOARD OF EXAMINERS

Report on the Examination of the Junior Unpassed Civil Servants

PERSIAN.

Nos.	NAMES	Division of Presidency	Date of Arrival	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS
1	Howell .	N. W. P	27th Jan. 1858.	..	Passed on the 1st instant. Has to pass in a second langunge.
2	Morris ..	N. W. P	1st Jan 1859.	..	Not passed in any language.
3	Burney ..	N. W. P	12th Feb. 1858	18th Feb. 1858.	Passed in Hindee 1st September 1858.
4	Lawrence ..	N. W. P.	12th Feb. 1858	18th Feb. 1858	Studying at Lahore. Passed in Hindee 18th November 1858.
5	Saunders ...	N. W. P.	26th Sept. 1858.	1st Oct. 1858.	Studying at Delhi Not passed in any language.

856.

FOR THE QUARTER ENDING 31st MARCH 1859.

in Persian, Oordoo, Hindee, and Bengalee held in February 1859.

BENGALEE.

Nos.	Names.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	Remarks.
1	Mangles ...	B.	8th April 1858.	10th April 1858.	Passed on the 1st instant. Has to pass in a second language.
2	Maclean ...	B.	28th May 1858.	31st May 1858.	Not passed in any language.
3	Oliphant ...	B.	8th April 1858.	10th April 1858.	Passed in Oordoo 3rd November 1858.
4	Graham ...	B.	8th April 1858.	10th April 1858.	Passed in Oordoo 3rd November 1858.
5	Trotter ...	B.	24th Nov. 1855.	27th Nov. 1855.	Absent from Examination on Medical Certificate. Passed in Oordoo 11th January 1859.
6	Kean ...	B.	30th Oct. 1857.	2nd Nov. 1857.	Studying at Berhampore. Passed in Oordoo 4th October 1858.
7	Humphery ...	B.	8th April 1858.	10th April 1858.	Studying at Sylhet. Passed in Oordoo with marked proficiency 1st September 1858, and received a Medal of Merit.

No.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE BOARD OF EXAMINERS

Report on the Examination of the Junior Unpassed Civil Servants

PERSIAN.

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Morris ...	N. W. P.	1st Jan. 1859.	.. ..	Passed on the 1st instant. Has to pass in a second language.
2	Burney ...	N. W. P.	12th Feb. 1858.	18th Feb. 1858.	Passed in Hindee 1st September 1858.
3	Middlemass ...	N. W. P.	28th May 1858.	31st May 1858.	Passed in Hindee 1st February 1859.
4	Saunders ...	N. W. P.	26th Sept. 1858.	1st Oct. 1858.	Studying at Delhi. Not passed in any language.

FOR THE QUARTER ENDING 31ST MARCH 1859.

in Persian, Oordoo, Hindee, and Bengalee held in March 1859.

OORDOO.

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	D'Oyly ...	B.	28th May 1858.	31st May 1858.	Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Bengalee 1st October 1858.
2	Geoghegan ...	B.	29th June 1858.	.. ..	Not passed in any language.
3	Park ...	B.	23rd June 1858.	28th June 1858.	Passed in Bengalee 3rd November 1858.
4	Mangles ...	B.	8th April 1858.	10th April 1858.	Passed in Bengalee 1st February 1859.
5	Powlett ...	B.	12th Feb. 1859.	.. ..	Not passed in any language.
6	Smith ...	B.	12th Feb. 1859.	.. ..	Not passed in any language.
7	Gardner ..	B.	12th Feb. 1859.	.. ..	Not passed in any language.
8	Hewitt ...	B.	12th Feb. 1859.	.. ...	Not passed in any language.
9	Whinfield ...	B.	25th Feb. 1859.	.. ..	Not passed in any language.
10	Eades ...	B.	25th Feb. 1859.	... ...	Not passed in any language.
11	Carnac ...	B.	12th Nov. 1858.	17th Nov. 1858.	Studying at Dacca. Not passed in any language.

No.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE BOARD OF EXAMINERS

Report on the Examination of the Junior Unpassed Civil Servants

HINDEE.

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Wynne ..	N. W. P.	10th Jan. 1859.	.. ...	Not passed in any language.
2	Brown ...	N. W. P.	10th Jan. 1859	..	Not passed in any language.
3	Watts ..	N. W. P.	10th Jan. 1859	.	Not passed in any language
4	Kaye ...	N. W. P.	8th April 1858.	10th April 1858.	Passed in Persian 4th January 1859.
5	Fitzpatrick ...	N. W. P.	29th Jan. 1859.	... ..	Not passed in any language.
6	Howell ...	N. W. P.	27th Jan. 1859.	... ...	Permitted to study at Meerut. Passed in Persian 1st February 1859.

FOR THE QUARTER ENDING 31st MARCH 1859.

in Persian, Oordoo, Hindee, and Bengalee held in March 1859.

BENGALEE.

Nos.	NAMES.	Division of Presidency.	Date of Arrival.	Date of Initiatory Examination.	REMARKS.
1	Maclean ...	B.	28th May 1858.	31st May 1858.	Not passed in any language.
2	Oliphant ...	B.	8th April 1858.	10th April 1858.	Passed in Oordoo 3rd November 1858.
3	Graham ...	B.	8th April 1858.	10th April 1858.	Passed in Oordoo 3rd November 1858.
4	Alexander ...	B.	10th July 1858.	16th July 1858.	Passed in Oordoo 1st February 1859.
5	Sperling ...	B.	12th Feb. 1859.	... ...	Not passed in any language.
6	Kean ...	B.	30th Oct. 1857.	2nd Nov. 1857.	Studying at Berhampore. Passed on the 1st instant. Qualified for the Public Service, having passed in Oordoo 4th October 1858.
7	Humphery ...	B.	8th April 1858.	10th April 1858.	Studying at Sylhet. Passed in Oordoo with marked proficiency 1st Sept. 1858, and received a Medal of Merit.
8	Kemble ...	B.	8th April 1858.	10th April 1858.	Studying at Dacca. Passed in Oordoo 1st February 1859.
9	Trotter ...	B.	24th Nov. 1855.	27th Nov. 1855.	Absent from Calcutta on Medical Certificate. Passed in Oordoo 11th January.

By Order of the Board of Examiners,

WM. N. LEES,

Secy. to the Board of Examiners.

By Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council,

W. GREY,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PRINTED BY THOMAS JONES, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

No. 37.] [1051]

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, MAY 7, 1859.

Legislative Council of India.

THE 30TH APRIL 1859.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 30th April 1859, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. IX OF 1859.

An Act to provide for the adjudication of claims to property seized as forfeited.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make provision for the adjudication of claims to property seized as forfeited, with a view to the speedy determination of the same; and whereas it is also expedient to remove doubts concerning the powers of Officers or other persons to whom Commissions may have been issued for the trial of heinous offences in certain districts, and concerning the validity of convictions and adjudications of forfeiture made by such Officers or other persons; It is enacted as follows :—

Courts of Special Commission to be established.

I. It shall be lawful for the Executive Governments of the Lower and North-Western Provinces of the Presidency of Bengal, to establish within any part of the Territories subject to their respective Governments, Courts of Special Commission for the trial and determination of claims to property seized as forfeited, and to assign, from time to time, such local jurisdiction to the Courts so established as may appear proper. Provided that no additional expense shall be incurred by the establishment of any such Court without the previous sanction of the Governor General of India in Council.

Proviso.

Court to consist of three Commissioners.

II. Every Court established under this Act shall consist of not less than three Commissioners who shall sit together for the trial and determination of claims; but any one or more of them shall have power to make all such orders as may be necessary for preparing the cases that may be instituted for trial and decision.

Notification of establishment of Court in any District.

III. Whenever any Court shall be established under the provisions of this Act, with jurisdiction in any district or districts, notice thereof shall be given by a written proclamation, of which copies shall be affixed in the several Courts and in the Offices of the several Collectors and Magistrates of such district or districts; and the powers heretofore vested in the Courts of such district or districts in respect of all cases cognizable by the Courts established under this Act, shall be suspended until such Courts shall be informed, by an order under the signature of the Secretary to Government, that the local jurisdiction of such Court of Special Commission has ceased, of which notice shall be given by proclamation in the manner aforesaid.

Transfer of pending suits.

IV. Any case pending before any Court sitting as a Court of original jurisdiction at the time of the passing of this Act, in respect of a matter made cognizable by Courts established under its provisions, shall be transferred to the Court of Special Commission, within the limits of whose jurisdiction the property in dispute is situate, and such Court shall summon the defendant and proceed to dispose of the case in the same manner as if it had been instituted before it.

Court where to be held.

V. The Courts established under this Act shall be held at such place within the limits of their respective jurisdiction, as shall from time to time be appointed by the local Government.

Form of plaint.

VI. The plaint in suits instituted under this Act shall be written on the stamp paper prescribed for petitions of plaint in regular suits, and shall contain the following particulars, namely,

The name, description, and place of abode of the plaintiff, the relief sought for, the subject of

the claim, and the cause of action ; and if the suit be brought against a defendant other than the Government or some Officer on the part of Government, the name, description, and place of abode of such defendant.

Verification of plaint.

VII. The plaint shall be verified in the manner prescribed for the verification of plaints in Section XXVII. Act VIII of 1859 *(for simplifying the Procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature not established by Royal Charter)* ; and if the plaint contain any averment which the person making the verification shall know or believe to be false, or shall not know or believe to be true, such person shall be subject to punishment according to the provisions of the law for the time being in force for the punishment of giving or fabricating false evidence.

Punishment for false averment in plaint.

Presentation of plaint.

VIII. The plaint may be presented by the plaintiff in person or by his duly constituted representative, either in the principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction in the district in which the property or any part of the property in dispute is situate, or in the Court of Special Commission having jurisdiction over the claim under this Act. If the plaint be not presented in the Court of Special Commission, it shall be forwarded to such Court without delay.

Procedure before hearing of suit.

IX. The Court shall fix a day for the appearance of the parties and for the hearing of the suit, of which due notice shall be given to the parties or their representatives, and on the day so fixed the parties shall bring their witnesses into Court, together with any documents on which they may intend to rely in support of their respective statements. If either party require the assistance of the Court to procure the attendance of a witness on such day, he shall apply to the Court in sufficient time before the day fixed for the hearing of the suit, and the Court shall issue a subpœna requiring such witness to attend the Court on that day. It shall be competent to the Court to require the personal attendance of the plaintiff on the day fixed for the hearing of the suit or at any subsequent stage.

Procedure on hearing.

X. On the day fixed for the hearing of the suit or as soon after as may be practicable, the Court shall proceed to examine the plaintiff or his representative (when his personal attendance is not required) and the witnesses of the parties, and upon such examination and after inspecting the documents of the parties and making any further enquiry that may appear necessary, shall proceed to pass such order in the case in respect both to the claim and to the costs of suit as it may consider just and proper.

Examination, &c., of witnesses.

XI. It shall not be necessary to take down the depositions of the witnesses in writing at length ; but the Court, as the examination of each witness proceeds, shall reduce into writing the substance of what such witness deposes, and the deposition so taken shall form part of the record. In all other respects the provisions of the Regulations and Acts for procuring the attendance of witnesses and for the examination, remuneration, and punishment of witnesses in suits before the Civil Courts, shall be of equal force and effect in cases tried under this Act.

Decisions.

XII. The rules contained in Act XII of 1843 *(concerning the time at which and the language in which the decisions of the Judges in the Courts of the East India Company are to be written)* shall be applicable to decisions passed under this Act.

No appeal.

XIII. No appeal shall lie from any decision passed under this Act, nor shall any such decision be open to revision.

Execution of decrees.

XIV. The decrees of the Courts of Special Commission established under this Act shall be enforced by the Civil Courts of the district in which the property in dispute is situate, under the rules applicable to the execution of decrees passed by those Courts.

Records of cases where to be deposited.

XV. The records of cases disposed of by Courts established under this Act shall be deposited amongst the records of the principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction in the district in which the property in dispute is situate.

Validity of convictions of offences involving forfeiture of property not to be questioned by any Court.

XVI. Whenever any person shall have been convicted of an offence for which his property was forfeited to Government, no Court has power in any suit or proceeding relating to such property, to question the validity of the conviction.

Validity of conviction not to be questioned because the record does not show in what capacity the convicting Officer acted.

XVII. Whenever any person shall have been convicted as above by an Officer having power to try and convict, the validity of any such conviction shall not be questioned upon the ground that the record of the conviction does not show in what capacity such Officer acted, or that it represents him to have acted in a different capacity from that in which he had power to convict.

Property attached without adjudication of forfeiture.

XVIII. Whenever any property shall have been attached or seized without either conviction or an adjudication of forfeiture by any Officer of Government as property forfeited or liable to be forfeited to Government for an offence for which upon conviction the property of the offender would be forfeited, the validity of such attachment or seizure shall not be called in question by any Court or other authority in any suit or proceeding, unless the offender or alleged offender shall, within one year after the seizure of his property, have surrendered himself for trial and upon trial before a competent Court shall have been or shall be acquitted of the offence and shall prove to the satisfaction of the Court that he did not escape or keep out of the way for the purpose of evading justice. Nothing in this Section shall extend to persons entitled to pardon under Her Majesty's proclamation published in the Calcutta Gazette Extraordinary dated the 1st

Validity of such attachment not to be questioned unless offender surrender within one year and be acquitted, &c.

Proviso.

November 1858, or to any person who, having surrendered himself within the period of one year after the seizure of his property, shall be discharged by order of Government without a prosecution.

Release of property attached as forfeited.

XIX. No Judge or other person acting as Commissioner under the provisions of Acts XIV and XVI of 1857 has power to release property attached or seized as forfeited or as liable to be forfeited to Government except under the provisions of Section VIII Act XXV of 1857, when the offender or alleged offender shall have surrendered himself for trial and shall be tried and acquitted by such Judge or Commissioner, and shall prove that he did not escape or keep out of the way for the purpose of evading justice; and any order passed by any such Judge or Commissioner for the release of any property attached or seized as forfeited or liable to be forfeited to Government, except upon the acquittal before him of the person accused, and upon proof that he did not escape or keep out of the way for the purpose of evading justice, is hereby declared null and void.

Act not affect the rights of parties not charged with an offence punishable by forfeiture of property.

XX. Nothing in this Act shall be held to affect the rights of parties not charged with any offence for which upon conviction the property of the offender is forfeited, in respect of any property attached or seized as forfeited or liable to be forfeited to Government; provided that no suit brought by any party in respect of such property shall be entertained unless it be instituted within the period of one year from the date of the attachment or seizure of the property to which the suit relates.

Proviso.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE 30TH APRIL 1859.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 29th April 1859, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. X OF 1859.

An Act to amend the law relating to the recovery of Rent in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to re-enact with certain modifications the provisions of the existing law relative to the rights of ryots with respect to the delivery of pottahs and the occupancy of land, to the prevention of illegal exaction and extortion in connection with demands of rent, and to other questions connected with the same; to extend the jurisdiction of Collectors, and to prescribe rules for the trial of such questions, as well as of suits for the recovery of arrears of rent, and of suits arising out of the distraint of property for such arrears; and to amend the law relating to distraint; It is enacted as follows:—

Laws repealed.

I. The following Regulations and Acts and portions of Regulations and Acts are hereby repealed, except in so far as they repeal any other Regulation or Act, and except as to proceedings commenced before the date of this Act coming into force, namely—

Regulation XVII. 1793 *(to empower landholders to distrain and sell the personal property of ryots &c.)*,

So much of Regulation IV. 1794 *(to determine disputes regarding the grant of pottahs to ryots &c.,)* as is still in force,

Regulation XXXV. 1795 *(for better enabling individuals to recover arrears of rent or revenue due to them)*,

Regulation XLV. 1795 *(to empower landholders in the Province of Benares to distrain &c.)*,

Sections IX and X Regulation LI. 1795 *(respecting tyotty pottahs in the Province of Benares.)*,

Sections I to XX Regulation VII. 1799 *(to enable landholders to realize their rents with greater punctuality &c.)*,

Sections I to XX Regulation V. 1800 *(to enable landholders in the Province of Benares to realize their rents with greater punctuality &c.)*,

Regulation XXVIII. 1803 *(to empower landholders in the Ceded Provinces to distrain &c.)*,

Sections IX and X Regulation XXX. 1803 *(prescribing rules for the grant in the Ceded Provinces of pottahs to ryots &c.)*,

Section IV Regulation II. 1805 *(to provide a limitation of time for certain suits &c.)*,

Section XIX Regulation VIII. 1805 *(for extending certain Regulations to the Ceded and Conquered Provinces &c.)*,

Sections V to XXIII Regulation V. 1812 *(for amending some of the rules at present in force for the collection of the Land Revenue)*,

Sections XV and XVI Regulation XIX. 1817 *(for amending certain Regulations in force relative to process for recovery of arrears of rent)*,

Section XXVII Regulation XX. 1817 *(relating to resistance to distraint for arrears of rent &c.)*,

Sections XVIII and XIX Regulation VIII. 1819 *(relating to Putnee Talooks and the system established for the collection of rents generally &c.)*,

Section IV Regulation II. 1821 *(relating to the duties of City and Zillah Judges &c.)*,

Section XXII, and so much of Section XX and the following Sections of Regulation VII. 1822 *(relating to the settlement of the Land Revenue in the Ceded Provinces and Cuttack)* as apply to suits for rent, to complaints of excessive demand or undue exaction of rent, or of the non-delivery of pottahs or receipts, to suits against agents for money or accounts, or to any other suits or complaints arising out of disputes between landholders or farmers and their under-tenants respecting the rent and occupancy of land,

Regulation XIV. 1824 *(for modifying the rules in force for referring to the Collectors summary suits in cases of arrear or exaction of rent)*,

Regulation VIII. 1831 *(for amending the existing provisions relative to the trial of summary suits and claims for arrears or exactions of rent)*,

Act I of 1839 *(relating to the appointment of persons to sell property distrained for the recovery of arrears of rent)*,

Act X of 1846 *(for regulating the proceedings in certain cases of distraint for arrears of rent)*, and

Act VIII of 1848 *(to modify the provisions of Sections IX, X, XI, and XIII of Regulation V. 1812 of the Bengal Code)*.

Sections XIV and XV Regulation IX. 1833 *(for the more speedy decision of certain suits, and for enforcing the production of village accounts,)* so

far as the same are applicable to the territories under the Government of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, are also repealed.

Such parts of Regulation VIII. 1793 *(prescribing rules for the decennial settlement of the public Revenue in Bengal, Behar, and Orissa)*, and Regulation XXX. 1803, as relate to the adjudication of penalties for the refusal of pottahs and receipts for rent and for the exaction of any sums as abwab or in excess of the amount specified in any engagements for the payment of rent, and such parts of Section XXVI Act I of 1845 *(to amend Act No. XII of* 1841, *entitled "an Act for amending the Bengal Code in regard to sales of land for arrears of Revenue)"*, as relate to the enhancement of rents and the ejectment of tenants by the purchaser of an estate sold for arrears of Government Revenue, are declared subject to the following modifications.

Ryot entitled to a pottah.

II. Every ryot is entitled to receive from the person to whom the rent of the land held or cultivated by him is payable, a pottah containing the following particulars:

The quantity of land; and where fields have been numbered in a Government survey, the number of each field.

The amount of annual rent.

The instalments in which the same is to be paid.

And any special conditions of the lease.

If the rent is payable in kind, the proportion of produce to be delivered, and the time and manner of delivery.

Ryots holding land at fixed rates to receive pottahs.

III. Ryots who, in the Provinces of Bengal, Behar, Orissa, and Benares, hold lands at fixed rates of rent, which have not been changed from the time of the permanent settlement, are entitled to receive pottahs at those rates.

If rent of land be not changed for 20 years

IV. Whenever, in any suit under this Act, it shall be proved that the rent at which land is held by a ryot in the said Provinces, has not been changed for a period of twenty years before the commencement of the suit, it shall be presumed that the land has been held at that rent from the time of the permanent settlement, unless the contrary be shown, or unless it be proved that such rent was fixed at some later period.

Ryots having right of occupancy but not holding at fixed rates, to receive pottahs.

V. Ryots having rights of occupancy, but not holding at fixed rates, as described in the two preceding Sections, are entitled to receive pottahs at fair and equitable rates. In case of dispute, the rate previously paid by the ryot shall be deemed to be fair and equitable, unless the contrary be shown in a suit by either party under the provisions of this Act.

Right of occupancy of ryot cultivating or holding land for 12 years.

VI. Every ryot who has cultivated or held land for a period of twelve years has a right of occupancy in the land so cultivated or held by him, whether it be held under pottah or not, so long as he pays the rent payable on account of the same; but this rule does not apply to khomar, neejjote, or seer land belonging to the proprietor of the estate or tenure and let by him on lease for a term or year by year, nor (as respects the actual cultivator) to lands sublet for a term or year by year by a ryot having a right of occupancy. The holding of the father, or other person from whom a ryot inherits, shall be deemed to be the holding of the ryot within the meaning of this Section.

Saving of terms of written contracts.

VII. Nothing contained in the last preceding Section shall be held to affect the terms of any written contract for the cultivation of land entered into between a landholder and a ryot when it contains any express stipulation contrary thereto.

Pottahs to which ryots not having rights of occupancy are entitled.

VIII. Ryots not having rights of occupancy are entitled to pottahs only at such rates as may be agreed on between them and the persons to whom the rent is payable.

Person granting pottah entitled to a counterpart engagement.

IX. Every person who grants a pottah is entitled to receive from the person to whom the pottah is granted a kubooliyet or counterpart engagement in conformity with the terms of the pottah. The tender to any ryot of a pottah such as the ryot is entitled to receive shall be held to entitle the person to whom the rent is payable to receive a kubooliyet from such ryot.

Exactions in excess of rent or receipt withheld.

X. Every under-tenant or ryot, from whom any sum is exacted in excess of the rent specified in his pottah, or payable under the provisions of this Act, whether as abwab or under any other pretext, and every under-tenant, ryot, or cultivator from whom a receipt is withheld for any sum of money paid by him as rent, shall be entitled to recover from the person receiving such rent damages not exceeding double the amount so exacted or paid. Receipts for rent shall specify the year or years on account of which the rent is acknowledged to have been paid; and any refusal to make such specification shall be held to be a withholding of a receipt.

Form of receipt.

Landholder not to compel the attendance of tenant for adjustment of rent or for any other purpose.

XI. The power heretofore vested in Zemindars and other landholders of compelling the attendance of their tenants for the adjustment of their rents or for any other purpose is withdrawn, and all such persons are prohibited from adopting any means of compulsion for enforcing payment of the rents due to them other than are authorized by the provisions of this Act.

Payment of rent to be enforced only under this Act.

Damages for extorting payment of rent by duress

XII. If payment of rent, whether the same be legally due or not, is extorted from any under-tenant or ryot by illegal confinement or other duress, such under-tenant or ryot shall be entitled to recover such damages, not exceeding in any case the sum of two hundred Rupees, as may be deemed a reasonable compensation for the injury done him by such extortion.

An award of compensation under this Section shall not bar or affect any penalty or punishment to which the person practising such extortion may be subject by law.

Enhancement of rent of ryot holding without, or after expiry &c. of written engagement.

XIII. No under-tenant or ryot, who holds or cultivates land without a written engagement not specifying the period of such engagement, or whose engagement has expired, or has become cancelled in consequence of the sale for arrears of rent or revenue of the tenure or estate in which the land held cultivated by him is situate, and has not been renewed, shall be liable to pay any higher rent for such land than the rent payable for the previous year, unless a written notice shall have been served on such under-tenant or ryot, in or before the month of Cheit, specifying the rent to which he will be subject for the ensuing year, and the ground on which an enhancement of rent is claimed. Such notice shall be served by order of the Collector on the application (which may be on plain paper) of the person to whom the rent is payable, and shall, if practicable, be served personally on the under-tenant or ryot. If for any reason the notice cannot be served personally upon the under-tenant or ryot, it shall be affixed at his usual place of residence, or if he have no such place of residence in the District in which the land is situate, the mode of service of such notice shall be by affixing it at the Mal cutcherry of such land or other conspicuous place thereon, or at the village Chowree or Chowpul or at some other conspicuous place in the village in which the land is situate.

Mode of contesting enhancement of rent.

XIV. Any under-tenant or ryot, on whom such notice as aforesaid has been served, may contest his liability to pay the enhanced rent demanded of him, either by complaint of excessive demand of rent as hereinafter provided, or in answer to any suit preferred against him for recovery of arrears of the enhanced rent.

Dependent talookdar &c. holding land at fixed rent without change since permanent settlement not liable to enhancement of rent.

XV. No dependent talookdar or other person possessing a permanent transferable interest in land, intermediate between the proprietor of an estate and the ryots, who, in the Provinces of Bengal, Behar, Orissa, and Benares, holds his talook or tenure (otherwise than under a terminable lease) at a fixed rent, which has not been changed from the time of the permanent settlement, shall be liable to any enhancement of such rent, anything in Section LI Regulation VIII. 1793, or in any other law, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Rent of talookdar &c., not changed for twenty years to be *prima facie* evidence of occupancy at that rent since permanent settlement.

XVI. Whenever, in any suit under this Act, it shall be proved that the rent at which a talook or other tenure is held in the said Provinces has not been changed for a period of twenty years before the commencement of the suit, it shall be presumed that such talook or tenure has been held at that rent from the time of the permanent settlement, unless the contrary be shown, or it be proved that such rent was fixed at some later period.

Grounds on which ryot having right of occupancy is liable to enhanced rent.

XVII. No ryot having a right of occupancy shall be liable to an enhancement of the rent previously paid by him except on some one of the following grounds, namely :—

That the rate paid by him is below that prevailing in adjacent places.

That the rate of rent paid by such ryot is below the prevailing rate payable by the same class of ryots for land of a similar description and with similar advantages in the places adjacent.

That the value of the land &c. has increased independently of the ryot.

That the value of the produce or the productive powers of the land have been increased otherwise than by the agency or at the expense of the ryot.

That the quantity of land held by the ryot is greater than he has paid rent for.

That the quantity of land held by the ryot has been proved by measurement to be greater than the quantity for which rent has been previously paid by him.

When ryot may claim abatement of rent.

XVIII. Every ryot having a right of occupancy shall be entitled to claim an abatement of the rent previously paid by him, if the area of the land has been diminished by diluvion or otherwise, or if the value of the produce or the productive powers of the land have been decreased by any cause beyond the power of the ryot, or if the quantity of land held by the ryot has been proved by measurement to be less than the quantity for which rent has been previously paid by him.

Relinquishment of land by ryot after notice given.

XIX. Any ryot who desires to relinquish the land held or cultivated by him, shall be at liberty to do so, provided he gives notice of his intention in writing to the person entitled to the rent of the land or his authorized agent in or before the month of Cheit of the year preceding that in which the relinquishment is to have effect. If he fail to give such notice, and the land is not let to any other person, he shall continue liable for the rent of the land. If the person entitled to the rent of the land or his agent refuse to receive any such notice and to sign a receipt for the same, the ryot may make an application on plain paper to the Collector who shall thereupon cause the notice to be served on such person or his agent in the manner provided in Section XIII.

What to be deemed an arrear of rent under this Act.

XX. Any instalment of rent which is not paid on or before the day when the same is payable according to the pottah or engagement, or, if there be no written specification of the time of payment, at or before the time when such instalment is payable according to established usage, shall be held to be an arrear of rent under this Act, and unless otherwise provided by written agreement, shall be liable to interest at twelve per centum per annum.

Liability of ryot to be ejected for arrear due.

XXI. When an arrear of rent remains due from any ryot at the end of the Bengal year or at the end of the month of Jeth of the Fusly or Willayutee year as the case may be, such ryot shall be liable to be ejected from

the land in respect of which the arrear is due.

Proviso.

Provided that no ryot, having a right of occupancy or holding under a pottah the term of which has not expired, shall be ejected otherwise than in execution of a decree or order under the provisions of this Act.

Liability of farmer to have his lease cancelled for arrear adjudged due.

XXII. When an arrear of rent shall be adjudged to be due from any farmer or other lease-holder not having a permanent or transferable interest in the land, the lease of such lease-holder shall be liable to be cancelled, and the lease-holder to be ejected. Provided that no such lease shall be cancelled nor the lease-holder ejected otherwise than in execution of a decree or order under the provisions of this Act.

Proviso.

Cognizance of suits under this Act.

XXIII. 1. All suits for the delivery of pottahs or kubooliyets or for the determination of the rates of rent at which such pottahs or kubooliyets are to be delivered;

2. All suits for damages on account of the illegal exaction of rent or of any unauthorized cess or impost, or on account of the refusal of receipts for rent paid, or on account of the extortion of rent by confinement or other duress;

3. All complaints of excessive demand of rent, and all claims to abatement of rent;

4. All suits for arrears of rent due on account of land either kherajee or lakheraj, or on account of any rights of pasturage, forest-rights, fisheries, or the like;

5. All suits to eject any ryot or to cancel any lease on account of the non-payment of arrears of rent, or on account of a breach of the conditions of any contract by which a ryot may be liable to ejectment or a lease may be liable to be cancelled;

6. All suits to recover the occupancy or possession of any land, farm, or tenure, from which a ryot, farmer, or tenant has been illegally ejected by the person entitled to receive rent for the same;

7. All suits arising out of the exercise of the power of distraint conferred on Zemindars and others by Sections CXII and CXIV of this Act, or out of any acts done under color of the exercise of the said power as hereinafter particularly provided;

shall be cognizable by the Collectors of land revenue and shall be instituted and tried under the provisions of this Act and, except in the way of appeal as provided in this Act, shall not be cognizable in any other Court or by any other Officer or in any other manner.

Suits by Zemindars against their agents for money or accounts.

XXIV. Suits by Zemindars and others in receipt of the rent of land, against any agents employed by them in the management of land or collection of rents, or the sureties of such agents, for money received or accounts kept by such agents in the course of such employment, or for papers in their possession, shall be cognizable by the Collectors, and shall be instituted and tried under the provisions of this Act, and shall not be cognizable in any other Court except in the way of appeal as provided in this Act.

Ejectment of cultivators, farmer, &c. by Zemindars.

XXV. If any Zemindar or other person in receipt of the rent of land requires assistance to eject any cultivator not having a right of occupancy, or to eject any farmer or other tenant holding only for a limited period after the determination of his lease or tenancy, or any agent after the determination of his agency, or to enforce any attachment or ejectment expressly authorized by any Regulation or Act, he shall make application to the Collector, and the Collector shall proceed thereupon to enquire into the case and pass orders in the manner provided for suits under this Act. Provided that no such application for the ejectment of a farmer on the determination of a lease shall be received, if the lease be of the kind denominated ticca zur-i-peshgee or the like, in which an advance has been made by the lease-holder, and the proprietor's right of re-entry at the end of the term is contingent on the re-payment of such advance either in money or by the usufruct of the land. In all such cases the parties must proceed by suit in the Civil Court.

Proviso.

Measurement of lands.

XXVI. When rent is payable by an under-tenant or ryot at a certain rate or rates according to the quantity of land held or cultivated by him, or when any written engagement conditioned for the payment of a certain amount of rent on account of land held or cultivated by an under-tenant or ryot has expired or become cancelled by the sale for arrears of revenue or rent of the estate or tenure in which the land is situate, the person to whom the rent is payable has a right to measure such land for the purpose of ascertaining the quantity of land actually held or cultivated by such under-tenant or ryot. And every proprietor of an estate or tenure has a right of making a general survey or measurement of the lands comprised in such estate or tenure unless restrained from doing so by express engagement with the occupants of the lands. If any person intending to measure any land which he has a right to measure is opposed in making such measurement by the occupant of the land, or if any under-tenant or ryot, having received notice of the intended measurement of land held or cultivated by him which is liable to such measurement, refuses to attend and point out such land, such person may make application to the Collector, and the Collector shall thereupon proceed to enquire into the case in the manner provided for suits under this Act, and shall pass an order either allowing or disallowing the measurement, and, if the case so require, enjoining or excusing the attendance of any such under-tenant or ryot. If any under-tenant or ryot after the issue of an order enjoining his attendance neglects to attend, it shall not be competent to him to contest the correctness of the measurement made in his absence.

Registry of transfers of talooks &c.

XXVII. All dependent talookdars and other persons possessing a permanent transferable interest in land intermediate between the Zemindar and the cultivator are required to register, in the Sherishtch of the Zemindar or superior tenant to whom the rents of their talooks or tenures are payable, all transfers of such talooks or tenures, or portions of them, by sale, gift, or otherwise, as well as all successions thereto, and divisions among heirs in cases of inheritance. And every Zemindar

or superior tenant is required to admit to registry and otherwise give effect to all such transfers, when made in good faith, and all such successions and divisions. If any Zemindar or superior tenant refuse to admit to registry or otherwise give effect to any such transfer or succession, the transferree or successor may make application to the Collector and the Collector shall thereupon proceed to enquire into the case in the manner provided for suits under this Act, and if no sufficient grounds are shown for the refusal, shall pass an order enjoining the Zemindar or superior tenant to admit to registry and otherwise give effect to such transfer or succession. Provided that no Zemindar or superior tenant shall be required to admit to registry or give effect to any division or distribution of the rent payable on account of any such tenure, nor shall any such division or distribution of rent be valid and binding without the consent in writing of the Zemindar or superior tenant.

Proviso.

XXVIII. So much of Section X Regulation XIX. 1793, Section X Regulation XLI. 1795, Section VI Regulation XXXI. 1803, Section XXI Regulation VIII. 1805, and Section XXIV Regulation XII. 1805, as authorizes and requires proprietors and farmers of estates and dependent talooks, in cases in which grants for holding land exempt from the payment of revenue have been made subsequent to the dates specified in the said Sections, of their own authority to collect the rents of such land and to dispossess the grantees of the proprietary right in the land and to re-annex it to the estate or talook in which it may be situate, is repealed; and any proprietor or farmer who may desire to assess any such land or to dispossess any such grantee shall make application to the Collector, and such application shall be dealt with as a suit under the provisions of this Act. Every such suit shall be instituted within the period of twelve years from the time when the title of the person claiming the right to assess the land or dispossess the grantee, or of some person claiming under him, first accrued. If such period has already elapsed, or will elapse within two years from the date of the passing of this Act, such suit may be brought at any time within two years from such date.

Applications to dispossess grantees of land exempt from revenue.

XXIX. All suits which under the provisions of this Act may be brought by or against Zemindars or other persons in the receipt of the rent of land, may be brought by or against Surburakars or Tuhseeldars of estates held under khas management, whether such estates are the property of Government or of individuals. If the Collector or the Suburakar or Tuhseeldar of any such estate in the Provinces of Bengal, Behar, and Orissa proceed against any defaulting ryot or under-tenant of such estate under the powers vested in him by Section XXV Regulation VII. 1799, and not according to the provisions of this Act, such ryot or under-tenant may contest the demand on account of which he is so proceeded against by suit in the Civil Court.

Suits by or against Surburakars or Tuhseeldars of estates held khas.

XXX. Except as otherwise herein provided, all suits instituted under this Act shall be commenced within the period of one year from the date of the accruing of the cause of action.

Time for commencement of suits generally.

XXXI. Suits for the delivery of pottahs or kubooliyets and for the determination of the rates of rent at which such pottahs or kubooliyets are to be delivered, may be instituted at any time during the tenancy.

Time for commencement of suits for grant of pottahs, &c.

XXXII. Suits for the recovery of arrears of rent shall be instituted within three years from the last day of the Bengal year, or from the last day of the month of Jeth of the Fusly or Willayuttee year in which the arrear claimed shall have become due. For arrears of rent due at the passing of this Act, suit shall be brought within three years after the passing of this Act; or within the period now allowed for the institution of such suits in the Civil Court, whichever may first expire. Provided that, if the suit be for the recovery of rent at a higher rate than was payable in the previous year, such rent having been enhanced after issue of notice under Section XIII and the enhancement not having been confirmed by any competent Court, the suit shall be instituted within three months from the end of the Bengal year or of the month of Jeth of the Fusly or Willayuttee year, on account of which such enhanced rent is claimed.

Time for the commencement of suits for arrears of rent.

Proviso.

XXXIII. Suits for the recovery of money in the hands of an agent or for the delivery of accounts or papers by an agent, may be brought at any time during the agency, or within one year after the determination of the agency of such agent, or in the case of claims now existing within one year after the passing of this Act or within the period now allowed for the institution of such suits in the Civil Court whichever may first expire. Provided that if the person having the right to sue shall, by means of fraud, have been kept from the knowledge of the receipt of any such money by the agent, or if any fraudulent account shall have been rendered by the agent, the suit may be brought within one year from the time when the fraud shall have been first known to such person; but no such suit shall in any case (except the case of claims now existing as aforesaid) be brought at any time exceeding three years from the termination of the agency.

Time for the commencement of suits against agents for money, papers, or accounts.

Proviso.

XXXIV. Suits under this Act shall be instituted by presenting to the Collector a plaint or statement of claim which shall contain the name, description, and place of abode of the plaintiff; the name, description, and place of abode of the defendant, so far as they can be ascertained, the substance of the claim, and the date of the cause of action.

Mode of instituting suits. Form of plaint or statement of claim.

XXXV. The statement of claim shall be presented by the plaintiff, or by an authorized agent of the plaintiff who has personal knowledge of the facts of the case, or by an agent who shall be accompanied by a person who has such knowledge.

Statement by whom to be presented.

XXXVI. The statement of claim shall be subscribed and verified at the foot by the plaintiff or his agent in the manner following, or to the like effect:

Verification of statement.

I. A. B. do declare that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

If the statement shall contain any averment which the person making the verification shall know or believe to be false, or shall not know or believe to be true, such person shall be subject to punishment according to the law for the time being in force for the punishment of giving or fabricating false evidence.

Punishment for false verification.

XXXVII. In suits for the recovery of arrears of rent or of money in the hands of an agent, the statement of claim shall be written on paper bearing a stamp of one-fourth the value prescribed for suits instituted in the Civil Court. In all other suits the statement shall be written on paper bearing a stamp of the value of eight annas. No stamp shall be required in respect of the production or filing of any document, or the summoning of any witness, or of any application for the execution of any order or judgment passed in a suit under this Act.

Statement of claim to be written on stamped paper.

No stamp duty to be required for filing documents &c.

XXXVIII. If the plaintiff rely in support of his claim on any document in his possession, he shall deliver the same to the Collector at the time of presenting his statement of claim. Unless such document be delivered in, or its non-production be sufficiently excused, or unless the Collector see fit to extend the time for producing the same, it shall not afterwards be admitted.

Documentary evidence to be produced by plaintiff.

XXXIX. If the plaintiff require the production of any document in the possession or power of the defendant, he may at the time of presenting his statement of claim, deliver to the Collector a description of the document in order that the defendant may be required to produce the same.

If plaintiff require production of document from defendant.

XL. If the suit be for the recovery of an arrear of rent, the statement shall specify the name of the village and estate, and of the Pergunnah or other local division in which the land is situate; and if the arrear is alleged to be due from any ryot, the quantity of land, and where fields have been numbered in a Government Survey, the number of each field; the yearly rent of the land, the amount (if any) received on account of the year for which the claim is made, the amount in arrear, and the time in respect of which it is alleged to be due.

Form of plaint in suits for arrears of rent.

XLI. If the suit be for the ejectment of a ryot, farmer, or tenant, from any land, farm, or tenure, or for the recovery of the occupancy or possession of any land, farm, or tenure, the statement shall describe (as circumstances may require) the extent, situation, and designation of the same; and if necessary for the identification of the land, shall set forth the boundaries of such land.

Form of plaint in suits for ejectment of ryot, &c., or for recovery of occupancy or possession of land, &c.

XLII. If the statement of claim do not contain the several particulars herein before required to be specified therein, or be not subscribed and verified as hereinbefore required, the Collector may return the statement to the plaintiff, or at his discretion allow it to be amended.

Statement may be returned or allowed to be amended.

XLIII. If the statement of claim be in proper form, the Collector, except as otherwise hereinafter especially provided, shall direct the issue of a summons to the defendant, and if the plaintiff require the personal attendance of the defendant, and satisfy the Collector that such personal attendance is necessary, or the Collector of his own accord require such personal attendance, the summons shall contain an order for the defendant to appear personally on a day to be specified in the summons, otherwise the summons shall order the defendant to appear personally or by an agent duly authorized on his behalf, who has personal knowledge of the subject, or who shall be accompanied by a person who has such personal knowledge.

Issue of summons; personal attendance of defendant may be required.

XLIV. The day to be specified in the summons shall be fixed with reference to the state of the file and the distance that the defendant may be or be supposed to be at the time from the place where the Court is held, and the summons shall order the defendant to produce any document which he may have in his possession, of which the plaintiff demands inspection, or upon which the defendant may intend to rely in support of his defence. It shall also enjoin him to bring with him his witnesses if they are willing to attend without issue of process; and shall be in the form A contained in the Schedule to this Act, or to the like effect.

The day to be specified in the summons how to be fixed. Defendant to be ordered to produce necessary documents, and to bring witnesses willing to attend without process.

XLV. The summons shall be served by delivering a copy of the summons to the defendant personally when practicable; or if the summons cannot be served on the defendant personally, by affixing a copy of it to some conspicuous part of his usual place of abode, and also affixing a copy of the same in the Collector's Office.

Summons how to be served.

XLVI. If the summons be served personally, the Nazir shall endorse on the summons the fact of such service. If personal service be not effected, the Nazir shall endorse on the summons the reason of not serving it personally, and how it has been served.

Endorsement by Nazir if summons has been personally served or not.

XLVII. If the usual place of abode of the defendant be in another District, the summons, together with the cost of the service thereof, shall be sent by the public post to the Collector of such District, who shall issue the summons, and return the same, after service, with the prescribed endorsement, to the Officer by whom it was transmitted to him.

Execution of process in another District.

XLVIII. The amount of the cost of serving the summons, or if a warrant be issued as provided in the next succeeding Section, of serving the warrant, shall in all cases be deposited in Court upon the same day or the day next following that on which the plaint or statement of claim is presented to the Collector. If the said amount be not so deposited (except in cases in which the Collector may allow the issue of summons free of cost under the discretion reserved to him in Section CXLVI), the case shall not be brought on the file of suits: but in such case the plaintiff may present another plaint at any time within the period allowed by the rules for the limitation of actions.

Cost of serving summons or warrant to be deposited in Court.

XLIX. If in any suit against an under-tenant or ryot for the recovery of an arrear of rent, or against an agent for the recovery of any money, papers, or accounts, the plaintiff desires a warrant of arrest to be issued against the defendant, such defendant being resident within the district in which the suit is instituted, he shall present with his statement of claim an application for the issue of such warrant. When such application is presented, the Collector shall examine the plaintiff or his agent, on his oath or affirmation or otherwise according to the law for the time being in force in relation to the examination of witnesses, and inspect the documents adduced by him in support of his claim, and if there be *primâ facie* grounds for believing the claim to be well-founded, and that, if a summons be issued, the defendant will abscond instead of appearing to answer the claim, the Collector may issue a warrant for the arrest of the defendant. The Collector shall fix a reasonable time for the return of the warrant which shall be in the form (B) contained in the Schedule to this Act, or to the like effect, and the Officer entrusted with the service of the warrant shall at the time of arresting the defendant deliver to him a notice addressed to the defendant (which shall be in the form (C) in the Schedule or to the like effect) containing the particulars of the claim, and requiring the defendant, if he contest the claim, to bring with him any document upon which he may intend to rely in support of his defence. But no such warrant shall be issued in a suit for arrears of rent due in respect of a dependent talook or other transferable tenure, which, as hereinafter provided, is liable to sale in execution of any decree which may be passed in the case.

Warrant of arrest in what cases to be issued.

L. If a defendant be arrested under the warrant of arrest, he shall be brought with all convenient speed before the Collector, and the Collector shall commit him to custody unless he deposit in Court such sum as may be specified in the notice.

Procedure after arrest of defendant.

LI. When a defendant is brought before the Collector under warrant, the Collector shall with all convenient speed proceed to try the case in the manner hereinafter provided; and if the suit cannot be at once adjudicated, the Collector may, if he think fit, require the defendant to give security for his appearance whenever the same may be required at any time whilst the suit is depending or until execution of the final decree which may be passed thereon, and may commit the defendant to the Civil jail to be there detained until he shall furnish such security or deposit such sum as the Collector shall order. The security bond shall be in the form (D) contained in the Schedule to this Act or to the like effect.

Procedure when defendant is brought before the Collector under warrant.

Form of security bond.

LII. If the defendant cannot be arrested under the warrant, the Collector, on the application of the plaintiff, shall either postpone the case for such period as he may think proper in order that the plaintiff may apply within the said period for another warrant to be issued for the arrest of the defendant, or shall forthwith issue a proclamation to be affixed in his own Office and at the residence of the defendant fixing a day for the hearing of the case, which shall not be less than ten days from the date of the publication of the notice at the residence of the defendant. If the defendant shall appear in pursuance of the proclamation, he shall be dealt with as provided in the last preceding Section.

Procedure if warrant of arrest cannot be served upon the defendant.

LIII. If it shall appear to the Collector that the arrest of the defendant was applied for without reasonable cause, the Collector may in his decree award to the defendant such sum not exceeding one hundred Rupees as he may deem a reasonable compensation for any injury or loss which the defendant may have sustained by reason of such arrest, or of his detention in jail during the pendency of the suit.

Compensation for arrest applied for without reasonable cause.

LIV. If on the day fixed by the summons or proclamation for the appearance of the defendant, or on any subsequent day to which the hearing of the case may be adjourned prior to the recording of an issue for trial as hereinafter provided, neither of the parties appear in person or by an agent, the case shall be struck off, with liberty to the plaintiff to bring a fresh suit unless precluded by the rules for the limitation of action.

Consequence of neither party appearing on the day of trial.

LV. If on any such day the defendant only appear, the Collector shall pass judgment against the plaintiff by default unless the defendant admit the cause of action, in which case the Collector shall proceed to give judgment for the plaintiff upon such admission without costs; provided that such judgment, if there be more than one defendant, shall be only against the defendant who makes the admission.

If defendant only appear to dispute the demand, Collector shall pass judgment by default, but if defendant admit the claim, Collector shall decree upon such admission.

Proviso.

LVI. If on any such day the plaintiff only appear, the Collector, upon proof that the summons or proclamation has been duly served according to the provisions of this Act, shall proceed to examine the plaintiff or his agent, and after considering the allegations of the plaintiff, and any documentary or oral evidence adduced by him, may either dismiss the case or postpone the hearing of it to a future day for the attendance of any witness the plaintiff may wish to call, or may pass judgment *ex parte* against the defendant.

If plaintiff only appear, Collector may proceed *ex parte*.

LVII. If the defendant shall appear on any subsequent day to which the hearing of the suit may be postponed under the last preceding Section, the Collector may, upon such conditions, if any, as to costs or otherwise as he may think proper, allow the defendant to be heard in answer to the suit as if he had appeared on the day fixed for his attendance.

If defendant appear on a day to which the case is postponed, Collector may allow him to be heard in answer to the suit.

LVIII. No appeal shall lie from a judgment passed *ex parte* against a defendant who has not appeared, or from a judgment against a plaintiff by default for non-appearance. But in all such cases if the party against whom judgment has been given shall appear, either in person or by agent, if a plaintiff within fifteen days from the date of the Collector's order, and if a defendant within fifteen days after any process for enforcing the judgment has been executed, or at any earlier period, and shall show good and sufficient cause for his previous non-appearance and shall satisfy the Collector that there has been a failure of justice, the Collector may, upon such terms and conditions as to costs or otherwise as he may think proper, revive the suit and alter or rescind the decree, according to the justice of the case. But no decree shall be reversed or altered without previously summoning the adverse party to appear and be heard in support of it.

Revival, reversal, and alteration of decrees *ex parte* or by default.

LIX. When both parties appear in person or by agent on the day named in the summons, or upon any subsequent day to which the hearing of the case may be adjourned, for sufficient reason to be recorded by the Collector, the Collector shall proceed to examine such of the parties as may be present, and either party or his agent may cross-examine the other. If either of the parties be not bound to attend personally, any agent by whom he shall appear, or any person who shall accompany such agent, shall be examined and cross-examined in like manner as the party himself would have been if he had attended personally. At the time of examination the defendant, if he think fit, may file a written statement of his defence.

On appearance of parties, the parties to be examined by the Collector, and may cross-examine each other.

LX. The examination of the parties or their agents or such other persons as aforesaid shall be upon oath or affirmation or otherwise according to the law for the time being in force relative to the examination of witnesses. The substance of the examination shall be reduced to writing in the vernacular language of the Collector and filed with the record.

Examination of parties, &c.

LXI. If either of the parties shall bring forward a witness on such day, the Collector may take the evidence of such witness.

Witnesses to be examined.

LXII. If the defendant rely on any document in support of his defence, he shall deliver the same into Court at the first hearing of the suit; and unless such document be so delivered in, or its non-production be sufficiently excused, or unless the Collector see fit to extend the time for producing the same, it shall not afterwards be admitted.

Documentary evidence to be produced by defendant

LXIII. If after the examination required by Section LIX and also the examination of any witness who may attend to give evidence on behalf of either of the parties, and after a consideration of the documentary evidence adduced, a decree can be properly made without further evidence, the Collector shall make his decree accordingly.

After examination, Collector may make his decree if no further evidence is required.

LXIV. If on such examination as aforesaid the agent of either party be unable to answer any material question relating to the case which the Collector is of opinion that the party whom he represents ought to answer, and is likely to be able to answer if interrogated in person, the Collector may postpone the hearing of the case to a future day, and direct that the party whose agent may have been unable to answer as aforesaid shall attend in person on such day; and if the party so directed to attend shall fail to appear in person on the day appointed, the Collector may pass judgment as in case of default or make such other order as he may deem proper in the circumstances of the case.

Consequence of inability of agent to answer.

LXV. If on such examination as aforesaid it appear that the parties are at issue on any question upon which it is necessary to hear further evidence, the Collector shall declare and record such issue, and shall fix a convenient day for the examination of witnesses and the trial of the suit; and the trial shall take place on that day unless there be sufficient reason for adjourning it, which reason shall be recorded by the Collector.

If necessary, Collector to record issue and to fix a day for hearing further evidence.

LXVI. The parties shall bring forward their witnesses on the day of trial, and if either party require assistance to procure the attendance of a witness on such day either to give evidence or to produce a document, he shall apply to the Collector in sufficient time before the day fixed for the trial, to enable the witness to be summoned to attend on that day; and the Collector shall issue a summons requiring such witness to attend.

Parties shall produce their witnesses on the day of trial; or Collector on application of either party, shall issue summons for the attendance of a witness.

LXVII. The provisions of the Regulations and Acts and all other rules for the time being in force relating to the evidence of witnesses, for procuring the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents, and for the examination, remuneration, and punishment of witnesses, whether parties to the case or not, in cases before the Civil Courts of the Presidency of Bengal, shall, except so far as the same may be inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, apply to and be of equal force and effect in suits under this Act.

Rules regarding attendance, examination, &c. of witnesses.

LXVIII. If on the day fixed for the trial of any issue neither of the parties appear, the case shall be struck off under the conditions provided in Section LIV. If on any such day one only of the parties appear, the issue may be tried and deter-

Consequence of parties not appearing on the day fixed for the trial of any issue.

mined in the absence of the other party upon such proof as may be then before the Court.

Suits instituted or defended by Naibs, Gomastahs, &c.

LXIX. When suits under this Act are instituted or defended by Naibs, Gomastahs, or other persons employed in the collection of rent or management of land in the name and on the behalf of the landholders by whom they are so employed, all the provisions of this Act, by which the personal appearance or attendance of parties to a suit is or may be required, shall be applicable to such Naibs, Gomastahs, or other persons; and any thing which by this Act is required or permitted to be done by a party in person, may be done by any such person as aforesaid. Processes served on any such person shall be as effectual for all purposes in relation to the suit as if the same had been served on the landholder in person, and all the provisions of this Act relative to the service of processes on a party to the suit shall be applicable to the service of processes on such person.

Personal attendance of plaintiff or defendant not required in certain cases.

LXX. A plaintiff or defendant shall not be required to attend in person if of the female sex and of a rank or class which according to the custom and manners of the country would render it improper for her to appear in public.

Employment of authorized agents or mookhtars.

LXXI. Any party to a suit may employ an authorized agent or mookhtar to conduct the case on his behalf, but the appointment of such agent or mookhtar shall not excuse the personal attendance of the plaintiff or defendant in cases where his personal attendance is required by the summons or any order of the Court; and no fee for any agent shall be charged as part of the costs of suit in any case under this Act.

Collector may grant time or adjourn hearing.

LXXII. The Collector may in any case grant time to the plaintiff or defendant to proceed in the prosecution or defence of a suit, and may also from time to time, in order to the production of further proof or for other sufficient reason to be recorded by the Collector, adjourn the hearing or further hearing of any case in such manner as to him may seem fit.

Collector may cause local enquiry to be made.

LXXIII. The Collector may at any stage of a case cause a local enquiry and report respecting the matter in dispute to be made by any Officer subordinate to him, or by any other Officer of Government with the consent of the authority to whom such Officer is subordinate, or may himself proceed to the spot and make such local enquiry in person. The provisions of the law for the time being in force relative to local enquiries by Amins or Commissioners under orders of the Civil Courts shall apply to any local enquiry made by any Officer under this Section, and, so far as they are applicable, to enquiries made by the Collector in person. In the latter case the Collector, after completing the enquiry, shall record on the proceedings such observations as appear to him appropriate, and the observations so recorded shall be received as evidence in the suit.

Defendant may pay money into Court in satisfaction of the demand.

LXXIV. The defendant in any action under this Act may pay into Court such sum of money as he shall think a full satisfaction for the demand of the plaintiff, together with the costs incurred by the plaintiff up to the time of such payment, and such sum shall be paid to the plaintiff. If the defendant deposit less than the sum claimed and the plaintiff elect to proceed in the case, and ultimately recover no further sum than shall have been paid into Court, the plaintiff shall be charged with any costs incurred by the defendant in the suit after such payment.

If plaintiff elect to proceed and ultimately recover no further sum than that paid into Court, he shall be liable to the subsequent costs.

No interest on deposits.

LXXV. No interest shall be allowed to a plaintiff on any sum paid by the defendant into Court from the date of such payment, whether such sum be in full of the plaintiff's claim or fall short thereof.

If on trial of suit for delivery of pottah parties do not agree as to the time for which the pottah is granted, Collector to fix the time.

LXXVI. If on the trial of a suit for the delivery of a pottah instituted by a ryot having a right of occupancy the parties do not agree as to the term for which the pottah is to be granted, the Collector shall fix such term as under the circumstances of the case he may think just and proper. Provided that the term shall not in any case be longer than ten years, and in estates not permanently settled shall not extend beyond the period for which the proprietor of the estate has engaged with Government. Provided also that, if the defendant be a farmer or other person having only a temporary interest in the land, the term of the pottah shall not extend beyond the period of the continuance of such interest. For cultivators not having a right of occupancy, the term of pottah shall be exclusively in the discretion of the person entitled to the rent of the land.

Proviso.

If in actions for rent a third claimant appear, he is to be made a party to the suit.

LXXVII. When in any suit between a landholder and a ryot or under-tenant under this Act, the right to receive the rent of the land or tenure cultivated or held by the ryot or under-tenant is disputed, and such right is claimed by or on behalf of a third person on the ground that such third person or a person through whom he claims has actually and in good faith received and enjoyed such rent before and up to the time of the commencement of the suit, such third person shall be made a party to the suit, and the question of the actual receipt and enjoyment of the rent by such third person shall be enquired into and the suit shall be decided according to the result of such enquiry. Provided always that the decision of the Collector shall not affect the right of either party, who may have a legal title to the rent of such land or tenure, to establish his title by suit in the Civil Court if instituted within one year from the date of the decision.

Proviso.

Suits for ejectment or cancelment of lease.

LXXVIII. Any person desiring to eject a ryot or to cancel a lease on account of non-payment of arrears of rent, may sue for such ejectment or cancelment and

for recovery of the arrear in the same action, or may adduce any unexecuted decree for arrears of rent as evidence of the existence of such arrear in a suit for such ejectment or cancelment. In all cases of suits for the ejectment of a ryot or the cancelment of a lease, the decree shall specify the amount of the arrear, and if such amount together with interests and costs of suit be paid into Court within fifteen days from the date of the decree, execution shall be stayed.

Judgment how to be pronounced.

LXXIX. The Collector shall pronounce judgment in open Court. The judgment shall be written in the Vernacular language of the Collector and shall contain the reasons for the same, and shall be dated and signed by the Collector at the time when it is pronounced.

If person required by the decree refuse to grant pottah, Collector may do so.

LXXX. When a decree is given for the delivery of a pottah, if the person required by the decree to grant such pottah refuse or delay to grant the same, the Collector may grant a pottah in conformity with the terms of the decree under his own hand and seal, and such pottah shall be of the same force and effect as if granted by the person aforesaid.

Refusal of person to execute kubooliyet as required by the decree.

LXXXI. When a decree is given for the delivery of a kubooliyet, if the person required by the decree to execute such kubooliyet shall refuse to execute the same, the decree shall be evidence of the amount of rent claimable from such person, and a copy of the decree under the hand and seal of the Collector shall be of the same force and effect as a kubooliyet executed by the said person.

Mode of executing decree for ejectment or re-instatement of ryot.

LXXXII. If the decree be for the ejectment of any ryot from land occupied by him, or for the re-instatement of any ryot in the occupancy of land from which he has been ejected, the decree shall be executed by giving the possession or occupancy of the land to the person entitled by the decree to such possession or occupancy. If any opposition is made to the execution of the order for giving such possession or occupancy by the party against whom the order is made, the Magistrate, on the application of the Collector, shall give effect to the same.

Punishment for obstructing execution.

Mode of executing decree for cancelment of a lease or for ejectment or re-instatement of a farmer or tenant.

LXXXIII. If the decree be for the cancelment of any lease or the ejectment of any farmer or other person (not being an actual cultivator) or for the re-instatement of any farmer or other such person in the possession of a farm or tenure from which he has been ejected, the decree shall be executed by proclaiming the substance of the decree to the cultivators or other occupants by beat of drum or in such other manner as may be customary, and affixing the same in some conspicuous place within or adjacent to the farm or tenure.

In what case a judgment debtor may be detained or imprisoned without issue of process of execution.

LXXXIV. If the decree be for arrears of rent or for money, papers, or accounts, and the defendant have been committed to jail or appear pursuant to the conditions of any security bond given under Section LI, the Collector may order that he be detained in or committed to the Civil jail, unless he immediately pay into Court the amount of the decree with costs, or otherwise comply with the terms of the decree.

Liability of surety on failure to deliver judgment-debtor into custody.

LXXXV. If the judgment-debtor have given security for his appearance and be not present when judgment is pronounced, and the surety shall fail to deliver him into custody when required so to do, process of execution may be taken out against the surety in the same manner as if a decree for the amount due by the debtor had been passed against the surety. If the decree be for the delivery of papers or accounts, and the defendant be not present when judgment is pronounced and the surety shall fail to deliver him into custody when required so to do, execution may be taken out against the surety for the sum due under the bond in the same manner as if a decree for that sum had been passed against the surety.

Issue of process of execution.

LXXXVI. Process of execution may be issued against either the person or the property of a judgment-debtor; but process shall not be issued simultaneously against both person and property. Process of execution against the person or moveable property of a debtor shall be in the form (E) or (F) contained in the Schedule to this Act, or to the like effect.

Application for execution against moveable property.

LXXXVII. Any moveable property required to be seized under an execution shall, if practicable, be described in a list to be furnished by the judgment-creditor, but if the creditor is unable to furnish such list he may apply for a general attachment of the debtor's effects to the amount of the judgment and costs. In either case the property to be seized shall be pointed out to the Officer entrusted with the execution of the process by the creditor or his agent.

How long warrant shall continue in force.

LXXXVIII. Every warrant of execution shall bear date on the day on which it is signed by the Collector and shall continue in force for such period as the Collector may direct, not being more than sixty days calculated from such date.

Second and successive warrants.

LXXXIX. Second and successive warrants of execution may be issued by order of the Collector on the application of the judgment-creditor after the expiration of the period fixed for the continuance in force of a previous warrant.

After one year execution not to issue without notice.

XC. Process of execution shall not be issued upon any judgment without previous notice to the party against whom execution is applied for, if, when application for the issue of the process is made, a period of more than one year shall have elapsed from the date of the judgment or from the date of the last previous application for execution.

Execution not to issue against heir or representative of a deceased party without notice.

XCI. Execution on a judgment shall not issue against the heir or other representative of a deceased party without notice to such heir or other representative to appear and be heard.

XCII. No process of execution of any description whatsoever shall be issued, on a judgment under this Act, after the lapse of three years from the date of such judgment, unless the judgment be for a sum exceeding five hundred Rupees, in which case the period within which execution may be had shall be regulated by the general rules in force in respect to the period allowed for the execution of decrees of the Civil Courts.

No process of execution to be issued three years after date of judgment

XCIII. If a warrant issue for taking in execution the body of any person, the Officer charged with the execution of the warrant shall bring him with all convenient speed before the Collector. If such person shall not then deposit in Court the full amount specified in the warrant or make such arrangement for the payment of the same as shall be satisfactory to the judgment-creditor, or satisfy the Collector that he has no present means of paying the debt, the Collector shall send him to the Civil jail there to remain for such time as shall be directed by a warrant addressed to the keeper of the jail, unless he shall in the meantime pay the full amount for the payment of which he is liable under the decree. Provided that the time for which a debtor may be confined in execution of a decree under this Act shall not exceed three calendar months when the amount decreed exclusive of costs does not exceed fifty Rupees, or six calendar months when such amount does not exceed five hundred Rupees, or two years in any other case. If the decree against any person arrested under a warrant be for the delivery of papers or accounts and the papers or accounts shall not be delivered by him when he is brought before the Collector, such person may be committed to the Civil Jail there to remain for such time not exceeding six calendar months as the Collector shall direct, unless he shall in the meantime deliver the papers or accounts according to the terms of the decree.

Warrant against the person.

Limit of imprisonment.

If arrest be for non Delivery of accounts.

XCIV. Any person once discharged from jail shall not be imprisoned a second time under the same judgment. If the amount due under the decree do not exceed one hundred Rupees, the Collector may declare such discharged person absolved from further liability under that decree. In other cases the discharge shall not extinguish the liability of the discharged person under the decree, or exempt any property belonging to such person from attachment in execution of the same.

No person to be imprisoned a second time under same judgment.

XCV. Any person applying for a warrant of arrest under Section XLIX or suing out process of execution against the body of any person, shall deposit in Court, at the time of issue of the warrant, diet-money for one month of thirty days at such rate as the Collector may direct, not exceeding two annas per diem, unless the Collector for any special reason direct that deposit be made at a higher rate, which shall not exceed four annas per diem.

Diet-money to be deposited at the time of issue of warrant.

XCVI. Payment of diet-money at the same rate shall be made previously to the commencement of each succeeding month of the imprisonment, in failure of which the party confined shall be discharged.

Payment of diet-money in advance during imprisonment.

XCVII. All diet money spent in providing subsistence for any prisoner shall be added to the costs in the suit, and any diet-money not so spent shall be returned to the person who deposited the same.

Diet-money to be costs in suit.

XCVIII. In executing a writ of execution against the moveable property of a debtor liable under this Act, the Officer charged with the execution of the writ shall prepare a list of the property pointed out by the judgment-creditor, and shall publish a proclamation specifying the day upon which the sale is intended to be held together with a copy of the said list at the intended place of sale and at the residence of the debtor. A copy of the said proclamation and list shall be transmitted to the Collector and shall be affixed in his Office.

List of property to be prepared and proclamation of sale to be published &c.

XCIX. No sale of any moveable property taken in execution shall be made until after the end of ten days next following the day on which such property may have been so taken. Until such sale the property shall be deposited in some fit place or it may remain in custody of some fit person approved by the Officer executing the writ. The provisions of Sections CXXIX to CXXXIII, so far as the same are applicable, shall be applied to sales under this Section.

Custody and sale of moveable property taken in execution.

C. If before the day fixed for the sale a third party appear before the Collector and claim a right or interest in any of the moveable property taken in execution, the Collector shall examine such party or his agent on oath or affirmation or otherwise, according to the law for the time being in force relative to the examination of witnesses, and if he see sufficient reason for so doing may stay the sale of such property.

Collector may stay sale of moveable property seized if a third party claim any interest therein.

CI. The Collector shall adjudicate upon such claim and make such order between the claimant and the plaintiff and defendant in the original suit as shall seem fit. In trying such claim the Collector shall be guided by the rules contained in this Act so far as they may be applicable.

Collector to adjudicate such claims.

CII. If the claimant shall fail to establish his right to the property taken in execution, the Collector at the time of disposing of the case may award to the judgment-creditor against such claimant as part of the costs such sum as he may consider sufficient to cover any loss of interest or damage which the judgment-creditor may have sustained by reason of the postponement of the sale of the property.

Claimant failing to establish his right, liable to pay compensation to judgment creditor.

CIII. No appeal shall lie from any order passed by the Collector under the two last preceding Sections. But the party against whom the same may be given shall be at liberty to bring a suit in the Civil Court to establish his right at any time within one year from the date of the order; provided that, if the order be for the sale of the property, the suit shall not be for the recovery of the property, but shall be for damages against the judgment-creditor by whom the property was brought to sale.

No appeal from order of Collector under the two last preceding Sections.

Proviso.

CIV. No irregularity in publishing or conducting a sale of moveable property under an execution shall vitiate such sale, but this rule shall not be held to deprive any person who may sustain damage by reason of such irregularity from recovering such damage by action in the Civil Court; provided such action be brought within one year from the date of sale.

Sale not vitiated by irregularity in publishing or conducting the same.

Proviso.

CV. If the decree be for an arrear of rent due in respect of an under-tenure, which by the title-deeds or the custom of the country is transferable by sale, the judgment-creditor may make application for the sale of the tenure, and the tenure may thereupon be brought to sale in execution of the decree, according to the rules for the sale of under-tenures for the recovery of arrears of rent due in respect thereof contained in any law for the time being in force. But no such application shall be received when a warrant of execution has been previously issued against the person or moveable property of the judgment-debtor, so long as such warrant remains in force. If after sale of an under-tenure any portion of the amount decreed remains due, process may be applied for against any other property, moveable or immoveable, belonging to the debtor, and any such immoveable property may be brought to sale in the manner provided in Section CX of this Act.

Sale of transferable tenures in execution of decrees for arrears of rent.

CVI. If before the day fixed for the sale of any such under-tenure as aforesaid in execution of a decree for arrears of rent due in respect of such under-tenure, a third party appear before the Collector, and allege that such third party and not the person against whom the decree has been obtained, is the proprietor of such under-tenure, and was in lawful possession of the same at the time when such decree was obtained, the Collector shall examine such party in the manner provided in Section C for the examination of third parties, and if he see sufficient reason for so doing, and such party shall deposit in Court the amount of the decree or give sufficient security for the same, the Collector shall stay the sale and proceed to enquire into and adjudicate upon the claim. Provided that no transfer of an under-tenure which by the provisions of this Act or any other law for the time being in force is required to be registered in the Sherishteh of the Zemindar or superior tenant shall be recognized unless it have been so registered, or unless sufficient cause for non-registration be shown to the satisfaction of the Collector.

If third party claim to be the proprietor and lawful possessor of such under-tenure, Collector to stay the sale and to enquire into and adjudicate upon the claim.

Proviso.

CVII. In trying such claim the Collector shall be guided by the rules contained in this Act, so far as the same may be applicable and the judgment passed by the Collector on such claim shall not be subject to appeal, but the party against whom it is given may bring a suit in the Civil Court to establish his right at any time within one year from the date of the judgment.

Mode of adjudicating such claims.

CVIII. If a decree is given in favor of a sharer in a joint undivided estate, dependent talook, or other similar tenure for money due to him on account of his share of the rent of an under-tenure situate in such undivided estate or talook or tenure, application for the sale of such under-tenure shall not be received unless execution shall have been first taken out against any moveable property which the judgment-debtor may possess within the District in which the suit was instituted and the sale of such property, if any, shall have proved insufficient to satisfy the judgment. In such case such under-tenure, if of the nature described in Section CV, may be brought to sale in execution of the decree in the same manner as any other immoveable property may be sold in execution of a decree for money under the provisions of the two next following Sections.

Execution of decrees given in favor of sharers in undivided estates or tenures.

CIX. In the execution of any decree for the payment of money under this Act not being money due as arrears of rent of a saleable under-tenure, if satisfaction of the judgment cannot be obtained by execution against the person or moveable property of the debtor within the District in which the suit was instituted, the judgment-creditor may apply for execution against any immoveable property belonging to such debtor.

In all cases of decrees for money, if judgment cannot be satisfied by sale of debtor's moveable property, execution may be had against his immoveable property.

CX. If the immoveable property against which execution is applied for be a house or other building, process shall be issued in the same manner as for the attachment and sale of moveable property, and the provisions of Sections XCVIII and XCIX shall be applicable to the execution of such process. If the property be a saleable under-tenure it shall be sold under the provisions of the law for the time being in force applicable to the sale of such under-tenures for demands other than those of arrears of rent due in respect thereof. If the property be an estate or a share of an estate, it shall be sold under the rules in force for the sale of estates for the recovery of demands recoverable by the same process as arrears of land revenue.

Mode of executing process if immoveable property be a house or other building.

If it be a saleable under-tenure.

If it be an estate or a share of an estate.

CXI. If, before the day fixed for the sale of any immoveable property as aforesaid, objection shall be offered to the sale on the ground of such property not belonging to the judgment-

Consequence of objection being offered before the sale of any immoveable property.

debtor, and consequently not being liable to be sold in execution of a decree against him, the Collector shall examine the party making the objection in the manner prescribed in Section C for the examination of third parties, and if satisfied that there is sufficient ground for so doing, shall stay the sale and proceed to enquire into and adjudicate upon the objection, in the same manner, and subject to the same right of suit by the party against whom judgment may be given, as is provided in Section CVII.

CXII. The produce of the land is held to be hypothecated for the rent payable in respect thereof; and when an arrear of rent as defined in Section XX of this Act, is due from any cultivator of land, the zemindar, lakherajdar, farmer, dependent talookdar, under-farmer, or other person entitled to receive rent immediately from such cultivator, instead of bringing suit for the arrear as hereinbefore provided, may recover the same by distraint and sale of the produce of the land on account of which the arrear is due under the following rules. Provided always that, when a cultivator has given security for the payment of his rent, the produce of the land for the rent of which security has been given, shall not be liable to distraint. Provided also that no sharer, in a joint estate, dependent talook, or other tenure, in which a division of lands has not been made amongst the sharers, shall exercise the power of distraint otherwise than through a manager authorized to collect the rents of the whole estate, talook, or tenure, on behalf of all the sharers in the same. Provided further that in putteedaree estates situated in districts under the Government of the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces distraint shall be made only through a lumberdar.

Produce of the land to be held hypothecated for the rent.

Arrears of rent may be recovered by distraint under the following rules.

Cultivators who have given security to be exempt from distraint

CXIII. Distraint shall not be made for any arrear which has been due for a longer period than one year; nor for the recovery of any sum in excess of the rent payable for the same land in the preceding year, unless a written engagement for the payment of such excess has been executed by the cultivator.

No distraint in certain cases.

CXIV. The power of distraint vested by Section CXII in Zemindars and other persons entitled to receive rent from cultivators of land, may be exercised by managers under the Court of Wards, Surburakars, and Tehsildars of estates held under khas management, and other persons lawfully entrusted with the charge of landed property; and also by the naibs, gomashtahs, and other agents employed by any such persons as aforesaid in the collection of rent if expressly authorized by power of attorney in that behalf. Provided that if any illegal act is committed by any such Naib, Gomashtah, or other agent under color of the exercise of the said power, the person employing such agent shall be liable, as well as the agent, for any damages accruing by reason of such act.

Power of distraint to be exercised by managers under the Court of Wards, &c.

Proviso.

CXV. Standing crops and other ungathered products of the earth, and crops or other products when reaped or gathered, and deposited in any threshing floor or place for treading out grain or the like, whether in the field or within a homestead, may be distrained by persons invested with the powers of distraint under the provisions of this Act. But no such crops or products other than the produce of the land in respect of which an arrear of rent is due or of land held under the same engagement, and no grain or other produce after it has been stored by the cultivator, and no other property whatsoever, shall be liable to distraint under this Act.

Standing crops and crops gathered but not stored liable to distraint.

CXVI. Before or at the time when distraint is made under this Act, the distrainer shall cause the defaulter to be served with a written demand for the amount of the arrear, together with an account exhibiting the grounds on which the demand is made. The demand and account shall, if practicable, be served personally on the defaulter, or if he abscond or conceal himself so that they cannot be so served, shall be affixed at his usual place of residence.

Defaulter to be served with a written demand, &c., before or at the time of distraint.

CXVII. Unless the amount of the demand is immediately paid or tendered, the distrainer may distrain property as aforesaid of value proportionate to the amount of the arrear with costs of the distress; and shall prepare a list or description of the said property, and deliver a copy of the same to the owner, or if he be absent affix it at his usual place of residence.

Distress to be proportionate to the arrear if not paid or tendered.

List of property to be distrained, to be served on owner.

CXVIII. Standing crops and other ungathered products may, notwithstanding the distraint, be reaped and gathered by the cultivator, and may be stored in such granaries or other places as are commonly used by him for the purpose. If the cultivator neglect to do so, the distrainer shall cause the said crops or products to be reaped or gathered, and in such case shall store the same either in such granaries or other places as aforesaid, or in some other convenient place in the neighbourhood. In either case the distrained property shall be placed in the charge of some person appointed by the distrainer for the purpose. Crops or products which from their nature do not admit of being stored, may be sold before they are cut or gathered, under the rules hereinafter provided; but in such case the distraint shall be made at least twenty days before the time when the crops or products or any part of the same would be fit for cutting or gathering.

Standing crops &c. when attached, to be reaped and stored by the cultivator, or, if he neglect to do so, by the distrainer.

CXIX. If a distrainer shall be opposed, or shall apprehend resistance, and shall desire to obtain the assistance of a public Officer, he may apply to the Collector, and the Collector may, if he thinks necessary, depute an Officer to support the distrainer in making the distraint.

Distrainer may apply for aid to the Collector upon occasion of resistance made or apprehended.

CXX. When any person, empowered to distrain property under Section CXII or Section CXIV, shall employ a servant or other person to make the distress, he shall give to such servant or person a written authority (which may be on plain paper) for the same, and the distress shall be made in the name and on the responsibility of the person giving such authority.

Person empowered to distrain may give written authority to their servants to do so.

CXXI. If at any time after property has been distrained, and prior to the day fixed for its being put up to sale as hereinafter provided, the owner of the property shall tender payment of the arrear demanded of him and of the expenses of the distress, the distrainer shall receive the same, and shall forthwith withdraw the distress.

Distress to be withdrawn if defaulter tender payment of arrear and expenses of attachment prior to the day of sale.

CXXII. Within five days from the time of the storing of any distrained crops or products, or if the crops or products do not, from their nature, admit of being stored, within five days from the time of making the distress, the distrainer shall apply for sale of the same to the Civil Court Ameen, or other Officer authorized to sell property in satisfaction of decrees of the Civil Court within the circle in which the distrained property is situate, or to such other public Officer as the local Government shall appoint for the purpose.

Application for sale

CXXIII. The application shall be in writing, and shall contain an inventory or description of the property distrained, the name of the defaulter and his place of residence, the amount due, and the date of the distress, and the place in which the distrained property is deposited. Together with the application, the distrainer shall deliver to the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer the amount necessary for the service of a notice upon the defaulter as hereinafter provided.

Form of application.

Cost of notice upon defaulter to be deposited by distrainer.

CXXIV. Immediately on receipt of the application the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer shall transmit a copy of it to the Collector; and shall serve a notice (which shall be in the form (G) contained in the Schedule to this Act, or to the like effect) on the person whose property has been distrained, requiring him either to pay the amount demanded, or to institute a suit to contest the demand before the Collector within the period of fifteen days from the receipt of the notice. He shall at the same time send to the Collector for the purpose of being put up in his Office, and if in the North-Western Provinces in the cutcherry of the Tuhseeldar, a proclamation fixing a day for the sale of the distrained property, which shall not be less than twenty days from the date of the application; and shall deliver a copy of the proclamation to the peon charged with the service of the notice, to be put up by him in the place where the distrained property is deposited. The proclamation shall contain a description of the property, the demand for which it is to be sold, and the place where the sale is to be held.

Procedure by Civil Court Ameen &c. on receipt of application.

CXXV. If a suit shall be instituted before the Collector in pursuance of the aforesaid notice, the Collector shall transmit to the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer, or if so requested shall deliver to the owner of the distrained property, a certificate of the institution of such suit; and on such certificate being received by or presented to the Ameen or other Officer, he shall suspend proceedings in regard to the sale of the distrained property.

Ameen to suspend sale on receipt of Collector's certificate of the institution of a suit.

CXXVI. A person whose property has been distrained in the manner hereinbefore provided, may institute a suit to contest the demand of the distrainer immediately after the distraint of his property, and before the issue of notice of sale. When such suit is instituted, the Collector shall proceed in the manner prescribed in the last preceding Section. If thereafter application for the sale of the property is made to the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer, he shall transmit a copy of the application to the Collector, and suspend further proceedings pending the decision of the case.

Suit to contest distrainer's demand before issue of notice of sale.

CXXVII. The person whose property has been distrained may, at the time of instituting any such suit as aforesaid, or at any subsequent period, execute a bond with security binding himself to pay whatever sum may be adjudged to be due from him with interest and costs of suit, and when such bond is executed the Collector shall give to the owner of the property a certificate to that effect, or if so requested shall serve the distrainer with notice of the same; and upon such certificate being presented to the distrainer by the owner of the property or served on him by order of the Collector the property shall be released from distraint.

Distress to be withdrawn on receipt of Collector's certificate that the owner has executed a bond with security to pay amount of decree with interest and costs.

CXXVIII. On the expiration of the period fixed in the proclamation of sale, if the institution of a suit to contest the demand of the distrainer has not been certified to the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer in the manner hereinbefore provided, he shall, unless the said demand, with such costs of the distress as shall be allowed by him, be discharged in full, proceed to sell the property or such part of it as may be necessary in the manner following.

On expiration of period fixed in the proclamation of sale, if institution of suit to contest distrainer's demand have not been certified, sale may be proceeded with.

CXXIX. The sale shall be held at the place where the distrained property is deposited, or at the nearest gunge, bazar, haut, or other place of public resort, if the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer should be of opinion that it is likely to sell there to better advantage. The property shall be sold by public auction in one or more lots as the Officer holding the sale may think advisable, and if the demand with the costs of distress and sale be satisfied by the sale of a portion of the property, the distress shall be immediately withdrawn with respect to the remainder.

Place and manner of sale.

CXXX. If on the property being put up for sale a fair price in the estimation of the Officer holding the sale be not offered for it, and the owner of the property or some person authorized to act on his behalf apply to have the sale postponed until the next day, or the next market day if a market be held at the place of sale, the sale shall be postponed until such day and shall be then completed whatever price may be offered for the property.

If fair price be not offered, sale may be postponed to another day, and shall be then completed at whatever price may be offered.

CXXXI. The price of every lot shall be paid for in ready money at the time of sale or as soon after as the Officer holding the sale shall think necessary; and in default of such payment the property shall be put up again and sold. When the purchase money has been paid in full, the Officer holding the sale shall give the purchaser a certificate describing the property purchased by him and the price paid.

Payment of purchase money.

CXXXII. From the proceeds of the sale of distrained property the Officer holding the sale shall make a deduction at the rate of one anna in the Rupee on account of the costs of the sale, and shall transmit the amount to the Collector in order that it may be credited to Government. He shall then then pay to the distrainer the expenses incurred by the distrainer on account of the distress and of the issue of the notice and proclamation of sale prescribed in Section CXXIV, to such amount as, after examination of the statement of expenses furnished by the distrainer, he shall think proper to allow. The remainder shall be applied to the discharge of the arrear for which the distraint was made with interest thereon up to the day of sale, and if there be any overplus it shall be delivered to the person whose property shall have been sold.

Proceeds of sale.

CXXXIII. Officers holding sales of property under this Act, and all persons employed by or subordinate to such Officers, are prohibited from purchasing either directly or indirectly any property sold by such Officers.

Officers holding sales prohibited from purchasing.

CXXXIV. Civil Court Ameens and other Officers as aforesaid are required to bring to the notice of Collectors any material irregularities committed by distrainers under color of this Act; and if in any case, on proceeding to hold a sale of property, the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer shall find that the owner of the property has not received due notice of the distress and intended sale, he shall postpone the sale and report the case to the Collector, and the Collector shall direct the issue of another notice and proclamation of sale under Section CXXIV or pass such other order as he may think proper.

All irregularities to be reported to the Collector.

Officer not to proceed to sale, if he find that defaulter has not received due notice.

CXXXV. When a Civil Court Ameen or other Officer has proceeded to any place for the purpose of holding a sale and no sale takes place either for the reason stated in the last preceding Section, or because the demand of the distrainer has been previously satisfied, no intimation of such satisfaction having been given by the distrainer to the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer, the charge of one anna in the Rupee on account of expenses shall be leviable and shall be calculated on the estimated value of the distrained property. If the demand of the distrainer be not satisfied until the day fixed for the sale, the charge for expenses shall be paid by the owner of the property and may be recovered by the sale of such portion thereof as may be necessary. In every other case it shall be paid by the distrainer and may be recovered by attachment and sale of the property of the distrainer under the warrant of the Collector. Provided always that in no case shall a larger amount than ten Rupees be recoverable under this Section.

Recovery of expenses if Ameen proceeds to place of sale and no sale takes place.

CXXXVI. All proceedings under this Act of the Civil Court Ameens and other Officers as aforesaid shall be subject to the revision and orders of the Collectors, and the Collectors, with the sanction of the Boards of Revenue, may require the submission of such periodical reports and statements of business performed by the Civil Court Ameens and other Officers as may be thought necessary.

Proceedings of Civil Court Ameens &c. subject to revision and orders of Collectors.

CXXXVII. When a suit has been instituted to contest the demand of a distrainer and the property has not been released on security, if the demand or any portion of it shall be adjudged to be due, the Collector shall issue an order to the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer authorizing the sale of the property, and on the application of the distrainer, which shall be made within five days from the receipt of such order by the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer, such Ameen or Officer shall publish a second proclamation in the manner prescribed in Section CXXIV, fixing another day for the sale of the distrained property, which shall not be less than five nor more than ten days from the date of the proclamation; and unless the amount adjudged to be due with the costs of distress be paid intermediately, shall proceed to sell the property in the manner hereinbefore provided.

Second proclamation of sale.

CXXXVIII. In all suits instituted to contest the demand of a distrainer, the distrainer shall be required to prove the arrear in the same manner as if he had himself brought suit for the amount under the foregoing provisions of this Act. If the demand or any part thereof is found to be due, the Collector shall make a decree for the amount in favor of the distrainer, and the amount may be recovered by sale of the property as provided in the last preceding Section if the distress has not been withdrawn, and if any balance remain due after such sale by execution of the decree against the person and any other property of the defaulter, or if the property have been released on security by execution of the decree against the person and property of the default and of his surety. If on the other hand the distraint is adjudged to be vexatious or groundless, the Collector, besides directing the release of the distrained property, may award such damages in favor of the plaintiff as the circumstances of the case shall seem to require.

Procedure after institution of suit to contest distrainer's demand.

CXXXIX. If any person shall claim as his own, property which has been distrained for arrears of rent alleged to be due from any other person, such person may institute a suit against the distrainer and such other person, to try the right to the property, in the same manner and under the same conditions as to the time of instituting the suit and to the consequent postponement of sale, as a person whose property has been distrained for an arrear of rent alleged to be due from him may institute a suit to contest the demand. When any such suit is instituted the property may be released upon security being given for the value of the same. If the claim is dismissed the Collector shall make an order for the sale of the property or the recovery of the value thereof, as the case may be, for the benefit of the distrainer. If the claim is upheld, the Collector shall decree the release of the distrained property with costs, and such damages (if any) as the circumstances of the case may seem to require. Provided always that no claim to any produce of land, liable to distraint under this Act, which at the time of the distress may have been found in the possession of a defaulting cultivator, whether such claim be in respect of a previous sale, mortgage, or otherwise, shall bar the prior claim of the person entitled to the rent of the land, nor shall any attachment in execution of a judgment of any Civil Court prevail against such prior claim.

Any person, whose property has been distrained for arrears of rent alleged to be due from another, may institute a suit against the distrainer, &c.

Proviso.

CXL. If in any case in which property has been distrained for an arrear of rent and a suit has been instituted to contest the demand, the right to distrain for such arrear is claimed by or on behalf of any person other than the distrainer on the ground of such other person being actually and in good faith in the receipt and enjoyment of the rent of the land, such other person shall be made a party to the suit, and the question of the actual receipt and enjoyment of the rent by such other person before and up to the time of the commencement of the suit shall be enquired into, and the suit shall be decided according to the result of such enquiry. Provided always that the decision of the Collector shall not affect the right of either party who may have a legal title to the rent of the land, to establish his title by suit in the Civil Court if instituted within one year from the date of the decision.

Procedure if distrainer's right to distrain be disputed.

CXLI. If any person, whose property has been distrained for the recovery of a demand not justly due, or of a demand due or alleged to be due from some other person, is prevented by any sufficient cause from bringing suit to contest the demand or to try the right to the property as the case may be within the period allowed by Sections CXXIV and CXXXIX and his property is in consequence brought to sale, he may nevertheless institute a suit under this Act to recover damages for the illegal distress and sale of his property.

Persons prevented from suing in time to save their property from sale, may sue for damages.

CXLII. If any person empowered to distrain property or employed for the purpose under a written authority by a person so empowered, shall distrain or sell, or cause to be sold, any property for the recovery of an arrear of rent alleged to be due, otherwise than according to the provisions of this Act, or if any distrained property shall be lost, damaged, or destroyed by reason of the distrainer not having taken proper precaution for the due keeping and preservation thereof, or if the distraint shall not be immediately withdrawn when it is required to be withdrawn by any provision of this Act, the owner of the property may institute a suit under this Act to recover damages for any injury which he may have thereby sustained.

Also persons aggrieved by any illegal act of distrainer.

CXLIII. If any person not empowered to distrain property under Sections CXII and CXIV of this Act, nor employed for the purpose under a written authority by a person so empowered, shall distrain or sell or cause to be sold any property under color of this Act, the owner of the property may institute a suit under this Act to recover damages from such person for any injury which he may have sustained from the distraint or sale. The said person shall be held to have committed criminal trespass, and shall be subject to the penalties for that offence in addition to any damages which may be awarded against him in such suit.

Unlawful distraint.

CXLIV. Provided always that any suit which may be instituted under any of the last three Sections shall be commenced within three months from the date of the occurrence of the cause of action.

Time for commencing suits for damages.

CXLV. If any person shall resist a distraint of property duly made under this Act, or shall forcibly or clandestinely remove any distrained property, the Collector upon complaint being made within fifteen days from the date of such resistance or removal, shall cause the person accused to be arrested, and if the offence be proved and the offender be the owner of the property, shall order him to be imprisoned in the Civil jail for six months, or until the whole arrear due to the distrainer with all expenses and costs shall sooner be paid or levied by distress and sale of the property of the offender under warrant of the Collector. If the person convicted of the offence be any other than the owner of the property, he shall make good to the distrainer the value of the same, and shall further be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees, or in default of payment thereof to imprisonment for a period not exceeding two months.

Resistance of distraint.

CXLVI. Every process issued by a Collector under this Act shall be under the seal and signature of the Collector, and shall be served or executed by the Nazir or by such other Officer as the Collector may direct at the cost of the party at whose instance it issued. The amount of such cost, and, in the case of summons to a witness, any sum required for the travelling expenses of such witness, shall be deposited in Court before the process is issued. Provided that if in any case the Collector is satisfied that a party is unable to pay the cost of

Service of process.

any necessary process, he may direct such process to be served free of charge.

Resistance of process.

CXLVII. Any resistance or opposition to the lawful process of a Collector under this Act may be punished by the Collector according to the provisions of the law for the time being in force for the punishment of resistance or opposition to the processes of the Courts of Civil justice. When in any such case the offender is not present in Court, the Collector may summon him to answer to the charge, and if after due service of the summons he fail to attend, may issue a warrant for his apprehension. Orders passed by Collectors under this Section shall not be deemed to be orders relating to the trial of suits or to the execution of decrees within the meaning of Section CLI

Collector competent to hold a Court in any part of his jurisdiction.

CXLVIII. It shall be competent to the Collector to hold a Court for hearing and determining suits under this Act in any place within the limits of his District or local jurisdiction, provided that every hearing and decision shall be in open Court, and that the parties to the suit or their authorized agents shall have had due notice to attend at such place.

Proviso.

Agents or mookhtars.

CXLIX. Any person may practise as an agent or mookhtar in a Court held by a Collector under this Act without any formal license from the Collector. But it shall be competent to the Collector to prohibit any person, who has been convicted by a competent Court of a criminal offence, or who has been found guilty of fraudulent or dishonest conduct in the discharge of his duty as agent or mookhtar, to practice as an agent or mookhtar in his Court. When any agent or mookhtar is charged by the Collector or any other person with fraudulent or dishonest conduct in the discharge of his duty, the Collector shall proceed in the manner prescribed in Section IV Act XVIII of 1852, or any other law for the time being in force for the trial of charges against pleaders.

Powers of Deputy Collectors.

CL. All the powers vested in the Collector by the preceding Sections of this Act may be exercised by any Deputy Collector in cases referred to him by a Collector; and in all cases without such reference, by any Deputy Collector placed in charge of any Sub-division of a District; and all applications and reports allowed or required by this Act to be made to the Collector may be made to any Deputy Collector having such local jurisdiction.

Collectors and Deputy Collectors to be subject to general direction and control of the Commissioners and the Boards of Revenue.

CLI. In the performance of their duties under this Act the Collectors and Deputy Collectors shall be subject to the general direction and control of the Commissioners and the Boards of Revenue; and the Deputy Collector shall be subject to the direction and control of the Collectors to whom they are subordinate. All orders passed by a Collector under this Act, not being judgments in suits or orders passed in the course of suits and relating to the trial thereof or orders passed after decree and relating to the execution thereof, shall be appealable to the Commissioner; and all such orders passed by a Deputy Collector shall be appealable to the Collector; but no judgment of a Collector or Deputy Collector in any suit, and no order of a Collector or Deputy Collector passed in any suit and relating to the trial thereof, or after decree and relating to the execution thereof, shall be open to revision or appeal otherwise than as expressly provided in this Act.

No appeal from orders of Collectors and Deputy Collectors in certain cases.

Time for presenting appeals from orders.

CLII. Every appeal against the order of a Collector shall be presented to the Commissioner within thirty days, and every appeal against the order of a Deputy Collector shall be presented to the Collector within fifteen days from the date of the order. Orders passed in appeal by a Commissioner or a Collector shall not be open to any further appeal, but the Board of Revenue or the Commissioner may call for any case, and pass such orders thereon as they may think proper.

No appeal from any decree of Collector for money below 100 Rupees unless the decision involve some question of right to enhance rent or some question relating to a title to land.

CLIII. In suits under Clauses 2, 4, and 7 of Section XXIII and under Section XXIV of this Act, tried and decided by a Collector, if the amount sued for or the value of the property claimed does not exceed one hundred Rupees, the judgment of the Collector shall be final, and not open to revision or appeal except as hereinafter provided, unless in any such suit a question of right to enhance or otherwise vary the rent of a ryot or tenant, or any question relating to a title to land, or to some interest in land as between parties having conflicting claims thereto, has been determined by the judgment, in which case the judgment shall be open to appeal in the manner provided in Sections CLX and CLXI of this Act.

In suits not open to appeal, Collector may grant a re-hearing upon the discovery of new evidence, &c.

CLIV. In suits in which the judgment of the Collector is final as provided in the last preceding Section, the Collector may, upon the application of either party, if preferred within thirty days from the date of the decision, order the re-hearing of a suit, upon the ground of the discovery of new evidence or matter material to the issue of the case which the applicant had no knowledge of, or could not produce at the time of trial.

Appeal from decision of Deputy Collector.

CLV. When any such suit as aforesaid, in which if tried and decided by a Collector the judgment of the Collector would be final, is tried and decided by a Deputy Collector, an appeal from the judgment of the Deputy Collector shall lie to the Collector.

Petition of appeal to be on stamp paper, &c.

CLVI. The petition of appeal shall be written on stamp paper of eight annas value and shall be presented to the Collector within fifteen days from the date of the decree,

provided that such time as may be requisite for procuring a copy of the decree appealed against shall not be reckoned as part of the fifteen days.

Procedure in appeal.

CLVII. The Collector shall fix a day for hearing the appeal, and at all cause notice of the same to be served on the respondent in the manner hereinbefore prescribed for the service of summons. If on the day fixed for hearing the appeal, or any other day to which the hearing may be adjourned, the appellant shall not appear in person or by an agent, the appeal shall be dismissed for default. If the appellant shall appear and the respondent shall not appear in person or by an agent, the appeal shall be heard *ex parte*.

Re-admission of appeal.

CLVIII. If an appeal be dismissed for default of prosecution the appellant may within fifteen days from the date of the dismissal apply to the Collector for the re-admission of the appeal, and if it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Collector that the appellant was prevented by any sufficient cause from appearing when the appeal was called on for hearing, the Collector may re-admit the appeal.

Judgment in appeal.

CLIX. After hearing the appeal the Collector shall give judgment in the manner hereinbefore prescribed for giving judgment in original suits, and the judgment of the Collector shall be final.

In what suits appeal to lie to Zillah Judge.

CLX. In all suits other than those in which when tried and decided by a Collector the judgment of the Collector is declared to be final or when tried and decided by a Deputy Collector an appeal is allowed to the Collector, an appeal from the judgment of the Collector or Deputy Collector shall lie to the Zillah Judge; unless the amount or value in dispute exceed five thousand Rupees, in which case the appeal shall lie to the Sudder Court.

To Sudder Court.

Rules regarding presentation and hearing of appeals.

CLXI. The petition of appeal shall be written on the stamp paper prescribed for appeals from the subordinate Civil Courts with reference to the amount or value of the property involved in the appeal, and the rules in force in regard to the time within which appeals from the decisions of such Courts may be received, and to the manner in which such appeals are heard and determined, and to all proceedings which may be had in respect of such appeals, shall be applicable to appeals to the Zillah Judge or Sudder Court under this Act.

Suits to be preferred in the Revenue Office of the District or Sub-division in which the greater part of the land is situate.

CLXII. Suits under this Act shall be preferred in the Revenue Office of the District, or when a Sub-division of a District has been placed under the jurisdiction of a Deputy Collector, in the Revenue Office of the Sub-division in which the cause of action shall have arisen. Provided always that the Collector may withdraw any suit from any Deputy Collector and try it himself, or refer it to another Deputy Collector. If the lands comprised in any talook, farm, or other tenure, or any lands held under one lease or engagement or at one entire rent in respect of which arrears of rent may be due, are situated in more than one District or Sub-division, the District or Sub-division in which the greater part of such lands is situate shall be held to be the District or Sub-division in which the cause of action has arisen; and if any question shall be raised respecting the District or Sub-division in which the greater part of the lands is situate, the Board of Revenue, or if all the lands be situate in one District the Collector of the District shall decide the question, and such decision shall be conclusive on the point of jurisdiction.

Except as above, Collector not to exercise jurisdiction in respect to lands situate beyond his District.

CLXIII. Except as provided in the last preceeding Section, no Collector shall exercise any jurisdiction under this Act in respect to any lands situate beyond the limits of the District to which he is appointed, by reason of such lands forming part of an estate the revenue of which is paid into the Treasury of the said District.

Deputy Collector entrusted with Police functions, not to exercise judicial powers under this Act.

CLXIV. No Deputy Collector appointed under Regulation IX of 1833 of the Bengal Code, shall exercise any judicial powers or other jurisdiction under this Act if entrusted with any Police functions.

What powers to be exercised by Assistants to Collectors.

CLXV. Assistants to Collectors shall not exercise any powers under this Act unless invested by Government with the powers of Deputy Collectors, in which case they may exercise the powers hereby assigned to Deputy Collectors.

Saving of rights of proprietors in respect of Putnee Talooks, &c. under Regulation VIII. 1819.

CLXVI. Nothing contained in this Act shall be held to affect the right vested in proprietors of land under direct engagements with Government, of bringing to sale for arrears of rent Putnee Talooks and other similar tenures under the provisions of Regulation VIII. 1819.

Commencement of Act.

CLXVII. This Act shall commence and have effect from and after the 1st day of August 1859.

"Civil Jail"

CLXVIII. The words "Civil Jail" as used in this Act shall include the Civil Jail of the Zillah and any place appointed by the Executive Government for the confinement of prisoners by any Court constituted under this Act. The word "Nazir" shall include any Officer of a Court authorized to serve or execute its process. Unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction, words importing the singular number shall include the plural number, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number, and words importing the masculine gender shall include females.

"Nazir."

Number.

Gender.

SCHEDULE.

A.

FORM OF SUMMONS TO DEFENDANT.

No. (of suit) dated

In the Court of

A. B., Plaintiff.

[*Name, description, and address of plaintiff.*]

C. D., Defendant.

[*Name, description,* and *address* of *Defendant.*]

Whereas the said A. B. has brought a claim against you in this Court for *(here specify particulars of claim as given in the statement,) you are hereby required to appear in person in this Court on the day of* [*if not specially required to appear in person, state, in person or by an agent who has personal knowledge of the subject or who shall be accompanied by a person who has such knowledge*] to answer the abovenamed plaintiff, and you will bring with you (or send by your agent) [*here mention any document the production of which may be required by the plaintiff*] which the plaintiff desires to inspect, and all documents on which you may intend to rely in support of your defence You will also bring with you your witnesses, if they are willing to attend without issue of process.

B.

FORM OF WARRANT OF ARREST.

No. (of suit) dated

In the Court of

A. B., Plaintiff.

C. D., Defendant.

To the Nazir of the Court of the Collector of——

Whereas the plaintiff in this suit has obtained an order from the Court for the arrest of the defendant, you are hereby commanded to bring the defendant before the Court on or before the day of to be dealt with according to law.

Dated this day of

185 .

C.

FORM OF NOTICE TO ACCOMPANY SUCH WARRANT.

In the Court of

A. B., Plaintiff.

[*Name, description, and address of plaintiff.*]

C. D., Defendant,

[*Name, description, and address of defendant.*]

Whereas the said A. B. has brought a claim against you in this Court for *(here specify particulars of claim as given in the statement)* and has obtained a warrant for your arrest, you are hereby required, unless you admit the claim, to bring with you to the Court all documents on which you may intend to rely in support of your defence.

D.

FORM OF SECURITY BOND FOR APPEARANCE OF DEFENDANT.

Whereas A. B. plaintiff has instituted a suit in the Court of the Collector of against C. D. defendant, and the said C. D. has been required to give security for his appearance at any time when called on while the suit is depending and until execution of the decree, I, E. F., hereby declare myself surety for the said C. D's. appearance as aforesaid, and in case of his making default in such appearance I engage to pay any sum for the payment of which the said C. D. may be liable under the decree. [*If the suit be for the delivery of papers or accounts, specify some sum to be fixed by the Collector.*]

E.

WRIT OF EXECUTION AGAINST THE PERSON.

A. B. Plaintiff.
C. D., Defendant.

To the Nazir of the Court of the Collector of——

Whereas the said C. D. was directed by a decree of this Court, under date the day of 185 , to pay to A. B. the sum of and . for costs of suit, amounting to , and whereas the said C. D. has omitted to pay the same, you are hereby commanded to apprehend the said C. D., and to bring him with all convenient speed before this Court to be dealt with according to law.

F.

WRIT OF EXECUTION AGAINST THE EFFECTS.

A. B., Plaintiff.
C. D., Defendant.

To the Nazir of the Court of the Collector of——

Whereas C. D. was directed by a decree of this Court, under date the day of 185 , to pay to A. B. the sum of , and for costs of suit, amounting to , and whereas the said C. D. has omitted to pay the same, you are hereby commanded to levy the said sum of , and the sum of for costs of executing this process, by seizure and sale of such moveable property of the said C. D. as (is described in the list annexed, and) [*if no list is furnished, these words to be omitted*] shall be pointed out to you by the judgment-creditor or his agent; and you are hereby ordered to sell such property of the said C. D., on some convenient day not being less than ten nor more than fifteen days from the day of seizure, unless the amount leviable as aforesaid shall be sooner paid; and you are hereby commanded to certify to me what you shall do by virtue of this warrant.

G.

FORM OF NOTICE TO OWNER OF DISTRAINED PROPERTY.

Office of Commissioner for sale of distrained property.

A. B., Distrainer.

[*Name, description, and address of the owner of the property.*]

Whereas the said A. B. has applied to have the distrained property specified below sold for the recovery of alleged to be due to him as arrears of rent, you are hereby required either to pay the said sum to the said A. B., or to institute a suit before the Collector to contest the demand within fifteen days from the receipt of this notice, failing which the property will be sold.

Dated this day of 185 .

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE 23rd APRIL 1859.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council of India, on the 23rd April 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 30th of July next:—

A Bill to amend Act III of 1857 *(relating to trespasses by Cattle).*

Preamble.

WHEREAS, under the provisions of Act III of 1857, fines may be levied from the owners of Cattle found trespassing and doing damage or straying in any public place, and all unclaimed Cattle so found may be sold after sufficient notice; and whereas it is provided in the said Act that the sums received on account of fines and the unclaimed proceeds of the sale of unclaimed Cattle shall be applied to the payment of the salaries of pound-keepers and other purposes connected with the execution of the Act; and whereas the amount of the said sums may be larger than is required for the said purposes, and it is expedient to provide for their legal application to other purposes; It is enacted as follows:—

Appropriation of surplus fines, &c.

I. When the amount of the sums received on account of fines and the unclaimed proceeds of the sale of unclaimed Cattle is larger than is required for the payment of the salaries allowed to pound-keepers and the expenses incurred for the construction and maintenance of pounds and other purposes connected with the execution of the said Act, any surplus which may remain after making full provision for the said salaries and expenses may be applied, under the direction of the local Government, to the construction and repair of roads and bridges, and other works of a like nature.

Act to be read as part of Act III of 1857.

II. This Act shall be read with and taken as part of Act III of 1857.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE 23RD APRIL 1859.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council of India, on the 23rd April 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 30th of July next:—

A Bill to empower Magistrates to decide certain disputes between contractors and workmen engaged in Railway and other works.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to empower Magistrates to decide disputes concerning wages and certain other disputes between contractors and workmen engaged in Railway and other works; It is enacted as follows:—

Who shall be deemed a contractor within this Act.

I. Any person who has contracted or who may hereafter contract to construct any portion of a Railway, canal, or other public work, the construction of which is or shall be sanctioned by Parliament or by the Government of India, shall be deemed a contractor within the meaning of this Act.

Magistrate to take cognizance of cases of non-payment of wages to workmen by contractors.

II. If any person being a contractor within the meaning of this Act shall employ or engage with any artificer, workman, or laborer for the execution of any work connected with or incidental to the performance of his contract (whether such work is to be performed by the person so employed or engaged or by others to be employed with, by or under him), and shall not from time to time pay all such sums of money and wages as shall be justly due to the person or persons so employed, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate of the Zillah or District where the work is performed, to take cognizance of the matter.

To decide summarily after summoning the parties, &c.

III. The Magistrate shall summon such contractor (or in his absence his local manager or agent) to appear at a time and place to be named in the summons; and it shall be lawful for the Magistrate to examine witnesses upon oath or solemn affirmation and in a summary way to decide between the parties, which decision shall be final and conclusive to all intents and purposes.

Order for payment.

IV. The Magistrate shall order the payment of such sum of money as shall appear to him to be justly due to the person or persons so employed as aforesaid, and in default of payment of such sum immediately or within such time as the Magistrate shall direct, he shall issue his warrant to levy the same by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the defaulting contractor.

Property distrained.

V. If any question shall arise whether any goods or chattels seized under the warrant of distress belong to the defaulter or are liable to be distrained and sold as aforesaid, the decision and order of the Magistrate shall be final and conclusive with respect thereto.

VI. Any artificer, workman, or laborer employed or engaged by a contractor within the meaning of this Act to execute any work of the nature mentioned in Section I, who shall wilfully and without lawful or reasonable excuse neglect or refuse to perform such work, shall be liable on conviction before the Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rupees. The Magistrate may, at the request of the complainant or of any one authorized to act on his behalf, instead of fining such artificer, workman, or laborer, order him to perform or get performed the work according to the terms of his contract, and if he shall fail to comply with the order, the Magistrate may, upon proof to his satisfaction of such non-compliance, sentence such artificer, workman, or laborer to be imprisoned with hard labor for any term not exceeding months.

Penalty for workmen neglecting or refusing to work.

VII. The word "Magistrate" in this Act shall include any person who may be specially empowered by the Executive Government to exercise the powers vested in a Magistrate by this Act.

Interpretation. 'Magistrate.'

VIII. This Act shall take effect only in those Districts or places to which it shall be extended by order of the Governor General of India in Council or of the Executive Government of any Presidency or place.

Operation of Act.

W. Morgan,
Clerk of the Council.

THE 30TH APRIL 1859.

THE following Bill was read a first and second time in the Legislative Council of India on the 30th April 1859, and referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon within a month:—

A Bill to provide for the more speedy disposal of Appeals in cases appealable to the Sudder Court and of applications for Special Appeals.

WHEREAS by reason of the large number of regular appeals preferred in the Sudder Courts of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, much delay occurs in the hearing and determination of such Appeals; and it is expedient that measures should be provided for the more speedy disposal of the same: and whereas it is also expedient that in cases of application for special appeal any order passed by a single Judge of either of the said Courts for the admission or the rejection of any such appeal should be final; It is enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

I. In suits decided by Principal Sudder Ameens in any part of the said Presidency where the amount or value of the suit shall be less than ten thousand Rupees, the appeal shall lie to the Zillah Judge, and shall not lie to the Sudder Court, any thing in Section IV Act XXV of 1837 to the contrary notwithstanding.

Appeals, in suits decided by Principal Sudder Ameens below Rupees 10,000, to lie to Zillah Judge.

II. All applications for special appeal, which are now pending in either of the said Sudder Courts, or which have been presented in any subordinate Court for transmission to the Sudder Court, and all such applications which may be hereafter presented under the provisions of Act XVI of 1853, may be heard, and on hearing may be either admitted or rejected by a single Judge of the Sudder Court, and the order passed by such Judge either for the admission or the rejection of the appeal shall be final, any thing in Clause 4 Section VIII of Act XVI of 1858 to the contrary notwithstanding. Provided always that, except under the circumstances and for the purpose described in Clause 1 of the said Section, no case shall be remanded to the Court which passed the decree by the order of a single Judge; but when such Judge shall make an order for remand, the case shall be dealt with in the manner provided in Clauses 4 and 5 of the said Section.

Applications for special appeals to be heard by a single Judge of the Sudder Court.

Proviso.

W. Morgan,
Clerk of the Council.

THE 30TH APRIL 1859.

THE following Bill, as settled in Committee of the whole Council, was ordered to be published for general information, and to be re-considered after two months:—

A Bill for the establishment of Courts of Small Causes beyond the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Supreme Courts of Judicature established by Royal Charter.

WHEREAS, with a view to the more easy recovery of small debts and demands, it is expedient to establish Courts of Small Causes beyond the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Supreme Courts of Judicature established by Royal Charter at the several Presidencies of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay; It is enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

I. It shall be lawful for the Executive Government of any of the said Presidencies or of any place, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, to constitute Courts of Small Causes, with the required establishment of Officers, at any place within the limits of their respective Governments, for the trial of suits under this Act. Whenever any such Court may be so constituted the Executive Government shall fix the territorial jurisdiction of such Court, and may, from time to time, alter the same as may appear proper.

Constitution of Small Cause Courts.

Limits of territorial jurisdiction to be fixed.

II. The following are the suits which shall be cognizable by Courts of Small Causes constituted under this Act, namely, claims for money due, whether on bond or other contract, or for rent, or for personal property, or for the value of such property, or for damages, where the debt, damage, or demand does not exceed in amount or value the sum of five hundred Rupees. Provided that no action shall lie in any such Court on balance of partnership account, unless the balance

Description of suits cognizable by Small Cause Courts.

Proviso.

shall have been struck by the parties or their agents; or for a share or part of a share under an intestacy, or for a legacy or part of a legacy under a will; or for any claim for the rent of land or any other claim for which a suit may be brought before a Revenue Officer, if commenced in due time; or for the recovery of damages on account of alleged personal injuries, unless special damage of a pecuniary nature shall have resulted from such injury.

Jurisdiction of the Courts.

III. Every Court of Small Causes constituted under this Act shall have cognizance of all such suits as are mentioned in the last preceding Section, if the cause of action shall have arisen or the defendant at the time of the commencement of the suit shall dwell or personally work for gain within the local limits of the jurisdiction of such Court.

Seal of the Court.

Court to be generally subject to the Zillah Judge and Sudder Court.

IV. Every Court constituted under this Act shall use a seal, bearing the following inscription in English and in the language of the Court—"Court of Small Causes of ;" and every such Court shall be subject to the general control and orders of the Judge of the District and of the Sudder Court.

Suits for an amount exceeding 20 Rupees to be cognizable only by a Small Cause Court, where such a Court is established.

V. Whenever a Court of Small Causes is constituted under this Act, all suits cognizable under the provisions of this Act, for any amount exceeding twenty Rupees which shall arise within the limits of the jurisdiction of such Court, shall be heard and determined in such Court and shall not be cognizable in any other Court.

Saving of jurisdiction of Magistrates, &c.

of Village Moonsiffs and Village or District Punchayets in Madras.

of Military Courts of Request—

of single Officers appointed to try small suits in Madras and Bombay.

and of Military Punchayets in Madras.

VI. Nothing in this Act shall be held to take away the jurisdiction which a Magistrate, or a person exercising the powers of a Magistrate, or an Assistant or a Deputy Magistrate, can now exercise in regard to debts or other claims of a Civil nature; or the jurisdiction which can be exercised by Village Moonsiffs or Village or District Punchayets under the provisions of the Madras Code, or by Military Courts of Request, or by Cantonment Joint Magistrates invested with Civil jurisdiction under Act III of 1859, or by a single Officer duly authorized and appointed under the rules in force in the Presidencies of Fort St. George and Bombay respectively, for the trial of small suits in Military Bazars, in Cantonments, and Stations occupied by the troops of those Presidencies respectively, or by Punchayets in regard to suits against Military persons, according to the rules in force under the Presidency of Fort St. George.

Courts where to be held.

VII. Courts of Small Causes constituted under this Act shall be held at such place or places within the local limits of their respective jurisdictions as shall from time to time be appointed by the local Government to which such Courts are subordinate.

Time of holding Courts, if they be directed to be held in more places than one.

VIII. Whenever any such Court is directed to be held at more places than one within the local limits of its jurisdiction, the Judge of such Court, subject to the control of the Judge of the District, shall appoint the time at which the Court shall hold its sittings in every such place. Due notice of the time so appointed shall be given by a proclamation to be fixed up in some conspicuous place in the Court-house or other building in which the sittings of the Court are to be held.

Procedure.

Proviso.

IX. The procedure to be observed in the trial of cases cognizable under this Act, shall be that prescribed in Act VIII of 1859 *(for simplifying the Procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature not established by Royal Charter)*, in so far as the same may be applicable and necessary. Provided that in all suits under this Act the summons to the defendant shall be for the final disposal of the suit, and provided also that, at the time of passing a decree under this Act, the Court may on the verbal application of the party in whose favor the decree is passed direct immediate execution of the same by the issue of a warrant directed either generally against the personal property of the judgment debtor wherever it may be found within the local limits of the Court's jurisdiction, or specially against any personal property belonging to the judgment debtor within the same limits which may be indicated by the judgment creditor.

Execution against immoveable property, if moveable property not sufficient.

X. In the execution of a decree under this Act, if, after the sale of the moveable property of a judgment debtor, any portion of a judgment shall remain due and the holder of such judgment desire to issue execution upon any immoveable property belonging to the judgment debtor, the Court, on the application of such judgment creditor, shall grant him a copy of the judgment and a certificate of any sum remaining due under it, and on the presentation of such copy and certificate to any Civil Court having general jurisdiction in which the immoveable property of the judgment debtor is situate, such Court shall proceed to enforce such judgment according to its own rules and mode of procedure in like cases.

Decision in certain suits to be final.

Proviso.

XI. In suits tried under this Act, all decisions and orders of the Court shall be final. Provided that it shall be competent to the Court, if it shall think fit, to grant a new trial if applied for within the period of thirty days from the date of the decision.

Court may refer questions of law &c. to Sudder Court.

XII. If in the trial of any suit under this Act any question of law or usage having the force of law or the construction of a document affecting the merits of the decision shall arise, on which the Court may entertain reasonable doubts, the Court may, either of its own motion or on the application of any of the parties to the suit, draw up a statement of the case and submit it, with its own opinion, for the decision of the Sudder Court.

XIII. The Court may proceed in the case, notwithstanding a reference to the Sudder Court, and may pass a decree contingent upon the opinion of the Sudder Court on the point referred; but no execution shall be issued in any case in which a reference may be made to the Sudder Court, until the receipt of the order of that Court.

Court may pass decree contingent upon the opinion of the Sudder Court, pending which execution not to issue.

XIV. Cases referred for the opinion of the Sudder Court shall be dealt with by a full bench of that Court.

Full bench of the Sudder Court to decide cases referred under this Act.

XV. The Sudder Court shall fix an early day for the hearing of the case, and shall notify the same by a proclamation to be fixed up in the Court-house of that Court.

Sudder Court to fix an early day for the hearing of the case. Proclamation thereof.

XVI. The parties to the case may appear and be heard in the Sudder Court in person or by pleader.

Parties may appear and be heard in person or by pleader.

XVII. The Sudder Court, when it has heard and considered the case, shall transmit a copy of its judgment, under the seal of the Court and the signature of the Register, to the Court by which the reference was made; and such Court shall, on the receipt thereof, proceed to dispose of the case conformably to the decision of the Sudder Court.

Decision of Sudder Court how to be transmitted.

XVIII. Costs, if any, consequent on the reference of a case for the opinion of the Sudder Court shall be costs in the suit.

Costs of reference to Sudder Court.

XIX. No appeal shall lie from a decree of any existing Court subordinate to a District Court in any suit of the description contained in Section II, when the debt, damage, or demand shall not exceed twenty Rupees, but every such decree shall be final. Provided that the provisions of Section IX and the proviso in Section XI shall be applicable to every suit in which the decree is by this Section made final.

No appeal from decision of any existing Court subordinate to a District Court in suits below 20 Rupees.

Proviso.

XX. No special appeal shall lie from any decision or order passed on regular appeal by any Court subordinate to the Sudder Court in any suit of the nature described in Section II, when the debt, damage, or demand for which the original suit shall be instituted shall not exceed five hundred Rupees. But every such order or decision shall be final.

No special appeal from decision of any Court subordinate to the Sudder Court in suits below 500 Rupees.

XXI. In every case in which a decree or decision is by the two last preceding Sections made final, the Court passing the final decree or decision shall have the same power to draw up a statement of the case for the opinion of the Sudder Court as is hereby vested in a Court of Small Causes, and all the provisions of this Act relative to statements drawn up by Courts of Small Causes shall be applicable to statements drawn up under the provisions of this Section.

Reference of questions to Sudder Court under two last preceding Sections.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Home Department.

No. 939.

Fort William, the 4th May 1859.

Notification.—His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council is pleased to promote the following Assistant Chaplains, on the Bengal Establishment, to the grade of Chaplains from this date:—

Revd. T. A. C. Firminger.
„ J. B. D'Aguilar.
„ A. W. Wallis.
„ L. Poynder.

No. 910.

The 6th May 1859.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council has been pleased to permit Mr. W. Tayler, of the Civil Service, to resign the Service from the 1st instant.

W. GREY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Foreign Department.

No. 2426.

Fort William, the 6th May 1859.

Mr. Apothecary Harper, in Civil Medical charge Bhundara District, Nagpore, obtained leave of absence, on Sick Certificate, from the 17th October to the 4th November last.

No. 2427.

Lieutenant F. K. Hawkins, Assistant Commissioner in Oudh, has obtained the usual leave to proceed to Calcutta, from the date on which he may avail himself of the same, preparatory to proceeding to England on further leave, on urgent private affairs.

No. 2428.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to grant Mr. D F. McLeod, Financial Commissioner in the Punjab, fifteen months' leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, to proceed to Europe, with six weeks' preparatory leave, from the date on which he may avail himself of the same in June next.

No. 2429.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant C. J. Richards, of the 38th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, to do duty with the Police of the Nagode Division.

No. 2130.

Assistant Surgeon Dixon, of the 9th Regiment Punjab Infantry, is appointed Civil Surgeon of Fyzabad, in Oudh.

No. 2131.

Mr. James Cosserat, of the Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry, joined his appointment as District Adjutant, Oudh Military Police, on the 16th ultimo.

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Financial Department.

No. 34 of 1859.

Fort William, 30th April 1859.

Notifications.—Referring to paragraph 16 of the Notification of this Department, No. 14, dated the 21st February last, it is hereby notified, that from and after the 1st of May next, the Sub-Treasurers at Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, the several Residents at Native Courts, the several Collectors of Land Revenue under the several Presidencies, and the Officers in charge of District Treasuries in the Territories immediately subordinate to the Government of India, will be authorized to receive money for the purchase of Treasury Bills, payable to Order, and bearing Interest at the rate of two-and-a-half Pie a day, for every one hundred Rupees.

2. On money being paid into their Treasuries, the said Sub-Treasurers and Officers aforesaid will issue Loan Certificates in the usual manner, which Certificates will be exchanged at the Offices of the Accountants General at the several Presidencies for Treasury Bills, as soon as possible.

The Loan Certificates will be issued in the following form :—

LOAN ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

No.

Calcutta (Madras or Bombay, as the case may be) General Treasury,

The

I hereby acknowledge that has this day paid into the Treasury at the sum of Company's Rupees , for which he is entitled to receive a Treasury Bill bearing Interest from the date of this Acknowledgment, of the tenor, and subject to the condition specified in Form No. (1 or 2 as the case may be) set forth in the Advertisement published in the Calcutta Gazette Extraordinary of the 30th of April 1859.

Company's Rupees

Sub-Treasurer

The Treasury Bills will be issued, at the option of the subscriber, in either of the two following Forms, subject to the conditions specified therein :—

No. 1.

TREASURY BILL, BENGAL, (MADRAS OR BOMBAY, AS THE CASE MAY BE.)

The Governor General of India in Council does hereby acknowledge to have received from on this day of 18 *the sum of Company's Rupees, as a Loan to the Secretary of State in Council of India, and does hereby, on behalf of the said Secretary of State in Council, promise to pay the said sum, together with any Interest that may be due thereon, at the rate of two-and-a-half Pies a day for every hundred Rupees to the said or his Executors or Administrators, or to his or their Order, at the General Treasury in Calcutta, (Madras or Bombay, as the case may be) on demand, at any time after the expiration of one year from the date hereof, and also in the mean time to pay Interest on the said sum at the rate aforesaid, half-yearly, at the said General Treasury, provided that the said sum shall be liable to be paid off at the option of the Governor General in Council at any time after the expiration of one year from the date hereof, upon notice being given in the Calcutta Gazette, at least three Calendar months before the time fixed for the proposed payment, after which time all further Interest will cease. After the expiration of one year from the date hereof, this Bill will be receivable for the amount of the Principal, and any Interest due thereon, in payment of Government Revenue at any Treasury in Bengal, the North-Western Provinces, Nagpore, Oude or the Punjab, (the Madras or Bombay Presidency, as the case may be,) or in subscriptions to any Loan that may be generally open, as well as in payment of any demand of Government, payable at the said General Treasury, or payable in Bengal, the North-Western Provinces, Nagpore, Oude or the Punjab, (to the Government of Madras, or to the Government of Bombay as the case may be,) on Account of Salt, Opium or Customs.*

No. dated the 1859.

No. 2.

TREASURY BILL, BENGAL, (MADRAS OR BOMBAY AS THE CASE MAY BE.)

The Governor General of India in Council does hereby acknowledge to have received from on this day of 18 *, the sum of Company's Rupees, as a Loan to the Secretary of State in Council of India, for which Interest shall be paid to the said or his Executors or Administrators, or to his or their Order, half-yearly, at the rate of two-and-a-half Pie per day for every one hundred Rupees.*

The said sum shall be liable to be paid off, at the option of the Governor General of India in Council, at any time after the expiration of one year from the date of this Bill, upon notice being given in the Calcutta Gazette at least three Calendar months before the time fixed for the proposed payment, after which time all further Interest will cease. It shall be at the option of the lawful holder of this Note to obtain payment thereof three months after sight, by presenting the same at the Office of the Accountant General in Calcutta (Madras or Bombay, as the case may be) and obtaining a Memorandum in writing on the Note, signed by the Accountant General, or some other Officer duly authorized on that behalf, acknowledging the presentment and the date thereof, which acknowledgment shall be given on presentment. In case of presentment, as aforesaid, the Principal sum of Rupees will be payable at the General Treasury in Calcutta (Madras or Bombay, as the case may be) at any time after the expiration of three months from the date of such acknowledgment, together with Interest at the rate aforesaid up to the expiration of the period of three months, but all Interest shall cease from the expiration of that period.

No. dated the 18 .

Loan Acknowledgments issued from the Treasuries in the Presidencies of Madras and Bombay will be exchanged for Treasury Bills at the Offices of the Accountants General of those Presidencies respectively: Loan Acknowledgments issued from Treasuries in Bengal, the North-Western Provinces, Nagpore, Oude and the Punjab, will be exchanged for Treasury Bills at the Office of the Accountant General to the Government of India at Calcutta: Loan Acknowledgments issued by Residents at Native Courts, and Officers in charge of District Treasuries in Territories other than the above, immediately subordinate to the Government of India, will be exchanged for Treasury Bills at the Office of the Accountant General of the nearest Presidency.

The Bills will be issued in sums of Rupees 200, Rupees 500, Rupees 1,000, Rupees 5,000 and Rupees 10,000.

The Bills issued by the Accountant General to the Government of India will be signed by the Secretary to the Government of India in the Financial Department. Those issued by the Accountants General at Bombay and Madras, by the Chief Secretaries to those Governments respectively.

Published by Order of His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council,

C. Hugh Lushington,
Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 29 of 1859.

Mr. Ricketts' Report on Civil Salaries being now under the consideration of His Excellency the Governor General in Council, it is hereby notified that in the case of all Civil Appointments made after the date of this Notification, the Salaries of such Appointments will be held to be subject to such Reductions as may be determined upon by the Government of India, provisionally; and permanently, to such Reductions as shall be ordered by the Secretary of State for India.

Published by Order of His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council,

C. Hugh Lushington,
Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 37.

The 6th May 1859.

Leave of Absence.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to grant Baboo Govin Chunder Dutt, Assistant Sub-Treasurer, Fort William, leave of absence for five days from this date, under Medical Certificate.

Appointment.—Mr. J. H. Rostan is appointed to officiate as Assistant Sub-Treasurer, during the absence of Baboo Govin Chunder Dutt, or until further orders.

C. Hugh Lushington,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, the 5th May 1859.

No. 624 *of* 1859.—Dufladar Fouzdar Sing, attached to Hodson's Horse, is promoted to that rank with effect from the 4th June 1857, in consideration of his excellent services during the defence of the Residency of Lucknow and at Alum Bagh.

No. 625 *of* 1859.—Major Christopher Hasell, of the 48th Regiment Native Infantry, is permitted to proceed to Australia, Tasmania and New Zealand, on Medical Certificate, and to be absent from Bengal on that account for two years, under the old Regulations.

No. 626 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following letter from the Resident at Hyderabad, No. 191, of the 20th December 1858, forwarding correspondence from Brigadier Hill, Commanding Hyderabad Contingent, reporting his having fallen in with and dispersed parties of Rebels in the Hills West of Gawilghur:—

No. 191.

From Lieut.-Colonel C. Davidson,

Resident at Hyderabad,

To Major-General Birch, C. B.,

Secy. to the Govt. of India, in the Mily. Dept.,

with the Right Hon'ble the Governor General.

Camp Hyderabad Residency, 20th December 1858.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward the correspondence noted in the margin, received from Brigadier Hill, Commanding Hyderabad Contingent, reporting his having fallen in and dispersed parties of the Rebels in the Hills West of Gawilghur.

No. (146,) dated 9th December 1858.
No (148,) dated 10th December 1858, with enclosures.

2. I have much pleasure in bringing to the favorable notice of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India, the gallant conduct of Captain Clogstoun, Second in Command, 2nd Cavalry Hyderabad Contingent, in a successful attack made by him on a large body of Rebels.

3. His Lordship is aware that this Officer was unable to take a share in the late Central India Campaign with his comrades in the Hyderabad Contingent, his services being required in the Dekhan where he was usefully employed in maintaining the peace of the Districts against predatory irruptions of the Rohillahs.

4. Captain Clogstoun brings to notice the gallant conduct of Trooper Shaik Hyder, 2nd Cavalry Hyderabad Contingent, in attacking the Rebels, and Lance Naique Seewoo Buksh, 6th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, is prominently noticed on the same occasion by Lieutenant Henchy, of the Artillery, Commanding the party of 6th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent.

5. I beg to recommend that Trooper Shaik Hyder, 2nd Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, may be promoted to Dufladar, and Lance Naique Seewoo Buksh, 6th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, to Havildar.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) C. Davidson, *Lieut.-Colonel,*

Resident at Hyderabad.

No. 446.

From Brigadier W. Hill,

Comdg. H. C. and Berar Field Force,

To the Military Secretary to the Resident,

Hyderabad.

Dated the 9th December 1858.

Sir,

I have the honor to report for the information of the Resident, that yesterday I came upon the track of a Rebel Force which I was in the hope of encountering from the information which was brought to me by a few grasscutters who had preceded my Force by about half an hour.

I now came up with the Advance Guard of the force numbering 30 or 40 Cavalry on Horses and Tattoos—on being surprised by my Column coming up with them, the greater portion fled in all directions in the jungles which was so dense from trees, grass and bamboos, that we soon lost sight of them.

Concluding that the main body could not be very far off, I ordered Captain Clogstoun, Commanding 2nd Cavalry, to pursue and both Captain Hoseason, my Brigade Major, and myself accompanied the Cavalry, and for a few miles we found the road strewed with baggage and nearly blocked up with Horses, Tattoos and Bullocks which had just been left by their riders, who had escaped to the jungles; but still hoping to meet the main force, we did not draw rein for a distance of 12 miles, but in vain as no trace of them could be discovered.

I had left Captain Scott, Commanding 6th Infantry, with the Artillery and Infantry. He extended his Infantry on both sides of the road to ascertain if any Rebels were secreting themselves in the jungles, and several prisoners were brought into Camp in the evening.

Although I was not successful in bringing the Rebels into action, I consider that an important point has followed my having remained in this range of Hills, as I have been able to ascertain beyond a doubt, the intention of Tantia Topee, when he took the line of the Taptee through these Hills towards Poonah, as the Resident will observe by the copy of a letter I have this day addressed to Major General Michell which may probably guide the General in making the present movements of his force in co-operation with the Troops now in the Field South of the Nerbuddah.

I cannot speak too highly of the high spirit evinced by Captain Clogstoun and all his men, who though they unfortunately did not encounter the Rebel Force in such strength as to make a greater example of them, they nevertheless upheld the name they have won for themselves for intrepidity and celerity in all they do.

The enemy's loss was three killed, among whom was a Sowar of the 14th Bengal Irregular Cavalry, as indicated by the Carbine which was taken from him after he was shot. Of the prisoners, four were Sowars of Scindiah's Body Guard, one of the Gwalior Contingent Infantry, and a Sepoy supposed from a button found in his Havresack to be a man of the 70th Bengal Native Infantry. These were shot this morning by sentence of a Court Martial which tried them yesterday.

There was no loss on our side, as the reports I have received lead me to infer that not four hundred men including Camp Followers have escaped me.

I have written to Colonel Becher who has a Force near Peeplode to stop their further progress, and as Captain McKinnon, Commanding at Elichpoor, wrote to me on the 6th instant, to state that a Dufladar's party of the 4th Cavalry Hyderabad Contingent, had observed a large body (about 1,000) had crossed the

road near Sawulmainda, and were taking the road Tantia did, which is immediately in our front. I march to-morrow to Mootah, and next day to Maisdy.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) W. Hill, *Brigadier*,
Comdg. H. C. and Berar Field Force.

(True Copy)

(Signed) S. C. Briggs, *Major*,
Military Secretary.

No. 448.

From Brigadier W. Hill,
Commanding Hyderabad Contingent,

To the Military Secretary to the Resident,
Hyderabad.

Head Quarters, Hyderabad Contingent,
Dated Camp Mootah, 10th December 1858.

Sir,

In continuation of my letter of yesterday's date, reporting my having fallen in with a small body of Rebels while on my march to Hurldee, I have the honor to state that as some of my supplies had not arrived in consequence of having marched 32 miles on that day, I directed a party as per margin, under the Command of Captain Clogstoun, of the 2nd Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, to be held in readiness to march back the following morning to escort them into my Camp.

2nd Cavalry.
1 Ressaldar.
2 Jemadars.
8 Duffadars.
80 Troopers.
1 Trumpet Major
2 Trumpeters.
1 2nd Dresser.
6th Regiment Infantry.
Lieutenant Henchy, Artillery, in Charge.
2 Native Officers.
4 Havildars
80 Rank and File
1 Bugler.

2. Having received a letter from the Officer Commanding Ellichpoor, dated only three days before stating, that Captain Prescott, Commanding an outpost at Savulmondee, had reported that a considerable body of Rebels had there been seen by his Irregular Cavalry, and that they were moving in the direction of Meizday, which was on the direct track, as that which was taken by Tantia Topee, and which was immediately in my front. I considered it necessary to halt at Hurldee while this Detachment was out, as well as another Detachment under the Command of Lieutenant Sinclair, of the 6th Infantry, which I had sent round another road to prevent any party of Rebels getting to my rear.

3. The successful termination of Captain Clogstoun's duty is described in the accompanying Report from that Officer, which I have the honor to forward.

4. It was very pleasing to me in having been able to speak in the highest terms of Captain Clogstoun and his Cavalry, when pursuing the enemy on the 8th under my own observation, and though in the present instance thick jungles and ravines threw the greatest difficulties in their way as described by Captain Clogstoun, nothing could obstruct them in anticipation of meeting with an enemy, and I feel much gratified in being able to report that the gallantry and intrepidity of Captain Clogstoun and his men were rewarded by falling upon a part of the Rebels again and driving them into the hills in the direction of Charwar and Hurdar

The Infantry are entitled to equal praise with the Cavalry, having marched 32 miles the day previous and nearly 37 miles, besides engaging the Rebels, when Captain Clogstoun reports they acted with much energy and courage, and this party joined me at 3 P M., on the 10th at Motah, having marched a distance of 101 miles since daylight on the 8th instant.

I have very great pleasure in recommending both Captain Clogstoun and Lieutenant Henchy (who was the only available European Officer to Command the Infantry as the Ajutant was ill) to the notice of the Resident, as well as the men they commanded.

I beg also strongly to recommend for promotion the men brought to my notice in Captain Clogstoun's Report.

In consequence of my having for some days been compelled to place the Troops upon short rations, as well as to limit the Cavalry in gram which was absolutely necessary to enable me to march through this deserted part of the country, all the inhabitants having fled from their villages into the jungles after having been plundered by Tantia Topee, and as I expected a large force in my front, I was reluctantly compelled to leave the complete dispersion of this small party of Rebels to the force which is under the Command of Colonel Becher who protects the line from Peeplode to Hurdar, who has informed me that he would send out Detachments in the several directions. I recommended to him to intercept the Rebels, and I hope he will be successful in the object in view.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) W. Hill, *Brigadier*,
Comdg. Hyderabad Contingent.

(True Copy)

(Signed) S. C. Briggs, *Major*,
Military Secretary.

From Captain Herbert Clogstoun,
2nd in Comd. 2nd Cavalry, H. C.,
and Comdg. Detachment, Field Force.

To Captain Hosease,
Brigade Major, H. C.,
Camp Mahtah, 10th Dec. 1858.

Sir,

I have the honor to report for the information of Brigadier Hill, Commanding Hyderabad Contingent and Berar Field Force, that I left the Camp at Hindee at 6 o'Clock A. M., on the 9th instant, with the Detachment as per margin to proceed as ordered towards Sindwah to reconnoitre and also to escort supplies expected by that route.

2nd Cavalry.
1 Ressaldar,
2 Jemadars.
8 Duffadars.
80 Troopers.
1 Trumpet Major
6 Trumpeters.
1 Nat ve Dresser.
6th Infantry,
Lieutenant Henchy, Artillery, in Charge.
2 Native Officers.
4 Havildars
80 Rank and File.
1 Bugler.

Fifteen miles from Hindee the track taken by the Rebels repulsed by Brigadier Hill's Force on the day previous was pointed out to me. I halted the Detachment and having personally ascertained that a large body of men and horses had very recently entered the jungle at the spot indicated, I determined and followed up the track, more particularly as the danger which threatened the supplies, the immediate object of the duty I was on, proceeded from the very party on whose line of retreat I had struck

I sent on the baggage under a Guard to the village of Dawar Takrai, four miles in advance on the road to Sindeewall and commenced the pursuit. The retreat of the Rebel Force from the first mile followed the course of a dry and stony nullah, then continued through dense jungles and over a succession of low hills and rocky ravines clothed with bamboo and long grass, to crop the ravines the Cavalry had frequently to dismount, having proceeded for some 8 miles the close vicinity of the enemy became apparent, I therefore ordered 20 men of the Infantry to the front to precede the Rissallah, which had hitherto led, and the advance was continued with as little noise as possible. On emerging from a thick mass of jungles into a comparatively clear space of some hundreds of yards in extent to the front and right, and intersected by bushy

nullahs, the enemy were seen slowly filing through the long g ass and quite unconscious of our approach I at once d shed at them followed by my Orderly Sowar Shaik Hyder The Troop led by Ressaidar Mahomed Shah as it cleared the wood galloped by the party of the Infantry who were in advance and joined in the attack and Melee which ensued. The enemy completely taken by surprise made but a short resistance, broke and fled to the surrounding jungles.

Lieutenant Henchy observing a party of the enemy moving off to the right by a rapid advance with the Infantry under his command, intercepted their retreat and beat them back into the nullahs above mentioned when a number were shot down. The affair was soon over, the nature of the ground afforded every facility for the escape of the enemy who taking advantage of the cover at hand soon evaded us, leaving 12 of their number dead on the path, besides those in the Nullah and long grass. It is impossible to say how many escaped wounded into the adjacent jungle. The enemy's Infantry alone suffered, the mounted portion of this Force Sowars dressed in red Ulkaluks were in advance and made off at the outset. I followed as soon as we had defeated the former and pursued the latter for several miles, further to a range of high hills up a ghat of which they had ascended. A reference here to Lieutenant Henchy's watch warned me that I had but time to get back to the road before dark, and having no guide I deemed it advisable to discontinue the pursuit and return. The Cavalry reached the village of Dawan Mikra at 5 o'clock P. M., the Infantry some time later.

No description of mine can convey a just idea of the difficulties surmounted by the Cavalry and Infantry in the pursuit and rocky ravines through which there was no path, at first sight appeared to present impassable ravines to further progress, but as it was evident that the enemy's horse had scrampled through, the Hyderabad Cavalry essayed and succeeded in doing so too. The banks of the rivers and nullahs were covered with high reeds through which horse and foot had to force a way with an exertion which added considerably to the fatigue of a long day's work, which was so cheerfully and zealously accomplished by the five fellows I had the honor to command. From the distance traversed in pursuit of the enemy without coming across animals laden with kit or supplies, I am led to conclude that the report regarding the enemy being so well provided with provisions is much exaggerated.

I beg to bring to the notice of Brigadier Hill, the gallantry and dash shown by my Orderly Trooper Shaik Hyder, who I saw spear two of the enemy at the commencement of the attack, Ressaidar Mahomed Shah came well to the front and showed great bravery and zeal throughout. Lieutenant Henchy brought to my notice the conduct of Lance Naique Seewoo Buksh who exhibited great courage and set an excellent example to the men.

I beg also to mention that I received every support from Lieutenant Henchy.

The enemy's Force as far as I could judge was composed of Williaties and Purdasees.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) HERBERT CLOGSTOUN, *Captain,*
2nd in Command, 2nd Cavalry, H. C. and
Comdg. Detachment Field Force.

(True Copy)
(Signed) S. C. BRIGGS, *Major,*
Military Secretary.

No. 627 of 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following letter from the Officiating Adjutant General of the Army, No. 131, dated 17th April 1859, with its enclosed Report of an engagement with the Rebels by a detachment of the 1st Punjaub Cavalry under Captain Millett :—

No. 131.

FROM THE OFFG. ADJT. GENERAL OF THE ARMY,
TO THE SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
Military Department.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor, by desire of the Commander-in-Chief, to forward, for the information of His Excellency the Governor General in Council, a Report dated 4th instant, No. 76, from Major R. A. Ramsay, Commanding the Kumaon Battalion, of his having relieved the Thanna of Chowradee, and enclosing a letter from Captain H. L. Millett, of the 1st Punjaub Cavalry, describing an affair with the enemy in which the Detachment under his Command, consisting of a Squadron 1st Punjaub Cavalry and detail of Oude Mounted Military Police, behaved with much spirit.

2. Lord Clyde begs to recommend Duffadar Sufdur Khan and Lance Duffadar Kummeroodeen Khan, of the 1st Punjaub Cavalry, for the 3rd Class Order of Merit, for their gallantry in this affair.

(Signed) H. W. NORMAN, *Major,*
Offg. Adjt. General of the Army.

HEAD QUARTERS;
Camp Bootana,
The 17th April 1859.

FROM CAPTAIN HUGH LEY MILLETT,
Comdg. Detachment, 1st Punjaub Cavalry,

TO LIEUTENANT A. B. TEMPLE,
Staff Officer, with Major Ramsay's Force.
Camp Mustra, 4th April 1859.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to report for the information of Major Ramsay, Commanding, that agreeably to instructions I received from you, I proceeded yesterday in advance of the Kumaon Battalion with Detachments 1st Punjaub Cavalry and Oude Military Police (as per margin) at a sharp pace to endeavour to intercept a body of Rebels (reported to be 500 Cavalry and 1500 Infantry) who had left the jungle at the foot of the hills, and were threatening (and as was afterwards ascertained by me, *had attacked)* the Thannah of Chowradee.

1st Punjaub Cavalry.
2 European Officers.
108 Sabres.
Oude Military Police.
1 European Officer.
22 Sabres.

On arriving within 3 or 4 miles of the Thannah, my advanced skirmishers suddenly came upon a body of the Rebel Cavalry (their outlying picquet) to whom we immediately gave chase. They, and an Infantry picquet which joined them, retiring as precipitately as possible on their main body in the vicinity of the jungle. The skirmishers under Duffadar Sufdur Khan, 2nd Troop, 1st Punjaub Cavalry, closed in and charged them in the most gallant manner. The odds being about 7 to 1. The gallantry of Duffadar Sufdur Khan, and Lance Duffadar Kummeroodeen Khan, 2nd Troop, 1st Punjaub Cavalry, was most conspicuous. I myself saw them engage four men (Cavalry); all of whom they killed, but I regret that Lance Duffadar Kummeroodeen Khan received a severe sabre wound on his left temple, and had it not been for the gallantry displayed by Duffadar Sufdur Khan, he would have been killed.

Fourteen of the enemy were left dead on the field, and the Detachment had four men and four horses wounded (as per accompanying Return)

I continued the pursuit at the gallop until brought up suddenly by a nuddee with very steep banks. Being now close on the main body of the Rebels, who

held a position on the opposite bank, we sustained for a short time a very heavy fire from musketry and rifles. My advance being thus checked, I retired with a view of drawing the enemy out into the open country, where I could again charge them with effect. In this I was disappointed, as they clung to the jungle. Being unable to act further, I immediately despatched a request that the Infantry might be brought up as quickly as possible, to dislodge them.

My thanks are due to Lieutenant A. F. Danvers, 1st Punjaub Cavalry, who accompanied the Detachment and showed his usual zeal, and also to Lieutenant W. L. P. Drummond, of the Oude Military Police, for the able assistance rendered by himself and his men. One of whom slew four of the enemy with his own hand.

The Thannah of Chowradee held its own against the Rebels and the Sikh Police who fought from within its walls, killed thirteen of the enemy.

I regret to add that owing to the severity of the pace maintained throughout, two Horses of my Detachment died from exhaustion, and a few were lamed.

Enclosed, I beg to forward a Numerical Casualty of Return of the Detachment under my Command.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) HUGH LEY MILLETT, *Captain*,
Comdg. Detachment, 1st Punjaub Cavalry.

(Signed) R. A. RAMSAY, *Major*,
Commanding Detachment.

Numerical Return of Casualties in the Detachment 1st Punjaub Cavalry, in the affair of the 3rd April 1859.

Camp Musaha, 4th April 1859.

DETAIL.	KILLED.			WOUNDED.			MISSING.			DIED OF EXHAUSTION.			REMARKS.
	Non-Comd. Officers.	Rank and File.	Horses.	Non-Comd. Officers.	Rank and File.	Horses.	Non-Comd. Officers.	Rank and File.	Horses.	Non-Comd. Officers.	Rank and File.	Horses.	
Detachment, 1st Punjaub Cavalry ..	..	..	...	..	4	4	...	..	..	..	..	2	
Total ...	..	...	...	...	4	4	...	..	..	..	..	2	

(Signed) HUGH L. MILLETT, *Captain*,
Comdg. Detachment, Punjaub Cavalry.

(Signed) R. A. RAMSAY, *Major*,
Commanding Detachment.

No. 76.

FROM MAJOR R. A. RAMSAY,
Comdg. Kumaon Battalion and Detachment,

TO THE MAJOR OF BRIGADE,
Field Force Trans Gogra.

Dated Camp Musha, 11 A. M., *4th April* 1859.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to report for the information of Brigadier Horsford, C. B., Commanding Trans Gogra, that yesterday at 11 A. M., while changing Camp from the village Chunderpoor to the Thanna of Musha where the Police were located, a distance of two miles, Lieutenant Drummond, Commanding the Military Police, acquainted me that the Rebels in force had attacked the Thanna of Chouridee, some twelve miles Eastward, and requested me to march at once to its relief.

At 12 o'Clock I moved out with the Detachment under my command, strength as per margin, and when about five miles on my road, I directed Captain Millett, Commanding Squadron 1st Punjaub Cavalry, to proceed in advance of the Infantry accompanied by Lieutenant Drummond, who with a small party of his own Sowars volunteered his services five miles further on. I received a note from Captain Millett informing me that he had engaged a body of the Rebels computed at 1500 Infantry and 500 Cavalry on the border of the belt of tree jungle skirting the foot of the hills, and driven them into the forest. I pushed on rapidly to join him, and on reaching the spot, I found the Rebels had retired into a dense jungle intersected with deep ravines. It being late in the afternoon, and Lieutenant Drummond having reported the enemy's Cavalry had been seen to take the direction of our Camp at the Thanna of Musha, and it was imperative for me to detach my Cavalry to the aid of the Thanna of Chouridee, I determined to return with the Infantry to the support of my own position, Captain Millett and Lieutenant Drummond proceeding on to the post threatened.

Kumaon Battalion ...	558
1st Punjaub Cavalry ..	110
Oude Military Police...	23
Total ...	691

I have the honor to enclose Captain Millett's Report.

In conclusion, I beg respectfully to bring prominently to the favorable notice of Brigadier Horsford, C. B., the gallant and dashing conduct of Captain Millett and his Squadron, in having attacked and routed an enemy so far superior in strength to his own Detachment.

My Detachment returned into Camp at 8 P. M. fatigued, having marched twenty miles under a burning sun.

List of Casualties enclosed.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) R. A. RAMSAY, *Major*,
Comdg. Kumaon Battn. and Detachment.

(Signed) A. HORSFORD, *Brigadier*,
Comdg. Trans Gogra.

(Signed) J. HOPE GRANT, *Major-General*,
Comdg. Oude Force.

No. 628 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit Duffadar Sufdur Khan and Lance Duffadar Kummeroodeen Khan, of the 1st Punjaub Cavalry, to the 3rd Class of the Order of Merit, for their gallantry in action with Rebels as brought to notice in the Despatch published in Government General Order No. 627 of this date.

No. 629 *of* 1859.—With reference to Government General Order No. 317, of the 11th March 1859, His Excellency the Governor General in Council has much satisfaction in publishing the following letter from the Resident at Hyderabad, No. 39, of the 11th April 1859, with its enclosures :—

No. 39.

FROM LIEUT.-COLONEL C. DAVIDSON,
Resident at Hyderabad,

TO MAJOR-GENERAL BIRCH, C. B.,
Secy. to the Govt. of India,
Military Department.

Dated Hyderabad Residency, 11th April 1859.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to forward, for submission to His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India in Council, the accompanying copy of a letter * from Brigadier Hill, Commanding Hyderabad Contingent, of the 9th instant, and of its enclosure, from Captain Cadell, Commanding B. Troop Madras Horse Artillery.

* No. 118.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) C. DAVIDSON,
Resident.

HYDERABAD RESIDENCY,
The 11th April 1859.

No. 118.

FROM BRIGADIER W. HILL,
Commanding Hyderabad Contingent,

TO THE MILITARY SECRETARY TO THE RESIDENT,
Hyderabad.

Head Quarters, Hyderabad Contingent,
Bolarum, 9th April 1859

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to forward a letter received from Captain Cadell, Commanding B. Troop Madras Horse Artillery, soliciting permission to correct an omission which was inadvertently made when writing his Report of the part taken by the Horse Artillery in the action at Chichumba, in which the name of Captain Swete has unfortunately not been inserted.

As I can bear testimony to the gallantry and endurance of Captain Swete on the occasion of his fighting his Guns when wounded; I hope that this circumstance may meet with a favorable recognition of the Government by the insertion in the *Gazette* of Captain Cadell's letter, which I now forward for submission to the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India for His Lordship's consideration.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) W. HILL, *Brigadier*,
Commanding Hyderabad Contingent.

(True Copy)

(Signed) S. C. BRIGGS, *Major*,
Military Secretary.

(COPY)

FROM CAPTAIN CADELL,
Commanding B. Troop M. H. Artillery,

TO CAPTAIN HOSEASON,
Brigade Major,
Late Berar Field Force.

Jaulnah, 4th April 1859.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to represent for the information of Brigadier Hill, lately Commanding the Berar Field Force, that on seeing the publication in a Bombay paper of the Chichumba Despatches, it occurred to me I had inadvertently omitted in the Report I sent in of the operations of the Detachment under my Command on the 15th January last, to mention the efficient assistance I received from Second Captain Swete who was the only Officer present for duty with my Troop, and I respectfully request if the Brigadier will allow of the correction being made at this late date, that an addition may be made to my Report to the effect that—"I beg to mention "favorably the conduct of Second Captain Swete, the "only Officer available for duty with my Troop, who "gave me every assistance, and although he received "a wound in his thigh from a matchlock ball, he "remained at his post till the operations of the day "ceased. The conduct of the Non-Commissioned "Officers and Men of my Troop was all that I could "wish." I regret much that it should have been necessary for me to trouble the Brigadier with my request to repair the omission I made, but trust it may meet with his favorable consideration.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) R. T. CADELL, *Captain*,
Comdg. B. Troop M. H. Artillery.

(True Copy)

(Signed) S. C. BRIGGS, *Major*,
Military Secretary.

Fort William, the 6th May 1859.

No. 630 *of* 1859.—Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned gentlemen to be a Cadet for the Engineers and Assistant Surgeons in Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces at the Presidency of Bengal. They are accordingly admitted into the Service, and the Cadet promoted to the rank of Lieutenant, leaving the date of his Commission for future adjustment :—

	Date of arrival at Fort William.
Corps of Engineers.	
Mr. Henry Ravenshaw Thuillier	29th April 1859.
Medical Department.	
Mr. Frederick George Constant, M. D. ...	29th April 1859.
„ Ferdinand Odevaine ...	
„ Edvic Selons ...	

No. 631 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers are, at their own request, transferred to the Corps specified opposite to their respective names :—

Rank and Names.	From.	To.	Remarks.
Ens. Edward Bell Cox	9th N. I.	3rd Euro. Regt.	As 5th Ens
„ Francis Henry Goold	58th „	1st Euro. Ben. Fus	„ 4th „
„ John Edward Harden	11th „	1st Euro. Ben Fus	„ 5th „

No. 632 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased to place the services of Major P. A. P. Bouverie, 35th Native Infantry, and Aid-de-Camp to His Lordship, at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

No. 633 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers have returned to their duty on this Establishment without prejudice to their rank :—

	Date of arrival at Fort William.
Lieutenant Burke Cuppage, 3rd Light Cavalry Lieutenant James Frederic Elton, 37th Native Infantry	28th April 1859.
Lieutenant and Brevet Captain George Bruce Malleson, 33rd Native Infantry, 2nd Assistant Military Auditor General Assistant Surgeon Joseph Fayrer, M. D., of the Medical Department ...	29th April 1859
Lieutenant John Peter Harris, 21st Native Infantry ...	29th April 1859.
Second Captain John Fraser Raper, of the Regiment of Artillery Lieutenant Henry Octavius Currie, 5th European Regiment	30th April 1859.

No. 634 *of* 1859.—The following Extracts from the *London Gazettes*, of the 18th and 22nd March 1859, are published for general information :—

War Office, 18th March 1859.

BREVET.

Captain Thomas Edward Kennion, Bengal Artillery, to be Major in the Army, dated 19th January 1858.

The following promotions to take place in the Indian Military Forces of Her Majesty, consequent on the death of Lieutenant General Henry Tuffnell Roberts, C. B., Bengal Cavalry, on 3rd February 1859 :—

Major General Julius George Griffith, Bombay Artillery, to be Lieutenant General, dated 4th February 1859.

Colonel Stuart Corbett, C. B., Bengal Infantry, to be Major General, dated 4th February 1859.

The following Officers, of the Indian Military Forces of Her Majesty, having retired upon full pay, to have a step of honorary rank as follows :—

To be Major Generals.

Colonel Philip Anstruther, C. B., Madras Artillery, dated 18th March 1859.

Colonel Richard Blood, Bombay Infantry, dated 18th March 1859.

Colonel George Hall McGregor, C. B., Bengal Artillery, dated 18th March 1859.

Colonel Edward Haldane, Madras Infantry, dated 18th March 1859.

Colonel George Munro Arthur, Madras Infantry, dated 18th March 1859.

To be Colonels.

Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas John Nuthall, Bengal Infantry, dated 18th March 1859.

Lieutenant-Colonel Adam Cuppage, Madras Infantry, dated 18th March 1859.

Lieutenant-Colonel Zachary Mudge Mallock, Bengal Artillery, dated 18th March 1859.

Lieutenant-Colonel George Girdwood Channer, Bengal Artillery, dated 18th March 1859.

Lieutenant-Colonel Joseph Alexander Weller, Bengal Engineers, dated 18th March 1859.

To be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Major Edward P. Bryant, Bengal Infantry, dated 18th March 1859.

Major John Baptiste Ramsay, Bombay Infantry, dated 18th March 1859.

Major Frederick Secretan Gabb, Madras Infantry, dated 18th March 1859.

To be Major.

Captain Roderick Robertson, Bengal Infantry, dated 18th March 1859.

The promotion to the honorary rank of Major General of Colonel Arthur Cleghorn Wight, of the Madras Infantry, is cancelled, the retirement of that Officer, as stated in the *Gazette* of the 18th January 1859, not having taken place.

The death of Major General Henry John Wood, C. B., Bengal Infantry, having occurred on 13th of November 1858, the promotion of Colonel Æneas Shirreff, Madras Infantry, to Major General, to bear the 14th, not the 13th of November 1858, as stated in the *Gazette* of the 18th January 1859.

War Office, March 22nd 1859.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to make and ordain a special Statute of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, authorising the following appointments to the said Order :—

To be an Extra Member of the Military Division of the Second Class, or Knights Commanders, *viz.*

Colonel Charles Shepherd Stuart, C. B., of the Bombay Infantry.

To be Extra Members of the Military Division of the Third Class, or Companions, *viz.*

Colonel John Kennedy McCausland, 66th Regiment of Bengal Native Infantry.

Colonel George LeGrand Jacob, 31st Regiment of Bombay Native Infantry.

Colonel John Liddell, Bombay Infantry.

Colonel Thomas William Hicks, late of the Bombay Artillery.

Lieutenant-Colonel George Malcolm, 1st Regiment of Bombay Native Infantry.

Lieutenant-Colonel Conrad John Owen, 3rd Regiment Bombay Light Cavalry.

Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Samuel Blake, Bombay Artillery.

Lieutenant-Colonel George Henry Robertson, 25th Regiment of Bombay Native Light Infantry.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Adam Orr, Madras Artillery.

Major Thomas Fourness, 13th Regiment of Bengal Native Infantry.

Major John Dobree Woollcombe, Bombay Artillery.

Major Henry Dyett Abbott, 31st Regiment of Madras Native Light Infantry.

Major George Hare, 20th Regiment of Madras Native Infantry.

Major John Granville Lightfoot, Bombay Artillery.

Francis Short Arnott, Esq., M. D., Surgeon on the Bombay Establishment of Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces.

William Mackenzie, Esq., M. D., Surgeon on the Madras Establishment of Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces.

No. 635 *of* 1859.—The following Order, issued by the Government of Bombay, is confirmed :—

No. 262, *dated* 24*th March* 1859.—Granting Assistant Surgeon F. Carter, of the Medical Department, leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, to Europe	For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 636 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following promotions, in consideration of the distinguished gallantry of the men at the siege and capture of Jhansi :—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To what Rank promoted.	From what date.
1st Cavy H. C.	Ressaldar Allaoodeen Khan	Ressaldar Major	30th April 1858.
	Trooper Tejmal Sing	Duffadars ...	
	„ Meer Ahmed Ali		
	„ Nanoo Sing		
4th Cavy. H. C. ...	Trooper Khan Mahomed Khan	Duffadars ...	
	„ Tabool Khan		

R. J. H. Birch, *Major-Genl.,*

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Public Works Department.

General.—Establishments.

No. 103.

Fort William, the 3rd May 1859.

Appointments.—Mr. G. Nolan, doing duty as an Officer lately with the 2nd Bengal Police Battalion, is re-appointed to the Public Works Department as a Probationary Assistant Engineer and posted to Bengal.

No. 104.

Probationary Assistant Overseer Corporal G. Driver, attached to the 8th or Bareilly Division, is permanently appointed to the Department Public Works.

No. 105.

The 5th May 1859.

Mr. R. Porter is appointed a temporary Assistant Overseer in the Department Public Works and posted to Bengal.

No. 106.

Serjeant W. Bowder, 1st Troop 1st Brigade Horse Artillery, is re-appointed to the Department Public Works as an Assistant Overseer, in the North-Western Provinces.

No. 107.

Notifications.—The services of Lieutenant A. M. Brandreth, Engineers, Probationary Assistant Engineer, Department Public Works, Bengal, are placed at the disposal of the Government, North-Western Provinces, for employment on the Staff of the Thomason Civil Engineering College.

No. 108.

In continuation of Notification No. 71, of the 25th March last, the Dinapoor and Patna Divisions are defined as follows :—

	Stations.
Dinapoor Division.	Dinapoor.
	Deegah.
	Arrah.
	Buxar.
	Chuprah.
	Sewan.
	Mooteeharee.
	Segowlee.
Patna Division ...	Patna.
	Bankeepoor.
	Gyah.
	Thenthea.
	Barh.
	Monghyr.
	Mozufferpoor.
	Poosah.

No. 109.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize that the Cantonments of Jaulnah and Aurungabad, with the portion of 80 miles of the Nagpoor Dâk Line from Toka to the Frontier of West Berar, shall be constituted a separate 4th Class charge, and be designated the Jaulnah Division, with effect from the 1st May 1859.

Appointment.—Lieutenant H. H. Foord, 16th Madras Native Infantry, 1st Class Assistant Engineer, is appointed an Executive Engineer of the 4th Class, and posted to the new or Jaulnah Division.

No. 110.

Transfers.—Mr. C. Mayne, 4th Class Executive Engineer, is transferred from the Balasore to the Culmejole Division.

No. 111.

The Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council has been pleased to authorize the following transfers in the Department Public Works, North-Western Provinces :—

Lieutenant J. L. Watts, Executive Engineer 4th Class, 5th Division Grand Trunk Road, to the charge of the 10th or Agra Division.

Mr. R. J. Clarke, Assistant Engineer 1st Class, from the 10th or Agra Division, to the charge of the 5th Division Grand Trunk Road.

Captain E. Smalley, Executive Engineer 4th Class, from Allyghur to Muttra, subordinate to the Executive Engineer, Agra Division.

No. 112.

The 6th May 1859.

Appointment.—Lieutenant J. P. Westmorland, of Engineers, is appointed an Assistant to the Garrison Engineer with the grade of Probationary Assistant Engineer, in the Department Public Works.

H. Yule, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 2008.

Appointment.—*The 16th April* 1859.—Moulavy Abdool Ruheem to officiate as Sub-Assistant to the Commissioner of Chota Nagpore at Hazareebaugh.

Leave of Absence.—*The 30th April* 1859.—Baboo Shyamalanund Mookerjee, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Jamoorkandi, for fifteen days under Clause 1, Section VII. of the revised Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Notification.—*The 30th April* 1859.—Mr. W G. Young, Director of Public Instruction, availed himself of the leave granted to him on the 19th February last, on the 25th instant.

Erratum.—In the Orders published in the *Gazette* of the 30th ultimo, page 1001 for "Mr. W. H. Brodhurst to be *Magistrate and Collector of Tirhoot*," read "Mr. W. H. Brodhurst to be *Collector of Tirhoot*."

A. R. Young,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 1538.

Allahabad, the 30th April 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Tujummool Hossein Khan, Principal Sudder Ameen of Furruckabad, on urgent private affairs, for eight days, from the date he may avail himself of it.

No. 1554.

The 2nd May 1859.

Mr. George Frederick Harvey, Commissioner of the Agra Division, for fifteen months, on Medical Certificate, to Europe, under Section VI. of the Absentee Rules, with the usual preparatory leave to reach the Port of Embarkation, from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

J. D. Sandford,
Offg. Asst. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 1532.

Allahabad, the 30th April 1859.

Appointment.—Under instructions from the Government of India, Mr. James Guthrie, of the Civil Service, now absent on leave in Europe, is appointed to be Magistrate and Collector of Boolundshuhur, from the date of Mr. G. H. M. Rickett's departure from Calcutta for England, *viz.*, 11th March 1859.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

F. B. Outram,
Offg. Under-Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 255.

Allahabad, the 30th April 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Leave of absence, from 10th May to 16th September 1858, on Medical Certificate, is granted to the late Mr. C. J. Doyle, Commandant of the Etawah Cavalry, with a view to adjustment of accounts.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

G. W. Williams, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Military Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the fifth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1857-58, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Monday, the 9th of May 1859, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 2,260 chests, *viz* :—

Behar Opium	1,915
Benares Ditto	345
Total Chests...	2,260

2. The general conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 1st December 1858, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 14th and 25th May 1859, respectively, (the 24th May being a public holiday) that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, Company's Paper or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the sale, will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 14th May 1859, and no Treasury Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M. of Wednesday, the 25th May 1859.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium of 1857-58, will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board however reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

		Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Monday, 13th June 1859	-	1915	345	2260
Do Thursday, 14th July ,,	-	1915	345	2260
Do Wednesday, 10th August ,,	-	1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 9th September ,,	-	1915	345	2260
Do Friday, 14th October ,,	-	1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 7th November ,,	-	1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 5th December ,,	-	1934	379	2313
		13424	2449	15873

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

RIVERS THOMPSON,

Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 26th April 1859.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the sixth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1857-58, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Monday, the 13th of June 1859, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 2,260 chests, *viz* :—

Behar Opium	1,915
Benares Ditto	345
Total Chests ..	2,260

2. The general conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 1st December 1858, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 18th and 28th June 1859, respectively, that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, Company's Paper or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the sale, will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 18th June 1859, and no Treasury Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M., of Tuesday, the 28th June 1859.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium of 1857-58, will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board however reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

		Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Thursday, 14th July 1859	-	1915	345	2260
Do. Wednesday, 10th August ,,	-	1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 9th September ,,	-	1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 14th October ,,	-	1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 7th November ,,	-	1915	345	2260
Do Monday, 5th December ,,	-	1934	379	2313
		11509	2104	13613

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

RIVERS THOMPSON,

Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 4th May 1859.

No. 257.

Notice.

Tenders for the transportation of Salt from the Central and Southern Agencies of Orissa, to the Government Golahs at Sulkea, will be received at this Office until 2 P. M., of the 17th of May next.

2. The Tenders must be drawn up according to a form which may be obtained on application at this Office.

3. Distinct contracts must be entered into for the removal of the Salt in each of the three following localities, to wit, Hunsoah (in Central Cuttack) and the Ustrung Aurungs and the Chilka Lake Aurungs, in the Southern or Poorce Agency.

4. Parties tendering must satisfy the Board of Revenue and the Commissioner of Cuttack, that they possess the means of conveying the full quantity of Salt tendered for, and with this object a list of the vessels intended to be employed must accompany each Tender.

5. The quantity of Salt to be shipped at the Hunsoah Golahs will probably not exceed 1,00,000 maunds in each year; that from the Ustrungs is roughly estimated at 80,000 maunds for the ensuing season, and that from the Chilka Aurungs at maunds 3,20,000. The tenderer may apply for the whole quantity for which freight is required at each locality, or for any part not less than a quarter of such quantity.

6. Contractors must engage to ship the Salt allotted to them, during the period between the last spring tides of October and the end of February.

7. Parties whose tenders are accepted will be required to make a deposit of Government Promissory Notes, or to furnish other unexceptionable Security for the performance of their contracts.

8. The Board reserve to themselves the right of rejecting any Tender without assigning a reason.

By order of the Board of Revenue,

E. T. Trevor,
Secretary.

Fort William,
The 15th March 1850.

Notification.

The undersigned begs to notify for the information of Officers under the direct orders of the Government of India, that the designations of the Districts of Pañcepur and Khungurh, in the Punjab, have been altered to Kurnaul and Moozuffergurh, respectively.

E. Drummond,
Acctt. Genl. to the Govt. of India.

Fort William;
Accountant General's Office, Durbar and Revenue Dept.,
The 29th April 1859.

Notification No. 1000.

The Public Bill Form, bearing the printed No. 294550, having been found to be missing from the Nuddea Treasury, is hereby cancelled; and Officers in charge of Treasuries are cautioned to refuse acceptance of it, if presented, taking the requisite steps for the apprehension of the parties concerned in negotiating it.

R. P. Harrison,
Offg. Acctt. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Fort William;
Office of Acctt., Govt. of Bengal,
The 29th April 1859.

Notification.

Bills at par on the Public Treasuries of the under-mentioned Districts may be had on application to the Accountant to the Government of Bengal:—

Districts.	*Amounts available on this date.*
Akyab, ...	... 1,00,000
Balasore, ...	... 20,000
Chittagong, ...	... 50,000
Cuttack, C. D., ...	... 2,00,000
* Dacca, ...	... 4,00,000
Gowalparah, ...	... 80,000
Jorehaut, ...	... 80,000
Kamroop, ...	... 40,000
Luckimpore, ...	... 1,00,000
Poorce, ...	... 1,00,000
* Rungpore, ...	... 1,50,000

R. P. Harrison,
Offg. Acct. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Bengal Acctt.'s Office,
The 3rd May 1859.

**N. B.*—These Treasuries will be cleared shortly if the amounts available are not taken up in Bills.

Bills applied for after 2 P. M., will not be issued till the following day.

Bills will not be granted for less than Rupees 50.

Medical College.

The Session of 1859-60 will commence in the Medical College on the 15th June next.

2. Students who may be desirous of entering the College are requested to apply to the Principal, at the Medical College, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., on or before the 10th of June next.

3. The possession of the "Entrance Examination" Certificate of the Calcutta University, will entitle Students to enter the Medical College without further Examination.

4. Under certain conditions (which may be learned on application to the Principal) Students will be admitted in anticipation of passing the University Entrance Examination, but under the clear proviso of their going up for that Examination before the commencement of the Session of 1860-61.

5. The course of Instruction given in the Calcutta Medical College is framed to meet the requirements of the Calcutta University for obtaining its Degrees in Medicine and Surgery.

6. The Certificates of Lectures and Hospital Attendance of the College are likewise recognised by the University of London, the Royal College of Surgeons of England, and the Worshipful Society of Apothecaries of London, as entitling the possessors of such to compete in London for the Degree, Diploma and License of those bodies, under the Rules which regulate the granting of the same.

W. C. B. EATWELL, *M. D.*,
Principal, Medical College.

CALCUTTA;
Medical College Office,
The 30th April 1859.

Notification.

Fort William, Civil Auditor's Office, the 20th April 1859.

To the Officers of the Political, Judicial, Revenue, Customs, Salt, Opium, and other branches of Service.

The Civil Auditor has the honor to request that Disbursing Officers, in charge of Civil Establishments, will be good enough to submit, as soon after 1st of May next as may be practicable, separate from their April Pay Abstracts, the Annual Detailed Statements of the respective Establishments as per Forms Nos. 1, 2, and 3, furnished for their guidance in 1848, annexing a note to each of the above Statements showing the items of expenditure which, though sanctioned, have not been actually incurred with reference to Financial Resolution of 29th October 1857, No. 4751. Pending the receipt of these documents, the audit of their April Abstracts will, under Financial Resolution of 7th September 1842, be withheld.

The usual Annual Returns of Uncovenanted Servants up to May 1859, as well as separate Statements showing the periods of leave granted to Uncovenanted Assistants, are also requested to be furnished in Forms Nos. 4 and 5, with the above Annual Detailed Statements.

W. P. PALMER,
Civil Auditor.

Notification.

THE Civil Auditor, North-Western Provinces, has the honor to repeat his annual call to all Disbursing Officers in charge of Civil Establishments in the North-Western Provinces, for the submission (as soon after the 1st May next, as practicable, with the April Abstract) of their regular Annual Detailed Statement, containing the names and full particulars of the whole of the Establishment; and to observe that, with reference to the orders of Government, dated 15th October 1842, published in the *Agra Government Gazette*, of the 15th November 1842, the audit of their Abstracts for April next will be withheld until the receipt of the required Returns.

2. To facilitate check, it is particularly requested that the Abstract for April be sub-divided into distinct headings, so that each description of Office with its total shall correspond with the details given in the Statement of Establishment or the 1st May, agreeably to the Form furnished.

3. It is also requested that the *three separate* Lists prescribed for all Uncovenanted Civil Servants (Europeans and East Indians) and Native, (in the last the names of *only those* holding appointments of *trust* and *responsibility* should be inserted,) employed on their Establishments, be furnished for 1st May 1859, without delay.

H. LOCH,
Offg. Civil Auditor.

CIVIL AUDITOR'S OFFICE;
N. W. P., Allahabad,
The 31st March 1859.

Sheriff's Office; the 7th May 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery and also an Admiralty Sessions will be holden by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the sixth day of June next, at 12 o'Clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'Clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'Clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

W. F. GILMORE,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস ৭ মে ১৮৫৯ সাল

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ৬ জুন ১৮৫৯ সাল সোমবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার কোর্ট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের কোর্ট উইলিএমের শুপ্রেম কোর্ট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়েরটরমিনর এবং এডমাইরেলটি অর্থাৎ মহা সমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মোকদ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশীয়ান জতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এ বিষয় সকলে স্মরন রাখুন।

W. F. GILMORE,
Sheriff.

Notice.

To be sold, pursuant to a Decree of the Supreme Court of Judicature, at Fort William in Bengal, made in a certain Cause, wherein Shamchund Mitter is Complainant and Punchanun Gangooly and others areDefendants, on and bearing date the 10th day of March 1859, with the approbation of John Cochrane, Esquire, the Master of the said Court, at his Office in the Court-House, in the Town of Calcutta, on a day of which due Notice will be hereafter given, the following property, that is to say—

Lot No. 1.—One-fourth share of the late Collydoss Gangooly in the family dwelling-house, situate at Chorebagan, in the Town of Calcutta.

Lot No. 2.—A garden at Bathone in the District of Twenty-four Pergunnahs.

Particulars whereof may be had gratis, at the Office of Mr. H. Swinhoe.

John Cochrane,
Master.

H. Swinhoe,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

Calcutta Supreme Court;
Master's Office,
The 3rd May 1859.

Calcutta Drainage.

The Public are hereby informed that the Drainage Works are about to be commenced, for which purpose it will be necessary to deposit Materials excavate Trenches, &c., in the Streets of the Town. Every precaution will be used to prevent accidents at night from these obstructions. The work will be commenced in Durrumtollah, and it is hoped this Notice by drawing attention thereto, will ensure caution on the part of those who travel through the Street after dark.

By order of the Board of Municipal Commissioners.

W. Clark,
Engineer to the Municipal Commissioners.

Calcutta,
The 30th April 1859.

CUSTOMS.

List of Packages lying unclaimed on the Custom House Wharf.

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1858, Oct. 14th ...	1 Case unknown, Qr. Mr. Frazer, 6th Dragoon Guards ...	Wellesley.
Ditto 15th ...	2 Cases ditto, ditto ...	Ditto.
Nov. 7th ..	66 Cases ditto, F J in heart ...	Mary Ann Wilson.
Ditto 9th ...	1 Case ditto, C in triangle H M N ..	Kirkham.
Ditto 14th ...	29 Cases ditto, F J in heart ...	Mary Ann Wilson.
Ditto 17th ...	1 Iron Rail, no mark ...	Fort William.
Dec. 6th ..	2 Chests unknown, ditto ...	Englishman.
1857, January 7th ...	2 Cases ditto, M C D S ...	Comete.
March 5th ...	1 Case ditto, P C F in diamond ..	Albion.
Ditto 23rd ...	2 Small Packages ditto, B C ..	Str. Fiery Cross.
Ditto „ ...	1 Small Package, ditto, B ..	Ditto.
April 16th ..	9 Bundles Iron, no mark .	Howden.
Ditto „ ...	11 Pieces ditto, ditto .	Ditto.
Ditto 18th ...	8 Bags Tobaco Leaf, Ditto .	Atiet Rohoman.
Ditto 27th ...	1 Case unknown, Hy. Bayley, Esq. ...	Harold.
1859, April 27th ..	1 Tin Box Sundries, Messrs. Fraser and Co. ...	Str. Viscount Canning.
Unknown ...	1 Case Unknown, no mark ...	Unknown.

Calcutta Custom House,
The 6th May 1859.

F. J. Cockburn,
Officiating Collector of Customs.

Notification.

WITH the sanction of the Governor General of India in Council, it is hereby declared that the Port of Rangoon, and the Navigable River and Channels leading to that Port, are subject to Act XXII. of 1855.

The limits of the said Port of Rangoon are as follows:—

To the West.—A Line drawn South-West from the boundary pillar at Kemmendine across the Rangoon River, to the boundary pillar on the opposite bank at the entrance of the Panlang Creek.

To the South-East.—A Line drawn East from King's Point on the Dallah side of the Rangoon River, to the boundary pillar on the Syriam side.

To the North-East.—A Line running North-West and South-East drawn from the boundary pillar on the Rangoon or West side of the Pegu Rivers to a boundary pillar on the Syriam or East side, so much of Puzzomdoung Creek as lies South of a Line drawn from a pillar on the East above Kyeezeik Village to a pillar opposite to the West bank of the Creek.

The limits of the said Port include to the North and South, so much of the Rangoon River and of the Shores thereof, and so much of the Puzzomdoung Creek, and the Shores thereof as are within fifty yards of high-water mark spring tides.

The limits of the Navigable River and Channels leading to the said Port, made subject to the said Act, are as follows:—

To the North.—The Port of Rangoon as above defined.

To the South.—A Line drawn East and West from the Light Ship.

All Ports of the Rangoon River between the said limits and below high-water line at spring tides are subject to the said Act.

PORT RULES.

I. No vessel, if above 200 tons, shall enter within the limits of the Port of Rangoon, or move from one place to another within the Port, between sun-set and sun-rise, without the special permission of the Master Attendant.

II. The Commanders of all vessels arriving at the Port of Rangoon are desired to enter correctly in the Columns of the Report Book of the Master Attendant, as soon as presented to them, the information therein required, regarding their vessels. They will also report in writing to the Master Attendant twenty-four hours before their departure the particulars noted in the forms appended hereto.

III. All Commanders of vessels arriving at Rangoon shall anchor in such a position as the Master Attendant or his Assistant shall direct. All vessels above 100 tons' burthen shall moor with two bower anchors and 30 fathoms of cable each way, and shall not move from their position without a Pilot, except with the express permission of the same authority.

IV. All Commanders of vessels shall have their jib and driver booms rigged in, when required by the Master Attendant, and shall strike their yard and masts if required so to do by, or by order of the same Officer.

V. Every ship or vessel within the Port of Rangoon shall have removed any anchor or spar or other substance projecting from her side, when so required by the Master Attendant, or other Officer of the Port.

VI. The Commanders of all vessels entering the Port of Rangoon, with ballast on board, shall without delay send to the Master Attendant a report in writing, stating the description of ballast on board, the quantity in tons, and the port of shipment; application must be made by the Commander to the Master Attendant for permission to tranship or land ballast, and no ballast shall be transhipped or landed except under the sanction of the Master Attendant and only at such Stations as he shall direct.

VII. A free channel of 240 yards which is to be kept for ships moving up or down the River within the Port, and also free passages to Piers, Jetties, Landing places, Wharves, Quays, Docks and Moorings, and all vessels shall be bound to move when required to clear such channels or passages.

VIII. All vessels within the Port of Rangoon shall be moored or warped from place to place as required by the Master Attendant, or other Officer of the Port, and no vessels shall cast off a warp that has been made fast to her to assist a vessel in mooring without being required to do so by the Pilot or Officer in charge of the vessel mooring.

IX. No vessels within the limits of the Port of Rangoon shall boil any pitch or dammer on board, or shall draw off spirits by candle or other artificial lights.

X. All vessels within the limits of the Channels leading to the Port of Rangoon shall when at anchor, between sun-set and sun-rise, have a good light hoisted at the starboard fore-yard arm; and all vessels under weigh at night shall show a good light at the fore-royal or upper foremast head, and when under weigh in tow of a steamer shall in addition to the masthead light, show a good light at each fore-yard arm; the steamer showing the usual light prescribed by the Admiralty Regulations.

XI. No vessel shall use any of the Government chain moorings, whether fixed or swinging, without permission of the Master Attendant.

XII. All vessels occupying Government mooring fixed or swinging, shall be liable to pay for the same, according to the following scale and no more:—

	From 1st November to 30th May, being seven months. *Per Diem, Rs.*	From 1st June to 31st October, being five months. *Per Diem, Rs.*
For fixed moorings		
All vessels up to 199 tons	1	3
Ditto from 200 to 299 „	2	4
Ditto from 300 to 399 „	3	5
Ditto from 400 to 499 „	4	6
Ditto from 500 to 599 „	5	7
Ditto from 600 to 999 „	6	8
Ditto from 1000 and upwards	8	10
Swinging moorings	3	4

XIII. The rate fixed for warfage payable by all vessels at Government Wharves is at annas (8) eight per ton, according to the registered tonnage and one day for each (50) fifty tons is allowed for vessels to load or discharge their cargoes. Vessels remaining alongside Government Wharves, beyond the time allowed according to the tonnage,

will be subject to an additional charge of annas (4) four per ton, for each day.

The provisions of Sections XII. XXXVII. and XL. of the said Act No. XXII. of 1855, are hereby specially extended to the Port of Rangoon.

A. P. PHAYRE,
Commissioner of Pegu, and Agent to the Governor General.

Form of Conservator of Ports' Report Book of Arrival.

Date of arrival at Rangoon.	Name of Vessel.	Rig of Vessel.	Tonnage.	Under what Flag.	Name of Commander.	Where from.	Date of Departure.	Intermediate Ports touched at	Names of Passengers.	Remarks.
										Any vessel spoken with, or wreck seen, particulars to be noted.

A. P. PHAYRE,
Commissioner of Pegu, and Agent to the Governor General.

Particulars required to be reported by Commanders of Vessels previous to their departure as per Rule II.

Intended date of Departure.	Name of Vessel.	Rig of Vessel.	Tonnage.	Under what Flag.	Name of Commander.	Where bound.	Names of Passengers.	Remarks.

A. P. PHAYRE,
Commissioner of Pegu, and Agent to the Governor General.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

WITH reference to Government Notification No. 5, Fort William, Financial Department, 26th January 1855, notifying the intention of Government to dissolve its connexion with the Government Agency—

The Oriental Bank Corporation undertake the safe custody of Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal, and other local Stocks, free of all charge.

Will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, and remit at the current rates of exchange, or pay the same according to instructions, if to be remitted through the Corporation, Without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... 1-4th per Cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, ... 1-4th per Cent

On the purchase of Government or other Securities, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Corporation, ... Without charge.

WM. ANDERSON,
Agent.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION;
Calcutta, 29th January 1855.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 4th May 1859.

LIABILITIES.			ASSETS.		
Proprietors' Capital ...	...	1,07,00,000 0 0	Government Securities ...	...	23,92,000 0 0
Reserve Fund ...	...	1,97,534 10 10	Dues from Government ...	...	1,73,810 14 9
Current Accounts	...	84,98,661 5 1	Cash ...	...	1,08,66,949 0 0
Cash Credits Undrawn	...	4,93,266 5 9	Loans on Deposit of Securities	...	1,26,60,200 0 0
Other Claims ...	...	4,12,346 0 1	Discount Loans on ditto ...	...	70,28,600 0 0
Bank Notes ...	...	1,53,07,135 0 0	Accounts of Credit on ditto	...	6,72,200 0 0
Post Bills ...	...	1,79,889 14 0	Government Bills Discounted	...	4,36,749 2 9
Profit and Loss *(Rebate Account)*	...	50,885 3 0	Mint Certificates ditto ...	...	2,01,906 13 4
			Mercantile Bills ditto ...	...	12,21,019 1 4
			Dead Stock ...	...	1,86,283 6 7
Co.'s Rs.	...	3,58,39,718 6 9		Co.'s Rs.	3,58,39,718 6 9

Published by order of the Directors,
H. I. LEE,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

G. W. MOULTRIE,
Offg. Accountant.

Commercial Bank of India.

CALCUTTA BRANCH.

Rates of Exchange on London Joint Stock Bank.

			s.	d.	
At	6 months' sight	... ...	2	0¼	per Rupee
"	3 " "	... ...	1	11⅞	"
"	30 days' "	... ...	1	11⅝	"
"	8 " "	... ...	1	11½	"

The Bank grants Drafts on the Head Office, Bombay, and on its Branches in London, Shanghae, and Hong-Kong. Bills collected at any of the above places at a uniform charge of ¼ per Cent.

The Bank will undertake the purchase or sale of Government Paper, Bank Stock and other Securities, draw Interest and Dividends payable in Calcutta, when due, at a Commission of ¼ per Cent.

No charge made when the proceeds of Sale or amount of Interest or Dividends drawn is remitted in the Bank's Bills.

Rates of Interest allowed to Deposits subject to

3	months'	notice of withdrawal,	4	p. ct. per annum
6	ditto	ditto ditto	5	„
2	ditto	ditto ditto	6	„

Notice may be given when the money is deposited, or at any subsequent time; and it will be dispensed with in cases when the money is to be remitted through the Bank.

Current Accounts kept and Interest allowed at 2 per Cent. per annum on Balances of Rupees 500 and upwards, not exceeding Rupees 50,000, unless by special agreement.

Hours of business, 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. On Saturdays, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

W. S. FITZWILLIAM,

27, TANK SQUARE, *Agent.*
Calcutta, 7th October 1858.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Brojobullub Mullick and Hurrydoss Mullick, of Bow Bazar, in Calcutta, the said Brojobullub Mullick heretofore carrying on business in copartnership with Gorachaund Mullick, as Wine Merchants at Barrackpore, under the name, style and firm of Brojobullub Mullick and Co., Insolvents.

On Wednesday, the 20th day of April last, it was ordered that the matters of the Petition of the said Insolvents be heard on Saturday, the 4th day of June next, and that the said Insolvents do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Insolvents in person.

Chief Clerk's Office, 3rd May 1859.

In the matter of Henry William Chamberlain, of No. 6, Wellington Square, in the Town of Calcutta, Tide Waiter, Calcutta Custom House, an Insolvent.

Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court, on Friday, the 13th day of May instant, at the hour of 10 o'Clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent, desirous "of opposing such application, must appear before the "said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

Chief Clerk's Office, 6th May 1859.

Required.

A TRANSLATOR thoroughly conversant with English and Oordoo, his duties will be to translate and to superintend the Persian Office. Salary Rupees 100 per mensem. Apply to Deputy Commissioner, Pertaubghur *vid* Allahabad, Oude.

Notice.

THE Interest and Responsibility of MR. WILLIAM GRANT and MR. DAVID BAIRD LINDSAY, in our Firm here and at Rangoon, and in the Firm of JAMES WYLLIE & Co., in London, ceased on this date by the effluxion of time.

GLADSTONE, WYLLIE & Co.

CALCUTTA,
The 30th April 1859.

Notice.

MR. PATRICK KEITH and MR. GEORGE ROSS have this day been admitted as Partners in our Firm here and at Rangoon.

GLADSTONE, WYLLIE & Co.

CALCUTTA,
The 30th April 1859.

Notice.

THE Office of MESSRS. DUTTS, LINZEE AND Co. is removed to No. 7, Commercial Buildings, Strand,

Notice.

THE Interest and Responsibility of the late MR. THOMAS SCOTT in our Firm ceased on the 6th June 1857; and the business will from this date be conducted under the style of TARRUCK & Co.

THOMAS SCOTT AND TARRUCK.

CALCUTTA,
The 30th April 1859.

Notice.

MESSRS. DICKINSON, BROTHERS AND Co. beg to announce that they will henceforth transact business in Calcutta, as the representatives of MESSRS. WILLIAM DICKINSON AND Co. of London, and MESSRS. ALFRED WILKINSON AND Co. of Hong-Kong.

1, FANCY LANE,
Calcutta, 2nd May 1859.

Notice

THE Partnership heretofore existing between MESSRS. DANIELL DICKINSON AND Co., of London, and JAMES CHURCH, JUNIOR, carrying on business under the Firm of JAMES CHURCH, JUNIOR, AND Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

HENRY MORTLOCK AITKEN,
CHAS. A. DICKINSON,
Attorneys for Daniell Dickinson and Co.

JAMES CHURCH, *Junior*,
By his Attorney Edw. J. Lindsay.

CALCUTTA,
The 30th April 1859.

WITH reference to the above, MR. EDWARD JAMES LINDSAY will conduct the business of MESSRS. JAMES CHURCH, JUNIOR AND Co., in liquidation.

HENRY MORTLOCK AITKEN,
CHAS. A. DICKINSON,
Attorneys for Daniell Dickinson and Co.

EDW. JAMES LINDSAY,
As Attorney for James Church, Junior.

CALCUTTA,
The 2nd May 1859.

Notice.

MR. JAMES CHURCH, JUNIOR, MR. DAVID BAIRD LINDSAY and MR. JAMES STEEL have this day commenced business as Merchants and Commission Agents under the firm of CHURCH, LINDSAY & Co.

Calcutta 2nd May 1859.

Notice.

MR. EDWARD JAMES LINDSAY is authorised to sign our Firm per procuration.

CHURCH, LINDSAY AND Co.

CALCUTTA,
2nd May 1859.

Notice.

THE Interest of MR. GEORGE GILBERT in our Concern ceased on the 30th April 1858.

JESSOP & Co.

Notice.

THE Office of the Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China is removed from No. 1A, Lyons' Range, to No. 4, Council House Street.

The 2nd May 1859.

Partnership.

I HAVE this day admitted my son BABOO MOHANUND BENERJEE a partner in my business, which will henceforth be carried on under the firm and style of BHOOBUNMOHUN BENERJEE and SON.

BHOOBUNMOHUN BANERJEE.

CALCUTTA,
The 1st May 1859.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE under-mentioned Government Securities standing in the name of Nawab Afsur Bahoo, the Proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the Notes and of Interests thereupon have been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of duplicate Notes in favor of the Proprietor :—

No. 20972	of 1854-55,	dated	30th June	1854,	for Rs.	20000
„ 20973	„	„	„	„	„	20000
„ 20974	„	„	„	„	„	20000
„ 20975	„	„	„	„	„	20000
„ 20976	„	„	„	„	„	20000

NAWAB AFSUR BAHOO.

LUCKNOW,
The 30th April 1859.

Notice.

LOST at Delhie, on or after the 11th May 1857, the under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, bearing the signature of Mrs. Grace Clarke :—

4 per Cent. Loan,	No 1118	of 2430,	dated	31st March	1836,	Co.'s Rs.	500
„	„	„	„ 8417	„	„	„	„	500
„	„	„	„ 38890	„	„	„ 30th June	1854	„ 1000
						Total, Co.'s Rupees ...		2000

Payment of the Notes and Interest thereon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application made to Government for issue of duplicate Notes.

ISABELLA MANN,
Administratrix to the Estate of the late Mrs. Grace Clarke.

CALCUTTA,
The 28th April 1859.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of Ellahie Begum of Nowajgunge, in Lucknow in Oude, the widow of Dilwar Ally Khan, deceased, the Proprietress, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the Notes and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application has been made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes for the respective amounts :—

No. 11179,	of 30th June	1854,	of 1854-55,	Rs.	4,000.
„ 11180	„	„	„	„	2,000.

J. RENNIE.

CALCUTTA,
The 21st April 1859.

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Note, No. 5775, of 1842-43, of the Four per Cent Loan, dated the 31st March 1842, for Company's Rupees Two thousand, originally standing in the name of Rajcoomar Roy, and last endorsed to Captain Duncan, Executive Engineer, 1st Division, Department Public Works, the proprietor. Payment of the above Note and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of a duplicate Note in favor of the Proprietor.

H. DE BOURBEL, *Captain*,
Offg. Ex. Engr., Barrackpore Divn.

BARRACKPORE,
The 3rd May 1859.

Lost.

A Second-half Bank of Bengal Note, No. 04250, for Company's Rupees 500, the payment is stopped in the Bank.

Lost.

THE Right-half of a Bank of Bengal Note, No. 33957, for Rupees (20) twenty.

HURRYNATH CHUCKERBUTTY.

Lost.

LEFT-HAND halves of the Bank of Bengal Notes, No. 43420, for Co.'s Rs. 100, and No. 20557, for Co.'s Rs. 50, the payment of which has been stopped at the Bank.

Lost.

Half of a Bank of Bengal Note, new Issue, A No. 10031 for Company's Rupees 10.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION,
The 2nd May 1859.

Notices issued by the Officiating Deputy Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 5437.

The 21st April 1859.—SEALED TENDERS will be received at the Calcutta General Post Office for the repairs of three Post Office Vans, nine Accelerators, and one Dray, for a period of five years, from the 6th June 1859.

2. The Tenders will be received up to Friday, the 20th May, and will be opened on that day, at noon, in presence of all parties concerned.

3. A Deposit in Cash of (100) one hundred Rupees is required with each Tender, subject to forfeiture, if the Tender be withdrawn.

4. Information relative to conditions will be given in writing on application to this Office.

No. 77.

The 6th May 1859.—NOTICE is hereby given, that the letters for the Overland Mail despatched from this Office up to the 18th ultimo, were in time for the Steamer that left Bombay on the 26th idem.

No. 50.

MAIL PACKETS for the Overland Mail which leaves Bombay on the 23rd instant, will be closed at this Office, at 5 P. M., on the 14th *vid* Marseilles only.

Letters and Papers for transmission *vid* Bombay will be received up to 6 P. M., on every day prior to the 14th instant:—

Rates of Postage.

Under ¼ oz.	...	Rs.	0	6	0
„ ½ „	...	„	0	8	0
„ ¾ „	...	„	0	14	0
„ 1 „	...	„	1	0	0

PACKETS for the reception of Letters by the following Ships are open at this Office:—

NAMES OF VESSELS.	Agents.	Intended Departure.	For what Port.	Touching at	Remarks.
Chowringhee	John Borradaile & Co.	In a few days.	Sydney.		
Adelicia	Mackinnon, McKenzie & Co.	30th May 1859	Melbourne.		
R. A Maria	G. Pehmoller & Co.	7th Ditto	Rangoon		

The 6th May 1859.

LIST of unclaimed Bullock Train Packages lying at the Office of the Post Master General, N. W. P., which will be sold by Public Auction to defray expences if not claimed within three months from this date.

No	Description of Package.	Address.	Particulars.
1	Parcel ...	Lieut. Drummond, 9th Irregular Cavalry ...	1 Pair of Boots.
1	Ditto ...	Major Jacobs, 1st Fusiliers	3 Flannel Banians.
1	Ditto ...	J. C. Browne, M. D. Arty.	2 Dozen Woollen Socks.
1	Small Box ...	Without address ...	8 Bottles Essence of Coffee.
1	Tin Box ...	Fuzzul Hoosain ...	Medicines.
1	Box ...	Peter Carty, 1st Fusiliers	A Silver Medal for Pegu.
1	Parcel	Shurroofdeen ...	1 Native lace worked Cap, 1 bag Snuff.
1	Ditto ...	Mrs. A. Campbell ...	1 Lady's Companion, 11 pairs Woollen Socks and some Ribbons.
1	Ditto ...	R. Davidson, care of Captain Hood Bullubgurh ...	2 Flannel Banians.
1	Parcel ...	Nusseerooddeen ...	1 Bottle Uttar, 1 card Elastic.
1	Small Box ...	Serjeant Colleran, H. M's. 75th Regiment ...	Pipes and Tobacco.
1	Ditto ...	J. E. Fairfax, Esq., C. S....	3 Bottles Warburg's Tincture.
1	Parcel ...	Moonshee Hurgolam ...	1 Pair Socks.
2	Ditto ...	Captain Graham, Comdg. for Coll. Watt Beliast ...	2 Packets Pine Seeds.
1	Ditto ...	Mrs. Graham, Doroundah	1 White Cashmere Shawl.
1	Tin Case ...	Dr. Morris, Sirmoor Battn.	Drawing Paper.
1	Parcel ...	Mr. Cox, boot maker Jullunder ...	1 Pair of Boots.
1	Ditto ...	Reverend H. E. Cockey, S. P. G. Cawnpore ...	1 Wool-worked Cheroot case.
1	Ditto ...	Without address ...	1 Turquoise, 1 Snuff box and pieces of Chintz and Silk, 6 Pictures.
1	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1 Pair half Boots.
2	Ditto ...	Captain Strangways ...	A Lady's and Baby's Linen and Clothing.
1	Ditto ...	Rajah Roodu NarayanSing, Benares ...	2 Small Glasses.
1	Ditto ...	B. Tayler, Esq. ...	2 Packets mourning Paper and Envelopes.
1	Ditto ...	Without address ...	1 Brass Scabbard.
1	Ditto ...	P. F. DeQuency, Esq., ...	Seeds.
1	Ditto ...	Messrs. White and Co. ...	2 Waistcoats.
1	Tin Box ...	Reverend E. Terlber, R. C. Chaplain, Cawnpore ...	Sacramental Wafers.
1	Ditto ...	Gunr. J. Healy ...	Smoking Pipes.
1	Parcel ...	Captain E. T. Dickens ...	6 Bottles Pills.
1	Ditto ...	Officer Commanding 8th Regiment, Sultanpore ...	1 Pair Pantaloons.
1	Ditto ...	John Watson, Esq. ...	1 Pair Wool-worked Slippers.
1	Box ...	Captain P. Comyn ...	1 Box Cheroots.
1	Tin Canister ...	No address ...	Pogson's Specific.
1	Small Box ...	Miss Habit ...	Jewellery, Earrings, &ca.
1	Parcel ...	Lieut. Brown, 28th N. I.	3 Pairs Shoes.
1	Ditto ...	Lieut. Lamb, Arty., Assistant Commissioner ...	2 Waistcoats.
1	Box ...	Mr. G. Leonard ...	Cheroots.
1	Ditto ...	W. H. Bennet, Esq., ...	Steel Pens and Camels Hair Brushes.
1	Parcel ...	C. S. Lane, Assistant Commissioner ...	A roll of white Satin Ribbons.
1	Ditto ...	Baboo Samanth ...	1 Hindee Shastar.
3	Ditto ...	Mr. Watson ...	Dalley's Carminative Patent Nipples and a Woollen Cap.
1	Ditto ...	H. Lewellyn ...	A Wig.
1	Ditto ...	Kadir Bux ...	A Tin Box.
1	Ditto ...	Holden Nan ...	9 Articles Native Clothing.
1	Ditto ...	Lieut. Peil, 23rd N. I. ...	2 Native Silk Caps.
1	Tin Box ...	Mrs. Kirk, Cawnpore ...	1 Felt Riding Hat.
1	Ditto ...	Captain Green Lucknow...	1 Box Spices.
1	Parcel ...	Mohomed Hoosain ...	1 Piece of Silk.
1	Ditto ...	No address ...	A Sample of Hemp or Flax.
1	Ditto ...	Captain Aitkin, Rajpootana Field. Force. ...	1 Bombay Calendar, 1 Tom Brown's Schooldays, 1 Mutiny Act.

No.	Description of Package.	Address.	Particulars.
1	Parcel ...	Miss M. Barry	1 Bundle Violet Powder.
1	Ditto ...	Mr. Wohlzeborn ...	6 Books, plates, 6 German Works.
1	Tin Box ...	R. Kenrich, Esq. ...	1 Revolver, Pistol, &ca.
1	Parcel ...	No address ...	Shakespeare's Hindustanee Dictionary.
1	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1 Vol. Bombay Calendar.
1	Ditto ...	D. Mackey, Esq., or Coll. Clark ...	1 Book Forms.
2	Ditto ...	W. C. Lyall, Esq. ...	Flannel and other Shirts.
1	Ditto ...	A. Morris, Esq. ...	1 Vol. Punch, 1 Vol. Farriery.
1	Ditto ...	Haree Sing Baboo ...	Silk Handkerchiefs Coloured and 1 Piece white Silk.
1	Ditto ...	Raky Moolvie ...	Gold and Silver Ornaments.
1	Ditto ...	Captain Scott, or Havitt. address not known ...	4 Packets Envelopes.
1	Ditto ...	Gibson and Co. ...	Tobacco.
1	Ditto ...	Meer Ahmed, Peshawar ...	1 Pair Spectacles and 1 Penknife.
1	Ditto ...	Mr. C. Henfield, Lucknow	1 Black Frock Coat.
1	Ditto ...	G. Armstrong, Esq., Mooltan ...	A set of white Cornelian Studs.
1	Ditto ...	Major Tucker, Futtygurh	3 Vol. Books.
1	Ditto ...	A. C. Smith, Esq., Shahjehanpore ...	5 Vol. Books.
1	Ditto ...	Captain Peterson, Lahore	1 Pouch and Belt.
1	Ditto ...	Shahzada Mohamed, Station unknown. ...	2 Pairs Socks, 1 Bag Snuff, 1 Cap.
1	Ditto ...	Private Crighton, 3rd Co. 1st Battn. Arty., Lucknow ..	1 Box Pills.
1	Ditto ...	Huges E.T. Depot. R. Pindee	Rupees 10 in Cash.
1	Ditto ...	Ahmed Khan, Sepoy, Anoopshuhur ...	1 Silk Handkerchief.
1	Tin Case ...	Col. M. C. Johnston, McGrigor and Co., London	Bearing Steam Postage contains Delhie Pictures.
1	Box ...	H. Lewis and Co., Calcutta	Cheroots.
1	Parcel. ...	Narain Dass, Mirzapore ...	Medicines.
1	Ditto ...	Q. Mr. Sergeant Mitchell, H. M's. 61st Regiment...	Shirts and Children's Shoes.
1	Basket ...	Ditto ditto ..	2 Small Beaver Hats.
1	Parcel ...	Khooshial Khan, Rissaldar, Etawah ...	2 Lace Caps.
1	Ditto ...	Captain Cleveland, Cawnpore ...	1 Coat, 1 pair Pantaloons 1 Pugree, Kakee Cloth.
1	Small Box ...	No address ...	1 Gold Ring, Red Stone.
1	Parcel ..	Mr. Pereira ...	One Black Alpacca Coat.
1	Ditto ...	Captain Godfrey, Military Train ...	Two Chains, Bridles.
1	Ditto ...	Shahzada Sultan ...	1 Cap and bag of Snuff.
1	Ditto ...	W. Parker ...	1 Pair of Socks, two pairs Pantaloons, one Shirt, and one Coat.
1	Ditto ...	Civil Surgeon, Mooltan ...	An Anatomical preparation.
1	Box ...	Miss Carbery, Benares ...	Millinery.
1	Ditto ...	Mrs. Hull, Secrora ...	1 Child's Frock, a Cape and two Dolls.
1	Parcel ...	Cox and Co., Mooltan ...	One Shoe.
1	Ditto ...	Mrs. M. Troup, Fyzabad...	Two Crochet Needle Cases.
1	Ditto ...	Mrs. Beaumont, Meerut ...	One pair Hair Pads.
1	Ditto ...	No address ...	Four pairs Socks and two Handkerchiefs.
1	Ditto ...	Messrs White and Co., Meerut ...	One piece scarlet for a Tunic and Buff Facings.
1	Ditto ...	Dr. W. Carey ...	One Silver Hunting Watch, Chain and Key, one Signet Ring with Crest.
1	Ditto ...	No address ...	Four white and six colored Shirts, one Felt Hat and six Merino Banians.
1	Ditto ...	H. Jarrett ...	One Horse Artillery Undress Jacket.
1	Tin Case ...	Lieut. Phillpot ...	1 Pair Spectacles.
1	Parcel ...	Major Brown ...	2 Delhie Gold-Worked Scarfs.
1	Ditto ...	Mr. Merrin ...	Plum Cake.

LAHORE,
The 12th April 1859.

G. PATON,
Post-Master General, N. W. P.

Printed and Published for the Government, by THOMAS JONES, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, MAY 7, 1859.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Tirhoot, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Thursday, the 12th May 1859, corresponding with 25th Bysack 1266 Fuslee:—

Class 1.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 3.—Mouzah Sonepore, Pergunnah Ahir, recorded proprietors, Gyan Sing Doss and others; sudder jumma, rupees 300-6-5.

No. 73.—Mouzah Jownapore, Roodur and others, Pergunnah Balagatch; recorded proprietors, Jorawan Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 144-2-8.

No. 147.—Mouzah Jhuckrah Seikh, Tuppeh Bhutsullah, Pergunnah Birarah; recorded proprietors, Bukhtour Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 237-14-8.

No. 223.—Mouzah Mahomedpore, Pergunnah Bhallah; recorded proprietors, Jankee Jha and others; sudder jumma, rupees 543-6-6.

No. 375.—Mouzah Kulwarah, Chuck Kulwarah, Pergunnah Bhurwarrah; recorded proprietors, Roopnarain Doobey and others; sudder jumma, rupees 110-1-4. This Mehal is under Butwarrah, the rights and interests only of Bustee Misser, Mukhdoomun, Sheronarain Doobey, Hurjan Thakoor, Nehal Misser, Lutchmeenath Misser, Oogree Misser, Dhurm Dutt Misser, Buddree Thakoor, Mussumut Bebee Jeetun, Mussamut Hushmut oolnissa oorf Bebee Dhomun, Nath Jha, Shewdyal Doobey, Deonath Misser, Sheikh Budloo, Pudoomlall Mullick, Mussamut Ramdhunee Misserain, Kubeeroolnissa, Pultun Jha, Bhugowan dutt Thakoor, and Oochit Thakoor, Defendants, are to be sold.

No. 384.—Mouzah Judoo Mehree, Pergunnah Barail; recorded proprietors, Fuquerollah and others; sudder jumma, rupees 122-10.

No. 408.—Mouzah Ghoograha, Pergunnah Barail; recorded proprietors, Bhugowuntnarin Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 439-13-6.

No. 698.—Mouzah Bishonpore Hiraram and others, Chuckley Girjowl, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Gopaul Dóss and others; sudder jumma, rupees 430-11.

No. 766.—Mouzah Panapore, Seelowthur Chuckley Girjowl, Pergunnah Birarah; recorded proprietors, Dewlutram and others; sudder jumma, rupees 446-0--11.

No. 779.—Mouzah Rohoah Shah Mean, Chuckley Girjowl, Pergunnah Bisarah, recorded proprietors, Sheik Bohorah and others; sudder jumma, rupees 473-2-7.

No. 999.—Mouzah Rujwarah Dhee Chuckley Girjowl, Pergunnah Birarah; recorded proprietors, Dirghgopaul Sing and others; sudder jumma. rupees 58-2-3. This Mehal is under Butwarrah, the rights and interests only of Quhbul Misser, Bala Misser, Mussamut Sunsaree Kowur, Juggoo Misser, Pertaub Misser, Rungloll Misser, Senahoo Misser, Mussamut Buchunoo Kowur, Balchand Misser, Rughoobunsee Tewaree, and Gobind Tewaree, defendants, are to be sold.

No. 1187.—Mouzah Bhoojpore, Pergunnah Hajeepore, recorded proprietor, Lall Jee; sudder jumma, rupees 394-15-6.

No. 1211.—Mouzah Khilwut, Pergunnah Hajeepore; recorded proprietors, Kowur Mahto and others; sudder jumma, rupees 854-6-6.

No. 1385.—Mouzah Bishonpore Khord, Pergunnah Hattee; recorded proprietor, Jankeedutt Chowdry; sudder jumma, rupees 76-7-0.

No. 1509.—Mouzah Minahpore, Syud Mahmood, Pergunnah Hajeepore; recorded proprietors, Sheikh Fuzul Allee and others; sudder jumma, rupees 173-11-6.

No. 1516.—Mouzah Supta, Pergunnah Hajeepore; recorded proprietors, Lokurmun Opudhia and others; sudder jumma, rupees 115-2-9.

No. 1537.—Uz Ruqba Chooptah, Pergunnah Jubdee; recorded proprietor, Mussamut Sahuj Dye; sudder jumma, rupees 73-2-8.

No. 1550.—Uz Ruqba Sutghura, Pergunnah Jubdee; recorded proprietor, Urjoon Thakoor; sudder jumma, rupees 94-5-5.

No. 1653.—Uz Ruqba Doolarpore Bysc, Pergunnah Kunowlee, Zillah Toorkee; recorded proprietors, Shah Kocdrutullee and others; sudder jumma, rupees 160-14-10.

No. 2022.—Mouzah Bhanduree Bhutowleah, Pergunnah Mehela, Zillah Toorkee; recorded proprietors, Shewlall Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 648-13-5.

No. 2057.—Mouzah Bishenpore Ram and others, Chuckley Nye, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Chuckunlall and others; sudder jumma, rupees 311-10-8.

No. 2182.—Mouzah Khuleelpore, Chuckley Nye, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Meer Mozuferallee and others; sudder jumma, rupees 221-1-11.

No. 2195.—Mouzah Sulahpore Boodhun, Chuckley Nye, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Meer Gholaum Shah and others; sudder jumma, rupees 150-6-5.

No. 2229.—Mouzah Bhugowanpore Beerbul, Chuckley Nye, Pergunnah, Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Juggernath Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 194-13-0.

No. 2246.—Mouzah Bishenpore Dhunarjay, Chuckley Nye, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Munsha Misser and others; sudder jumma, rupees 53-4-10.

No. 2585.—Mouzah Turownee, Pergunnah Puchimbheegoo; recorded proprietors, Goberdhun Roy and others; sudder jumma, rupees 50-19-8.

No. 2799.—Mouzah Etwarpore, Pergunnah Ruttee; recorded proprietors, Maharaj Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 71-9-6.

No 2800.—Mouzah Etwarpore, Pergunnah Ruttee; recorded proprietors, Nischul Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 67-6-0.

No. 3010.—Mouzah Hushunpore Sugawon, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Birjbeharee Panday and others; sudder jumma, rupees 1,045-6-10. This Mehal is under Butwarrah, the rights and interests of Jowahur Panday, Puraoo Panday, Rowdee Panday, Juttee Panday, Beharee Panday, Byjun Panday, Jhugroo Panday, Goodur Panday, Munroop Panday, Umrit Panday, applicants, 14th parties, and Mussamut Keerutbutty Kowur, 15th party to the Butwarrah are to be sold.

No. 3062.—Mouzah Sumurtha, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietor, Boybeharee Lall; sudder jumma, rupees 467-6-8.

No. 3083.—Mouzah Kuleanpore Bomeya, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Ameer Lall, sudder jumma, rupees 5,018-10-10. This Talook is under Butwarrah, the rights and interests only of Bundhoo Sing, Mowlee Sing, Chutterdhary Sing, Soodee Sing, Bheekdhary, Sing, Doomah Sing, Kowur Chowdry, Ramchundur Chowdry, Jeetun Chowdry, Boonceud Chowdry, Goordyal Chowdry, Fuquera Roy, Shew Ram Roy, Gungapersaud, Doomee Loll, Ramdyal Jha, Hoolas Jha, Khukroo Jha, Bhyeah Ram Jha, Gholaub Jha, Kishnaram Jha, Runjeet Jha, Munoo Sing, Runnoo Sing, Hirdaynarain Sing, Shewdyal Sing, Hardheun Sing, Burmah Sing, Govinda Sing, Rameaun Sing, Rambux Sing, Bumoodee Sing, Pursun Sing, Dursun Sing, Ramgopaul Sing, Johahur Lall, Gunnesh Dutt, Busraj Sing, Boodhun Sing, Lulleetram, Neeladoss, Munrunjun Doss, Sree Kishun Doss, Joylall Misser, Choonnee Lall Misser, Joyanund Misser, Mootee Lall Misser, Hur Narain, Shewnaram, Bundhoo Jha, Gooroopersaud Sing, Rambhuroos Sing, Bhoopnaruin Sing, Jankee Misraine, Kooldeepersaud Sham Jha, Rithlall Chowdry, Joorawan Chowdry, original heirs of Singessur Dutt Chowdry, Mussamut Sooha Kowur, mother and guardian of Karee Chowdry, and Banee Lall Chowdry, oorf Mukoonee Chowdry, minor sons and heirs of the late Jugomohun Chowdry, Barum Dutt Chowdry, Muncheet Chowdry, Ramsahal Sing and Mahtab Sing, Defendants, are to be sold.

No. 3253.—Mouzah Mooradpore, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Surdha Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 65-15-4.

No. 3364.—Chuck Abdool Rusool, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Meer Nuzurallee and others; sudder jumma, rupees 60-9-0.

No. 3392.—Mouzah Saracheah, Pergunnah Tilluckchawand; recorded proprietors, Rughoobeer Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 306-2-7.

No. 3393.—Mouzah Roopowlee Boozoorg, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Bebee Bholun and others; sudder jumma, rupees 206-4-4.

No. 3199.—Mouzah Esa Chuck, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Ramdial Jha and others; sudder jumma, rupees 206-4-4.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Offg. Collector.

TIRHOOT;
Collector's Office,
The 16th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Shahabad, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Friday, the 20th May 1859, corresponding with 4th Jait 1266 F. S. :—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 34.—Mehal Bhoputpoor, Pergunnah Arrah, Jankeeram, Chowaloll Sewsahae Sing, Muheepnarain, recorded proprietors; sudder jumma, rupees 261.

A. HOPE,
Offg. Collector.

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE;
Buxar,
The 27th April 1859.

PRINTED BY THOMAS JONES, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

No. 38.] [1097]

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 11, 1859.

Legislative Council of India.

THE 30TH APRIL 1859.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 30th April 1859, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. IX OF 1859.

An Act to provide for the adjudication of claims to property seized as forfeited.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make provision for the adjudication of claims to property seized as forfeited, with a view to the speedy determination of the same; and whereas it is also expedient to remove doubts concerning the powers of Officers or other persons to whom Commissions may have been issued for the trial of heinous offences in certain districts, and concerning the validity of convictions and adjudications of forfeiture made by such Officers or other persons; It is enacted as follows :—

Courts of Special Commission to be established.

I. It shall be lawful for the Executive Governments of the Lower and North-Western Provinces of the Presidency of Bengal, to establish within any part of the Territories subject to their respective Governments, Courts of Special Commission for the trial and determination of claims to property seized as forfeited, and to assign, from time to time, such local jurisdiction to the Courts so established as may appear proper. Provided that no additional expense shall be incurred by the establishment of any such Court without the previous sanction of the Governor General of India in Council.

Proviso.

Court to consist of three Commissioners.

II. Every Court established under this Act shall consist of not less than three Commissioners who shall sit together for the trial and determination of claims; but any one or more of them shall have power to make all such orders as may be necessary for preparing the cases that may be instituted for trial and decision.

Notification of establishment of Court in any District.

III. Whenever any Court shall be established under the provisions of this Act, with jurisdiction in any district or districts, notice thereof shall be given by a written proclamation, of which copies shall be affixed in the several Courts and in the Offices of the several Collectors and Magistrates of such district or districts; and the powers heretofore vested in the Courts of such district or districts in respect of all cases cognizable by the Courts established under this Act, shall be suspended until such Courts shall be informed, by an order under the signature of the Secretary to Government, that the local jurisdiction of such Court of Special Commission has ceased, of which notice shall be given by proclamation in the manner aforesaid.

Transfer of pending suits.

IV. Any case pending before any Court sitting as a Court of original jurisdiction at the time of the passing of this Act, in respect of a matter made cognizable by Courts established under its provisions, shall be transferred to the Court of Special Commission, within the limits of whose jurisdiction the property in dispute is situate, and such Court shall summon the defendant and proceed to dispose of the case in the same manner as if it had been instituted before it.

Court where to be held.

V. The Courts established under this Act shall be held at such place within the limits of their respective jurisdiction, as shall from time to time be appointed by the local Government.

Form of plaint.

VI. The plaint in suits instituted under this Act shall be written on the stamp paper prescribed for petitions of plaint in regular suits, and shall contain the following particulars, namely,

The name, description, and place of abode of the plaintiff, the relief sought for, the subject of

the claim, and the cause of action ; and if the suit be brought against a defendant other than the Government or some Officer on the part of Government, the name, description, and place of abode of such defendant.

Verification of plaint.

VII. The plaint shall be verified in the manner prescribed for the verification of plaints in Section XXVII. Act VIII of 1859 *(for simplifying the Procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature not established by Royal Charter)* ; and if the plaint contain any averment which the person making the verification shall know or believe to be false, or shall not know or believe to be true, such person shall be subject to punishment according to the provisions of the law for the time being in force for the punishment of giving or fabricating false evidence.

Punishment for false averment in plaint.

Presentation of plaint.

VIII. The plaint may be presented by the plaintiff in person or by his duly constituted representative, either in the principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction in the district in which the property or any part of the property in dispute is situate, or in the Court of Special Commission having jurisdiction over the claim under this Act. If the plaint be not presented in the Court of Special Commission, it shall be forwarded to such Court without delay.

Procedure before hearing of suit.

IX. The Court shall fix a day for the appearance of the parties and for the hearing of the suit, of which due notice shall be given to the parties or their representatives, and on the day so fixed the parties shall bring their witnesses into Court, together with any documents on which they may intend to rely in support of their respective statements. If either party require the assistance of the Court to procure the attendance of a witness on such day, he shall apply to the Court in sufficient time before the day fixed for the hearing of the suit, and the Court shall issue a subpœna requiring such witness to attend the Court on that day. It shall be competent to the Court to require the personal attendance of the plaintiff on the day fixed for the hearing of the suit or at any subsequent stage.

Procedure on hearing.

X. On the day fixed for the hearing of the suit or as soon after as may be practicable, the Court shall proceed to examine the plaintiff or his representative (when his personal attendance is not required) and the witnesses of the parties, and upon such examination and after inspecting the documents of the parties and making any further enquiry that may appear necessary, shall proceed to pass such order in the case in respect both to the claim and to the costs of suit as it may consider just and proper.

Examination, &c., of witnesses.

XI. It shall not be necessary to take down the depositions of the witnesses in writing at length ; but the Court, as the examination of each witness proceeds, shall reduce into writing the substance of what such witness deposes, and the deposition so taken shall form part of the record. In all other respects the provisions of the Regulations and Acts for procuring the attendance of witnesses and for the examination, remuneration, and punishment of witnesses in suits before the Civil Courts, shall be of equal force and effect in cases tried under this Act.

Decisions.

XII. The rules contained in Act XII of 1843 *(concerning the time at which and the language in which the decisions of the Judges in the Courts of the East India Company are to be written)* shall be applicable to decisions passed under this Act.

No appeal.

XIII. No appeal shall lie from any decision passed under this Act, nor shall any such decision be open to revision.

Execution of decrees.

XIV. The decrees of the Courts of Special Commission established under this Act shall be enforced by the Civil Courts of the district in which the property in dispute is situate, under the rules applicable to the execution of decrees passed by those Courts.

Records of cases where to be deposited.

XV. The records of cases disposed of by Courts established under this Act shall be deposited amongst the records of the principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction in the district in which the property in dispute is situate.

Validity of convictions of offences involving forfeiture of property not to be questioned by any Court.

XVI. Whenever any person shall have been convicted of an offence for which his property was forfeited to Government, no Court has power in any suit or proceeding relating to such property, to question the validity of the conviction.

Validity of conviction not to be questioned because the record does not show in what capacity the convicting Officer acted.

XVII. Whenever any person shall have been convicted as above by an Officer having power to try and convict, the validity of any such conviction shall not be questioned upon the ground that the record of the conviction does not show in what capacity such Officer acted, or that it represents him to have acted in a different capacity from that in which he had power to convict.

Property attached without adjudication of forfeiture.

XVIII. Whenever any property shall have been attached or seized without either conviction or an adjudication of forfeiture by any Officer of Government as property forfeited or liable to be forfeited to Government for an offence for which upon conviction the property of the offender would be forfeited, the validity of such attachment or seizure shall not be called in question by any Court or other authority in any suit or proceeding, unless

Validity of such attachment not to be questioned unless offender surrender within one year and be acquitted, &c.

the offender or alleged offender shall, within one year after the seizure of his property, have surrendered himself for trial and upon trial before a competent Court shall have been or shall be acquitted of the offence and shall prove to the satisfaction of the Court that he did not escape or keep out of the way for the purpose of evading justice. Nothing

Proviso.

in this Section shall extend to persons entitled to pardon under Her Majesty's proclamation published in the Calcutta Gazette Extraordinary dated the 1st

November 1858, or to any person who, having surrendered himself within the period of one year after the seizure of his property, shall be discharged by order of Government without a prosecution.

Release of property attached as forfeited.

XIX. No Judge or other person acting as Commissioner under the provisions of Acts XIV and XVI of 1857 has power to release property attached or seized as forfeited or as liable to be forfeited to Government except under the provisions of Section VIII Act XXV of 1857, when the offender or alleged offender shall have surrendered himself for trial and shall be tried and acquitted by such Judge or Commissioner, and shall prove that he did not escape or keep out of the way for the purpose of evading justice; and any order passed by any such Judge or Commissioner for the release of any property attached or seized as forfeited or liable to be forfeited to Government, except upon the acquittal before him of the person accused, and upon proof that he did not escape or keep out of the way for the purpose of evading justice, is hereby declared null and void.

Act not affect the rights of parties not charged with an offence punishable by forfeiture of property.

XX. Nothing in this Act shall be held to affect the rights of parties not charged with any offence for which upon conviction the property of the offender is forfeited, in respect of any property attached or seized as forfeited or liable to be forfeited to Government; provided that no suit brought by any party in respect of such property shall be entertained unless it be instituted within the period of one year from the date of the attachment or seizure of the property to which the suit relates.

Proviso.

W. MORGAN,

Clerk of the Council.

THE 30TH APRIL 1859.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 29th April 1859, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. X OF 1859.

An Act to amend the law relating to the recovery of Rent in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to re-enact with certain modifications the provisions of the existing law relative to the rights of ryots with respect to the delivery of pottahs and the occupancy of land, to the prevention of illegal exaction and extortion in connection with demands of rent, and to other questions connected with the same; to extend the jurisdiction of Collectors, and to prescribe rules for the trial of such questions, as well as of suits for the recovery of arrears of rent, and of suits arising out of the distraint of property for such arrears; and to amend the law relating to distraint; It is enacted as follows:—

Laws repealed.

I. The following Regulations and Acts and portions of Regulations and Acts are hereby repealed, except in so far as they repeal any other Regulation or Act, and except as to proceedings commenced before the date of this Act coming into force, namely—

Regulation XVII. 1793 *(to empower landholders to distrain and sell the personal property of ryots &c.)*,

So much of Regulation IV. 1794 *(to determine disputes regarding the grant of pottahs to ryots &c.,)* as is still in force,

Regulation XXXV. 1795 *(for better enabling individuals to recover arrears of rent or revenue due to them)*,

Regulation XLV. 1795 *(to empower landholders in the Province of Benares to distrain &c.)*,

Sections IX and X Regulation LI. 1795 *(respecting ryotty pottahs in the Province of Benares.)*,

Sections I to XX Regulation VII. 1799 *(to enable landholders to realize their rents with greater punctuality &c.)*,

Sections I to XX Regulation V. 1800 *(to enable landholders in the Province of Benares to realize their rents with greater punctuality &c.)*,

Regulation XXVIII. 1803 *(to empower landholders in the Ceded Provinces to distrain &c.)*,

Sections IX and X Regulation XXX. 1803 *(prescribing rules for the grant in the Ceded Provinces of pottahs to ryots &c.)*,

Section IV Regulation II. 1805 *(to provide a limitation of time for certain suits &c.)*,

Section XIX Regulation VIII. 1805 *(for extending certain Regulations to the Ceded and Conquered Provinces &c.)*,

Sections V to XXIII Regulation V. 1812 *(for amending some of the rules at present in force for the collection of the Land Revenue)*,

Sections XV and XVI Regulation XIX. 1817 *(for amending certain Regulations in force relative to process for recovery of arrears of rent)*,

Section XXVII Regulation XX. 1817 *(relating to resistance to distraint for arrears of rent &c.)*,

Sections XVIII and XIX Regulation VIII. 1819 *(relating to Putnee Talooks and the system established for the collection of rents generally &c.)*,

Section IV Regulation II. 1821 *(relating to the duties of City and Zillah Judges &c.)*,

Section XXII, and so much of Section XX and the following Sections of Regulation VII. 1822 *(relating to the settlement of the Land Revenue in the Ceded Provinces and Cuttack)* as apply to suits for rent, to complaints of excessive demand or undue exaction of rent, or of the non-delivery of pottahs or receipts, to suits against agents for money or accounts, or to any other suits or complaints arising out of disputes between landholders or farmers and their under-tenants respecting the rent and occupancy of land,

Regulation XIV. 1824 *(for modifying the rules in force for referring to the Collectors summary suits in cases of arrear or exaction of rent)*,

Regulation VIII. 1831 *(for amending the existing provisions relative to the trial of summary suits and claims for arrears or exactions of rent)*,

Act I of 1839 *(relating to the appointment of persons to sell property distrained for the recovery of arrears of rent)*,

Act X of 1846 *(for regulating the proceedings in certain cases of distraint for arrears of rent)*, and

Act VIII of 1848 *(to modify the provisions of Sections IX, X, XI, and XIII of Regulation V. 1812 of the Bengal Code)*.

Sections XIV and XV Regulation IX. 1833 *(for the more speedy decision of certain suits, and for enforcing the production of village accounts,)* so

far as the same are applicable to the territories under the Government of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, are also repealed.

Such parts of Regulation VIII. 1793 *(prescribing rules for the decennial settlement of the public Revenue in Bengal, Behar, and Orissa)*, and Regulation XXX. 1803, as relate to the adjudication of penalties for the refusal of pottahs and receipts for rent and for the exaction of any sums as abwab or in excess of the amount specified in any engagements for the payment of rent, and such parts of Section XXVI Act I of 1845 *(to amend Act No. XII of* 1841, *entitled "an Act for amending the Bengal Code in regard to sales of land for arrears of Revenue)"*, as relate to the enhancement of rents and the ejectment of tenants by the purchaser of an estate sold for arrears of Government Revenue, are declared subject to the following modifications.

Ryot entitled to a pottah.

II. Every ryot is entitled to receive from the person to whom the rent of the land held or cultivated by him is payable, a pottah containing the following particulars:

The quantity of land; and where fields have been numbered in a Government survey, the number of each field.

The amount of annual rent.

The instalments in which the same is to be paid.

And any special conditions of the lease.

If the rent is payable in kind, the proportion of produce to be delivered, and the time and manner of delivery.

Ryots holding land at fixed rates to receive pottahs.

III. Ryots who, in the Provinces of Bengal, Behar, Orissa, and Benares, hold lands at fixed rates of rent, which have not been changed from the time of the permanent settlement, are entitled to receive pottahs at those rates.

If rent of land be not changed for 20 years.

IV. Whenever, in any suit under this Act, it shall be proved that the rent at which land is held by a ryot in the said Provinces, has not been changed for a period of twenty years before the commencement of the suit, it shall be presumed that the land has been held at that rent from the time of the permanent settlement, unless the contrary be shown, or unless it be proved that such rent was fixed at some later period.

Ryots having right of occupancy but not holding at fixed rates, to receive pottahs.

V. Ryots having rights of occupancy, but not holding at fixed rates, as described in the two preceding Sections, are entitled to receive pottahs at fair and equitable rates. In case of dispute, the rate previously paid by the ryot shall be deemed to be fair and equitable, unless the contrary be shown in a suit by either party under the provisions of this Act.

Right of occupancy of ryot cultivating or holding land for 12 years

VI. Every ryot who has cultivated or held land for a period of twelve years has a right of occupancy in the land so cultivated or held by him, whether it be held under pottah or not, so long as he pays the rent payable on account of the same; but this rule does not apply to khomar, neejjote, or seer land belonging to the proprietor of the estate or tenure and let by him on lease for a term or year by year, nor (as respects the actual cultivator) to lands sublet for a term or year by year by a ryot having a right of occupancy. The holding of the father, or other person from whom a ryot inherits, shall be deemed to be the holding of the ryot within the meaning of this Section.

Saving of terms of written contracts.

VII. Nothing contained in the last preceding Section shall be held to affect the terms of any written contract for the cultivation of land entered into between a landholder and a ryot when it contains any express stipulation contrary thereto.

Pottahs to which ryots not having rights of occupancy are entitled.

VIII. Ryots not having rights of occupancy are entitled to pottahs only at such rates as may be agreed on between them and the persons to whom the rent is payable.

Person granting pottah entitled to a counterpart engagement.

IX. Every person who grants a pottah is entitled to receive from the person to whom the pottah is granted a kubooliyet or counterpart engagement in conformity with the terms of the pottah. The tender to any ryot of a pottah such as the ryot is entitled to receive shall be held to entitle the person to whom the rent is payable to receive a kubooliyet from such ryot.

Exactions in excess of rent or receipt withheld.

X. Every under-tenant or ryot, from whom any sum is exacted in excess of the rent specified in his pottah, or payable under the provisions of this Act, whether as abwab or under any other pretext, and every under-tenant, ryot, or cultivator from whom a receipt is withheld for any sum of money paid by him as rent, shall be entitled to recover from the person receiving such rent damages not exceeding double the amount so exacted or paid.

Form of receipt.

Receipts for rent shall specify the year or years on account of which the rent is acknowledged to have been paid; and any refusal to make such specification shall be held to be a withholding of a receipt.

Landholder not to compel the attendance of tenant for adjustment of rent or for any other purpose.

XI. The power heretofore vested in Zemindars and other landholders of compelling the attendance of their tenants for the adjustment of their rents or for any other purpose is withdrawn, and all such persons are prohibited from adopting any means of compulsion for enforcing payment of the rents due to them other than are authorized by the provisions of this Act.

Payment of rent to be enforced only under this Act.

Damages for extorting payment of rent by duress.

XII. If payment of rent, whether the same be legally due or not, is extorted from any under-tenant or ryot by illegal confinement or other duress, such under-tenant or ryot shall be entitled to recover such damages, not exceeding in any case the sum of two hundred Rupees, as may be deemed a reasonable compensation for the injury done him by such extortion.

An award of compensation under this Section shall not bar or affect any penalty or punishment to which the person practising such extortion may be subject by law.

Enhancement of rent of ryot holding without, or after expiry &c. of written engagement.

XIII. No under-tenant or ryot, who holds or cultivates land without a written engagement not specifying the period of such engagement, or whose engagement has expired, or has become cancelled in consequence of the sale for arrears of rent or revenue of the tenure or estate in which the land held cultivated by him is situate, and has not been renewed, shall be liable to pay any higher rent for such land than the rent payable for the previous year, unless a written notice shall have been served on such under-tenant or ryot, in or before the month of Cheit, specifying the rent to which he will be subject for the ensuing year, and the ground on which an enhancement of rent is claimed. Such notice shall be served by order of the Collector on the application (which may be on plain paper) of the person to whom the rent is payable, and shall, if practicable, be served personally on the under-tenant or ryot. If for any reason the notice cannot be served personally upon the under-tenant or ryot, it shall be affixed at his usual place of residence, or if he have no such place of residence in the District in which the land is situate, the mode of service of such notice shall be by affixing it at the Mal cutcherry of such land or other conspicuous place thereon, or at the village Chowree or Chowpal or at some other conspicuous place in the village in which the land is situate.

Mode of contesting enhancement of rent.

XIV. Any under-tenant or ryot, on whom such notice as aforesaid has been served, may contest his liability to pay the enhanced rent demanded of him, either by complaint of excessive demand of rent as hereinafter provided, or in answer to any suit preferred against him for recovery of arrears of the enhanced rent.

Dependent talookdar &c. holding land at fixed rent without change since permanent settlement not liable to enhancement of rent.

XV. No dependent talookdar or other person possessing a permanent transferable interest in land, intermediate between the proprietor of an estate and the ryots, who, in the Provinces of Bengal, Behar, Orissa, and Benares, holds his talook or tenure (otherwise than under a terminable lease) at a fixed rent, which has not been changed from the time of the permanent settlement, shall be liable to any enhancement of such rent, anything in Section LI Regulation VIII. 1793, or in any other law, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Rent of talookdar &c., not changed for twenty years to be *prima facie* evidence of occupancy at that rent since permanent settlement.

XVI. Whenever, in any suit under this Act, it shall be proved that the rent at which a talook or other tenure is held in the said Provinces has not been changed for a period of twenty years before the commencement of the suit, it shall be presumed that such talook or tenure has been held at that rent from the time of the permanent settlement, unless the contrary be shown, or it be proved that such rent was fixed at some later period.

Grounds on which ryot having right of occupancy is liable to enhanced rent.

XVII. No ryot having a right of occupancy shall be liable to an enhancement of the rent previously paid by him except on some one of the following grounds, namely :—

That the rate paid by him is below that prevailing in adjacent places.

That the rate of rent paid by such ryot is below the prevailing rate payable by the same class of ryots for land of a similar description and with similar advantages in the places adjacent.

That the value of the land &c. has increased independently of the ryot.

That the value of the produce or the productive powers of the land have been increased otherwise than by the agency or at the expense of the ryot.

That the quantity of land held by the ryot is greater than he has paid rent for.

That the quantity of land held by the ryot has been proved by measurement to be greater than the quantity for which rent has been previously paid by him.

When ryot may claim abatement of rent.

XVIII. Every ryot having a right of occupancy shall be entitled to claim an abatement of the rent previously paid by him, if the area of the land has been diminished by diluvion or otherwise, or if the value of the produce or the productive powers of the land have been decreased by any cause beyond the power of the ryot, or if the quantity of land held by the ryot has been proved by measurement to be less than the quantity for which rent has been previously paid by him.

Relinquishment of land by ryot after notice given.

XIX. Any ryot who desires to relinquish the land held or cultivated by him, shall be at liberty to do so, provided he gives notice of his intention in writing to the person entitled to the rent of the land or his authorized agent in or before the month of Cheit of the year preceding that in which the relinquishment is to have effect. If he fail to give such notice, and the land is not let to any other person, he shall continue liable for the rent of the land. If the person entitled to the rent of the land or his agent refuse to receive any such notice and to sign a receipt for the same, the ryot may make an application on plain paper to the Collector who shall thereupon cause the notice to be served on such person or his agent in the manner provided in Section XIII.

What to be deemed an arrear of rent under this Act.

XX. Any instalment of rent which is not paid on or before the day when the same is payable according to the pottah or engagement, or, if there be no written specification of the time of payment, at or before the time when such instalment is payable according to established usage, shall be held to be an arrear of rent under this Act, and unless otherwise provided by written agreement, shall be liable to interest at twelve per centum per annum.

Liability of ryot to be ejected for arrear due.

XXI. When an arrear of rent remains due from any ryot at the end of the Bengal year or at the end of the month of Jeth of the Fusly or Willayutee year as the case may be, such ryot shall be liable to be ejected from

the land in respect of which the arrear is due.

Proviso.

Provided that no ryot, having a right of occupancy or holding under a pottah the term of which has not expired, shall be ejected otherwise than in execution of a decree or order under the provisions of this Act.

Liability of farmer to have his lease cancelled for arrear adjudged due.

XXII. When an arrear of rent shall be adjudged to be due from any farmer or other lease-holder not having a permanent or transferable interest in the land, the lease of such lease-holder shall be liable to be cancelled, and the lease-holder to be ejected. Provided that no such lease shall be cancelled nor the lease-holder ejected otherwise than in execution of a decree or order under the provisions of this Act.

Proviso.

Cognizance of suits under this Act.

XXIII. 1. All suits for the delivery of pottahs or kubooliyets or for the determination of the rates of rent at which such pottahs or kubooliyets are to be delivered;

2. All suits for damages on account of the illegal exaction of rent or of any unauthorized cess or impost, or on account of the refusal of receipts for rent paid, or on account of the extortion of rent by confinement or other duress;

3. All complaints of excessive demand of rent, and all claims to abatement of rent;

4. All suits for arrears of rent due on account of land either kherajee or lakheraj, or on account of any rights of pasturage, forest-rights, fisheries, or the like;

5. All suits to eject any ryot or to cancel any lease on account of the non-payment of arrears of rent, or on account of a breach of the conditions of any contract by which a ryot may be liable to ejectment or a lease may be liable to be cancelled;

6. All suits to recover the occupancy or possession of any land, farm, or tenure, from which a ryot, farmer, or tenant has been illegally ejected by the person entitled to receive rent for the same;

7. All suits arising out of the exercise of the power of distraint conferred on Zemindars and others by Sections CXII and CXIV of this Act, or out of any acts done under color of the exercise of the said power as hereinafter particularly provided;

shall be cognizable by the Collectors of land revenue and shall be instituted and tried under the provisions of this Act and, except in the way of appeal as provided in this Act, shall not be cognizable in any other Court or by any other Officer or in any other manner.

Suits by Zemindars against their agents for money or accounts.

XXIV. Suits by Zemindars and others in receipt of the rent of land, against any agents employed by them in the management of land or collection of rents, or the sureties of such agents, for money received or accounts kept by such agents in the course of such employment, or for papers in their possession, shall be cognizable by the Collectors, and shall be instituted and tried under the provisions of this Act, and shall not be cognizable in any other Court except in the way of appeal as provided in this Act.

Ejectment of cultivators, farmer, &c. by Zemindars.

XXV. If any Zemindar or other person in receipt of the rent of land requires assistance to eject any cultivator not having a right of occupancy, or to eject any farmer or other tenant holding only for a limited period after the determination of his lease or tenancy, or any agent after the determination of his agency, or to enforce any attachment or ejectment expressly authorized by any Regulation or Act, he shall make application to the Collector, and the Collector shall proceed thereupon to enquire into the case and pass orders in the manner provided for suits under this Act. Provided that no such application for the ejectment of a farmer on the determination of a lease shall be received, if the lease be of the kind denominated ticca zur-i-peshgee or the like, in which an advance has been made by the lease-holder, and the proprietor's right of re-entry at the end of the term is contingent on the re-payment of such advance either in money or by the usufruct of the land. In all such cases the parties must proceed by suit in the Civil Court.

Proviso.

Measurement of lands.

XXVI. When rent is payable by an under-tenant or ryot at a certain rate or rates according to the quantity of land held or cultivated by him, or when any written engagement conditioned for the payment of a certain amount of rent on account of land held or cultivated by an under-tenant or ryot has expired or become cancelled by the sale for arrears of revenue or rent of the estate or tenure in which the land is situate, the person to whom the rent is payable has a right to measure such land for the purpose of ascertaining the quantity of land actually held or cultivated by such under-tenant or ryot. And every proprietor of an estate or tenure has a right of making a general survey or measurement of the lands comprised in such estate or tenure unless restrained from doing so by express engagement with the occupants of the lands. If any person intending to measure any land which he has a right to measure is opposed in making such measurement by the occupant of the land, or if any under-tenant or ryot, having received notice of the intended measurement of land held or cultivated by him which is liable to such measurement, refuses to attend and point out such land, such person may make application to the Collector, and the Collector shall thereupon proceed to enquire into the case in the manner provided for suits under this Act, and shall pass an order either allowing or disallowing the measurement, and, if the case so require, enjoining or excusing the attendance of any such under-tenant or ryot. If any under-tenant or ryot after the issue of an order enjoining his attendance neglects to attend, it shall not be competent to him to contest the correctness of the measurement made in his absence.

Registry of transfers of talooks &c.

XXVII. All dependent talookdars and other persons possessing a permanent transferable interest in land intermediate between the Zemindar and the cultivator are required to register, in the Sherishteh of the Zemindar or superior tenant to whom the rents of their talooks or tenures are payable, all transfers of such talooks or tenures, or portions of them, by sale, gift, or otherwise, as well as all successions thereto, and divisions among heirs in cases of inheritance. And every Zemindar

or superior tenant is required to admit to registry and otherwise give effect to all such transfers, when made in good faith, and all such successions and divisions. If any Zemindar or superior tenant refuse to admit to registry or otherwise give effect to any such transfer or succession, the transferree or successor may make application to the Collector and the Collector shall thereupon proceed to enquire into the case in the manner provided for suits under this Act, and if no sufficient grounds are shown for the refusal, shall pass an order enjoining the Zemindar or superior tenant to admit to registry and otherwise give effect to such transfer or succession. Provided that no Zemindar or superior tenant shall be required to admit to registry or give effect to any division or distribution of the rent payable on account of any such tenure, nor shall any such division or distribution of rent be valid and binding without the consent in writing of the Zemindar or superior tenant.

Proviso.

XXVIII. So much of Section X Regulation XIX. 1793, Section X Regulation XLI. 1795, Section VI Regulation XXXI. 1803, Section XXI Regulation VIII. 1805, and Section XXIV Regulation XII. 1805, as authorizes and requires proprietors and farmers of estates and dependent talooks, in cases in which grants for holding land exempt from the payment of revenue have been made subsequent to the dates specified in the said Sections, of their own authority to collect the rents of such land and to dispossess the grantees of the proprietary right in the land and to re-annex it to the estate or talook in which it may be situate, is repealed; and any proprietor or farmer who may desire to assess any such land or to dispossess any such grantee shall make application to the Collector, and such application shall be dealt with as a suit under the provisions of this Act. Every such suit shall be instituted within the period of twelve years from the time when the title of the person claiming the right to assess the land or dispossess the grantee, or of some person claiming under him, first accrued. If such period has already elapsed, or will elapse within two years from the date of the passing of this Act, such suit may be brought at any time within two years from such date.

Applications to dispossess grantees of land exempt from revenue.

XXIX. All suits which under the provisions of this Act may be brought by or against Zemindars or other persons in the receipt of the rent of land, may be brought by or against Surburakars or Tuhseeldars of estates held under khas management, whether such estates are the property of Government or of individuals. If the Collector or the Suburnkar or Tuhseeldar of any such estate in the Provinces of Bengal, Behar, and Orissa proceed against any defaulting ryot or under-tenant of such estate under the powers vested in him by Section XXV Regulation VII. 1799, and not according to the provisions of this Act, such ryot or under-tenant may contest the demand on account of which he is so proceeded against by suit in the Civil Court.

Suits by or against Surburakars or Tuhseeldars of estates held khas.

XXX. Except as otherwise herein provided, all suits instituted under this Act shall be commenced within the period of one year from the date of the accruing of the cause of action.

Time for commencement of suits generally.

XXXI. Suits for the delivery of pottahs or kubooliyets and for the determination of the rates of rent at which such pottahs or kubooliyets are to be delivered, may be instituted at any time during the tenancy.

Time for commencement of suits for grant of pottahs, &c,

XXXII. Suits for the recovery of arrears of rent shall be instituted within three years from the last day of the Bengal year, or from the last day of the month of Jeth of the Fusly or Willayuttee year in which the arrear claimed shall have become due. For arrears of rent due at the passing of this Act, suit shall be brought within three years after the passing of this Act; or within the period now allowed for the institution of such suits in the Civil Court, whichever may first expire. Provided that, if the suit be for the recovery of rent at a higher rate than was payable in the previous year, such rent having been enhanced after issue of notice under Section XIII and the enhancement not having been confirmed by any competent Court, the suit shall be instituted within three months from the end of the Bengal year or of the month of Jeth of the Fusly or Willayuttee year, on account of which such enhanced rent is claimed.

Time for the commencement of suits for arrears of rent.

Proviso.

XXXIII. Suits for the recovery of money in the hands of an agent or for the delivery of accounts or papers by an agent, may be brought at any time during the agency, or within one year after the determination of the agency of such agent, or in the case of claims now existing within one year after the passing of this Act or within the period now allowed for the institution of such suits in the Civil Court whichever may first expire. Provided that if the person having the right to sue shall, by means of fraud, have been kept from the knowledge of the receipt of any such money by the agent, or if any fraudulent account shall have been rendered by the agent, the suit may be brought within one year from the time when the fraud shall have been first known to such person; but no such suit shall in any case (except the case of claims now existing as aforesaid) be brought at any time exceeding three years from the termination of the agency.

Time for the commencement of suits against agents for money, papers, or accounts.

Proviso.

XXXIV. Suits under this Act shall be instituted by presenting to the Collector a plaint or statement of claim which shall contain the name, description, and place of abode of the plaintiff; the name, description, and place of abode of the defendant, so far as they can be ascertained; the substance of the claim, and the date of the cause of action.

Mode of instituting suits. Form of plaint or statement of claim.

XXXV. The statement of claim shall be presented by the plaintiff, or by an authorized agent of the plaintiff who has personal knowledge of the facts of the case, or by an agent who shall be accompanied by a person who has such knowledge.

Statement by whom to be presented.

Verification of statement.

XXXVI. The statement of claim shall be subscribed and verified at the foot by the plaintiff or his agent in the manner following, or to the like effect:

I. A. B. do declare that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Punishment for false verification.

If the statement shall contain any averment which the person making the verification shall know or believe to be false, or shall not know or believe to be true, such person shall be subject to punishment according to the law for the time being in force for the punishment of giving or fabricating false evidence.

Statement of claim to be written on stamped paper.

XXXVII. In suits for the recovery of arrears of rent or of money in the hands of an agent, the statement of claim shall be written on paper bearing a stamp of one-fourth the value prescribed for suits instituted in the Civil Court. In all other suits the statement shall be written on paper bearing a stamp of the value of eight annas. No stamp shall be required in respect of the production or filing of any document, or the summoning of any witness, or of any application for the execution of any order or judgment passed in a suit under this Act.

No stamp duty to be required for filing documents &c.

Documentary evidence to be produced by plaintiff.

XXXVIII. If the plaintiff rely in support of his claim on any document in his possession, he shall deliver the same to the Collector at the time of presenting his statement of claim. Unless such document be delivered in, or its non-production be sufficiently excused, or unless the Collector see fit to extend the time for producing the same, it shall not afterwards be admitted.

If plaintiff require production of document from defendant.

XXXIX. If the plaintiff require the production of any document in the possession or power of the defendant, he may at the time of presenting his statement of claim, deliver to the Collector a description of the document in order that the defendant may be required to produce the same.

Form of plaint in suits for arrears of rent.

XL. If the suit be for the recovery of an arrear of rent, the statement shall specify the name of the village and estate, and of the Pergunnah or other local division in which the land is situate; and if the arrear is alleged to be due from any ryot, the quantity of land, and where fields have been numbered in a Government Survey, the number of each field; the yearly rent of the land, the amount (if any) received on account of the year for which the claim is made, the amount in arrear, and the time in respect of which it is alleged to be due.

Form of plaint in suits for ejectment of ryot, &c., or for recovery of occupancy or possession of land, &c.

XLI. If the suit be for the ejectment of a ryot, farmer, or tenant, from any land, farm, or tenure, or for the recovery of the occupancy or possession of any land, farm, or tenure, the statement shall describe (as circumstances may require) the extent, situation, and designation of the same; and if necessary for the identification of the land, shall set forth the boundaries of such land.

Statement may be returned or allowed to be amended.

XLII. If the statement of claim do not contain the several particulars herein before required, to be specified therein, or be not subscribed and verified as hereinbefore required, the Collector may return the statement to the plaintiff, or at his discretion allow it to be amended.

Issue of summons; personal attendance of defendant may be required.

XLIII. If the statement of claim be in proper form, the Collector, except as otherwise hereinafter especially provided, shall direct the issue of a summons to the defendant, and if the plaintiff require the personal attendance of the defendant, and satisfy the Collector that such personal attendance is necessary, or the Collector of his own accord require such personal attendance, the summons shall contain an order for the defendant to appear personally on a day to be specified in the summons, otherwise the summons shall order the defendant to appear personally or by an agent duly authorized on his behalf, who has personal knowledge of the subject, or who shall be accompanied by a person who has such personal knowledge.

The day to be specified in the summons how to be fixed. Defendant to be ordered to produce necessary documents, and to bring witnesses willing to attend without process.

XLIV. The day to be specified in the summons shall be fixed with reference to the state of the file and the distance that the defendant may be or be supposed to be at the time from the place where the Court is held, and the summons shall order the defendant to produce any document which he may have in his possession, of which the plaintiff demands inspection, or upon which the defendant may intend to rely in support of his defence. It shall also enjoin him to bring with him his witnesses if they are willing to attend without issue of process; and shall be in the form A contained in the Schedule to this Act, or to the like effect.

Summons how to be served.

XLV. The summons shall be served by delivering a copy of the summons to the defendant personally when practicable; or if the summons cannot be served on the defendant personally, by affixing a copy of it to some conspicuous part of his usual place of abode, and also affixing a copy of the same in the Collector's Office.

Endorsement by Nazir if summons has been personally served or not.

XLVI. If the summons be served personally, the Nazir shall endorse on the summons the fact of such service. If personal service be not effected, the Nazir shall endorse on the summons the reason of not serving it personally, and how it has been served.

Execution of process in another District.

XLVII. If the usual place of abode of the defendant be in another District, the summons, together with the cost of the service thereof, shall be sent by the public post to the Collector of such District, who shall issue the summons, and return the same, after service, with the prescribed endorsement, to the Officer by whom it was transmitted to him.

XLVIII. The amount of the cost of serving the summons, or if a warrant be issued as provided in the next succeeding Section, of serving the warrant, shall in all cases be deposited in Court upon the same day or the day next following that on which the plaint or statement of claim is presented to the Collector. If the said amount be not so deposited (except in cases in which the Collector may allow the issue of summons free of cost under the discretion reserved to him in Section CXLVI), the case shall not be brought on the file of suits: but in such case the plaintiff may present another plaint at any time within the period allowed by the rules for the limitation of actions.

Cost of serving summons or warrant to be deposited in Court.

XLIX. If in any suit against an under-tenant or ryot for the recovery of an arrear of rent, or against an agent for the recovery of any money, papers, or accounts, the plaintiff desires a warrant of arrest to be issued against the defendant, such defendant being resident within the district in which the suit is instituted, he shall present with his statement of claim an application for the issue of such warrant. When such application is presented, the Collector shall examine the plaintiff or his agent, on his oath or affirmation or otherwise according to the law for the time being in force in relation to the examination of witnesses, and inspect the documents adduced by him in support of his claim, and if there be *primâ facie* grounds for believing the claim to be well-founded, and that, if a summons be issued, the defendant will abscond instead of appearing to answer the claim, the Collector may issue a warrant for the arrest of the defendant. The Collector shall fix a reasonable time for the return of the warrant which shall be in the form (B) contained in the Schedule to this Act, or to the like effect, and the Officer entrusted with the service of the warrant shall at the time of arresting the defendant deliver to him a notice addressed to the defendant (which shall be in the form (C) in the Schedule or to the like effect) containing the particulars of the claim, and requiring the defendant, if he contest the claim, to bring with him any document upon which he may intend to rely in support of his defence. But no such warrant shall be issued in a suit for arrears of rent due in respect of a dependent talook or other transferable tenure, which, as hereinafter provided, is liable to sale in execution of any decree which may be passed in the case.

Warrant of arrest in what cases to be issued.

L. If a defendant be arrested under the warrant of arrest, he shall be brought with all convenient speed before the Collector, and the Collector shall commit him to custody unless he deposit in Court such sum as may be specified in the notice.

Procedure after arrest of defendant.

LI. When a defendant is brought before the Collector under warrant, the Collector shall with all convenient speed proceed to try the case in the manner hereinafter provided; and if the suit cannot be at once adjudicated, the Collector may, if he think fit, require the defendant to give security for his appearance whenever the same may be required at any time whilst the suit is depending or until execution of the final decree which may be passed thereon, and may commit the defendant to the Civil jail to be there detained until he shall furnish such security or deposit such sum as the Collector shall order. The security bond shall be in the form (D) contained in the Schedule to this Act or to the like effect.

Procedure when defendant is brought before the Collector under warrant.

Form of security bond.

LII. If the defendant cannot be arrested under the warrant, the Collector, on the application of the plaintiff, shall either postpone the case for such period as he may think proper in order that the plaintiff may apply within the said period for another warrant to be issued for the arrest of the defendant, or shall forthwith issue a proclamation to be affixed in his own Office and at the residence of the defendant fixing a day for the hearing of the case, which shall not be less than ten days from the date of the publication of the notice at the residence of the defendant. If the defendant shall appear in pursuance of the proclamation, he shall be dealt with as provided in the last preceding Section.

Procedure if warrant of arrest cannot be served upon the defendant.

LIII. If it shall appear to the Collector that the arrest of the defendant was applied for without reasonable cause, the Collector may in his decree award to the defendant such sum not exceeding one hundred Rupees as he may deem a reasonable compensation for any injury or loss which the defendant may have sustained by reason of such arrest, or of his detention in jail during the pendency of the suit.

Compensation for arrest applied for without reasonable cause.

LIV. If on the day fixed by the summons or proclamation for the appearance of the defendant, or on any subsequent day to which the hearing of the case may be adjourned prior to the recording of an issue for trial as hereinafter provided, neither of the parties appear in person or by an agent, the case shall be struck off, with liberty to the plaintiff to bring a fresh suit unless precluded by the rules for the limitation of action.

Consequence of neither party appearing on the day of trial.

LV. If on any such day the defendant only appear, the Collector shall pass judgment against the plaintiff by default unless the defendant admit the cause of action, in which case the Collector shall proceed to give judgment for the plaintiff upon such admission without costs; provided that such judgment, if there be more than one defendant, shall be only against the defendant who makes the admission.

If defendant only appear to dispute the demand, Collector shall pass judgment by default; but if defendant admit the claim, Collector shall decree upon such admission.

Proviso.

LVI. If on any such day the plaintiff only appear, the Collector, upon proof that the summons or proclamation has been duly served according to the provisions of this Act, shall proceed to examine the plaintiff or his agent, and after considering the allegations of the plaintiff, and any documentary or oral evidence adduced by him, may either dismiss the case or postpone the hearing of it to a future day for the attendance of any witness the plaintiff may wish to call, or may pass judgment *ex parte* against the defendant.

If plaintiff only appear, Collector may proceed *ex parte*.

If defendant appear on a day to which the case is postponed, Collector may allow him to be heard in answer to the suit.

LVII. If the defendant shall appear on any subsequent day to which the hearing of the suit may be postponed under the last preceding Section, the Collector may, upon such conditions, if any, as to costs or otherwise as he may think proper, allow the defendant to be heard in answer to the suit as if he had appeared on the day fixed for his attendance.

Revival, reversal, and alteration of decrees *ex parte* or by default.

LVIII. No appeal shall lie from a judgment passed *ex parte* against a defendant who has not appeared, or from a judgment against a plaintiff by default for non-appearance. But in all such cases if the party against whom judgment has been given shall appear, either in person or by agent, if a plaintiff within fifteen days from the date of the Collector's order, and if a defendant within fifteen days after any process for enforcing the judgment has been executed, or at any earlier period, and shall show good and sufficient cause for his previous non-appearance and shall satisfy the Collector that there has been a failure of justice, the Collector may, upon such terms and conditions as to costs or otherwise as he may think proper, revive the suit and alter or rescind the decree, according to the justice of the case. But no decree shall be reversed or altered without previously summoning the adverse party to appear and be heard in support of it.

On appearance of parties, the parties to be examined by the Collector, and may cross examine each other.

LIX. When both parties appear in person or by agent on the day named in the summons, or upon any subsequent day to which the hearing of the case may be adjourned, for sufficient reason to be recorded by the Collector, the Collector shall proceed to examine such of the parties as may be present, and either party or his agent may cross-examine the other. If either of the parties be not bound to attend personally, any agent by whom he shall appear, or any person who shall accompany such agent, shall be examined and cross-examined in like manner as the party himself would have been if he had attended personally. At the time of examination the defendant, if he think fit, may file a written statement of his defence.

Examination of parties, &c.

LX. The examination of the parties or their agents or such other persons as aforesaid shall be upon oath or affirmation or otherwise according to the law for the time being in force relative to the examination of witnesses. The substance of the examination shall be reduced to writing in the vernacular language of the Collector and filed with the record.

Witnesses to be examined.

LXI. If either of the parties shall bring forward a witness on such day, the Collector may take the evidence of such witness.

Documentary evidence to be produced by defendant.

LXII. If the defendant rely on any document in support of his defence, he shall deliver the same into Court at the first hearing of the suit; and unless such document be so delivered in, or its non-production be sufficiently excused, or unless the Collector see fit to extend the time for producing the same, it shall not afterwards be admitted.

After examination, Collector may make his decree if no further evidence is required.

LXIII. If after the examination required by Section LIX and also the examination of any witness who may attend to give evidence on behalf of either of the parties, and after a consideration of the documentary evidence adduced, a decree can be properly made without further evidence, the Collector shall make his decree accordingly.

Consequence of inability of agent to answer.

LXIV. If on such examination as aforesaid the agent of either party be unable to answer any material question relating to the case which the Collector is of opinion that the party whom he represents ought to answer, and is likely to be able to answer if interrogated in person, the Collector may postpone the hearing of the case to a future day, and direct that the party whose agent may have been unable to answer as aforesaid shall attend in person on such day; and if the party so directed to attend shall fail to appear in person on the day appointed, the Collector may pass judgment as in case of default or make such other order as he may deem proper in the circumstances of the case.

If necessary, Collector to record issue and to fix a day for hearing further evidence.

LXV. If on such examination as aforesaid it appear that the parties are at issue on any question upon which it is necessary to hear further evidence, the Collector shall declare and record such issue, and shall fix a convenient day for the examination of witnesses and the trial of the suit; and the trial shall take place on that day unless there be sufficient reason for adjourning it, which reason shall be recorded by the Collector.

Parties shall produce their witnesses on the day of trial; or Collector on application of either party, shall issue summons for the attendance of a witness.

LXVI. The parties shall bring forward their witnesses on the day of trial, and if either party require assistance to procure the attendance of a witness on such day either to give evidence or to produce a document, he shall apply to the Collector in sufficient time before the day fixed for the trial, to enable the witness to be summoned to attend on that day; and the Collector shall issue a summons requiring such witness to attend.

Rules regarding attendance, examination, &c. of witnesses.

LXVII. The provisions of the Regulations and Acts and all other rules for the time being in force relating to the evidence of witnesses, for procuring the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents, and for the examination, remuneration, and punishment of witnesses, whether parties to the case or not, in cases before the Civil Courts of the Presidency of Bengal, shall, except so far as the same may be inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, apply to and be of equal force and effect in suits under this Act.

Consequence of parties not appearing on the day fixed for the trial of any issue.

LXVIII. If on the day fixed for the trial of any issue neither of the parties appear, the case shall be struck off under the conditions provided in Section LIV. If on any such day one only of the parties appear, the issue may be tried and deter-

mined in the absence of the other party upon such proof as may be then before the Court.

Suits instituted or defended by Naibs, Gomastahs, &c.

LXIX. When suits under this Act are instituted or defended by Naibs, Gomastahs, or other persons employed in the collection of rent or management of land in the name and on the behalf of the landholders by whom they are so employed, all the provisions of this Act, by which the personal appearance or attendance of parties to a suit is or may be required, shall be applicable to such Naibs, Gomastahs, or other persons; and any thing which by this Act is required or permitted to be done by a party in person, may be done by any such person as aforesaid. Processes served on any such person shall be as effectual for all purposes in relation to the suit as if the same had been served on the landholder in person, and all the provisions of this Act relative to the service of processes on a party to the suit shall be applicable to the service of processes on such person.

Personal attendance of plaintiff or defendant not required in certain cases.

LXX. A plaintiff or defendant shall not be required to attend in person if of the female sex and of a rank or class which according to the custom and manners of the country would render it improper for her to appear in public.

Employment of authorized agents or mookhtars.

LXXI. Any party to a suit may employ an authorized agent or mookhtar to conduct the case on his behalf, but the appointment of such agent or mookhtar shall not excuse the personal attendance of the plaintiff or defendant in cases where his personal attendance is required by the summons or any order of the Court; and no fee for any agent shall be charged as part of the costs of suit in any case under this Act.

Collector may grant time or adjourn hearing.

LXXII. The Collector may in any case grant time to the plaintiff or defendant to proceed in the prosecution or defence of a suit, and may also from time to time, in order to the production of further proof or for other sufficient reason to be recorded by the Collector, adjourn the hearing or further hearing of any case in such manner as to him may seem fit.

Collector may cause local enquiry to be made.

LXXIII. The Collector may at any stage of a case cause a local enquiry and report respecting the matter in dispute to be made by any Officer subordinate to him, or by any other Officer of Government with the consent of the authority to whom such Officer is subordinate, or may himself proceed to the spot and make such local enquiry in person. The provisions of the law for the time being in force relative to local enquiries by Ameens or Commissioners under orders of the Civil Courts shall apply to any local enquiry made by any Officer under this Section, and, so far as they are applicable, to enquiries made by the Collector in person. In the latter case the Collector, after completing the enquiry, shall record on the proceedings such observations as appear to him appropriate, and the observations so recorded shall be received as evidence in the suit.

Defendant may pay money into Court in satisfaction of the demand.

If plaintiff elect to proceed and ultimately recover no further sum than that paid into Court, he shall be liable to the subsequent costs.

LXXIV. The defendant in any action under this Act may pay into Court such sum of money as he shall think a full satisfaction for the demand of the plaintiff, together with the costs incurred by the plaintiff up to the time of such payment, and such sum shall be paid to the plaintiff. If the defendant deposit less than the sum claimed and the plaintiff elect to proceed in the case, and ultimately recover no further sum than shall have been paid into Court, the plaintiff shall be charged with any costs incurred by the defendant in the suit after such payment.

No interest on deposits.

LXXV. No interest shall be allowed to a plaintiff on any sum paid by the defendant into Court from the date of such payment, whether such sum be in full of the plaintiff's claim or fall short thereof.

If on trial of suit for delivery of pottah parties do not agree as to the time for which the pottah is granted, Collector to fix the time.

Proviso.

LXXVI. If on the trial of a suit for the delivery of a pottah instituted by a ryot having a right of occupancy the parties do not agree as to the term for which the pottah is to be granted, the Collector shall fix such term as under the circumstances of the case he may think just and proper. Provided that the term shall not in any case be longer than ten years, and in estates not permanently settled shall not extend beyond the period for which the proprietor of the estate has engaged with Government. Provided also that, if the defendant be a farmer or other person having only a temporary interest in the land, the term of the pottah shall not extend beyond the period of the continuance of such interest. For cultivators not having a right of occupancy, the term of pottah shall be exclusively in the discretion of the person entitled to the rent of the land.

If in actions for rent a third claimant appear, he is to be made a party to the suit.

Proviso.

LXXVII. When in any suit between a landholder and a ryot or under-tenant under this Act, the right to receive the rent of the land or tenure cultivated or held by the ryot or under-tenant is disputed, and such right is claimed by or on behalf of a third person on the ground that such third person or a person through whom he claims has actually and in good faith received and enjoyed such rent before and up to the time of the commencement of the suit, such third person shall be made a party to the suit, and the question of the actual receipt and enjoyment of the rent by such third person shall be enquired into and the suit shall be decided according to the result of such enquiry. Provided always that the decision of the Collector shall not affect the right of either party, who may have a legal title to the rent of such land or tenure, to establish his title by suit in the Civil Court if instituted within one year from the date of the decision.

Suits for ejectment or cancelment of lease.

LXXVIII. Any person desiring to eject a ryot or to cancel a lease on account of non-payment of arrears of rent, may sue for such ejectment or cancelment and

for recovery of the arrear in the same action, or may adduce any unexecuted decree for arrears of rent as evidence of the existence of such arrear in a suit for such ejectment or cancelment. In all cases of suits for the ejectment of a ryot or the cancelment of a lease, the decree shall specify the amount of the arrear, and if such amount together with interests and costs of suit be paid into Court within fifteen days from the date of the decree, execution shall be stayed.

Judgment how to be pronounced.

LXXIX. The Collector shall pronounce judgment in open Court. The judgment shall be written in the Vernacular language of the Collector and shall contain the reasons for the same, and shall be dated and signed by the Collector at the time when it is pronounced.

If person required by the decree refuse to grant pottah, Collector may do so.

LXXX. When a decree is given for the delivery of a pottah, if the person required by the decree to grant such pottah refuse or delay to grant the same, the Collector may grant a pottah in conformity with the terms of the decree under his own hand and seal, and such pottah shall be of the same force and effect as if granted by the person aforesaid.

Refusal of person to execute kubooliyet as required by the decree.

LXXXI. When a decree is given for the delivery of a kubooliyet, if the person required by the decree to execute such kubooliyet shall refuse to execute the same, the decree shall be evidence of the amount of rent claimable from such person, and a copy of the decree under the hand and seal of the Collector shall be of the same force and effect as a kubooliyet executed by the said person.

Mode of executing decree for ejectment or re-instatement of ryot.

LXXXII. If the decree be for the ejectment of any ryot from land occupied by him, or for the re-instatement of any ryot in the occupancy of land from which he has been ejected, the decree shall be executed by giving the possession or occupancy of the land to the person entitled by the decree to such possession or occupancy. If any opposition is made to the execution of the order for giving such possession or occupancy by the party against whom the order is made, the Magistrate, on the application of the Collector, shall give effect to the same.

Punishment for obstructing execution.

Mode of executing decree for cancelment of a lease or for ejectment or re-instatement of a farmer or tenant.

LXXXIII. If the decree be for the cancelment of any lease or the ejectment of any farmer or other person (not being an actual cultivator) or for the re-instatement of any farmer or other such person in the possession of a farm or tenure from which he has been ejected, the decree shall be executed by proclaiming the substance of the decree to the cultivators or other occupants by beat of drum or in such other manner as may be customary, and affixing the same in some conspicuous place within or adjacent to the farm or tenure.

In what case a judgment debtor may be detained or imprisoned without issue of process of execution.

LXXXIV. If the decree be for arrears of rent or for money, papers, or accounts, and the defendant have been committed to jail or appear pursuant to the conditions of any security bond given under Section LI, the Collector may order that he be detained in or committed to the Civil jail, unless he immediately pay into Court the amount of the decree with costs, or otherwise comply with the terms of the decree.

Liability of surety on failure to deliver judgment-debtor into custody.

LXXXV. If the judgment-debtor have given security for his appearance and be not present when judgment is pronounced, and the surety shall fail to deliver him into custody when required so to do, process of execution may be taken out against the surety in the same manner as if a decree for the amount due by the debtor had been passed against the surety. If the decree be for the delivery of papers or accounts, and the defendant be not present when judgment is pronounced and the surety shall fail to deliver him into custody when required so to do, execution may be taken out against the surety for the sum due under the bond in the same manner as if a decree for that sum had been passed against the surety.

Issue of process of execution.

LXXXVI. Process of execution may be issued against either the person or the property of a judgment-debtor; but process shall not be issued simultaneously against both person and property. Process of execution against the person or moveable property of a debtor shall be in the form (E) or (F) contained in the Schedule to this Act, or to the like effect.

Application for execution against moveable property.

LXXXVII. Any moveable property required to be seized under an execution shall, if practicable, be described in a list to be furnished by the judgment-creditor, but if the creditor is unable to furnish such list he may apply for a general attachment of the debtor's effects to the amount of the judgment and costs. In either case the property to be seized shall be pointed out to the Officer entrusted with the execution of the process by the creditor or his agent.

How long warrant shall continue in force.

LXXXVIII. Every warrant of execution shall bear date on the day on which it is signed by the Collector and shall continue in force for such period as the Collector may direct, not being more than sixty days calculated from such date.

Second and successive warrants.

LXXXIX. Second and successive warrants of execution may be issued by order of the Collector on the application of the judgment-creditor after the expiration of the period fixed for the continuance in force of a previous warrant.

After one year execution not to issue without notice.

XC. Process of execution shall not be issued upon any judgment without previous notice to the party against whom execution is applied for, if, when application for the issue of the process is made, a period of more than one year shall have elapsed from the date of the judgment or from the date of the last previous application for execution.

Execution not to issue against heir or representative of a deceased party without notice.

XCI. Execution on a judgment shall not issue against the heir or other representative of a deceased party without notice to such heir or other representative to appear and be heard.

No process of execution to be issued three years after date of judgment.

XCII. No process of execution of any description whatsoever shall be issued, on a judgment under this Act, after the lapse of three years from the date of such judgment, unless the judgment be for a sum exceeding five hundred Rupees, in which case the period within which execution may be had shall be regulated by the general rules in force in respect to the period allowed for the execution of decrees of the Civil Courts.

Warrant against the person.

XCIII. If a warrant issue for taking in execution the body of any person, the Officer charged with the execution of the warrant shall bring him with all convenient speed before the Collector. If such person shall not then deposit in Court the full amount specified in the warrant or make such arrangement for the payment of the same as shall be satisfactory to the judgment-creditor, or satisfy the Collector that he has no present means of paying the debt, the Collector shall send him to the Civil jail there to remain for such time as shall be directed by a warrant addressed to the keeper of the jail, unless he shall in the meantime pay the full amount for the payment of which he is liable under the decree. Provided that the time for which a debtor may be confined in execution of a decree under this Act shall not exceed three calendar months when the amount decreed exclusive of costs does not exceed fifty Rupees, or six calendar months when such amount does not exceed five hundred Rupees, or two years in any other case. If the decree against any person arrested under a warrant be for the delivery of papers or accounts and the papers or accounts shall not be delivered by him when he is brought before the Collector, such person may be committed to the Civil Jail there to remain for such time not exceeding six calendar months as the Collector shall direct, unless he shall in the meantime deliver the papers or accounts according to the terms of the decree.

Limit of imprisonment.

If arrest be for non Delivery of accounts.

No person to be imprisoned a second time under same judgment.

XCIV. Any person once discharged from jail shall not be imprisoned a second time under the same judgment. If the amount due under the decree do not exceed one hundred Rupees, the Collector may declare such discharged person absolved from further liability under that decree. In other cases the discharge shall not extinguish the liability of the discharged person under the decree, or exempt any property belonging to such person from attachment in execution of the same.

Diet-money to be deposited at the time of issue of warrant.

XCV. Any person applying for a warrant of arrest under Section XLIX or suing out process of execution against the body of any person, shall deposit in Court, at the time of issue of the warrant, diet-money for one month of thirty days at such rate as the Collector may direct, not exceeding two annas per diem, unless the Collector for any special reason direct that deposit be made at a higher rate, which shall not exceed four annas per diem.

Payment of diet-money in advance during imprisonment.

XCVI. Payment of diet-money at the same rate shall be made previously to the commencement of each succeeding month of the imprisonment, in failure of which the party confined shall be discharged.

Diet-money to be costs in suit.

XCVII. All diet money spent in providing subsistence for any prisoner shall be added to the costs in the suit, and any diet-money not so spent shall be returned to the person who deposited the same.

List of property to be prepared and proclamation of sale to be published &c.

XCVIII. In executing a writ of execution against the moveable property of a debtor liable under this Act, the Officer charged with the execution of the writ shall prepare a list of the property pointed out by the judgment-creditor, and shall publish a proclamation specifying the day upon which the sale is intended to be held together with a copy of the said list at the intended place of sale and at the residence of the debtor. A copy of the said proclamation and list shall be transmitted to the Collector and shall be affixed in his Office.

Custody and sale of moveable property taken in execution.

XCIX. No sale of any moveable property taken in execution shall be made until after the end of ten days next following the day on which such property may have been so taken. Until such sale the property shall be deposited in some fit place or it may remain in custody of some fit person approved by the Officer executing the writ. The provisions of Sections CXXIX to CXXXIII, so far as the same are applicable, shall be applied to sales under this Section.

Collector may stay sale of moveable property seized if a third party claim any interest therein.

C. If before the day fixed for the sale a third party appear before the Collector and claim a right or interest in any of the moveable property taken in execution, the Collector shall examine such party or his agent on oath or affirmation or otherwise, according to the law for the time being in force relative to the examination of witnesses, and if he see sufficient reason for so doing may stay the sale of such property.

Collector to adjudicate such claims.

CI. The Collector shall adjudicate upon such claim and make such order between the claimant and the plaintiff and defendant in the original suit as shall seem fit. In trying such claim the Collector shall be guided by the rules contained in this Act so far as they may be applicable.

Claimant failing to establish his right, liable to pay compensation to judgment creditor.

CII. If the claimant shall fail to establish his right to the property taken in execution, the Collector at the time of disposing of the case may award to the judgment-creditor against such claimant as part of the costs such sum as he may consider sufficient to cover any loss of interest or damage which the judgment-creditor may have sustained by reason of the postponement of the sale of the property.

CIII. No appeal shall lie from any order passed by the Collector under the two last preceding Sections. But the party against whom the same may be given shall be at liberty to bring a suit in the Civil Court to establish his right at any time within one year from the date of the order; provided that, if the order be for the sale of the property, the suit shall not be for the recovery of the property, but shall be for damages against the judgment-creditor by whom the property was brought to sale.

No appeal from order of Collector under the two last preceding Sections.

Proviso.

CIV. No irregularity in publishing or conducting a sale of moveable property under an execution shall vitiate such sale, but this rule shall not be held to deprive any person who may sustain damage by reason of such irregularity from recovering such damage by action in the Civil Court; provided such action be brought within one year from the date of sale.

Sale not vitiated by irregularity in publishing or conducting the same.

Proviso.

CV. If the decree be for an arrear of rent due in respect of an under-tenure, which by the title-deeds or the custom of the country is transferable by sale, the judgment-creditor may make application for the sale of the tenure, and the tenure may thereupon be brought to sale in execution of the decree, according to the rules for the sale of under-tenures for the recovery of arrears of rent due in respect thereof contained in any law for the time being in force. But no such application shall be received when a warrant of execution has been previously issued against the person or moveable property of the judgment-debtor, so long as such warrant remains in force. If after sale of an under-tenure any portion of the amount decreed remains due, process may be applied for against any other property, moveable or immoveable, belonging to the debtor, and any such immoveable property may be brought to sale in the manner provided in Section CX of this Act.

Sale of transferable tenures in execution of decrees for arrears of rent.

CVI. If before the day fixed for the sale of any such under-tenure as aforesaid in execution of a decree for arrears of rent due in respect of such under-tenure, a third party appear before the Collector, and allege that such third party and not the person against whom the decree has been obtained, is the proprietor of such under-tenure, and was in lawful possession of the same at the time when such decree was obtained, the Collector shall examine such party in the manner provided in Section C for the examination of third parties, and if he see sufficient reason for so doing, and such party shall deposit in Court the amount of the decree or give sufficient security for the same, the Collector shall stay the sale and proceed to enquire into and adjudicate upon the claim. Provided that no transfer of an under-tenure which by the provisions of this Act or any other law for the time being in force is required to be registered in the Sherishteh of the Zemindar or superior tenant shall be recognized unless it have been so registered, or unless sufficient cause for non-registration be shown to the satisfaction of the Collector.

If third party claim to be the proprietor and lawful possessor of such under-tenure, Collector to stay the sale and to enquire into and adjudicate upon the claim.

Proviso.

CVII. In trying such claim the Collector shall be guided by the rules contained in this Act, so far as the same may be applicable and the judgment passed by the Collector on such claim shall not be subject to appeal, but the party against whom it is given may bring a suit in the Civil Court to establish his right at any time within one year from the date of the judgment.

Mode of adjudicating such claims.

CVIII. If a decree is given in favor of a sharer in a joint undivided estate, dependent talook, or other similar tenure for money due to him on account of his share of the rent of an under-tenure situate in such undivided estate or talook or tenure, application for the sale of such under-tenure shall not be received unless execution shall have been first taken out against any moveable property which the judgment-debtor may possess within the District in which the suit was instituted and the sale of such property, if any, shall have proved insufficient to satisfy the judgment. In such case such under-tenure, if of the nature described in Section CV, may be brought to sale in execution of the decree in the same manner as any other immoveable property may be sold in execution of a decree for money under the provisions of the two next following Sections.

Execution of decrees given in favor of sharers in undivided estates or tenures.

CIX. In the execution of any decree for the payment of money under this Act not being money due as arrears of rent of a saleable under-tenure, if satisfaction of the judgment cannot be obtained by execution against the person or moveable property of the debtor within the District in which the suit was instituted, the judgment-creditor may apply for execution against any immoveable property belonging to such debtor.

In all cases of decrees for money, if judgment cannot be satisfied by sale of debtor's moveable property, execution may be had against his immoveable property.

CX. If the immoveable property against which execution is applied for be a house or other building, process shall be issued in the same manner as for the attachment and sale of moveable property, and the provisions of Sections XCVIII and XCIX shall be applicable to the execution of such process. If the property be a saleable under-tenure it shall be sold under the provisions of the law for the time being in force applicable to the sale of such under-tenures for demands other than those of arrears of rent due in respect thereof. If the property be an estate or a share of an estate, it shall be sold under the rules in force for the sale of estates for the recovery of demands recoverable by the same process as arrears of land revenue.

Mode of executing process if immoveable property be a house or other building.

If it be a saleable under-tenure.

If it be an estate or a share of an estate.

CXI. If, before the day fixed for the sale of any immoveable property as aforesaid, objection shall be offered to the sale on the ground of such property not belonging to the judgment-

Consequence of objection being offered before the sale of any immoveable property.

debtor, and consequently not being liable to be sold in execution of a decree against him, the Collector shall examine the party making the objection in the manner prescribed in Section C for the examination of third parties, and if satisfied that there is sufficient ground for so doing, shall stay the sale and proceed to enquire into and adjudicate upon the objection, in the same manner, and subject to the same right of suit by the party against whom judgment may be given, as is provided in Section CVII.

CXII. The produce of the land is held to be hypothecated for the rent payable in respect thereof; and when an arrear of rent as defined in Section XX of this Act, is due from any cultivator of land, the zemindar, lakhenajdar, farmer, dependent talookdar, under-farmer, or other person entitled to receive rent immediately from such cultivator, instead of bringing suit for the arrear as hereinbefore provided, may recover the same by distraint and sale of the produce of the land on account of which the arrear is due under the following rules. Provided always that, when a cultivator has given security for the payment of his rent, the produce of the land for the rent of which security has been given, shall not be liable to distraint. Provided also that no sharer, in a joint estate, dependent talook, or other tenure, in which a division of lands has not been made amongst the sharers, shall exercise the power of distraint otherwise than through a manager authorized to collect the rents of the whole estate, talook, or tenure, on behalf of all the sharers in the same. Provided further that in putteedaree estates situated in districts under the Government of the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces distraint shall be made only through a lumberdar.

Produce of the land to be held hypothecated for the rent.

Arrears of rent may be recovered by distraint under the following rules.

Cultivators who have given security to be exempt from distraint

CXIII. Distraint shall not be made for any arrear which has been due for a longer period than one year; nor for the recovery of any sum in excess of the rent payable for the same land in the preceding year, unless a written engagement for the payment of such excess has been executed by the cultivator.

No distraint in certain cases.

CXIV. The power of distraint vested by Section CXII in Zemindars and other persons entitled to receive rent from cultivators of land, may be exercised by managers under the Court of Wards, Surburakars, and Tehsildars of estates held under khas management, and other persons lawfully entrusted with the charge of landed property; and also by the naibs, gomashtahs, and other agents employed by any such persons as aforesaid in the collection of rent if expressly authorized by power of attorney in that behalf. Provided that if any illegal act is committed by any such Naib, Gomashtah, or other agent under color of the exercise of the said power, the person employing such agent shall be liable, as well as the agent, for any damages accruing by reason of such act.

Power of distraint to be exercised by managers under the Court of Wards, &c.

Proviso.

CXV. Standing crops and other ungathered products of the earth, and crops or other products when reaped or gathered, and deposited in any threshing floor or place for treading out grain or the like, whether in the field or within a homestead, may be distrained by persons invested with the powers of distraint under the provisions of this Act. But no such crops or products other than the produce of the land in respect of which an arrear of rent is due or of land held under the same engagement, and no grain or other produce after it has been stored by the cultivator, and no other property whatsoever, shall be liable to distraint under this Act.

Standing crops and crops gathered but not stored liable to distraint.

CXVI. Before or at the time when distraint is made under this Act, the distrainer shall cause the defaulter to be served with a written demand for the amount of the arrear, together with an account exhibiting the grounds on which the demand is made. The demand and account shall, if practicable, be served personally on the defaulter, or if he abscond or conceal himself so that they cannot be so served, shall be affixed at his usual place of residence.

Defaulter to be served with a written demand, &c., before or at the time of distraint.

CXVII. Unless the amount of the demand is immediately paid or tendered, the distrainer may distrain property as aforesaid of value proportionate to the amount of the arrear with costs of the distress; and shall prepare a list or description of the said property, and deliver a copy of the same to the owner, or if he be absent affix it at his usual place of residence.

Distress to be proportionate to the arrear if not paid or tendered.

List of property to be distrained, to be served on owner.

CXVIII. Standing crops and other ungathered products may, notwithstanding the distraint, be reaped and gathered by the cultivator, and may be stored in such granaries or other places as are commonly used by him for the purpose. If the cultivator neglect to do so, the distrainer shall cause the said crops or products to be reaped or gathered, and in such case shall store the same either in such granaries or other places as aforesaid, or in some other convenient place in the neighbourhood. In either case the distrained property shall be placed in the charge of some person appointed by the distrainer for the purpose. Crops or products which from their nature do not admit of being stored, may be sold before they are cut or gathered, under the rules hereinafter provided; but in such case the distraint shall be made at least twenty days before the time when the crops or products or any part of the same would be fit for cutting or gathering.

Standing crops &c. when attached, to be reaped and stored by the cultivator, or, if he neglect to do so, by the distrainer.

CXIX. If a distrainer shall be opposed, or shall apprehend resistance, and shall desire to obtain the assistance of a public Officer, he may apply to the Collector, and the Collector may, if he thinks necessary, depute an Officer to support the distrainer in making the distraint.

Distrainer may apply for aid to the Collector upon occasion of resistance made or apprehended.

Person empowered to distrain may give written authority to their servants to do so.

CXX. When any person, empowered to distrain property under Section CXII or Section CXIV, shall employ a servant or other person to make the distress, he shall give to such servant or person a written authority (which may be on plain paper) for the same, and the distress shall be made in the name and on the responsibility of the person giving such authority.

Distress to be withdrawn if defaulter tender payment of arrear and expenses of attachment prior to the day of sale.

CXXI. If at any time after property has been distrained, and prior to the day fixed for its being put up to sale as hereinafter provided, the owner of the property shall tender payment of the arrear demanded of him and of the expenses of the distress, the distrainer shall receive the same, and shall forthwith withdraw the distress.

Application for sale

CXXII. Within five days from the time of the storing of any distrained crops or products, or if the crops or products do not, from their nature, admit of being stored, within five days from the time of making the distress, the distrainer shall apply for sale of the same to the Civil Court Ameen, or other Officer authorized to sell property in satisfaction of decrees of the Civil Court within the circle in which the distrained property is situate, or to such other public Officer as the local Government shall appoint for the purpose.

Form of application.

CXXIII. The application shall be in writing, and shall contain an inventory or description of the property distrained, the name of the defaulter and his place of residence, the amount due, and the date of the distress, and the place in which the distrained property is deposited. Together with the application, the distrainer shall deliver to the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer the amount necessary for the service of a notice upon the defaulter as hereinafter provided.

Cost of notice upon defaulter to be deposited by distrainer.

Procedure by Civil Court Ameen &c. on receipt of application.

CXXIV. Immediately on receipt of the application the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer shall transmit a copy of it to the Collector; and shall serve a notice (which shall be in the form (G) contained in the Schedule to this Act, or to the like effect) on the person whose property has been distrained, requiring him either to pay the amount demanded, or to institute a suit to contest the demand before the Collector within the period of fifteen days from the receipt of the notice. He shall at the same time send to the Collector for the purpose of being put up in his Office, and if in the North-Western Provinces in the cutcherry of the Tuhseeldar, a proclamation fixing a day for the sale of the distrained property, which shall not be less than twenty days from the date of the application; and shall deliver a copy of the proclamation to the peon charged with the service of the notice, to be put up by him in the place where the distrained property is deposited. The proclamation shall contain a description of the property, the demand for which it is to be sold, and the place where the sale is to be held.

Ameen to suspend sale on receipt of Collector's certificate of the institution of a suit.

CXXV. If a suit shall be instituted before the Collector in pursuance of the aforesaid notice, the Collector shall transmit to the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer, or if so requested shall deliver to the owner of the distrained property, a certificate of the institution of such suit; and on such certificate being received by or presented to the Ameen or other Officer, he shall suspend proceedings in regard to the sale of the distrained property.

Suit to contest distrainer's demand before issue of notice of sale.

CXXVI. A person whose property has been distrained in the manner hereinbefore provided, may institute a suit to contest the demand of the distrainer immediately after the distraint of his property, and before the issue of notice of sale. When such suit is instituted, the Collector shall proceed in the manner prescribed in the last preceding Section. If thereafter application for the sale of the property is made to the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer, he shall transmit a copy of the application to the Collector, and suspend further proceedings pending the decision of the case.

Distress to be withdrawn on receipt of Collector's certificate that the owner has executed a bond with security to pay amount of decree with interest and costs.

CXXVII. The person whose property has been distrained may, at the time of instituting any such suit as aforesaid, or at any subsequent period, execute a bond with security binding himself to pay whatever sum may be adjudged to be due from him with interest and costs of suit, and when such bond is executed the Collector shall give to the owner of the property a certificate to that effect, or if so requested shall serve the distrainer with notice of the same; and upon such certificate being presented to the distrainer by the owner of the property or served on him by order of the Collector the property shall be released from distraint.

On expiration of period fixed in the proclamation of sale, if institution of suit to contest distrainer's demand have not been certified, sale may be proceeded with.

CXXVIII. On the expiration of the period fixed in the proclamation of sale, if the institution of a suit to contest the demand of the distrainer has not been certified to the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer in the manner hereinbefore provided, he shall, unless the said demand, with such costs of the distress as shall be allowed by him, be discharged in full, proceed to sell the property or such part of it as may be necessary in the manner following.

Place and manner of sale.

CXXIX. The sale shall be held at the place where the distrained property is deposited, or at the nearest gunge, bazar, haut, or other place of public resort, if the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer should be of opinion that it is likely to sell there to better advantage. The property shall be sold by public auction in one or more lots as the Officer holding the sale may think advisable, and if the demand with the costs of distress and sale be satisfied by the sale of a portion of the property, the distress shall be immediately withdrawn with respect to the remainder.

CXXX. If on the property being put up for sale a fair price in the estimation of the Officer holding the sale be not offered for it, and the owner of the property or some person authorized to act on his behalf apply to have the sale postponed until the next day, or the next market day if a market be held at the place of sale, the sale shall be postponed until such day and shall be then completed whatever price may be offered for the property.

If fair price be not offered, sale may be postponed to another day, and shall be then completed at whatever price may be offered.

CXXXI. The price of every lot shall be paid for in ready money at the time of sale or as soon after as the Officer holding the sale shall think necessary; and in default of such payment the property shall be put up again and sold. When the purchase money has been paid in full, the Officer holding the sale shall give the purchaser a certificate describing the property purchased by him and the price paid.

Payment of purchase money.

CXXXII. From the proceeds of the sale of distrained property the Officer holding the sale shall make a deduction at the rate of one anna in the Rupee on account of the costs of the sale, and shall transmit the amount to the Collector in order that it may be credited to Government. He shall then then pay to the distrainer the expenses incurred by the distrainer on account of the distress and of the issue of the notice and proclamation of sale prescribed in Section CXXIV, to such amount as, after examination of the statement of expenses furnished by the distrainer, he shall think proper to allow. The remainder shall be applied to the discharge of the arrear for which the distraint was made with interest thereon up to the day of sale, and if there be any overplus it shall be delivered to the person whose property shall have been sold.

Proceeds of sale.

CXXXIII. Officers holding sales of property under this Act, and all persons employed by or subordinate to such Officers, are prohibited from purchasing either directly or indirectly any property sold by such Officers.

Officers holding sales prohibited from purchasing.

CXXXIV. Civil Court Ameens and other Officers as aforesaid are required to bring to the notice of Collectors any material irregularities committed by distrainers under color of this Act; and if in any case, on proceeding to hold a sale of property, the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer shall find that the owner of the property has not received due notice of the distress and intended sale, he shall postpone the sale and report the case to the Collector, and the Collector shall direct the issue of another notice and proclamation of sale under Section CXXIV or pass such other order as he may think proper.

All irregularities to be reported to the Collector.

Officer not to proceed to sale, if he find that defaulter has not received due notice.

CXXXV. When a Civil Court Ameen or other Officer has proceeded to any place for the purpose of holding a sale and no sale takes place either for the reason stated in the last preceding Section, or because the demand of the distrainer has been previously satisfied, no intimation of such satisfaction having been given by the distrainer to the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer, the charge of one anna in the Rupee on account of expenses shall be leviable and shall be calculated on the estimated value of the distrained property. If the demand of the distrainer be not satisfied until the day fixed for the sale, the charge for expenses shall be paid by the owner of the property and may be recovered by the sale of such portion thereof as may be necessary. In every other case it shall be paid by the distrainer and may be recovered by attachment and sale of the property of the distrainer under the warrant of the Collector. Provided always that in no case shall a larger amount than ten Rupees be recoverable under this Section.

Recovery of expenses if Ameen proceeds to place of sale and no sale takes place.

CXXXVI. All proceedings under this Act of the Civil Court Ameens and other Officers as aforesaid shall be subject to the revision and orders of the Collectors, and the Collectors, with the sanction of the Boards of Revenue, may require the submission of such periodical reports and statements of business performed by the Civil Court Ameens and other Officers as may be thought necessary.

Proceedings of Civil Court Ameens &c. subject to revision and orders of Collectors.

CXXXVII. When a suit has been instituted to contest the demand of a distrainer and the property has not been released on security, if the demand or any portion of it shall be adjudged to be due, the Collector shall issue an order to the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer authorizing the sale of the property, and on the application of the distrainer, which shall be made within five days from the receipt of such order by the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer, such Ameen or Officer shall publish a second proclamation in the manner prescribed in Section CXXIV, fixing another day for the sale of the distrained property, which shall not be less than five nor more than ten days from the date of the proclamation; and unless the amount adjudged to be due with the costs of distress be paid intermediately, shall proceed to sell the property in the manner hereinbefore provided.

Second proclamation of sale.

CXXXVIII. In all suits instituted to contest the demand of a distrainer, the distrainer shall be required to prove the arrear in the same manner as if he had himself brought suit for the amount under the foregoing provisions of this Act. If the demand or any part thereof is found to be due, the Collector shall make a decree for the amount in favor of the distrainer, and the amount may be recovered by sale of the property as provided in the last preceding Section if the distress has not been withdrawn, and if any balance remain due after such sale by execution of the decree against the person and any other property of the defaulter, or if the property have been released on security by execution of the decree against the person and property of the default and of his surety. If on the other hand the distraint is adjudged to be vexatious or groundless, the Collector, besides directing the release of the distrained property, may award such damages in favor of the plaintiff as the circumstances of the case shall seem to require.

Procedure after institution of suit to contest distrainer's demand.

CXXXIX. If any person shall claim as his own, property which has been distrained for arrears of rent alleged to be due from any other person, such person may institute a suit against the distrainer and such other person, to try the right to the property, in the same manner and under the same conditions as to the time of instituting the suit and to the consequent postponement of sale, as a person whose property has been distrained for an arrear of rent alleged to be due from him may institute a suit to contest the demand. When any such suit is instituted the property may be released upon security being given for the value of the same. If the claim is dismissed the Collector shall make an order for the sale of the property or the recovery of the value thereof, as the case may be, for the benefit of the distrainer. If the claim is upheld, the Collector shall decree the release of the distrained property with costs, and such damages (if any) as the circumstances of the case may seem to require. Provided always that no claim to any produce of land, liable to distraint under this Act, which at the time of the distress may have been found in the possession of a defaulting cultivator, whether such claim be in respect of a previous sale, mortgage, or otherwise, shall bar the prior claim of the person entitled to the rent of the land, nor shall any attachment in execution of a judgment of any Civil Court prevail against such prior claim.

Any person, whose property has been distrained for arrears of rent alleged to be due from another, may institute a suit against the distrainer, &c.

Proviso.

CXL. If in any case in which property has been distrained for an arrear of rent and a suit has been instituted to contest the demand, the right to distrain for such arrear is claimed by or on behalf of any person other than the distrainer on the ground of such other person being actually and in good faith in the receipt and enjoyment of the rent of the land, such other person shall be made a party to the suit, and the question of the actual receipt and enjoyment of the rent by such other person before and up to the time of the commencement of the suit shall be enquired into, and the suit shall be decided according to the result of such enquiry. Provided always that the decision of the Collector shall not affect the right of either party who may have a legal title to the rent of the land, to establish his title by suit in the Civil Court if instituted within one year from the date of the decision.

Procedure if distrainer's right to distrain be disputed.

CXLI. If any person, whose property has been distrained for the recovery of a demand not justly due, or of a demand due or alleged to be due from some other person, is prevented by any sufficient cause from bringing suit to contest the demand or to try the right to the property as the case may be within the period allowed by Sections CXXIV and CXXXIX and his property is in consequence brought to sale, he may nevertheless institute a suit under this Act to recover damages for the illegal distress and sale of his property.

Persons prevented from suing in time to save their property from sale, may sue for damages.

CXLII. If any person empowered to distrain property or employed for the purpose under a written authority by a person so empowered, shall distrain or sell, or cause to be sold, any property for the recovery of an arrear of rent alleged to be due, otherwise than according to the provisions of this Act, or if any distrained property shall be lost, damaged, or destroyed by reason of the distrainer not having taken proper precaution for the due keeping and preservation thereof, or if the distraint shall not be immediately withdrawn when it is required to be withdrawn by any provision of this Act, the owner of the property may institute a suit under this Act to recover damages for any injury which he may have thereby sustained.

Also persons aggrieved by any illegal act of distrainer.

CXLIII. If any person not empowered to distrain property under Sections CXII and CXIV of this Act, nor employed for the purpose under a written authority by a person so empowered, shall distrain or sell or cause to be sold any property under color of this Act, the owner of the property may institute a suit under this Act to recover damages from such person for any injury which he may have sustained from the distraint or sale. The said person shall be held to have committed criminal trespass, and shall be subject to the penalties for that offence in addition to any damages which may be awarded against him in such suit.

Unlawful distraint.

CXLIV. Provided always that any suit which may be instituted under any of the last three Sections shall be commenced within three months from the date of the occurrence of the cause of action.

Time for commencing suits for damages.

CXLV. If any person shall resist a distraint of property duly made under this Act, or shall forcibly or clandestinely remove any distrained property, the Collector upon complaint being made within fifteen days from the date of such resistance or removal, shall cause the person accused to be arrested, and if the offence be proved and the offender be the owner of the property, shall order him to be imprisoned in the Civil jail for six months, or until the whole arrear due to the distrainer with all expenses and costs shall sooner be paid or levied by distress and sale of the property of the offender under warrant of the Collector. If the person convicted of the offence be any other than the owner of the property, he shall make good to the distrainer the value of the same, and shall further be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees, or in default of payment thereof to imprisonment for a period not exceeding two months.

Resistance of distraint.

CXLVI. Every process issued by a Collector under this Act shall be under the seal and signature of the Collector, and shall be served or executed by the Nazir or by such other Officer as the Collector may direct at the cost of the party at whose instance it issued. The amount of such cost, and, in the case of summons to a witness, any sum required for the travelling expenses of such witness, shall be deposited in Court before the process is issued. Provided that if in any case the Collector is satisfied that a party is unable to pay the cost of

Service of process.

any necessary process, he may direct such process to be served free of charge.

Resistance of process.

CXLVII. Any resistance or opposition to the lawful process of a Collector under this Act may be punished by the Collector according to the provisions of the law for the time being in force for the punishment of resistance or opposition to the processes of the Courts of Civil justice. When in any such case the offender is not present in Court, the Collector may summon him to answer to the charge, and if after due service of the summons he fail to attend, may issue a warrant for his apprehension. Orders passed by Collectors under this Section shall not be deemed to be orders relating to the trial of suits or to the execution of decrees within the meaning of Section CLI.

Collector competent to hold a Court in any part of his jurisdiction.

CXLVIII. It shall be competent to the Collector to hold a Court for hearing and determining suits under this Act in any place within the limits of his District or local jurisdiction, provided that every hearing and decision shall be in open Court, and that the parties to the suit or their authorized agents shall have had due notice to attend at such place.

Proviso.

Agents or mookhtars.

CXLIX. Any person may practise as an agent or mookhtar in a Court held by a Collector under this Act without any formal license from the Collector. But it shall be competent to the Collector to prohibit any person, who has been convicted by a competent Court of a criminal offence, or who has been found guilty of fraudulent or dishonest conduct in the discharge of his duty as agent or mookhtar, to practice as an agent or mookhtar in his Court. When any agent or mookhtar is charged by the Collector or any other person with fraudulent or dishonest conduct in the discharge of his duty, the Collector shall proceed in the manner prescribed in Section IV Act XVIII of 1852, or any other law for the time being in force for the trial of charges against pleaders.

Powers of Deputy Collectors.

CL. All the powers vested in the Collector by the preceding Sections of this Act may be exercised by any Deputy Collector in cases referred to him by a Collector; and in all cases without such reference, by any Deputy Collector placed in charge of any Sub-division of a District; and all applications and reports allowed or required by this Act to be made to the Collector may be made to any Deputy Collector having such local jurisdiction.

Collectors and Deputy Collectors to be subject to general direction and control of the Commissioners and the Boards of Revenue.

CLI. In the performance of their duties under this Act the Collectors and Deputy Collectors shall be subject to the general direction and control of the Commissioners and the Boards of Revenue; and the Deputy Collector shall be subject to the direction and control of the Collectors to whom they are subordinate. All orders passed by a Collector under this Act, not being judgments in suits or orders passed in the course of suits and relating to the trial thereof or orders passed after decree and relating to the execution thereof, shall be appealable to the Commissioner; and all such orders passed by a Deputy Collector shall be appealable to the Collector; but no judgment of a Collector or Deputy Collector in any suit, and no order of a Collector or Deputy Collector passed in any suit and relating to the trial thereof, or after decree and relating to the execution thereof, shall be open to revision or appeal otherwise than as expressly provided in this Act.

No appeal from orders of Collectors and Deputy Collectors in certain cases.

Time for presenting appeals from orders.

CLII. Every appeal against the order of a Collector shall be presented to the Commissioner within thirty days, and every appeal against the order of a Deputy Collector shall be presented to the Collector within fifteen days from the date of the order. Orders passed in appeal by a Commissioner or a Collector shall not be open to any further appeal, but the Board of Revenue or the Commissioner may call for any case, and pass such orders thereon as they may think proper.

No appeal from any decree of Collector for money below 100 Rupees unless the decision involve some question of right to enhance rent or some question relating to a title to land.

CLIII. In suits under Clauses 2, 4, and 7 of Section XXIII and under Section XXIV of this Act, tried and decided by a Collector, if the amount sued for or the value of the property claimed does not exceed one hundred Rupees, the judgment of the Collector shall be final, and not open to revision or appeal except as hereinafter provided, unless in any such suit a question of right to enhance or otherwise vary the rent of a ryot or tenant, or any question relating to a title to land, or to some interest in land as between parties having conflicting claims thereto, has been determined by the judgment, in which case the judgment shall be open to appeal in the manner provided in Sections CLX and CLXI of this Act.

In suits not open to appeal, Collector may grant a re-hearing upon the discovery of new evidence, &c.

CLIV. In suits in which the judgment of the Collector is final as provided in the last preceding Section, the Collector may, upon the application of either party, if preferred within thirty days from the date of the decision, order the re-hearing of a suit, upon the ground of the discovery of new evidence or matter material to the issue of the case which the applicant had no knowledge of, or could not produce at the time of trial.

Appeal from decision of Deputy Collector.

CLV. When any such suit as aforesaid, in which if tried and decided by a Collector the judgment of the Collector would be final, is tried and decided by a Deputy Collector, an appeal from the judgment of the Deputy Collector shall lie to the Collector.

Petition of appeal to be on stamp paper, &c.

CLVI. The petition of appeal shall be written on stamp paper of eight annas value and shall be presented to the Collector within fifteen days from the date of the decree,

provided that such time as may be requisite for procuring a copy of the decree appealed against shall not be reckoned as part of the fifteen days.

Procedure in appeal.

CLVII. The Collector shall fix a day for hearing the appeal, and shall cause notice of the same to be served on the respondent in the manner hereinbefore prescribed for the service of summons. If on the day fixed for hearing the appeal, or any other day to which the hearing may be adjourned, the appellant shall not appear in person or by an agent, the appeal shall be dismissed for default. If the appellant shall appear and the respondent shall not appear in person or by an agent, the appeal shall be heard *ex parte*.

Re-admission of appeal.

CLVIII. If an appeal be dismissed for default of prosecution the appellant may within fifteen days from the date of the dismissal apply to the Collector for the re-admission of the appeal, and if it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Collector that the appellant was prevented by any sufficient cause from appearing when the appeal was called on for hearing, the Collector may re-admit the appeal.

Judgment in appeal.

CLIX. After hearing the appeal the Collector shall give judgment in the manner hereinbefore prescribed for giving judgment in original suits, and the judgment of the Collector shall be final.

In what suits appeal to lie to Zillah Judge.

CLX. In all suits other than those in which when tried and decided by a Collector the judgment of the Collector is declared to be final or when tried and decided by a Deputy Collector an appeal is allowed to the Collector, an appeal from the judgment of the Collector or Deputy Collector shall lie to the Zillah Judge; unless the amount or value in dispute exceed five thousand Rupees, in which case the appeal shall lie to the Sudder Court.

To Sudder Court.

Rules regarding presentation and hearing of appeals.

CLXI. The petition of appeal shall be written on the stamp paper prescribed for appeals from the subordinate Civil Courts with reference to the amount or value of the property involved in the appeal, and the rules in force in regard to the time within which appeals from the decisions of such Courts may be received, and to the manner in which such appeals are heard and determined, and to all proceedings which may be had in respect of such appeals, shall be applicable to appeals to the Zillah Judge or Sudder Court under this Act.

Suits to be preferred in the Revenue Office of the District or Sub-division in which the greater part of the land is situate.

CLXII. Suits under this Act shall be preferred in the Revenue Office of the District, or when a Sub-division of a District has been placed under the jurisdiction of a Deputy Collector, in the Revenue Office of the Sub-division in which the cause of action shall have arisen. Provided always that the Collector may withdraw any suit from any Deputy Collector and try it himself, or refer it to another Deputy Collector. If the lands comprised in any talook, farm, or other tenure, or any lands held under one lease or engagement or at one entire rent in respect of which arrears of rent may be due, are situated in more than one District or Sub-division, the District or Sub-division in which the greater part of such lands is situate shall be held to be the District or Sub-division in which the cause of action has arisen; and if any question shall be raised respecting the District or Sub-division in which the greater part of the lands is situate, the Board of Revenue, or if all the lands be situate in one District the Collector of the District shall decide the question, and such decision shall be conclusive on the point of jurisdiction.

Except as above, Collector not to exercise jurisdiction in respect to lands situate beyond his District.

CLXIII. Except as provided in the last preceeding Section, no Collector shall exercise any jurisdiction under this Act in respect to any lands situate beyond the limits of the District to which he is appointed, by reason of such lands forming part of an estate the revenue of which is paid into the Treasury of the said District.

Deputy Collector entrusted with Police functions, not to exercise judicial powers under this Act.

CLXIV. No Deputy Collector appointed under Regulation IX of 1833 of the Bengal Code, shall exercise any judicial powers or other jurisdiction under this Act if entrusted with any Police functions.

What powers to be exercised by Assistants to Collectors.

CLXV. Assistants to Collectors shall not exercise any powers under this Act unless invested by Government with the powers of Deputy Collectors, in which case they may exercise the powers hereby assigned to Deputy Collectors.

Saving of rights of proprietors in respect of Putnee Talooks, &c. under Regulation VIII. 1819.

CLXVI. Nothing contained in this Act shall be held to affect the right vested in proprietors of land under direct engagements with Government, of bringing to sale for arrears of rent Putnee Talooks and other similar tenures under the provisions of Regulation VIII. 1819.

Commencement of Act.

CLXVII. This Act shall commence and have effect from and after the 1st day of August 1859.

"Civil Jail"

CLXVIII. The words "Civil Jail" as used in this Act shall include the Civil Jail of the Zillah and any place appointed by the Executive Government for the confinement of prisoners by any Court constituted under this Act. The

"Nazir."

word "Nazir" shall include any Officer of a Court authorized to serve or execute its process. Unless

Number.

there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction, words importing the singular number shall include the plural number, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number, and

Gender.

words importing the masculine gender shall include females.

SCHEDULE.

A.

FORM OF SUMMONS TO DEFENDANT.

No. (of suit) dated
In the Court of

A. B., Plaintiff.

[*Name, description, and address of plaintiff.*]

C. D., Defendant.

[*Name, description,* and *address* of *Defendant.*]

Whereas the said A. B. has brought a claim against you in this Court for *(here specify particulars of claim as given in the statement,) you are hereby required to appear in person in this Court on the day of* [*if not specially required to appear in person, state, in person or by an agent who has personal knowledge of the subject or who shall be accompanied by a person who has such knowledge*] to answer the abovenamed plaintiff, and you will bring with you (or send by your agent) [*here mention any document the production of which may be required by the plaintiff*] which the plaintiff desires to inspect, and all documents on which you may intend to rely in support of your defence You will also bring with you your witnesses, if they are willing to attend without issue of process.

B.

FORM OF WARRANT OF ARREST.

No. (of suit) dated
In the Court of

A. B., Plaintiff.

C. D., Defendant.

To the Nazir of the Court of the Collector of——

Whereas the plaintiff in this suit has obtained an order from the Court for the arrest of the defendant, you are hereby commanded to bring the defendant before the Court on or before the day of to be dealt with according to law.

Dated this day of

185 .

C.

FORM OF NOTICE TO ACCOMPANY SUCH WARRANT.

In the Court of

A. B., Plaintiff.

[*Name, description, and address of plaintiff.*]

C. D., Defendant,

[*Name, description, and address of defendant.*]

Whereas the said A. B. has brought a claim against you in this Court for *(here specify particulars of claim as given in the statement)* and has obtained a warrant for your arrest, you are hereby required, unless you admit the claim, to bring with you to the Court all documents on which you may intend to rely in support of your defence.

D.

FORM OF SECURITY BOND FOR APPEARANCE OF DEFENDANT.

Whereas A. B. plaintiff has instituted a suit in the Court of the Collector of against C. D. defendant, and the said C. D. has been required to give security for his appearance at any time when called on while the suit is depending and until execution of the decree, I, E. F., hereby declare myself surety for the said C. D's. appearance as aforesaid, and in case of his making default in such appearance I engage to pay any sum for the payment of which the said C. D. may be liable under the decree. [*If the suit be for the delivery of papers or accounts, specify some sum to be fixed by the Collector.*]

E.

WRIT OF EXECUTION AGAINST THE PERSON.

A. B. Plaintiff.
C. D., Defendant.

To the Nazir of the Court of the Collector of——

Whereas the said C. D. was directed by a decree of this Court, under date the day of 185 , to pay to A. B. the sum of and for costs of suit, amounting to , and whereas the said C. D. has omitted to pay the same, you are hereby commanded to apprehend the said C. D., and to bring him with all convenient speed before this Court to be dealt with according to law.

F.

WRIT OF EXECUTION AGAINST THE EFFECTS.

A. B., Plaintiff.
C. D., Defendant.

To the Nazir of the Court of the Collector of——

Whereas C. D. was directed by a decree of this Court, under date the day of 185 , to pay to A. B. the sum of , and for costs of suit, amounting to , and whereas the said C. D. has omitted to pay the same, you are hereby commanded to levy the said sum of , and the sum of for costs of executing this process, by seizure and sale of such moveable property of the said C. D. as (is described in the list annexed, and) [*if no list is furnished, these words to be omitted*] shall be pointed out to you by the judgment-creditor or his agent; and you are hereby ordered to sell such property of the said C. D., on some convenient day not being less than ten nor more than fifteen days from the day of seizure, unless the amount leviable as aforesaid shall be sooner paid; and you are hereby commanded to certify to me what you shall do by virtue of this warrant.

G.

FORM OF NOTICE TO OWNER OF DISTRAINED PROPERTY.

Office of Commissioner for sale of distrained property.

A. B., Distrainer.

[*Name, description, and address of the owner of the property.*]

Whereas the said A. B. has applied to have the distrained property specified below sold for the recovery of alleged to be due to him as arrears of rent, you are hereby required either to pay the said sum to the said A. B., or to institute a suit before the Collector to contest the demand within fifteen days from the receipt of this notice, failing which the property will be sold.

Dated this day of 185 .

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 4th May 1859, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. XII OF 1859.

An Act to make better provision for the trial of Pilots at the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal for breach of duty.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the law for the trial of persons employed in the Pilot Service of Government, at the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, when accused of breach of duty, and to extend the same to persons licensed to act as Pilots at the said Presidency ; It is enacted as follows :—

Acts repealed.

I. Act XXIV of 1845 *(for establishing a Court for the trial of Officers of the Pilot Service accused of breach of duty)* and Act I of 1851 *(for the appropriation of fines levied under Act XXIV. of* 1845*)* are hereby repealed.

How Pilots accused of breach of duty shall be brought to trial.

II. When any person employed in the Pilot Service of Government at the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, or licensed to act as a Pilot at the said Presidency, shall be accused of having committed any breach of duty while engaged in such Service, or acting under such license, and it shall appear to the Superintendent of Marine, or to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that such person ought to be brought to trial for such breach of duty, such person shall be brought to trial upon a charge or charges framed by the said Superintendent of Marine or such other person as the said Lieutenant-Governor shall direct, before a Court constituted under the provisions of this Act.

Appointment of Judge.

III. The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall appoint a fit person to be Judge of the said Court.

Appointment of Prosecutor.

IV. The Lieutenant-Governor shall appoint such person as he may think proper to conduct the proceedings before the Court, as Prosecutor on the part of Government.

Trial to be held before the Judge and Jury.

V. Every trial under this Act shall be held before the said Judge and a Jury composed of two Merchants of Calcutta, a Master of a Merchant Ship lying in the Port of Calcutta, and a Pilot of not less than twenty years' service.

Lists of Merchants and Pilots liable to serve on the Jury.

VI. The Judge shall cause to be prepared and shall keep two separate lists, one containing the names of Merchants, the other containing the names of Pilots, liable to serve on such Jury. The names in each list shall be arranged in alphabetical order, and the place of abode and quality or business of each person named shall be stated.

Notice to prosecutor and accused of time and place for appointing Jury.

VII. When the Judge shall be about to hold a trial under this Act, he shall give notice to the prosecutor and to the party accused of a time and place to be fixed by the Judge for appointing a Jury to serve at such trial.

Appointment of Jury.

VIII. At the time and place mentioned in the notice, the Judge in the presence of the prosecutor and the person accused shall read over the names which first occur in each of the said lists of those Merchants and Pilots who he has reason to believe are present in Calcutta and capable of attending as Jurors at the trial ; and shall also propose the name of a Master of a Merchant Ship lying in the Port of Calcutta, whom he deems qualified to serve on such Jury. If no objection be made and allowed, the persons so nominated shall be the Jury to serve at the trial. If the prosecutor or the party accused shall object to any of the persons named as Jurors, he shall assign the grounds of his objection and such objection shall forthwith be decided by the Judge. If the objection be allowed, the Judge shall read from the said lists or propose (as the case may be) another name in the place of the one objected to, and the person so nominated shall serve on the Jury provided no objection to such person be made and allowed as aforesaid.

Day of trial to be fixed and summons to issue to Jurors.

IX. When a Jury has been appointed under the last preceding Section, the Judge shall fix a day for the trial and shall summon by writing under his hand the persons so appointed to sit as a Jury. If any such person when duly summoned shall, without such excuse as the Judge shall allow to be sufficient, neglect or refuse to attend at the time appointed or to remain in attendance until the trial shall be completed, it shall be lawful for the said Judge to impose upon any such person a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees for every such default ; and such fine, if not paid, shall be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the defaulter under a warrant to be issued for that purpose by the Judge. Such warrant may be transmitted by the Judge to any Magistrate of Police for the town of Calcutta, and thereupon such Magistrate shall endorse the same and shall

Penalty for non-attendance.

cause it to be executed in the same manner as if the warrant had been issued by such Magistrate.

Trial how to proceed if any of the Jurors do not attend.

X. If for any cause any of the persons summoned to attend as Jurors shall not be in attendance at the time fixed for the commencement of the trial, the trial may with the consent of the prosecutor and the party accused be held before the Judge and such Jurors as shall be in attendance. If such consent be not given, the place of the absent Juror shall be supplied by some other person selected by the Judge from the same profession or calling as the person originally summoned and who shall consent to serve, provided no objection to such person be made and allowed in manner aforesaid. If the parties or either of them do not consent that the trial shall be held before the Judge and such Jurors as may be in attendance and the place of the absent Juror cannot be supplied by a person consenting to serve, the trial shall be postponed to another day and the Judge shall either re-summon the same Jury or appoint and summon another Jury in the manner hereinbefore provided.

Register of Jurors who have served.

XI. The Judge shall register in a book the names of all Jurors mentioned in either of the said two lists who have attended and served on a trial held under this Act. A Juror who has served shall not be required again to serve and his name shall be excluded in reading over the Jury lists until all the persons named in the said lists who are present in Calcutta and capable of attending as Jurors shall have served.

Jurors to be sworn.

XII. Before the commencement of any trial under this Act, the persons summoned and attending as Jurors shall be sworn or affirmed by the Judge of the Court to give a true verdict according to the evidence.

Judge may summon witnesses to attend at a certain time and place.

XIII. It shall be lawful for the Judge of the said Court, at the instance of the prosecutor, or of the party accused, or of his own motion, by writing under his hand, to summon any person to attend as a witness at a time and place to be specified in the summons, for the purpose of being examined at any trial before the said Court; or if such person shall be about to depart from Calcutta, so as to be unable to attend at such trial without serious inconvenience, then to be examined before the Judge of the said Court before the day fixed for the trial; provided always that due notice of the time and place of such examination shall be given to the accused party; provided also that such witness may nevertheless be examined at the trial if he shall be able to attend thereat, in which case his previous examination may also be read at the trial.

Examination of witnesses about to leave Calcutta.

Penalty for witnesses not attending or refusing to give evidence.

XIV. If any person who shall have been duly summoned to attend as a witness shall, without sufficient excuse, neglect or refuse to attend, or attending shall refuse to give evidence or to answer any question which may be lawfully put to him, such person shall forfeit and pay such fine, not exceeding five hundred Rupees, as the Judge of the said Court shall order; and such fine, if not paid, shall be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the person ordered to pay the same in the manner prescribed in Section IX. of this Act.

Witnesses to be examined on oath, according to the rules in force in the Supreme Court.

XV. The evidence of every witness examined before the said Court shall be given on oath, affirmation, or otherwise, according to the rules in that behalf for the time being in force for the examination of witnesses in Her Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature.

Verdict of Jurors.

XVI. Upon the completion of the trial, the Jurors shall give their verdict upon the charge, or, if there be more than one one, upon each separate charge. The verdict shall be according to the opinion of the majority of Jurors. If the Jurors are equally divided, the Judge shall declare his opinion, and the verdict shall be according to the opinion of the Judge and the Jurors with whom he concurs.

Sentence of Court if the accused be found guilty.

XVII. If by such verdict the accused person is found guilty of the charge or of any one or more of the charges preferred against him, the Judge of the Court shall sentence him to be dismissed from the said Pilot Service, or to have his license withdrawn, or shall award such other punishment, by loss of rank or pay, or by change of a license from a higher to a lower grade, or suspension from employment for a specified period, as to the Judge shall appear fit. The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, with the sanction of the Governor General in Council, may prepare a Schedule of offences and punishments (such punishments being of the same nature as those hereinbefore mentioned) for the guidance of the said Court; and if such Schedule be prepared and sanctioned, and the charge proved before the said Court is an offence specified in such Schedule, the Judge of the said Court shall award such punishment as is prescribed for such offence in the said Schedule, and no other. If by such verdict as aforesaid the accused person is found not guilty of the charge or charges preferred against him, the Judge shall declare him acquitted of the same.

Schedule of offences and punishments to be prepared.

Acquittal.

No sentence to be final till approved by Government.

XVIII. The proceedings of the Court shall be sent by the Judge to the Superintendent of Marine for submission to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal; and no sentence of punishment pronounced by the Judge of the said Court shall be final until it has been approved of by the said Lieutenant-Governor.

Government may remit sentence or mitigate punishment.

The said Lieutenant-Governor may remit the whole or any part of such sentence, or may direct the substitution of any mitigated punishment in lieu of the punishment awarded by the said Court, as he shall think fit.

If verdict of Jurors be manifestly contrary to evidence, or trial be otherwise insufficient.

XIX. If it shall appear to the Judge of the said Court that the verdict of the Jurors is manifestly contrary to the evidence, or that the trial is otherwise insufficient, the Judge, instead of passing sentence on the accused person, or declaring him acquitted, as the case may be,

may certify the same to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and the said Lieutenant-Governor may either order a new trial before another Jury, or acquit the accused person, as he shall think fit.

Power of Government to make rules of practice.

XX. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal to make such rules as he shall think proper, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, for conducting the proceedings and regulating the practice of the said Court.

Act not to restrict Marine Authorities or Government from passing orders upon a charge of breach of duty where a trial is not deemed necessary.

XXI. Nothing contained in this Act shall be held to restrict the Marine Authorities or the Government from passing such orders as may be deemed proper upon any charge of breach of duty preferred against any person employed in the said Pilot Service, when it shall not be deemed necessary that such person should be brought to trial for such breach of duty under the provisions of this Act.

Withdrawal of license from licensed Pilot.

XXII. If any person licensed to act as a Pilot, when duly charged with breach of duty as aforesaid, shall refuse to submit himself to trial under the provisions of this Act, the license of such person shall be withdrawn, and he shall be incapable of being again licensed to act as a Pilot at the said Presidency.

Act applicable to what persons.

XXIII. The provisions of this Act shall extend to all persons employed in the Pilot Service at the said Presidency and borne on the rolls of the Government establishment, whether such persons receive fixed salaries, or are remunerated by a portion of the pilotage charged on the vessels piloted by them, or in any other manner, and to all persons licensed to act as Pilots at the said Presidency.

W. Morgan,
Clerk of the Council.

The following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 4th May 1859, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

Act No. XIII of 1859.

An Act to provide for the punishment of breaches of contract by Artificers, Workmen, and Laborers in certain cases.

Preamble.

Whereas much loss and inconvenience are sustained by manufacturers, tradesmen, and others in the several Presidency Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, and in other places, from fraudulent breach of contract on the part of Artificers, Workmen, and Laborers who have received money in advance on account of work which they have contracted to perform; and whereas the remedy by suit in the Civil Courts for the recovery of damages is wholly insufficient, and it is just and proper that persons guilty of such fraudulent breach of contract should be subject to punishment; It is enacted as follows :—

If workman neglect to perform work, on account of which he has received an advance of money, complaint may be made to the Magistrate.

I. When any Artificer, Workman, or Laborer shall have received from any Master or Employer resident or carrying on business in any Presidency Town, or in any station of the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca, or from any person acting on behalf of such Master or Employer, an advance of money on account of any work which he shall have contracted to perform, or to get performed by any other Artificers, Workmen, or Laborers, if such Artificer, Workman, or Laborer shall wilfully and without lawful or reasonable excuse neglect or refuse to perform or get performed such work according to the terms of his contract, such Master or Employer or any such person as aforesaid may complain to a Magistrate of Police, and the Magistrate shall thereupon issue a summons or a warrant, as he shall think proper, for bringing before him such Artificer, Workman, or Laborer, and shall hear and determine the case.

Magistrate may order re-payment of advance or performance of contract.

II. If it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Magistrate that such Artificer, Workman, or Laborer has received money in advance from the complainant on account of any work, and has wilfully and without lawful or reasonable excuse neglected or refused to perform or get performed the same according to the terms of his contract, the Magistrate shall, at the option of the complainant, either order such Artificer, Workman, or Laborer to repay the money advanced, or such part thereof as may seem to the Magistrate just and proper, or order him to perform or get performed, such work according to the terms of his contract; and if such Artificer, Workman, or Laborer shall fail to comply with the said order, the Magistrate may sentence him to be imprisoned with hard labor for a term not exceeding three months, or if the order be for the repayment of a sum of money, for a term not exceeding three months, or until such sum of money shall be sooner repaid; provided that no such order for the repayment of any money shall, while the same remains unsatisfied, deprive the complainant of any Civil remedy by action or otherwise which he might have had but for this Act.

Penalty if workman fail to comply with the order.

Magistrate may require workman to give security for due performance of order.

III. When the Magistrate shall order any Artificer, Workman, or Laborer to perform or get performed any work according to the terms of his contract, he may also at the request of the complainant, require such Artificer, Workman, or Laborer to enter into a recognizance with sufficient security for the due performance of the order; and in default of his entering into such recognizance or furnishing such security to the satisfaction of the Magistrate, may sentence him to be imprisoned with hard labor for a period not exceeding three months.

To what contracts the Act extends.

IV. The word "contract," as used in this Act, shall extend to all contracts and agreements whether by deed, or written or verbal, and whether such contract be for a term certain, or for specified work, or otherwise.

V. This Act may be extended by the Governor General of India in Council, or by the Executive Government of any Presidency or place, to any place within the limits of their respective jurisdictions. In the event of this Act being so extended, the powers hereby vested in a Magistrate of Police shall be exercised by such Officer or Officers as shall be specially appointed by Government to exercise such powers.

Act may be extended by Government.

W. MORGAN,

Clerk of the Council.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 4th May 1859, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. XIV OF 1859.

An Act to provide for the Limitation of Suits.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend and consolidate the laws relating to the limitation of suits; It is enacted as follows :—

Preamble.

I. No suit shall be maintained in any Court of Judicature within any part of the British territories in India in which this Act shall be in force unless the same is instituted within the period of limitation hereinafter made applicable to a suit of that nature, any Law or Regulation to the contrary notwithstanding; and the periods of limitation, and the suits to which the same respectively shall be applicable, shall be the following, that is to say :—

Limitation of suits.

1. To suits to enforce the right of pre-emption, whether the same is founded on law or general usage or on special contract, the period of one year to be computed from the time at which the purchaser shall have taken possession under the sale impeached.

Limitation of one year.
Pre-emption suits

2. To suits for pecuniary penalties or forfeitures for the breach of any Law or Regulation; to suits for damages for injury to the person and personal property, or to the reputation; to suits for damages for the infringement of copyright, or of any exclusive privilege; to suits to recover the wages of servants, artizans, or laborers, the amount of tavern bills or bills for board and lodging or lodging only; and to summary suits before the Revenue authorities under Regulation V. 1822 of the Madras Code—the period of one year from the time the cause of action arose.

Limitation of one year.
Suits for damages, summary suits, &c.

3. To suits to set aside the sale of any property, moveable or immoveable, sold under an execution of a decree of any Civil Court not established by Royal Charter when such suit is maintainable; to suits to set aside the sale of any property, moveable or immoveable, for arrears of Government Revenue or other demand recoverable in like manner; to suits by a Putneedar or the proprietor of any other intermediate tenure saleable for current arrears of rent, or other person claiming under him, to set aside the sale of any Putnee Talook or such other tenure sold for current arrears of rent; to suits to set aside the sale of any property, moveable or immoveable, sold in pursuance of any decree or order of a Collector or other Officer of Revenue—the period of one year from the date at which such sale was confirmed or would otherwise have become final and conclusive if no such suit had been brought.

Limitation of one year.
Suits to set aside sales under decrees or for arrears of Government Revenue, &c.

4. To suits to set aside any attachment, lease, or transfer of any land or interest in land by the Revenue Authorities for arrears of Government Revenue, or to recover any money paid under protest in satisfaction of any claim made by the Revenue Authorities on account of arrears of revenue or demands recoverable as arrears of revenue—one year from the date of such attachment, lease, or transfer, or of such payment as the case may be.

Limitation of one year.
Suits to set aside attachments, &c., by Revenue Authorities for arrears of Government Revenue.

5. To suits to alter or set aside summary decisions and orders of any of the Civil Courts not established by Royal Charter, when such suit is maintainable—the period of one year from the date of the final decision, award, or order in the case.

Limitation of one year.
Suits to set aside summary decisions, &c.

6. To suits brought by any person to contest the justice of an award which shall have been made under Regulation VII. 1822, Regulation IX. 1825, and Regulation IX. 1833 of the Bengal Code, or to recover any property comprised in such award—the period of three years from the date of the final award or order in the case.

Limitation of three years.
Suits to contest certain awards.

7. To suits by any party bound by any order respecting the possession of property made under Clause 2 Section I Act XVI of 1838, or Act IV of 1840, or any person claiming under such party, for the recovery of the property comprised in such order—the period of three years from the date of the final order in the case.

Limitation of three years.
Suits to recover property comprised in an order made under Clause 2 Section I Act XVI of 1838 or Act IV of 1840.

8. To suits to recover the hire of animals, vehicles, boats, or household furniture; or the amount of bills for any articles sold by retail; and to all suits for the rents of any buildings or lands (other than summary suits before the Revenue authorities under Regulation V. 1822 of the Madras Code)—the period of three years from the time the cause of action arose

Limitation of three years.
Suits for goods sold by retail, &c.

9. To suits brought to recover money lent or interest, or for the breach of any contract—the period of three years from the time when the debt became due or when the breach of contract in respect of which the suit is brought first took place, unless there is a written engagement to pay the money lent or interest or a contract in writing signed by the party to be bound thereby or by his duly authorized agent.

Limitation of three years.
Suits for money lent or interest or for breach of contract where no written contract exists.

10. To suits brought to recover money lent or interest, or for the breach of any contract in cases in which there is a written engagement or contract and in which such engagement or contract could have been registered by virtue of any Law or Regulation in force at the time and place of the execution thereof—the period of three years from the time when the debt became due or when the breach of contract in respect of which the action is brought first took place, unless such engagement or contract shall have been registered within six months from the date thereof.

Limitation of three years.

Suits for the same where there is a written contract which has not been registered within six months.

11. To suits in cases governed by English law upon all debts and obligations of record and specialties; and to suits for the recovery of any legacy—the period of twelve years from the time the cause of action arose.

Limitation of 12 years.

Suits for specialty-debts and legacies.

12. To suits for the recovery of immoveable property or of any interest in immoveable property to which no other provision of this Act applies—the period of twelve years from the time the cause of action arose.

Limitation of 12 years.

Suits for immoveable property.

13. To suits to enforce the right to share in any property moveable or immoveable on the ground that it is joint family property; and to suits for the recovery of maintenance, where the right to receive such maintenance is a charge on the inheritance of any estate—the period of twelve years from the death of the persons from whom the property alleged to be joint is said to have descended, or on whose estate the maintenance is alleged to be a charge; or from the date of the last payment to the plaintiff or any person through whom he claims, by the person in the possession or management of such property or estate on account of such alleged share, or on account of such maintenance as the case may be.

Limitation of 12 years.

Suits for shares in joint family property and for maintenance.

14. To suits by the proprietor of any land or by any person claiming under him, for the resumption or assessment of any Lakheraj or rent-free land—the period of twelve years from the time when the title of the person claiming the right to resume and assess such lands, or of some person under whom he claims, first accrued. Provided that in estates permanently settled no such suit, although brought within twelve years from the time when the title of such person first accrued, shall be maintained, if it is shown that the land has been held Lakheraj or rent-free from the period of the permanent settlement.

Limitation of 12 years.

Suits to resume or assess Lakheraj or rent-free land.

Proviso if the land has been held rent-free from the time of the permanent settlement.

15. To suits against a depositary, pawnee, or mortgagee of any property moveable or immoveable for the recovery of the same—a period of thirty years if the property be moveable and sixty years if it be immoveable, from the time of the deposit, pawn, or mortgage; or if in the mean time an acknowledgment of the title of the depositor, pawner, or mortgagor, or of his right of redemption, shall have been given in writing signed by the depositary, pawnee, or mortgagee or some person claiming under him, from the date of such acknowledgment in writing.

Limitation for 30 and 60 years respectively.

Suits against depositaries, pawnees, or mortgagees to recover immoveable property.

16. To all suits for which no other limitation is hereby expressly provided—the period of six years from the time the cause of action arose.

Limitation of six years applicable to all suits not especially provided for.

II. No suit against a trustee in his lifetime and no suits against his representatives for the purpose of following in their hands the specific property which is the subject of the trust, shall be barred by any length of time; but no suit to make good the loss occasioned by a breach of trust out of the general estate of a deceased trustee shall be maintained in any of the said Courts unless the same is instituted within the proper period of limitation according to the last preceding Section, to be computed from the decease of such trustee; provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent a co-trustee from enforcing, against the estate of a deceased trustee, any claim for contribution, if he shall institute a suit for that purpose within six years after such right of contribution shall have arisen.

Suits against trustees and their representatives for breach of trust, &c.

Proviso

III. When, by any law now or hereafter to be in force, a shorter period of limitation than that prescribed by this Act is specially prescribed for the institution of a particular suit, such shorter limitation shall be applied notwithstanding this Act.

Shorter periods of limitation, if prescribed by particular Acts, to prevail.

IV. If, in respect of any legacy or debt, the person who, but for the law of limitation, would be liable to pay the same, shall have admitted that such debt or legacy or any part thereof is due, by an acknowledgment in writing signed by him, a new period of limitation, according to the nature of the original liability, shall be computed from the date of such admission; provided that, if more than one person be liable, none of them shall become chargeable by reason only of a written acknowledgment signed by another of them.

Revival of right to sue by admission in writing.

Proviso.

V. In suits for the recovery from the purchaser or any person claiming under him of any property purchased *bonâ fide* and for valuable consideration from a trustee, depositary, pawnee, or mortgagee, the cause of action shall be deemed to have arisen at the date of the purchase. Provided that in the case of purchase from a depositary, pawnee, or mortgagee, no such suit shall be maintained unless brought within the time limited by Clause 15 Section I.

Computation of period of limitation in suits to recover property purchased from depositaries, pawnees, or mortgagees.

Proviso.

VI. In suits in the Courts established by Royal Charter by a mortgagee to recover from the mortgagor the possession of the immoveable property mortgaged, the cause of action shall be deemed to have arisen from the latest date at which any portion of

Computation of period of limitation in suits in Supreme Courts by mortgagee to recover immoveable property mortgaged.

principal money or interest was paid on account of such mortgage debt.

Computation of period of limitation in suits to avoid incumbrances or under-tenures in estates sold for arrears of Government Revenue.

VII. In suits to avoid incumbrances or under-tenures in an estate sold for arrears of Government Revenue due from such estate, or in a Putnee Talook or other saleable tenure sold for arrears of rent which by virtue of such sale becomes freed from incumbrances and under-tenures the cause of action shall be deemed to have arisen at the time when the sale of the estate, talook, or tenure became final and conclusive.

Computation of period of limitation in suits between merchants for balances of accounts current.

VIII. In suits for balances of accounts current between merchants and traders who have had mutual dealings, the cause of action shall be deemed to have arisen at, and the period of limitation shall be computed from the close of the year in the accounts of which there is the last item admitted or proved indicating the continuance of mutual dealings; such year to be reckoned as the same is reckoned in the accounts.

Computation of period of limitation in case of concealed fraud.

IX. If any person entitled to a right of action shall by means of fraud have been kept from the knowledge of his having such right or of the title upon which it is founded, or if any document necessary for establishing such right shall have been fraudulently concealed, the time limited for commencing the action against the person guilty of the fraud or accessory thereto, or against any person claiming through him otherwise than in good faith and for a valuable consideration, shall be reckoned from the time when the fraud first became known to the person injuriously affected by it or when he first had the means of producing or compelling the production of the concealed document.

Computation of period of limitation in suits where the cause of action is founded on fraud.

X. In suits in which the cause of action is founded on fraud, the cause of action shall be deemed to have first arisen at the time at which such fraud shall have been first known by the party wronged.

Computation of period of limitation in case of legal disability.

XI. If at the time when the right to bring an action first accrues the person to whom the right accrues is under a legal disability, the action may be brought by such person or his representative within the same time after the disability shall have ceased as would otherwise have been allowed from the time when the cause of action accrued, unless such time shall exceed the period of three years, in which case the suit shall be commenced within three years from the time when the disability ceased; but if, at the time when the cause of action accrues to any person, he is not under a legal disability, no time shall be allowed on account of any subsequent disability of such person or of the legal disability of any person claiming through him.

What persons to be deemed to be under legal disability under preceding Section.

XII. The following persons shall be deemed to be under legal disability within the meaning of the last preceding Section—married women in cases to be decided by English law, minors, idiots, and lunatics.

Computation of period of limitation in case of absence of defendant.

XIII. In computing any period of limitation prescribed by this Act, the time during which the defendant shall have been absent out of the British territories in India shall be excluded from such computation unless service of a summons to appear and answer in the suit can during the absence of such defendant be made in any mode prescribed by law.

Computation of period of limitation in case of suit prosecuted *bonâ fide*, but in wrong Court.

XIV. In computing any period of limitation prescribed by this Act, the time during which the claimant, or any person under whom he claims, shall have been engaged in prosecuting a suit upon the same cause of action against the same defendant, or some person whom he represents, *bonâ fide* and with due diligence, in any Court of Judicature which, from defect of jurisdiction or other cause, shall have been unable to decide upon it, or shall have passed a decision which, on appeal, shall have been annulled for any such cause, including the time during which such appeal, if any, has been pending, shall be excluded from such computation.

Person unlawfully dispossessed of immoveable property may recover possession notwithstanding any title that may be set up.

XV. If any person shall without his consent have been dispossessed of any immoveable property otherwise than by due course of law, such person or any person claiming through him shall in a suit brought to recover possession of such property be entitled to recover possession thereof notwithstanding any other title that may be set up in such suit, provided that the suit be commenced within six months from the time of such dispossession. But nothing in this Section shall bar the person from whom such possession shall have been so recovered or any other person instituting a suit to establish his title to such property and to recover possession thereof within the period limited by this Act.

Suit for dispossession to be brought within six months.

Suit to establish title not to be affected.

Act not to interfere with equitable jurisdiction of Supreme Courts.

XVI. Nothing in this Act contained shall be deemed to interfere with any rule or jurisdiction of any Court established by Royal Charter in refusing equitable relief on the ground of acquiescence or otherwise, to any person whose right to bring a suit may not be barred by virtue of this Act.

Act not to extend to public property, nor to suits for the recovery of public claims.

XVII. This Act shall not extend to any public property or right, nor to any suits for the recovery of the public revenue or for any public claim whatever, but such suits shall continue to be governed by the laws or rules of limitation now in force.

XVIII. All suits that may be now pending or that shall be instituted within the period of two years from the date of the passing of this Act shall be tried and determined as if this Act had not been passed; but all suits to which the provisions of this Act are applicable that shall be instituted after the expiration of the said period shall be governed by this Act and no other law of limitation, any Statute, Act, or Regulation now in force notwithstanding.

Act not to apply to suits now pending or to suits instituted within two years.

Suits afterwards instituted to be governed by this Act.

XIX. No proceeding shall be taken to enforce any judgment, decree, or order of any Court established by Royal Charter, but within twelve years next after a present right to enforce the same shall have accrued to some persons capable of releasing the same, unless in the meantime such judgment, decree, or order shall have been duly revived or some part of the principal money secured by such judgment, decree, or order or some interest thereon shall have been paid, or some acknowledgment of the right thereto shall have been given in writing signed by the person by whom the same shall be payable or his agent to the person entitled thereto or his agent; and in any such case no proceeding shall be brought to enforce the said judgment, decree, or order, but within twelve years after such revivor, payment, or acknowledgment or the latest of such revivors, payments, or acknowledgments as the case may be, provided that for three years next after the passing of this Act, every judgment, decree, and order which may be in force at the date of the passing of this Act shall be governed by the law now in force, anything therein contained notwithstanding.

Proceedings for enforcing judgments, &c., of Supreme Courts to be taken within twelve years.

Proviso as to judgments now in force.

XX. No process of execution shall issue from any Court not established by Royal Charter to enforce any judgment, decree, or order of such Court, unless some proceeding shall have been taken to enforce such judgment, decree, or order or to keep the same in force within three years next preceding the application for such execution.

Time for enforcing execution of judgment, &c., of a Civil Court not established by Royal Charter.

XXI. Nothing in the preceding Section shall apply to any judgment, decree, or order in force at the time of the passing of this Act, but process of execution may be issued either within the time now limited by law for issuing process of execution thereon or within three years next after the passing of this Act, whichever shall first expire.

Preceding Section not to apply to judgments, &c., in force at the passing of this Act.

XXII. No process of execution shall issue to enforce any summary decision or award of any of the Civil Courts not established by Royal Charter or of any Revenue Authority unless some proceeding shall have been taken to enforce such decision or award or to keep the same in force within one year next preceding the application for such execution.

Time for execution of a summary award of Civil Court or Revenue Authority.

XXIII. Nothing in the preceding Section shall apply to any summary decision or award in force at the time of the passing of this Act, but process of execution may be issued either within the time now limited by law for issuing process of execution thereon or within two years next after the passing of this Act whichever shall first expire.

Preceding Section not to apply to summary awards in force at the passing of this Act.

XXIV. This Act shall take effect throughout the Presidencies of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, including the Presidency Towns and the Straits' Settlement; but shall not take effect in any Non-Regulation Province or place until the same shall be extended thereto by public notification by the Governor General in Council or by the local Government to which such Province or place is subordinate.

Operation of Act.

Whenever this Act shall be extended to any Non-Regulation Province or place by the Governor General in Council or by the local Government to which such Province or place is subordinate, all suits which within such Province or place shall be pending at the date of such notification or shall be instituted within the period of two years from the date thereof, shall be tried and determined as if this Act had not been passed; but all suits to which the provisions of this Act are applicable that shall be instituted within such Province or place after the expiration of the said period, shall be governed by this Act and by no other law of limitation, any Statute, Act, or Regulation now in force notwithstanding.

Trial of pending suits, &c., in any Non-Regulation Province or place to which the Act is extended.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 4th May 1859, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. XI OF 1859.

An Act to improve the law relating to sales of Land for arrears of Revenue in the Lower Provinces under the Bengal Presidency.

WHEREAS it is expedient to discontinue the practice of obtaining the previous sanction of the Board of Revenue to sales of estates for arrears of revenue, or other demands of Government, in the Province of Cuttack: and whereas it is just that a person having a lien upon an estate, and paying the money necessary to protect it from sale for arrears of revenue, should be reasonably secured: and whereas it is expedient to afford sharers in estates, who duly pay their shares of the Sudder Jumma of their estates, easy means of protecting their shares from sale by reason of the default of their co-sharers: and whereas it is expedient to afford landholders, particularly absentees, facilities in guarding against the accidental sale of their estates for arrears of revenue by reason of the neglect or fraud of their agents: and whereas it is expedient to provide for the voluntary registration of dependent talooks existing at the time of settlement: and

Preamble.

whereas it is expedient to protect the holders of registered under-tenures created since the settlement, and not resumable by the grantors or their representatives, from loss by the avoidance of their tenures on the occasion of a sale of the superior estate for arrears of public revenue, when the arrears can be realized by such sale: and to give absolute security to such tenures by special registry, when shown to be held at rents sufficient for the security of the revenue: and it is therefore proper, for the above and other purposes, to improve the law relating to sales of land for arrears of revenue in the Provinces of Bengal, Behar, and Orissa: It is enacted as follows:—

Laws repealed

I. Regulation X. 1818 (*relating to collection of the public revenue from proprietors and farmers of land in the District of Cuttack &c.*) is hereby repealed; and from the date of the passing of this law, Act 1 of 1845 (*regarding sales of land for arrears of Revenue*), except in so far as it repeals other laws, and except in regard to sales made or advertised, to arrears and other demands realizable, and to suits commenced and acts done, under authority thereof—shall cease to have effect in the Lower Provinces of Bengal.

What is an arrear of revenue.

II. If the whole or a portion of a kist or instalment of any month of the era, according to which the settlement and kistbundee of any mehal have been regulated, be unpaid on the first of the following month of such era, the sum so remaining unpaid shall be considered an arrear of revenue.

Latest day of payment.

III. Upon the promulgation of this Act, the Board of Revenue at Calcutta shall determine upon what dates all arrears of revenue and all demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, shall be paid up in each district under their jurisdiction, in default of which payment the estates in arrear in those districts, except as hereinafter provided, shall be sold at public auction to the highest bidder. And the said Board shall give notice of the dates so fixed in the official Gazette, and shall direct corresponding publication to be made as far as regards each district in the language of that district, in the office of the Collector or other officer duly authorized to hold sales under this Act, in the Courts of the Judge, Magistrate, (or Joint Magistrate, as the case may be,) and Moonsiffs, and at every Thannah station of that district; and the dates so fixed shall not be changed except by the said Board by advertisement and notification, in the manner above described, to be issued at least three months before the close of the official year preceding that in which the new date is, or dates are, to take effect.

In Sylhet, personal property liable to distress and sale.

IV. Provided that in the district of Sylhet, the Collector may be authorized by the Board of Revenue to proceed in the first instance by the distress and sale of the personal property of defaulters, instead of by the sale of their estates.

Proviso in the case of certain descriptions of arrear.

V. Provided always that no estate, and no share or interest in any estate, shall be sold for the recovery of arrears or demands of the descriptions mentioned below, otherwise than after a notification in the language of the district, specifying the nature and amount of the arrear or demand, and the latest date on which payment thereof shall be received, shall have been affixed for a period of not less than fifteen clear days preceding the date fixed for payment, according to Section III of this Act, in the office of the Collector or other officer duly authorized to hold sales under this Act, in the Court of the Judge within whose jurisdiction the land advertised lies, and in the Moonsiff's Court and Police Thannah of the division in which the estate or share of an estate to which the notification relates, is situated; or if the estate or share of an estate be situated within the jurisdiction of more than one Moonsiff's Court or Police Thannah, in some one or more of such Courts or Thannahs; and also at the cutcherry of the malgoozar or owner of the estate or share of an estate, or at some conspicuous place upon the estate or share of an estate, the same to be certified by the peon or other person employed for the purpose.

First.—Arrears other than those of the current year, or of the year immediately preceding.

Secondly.—Arrears due on account of estates other than that to be sold.

Thirdly.—Arrears of estates under attachment by order of any judicial authority, or managed by the Collector in accordance with such order.

Fourthly. Arrears due on account of tuccavee, poolbundee, or other demands not being land revenue, but recoverable by the same process as arrears of land revenue.

Notifications of sale to be issued, and no tender after latest day of payment to stop the sale.

VI. The Collector or other officer duly authorized to hold sales under this Act shall, as soon as possible after the latest day of payment fixed in the manner prescribed in Section III of this Act, issue notifications in the language of the district, to be affixed in his own Office and in the Court of the Judge of the district, specifying the estates or shares of estates which will be sold as aforesaid, and the day on which the sale of the same will commence, which day shall not be less than fifteen or more than thirty clear days from the date of affixing the notification in the Office of the Collector or other officer as aforesaid. And if the Government revenue of any estate or share of an estate to be sold, exceed the sum of five hundred Rupees, a notification of the sale of such estate or share of an estate shall be published in the official Gazette. Except as hereinafter provided, all estates or shares of estates so specified shall, on the day notified for sale, or on the day or days following be put up to public auction by and in the presence of the Collector or other officer as aforesaid, and shall be sold to the highest bidder. And no payment, or tender of payment, made after sunset of the said latest day of payment, shall bar or interfere with the sale, either at the time of sale or after its conclusion.

Notice to ryots, &c.

VII. Whenever an estate or share of an estate is notified for sale as provided by Section VI of this Act, the Collector or other officer as aforesaid shall affix a proclamation in the language of the district in his own Office, and as soon thereafter as may be in the Moonsiff's Courts and Police Thannahs within which the estate or share of an estate, or any part of it, is situated, and also at the cutcherry of the malgoozar or the owner of the estate or share of an estate, or at some

conspicuous place upon the estate or share of an estate forbidding the ryots and under-tenants to pay to the defaulting proprietor any rent which has fallen due after the day fixed for the last day of payment, on pain of not being entitled to credit in their accounts with the purchaser for any sums so paid.

Claims against Government held by a defaulter not to invalidate a sale.

VIII. No claim to abatement or remission of revenue unless the same shall have been allowed by the authority of Government, and no private demand or cause of action whatever held or supposed to be held by any defaulter against Government, shall bar or render void or voidable a sale under this Act; nor shall the plea that money belonging to the defaulter, and sufficient to pay the arrear of revenue due, was in the Collector's hands, bar or render void or voidable a sale under this Act, unless such money stand in the defaulter's name alone and without dispute, and unless, after application in due time made by the defaulter, or after the written agreement provided for in Section XV of this Act, the Collector shall have neglected, or refused on insufficient grounds, to transfer it on payment of the arrear of revenue due.

Deposits receivable from persons not proprietors.

IX. The Collector or other Officer as aforesaid shall, at any time before sunset of the latest day of payment determined according to Section III of this Act, receive as a deposit from any person not being a proprietor of the estate or share of an estate in arrear, the amount of the arrear of revenue due, to be credited in payment of the arrear at sunset as aforesaid, unless before that time the arrear shall have been paid by a defaulting proprietor of the estate. And in case the person so depositing, whose money shall have been credited in the manner aforesaid, shall be a party in a suit pending before a Court of Justice for the possession of the estate or share from which the arrear is due, or any part thereof, it shall be competent to the said Court to order the said party to be put into temporary possession of the said estate or share, or part thereof, subject to the rules in force for taking security in the cases of parties in Civil suits. And if the person so depositing, whose money shall have been credited as aforesaid, shall prove before a competent Civil Court that the deposit was made in order to protect an interest of the said person, which would have been endangered or damaged by the sale, or which he believed in good faith would have been endangered or damaged by the sale, he shall be entitled to recover the amount of the deposit, with or without interest as the Court may determine, from the defaulting proprietor. And if the party so depositing, whose money shall have been credited as aforesaid, shall prove before such a Court that the deposit was necessary in order to protect any lien he had on the estate, or share, or part thereof, the amount so credited shall be added to the amount of the original lien.

Separation of shares held in common.

X. When a recorded sharer of a joint estate, held in common tenancy, desires to pay his share of the Government revenue separately, he may submit to the Collector a written application to that effect. The application must contain a specification of the share held in the estate by the applicant. The Collector shall then cause to be published in his own Office in the Courts of the Judge, Magistrate (or Joint Magistrate, as the case may be), and Moonsiffs, and in the Police Thannahs in whose jurisdiction the estate or any part thereof is situated, as well as on some conspicuous part of the estate itself, a copy of the application made to him. If within six weeks from the date of the publication of these notices, no objection is made by any other recorded sharer, the Collector shall open a separate account with the applicant, and shall credit separately to his share all payments made by him on account of it. The date on which the Collector records his sanction to the opening of a separate account, shall be held to be that from which the separate liabilities of the share of the applicant commence.

Separation of shares consisting of specific portions of land.

XI. When a recorded sharer of a joint estate, whose share consists of a specific portion of the land of the estate, desires to pay his share of the Government revenue separately, he may submit to the Collector a written application to that effect. The application must contain a specification of the land comprised in his share, and of the boundaries and extent thereof, together with a statement of the amount of sudder jumma heretofore paid on account of it. On the receipt of this application, the Collector shall cause it to be published in the manner prescribed for publication of notice in the last preceding Section. In the event of no objection being urged by any recorded co-sharer within six weeks from the time of publication, the Collector shall open a separate account with the applicant, and shall credit separately to his share all payments made by him on account of it. The date on which the Collector records his sanction to the opening of a separate account, shall be held to be that from which the separate liabilities of the share of the applicant commence.

If objection be made, parties to be referred to the Civil Court.

XII. If any recorded proprietor of the estate, whether the same be held in common tenancy or otherwise, object that the applicant has no right to the share claimed by him, or that his interest in the estate is less or other than that claimed by him, or if the application be in respect of a specific portion of the land of an estate, that the amount of sudder jumma stated by the applicant to have been heretofore paid on account of such portion of land is not the amount which has been recognized by the other sharers as the jumma thereof, the Collector shall refer the parties to the Civil Court, and shall suspend proceedings until the question at issue is judicially determined.

Sale of separate shares.

XIII. Whenever the Collector shall have ordered a separate account or accounts to be kept for one or more shares, if the estate shall become liable to sale for arrears of revenue, the Collector or other officer as aforesaid in the first place shall put up to sale only that share or those shares of the estate from which, according to the separate accounts, an arrear of revenue may be due. In all such cases notice of the intention of excluding the share or shares from which no arrear is due, shall be given in the advertisement of sale prescribed in Section VI of this Act. The share or shares sold, together with the share or shares excluded from the sale, shall continue to constitute one integral estate, the share or shares sold being charged with the separate portion or the aggregate of the several separate portions of jumma assigned thereto.

XIV. If in any case of a sale held according to the provisions of the last preceding Section, the highest offer for the share exposed to sale shall not equal the amount of arrear due thereupon to the date of sale, the Collector or other officer as aforesaid shall stop the sale, and shall declare that the entire estate will be put up to sale for arrears of revenue at a future date, unless the other recorded sharer or sharers, or one or more of them, shall within ten days purchase the share in arrear by paying to Government the whole arrear due from such share. If such purchase be completed, the Collector or other officer as aforesaid shall give such certificate and delivery of possession as are provided for in Sections XXVIII and XXIX of this Act, to the purchaser or purchasers, who shall have the same rights as if the share had been purchased by him or them at the sale. If no such purchase be made within ten days as aforesaid, the entire estate shall be sold, after notification for such period and publication in such manner as is prescribed in Section VI of this Act.

Entire estate may be sold under certain conditions.

XV. If any recorded proprietor or co-partner of an estate shall deposit with the Collector money, or Government securities endorsed and made payable to the order of the Collector, and shall sign an agreement pledging the same to Government by way of security for the jumma of the entire estate, and authorizing the Collector to apply to the payment of any arrear of revenue that may become due from that estate the whole or any portion of the said money or securities that may be necessary for that purpose, then in the case of any arrear of revenue due from the said estate not being paid before sunset of the latest day of payment fixed under Section III of this Act, the Collector shall apply to the payment of such arrear the said money or securities, or such part thereof or of any interest due on the said securities as may be necessary; and for this purpose the Collector shall first apply any money that may be in his hands and any interest that may be due upon such securities, and may then sell and transfer the securities for any balance that may remain. And so long as any money or securities as aforesaid, sufficient to cover any arrear that may fall due, shall remain and be available as aforesaid, the estate for the protection of which the said deposit was made shall be exempted from sale for arrears of revenue. All monies and securities so deposited shall be exempt from attachment, otherwise than in execution of a decree of a Civil Court.

Deposit for the protection of an estate from sale.

XVI. It shall be competent to the person making a deposit under the provision of the last preceding Section, or his representative or assignee, at any time to withdraw the deposit, and to revoke the pledge of the same.

Withdrawal of the deposit.

XVII. No estate shall be liable to sale for the recovery of arrears which have accrued during the period of its being under the management of the Court of Wards; and no estate the sole property of a minor or minors, and descended to him or them by the regular course of inheritance duly notified to the Collector for the information of the Court of Wards, but of which the Court of Wards has not assumed the management under Regulation VI. 1822, shall be sold for arrears of revenue accruing subsequently to his or their succession to the same, until the minor or minors, or one of them, shall have attained the full age of eighteen years. And no estate held under attachment by the revenue authorities otherwise than by order of a judicial authority, shall be liable to sale for arrears accruing whilst it was so held under attachment. And no estate held under attachment or managed by a Revenue Officer, in pursuance of an order of a judicial authority, shall be liable to sale for the recovery of arrears of revenue accruing during the period of such attachment, or management until after the end of the year in which such arrears accrued.

Estates under Court of Wards or attachment.

XVIII. It shall be competent to the Collector, or other Officer as aforesaid, at any time before the sale of an estate or share of an estate shall have commenced, to exempt such estate or share from sale; and in like manner it shall be competent to the Commissioner of Revenue, at any time before the sale of an estate or share of an estate shall have commenced, to exempt such estate or share from sale, by a special order to the Collector or other officer as aforesaid to that effect in each case; and no such sale shall be legal if held after the receipt of such order of exemption. Provided, however, and it is hereby enacted, that the Collector or other officer as aforesaid or the Commissioner shall duly record in a proceeding the reason for granting such exemption; and provided also that an order for exemption so issued by the Commissioner shall not affect the legality of a sale which may have taken place before the receipt by the Collector or other officer as aforesaid of the order of exemption.

Estates may be specially exempted from sale.

Proviso.

XIX. Sales shall ordinarily be made by the Collector or other officer as aforesaid in the land revenue office at the Sudder Station of the District; provided, however, that it shall be competent to the Board of Revenue to prescribe a place for holding sales other than such office, whenever they shall consider it beneficial to the parties concerned.

Sales where to be made.

XX. In case the Collector or other officer as aforesaid shall be unable from sickness, from the occurrence of a holiday, or from any other cause, to commence the sale on the day of sale fixed as aforesaid; or if, having commenced it, he be unable, from any cause, to complete it; he shall be competent to adjourn it to the next day following, not being Sunday or other close holiday, recording his reasons for such adjournment, forwarding a copy of such record to the Commissioner of Revenue, and announcing the adjournment by a written proclamation stuck up in his cutcherry; and so on, from day to day, until he shall be able to commence upon, or to complete the sale; but, with the exception of adjournments so made, recorded, and reported, each sale shall invariably be made on the day of sale fixed in the manner aforesaid.

Adjournment of sales.

XXI. On the day of sale fixed according to Section VI of this Act, sales shall proceed in regular order; the estate to be sold bearing the lowest number on

Order of selling.

the towjee or register in use in the Collector's office of the district being put up first, and so on, in regular sequence; and it shall not be lawful for the Collector or other officer as aforesaid to put up any estate out of its regular order by number, except where it may be necessary to do so on default of deposit, as provided in Section XXII of this Act.

Deposit on account of purchase money.

XXII. The party who shall be declared the purchaser of an estate or share of an estate at any such public sale as aforesaid, shall be required to deposit immediately or as soon after the conclusion of the sale of the estate or share as the Collector or other officer as aforesaid may think necessary, either in cash, Bank of Bengal Notes or Post Bills, or Government Securities to be valued at the market rate of the day, duly endorsed, twenty-five per cent. on the amount of his bid; and in default of such deposit, the estate or share shall forthwith be put up again and sold.

Full payment of purchase money.

XXIII. The full amount of purchase money shall be made good by the purchaser before sunset of the thirtieth day from that on which the sale of the estate or share of an estate bought by him took place, reckoning that day as one of the thirty; or if the thirtieth day be a Sunday or other close holiday, then on the first office day after the thirtieth: and in default of payment within the prescribed period as aforesaid, the deposit shall be forfeited to Government, the estate or share shall be resold, and the defaulting purchaser shall forfeit all claim to the estate or share, or to any part of the sum for which it may subsequently be sold. And in the event of the proceeds of the sale which may be eventually consummated being less than the price bid by the defaulting bidder aforesaid, the difference shall be leviable from him by any process authorized for realizing an arrear of public revenue, and such difference shall be taken and considered to be a part of the purchase money and shall be dealt with in the manner hereinafter prescribed for the disposal thereof.

Re-sale.

XXIV. When default is made in the payment of purchase money a notification of the intended re-sale shall be published for the period and in the manner prescribed in Section VI of this Act, but such notification shall not be published until the expiration of three clear days after the day on which the default shall have occurred and if the payment or tender of payment of the arrear on account of which the estate or share was first sold, and of any arrear which may have subsequently become due shall be made by or on behalf of the proprietor of the estate or share before sunset of the third day, the issue of the notification of re-sale shall be stayed. The rules contained in the last preceding Section shall be applicable to every such re-sale. Provided that, if default of payment of purchase money shall occur more than once, the amount to be recovered from the defaulting bidders shall be the difference between the highest bid and the proceeds of the sale eventually consummated, which amount may be levied in manner aforesaid from any of the defaulting bidders to the extent of the amount by which his bid exceeds the amount realized.

Appeals.

XXV. It shall be lawful for the Commissioner of Revenue to receive an appeal against any sale made under this Act, if preferred to him on or before the fifteenth day from the date of sale, reckoning as in Section XXIII, or if preferred to the Collector or other Officer as aforesaid for transmission to the Commissioner, on or before the tenth day from the day of sale, and not otherwise; and the Commissioner shall be competent in every case of appeal so preferred to annul any sale of an estate or share of an estate made under this Act, which shall appear to him not to have been conducted according to the provisions of this Act, awarding at the same time to the purchaser a payment from the proprietor of any moderate compensation for his loss, if the sale shall have been occasioned by neglect of the proprietor, such compensation not to exceed the interest, at the highest rate of the current Government Securities, on the amount of deposit or balance of purchase money during the period of its being retained in the Collector's office; and the order of the Commissioner shall in such cases be final.

Annulment of sale in special cases.

XXVI. It shall be competent to the Commissioner of Revenue, on the ground of hardship or injustice, to suspend the passing of final orders in any case of appeal from a sale, and to represent the case to the Board of Revenue, who, if they see cause, may recommend to the local Government to annul the sale; and the local Government in any such case may annul the sale and cause the estate or share of an estate to be restored to the proprietor on such conditions as may appear equitable and proper

Sales when final.

XXVII. All sales of which the purchase money has been paid up as prescribed in Section XXIII of this Act, and against which no appeal shall have been preferred, shall be final and conclusive at noon of the thirtieth day from the day of sale, reckoning the said day of sale as the first of the said thirty days. And sales against which an appeal may have been preferred, and dismissed by the Commissioner, shall be final and conclusive from the date of such dismissal, if more than thirty days from the day of sale, or if less, then at noon of the thirtieth day as above provided.

Certificate of sales.

XXVIII. Immediately upon a sale becoming final and conclusive, the Collector or other Officer as aforesaid shall give to the purchaser a certificate of title in the form prescribed in Schedule A annexed to this Act. And the said certificate shall be deemed in any Court of Justice sufficient evidence of the title to the estate or share of an estate sold being vested in the person or persons named from the date specified; and the Collector shall also notify such transfer by written proclamation in his own office, and in the Courts of the Moonsiffs and Police Thannahs within whose jurisdictions any part of the estate or share sold shall be situated.

Delivery of possession.

XXIX. The Collector or other officer as aforesaid shall order delivery of possession of the estate or share purchased to be made by removing any person who may refuse to vacate the same, and by proclamation to the occupants of the property by beat of drum or in such other mode as may be customary, at some convenient place or places; and by affixing a copy of the certificate at

the Mal cutchery or in some conspicuous place of the estate or share of an estate purchased.

Liability of purchaser.

XXX. The party certified as the proprietor of an estate or share of an estate by purchase under this Act, shall be answerable for all instalments of the revenue of Government which may fall due after the latest day of payment aforesaid.

Application of purchase money.

XXXI. The Collector shall apply the purchase money first to the liquidation of all arrears due upon the latest day of payment from the estate or share of an estate sold; and secondly to the liquidation of all outstanding demands debited to the estate or share of an estate in the public accounts of the District; holding the residue, if any, in deposit on account of the late recorded proprietor or proprietors of the estate or share of an estate sold or their heirs or representatives to be paid to his or their receipt on demand in the manner following: to wit, in shares proportioned to their recorded interest in the estate or share of an estate sold, if such distinction of shares were recorded, or if not, then as an aggregate sum to the whole body of proprietors upon their joint receipt. And if before payment to the late proprietor or proprietors of any surplus that may remain of the purchase money, the same be claimed by any creditor in satisfaction of a debt, such surplus shall not be payable to such claimant, nor shall it be withheld from the proprietor, except under precept of a Civil Court.

Notification of annulment of sale.

XXXII. The annulment by a Commissioner or by Government of a sale made under this Act shall be publicly notified by the Collector or other officer as aforesaid, in the same manner as the becoming final and conclusive of sales is required to be notified by Section XXVII of this Act; and the amount of deposit and balance of purchase money shall be forthwith returned to the purchaser with interest thereon at the highest rates of the current public securities; which shall be paid by the Government, unless the proprietor shall have become liable for the same under the provisions of Section XXV or Section XXVI of this Act.

Jurisdiction of Civil Courts in suits to annul sales.

XXXIII. No sale for arrears of revenue or other demands realizable in the same manner as arrears of revenue are realizable, made after the passing of this Act, shall be annulled by a Court of Justice, except upon the ground of its having been made contrary to the provisions of this Act, and then only on proof that the plaintiff has sustained substantial injury by reason of the irregularity complained of: and no such sale shall be annulled upon such ground, unless such ground shall have been declared and specified in an appeal made to the Commissioner under Section XXV of this Act: and no suit to annul a sale made under this Act shall be received by any Court of Justice unless it shall be instituted within one year from the date of the sale becoming final and conclusive as provided in Section XXVII of this Act: and no person shall be entitled to contest the legality of a sale, after having received any portion of the purchase money.

Proviso.

Provided, however, that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to debar any person considering himself wronged by any act or omission connected with a sale under this Act, from his remedy in a personal action for damages against the person by whose act or omission he considers himself to have been wronged.

Effects of annulment by decree of Court of sales under this Act.

XXXIV. If a sale made under this Act be annulled by a final decree of a Civil Court, application for the execution of such decree shall be made within six months after the date thereof; otherwise the party in whose favor such decree was passed shall lose all benefit therefrom. And no order for restoring such decreeholder to possession shall be passed until any amount of surplus purchase money that may have been paid away by order of a Civil Court be repaid by him, with interest at the highest rate of the current Government Securities. And if such party shall neglect to pay any amount so recoverable, within six months from the date of such final decree, he shall lose all benefit therefrom.

If sale annulled, purchase money to be refunded.

XXXV. In the event of a sale being annulled by a final decree of a Court of Justice, and the former proprietor being restored to possession, the purchase money shall be refunded to the purchaser by Government, together with interest at the highest rate of the current public securities.

No suits on the ground of benamee purchase.

XXXVI. Any suit brought to oust the certified purchaser as aforesaid, on the ground that the purchase was made on behalf of another person not the certified purchaser, or on behalf partly of himself and partly of another person, though by agreement the name of the certified purchaser was used, shall be dismissed with costs.

Rights of a purchaser of a permanently settled estate sold for its own arrears.

XXXVII. The purchaser of an entire estate in the permanently settled Districts of Bengal, Behar, and Orissa, sold under this Act for the recovery of arrears due on account of the same shall acquire the estate free from all encumbrances which may have been imposed upon it after the time of settlement; and shall be entitled to avoid and annul all under-tenures and forthwith to eject all under-tenants, with the following exceptions:

First. Istemraree or mokurreree tenures which have been held at a fixed rent from the time of the permanent settlement.

Secondly. Tenures existing at the time of settlement, which have not been held at a fixed rent. Provided always that the rents of such tenures shall be liable to enhancement under any law for the time being in force for the enhancement of the rent of such tenures.

Thirdly. Talookdaree and other similar tenures created since the time of settlement, and held immediately of the proprietors of estates; and farms for terms of years so held, when such tenures and farms have been duly registered under the provisions of this Act.

Fourthly. Leases of lands whereon dwelling houses, manufactories, or other permanent buildings have been erected, or whereon gardens, plantations, tanks, wells, canals, places of worship, or burning or burying grounds have been made, or wherein mines have been sunk.

And such a purchaser as is aforesaid shall be entitled to proceed in the manner prescribed by

any law for the time being in force for the enhancement of the rent of any land coming within the fourth class of exceptions above made, if he can prove the same to have been held at what was originally an unfair rent, and if the same shall not have been held at a fixed rent, equal to the rent of good arable land, for a term exceeding twelve years; but not otherwise.

Proviso.

Provided always, that nothing in this Section contained shall be construed to entitle any such purchaser as aforesaid to eject any ryot, having a right of occupancy at a fixed rent or at a rent assessable according to fixed rules under the laws in force, or to enhance the rent of any such ryot otherwise than in the manner prescribed by such laws, or otherwise than the former proprietor, irrespectively of all engagements made since the time of settlement, may have been entitled to do.

Registration of talookdaree tenures created after settlement and held for terms of years.

XXXVIII. The following rules for the registration of talookdaree and other similar tenures created since the time of settlement, and held immediately of the proprietors of estates and of farms for terms of years so held, shall be observed.

Common and special registry.

XXXIX. There shall be two sets of registers, one for common registry and one for special registry. Common registry shall secure such tenures and farms against any auction purchaser at a sale for arrears of revenue except the Government. Special registry shall secure such tenures and farms against any auction purchaser at a sale for arrears of revenue including the Government.

Application for registry.

XL. The holder of any talookdaree or other similar tenure, such as is described in Section XXXVIII of this Act, desirous of registering it, shall apply by petition to the Collector of the District to which the estate belongs. The application shall state which description of registry is desired, and shall contain the following particulars so far as the same are ascertainable.

1. The Pergunnah or Pergunnahs in which the tenure is situated.
2. The nature of the tenure.
3. The name or names of the village or villages whereof the land is composed, or wherein it is situated.
4. The area of the land comprised in the tenure, with its boundaries in complete detail.
5. The amount of rent payable annually for the tenure, and whether the rent is fixed for a term of years or in perpetuity, and the duties, if any, required to be performed on account of it.
6. The date of the deed constituting the tenure, or the date when the tenure was created.
7. The name of the proprietor who created the tenure.
8. The name of the original holder of the tenure.
9. The name of the present possessor, and if he be not the original holder, the mode in which he succeeded to the tenure, whether by inheritance, gift, purchase, or otherwise, and whether he holds jointly or solely.

Holders of such farms as are described in the said Section may apply in like manner for registry of the same. The application shall contain such of the foregoing particulars as are applicable to farms.

Procedure on application for common registry.

XLI. When the application is for common registry, the Collector shall serve a notice on the recorded proprietor or proprietors of the estate in which the tenure or farm is situated, or the authorized agent of such proprietor or proprietors, with a copy of the application annexed; and shall cause a notice, with a copy of the application annexed, to be affixed in his office, and at the mal-cutcherry of the estate in which the tenure or farm is situated, or in such other place or places as in the opinion of the Collector may be best suited to give publicity to the application, requiring the proprietor or any party interested, within thirty days from the issue of the said notice, to file any objections he may have to the registry of the tenure or farm, or to any statement contained in the application. If within the limited time no objection is made, the Collector shall register the tenure or farm. If within the limited time an objection is made by any recorded proprietor, or by any party interested not being a proprietor, the Collector shall examine the person so objecting or his authorized agent, and if it shall appear to him that such person has probable ground of objection, the Collector shall suspend proceedings, and shall refer the parties to the Civil Court, otherwise he shall grant the application. If the decision of the Civil Court be in favor of the applicant, the Collector, on the presentation of a copy of the final decree, shall register the tenure or farm.

Procedure on application for special registry.

XLII. When the application is for special registry, the Collector shall serve and issue the notices prescribed in the last preceding Section. If within the limited time no objection is made, the Collector shall cause any enquiry that he may deem necessary for the security of the Government revenue, to be made; and if he is satisfied that the Government revenue of the parent estate is sufficiently secured so far as it may be affected by the tenure or farm in question, he shall report the case to the Commissioner, who, if also satisfied on that point, shall direct the tenure or farm to be registered according to the application. Otherwise the application shall be rejected. If within the limited time any recorded proprietor or any party interested not being a proprietor object to the registry, the Collector shall examine the person so objecting or his authorized agent, and if it shall appear to him that such person has probable ground of objection, shall suspend proceedings, and shall refer the parties to the Civil Court, otherwise he shall proceed as if no objection had been made. If the decision of the Civil Court be in favor of the applicant, the Collector, on the presentation of a copy of the final decree, shall proceed as above provided for cases in which no objection is made within the limited time.

Registration of leases of certain lands.

XLIII. Leases of lands of the description specified in the fourth exceptional class in Section XXXVII, may be registered, at the option of the holders, in the manner and under the rules hereinbefore provided for the registry of Talookdaree and other similar tenures.

Registration of old tenures.

XLIV. Tenures of the first and second exceptional classes in Section XXXVII may be registered, at the option of the holders; and when so registered shall be entered only in the

special register. Application for such registry shall contain the particulars specified in Section XL so far as the same are ascertainable, and notices shall be served and issued in the manner prescribed in Section XLI. If within the limited time no objection is made by any recorded proprietor or by any party interested not being a proprietor, the Collector shall make such inquiries as may be necessary to satisfy him as to the validity of the tenure; and if the result be to satisfy him that the tenure is valid, he shall report the case to the Commissioner, who, if also satisfied that the tenure is valid, shall direct it to be entered in the special register. Otherwise the application for registry shall be rejected. If within the limited time any recorded proprietor or other party as aforesaid object to the registry of the tenure, the Collector shall examine the person so objecting or his authorized agent, and if it shall appear to him that such person has probable ground of objection, shall suspend proceedings, and refer the parties to the Civil Court, otherwise he shall proceed as if no objection had been made. If the decision of the Civil Court be in favor of the applicant, the Collector, on the presentation of a copy of the final decree, shall proceed as above provided for cases in which no objection is made within the limited time. Provided always that nothing contained in this Section shall be understood as rendering registration necessary for the protection of *bonâ fide* tenures of the description herein referred to.

Proviso.

XLV. Application for registry of existing tenures and farms must be made within three years after the passing of this Act. Application for the registry of tenures created after the passing of this Act must be made within three months from the date of the deed constituting the tenure.

Time for application for registry of tenures and farms.

XLVI. The actual expenses of any measurement, survey, or local enquiry made under Sections XLII and XLIV of this Act, shall be borne by the party who applies for the registry of his tenure or farm; and such party may be required by the Collector from time to time to make such advances on this account as he may consider necessary.

Expenses of measurement, survey, or local enquiry.

XLVII. No Civil Court shall be competent to order the Revenue Authorities to enter any tenure or farm in the special register. Provided always that the refusal of the Revenue Authorities so to register any tenure or farm shall not affect the title of the holder, whatever it may be.

Civil Court not competent to order entry in the special register.

XLVIII. Subject to the general law of limitation, any person thinking himself wronged by the registry of a tenure or farm, may file a suit for the cancelment of the same.

Suit for the cancelment of the registry of a tenure or farm.

XLIX. In the execution of their functions in the registration of tenures and farms under this Act, all subordinate Revenue Authorities shall proceed in accordance with the general instructions which they may receive from the superior Revenue Authorities to whom they are subordinate, and from the local Government; and all orders passed under the Sections aforesaid shall be open to appeal in usual course. The order of a Commissioner for the special registry of a tenure under the provisions of this Act, shall be open at any time within one year from the date of registry to revision by the Board of Revenue, or the local Government, on the ground of the Government Revenue not having been sufficiently secured or of the invalidity of the tenure, as the case may be.

Proceedings of Revenue Authorities in the registration of tenures, &c.

L. Entry in the special register shall be an effectual protection of the tenure or farm so registered, unless in a suit instituted by Government in a Civil Court within the period allowed for suits for the recovery of the public revenue a decree be passed pronouncing the registration to have been obtained by fraud, to the injury of the Government revenue. Provided that a tenure or farm in the hands of a *bonâ fide* purchaser for value shall not be avoided by reason of such fraud. But the tenure or farm shall be liable to such amount of rent as would have been fair and equitable at the time of the special registry thereof, such amount to be fixed by the Collector.

Effect of entry in the special register.

LI. Tenures and farms of the third exceptional class described in Section XXXVII of this Act, for the special registration of which application shall be made within the prescribed time, and in respect of which the Collector shall have commenced the enquiry prescribed in Section XLII, shall, in case of the sale of the parent estate for arrears of revenue, be protected pending the duration of such enquiry, and shall be protected eventually by registration, if the final award of the Revenue Authorities, upon such application, be in favor of the claimant.

Protection of talookdaree tenures pending enquiry, in case of sale of parent estate for arrears of revenue.

LII. The purchaser of an estate in a district not permanently settled, sold under this Act for the recovery of arrears due on account of the same, shall acquire the estate free from all encumbrances which may have been imposed upon it after the time of settlement, and shall be entitled to avoid and annul all tenures which may have originated with the defaulter or his predecessors, being representatives or assignees of the original engager, as well as all agreements with ryots or the like settled or accredited by the first engager or his representatives, subsequently to the last settlement, as well as all tenures which the first engager may, under the conditions of his settlement, have been competent to set aside, alter, or renew, saving always and except leases of lands whereon dwelling houses, manufactories, or other permanent buildings have been erected, or whereon gardens, plantations, tanks, wells, canals, places of worship, or burning or burying grounds have been made, or wherein mines have been sunk, which leases or engagements shall, so long as the land is duly appropriated to such purposes, and the stipulated rent paid, continue in force and effect. Provided that nothing contained in this Section shall be construed to entitle any purchaser of land at a public sale for arrears of revenue to demand a higher rate of rent from any persons whose tenure or agreement may be annulled as aforesaid, than was demandable by the former proprietor, except in cases in which such persons may have held their lands under engagements, stipulating for a lower

Rights of a purchaser of an estate not permanently settled sold for its own arrears.

rate of rent than would have been justly demandable for the land, or in cases in which it may be proved that, according to the custom of the pergunnah, mouzah, or other local division, such persons are liable to be called upon for any new assessment, or other demand not interdicted by the regulations of Government.

Rights of a purchaser being a sharer in any estate.

LIII. Excepting shares in estates under butwarrah who may have saved their shares from sale under Sections XXXIII and XXXIV Regulation XIX., 1814, and sharers whom the Collector, under Sections X and XI of this Act, has opened separate accounts; any recorded or unrecorded proprietor or co-partner, who may purchase the estate of which he is proprietor or co-partner; or who by re-purchase or otherwise may recover possession of the said estate, after it has been sold for arrears under this Act; and likewise any purchaser of an estate sold for arrears or demands other than those accruing upon itself; shall by such purchase acquire the estate subject to all its encumbrances existing at the time of sale, and shall not acquire any rights in respect to under-tenants or ryots, which were not possessed by the previous proprietor at the time of the sale of the said estate.

And of a purchaser of an estate not sold for its own arrears.

Rights of purchasers of shares of estate.

LIV. When a share or shares of an estate may be sold under the provisions of Section XIII or Section XIV, the purchaser shall acquire the share or shares subject to all encumbrances, and shall not acquire any rights which were not possessed by the previous owner or owners.

Recovery of arrears due to defaulters.

LV. Arrears of rent which on the latest day of payment may be due to the defaulter from his under-tenants or ryots, shall, in the event of a sale, be recoverable by him after the said latest day, by any process except distraint which might have been used by him for that purpose on or before the said latest day.

Punishment for contempt.

LVI. Any Collector or other Officer as aforesaid conducting a sale under this Act shall be competent to punish any contempt committed in his presence in open cutcherry or office for the time being, by fine, to an extent not exceeding two hundred Rupees, commutable, if not paid, to imprisonment in the Civil jail for a period not exceeding one month; and the Magistrate to whom such an offender may be sent by a Collector or other officer as aforesaid, shall carry his sentence into effect. Provided that an appeal from any order passed under this Section shall lie to the Revenue Commissioner, whose decision shall be final.

Default in making deposit to be considered a contempt.

LVII. A default to make good a bid by making the deposit required by Section XXII of this Act, shall be held to be a contempt.

Government may purchase at a sale.

LVIII. When an estate is put up for sale under this Act for the recovery of arrears of revenue due thereon, if there be no bid, the Collector or other officer as aforesaid may purchase the estate on account of the Government for one Rupee, or if the highest bid be insufficient to cover the said arrears and those subsequently accruing up to the date of sale, the Collector or other officer as aforesaid may take or purchase the estate on account of the Government at the highest amount bid; in both which cases the Government shall acquire the property subject to the provisions of this Act.

Fees and charges demandable by Collector.

LIX. The Collector on the part of the Government shall be entitled to demand from applicants under Sections X and XI, Sections XV and XVI, and Sections XL, XLIII, and XLIV of this Act, fees not exceeding the rates specified in Schedule B to this Act annexed, which Schedule shall be taken as part of this Act; and applications under the said Sections shall not be received unless the said fees are tendered therewith.

Regulations VII. 1822 and IX 1825 to be in force in certain estates.

LX. The provisions of Regulation VII. 1822 and Regulation IX. 1825 shall be in force in every estate in any part of which a measurement, survey, or local enquiry may be made under this Act; and in every estate purchased or taken on account of Government under this Act.

Interpretation.

LXI. In the construction of this Act the word "Collector" shall include a Deputy Collector, or other officer exercising by the authority of Government the powers of a Collector or Deputy Collector.

Application and commencement of this Act.

LXII. The operation of this Act shall be confined to such parts of the Lower Provinces in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal as are or shall be subject to the general regulations of that Presidency.

SCHEDULE A.

I certify that A. B. has purchased under Act No. XI of 1859 the mehal *(or share of a mehal)* specified below, standing in the towjee of the district of , and that his purchase took effect on the day of *(being the day after that fixed for last day of payment.)*

(Signed) D. E.
Collector.

SPECIFICATION.

(if of an entire Mehal.)

Towjee number
Name of Mehal
Name of the former proprietor
Sudder Jumma

(if of a share of a Mehal.)

Towjee number of the entire Mehal
Name of the entire Mehal
Sudder Jumma of the entire Mehal
Description of the share sold
Subordinate Towjee number of the share sold
Name of the former proprietor of the share sold
Sudder Jumma for which the share sold is separately liable.

SCHEDULE B.

FEES.

For filing an application under Section X or Section XI for opening a separate account for a share of an entire estate.

If the annual jumma of the share do not exceed Rs. 250 ... ... 25 0 0

If the annual jumma of the share exceed Rs. 250 and do not exceed Rs. 1000, at the rate of ten per cent. upon the jumma.

If the annual jumma of the share exceed Rs. 1,000, at the rate of ten per cent. upon Rs. 1,000, and two per cent upon all above that amount.

For filing an application for a deposit of money or Government Securities under Section XV, half per cent. on the amount deposited.

For any interest on Government Securities so deposited, drawn by the Collector, half per cent. of the amount drawn.

For filing an application for withdrawal of a deposit under Section XVI, half per cent. of the amount withdrawn.

For filing an application under Section XLI, XLII or XLIII, for the registration of under-tenure or farm.

If the annual rent of the under-tenure do not exceed Rs. 500 ... ... 25 0 0

If the annual rent of the under-tenure exceed Rs. 500 and do not exceed Rs. 1,000, at the rate of five per cent. upon the rent.

If the annual rent of the under-tenure exceed Rs. 1,000, at the above rate up to Rs. 1,000, and at one per cent. upon all above that amount.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE 30TH APRIL 1859.

THE following Bill was read a first and second time in the Legislative Council of India on the 30th April 1859, and referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon within a month:—

A Bill to provide for the more speedy disposal of Appeals in cases appealable to the Sudder Court and of applications for Special Appeals.

Preamble.

WHEREAS by reason of the large number of regular appeals preferred in the Sudder Courts of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, much delay occurs in the hearing and determination of such Appeals; and it is expedient that measures should be provided for the more speedy disposal of the same: and whereas it is also expedient that in cases of application for special appeal any order passed by a single Judge of either of the said Courts for the admission or the rejection of any such appeal should be final; It is enacted as follows:—

Appeals, in suits decided by Principal Sudder Ameens below Rupees 10,000, to lie to Zillah Judge.

I. In suits decided by Principal Sudder Ameens in any part of the said Presidency where the amount or value of the suit shall be less than ten thousand Rupees, the appeal shall lie to the Zillah Judge, and shall not lie to the Sudder Court, any thing in Section IV Act XXV of 1837 to the contrary notwithstanding.

Applications for special appeals to be heard by a single Judge of the Sudder Court.

II. All applications for special appeal, which are now pending in either of the said Sudder Courts, or which have been presented in any subordinate Court for transmission to the Sudder Court, and all such applications which may be hereafter presented under the provisions of Act XVI of 1853, may be heard, and on hearing may be either admitted or rejected by a single Judge of the Sudder Court, and the order passed by such Judge either for the admission or the rejection of the appeal shall be final, any thing in Clause 4 Section VIII of Act XVI of 1853 to the contrary notwithstanding. Provided always that, except under the circumstances and for the purpose described in Clause 1 of the said Section, no case shall be remanded to the Court which passed the decree by the order of a single Judge; but when such Judge shall make an order for remand, the case shall be dealt with in the manner provided in Clauses 4 and 5 of the said Section.

Proviso.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE 30TH APRIL 1859.

THE following Bill, as settled in Committee of the whole Council, was ordered to be published for general information, and to be re-considered after two months:—

A Bill for the establishment of Courts of Small Causes beyond the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Supreme Courts of Judicature established by Royal Charter.

Preamble.

WHEREAS, with a view to the more easy recovery of small debts and demands, it is expedient to establish Courts of Small Causes beyond the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Supreme Courts of Judicature established by Royal Charter at the several Presidencies of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay; It is enacted as follows:—

Constitution of Small Cause Courts.

I. It shall be lawful for the Executive Government of any of the said Presidencies or of any place, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, to constitute Courts of Small Causes, with the required establishment of Officers, at any place within the limits of their respective Governments, for the trial of suits under this Act. Whenever any such Court may be so constituted, the Executive Government shall fix the territorial jurisdiction of such Court, and may, from time to time, alter the same as may appear proper.

Limits of territorial jurisdiction to be fixed.

Description of suits cognizable by Small Cause Courts.

II. The following are the suits which shall be cognizable by Courts of Small Causes constituted under this Act, namely, claims for money due, whether on bond or other contract, or for rent, or for personal property, or for the value of such property, or for damages, when the debt, damage, or demand does not exceed in amount or value the sum of five hundred Rupees.

Proviso.

Provided that no action shall lie in any such Court on a balance of partnership account, unless the balance

shall have been struck by the parties or their agents; or for a share or part of a share under an intestacy, or for a legacy or part of a legacy under a will; or for any claim for the rent of land or any other claim for which a suit may be brought before a Revenue Officer, if commenced in due time; or for the recovery of damages on account of alleged personal injuries, unless special damage of a pecuniary nature shall have resulted from such injury.

Jurisdiction of the Courts.

III. Every Court of Small Causes constituted under this Act shall have cognizance of all such suits as are mentioned in the last preceding Section, if the cause of action shall have arisen or the defendant at the time of the commencement of the suit shall dwell or personally work for gain within the local limits of the jurisdiction of such Court.

Seal of the Court.

Court to be generally subject to the Zillah Judge and Sudder Court.

IV. Every Court constituted under this Act shall use a seal, bearing the following inscription in English and in the language of the Court—"Court of Small Causes of;" and every such Court shall be subject to the general control and orders of the Judge of the District and of the Sudder Court.

Suits for an amount exceeding 20 Rupees to be cognizable only by a Small Cause Court, where such a Court is established.

V. Whenever a Court of Small Causes is constituted under this Act, all suits cognizable under the provisions of this Act, for any amount exceeding twenty Rupees which shall arise within the limits of the jurisdiction of such Court, shall be heard and determined in such Court and shall not be cognizable in any other Court.

Saving of jurisdiction of Magistrates, &c.

of Village Moonsiffs and Village or District Punchayets in Madras.

of Military Courts of Request—

of single Officers appointed to try small suits in Madras and Bombay.

and of Military Punchayets in Madras.

VI. Nothing in this Act shall be held to take away the jurisdiction which a Magistrate, or a person exercising the powers of a Magistrate, or an Assistant or a Deputy Magistrate, can now exercise in regard to debts or other claims of a Civil nature; or the jurisdiction which can be exercised by Village Moonsiffs or Village or District Punchayets under the provisions of the Madras Code, or by Military Courts of Request, or by Cantonment Joint Magistrates invested with Civil jurisdiction under Act III of 1859, or by a single Officer duly authorized and appointed under the rules in force in the Presidencies of Fort St. George and Bombay respectively, for the trial of small suits in Military Bazars, in Cantonments, and Stations occupied by the troops of those Presidencies respectively, or by Punchayets in regard to suits against Military persons, according to the rules in force under the Presidency of Fort St. George.

Courts where to be held.

VII. Courts of Small Causes constituted under this Act shall be held at such place or places within the local limits of their respective jurisdictions as shall from time to time be appointed by the local Government to which such Courts are subordinate.

Time of holding Courts, if they be directed to be held in more places than one.

VIII. Whenever any such Court is directed to be held at more places than one within the local limits of its jurisdiction, the Judge of such Court, subject to the control of the Judge of the District, shall appoint the time at which the Court shall hold its sittings in every such place. Due notice of the time so appointed shall be given by a proclamation to be fixed up in some conspicuous place in the Court-house or other building in which the sittings of the Court are to be held.

Procedure.

Proviso.

IX. The procedure to be observed in the trial of cases cognizable under this Act, shall be that prescribed in Act VIII of 1859 *(for simplifying the Procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature not established by Royal Charter)*, in so far as the same may be applicable and necessary. Provided that in all suits under this Act the summons to the defendant shall be for the final disposal of the suit, and provided also that, at the time of passing a decree under this Act, the Court may on the verbal application of the party in whose favor the decree is passed direct immediate execution of the same by the issue of a warrant directed either generally against the personal property of the judgment debtor wherever it may be found within the local limits of the Court's jurisdiction, or specially against any personal property belonging to the judgment debtor within the same limits which may be indicated by the judgment creditor.

Execution against immoveable property, if moveable property not sufficient.

X. In the execution of a decree under this Act, if, after the sale of the moveable property of a judgment debtor, any portion of a judgment shall remain due and the holder of such judgment desire to issue execution upon any immoveable property belonging to the judgment debtor, the Court, on the application of such judgment creditor, shall grant him a copy of the judgment and a certificate of any sum remaining due under it, and on the presentation of such copy and certificate to any Civil Court having general jurisdiction in which the immoveable property of the judgment debtor is situate, such Court shall proceed to enforce such judgment according to its own rules and mode of procedure in like cases.

Decision in certain suits to be final.

Proviso.

XI. In suits tried under this Act, all decisions and orders of the Court shall be final. Provided that it shall be competent to the Court, if it shall think fit, to grant a new trial if applied for within the period of thirty days from the date of the decision.

Court may refer questions of law &c. to Sudder Court.

XII. If in the trial of any suit under this Act any question of law or usage having the force of law or the construction of a document affecting the merits of the decision shall arise, on which the Court may entertain reasonable doubts, the Court may, either of its own motion or on the application of any of the parties to the suit, draw up a statement of the case and submit it, with its own opinion, for the decision of the Sudder Court.

XIII. The Court may proceed in the case, notwithstanding a reference to the Sudder Court, and may pass a decree contingent upon the opinion of the Sudder Court on the point referred; but no execution shall be issued in any case in which a reference may be made to the Sudder Court, until the receipt of the order of that Court.

Court may pass decree contingent upon the opinion of the Sudder Court, pending which execution not to issue.

XIV. Cases referred for the opinion of the Sudder Court shall be dealt with by a full bench of that Court.

Full bench of the Sudder Court to decide cases referred under this Act.

XV. The Sudder Court shall fix an early day for the hearing of the case, and shall notify the same by a proclamation to be fixed up in the Court-house of that Court.

Sudder Court to fix an early day for the hearing of the case. Proclamation thereof.

XVI. The parties to the case may appear and be heard in the Sudder Court in person or by pleader.

Parties may appear and be heard in person or by pleader.

XVII. The Sudder Court, when it has heard and considered the case, shall transmit a copy of its judgment, under the seal of the Court and the signature of the Register, to the Court by which the reference was made; and such Court shall, on the receipt thereof, proceed to dispose of the case conformably to the decision of the Sudder Court.

Decision of Sudder Court how to be transmitted.

XVIII. Costs, if any, consequent on the reference of a case for the opinion of the Sudder Court shall be costs in the suit.

Costs of reference to Sudder Court.

XIX. No appeal shall lie from a decree of any existing Court subordinate to a District Court in any suit of the description contained in Section II, when the debt, damage, or demand shall not exceed twenty Rupees, but every such decree shall be final. Provided that the provisions of Section IX and the proviso in Section XI shall be applicable to every suit in which the decree is by this Section made final.

No appeal from decision of any existing Court subordinate to a District Court in suits below 20 Rupees.

Proviso.

XX. No special appeal shall lie from any decision or order passed on regular appeal by any Court subordinate to the Sudder Court in any suit of the nature described in Section II, when the debt, damage, or demand for which the original suit shall be instituted shall not exceed five hundred Rupees. But every such order or decision shall be final.

No special appeal from decision of any Court subordinate to the Sudder Court in suits below 500 Rupees.

XXI. In every case in which a decree or decision is by the two last preceding Sections made final, the Court passing the final decree or decision shall have the same power to draw up a statement of the case for the opinion of the Sudder Court as is hereby vested in a Court of Small Causes, and all the provisions of this Act relative to statements drawn up by Courts of Small Causes shall be applicable to statements drawn up under the provisions of this Section.

Reference of questions to Sudder Court under two last preceding Sections.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Home Department.

No. 958.

Fort William, the 16th April 1859.

Notification.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following temporary appointments:—

Mr. T. Hill to officiate as First Assistant Master Attendant.

Mr. D. Tapley to officiate as Second Assistant Master Attendant.

Mr. W. T. Llewelyn to officiate as Third Assistant Master Attendant.

No. 959.

The 10th May 1859.

Mr. J. Power, of the Civil Service, reported his departure for England by the Steam-ship *Simlah*, which Vessel was left by the Pilot at Sea on the 6th instant.

No. 960.

The Reverend F. W. Ellis, Chaplain, reported his return from leave to England, on Medical Certificate, on the 28th ultimo, by the P. and O. Company's Steamer *Candia*. The unexpired portion of his leave is cancelled.

No. 964.

In the exercise of the powers vested in him by the 23rd Section of the Act XVI and XVII Victoria, Cap. 95, His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Viceroy and Governor General has been pleased to appoint the Honorable Barnes Peacock to be Vice President of the Council of India for making Laws and Regulations.

No. 965.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council has appointed the under-mentioned gentlemen to be Members of the Senate of the University of Calcutta:—

The Hon'ble Sir Mordaunt Wells, Kt., a Judge of the Supreme Court of Judicature in Bengal.

Major G. T. Chesney, of the Engineers, and Officiating Principal of the Civil Engineering College in Calcutta.

Mr. W. Theobald, Barrister at Law.

Mr. J. Newmarch, Barrister at Law.

W. GREY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Foreign Department.

No. 2549.

Fort William, the 10th May 1859.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following promotions in the Oudh Military Police:—

Lieutenant Rawlins, Divisional Adjutant, to be Officiating District Commandant, *vice* Lieutenant Baker, absent on Sick leave to Europe.

Lieutenant Woodcock, District Adjutant, to be Officiating Divisional Adjutant, *vice* Lieutenant Rawlins.

Lieutenant Cragg to be Officiating District Adjutant, *vice* Lieutenant Woodcock.

No. 2550.

Captain F. A. V. Thurburn is appointed to Officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Mohumdee, Oudh.

No. 2551.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to accept the resignation by Captain M. R. Bruce, 2nd Regiment Bombay Native Light Infantry, of his appointment as Second in Command of the Meena Corps, at Deolee, and to place his services at the disposal of the Bombay Government.

No. 2552.

The services of Lieutenant Dangerfield, Officiating Deputy Commissioner of Tounghoo, are hereby paced at the disposal of the Madras Government, at his own request.

No. 2553.

Lieutenant A. F. Danvers, doing duty with the 1st Punjab Cavalry, is appointed to officiate as District Commandant in the Oudh Military Police, *vice* Lieutenant Manson, proceeded on Sick leave.

No. 2554.

Lieutenant A. Soppitt, 10th Regiment Bombay Native Infantry, joined his appointment as District Adjutant, Oudh Military Police, on the 24th ultimo.

No. 2555.

Major A. L. McMullin, Officiating Commandant of the Bhopal Levy, assumed charge of his office, from Captain W. G. Cumming, on the 25th ultimo.

No. 2556.

The G. O. G. G. No. 1605, dated 2nd April 1859, appointing Lieutenant W. F. Edwards, of the 45th Bengal Native Infantry, to be Second in Command of the Malwa Bheel Corps, is cancelled, and Lieutenant Edwards is appointed to officiate from the above date as Second in Command of that Corps until further orders.

No. 2557.

The services of Assistant Surgeon J. Fayrer, M. D., late Civil Surgeon of Lucknow, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

No. 2558.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Senor Laurence Auguste DeSouza, as Consul General at Calcutta for His Majesty the King of Portugal.

No. 2559.

Major T. P. Sparks is appointed to be a Marriage Registrar for the Town and District of Rangoon, under Act V. of 1852.

No. 2560.

Subject to the approbation of Her Majesty, the Right Hon'ble the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Council has been pleased to appoint the Hon'ble Robert Montgomery to be Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab and its Dependencies, from the 1st instant, on which date Sir John Lawrence, Baronet, G C. B., resigned the Service.

No. 2561.

The Right Hon'ble the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. C. J. Wingfield to be Chief Commissioner of the Province of Oudh, from the 1st instant, *vice* the Hon'ble Robert Montgomery, appointed to be Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab.

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Financial Department.

No. 34 of 1859.

Fort William, 30th April 1859.

Notifications.—Referring to paragraph 16 of the Notification of this Department, No. 14, dated the 21st February last, it is hereby notified, that from and after the 1st of May next. the Sub-Treasurers at Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, the several Residents at Native Courts, the several Collectors of Land Revenue under the several Presidencies, and the Officers in charge of District Treasuries in the Territories immediately subordinate to the Government of India, will be authorized to receive money for the purchase of Treasury Bills, payable to Order, and bearing Interest at the rate of two-and-a-half Pie a day, for every one hundred Rupees.

2. On money being paid into their Treasuries, the said Sub-Treasurers and Officers aforesaid will issue Loan Certificates in the usual manner, which Certificates will be exchanged at the Offices of the Accountants General at the several Presidencies for Treasury Bills, as soon as possible.

The Loan Certificates will be issued in the following form :—

LOAN ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

No.

Calcutta (Madras or Bombay, as the case may be) General Treasury,

The

I hereby acknowledge that has this day paid into the Treasury at the sum of Company's Rupees , for which he is entitled to receive a Treasury Bill bearing Interest from the date of this Acknowledgment, of the tenor, and subject to the condition specified in Form No. (1 or 2 as the case may be) set forth in the Advertisement published in the Calcutta Gazette Extraordinary of the 30th of April 1859.

Company's Rupees

Sub-Treasurer.

The Treasury Bills will be issued, at the option of the subscriber, in either of the two following Forms, subject to the conditions specified therein :—

No. 1.

TREASURY BILL, BENGAL, (MADRAS OR BOMBAY, AS THE CASE MAY BE.)

The Governor General of India in Council does hereby acknowledge to have received from on this day of 18 *the sum of Company's Rupees, as a Loan to the Secretary of State in Council of India, and does hereby, on behalf of the said Secretary of State in Council, promise to pay the said sum, together with any Interest that may be due thereon, at the rate of two-and-a-half Pies a day for every hundred Rupees to the said or his Executors or Administrators, or to his or their Order, at the General Treasury in Calcutta, (Madras or Bombay, as the case may be) on demand, at any time after the expiration of one year from the date hereof, and also in the mean time to pay Interest on the said sum at the rate aforesaid, half-yearly, at the said General Treasury, provided that the said sum shall be liable to be paid off at the option of the Governor General in Council at any time after the expiration of one year from the date hereof, upon notice being given in the Calcutta Gazette, at least three Calendar months before the time fixed for the proposed payment, after which time all further Interest will cease. After the expiration of one year from the date hereof, this Bill will be receivable for the amount of the Principal, and any Interest due thereon, in payment of Government Revenue at any Treasury in Bengal, the North-Western Provinces, Nagpore, Oude or the Punjab, (the Madras or Bombay Presidency, as the case may be,) or in subscriptions to any Loan that may be generally open, as well as in payment of any demand of Government, payable at the said General Treasury, or payable in Bengal, the North-Western Provinces, Nagpore, Oude or the Punjab, (to the Government of Madras, or to the Government of Bombay as the case may be,) on Account of Salt, Opium or Customs.*

No. dated the 1859.

No. 2.

TREASURY BILL, BENGAL, (MADRAS OR BOMBAY AS THE CASE MAY BE.)

The Governor General of India in Council does hereby acknowledge to have received from on this day of 18 , *the sum of Company's Rupees, as a Loan to the Secretary of State in Council of India, for which Interest shall be paid to the said or his Executors or Administrators, or to his or their Order, half-yearly, at the rate of two-and-a-half Pie per day for every one hundred Rupees.*

The said sum shall be liable to be paid off, at the option of the Governor General of India in Council, at any time after the expiration of one year from the date of this Bill, upon notice being given in the Calcutta Gazette at least three Calendar months before the time fixed for the proposed payment, after which time all further Interest will cease. It shall be at the option of the lawful holder of this Note to obtain payment thereof three months after sight, by presenting the same at the Office of the Accountant General in Calcutta (Madras or Bombay, as the case may be) and obtaining a Memorandum in writing on the Note, signed by the Accountant General, or some other Officer duly authorized on that behalf, acknowledging the presentment and the date thereof, which acknowledgment shall be given on presentment. In case of presentment, as aforesaid, the Principal sum of Rupees will be payable at the General Treasury in Calcutta (Madras or Bombay, as the case may be) at any time after the expiration of three months from the date of such acknowledgment, together with Interest at the rate aforesaid up to the expiration of the period of three months, but all Interest shall cease from the expiration of that period.

No. *dated the* 18 .

Loan Acknowledgments issued from the Treasuries in the Presidencies of Madras and Bombay will be exchanged for Treasury Bills at the Offices of the Accountants General of those Presidencies respectively: Loan Acknowledgments issued from Treasuries in Bengal, the North-Western Provinces, Nagpore, Oude and the Punjab, will be exchanged for Treasury Bills at the Office of the Accountant General to the Government of India at Calcutta: Loan Acknowledgments issued by Residents at Native Courts, and Officers in charge of District Treasuries in Territories other than the above, immediately subordinate to the Government of India, will be exchanged for Treasury Bills at the Office of the Accountant General of the nearest Presidency.

The Bills will be issued in sums of Rupees 200, Rupees 500, Rupees 1,000, Rupees 5,000 and Rupees 10,000.

The Bills issued by the Accountant General to the Government of India will be signed by the Secretary to the Government of India in the Financial Department. Those issued by the Accountants General at Bombay and Madras, by the Chief Secretaries to those Governments respectively.

Published by Order of His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council,

C. Hugh Lushington,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, the 9th May 1859.

No. 637 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, from the Foreign Department, are published in General Orders :—

No. 2373, *dated* 29*th April* 1859.—Lieutenants Badgely and Drake are appointed to do duty with the Oudh Military Police, the former from the 26th November and the latter from the 19th December last.

No. 2376.—With reference to General Order dated 16th ultimo, No. 1149, Captain Elliot, Deputy Commissioner of Nagpore, has obtained a further extension of leave to the 14th instant, the date on which he resumed charge of the Raepore District from Mr. J. H. Master.

No. 2377, *dated* 2*nd May* 1859.—The services of Lieutenant E.L. Ommaney, 59th Native Infantry, Assistant Commissioner in Pegu and late in charge of the Delhi State Prisoners, are re-placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjaub and its Dependencies.

No. 638 *of* 1859.—The following Notification, from the Financial Department, is published in General Orders :—

No. 33.

The 29*th April* 1859.

Read again the following papers on the subject of the Deputation Allowance receivable by Covenanted Officers, Civil or Military, acting for Uncovenated Officers and *vice versâ* :—

Order contained in the Financial Resolution, No. 5701, dated 8th October 1858.

Paragraph 4 of Financial Resolution, No. 1431, dated 11th February 1859.

Read the under-mentioned papers on the same subject :—

Letter from Civil Auditor, Fort William, No. 985, dated 4th instant.

Letter from the Punjab Civil Auditor, No. 44, dated 23rd ultimo.

Resolution.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to pass, experimentally for one year, the following Rules in respect to the Deputation Allowance receivable by the Officers mentioned below :—

"When Covenanted Officers, Civil or Military, officiate for Uncovenanted Officers and when Uncovenanted Officers act for Covenanted Officers, Civil or Military, the Deputation Allowance in such cases will be regulated according to the principle laid down in Chapter VI., Sections 25, 26 and 27 of the Covenanted Civil Absentee Rules, it being understood, however, that Section 27 shall not apply to Ministerial Officers acting for Covenanted Officers, who are entitled to acting allowance from the date they commence to officiate, and not after the expiration of one month, as in the case of other Uncovenanted Officers of superior grade.

When an Officer of the Uncovenanted Service acts for another of the same Service or when a Military Officer acts for another Military Officer, he shall be governed by the Rules of the respective Services to which he belongs.

In passing the foregoing Rules, the Governor General in Council directs that the Audit Offices in the several Presidencies and Governments should submit, at the expiration of the experimental year for which the Rules are sanctioned, a Return showing in juxta-position the amount forfeited by

the Absentees of the Military (so far as it is concerned with the Civil Department) and Uncovenanted Services, as well as that defrayed in the remuneration of their Substitutes in the same manner as is done at present, with regard to the forfeited Salary and the Deputation Allowance of Covenanted Civil Servants.

ORDER.—Ordered, that a copy of the foregoing Resolution be sent to the Civil Auditors, Fort William, Fort St. George, Bombay and North-Western Provinces, for information and guidance, and to the Punjab Civil Auditor, in reply to his reference above adverted to.

ORDERED further, that a transcript of the Resolution be published in the *Official Gazette* for general information.

No. 639 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab, are published in General Orders :—

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.—*Nos.* 766-67, *dated* 12*th April* 1859.—*Appointment.*—Lieutenant A. C. Paddy, Probationary Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, is posted to the 2nd Division of the Baree Doab Canal.

No. 930, *dated* 20*th April* 1859.—*Leave.*—Lieutenant N. W. Elphinstone, Officiating Deputy Commissioner of Googaira, has obtained eight weeks' leave of absence, from the date on which he may avail himself thereof, preparatory to applying for fifteen months' Furlough to Europe, on Medical Certificate, under the new Rules.

No. 640 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, are published in General Orders :—

The 21*st April* 1859.—Lieutenant G. J. Reeves, to be Commandant of the 2nd Bengal Police Battalion, but to continue in charge of the Irregular Cavalry at Chota Nagpore until further orders.

The 23*rd April* 1859.—Lieutenant C. J. D. Arbuthnot to be Second in Command of the 4th Bengal Police Battalion, but to continue for the present in Command of the Shahabad European Mounted Police.

Lieutenant William Parry Davies, of the Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry, to be Second in Command and Officiating Adjutant of the 10th Bengal Police Battalion.

The 25*th April* 1859.—Brevet Major C. Douglas to officiate as Professor of Natural Philosophy and Astronomy in the Presidency College.

No. 641 *of* 1859.—Assistant Surgeon George Nicholas Cheek, of the Medical Department, Civil, Bancoorah, is permitted to proceed to Sea, on Medical Certificate, and to be absent from Bengal on that account for three months, under the new Regulations.

No. 642 *of* 1859.—The leave of absence to visit Bombay, for three months, on private affairs, granted to Lieutenant C. L. Richardson, of the 58th Native Infantry, Officiating Sub-Assistant Commissary General, in Government General Order No. 358, of the 18th March 1859, is to be held to have effect from the 4th March 1859.

No. 643 *of* 1859.—The leave of absence, to visit Bombay, preparatory to obtaining Sick leave to Europe, granted to Captain H. D. Twysden, of the 33rd Native Infantry, in Government General Order No. 1609, of the 30th November 1858, is extended to the 16th March 1859, the date on which that Officer embarked for Europe.

No. 644 *of* 1859.—*Erratum.*—In Government General Order No. 316, of the 10th March 1859, granting certain rewards to the men of Alexander's Horse, for Sowar "Kurtab" Sing, read Sowar Purtab Singh. Order Books to be corrected accordingly.

No. 645 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to confer the following rewards on the under-mentioned Native Officers, with effect from the 3rd November 1858, in consideration of their conspicuous gallantry and distinguished conduct at the Capture of Rampore Kussiah :—

1st Punjaub Cavalry.

Naib Ressaldar Meer Allum Khan ...	3rd Class Order of Merit.
Jemadar Ram Sing, promoted from 3rd to ...	2nd Class Order of Merit.
Duffadar Hurree Singh ...	3rd Class Order of Merit.

9th Regiment Punjaub Infantry.

Subadar Futteh Singh ...	3rd Class Order of Merit.
Subadar Ghunnee Khan ...	
Jemadar Bhola Singh ...	

No. 646 *of* 1859.—Rank is assigned to the under-mentioned Assistant Surgeons, from the date specified :—

Medical Department.

Assistant Surgeon	William Edward Allen, not (arrived) ...	10th February 1859.
,, ,,	Alexander Carroll Maingay, M. D., (not arrived) ...	
,, ,,	Riners Mantell, M. B., (not arrived) ...	
,, ,,	William John Thomson, (not arrived) ...	
,, ,,	Edwin Clement Bensley, (not arrived) ...	
,, ,,	James Fawcus, M. D. ...	
,, ,,	George Bremner, M. D., (not arrived) ...	
,, ,,	Thomas William Sheppard, (not arrived) ...	
,, ,,	John Ellis, M. B., (not arrived) ...	
,, ,,	Edric Selons ...	
,, ,,	Charles Peter Costello, (not arrived) ...	
,, ,,	James John Durant, (not arrived) ...	
,, ,,	Ferdinand Odevaine ..	
,, ,,	Robert Rhind, (not arrived) ...	
,, ,,	George Grant, M. B., (not arrived) ...	
,, ,,	William Nichol, M. D., (not arrived) ...	
,, ,,	George Cochet Chesnaye, (not arrived) ...	
,, ,,	John Duncan, M. D., (not arrived) ...	

Assistant Surgeon	Edward Ord Tandy, (not arrived) ...	10th February 1859.
„ „	James Robert Purefoy, M. D., (not arrived) ...	
„ „	Francis Parsons, (not arrived) ...	
„ „	Henry Seymour Smith, M. D., (not arrived) ...	
„ „	Frederick George Constant, M. D. ...	
„ „	James Hunt Condon, (not arrived) ...	
„ „	William Roe Hooper, (not arrived) ...	
„ „	Mark Henry Lackersteen, (not arrived) ...	

No. 647 *of* 1859.—The following Orders issued by the Resident at Hyderabad, are confirmed :—

No. 77, *dated* 20*th April* 1859.—Confirming the Station Order by Captain Woodcock, Commanding at Ellichpoor, dated 14th April 1859, directing Lieutenant Watson, 5th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, to assume Command temporarily of the 2nd Company Artillery, Hyderabad Contingent, until the arrival of Lieutenant Henchy, consequent on the departure of Lieutenant Strutt, Commanding 2nd Company Artillery, Hyderabad Contingent, on leave to Bombay.

No. 78.—Confirming the Station Order by Captain Prescott, Commanding at Ellichpoor, dated 21st March 1859, directing Assistant Surgeon Boggs, 5th Infantry, to assume Medical charge of the Left Wing 4th Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, 2nd Company Artillery, Hyderabad Contingent from that date.

No. 648 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate :—

Lieutenant John James Eagar, of the 52nd Regiment Madras Native Infantry	For eighteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 649 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers have returned to their duty on this Establishment, without prejudice to their rank :—

	Date of Arrival at Fort William.
Lieutenant Hungerford Deedes Jackson, of the Regiment of Artillery ...	30th April 1859.
Lieutenant Archibald Logan Douglas, of the 2nd European Bengal Fusiliers ..	

No. 650 *of* 1859.—Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned gentleman to be a Cadet for the Infantry of Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces at the Presidency of Bengal. He is accordingly admitted into the Service, and promoted to the rank of Ensign, from the date assigned to him in Government General Order No. 400, of the 25th March last :—

	Date of Arrival at Fort William.
Infantry.	
Mr. David Adamson ...	3rd May 1859.

Fort William, the 10*th May* 1859.

No. 651 *of* 1859.—With reference to General Order by the President in Council, No. 1009, of 30th June 1858, it is announced that the services of an "Agent for Sick and Wounded Officers" being no longer found necessary, the appointment will be abolished from the 1st proximo.

No. 652 *of* 1859.—The following Notification from the Foreign Department, is published in General Orders ;—

No. 2297, *dated* 30*th April* 1859.—The Right Hon'ble the Governor General is pleased to make the following appointments :—

Colonel Sir Richmond Shakespear, Knight, to be Agent to the Governor General for Central India.

Major W. F. Eden, 1st Madras Native Infantry, to be Political Agent in Meywar.

Major R. L. Taylor, 18th Bombay Native Infantry, to be Political Agent at Jeypore.

Major R. Morrieson, 52nd Native Infanty, to be Political Agent at Harowtee.

Captain J. P. Nixon, 25th Bombay Native Infantry, to be Political Agent at Joudhpore.

Major P. A. P. Bouverie, 35th Native Infantry, to be Political Agent at Bhurtpore.

Captain A. R. E. Hutchinson, 13th Native Infantry, to be Political Agent at Bhopal.

No. 653 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, issued by the Government, North-Western Provinces, are published in General Orders :—

No. 1375, *Allahabad, the* 19*th April* 1859.—*Appointment.*—Assistant Surgeon James Wise, M. D., is appointed, as a temporary measure, to the Medical charge of the Civil Station of Muttra, with effect from the 4th instant.

No. 1521, *Allahabad, the* 28*th April* 1859.—*Leave of Absence.*—Assistant Surgeon G. R. Pemberton, M D., Civil Assistant Surgeon of Mirzapore, for two weeks, under the Rules applicable to Military Officers in Staff employ, from the 15th May next, or from such date as he may avail himself of it, preparatory to applying for leave to England, on private affairs.

No. 654 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, from the Public Works Department, are published in General Orders :—

No. 91, *the* 21*st April* 1859.—*Appointment.*—Captain R. D. Dansey, of the 3rd Madras European Regiment, formerly belonging to the Department of Public Works, Madras, is appointed a Special Assistant Engineer in the Public Works Department, and posted to the Gwalior Division, with effect from the date on which he joined his appointment.

No. 100, *dated* 30*th April* 1859.—*Leave of Absence.*—Lieutenant Colonel J. Laughton, of Engineers, Department of Public Works, is allowed six months' leave of absence, on Medical Certificate from the 14th instant, to proceed to Simla and the Hills North of Deyrah. The eight weeks' indulgence leave granted to Colonel Laughton by Notification, No. 47, dated 5th ultimo, is cancelled.

No. 102.—By the Notification in the Public Works Department, No. 117, dated 17th June 1856 (Public Works Code, Chapter 1, Paragraph 4) the Military Allowances of Commissioned, Warrant, and Non-Commissioned Officers, and of Soldiers employed in the Public Works Department, are chargeable to that Department, the pay proper only being chargeable to the Military Department, although both were drawn from the Military Pay Offices under the audit of the Military Auditor General.

2. The Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council is now pleased to direct that the Military Allowances of Officers and Soldiers employed in the Public Works Department shall be drawn in the same bills with their Staff salaries, subject to the audit of the Chief Engineers under whom they may be serving. The pay proper only will be drawn from the Military Pay Offices under audit of the Military Auditor General.

3. The operation of this Notification will commence with (and include) the Military allowances for May 1859.

4. This Regulation is applicable to the three Presidencies of India.

No. 655 *of* 1859.—The services of Assistant Surgeon G. Bidie, M. B., attached to the 1st Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Fort St. George, for another appointment.

No. 656 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following letter from the Deputy Adjutant General of the Army, No. 99, of the 8th ultimo, with enclosures, reporting the successful operations of Lieutenant-Colonel F. Hannay, against the Meyong Clan of the Abors.

His Excellency in Council concurs with the Commander-in-Chief in the approbation expressed by His Lordship regarding these operations:—

No. 99.

FROM THE DEPY. ADJT. GENL. OF THE ARMY,

TO THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVT. OF INDIA,
Military Department.

SIR,

I AM directed by the Commander-in-Chief to transmit for the information of His Excellency the Governor General in Council, a letter dated 11th ultimo, No. 107, from Colonel F. Jenkins, Agent to the Governor General and Commanding Troops North-Eastern Frontier, enclosing a Report from Lieutenant-Colonel F. Hannay, of his recent successful operations against the Meyong Clan of the Abors.

Lord Clyde desires to express his approbation of the manner in which these operations were conducted, and of the gallantry of those engaged in them, but especially of the Detachment Indian Naval Brigade under Lieutenant Lewis.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) H. W. NORMAN, *Major,*
Deputy Adjutant General of the Army.

DELHI,
The 8th April 1859.

No. 107 of 1859.

FROM COLONEL F. JENKINS,
Agent, Gover.-Genl. & Comdg. N. E. Frontier,

TO MAJOR ROSS,
Assistant Adjutant General of the Army,
Head-Quarters, Barrackpore.
Dated Gowhatty, the 11th March 1859.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to submit for transmission to the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief, in original, a letter No. 41, of the 28th ultimo, from Lieutenant-Colonel Hannay, accompanied by a Sketch Map and six enclosures, reporting the complete success of the Detachment under his Command in carrying by assault on the 27th ultimo the strong stockaded position of the confederated Meyong Clans of Abors and the destruction of two of their villages.

2. I have pleasure in drawing notice to the high satisfaction expressed by Colonel Hannay at the conduct of the whole of the Troops under his Command, and particularly with the gallant manner in which the attack was led by the Naval Brigade, under the Command of Lieutenant Lewis, of the Indian Navy.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) F. JENKINS, *Colonel,*
Agent, Governor General and
Commanding N. E. Frontier.

Forwarded to the Adjutant General of the Army, for submission to the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief by His Excellency's obedient servant,

J. B. HEARSEY, *Major General,*
Commanding Presidency Division.

BARRACKPORE,
The 22nd March 1859.

No. 41.

FROM LIEUTENANT-COLONEL S. F. HANNAY,
Commanding 1st Assam Light Infantry
Battalion, and Expedition to Abor Hills,

TO COLONEL F. JENKINS,
Agent, Governor General and Commanding
Troops Assam, Gowhatty.
Passee Ghat,
Monday, 28th February 1859.

SIR,

IN continuation of my letter No. 40, of the 19th instant, I have the honor to acquaint you, that the expedition under my Command reached the vicinity of Passee Ghat on Saturday, the 26th instant, and on Sunday morning, the 27th instant, I proceeded from that point, with a party as per margin, to the attack of Passee and the adjoining Meyong Abor Village of Rong Khong, which was effectually carried out, and those two positions taken and completely destroyed by 4 P. M., when I returned to the Camp established at Passee Ghat.

Europeans— I. N.
60 Men.
3 Officers.
1 Assistant Surgeon.
Assam Local Artillery.
35 Men.
1 European Officer.
2-12 pounder Howitzers.
2 Mortars.
1*st Assam L. I. Battalion.*
160 Rank and File.
1 European Officer.
1 European Non-Comd. Officer.
150 Auxiliaries,
Khamptees, Singphoos & Doomeas.

2. I beg to state that the resistance made by the Abors to our advance was most obstinate and determined which they were enabled to do, from their thorough knowledge of the ground, their peculiar skill as marksmen and their formidable barricades and stockades, eleven in number, from the river bank, nine of which the enemy defended, and in three instances it was necessary to use a 12-pounder Howitzer Gun, to open a way for the assault.

3. The enclosed list of Killed and Wounded (Europeans and Natives) will show that we had to contend against a formidable enemy, armed with a powerful weapon in skilful hands; the strong nature of the defences keeping the attacking party unavoidably exposed, not only to the fire from the front but from both flanks, and from trees and heights occupied by

the enemy. However all went down before the gallantry of the Troops. The village of Rong Khong and three strong positions were carried at the point of the bayonet by our gallant band of Europeans, Indian Navy, and the Advanced Guard under Lieutenants Lewis and Davies, with Mr. Midshipman Mayo. The position of Passee was taken by Major Reid and myself, the main body of Native Troops, with the Local Artillery and a 12-pounder Howitzer Gun.

4. In such jungle positions and with the prevailing practice of carrying off their wounded, the loss of the enemy cannot be ascertained, but they must have suffered considerably, particularly in the defences of Rong Khong where the conflict was hand to hand One body was found at Rong Khong and the traces of blood from the different positions they held, to the villages, afforded proofs of their having suffered.

5. I beg leave to express my utmost satisfaction with the conduct of the Troops engaged, European and Native. I would especially notice for your information, and that of the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief, the very gallant conduct of the Indian Naval Brigade, under Lieutenant Lewis, Indian Navy, with Lieutenant Davies and Mr. Midshipman Mayo, Indian Navy. Lieutenant Lewis had a narrow escape; an arrow fired at a very short distance lodging in his cap pocket. Lieutenant Davies, who gallantly led the Advance Guard throughout the whole of the operations of the day, was, I am sorry to say, severely hit in the left breast and left arm. Mr. Midshipman Mayo also, a gallant young lad, who was prominently forward on all occasions, was slightly wounded in the finger. I beg to report that the conduct of these Officers was most gallant and exemplary, and I have to add also the highly meritorious conduct of Mr. Assistant Surgeon White, whose devotion and attention to the wounded, in positions of great risk, was beyond all praise.

6. I have now to bring to your notice the great assistance which has been afforded, throughout the expedition, by Major Reid and his small party of Artillerymen, being an eye-witness to their gallant conduct in serving the guns amidst showers of arrows from all directions, and seeing many of the men hit, their continued exertions to dislodge the enemy evinced a very Soldier-like spirit.

7. My Serjeant Major was present, and he behaved with his usual Soldier-like steadiness.

8. In conclusion, I beg to state that I have received the greatest assistance from Captain Bivar, your Principal Assistant, with me. His personal exertions, in regard to the requisite supplies, carriage and boats, and on bringing the large fleet with us up stream, have been most praiseworthy. I shall await his wishes for a few days at this place, to enable him to make his arrangements with the different Tribes.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) S. F. Hannay, *Lieutenant-Colonel, Commanding 1st Assam Light Infantry Battalion, and Expedition to Abor Hills.*

P. S.—Annexed is a rough Sketch of the line of operations.

From Assistant Surgeon John Berry White,
In Medical charge of Abor Expeditionary Force,
To Lieutenant-Colonel S. F. Hannay,
Commanding 1st Assam Light Infantry Battalion and Expeditionary Force to Abor Hills.

Camp Pashee Ghat, 28th February 1859.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward you a List of Casualties of the engagement of yesterday of Expeditionary Force to Abor Hills under your Command.

At the same time I think it right to inform you, that in each case the arrow was poisoned with extract of a species of aconite.

I am happy to say that in consequence of the measures which I adopted on the Field, *viz.*, cupping, suction, and ligatures above the wound, very little ill results ensued from the poison, and those have succumbed to the ordinary treatment for narcotico-acrid poisoning.

I have, &c.,

John Berry White, *Asst. Surgeon, In Medical charge of Abor Expeditionary Force.*

Nominal Return of Casualties of a Detachment of No. 4 Indian Naval Brigade, at the reduction of the Village of Ron Khong and Pashee, Abor Hills, on the 27th February 1859.

Pashee Ghat, 28th February 1859.

Killed.

Robert Blume, A. B.

Dangerously Wounded.

Names.	Rank.	How Wounded.
William Brown ..	A. B. ..	Poisoned incised arrow wound of abdomen.
John George ..	A. B. ..	Poisoned punctured arrow wound of thigh.
John Evans ..	A. B. ..	Poisoned punctured arrow wound of axilla.
William Sainsbury ..	A. B. ..	Poisoned punctured arrow wound of shoulder.

Severely Wounded.

Names.	Rank.	How Wounded.
William H. Davies ..	Lieutenant ..	Poisoned punctured wound of arm and thorax.
John Currie ..	A. B. ..	Poisoned punctured arrow wound of leg.
Thomas Hastings ..	2nd Class P. O. ..	Poisoned punctured arrow wound of shoulder.
James Robinson, 1st ..	A. B. ..	Poisoned punctured arrow wound of shoulder.
David Hardie ..	A. B. ..	Poisoned punctured arrow wound of arm.
Robert Robertson, 2nd ..	A. B. ..	Poisoned punctured arrow wound of elbow.
William Fegan ..	A. B. ..	Poisoned punctured arrow wound of chest.

SLIGHTLY WOUNDED.

NAMES.	RANK.	HOW WOUNDED.
Arthur Mayo ..	Midshipman ..	Lacerated poisoned wound of finger.
Richard Augier ..	Quarter Master ..	Poisoned punctured wound of leg and arm.
Charles Maple ..	1st Class P. O. ..	Poisoned punctured wound of ankle.
Alfred Emanuel ..	A. B. ..	Poisoned punctured wound of leg.
Joseph Frank ..	A. B. ..	Poisoned punctured wound of leg.
George Day ..	A. B. ..	Poisoned punctured wound of arm.
James Davis ..	A. B. ..	Poisoned punctured wound of thorax.
John Carter ..	A. B. ..	Poisoned punctured wound of leg.
Benjamin Davis ..	A. B. ..	Poisoned punctured wound of thorax and arm.
John McEvor ..	A. B. ..	Poisoned punctured wound of leg.
Abraham Templeman ..	A. B. ..	Poisoned punctured wound of thorax.
John Fox ..	A. B. ..	Poisoned punctured wound of arm.
William Alfred ..	A. B. ..	Poisoned punctured wound of foot.
Thomas Kean ..	Artillery Gunner ..	Poisoned punctured wound of leg and arm.
James Skinner ..	Artillery Gunner ..	Poisoned punctured wound of leg.
Frederick Jackson ..	Artillery Gunner ..	Poisoned punctured wound of thorax.

(Signed) JOHN BERRY WHITE, *Assistant Surgeon,*
In Medical charge Abor Expeditionary Force.

Abstract of Killed and Wounded.

Killed ..	1
Dangerously wounded ..	4
Severely wounded ..	7
Slightly wounded ..	16
Total killed and wounded ..	28

Strength of Detachment.

Officers ..	3
Petty Officers, Seamen and Marines ..	62
Total ..	65

(Signed) J. G. LEWIS, *Lieutenant, I. N.,*
Commanding No. 4 I. N. Brigade.

(Signed) S. F. HANNAY, *Lieutenant-Colonel,*
Commanding Expedition.

Nominal Return of Casualties of Detachment of Assam Local Artillery, at the reduction of the Villages Rong Khong and Pashee, Abor Hills, February 27th, 1859.

Camp Pashee Ghat, 28th February 1859.

NAMES.	RANK.	NATURE OF WOUND.	
Boot Kissen Singh ..	Golundaz..	Poisoned punctured wound of thigh ..	Severely.
Bhaboora Ram ..	Ditto ..	Poisoned punctured wound of thigh ..	Severely.
Meetha Ram ..	Ditto ..	Poisoned punctured wound of cheek ..	Slightly.
Ram Gooluck Singh ..	Ditto ..	Poisoned punctured wound of foot ..	Slightly.
Ram Buccas Singh ..	Ditto ..	Poisoned punctured wound of thigh ..	Slightly.
Gathee Ram ..	Ditto ..	Poisoned punctured wound of foot ..	Slightly.

(Signed) JOHN BERRY WHITE, *Assistant Surgeon,*
In Medical charge Abor Expeditionary Force.

(Signed) D. REID, *Major,*
Comdg. Local Artillery.

(Signed) S. F. HANNAY, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Comdg Expedition.

Nominal Return of Casualties of Detachment of 1st Assam Light Infantry, at the reduction of the Villages Rong Khong and Pashee, Abor Hills, February 27th, 1859.

Camp Pashee Ghat, 28th February 1859.

Names.	Rank.	Nature of Wound.	How Wounded.
Madder Bux ...	Bugler ...	Poisoned incised wound of temple ...	Severely.
Kaloo Ram ...	Sepoy ...	Poisoned punctured wound of thigh ...	Severely.
Mukdoon Bux ...	Bugler ...	Poisoned punctured wound of leg ...	Slightly.

(Signed) John Berry White, *Assistant Surgeon,*
In Medical charge, Expeditionary Force.
(Signed) S. F. Hannay, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Comdg. Expedition.

Nominal Return of Casualties of Auxiliary Tribes at the reduction of the Villages Rong Khong and Pashee Abor Hills, February 27th, 1859.

Camp Pashee Ghat, 28th February 1859.

Names.	Rank.	Nature of Wound.	How Wounded.
Oney ..	Dooneah ..	Poisoned punctured wound of leg ...	Slightly.
Chomar ..	Kamptee..	Poisoned punctured wound of thorax ...	Ditto.
Chowla ...	Ditto ..	Poisoned punctured wound of arm ...	Ditto.
Plangeah ..	Ditto ..	Poisoned punctured wound of thorax ...	Ditto.
Popa Singh ..	Ditto ..	Poisoned punctured wound of ankle ...	Ditto.
Paulong Tong ..	Ditto ..	Poisoned punctured wound of leg ..	Ditto.
Chow Kong ..	Ditto ...	Poisoned lacerated wound of toe ...	Ditto.
Plangaisan ..	Ditto ...	Poisoned punctured wound of leg ..	Ditto.

(Signed) John Berry White, *Assistant Surgeon,*
In Medical charge, Expeditionary Force.
(Signed) H. S. Bivar,
Principal Assistant Agent Governor General,
Luckimpore.
(Signed) S. F. Hannay, *Lieutenant-Colonel,*
Comdg. Expedition.

Abstract of Killed and Wounded of the Abor Expeditionary Force, at the reduction of the Villages Rong Khong and Pashee, February 27th, 1859.

	Killed.	*Wounded.*
Indian Naval Brigade, No. 4 Detachment ...	1	27
1st Assam Light Infantry Detachment, 2 Companies ...		3
Assam Local Artillery Detachment ...		6
Auxiliary Tribes, Kamptees, Dooneahs and Singhfoos ...		8
Grand Total ...	1	44

(Signed) John Berry White, *Assistant Surgeon,*
In Medical charge, Abor Expeditionary Force.
(Signed) S. F. Hannay, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Comdg. Expedition.

Camp Pasee Ghat
The 28th February 1859.

No. 657 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough on private affairs:—

Captain Henry Lewis, of the Regiment of Artillery, Principal Commissary of Ordnance ...	For six months, under the new Regulations.
Captain Abraham Richard Fuller, of the Regiment of Artillery, Inspector of the Department of Public Instruction, 1st or Meerut Circle, North-Western Provinces	For six months, under the new Regulations.
Assistant Surgeon William Delpratt, M. D., of the Medical Department, attached to the 3rd Punjab Cavalry	For six months, under the new Regulations, embarking at Bombay.
Captain Charles Baldwin, of the 2nd European Bengal Fusiliers, Assistant Commissioner, Jubbulpore Division... ...	For six months, under the new Regulations, embarking at Bombay.

No. 658 of 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment:—

Ordnance Commissariat Department.

Captain G. E. Voyle, First Class Commissary, to officiate as Principal Commissary of Ordnance during the absence on Furlough of Captain Lewis, or until further orders.

No. 659 *of* 1859.—Lieutenant Bruce Neilson Smith, of the 46th Regiment Native Infantry, Adjutant 3rd Irregular Cavalry, is allowed leave of absence from the 1st April to the 15th May 1859, to visit Bombay, with permission to proceed thence to Europe, on Furlough, on private affairs, for three years, under the old Regulations.

No. 660 *of* 1859.—With reference to Government General Order No. 88, of the 20th January last, the services of Lieutenant J. P. Westmorland, of the Corps of Engineers, are placed permanently at the disposal of the Public Works Department.

No. 661 *of* 1859.—Major J. Bontein, of the 37th Regiment Native Infantry, Officiating Sub-Assistant Commissary General, is allowed leave of absence for two months, from the 1st instant to the 1st July 1859, to visit the Presidency, preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe, under the old Regulations.

No. 662 *of* 1859.—The services of Lieutenant E. Swetenham, of the 45th Regiment Native Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Public Works Department, with effect from the 8th February 1859.

No. 663 *of* 1859.—The following Extract from the *London Gazette* of the 1st April 1859 is published for general information:—

BREVET.

War Office, Pall Mall, 1st April 1859.

Captain Thomas Rattray, of the 64th Bengal Native Infantry, to be Major in the Army,—dated 1st April 1859.

No 664 of 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following promotions in the Warrant Grade:—

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

To be Conductors.

Sub-Conductor D. McLeod, from the 6th April 1859.

Sub-Conductor C. B. Goode, from the 9th April 1859.

Sub-Conductor M. Cunningham, from the 20th April 1859.

No. 665 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate:—

Lieutenant Donald Macdonald, of the 25th Regiment Native Infantry ..	For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 666 *of* 1859.—*Erratum.*—In Government General Order No. 551, of the 19th of April 1859, promoting Captain W. Birch to be Major *by Brevet*, and Lieutenant J. M. Evans to be Captain *by Brevet*, in the 6th European Regiment, the words *by Brevet* are to be omitted. Order Books to be corrected accordingly.

R. J. H. BIRCH, *Major-Genl.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Public Works Department.

GENERAL.—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 113.

Fort William, the 7th May 1859.

Appointment.—Mr. W. Gillen is appointed a temporary Assistant Overseer in the Department Public Works, and posted to Bengal.

No. 114.

Promotion.—Mr. M. Duell, Sub-Engineer 3rd Class, Ganges and Darjeeling Road, is promoted to the Grade of Assistant Engineer, 2nd Class.

H. YULE, *Lieut.-Colonel*,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 2000.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 25th April* 1859.—Baboo Ram Govind Deb, Moonsiff of Cachar, to be also Deputy Magistrate, and to exercise the powers of a Covenanted Assistant to a Magistrate, under Regulations XIII. of 1797 and IX. of 1807, in Cachar.

The 5th May 1859.—Mr. W. T. Llewelyn to officiate as Assistant to the Protector of Emigrants, from the date on which he assumed charge of the Office of 3rd Assistant Master Attendant.

Sub-Assistant Surgeon Rohim Khan to be House Physician of the Medical College Hospital.

Sub-Assistant Surgeon Kasee Chunder Dutt to officiate as House Surgeon of the Medical College Hospital.

The 6th May 1859.—Mr S. H. C. Tayler to officiate as Magistrate of Tirhoot.

Mr. H. Michel, Sub-Assistant to the Commissioner of Assam, at Luckimpore, is vested with the powers of a Junior Assistant to the Commissioner, under the provisions of Section I., Clause 2, of the Rules for the administration of Criminal Justice in Assam.

The 9th May 1859.—Captain A. C. Plowden, 50th Regiment Native Infantry, to be Aide-de-Camp on the Personal Staff of the Lieutenant-Governor, from the 1st instant.

The Reverend F. F. Mazuchelli, D. D., to be Chaplain of Kidderpore.

Leave of Absence.—*The 5th May* 1859.—Mr. J. M. G. Cheek, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Kalarooa for one month, under Clause 1, Section VII. of the revised Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

A. R. Young,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 1605.

Allahabad, the 5th May 1859.

Appointments.—Mr. Alexander Ross to officiate as Commissioner of the Agra Division, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. G. F. Harvey, or until further orders.

No. 1607.

Mr. Edward Clive Bayley to officiate as Civil and Sessions Judge of Furruckabad, until further orders.

No. 1631.

Mr. John Adair Craigie is vested with the powers described in Acts XIV., XVI. and XVII. of 1857, in the Saugor and Nerbudda Territories.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

G. Couper,
Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 1585.

Allahabad, the 3rd May 1859.

Notifications.—The services of the under-mentioned Officers have this day been placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab and its Dependencies, with a view to their being appointed 3rd Class Assistant Commissioners :—

Mr. Edward Fairlie, C. S.

„ D. G. Barkley, C. S.

„ J. W. Smyth, C. S.

No. 1632.

The 5th May 1859.

Captain W. F. Eden received charge, on the 10th ultimo, of the Office of Commissioner of Ajmere and Neemuch, from Brigadier General G. St. P. Lawrence, on his proceeding to England, on Medical Certificate.

No. 1652.

The 7th May 1859.

Rugnath Singh, late Jemadar of Police, Chowkee Rundhka in Beesulpoor, District of Bareilly, having been proved to have harboured Rebels during the late disturbances, is hereby declared unworthy to serve Government in any capacity.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

J. D. Sandford,
Offg. Asst. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 915.

Allahabad, the 4th May 1859.

Leave of Absence.—The leave, for one month, granted to Captain G. Baillie, Deputy Superintendent Rookee Workshops, in Notification No. 535, dated 31st March last, is cancelled at his own request.

No. 718.

The 6th May 1859.

Erratum.—The appointments of Messrs. Wright, Jones and Bell, of the Customs Department, noti-

fied in Orders of 14th ultimo, No. 539, are to have effect from the 17th January last, instead of the 17th February.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

F. B. OUTRAM,

Offg. Under-Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 270A.

Allahabad, the 4th May 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. A. Bates, Adjutant of the Futtehpore District Police Battalion, privilege leave for two months, from the 5th instant, or from such date as he may avail himself of it, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Leave Rules.

No. 275.

The 6th May 1859.

Appointment.—Lieutenant R. D. Griffin, 64th Regiment Native Infantry, to be Second in Command of the 2nd Seikh Police Corps, at Goruckpore.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

G. W. WILLIAMS, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Military Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces.

Public Works Department,

Nos. 874-5, *dated 25th April* 1859.

Transfers.—Overseer D. King from the Upper Sirhind to the Mooltan Division of Public Works.

General Department,

Nos. 971-3, *dated 26th April* 1859.

Lieutenant R. Hudlestone, Assistant Commissioner, from the Shahpoor to the Derah Ismael Khan District.

No. 949, *dated 25th April* 1859.

Leave.—Lieutenant W. G. Davies, Officiating Deputy Commissioner of Jhung, has obtained eight weeks' leave of absence, from the date on which he may avail himself thereof, preparatory to his proceeding on sick leave to Europe, on Medical Certificate, under the new Rules.

No. 951.

The indulgence leave for two months granted to Davee Ditta, Extra Assistant of Goojranwalla, published in the *Punjaub Gazette* of the 15th January 1859, is cancelled, and he has obtained six months' leave of absence from the 10th January 1859, under Section V. of the Uncovenanted Service Leave Rules.

No. 952.

Mr. D. F. McLeod, Financial Commissioner of the Punjab, has obtained six weeks' leave of absence, from the date of his availing himself thereof, preparatory to obtaining leave to Europe, on Medical Certificate.

Public Works Department,

No. 886, *dated 26th April* 1859.

Native Surveyor Durga Pershad, of the Huslee Canal, has obtained four months' leave of absence, on urgent private affairs, from the date of his availing himself thereof.

General Department,

Dated 27th April 1859.

Promotions.—The Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to make the following promotions, consequent on the transfer of Captain R. H. D. Tulloh, Assistant Commissioner, 1st Class, to Oude :—

Mr. J. Taylor, Assistant Commissioner, 2nd Class, to be an Assistant Commissioner, 1st Class.

Lieutenant J. R. G. G. Shortt, Assistant Commissioner, 3rd Class, to be an Assistant Commissioner, 2nd Class.

Public Works Department,

Nos. 904-5, *dated 28th April* 1859.

Transfers.—Overseer Serjeant S. S. Marriott from the Lahore Division to the Lahore and Peshawur Road.

2. Overseer Serjeant J. Riley from the Lahore and Peshawur Road to the Lahore Division.

General Department,

No. 1006, *dated 29th April* 1859.

Leave.—Mr. Colin Lindsay, Assistant Commissioner, Goorgaon, has obtained one month's privilege leave, under Section XII. of the Civil Service Absentee Rules, from the 1st May 1859, or from the date on which he may avail himself thereof.

Dated 30th April 1859.

Appointment.—Lieutenant R. J. D. Ferris, Assistant Commissioner, Kohat, to be Secretary to the Local Fund Committee of that District.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab and its Dependencies,

R. H. DAVIES,

Secy. to Govt., Punjab, and its Dependencies.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the sixth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1857-58, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Monday, the 13th of June 1859, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 2,260 chests, *viz* :—

Behar Opium	1,915
Benares Ditto	345
Total Chests ..	2,260

2. The general conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 1st December 1858, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 18th and 28th June 1859, respectively, that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, Company's Paper or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the sale, will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 18th June 1859, and no Treasury Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M., of Tuesday, the 28th June 1859.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium of 1857-58, will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board however reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Thursday, 14th July 1859 -	1915	345	2260
Do. Wednesday, 10th August „ -	1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 9th September „ -	1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 14th October „ -	1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 7th November „ -	1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 5th December „ -	1894	379	2313
	11509	2104	13613

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 4th May 1859.

No. 257.

Notice.

TENDERS for the transportation of Salt from the Central and Southern Agencies of Orissa, to the Government Golahs at Sulkea, will be received at this Office until 2 P. M., of the 17th of May next.

2. The Tenders must be drawn up according to a form which may be obtained on application at this Office.

3. Distinct contracts must be entered into for the removal of the Salt in each of the three following localities, to wit, Hunsooah (in Central Cuttack) and the Ustrung Aurungs and the Chilka Lake Aurungs, in the Southern or Poorce Agency.

4. Parties tendering must satisfy the Board of Revenue and the Commissioner of Cuttack, that they possess the means of conveying the full quantity of Salt tendered for, and with this object a list of the vessels intended to be employed must accompany each Tender.

5. The quantity of Salt to be shipped at the Hunsooah Golahs will probably not exceed 1,00,000 maunds in each year; that from the Ustrungs is roughly estimated at 80,000 maunds for the ensuing season, and that from the Chilka Aurungs at maunds 3,20,000. The tenderer may apply for the whole quantity for which freight is required at each locality, or for any part not less than a quarter of such quantity.

6. Contractors must engage to ship the Salt allotted to them, during the period between the last spring tides of October and the end of February.

7. Parties whose tenders are accepted will be required to make a deposit of Government Promissory Notes, or to furnish other unexceptionable Security for the performance of their contracts.

8. The Board reserve to themselves the right of rejecting any Tender without assigning a reason.

By order of the Board of Revenue,

E. T. TREVOR,
Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 15th March 1859.

Notification.

THE undersigned begs to notify for the information of Officers under the direct orders of the Government of India, that the designations of the Districts of Paneeput and Khangurh, in the Punjab, have been altered to Kurnaul and Moozuffergurh, respectively.

E. DRUMMOND,
Accti. Genl. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM;
Accountant General's Office, Durbar and Revenue Dept.,
The 29th April 1859.

Notification No. 1000.

THE Public Bill Form, bearing the printed No. 291550, having been found to be missing from the Nuddea Treasury, is hereby cancelled; and Officers in charge of Treasuries are cautioned to refuse acceptance of it, if presented, taking the requisite steps for the apprehension of the parties concerned in negotiating it.

R. P. HARRISON,
Offg. Accti. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM;
Office of Accts., Govt. of Bengal,
The 29th April 1859.

Monthly Account of Salt in Store in the several Agencies and the Sulkeah Golahs up to 30th April 1859, *together with 4 per Cent. reserve for Golah Wastage.*

Agencies.	1260 or 1853-54, and previous years.			1261 or 1854-55.			1262 or 1855-56.			1263 or 1856-57.			1264 or 1857-58.			1265 or 1858-59.			Total Quantity in Store.		
Hidgellee,	Mds.	S.	C.	Mds.	S.	C.	Mds.	S.	C.	Mds.	S.	C.	Mds.	S.	C.	Mds.	S.	C.	Mds.	S.	C.
Pungah Salt Ghaut Russoolpore ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1188	3	12	49005	0	0	50193	3	12
Ditto do., Kissennuggur	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	90919	0	0	50294	0	0	141213	0	0
Ditto do., Ramnuggur	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	116448	30	0	182553	39	0	50632	0	0	349634	29	0
Do. do., North Kaleenuggur	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9089	25	8	86324	0	0	95413	25	8
Do. do., Pooree Ghautta ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23018	0	0	33707	0	0	56725	0	0
Total ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	116448	30	0	306768	28	4	269962	0	0	693179	28	4
Tumlook.																					
Pungah, Ghaut Narrainpore ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4960	24	5	138976	0	0	143936	24	5
Total ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4960	24	5	138976	0	0	143936	24	5
Chittagong.																					
Pungah, Bangkhally Ghaut ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11679	9	0	0	0	0	11679	9	0
Do Sudder Ghaut Agency ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	72012	39	15	0	0	0	72012	39	15
Do. do., Arracan ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kurkutch Madras ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	31444	0	0	248467	8	8	0	0	0	279911	8	8
Total ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	31444	0	0	332159	17	5	0	0	0	363603	17	5
Sulkea.																					
Pungah, Cuttack ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	85	0	0	108468	0	0	0	0	0	108553	0	0
Do., Balasore ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Do., Khordha ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	442	10	0	2214	0	0	0	0	0	2656	10	0
Do., Chilka ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2823	0	0	0	0	0	2823	0	0
Do., 24-Pergunnahs ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	4320	0	0	13631	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17951	0	0
Do. do., Narainpore ...	200597	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	200597	20	0
Do. do., Baugundee .	0	0	0	0	0	0	1846	0	0	138168	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	140014	20	0
Do. do., Dhosah .	0	0	0	0	0	0	1560	0	0	71058	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	72618	0	0
Kurkutch Madras Permit .	0	0	0	259232	30	0	691886	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	951118	30	0
Do. Chilka ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	9009	0	0	433062	10	0	174700	0	0	0	0	0	616770	10	0
Do. Scinde	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	56445	0	0	56445	0	0
Mixed Kurkutch ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2226	0	0	2226	0	0
Pungah, Pooree Ghautta ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1204	0	0	0	0	0	1204	0	0
Do. Ramnugger .	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1238	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1238	0	0
Mixed Pungah Salt ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	562	0	0	562	0	0
Total ...	200597	20	0	259232	30	0	708821	0	0	657692	0	0	289409	0	0	59233	0	0	2174785	10	0
Arracan.																					
Pungah, Ghaut Khyouk Phyoo ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9574	0	0	2213	20	0	11787	20	0
Total .	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9574	0	0	2213	20	0	11787	20	0
Grand Total...	200597	20	0	259232	30	0	708821	0	0	805584	30	0	942871	29	14	470384	20	0	3387992	9	14

R. T. Trevor,
Secretary.

Board of Revenue,
The 4th May 1859.

Notice.

The General Treasury will be closed on Tuesday, the 24th instant, the Anniversary of Her Most Gracious Majesty's birthday.

J. I. Harvey,
Sub-Treasurer.

General Treasury,
The 9th May 1859.

Notice of the Municipal Commissioners.

The new Thoroughfare leading from Colootollah to Muchoon Bazar having been completed, notice is hereby given that, under the authority of Government, the same will henceforth be called "Halliday Street." Parties owning property on either side of the new Street are requested to forward Title Deeds for the same to this Office, in order that the necessary alterations may thereon be recorded.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioners,

Robt. Turnbull,
Secretary to the Municipal Commissioners.

Municipal Commissioners' Office;
3, *Chowringhee Road,*
Calcutta, 10*th May* 1859.

Notification.

Fort William, Civil Auditor's Office, the 20*th April* 1859.

To the Officers of the Political, Judicial, Revenue, Customs, Salt, Opium, and other branches of Service.

The Civil Auditor has the honor to request that Disbursing Officers, in charge of Civil Establishments, will be good enough to submit, as soon after 1st of May next as may be practicable, separate from their April Pay Abstracts, the Annual Detailed Statements of the respective Establishments as per Forms Nos. 1, 2, and 3, furnished for their guidance in 1848, annexing a note to each of the above Statements showing the items of expenditure which, though sanctioned, have not been actually incurred with reference to Financial Resolution of 29th October 1857, No. 1751. Pending the receipt of these documents, the audit of their April Abstracts will, under Financial Resolution of 7th September 1842, be withheld.

The usual Annual Returns of Uncovenanted Servants up to May 1859, as well as separate Statements showing the periods of leave granted to Uncovenanted Assistants, are also requested to be furnished in Forms Nos. 4 and 5, with the above Annual Detailed Statements.

W. P. Palmer,
Civil Auditor.

Medical College.

The Session of 1859-60 will commence in the Medical College on the 15th June next.

2. Students who may be desirous of entering the College are requested to apply to the Principal, at the Medical College, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., on or before the 10th of June next.

3. The possession of the "Entrance Examination" Certificate of the Calcutta University, will entitle Students to enter the Medical College without further Examination.

4. Under certain conditions (which may be learned on application to the Principal) Students will be admitted in anticipation of passing the University Entrance Examination, but under the clear proviso of their going up for that Examination before the commencement of the Session of 1860-61.

5. The course of Instruction given in the Calcutta Medical College is framed to meet the requirements of the Calcutta University for obtaining its Degrees in Medicine and Surgery.

6. The Certificates of Lectures and Hospital Attendance of the College are likewise recognised by the University of London, the Royal College of Surgeons of England, and the Worshipful Society of Apothecaries of London, as entitling the possessors of such to compete in London for the Degree, Diploma and License of those bodies, under the Rules which regulate the granting of the same.

W. C. B. Eatwell, *M. D.*,
Principal, Medical College.

Calcutta;
Medical College Office,
The 30*th April* 1859.

Notification.

The Civil Auditor, North-Western Provinces, has the honor to repeat his annual call to all Disbursing Officers in charge of Civil Establishments in the North-Western Provinces, for the submission (as soon after the 1st May next, as practicable, with the April Abstract) of their regular Annual Detailed Statement, containing the names and full particulars of the whole of the Establishment; and to observe that, with reference to the orders of Government, dated 15th October 1812, published in the *Agra Government Gazette*, of the 15th November 1812, the audit of their Abstracts for April next will be withheld until the receipt of the required Returns.

2. To facilitate check, it is particularly requested that the Abstract for April be sub-divided into distinct headings, so that each description of Office with its total shall correspond with the details given in the Statement of Establishment or the 1st May, agreeably to the Form furnished.

3. It is also requested that the *three separate* Lists prescribed for all Uncovenanted Civil Servants (Europeans and East Indians) and Native, (in the last the names of *only those* holding appointments of *trust* and *responsibility* should be inserted,) employed on their Establishments, be furnished for 1st May 1859, without delay.

H. Loch,
Offg. Civil Auditor.

Civil Auditor's Office;
N. W. P., Allahabad,
The 31*st March* 1859.

WEEKLY STATEMENT OF TRAFFIC PASSED THROUGH THE CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS FROM 1st TO 6th MAY 1859.

From 1st to 6th May 1859.	Name of Chowkeys	Charcoal.			Wood Coal.			Piece Goods, Native Produce.			Piece Goods, Imported Fabrics.			Hides.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
Circular Canal	Samanghatta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	3775	30500
	Chitpore	27	27700	15175	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	2750	bal: 123	...	...	...
Tolly's Nullah	Samookpotta	...	...	...	2	1050	700	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Russa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Kyderpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

From 1st to 6th May 1859.	Name of Chowkeys	Cotton.			Castor Seed.			Castor Oil.			Indigo.			Jaggery.			Jute.			Lime.			Mustard Seed.			Mustard Seed Oil.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
Circular Canal	Samanghatta	...	...	...	2	105	970	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	1850	12330	26	2773	14300	23	2433	19000	69	4035	27675	1	700	200
	Chitpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	530	230	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tolly's Nullah	Samookpotta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	6330	3600	...	...	...	1	225	200	786	7975	5800	...	...	...
	Russa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Kyderpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	650	350	...	...	...	...	...	...

From 1st to 6th April 1859.	Name of Chowkeys	Salt.			Sugar.			Tobacco.			Linseed.			Paddy.			Pulse.			Peas.			Rice.			Wheat.			Lentil.			Grain.			Sundries.	
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Total Number of Boats.	Total Maundage by Canal Measurement.
Circular Canal	Samanghatta	...	...	...	109	50425	34275	19	6200	4500	97	23850	24975	6	1325	925	6	1850	1300	42	14230	9475	135	78100	52725	11	8575	3600	13	5150	3650	4	2575	2200	654	238475
	Chitpore	112	65800	38925	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	322	161550
Tolly's Nullah	Samookpotta	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	600	500	1	450	200	28	7500	5275	6	1300	1400	9	3650	2700	11	8375	2700	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	172	16000
	Russa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	375
	Kyderpore	14	9775	5300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	500	250	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	189	33725

J. F. GALIFFE,
Collector and Magistrate of Canals.

REPORT showing the smallest depth of water in the Bhaugiruttee, Jellinghee and Matabangah Rivers from 25th April to 1st May 1859.

Names of Rivers.	Smallest depth of Water.	Remarks on the Phenomena of the River, during the week.
Bhaugirutte River.	F. In.	
Above its entrance Bar in Ganges	4 9	All Boats suited for the present dry season's Traffic of the Nuddeah Rivers should take the Bhaugirattee route this year. These depths are on sand Lumps. They do not show the general depths of the Channels which are seldom less than from 3 feet 3 inches to 4½ feet.
On the entrance Bar ..	3 8	
From thence to Jungypore, 14 miles ...	2 7	
From Jungypore to Berhampore, 45 miles ...	2 9	
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 54 miles ..	2 8	
And from Cutwa to Nuddea, 63 miles ..	2 10	
Jellinghee River.		
From its entrance to Bansemarree ...	Closed.	Entrance closed by the Chur formed by Ganges in 1853-54.
From Bansemarree to Teeahkattah ...	1 3	
From Teeahkattah to Chundipore ...	1 8	
And from Chundipore to Moisgunge ...	2 6	
Matabangah River.		
From its entrance to Alickdeah ...	Closed.	Works on Upper River suspended. Lower River open from Alickdeah to Hooghly, and will be kept so. No Tolls collected since December 6th, 1858.
From Alickdeah to Seebpore ...	2 6	

Height of water on Gauge at Berhampore on the 1st May 1859 + 10½ inches.

T. N. Armstrong, *C. E.*,
Supdt., Nuddeah Rivers.

Kishnaghur,
The 5th May 1859.

Sheriff's Office; the 7th May 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery and also an Admiralty Sessions will be holden by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the sixth day of June next, at 12 o'Clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'Clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'Clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

W. F. Gilmore,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস ৭ মে ১৮৫৯ সাল

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ৩ জুন ১৮৫৯ সাল সোমবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার কোর্ট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের কোর্ট উইলিএমের সুপ্রেম কোর্ট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়েরটরমিনর এবং এডমাইরেলটি অর্থাৎ মহা সমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মোকদ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশীয়ান যতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এ বিষয় সকলে অবন রাখুন।

W. F. Gilmore,
Sheriff.

Bengal Civil Fund.

Notice.—The Half-Yearly General Meeting of Subscribers will be held at the Town Hall, on Wednesday, the 27th July next, at 11 A. M.

E. F. Harrison,
Hony. Secy.

Civil Fund,
The 9th May 1859.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

With reference to Government Notification No. 5, Fort William, Financial Department, 26th January 1855, notifying the intention of Government to dissolve its connexion with the Government Agency—

The Oriental Bank Corporation undertake the safe custody of Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal, and other local Stocks, free of all charge.

Will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, and remit at the current rates of exchange, or pay the same according to instructions, if to be remitted through the Corporation. Without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... 1-4th per Cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the purchase of Government or other Securities, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Corporation, ... Without charge.

WM. ANDERSON,
Agent.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION;
Calcutta, 29th January 1855.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Gooroodoss Mookerjee, an Insolvent ... } On Saturday, the 2nd day of April last, it was ordered that the petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic. Cap. XXI. be dismissed.

Pittar and Payne, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Alfred Dumat, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Alfred Dumat and others, Insolvents. } On Saturday, the 7th day of May instant, it was ordered that the petition of the said Insolvents seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic. Cap. XXI, be dismissed.

Carey and Berners, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Juggessur Laha, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 7th of May instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday the 14th day of May instant, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Homfray, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Nobinchunder Dutt, of Hautcollah in Calcutta, late a Banian, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 7th day of May instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday the 4th day of June next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Shircore, *Attorney.*

In the matter of John Noble Mabert, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Krishnacoomar Laheree and Chunderseekur Laheree, Insolvents. } On Saturday, the 7th day of May instant, it was ordered that the hearing of these several matters do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 2nd day of July next, and that the order made in these matters for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvents from arrest be enlarged to the said 2nd day of July next, and that the said Insolvents do then respectively attend to be examined by the said Court.

Sherrington, *Attorney.*
Pittar and Payne, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Kartickchurn Roy, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Hurrydoss Ghose and Brojomohun Paul, Insolvents. } On Saturday, the 7th day of May instant, it was ordered that the hearing of these several matters do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 4th day of June next, and that the order made in these matters for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvents from arrest be enlarged to the said 4th day of June next, and that the said Insolvents do then respectively attend to be examined by the said Court.

Orr and Goodall, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Gungakaunt Bhadoory, an Insolvent ...

In the matter of Boycauntnauth Sadkhan, an Insolvent ...

In the matter of George Norton, an Insolvent ...

In the matter of Konnyaloll Dobay, an Insolvent ... } On Saturday, the 7th day of May instant, it was ordered that the hearing of these several matters do stand adjourned until Saturday the 2nd day of July next, and that the said Insolvents do then respectively attend to be examined by the said Court.

T. Owen, *Attorney.*
Sherrington, *Attorney.*
Swinhoe, Beeby and Leslie, *Attorneys.*
Linton, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Isac Joseph Dock Cohen, of Portuguese Church Street, in Calcutta, Merchant, an Insolvent. } Notice that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court, on Tuesday, the 17th day of May instant, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Insolvent in person.

☞ *"Any Creditor of the said Insolvent desirous "of opposing such application, must appear before the "said Court at the time and place aforesaid."*

Chief Clerk's Office, 10th May 1859.

Notice.

THE Interest and Responsibility of MR. WILLIAM GRANT and MR. DAVID BAIRD LINDSAY, in our Firm here and at Rangoon, and in the Firm of JAMES WYLLIE & Co., in London, ceased on this date by the effluxion of time.

GLADSTONE, WYLLIE & Co.

CALCUTTA,
The 30th April 1859.

Notice.

MR. PATRICK KEITH and MR. GEORGE ROSS have this day been admitted as Partners in our Firm here and at Rangoon.

GLADSTONE, WYLLIE & Co.

CALCUTTA,
The 30th April 1859.

Required.

A TRANSLATOR thoroughly conversant with English and Oordoo. His duties will be to translate and to superintend the Persian Office. Salary Rupees 100 per mensem. Apply to Deputy Commissioner, Pertaubghur *vid* Allahabad, Oude.

Notice.

MR. JAMES CHURCH, JUNIOR, MR. DAVID BAIRD LINDSAY and MR. JAMES STEEL have this day commenced business as Merchants and Commission Agents under the firm of CHURCH, LINDSAY & Co.

Calcutta 2nd May 1859.

Notice.

MR. EDWARD JAMES LINDSAY is authorised to sign our Firm per procuration.

CHURCH, LINDSAY AND Co.

CALCUTTA,
2nd May 1859.

Notice.

THE Interest of MR. GEORGE GILBERT in our Concern ceased on the 30th April 1858.

JESSOP & Co.

Notice.

THE Interest and Responsibility of MR. GRAHAM MOORE ROBERTSON and MR. DUDLEY ROBERT SMITH, in our Firm ceased on the 30th April last.

The continuing Partners are MR. CHARLES BINNY SKINNER, MR. ROBERT JARDINE, MR. GEORGE BROWN, and MR. CLAUD HAMILTON BROWN.

JARDINE, SKINNER & Co.

CALCUTTA,
The 9th May 1859.

Notice.

THE Interest and Responsibility of MR. L. EMIL RUUTZ-REES in our Firm ceased, at his own request, on the 15th April last.

RUUTZ-REES & Co.

CALCUTTA,
The 10th May 1859.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE under-mentioned Government Securities standing in the name of Nawab Afsur Bahoo, the Proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the Notes and of Interests thereupon have been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of duplicate Notes in favor of the Proprietor :—

No. 20972 of 1854-55, dated 30th June 1854, for Rs.						20000
„ 20973 „	„	„	„	„	„	20000
„ 20974 „	„	„	„	„	„	20000
„ 20975 „	„	„	„	„	„	20000
„ 20976 „	„	„	„	„	„	20000

NAWAB AFSUR BAHOO.

LUCKNOW,
The 30th April 1859.

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Note, No. 5775, of 1842-43, of the Four per Cent Loan, dated the 31st March 1842, for Company's Rupees Two thousand, originally standing in the name of Rajcoomar Roy, and last endorsed to Captain Duncan, Executive Engineer, 1st Division, Department Public Works, the proprietor. Payment of the above Note and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of a duplicate Note in favor of the Proprietor.

H. DE BOURBEL, *Captain*,
Offg. Ex. Engr., Barrackpore Divn.

BARRACKPORE,
The 3rd May 1859.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed

IN transit, from the Accountant General's Office, Fort William, to Googaira, the Government Promissory Notes, No. 35605, of the 5 per Cent. Loan of 1856-57, dated the 28th February 1857, for Company's Rupees 1,000, and No. 35606, of the 5 per Cent. Loan of 1856-57, dated the 28th February 1857, for Company's Rupees 1,000, originally standing in the name of Baboo Brindabun Chunder Ghose, the Proprietor, and never endorsed to any body, and No. 14123, of the 5 per Cent. Loan of 1856-57, dated 28th February 1857, for Company's Rupees 1,000, originally standing in the name of Baboo Jadub Chunder Ghose, the Proprietor, and never endorsed to anybody. Payment of the above Notes and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes in favor of the Proprietors,

JADUB CHUNDER GHOSE,
Sub-Assistant Surgeon,
Jhung, Punjab.

The 27th April 1859.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of Charles Cawood, late of Futtyghur, the owner, by whom they were never endorsed to any person. Payment of the Notes and of Interest thereon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made for the issue of Dupheates :—

Particulars of the Government Securities.

3½ per Cent Loan, No. 221, of 1853-54, dated 28th February 1854, for Co.'s Rs.	1,000
Sixth 4 per Cent. Loan, No. 41540, of 1854-55, dated 30th June 1854, for Co.'s Rs. ...	2,000
Co.'s Rs.	3,000

J. WELCH,
Offg. Administrator General.

Lost.

A Bank of Bengal Note, No. 07059, for Company's Rupees 50, Payment has been stopped at the Bank.

Notice.

BANK Note, No. 07762, for Rupees 50, lost on 27th February, on the way to Office.

MOHES CHUNDER MOOKERJEE,
Clerk, E. T. Office, Benares.

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Note No. 3635, of the 5 per Cent Public Works Loan of 1854-55, dated the 12th March 1855, for Company's Rupees five hundred. Payment of the above Note, and of Interest thereupon, has been stopped at the Loan Office.

CHUNDOMONEY DOSSEE,
By her constituted Attorney,
HURRO CHUNDER GHOSE.

10*th May* 1859.

Notices issued by the Officiating Deputy Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 5437.

The 21*st April* 1859.—SEALED TENDERS will be received at the Calcutta General Post Office for the repairs of three Post Office Vans, nine Accelerators, and one Dray, for a period of five years, from the 6th June 1859.

2. The Tenders will be received up to Friday, the 20th May, and will be opened on that day, at noon, in presence of all parties concerned.

3. A Deposit in Cash of (100) one hundred Rupees is required with each Tender, subject to forfeiture, if the Tender be withdrawn.

4. Information relative to conditions will be given in writing on application to this Office.

No. 77.

The 6th May 1859.—NOTICE is hereby given, that the letters for the Overland Mail despatched from this Office up to the 18th ultimo, were in time for the Steamer that left Bombay on the 26th idem.

No. 50.

MAIL PACKETS for the Overland Mail which leaves Bombay on the 23rd instant, will be closed at this Office, at 5 P. M., on the 14th *viâ* Marseilles only.

Letters and Papers for transmission *viâ* Bombay will be received up to 6 P. M., on every day prior to the 14th instant:—

Rates of Postage.

Under	½ oz.	...	Rs.	0	6 0
„	½ „	...	„	0	8 0
„	¼ „	...	„	0	14 0
„	1 „	...	„	1	0 0

CALCUTTA GENERAL POST OFFICE,
The 6th May 1859.

IT is hereby notified, that unless marked for particular Ships, all Letters received at the General Post Office between Monday, the 2nd May 1859, *and Sunday, the 8th May* 1859, *both dates inclusive, were despatched by the under-mentioned Vessels which sailed from Calcutta on dates specified :—*

Letters received on dates from and to	By what Ship despatched.	Bound to	REMARKS.
2nd to 3rd May 1859 ...	Steamer *Baltic* ...	Akyab Rangoon and Moulmein ...	Left Town on the 4th May 1859.
2nd to 3rd „ „ ...	Ship *Hyderee* ...	Mauritius ...	Left Town on the 4th ditto.
2nd to 6th „ „ ..	„ *Chowringhee* ...	Sydney ...	Left Town on the 7th ditto.

T. GARRETT,
Offg. Depy. Post-Master Genl.

CALCUTTA;
General Post Office,
The 10*th May* 1859.

Printed and Published for the Government, by THOMAS JONES, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 11, 1859.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Tirhoot, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Thursday, the 12th May 1859, corresponding with 25th Byaack 1266 Fuslee:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 3.—Mouzah Sonepore, Pergunnah Ahir, recorded proprietors, Gyan Sing Doss and others; sudder jumma, rupees 300-6-5.

No. 73.—Mouzah Jownapore, Roodur and others, Pergunnah Balagatch; recorded proprietors, Jorawan Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 144-2-8.

No. 147.—Mouzah Jhuckrah Seikh, Tuppeh Bhutsullah, Pergunnah Birarah; recorded proprietors, Bukhtour Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 237-11-8.

No. 223.—Mouzah Mahomedpore, Pergunnah Bhallah; recorded proprietors, Jankee Jha and others; sudder jumma, rupees 543-6-6

No. 375.—Mouzah Kulwarah, Chuck Kulwarah, Pergunnah Bhurwarrah; recorded proprietors, Roopnarain Doobey and others; sudder jumma, rupees 116-1-4. This Mehal is under Butwarrah, the rights and interests only of Bustee Misser, Mukhdoomun, Sheronarain Doobey, Hurjan Thakoor, Nehal Misser, Lutchmeenath Misser, Oogree Misser, Dhurm Dutt Misser, Buddree Thakoor, Mussumut Bebee Jeetun, Mussamut Hushmut oolnissa oorf Bebee Dhomun, Nath Jha, Shewdyal Doobey, Deonath Misser, Sheikh Budloo, Pudoomlall Mullick, Mussamut Ramdhunee Misserain, Kubeerooluissa, Pultun Jha, Bhugowan dutt Thakoor, and Oochit Thakoor, Defendants, are to be sold.

No. 384.—Mouzah Judoo Mehree, Pergunnah Barail; recorded proprietors, Fuquerollah and others; sudder jumma, rupees 122-10.

No. 408.—Mouzah Ghoograha, Pergunnah Barail; recorded proprietors, Bhugowuntnarin Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 439-13-6.

No. 698.—Mouzah Bishonpore Hiraram and others, Chuckley Girjowl, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Gopaul Doss and others; sudder jumma, rupees 430-11.

No. 766.—Mouzah Panapore, Seelowthur Chuckley Girjowl, Pergunnah Birarah; recorded proprietors, Dewlutram and others; sudder jumma, rupees 416-0--11.

No. 779.—Mouzah Rohoah Shah Mean, Chuckley Girjowl, Pergunnah Bisarah, recorded proprietors, Sheik Bohorah and others; sudder jumma, rupees 473-2-7.

No. 999.—Mouzah Rujwarah Dheo Chuckley Girjowl, Pergunnah Birarah; recorded proprietors, Dirghgopaul Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 58-2-3. This Mehal is under Butwarrah, the rights and interests only of Quhbul Misser, Bala Misser, Mussamut Sunsaree Kowur, Juggoo Misser, Pertaub Misser, Rungloll Misser, Senahoe Misser, Mussamut Buchunoo Kowur, Balchand Misser, Rughoobunsee Tewaree, and Gobind Tewaree, defendants, are to be sold.

No. 1187.—Mouzah Bhoojpore, Pergunnah Hajeepore, recorded proprietor, Lall Jee; sudder jumma, rupees 394-15-6.

No. 1211.—Mouzah Khilwut, Pergunnah Hajeepore; recorded proprietors, Kowur Mahto and others; sudder jumma, rupees 854-6-6.

No. 1385.—Mouzah Bishonpore Khord, Pergunnah Hattee; recorded proprietor, Jaukeedutt Chowdry; sudder jumma, rupees 76-7-0.

No. 1509.—Mouzah Minahpore, Syud Mahmood, Pergunnah Hajeepore; recorded proprietors, Sheikh Fuzul Allee and others; sudder jumma, rupees 173-11-6.

No. 1516.—Mouzah Supta, Pergunnah Hajeepore; recorded proprietors, Lokurmun Opudhia and others; sudder jumma, rupees 115-2-9.

No. 1537.—Uz Ruqba Chooptah, Pergunnah Jubdee; recorded proprietor, Mussamut Sahuj Dye; sudder jumma, rupees 73-2-8.

No. 1550.—Uz Ruqba Sutghura, Pergunnah Jubdee; recorded proprietor, Urjoon Thakoor; sudder jumma, rupees 94-5-5.

No. 1653.—Uz Ruqba Doolarpore Byse, Pergunnah Kunowlee, Zillah Toorkee; recorded proprietors, Shah Koodrutallee and others; sudder jumma, rupees 160-14-10.

No. 2022.—Mouzah Bhanduree Bhutowleah, Pergunnah Mehela, Zillah Toorkee; recorded proprietors, Shewlall Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 648-13-5.

No. 2057.—Mouzah Bishenpore Ram and others, Chuckley Nye, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Chuckunlall and others; sudder jumma, rupees 311-10-8.

No. 2182.—Mouzah Khuleelpore, Chuckley Nye, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Meer Mozuferallee and others; sudder jumma, rupees 221-1-11.

No. 2195.—Mouzah Sulahpore Boodhun, Chuckley Nye, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Meer Gholaum Shah and others; sudder jumma, rupees 150-6-5.

No. 2229.—Mouzah Bhugowanpore Beerbul, Chuckley Nye, Pergunnah, Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Juggernath Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 194-13-0.

No. 2246.—Mouzah Bishenpore Dhunarjay, Chuckley Nye, Pergunnah Bisarah; recorded proprietors, Munsha Misser and others; sudder jumma, rupees 53-4-10.

No. 2585.—Mouzah Turownee, Pergunnah Puchimbheegoo; recorded proprietors, Goberdhun Roy and others; sudder jumma, rupees 50-10-8.

No. 2799.—Mouzah Etwarpore, Pergunnah Ruttee; recorded proprietors, Maharaj Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 71-9-6.

No 2800.—Mouzah Etwarpore, Pergunnah Ruttee; recorded proprietors, Nischul Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 67-6-0.

No. 3010.—Mouzah Hushunpore Sugawon, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Birjbeharee Panday and others; sudder jumma, rupees 1,045-6-10. This Mehal is under Butwarrah, the rights and interests of Jowahur Panday, Puraoo Panday, Rowdee Panday, Juttee Panday, Beharee Panday, Byjun Panday, Jhugroo Panday, Goodur Panday, Munroop Panday, Umrit Panday, applicants, 14th parties, and Mussamut Keerutbutty Kowur, 15th party to the Butwarrah are to be sold.

No. 3062.—Mouzah Sumurtha, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietor, Boybeharee Lall; sudder jumma, rupees 467-6-8.

No. 3083.—Mouzah Kuleanpore Bomeya, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Ameer Lall, sudder jumma, rupees 5,018-10-10. This Talook is under Butwarrah, the rights and interests only of Bundhoo Sing, Mowlee Sing, Chutterdhary Sing, Soodee Sing, Bheekdhary, Sing, Doomah Sing, Kowur Chowdry, Ramchunder Chowdry, Jeetun Chowdry, Booneead Chowdry, Goordyal Chowdry, Fuquera Roy, Shew Ram Roy, Gungapersaud, Doomee Loll, Ramdyal Jha, Hoolas Jha, Khukroo Jha, Bhyeah Ram Jha, Gholaub Jha, Kishnaram Jha, Runjeet Jha, Munoo Sing, Runnoo Sing, Hirdaynarain Sing, Shewdyal Sing, Hardhean Sing, Burmah Sing, Govinda Sing, Rameaun Sing, Rambux Sing, Bumoodee Sing, Pursun Sing, Dursun Sing, Ramgopaul Sing, Johahur Lall, Gunnesh Dutt, Busraj Sing, Boodhun Sing, Lulleetram, Neeladoss, Munrunjun Doss, Sree Kishun Doss, Joylall Misser, Choonnee Lall Misser, Joyanund Misser, Mootee Lall Misser, Hur Narain, Shewnarain, Bundhoo Jha, Gooroopersaud Sing, Rambhuroos Sing, Bhoopnarain Sing, Jankee Misraine, Kooldeepersaud Sham Jha, Rithlall Chowdry, Joorawan Chowdry, original heirs of Singessur Dutt Chowdry, Mussamut Sooha Kowur, mother and guardian of Karee Chowdry, and Banee Lall Chowdry, oorf Mukoonee Chowdry, minor sons and heirs of the late Jugomohun Chowdry, Barum Dutt Chowdry, Muncheet Chowdry, Ramsahal Sing and Mahtab Sing, Defendants, are to be sold.

No. 3255.—Mouzah Mooradpore, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Surdha Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 65-15-4.

No. 3364.—Chuck Abdool Rusool, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Meer Nuzuralle and others; sudder jumma, rupees 60-9-0.

No. 3392.—Mouzah Saracheah, Pergunnah Tilluckchawand; recorded proprietors, Rughoobeer Sing and others; sudder jumma, rupees 306-2-7.

No. 3393.—Mouzah Roopowlee Boozoorg, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Bebee Bholun and others; sudder jumma, rupees 206-4-4.

No. 3499.—Mouzah Esa Chuck, Pergunnah Sureisa; recorded proprietors, Ramdial Jha and others; sudder jumma, rupees 206-4-4.

H. L. Dampier,
Offg. Collector.

Tirhoot;
Collector's Office,
The 16th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Shahabad, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Friday, the 20th May 1859, corresponding with 4th Jait 1266 F. S. :—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 34.—Mehal Bhoputpoor, Pergunnah Arrah, Jankeeram, Chowaloll Sewsahae Sing, Muheeparain, recorded proprietors; sudder jumma, rupees 261.

A. Hope,
Offg. Collector.

Shahabad Collectorate;
Buxar,
The 27th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Balasore, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 23rd May 1859, corresponding with the 11th Jeyst 1266 U., for demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 28th March 1859 :—

Class VI.—Estates to be sold on account of demands realizable in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue.

No. 825.—Kismut 10 annas, 12 gundahs, 2 cowrees of Mouzah Gokoolpore, Pergunnah Ayas; recorded proprietors, Mano Patur, Sadhoo Patur, Raghub Patur, Seeboo Patur, Mangobind Bhoian, Bhowanee Patur, Mudhoo Patur and Bhogwut Patur; sudder jumma of the whole Estate Rupees 68-5-6.

No. 810.—Kismut 0 annas, 6 gundahs, 2 cowree, 2 krants of Talook Heerapore, Pergunnah Tulsobung; recorded proprietors, Gungadhur Canoongoe, Bulbhudder Canoongoe, Rughoonath Mohapater, Jyekissen Mohapater, Juggernauth Mohapater and Brijokissore Mohapater; sudder jumma of the whole Estates Rupees 916-8-4.

V. H. SCHALCH,
Collector.

BALASORE COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
The 5th May 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Cuttack, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Saturday, the 28th May 1859, or 17th Jeyst 1266 U. S., for Arrears of Revenue :—

Class II.—Temporary-settled Estates.

No. 189.—Kismut 1 anna, 4 gundas, 2 cowrees, 2 krant and 3 bishwa, share in Talook Kumpgurh, Pergunnah Sooltannabad; recorded proprietor, Rughoonath Doss; sudder jumma of the whole Estate, rupees 258-7-11¾.

No. 923.—Talook Oorto, Pergunnah Autkuntah; recorded proprietor, Biddyadhur, Hurreechundun, Sawunt Singhar, Minor, Guardian Beelram Chowdree; sudder jumma, rupees 994-13-8.

No. 1175.—Kismut Talook Hurreehurpo; recorded proprietor, Joyram Doss; sudder jumma, rupees 192-2-1¾.

No. 1194.—Kismut Mouzah Barteerab, Pergunnah Hurreepore; recorded proprietors, Kuppeel, Doss and Ubdool Dyan; sudder jumma, rupees 192-4-11.

R. N. SHORE,
Collector.

ZILLAH CUTTACK;
Collector's Office,
The 14th May 1859.

PRINTED BY THOMAS JONES, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, MAY 14, 1859.

Legislative Council of India.

THE 30TH APRIL 1850.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 29th April 1859, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. X OF 1859.

An Act to amend the law relating to the recovery of Rent in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.

WHEREAS it is expedient to re-enact with certain modifications the provisions of the existing law relative to the rights of ryots with respect to the delivery of pottahs and the occupancy of land, to the prevention of illegal exaction and extortion in connection with demands of rent, and to other questions connected with the same; to extend the jurisdiction of Collectors, and to prescribe rules for the trial of such questions, as well as of suits for the recovery of arrears of rent, and of suits arising out of the distraint of property for such arrears; and to amend the law relating to distraint; It is enacted as follows :— Preamble.

I. The following Regulations and Acts and portions of Regulations and Acts are hereby repealed, except in so far as they repeal any other Regulation or Act, and except as to proceedings commenced before the date of this Act coming into force, namely— Laws repealed.

Regulation XVII. 1793 *(to empower landholders to distrain and sell the personal property of ryots &c.)*,

So much of Regulation IV. 1794 *(to determine disputes regarding the grant of pottahs to ryots &c.,)* as is still in force,

Regulation XXXV. 1795 *(for better enabling individuals to recover arrears of rent or revenue due to them)*,

Regulation XLV. 1795 *(to empower landholders in the Province of Benares to distrain &c.)*,

Sections IX and X Regulation LI. 1795 *(respecting ryotty pottahs in the Province of Benares.)*,

Sections I to XX Regulation VII. 1799 *(to enable landholders to realize their rents with greater punctuality &c.)*,

Sections I to XX Regulation V. 1800 *(to enable landholders in the Province of Benares to realize their rents with greater punctuality &c.)*,

Regulation XXVIII. 1803 *(to empower landholders in the Ceded Provinces to distrain &c.)*,

Sections IX and X Regulation XXX. 1803 *(prescribing rules for the grant in the Ceded Provinces of pottahs to ryots &c.)*,

Section IV Regulation II. 1805 *(to provide a limitation of time for certain suits &c.)*,

Section XIX Regulation VIII. 1805 *(for extending certain Regulations to the Ceded and Conquered Provinces &c.)*,

Sections V to XXIII Regulation V. 1812 *(for amending some of the rules at present in force for the collection of the Land Revenue)*,

Sections XV and XVI Regulation XIX. 1817 *(for amending certain Regulations in force relative to process for recovery of arrears of rent)*,

Section XXVII Regulation XX. 1817 *(relating to resistance to distraint for arrears of rent &c.)*,

Sections XVIII and XIX Regulation VIII. 1819 *(relating to Putnee Talooks and the system established for the collection of rents generally &c.)*,

Section IV Regulation II. 1821 *(relating to the duties of City and Zillah Judges &c.)*,

Section XXII, and so much of Section XX and the following Sections of Regulation VII. 1822 *(relating to the settlement of the Land Revenue in the Ceded Provinces and Cuttack)* as apply to suits for rent, to complaints of excessive demand or undue exaction of rent, or of the non-delivery of pottahs or receipts, to suits against agents for money or accounts, or to any other suits or complaints arising out of disputes between landholders or farmers and their under-tenants respecting the rent and occupancy of land,

Regulation XIV. 1824 *(for modifying the rules in force for referring to the Collectors summary suits in cases of arrear or exaction of rent)*,

Regulation VIII. 1831 *(for amending the existing provisions relative to the trial of summary suits and claims for arrears or exactions of rent)*,

Act I of 1839 *(relating to the appointment of persons to sell property distrained for the recovery of arrears of rent)*,

Act X of 1846 *(for regulating the proceedings in certain cases of distraint for arrears of rent)*, and

Act VIII of 1848 *(to modify the provisions of Sections IX, X, XI, and XIII of Regulation V. 1812 of the Bengal Code)*.

Sections XIV and XV Regulation IX. 1833 *(for the more speedy decision of certain suits, and for enforcing the production of village accounts,)* so far as the same are applicable to the territories under the Government of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, are also repealed.

Such parts of Regulation VIII. 1793 *(prescribing rules for the decennial settlement of the public Revenue in Bengal, Behar, and Orissa)*, and Regulation XXX. 1803, as relate to the adjudication of penalties for the refusal of pottahs and receipts for rent and for the exaction of any sums as abwab or in excess of the amount specified in any engagements for the payment of rent, and such parts of Section XXVI Act I of 1845 *(to amend Act No. XII of 1841, entitled "an Act for amending the Bengal Code in regard to sales of land for arrears of Revenue)"*, as relate to the enhancement of rents and the ejectment of tenants by the purchaser of an estate sold for arrears of Government Revenue, are declared subject to the following modifications.

Ryot entitled to a pottah.

II. Every ryot is entitled to receive from the person to whom the rent of the land held or cultivated by him is payable, a pottah containing the following particulars:

The quantity of land; and where fields have been numbered in a Government survey, the number of each field.

The amount of annual rent.

The instalments in which the same is to be paid.

And any special conditions of the lease.

If the rent is payable in kind, the proportion of produce to be delivered, and the time and manner of delivery.

Ryots holding land at fixed rates to receive pottahs.

III. Ryots who, in the Provinces of Bengal, Behar, Orissa, and Benares, hold lands at fixed rates of rent, which have not been changed from the time of the permanent settlement, are entitled to receive pottahs at those rates.

If rent of land be not changed for 20 years.

IV. Whenever, in any suit under this Act, it shall be proved that the rent at which land is held by a ryot in the said Provinces, has not been changed for a period of twenty years before the commencement of the suit, it shall be presumed that the land has been held at that rent from the time of the permanent settlement, unless the contrary be shown, or unless it be proved that such rent was fixed at some later period.

Ryots having right of occupancy but not holding at fixed rates, to receive pottahs.

V. Ryots having rights of occupancy, but not holding at fixed rates, as described in the two preceding Sections, are entitled to receive pottahs at fair and equitable rates. In case of dispute, the rate previously paid by the ryot shall be deemed to be fair and equitable, unless the contrary be shown in a suit by either party under the provisions of this Act.

Right of occupancy of ryot cultivating or holding land for 12 years.

VI. Every ryot who has cultivated or held land for a period of twelve years has a right of occupancy in the land so cultivated or held by him, whether it be held under pottah or not, so long as he pays the rent payable on account of the same; but this rule does not apply to khomar, neejjote, or seer land belonging to the proprietor of the estate or tenure and let by him on lease for a term or year by year, nor (as respects the actual cultivator) to lands sublet for a term or year by year by a ryot having a right of occupancy. The holding of the father, or other person from whom a ryot inherits, shall be deemed to be the holding of the ryot within the meaning of this Section.

Saving of terms of written contracts.

VII. Nothing contained in the last preceding Section shall be held to affect the terms of any written contract for the cultivation of land entered into between a landholder and a ryot when it contains any express stipulation contrary thereto.

Pottahs to which ryots not having rights of occupancy are entitled.

VIII. Ryots not having rights of occupancy are entitled to pottahs only at such rates as may be agreed on between them and the persons to whom the rent is payable.

Person granting pottah entitled to a counterpart engagement.

IX. Every person who grants a pottah is entitled to receive from the person to whom the pottah is granted a kubooliyet or counterpart engagement in conformity with the terms of the pottah. The tender to any ryot of a pottah such as the ryot is entitled to receive shall be held to entitle the person to whom the rent is payable to receive a kubooliyet from such ryot.

Exactions in excess of rent or receipt withheld.

X. Every under-tenant or ryot, from whom any sum is exacted in excess of the rent specified in his pottah, or payable under the provisions of this Act, whether as abwab or under any other pretext, and every under-tenant, ryot, or cultivator from whom a receipt is withheld for any sum of money paid by him as rent, shall be entitled to recover from the person receiving such rent damages not exceeding double the amount so exacted or paid.

Form of receipt.

Receipts for rent shall specify the year or years on account of which the rent is acknowledged to have been paid; and any refusal to make such specification shall be held to be a withholding of a receipt.

Landholder not to compel the attendance of tenant for adjustment of rent or for any other purpose.

XI. The power heretofore vested in Zemindars and other landholders of compelling the attendance of their tenants for the adjustment of their rents or for any other purpose is withdrawn, and all such persons are prohibited from adopting any means of compulsion for enforcing payment of the rents due to them other than are authorized by the provisions of this Act.

Payment of rent to be enforced only under this Act.

Damages for extorting payment of rent by duress.

XII. If payment of rent, whether the same be legally due or not, is extorted from any under-tenant or ryot by illegal confinement or other duress, such under-tenant or ryot shall be entitled to recover such damages, not exceeding in any case the sum of two hundred

Rupees, as may be deemed a reasonable compensation for the injury done him by such extortion. An award of compensation under this Section shall not bar or affect any penalty or punishment to which the person practising such extortion may be subject by law.

Enhancement of rent of ryot holding without, or after expiry &c. of written engagement.

XIII. No under-tenant or ryot, who holds or cultivates land without a written engagement not specifying the period of such engagement, or whose engagement has expired, or has become cancelled in consequence of the sale for arrears of rent or revenue of the tenure or estate in which the land held cultivated by him is situate, and has not been renewed, shall be liable to pay any higher rent for such land than the rent payable for the previous year, unless a written notice shall have been served on such under-tenant or ryot, in or before the month of Cheit, specifying the rent to which he will be subject for the ensuing year, and the ground on which an enhancement of rent is claimed. Such notice shall be served by order of the Collector on the application (which may be on plain paper) of the person to whom the rent is payable, and shall, if practicable, be served personally on the under-tenant or ryot. If for any reason the notice cannot be served personally upon the under-tenant or ryot, it shall be affixed at his usual place of residence, or if he have no such place of residence in the District in which the land is situate, the mode of service of such notice shall be by affixing it at the Mal cutcherry of such land or other conspicuous place thereon, or at the village Chowree or Chowpal or at some other conspicuous place in the village in which the land is situate.

Mode of contesting enhancement of rent.

XIV. Any under-tenant or ryot, on whom such notice as aforesaid has been served, may contest his liability to pay the enhanced rent demanded of him, either by complaint of excessive demand of rent as hereinafter provided, or in answer to any suit preferred against him for recovery of arrears of the enhanced rent.

Dependent talookdar &c. holding land at fixed rent without change since permanent settlement not liable to enhancement of rent.

XV. No dependent talookdar or other person possessing a permanent transferable interest in land, intermediate between the proprietor of an estate and the ryots, who, in the Provinces of Bengal, Behar, Orissa, and Benares, holds his talook or tenure (otherwise than under a terminable lease) at a fixed rent, which has not been changed from the time of the permanent settlement, shall be liable to any enhancement of such rent, anything in Section LI Regulation VIII. 1793, or in any other law, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Rent of talookdar &c., not changed for twenty years to be *prima facie* evidence of occupancy at that rent since permanent settlement.

XVI. Whenever, in any suit under this Act, it shall be proved that the rent at which a talook or other tenure is held in the said Provinces has not been changed for a period of twenty years before the commencement of the suit, it shall be presumed that such talook or tenure has been held at that rent from the time of the permanent settlement, unless the contrary be shown, or it be proved that such rent was fixed at some later period.

Grounds on which ryot having right of occupancy is liable to enhanced rent.

XVII. No ryot having a right of occupancy shall be liable to an enhancement of the rent previously paid by him except on some one of the following grounds, namely :—

That the rate paid by him is below that prevailing in adjacent places.

That the rate of rent paid by such ryot is below the prevailing rate payable by the same class of ryots for land of a similar description and with similar advantages in the places adjacent.

That the value of the land &c. has increased independently of the ryot.

That the value of the produce or the productive powers of the land have been increased otherwise than by the agency or at the expense of the ryot.

That the quantity of land held by the ryot is greater than he has paid rent for.

That the quantity of land held by the ryot has been proved by measurement to be greater than the quantity for which rent has been previously paid by him.

When ryot may claim abatement of rent.

XVIII. Every ryot having a right of occupancy shall be entitled to claim an abatement of the rent previously paid by him, if the area of the land has been diminished by diluvion or otherwise, or if the value of the produce or the productive powers of the land have been decreased by any cause beyond the power of the ryot, or if the quantity of land held by the ryot has been proved by measurement to be less than the quantity for which rent has been previously paid by him.

Relinquishment of land by ryot after notice given.

XIX. Any ryot who desires to relinquish the land held or cultivated by him, shall be at liberty to do so, provided he gives notice of his intention in writing to the person entitled to the rent of the land or his authorized agent in or before the month of Cheit of the year preceding that in which the relinquishment is to have effect. If he fail to give such notice, and the land is not let to any other person, he shall continue liable for the rent of the land. If the person entitled to the rent of the land or his agent refuse to receive any such notice and to sign a receipt for the same, the ryot may make an application on plain paper to the Collector who shall thereupon cause the notice to be served on such person or his agent in the manner provided in Section XIII.

What to be deemed an arrear of rent under this Act.

XX. Any instalment of rent which is not paid on or before the day when the same is payable according to the pottah or engagement, or, if there be no written specification of the time of payment, at or before the time when such instalment is payable according to established usage, shall be held to be an arrear of rent under this Act, and unless otherwise provided by written agreement, shall be liable to interest at twelve per centum per annum.

Liability of ryot to be ejected for arrear due.

XXI. When an arrear of rent remains due from any ryot at the end of the Bengal year or at the end of the month of Jeth of the Fusly or Willayutee year as the case may be, such ryot shall be liable to be ejected from

the land in respect of which the arrear is due.

Proviso. Provided that no ryot, having a right of occupancy or holding under a pottah the term of which has not expired, shall be ejected otherwise than in execution of a decree or order under the provisions of this Act.

Liability of farmer to have his lease cancelled for arrear adjudged due.

XXII. When an arrear of rent shall be adjudged to be due from any farmer or other lease-holder not having a permanent or transferable interest in the land, the lease of such lease-holder shall be liable to be cancelled, and the lease-holder to be ejected. Provided that no such lease shall be cancelled nor the lease-holder ejected otherwise than in execution of a decree or order under the provisions of this Act.

Proviso.

Cognizance of suits under this Act.

XXIII. 1. All suits for the delivery of pottahs or kubooliyets or for the determination of the rates of rent at which such pottahs or kubooliyets are to be delivered;

2. All suits for damages on account of the illegal exaction of rent or of any unauthorized cess or impost, or on account of the refusal of receipts for rent paid, or on account of the extortion of rent by confinement or other duress;

3. All complaints of excessive demand of rent, and all claims to abatement of rent;

4. All suits for arrears of rent due on account of land either kherajee or lakheraj, or on account of any rights of pasturage, forest-rights, fisheries, or the like;

5. All suits to eject any ryot or to cancel any lease on account of the non-payment of arrears of rent, or on account of a breach of the conditions of any contract by which a ryot may be liable to ejectment or a lease may be liable to be cancelled;

6. All suits to recover the occupancy or possession of any land, farm, or tenure, from which a ryot, farmer, or tenant has been illegally ejected by the person entitled to receive rent for the same;

7. All suits arising out of the exercise of the power of distraint conferred on Zemindars and others by Sections CXII and CXIV of this Act, or out of any acts done under color of the exercise of the said power as hereinafter particularly provided;

shall be cognizable by the Collectors of land revenue and shall be instituted and tried under the provisions of this Act and, except in the way of appeal as provided in this Act, shall not be cognizable in any other Court or by any other Officer or in any other manner.

Suits by Zemindars against their agents for money on accounts.

XXIV. Suits by Zemindars and others in receipt of the rent of land, against any agents employed by them in the management of land or collection of rents, or the sureties of such agents, for money received or accounts kept by such agents in the course of such employment, or for papers in their possession, shall be cognizable by the Collectors, and shall be instituted and tried under the provisions of this Act, and shall not be cognizable in any other Court except in the way of appeal as provided in this Act.

Ejectment of cultivators, farmer, &c. by Zemindars.

XXV. If any Zemindar or other person in receipt of the rent of land requires assistance to eject any cultivator not having a right of occupancy, or to eject any farmer or other tenant holding only for a limited period after the determination of his lease or tenancy, or any agent after the determination of his agency, or to enforce any attachment or ejectment expressly authorized by any Regulation or Act, he shall make application to the Collector, and the Collector shall proceed thereupon to enquire into the case and pass orders in the manner provided for suits under this Act. Provided that no such

Proviso. application for the ejectment of a farmer on the determination of a lease shall be received, if the lease be of the kind denominated tieea zur-i-peshgee or the like, in which an advance has been made by the lease-holder, and the proprietor's right of re-entry at the end of the term is contingent on the re-payment of such advance either in money or by the usufruct of the land. In all such cases the parties must proceed by suit in the Civil Court.

Measurement of lands.

XXVI. When rent is payable by an under-tenant or ryot at a certain rate or rates according to the quantity of land held or cultivated by him, or when any written engagement conditioned for the payment of a certain amount of rent on account of land held or cultivated by an under-tenant or ryot has expired or become cancelled by the sale for arrears of revenue or rent of the estate or tenure in which the land is situate, the person to whom the rent is payable has a right to measure such land for the purpose of ascertaining the quantity of land actually held or cultivated by such under-tenant or ryot. And every proprietor of an estate or tenure has a right of making a general survey or measurement of the lands comprised in such estate or tenure unless restrained from doing so by express engagement with the occupants of the lands. If any person intending to measure any land which he has a right to measure is opposed in making such measurement by the occupant of the land, or if any under-tenant or ryot, having received notice of the intended measurement of land held or cultivated by him which is liable to such measurement, refuses to attend and point out such land, such person may make application to the Collector, and the Collector shall thereupon proceed to enquire into the case in the manner provided for suits under this Act, and shall pass an order either allowing or disallowing the measurement, and, if the case so require, enjoining or excusing the attendance of any such under-tenant or ryot. If any under-tenant or ryot after the issue of an order enjoining his attendance neglects to attend, it shall not be competent to him to contest the correctness of the measurement made in his absence.

Registry of transfers of talooks &c.

XXVII. All dependent talookdars and other persons possessing a permanent transferable interest in land intermediate between the Zemindar and the cultivator are required to register, in the Sherishteh of the Zemindar or superior tenant to whom the rents of their talooks or tenures are payable, all transfers of such talooks or tenures, or portions of them, by sale, gift, or otherwise, as well as all successions thereto, and divisions among heirs in cases of inheritance. And every Zemindar

or superior tenant is required to admit to registry and otherwise give effect to all such transfers, when made in good faith, and all such successions and divisions. If any Zemindar or superior tenant refuse to admit to registry or otherwise give effect to any such transfer or succession, the transferree or successor may make application to the Collector and the Collector shall thereupon proceed to enquire into the case in the manner provided for suits under this Act, and if no sufficient grounds are shown for the refusal, shall pass an order enjoining the Zemindar or superior tenant to admit to registry and otherwise give effect to such transfer or succession. Provided that no Zemindar or superior tenant shall be required to admit to registry or give effect to any division or distribution of the rent payable on account of any such tenure, nor shall any such division or distribution of rent be valid and binding without the consent in writing of the Zemindar or superior tenant.

Proviso.

XXVIII. So much of Section X Regulation XIX. 1793, Section X Regulation XLI. 1795, Section VI Regulation XXXI. 1803, Section XXI Regulation VIII. 1805, and Section XXIV Regulation XII. 1805, as authorizes and requires proprietors and farmers of estates and dependent talooks, in cases in which grants for holding land exempt from the payment of revenue have been made subsequent to the dates specified in the said Sections, of their own authority to collect the rents of such land and to dispossess the grantees of the proprietary right in the land and to re-annex it to the estate or talook in which it may be situate, is repealed; and any proprietor or farmer who may desire to assess any such land or to dispossess any such grantee shall make application to the Collector, and such application shall be dealt with as a suit under the provisions of this Act. Every such suit shall be instituted within the period of twelve years from the time when the title of the person claiming the right to assess the land or dispossess the grantee, or of some person claiming under him, first accrued. If such period has already elapsed, or will elapse within two years from the date of the passing of this Act, such suit may be brought at any time within two years from such date.

Applications to dispossess grantees of land exempt from revenue.

XXIX. All suits which under the provisions of this Act may be brought by or against Zemindars or other persons in the receipt of the rent of land, may be brought by or against Surburakars or Tuhseeldars of estates held under khas management, whether such estates are the property of Government or of individuals. If the Collector or the Suburakar or Tuhseeldar of any such estate in the Provinces of Bengal, Behar, and Orissa proceed against any defaulting ryot or under-tenant of such estate under the powers vested in him by Section XXV Regulation VII. 1799, and not according to the provisions of this Act, such ryot or under-tenant may contest the demand on account of which he is so proceeded against by suit in the Civil Court.

Suits by or against Surburakars or Tuhseeldars of estates held khas.

XXX. Except as otherwise herein provided, all suits instituted under this Act shall be commenced within the period of one year from the date of the accruing of the cause of action.

Time for commencement of suits generally.

XXXI. Suits for the delivery of pottahs or kubooliyets and for the determination of the rates of rent at which such pottahs or kubooliyets are to be delivered, may be instituted at any time during the tenancy.

Time for commencement of suits for grant of pottahs, &c.

XXXII. Suits for the recovery of arrears of rent shall be instituted within three years from the last day of the Bengal year, or from the last day of the month of Jeth of the Fusly or Willayuttee year in which the arrear claimed shall have become due. For arrears of rent due at the passing of this Act, suit shall be brought within three years after the passing of this Act; or within the period now allowed for the institution of such suits in the Civil Court, whichever may first expire. Provided that, if the suit be for the recovery of rent at a higher rate than was payable in the previous year, such rent having been enhanced after issue of notice under Section XIII and the enhancement not having been confirmed by any competent Court, the suit shall be instituted within three months from the end of the Bengal year or of the month of Jeth of the Fusly or Willayuttee year, on account of which such enhanced rent is claimed.

Time for the commencement of suits for arrears of rent.

Proviso.

XXXIII. Suits for the recovery of money in the hands of an agent or for the delivery of accounts or papers by an agent, may be brought at any time during the agency, or within one year after the determination of the agency of such agent, or in the case of claims now existing within one year after the passing of this Act or within the period now allowed for the institution of such suits in the Civil Court whichever may first expire. Provided that if the person having the right to sue shall, by means of fraud, have been kept from the knowledge of the receipt of any such money by the agent, or if any fraudulent account shall have been rendered by the agent, the suit may be brought within one year from the time when the fraud shall have been first known to such person; but no such suit shall in any case (except the case of claims now existing as aforesaid) be brought at any time exceeding three years from the termination of the agency.

Time for the commencement of suits against agents for money, papers, or accounts.

Proviso.

XXXIV. Suits under this Act shall be instituted by presenting to the Collector a plaint or statement of claim which shall contain the name, description, and place of abode of the plaintiff; the name, description, and place of abode of the defendant, so far as they can be ascertained; the substance of the claim, and the date of the cause of action.

Mode of instituting suits. Form of plaint or statement of claim.

XXXV. The statement of claim shall be presented by the plaintiff, or by an authorized agent of the plaintiff who has personal knowledge of the facts of the case, or by an agent who shall be accompanied by a person who has such knowledge.

Statement by whom to be presented.

XXXVI. The statement of claim shall be subscribed and verified at the foot by the plaintiff or his agent in the manner following, or to the like effect:

Verification of statement.

I. A. B. do declare that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

If the statement shall contain any averment which the person making the verification shall know or believe to be false, or shall not know or believe to be true, such person shall be subject to punishment according to the law for the time being in force for the punishment of giving or fabricating false evidence.

Punishment for false verification.

XXXVII. In suits for the recovery of arrears of rent or of money in the hands of an agent, the statement of claim shall be written on paper bearing a stamp of one-fourth the value prescribed for suits instituted in the Civil Court. In all other suits the statement shall be written on paper bearing a stamp of the value of eight annas. No stamp shall be required in respect of the production or filing of any document, or the summoning of any witness, or of any application for the execution of any order or judgment passed in a suit under this Act.

Statement of claim to be written on stamped paper.

No stamp duty to be required for filing documents &c.

XXXVIII. If the plaintiff rely in support of his claim on any document in his possession, he shall deliver the same to the Collector at the time of presenting his statement of claim. Unless such document be delivered in, or its non-production be sufficiently excused, or unless the Collector see fit to extend the time for producing the same, it shall not afterwards be admitted.

Documentary evidence to be produced by plaintiff.

XXXIX. If the plaintiff require the production of any document in the possession or power of the defendant, he may at the time of presenting his statement of claim, deliver to the Collector a description of the document in order that the defendant may be required to produce the same.

If plaintiff require production of document from defendant.

XL. If the suit be for the recovery of an arrear of rent, the statement shall specify the name of the village and estate, and of the Pergunnah or other local division in which the land is situate; and if the arrear is alleged to be due from any ryot, the quantity of land, and where fields have been numbered in a Government Survey, the number of each field; the yearly rent of the land, the amount (if any) received on account of the year for which the claim is made, the amount in arrear, and the time in respect of which it is alleged to be due.

Form of plaint in suits for arrears of rent.

XLI. If the suit be for the ejectment of a ryot, farmer, or tenant, from any land, farm, or tenure, or for the recovery of the occupancy or possession of any land, farm, or tenure, the statement shall describe (as circumstances may require) the extent, situation, and designation of the same; and if necessary for the identification of the land, shall set forth the boundaries of such land.

Form of plaint in suits for ejectment of ryot, &c., or for recovery of occupancy or possession of land, &c.

XLII. If the statement of claim do not contain the several particulars herein before required to be specified therein, or be not subscribed and verified as hereinbefore required, the Collector may return the statement to the plaintiff, or at his discretion allow it to be amended.

Statement may be returned or allowed to be amended.

XLIII. If the statement of claim be in proper form, the Collector, except as otherwise hereinafter especially provided, shall direct the issue of a summons to the defendant, and if the plaintiff require the personal attendance of the defendant, and satisfy the Collector that such personal attendance is necessary, or the Collector of his own accord require such personal attendance, the summons shall contain an order for the defendant to appear personally on a day to be specified in the summons, otherwise the summons shall order the defendant to appear personally or by an agent duly authorized on his behalf, who has personal knowledge of the subject, or who shall be accompanied by a person who has such personal knowledge.

Issue of summons; personal attendance of defendant may be required.

XLIV. The day to be specified in the summons shall be fixed with reference to the state of the file and the distance that the defendant may be or be supposed to be at the time from the place where the Court is held, and the summons shall order the defendant to produce any document which he may have in his possession, of which the plaintiff demands inspection, or upon which the defendant may intend to rely in support of his defence. It shall also enjoin him to bring with him his witnesses if they are willing to attend without issue of process; and shall be in the form A contained in the Schedule to this Act, or to the like effect.

The day to be specified in the summons how to be fixed. Defendant to be ordered to produce necessary documents, and to bring witnesses willing to attend without process.

XLV. The summons shall be served by delivering a copy of the summons to the defendant personally when practicable; or if the summons cannot be served on the defendant personally, by affixing a copy of it to some conspicuous part of his usual place of abode, and also affixing a copy of the same in the Collector's Office.

Summons how to be served.

XLVI. If the summons be served personally, the Nazir shall endorse on the summons the fact of such service. If personal service be not effected, the Nazir shall endorse on the summons the reason of not serving it personally, and how it has been served.

Endorsement by Nazir if summons has been personally served or not.

XLVII. If the usual place of abode of the defendant be in another District, the summons, together with the cost of the service thereof, shall be sent by the public post to the Collector of such District, who shall issue the summons, and return the same, after service, with the prescribed endorsement, to the Officer by whom it was transmitted to him.

Execution of process in another District.

XLVIII. The amount of the cost of serving the summons, or if a warrant be issued as provided in the next succeeding Section, of serving the warrant, shall in all cases be deposited in Court upon the same day or the day next following that on which the plaint or statement of claim is presented to the Collector. If the said amount be not so deposited (except in cases in which the Collector may allow the issue of summons free of cost under the discretion reserved to him in Section CXLVI), the case shall not be brought on the file of suits: but in such case the plaintiff may present another plaint at any time within the period allowed by the rules for the limitation of actions.

Cost of serving summons or warrant to be deposited in Court.

XLIX. If in any suit against an under-tenant or ryot for the recovery of an arrear of rent, or against an agent for the recovery of any money, papers, or accounts, the plaintiff desires a warrant of arrest to be issued against the defendant, such defendant being resident within the district in which the suit is instituted, he shall present with his statement of claim an application for the issue of such warrant. When such application is presented, the Collector shall examine the plaintiff or his agent, on his oath or affirmation or otherwise according to the law for the time being in force in relation to the examination of witnesses, and inspect the documents adduced by him in support of his claim, and if there be *primâ facie* grounds for believing the claim to be well-founded, and that, if a summons be issued, the defendant will abscond instead of appearing to answer the claim, the Collector may issue a warrant for the arrest of the defendant. The Collector shall fix a reasonable time for the return of the warrant which shall be in the form (B) contained in the Schedule to this Act, or to the like effect, and the Officer entrusted with the service of the warrant shall at the time of arresting the defendant deliver to him a notice addressed to the defendant (which shall be in the form (C) in the Schedule or to the like effect) containing the particulars of the claim, and requiring the defendant, if he contest the claim, to bring with him any document upon which he may intend to rely in support of his defence. But no such warrant shall be issued in a suit for arrears of rent due in respect of a dependent talook or other transferable tenure, which, as hereinafter provided, is liable to sale in execution of any decree which may be passed in the case.

Warrant of arrest in what cases to be issued.

L. If a defendant be arrested under the warrant of arrest, he shall be brought with all convenient speed before the Collector, and the Collector shall commit him to custody unless he deposit in Court such sum as may be specified in the notice.

Procedure after arrest of defendant.

LI. When a defendant is brought before the Collector under warrant, the Collector shall with all convenient speed proceed to try the case in the manner hereinafter provided; and if the suit cannot be at once adjudicated, the Collector may, if he think fit, require the defendant to give security for his appearance whenever the same may be required at any time whilst the suit is depending or until execution of the final decree which may be passed thereon, and may commit the defendant to the Civil jail to be there detained until he shall furnish such security or deposit such sum as the Collector shall order. The security bond shall be in the form (D) contained in the Schedule to this Act or to the like effect.

Procedure when defendant is brought before the Collector under warrant.

Form of security bond.

LII. If the defendant cannot be arrested under the warrant, the Collector, on the application of the plaintiff, shall either postpone the case for such period as he may think proper in order that the plaintiff may apply within the said period for another warrant to be issued for the arrest of the defendant, or shall forthwith issue a proclamation to be affixed in his own Office and at the residence of the defendant fixing a day for the hearing of the case, which shall not be less than ten days from the date of the publication of the notice at the residence of the defendant. If the defendant shall appear in pursuance of the proclamation, he shall be dealt with as provided in the last preceding Section.

Procedure if warrant of arrest cannot be served upon the defendant.

LIII. If it shall appear to the Collector that the arrest of the defendant was applied for without reasonable cause, the Collector may in his decree award to the defendant such sum not exceeding one hundred Rupees as he may deem a reasonable compensation for any injury or loss which the defendant may have sustained by reason of such arrest, or of his detention in jail during the pendency of the suit.

Compensation for arrest applied for without reasonable cause.

LIV. If on the day fixed by the summons or proclamation for the appearance of the defendant, or on any subsequent day to which the hearing of the case may be adjourned prior to the recording of an issue for trial as hereinafter provided, neither of the parties appear in person or by an agent, the case shall be struck off, with liberty to the plaintiff to bring a fresh suit unless precluded by the rules for the limitation of action.

Consequence of neither party appearing on the day of trial.

LV. If on any such day the defendant only appear, the Collector shall pass judgment against the plaintiff by default unless the defendant admit the cause of action, in which case the Collector shall proceed to give judgment for the plaintiff upon such admission without costs; provided that such judgment, if there be more than one defendant, shall be only against the defendant who makes the admission.

If defendant only appear to dispute the demand, Collector shall pass judgment by default; but if defendant admit the claim, Collector shall decree upon such admission.

Proviso.

LVI. If on any such day the plaintiff only appear, the Collector, upon proof that the summons or proclamation has been duly served according to the provisions of this Act, shall proceed to examine the plaintiff or his agent, and after considering the allegations of the plaintiff, and any documentary or oral evidence adduced by him, may either dismiss the case or postpone the hearing of it to a future day for the attendance of any witness the plaintiff may wish to call, or may pass judgment *ex parte* against the defendant.

If plaintiff only appear, Collector may proceed *ex parte*.

LVII. If the defendant shall appear on any subsequent day to which the hearing of the suit may be postponed under the last preceding Section, the Collector may, upon such conditions, if any, as to costs or otherwise as he may think proper, allow the defendant to be heard in answer to the suit as if he had appeared on the day fixed for his attendance.

If defendant appear on a day to which the case is postponed, Collector may allow him to be heard in answer to the suit.

LVIII. No appeal shall lie from a judgment passed *ex parte* against a defendant who has not appeared, or from a judgment against a plaintiff by default for non-appearance. But in all such cases if the party against whom judgment has been given shall appear, either in person or by agent, if a plaintiff within fifteen days from the date of the Collector's order, and if a defendant within fifteen days after any process for enforcing the judgment has been executed, or at any earlier period, and shall show good and sufficient cause for his previous non-appearance and shall satisfy the Collector that there has been a failure of justice, the Collector may, upon such terms and conditions as to costs or otherwise as he may think proper, revive the suit and alter or rescind the decree, according to the justice of the case. But no decree shall be reversed or altered without previously summoning the adverse party to appear and be heard in support of it.

Revival, reversal, and alteration of decrees *ex parte* or by default.

LIX. When both parties appear in person or by agent on the day named in the summons, or upon any subsequent day to which the hearing of the case may be adjourned, for sufficient reason to be recorded by the Collector, the Collector shall proceed to examine such of the parties as may be present, and either party or his agent may cross-examine the other. If either of the parties be not bound to attend personally, any agent by whom he shall appear, or any person who shall accompany such agent, shall be examined and cross-examined in like manner as the party himself would have been if he had attended personally. At the time of examination the defendant, if he think fit, may file a written statement of his defence.

On appearance of parties, the parties to be examined by the Collector, and may cross examine each other.

LX. The examination of the parties or their agents or such other persons as aforesaid shall be upon oath or affirmation or otherwise according to the law for the time being in force relative to the examination of witnesses. The substance of the examination shall be reduced to writing in the vernacular language of the Collector and filed with the record.

Examination of parties, &c.

LXI. If either of the parties shall bring forward a witness on such day, the Collector may take the evidence of such witness.

Witnesses to be examined.

LXII. If the defendant rely on any document in support of his defence, he shall deliver the same into Court at the first hearing of the suit; and unless such document be so delivered in, or its non-production be sufficiently excused, or unless the Collector see fit to extend the time for producing the same, it shall not afterwards be admitted.

Documentary evidence to be produced by defendant.

LXIII. If after the examination required by Section LIX and also the examination of any witness who may attend to give evidence on behalf of either of the parties, and after a consideration of the documentary evidence adduced, a decree can be properly made without further evidence, the Collector shall make his decree accordingly.

After examination, Collector may make his decree if no further evidence is required.

LXIV. If on such examination as aforesaid the agent of either party be unable to answer any material question relating to the case which the Collector is of opinion that the party whom he represents ought to answer, and is likely to be able to answer if interrogated in person, the Collector may postpone the hearing of the case to a future day, and direct that the party whose agent may have been unable to answer as aforesaid shall attend in person on such day; and if the party so directed to attend shall fail to appear in person on the day appointed, the Collector may pass judgment as in case of default or make such other order as he may deem proper in the circumstances of the case.

Consequence of inability of agent to answer.

LXV. If on such examination as aforesaid it appear that the parties are at issue on any question upon which it is necessary to hear further evidence, the Collector shall declare and record such issue, and shall fix a convenient day for the examination of witnesses and the trial of the suit; and the trial shall take place on that day unless there be sufficient reason for adjourning it, which reason shall be recorded by the Collector.

If necessary, Collector to record issue and to fix a day for hearing further evidence.

LXVI. The parties shall bring forward their witnesses on the day of trial, and if either party require assistance to procure the attendance of a witness on such day either to give evidence or to produce a document, he shall apply to the Collector in sufficient time before the day fixed for the trial, to enable the witness to be summoned to attend on that day; and the Collector shall issue a summons requiring such witness to attend.

Parties shall produce their witnesses on the day of trial; or Collector on application of either party, shall issue summons for the attendance of a witness.

LXVII. The provisions of the Regulations and Acts and all other rules for the time being in force relating to the evidence of witnesses, for procuring the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents, and for the examination, remuneration, and punishment of witnesses, whether parties to the case or not, in cases before the Civil Courts of the Presidency of Bengal, shall, except so far as the same may be inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, apply to and be of equal force and effect in suits under this Act.

Rules regarding attendance, examination, &c. of witnesses.

LXVIII. If on the day fixed for the trial of any issue neither of the parties appear, the case shall be struck off under the conditions provided in Section LIV. If on any such day one only of the parties appear, the issue may be tried and deter-

Consequence of parties not appearing on the day fixed for the trial of any issue.

mined in the absence of the other party upon such proof as may be then before the Court.

Suits instituted or defended by Naibs, Gomastahs, &c.

LXIX. When suits under this Act are instituted or defended by Naibs, Gomastahs, or other persons employed in the collection of rent or management of land in the name and on the behalf of the landholders by whom they are so employed, all the provisions of this Act, by which the personal appearance or attendance of parties to a suit is or may be required, shall be applicable to such Naibs, Gomastahs, or other persons; and any thing which by this Act is required or permitted to be done by a party in person, may be done by any such person as aforesaid. Processes served on any such person shall be as effectual for all purposes in relation to the suit as if the same had been served on the landholder in person, and all the provisions of this Act relative to the service of processes on a party to the suit shall be applicable to the service of processes on such person.

Personal attendance of plaintiff or defendant not required in certain cases.

LXX. A plaintiff or defendant shall not be required to attend in person if of the female sex and of a rank or class which according to the custom and manners of the country would render it improper for her to appear in public.

Employment of authorized agents or mookhtars.

LXXI. Any party to a suit may employ an authorized agent or mookhtar to conduct the case on his behalf, but the appointment of such agent or mookhtar shall not excuse the personal attendance of the plaintiff or defendant in cases where his personal attendance is required by the summons or any order of the Court; and no fee for any agent shall be charged as part of the costs of suit in any case under this Act.

Collector may grant time or adjourn hearing.

LXXII. The Collector may in any case grant time to the plaintiff or defendant to proceed in the prosecution or defence of a suit, and may also from time to time, in order to the production of further proof or for other sufficient reason to be recorded by the Collector, adjourn the hearing or further hearing of any case in such manner as to him may seem fit.

Collector may cause local enquiry to be made.

LXXIII. The Collector may at any stage of a case cause a local enquiry and report respecting the matter in dispute to be made by any Officer subordinate to him, or by any other Officer of Government with the consent of the authority to whom such Officer is subordinate, or may himself proceed to the spot and make such local enquiry in person. The provisions of the law for the time being in force relative to local enquiries by Ameens or Commissioners under orders of the Civil Courts shall apply to any local enquiry made by any Officer under this Section, and, so far as they are applicable, to enquiries made by the Collector in person. In the latter case the Collector, after completing the enquiry, shall record on the proceedings such observations as appear to him appropriate, and the observations so recorded shall be received as evidence in the suit.

Defendant may pay money into Court in satisfaction of the demand.

LXXIV. The defendant in any action under this Act may pay into Court such sum of money as he shall think a full satisfaction for the demand of the plaintiff, together with the costs incurred by the plaintiff up to the time of such payment, and such sum shall be paid to the plaintiff. If the defendant deposit less than the sum claimed and the plaintiff elect to proceed in the case, and ultimately recover no further sum than shall have been paid into Court, the plaintiff shall be charged with any costs incurred by the defendant in the suit after such payment.

If plaintiff elect to proceed and ultimately recover no further sum than that paid into Court, he shall be liable to the subsequent costs.

No interest on deposits.

LXXV. No interest shall be allowed to a plaintiff on any sum paid by the defendant into Court from the date of such payment, whether such sum be in full of the plaintiff's claim or fall short thereof.

If on trial of suit for delivery of pottah parties do not agree as to the time for which the pottah is granted, Collector to fix the time.

LXXVI. If on the trial of a suit for the delivery of a pottah instituted by a ryot having a right of occupancy the parties do not agree as to the term for which the pottah is to be granted, the Collector shall fix such term as under the circumstances of the case he may think just and proper. Provided that the term shall not in any case be longer than ten years, and in estates not permanently settled shall not extend beyond the period for which the proprietor of the estate has engaged with Government. Provided also that, if the defendant be a farmer or other person having only a temporary interest in the land, the term of the pottah shall not extend beyond the period of the continuance of such interest. For cultivators not having a right of occupancy, the term of pottah shall be exclusively in the discretion of the person entitled to the rent of the land.

Proviso.

If in actions for rent a third claimant appear, he is to be made a party to the suit.

LXXVII. When in any suit between a landholder and a ryot or under-tenant under this Act, the right to receive the rent of the land or tenure cultivated or held by the ryot or under-tenant is disputed, and such right is claimed by or on behalf of a third person on the ground that such third person or a person through whom he claims has actually and in good faith received and enjoyed such rent before and up to the time of the commencement of the suit, such third person shall be made a party to the suit, and the question of the actual receipt and enjoyment of the rent by such third person shall be enquired into and the suit shall be decided according to the result of such enquiry. Provided always that the decision of the Collector shall not affect the right of either party, who may have a legal title to the rent of such land or tenure, to establish his title by suit in the Civil Court if instituted within one year from the date of the decision.

Proviso.

Suits for ejectment or cancelment of lease.

LXXVIII. Any person desiring to eject a ryot or to cancel a lease on account of non-payment of arrears of rent, may sue for such ejectment or cancelment and

for recovery of the arrear in the same action, or may adduce any unexecuted decree for arrears of rent as evidence of the existence of such arrear in a suit for such ejectment or cancelment. In all cases of suits for the ejectment of a ryot or the cancelment of a lease, the decree shall specify the amount of the arrear, and if such amount together with interests and costs of suit be paid into Court within fifteen days from the date of the decree, execution shall be stayed.

Judgment how to be pronounced.

LXXIX. The Collector shall pronounce judgment in open Court. The judgment shall be written in the Vernacular language of the Collector and shall contain the reasons for the same, and shall be dated and signed by the Collector at the time when it is pronounced.

If person required by the decree refuse to grant pottah, Collector may do so.

LXXX. When a decree is given for the delivery of a pottah, if the person required by the decree to grant such pottah refuse or delay to grant the same, the Collector may grant a pottah in conformity with the terms of the decree under his own hand and seal, and such pottah shall be of the same force and effect as if granted by the person aforesaid.

Refusal of person to execute kubooliyet as required by the decree.

LXXXI. When a decree is given for the delivery of a kubooliyet, if the person required by the decree to execute such kubooliyet shall refuse to execute the same, the decree shall be evidence of the amount of rent claimable from such person, and a copy of the decree under the hand and seal of the Collector shall be of the same force and effect as a kubooliyet executed by the said person.

Mode of executing decree for ejectment or re-instatement of ryot.

LXXXII. If the decree be for the ejectment of any ryot from land occupied by him, or for the re-instatement of any ryot in the occupancy of land from which he has been ejected, the decree shall be executed by giving the possession or occupancy of the land to the person entitled by the decree to such possession or occupancy. If any opposition is made to the execution of the order for giving such possession or occupancy by the party against whom the order is made, the Magistrate, on the application of the Collector, shall give effect to the same.

Punishment for obstructing execution.

Mode of executing decree for cancelment of a lease or for ejectment or re-instatement of a farmer or tenant.

LXXXIII. If the decree be for the cancelment of any lease or the ejectment of any farmer or other person (not being an actual cultivator) or for the re-instatement of any farmer or other such person in the possession of a farm or tenure from which he has been ejected, the decree shall be executed by proclaiming the substance of the decree to the cultivators or other occupants by beat of drum or in such other manner as may be customary, and affixing the same in some conspicuous place within or adjacent to the farm or tenure.

In what case a judgment debtor may be detained or imprisoned without issue of process of execution.

LXXXIV. If the decree be for arrears of rent or for money, papers, or accounts, and the defendant have been committed to jail or appear pursuant to the conditions of any security bond given under Section LI, the Collector may order that he be detained in or committed to the Civil jail, unless he immediately pay into Court the amount of the decree with costs, or otherwise comply with the terms of the decree.

Liability of surety on failure to deliver judgment-debtor into custody.

LXXXV. If the judgment-debtor have given security for his appearance and be not present when judgment is pronounced, and the surety shall fail to deliver him into custody when required so to do, process of execution may be taken out against the surety in the same manner as if a decree for the amount due by the debtor had been passed against the surety. If the decree be for the delivery of papers or accounts, and the defendant be not present when judgment is pronounced and the surety shall fail to deliver him into custody when required so to do, execution may be taken out against the surety for the sum due under the bond in the same manner as if a decree for that sum had been passed against the surety.

Issue of process of execution.

LXXXVI. Process of execution may be issued against either the person or the property of a judgment-debtor; but process shall not be issued simultaneously against both person and property. Process of execution against the person or moveable property of a debtor shall be in the form (E) or (F) contained in the Schedule to this Act, or to the like effect.

Application for execution against moveable property.

LXXXVII. Any moveable property required to be seized under an execution shall, if practicable, be described in a list to be furnished by the judgment-creditor, but if the creditor is unable to furnish such list he may apply for a general attachment of the debtor's effects to the amount of the judgment and costs. In either case the property to be seized shall be pointed out to the Officer entrusted with the execution of the process by the creditor or his agent.

How long warrant shall continue in force.

LXXXVIII. Every warrant of execution shall bear date on the day on which it is signed by the Collector and shall continue in force for such period as the Collector may direct, not being more than sixty days calculated from such date.

Second and successive warrants.

LXXXIX. Second and successive warrants of execution may be issued by order of the Collector on the application of the judgment-creditor after the expiration of the period fixed for the continuance in force of a previous warrant.

After one year execution not to issue without notice.

XC. Process of execution shall not be issued upon any judgment without previous notice to the party against whom execution is applied for, if, when application for the issue of the process is made, a period of more than one year shall have elapsed from the date of the judgment or from the date of the last previous application for execution.

Execution not to issue against heir or representative of a deceased party without notice.

XCI. Execution on a judgment shall not issue against the heir or other representative of a deceased party without notice to such heir or other representative to appear and be heard.

XCII. No process of execution of any description whatsoever shall be issued, on a judgment under this Act, after the lapse of three years from the date of such judgment, unless the judgment be for a sum exceeding five hundred Rupees, in which case the period within which execution may be had shall be regulated by the general rules in force in respect to the period allowed for the execution of decrees of the Civil Courts.

No process of execution to be issued three years after date of judgment.

XCIII. If a warrant issue for taking in execution the body of any person, the Officer charged with the execution of the warrant shall bring him with all convenient speed before the Collector. If such person shall not then deposit in Court the full amount specified in the warrant or make such arrangement for the payment of the same as shall be satisfactory to the judgment-creditor, or satisfy the Collector that he has no present means of paying the debt, the Collector shall send him to the Civil jail there to remain for such time as shall be directed by a warrant addressed to the keeper of the jail; unless he shall in the meantime pay the full amount for the payment of which he is liable under the decree. Provided that the time for which a debtor may be confined in execution of a decree under this Act shall not exceed three calendar months when the amount decreed exclusive of costs does not exceed fifty Rupees, or six calendar months when such amount does not exceed five hundred Rupees, or two years in any other case. If the decree against any person arrested under a warrant be for the delivery of papers or accounts and the papers or accounts shall not be delivered by him when he is brought before the Collector, such person may be committed to the Civil Jail there to remain for such time not exceeding six calendar months as the Collector shall direct, unless he shall in the meantime deliver the papers or accounts according to the terms of the decree.

Warrant against the person.

Limit of imprisonment.

If arrest be for non-Delivery of accounts.

XCIV. Any person once discharged from jail shall not be imprisoned a second time under the same judgment. If the amount due under the decree do not exceed one hundred Rupees, the Collector may declare such discharged person absolved from further liability under that decree. In other cases the discharge shall not extinguish the liability of the discharged person under the decree, or exempt any property belonging to such person from attachment in execution of the same.

No person to be imprisoned a second time under same judgment.

XCV. Any person applying for a warrant of arrest under Section XLIX or suing out process of execution against the body of any person, shall deposit in Court, at the time of issue of the warrant, diet-money for one month of thirty days at such rate as the Collector may direct, not exceeding two annas per diem, unless the Collector for any special reason direct that deposit be made at a higher rate, which shall not exceed four annas per diem.

Diet-money to be deposited at the time of issue of warrant.

XCVI. Payment of diet-money at the same rate shall be made previously to the commencement of each succeeding month of the imprisonment, in failure of which the party confined shall be discharged.

Payment of diet-money in advance during imprisonment.

XCVII. All diet money spent in providing subsistence for any prisoner shall be added to the costs in the suit, and any diet-money not so spent shall be returned to the person who deposited the same.

Diet-money to be costs in suit.

XCVIII. In executing a writ of execution against the moveable property of a debtor liable under this Act, the Officer charged with the execution of the writ shall prepare a list of the property pointed out by the judgment-creditor, and shall publish a proclamation specifying the day upon which the sale is intended to be held together with a copy of the said list at the intended place of sale and at the residence of the debtor. A copy of the said proclamation and list shall be transmitted to the Collector and shall be affixed in his Office.

List of property to be prepared and proclamation of sale to be published &c.

XCIX. No sale of any moveable property taken in execution shall be made until after the end of ten days next following the day on which such property may have been so taken. Until such sale the property shall be deposited in some fit place or it may remain in custody of some fit person approved by the Officer executing the writ. The provisions of Sections CXXIX to CXXXIII, so far as the same are applicable, shall be applied to sales under this Section.

Custody and sale of moveable property taken in execution.

C. If before the day fixed for the sale a third party appear before the Collector and claim a right or interest in any of the moveable property taken in execution, the Collector shall examine such party or his agent on oath or affirmation or otherwise, according to the law for the time being in force relative to the examination of witnesses, and if he see sufficient reason for so doing may stay the sale of such property.

Collector may stay sale of moveable property seized if a third party claim any interest therein.

CI. The Collector shall adjudicate upon such claim and make such order between the claimant and the plaintiff and defendant in the original suit as shall seem fit. In trying such claim the Collector shall be guided by the rules contained in this Act so far as they may be applicable.

Collector to adjudicate such claims.

CII. If the claimant shall fail to establish his right to the property taken in execution, the Collector at the time of disposing of the case may award to the judgment-creditor against such claimant as part of the costs such sum as he may consider sufficient to cover any loss of interest or damage which the judgment-creditor may have sustained by reason of the postponement of the sale of the property.

Claimant failing to establish his right, liable to pay compensation to judgment-creditor.

CIII. No appeal shall lie from any order passed by the Collector under the two last preceding Sections. But the party against whom the same may be given shall be at liberty to bring a suit in the Civil Court to establish his right at any time within one year from the date of the order; provided that, if the order be for the sale of the property, the suit shall not be for the recovery of the property, but shall be for damages against the judgment-creditor by whom the property was brought to sale.

No appeal from order of Collector under the two last preceding Sections.

Proviso.

CIV. No irregularity in publishing or conducting a sale of moveable property under an execution shall vitiate such sale, but this rule shall not be held to deprive any person who may sustain damage by reason of such irregularity from recovering such damage by action in the Civil Court; provided such action be brought within one year from the date of sale.

Sale not vitiated by irregularity in publishing or conducting the same.

Proviso.

CV. If the decree be for an arrear of rent due in respect of an under-tenure, which by the title-deeds or the custom of the country is transferable by sale, the judgment-creditor may make application for the sale of the tenure, and the tenure may thereupon be brought to sale in execution of the decree, according to the rules for the sale of under-tenures for the recovery of arrears of rent due in respect thereof contained in any law for the time being in force. But no such application shall be received when a warrant of execution has been previously issued against the person or moveable property of the judgment-debtor, so long as such warrant remains in force. If after sale of an under-tenure any portion of the amount decreed remains due, process may be applied for against any other property, moveable or immoveable, belonging to the debtor, and any such immoveable property may be brought to sale in the manner provided in Section CX of this Act.

Sale of transferable tenures in execution of decrees for arrears of rent.

CVI. If before the day fixed for the sale of any such under-tenure as aforesaid in execution of a decree for arrears of rent due in respect of such under-tenure, a third party appear before the Collector, and allege that such third party and not the person against whom the decree has been obtained, is the proprietor of such under-tenure, and was in lawful possession of the same at the time when such decree was obtained, the Collector shall examine such party in the manner provided in Section C for the examination of third parties, and if he see sufficient reason for so doing, and such party shall deposit in Court the amount of the decree or give sufficient security for the same, the Collector shall stay the sale and proceed to enquire into and adjudicate upon the claim. Provided that no transfer of an under-tenure which by the provisions of this Act or any other law for the time being in force, is required to be registered in the Sherishteh of the Zemindar or superior tenant shall be recognized unless it have been so registered, or unless sufficient cause for non-registration be shown to the satisfaction of the Collector.

If third party claim to be the proprietor and lawful possessor of such under-tenure, Collector to stay the sale and to enquire into and adjudicate upon the claim.

Proviso.

CVII. In trying such claim the Collector shall be guided by the rules contained in this Act, so far as the same may be applicable and the judgment passed by the Collector on such claim shall not be subject to appeal, but the party against whom it is given may bring a suit in the Civil Court to establish his right at any time within one year from the date of the judgment.

Mode of adjudicating such claims.

CVIII. If a decree is given in favor of a sharer in a joint undivided estate, dependent talook, or other similar tenure for money due to him on account of his share of the rent of an under-tenure situate in such undivided estate or talook or tenure, application for the sale of such under-tenure shall not be received unless execution shall have been first taken out against any moveable property which the judgment-debtor may possess within the District in which the suit was instituted and the sale of such property, if any, shall have proved insufficient to satisfy the judgment. In such case such under-tenure, if of the nature described in Section CV, may be brought to sale in execution of the decree in the same manner as any other immoveable property may be sold in execution of a decree for money under the provisions of the two next following Sections.

Execution of decrees given in favor of sharers in undivided estates or tenures.

CIX. In the execution of any decree for the payment of money under this Act not being money due as arrears of rent of a saleable under-tenure, if satisfaction of the judgment cannot be obtained by execution against the person or moveable property of the debtor within the District in which the suit was instituted, the judgment-creditor may apply for execution against any immoveable property belonging to such debtor.

In all cases of decrees for money, if judgment cannot be satisfied by sale of debtor's moveable property, execution may be had against his immoveable property.

CX. If the immoveable property against which execution is applied for be a house or other building, process shall be issued in the same manner as for the attachment and sale of moveable property, and the provisions of Sections XCVIII and XCIX shall be applicable to the execution of such process. If the property be a saleable under-tenure it shall be sold under the provisions of the law for the time being in force applicable to the sale of such under-tenures for demands other than those of arrears of rent due in respect thereof. If the property be an estate or a share of an estate, it shall be sold under the rules in force for the sale of estates for the recovery of demands recoverable by the same process as arrears of land revenue.

Mode of executing process if immoveable property be a house or other building.

If it be a saleable under-tenure.

If it be an estate or a share of an estate.

CXI. If, before the day fixed for the sale of any immoveable property as aforesaid, objection shall be offered to the sale on the ground of such property not belonging to the judgment-

Consequence of objection being offered before the sale of any immoveable property.

debtor, and consequently not being liable to be sold in execution of a decree against him, the Collector shall examine the party making the objection in the manner prescribed in Section C for the examination of third parties, and if satisfied that there is sufficient ground for so doing, shall stay the sale and proceed to enquire into and adjudicate upon the objection, in the same manner, and subject to the same right of suit by the party against whom judgment may be given, as is provided in Section CVII.

CXII. The produce of the land is held to be hypothecated for the rent payable in respect thereof; and when an arrear of rent as defined in Section XX of this Act, is due from any cultivator of land, the zemindar, lakherajdar, farmer, dependent talookdar, under-farmer, or other person entitled to receive rent immediately from such cultivator, instead of bringing suit for the arrear as hereinbefore provided, may recover the same by distraint and sale of the produce of the land on account of which the arrear is due under the following rules. Provided always that, when a cultivator has given security for the payment of his rent, the produce of the land for the rent of which security has been given, shall not be liable to distraint. Provided also that no sharer, in a joint estate, dependent talook, or other tenure, in which a division of lands has not been made amongst the sharers, shall exercise the power of distraint otherwise than through a manager authorized to collect the rents of the whole estate, talook, or tenure, on behalf of all the sharers in the same. Provided further that in putteedaree estates situated in districts under the Government of the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces distraint shall be made only through a lumbardar.

Produce of the land to be held hypothecated for the rent.

Arrears of rent may be recovered by distraint under the following rules.

Cultivators who have given security to be exempt from distraint

CXIII. Distraint shall not be made for any arrear which has been due for a longer period than one year; nor for the recovery of any sum in excess of the rent payable for the same land in the preceding year, unless a written engagement for the payment of such excess has been executed by the cultivator.

No distraint in certain cases.

CXIV. The power of distraint vested by Section CXII in Zemindars and other persons entitled to receive rent from cultivators of land, may be exercised by managers under the Court of Wards, Surbarakars, and Tehsildars of estates held under khas management, and other persons lawfully entrusted with the charge of landed property; and also by the naibs, gomashtahs, and other agents employed by any such persons as aforesaid in the collection of rent if expressly authorized by power of attorney in that behalf. Provided that if any illegal act is committed by any such Naib, Gomashtah, or other agent under color of the exercise of the said power, the person employing such agent shall be liable, as well as the agent, for any damages accruing by reason of such act.

Power of distraint to be exercised by managers under the Court of Wards, &c.

Proviso.

CXV. Standing crops and other ungathered products of the earth, and crops or other products when reaped or gathered, and deposited in any threshing floor or place for treading out grain or the like, whether in the field or within a homestead, may be distrained by persons invested with the powers of distraint under the provisions of this Act. But no such crops or products other than the produce of the land in respect of which an arrear of rent is due or of land held under the same engagement, and no grain or other produce after it has been stored by the cultivator, and no other property whatsoever, shall be liable to distraint under this Act.

Standing crops and crops gathered but not stored liable to distraint.

CXVI. Before or at the time when distraint is made under this Act, the distrainer shall cause the defaulter to be served with a written demand for the amount of the arrear, together with an account exhibiting the grounds on which the demand is made. The demand and account shall, if practicable, be served personally on the defaulter, or if he abscond or conceal himself so that they cannot be so served, shall be affixed at his usual place of residence.

Defaulter to be served with a written demand, &c., before or at the time of distraint.

CXVII. Unless the amount of the demand is immediately paid or tendered, the distrainer may distrain property as aforesaid of value proportionate to the amount of the arrear with costs of the distress; and shall prepare a list or description of the said property, and deliver a copy of the same to the owner, or if he be absent affix it at his usual place of residence.

Distress to be proportionate to the arrear if not paid or tendered.

List of property to be distrained, to be served on owner.

CXVIII. Standing crops and other ungathered products may, notwithstanding the distraint, be reaped and gathered by the cultivator, and may be stored in such granaries or other places as are commonly used by him for the purpose. If the cultivator neglect to do so, the distrainer shall cause the said crops or products to be reaped or gathered, and in such case shall store the same either in such granaries or other places as aforesaid, or in some other convenient place in the neighbourhood. In either case the distrained property shall be placed in the charge of some person appointed by the distrainer for the purpose. Crops or products which from their nature do not admit of being stored, may be sold before they are cut or gathered, under the rules hereinafter provided; but in such case the distraint shall be made at least twenty days before the time when the crops or products or any part of the same would be fit for cutting or gathering.

Standing crops &c. when attached, to be reaped and stored by the cultivator, or, if he neglect to do so, by the distrainer.

CXIX. If a distrainer shall be opposed, or shall apprehend resistance, and shall desire to obtain the assistance of a public Officer, he may apply to the Collector, and the Collector may, if he thinks necessary, depute an Officer to support the distrainer in making the distraint.

Distrainer may apply for aid to the Collector upon occasion of resistance made or apprehended.

Person empowered to distrain may give written authority to their servants to do so.

CXX. When any person, empowered to distrain property under Section CXII or Section CXIV, shall employ a servant or other person to make the distress, he shall give to such servant or person a written authority (which may be on plain paper) for the same, and the distress shall be made in the name and on the responsibility of the person giving such authority.

Distress to be withdrawn if defaulter tender payment of arrear and expenses of attachment prior to the day of sale.

CXXI. If at any time after property has been distrained, and prior to the day fixed for its being put up to sale as hereinafter provided, the owner of the property shall tender payment of the arrear demanded of him and of the expenses of the distress, the distrainer shall receive the same, and shall forthwith withdraw the distress.

Application for sale.

CXXII. Within five days from the time of the storing of any distrained crops or products, or if the crops or products do not, from their nature, admit of being stored, within five days from the time of making the distress, the distrainer shall apply for sale of the same to the Civil Court Ameen, or other Officer authorized to sell property in satisfaction of decrees of the Civil Court within the circle in which the distrained property is situate, or to such other public Officer as the local Government shall appoint for the purpose.

Form of application.

CXXIII. The application shall be in writing, and shall contain an inventory or description of the property distrained, the name of the defaulter and his place of residence, the amount due, and the date of the distress, and the place in which the distrained property is deposited. Together with the application, the distrainer shall deliver to the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer the amount necessary for the service of a notice upon the defaulter as hereinafter provided.

Cost of notice upon defaulter to be deposited by distrainer.

Procedure by Civil Court Ameen &c. on receipt of application.

CXXIV. Immediately on receipt of the application the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer shall transmit a copy of it to the Collector; and shall serve a notice (which shall be in the form (G) contained in the Schedule to this Act, or to the like effect) on the person whose property has been distrained, requiring him either to pay the amount demanded, or to institute a suit to contest the demand before the Collector within the period of fifteen days from the receipt of the notice. He shall at the same time send to the Collector for the purpose of being put up in his Office, and if in the North-Western Provinces in the cutcherry of the Tuhseeldar, a proclamation fixing a day for the sale of the distrained property, which shall not be less than twenty days from the date of the application; and shall deliver a copy of the proclamation to the peon charged with the service of the notice, to be put up by him in the place where the distrained property is deposited. The proclamation shall contain a description of the property, the demand for which it is to be sold, and the place where the sale is to be held.

Ameen to suspend sale on receipt of Collector's certificate of the institution of a suit.

CXXV. If a suit shall be instituted before the Collector in pursuance of the aforesaid notice, the Collector shall transmit to the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer, or if so requested shall deliver to the owner of the distrained property, a certificate of the institution of such suit; and on such certificate being received by or presented to the Ameen or other Officer, he shall suspend proceedings in regard to the sale of the distrained property.

Suit to contest distrainer's demand before issue of notice of sale.

CXXVI. A person whose property has been distrained in the manner hereinbefore provided, may institute a suit to contest the demand of the distrainer immediately after the distraint of his property, and before the issue of notice of sale. When such suit is instituted, the Collector shall proceed in the manner prescribed in the last preceding Section. If thereafter application for the sale of the property is made to the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer, he shall transmit a copy of the application to the Collector, and suspend further proceedings pending the decision of the case.

Distress to be withdrawn on receipt of Collector's certificate that the owner has executed a bond with security to pay amount of decree with interest and costs.

CXXVII. The person whose property has been distrained may, at the time of instituting any such suit as aforesaid, or at any subsequent period, execute a bond with security binding himself to pay whatever sum may be adjudged to be due from him with interest and costs of suit, and when such bond is executed the Collector shall give to the owner of the property a certificate to that effect, or if so requested shall serve the distrainer with notice of the same; and upon such certificate being presented to the distrainer by the owner of the property or served on him by order of the Collector the property shall be released from distraint.

On expiration of period fixed in the proclamation of sale, if institution of suit to contest distrainer's demand have not been certified, sale may be proceeded with.

CXXVIII. On the expiration of the period fixed in the proclamation of sale, if the institution of a suit to contest the demand of the distrainer has not been certified to the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer in the manner hereinbefore provided, he shall, unless the said demand, with such costs of the distress as shall be allowed by him, be discharged in full, proceed to sell the property or such part of it as may be necessary in the manner following.

Place and manner of sale.

CXXIX. The sale shall be held at the place where the distrained property is deposited, or at the nearest gunge, bazar, haut, or other place of public resort, if the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer should be of opinion that it is likely to sell there to better advantage. The property shall be sold by public auction in one or more lots as the Officer holding the sale may think advisable, and if the demand with the costs of distress and sale be satisfied by the sale of a portion of the property, the distress shall be immediately withdrawn with respect to the remainder.

CXXX. If on the property being put up for sale a fair price in the estimation of the Officer holding the sale be not offered for it, and the owner of the property or some person authorized to act on his behalf apply to have the sale postponed until the next day, or the next market day if a market be held at the place of sale, the sale shall be postponed until such day and shall be then completed whatever price may be offered for the property.

If fair price be not offered, sale may be postponed to another day, and shall be then completed at whatever price may be offered.

CXXXI. The price of every lot shall be paid for in ready money at the time of sale or as soon after as the Officer holding the sale shall think necessary; and in default of such payment the property shall be put up again and sold. When the purchase money has been paid in full, the Officer holding the sale shall give the purchaser a certificate describing the property purchased by him and the price paid.

Payment of purchase money.

CXXXII. From the proceeds of the sale of distrained property the Officer holding the sale shall make a deduction at the rate of one anna in the Rupee on account of the costs of the sale, and shall transmit the amount to the Collector in order that it may be credited to Government. He shall then then pay to the distrainer the expenses incurred by the distrainer on account of the distress and of the issue of the notice and proclamation of sale prescribed in Section CXXIV, to such amount as, after examination of the statement of expenses furnished by the distrainer, he shall think proper to allow. The remainder shall be applied to the discharge of the arrear for which the distraint was made with interest thereon up to the day of sale, and if there be any overplus it shall be delivered to the person whose property shall have been sold.

Proceeds of sale.

CXXXIII. Officers holding sales of property under this Act, and all persons employed by or subordinate to such Officers, are prohibited from purchasing either directly or indirectly any property sold by such Officers.

Officers holding sales prohibited from purchasing.

CXXXIV. Civil Court Ameens and other Officers as aforesaid are required to bring to the notice of Collectors any material irregularities committed by distrainers under color of this Act; and if in any case, on proceeding to hold a sale of property, the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer shall find that the owner of the property has not received due notice of the distress and intended sale, he shall postpone the sale and report the case to the Collector, and the Collector shall direct the issue of another notice and proclamation of sale under Section CXXIV or pass such other order as he may think proper.

All irregularities to be reported to the Collector.

Officer not to proceed to sale, if he find that defaulter has not received due notice.

CXXXV. When a Civil Court Ameen or other Officer has proceeded to any place for the purpose of holding a sale and no sale takes place either for the reason stated in the last preceding Section, or because the demand of the distrainer has been previously satisfied, no intimation of such satisfaction having been given by the distrainer to the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer, the charge of one anna in the Rupee on account of expenses shall be leviable and shall be calculated on the estimated value of the distrained property. If the demand of the distrainer be not satisfied until the day fixed for the sale, the charge for expenses shall be paid by the owner of the property and may be recovered by the sale of such portion thereof as may be necessary. In every other case it shall be paid by the distrainer and may be recovered by attachment and sale of the property of the distrainer under the warrant of the Collector. Provided always that in no case shall a larger amount than ten Rupees be recoverable under this Section.

Recovery of expenses if Ameen proceeds to place of sale and no sale takes place.

CXXXVI. All proceedings under this Act of the Civil Court Ameens and other Officers as aforesaid shall be subject to the revision and orders of the Collectors, and the Collectors, with the sanction of the Boards of Revenue, may require the submission of such periodical reports and statements of business performed by the Civil Court Ameens and other Officers as may be thought necessary.

Proceedings of Civil Court Ameens &c. subject to revision and orders of Collectors.

CXXXVII. When a suit has been instituted to contest the demand of a distrainer and the property has not been released on security, if the demand or any portion of it shall be adjudged to be due, the Collector shall issue an order to the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer authorizing the sale of the property, and on the application of the distrainer, which shall be made within five days from the receipt of such order by the Civil Court Ameen or other Officer, such Ameen or Officer shall publish a second proclamation in the manner prescribed in Section CXXIV, fixing another day for the sale of the distrained property, which shall not be less than five nor more than ten days from the date of the proclamation; and unless the amount adjudged to be due with the costs of distress be paid intermediately, shall proceed to sell the property in the manner hereinbefore provided.

Second proclamation of sale.

CXXXVIII. In all suits instituted to contest the demand of a distrainer, the distrainer shall be required to prove the arrear in the same manner as if he had himself brought suit for the amount under the foregoing provisions of this Act. If the demand or any part thereof is found to be due, the Collector shall make a decree for the amount in favor of the distrainer, and the amount may be recovered by sale of the property as provided in the last preceding Section if the distress has not been withdrawn, and if any balance remain due after such sale by execution of the decree against the person and any other property of the defaulter, or if the property have been released on security by execution of the decree against the person and property of the default and of his surety. If on the other hand the distraint is adjudged to be vexatious or groundless, the Collector, besides directing the release of the distrained property, may award such damages in favor of the plaintiff as the circumstances of the case shall seem to require.

Procedure after institution of suit to contest distrainer's demand.

CXXXIX. If any person shall claim as his own, property which has been distrained for arrears of rent alleged to be due from any other person, such person may institute a suit against the distrainer and such other person, to try the right to the property, in the same manner and under the same conditions as to the time of instituting the suit and to the consequent postponement of sale, as a person whose property has been distrained for an arrear of rent alleged to be due from him may institute a suit to contest the demand. When any such suit is instituted the property may be released upon security being given for the value of the same. If the claim is dismissed the Collector shall make an order for the sale of the property or the recovery of the value thereof, as the case may be, for the benefit of the distrainer. If the claim is upheld, the Collector shall decree the release of the distrained property with costs, and such damages (if any) as the circumstances of the case may seem to require. Provided always that no claim to any produce of land, liable to distraint under this Act, which at the time of the distress may have been found in the possession of a defaulting cultivator, whether such claim be in respect of a previous sale, mortgage, or otherwise, shall bar the prior claim of the person entitled to the rent of the land, nor shall any attachment in execution of a judgment of any Civil Court prevail against such prior claim.

Any person, whose property has been distrained for arrears of rent alleged to be due from another, may institute a suit against the distrainer, &c.

Proviso.

CXL. If in any case in which property has been distrained for an arrear of rent and a suit has been instituted to contest the demand, the right to distrain for such arrear is claimed by or on behalf of any person other than the distrainer on the ground of such other person being actually and in good faith in the receipt and enjoyment of the rent of the land, such other person shall be made a party to the suit, and the question of the actual receipt and enjoyment of the rent by such other person before and up to the time of the commencement of the suit shall be enquired into, and the suit shall be decided according to the result of such enquiry. Provided always that the decision of the Collector shall not affect the right of either party who may have a legal title to the rent of the land, to establish his title by suit in the Civil Court if instituted within one year from the date of the decision.

Procedure if distrainer's right to distrain be disputed.

CXLI. If any person, whose property has been distrained for the recovery of a demand not justly due, or of a demand due or alleged to be due from some other person, is prevented by any sufficient cause from bringing suit to contest the demand or to try the right to the property as the case may be within the period allowed by Sections CXXIV and CXXXIX and his property is in consequence brought to sale, he may nevertheless institute a suit under this Act to recover damages for the illegal distress and sale of his property.

Persons prevented from suing in time to save their property from sale, may sue for damages.

CXLII. If any person empowered to distrain property or employed for the purpose under a written authority by a person so empowered, shall distrain or sell, or cause to be sold, any property for the recovery of an arrear of rent alleged to be due, otherwise than according to the provisions of this Act, or if any distrained property shall be lost, damaged, or destroyed by reason of the distrainer not having taken proper precaution for the due keeping and preservation thereof, or if the distraint shall not be immediately withdrawn when it is required to be withdrawn by any provision of this Act, the owner of the property may institute a suit under this Act to recover damages for any injury which he may have thereby sustained.

Also persons aggrieved by any illegal act of distrainer.

CXLIII. If any person not empowered to distrain property under Sections CXII and CXIV of this Act, nor employed for the purpose under a written authority by a person so empowered, shall distrain or sell or cause to be sold any property under color of this Act, the owner of the property may institute a suit under this Act to recover damages from such person for any injury which he may have sustained from the distraint or sale. The said person shall be held to have committed criminal trespass, and shall be subject to the penalties for that offence in addition to any damages which may be awarded against him in such suit.

Unlawful distraint.

CXLIV. Provided always that any suit which may be instituted under any of the last three Sections shall be commenced within three months from the date of the occurrence of the cause of action.

Time for commencing suits for damages.

CXLV. If any person shall resist a distraint of property duly made under this Act, or shall forcibly or clandestinely remove any distrained property, the Collector upon complaint being made within fifteen days from the date of such resistance or removal, shall cause the person accused to be arrested, and if the offence be proved and the offender be the owner of the property, shall order him to be imprisoned in the Civil jail for six months, or until the whole arrear due to the distrainer with all expenses and costs shall sooner be paid or levied by distress and sale of the property of the offender under warrant of the Collector. If the person convicted of the offence be any other than the owner of the property, he shall make good to the distrainer the value of the same, and shall further be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees, or in default of payment thereof to imprisonment for a period not exceeding two months.

Resistance of distraint.

CXLVI. Every process issued by a Collector under this Act shall be under the seal and signature of the Collector, and shall be served or executed by the Nazir or by such other Officer as the Collector may direct at the cost of the party at whose instance it issued. The amount of such cost, and, in the case of summons to a witness, any sum required for the travelling expenses of such witness, shall be deposited in Court before the process is issued. Provided that if in any case the Collector is satisfied that a party is unable to pay the cost of

Service of process.

any necessary process, he may direct such process to be served free of charge.

Resistance of process.

CXLVII. Any resistance or opposition to the lawful process of a Collector under this Act may be punished by the Collector according to the provisions of the law for the time being in force for the punishment of resistance or opposition to the processes of the Courts of Civil justice. When in any such case the offender is not present in Court, the Collector may summon him to answer to the charge, and if after due service of the summons he fail to attend, may issue a warrant for his apprehension. Orders passed by Collectors under this Section shall not be deemed to be orders relating to the trial of suits or to the execution of decrees within the meaning of Section CLI.

Collector competent to hold a Court in any part of his jurisdiction.

CXLVIII. It shall be competent to the Collector to hold a Court for hearing and determining suits under this Act in any place within the limits of his District or local jurisdiction, provided that every hearing and decision shall be in open Court, and that the parties to the suit or their authorized agents shall have had due notice to attend at such place.

Proviso.

Agents or mookhtars.

CXLIX. Any person may practise as an agent or mookhtar in a Court held by a Collector under this Act without any formal license from the Collector. But it shall be competent to the Collector to prohibit any person, who has been convicted by a competent Court of a criminal offence, or who has been found guilty of fraudulent or dishonest conduct in the discharge of his duty as agent or mookhtar, to practice as an agent or mookhtar in his Court. When any agent or mookhtar is charged by the Collector or any other person with fraudulent or dishonest conduct in the discharge of his duty, the Collector shall proceed in the manner prescribed in Section IV Act XVIII of 1852, or any other law for the time being in force for the trial of charges against pleaders.

Powers of Deputy Collectors.

CL. All the powers vested in the Collector by the preceding Sections of this Act may be exercised by any Deputy Collector in cases referred to him by a Collector; and in all cases without such reference, by any Deputy Collector placed in charge of any Sub-division of a District; and all applications and reports allowed or required by this Act to be made to the Collector may be made to any Deputy Collector having such local jurisdiction.

Collectors and Deputy Collectors to be subject to general direction and control of the Commissioners and the Boards of Revenue.

CLI. In the performance of their duties under this Act the Collectors and Deputy Collectors shall be subject to the general direction and control of the Commissioners and the Boards of Revenue; and the Deputy Collector shall be subject to the direction and control of the Collectors to whom they are subordinate. All orders passed by a Collector under this Act, not being judgments in suits or orders passed in the course of suits and relating to the trial thereof or orders passed after decree and relating to the execution thereof, shall be appealable to the Commissioner; and all such orders passed by a Deputy Collector shall be appealable to the Collector; but no judgment of a Collector or Deputy Collector in any suit, and no order of a Collector or Deputy Collector passed in any suit and relating to the trial thereof, or after decree and relating to the execution thereof, shall be open to revision or appeal otherwise than as expressly provided in this Act.

No appeal from orders of Collectors and Deputy Collectors in certain cases.

Time for presenting appeals from orders.

CLII. Every appeal against the order of a Collector shall be presented to the Commissioner within thirty days, and every appeal against the order of a Deputy Collector shall be presented to the Collector within fifteen days from the date of the order. Orders passed in appeal by a Commissioner or a Collector shall not be open to any further appeal, but the Board of Revenue or the Commissioner may call for any case, and pass such orders thereon as they may think proper.

No appeal from any decree of Collector for money below 100 Rupees unless the decision involve some question of right to enhance rent or some question relating to a title to land.

CLIII. In suits under Clauses 2, 4, and 7 of Section XXIII and under Section XXIV of this Act, tried and decided by a Collector, if the amount sued for or the value of the property claimed does not exceed one hundred Rupees, the judgment of the Collector shall be final, and not open to revision or appeal except as hereinafter provided, unless in any such suit a question of right to enhance or otherwise vary the rent of a ryot or tenant, or any question relating to a title to land, or to some interest in land as between parties having conflicting claims thereto, has been determined by the judgment, in which case the judgment shall be open to appeal in the manner provided in Sections CLX and CLXI of this Act.

In suits not open to appeal, Collector may grant a re-hearing upon the discovery of new evidence, &c.

CLIV. In suits in which the judgment of the Collector is final as provided in the last preceding Section, the Collector may, upon the application of either party, if preferred within thirty days from the date of the decision, order the re-hearing of a suit, upon the ground of the discovery of new evidence or matter material to the issue of the case which the applicant had no knowledge of, or could not produce at the time of trial.

Appeal from decision of Deputy Collector.

CLV. When any such suit as aforesaid, in which if tried and decided by a Collector the judgment of the Collector would be final, is tried and decided by a Deputy Collector, an appeal from the judgment of the Deputy Collector shall lie to the Collector.

Petition of appeal to be on stamp paper, &c.

CLVI. The petition of appeal shall be written on stamp paper of eight annas value and shall be presented to the Collector within fifteen days from the date of the decree,

provided that such time as may be requisite for procuring a copy of the decree appealed against shall not be reckoned as part of the fifteen days.

Procedure in appeal.

CLVII. The Collector shall fix a day for hearing the appeal, and shall cause notice of the same to be served on the respondent in the manner hereinbefore prescribed for the service of summons. If on the day fixed for hearing the appeal, or any other day to which the hearing may be adjourned, the appellant shall not appear in person or by an agent, the appeal shall be dismissed for default. If the appellant shall appear and the respondent shall not appear in person or by an agent, the appeal shall be heard *ex parte*.

Re-admission of appeal.

CLVIII. If an appeal be dismissed for default of prosecution the appellant may within fifteen days from the date of the dismissal apply to the Collector for the re-admission of the appeal, and if it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Collector that the appellant was prevented by any sufficient cause from appearing when the appeal was called on for hearing, the Collector may re-admit the appeal.

Judgment in appeal.

CLIX. After hearing the appeal the Collector shall give judgment in the manner hereinbefore prescribed for giving judgment in original suits, and the judgment of the Collector shall be final.

In what suits appeal to lie to Zillah Judge.

CLX. In all suits other than those in which when tried and decided by a Collector the judgment of the Collector is declared to be final or when tried and decided by a Deputy Collector an appeal is allowed to the Collector, an appeal from the judgment of the Collector or Deputy Collector shall lie to the Zillah Judge; unless the amount or value in dispute exceed five thousand Rupees, in which case the appeal shall lie to the Sudder Court.

To Sudder Court.

Rules regarding presentation and hearing of appeals.

CLXI. The petition of appeal shall be written on the stamp paper prescribed for appeals from the subordinate Civil Courts with reference to the amount or value of the property involved in the appeal, and the rules in force in regard to the time within which appeals from the decisions of such Courts may be received, and to the manner in which such appeals are heard and determined, and to all proceedings which may be had in respect of such appeals, shall be applicable to appeals to the Zillah Judge or Sudder Court under this Act.

Suits to be preferred in the Revenue Office of the District or Sub-division in which the greater part of the land is situate.

CLXII. Suits under this Act shall be preferred in the Revenue Office of the District, or when a Sub-division of a District has been placed under the jurisdiction of a Deputy Collector, in the Revenue Office of the Sub-division in which the cause of action shall have arisen. Provided always that the Collector may withdraw any suit from any Deputy Collector and try it himself, or refer it to another Deputy Collector. If the lands comprised in any talook, farm, or other tenure, or any lands held under one lease or engagement or at one entire rent in respect of which arrears of rent may be due, are situated in more than one District or Sub-division, the District or Sub-division in which the greater part of such lands is situate shall be held to be the District or Sub-division in which the cause of action has arisen; and if any question shall be raised respecting the District or Sub-division in which the greater part of the lands is situate, the Board of Revenue, or if all the lands be situate in one District the Collector of the District shall decide the question, and such decision shall be conclusive on the point of jurisdiction.

Except as above, Collector not to exercise jurisdiction in respect to lands situate beyond his District.

CLXIII. Except as provided in the last preceding Section, no Collector shall exercise any jurisdiction under this Act in respect to any lands situate beyond the limits of the District to which he is appointed, by reason of such lands forming part of an estate the revenue of which is paid into the Treasury of the said District.

Deputy Collector entrusted with Police functions, not to exercise judicial powers under this Act.

CLXIV. No Deputy Collector appointed under Regulation IX of 1833 of the Bengal Code, shall exercise any judicial powers or other jurisdiction under this Act if entrusted with any Police functions.

What powers to be exercised by Assistants to Collectors.

CLXV. Assistants to Collectors shall not exercise any powers under this Act unless invested by Government with the powers of Deputy Collectors, in which case they may exercise the powers hereby assigned to Deputy Collectors.

Saving of rights of proprietors in respect of Putnee Talooks, &c. under Regulation VIII. 1819.

CLXVI. Nothing contained in this Act shall be held to affect the right vested in proprietors of land under direct engagements with Government, of bringing to sale for arrears of rent Putnee Talooks and other similar tenures under the provisions of Regulation VIII. 1819.

Commencement of Act.

CLXVII. This Act shall commence and have effect from and after the 1st day of August 1859.

"Civil Jail"

CLXVIII. The words "Civil Jail" as used in this Act shall include the Civil Jail of the Zillah and any place appointed by the Executive Government for the confinement of prisoners by any Court constituted under this Act. The

"Nazir."

word "Nazir" shall include any Officer of a Court authorized to serve or execute its process. Unless

Number.

there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction, words importing the singular number shall include the plural number, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number, and

Gender.

words importing the masculine gender shall include females.

SCHEDULE.

A.

FORM OF SUMMONS TO DEFENDANT.

No. (of suit) dated
In the Court of

A. B., Plaintiff.

[*Name, description, and address of plaintiff.*]

C. D., Defendant.

[*Name, description, and address of Defendant.*]

Whereas the said A. B. has brought a claim against you in this Court for *(here specify particulars of claim as given in the statement,) you are hereby required to appear in person in this Court on the day of* [*if not specially required to appear in person, state, in person or by an agent who has personal knowledge of the subject or who shall be accompanied by a person who has such knowledge*] to answer the abovenamed plaintiff, and you will bring with you (or send by your agent) [*here mention any document the production of which may be required by the plaintiff*] which the plaintiff desires to inspect, and all documents on which you may intend to rely in support of your defence. You will also bring with you your witnesses, if they are willing to attend without issue of process.

B.

FORM OF WARRANT OF ARREST.

No. (of suit) dated
In the Court of

A. B., Plaintiff.

C. D., Defendant.

To the Nazir of the Court of the Collector of——

Whereas the plaintiff in this suit has obtained an order from the Court for the arrest of the defendant, you are hereby commanded to bring the defendant before the Court on or before the day of to be dealt with according to law.

Dated this day of

185

C.

FORM OF NOTICE TO ACCOMPANY SUCH WARRANT.

In the Court of

A. B., Plaintiff.

[*Name, description, and address of plaintiff.*]

C. D., Defendant,

[*Name, description, and address of defendant.*]

Whereas the said A. B. has brought a claim against you in this Court for *(here specify particulars of claim as given in the statement)* and has obtained a warrant for your arrest, you are hereby required, unless you admit the claim, to bring with you to the Court all documents on which you may intend to rely in support of your defence.

D.

FORM OF SECURITY BOND FOR APPEARANCE OF DEFENDANT.

Whereas A. B. plaintiff has instituted a suit in the Court of the Collector of against C. D. defendant, and the said C. D. has been required to give security for his appearance at any time when called on while the suit is depending and until execution of the decree, I, E. F., hereby declare myself surety for the said C. D's. appearance as aforesaid, and in case of his making default in such appearance I engage to pay any sum for the payment of which the said C. D. may be liable under the decree. [*If the suit be for the delivery of papers or accounts, specify some sum to be fixed by the Collector.*]

E.

WRIT OF EXECUTION AGAINST THE PERSON.

A. B. Plaintiff.
C. D., Defendant.

To the Nazir of the Court of the Collector of——.

Whereas the said C. D. was directed by a decree of this Court, under date the day of 185 , to pay to A. B. the sum of and for costs of suit, amounting to , and whereas the said C. D. has omitted to pay the same, you are hereby commanded to apprehend the said C. D., and to bring him with all convenient speed before this Court to be dealt with according to law.

F.

WRIT OF EXECUTION AGAINST THE EFFECTS.

A. B., Plaintiff.
C. D., Defendant.

To the Nazir of the Court of the Collector of——

Whereas C. D. was directed by a decree of this Court, under date the day of 185 , to pay to A. B. the sum of , and for costs of suit, amounting to , and whereas the said C. D. has omitted to pay the same, you are hereby commanded to levy the said sum of , and the sum of for costs of executing this process, by seizure and sale of such moveable property of the said C. D. as (is described in the list annexed, and) [*if no list is furnished, these words to be omitted*] shall be pointed out to you by the judgment-creditor or his agent; and you are hereby ordered to sell such property of the said C. D., on some convenient day not being less than ten nor more than fifteen days from the day of seizure, unless the amount leviable as aforesaid shall be sooner paid; and you are hereby commanded to certify to me what you shall do by virtue of this warrant.

FORM OF NOTICE TO OWNER OF DISTRAINED PROPERTY.

Office of Commissioner for sale of distrained property.

A. B., Distrainer.

[*Name, description, and address of the owner of the property.*]

Whereas the said A. B. has applied to have the distrained property specified below sold for the recovery of , alleged to be due to him as arrears of rent, you are hereby required either to pay the said sum to the said A. B., or to institute a suit before the Collector to contest the demand within fifteen days from the receipt of this notice, failing which the property will be sold.

Dated this day of 185 .

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 4th May 1859, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. XI OF 1859.

An Act to improve the law relating to sales of Land for arrears of Revenue in the Lower Provinces under the Bengal Presidency.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to discontinue the practice of obtaining the previous sanction of the Board of Revenue to sales of estates for arrears of revenue, or other demands of Government, in the Province of Cuttack: and whereas it is just that a person having a lien upon an estate, and paying the money necessary to protect it from sale for arrears of revenue, should be reasonably secured: and whereas it is expedient to afford sharers in estates, who duly pay their shares of the Sudder Jumma of their estates, easy means of protecting their shares from sale by reason of the default of their co-sharers: and whereas it is expedient to afford landholders, particularly absentees, facilities in guarding against the accidental sale of their estates for arrears of revenue by reason of the neglect or fraud of their agents: and whereas it is expedient to provide for the voluntary registration of dependent talooks existing at the time of settlement: and whereas it is expedient to protect the holders of registered under-tenures created since the settlement, and not resumable by the grantors or their representatives, from loss by the avoidance of their tenures on the occasion of a sale of the superior estate for arrears of public revenue, when the arrears can be realized by such sale: and to give absolute security to such tenures by special registry, when shown to be held at rents sufficient for the security of the revenue: and it is therefore proper, for the above and other purposes, to improve the law relating to sales of land for arrears of revenue in the Provinces of Bengal, Behar, and Orissa: It is enacted as follows:—

Laws repealed

I. Regulation X. 1818 (*relating to collection of the public revenue from proprietors and farmers of land in the District of Cuttack &c.*) [is hereby repealed; and from the date of the passing of this law, Act I of 1845 (*regarding sales of land for arrears of Revenue*), except in so far as it repeals other laws, and except in regard to sales made or advertised, to arrears and other demands realizable, and to suits commenced and acts done, under authority thereof—shall cease to have effect in the Lower Provinces of Bengal.

What is an arrear of revenue.

II. If the whole or a portion of a kist or instalment of any month of the era, according to which the settlement and kistbundee of any mehal have been regulated, be unpaid on the first of the following month of such era, the sum so remaining unpaid shall be considered an arrear of revenue.

Latest day of payment.

III. Upon the promulgation of this Act, the Board of Revenue at Calcutta shall determine upon what dates all arrears of revenue and all demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, shall be paid up in each district under their jurisdiction, in default of which payment the estates in arrear in those districts, except as hereinafter provided, shall be sold at public auction to the highest bidder. And the said Board shall give notice of the dates so fixed in the official Gazette and shall direct corresponding publication to be made as far as regards each district in the language of that district, in the office of the Collector or other officer duly authorized to hold sales under this Act, in the Courts of the Judge, Magistrate, (or Joint Magistrate, as the case may be,) and Moonsiffs, and at every Thannah station of that district; and the dates so fixed shall not be changed except by the said Board by advertisement and notification, in the manner above described, to be issued at least three months before the close of the official year preceding that in which the new date is, or dates are, to take effect.

In Sylhet, personal property liable to distress and sale.

IV. Provided that in the district of Sylhet, the Collector may be authorized by the Board of Revenue to proceed in the first instance by the distress and sale of the personal property of defaulters, instead of by the sale of their estates.

Proviso in the case of certain descriptions of arrear.

V. Provided always that no estate, and no share or interest in any estate, shall be sold for the recovery of arrears or demands of the descriptions mentioned below, otherwise than after a notification in the language of the district, specifying the nature and amount of the arrear or demand, and the latest date on which payment thereof shall be received, shall have been affixed for a period of not less than fifteen clear days preceding the date fixed for payment, according to Section III of this Act, in the office of the Collector or other officer duly authorized to hold sales under this Act, in the Court of the Judge within whose jurisdiction the land advertised lies, and in the Moonsiff's Court and Police Thannah of the division in which the estate or share of an estate to which the notification relates, is situated; or if the estate or share of an estate be situated within the jurisdiction of more than one Moonsiff's Court or Police Thannah, in some one or more of such Courts or Thannahs; and also at the cutcherry of the malgoozar or owner of the

estate or share of an estate, or at some conspicuous place upon the estate or share of an estate, the same to be certified by the peon or other person employed for the purpose.

First.—Arrears other than those of the current year, or of the year immediately preceding.

Secondly.—Arrears due on account of estates other than that to be sold.

Thirdly.—Arrears of estates under attachment by order of any judicial authority, or managed by the Collector in accordance with such order.

Fourthly.—Arrears due on account of tuccavee, poolbundee, or other demands not being land revenue, but recoverable by the same process as arrears of land revenue.

Notifications of sale to be issued, and no tender after latest day of payment to stop the sale.

VI. The Collector or other officer duly authorized to hold sales under this Act shall, as soon as possible after the latest day of payment fixed in the manner prescribed in Section III of this Act, issue notifications in the language of the district, to be affixed in his own Office and in the Court of the Judge of the district, specifying the estates or shares of estates which will be sold as aforesaid, and the day on which the sale of the same will commence, which day shall not be less than fifteen or more than thirty clear days from the date of affixing the notification in the Office of the Collector or other officer as aforesaid. And if the Government revenue of any estate or share of an estate to be sold, exceed the sum of five hundred Rupees, a notification of the sale of such estate or share of an estate shall be published in the official Gazette. Except as hereinafter provided, all estates or shares of estates so specified shall, on the day notified for sale, or on the day or days following be put up to public auction by and in the presence of the Collector or other officer as aforesaid, and shall be sold to the highest bidder. And no payment, or tender of payment, made after sunset of the said latest day of payment, shall bar or interfere with the sale, either at the time of sale or after its conclusion.

Notice to ryots, &c.

VII. Whenever an estate or share of an estate is notified for sale as provided by Section VI of this Act, the Collector or other officer as aforesaid shall affix a proclamation in the language of the district in his own Office, and as soon thereafter as may be in the Moonsiff's Courts and Police Thannahs within which the estate or share of an estate, or any part of it, is situated, and also at the cutcherry of the malgoozar or the owner of the estate or share of an estate, or at some conspicuous place upon the estate or share of an estate forbidding the ryots and undertenants to pay to the defaulting proprietor any rent which has fallen due after the day fixed for the last day of payment, on pain of not being entitled to credit in their accounts with the purchaser for any sums so paid.

Claims against Government held by a defaulter not to invalidate a sale.

VIII. No claim to abatement or remission of revenue unless the same shall have been allowed by the authority of Government, and no private demand or cause of action whatever held or supposed to be held by any defaulter against Government, shall bar or render void or voidable a sale under this Act; nor shall the plea that money belonging to the defaulter, and sufficient to pay the arrear of revenue due, was in the Collector's hands, bar or render void or voidable a sale under this Act, unless such money stand in the defaulter's name alone and without dispute, and unless, after application in due time made by the defaulter, or after the written agreement provided for in Section XV of this Act, the Collector shall have neglected, or refused on insufficient grounds, to transfer it, on payment of the arrear of revenue due.

Deposits receivable from persons not proprietors.

IX. The Collector or other Officer as aforesaid shall, at any time before sunset of the latest day of payment determined according to Section III of this Act, receive as a deposit from any person not being a proprietor of the estate or share of an estate in arrear, the amount of the arrear of revenue due, to be credited in payment of the arrear at sunset as aforesaid, unless before that time the arrear shall have been paid by a defaulting proprietor of the estate. And in case the person so depositing, whose money shall have been credited in the manner aforesaid, shall be a party in a suit pending before a Court of Justice for the possession of the estate or share from which the arrear is due, or any part thereof, it shall be competent to the said Court to order the said party to be put into temporary possession of the said estate or share, or part thereof, subject to the rules in force for taking security in the cases of parties in Civil suits. And if the person so depositing, whose money shall have been credited as aforesaid, shall prove before a competent Civil Court that the deposit was made in order to protect an interest of the said person, which would have been endangered or damaged by the sale, or which he believed in good faith would have been endangered or damaged by the sale, he shall be entitled to recover the amount of the deposit, with or without interest as the Court may determine, from the defaulting proprietor. And if the party so depositing, whose money shall have been credited as aforesaid, shall prove before such a Court that the deposit was necessary in order to protect any lien he had on the estate, or share, or part thereof, the amount so credited shall be added to the amount of the original lien.

Separation of shares held in common.

X. When a recorded sharer of a joint estate, held in common tenancy, desires to pay his share of the Government revenue separately, he may submit to the Collector a written application to that effect. The application must contain a specification of the share held in the estate by the applicant. The Collector shall then cause to be published in his own Office in the Courts of the Judge, Magistrate (or Joint Magistrate, as the case may be), and Moonsiffs, and in the Police Thannahs in whose jurisdiction the estate or any part thereof is situated, as well as on some conspicuous part of the estate itself, a copy of the application made to him. If within six weeks from the date of the publication of these notices, no objection is made by any other recorded sharer, the Collector shall open a separate account with the applicant, and shall credit separately to his share all payments made by him on account of it. The date on which the Collector records his sanction to the opening of a separate account, shall be held to be that from which the separate liabilities of the share of the applicant commence.

Separation of shares consisting of specific portions of land.

XI. When a recorded sharer of a joint estate, whose share consists of a specific portion of the land of the estate, desires to pay his share of the Government revenue separately, he may submit to the Collector a written application to that effect. The application must contain a specification of the land comprised in his share, and of the boundaries and extent thereof, together with a statement of the amount of sudder jumma heretofore paid on account of it. On the receipt of this application, the Collector shall cause it to be published in the manner prescribed for publication of notice in the last preceding Section. In the event of no objection being urged by any recorded co-sharer within six weeks from the time of publication, the Collector shall open a separate account with the applicant, and shall credit separately to his share all payments made by him on account of it. The date on which the Collector records his sanction to the opening of a separate account, shall be held to be that from which the separate liabilities of the share of the applicant commence.

If objection be made, parties to be referred to the Civil Court.

XII. If any recorded proprietor of the estate, whether the same be held in common tenancy or otherwise, object that the applicant has no right to the share claimed by him, or that his interest in the estate is less or other than that claimed by him, or if the application be in respect of a specific portion of the land of an estate, that the amount of sudder jumma stated by the applicant to have been heretofore paid on account of such portion of land is not the amount which has been recognized by the other sharers as the jumma thereof, the Collector shall refer the parties to the Civil Court, and shall suspend proceedings until the question at issue is judicially determined.

Sale of separate shares.

XIII. Whenever the Collector shall have ordered a separate account or accounts to be kept for one or more shares, if the estate shall become liable to sale for arrears of revenue, the Collector or other officer as aforesaid in the first place shall put up to sale only that share or those shares of the estate from which, according to the separate accounts, an arrear of revenue may be due. In all such cases notice of the intention of excluding the share or shares from which no arrear is due, shall be given in the advertisement of sale prescribed in Section VI of this Act. The share or shares sold, together with the share or shares excluded from the sale, shall continue to constitute one integral estate, the share or shares sold being charged with the separate portion or the aggregate of the several separate portions of jumma assigned thereto.

Entire estate may be sold under certain conditions.

XIV. If in any case of a sale held according to the provisions of the last preceding Section, the highest offer for the share exposed to sale shall not equal the amount of arrear due thereupon to the date of sale, the Collector or other officer as aforesaid shall stop the sale, and shall declare that the entire estate will be put up to sale for arrears of revenue at a future date, unless the other recorded sharer or sharers, or one or more of them, shall within ten days purchase the share in arrear by paying to Government the whole arrear due from such share. If such purchase be completed, the Collector or other officer as aforesaid shall give such certificate and delivery of possession as are provided for in Sections XXVIII and XXIX of this Act, to the purchaser or purchasers, who shall have the same rights as if the share had been purchased by him or them at the sale. If no such purchase be made within ten days as aforesaid, the entire estate shall be sold, after notification for such period and publication in such manner as is prescribed in Section VI of this Act.

Deposit for the protection of an estate from sale.

XV. If any recorded proprietor or co-partner of an estate shall deposit with the Collector money, or Government securities endorsed and made payable to the order of the Collector, and shall sign an agreement pledging the same to Government by way of security for the jumma of the entire estate, and authorizing the Collector to apply to the payment of any arrear of revenue that may become due from that estate the whole or any portion of the said money or securities that may be necessary for that purpose, then in the case of any arrear of revenue due from the said estate not being paid before sunset of the latest day of payment fixed under Section III of this Act, the Collector shall apply to the payment of such arrear the said money or securities, or such part thereof or of any interest due on the said securities as may be necessary; and for this purpose the Collector shall first apply any money that may be in his hands and any interest that may be due upon such securities, and may then sell and transfer the securities for any balance that may remain. And so long as any money or securities as aforesaid, sufficient to cover any arrear that may fall due, shall remain and be available as aforesaid, the estate for the protection of which the said deposit was made shall be exempted from sale for arrears of revenue. All monies and securities so deposited shall be exempt from attachment, otherwise than in execution of a decree of a Civil Court.

Withdrawal of the deposit.

XVI. It shall be competent to the person making a deposit under the provision of the last preceding Section, or his representative or assignee, at any time to withdraw the deposit, and to revoke the pledge of the same.

Estates under Court of Wards or attachment.

XVII. No estate shall be liable to sale for the recovery of arrears which have accrued during the period of its being under the management of the Court of Wards; and no estate the sole property of a minor or minors, and descended to him or them by the regular course of inheritance duly notified to the Collector for the information of the Court of Wards, but of which the Court of Wards has not assumed the management under Regulation VI. 1822, shall be sold for arrears of revenue accruing subsequently to his or their succession to the same, until the minor or minors, or one of them, shall have attained the full age of eighteen years. And no estate held under attachment by the revenue authorities otherwise than by order of a judicial authority, shall be liable to sale for arrears accruing whilst it was so held under attachment. And no estate, held under attachment or managed by a Revenue Officer, in pursuance of an

order of a judicial authority, shall be liable to sale for the recovery of arrears of revenue accruing during the period of such attachment, or management until after the end of the year in which such arrears accrued.

Estates may be specially exempted from sale.

XVIII. It shall be competent to the Collector, or other Officer as aforesaid, at any time before the sale of an estate or share of an estate shall have commenced, to exempt such estate or share from sale; and in like manner it shall be competent to the Commissioner of Revenue, at any time before the sale of an estate or share of an estate shall have commenced, to exempt such estate or share from sale, by a special order to the Collector or other officer as aforesaid to that effect in each case; and no such sale shall be legal if held after the receipt of such order of exemption. Provided, however, and it is hereby enacted, that the Collector or other officer as aforesaid or the Commissioner shall duly record in a proceeding the reason for granting such exemption; and provided also that an order for exemption so issued by the Commissioner shall not affect the legality of a sale which may have taken place before the receipt by the Collector or other officer as aforesaid of the order of exemption.

Proviso.

Sales where to be made.

XIX. Sales shall ordinarily be made by the Collector or other officer as aforesaid in the land revenue office at the Sudder Station of the District: provided, however, that it shall be competent to the Board of Revenue to prescribe a place for holding sales other than such office, whenever they shall consider it beneficial to the parties concerned.

Adjournment of sales.

XX. In case the Collector or other officer as aforesaid shall be unable from sickness, from the occurrence of a holiday, or from any other cause, to commence the sale on the day of sale fixed as aforesaid; or if, having commenced it, he be unable, from any cause, to complete it; he shall be competent to adjourn it to the next day following, not being Sunday or other close holiday, recording his reasons for such adjournment, forwarding a copy of such record to the Commissioner of Revenue, and announcing the adjournment by a written proclamation stuck up in his cutcherry; and so on, from day to day, until he shall be able to commence upon, or to complete the sale; but, with the exception of adjournments so made, recorded, and reported, each sale shall invariably be made on the day of sale fixed in the manner aforesaid.

Order of selling.

XXI. On the day of sale fixed according to Section VI of this Act, sales shall proceed in regular order; the estate to be sold bearing the lowest number on the towjee or register in use in the Collector's office of the district being put up first, and so on, in regular sequence; and it shall not be lawful for the Collector or other officer as aforesaid to put up any estate out of its regular order by number, except where it may be necessary to do so on default of deposit, as provided in Section XXII of this Act.

Deposit on account of purchase money.

XXII. The party who shall be declared the purchaser of an estate or share of an estate at any such public sale as aforesaid, shall be required to deposit immediately or as soon after the conclusion of the sale of the estate or share as the Collector or other officer as aforesaid may think necessary, either in cash, Bank of Bengal Notes or Post Bills, or Government Securities to be valued at the market rate of the day, duly endorsed, twenty-five per cent. on the amount of his bid; and in default of such deposit, the estate or share shall forthwith be put up again and sold.

Full payment of purchase money.

XXIII. The full amount of purchase money shall be made good by the purchaser before sunset of the thirtieth day from that on which the sale of the estate or share of an estate bought by him took place, reckoning that day as one of the thirty; or if the thirtieth day be a Sunday or other close holiday, then on the first office day after the thirtieth: and in default of payment within the prescribed period as aforesaid, the deposit shall be forfeited to Government, the estate or share shall be resold, and the defaulting purchaser shall forfeit all claim to the estate or share, or to any part of the sum for which it may subsequently be sold. And in the event of the proceeds of the sale which may be eventually consummated being less than the price bid by the defaulting bidder aforesaid, the difference shall be leviable from him by any process authorized for realizing an arrear of public revenue, and such difference shall be taken and considered to be a part of the purchase money and shall be dealt with in the manner hereinafter prescribed for the disposal thereof.

Re-sale.

XXIV. When default is made in the payment of purchase money a notification of the intended re-sale shall be published for the period and in the manner prescribed in Section VI of this Act, but such notification shall not be published until the expiration of three clear days after the day on which the default shall have occurred and if the payment or tender of payment of the arrear on account of which the estate or share was first sold, and of any arrear which may have subsequently become due shall be made by or on behalf of the proprietor of the estate or share before sunset of the third day, the issue of the notification of re-sale shall be stayed. The rules contained in the last preceding Section shall be applicable to every such re-sale. Provided that, if default of payment of purchase money shall occur more than once, the amount to be recovered from the defaulting bidders shall be the difference between the highest bid and the proceeds of the sale eventually consummated, which amount may be levied in manner aforesaid from any of the defaulting bidders to the extent of the amount by which his bid exceeds the amount realized.

Appeals.

XXV. It shall be lawful for the Commissioner of Revenue to receive an appeal against any sale made under this Act, if preferred to him on or before the fifteenth day from the date of sale, reckoning as in Section XXIII, or if preferred to the Collector or other Officer as aforesaid for transmission to the Commissioner, on or before the tenth day from

the day of sale, and not otherwise ; and the Commissioner shall be competent in every case of appeal so preferred, to annul any sale of an estate or share of an estate made under this Act, which shall appear to him not to have been conducted according to the provisions of this Act, awarding at the same time to the purchaser a payment from the proprietor of any moderate compensation for his loss, if the sale shall have been occasioned by neglect of the proprietor, such compensation not to exceed the interest, at the highest rate of the current Government Securities, on the amount of deposit or balance of purchase money during the period of its being retained in the Collector's office ; and the order of the Commissioner shall in such cases be final.

Annulment of sale in special cases.

XXVI. It shall be competent to the Commissioner of Revenue, on the ground of hardship or injustice, to suspend the passing of final orders in any case of appeal from a sale, and to represent the case to the Board of Revenue, who, if they see cause, may recommend to the local Government to annul the sale ; and the local Government in any such case may annul the sale and cause the estate or share of an estate to be restored to the proprietor on such conditions as may appear equitable and proper

Sales when final.

XXVII. All sales of which the purchase money has been paid up as prescribed in Section XXIII of this Act, and against which no appeal shall have been preferred, shall be final and conclusive at noon of the thirtieth day from the day of sale, reckoning the said day of sale as the first of the said thirty days. And sales against which an appeal may have been preferred, and dismissed by the Commissioner, shall be final and conclusive from the date of such dismissal, if more than thirty days from the day of sale, or if less, then at noon of the thirtieth day as above provided.

Certificate of sales.

XXVIII. Immediately upon a sale becoming final and conclusive, the Collector or other Officer as aforesaid shall give to the purchaser a certificate of title in the form prescribed in Schedule A annexed to this Act. And the said certificate shall be deemed in any Court of Justice sufficient evidence of the title to the estate or share of an estate sold being vested in the person or persons named from the date specified ; and the Collector shall also notify such transfer by written proclamation in his own office, and in the Courts of the Moonsiffs and Police Thannahs within whose jurisdictions any part of the estate or share sold shall be situated.

Delivery of possession.

XXIX. The Collector or other officer as aforesaid shall order delivery of possession of the estate or share purchased to be made by removing any person who may refuse to vacate the same, and by proclamation to the occupants of the property by beat of drum or in such other mode as may be customary, at some convenient place or places ; and by affixing a copy of the certificate at the Mal cutchery or in some conspicuous place of the estate or share of an estate purchased.

Liability of purchasor.

XXX. The party certified as the proprietor of an estate or share of an estate by purchase under this Act, shall be answerable for all instalments of the revenue of Government which may fall due after the latest day of payment aforesaid.

Application of purchase money.

XXXI. The Collector shall apply the purchase money first to the liquidation of all arrears due upon the latest day of payment from the estate or share of an estate sold ; and secondly to the liquidation of all outstanding demands debited to the estate or share of an estate in the public accounts of the District ; holding the residue, if any, in deposit on account of the late recorded proprietor or proprietors of the estate or share of an estate sold or their heirs or representatives to be paid to his or their receipt on demand in the manner following : to wit, in shares proportioned to their recorded interest in the estate or share of an estate sold, if such distinction of shares were recorded, or if not, then as an aggregate sum to the whole body of proprietors upon their joint receipt. And if before payment to the late proprietor or proprietors of any surplus that may remain of the purchase money, the same be claimed by any creditor in satisfaction of a debt, such surplus shall not be payable to such claimant, nor shall it be withheld from the proprietor, except under precept of a Civil Court.

Notification of annulment of sale.

XXXII. The annulment by a Commissioner or by Government of a sale made under this Act shall be publicly notified by the Collector or other officer as aforesaid, in the same manner as the becoming final and conclusive of sales is required to be notified by Section XXVIII of this Act ; and the amount of deposit and balance of purchase money shall be forthwith returned to the purchaser with interest thereon at the highest rates of the current public securities ; which shall be paid by the Government, unless the proprietor shall have become liable for the same under the provisions of Section XXV or Section XXVI of this Act.

Jurisdiction of Civil Courts in suits to amend sales.

XXXIII. No sale for arrears of revenue or other demands realizable in the same manner as arrears of revenue are realizable, made after the passing of this Act, shall be annulled by a Court of Justice, except upon the ground of its having been made contrary to the provisions of this Act, and then only on proof that the plaintiff has sustained substantial injury by reason of the irregularity complained of : and no such sale shall be annulled upon such ground, unless such ground shall have been declared and specified in an appeal made to the Commissioner under Section XXV of this Act : and no suit to annul a sale made under this Act shall be received by any Court of Justice unless it shall be instituted within one year from the date of the sale becoming final and conclusive as provided in Section XXVII of this Act : and no person shall be entitled to contest the legality of a sale, after having received any portion of the purchase money. Provided, however, that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to debar any person considering himself wronged by any act or omission connected with a sale under this Act, from his remedy in a personal action for damages against the person by whose act or omission he considers himself to have been wronged.

Proviso.

XXXIV. If a sale made under this Act be annulled by a final decree of a Civil Court, application for the execution of such decree shall be made within six months after the date thereof; otherwise the party in whose favor such decree was passed shall lose all benefit therefrom. And no order for restoring such decreeholder to possession shall be passed until any amount of surplus purchase money that may have been paid away by order of a Civil Court be repaid by him, with interest at the highest rate of the current Government Securities. And if such party shall neglect to pay any amount so recoverable, within six months from the date of such final decree, he shall lose all benefit therefrom.

Effects of annulment by decree of Court of sales under this Act.

XXXV. In the event of a sale being annulled by a final decree of a Court of Justice, and the former proprietor being restored to possession, the purchase money shall be refunded to the purchaser by Government, together with interest at the highest rate of the current public securities.

If sale annulled, purchase money to be refunded.

XXXVI. Any suit brought to oust the certified purchaser as aforesaid, on the ground that the purchase was made on behalf of another person not the certified purchaser, or on behalf partly of himself and partly of another person, though by agreement the name of the certified purchaser was used, shall be dismissed with costs.

No suits on the ground of benamee purchase.

XXXVII. The purchaser of an entire estate in the permanently settled Districts of Bengal, Behar, and Orissa, sold under this Act for the recovery of arrears due on account of the same shall acquire the estate free from all encumbrances which may have been imposed upon it after the time of settlement; and shall be entitled to avoid and annul all under-tenures and forthwith to eject all under-tenants, with the following exceptions:

Rights of a purchaser of a permanently settled estate sold for its own arrears.

First. Istemraree or mokurreree tenures which have been held at a fixed rent from the time of the permanent settlement.

Secondly. Tenures existing at the time of settlement, which have not been held at a fixed rent. Provided always that the rents of such tenures shall be liable to enhancement under any law for the time being in force for the enhancement of the rent of such tenures.

Thirdly. Talookdaree and other similar tenures created since the time of settlement, and held immediately of the proprietors of estates; and farms for terms of years so held, when such tenures and farms have been duly registered under the provisions of this Act.

Fourthly. Leases of lands whereon dwelling houses, manufactories, or other permanent buildings have been erected, or whereon gardens, plantations, tanks, wells, canals, places of worship, or burning or burying grounds have been made, or wherein mines have been sunk.

And such a purchaser as is aforesaid shall be entitled to proceed in the manner prescribed by any law for the time being in force for the enhancement of the rent of any land coming within the fourth class of exceptions above made, if he can prove the same to have been held at what was originally an unfair rent, and if the same shall not have been held at a fixed rent, equal to the rent of good arable land, for a term exceeding twelve years; but not otherwise.

Provided always, that nothing in this Section contained shall be construed to entitle any such purchaser as aforesaid to eject any ryot, having a right of occupancy at a fixed rent or at a rent assessable according to fixed rules under the laws in force, or to enhance the rent of any such ryot otherwise than in the manner prescribed by such laws, or otherwise than the former proprietor, irrespectively of all engagements made since the time of settlement, may have been entitled to do.

Proviso.

XXXVIII. The following rules for the registration of talookdaree and other similar tenures created since the time of settlement, and held immediately of the proprietors of estates and of farms for terms of years so held, shall be observed.

Registration of talookdaree tenures created after settlement and held for terms of years.

XXXIX. There shall be two sets of registers, one for common registry and one for special registry. Common registry shall secure such tenures and farms against any auction purchaser at a sale for arrears of revenue except the Government. Special registry shall secure such tenures and farms against any auction purchaser at a sale for arrears of revenue including the Government.

Common and special registry.

XL. The holder of any talookdaree or other similar tenure, such as is described in Section XXXVIII of this Act, desirous of registering it, shall apply by petition to the Collector of the District to which the estate belongs. The application shall state which description of registry is desired, and shall contain the following particulars so far as the same are ascertainable.

Application for registry.

1. The Pergunnah or Pergunnahs in which the tenure is situated.

2. The nature of the tenure.

3. The name or names of the village or villages whereof the land is composed, or wherein it is situated.

4. The area of the land comprised in the tenure, with its boundaries in complete detail.

5. The amount of rent payable annually for the tenure, and whether the rent is fixed for a term of years or in perpetuity, and the duties, if any, required to be performed on account of it.

6. The date of the deed constituting the tenure, or the date when the tenure was created.

7. The name of the proprietor who created the tenure.

8. The name of the original holder of the tenure.

9. The name of the present possessor, and if he be not the original holder, the mode in which he succeeded to the tenure, whether by inheritance, gift, purchase, or otherwise, and whether he holds jointly or solely.

Holders of such farms as are described in the said Section may apply in like manner for registry of the same. The application shall contain such of the foregoing particulars as are applicable to farms.

XLI. When the application is for common registry, the Collector shall serve a notice on the recorded proprietor or proprietors of the estate in which the tenure or farm is situated, or the authorized agent of such proprietor or proprietors, with a copy of the application annexed; and shall cause a notice, with a copy of the application annexed, to be affixed in his office, and at the mal-cutcherry of the estate in which the tenure or farm is situated, or in such other place or places as in the opinion of the Collector may be best suited to give publicity to the application, requiring the proprietor or any party interested, within thirty days from the issue of the said notice, to file any objections he may have to the registry of the tenure or farm, or to any statement contained in the application. If within the limited time no objection is made, the Collector shall register the tenure or farm. If within the limited time an objection is made by any recorded proprietor, or by any party interested not being a proprietor, the Collector shall examine the person so objecting or his authorized agent, and if it shall appear to him that such person has probable ground of objection, the Collector shall suspend proceedings, and shall refer the parties to the Civil Court, otherwise he shall grant the application. If the decision of the Civil Court be in favor of the applicant, the Collector, on the presentation of a copy of the final decree, shall register the tenure or farm.

Procedure on application for common registry.

XLII. When the application is for special registry, the Collector shall serve and issue the notices prescribed in the last preceding Section. If within the limited time no objection is made, the Collector shall cause any enquiry that he may deem necessary for the security of the Government revenue, to be made; and if he is satisfied that the Government revenue of the parent estate is sufficiently secured so far as it may be affected by the tenure or farm in question, he shall report the case to the Commissioner, who, if also satisfied on that point, shall direct the tenure or farm to be registered according to the application. Otherwise the application shall be rejected. If within the limited time any recorded proprietor or any party interested not being a proprietor object to the registry, the Collector shall examine the person so objecting or his authorized agent, and if it shall appear to him that such person has probable ground of objection, shall suspend proceedings, and shall refer the parties to the Civil Court, otherwise he shall proceed as if no objection had been made. If the decision of the Civil Court be in favor of the applicant, the Collector, on the presentation of a copy of the final decree, shall proceed as above provided for cases in which no objection is made within the limited time.

Procedure on application for special registry.

XLIII. Leases of lands of the description specified in the fourth exceptional class in Section XXXVII, may be registered, at the option of the holders, in the manner and under the rules hereinbefore provided for the registry of Talookdaree and other similar tenures.

Registration of leases of certain lands.

XLIV. Tenures of the first and second exceptional classes in Section XXXVII may be registered, at the option of the holders; and when so registered shall be entered only in the special register. Application for such registry shall contain the particulars specified in Section XL so far as the same are ascertainable, and notices shall be served and issued in the manner prescribed in Section XLI. If within the limited time no objection is made by any recorded proprietor or by any party interested not being a proprietor, the Collector shall make such inquiries as may be necessary to satisfy him as to the validity of the tenure; and if the result be to satisfy him that the tenure is valid, he shall report the case to the Commissioner, who, if also satisfied that the tenure is valid, shall direct it to be entered in the special register. Otherwise the application for registry shall be rejected. If within the limited time any recorded proprietor or other party as aforesaid objects to the registry of the tenure, the Collector shall examine the person so objecting or his authorized agent, and if it shall appear to him that such person has probable ground of objection, shall suspend proceedings, and refer the parties to the Civil Court, otherwise he shall proceed as if no objection had been made. If the decision of the Civil Court be in favor of the applicant, the Collector, on the presentation of a copy of the final decree, shall proceed as above provided for cases in which no objection is made within the limited time. Provided always that nothing contained in this Section shall be understood as rendering registration necessary for the protection of *bonâ fide* tenures of the description herein referred to.

Registration of old tenures.

Proviso.

XLV. Application for registry of existing tenures and farms must be made within three years after the passing of this Act. Application for the registry of tenures created after the passing of this Act must be made within three months from the date of the deed constituting the tenure.

Time for application for registry of tenures and farms.

XLVI. The actual expenses of any measurement, survey, or local enquiry made under Sections XLII and XLIV of this Act, shall be borne by the party who applies for the registry of his tenure or farm; and such party may be required by the Collector from time to time to make such advances on this account as he may consider necessary.

Expenses of measurement, survey, or local enquiry.

XLVII. No Civil Court shall be competent to order the Revenue Authorities to enter any tenure or farm in the special register. Provided always that the refusal of the Revenue Authorities so to register any tenure or farm shall not affect the title of the holder, whatever it may be.

Civil Court not competent to order entry in the special register.

XLVIII. Subject to the general law of limitation, any person thinking himself wronged by the registry of a tenure or farm, may file a suit for the cancelment of the same.

Suit for the cancelment of the registry of a tenure or farm.

XLIX. In the execution of their functions in the registration of tenures and farms under this Act, all subordinate Revenue Authorities shall proceed in accordance with the general instructions which they may receive from the superior Revenue Authorities to whom they are subordinate, and from the local Government; and all

Proceedings of Revenue Authorities in the registration of tenures, &c.

orders passed under the Sections aforesaid shall be open to appeal in usual course. The order of a Commissioner for the special registry of a tenure under the provisions of this Act, shall be open at any time within one year from the date of registry to revision by the Board of Revenue, or the local Government, on the ground of the Government Revenue not having been sufficiently secured or of the invalidity of the tenure, as the case may be.

Effect of entry in the special register.

L. Entry in the special register shall be an effectual protection of the tenure or farm so registered, unless in a suit instituted by Government in a Civil Court within the period allowed for suits for the recovery of the public revenue a decree be passed pronouncing the registration to have been obtained by fraud, to the injury of the Government revenue. Provided that a tenure or farm in the hands of a *bonâ fide* purchaser for value shall not be avoided by reason of such fraud. But the tenure or farm shall be liable to such amount of rent as would have been fair and equitable at the time of the special registry thereof, such amount to be fixed by the Collector.

Protection of talookdaree tenures pending enquiry, in case of sale of parent estate for arrears of revenue.

LI. Tenures and farms of the third exceptional class described in Section XXXVII of this Act, for the special registration of which application shall be made within the prescribed time, and in respect of which the Collector shall have commenced the enquiry prescribed in Section XLII, shall, in case of the sale of the parent estate for arrears of revenue, be protected pending the duration of such enquiry, and shall be protected eventually by registration, if the final award of the Revenue Authorities, upon such application, be in favor of the claimant.

Rights of a purchaser of an estate not permanently settled sold for its own arrears.

LII. The purchaser of an estate in a district not permanently settled, sold under this Act for the recovery of arrears due on account of the same, shall acquire the estate free from all encumbrances which may have been imposed upon it after the time of settlement, and shall be entitled to avoid and annul all tenures which may have originated with the defaulter or his predecessors, being representatives or assignees of the original engager, as well as all agreements with ryots or the like settled or accredited by the first engager or his representatives, subsequently to the last settlement, as well as all tenures which the first engager may, under the conditions of his settlement, have been competent to set aside, alter, or renew, saving always and except leases of lands whereon dwelling houses, manufactories, or other permanent buildings have been erected, or whereon gardens, plantations, tanks, wells, canals, places of worship, or burning or burying grounds have been made, or wherein mines have been sunk, which leases or engagements shall, so long as the land is duly appropriated to such purposes, and the stipulated rent paid, continue in force and effect. Provided that nothing contained in this Section shall be construed to entitle any purchaser of land at a public sale for arrears of revenue to demand a higher rate of rent from any persons whose tenure or agreement may be annulled as aforesaid, than was demandable by the former proprietor, except in cases in which such persons may have held their lands under engagements stipulating for a lower rate of rent than would have been justly demandable for the land, or in cases in which it may be proved that, according to the custom of the pergunnah, mouzah, or other local division, such persons are liable to be called upon for any new assessment, or other demand not interdicted by the regulations of Government.

Rights of a purchaser being a sharer in any estate.

LIII. Excepting sharers in estates under butwarrah who may have saved their shares from sale under Sections XXXIII and XXXIV Regulation XIX., 1814, and sharers with whom the Collector, under Sections X and XI of this Act, has opened separate accounts; any recorded or unrecorded proprietor or co-partner, who may purchase the estate of which he is proprietor or co-partner; or who by re-purchase or otherwise may recover possession of the said estate, after it has been sold for arrears under this Act;

And of a purchaser of an estate not sold for its own arrears.

and likewise any purchaser of an estate sold for arrears or demands other than those accruing upon itself; shall by such purchase acquire the estate subject to all its encumbrances existing at the time of sale, and shall not acquire any rights in respect to under-tenants or ryots, which were not possessed by the previous proprietor at the time of the sale of the said estate.

Rights of purchasers of shares of estate.

LIV. When a share or shares of an estate may be sold under the provisions of Section XIII or Section XIV, the purchaser shall acquire the share or shares subject to all encumbrances, and shall not acquire any rights which were not possessed by the previous owner or owners.

Recovery of arrears due to defaulters.

LV. Arrears of rent which on the latest day of payment may be due to the defaulter from his under-tenants or ryots, shall, in the event of a sale, be recoverable by him after the said latest day, by any process except distraint which might have been used by him for that purpose on or before the said latest day.

Punishment for contempt.

LVI. Any Collector or other Officer as aforesaid conducting a sale under this Act shall be competent to punish any contempt committed in his presence in open cutcherry or office, for the time being, by fine, to an extent not exceeding two hundred Rupees, commutable, if not paid, to imprisonment in the Civil jail for a period not exceeding one month; and the Magistrate to whom such an offender may be sent by a Collector or other officer as aforesaid, shall carry his sentence into effect. Provided that an appeal from any order passed under this Section shall lie to the Revenue Commissioner, whose decision shall be final.

Default in making deposit to be considered a contempt.

LVII. A default to make good a bid by making the deposit required by Section XXII of this Act, shall be held to be a contempt.

Government may purchase at a sale.

LVIII. When an estate is put up for sale under this Act for the recovery of arrears of revenue due thereon, if there be no bid, the Collector or other officer as aforesaid may purchase the estate on account of the Government for one

Rupee, or if the highest bid be insufficient to cover the said arrears and those subsequently accruing up to the date of sale, the Collector or other officer as aforesaid may take or purchase the estate on account of the Government at the highest amount bid; in both which cases the Government shall acquire the property subject to the provisions of this Act.

Fees and charges demandable by Collector.

LIX. The Collector on the part of the Government shall be entitled to demand from applicants under Sections X and XI, Sections XV and XVI, and Sections XL, XLIII, and XLIV of this Act, fees not exceeding the rates specified in Schedule B to this Act annexed, which Schedule shall be taken as part of this Act; and applications under the said Sections shall not be received unless the said fees are tendered therewith.

Regulations VII. 1822 and IX. 1825 to be in force in certain estates.

LX. The provisions of Regulation VII. 1822 and Regulation IX. 1825 shall be in force in every estate in any part of which a measurement, survey, or local enquiry may be made under this Act; and in every estate purchased or taken on account of Government under this Act.

Interpretation.

LXI. In the construction of this Act the word "Collector" shall include a Deputy Collector, or other officer exercising by the authority of Government the powers of a Collector or Deputy Collector.

Application and commencement of this Act.

LXII. The operation of this Act shall be confined to such parts of the Lower Provinces in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal as are or shall be subject to the general regulations of that Presidency.

SCHEDULE A.

I certify that A. B. has purchased under Act No. XI of 1859 the mehal *(or share of a mehal)* specified below, standing in the towjee of the district of , and that his purchase took effect on the day of *(being the day after that fixed for last day of payment.)*

(Signed) D. E.
Collector.

SPECIFICATION.

(if of an entire Mehal.)

Towjee number
Name of Mehal
Name of the former proprietor
Sudder Jumma

(if of a share of a Mehal.)

Towjee number of the entire Mehal
Name of the entire Mehal
Sudder Jumma of the entire Mehal
Description of the share sold
Subordinate Towjee number of the share sold
Name of the former proprietor of the share sold
Sudder Jumma for which the share sold is separately liable.

SCHEDULE B.

FEES.

For filing an application under Section X or Section XI for opening a separate account for a share of an entire estate.

If the annual jumma of the share do not exceed Rs. 250 ... ... 25 0 0

If the annual jumma of the share exceed Rs. 250 and do not exceed Rs. 1000, at the rate of ten per cent. upon the jumma.

If the annual jumma of the share exceed Rs. 1,000, at the rate of ten per cent. upon Rs. 1,000, and two per cent upon all above that amount.

For filing an application for a deposit of money or Government Securities under Section XV, half per cent. on the amount deposited.

For any interest on Government Securities so deposited, drawn by the Collector, half per cent. of the amount drawn.

For filing an application for withdrawal of a deposit under Section XVI, half per cent. of the amount withdrawn.

For filing an application under Section XL, XLIII or XLIV, for the registration of under-tenure or farm.

If the annual rent of the under-tenure do not exceed Rs. 500 ... ... 25 0 0

If the annual rent of the under-tenure exceed Rs. 500 and do not exceed Rs. 1,000, at the rate of five per cent. upon the rent.

If the annual rent of the under-tenure exceed Rs. 1,000, at the above rate up to Rs. 1,000, and at one per cent. upon all above that amount.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 4th May 1859, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. XII OF 1859.

An Act to make better provision for the trial of Pilots at the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal for breach of duty.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the law for the trial of persons employed in the Pilot Service of Government, at the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, when accused of breach of duty, and to extend the same to persons licensed to act as Pilots at the said Presidency; It is enacted as follows:—

Acts repealed.

I. Act XXIV of 1845 *(for establishing a Court for the trial of Officers of the Pilot Service accused of breach of duty)* and Act I of 1851 *(for the appropriation of fines levied under Act XXIV. of 1845)* are hereby repealed.

How Pilots accused of breach of duty shall be brought to trial.

II. When any person employed in the Pilot Service of Government at the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, or licensed to act as a Pilot at the said Presidency, shall be accused of having committed any breach of duty while engaged in such

Service, or acting under such license, and it shall appear to the Superintendent of Marine, or to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that such person ought to be brought to trial for such breach of duty, such person shall be brought to trial upon a charge or charges framed by the said Superintendent of Marine or such other person as the said Lieutenant-Governor shall direct, before a Court constituted under the provisions of this Act.

Appointment of Judge.

III. The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall appoint a fit person to be Judge of the said Court.

Appointment of Prosecutor.

IV. The Lieutenant-Governor shall appoint such person as he may think proper to conduct the proceedings before the Court as Prosecutor on the part of Government.

Trial to be held before the Judge and Jury.

V. Every trial under this Act shall be held before the said Judge and a Jury composed of two Merchants of Calcutta, a Master of a Merchant Ship lying in the Port of Calcutta, and a Pilot of not less than twenty years' service.

Lists of Merchants and Pilots liable to serve on the Jury.

VI. The Judge shall cause to be prepared and shall keep two separate lists, one containing the names of Merchants, the other containing the names of Pilots, liable to serve on such Jury. The names in each list shall be arranged in alphabetical order, and the place of abode and quality or business of each person named shall be stated.

Notice to prosecutor and accused of time and place for appointing Jury.

VII. When the Judge shall be about to hold a trial under this Act, he shall give notice to the prosecutor and to the party accused of a time and place to be fixed by the Judge for appointing a Jury to serve at such trial.

Appointment of Jury.

VIII. At the time and place mentioned in the notice, the Judge in the presence of the prosecutor and the person accused shall read over the names which first occur in each of the said lists of those Merchants and Pilots who he has reason to believe are present in Calcutta and capable of attending as Jurors at the trial; and shall also propose the name of a Master of a Merchant Ship lying in the Port of Calcutta, whom he deems qualified to serve on such Jury. If no objection be made and allowed, the persons so nominated shall be the Jury to serve at the trial. If the prosecutor or the party accused shall object to any of the persons named as Jurors, he shall assign the grounds of his objection and such objection shall forthwith be decided by the Judge. If the objection be allowed, the Judge shall read from the said lists or propose (as the case may be) another name in the place of the one objected to, and the person so nominated shall serve on the Jury provided no objection to such person be made and allowed as aforesaid.

Day of trial to be fixed and summons to issue to Jurors.

IX. When a Jury has been appointed under the last preceding Section, the Judge shall fix a day for the trial and shall summon by writing under his hand the persons so appointed to sit as a Jury. If any such person when duly summoned shall, without such excuse as the Judge shall allow to be sufficient, neglect or refuse to attend at the time appointed or to remain in attendance until the trial shall be completed, it shall be lawful for the said Judge to impose upon any such person a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees for every such default; and such fine, if not paid, shall be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the defaulter under a warrant to be issued for that purpose by the Judge. Such warrant may be transmitted by the Judge to any Magistrate of Police for the town of Calcutta, and thereupon such Magistrate shall endorse the same and shall cause it to be executed in the same manner as if the warrant had been issued by such Magistrate.

Penalty for non-attendance.

Trial how to proceed if any of the Jurors do not attend.

X. If for any cause any of the persons summoned to attend as Jurors shall not be in attendance at the time fixed for the commencement of the trial, the trial may with the consent of the prosecutor and the party accused be held before the Judge and such Jurors as shall be in attendance. If such consent be not given, the place of the absent Juror shall be supplied by some other person selected by the Judge from the same profession or calling as the person originally summoned and who shall consent to serve, provided no objection to such person be made and allowed in manner aforesaid. If the parties or either of them do not consent that the trial shall be held before the Judge and such Jurors as may be in attendance and the place of the absent Juror cannot be supplied by a person consenting to serve, the trial shall be postponed to another day and the Judge shall either re-summon the same Jury or appoint and summon another Jury in the manner hereinbefore provided.

Register of Jurors who have served.

XI. The Judge shall register in a book the names of all Jurors mentioned in either of the said two lists who have attended and served on a trial held under this Act. A Juror who has served shall not be required again to serve and his name shall be excluded in reading over the Jury lists until all the persons named in the said lists who are present in Calcutta and capable of attending as Jurors shall have served.

Jurors to be sworn.

XII. Before the commencement of any trial under this Act, the persons summoned and attending as Jurors shall be sworn or affirmed by the Judge of the Court to give a true verdict according to the evidence.

Judge may summon witnesses to attend at a certain time and place.

XIII. It shall be lawful for the Judge of the said Court, at the instance of the prosecutor, or of the party accused, or of his own motion, by writing under his hand, to summon any person to attend as a witness at a time and place to be specified in the summons, for the purpose of being examined at any trial before the said Court; or if such person shall be about to depart from Calcutta, so as to be unable to attend at such trial without serious inconvenience, then

Examination of witnesses about to leave Calcutta.

to be examined before the Judge of the said Court before the day fixed for the trial; provided always that due notice of the time and place of such examination shall be given to the accused party; provided also that such witness may nevertheless be examined at the trial if he shall be able to attend thereat, in which case his previous examination may also be read at the trial.

Penalty for witnesses not attending or refusing to give evidence.

XIV. If any person who shall have been duly summoned to attend as a witness shall, without sufficient excuse, neglect or refuse to attend, or attending shall refuse to give evidence or to answer any question which may be lawfully put to him, such person shall forfeit and pay such fine, not exceeding five hundred Rupees, as the Judge of the said Court shall order; and such fine, if not paid, shall be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the person ordered to pay the same in the manner prescribed in Section IX. of this Act.

Witnesses to be examined on oath, according to the rules in force in the Supreme Court.

XV. The evidence of every witness examined before the said Court shall be given on oath, affirmation, or otherwise, according to the rules in that behalf for the time being in force for the examination of witnesses in Her Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature.

Verdict of Jurors.

XVI. Upon the completion of the trial, the Jurors shall give their verdict upon the charge, or, if there be more than one one, upon each separate charge. The verdict shall be according to the opinion of the majority of Jurors. If the Jurors are equally divided, the Judge shall declare his opinion, and the verdict shall be according to the opinion of the Judge and the Jurors with whom he concurs.

Sentence of Court if the accused be found guilty.

XVII. If by such verdict the accused person is found guilty of the charge or of any one or more of the charges preferred against him, the Judge of the Court shall sentence him to be dismissed from the said Pilot Service, or to have his license withdrawn, or shall award such other punishment, by loss of rank or pay, or by change of a license from a higher to a lower grade, or suspension from employment for a specified period, as to the Judge shall appear fit. The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, with the sanction of the Governor General in Council, may prepare a Schedule of offences and punishments (such punishments being of the same nature as those hereinbefore mentioned) for the guidance of the said Court; and if such Schedule be prepared and sanctioned, and the charge proved before the said Court is an offence specified in such Schedule, the Judge of the said Court shall award such punishment as is prescribed for such offence in the said Schedule, and no other. If by such verdict as aforesaid the accused person is found not guilty of the charge or charges preferred against him, the Judge shall declare him acquitted of the same.

Schedule of offences and punishments to be prepared.

Acquittal.

No sentence to be final till approved by Government.

XVIII. The proceedings of the Court shall be sent by the Judge to the Superintendent of Marine for submission to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal; and no sentence of punishment pronounced by the Judge of the said Court shall be final until it has been approved of by the said Lieutenant-Governor.

Government may remit sentence or mitigate punishment.

The said Lieutenant-Governor may remit the whole or any part of such sentence, or may direct the substitution of any mitigated punishment in lieu of the punishment awarded by the said Court, as he shall think fit.

If verdict of Jurors be manifestly contrary to evidence, or trial be otherwise insufficient.

XIX. If it shall appear to the Judge of the said Court that the verdict of the Jurors is manifestly contrary to the evidence, or that the trial is otherwise insufficient, the Judge, instead of passing sentence on the accused person, or declaring him acquitted, as the case may be, may certify the same to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and the said Lieutenant-Governor may either order a new trial before another Jury, or acquit the accused person, as he shall think fit.

Power of Government to make rules of practice.

XX. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal to make such rules as he shall think proper, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, for conducting the proceedings and regulating the practice of the said Court.

Act not to restrict Marine Authorities or Government from passing orders upon a charge of breach of duty where a trial is not deemed necessary.

XXI. Nothing contained in this Act shall be held to restrict the Marine Authorities or the Government from passing such orders as may be deemed proper upon any charge of breach of duty preferred against any person employed in the said Pilot Service, when it shall not be deemed necessary that such person should be brought to trial for such breach of duty under the provisions of this Act.

Withdrawal of license from licensed Pilot.

XXII. If any person licensed to act as a Pilot when duly charged with breach of duty as aforesaid, shall refuse to submit himself to trial under the provisions of this Act, the license of such person shall be withdrawn, and he shall be incapable of being again licensed to act as a Pilot at the said Presidency.

Act applicable to what persons.

XXIII. The provisions of this Act shall extend to all persons employed in the Pilot Service at the said Presidency and borne on the rolls of the Government establishment, whether such persons receive fixed salaries, or are remunerated by a portion of the pilotage charged on the vessels piloted by them, or in any other manner, and to all persons licensed to act as Pilots at the said Presidency.

W. MORGAN,

Clerk of the Council.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 4th May 1859, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. XIII of 1859.

An Act to provide for the punishment of breaches of contract by Artificers, Workmen, and Laborers in certain cases.

Preamble.

WHEREAS much loss and inconvenience are sustained by manufacturers, tradesmen, and others in the several Presidency Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, and in other places, from fraudulent breach of contract on the part of Artificers, Workmen, and Laborers who have received money in advance on account of work which they have contracted to perform; and whereas the remedy by suit in the Civil Courts for the recovery of damages is wholly insufficient, and it is just and proper that persons guilty of such fraudulent breach of contract should be subject to punishment; It is enacted as follows :—

If workman neglect to perform work, on account of which he has received an advance of money, complaint may be made to the Magistrate.

I. When any Artificer, Workman, or Laborer shall have received from any Master or Employer resident or carrying on business in any Presidency Town, or in any station of the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca, or from any person acting on behalf of such Master or Employer, an advance of money on account of any work which he shall have contracted to perform, or to get performed by any other Artificers, Workmen, or Laborers, if such Artificer, Workman, or Laborer shall wilfully and without lawful or reasonable excuse neglect or refuse to perform or get performed such work according to the terms of his contract, such Master or Employer or any such person as aforesaid may complain to a Magistrate of Police, and the Magistrate shall thereupon issue a summons or a warrant, as he shall think proper, for bringing before him such Artificer, Workman, or Laborer, and shall hear and determine the case.

Magistrate may order re-payment of advance or performance of contract.

II. If it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Magistrate that such Artificer, Workman, or Laborer has received money in advance from the complainant on account of any work, and has wilfully and without lawful or reasonable excuse neglected or refused to perform or get performed the same according to the terms of his contract, the Magistrate shall, at the option of the complainant, either order such Artificer, Workman, or Laborer to repay the money advanced, or such part thereof as may seem to the Magistrate just and proper, or order him to perform or get performed, such work according to the terms of his contract; and if such Artificer, Workman, or Laborer shall fail to comply with the said order, the Magistrate may sentence him to be imprisoned with hard labor for a term not exceeding three months, or if the order be for the repayment of a sum of money, for a term not exceeding three months, or until such sum of money shall be sooner repaid; provided that no such order for the repayment of any money shall, while the same remains unsatisfied, deprive the complainant of any Civil remedy by action or otherwise which he might have had but for this Act.

Penalty if workman fail to comply with the order.

Magistrate may require workman to give security for due performance of order.

III. When the Magistrate shall order any Artificer, Workman, or Laborer to perform or get performed any work according to the terms of his contract, he may also at the request of the complainant, require such Artificer, Workman, or Laborer to enter into a recognizance with sufficient security for the due performance of the order; and in default of his entering into such recognizance or furnishing such security to the satisfaction of the Magistrate, may sentence him to be imprisoned with hard labor for a period not exceeding three months.

To what contracts the Act extends.

IV. The word "contract," as used in this Act, shall extend to all contracts and agreements whether by deed, or written or verbal, and whether such contract be for a term certain, or for specified work, or otherwise.

Act may be extended by Government.

V. This Act may be extended by the Governor General of India in Council, or by the Executive Government of any Presidency or place, to any place within the limits of their respective jurisdictions. In the event of this Act being so extended, the powers hereby vested in a Magistrate of Police shall be exercised by such Officer or Officers as shall be specially appointed by Government to exercise such powers.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 4th May 1859, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. XIV OF 1859.

An Act to provide for the Limitation of Suits.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend and consolidate the laws relating to the limitation of suits; It is enacted as follows :—

Limitation of suits.

I. No suit shall be maintained in any Court of Judicature within any part of the British territories in India in which this Act shall be in force unless the same is instituted within the period of limitation hereinafter made applicable to a suit of that nature, any Law or Regulation to the contrary notwithstanding; and the periods of limitation, and the suits to which the same respectively shall be applicable, shall be the following, that is to say :—

Limitation of one year.
Pre-emption suits.

1. To suits to enforce the right of pre-emption, whether the same is founded on law or general usage or on special contract, the period of one year to be computed from the

time at the purchaser shall have taken possession under the sale impeached.

Limitation of one year.
Suits for damages, summary suits, &c.

2. To suits for pecuniary penalties or forfeitures for the breach of any Law or Regulation; to suits for damages for injury to the person and personal property, or to the reputation; to suits for damages for the infringement of copyright, or of any exclusive privilege; to suits to recover the wages of servants, artizans, or laborers, the amount of tavern bills or bills for board and lodging or lodging only; and to summary suits before the Revenue authorities under Regulation V. 1822 of the Madras Code—the period of one year from the time the cause of action arose.

Limitation of one year.
Suits to set aside sales under decrees or for arrears of Government Revenue, &c.

3. To suits to set aside the sale of any property, moveable or immoveable, sold under an execution of a decree of any Civil Court not established by Royal Charter when such suit is maintainable; to suits to set aside the sale of any property, moveable or immoveable, for arrears of Government Revenue or other demand recoverable in like manner; to suits by a Putneedar or the proprietor of any other intermediate tenure saleable for current arrears of rent, or other person claiming under him, to set aside the sale of any Putnee Talook or such other tenure sold for current arrears of rent; to suits to set aside the sale of any property, moveable or immoveable, sold in pursuance of any decree or order of a Collector or other Officer of Revenue—the period of one year from the date at which such sale was confirmed or would otherwise have become final and conclusive if no such suit had been brought.

Limitation of one year.
Suits to set aside attachments, &c., by Revenue Authorities for arrears of Government Revenue.

4. To suits to set aside any attachment, lease, or transfer of any land or interest in land by the Revenue Authorities for arrears of Government Revenue, or to recover any money paid under protest in satisfaction of any claim made by the Revenue Authorities on account of arrears of revenue or demands recoverable as arrears of revenue—one year from the date of such attachment, lease, or transfer, or of such payment as the case may be.

Limitation of one year.
Suits to set aside summary decisions, &c.

5. To suits to alter or set aside summary decisions and orders of any of the Civil Courts not established by Royal Charter, when such suit is maintainable—the period of one year from the date of the final decision, award, or order in the case.

Limitation of three years.
Suits to contest certain awards.

6. To suits brought by any person to contest the justice of an award which shall have been made under Regulation VII. 1822, Regulation IX. 1825, and Regulation IX. 1833 of the Bengal Code, or to recover any property comprised in such award—the period of three years from the date of the final award or order in the case.

Limitation of three years.
Suits to recover property comprised in an order made under Clause 2 Section I Act XVI of 1838 or Act IV of 1840.

7. To suits by any party bound by any order respecting the possession of property made under Clause 2 Section I Act XVI of 1838, or Act IV of 1840, or any person claiming under such party, for the recovery of the property comprised in such order—the period of three years from the date of the final order in the case.

Limitation of three years.
Suits for goods sold by retail, &c.

8. To suits to recover the hire of animals, vehicles, boats, or household furniture; or the amount of bills for any articles sold by retail; and to all suits for the rents of any buildings or lands (other than summary suits before the Revenue authorities under Regulation V. 1822 of the Madras Code)—the period of three years from the time the cause of action arose.

Limitation of three years.
Suits for money lent or interest or for breach of contract where no written contract exists.

9. To suits brought to recover money lent or interest, or for the breach of any contract—the period of three years from the time when the debt became due or when the breach of contract in respect of which the suit is brought first took place, unless there is a written engagement to pay the money lent or interest or a contract in writing signed by the party to be bound thereby or by his duly authorized agent.

Limitation of three years.
Suits for the same where there is a written contract which has not been registered within six months.

10. To suits brought to recover money lent or interest, or for the breach of any contract in cases in which there is a written engagement or contract and in which such engagement or contract could have been registered by virtue of any Law or Regulation in force at the time and place of the execution thereof—the period of three years from the time when the debt became due or when the breach of contract in respect of which the action is brought first took place, unless such engagement or contract shall have been registered within six months from the date thereof.

Limitation of 12 years.
Suits for specialty-debts and legacies.

11. To suits in cases governed by English law upon all debts and obligations of record and specialties; and to suits for the recovery of any legacy—the period of twelve years from the time the cause of action arose.

Limitation of 12 years.
Suits for immoveable property.

12. To suits for the recovery of immoveable property or of any interest in immoveable property to which no other provision of this Act applies—the period of twelve years from the time the cause of action arose.

Limitation of 12 years.
Suits for shares in joint family property and for maintenance.

13. To suits to enforce the right to share in any property moveable or immoveable on the ground that it is joint family property; and to suits for the recovery of maintenance, where the right to receive such maintenance is a charge on the inheritance of any estate—the period of twelve years from the death of the per-

sons from whom the property alleged to be joint is said to have descended, or on whose estate the maintenance is alleged to be a charge; or from the date of the last payment to the plaintiff or any person through whom he claims, by the person in the possession or management of such property or estate on account of such alleged share, or on account of such maintenance as the case may be.

Limitation of 12 years.
Suits to resume or assess Lakheraj or rent-free land.

14. To suits by the proprietor of any land or by any person claiming under him, for the resumption or assessment of any Lakheraj or rent-free land—the period of twelve years from the time when the title of the person claiming the right to resume and assess such lands, or of some person under whom he claims, first accrued. Provided that in estates permanently settled no such suit, although brought within twelve years from the time when the title of such person first accrued, shall be maintained, if it is shown that the land has been held Lakheraj or rent-free from the period of the permanent settlement.

Proviso if the land has been held rent-free from the time of the permanent settlement.

Limitation for 30 and 60 years respectively.
Suits against depositaries, pawnees, or mortgagees to recover immoveable property.

15. To suits against a depositary, pawnee, or mortgagee of any property moveable or immoveable for the recovery of the same—a period of thirty years if the property be moveable and sixty years if it be immoveable, from the time of the deposit, pawn, or mortgage; or if in the mean time an acknowledgment of the title of the depositor, pawner, or mortgagor, or of his right of redemption, shall have been given in writing signed by the depositary, pawnee, or mortgagee or some person claiming under him, from the date of such acknowledgment in writing.

Limitation of six years applicable to all suits not especially provided for.

16. To all suits for which no other limitation is hereby expressly provided—the period of six years from the time the cause of action arose.

Suits against trustees and their representatives for breach of trust, &c.

II. No suit against a trustee in his lifetime and no suits against his representatives for the purpose of following in their hands the specific property which is the subject of the trust, shall be barred by any length of time; but no suit to make good the loss occasioned by a breach of trust out of the general estate of a deceased trustee shall be maintained in any of the said Courts unless the same is instituted within the proper period of limitation according to the last preceding Section, to be computed from the decease of such trustee; provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent a co-trustee from enforcing, against the estate of a deceased trustee, any claim for contribution, if he shall institute a suit for that purpose within six years after such right of contribution shall have arisen.

Proviso.

Shorter periods of limitation, if prescribed by particular Acts, to prevail.

III. When, by any law now or hereafter to be in force, a shorter period of limitation than that prescribed by this Act is specially prescribed for the institution of a particular suit, such shorter limitation shall be applied notwithstanding this Act.

Revival of right to sue by admission in writing.

IV. If, in respect of any legacy or debt, the person who, but for the law of limitation, would be liable to pay the same, shall have admitted that such debt or legacy or any part thereof is due, by an acknowledgment in writing signed by him, a new period of limitation, according to the nature of the original liability, shall be computed from the date of such admission; provided that, if more than one person be liable, none of them shall become chargeable by reason only of a written acknowledgment signed by another of them.

Proviso.

Computation of period of limitation in suits to recover property purchased from depositaries, pawnees, or mortgagees.

V. In suits for the recovery from the purchaser or any person claiming under him of any property purchased *bonâ fide* and for valuable consideration from a trustee, depositary, pawnee, or mortgagee, the cause of action shall be deemed to have arisen at the date of the purchase. Provided that in the case of purchase from a depositary, pawnee, or mortgagee, no such suit shall be maintained unless brought within the time limited by Clause 15 Section I.

Proviso.

Computation of period of limitation in suits in Supreme Courts by mortgagee to recover immoveable property mortgaged.

VI. In suits in the Courts established by Royal Charter by a mortgagee to recover from the mortgagor the possession of the immoveable property mortgaged, the cause of action shall be deemed to have arisen from the latest date at which any portion of principal money or interest was paid on account of such mortgage debt.

Computation of period of limitation in suits to avoid incumbrances or under-tenures in estates sold for arrears of Government Revenue.

VII. In suits to avoid incumbrances or under-tenures in an estate sold for arrears of Government Revenue due from such estate, or in a Putnee Talook or other saleable tenure sold for arrears of rent which by virtue of such sale becomes freed from incumbrances and under-tenures the cause of action shall be deemed to have arisen at the time when the sale of the estate, talook, or tenure became final and conclusive.

Computation of period of limitation in suits between merchants for balances of accounts current.

VIII. In suits for balances of accounts current between merchants and traders who have had mutual dealings, the cause of action shall be deemed to have arisen at, and the period of limitation shall be computed from the close of the year in the accounts of which there is the last item admitted or proved indicating the continuance of mutual dealings; such year to be reckoned as the same is reckoned in the accounts.

Computation of period of limitation in case of concealed fraud.

IX. If any person entitled to a right of action shall by means of fraud have been kept from the knowledge of his having such right or of the title upon which it is founded, or if any document necessary for establishing such right shall have been fraudulently concealed, the time limited for commencing the action against the person guilty of the fraud or accessory thereto, or against any per-

son claiming through him otherwise than in good faith and for a valuable consideration, shall be reckoned from the time when the fraud first became known to the person injuriously affected by it or when he first had the means of producing or compelling the production of the concealed document.

Computation of period of limitation in suits where the cause of action is founded on fraud.

X. In suits in which the cause of action is founded on fraud, the cause of action shall be deemed to have first arisen at the time at which such fraud shall have been first known by the party wronged.

Computation of period of limitation in case of legal disability.

XI. If at the time when the right to bring an action first accrues the person to whom the right accrues is under a legal disability, the action may be brought by such person or his representative within the same time after the disability shall have ceased as would otherwise have been allowed from the time when the cause of action accrued, unless such time shall exceed the period of three years, in which case the suit shall be commenced within three years from the time when the disability ceased; but if, at the time when the cause of action accrues to any person, he is not under a legal disability, no time shall be allowed on account of any subsequent disability of such person or of the legal disability of any person claiming through him.

What persons to be deemed to be under legal disability under preceding Section.

XII. The following persons shall be deemed to be under legal disability within the meaning of the last preceding Section—married women in cases to be decided by English law, minors, idiots, and lunatics.

Computation of period of limitation in case of absence of defendant.

XIII. In computing any period of limitation prescribed by this Act, the time during which the defendant shall have been absent out of the British territories in India shall be excluded from such computation unless service of a summons to appear and answer in the suit can during the absence of such defendant be made in any mode prescribed by law.

Computation of period of limitation in case of suit prosecuted *bond fide*, but in wrong Court.

XIV. In computing any period of limitation prescribed by this Act, the time during which the claimant, or any person under whom he claims, shall have been engaged in prosecuting a suit upon the same cause of action against the same defendant, or some person whom he represents, *bond fide* and with due diligence, in any Court of Judicature which, from defect of jurisdiction or other cause, shall have been unable to decide upon it, or shall have passed a decision which, on appeal, shall have been annulled for any such cause, including the time during which such appeal, if any, has been pending, shall be excluded from such computation.

Person unlawfully dispossessed of immoveable property may recover possession notwithstanding any title that may be set up.

XV. If any person shall without his consent have been dispossessed of any immoveable property otherwise than by due course of law, such person or any person claiming through him shall in a suit brought to recover possession of such property be entitled to recover possession thereof notwithstanding any other title that may be set up in such suit, provided that the suit be commenced within six months from the time of such dispossession. But nothing in this Section shall bar the person from whom such possession shall have been so recovered or any other person instituting a suit to establish his title to such property and to recover possession thereof within the period limited by this Act.

Suit for dispossession to be brought within six months.

Suit to establish title not to be affected.

Act not to interfere with equitable jurisdiction of Supreme Courts.

XVI. Nothing in this Act contained shall be deemed to interfere with any rule or jurisdiction of any Court established by Royal Charter in refusing equitable relief on the ground of acquiescence or otherwise, to any person whose right to bring a suit may not be barred by virtue of this Act.

Act not to extend to public property, nor to suits for the recovery of public claims.

XVII. This Act shall not extend to any public property or right, nor to any suits for the recovery of the public revenue or for any public claim whatever, but such suits shall continue to be governed by the laws or rules of limitation now in force.

Act not to apply to suits now pending or to suits instituted within two years.

XVIII. All suits that may be now pending or that shall be instituted within the period of two years from the date of the passing of this Act shall be tried and determined as if this Act had not been passed; but all suits to which the provisions of this Act are applicable that shall be instituted after the expiration of the said period shall be governed by this Act and no other law of limitation, any Statute, Act, or Regulation now in force notwithstanding.

Suits afterwards instituted to be governed by this Act.

Proceedings for enforcing judgments, &c., of Supreme Courts to be taken within twelve years.

XIX. No proceeding shall be taken to enforce any judgment, decree, or order of any Court established by Royal Charter, but within twelve years next after a present right to enforce the same shall have accrued to some persons capable of releasing the same, unless in the meantime such judgment, decree, or order shall have been duly revived or some part of the principal money secured by such judgment, decree, or order or some interest thereon shall have been paid, or some acknowledgment of the right thereto shall have been given in writing signed by the person by whom the same shall be payable or his agent to the person entitled thereto or his agent; and in any such case no proceeding shall be brought to enforce the said judgment, decree, or order, but within twelve years after such revivor, payment, or acknowledgment or the latest of such revivors, payments, or acknowledgments as the case may be, provided that for three years next after the passing of this Act, every judgment, decree, and order which may be in force at the date of the passing of this Act shall be governed by the law now in force, anything therein contained notwithstanding.

Proviso as to judgments now in force.

XX. No process of execution shall issue from any Court not established by Royal Charter to enforce any judgment, decree, or order of such Court, unless some proceeding shall have been taken to enforce such judgment, decree, or order or to keep the same in force within three years next preceding the application for such execution.

Time for enforcing execution of judgment, &c., of a Civil Court not established by Royal Charter.

XXI. Nothing in the preceding Section shall apply to any judgment, decree, or order in force at the time of the passing of this Act, but process of execution may be issued either within the time now limited by law for issuing process of execution thereon or within three years next after the passing of this Act, whichever shall first expire.

Preceding Section not to apply to judgments, &c., in force at the passing of this Act.

XXII. No process of execution shall issue to enforce any summary decision or award of any of the Civil Courts not established by Royal Charter or of any Revenue Authority unless some proceeding shall have been taken to enforce such decision or award or to keep the same in force within one year next preceding the application for such execution.

Time for execution of a summary award of Civil Court or Revenue Authority.

XXIII. Nothing in the preceding Section shall apply to any summary decision or award in force at the time of the passing of this Act, but process of execution may be issued either within the time now limited by law for issuing process of execution thereon or within two years next after the passing of this Act whichever shall first expire.

Preceding Section not to apply to summary awards in force at the passing of this Act.

XXIV. This Act shall take effect throughout the Presidencies of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, including the Presidency Towns and the Straits' Settlement; but shall not take effect in any Non-Regulation Province or place until the same shall be extended thereto by public notification by the Governor General in Council or by the local Government to which such Province or place is subordinate.

Operation of Act.

Whenever this Act shall be extended to any Non-Regulation Province or place by the Governor General in Council or by the local Government to which such Province or place is subordinate, all suits which within such Province or place shall be pending at the date of such notification or shall be instituted within the period of two years from the date thereof, shall be tried and determined as if this Act had not been passed; but all suits to which the provisions of this Act are applicable that shall be instituted within such Province or place after the expiration of the said period, shall be governed by this Act and by no other law of limitation, any Statute, Act, or Regulation now in force notwithstanding.

Trial of pending suits, &c., in any Non-Regulation Province or place to which the Act is extended.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Home Department.

No. 993.

Fort William, the 13th May 1859.

Notifications.—Messrs. R. Alexander and Fendall Thompson, of the Civil Service, reported their departure for England by the Steam-ship *Simlah*, which Vessel was left by the Pilot at Sea on the 6th instant.

No. 994.

The appointment by the Agent, Governor General for Central India, of Lieutenant F. J. H. Helbert to act as Deputy Opium Agent in Malwa, during the absence of Lieutenant Shakespear, or until further orders, is confirmed.

No. 995.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to attach Mr. A. P Howell, of the Civil Service, reported qualified for the Public Service to the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab and Oude.

No. 996.

The Hon'ble the President in Council is pleased to direct the following additions to be made to List No. II., published under date the 29th September 1854, of parties authorized to send letters and official Gazettes *bonâ fide* and *exclusively* on the Public Service, relating to the business of their respective Departments without actual payment of Postage, but only to the authorities hereinafter named *viz.* :—

Head Uncovenanted Assistant, Madras Chief Engineer's Office } to { Superintending and District Engineers.

W. GREY,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

Foreign Department.

No. 2639.

Fort William, the 10th May 1859.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council has had under his consideration the Proceedings of the Special Commission assembled at Furruckabad for the trial of Tufuzzul Hosein, formerly Nawab of Furruckabad.

The charges against the prisoner were as follows :—

"1*st Count.*—That he, Tufuzzul Hosein Khan, being a person owing allegiance to the British Government, did rebel and wage war against the said British Government from the month of June to the end of December 1857, and acted as a leader and instigator in revolt in the Furruckabad District, one of the centres of rebellion, during the above period.

"2*nd Count.*—That he, Tufuzzul Hosein Khan, was a principal and accessary before and after the fact to the murder of many British subjects in the aforesaid District of Furruckabad and its neighbourhood, between the months of June and December 1857, in the following instances :—

1*st.*—To the murder of forty Europeans, more or less, on the Maunpoor Kutree or sand-bank, in the month of July 1857.

2nd.—To the murder of European ladies and children, with Eufasians and Native Christians, about twenty-two in all, on the Futtehghur Parade Ground, in the month of July 1857.

3rd.—To the murder of Kallay Khan, a loyal Sepoy of the 10th Native Infantry, in the month of July or August 1857.

4th.—To the murder of two loyal Seikhs, names unknown, who were killed with Kallay Khan Sepoy, in the month of July or August 1857."

After a patient, careful, and impartial trial, the Court pronounced the following verdict and sentence:—

"The Court unanimously convict the prisoner Tufuzzul Hosein Khan, Ex-Nawab Raees of Furruckabad, as follows:—

1*st Count.*—*Guilty.*—That is to say that he, being a person owing allegiance to the British Government, did rebel and wage war against the said British Government, from the month of June to the end of December 1857, and was a principal leader and instigator in revolt in the Furruckabad District, one of the centres of rebellion, during the above period.

2*nd Count.*—*In the first instance, guilty* of being an accessary after the fact to the murder of forty Europeans or thereabouts on the Maunpoor Kutree, or sand-bank, in the River Ganges, on or about the 4th of July 1857.

In the second instance, guilty of being accessary before and after the fact to the murder of twenty-two persons or thereabouts, being European, East Indian and Native Christians, men, women, and children, on the Futtehghur Parade Ground, on or about the 23rd July 1857.

In the third instance, guilty of being accessary before and after the fact to the murder of Kallay Khan, a loyal Sepoy of the 10th Regiment Native Infantry, at Furruckabad, on or about the 29th July 1857.

In the fourth instance, guilty of being accessary before and after the fact to the murder of two loyal Seikhs, names unknown, at Furruckabad, on or about the 29th July 1857.

This Court having found the prisoner guilty as above, do sentence him, Tufuzzul Hosein Khan, to be hanged by the neck till he be dead; and do further adjudge that all his property of whatever description be confiscated, but in obedience to the orders of Government appointing this Commission, the execution of this sentence is suspended until receipt of further orders."

The Governor General in Council entirely approves and confirms the verdict and sentence of the Court. The former is fully borne out by the evidence adduced on the trial, and the latter is the only sentence which could properly be passed on the criminal.

But it came out on the trial, and was pleaded by the prisoner as a bar to the execution of the sentence, that before his surrender a letter had been written to him by Major Barrow, the Special Commissioner with the Camp of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, in which he was invited to surrender, and that in this letter he was told that pardon had been extended to all who had not personally committed the murder of British subjects, and that if he had not personally committed the murder of British subjects, he might surrender without apprehension.

Whatever may have been the meaning of Major Barrow in addressing this letter to Tufuzzul Hosein, and whatever may have been the prisoner's understanding of it at the time, it is certain that on the receipt of it he immediately surrendered. He now claims the fulfilment of the promise of pardon made by Major Barrow, being found guilty, not of having personally committed the murder of English subjects, but of having been an accessary before the fact.

The Governor General in Council entirely condemns and disavows the act of Major Barrow, in making a promise contrary to the Royal Proclamation, and contrary to the express order of the Government excepting the prisoner from all benefit of pardon: But His Excellency in Council will not suffer it to be said, that the prisoner having been induced to surrender on the promise of a British Officer in Major Barrow's position, has in consequence of that surrender been put to death for a crime of less degree than that which was designated by the Officer as alone rendering him liable to punishment.

The Governor General in Council has, therefore, resolved to forbear from carrying out the sentence of the Court on Tufuzzul Hosein, on the condition that he shall immediately quit the British Territory for ever. If he accept this condition, he will be conveyed to the Frontier as a convict under a Military guard, and there set at liberty. If he refuse the condition, or if having accepted it, he shall break it, or attempt to break it, now, or at any future time, the capital sentence pronounced upon him will be carried out.

By Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India.

No. 2664.

The 11th May 1859.

With reference to General Orders dated 8th January 1858, No. 163, the appointment of Captain D. Scott, as a 2nd Class Assistant in the Pegu Topographical Survey, will have retrospective effect from the 10th December 1857.

No. 2665.

The 13th May 1859.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint the Reverend Mr. A. W. Wallis to be Chaplain of Thyet Myo.

No. 2666.

Mr. T. Crawley is appointed to officiate as an Extra Assistant in the Nagpore Commission.

Mr. Crawley joined his appointment on the 4th March, and assumed charge of the Nagpore Treasury on the 5th idem.

No. 2667.

Captain B. Ford, 12th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, is appointed to officiate as Cantonment Joint Magistrate of Rangoon, during the absence of Captain Lloyd, or until further orders, with effect from the 16th ultimo, the date on which he assumed charge of his Office.

No. 2668.

Baboo Kedar Nath, Extra Assistant 3rd Class in Oude, has been permitted to resign his appointment.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Garstin and Huzaree Lall to be Extra Assistants of the 3rd Class in Oude.

No. 2669.

Mr. T. H. Kavanagh, Assistant Commissioner in Oudh, reported his departure for Europe, on the *Hindoostan*, on the 3rd instant.

No. 2670.

Major H. Berdmore, Deputy Commissioner 1st Class, Martaban Province, resumed charge of the Shoaygyeen Treasury from Captain W. G. Stoll, Assistant Commissioner, on the 6th ultimo.

No. 2671.

Captain Dun, 33rd Madras Native Infantry, is appointed to officiate as an Assistant in the Nagpore Commission, from the 19th February 1859, the date on which he assumed charge of the Bhandarah District and Treasury.

No. 2672.

Captain M. R. Bruce joined his appointment as Second in Command of the Meenah Corps at Deolee on the 18th ultimo.

No. 2673.

Assistant Surgeon Reid is appointed to the Medical charge of the Civil Station of Sultanpore in Oudh, in addition to his other duties, with effect from the 1st instant.

No. 2674.

The Governor General in Council directs the publication of the following result of the Examination of Assistants and Extra Assistants in the Province of Oudh, held on the 1st ultimo :—

Passed for the Higher Standard.

Mr. R. M. King, Asst. Commr. } With credit.
„ C. A. Elliott, Ditto. }

Lieutenant F. E. Chamier, Ditto.
Captain J. F. MacAndrew, Ditto.
Lieutenant F. H. Hawkins, Ditto.
Lieutenant E. G. Clarke, Ditto.
Mr. E. Bickers, Extra Assistant.
„ T. H. Kavanagh, Assistant Commissioner.
„ J. G. Anderson, Ditto.
„ P. Walker, Extra Assistant.

For the Lower Standard.

Lieutenant C. R. Shaw, Assistant Commissioner.
„ A. H. Eckford Ditto.
Mr. G. L. Lang, Ditto.
Moonshee Ramdial, Extra Assistant.

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Financial Department.

No. 38.

Fort William, the 12th May 1859.

Notifications.—The following Statement of the Silver received and coined in the Mints of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay in March 1859, is published for general information :—

Statement of the Silver received and Coined in the Mints of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, in March 1859.

	Calcutta.			Madras.		
	Bullion or Coin received during the month, valued in Rupees.		Coined during the month, valued in Rupees.	Bullion or Coin received during the month, valued in Rupees.		Coined during the month, valued in Rupees.
	Merchts.	Govt.	Rupees.	Merchts.	Govt.	Rupees.
March 1859	22,70,483	16,071	88,65,857	3,63,019	...	10,31,681

	Bombay.		
	Bullion or Coin received during the month, valued in Rupees.		Coined during the month, valued in Rupees.
	Merchts.	Govt.	Rupees.
March 1859	37,20,652	140	17,60,000

No. 39.

The 13th May 1859.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to grant Baboo Govin Chunder Dutt, Assistant Sub-Treasurer, Fort William, leave of absence for three days, in extension of the leave granted him in the Government Orders of the 6th instant. Mr. J. H. Rostan will continue to officiate as Assistant Sub-Treasurer, until the return of Baboo Govin Chunder Dutt, or until further orders.

C. HUGH LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, the 11th May 1859.

No. 667 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, from the Foreign Department, are published in General Orders :—

No. 2427, *dated the 6th May* 1859.—Lieutenant F. K. Hawkins, Assistant Commissioner in Oudh, has obtained the usual leave to proceed to Calcutta, from the date on which he may avail himself of the same, preparatory to proceeding to England on further leave, on urgent private affairs.

No. 2430.—Assistant Surgeon Dixon, of the 9th Regiment Punjaub Infantry, is appointed Civil Surgeon of Fyzabad, in Oudh.

No. 2431.—Mr. James Cosserat, of the Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry, joined his appointment as District Adjutant, Oudh Military Police, on the 16th ultimo.

No. 2549, *dated the 10th May* 1859.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following promotions in the Oudh Military Police :—

Lieutenant Rawlins, Divisional Adjutant, to be Officiating District Commandant, *vice* Lieutenant Baker, absent on Sick leave to Europe.

Lieutenant Woodcock, District Adjutant, to be Officiating Divisional Adjutant, *vice* Lieutenant Rawlins.

Lieutenant Cragg to be Officiating District Adjutant, *vice* Lieutenant Woodcock.

No. 2550, *dated the 10th May* 1859.—Captain F. A. V. Thurburn is appointed to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Mohumdee, Oudh.

No. 2551.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to accept the resignation by Captain M. R. Bruce, 2nd Regiment Bombay Native Light Infantry, of his appointment as Second in Command of the Meena Corps, at Deolee, and to place his services at the disposal of the Bombay Government.

No. 2553.—Lieutenant A. F. Danvers, doing duty with the 1st Punjaub Cavalry, is appointed to officiate as District Commandant in the Oudh Military Police, *vice* Lieutenant Manson, proceeded on Sick leave.

No. 2556.—The General Order Governor General No. 1605, dated 2nd April 1859, appointing Lieutenant W. F. Edwards, of the 45th Bengal Native Infantry, to be Second in Command of the Malwa Bheel Corps, is cancelled, and Lieutenant Edwards is appointed to officiate from the above date as Second in Command of that Corps, until further orders.

No. 2557.—The services of Assistant Surgeon J. Fayrer, M. D., late Civil Surgeon of Lucknow, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

No 668 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, issued from the Public Works Department, are published in General Orders :—

No. 107, *dated 5th May* 1859.—*Notifications.*—The services of Lieutenant A. M. Brandreth, Engineers, Probationary Assistant Engineer, Department Public Works, Bengal, are placed at the disposal of the Government, North-Western Provinces, for employment on the Staff of the Thomason Civil Engineering College.

Appointment.—*No.* 109.—Lieutenant H. H. Foord, 16th Madras Native Infantry, 1st Class Assistant Engineer, is appointed an Executive Engineer of the 4th Class, and posted to the new or Jaulnah Division.

No. 111.—The Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council has been pleased to authorize the following transfers in the Department Public Works, North-Western Provinces :—

Lieutenant J. L. Watts, Executive Engineer, 4th Class, 5th Division Grand Trunk Road, to the charge of the 10th or Agra Division.

Mr. R. J. Clarke, Assistant Engineer 1st Class, from the 10th or Agra Division, to the charge of the 5th Division Grand Trunk Road.

Captain E. Smalley, Executive Engineer 4th Class, from Allyghur to Muttra, subordinate to the Executive Engineer, Agra Divison.

No. 112, *dated 6th May* 1859.—*Appointment.*—Lieutenant J. P. Westmorland, of Engineers, is appointed an Assistant to the Garrison Engineer, with the grade of Probationary Assistant Engineer, in the Department Public Works.

No. 669 *of* 1859.—The following Notification, issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, is published in General Orders :—

The 9th May 1859.—Captain A. C. Plowden, 50th Regiment Native Infantry, to be Aide-de-Camp on the Personal Staff of the Lieutenant-Governor, from the 1st instant.

No. 670 *of* 1859.—The following Notification, issued by the Government, North-Western Provinces, is published in General Orders :—

No. 275, *dated 6th May* 1859.—*Appointment.*—Lieutenant R. D. Griffin, 64th Regiment Native Infantry, to be Second in Command of the 2nd Seikh Police Corps, at Goruckpore.

No. 671 *of* 1859.—The following Notification, issued by the Government of the Punjaub Provinces, is published in General Orders :—

No. 949, *dated 25th April* 1859.—*Leave.*—Lieutenant W. G. Davies, Officiating Deputy Commissioner of Jhung, has obtained eight weeks' leave of absence, from the date on which he may avail himself thereof, preparatory to his proceeding on Sick leave to Europe, on Medical Certificate, under the new Rules.

No. 672 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following promotions and appointments :—

Army Commissariat Department.

Major T. F. Hobday, Assistant Commissary General 1st Class, and Officiating Deputy Commissary General, to be Deputy Commissary General, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel Nuthall, retired.

Captain R. D. Macpherson, Assistant Commissary General 2nd Class (on leave), to be Assistant Commissary General 1st Class, *vice* Major Hobday.

Captain R. Davidson, Deputy Assistant Commissary General 1st Class (on leave), to be Assistant Commissary 2nd Class, *vice* Captain Macpherson.

Captain A. Mackenzie, Deputy Assistant Commissary General 2nd Class, and Acting Deputy Assistant Commissary General 1st Class, to be Deputy Assistant Commissary General 1st Class, *vice* Captain Davidson.

Captain G. R. Roberts, Sub-Assistant Commissary General, and Officiating Deputy Assistant Commissary General 2nd Class, to be Deputy Assistant Commissary General 2nd Class, *vice* Captain Mackenzie.

Captain W. D. Hogg, Deputy Assistant Commissary General 2nd Class, to act as Deputy Assistant Commissary General 1st Class, *vice* Captain Mackenzie.

Captain H. Mills, Sub-Assistant Commissary General, to act as Deputy Assistant Commissary General 2nd Class, *vice* Captain Roberts.

Fort William, the 12th May 1859.

No. 673 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned men are admitted to Pension, as specified opposite to their names, under the provisions of Government General Order No. 275, of the 15th February 1858, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India :—

Serjeant Major Michael Doolan, of the 4th Regiment European Light Cavalry ...	2*s.* 6 *l.* each per diem, payable in Europe.
Serjeant Major William Cecil, of the 69th Regiment Native Infantry ...	

Fort William, the 13th May 1859.

No. 674 *of* 1859.—Surgeon William Pitt, of the Medical Department, (on leave at the Cape), is permitted to retire from the Service on the Pension of £191 per annum, from the 22nd September next.

No. 675 *of* 1859.—The following Order, issued by the Commissioner of the Province, to the Nagpore Irregular Force, is confirmed :—

No. 7, *dated the 25th April* 1859.—Appointing Lieutenant Cockburn, of the 52nd Native Infantry, to the Command of the two Companies of the 3rd Infantry, Nagpore Irregular Force, posted at Belaspore on the Northern Frontier of the Raepore District.

No. 676 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe, on Furlough, on private affairs :—

Captain the Baron Frederick August Von Meyern, of the 53rd Regiment Native Infantry, Commanding 3rd Regiment of Infantry, Nagpore Irregular Force ...	For two years, under the new Regulations.
Lieutenant Thomas Lamb, of the 16th Native Infantry, Principal Assistant to the Commissioner of Assam ...	For three years, under the old Regulations.

No. 677 *of* 1859.—The services of Lieutenant W. H. Oliver, of the Corps of Engineers, are placed at the disposal of the Public Works Department.

No. 678 *of* 1859.—The following Orders, issued by the Government of Bombay, are confirmed :—

Granting leave of absence to Europe, on Medical Certificate, to the under-mentioned Officers :

No. 363, *dated 25th April* 1859. — Surgeon James Harrison, M. D., of the Medical Department ... (This cancels G. G. O., No. 74 of 1859.)	For three years, under the old Regulations.
No. 364, *dated 25th April* 1859. —Captain and Brevet Colonel George St. Patrick Lawrence, of the 2nd European Light Cavalry, and Agent for the Governor General for the States of Rajpootana ...	For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 679 *of* 1859.—Captain and Brevet Major G. S. Macbean, of the 74th Regiment Native Infantry, Assistant Commissary General, is allowed leave of absence, for two months, from the 15th instant, to visit Bombay, preparatory to applying for leave of absence on Sick Certificate to Europe, under the new Regulations.

No. 680 *of* 1859.—The following Garrison Order, dated Fort William, 1st instant, is confirmed :—

1*st May* 1859.—Appointing Assistant Surgeon P. W. Sutherland to officiate as Garrison Assistant Surgeon, pending the arrival of Assistant Surgeon A. G. Duff, M. D.

Appointing Officiating Garrison Assistant Surgeon P. W. Sutherland to act as Garrison Surgeon, in addition to the other duties, pending the arrival of Garrison Surgeon R. B. Kinsey.

No. 681 *of* 1859—Rough Rider and Farrier Serjeant J. Bateman, No. 17 Light Field Battery, a Probationer in the Artillery Depôt of Instruction, having passed the prescribed examination, is appointed an Officiating Sub-Conductor from the 19th April 1858, *vice* Conductor A. Jackson, retired.

No. 682 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate :—

Assistant Surgeon Edward Livesey Dixon, of the Medical Department, attached to the 9th Punjaub Infantry ...	For eighteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 683 *of* 1859.—In continuation of Government General Order No. 606, of the 29th ultimo, the under-mentioned Officer is to take rank from the date specified agreeably to General Order, by the Governor General No. 613, of the 1st January 1859 :—

Brevet.

Colonel George Balfour, C. B., of the Madras Artillery ...	20th June 1857.

No. 684 *of* 1859.—The services of Assistant Surgeon G. N. Cheek, Junior, are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

No. 685 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate :—

Major John Bontein, of the 37th Regiment Native Infantry ...	For two years, under the old Regulations.

No. 686 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment :—

Colonel M. G. Dennis, of the 1st Battalion, 60th Royal Rifles, to be a Brigadier of the 2nd Class on the Establishment, in succession to Brigadier (Major-General) S. Corbett, C. B., proceeding to Europe.

R. J. H. Birch, *Major-General,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Public Works Department.

General.—Establishments.

No. 115.

Fort William, the 10th May 1859.

Appointment.—Private H. G McPherson, Probationary Assistant Overseer, Department Public Works, in the North-Western Provinces, is appointed permanently to the Department as an Assistant Overseer, with effect from 5th April last.

No. 116.

The under-mentioned Soldiers, of the Corps of Sappers and Miners, are appointed permanent Assistant Overseers in the Public Works Department in Oudh, with effect from the 1st April 1859, and posted as follows :—

	Stations.
Serjeant J. Stevens	...Gondah.
2nd Corporal J. Robinson ...	Garrison Engineer's Department, Lucknow.
2nd Corporal J. Quilter	...Fyzabad.
Private H. C. Studdert	...Baraitch.
Probationary Assistant Overseer Serjeant W. Hughes ...	Garrison Engineer's Department, Lucknow.
„ 1st Corporal J. Lynch	...Seetapoor.
„ 1st Corporal J. Bennett	...Gondah.
„ 2nd Corporal J. Grose	...Lucknow.
„ 1st Corporal J. Shully	...Roy Bareilly.
„ Corporal J. Brierly	...Sultanpoor.

The under-mentioned men, of the 23rd Company Royal Engineers, are appointed Probationary Assistant Overseers in the Public Works Department in Oudh, with effect from the 11th February 1859, and posted as follows :—

	Stations.
Corporal John Aucell	...Seetapoor.
„ John Angus McBean	...Roy Bareilly.
„ Dennis Turner	...Fyzabad.
Private John Stokes	...Lucknow.
„ John Cameron	...Lucknow.

No. 117.

Transfers.—Serjeant J. Lynch, Assistant Supervisor, is transferred from the Punjab to the North-Western Provinces.

Conductor E. J. Gillis, Sub-Engineer 3rd Class, is transferred from the North-Western Provinces to the Punjab.

No. 118.

The 11th May 1859.

Mr. R. B. Wrenn is appointed temporarily an Assistant Supervisor in the Public Works Department and posted to Jhansi.

No. 119.

Notifications.—The following General Order, by the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief, is re-published :—

"Gunner Edward Summers, Assistant Overseer in the Public Works Department, is promoted to the rank of Serjeant." G. O. C. C. dated 20th April 1859, page 178.

H. Yule, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 3058.

Appointment.—*The 29th April* 1859.—Assistant Overseer Sham Chand Banerjee is transferred from the Culmejole to the Burdwan Division of Public Works.

The 2nd May 1859.—Mr. Percy A. Humphery to be Assistant to the Magistrate and the Collector of Sylhet.

The 6th May 1859.—Mr. F. M. Halliday to the charge of the Sub-Division of Magoorah, and to exercise the special powers of an Assistant Magistrate, described in Clause 3, Section II. Regulation III. of 1821, and the powers of an Assistant Collector described in Section XXI. Regulation VIII. of 1831 and Section 1. Act X. of 1854 in Jessore.

Mr. T. J. Maltby to the charge of the Sub-Division of Jumalpore, and to exercise the powers of an Assistant to a Magistrate, described in Clause 3, Section II. Regulation III. of 1821 and Section I. Act X. of 1854 in Mymensing.

Baboo Hem Chunder Ker to the charge of the Sub-Division of Callygunge, and to exercise the powers of a Magistrate in Baraset.

The 7th May 1859.—Mr. J. Richardson to be Collector of Chittagong, but to continue to officiate until further orders as Judge of Shahabad.

Mr. A. Hope to be Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Beerbhoom, but to continue to officiate until further orders as Collector of Shahabad.

Mr. L. S. Jackson to be Civil and Sessions Judge of Rajshahye.

Mr. R. C. Raikes to be Collector of Moorshedabad.

Mr. C. S. Belli to be Collector of Nuddea.

Mr. G. G. Morris to be Superintendent of the 4th or West Division of the Revenue Survey, and to exercise the powers of a Collector under Regulations VII. of 1822 and IX. of 1825, in the Districts of Jessore, Furreedpore, Pubna, Backergunge, 24-Pergunnahs and the Sunderbuns.

Mr. W. Waterfield to be Superintendent of the 1st or North Division of Revenue Survey.

The 9th May 1859.—Under the provisions XVI. and XVII. Vic. cap. 95, Section XXII., the Lieutenant-Governor has appointed Mr. A. Sconce, of the Bengal Civil Service, to be a Member of the Legislative Council.

The 10th May 1859.—Lieutenant C. T. Hitchins to officiate as Commandant of the 7th Bengal Police Battalion, until the arrival of Captain Fagan.

Leave of Absence.—*The 7th May* 1859.—Mr. G. C. Fletcher, Judge of Chittagong, the usual preparatory leave to proceed to the Presidency, to appear before the Standing Medical Committee, in lieu of the leave granted to him on the 16th ultimo.

The 10th May 1859.—Mr. S. C. Amesbury, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Dinagepore, for two months under the Financial Resolution of the 29th October 1857, making over charge of the Medical duties of the Station to the Native Doctor C. Peter.

Mr. F. M. Halliday, late Assistant to the Magistrate and Collector of Hooghly, for one week under Section XII., of the new revised Absentee Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 11th ultimo.

A. R. Young,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 1654 A.

Allahabad, the 7th May 1859.

Notification.—Assistant Surgeon Richard Southby Otto Thring, M. D., having resigned his appointment of Civil Surgeon of Meerut, his services are accordingly placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

G. Couper,
Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 1660.

Allahabad, the 9th May 1859.

Appointment.—Mirza Ally, Moonsiff of the 2nd Class, to be Moonsiff of the 1st Class at Dumoh.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

J. D. Sandford,
Offg. Asst. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 993.

Allahabad, the 9th May 1859.

Appointments.—The following Officers are appointed Members of the Road and Ferry Fund Committee, within their respective Districts:—

Captain G. G Moxon, Commandant, Divisional Police Battalion, Jubbulpoor.

Lieutenant F. A. Dickens, Commandant, District Police Battalion, Saugor.

Lieutenant S. S. Sutherland, Adjutant, District Police Battalion, Saugor.

Lieutenant G. F. Pearson, Commandant, District Police Battalion, Seconee.

Lieutenant F. B. Foote, Commandant, District Police Battalion, Hoshungabad.

Lieutenant E. R. H. Twyford, Commandant, District Police Battalion, Baitool.

Lieutenant F. N. Miles, Commandant, District Police Battalion, Nursingpoor.

No. 733A.

The 10th May 1859.

Notifications.—The resignation, by Mr. J. M. Tritton, of his appointment, as Deputy Collector and Deputy Magistrate of Gurhwal, and of Her Majesty's Service, from the 1st instant, has been accepted.

No. 745.

The leave of absence, for three weeks, granted under Orders of the 7th March last, to Mr. C. W. Kinloch, Deputy Collector and Deputy Magistrate of Allahabad, is cancelled.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

F. B Outram,
Offg. Under-Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the sixth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1857-58, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Monday, the 13th of June 1859, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 2,260 chests, *viz* :—

Behar Opium	1,915
Benares Ditto	345
Total Chests...	2,260

2. The general conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 1st December 1858, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 18th and 28th June 1859, respectively, that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, Company's Paper or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the sale, will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 18th June 1859, and no Treasury Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M., of Tuesday, the 28th June 1859.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium of 1857-58, will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board however reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

		Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Thursday, 14th July 1859	-	1915	345	2260
Do. Wednesday, 10th August „	-	1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 9th September „	-	1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 14th October „	-	1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 7th November „	-	1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 5th December „	-	1534	379	2313
		11509	2104	13613

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

RIVERS THOMPSON,

Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 4th May 1859.

Ecclesiastical.

THE Reverend CHARLES WILLIAM CAHUSAC, M. A., Chaplain at Simla, and the Reverend FREDERICK WILLIAM KINGSFORD, B. A., Assistant Chaplain at Allahabad, have been appointed Surrogates for granting Episcopal Licences of Marriage in this Diocese.

By desire of the Lord Bishop. Dated at Calcutta, this 13th day of May 1859.

WM. HY. ABBOTT,
Registrar and Secretary.

Rules for the grant of waste lands in the Darjeeling Territory.

I. Grants of waste lands in the Darjeeling Territory shall be sold by auction at an upset price of ten Rupees an acre.

II. Sales of grants of waste lands shall be made from time to time at the Office of the Superintendent of Darjeeling, on application for that purpose by intending purchasers, in such manner and under such rules as may be laid down for that purpose by the Board of Revenue, full and sufficient notice of the day of sale and other needful particulars being given to the public. Should it in any case be deemed inexpedient to grant the land applied for, the Superintendent shall refer such case with his reasons for deeming the grant inexpedient, for the orders of the Board.

III. Every grant proposed to be sold shall first have its boundary cleared, and its area determined by an Officer appointed for that purpose by the Superintendent.

IV. No grant shall be sold of less than fifty acres.

V. A purchaser at auction of such grant or grants shall make a deposit, at the time of purchase, of ten per cent on the amount of purchase money.

VI. The balance of the purchase money shall be paid in annual instalments of ten per cent. on the amount of purchase money, and in default of such payment, the sale shall be considered void, the deposit and any prior payments of instalments being forfeited to Government, and the Government shall be at liberty to re-sell the land on its own account.

VII. The Government reserves to itself the right of making and constructing such roads and bridges as may be necessary for public purposes in all lands purchased as above, and also to such indigenous timber, stone and other materials, as may be required for making and keeping the said roads and bridges in repair. Land taken for these purposes shall be paid for at the rates at which it was purchased, by refund of the money paid for it, and compensation shall be granted when claimed for any damage done to the plantation in the construction of the works.

VIII. The sale shall convey a title to all mines and minerals within the limits of the grant sold. But a tax not exceeding ten per cent of the gross produce of such mines and minerals shall be leviable by the Government in such manner and under such rules as may hereafter from time to time be determined on.

IX. Existing grants may be commuted under these rules at the option of the grantees.

Published by order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces.

E. T. TREVOR,
Secretary.

The 7th May 1859.

No. 257.

Notice.

Tenders for the transportation of Salt from the Central and Southern Agencies of Orissa, to the Government Golahs at Sulkea, will be received at this Office until 2 P. M., of the 17th of May next.

2. The Tenders must be drawn up according to a form which may be obtained on application at this Office.

3. Distinct contracts must be entered into for the removal of the Salt in each of the three following localities, to wit, Hunsooah (in Central Cuttack) and the Ustrung Aurungs and the Chilka Lake Aurungs, in the Southern or Poorce Agency.

4. Parties tendering must satisfy the Board of Revenue and the Commissioner of Cuttack, that they possess the means of conveying the full quantity of Salt tendered for, and with this object a list of the vessels intended to be employed must accompany each Tender.

5. The quantity of Salt to be shipped at the Hunsooah Golahs will probably not exceed 1,00,000 maunds in each year; that from the Ustrungs is roughly estimated at 80,000 maunds for the ensuing season, and that from the Chilka Aurungs at maunds 3,20,000. The tenderer may apply for the whole quantity for which freight is required at each locality, or for any part not less than a quarter of such quantity.

6. Contractors must engage to ship the Salt allotted to them, during the period between the last spring tides of October and the end of February.

7. Parties whose tenders are accepted will be required to make a deposit of Government Promissory Notes, or to furnish other unexceptionable Security for the performance of their contracts.

8. The Board reserve to themselves the right of rejecting any Tender without assigning a reason.

By order of the Board of Revenue,

E. T. Trevor,
Secretary.

Fort William,
The 15th March 1859.

Notification.

The undersigned begs to notify for the information of Officers under the direct orders of the Government of India, that the designations of the Districts of Panceput and Khangurh, in the Punjab, have been altered to Kurnaul and Moozuffergurh, respectively.

E. Drummond,
Acctt. Genl. to the Govt. of India.

Fort William;
Accountant General's Office, Durbar and Revenue Dept., The 29th April 1859.

Notification No. 1000.

The Public Bill Form, bearing the printed No. 204550, having been found to be missing from the Nuddea Treasury, is hereby cancelled; and Officers in charge of Treasuries are cautioned to refuse acceptance of it, if presented, taking the requisite steps for the apprehension of the parties concerned in negotiating it.

R. P. Harrison,
Offg. Acctt. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Fort William;
Office of Acctt., Govt. of Bengal, The 29th April 1859.

Notification No. 1.

Mr. W. C. Taylor, Assistant Commissioner, Sonthal Pergunnahs, received charge of the Treasury at Nya Doomka on the 2nd instant.

R. P. Harrison,
Offg. Acctt. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Fort William;
Office of Acctt., Govt. of Bengal, The 10th May 1859.

Notice.

The General Treasury will be closed on Tuesday, the 24th instant, the Anniversary of Her Most Gracious Majesty's Birthday.

J. I. Harvey,
Sub-Treasurer.

General Treasury,
The 9th May 1859.

Notification.

Fort William, Civil Auditor's Office, the 20th April 1859.

To the Officers of the Political, Judicial, Revenue, Customs, Salt, Opium, and other branches of Service.

The Civil Auditor has the honor to request that Disbursing Officers, in charge of Civil Establishments, will be good enough to submit, as soon after 1st of May next as may be practicable, separate from their April Pay Abstracts, the Annual Detailed Statements of the respective Establishments as per Forms Nos. 1, 2, and 3, furnished for their guidance in 1848, annexing a note to each of the above Statements showing the items of expenditure which, though sanctioned, have not been actually incurred with reference to Financial Resolution of 29th October 1857, No. 4751. Pending the receipt of these documents, the audit of their April Abstracts will, under Financial Resolution of 7th September 1842, be withheld.

The usual Annual Returns of Uncovenanted Servants up to May 1859, as well as separate Statements showing the periods of leave granted to Uncovenanted Assistants, are also requested to be furnished in Forms Nos. 4 and 5, with the above Annual Detailed Statements.

W. P. Palmer,
Civil Auditor.

Medical College.

THE Session of 1859-60 will commence in the Medical College on the 15th June next.

2. Students who may be desirous of entering the College are requested to apply to the Principal, at the Medical College, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., on or before the 10th of June next.

3. The possession of the "Entrance Examination" Certificate of the Calcutta University, will entitle Students to enter the Medical College without further Examination.

4. Under certain conditions (which may be learned on application to the Principal) Students will be admitted in anticipation of passing the University Entrance Examination, but under the clear proviso of their going up for that Examination before the commencement of the Session of 1860-61.

5. The course of Instruction given in the Calcutta Medical College is framed to meet the requirements of the Calcutta University for obtaining its Degrees in Medicine and Surgery.

6. The Certificates of Lectures and Hospital Attendance of the College are likewise recognised by the University of London, the Royal College of Surgeons of England, and the Worshipful Society of Apothecaries of London, as entitling the possessors of such to compete in London for the Degree, Diploma and License of those bodies, under the Rules which regulate the granting of the same.

W. C. B. EATWELL, *M. D.*,
Principal, Medical College.

CALCUTTA;
Medical College Office,
The 30th April 1859.

Notification.

THE Civil Auditor, North-Western Provinces, has the honor to repeat his annual call to all Disbursing Officers in charge of Civil Establishments in the North-Western Provinces, for the submission (as soon after the 1st May next, as practicable, with the April Abstract) of their regular Annual Detailed Statement, containing the names and full particulars of the whole of the Establishment; and to observe that, with reference to the orders of Government, dated 15th October 1842, published in the *Agra Government Gazette*, of the 15th November 1842, the audit of their Abstracts for April next will be withheld until the receipt of the required Returns.

2. To facilitate check, it is particularly requested that the Abstract for April be sub-divided into distinct headings, so that each description of Office with its total shall correspond with the details given in the Statement of Establishment or the 1st May, agreeably to the Form furnished.

3. It is also requested that the *three separate* Lists prescribed for all Uncovenanted Civil Servants (Europeans and East Indians) and Native, (in the last the names of *only those* holding appointments of *trust* and *responsibility* should be inserted,) employed on their Establishments, be furnished for 1st May 1859, without delay.

H. LOCH,
Offg. Civil Auditor.

CIVIL AUDITOR'S OFFICE;
N. W. P., Allahabad,
The 31st March 1859.

Notice of the Municipal Commissioners.

THE new Thoroughfare leading from Colootollah to Muchooa Bazar having been completed, notice is hereby given that, under the authority of Government, the same will henceforth be called "Halliday Street." Parties owning property on either side of the new Street are requested to forward Title Deeds for the same to this Office, in order that the necessary alterations may thereon be recorded.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioners,

ROBT. TURNBULL,
Secretary to the Municipal Commissioners.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE;
3, *Chowringhee Road,*
Calcutta, 10th May 1859.

REPORT showing the smallest depth of water in the Bhaugiruttee, Jellinghee and Matabangah Rivers, from 2nd to 8th May 1859.

NAMES OF RIVERS.	Smallest depth of Water.	Remarks on the Phenomena of the River, during the week.
Bhaugirutte River.	F. Is.	
Above its entrance Bar in Ganges	4 3	All Boats suited for the present dry season's Traffic of the Nuddea Rivers should take the Bhaugirattee route this year. These depths are on sand Lumps. They do not show the general depths of the Channels which are seldom less than from 3 feet 8 inches to 44 feet.
On the entrance Bar...	3 7	
From thence to Jungypore, 14 miles ...	2 7	
From Jungypore to Berhampore, 45 miles ...	2 10	
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 54 miles ...	2 8	
And from Cutwa to Nuddea, 63 miles ..	2 10	
Jellinghee River.		
From its entrance to Bansemarree ...	Closed.	Entrance closed by the Chur formed by Ganges in 1853-54.
From Bansemarree to Teeahkattah ...	1 7	
From Teeahkattah to Chundipore ...	1 9	
And from Chundipore to Moisgunge ...	2 7	
Matabangah River.		
From its entrance to Alickdeah ...	Closed.	Works on Upper River suspended. Lower River open from Alickdeah to Hooghly, and will be kept so. No Tolls collected since December 6th, 1858.
From Alickdeah to Seebpore ...	2 8	

Height of water on Gauge at Berhampore on the 8th May 1859 + 10¼ inches.

T. N. ARMSTRONG, *C. E.*,
Supdt., Nuddea Rivers.

KISHNAGHUR,
The 13th May 1859.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

NOTICE.

IT is hereby notified, that the provision contained in paragraph 12 of the B. A. Regulations, whereby for the first three years after the establishment of the University, the requirements from Candidates for the Degree have been limited to the production of Certificates, showing that they have passed the Entrance Examination and are of good moral character, has been extended to January 1860, inclusively.

By Order of the Vice-Chancellor,

H. SCOTT SMITH, *A. B.*,
Registrar.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY,
The 13th May 1859.

Sheriff's Office; the 7th May 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery and also an Admiralty Sessions will be holden by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the sixth day of June next, at 12 o'Clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'Clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'Clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

W. F. GILMORE,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস ৭ মে ১৮৫৯ সাল

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ৬ জুন ১৮৫৯ সাল সোমবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার কোর্ট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের কোর্ট উইলিএমের সুপ্রেম কোর্ট আপল আদালত ঘরে ওয়েরটরমিনর এবং এডমাইরেলটি অর্থাৎ মহা সমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মোকদ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশীয়ান যতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এ বিষয় সকলে অবধান রাখুন।

W. F. GILMORE,
Sheriff.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 11th May 1859.

LIABILITIES.			ASSETS.		
Proprietors' Capital ...	1,07,00,000	0 0	Government Securities ...	23,92,000	0 0
Reserve Fund	1,97,534	10 10	Dues from Government ...	98,149	0 5
Current Accounts ...	84,11,315	1 2	Cash	1,07,66,753	3 7
Cash Credits Undrawn ...	5,17,313	10 6	Loans on Deposit of Securities ...	1,26,06,393	2 8
Other Claims	4,24,733	11 11	Discount Loans on ditto ...	67,65,000	0 0
Bank Notes	1,46,14,590	0 0	Accounts of Credit on ditto ...	7,27,400	0 0
Post Bills	2,58,756	8 2	Government Bills Discounted ...	4,96,501	10 0
Profit and Loss (*Rebate Account*) ...	56,900	6 4	Mint Certificates ditto ...	2,308	3 0
			Mercantile Bills ditto ...	11,40,291	12 8
			Dead Stock	1,86,256	0 7
Co.'s Rs. ...	3,51,81,053	0 11	Co.'s Rs.	3,51,81,053	0 11

Published by order of the Directors,
H. I. LEE,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

G. W. MOULTRIE,
Offg. Accountant.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

WITH reference to Government Notification No. 5, Fort William, Financial Department, 26th January 1855, notifying the intention of Government to dissolve its connexion with the Government Agency—

The Oriental Bank Corporation undertake the safe custody of Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal, and other local Stocks, free of all charge.

Will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, and remit at the current rates of exchange, or pay the same according to instructions, if to be remitted through the Corporation, Without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... 1-4th per Cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the purchase of Government or other Securities, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Corporation, ... Without charge.

WM. ANDERSON,
Agent.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION;
Calcutta, 29th January 1855.

Commercial Bank of India.

CALCUTTA BRANCH.

Rates of Exchange on London Joint Stock Bank.

				s.	d.	
At	6 months'	sight	... ...	2	0¼	per Rupee
„	3 „	„	... ...	1	11¾	„
„	30 days'	„	... ...	1	11¾	„
„	3 „	„	... ...	1	11½	„

The Bank grants Drafts on the Head Office, Bombay, and on its Branches in London, Shanghae, and Hong-Kong. Bills collected at any of the above places at a uniform charge of ½ per Cent.

The Bank will undertake the purchase or sale of Government Paper, Bank Stock and other Securities, draw Interest and Dividends payable in Calcutta, when due, at a Commission of ¼ per Cent.

No charge made when the proceeds of Sale or amount of Interest or Dividends drawn is remitted in the Bank's Bills.

Rates of Interest allowed to Deposits subject to

3	months'	notice of withdrawal,	4	p. ct. per annum
6	ditto	ditto ditto	5	„
2	ditto	ditto ditto	6	„

Notice may be given when the money is deposited, or at any subsequent time; and it will be dispensed with in cases when the money is to be remitted through the Bank.

Current Accounts kept and Interest allowed at 2 per Cent. per annum on Balances of Rupees 500 and upwards, not exceeding Rupees 50,000, unless by special agreement.

Hours of business, 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. On Saturdays, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

W. S. FITZWILLIAM,
Agent.

27, TANK SQUARE,
Calcutta, 7th October 1858.

Notice

Is hereby given, that MR. JOHN S. SCRYMGEOUR, has been appointed Acting Sub-Agent at this Agency.

By order of the Directors,

WM. ANDERSON,
Agent.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION,
Calcutta, 1st May 1859.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Henry William Chamberlain, of No. 6, Wellington Square, in Calcutta, Tide Waiter, Calcutta Custom House, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic. cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 6th day of May instant, and by an order of the same date, the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of Henry William Chamberlain, of No. 6, Wellington Square, in Calcutta, Tide Waiter, Calcutta Custom House, an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 6th day of May instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 2nd day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of James Calder and others, Insolvents.

On Saturday, the 7th day of May instant, an account of the Receipts and Disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 1st day of September 1852 to the 30th day of April 1859, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Saturday, the 4th day of June next, should be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a Dividend.

☞ *"Any Creditor or other person interested, who "may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon "the Estate of the said Insolvents, may attend and "be heard having given notice to the Chief Clerk "three clear days before the day of hearing."*

J Cochrane, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of Edward Pryce Griffiths and another, Insolvents.

On Saturday, the 7th day of May instant, an account of the Receipts and Disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 28th day of June 1858 to the 30th day of April 1859, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Saturday, the 4th day of June next, should be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a Dividend.

☞ *"Any Creditor or other person interested, "who may intend to establish or oppose any claim "upon the Estate of the said Insolvents, may attend "and be heard having given notice to the Chief Clerk "three clear days before the day of hearing."*

J. Cochrane, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of Francis Hodoul, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Brojomohun Paul, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Rajnarain Bysack, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Thomas Muir, an Insolvent.

In the matter of William Kelly, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Robert Roddis Wallis, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 7th day of May instant, by six several orders of this Court, the said Insolvents were respectively adjudged entitled to their personal discharge under the Act XI. Vic. cap. XXI., as to all persons named in their Schedules as Creditors or claiming to be Creditors respectively.

In the matter of John William Padmore, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 7th day of May instant, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvent was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge under the Act XI. Vic. cap. XXI., as to all persons named in his Schedule as Creditors or claiming to be Creditors respectively, except the debt of Peroo Kidmutgar, for Co.'s Rs. 8, who appears not to have been served with notice of the day of hearing in this matter.

Downing, *Attorney*.

In the matter of Isaac Joseph Doek Cohen, of Portuguese Church Street, in Calcutta, Merchant, an Insolvent. } Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic. cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 10th day of May instant, and by an order of the same date, the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of Isaac Joseph Doek Cohen, of Portuguese Church Street, in Calcutta, Merchant, an Insolvent. } On Tuesday, the 10th day of May instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Friday, the 1st day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

Chief Clerk's Office, 12th May 1859.

Notice.

The Interest and Responsibility of Mr. William Grant and Mr. David Baird Lindsay, in our Firm here and at Rangoon, and in the Firm of James Wylie & Co., in London, ceased on this date by the effluxion of time.

Gladstone, Wylie & Co.

Calcutta, *The 30th April* 1859.

Notice.

Mr. Patrick Keith and Mr. George Ross have this day been admitted as Partners in our Firm here and at Rangoon.

Gladstone, Wylie & Co.

Calcutta, *The 30th April* 1859.

Required.

A Translator thoroughly conversant with English and Oordoo. His duties will be to translate and to superintend the Persian Office. Salary Rupees 100 per mensem. Apply to Deputy Commissioner, Pertaubghur *viâ* Allahabad, Oude.

Notice.

The Interest of Mr. George Gilbert in our Concern ceased on the 30th April 1858.

Jessop & Co.

Notice.

The Interest and Responsibility of Mr. Graham Moore Robertson and Mr. Dudley Robert Smith, in our Firm ceased on the 30th April last.

The continuing Partners are Mr. Charles Binny Skinner, Mr. Robert Jardine, Mr. George Brown, and Mr. Claud Hamilton Brown.

Jardine, Skinner & Co.

Calcutta, *The 9th May* 1859.

Notice.

The Interest and Responsibility of Mr. L. Emil Ruutz-Rees in our Firm ceased, at his own request, on the 15th April last.

Ruutz-Rees & Co.

Calcutta, *The 10th May* 1859.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

The under-mentioned Government Securities standing in the name of Nawab Afsur Bahoo, the Proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the Notes and of Interests thereupon have been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of duplicate Notes in favor of the Proprietor :—

No.	20972	of	1854-55,	dated	30th June 1854,	for Rs. 20000
„	20973	„	„	„	„	„ 20000
„	20974	„	„	„	„	„ 20000
„	20975	„	„	„	„	„ 20000
„	20976	„	„	„	„	„ 20000

Nawab Afsur Bahoo.

Lucknow, *The 30th April* 1859.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed

In transit, from the Accountant General's Office, Fort William, to Googaira, the Government Promissory Notes, No. 35605, of the 5 per Cent. Loan of 1856-57, dated the 28th February 1857, for Company's Rupees 1,000, and No. 35606, of the 5 per Cent. Loan of 1856-57, dated the 28th February 1857, for Company's Rupees 1,000, originally standing in the name of Baboo Brindabun Chunder Ghose, the Proprietor, and never endorsed to any body, and No. 14123, of the 5 per Cent. Loan of 1856-57, dated 28th February 1857, for Company's Rupees 1,000, originally standing in the name of Baboo Jadub Chunder Ghose, the Proprietor, and never endorsed to anybody. Payment of the above Notes and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes in favor of the Proprietors,

Jadub Chunder Ghose,

Sub-Assistant Surgeon,

Jhung, Punjab.

The 27th April 1859.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of Charles Cawood, late of Futtyghur, the owner, by whom they were never endorsed to any person. Payment of the Notes and of Interest thereon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made for the issue of Duphcates :—

Particulars of the Government Securities.

3½ per Cent Loan, No. 221, of 1853-54, dated 28th February 1854, for Co.'s Rs.	1,000
Sixth 4 per Cent. Loan, No. 41540, of 1854-55, dated 30th June 1854, for Co.'s Rs. ...	2,000
Co.'s Rs.	3,000

J. WELCH,

Offg. Administrator General.

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Note, No. 5775, of 1842-43, of the Four per Cent Loan, dated the 31st March 1842, for Company's Rupees Two thousand, originally standing in the name of Rajcbomar Roy, and last endorsed to Captain Duncan, Executive Engineer, 1st Division, Department Public Works, the proprietor. Payment of the above Note and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of a duplicate Note in favor of the Proprietor.

H. DE BOURBEL, *Captain,*

Offg. Ex. Engr., Barrackpore Divn.

BARRACKPORE,
The 3rd May 1859.

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Note, No. 49164, of the 5 per Cent. Loan of 1841-42, dated the for Company's Rupees 500, originally standing in the name of Mr. Ryan, and last endorsed to Thomas Laidlaw, the Proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of a Duplicate Note in favor of the Proprietor.

THOMAS LAIDLAW,

Dowley's Hotel,

Garden Reach.

The 13th May 1859.

Lost.

THE following halves of the Bank of Bengal Notes, Nos. 30575, 29532 and 01543, each for Rupees 10.

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Note No. 3635, of the 5 per Cent Public Works Loan of 1854-55, dated the 12th March 1855, for Company's Rupees five hundred. Payment of the above Note, and of Interest thereupon, has been stopped at the Loan Office.

CHUNDOMONEY DOSSEE,

By her constituted Attorney,

HURRO CHUNDER GHOSE.

10th May 1859.

Notices issued by the Officiating Deputy Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 5437.

The 21st April 1859.—SEALED TENDERS will be received at the Calcutta General Post Office for the repairs of three Post Office Vans, nine Accelerators, and one Dray, for a period of five years, from the 6th June 1859.

2. The Tenders will be received up to Friday, the 20th May, and will be opened on that day, at noon, in presence of all parties concerned.

3. A Deposit in Cash of (100) one hundred Rupees is required with each Tender, subject to forfeiture, if the Tender be withdrawn.

4. Information relative to conditions will be given in writing on application to this Office.

No. 50.

MAIL PACKETS for the Overland Mail which leaves Bombay on the 23rd instant, will be closed at this Office, at 5 P. M., on the 14th *vid* Marseilles only.

Letters and Papers for transmission *vid* Bombay will be received up to 6 P. M., on every day prior to the 14th instant :—

Rates of Postage.

Under ¼ oz.	...	Rs.	0	6	0
„ ½ „	...	„	0	8	0
„ ¾ „	...	„	0	14	0
„ 1 „	...	„	1	0	0

CALCUTTA GENERAL POST OFFICE,
The 6th May 1859.

No. 155.

THE Overland Mail, per Steamer *Alma*, will be closed on Tuesday, the 17th instant.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius and Australia, can be sent by this opportunity.

Postage.	Weight.	*Vid* Marseilles.			*Vid* Southampton.			
	under ¼ ounce	Rs.	0	6	0	Rs.	0	0	0
	„ ½ „		0	8	0		0	4	0
	„ ¾ „		0	14	0		0	0	0
	„ 1 „		1	0	0		0	8	0
	„ 2 „		2	0	0		1	0	0

The 13th May 1859.

POSTAL NOTICE.

THE Public are hereby informed, that the Notice regarding the pre-payment of Letters posted in India for the United Kingdom, which was issued on the 1st of June 1858, and which is re-published below for general information, will be strictly acted upon, from the 1st of August next.

W. GREY,
Offg. Director-General of the Post Office in India.

CALCUTTA,
May 9th, 1859.

Postal Notice of the 1st June 1858.

From the 1st of September next, the present system of *optional* pre-payment of Letters sent from India to the United Kingdom will be abolished, and from that date the pre-payment of Postage on Letters posted in any part of India for the United Kingdom, whether marked *viâ* Southampton or *viâ* Marseilles will be *compulsory*. The rates of Postage are as under :—

	Not exceeding ½ oz.	Above ½ oz. and not exceeding ¾ oz.	Above ¾ oz. and not exceeding 1 oz.	Above 1 oz. and not exceeding 1¼ oz.	Above 1¼ oz. and not exceeding 1½ oz.	Above 1½ oz. and not exceeding 1¾ oz.	Above 1¾ oz. and not exceeding 2 ozs.	
	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	
Southampton ...	0-4	0-4	0-8	0-8	1-0	1-0	1-0	1-0	And so on, adding 8 annas for every additional ounce or fraction of an ounce.
Marseilles ...	0-6	0-8	0-14	1-0	1-10	1-12	1-14	2-0	And so on, adding 8 annas for every additional ounce or fraction of an ounce in addition to 2 annas (French Postage) for every additional quarter of an ounce, or part of a quarter.

All Letters posted on or after the 1st of September, upon which at least a single rate of Postage has not been paid, will be returned to the Senders. But in order to obviate the inconvenience which would be caused to the Public by detaining and returning to the Senders Letters which, *through inadvertence*, may be posted without the full amount of Postage being paid upon them, Letters insufficiently prepaid but on which at least a single rate of Postage has been paid, will be forwarded, charged with the deficiency of Postage and a fine of six pence or four annas.

Pre-payment must be made, as now, by Stamps.

(Signed) W. GREY,
Offg. Director-General of the Post Office.

Printed and Published for the Government, by THOMAS JONES, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, MAY 14, 1859.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Shahabad, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Friday, the 20th May 1859, corresponding with 4th Jait 1266 F. S. :—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 34.—Mehal Bhoputpoor, Pergunnah Arrah, Jankeeram, Chowaloll Sewsahae Sing, Muheep-narain, recorded proprietors ; sudder jumma, rupees 261.

A. Hope,
Offg. Collector.

Shahabad Collectorate ;
Buxar,
The 27th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates in Zillah Balasore, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 23rd May 1859, corresponding with the 11th Jeyst 1266 U., for demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue, due on the 28th March 1859 :—

Class VI.—Estates to be sold on account of demands realizable in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue.

No. 825.—Kismut 10 annas, 12 gundahs, 2 cowrees of Mouzah Gokoolpore, Pergunnah Ayas; recorded proprietors, Mano Patur, Sadhoo Patur, Raghub Patur, Seeboo Patur, Mangobind Bhoian, Bhowanee Patur, Mudhoo Patur and Bhogwut Patur; sudder jumma of the whole Estate Rupees 68-5-6.

No. 810.—Kismut 9 annas, 6 gundahs, 2 cowree, 2 krants of Talook Heerapore, Pergunnah Tulsopung; recorded proprietors, Gungadhur Canoongoe, Bulbhudder Canoongoe, Rughoonath Mohapater, Jyekissen Mohapater, Juggernauth Mohapater and Brijokissore Mohapater; sudder jumma of the whole Estates rupees 916-8-4.

V. H. Schalch,
Collector.

Balasore Collector's Office,
The 5th May 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Cuttack, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Saturday, the 28th May 1859, or 17th Jeyst 1266 U. S., for Arrears of Revenue :—

Class II.—Temporary-settled Estates.

No. 189.—Kismut 1 anna, 4 gundas, 2 cowrees, 2 krant and 3 bishwa, share in Talook Kumpgurh, Pergunnah Sooltannabad; recorded proprietor, Rughoonath Doss; sudder jumma of the whole Estate, rupees 258-7-11¾.

No. 923.—Talook Oorto, Pergunnah Autkuntah ; recorded proprietor, Biddyadhur, Hurreechundun, Sawunt Singhar, Minor, Guardian Beelram Chowdree; sudder jumma, rupees 994-13-8.

No. 1175.—Kismut Talook Hurreehurpo ; recorded proprietor, Joyram Doss ; sudder jumma, rupees 192-2-1¾.

No. 1194.—Kismut Mouzah Barteerab, Pergunnah Hurreepore; recorded proprietors, Kuppeel Doss and Ubdool Dyan ; sudder jumma, rupees 192-4-11.

R N. Shore,
Collector.

Zillah Cuttack ;
Collector's Office,
The 14th May 1859.

Printed by Thomas Jones, at the Bengal Secretariat Office.

SECOND SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, MAY 14, 1859.

LIST OF SEAMEN whose Register Tickets have been cancelled on account of Desertion, from 1st August 1857 to the 7th February 1859.

No.	Names.	Number of Register Tickets.	Capacity.	Ship deserted from.	Date of Letter or Desertion.	Height. Ft. In.	Date of Ticket.	Marks on Person.
1	Kurreem Bukhsh ...	50291	Landsman ...	Steamer Bengal ...	Unknown ..	5 3¾	31st Oct. 1856	Scar on forehead, ditto on right fore-arm.
2	Ramzaun Allee ...	39092	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	5 7	19th July 1855	Scar on forehead, ditto on right temple, ditto on both arms.
3	Syed Kasseem ...	36841	Dandy ...	Futtel Rohomon ...	Ditto ...	5 3½	2nd April 1855	Scar on right cheek-bone, ditto on stomach.
4	John N. Porter ...	56498	A. B. ...	Charles Hill ...	Ditto ..	5 6½	12th Aug. 1857	Ink on both fore-arms, both ears bored.
5	Hoonoos ...	42184	Lascar ...	Day Dream ..	Ditto ..	5 5½	3rd Nov. 1855	Much pock-marked face, scar on left side of mouth.
6	Boray ...	54681	Dandy ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 2½	22nd May 1857	Mole on forehead, pock-marked face.
7	Dramun ...	49588	O. Lascar ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 4¾	30th Sept. 1856	Scar on right shoulder-blade.
8	Luteef ...	43282	Lascar ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 4½	15th Dec. 1855	Scar on right cheek, ditto on right elbow-joint.
9	Salay ...	54680	Dandy ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 4	22nd May 1857	Scar on left arm, ditto on right elbow.
10	Kadir ...	54676	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 3	22nd May 1857	Scar on left arm.

No	Names.	Number of Register Tickets.	Capacity.	Ship deserted from.	Date of Letter or Desertion.	Height. Ft. In.	Date of Ticket.	Marks on Person.
11	Assim ..	49593	Lascar ...	Day Dream ..	Unknown ..	5 4¾	30th Sept. 1856	Pock-marked face, scar on neck.
12	Toogut ...	40525	Ditto	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 4¼	10th Sept. 1855	An impediment in his speech—numerous scars on both arms.
13	Romzaun Allee ...	22360	Dandy ...	Minx ...	Ditto ...	5 5	1st Aug. 1853	Scar on stomach.
14	Goolaub ..	22200	Servant ...	Aga Bahkur ...	Ditto ...	5 3½	27th Jan. 1853	Large scar on stomach.
15	Kulloo ...	35731	Lascar ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	4 10⅛	10th Feb. 1855	Much pock-mark in face, scar on right arm ditto on right knee.
16	Hyder Allee ..	54945	O. Lascar ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 5	6th June 1857	Scar on right, eye-brow, ditto on right knee.
17	Peeroo ..	47220	Landsman ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	5 2¼	30th June 1856	Scar on right cheek, ditto on forehead.
18	Romzaun Allee ...	48582	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 6¾	25th Aug. 1856	Upper lip out in two parts, mole on forehead.
19	Anaeeut Gazee ...	55090	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 8¾	13th June 1857	Scar on forehead, ditto on right hand and arm.
20	Suffur Allee ..	54934	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 2½	5th June 1857	None.
21	Somee ..	52007	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 2½	13th Jan. 1857	Scar on chin, ditto on left fore-arm.
22	Robert Isport ..	52978	A. B. ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 7½	20th Feb. 1857	Ink on right fore-arm.
23	Lawrence DeCruz ...	35008	Sookhannee ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 3	18th Jan. 1855	Scar on forehead and chin, tattoed on right arm.
24	Peter Anderson ..	46089	Gunner ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 5½	23rd April 1856	Ink on both hands.
25	Ibrahim ..	56020	Landsman ...	Steamer Bentinck ...	Ditto ...	5 3½	20th July 1857	Scar on left elbow.
26	Munsoor Allee ..	18714	Dandy ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 8	26th Feb. 1853	Large scar on right fore-arm.
27	Akbar Allee ..	53789	Landsman ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	4 11½	7th April 1857	Pock-marked face, scar on right-arm.
28	Sunnoo ..	23863	Dandy ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	5 3	21st Aug. 1855	Pock-marked on face.
29	Rumzaun ..	22227	Servant ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	5 3½	27th July 1853	None.
30	Khoda Bukhsh ..	20195	Topaz ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 1¾	26th April 1853	None.
31	Sudroo ...	48056	Landsman ..	Steamer Bengal ...	Ditto ...	5 2¼	1st Aug. 1856	Scar on left wrist, scar on left side of belly.
32	Roostan Khan ..	43190	Dandy ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 3¼	12th Dec. 1855	Scar on right eyelid, pock-marked face.
33	Kannye ...	54559	Landsman ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	5 5¾	16th May 1857	Scar under right eye, mole on chin right side.
34	Pootoo ...	56626	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 4¼	18th Aug. 1857	Slightly pock-marked face, scar on left leg.
35	Jadub ..	40654	Scullion ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 1	12th Sept. 1855	Scar on right nostril, ditto on right shoulder, ditto on stomach and back.
36	Mahomed Allee ...	54425	Sookhannee ...	Soubahdar ...	Ditto ...	5 1	11th May 1857	Scar on right temple, ditto on forehead and right hand.
37	Amor ...	11565	Lascar ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 3¼	11th Dec. 1851	None.
38	Assud Allee ...	51261	Landsman ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 5	15th Dec. 1856	Scar near left elbow, ditto on right thigh.
39	Buxoo ...	51142	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 2¼	9th Dec. 1856	Scar on right eye-brow, mole on right shoulder.
40	Chuttee ...	53705	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 1¾	31st March 1857	Pock-marked face, scar on right shoulder.
41	Rujjub Allee ...	52658	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 4	6th Feb. 1857	Cut on forehead, scar on both fore-arms.
42	Surroor ...	7003	Lascar ...	Steamer Alma ...	Ditto ...	5 7	13th Feb. 1851	Three scars on forehead.
43	Umbar ...	41921	Dandy ...	Steamer Ava ...	Ditto ...	5 5	29th Oct. 1855	Pock-marked face, scar on chest, arm, and body.

44	Purran	...	52450	Landsman	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5	3	27th Jan. 1857	Scar on right fore-arm.
45	Peter Raphael	...	56259	A. B.	...	Kensington	...	Ditto	...	5	6½	30th July 1857	Ink on both arm.
46	Abdool	...	36362	Servant	...	Nubia	...	Ditto	...	5	3½	9th March 1855	Pock-marked in face, scar on left side of back, ditto on right arm.
47	Munsoor Allee	...	30517	Lascar	...	Manilla	...	Ditto	...	5	5¼	4th Aug. 1854	Middle finger of right hand bent inward.
48	Moslim	...	50395	Landsman	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5	2½	4th Nov. 1856	Moles on right cheek.
49	Amjad Allee	...	7573	Topman	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5	5	10th March 1851	Scar on right hand and foot.
50	Bhooa Gazee	...	57926	Tindal	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5	4½	13th Oct. 1857	Scar on right fore-arm.
51	Raja Allee	...	57948	Landsman	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5	7	13th Oct. 1857	Scar on right fore-arm.
52	Jaffeer	..	44465	Sepoy	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5	4¼	4th Feb. 1856	Scar on right forehead, ditto on left chin.
53	Rokeeb	...	9415	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5	6½	16th July 1851	Scar on right leg.
54	Nymuddee	..	22693	Stoker	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5	4½	15th Aug. 1853	None.
55	Peter Marcus	...	36998	Sookhannee		Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5	5½	16th April 1855	Tattooed on left arm.
56	Juggoo	...	41697	Landsman		Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5	4	12th Feb. 1856	Scar under left eye, ditto on left chest.
57	Hingun	...	53503	Ditto		Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5	4½	20th Mar. 1857	Scar on right shoulder.
58	Khooshal	...	42632	Dandy		Ditto	...	Ditto	..	5	3	20th Nov. 1855	Mole on right cheek, scars on both arms, ditto on left side of back.
59	Seedee Khamish	...	27548	Stoker	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5	9	20th Mar. 1854	Has a scar on the forehead.
60	Sumshere Allee	...	32137	Landsman	...	Ditto		Ditto	...	5	2	9th Oct. 1854	2 small scars on the back, ditto on the right cheek.
61	Gardiana Pariz	...	56930	Sookhannee	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5	1	3th Sept. 1857	None.
62	Ameer Allee	...	50108	Landsman	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5	8¼	22nd Oct. 1856	Scar on forehead, ditto on both fore-arms.
63	Nizamooddeen	...	57946	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	....	5	3	15th Oct. 1857	Ink on right fore-arms.
64	Ebad Allee	...	7715	Lascar	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5	3½	20th March 1851	Scar on right arm.
65	Tallee Mahomed	...	24215	Dandy	...	Ditto	..	Ditto	...	5	7	4th Nov. 1854	Scar on right arm.
66	Mahomed Hossein	...	25967	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5	4	12th Jan. 1854	Scar on right arm.
67	Akbar Allee	...	57929	Lascar	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5	5½	13th Oct. 1857	Cut on forehead.
68	Mahomed Ashruf	...	57947	Landsman	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5	4½	13th Oct. 1857	Scar on right fore-arm.
69	Khamsin Mahomed	...	55927	Coal Trimmer	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5	4¼	16th July 1857	Scar on back.
70	Rummoo	...	43906	Lascar	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5	2¾	11th Jan. 1856	Scar on forehead, ditto on left cheek, ditto on both arms.
71	Kummer Allee	...	41439	Landsman	...	Steamer Bengal	...	Ditto	...	5	6½	8th Aug. 1855	Pock-marked face, scar on right forehead, and arm injured.
72	John Cap	...	41063	A. B.	...	Steamer Singapore	...	25th Aug. 1857	...	5	4¼	27th Sept. 1855	Pock-marked face, ink on both upper and lower left arm.
73	Ruhumtoollah	...	43320	Landsman	..	Robert Morison	...	Unknown	...	5	4¾	17th Dec. 1855	Pock-marked face, scars on both arms and forehead.
74	Gooriah	...	37467	Dandy	..	Lord Elphinstone	...	22nd June 1857	...	5	4¼	11th May 1855	Scar on forehead and on nose.
75	Sheikh Noorbhae	...	4941	Lascar	..	Chin-Chin	...	16th July 1857	...	5	4½	27th Nov. 1850	Scar on right arm and left wrist.
76	Kale Khan	...	24601	Bandary	..	Fairlie	...	23rd March 1857	...	5	6	19th Nov. 1853	None.
77	Jyapah	...	45668	Lascar	..	Punjab	..	9th Dec. 1856	...	5	5¼	24th Mar. 1856	Scar on forehead, ink on chest and forehead.
78	Abdool Ruhmaun	...	48550	Serang	....	Ditto	..	Ditto	...	5	4¼	25th Aug. 1856	Scar on forehead, ditto on right breast.
79	Ahing	...	48824	Carpenter	..	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5	6½	5th Sept. 1856	Mole over right eye-brow.
80	Neaumtoollah	...	30759	Dandy	..	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5	7¼	11th Aug. 1854	None.

No.	Names.	Number of Register Tickets.	Capacity.	Ship deserted from.	Date of Letter or Desertion.	Height. Ft. In.	Date of Ticket.	Marks on Person.
81	Murzook ...	16698	Coal Trimmer ..	Steamer Cadiz ...	Unknown ...	5 6½	23rd Nov. 1852	Scar on forehead and both sides of face and both arms.
82	Antony Rosa ...	49659	A. B. ..	Steamer Singapore ...	28th Aug. 1857 ...	5 4½	1st Oct. 1856	Small scars on both cheeks.
83	Apoah ...	49839	O. Lascar ..	City of Palace ...	12th Mar. 1857 ...	5 1¾	16th Oct. 1856	Scar on forehead, ditto near the left nipple.
84	Korlayah ...	51275	Landsman ..	Ditto ...	13th Mar. 1857 ...	5 5	16th Dec. 1856	Pock-marked face, ink on right fore-arm.
85	Allee ...	20355	Coal Trimmer ..	Steamer Manchester ...	Unknown ...	5 6	3rd May 1853	Scar on forehead.
86	Wassil ...	19593	Stoker ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 4½	2nd April 1853	Scar on back.
87	Fingoo ...	54428	Dandy ..	Steamer Alma ...	Ditto ..	5 1¾	11th Jan. 1857	Scar on left fore-arm.
88	Kummer Allee ...	58651	Landsman ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 3¼	6th Nov. 1857	Scars on both fore-arms.
89	Nuzrut Jumma ...	31267	O. Lascar ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 5	25th Aug. 1854	Some scars on right leg.
90	Abass Allee ...	58358	Landsman ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 4	26th Oct. 1857	Cut on right thigh.
91	Wuzzeer Allee ...	22308	Fireman ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	4 11¼	30th July 1853	Scar right arm and leg.
92	Barsottee ...	4336	Butler's Mate ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 6½	7th Nov. 1853	Scar on forehead, and ditto back of right shoulder.
93	Mahomed ...	27690	Lascar ..	Euphrosyne ...	Ditto ...	5 0	28th Mar. 1854	Scar on the right side of the forehead.
94	Abdulla Hadjee ...	22839	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 2½	23rd Aug. 1853	Scar on forehead.
95	Abdool Rohomaun ...	46452	O. Lascar ..	Hydroos ..	28th June 1857 ...	5 4¾	15th May 1856	Cut on right eyebrow.
96	Banuchoo ...	26949	Dandy ..	Agin Court ...	23rd Mar. 1857 ...	5 2¾	17th Feb. 1854	A scar on the right arm.
97	Syfoo ...	14405	Lascar ...	White Eagle ..	Unknown ...	5 3¼	22nd June 1852	Pock-marked face, scar right elbow and both eye.
98	Fazil ...	497	Fireman ...	S. S. Nubia ..	Ditto ...	5 3	6th Aug. 1850	None.
99	Mungloo ...	54975	O. Lascar ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 5¼	8th June 1857	Deeply pock-marked face, blind left eye.
100	Jhurree ...	46637	Landsman ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 4¼	28th May 1856	Pock-marked face, scar on right arm.
101	Kulloo ...	42858	Scullion ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 2¼	27th Nov. 1855	Scar on right eye, scar near left wrist.
102	Moisdeen ...	52568	Servant ...	Nanderia ..	29th Nov. 1857 ...	5 2¼	4th Feb. 1857	None.
103	Murkar ...	31941	Lascar .	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 4	22nd Sept. 1854	Slightly pock-marked in the face.
104	Luchman ...	24996	Cook .	Scotia ..	5th Dec. 1857 ...	5 0¼	3rd Dec. 1853	Tattooed both arms, forehead and temple.
105	Pootod ...	34576	Servant .	Steamer Manilla ...	Ditto ...	5 1¼	4th Jan. 1855	Scar on upper part of forehead, slightly pock-marked in the face
106	Ahmed Allee ...	51078	Landsman ...	Steamer Bentinck ...	Ditto ...	5 2	6th Dec. 1856	None.
107	Haniff ...	23972	Dandy ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 3¼	24th Oct. 1853	Scar left arm.
108	Ameer Mahomed ...	15083	Lascar ...	Steamer Oriental ...	Ditto ...	5 8	21st Aug. 1852	Scar right arm.
109	Munglee ...	41298	Topaz ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 3¾	4th Oct. 1855	Scar under left ear, ditto on right side of stomach.
110	Kalla Ghazzee ...	30854	Landsman ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	5 6	14th Aug. 1854	Scar on the right side of nose.
111	Kamoo ...	35334	Dandy ..	Arrarat ...	Unknown ...	5 4¼	29th Jan. 1855	Pock-marked in face.
112	Abdool Rohoman ...	50883	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 5	26th Nov. 1856	Scar on the left side of forehead, ditto on left shoulder.
113	Abdoollah ...	56064	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 0¼	21st July 1857	Scar on forehead, ditto on right arm.

114	Anthony John ...	52028	Steward ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5	4¼	15th Jan.	1857	Scar on forehead.
115	Koyamoo ...	42372	Lascar ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5	11¾	8th Nov.	1855	Scar on forehead, pock-marked face, scar on stomach.
116	Mohkim ...	23086	Ditto ..	Steamer Megna ...	Ditto ...	5	6¼	5th Sept.	1853	None.
117	Buddinath ...	24534	Khansamah ..	Steamer Candia ...	Ditto ...	5	0	17th Nov.	1853	Scar near the right eye.
118	Rujjub Allee ...	42438	O. Lascar ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	4	10½	12th Nov.	1855	Scar on spine, ditto on left arm.
119	Jakeer ..	14734	Coal Trimmer ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5	6	24th July	1852	Mole on neck.
120	Gosman Allee ...	41781	Landsman ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5	6¼	26th Oct.	1855	Small scar on forehead, mole on left side of nose, scar on left side of back.
121	Calloo ...	6529	Sepoy ...	Steamer Hindostan ...	Ditto ...	4	11½	27th Jan.	1851	Scar on right cheek close to eye.
122	Meahjaun ...	33945	O. Lascar ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	5	3¼	8th Dec.	1854	Pock-marked face, mole near the left ear, one on back.
123	Abdool ...	50561	Landsman ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	5	2½	13th Nov.	1856	Scars both fore-arms, ditto on belly.
124	Rumzauh ..	32119	Servant ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	5	3¼	9th Oct.	1854	Scars on both arms.
125	Mahomed Arab ...	24464	Dandy ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	5	3¾	17th Nov.	1853	Deeply pock-marked in face.
126	Latoor ...	17935	Lascar ...	Steamer Bengal ...	Ditto ..	5	2½	21st Jan.	1853	Scar back right thigh.
127	Jaun Allee ...	50907	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5	3	27th Nov.	1856	Scars on both fore-arms.
128	Kurreem ...	57675	O. Lascar ...	Belgravia ..	Ditto ...	5	5¼	6th Oct.	1857	Scars on both fore-arms.
129	Bolaeht Allee ...	55832	Landsman ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5	3	13th July	1857	Scar on right arm, mole on nose.
130	Peer Bukhsh ...	35759	Bandary ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5	6½	12th Feb.	1855	Slightly pock-marked face and burnt on left wrist.
131	Mungloo ..	57703	O. Lascar ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5	6¼	7th Oct.	1857	Pock-marked face.
132	Deen Mahomed ..	57583	Lascar ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5	0	5th Oct.	1857	Win on nose and left cheek.
133	Jameer Mahomed Allee ..	57731	Dandy ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5	1	7th Oct.	1857	Small scar on centre of forehead.
134	Peter ...	57467	Landsman ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5	2	22nd Sep.	1857	Scar on right fore-arm.
135	Noor Khan ..	30232	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5	5¼	24th July	1854	Mole on right cheek-bone, one ditto on right thigh.
136	Abdool ...	57633	Lascar ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	5	1½	6th Oct.	1857	Ink on both legs.
137	John Simpson ...	57552	Sookhannee ...	Malakoff ...	Ditto ...	5	5½	2nd Oct.	1857	None.
138	Curreem Bukhsh ...	8499	Lascar ...	Arab ...	Ditto ..	5	3¼	30th April	1851	Scald left side of hand.
139	Sangore ..	7236	Ditto ...	Lady Franklin ...	11th Dec. 1857 ..	5	1¼	26th Feb.	1851	Holes on both ears.
140	Fyze Oollah ...	55458	O. Lascar ...	Steamer Queen Victoria ...	24th Oct. 1857 ...	5	6½	26th June	1857	None.
141	Ishmail ...	37408	Servant ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	4	11¾	9th May	1855	Pock-marked face, scars on right elbow, ditto on right side.
142	Peeroo ...	24757	Lascar ..	Lucia ...	Jan. 1858 ...	5	7¼	26th Nov.	1853	Scar on right fore-arm.
143	Mohomed Allee ...	51914	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	5	6	10th Jan.	1857	Scar on right fore-arm.
144	Purrubdee ..	21639	O. Lascar ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5	5	2nd July	1853	Pock-marked in face, scars on both arms and left leg.
145	Jaffer Allee ..	58913	Ditto ...	Cheapside ...	Unknown ...	5	3¼	17th Nov.	1857	Scar on left cheek, ditto on left fore-arm.
146	Suffer Allee ...	14696	Lascar ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5	3	21st July	1852	Scar on right side of body.
147	Nujjoo Khan ...	58922	Boy ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5	1½	12th Nov.	1857	Scar on left hand.
148	Phillip Fernandes ...	32212	Lascar ...	Unknown ..	10th Sept. 1857 ...	5	0¼	10th Oct.	1854	Natural black mark on the left side of stomach.
149	Antonio Flores ..	37441	Sookhannee ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5	4½	10th May	1855	Scars on left eyebrow, ditto under right arm.
150	Seedroo Lucecans ...	38324	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5	6¼	18th June	1855	None.
151	Moonaf ...	45017	Tindal ...	Teazer ...	23rd Dec. 1857 ..	5	1	22nd Feb.	1856	Pock-marked face, scar on right arm.

No.	Names.	Number of Register Tickets.	Capacity.	Ship deserted from.	Date of Letter or Desertion.	Height. Ft. In.	Date of Ticket.	Marks on Person.
152	Punnoo ...	26051	Dandy ...	Teazer ..	23rd Dec. 1857 ...	5 2½	14th Jan. 1854	Scar right thigh and left arm.
153	Surbook ..	53256.	Ord Lascar ...	Lady Franklin ..	11th Dec. 1857 ...	5 5½	7th March 1857	Scars on belly.
154	Murzook ..	22885	Lascar ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 4½	29th Aug. 1853	Scar on right leg.
155	Jammeer ..	17891	Servant ...	Steamer Queen Victoria ...	24th Aug. 1857 ...	5 3	20th Jan. 1853	Scar over right eyebrows and on chin.
156	Ashuck ...	47882	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	24th Oct. 1857 ...	5 6½	25th July 1856	Scar on forehead, ditto over left eyebrow.
157	Bhola ..	49097	Landsman ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 0¾	16th Sept. 1856	Scar on forehead, ditto on left arm, mole on back.
158	Assim ..	54972	Lascar ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 3½	8th June 1857	Scar on forehead, mole on left cheek.
159	Kentoll ...	55142	Kussub ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	4 11	13th June 1857	Scar on forehead.
160	Dookhoo ...	58396	Bandary ..	Iskender Shaw ...	11th Jan. 1858 ...	5 3½	29th Oct. 1857	None.
161	Jooma ..	57495	Bandary's Mate .	Bengal Merchant ..	4th Jan. 1858 ...	5 10½	1st Oct. 1857	Speck in left eye, scar on left cheek.
162	Hakim Allee ..	58105	Tindal ...	Devonshire ...	22nd Jan. 1858 ...	5 4½	20th Oct. 1857	Scar on right fore-arm.
163	Khoda Bukhsh .	59525	Servant on shore.	Ditto ...	Unknown ...	5 5½	5th Dec. 1857	Scar on corner of left eye.
164	Wuzzur ..	61996	Landsman ..	Paragon ...	10th March 1858 ...	5 0	3rd Mar. 1858	Mole on upper lip.
165	William Collins ..	62009	A. B. ..	Oxen Bridge ...	18th March 1858 ...	5 10½	3rd Mar. 1858	Ink on left fore-arm.
166	James H. Home ...	62166	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 11½	10th Mar. 1858	None.
167	Joomun ...	50529	Landsman ...	Candia ...	Unknown ...	5 5	12th Nov. 1856	Scar on forehead, ditto on back.
168	Bissoo ..	61785	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 6½	22nd Feb. 1858	Ink speck between eyebrows.
169	Nunnoo ..	32363	Topaz ..	Steamer Bentinck ...	Ditto ...	5 0½	13th Oct. 1854	Two small scars on right arm.
170	Mahomed Massim ...	59180	Lascar ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 3½	24th Nov. 1857	None.
171	Sakir Mahomed ..	59182	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 3½	24th Nov. 1857	Burnt scar on right fore-arm.
172	Ameer Allee ..	42137	Landsman ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 3½	2nd Nov. 1855	Scar on right shoulder, ditto on left hand.
173	Baboo ..	54999	Ditto ...	Hindostan ...	Ditto ..	5 7½	9th June 1857	Scars on both fore-arms and ditto on belly.
174	Joomun Allee ...	16282	Lascar ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 5½	1st Nov. 1852	Scar on right arm.
175	Burkutoollah ..	57022	Landsman ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 5	8th Sept. 1857	Scar on stomach.
176	Oomur Allee ..	53197	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	5 4½	4th Nov. 1857	Scar on left arm.
177	Jurroodee Allee ...	7340	Lascar ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 3	3rd March 1851	None.
178	Omur Allee ...	55754	Landsman ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 3	9th July 1857	Scar on right hand.
179	Ghoona ..	56572	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 3½	15th Aug. 1857	Scar on stomach.
180	Asmut Allee ...	58112	Lascar ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 4½	20th Oct. 1857	Cut on left temple, scar on right fore-arm.
181	Meahjaun ...	20190	Servant ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 3	26th April 1853	Pock-marked in face and arms.
182	Saban ...	39346	Bakers Mate ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 2	30th July 1855	Pock-marked in face, scar on right shoulder.
183	Sadack ...	52789	Coal Trimmer ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 4½	18th Feb. 1857	Scar on belly, ditto on right blade-bone.
184	Soojat Allee ...	20293	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 7	2nd May 1853	Scar right arm and close left eye.
185	Vincent Gonsalves ...	31217	Sookhannee ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 10¼	14th Aug. 1854	Pock-marked on the face, tattooed on both arms.
186	Mobaruck Allee ...	52625	Landsman ..	Duke de Malakoff ..	7th Sept. 1857 ...	5 5½	5th Feb. 1857	Scar on left cheek and right arm.
187	Kadir ...	7144	Lascar ...	Coral Queen ..	26th Jan. 1858 ...	5 4	21st Feb. 1851	None.
188	Hyder Khan ...	43696	Ditto ..	Warren Hastings ...	Unknown ...	5 5	2nd Jan. 1856	White scar on upper forehead, scar on left eyebrow.

189	Isaac ...	33032	Coal Trimmer ...	Steamer Bengal ...	Unknown ...	5	5	6th Nov.	1854	Scar on forehead and right eye.
190	Ahmed ..	60553	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5	5	18th Jan.	1858	None.
191	Davee ...	29512	Cook ...	Steamer Nubia ...	Ditto ...	5	8¼	26th June	1854	Pock-marked in the face, scar near the right thumb.
192	Lookmun ..	25328	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5	2½	19th Dec.	1853	Scar on stomach.
193	Boodhoo ..	52015	Landsman ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5	0½	13th Jan.	1857	Scar on left arm, ditto on right fore-arm.
194	Arman Allee ...	4040	Lascar ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5	3¼	27th Nov.	1850	None.
195	Joseph Brendt ..	62113	A. B. ...	Oxen Bridge ...	Ditto ...	5	6	8th Mar.	1858	Mole on chin, ink on right arm and left hand
196	Frederick Fareamould ..	62112	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5	10¾	8th Mar.	1858	Ink on right fore-arm.
197	Julias Levens ...	62158	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5	3¾	10th Mar.	1858	Cut on right eyebrow, ditto on upper lip, ink on both hands.
198	John Henning ...	62114	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5	4	8th Mar.	1858	Ink on right hand.
199	Neamaun ...	50488	O. Lascar ...	Futty Shaw Allum ...	Ditto ...	5	5	10th Nov.	1856	Scar on forehead, ditto on right fore-arm.
200	Silva DeOliver ...	59418	Lascar ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	5	3	2nd Dec.	1857	Cut over right eyebrow.
201	Koonjee Mahomed ...	51634	Dandy ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5	2½	30th Dec.	1856	Scar on right cheek, ditto on forehead.
202	Abdool Rahoman Mahomed	57915	Lascar ...	Baltic ...	Ditto ...	5	1½	12th Oct.	1857	None.
203	Allum ...	57109	Landsman ...	Soubahdar ..	Ditto ...	5	5	8th Sept.	1857	Scars on both fore-arm, cut on forehead.
204	Baboo Khan ..	33171	Lascar ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5	7½	9th Nov.	1854	Small scar on forehead and right arm.
205	Sheik Abdool Kadir ..	34153	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5	0½	16th Dec.	1854	Scar on forehead, pock-marked in face, scar on right side.
206	Burkut Allee ..	55024	Dandy ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5	3	10th June	1857	Pock-marked, blind left eye.
207	Kurreem ...	52677	Lascar ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5	1½	7th Feb.	1857	Scar under right eye.
208	Necknaum ...	47820	Dandy ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5	1¾	23rd July	1856	Pock-marked face, mole on back.
209	Ahmed ...	26561	Lascar ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5	2½	30th Jan.	1854	A deep scar on the head above the right eye.
210	Abdoolah ...	23487	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5	3	26th Sept.	1853	Scar on stomach.
211	Lall Nuttoo ...	57664	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5	4	6th Oct.	1857	Scar on left side of wrist and on left cheek, ditto on right arm.
212	Dewan Allee ...	59633	Tindal ..	William Chamberland ...	Ditto ...	5	2¾	10th Dec.	1857	Cut on left eyebrow.
213	Sheik Ameer ...	29418	Lascar ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5	6	19th June	1854	Lost the tip of great toe in right foot.
214	Alepre L. Joseph ...	62057	Steward ...	Unknown ...	Ditto ...	5	4	5th March	1858	Mole on chin.
215	Anthoney Gomes ...	26879	Cook ...	Nemesis ...	Ditto ...	5	9	14th Feb.	1854	A scar on belly.
216	Shumshere ..	40592	Boy ..	S. S. Rajah ...	Ditto ...	4	10	11th Sept.	1855	Scars on both eye-brows, ditto on right side of nose.
217	Jhubboo ...	44394	Landsman ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5	6¼	1st Feb.	1856	Scar on left cheek-bone, ditto on right side of face and nose, ditto on stomach.
218	Khoda Bukhsh ..	44053	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5	1½	18th Jan.	1856	Pock-marked face, scar on left side of stomach.
219	Chunnoo ...	36368	Boy Servant ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5	1¼	9th March	1855	Scar on right cheek, large one on waist.
220	Abdool ...	41767	Landsman ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5	3½	26th Oct.	1855	Pock-marked face, scar on left hand.
221	Talib ...	4741	Lascar ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5	1½	21st Nov.	1850	None.
222	Jaffer Alle ...	27301	Dandy ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5	1½	8th March	1854	Has a scar on both arms.
223	Sheikh Soobrathee ...	45398	Landsman ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5	4½	10th Mar.	1856	Has a cast in the eyes, scar on chin.
224	Kalloo ...	29806	O. Lascar ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5	1	10th July	1854	Scar on the forehead and cheek.
225	Suffur Allee ...	14932	Lascar ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5	5½	11th Aug.	1852	Large scar right arm, mole left cheek.

No.	Names.	Number of Register Tickets.	Capacity.	Ship deserted from.	Date of Letter or Desertion.	Height Ft. In.	Date of Ticket.	Marks on Person.
226	Punnoo ..	7995	Sepoy ..	S. S. Rajah ...	Unknown ...	5 3½	1st April 1851	None.
227	Goomun ...	53604	Landsman ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 5½	26th Mar. 1857	Scar on right side of forehead, scars on both legs.
228	Ramsammy ...	61731	Dandy ...	Great Britain ...	Ditto ...	5 8½	20th Feb. 1858	Pock-marked on face.
229	Mohur ...	62032	Landsman ..	Paragon ..	Ditto ...	5 4½	4th Mar. 1858	Scars on both fore-arm.
230	Hossein ...	62088	Sookhannee of N. Vessel ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 4½	6th Mar. 1858	None.
231	Adam ..	62089	Dandy ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 0½	6th Mar. 1858	Mole on left jaw-bone.
232	Aboo Salle ...	62101	Sookhannee of N. Vessel ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 6½	6th Mar. 1858	None.
233	Munneer ..	52010	Boy ...	Chyebassa ...	Ditto ...	Growing	13th Jan. 1857	Scar on throat.
234	Abooshee ..	33161	Lascar ...	S. S. Bentinck ...	Ditto ...	5 2½	8th Nov. 1854	Scar on right cheek and back.
235	Toolfukkur Allee ..	40915	Landsman ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 5	17th Oct. 1856	Scar on right fore-arm, ditto on both shoulder-blade.
236	Munsoor Allee ...	58365	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 5½	26th Oct. 1857	Scar on right shoulder-blade.
237	Wallee ...	53284	Fireman ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 3	9th Mar. 1857	Scar on nose, ditto on right side of body
238	Passoo ..	55020	Landsman ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 5½	10th June 1857	Scar on left knee.
239	Abdool ...	42978	Fireman ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 6½	3rd Dec. 1855	Scar on forehead, lost an upper tooth, scar on right arm.
240	Furzun ...	20824	Servant ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	5 2½	30th May 1853	Pock-marked on nose.
241	Asad ..	32571	Landsman ...	S. S Nemises ...	Ditto ...	5 4½	20th June 1854	Pock-marked in the face, mole on left cheek.
242	Sumshere Allee ...	63399	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 4½	1st May 1858	Scar on stomach.
243	Akrum Allee ..	47575	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 9½	15th July 1856	Scars on both fore-arms, ditto on belly.
244	Wuzzeer ...	47582	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 1½	15th July 1856	Scar on right fore-arm, pock-marked face.
245	Saleh Mahomed ...	32529	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 4½	18th Oct. 1854	Scar on forehead, ditto on right temple, ditto on left arm.
246	Lunghut ..	47116	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 7	25th June 1856	Mole on left cheek.
247	Sookoor Mahomed ...	45751	Bandary ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 3½	29th Mar. 1856	Scar below left temple, ditto on stomach.
248	Mahomed Allee ...	53063	Landsman ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 0½	24th Feb. 1857	Scar on left fore-arm and leg.
249	Mohubbut Allee ...	27476	Dandy ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 2	28th June 1853	Scar above left eye.
250	Nazir ...	21730	O. Lascar ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 2	6th July 1853	Large scar on left shin.
251	Sheikh Chand ...	42337	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 2½	7th Nov. 1855	Scar on forehead, ditto on right cheek, ditto on right arm.
252	Mahomed Kabil ...	9940	Batta Lascar ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	4 10½	28th Aug. 1851	Scar on right leg and ditto right arm.
253	Sheikh Wallie ..	60290	Tindal ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 2½	6th Jan. 1858	Cuts on both eye-brows.
254	Kulleemoollah ..	55833	Fireman ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 7½	13th July 1857	Scar on left arms, ditto on right arm.
255	Amjad Allee ...	49700	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 4	2nd Oct. 1856	Scar on right fore-arm, burnt scar on left side of body.
256	Bassan Allee ...	22205	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 5	27th July 1853	Scar right arm.

257	Summud Allee	..	16700	Stoker	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	6¼	23rd Nov.	1852	Scar on right arm.
258	Toni *alias* Alryon	..	58694	O. Seaman	..	Mary Ann	..	Ditto	..	5	4	7th Nov.	1857	Cut on right eyebrow.
259	Ayah	..	59089	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	7½	20th Nov.	1857	Scar on left hand.
260	Poly David	..	59559	Cook	..	Steamer Thebes	..	Ditto	..	5	3¼	7th Dec.	1857	Ink on right fore-arm and scar on ditto.
261	Thomas Antony	..	56130	O. Lascar	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	2½	24th July	1857	Ink on right arm.
262	Ameer	..	53711	Lascar	..	Adelaide	..	Ditto	..	5	6	1st April	1857	Scar on forehead.
263	Sudder Allee	...	55756	Dandy	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	6	2nd July	1857	Scar on left knee.
264	Bhoocea Ghazee	...	46355	Landsman	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	5½	9th May	1856	Scar on left cheek, ditto on right side of nose.
265	Mathew	...	53334	O. Lascar	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	1¾	13th Mar.	1857	Pock-marked face, scar on left fore-arm.
266	Methur	...	56544	Landsman	..	Steamer Candia	..	Ditto	..	5	6¾	15th Aug.	1857	Mole on nose and right temple.
267	Kulloo	..	53215	Lascar	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	1¼	5th Mar.	1857	Bridge of nose broken.
268	Jaffer Allee	...	60961	Landsman	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	2¼	30th Jan.	1858	Scar right fore-arm, ditto on right knee.
269	Summerooddy	..	64192	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	3½	8th June	1858	Cut on forehead.
270	Augustin Rozario	...	10664	Cook	..	Steamer Manilla	..	Ditto	..	5	1½	1st Oct.	1857	None.
271	Golaub	..	59439	Landsman	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	6¼	2nd Dec.	1857	Ink on breast, scar close to right eye.
272	Kulloo	..	36205	Lascar	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	2¼	2nd Mar.	1855	Scar on nose, ditto on left side of face, ditto on mascular part of left arm.
273	Allee	...	39985	O. Lascar	..	Steamer Bengal	..	Ditto	..	5	2½	20th Aug.	1855	Pock-marked in face, scar on right temple, ditto on right cheek.
274	Kulliur	..	58955	Topaz	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	2¼	17th Nov.	1857	Pock-marked on face.
275	Emaum Bukhsh	..	58752	Landsman	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	7¾	10th Nov.	1857	Scar on right cheek, ditto on forehead right side.
276	Sunnoo	...	52827	Ditto	..	Steamer Pioneer	..	8th Sept. 1857	..	5	6	10th Feb.	1857	Scar on left arm, ditto above the naval.
277	Hussan Allee	..	55846	Serang	..	Chinsurah	..	1st Mar. 1858	..	5	3	14th July	1857	Scar on both wrists and below the chest.
278	Wassil	...	23429	Lascar	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	4	22nd Sept.	1853	Mole on left side of face.
279	Nuzzeem	...	25850	Dandy	..	Unknown	..	5th Nov. 1857	..	5	1	9th Jan.	1854	Scar right arm.
280	Semadree	..	60841	O. Lascar	..	Arrarat	..	15th March 1858	..	5	9	8th Jan.	1858	Slightly, pock-marked on face, ink on both arms, both ears bored.
281	Ahmed Sallah	..	52467	Ditto	..	N. Sultan	..	31st March 1851	..	5	3½	28th Jan.	1857	None.
282	Nuthoo	..	43171	Landsman	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	0½	11th Dec.	1855	Scar on face, ditto on right elbow joint.
283	Kadoo	...	53867	Servant	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	4	11	10th Sept.	1857	Scar on left eyebrow.
284	Sheikh Ibrahim	..	41297	Lascar	..	Jas. Town Castle	..	Unknown	..	5	5¾	4th Oct.	1855	Scar on forehead, scar near both eyes, ditto on back.
285	Baryeno Rozario	...	31537	Sookhannee	..	Bombay	..	20th May 1858	..	5	7¼	5th Sept.	1854	Tattooed on both arms, some at corner of left eye.
286	Peter Domingo	..	88089	A. B.	..	Ditto	..	10th April 1858	..	5	3	7th June	1855	Scar on left side of forehead, ink on both arms.
287	Salvador DeSouza	..	53386	Lascar	..	Ditto	..	12th April 1858	..	5	4¾	14th Mar.	1857	Scar on left temple.
288	Khammiss	..	41486	Dandy	..	Arrarat	..	25th May 1858	..	5	0	9th Oct.	1855	Scar on forehead, pock-marked on face, scar on right shoulder.
289	Asmut Allee	..	62014	Lascar	..	Malakoff	..	Unknown	..	5	1¾	3rd Mar.	1858	Mole on corner of mouth.
290	Warris	..	61938	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	5	2nd Mar.	1858	Scar on right fore-arm.
291	Nizamooddy	..	61700	Landsman	..	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5	6½	19th Feb.	1858	Scar on chest and right fore-arm.
292	Mahomed Nusseb	..	51379	Ditto	..	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5	5½	18th Dec.	1856	Scar left fore-arm.

No.	Names.	Number of Register Tickets.	Capacity.	Ship deserted from.	Date of Letter or Desertion.	Height. Ft. In.	Date of Ticket.	Marks on Person.
293	Jeenut Allee ..	61936	Lascar ..	Malakoff ..	Unknown ..	6 1¼	2nd Mar. 1858	Scar over left eyebrow.
294	Tofil ..	43699	Landsman ..	S. S. Hindostan ..	Ditto ..	5 1½	2nd Jan. 1856	Scar on left forehead, ditto on nose.
295	Allabooddeen ..	38032	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 3¾	5th June 1855	Scar near left eye, ditto on right cheek, ditto on left side.
296	Khoda Bukhsh ..	46196	Servant ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 5¼	30th April 1856	Scar on right side of forehead, scar on left wrist.
297	Anauth ..	49597	O. Lascar ..	Earl of Clair ...	Ditto ..	5 3¼	30th Sept. 1856	Pock-marked face, scar on right arm.
298	Sakeo ..	45738	Lascar ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 4¾	28th Mar. 1856.	Scar on chin, and right cheek, ditto on right upper arm, left arm injured.
299	Oomur ..	46423	Landsman ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	5 4¼	14th May 1856	Scar on left wrist.
300	Kassimdeen ..	47772	O. Lascar ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 5½	22nd July 1856	Scar on forehead, ditto on left arm.
301	Nyemuddeen ..	26621	Tindal ...	Aliquis ...	Ditto ..	5 3½	4th Feb. 1858	Scar on right elbow and left ear.
302	Meer Emaum Allee ..	61603	Bandary ...	Appleton ...	Ditto ...	5 3¾	17th Feb. 1858	Cut on left thumb.
303	Jeenut Allee ..	63617	Landsman ..	Eagle ...	Ditto ...	5 7¼	12th May 1859	Pock-marked face, scar close to right arm-pit.
304	Attanacio Dela Santos ..	59696	Sookha ...	Sonora ...	5th Sept. 1858 ...	5 1½	12th Dec. 1857	None.
305	Sheikh Ismail ..	18780	Lascar ...	Blue Rock ...	Unknown ...	5 3¾	1st Mar. 1857	None.
306	Wallie ..	52005	Landsman ..	Steamer Simla ...	Ditto ...	5 4	13th Jan. 1857	Scar on both fore-arms.
307	Roshun ..	2584	Stoker ...	Steamer Candia ..	Ditto ...	5 5½	20th Sept. 1850	Slight cut on little finger right hand.
308	Nusseeb Wallud ..	66576	Dandy ..	Fiery Cross ...	Ditto ...	5 5¾	11th Sept. 1858	Scars on both sides of neck.
309	Khoda Bukhsh ..	66294	Lascar ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	4 11¾	4th Sept. 1858	Left hand six finger.
310	Puddeah ..	60103	Ditto ...	Otaha ..	Ditto ..	5 4¾	29th Dec. 1857	Scar on right temple, ditto over right eye-brow.
311	Abdool Ruhmnan ..	55272	Tindal ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 3¼	18th June 1857	Scar on forehead and on belly.
312	Dyem ..	62689	Lascar ...	Sesostris ...	Ditto ..	4 11½	3rd April 1858	Scar on right fore-arm.
313	Jaffer ..	28548	Landsman ...	Steamer Carthage ...	Ditto ..	5 6	4th May 1854	Small scars on the left cheek-bone.
314	Oospaun Allee ..	44801	O. Lascar ...	Dudbrook ..	Ditto ..	5 8	28th Jan, 1856	Pock-marked face, scar on right side, ditto on right arm.
315	Hosseiooddeen ..	24833	Dandy ...	White Eagle ...	Ditto ..	5 6¼	20th Nov. 1853	Scar on right hand.
316	Azimoollah ..	57421	Lascar ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5 4¼	21st Sept. 1857	Pock-marked on face.
317	Paunchoo ..	57340	O. Lascar ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 1	29th Sept. 1857	Scar on left arm, mole over right eye-brow.
318	Sheikh Gooloo ..	57057	Landsman ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 8	7th Sept. 1857	Scars on both arms, ditto on forehead.
319	Ruhmut Allee ..	26546	Lascar ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 5¼	30th Jan. 1854	Scar on right arm, right ear bored.
320	Koodrutoollah ..	47745	Landsman ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	5 9	21st July 1856	Scar on forehead, mole near left ear.
321	Kassim Ismail ..	59289	Serang ..	Adelaide ..	Ditto ..	5 7	27th Nov. 1859	Cut on forehead.
322	Jageer ..	40990	Landsman ...	Steamer Alma ...	Ditto ..	5 2¼	24th Sept. 1855	Pock-marked face, scar on left side of stomach.
323	Wuzzeer ..	47628	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	5 3	18th July 1856	Scar on corner of left eye, ditto on chest.
324	Massoom ...	259	Tindal ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 4	3rd Aug. 1850	Scar on back left hand.
325	Paunchoo ...	42951	Landsman ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 2¼	1st Dec. 1855	Slightly pock-marked face, several scars on stomach.

326	Khoda Bukhsh	...	64304	Ditto	...	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	3¼	12th June	1858	Scar on cap of left knee.
327	Ahmed Allee	..	67184	Lascar	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	3½	30th Sept.	1858	Wart on left cheek, scar on right arm.
328	Omeroollah	..	63517	Landsman	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	6¼	8th May	1858	None.
329	Izzutoollah	..	10815	Dandy	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	3¼	31st Oct.	1851	Scar on right arm.
330	Rujjub Allee	..	65023	Landsman	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	2	6th July	1858	Scars on both fore-arms.
331	Allee	..	10628	Lascar	..	Steamer Nemesis	..	Ditto	..	5	1	15th Oct.	1851	Scar on right arm.
332	Heeroo	..	53447	Landsman	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	3¾	18th Mar.	1857	None.
333	Lall	...	53932	Havildar	..	Bengal Merchant	..	27th Sept. 1858	..	5	9½	16th April	1857	Scar on right wrist, mole on left cheek.
334	Abdoolla Bin Surroor	..	58612	Dandy	..	Iskendaria	..	30th Dec. 1857	..	5	6¼	5th Nov.	1857	None.
335	Gohur	...	16829	Ditto	..	Raja of Cochin	..	Unknown	..	5	5½	1st Dec.	1852	Scar on right leg.
336	Ameer	..	35562	Landsman	..	Forfarshire	..	20th July 1857	..	5	4¼	6th Feb.	1855	Scar on forehead, ditto on right shoulder and chest, ditto on stomach.
337	Juggurnauth	...	46696	Ditto	..	Soubahdar	..	Unknown	..	5	8¾	2nd June	1856	Ink between the eyebrows, ink on right arm, scar on right leg.
338	Moonshee	...	47399	Lascar	..	Belgravia	..	Ditto	..	5	4½	8th July	1856	A large scar on back and belly.
339	Ahmed	..	32700	Landsman	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	7	25th Oct.	1854	Scar on the chin, ditto on right wrist.
340	Mugdoom Bukhsh	..	44685	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	1¼	12th Feb.	1856	Scar on forehead, ditto on back.
341	Joomun	..	61379	O. Lascar	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	4½	9th Feb.	1858	Pock-marked face, scar on left thigh.
342	Baboo	..	47382	Landsman	..	Steamer Hindostan	..	Ditto	..	5	2¼	7th July	1856	Pock-marked face, scar on left thigh, ditto on right fore-arm.
343	Boodhoo	...	21376	Scullion	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	3	24th June	1853	Mole close left ear, scar right arm.
344	Enermon	..	58316	Landsman	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	2¼	24th Oct.	1857	Scar on back.
345	Kulloo	..	32241	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	4½	11th Oct.	1854	Large scar on the left leg.
346	Paunchoo	...	31871	Lascar	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	4¼	19th Sept.	1854	Scar on right arm.
347	Abdool	..	65560	Landsman	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	0	26th July	1858	Pock-marked on face.
348	Sheikh Joomun	..	5711	Sepoy	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	6½	31st Dec.	1850	Slightly pock-marked in face.
349	Abdool	...	63699	Landsman	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	5½	17th May	1858	Scar on back.
350	Amjad Allee	..	38870	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	3¾	9th July	1854	Scars on both cheek-bone.
351	Burkutoollah	..	62782	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	4½	6th April	1858	Scar on right fore-arm.
352	Futteh Mahomed	..	53537	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	7¼	21st Mar.	1857	Scar on left for-arm, ditto on left leg.
353	Halim	..	31833	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	4	18th Sept.	1854	None.
354	Kabil	..	62816	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	5¼	7th April	1858	Pock-marked in face.
355	Aumeerooddee	...	65431	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	b	4½	22nd July	1858	Pock-marked in face, scar on right arm.
356	Man Gazee	..	26867	Dandy	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	6½	13th Feb.	1854	A small scar on right hand.
357	Kallameah	...	66635	Landsman	..	Steamer Bengal	..	Ditto	..	5	5½	13th Sept.	1858	Scar on right fore-arm.
358	Ahsing	..	24212	Carpenter	..	Sesostris	..	6th June 1858	..	5	4½	4th Nov.	1853	None.
359	Umjad Allee	..	59356	Landsman	..	Steamer Simla	..	Unknown	..	5	6½	30th Nov.	1853	Slightly pock-marked in face.
360	Umjad All	..	67213	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	8	1st Oct.	1858	Cut on left wrist.
361	Mudun	..	4105	Stoker	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	1¼	2nd Nov.	1850	Slight scar left arm and right thigh.
362	Nusseed Mahomed	...	599	Coal Trimmer	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	4	11	6th Aug.	1850	Scar on left wrist.
363	Umjad Allee	...	21088	Stoker	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	8¼	11th July	1853	Scar on right foot.
364	Johurooddeen	...	38304	Fireman	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	3	15th June	1853	Natural patch both cheeks, scars on right side of back.
365	Mahomed Omur	...	48179	Landsman	..	Ditto	..	Ditto	..	5	1¼	6th Aug.	1856	Scar above left eyebrow, scars on both fore-arms.

No.	Names.	Number of Register Tickets.	Capacity.	Ship deserted from.	Date of Letter or Desertion.	Height. Ft. In.	Date of Ticket.	Marks on Person.
366	Ruheemutoollah ..	65438	Landsman ...	Steamer Simla ..	Unknown ..	5 7¼	22nd July 1858	Wart near left side of nose.
367	Budduroodeen ...	54709	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 3	23rd May 1857	Scar above left knee.
368	Bollajaun ...	67210	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 6½	1st Oct. 1858	Pock-marked in face.
369	Goor Bukhsh ...	41437	Topaz ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 2½	8th Oct. 1855	Pock-marked face, scar on back.
370	Enauth ...	63483	Boy ..	Steamer Candia ..	Ditto ..	Growing	6th May 1858	None.
371	Sheikh Jumeedar ..	21478	Dandy ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 ¼	28th July 1853	Scar on right arm.
372	Gooee Khan ..	16861	Drummer ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 4½	3rd Dec. 1852	Pock-marked in face and scar left hand.
373	Ahmed Allee ...	58346	Sepoy ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 8	26th Oct. 1857	Cut on right fore-arm.
374	Abdool Guffoor ...	63756	Landsman ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 5	19th May 1858	Scar on belly.
375	Munnoo ..	61857	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 0	24th Feb. 1858	None.
376	Hingun ...	27401	Cook ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 2½	13th March 1854	Pock-marked in the face and a scar on the right arm.
377	Eda Ghazee ..	44450	Landsman ..	Steamer Simla ..	Ditto ..	5 6	4th Feb. 1856	Small scars near both temple, ditto on left arm.
378	Peer Bukhsh ..	41009	Ditto ..	Steamer Alma ..	Ditto ..	5 8¾	25th Sept. 1855	Scar on forehead, ditto on both arms.
379	Buxoo ...	23198	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 0½	12th Sept. 1853	Scars both arms and mole on face.
380	Khoda Bukhsh ...	35407	Coal Trimmer ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 5½	31st Jan. 1855	Small scar on upper forehead, ditto on calf on right leg.
381	Sheikh Allee ..	35956	Lascar ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 1½	21st Feb. 1855	Scar at corner of right eye, ditto on right cheek-bone, ditto on left side.
382	Seir Bukhsh ...	69422	Ship Servant ..	Steamer Nemesis ..	Ditto ..	5 4½	23rd Dec. 1858	Scar on left side of neck.
383	Choonee ...	46623	Cook ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 0½	28th May 1856	Scar on right shoulder-blade, ditto right arm.
384	Nicholas Gomes ..	64296	Ditto Mate ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 0	12th June 1858	Scars on both fore-arms.
385	Sheikh Arjaun ...	56705	Dandy ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 4½	22nd Aug. 1857	Scar on stomach, ditto on back.
386	Massoom ...	42010	Lascar ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 3¼	30th Oct. 1855	Scar on right side of back, ditto on right cheek-bone.
387	Abdool ...	15538	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 4½	14th Sept. 1852	Two scars on upper both arms and scar on back.
388	Cullan ...	53629	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 2½	27th Mar. 1857	Scar on forehead, ditto on back.
389	Nazir ...	63214	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 1	23rd April 1858	Mole on left cheek, ditto on palm of left hand.
390	Summud Allee ...	33059	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 4½	6th Nov. 1854	Scar on the shin of right leg.
391	Tophaun Allee ...	63926	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 3	28th May 1858	Cut on left eyebrow.
392	George Angel ..	66209	S. Waiter ..	Steamer Simla ..	Ditto ..	5 6	31st Aug. 1858	Scar on left hand.
393	Furreed ..	68318	Coal Trimmer ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 1½	17th Nov. 1858	Cut on forehead.
394	Abdool Hossein ...	24105	Lascar ..	Steamer England ..	Ditto ..	5 4½	28th Oct. 1853	Cut on forehead.
395	Needoo ...	63842	Landsman ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 3½	25th May 1858	Scar on right fore-arm, ditto on left shoulder.
396	Mahomed Kulleem ..	25100	Stroker ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 1½	8th Dec. 1853	Scar on right arm.

H. H. Sevenoaks,
Shipping Master.

LIST of deceased Seamen whose Register Tickets have been cancelled, from 1st August 1857 to 7th February 1859.

No.	Names.	Number of Register Tickets.	Capacity.	Ship Casualty from.	Date of Letter or Casualty.	Height. Ft. In.	Date of Ticket.	Marks on Person.
1	Diem ..	54353	Landsman ...	Soubahdar ...	Unknown ..	5 3½	1st May 1857	Pock-marked in face.
2	Juggoo ..	39899	Topaz ...	Ditto ..	Ditto .	5 3½	17th Aug. 1855	Scar on forehead, ditto in left hand.
3	Akbar ...	53340	Serang ..	Minx ..	Ditto ...	5 4	13th Mar. 1857	Scar on back of head.
4	Joseph Booth ..	22522	Steward ..	Unknown ..	Ditto ..	5 9½	8th Aug. 1853	Pock-marked in face.
5	Christopher Jonaz ..	17567	Sookhannee ..	Malacoff ..	Ditto ..	5 1½	1st Jan. 1853	Scar on chin.
6	Methoo ..	810	Lascar ..	Minx ..	2nd Oct. 1857 ..	5 6½	9th Aug. 1850	Pock-marked face.
7	Heddah ..	54446	Landsman ..	Canning ..	6th Sept. 1857 ..	5 7	12th May 1857	Mole under right eye, ditto under left.
8	Charles Nelson ...	54875	A. B. ..	Thomas Hamlin ..	31st Jan. 1857 ...	5 1	1st May 1857	Ink on right fore-arm and both hands.
9	Bento Jose Veera ...	51751	Ditto ..	Atiet Rohoman ..	15th April 1857 ...	5 5½	5th Jan. 1857	Pock-marked face, scar on left hand.
10	Furhan ..	52466	Dandy ..	Tenasserim ..	13th April 1857 ..	5 2½	28th Jan. 1857	Scar on left arm, ditto on right knee.
11	Aughill Custodeo ..	45886	Sookhannee ..	Futty Sallum ..	26th May 1857 ..	5 3	9th April 1856	Lost right eye, ink on right arm.
12	Nalleo ...	43289	Lascar ...	Storm Cloud ...	28th June 1857 ..	5 5½	15th Dec. 1855	Pock-marked in face, scar on right arm.
13	Francis Fernandes ..	2669	Topaz ..	Hydree ..	19th June 1857 ..	5 5½	23rd Sept. 1850	Slightly pock-marked in face.
14	Abdool Rohoman ..	49313	Dandy ...	Ditto ..	17th June 1857 ..	5 6½	23rd Sept. 1856	Both ears bored, scar on forehead.
15	Sabere ..	29049	Ditto ..	Steamer Chusan ..	20th Mar. 1857 ..	5 7	2nd June 1854	Scar on left cheek, one on right arm.
16	Mahomed Surreef ..	53189	O. Lascar ..	Kingston ..	14th Aug. 1857 ..	5 4½	4th Mar. 1857	Scar below the chest, ditto on cheek.
17	Antoneo ..	45705	Topaz ...	Sultana ..	1st March 1857 ..	5 0½	26th Mar. 1856	Scar on forehead, ditto on right eyebrow and on right ear.
18	Vera Gunga ..	7554	Lascar ..	Regina ..	6th April 1857 ..	5 1	10th Mar. 1851	None.
19	Joomun ..	29411	Dandy ...	Fazel Kurreem ..	6th Oct. 1857 ..	5 3½	19th June 1854	Two scars on left chest.
20	Warris ...	15478	Ditto ..	Gertrude ..	1st Nov. 1857 ..	5 1½	10th Sept. 1852	Scar on left arm.
21	Munsoor Allee ..	30523	Ditto ..	Minx ..	10th Nov. 1857 ..	5 3½	4th Aug. 1854	Scar left thigh.
22	Budloo ..	472	Sepoy ..	Steamer Bengal ..	Unknown ..	5 9	6th Aug. 1850	Scar on left side.
23	Muddun ..	6252	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 5½	22nd Jan. 1854	Scar on right arm.
24	Newaz ..	21982	Lascar ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 3	13th July 1853	Scar on right leg.
25	Aftabooddeen ..	57314	Landsman ..	Unknown ..	18th Dec. 1857 ..	5 5½	16th Sept. 1857	Scar on right forearm.
26	James Webb ..	47450	Mate ..	Jenneva ..	22nd Aug. 1857 ..	5 4½	10th July 1856	None.
27	Hingun ..	45877	Dandy ..	Coursie ..	17th July 1857 ..	5 3½	8th April 1856	Pock-marked face, scar on left temple.
28	Illahee Bukhsh ...	57955	Landsman ..	Devonshire ..	17th Feb. 1857 ...	5 5	13th Oct. 1857	Scar on stomach left side.
29	Aboo Talib ..	34369	Ditto ..	Steamer Baltic ..	Unknown ..	5 2½	27th Dec. 1854	Scar on forehead and left cheek, ditto on right shoulder.
30	Shuriff Abdool ..	57913	Tindal ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	5 1½	12th Oct. 1857	A few pock-marked on right cheek, scar on left breast.
31	Toossee ..	46004	Landsman ..	Wm. Chamberland ..	1st Feb. 1858 ..	5 5½	19th April 1856	Scar on both cheeks, ditto on forehead, ditto on right arm.
32	Summud Allee ..	59422	O. Lascar ..	Edward ..	2nd Dec. 1857 ..	5 3	2nd Dec. 1857	Scar on left fore-arm.

No.	Names.	Number of Register Tickets.	Capacity.	Ship Casualty from.	Date of Letter or Casualty.	Height. Ft. In.	Date of Ticket.	Marks on Person.
33	Samuel King	61584	A. B.	Unknown	8th May 1858	5 7	17th Feb. 1858	None.
34	William Wallace	64049	Ditto	Harnot	Unknown	5 8¼	19th April 1858	Ink on both arms, ditto on wrist.
35	Mamee	11174	Dy. Bs. Mate	Nonpearl	Ditto	4 11½	21st Nov. 1857	Mole close to left ear.
36	Bhola Gazee	1684	Tindal	Unknown	22nd Jan. 1858	5 6	3rd Sept. 1850	None.
37	Bubber Allee	56392	Lascar	Steamer Hindostan	Unknown	5 3	7th Aug. 1857	Scar on right arm, ditto on forehead.
38	Moolea	15604	O. Lascar	Ditto	Ditto	4 6	7th Sept. 1852	Scar on left hand, ditto on forehead.
39	Joomun	51630	Ditto	Futty Sullam	20th Feb. 1858	5 0¾	30th Dec. 1856	Scar on forehead, ditto above left knee.
40	Trous	49587	Lascar	Sellery	2nd Oct. 1857	5 6½	30th Sept. 1856	Mole on upper lip, ditto on left shoulder, ditto on back.
41	David Clark	17640	2nd Officer	Fiaz Allum	18th Oct. 1857	5 5	10th Jan. 1853	Scar under chin, cut close to nose and tattooed on left arm.
42	Geo. D. Protherse	29481	1st Officer	Arrow	18th April 1858	5 3½	23rd June 1854	Scar on forehead over left ear.
43	Jorawar	57649	Landsman	Soubhdar	Unknown	5 3¾	6th Oct. 1857	Mole on upper lip.
44	Mahomed	33183	Sookhunee	Arratoon Apcar	26th July 1858	5 7½	9th Nov. 1854	Scar on forehead, ditto on both cheek-bone.
45	James Boyce	65657	A. B.	Unknown	14th Aug. 1858	5 4¼	30th July 1858	None.
46	Roheemooddy	61389	Landsman	Defiance	27th July 1858	5 2	9th Feb. 1858	Scar on forehead.
47	Mathew Augustine	15625	Cook	C. F. Light.	Unknown	5 5½	18th Sept. 1852	Scar on left eyebrow, ditto on right arm.
48	Rozie	4357	Serang	Coleroon	Ditto	5 1	7th Nov. 1852	Slight scar on forehead.
49	Hossein Bukhsh	61840	Landsman	Ally	Ditto	5 5¼	24th Feb. 1858	Scar between eyebrow, scars both fore-arms.
50	Jaffeer Allee	60916	Lascar	John Tucker	11th Aug. 1858	5 2	29th Jan. 1858	Slightly pock-marked in face.
51	Mahataub	64376	Ditto	Eagle	Unknown	5 2¾	15th June 1858	Scar on right fore-arm.
52	Seikh Hyder Allee	35723	Landsman	S. S. Alma	28th July 1858	5 9½	10th Feb. 1855	Scar under left eye, ditto on forehead, ditto on left arm.
53	Mohobut Allee	30176	O. Lascar	Ditto	16th July 1858	5 2½	10th July 1854	Scar on right side of head and left hand.
54	Patrick Moonam	54133	O. S.	Steamer Koel	Unknown	5 2½	12th May 1857	Ink on right hand.
55	Henry Truelove	62933	A. B.	Ditto	Ditto	5 4¾	15th April 1858	None.
56	Daniel Larkins	56344	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	5 7	6th Aug. 1857	Ink on left hand, scar on right eyebrow.
57	Monsoor Allee	29079	O. Lascar	Oriental	26th May 1858	5 2½	3rd June 1854	Mole on the tip of the nose, scar on right arm.
58	Mahomed Suffee	13091	Lascar	H. C. Brig Deva	Unknown	5 2½	1st Mar. 1852	First finger right hand contracted.
59	Buxoo	44907	Dandy	White Eagle	Ditto	5 6½	20th Feb. 1856	Scar above right temple, pock-marked in face.
60	Buxoo	56928	Bundary	Ditto	Ditto	6 1½	3rd Sept. 1857	Scar on nose, ditto on back.
61	Dhunnoo	58831	Landsman	Celestial Berge	Ditto	5 4½	12th Nov. 1857	Scar on right fore-arm.
62	Thimothy	53994	Ditto	Indian Ocean	16th Aug. 1857	5 8½	18th April 1857	Scar on right arm.
63	Allee	55187	Ditto	Ditto	12th Oct. 1857	4 10½	15th June 1857	Scar on right cheek-bone, ditto on right fore-arm.
64	Mahomed	55821	O. Lascar	Forfarshire	29th Aug. 1857	4 11	13th July 1857	Scar on forehead, ditto on belly.
65	Sakoodeen	31651	Lascar	Clantarf	27th Dec. 1856	5 4¾	11th Sept. 1854	Scar on left temple, ditto on the nose.
66	Kassamanjee	2845	Ditto	Heverma	29th May 1857	5 3½	26th Sept. 1850	Pock-marked in face, scar right leg.

67	Asgur Allee ..	16744	Ditto ..	Her Majesty ..	3rd May 1858 ..	4	11¼	26th Nov. 1852	Scar on right arm and ditto close right side of nose.
68	Jeenut Allee ..	49350	Ditto ..	Eweretta ..	7th July 1858 ..	5	13¼	24th Sept. 1856	Scar on right shoulder, ditto on right arm.
69	Samasee Cheneya ..	56834	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	16th July 1858 ..	5	3	29th Aug. 1857	A blue spot between eyebrow.
70	Khoda Bukhsh ..	25536	O. Lascar ..	Ditto ..	19th Aug. 1858 ..	5	1	20th Dec. 1853	Scar left cheek.
71	Ruheem Bukhsh ..	33724	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	22nd Aug. 1858 ..	5	4	28th Nov. 1854	Scar over left eye, small round scar mark o right cheek.
72	James Knight ..	61200	A. B. ...	Unknown ..	Unknown ..	5	8¼	5th Feb. 1858	Pock-marked in face, left hand thumb cut off.
73	Rumjaun Allee ..	61892	Landsman ..	Sesostris ..	14th Sept. 1858 ..	5	2	26th Feb. 1858	Scar on right side of nose.
74	Summuroodee ..	11264	Lascar ..	Pearl ..	26th Oct. 1858 ..	5	4¼	26th Nov. 1851	None.
75	Alexander Matheson ...	66799	2nd Engineer ..	Steamer Baltic ..	Unknown ..	5	7½	18th Sept. 1858	None.
76	Fred. Smith ...	68509	A. B. ..	Unknown ..	8th Dec. 1858 ..	5	5	23rd Nov. 1858	Ink on right arm.
77	Joseph Francis ..	69608	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	26th Jan. 1859 ...	5	8⅛	30th Dec. 1858	Scar on left wrist.
78	Thomas Ferrall ...	52048	3rd Officer ..	S. S. Simla ..	Unknown ..	5	8¼	14th Jan. 1857	None.

H. H. SEVENOAKS,

Shipping Master.

FORT WILLIAM:
Govt. Shipping Office,
The 18th April 1859.

PRINTED BY THOMAS JONES, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

No. 40.] [1207]

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 18, 1859.

Legislative Council of India.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 4th May 1859, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. XI OF 1859.

An Act to improve the law relating to sales of Land for arrears of Revenue in the Lower Provinces under the Bengal Presidency.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to discontinue the practice of obtaining the previous sanction of the Board of Revenue to sales of estates for arrears of revenue, or other demands of Government, in the Province of Cuttack: and whereas it is just that a person having a lien upon an estate, and paying the money necessary to protect it from sale for arrears of revenue, should be reasonably secured: and whereas it is expedient to afford sharers in estates, who duly pay their shares of the Sudder Jumma of their estates, easy means of protecting their shares from sale by reason of the default of their co-sharers: and whereas it is expedient to afford land-holders, particularly absentees, facilities in guarding against the accidental sale of their estates for arrears of revenue by reason of the neglect or fraud of their agents: and whereas it is expedient to provide for the voluntary registration of dependent talooks existing at the time of settlement: and whereas it is expedient to protect the holders of registered under-tenures created since the settlement, and not resumable by the grantors or their representatives, from loss by the avoidance of their tenures on the occasion of a sale of the superior estate for arrears of public revenue, when the arrears can be realized by such sale: and to give absolute security to such tenures by special registry, when shown to be held at rents sufficient for the security of the revenue: and it is therefore proper, for the above and other purposes, to improve the law relating to sales of land for arrears of revenue in the Provinces of Bengal, Behar, and Orissa: It is enacted as follows:—

Laws repealed.

I. Regulation X. 1818 (*relating to collection of the public revenue from proprietors and farmers of land in the District of Cuttack &c.*) is hereby repealed; and from the date of the passing of this law, Act I of 1845 (*regarding sales of land for arrears of Revenue*), except in so far as it repeals other laws, and except in regard to sales made or advertised, to arrears and other demands realizable, and to suits commenced and acts done, under authority thereof—shall cease to have effect in the Lower Provinces of Bengal.

What is an arrear of revenue.

II. If the whole or a portion of a kist or instalment of any month of the era, according to which the settlement and kistbundee of any mehal have been regulated, be unpaid on the first of the following month of such era, the sum so remaining unpaid shall be considered an arrear of revenue.

Latest day of payment.

III. Upon the promulgation of this Act, the Board of Revenue at Calcutta shall determine upon what dates all arrears of revenue and all demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, shall be paid up in each district under their jurisdiction, in default of which payment the estates in arrear in those districts, except as hereinafter provided, shall be sold at public auction to the highest bidder. And the said Board shall give notice of the dates so fixed in the official Gazette, and shall direct corresponding publication to be made as far as regards each district in the language of that district, in the office of the Collector or other officer duly authorized to hold sales under this Act, in the Courts of the Judge, Magistrate, (or Joint Magistrate, as the case may be,) and Moonsiffs, and at every Thannah station of that district; and the dates so

fixed shall not be changed except by the said Board by advertisement and notification, in the manner above described, to be issued at least three months before the close of the official year preceding that in which the new date is, or dates are, to take effect.

In Sylhet, personal property liable to distress and sale.

IV. Provided that in the district of Sylhet, the Collector may be authorized by the Board of Revenue to proceed in the first instance by the distress and sale of the personal property of defaulters, instead of by the sale of their estates.

Proviso in the case of certain descriptions of arrear.

V. Provided always that no estate, and no share or interest in any estate, shall be sold for the recovery of arrears or demands of the descriptions mentioned below, otherwise than after a notification in the language of the district, specifying the nature and amount of the arrear or demand, and the latest date on which payment thereof shall be received, shall have been affixed for a period of not less than fifteen clear days preceding the date fixed for payment, according to Section III of this Act, in the office of the Collector or other officer duly authorized to hold sales under this Act, in the Court of the Judge within whose jurisdiction the land advertised lies, and in the Moonsiff's Court and Police Thannah of the division in which the estate or share of an estate to which the notification relates, is situated; or if the estate or share of an estate be situated within the jurisdiction of more than one Moonsiff's Court or Police Thannah, in some one or more of such Courts or Thannahs; and also at the cutcherry of the malgoozar or owner of the estate or share of an estate, or at some conspicuous place upon the estate or share of an estate, the same to be certified by the peon or other person employed for the purpose.

First.—Arrears other than those of the current year, or of the year immediately preceding.

Secondly.—Arrears due on account of estates other than that to be sold.

Thirdly.—Arrears of estates under attachment by order of any judicial authority, or managed by the Collector in accordance with such order.

Fourthly.—Arrears due on account of tuccavee, poolbundee, or other demands not being land revenue, but recoverable by the same process as arrears of land revenue.

Notifications of sale to be issued, and no tender after latest day of payment to stop the sale.

VI. The Collector or other officer duly authorized to hold sales under this Act shall, as soon as possible after the latest day of payment fixed in the manner prescribed in Section III of this Act, issue notifications in the language of the district, to be affixed in his own Office and in the Court of the Judge of the district, specifying the estates or shares of estates which will be sold as aforesaid, and the day on which the sale of the same will commence, which day shall not be less than fifteen or more than thirty clear days from the date of affixing the notification in the Office of the Collector or other officer as aforesaid. And if the Government revenue of any estate or share of an estate to be sold, exceed the sum of five hundred Rupees, a notification of the sale of such estate or share of an estate shall be published in the official Gazette. Except as hereinafter provided, all estates or shares of estates so specified shall, on the day notified for sale, or on the day or days following be put up to public auction by and in the presence of the Collector or other officer as aforesaid, and shall be sold to the highest bidder. And no payment, or tender of payment, made after sunset of the said latest day of payment, shall bar or interfere with the sale, either at the time of sale or after its conclusion.

Notice to ryots, &c.

VII. Whenever an estate or share of an estate is notified for sale as provided by Section VI of this Act, the Collector or other officer as aforesaid shall affix a proclamation in the language of the district in his own Office, and as soon thereafter as may be in the Moonsiff's Courts and Police Thannahs within which the estate or share of an estate, or any part of it, is situated, and also at the cutcherry of the malgoozar or the owner of the estate or share of an estate, or at some conspicuous place upon the estate or share of an estate forbidding the ryots and undertenants to pay to the defaulting proprietor any rent which has fallen due after the day fixed for the last day of payment, on pain of not being entitled to credit in their accounts with the purchaser for any sums so paid.

Claims against Government held by a defaulter not to invalidate a sale.

VIII. No claim to abatement or remission of revenue unless the same shall have been allowed by the authority of Government, and no private demand or cause of action whatever held or supposed to be held by any defaulter against Government, shall bar or render void or voidable a sale under this Act; nor shall the plea that money belonging to the defaulter, and sufficient to pay the arrear of revenue due, was in the Collector's hands, bar or render void or voidable a sale under this Act, unless such money stand in the defaulter's name alone and without dispute, and unless, after application in due time made by the defaulter, or after the written agreement provided for in Section XV of this Act, the Collector shall have neglected, or refused on insufficient grounds, to transfer it on payment of the arrear of revenue due.

Deposits receivable from persons not proprietors.

IX. The Collector or other Officer as aforesaid shall, at any time before sunset of the latest day of payment determined according to Section III of this Act; receive as a deposit from any person not being a proprietor of the estate or share of an estate in arrear, the amount of the arrear of revenue due, to be credited in payment of the arrear at sunset as aforesaid, unless before that time the arrear shall have been paid by a defaulting proprietor of the estate. And in case the person so depositing, whose money shall have been credited in the manner aforesaid, shall be a party in a suit pending before a Court of Justice for the possession of the estate or share from which the arrear is due, or any part thereof, it shall be competent to the said Court to order the said party to be put into temporary possession of the said estate or share, or part thereof, subject to the rules in force for taking security in the cases of parties in Civil suits. And if the person so depositing, whose money shall have been credited as aforesaid, shall prove before a competent Civil Court that the deposit was made in order to protect an interest of the said person, which would

have been endangered or damaged by the sale, or which he believed in good faith would have been endangered or damaged by the sale, he shall be entitled to recover the amount of the deposit, with or without interest as the Court may determine, from the defaulting proprietor. And if the party so depositing, whose money shall have been credited as aforesaid, shall prove before such a Court that the deposit was necessary in order to protect any lien he had on the estate, or share, or part thereof, the amount so credited shall be added to the amount of the original lien.

Separation of shares held in common.

X. When a recorded sharer of a joint estate, held in common tenancy, desires to pay his share of the Government revenue separately, he may submit to the Collector a written application to that effect. The application must contain a specification of the share held in the estate by the applicant. The Collector shall then cause to be published in his own Office in the Courts of the Judge, Magistrate (or Joint Magistrate, as the case may be), and Moonsiffs, and in the Police Thannahs in whose jurisdiction the estate or any part thereof is situated, as well as on some conspicuous part of the estate itself, a copy of the application made to him. If within six weeks from the date of the publication of these notices, no objection is made by any other recorded sharer, the Collector shall open a separate account with the applicant, and shall credit separately to his share all payments made by him on account of it. The date on which the Collector records his sanction to the opening of a separate account, shall be held to be that from which the separate liabilities of the share of the applicant commence.

Separation of shares consisting of specific portions of land.

XI. When a recorded sharer of a joint estate, whose share consists of a specific portion of the land of the estate, desires to pay his share of the Government revenue separately, he may submit to the Collector a written application to that effect. The application must contain a specification of the land comprised in his share, and of the boundaries and extent thereof, together with a statement of the amount of sudder jumma heretofore paid on account of it. On the receipt of this application, the Collector shall cause it to be published in the manner prescribed for publication of notice in the last preceding Section. In the event of no objection being urged by any recorded co-sharer within six weeks from the time of publication, the Collector shall open a separate account with the applicant, and shall credit separately to his share all payments made by him on account of it. The date on which the Collector records his sanction to the opening of a separate account, shall be held to be that from which the separate liabilities of the share of the applicant commence.

If objection be made, parties to be referred to the Civil Court.

XII. If any recorded proprietor of the estate, whether the same be held in common tenancy or otherwise, object that the applicant has no right to the share claimed by him, or that his interest in the estate is less or other than that claimed by him, or if the application be in respect of a specific portion of the land of an estate, that the amount of sudder jumma stated by the applicant to have been heretofore paid on account of such portion of land is not the amount which has been recognized by the other sharers as the jumma thereof, the Collector shall refer the parties to the Civil Court, and shall suspend proceedings until the question at issue is judicially determined.

Sale of separate shares.

XIII. Whenever the Collector shall have ordered a separate account or accounts to be kept for one or more shares, if the estate shall become liable to sale for arrears of revenue, the Collector or other officer as aforesaid in the first place shall put up to sale only that share or those shares of the estate from which, according to the separate accounts, an arrear of revenue may be due. In all such cases notice of the intention of excluding the share or shares from which no arrear is due, shall be given in the advertisement of sale prescribed in Section VI of this Act. The share or shares sold, together with the share or shares excluded from the sale, shall continue to constitute one integral estate, the share or shares sold being charged with the separate portion or the aggregate of the several separate portions of jumma assigned thereto.

Entire estate may be sold under certain conditions.

XIV. If in any case of a sale held according to the provisions of the last preceding Section, the highest offer for the share exposed to sale shall not equal the amount of arrear due thereupon to the date of sale, the Collector or other officer as aforesaid shall stop the sale, and shall declare that the entire estate will be put up to sale for arrears of revenue at a future date, unless the other recorded sharer or sharers, or one or more of them, shall within ten days purchase the share in arrear by paying to Government the whole arrear due from such share. If such purchase be completed, the Collector or other officer as aforesaid shall give such certificate and delivery of possession as are provided for in Sections XXVIII and XXIX of this Act, to the purchaser or purchasers, who shall have the same rights as if the share had been purchased by him or them at the sale. If no such purchase be made within ten days as aforesaid, the entire estate shall be sold, after notification for such period and publication in such manner as is prescribed in Section VI of this Act.

Deposit for the protection of an estate from sale.

XV. If any recorded proprietor or co-partner of an estate shall deposit with the Collector money, or Government securities endorsed and made payable to the order of the Collector, and shall sign an agreement pledging the same to Government by way of security for the jumma of the entire estate, and authorizing the Collector to apply to the payment of any arrear of revenue that may become due from that estate the whole or any portion of the said money or securities that may be necessary for that purpose, then in the case of any arrear of revenue due from the said estate not being paid before sunset of the latest day of payment fixed under Section III of this Act, the Collector shall apply to the payment of such arrear the said money or securities, or such part thereof or of any interest due on the said securities as may be necessary; and for this purpose the Collector shall first apply any money that may be in his hands and any interest that may be due upon such securities, and may then sell and transfer the securities for any balance

that may remain. And so long as any money or securities as aforesaid, sufficient to cover any arrear that may fall due, shall remain and be available as aforesaid, the estate for the protection of which the said deposit was made shall be exempted from sale for arrears of revenue. All monies and securities so deposited shall be exempt from attachment, otherwise than in execution of a decree of a Civil Court.

Withdrawal of the deposit.

XVI. It shall be competent to the person making a deposit under the provision of the last preceding Section, or his representative or assignee, at any time to withdraw the deposit, and to revoke the pledge of the same.

Estates under Court of Wards or attachment.

XVII. No estate shall be liable to sale for the recovery of arrears which have accrued during the period of its being under the management of the Court of Wards; and no estate the sole property of a minor or minors, and descended to him or them by the regular course of inheritance duly notified to the Collector for the information of the Court of Wards, but of which the Court of Wards has not assumed the management under Regulation VI. 1822, shall be sold for arrears of revenue accruing subsequently to his or their succession to the same, until the minor or minors, or one of them, shall have attained the full age of eighteen years. And no estate held under attachment by the revenue authorities otherwise than by order of a judicial authority, shall be liable to sale for arrears accruing whilst it was so held under attachment. And no estate held under attachment or managed by a Revenue Officer, in pursuance of an order of a judicial authority, shall be liable to sale for the recovery of arrears of revenue accruing during the period of such attachment, or management until after the end of the year in which such arrears accrued.

Estates may be specially exempted from sale.

XVIII. It shall be competent to the Collector, or other Officer as aforesaid, at any time before the sale of an estate or share of an estate shall have commenced, to exempt such estate or share from sale; and in like manner it shall be competent to the Commissioner of Revenue, at any time before the sale of an estate or share of an estate shall have commenced, to exempt such estate or share from sale, by a special order to the Collector or other officer as aforesaid to that effect in each case; and no such sale shall be legal if held after the receipt of such order of exemption. Provided,

Proviso.

however, and it is hereby enacted, that the Collector or other officer as aforesaid or the Commissioner shall duly record in a proceeding the reason for granting such exemption; and provided also that an order for exemption so issued by the Commissioner shall not affect the legality of a sale which may have taken place before the receipt by the Collector or other officer as aforesaid of the order of exemption.

Sales where to be made.

XIX. Sales shall ordinarily be made by the Collector or other officer as aforesaid in the land revenue office at the Sudder Station of the District: provided, however, that it shall be competent to the Board of Revenue to prescribe a place for holding sales other than such office, whenever they shall consider it beneficial to the parties concerned.

Adjournment of sales.

XX. In case the Collector or other officer as aforesaid shall be unable from sickness, from the occurrence of a holiday, or from any other cause, to commence the sale on the day of sale fixed as aforesaid; or if, having commenced it, he be unable, from any cause, to complete it; he shall be competent to adjourn it to the next day following, not being Sunday or other close holiday, recording his reasons for such adjournment, forwarding a copy of such record to the Commissioner of Revenue, and announcing the adjournment by a written proclamation stuck up in his cutcherry; and so on, from day to day, until he shall be able to commence upon, or to complete the sale; but, with the exception of adjournments so made, recorded, and reported, each sale shall invariably be made on the day of sale fixed in the manner aforesaid.

Order of selling.

XXI. On the day of sale fixed according to Section VI of this Act, sales shall proceed in regular order; the estate to be sold bearing the lowest number on the towjee or register in use in the Collector's office of the district being put up first, and so on, in regular sequence; and it shall not be lawful for the Collector or other officer as aforesaid to put up any estate out of its regular order by number, except where it may be necessary to do so on default of deposit, as provided in Section XXII of this Act.

Deposit on account of purchase money.

XXII. The party who shall be declared the purchaser of an estate or share of an estate at any such public sale as aforesaid, shall be required to deposit immediately or as soon after the conclusion of the sale of the estate or share as the Collector or other officer as aforesaid may think necessary, either in cash, Bank of Bengal Notes or Post Bills, or Government Securities to be valued at the market rate of the day, duly endorsed, twenty-five per cent. on the amount of his bid; and in default of such deposit, the estate or share shall forthwith be put up again and sold.

Full payment of purchase money.

XXIII. The full amount of purchase money shall be made good by the purchaser before sunset of the thirtieth day from that on which the sale of the estate or share of an estate bought by him took place, reckoning that day as one of the thirty; or if the thirtieth day be a Sunday or other close holiday, then on the first office day after the thirtieth: and in default of payment within the prescribed period as aforesaid, the deposit shall be forfeited to Government, the estate or share shall be resold, and the defaulting purchaser shall forfeit all claim to the estate or share, or to any part of the sum for which it may subsequently be sold. And in the event of the proceeds of the sale which may be eventually consummated being less than the price bid by the defaulting bidder aforesaid, the difference shall be leviable from him by any process authorized for realizing an arrear of public revenue, and such difference shall be taken and considered to be a

part of the purchase money and shall be dealt with in the manner hereinafter prescribed for the disposal thereof.

Re-sale.

XXIV. When default is made in the payment of purchase money a notification of the intended re-sale shall be published for the period and in the manner prescribed in Section VI of this Act, but such notification shall not be published until the expiration of three clear days after the day on which the default shall have occurred and if the payment or tender of payment of the arrear on account of which the estate or share was first sold, and of any arrear which may have subsequently become due shall be made by or on behalf of the proprietor of the estate or share before sunset of the third day, the issue of the notification of re-sale shall be stayed. The rules contained in the last preceding Section shall be applicable to every such re-sale. Provided that, if default of payment of purchase money shall occur more than once, the amount to be recovered from the defaulting bidders shall be the difference between the highest bid and the proceeds of the sale eventually consummated, which amount may be levied in manner aforesaid from any of the defaulting bidders to the extent of the amount by which his bid exceeds the amount realized.

Appeals.

XXV. It shall be lawful for the Commissioner of Revenue to receive an appeal against any sale made under this Act, if preferred to him on or before the fifteenth day from the date of sale, reckoning as in Section XXIII, or if preferred to the Collector or other Officer as aforesaid for transmission to the Commissioner, on or before the tenth day from the day of sale, and not otherwise; and the Commissioner shall be competent in every case of appeal so preferred, to annul any sale of an estate or share of an estate made under this Act, which shall appear to him not to have been conducted according to the provisions of this Act, awarding at the same time to the purchaser a payment from the proprietor of any moderate compensation for his loss, if the sale shall have been occasioned by neglect of the proprietor, such compensation not to exceed the interest, at the highest rate of the current Government Securities, on the amount of deposit or balance of purchase money during the period of its being retained in the Collector's office; and the order of the Commissioner shall in such cases be final.

Annulment of sale in special cases.

XXVI. It shall be competent to the Commissioner of Revenue, on the ground of hardship or injustice, to suspend the passing of final orders in any case of appeal from a sale, and to represent the case to the Board of Revenue, who, if they see cause, may recommend to the local Government to annul the sale; and the local Government in any such case may annul the sale and cause the estate or share of an estate to be restored to the proprietor on such conditions as may appear equitable and proper.

Sales when final.

XXVII. All sales of which the purchase money has been paid up as prescribed in Section XXIII of this Act, and against which no appeal shall have been preferred, shall be final and conclusive at noon of the thirtieth day from the day of sale, reckoning the said day of sale as the first of the said thirty days. And sales against which an appeal may have been preferred, and dismissed by the Commissioner, shall be final and conclusive from the date of such dismissal, if more than thirty days from the day of sale, or if less, then at noon of the thirtieth day as above provided.

Certificate of sales.

XXVIII. Immediately upon a sale becoming final and conclusive, the Collector or other Officer as aforesaid shall give to the purchaser a certificate of title in the form prescribed in Schedule A annexed to this Act. And the said certificate shall be deemed in any Court of Justice sufficient evidence of the title to the estate or share of an estate sold being vested in the person or persons named from the date specified; and the Collector shall also notify such transfer by written proclamation in his own office, and in the Courts of the Moonsiffs and Police Thannahs within whose jurisdictions any part of the estate or share sold shall be situated.

Delivery of possession.

XXIX. The Collector or other officer as aforesaid shall order delivery of possession of the estate or share purchased to be made by removing any person who may refuse to vacate the same, and by proclamation to the occupants of the property by beat of drum or in such other mode as may be customary, at some convenient place or places; and by affixing a copy of the certificate at the Mal cutchery or in some conspicuous place of the estate or share of an estate purchased.

Liability of purchaser.

XXX. The party certified as the proprietor of an estate or share of an estate by purchase under this Act, shall be answerable for all instalments of the revenue of Government which may fall due after the latest day of payment aforesaid.

Application of purchase money.

XXXI. The Collector shall apply the purchase money first to the liquidation of all arrears due upon the latest day of payment from the estate or share of an estate sold; and secondly to the liquidation of all outstanding demands debited to the estate or share of an estate in the public accounts of the District; holding the residue, if any, in deposit on account of the late recorded proprietor or proprietors of the estate or share of an estate sold or their heirs or representatives to be paid to his or their receipt on demand in the manner following: to wit, in shares proportioned to their recorded interest in the estate or share of an estate sold; if such distinction of shares were recorded, or if not, then as an aggregate sum to the whole body of proprietors upon their joint receipt. And if before payment to the late proprietor or proprietors of any surplus that may remain of the purchase money, the same be claimed by any creditor in satisfaction of a debt, such surplus shall not be payable to such claimant, nor shall it be withheld from the proprietor, except under precept of a Civil Court.

Notification of annulment of sale.

XXXII. The annulment by a Commissioner or by Government of a sale made under this Act shall be publicly notified by the Collector or other officer as aforesaid, in the same manner as the becoming final and conclusive of sales is required to be notified by Section XXVIII of this Act; and the amount of deposit and balance of

purchase money shall be forthwith returned to the purchaser with interest thereon at the highest rates of the current public securities; which shall be paid by the Government, unless the proprietor shall have become liable for the same under the provisions of Section XXV or Section XXVI of this Act.

Jurisdiction of Civil Courts in suits to amend sales.

XXXIII. No sale for arrears of revenue or other demands realizable in the same manner as arrears of revenue are realizable, made after the passing of this Act, shall be annulled by a Court of Justice, except upon the ground of its having been made contrary to the provisions of this Act, and then only on proof that the plaintiff has sustained substantial injury by reason of the irregularity complained of: and no such sale shall be annulled upon such ground, unless such ground shall have been declared and specified in an appeal made to the Commissioner under Section XXV of this Act: and no suit to annul a sale made under this Act shall be received by any Court of Justice unless it shall be instituted within one year from the date of the sale becoming final and conclusive as provided in Section XXVII of this Act: and no person shall be entitled to contest the legality of a sale, after having received any portion of the purchase money. Provided, however, that nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to debar any person considering himself wronged by any act or omission connected with a sale under this Act, from his remedy in a personal action for damages against the person by whose act or omission he considers himself to have been wronged.

Proviso.

Effects of annulment by decree of Court of sales under this Act.

XXXIV. If a sale made under this Act be annulled by a final decree of a Civil Court, application for the execution of such decree shall be made within six months after the date thereof; otherwise the party in whose favor such decree was passed shall lose all benefit therefrom. And no order for restoring such decreeholder to possession shall be passed until any amount of surplus purchase money that may have been paid away by order of a Civil Court be repaid by him, with interest at the highest rate of the current Government Securities. And if such party shall neglect to pay any amount so recoverable, within six months from the date of such final decree, he shall lose all benefit therefrom.

If sale annulled, purchase money to be refunded.

XXXV. In the event of a sale being annulled by a final decree of a Court of Justice, and the former proprietor being restored to possession, the purchase money shall be refunded to the purchaser by Government, together with interest at the highest rate of the current public securities.

No suits on the ground of benamee purchase.

XXXVI. Any suit brought to oust the certified purchaser as aforesaid, on the ground that the purchase was made on behalf of another person not the certified purchaser, or on behalf partly of himself and partly of another person, though by agreement the name of the certified purchaser was used, shall be dismissed with costs.

Rights of a purchaser of a permanently settled estate sold for its own arrears.

XXXVII. The purchaser of an entire estate in the permanently settled Districts of Bengal, Behar, and Orissa, sold under this Act for the recovery of arrears due on account of the same shall acquire the estate free from all encumbrances which may have been imposed upon it after the time of settlement; and shall be entitled to avoid and annul all under-tenures and forthwith to eject all under-tenants, with the following exceptions:—

First. Istemraree or mokurreree tenures which have been held at a fixed rent from the time of the permanent settlement.

Secondly. Tenures existing at the time of settlement, which have not been held at a fixed rent. Provided always that the rents of such tenures shall be liable to enhancement under any law for the time being in force for the enhancement of the rent of such tenures.

Thirdly. Talookdaree and other similar tenures created since the time of settlement, and held immediately of the proprietors of estates; and farms for terms of years so held, when such tenures and farms have been duly registered under the provisions of this Act.

Fourthly. Leases of lands whereon dwelling houses, manufactories, or other permanent buildings have been erected, or whereon gardens, plantations, tanks, wells, canals, places of worship, or burning or burying grounds have been made, or wherein mines have been sunk.

And such a purchaser as is aforesaid shall be entitled to proceed in the manner prescribed by any law for the time being in force for the enhancement of the rent of any land coming within the fourth class of exceptions above made, if he can prove the same to have been held at what was originally an unfair rent, and if the same shall not have been held at a fixed rent, equal to the rent of good arable land, for a term exceeding twelve years; but not otherwise.

Proviso.

Provided always, that nothing in this Section contained shall be construed to entitle any such purchaser as aforesaid to eject any ryot, having a right of occupancy at a fixed rent or at a rent assessable according to fixed rules under the laws in force, or to enhance the rent of any such ryot otherwise than in the manner prescribed by such laws, or otherwise than the former proprietor, irrespectively of all engagements made since the time of settlement, may have been entitled to do.

Registration of talookdaree tenures created after settlement and held for terms of years.

XXXVIII. The following rules for the registration of talookdaree and other similar tenures created since the time of settlement, and held immediately of the proprietors of estates and of farms for terms of years so held, shall be observed.

Common and special registry.

XXXIX. There shall be two sets of registers, one for common registry and one for special registry. Common registry shall secure such tenures and farms against any auction purchaser at a sale for arrears of revenue except the Government. Special registry shall secure such tenures and farms against any auction purchaser at a sale for arrears of revenue including the Government.

XL. The holder of any talookdaree or other similar tenure, such as is described in Section XXXVIII of this Act, desirous of registering it, shall apply by petition to the Collector of the District to which the estate belongs. The application shall state which description of registry is desired, and shall contain the following particulars so far as the same are ascertainable.

Application for registry.

1. The Pergunnah or Pergunnahs in which the tenure is situated.

2. The nature of the tenure.

3. The name or names of the village or villages whereof the land is composed, or wherein it is situated.

4. The area of the land comprised in the tenure, with its boundaries in complete detail.

5. The amount of rent payable annually for the tenure, and whether the rent is fixed for a term of years or in perpetuity, and the duties, if any, required to be performed on account of it.

6. The date of the deed constituting the tenure, or the date when the tenure was created.

7. The name of the proprietor who created the tenure.

8. The name of the original holder of the tenure.

9. The name of the present possessor, and if he be not the original holder, the mode in which he succeeded to the tenure, whether by inheritance, gift, purchase, or otherwise, and whether he holds jointly or solely.

Holders of such farms as are described in the said Section may apply in like manner for registry of the same. The application shall contain such of the foregoing particulars as are applicable to farms.

XLI. When the application is for common registry, the Collector shall serve a notice on the recorded proprietor or proprietors of the estate in which the tenure or farm is situated, or the authorized agent of such proprietor or proprietors, with a copy of the application annexed; and shall cause a notice, with a copy of the application annexed, to be affixed in his office, and at the mal-cutcherry of the estate in which the tenure or farm is situated, or in such other place or places as in the opinion of the Collector may be best suited to give publicity to the application, requiring the proprietor or any party interested, within thirty days from the issue of the said notice, to file any objections he may have to the registry of the tenure or farm, or to any statement contained in the application. If within the limited time no objection is made, the Collector shall register the tenure or farm. If within the limited time an objection is made by any recorded proprietor, or by any party interested not being a proprietor, the Collector shall examine the person so objecting or his authorized agent, and if it shall appear to him that such person has probable ground of objection, the Collector shall suspend proceedings, and shall refer the parties to the Civil Court, otherwise he shall grant the application. If the decision of the Civil Court be in favor of the applicant, the Collector, on the presentation of a copy of the final decree, shall register the tenure or farm.

Procedure on application for common registry.

XLII. When the application is for special registry, the Collector shall serve and issue the notices prescribed in the last preceding Section. If within the limited time no objection is made, the Collector shall cause any enquiry that he may deem necessary for the security of the Government revenue, to be made; and if he is satisfied that the Government revenue of the parent estate is sufficiently secured so far as it may be affected by the tenure or farm in question, he shall report the case to the Commissioner, who, if also satisfied on that point, shall direct the tenure or farm to be registered according to the application. Otherwise the application shall be rejected. If within the limited time any recorded proprietor or any party interested not being a proprietor object to the registry, the Collector shall examine the person so objecting or his authorized agent, and if it shall appear to him that such person has probable ground of objection, shall suspend proceedings, and shall refer the parties to the Civil Court, otherwise he shall proceed as if no objection had been made. If the decision of the Civil Court be in favor of the applicant, the Collector, on the presentation of a copy of the final decree, shall proceed as above provided for cases in which no objection is made within the limited time.

Procedure on application for special registry.

XLIII. Leases of lands of the description specified in the fourth exceptional class in Section XXXVII, may be registered, at the option of the holders, in the manner and under the rules hereinbefore provided for the registry of Talookdaree and other similar tenures.

Registration of leases of certain lands.

XLIV. Tenures of the first and second exceptional classes in Section XXXVII may be registered, at the option of the holders; and when so registered shall be entered only in the special register. Application for such registry shall contain the particulars specified in Section XL so far as the same are ascertainable, and notices shall be served and issued in the manner prescribed in Section XLI. If within the limited time no objection is made by any recorded proprietor or by any party interested not being a proprietor, the Collector shall make such inquiries as may be necessary to satisfy him as to the validity of the tenure; and if the result be to satisfy him that the tenure is valid, he shall report the case to the Commissioner, who, if also satisfied that the tenure is valid, shall direct it to be entered in the special register. Otherwise the application for registry shall be rejected. If within the limited time any recorded proprietor or other party as aforesaid object to the registry of the tenure, the Collector shall examine the person so objecting or his authorized agent, and if it shall appear to him that such person has probable ground of objection, shall suspend proceedings, and refer the parties to the Civil Court, otherwise he shall proceed as if no objection had been made. If the decision of the Civil Court be in favor of the applicant, the Collector, on the presentation of a copy of the final decree, shall proceed as above provided for cases in which no objection is made within the limited time. Provided always that nothing contained in this Section shall be understood as rendering registration necessary for the protection of *bonâ fide* tenures of the description herein referred to.

Registration of old tenures.

Proviso.

XLV. Application for registry of existing tenures and farms must be made within three years after the passing of this Act. Application for the registry of tenures created after the passing of this Act must be made within three months from the date of the deed constituting the tenure.

Time for application for registry of tenures and farms.

XLVI. The actual expenses of any measurement, survey, or local enquiry made under Sections XLII and XLIV of this Act, shall be borne by the party who applies for the registry of his tenure or farm; and such party may be required by the Collector from time to time to make such advances on this account as he may consider necessary.

Expenses of measurement, survey, or local enquiry.

XLVII. No Civil Court shall be competent to order the Revenue Authorities to enter any tenure or farm in the special register. Provided always that the refusal of the Revenue Authorities so to register any tenure or farm shall not affect the title of the holder, whatever it may be.

Civil Court not competent to order entry in the special register.

XLVIII. Subject to the general law of limitation, any person thinking himself wronged by the registry of a tenure or farm, may file a suit for the cancelment of the same.

Suit for the cancelment of the registry of a tenure or farm.

XLIX. In the execution of their functions in the registration of tenures and farms under this Act, all subordinate Revenue Authorities shall proceed in accordance with the general instructions which they may receive from the superior Revenue Authorities to whom they are subordiate, and from the local Government; and all orders passed under the Sections aforesaid shall be open to appeal in usual course. The order of a Commissioner for the special registry of a tenure under the provisions of this Act, shall be open at any time within one year from the date of registry to revision by the Board of Revenue, or the local Government, on the ground of the Government Revenue not having been sufficiently secured or of the invalidity of the tenure, as the case may be.

Proceedings of Revenue Authorities in the registration of tenures, &c.

L. Entry in the special register shall be an effectual protection of the tenure or farm so registered, unless in a suit instituted by Government in a Civil Court within the period allowed for suits for the recovery of the public revenue a decree be passed pronouncing the registration to have been obtained by fraud, to the injury of the Government revenue. Provided that a tenure or farm in the hands of a *bonâ fide* purchaser for value shall not be avoided by reason of such fraud. But the tenure or farm shall be liable to such amount of rent as would have been fair and equitable at the time of the special registry thereof, such amount to be fixed by the Collector.

Effect of entry in the special register.

LI. Tenures and farms of the third exceptional class described in Section XXXVII of this Act, for the special registration of which application shall be made within the prescribed time, and in respect of which the Collector shall have commenced the enquiry prescribed in Section XLII, shall, in case of the sale of the parent estate for arrears of revenue, be protected pending the duration of such enquiry, and shall be protected eventually by registration, if the final award of the Revenue Authorities, upon such application, be in favor of the claimant.

Protection of talookdaree tenures pending enquiry, in case of sale of parent estate for arrears of revenue.

LII. The purchaser of an estate in a district not permanently settled, sold under this Act for the recovery of arrears due on account of the same, shall acquire the estate free from all encumbrances which may have been imposed upon it after the time of settlement, and shall be entitled to avoid and annul all tenures which may have originated with the defaulter or his predecessors, being representatives or assignees of the original engager, as well as all agreements with ryots or the like settled or accredited by the first engager or his representatives, subsequently to the last settlement, as well as all tenures which the first engager may, under the conditions of his settlement, have been competent to set aside, alter, or renew, saving always and except leases of lands whereon dwelling houses, manufactories, or other permanent buildings have been erected, or whereon gardens, plantations, tanks, wells, canals, places of worship, or burning or burying grounds have been made, or wherein mines have been sunk, which leases or engagements shall, so long as the land is duly appropriated to such purposes, and the stipulated rent paid, continue in force and effect. Provided that nothing contained in this Section shall be construed to entitle any purchaser of land at a public sale for arrears of revenue to demand a higher rate of rent from any persons whose tenure or agreement may be annulled as aforesaid, than was demandable by the former proprietor, except in cases in which such persons may have held their lands under engagements, stipulating for a lower rate of rent than would have been justly demandble for the land, or in cases in which it may be proved that, according to the custom of the pergunnah, mouzah, or other local division, such persons are liable to be called upon for any new assessment, or other demand not interdicted by the regulations of Government.

Rights of a purchaser of an estate not permanently settled sold for its own arrears.

LIII. Excepting sharers in estates under butwarrah who may have saved their shares from sale under Sections XXXIII and XXXIV Regulation XIX., 1814, and sharers with whom the Collector, under Sections X and XI of this Act, has opened separate accounts; any recorded or unrecorded proprietor or co-partner, who may purchase the estate of which he is proprietor or co-partner; or who by re-purchase or otherwise may recover possession of the said estate, after it has been sold for arrears under this Act; and likewise any purchaser of an estate sold for arrears or demands other than those accruing upon itself; shall by such purchase acquire the estate subject to all its encumbrances existing at the time of sale, and shall not acquire any rights in respect to under-tenants or ryots, which were not possessed by the previous proprietor at the time of the sale of the said estate.

Rights of a purchaser being a sharer in any estate.

And of a purchaser of an estate not sold for its own arrears.

LIV. When a share or shares of an estate may be sold under the provisions of Section XIII or Section XIV, the purchaser shall acquire the share or shares subject to all

Rights of purchasers of shares of estate.

encumbrances, and shall not acquire any rights which were not possessed by the previous owner or owners.

Recovery of arrears due to defaulters.

LV. Arrears of rent which on the latest day of payment may be due to the defaulter from his under-tenants or ryots, shall, in the event of a sale, be recoverable by him after the said latest day, by any process except distraint which might have been used by him for that purpose on or before the said latest day.

Punishment for contempt.

LVI. Any Collector or other Officer as aforesaid conducting a sale under this Act shall be competent to punish any contempt committed in his presence in open cutcherry or office for the time being, by fine, to an extent not exceeding two hundred Rupees, commutable, if not paid, to imprisonment in the Civil jail for a period not exceeding one month; and the Magistrate to whom such an offender may be sent by a Collector or other officer as aforesaid, shall carry his sentence into effect. Provided that an appeal from any order passed under this Section shall lie to the Revenue Commissioner, whose decision shall be final.

Default in making deposit to be considered a contempt.

LVII. A default to make good a bid by making the deposit required by Section XXII of this Act, shall be held to be a contempt.

Government may purchase at a sale.

LVIII. When an estate is put up for sale under this Act for the recovery of arrears of revenue due thereon, if there be no bid, the Collector or other officer as aforesaid may purchase the estate on account of the Government for one Rupee, or if the highest bid be insufficient to cover the said arrears and those subsequently accruing up to the date of sale, the Collector or other officer as aforesaid may take or purchase the estate on account of the Government at the highest amount bid; in both which cases the Government shall acquire the property subject to the provisions of this Act.

Fees and charges demandable by Collector.

LIX. The Collector on the part of the Government shall be entitled to demand from applicants under Sections X and XI, Sections XV and XVI, and Sections XL, XLIII, and XLIV of this Act, fees not exceeding the rates specified in Schedule B to this Act annexed, which Schedule shall be taken as part of this Act; and applications under the said Sections shall not be received unless the said fees are tendered therewith.

Regulations VII. 1822 and IX. 1825 to be in force in certain estates.

LX. The provisions of Regulation VII. 1822 and Regulation IX. 1825 shall be in force in every estate in any part of which a measurement, survey, or local enquiry may be made under this Act; and in every estate purchased or taken on account of Government under this Act.

Interpretation.

LXI. In the construction of this Act the word "Collector" shall include a Deputy Collector, or other officer exercising by the authority of Government the powers of a Collector or Deputy Collector.

Application and commencement of this Act.

LXII. The operation of this Act shall be confined to such parts of the Lower Provinces in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal as are or shall be subject to the general regulations of that Presidency.

SCHEDULE A.

I certify that A. B. has purchased under Act No. XI of 1859 the mehal *(or share of a mehal)* specified below, standing in the towjee of the district of , and that his purchase took effect on the day of *(being the day after that fixed for last day of payment.)*

(Signed) D. E.
Collector.

SPECIFICATION.

(if of an entire Mehal.)

Towjee number
Name of Mehal
Name of the former proprietor
Sudder Jumma

(if of a share of a Mehal.)

Towjee number of the entire Mehal
Name of the entire Mehal
Sudder Jumma of the entire Mehal
Description of the share sold
Subordinate Towjee number of the share sold
Name of the former proprietor of the share sold
Sudder Jumma for which the share sold is separately liable.

SCHEDULE B.

FEES.

For filing an application under Section X or Section XI for opening a separate account for a share of an entire estate.

If the annual jumma of the share do not exceed Rs. 250 ... ... 25 0 0
If the annual jumma of the share exceed Rs. 250 and do not exceed Rs. 1000, at the rate of ten per cent. upon the jumma.
If the annual jumma of the share exceed Rs. 1,000, at the rate of ten per cent. upon Rs. 1,000, and two per cent upon all above that amount.

For filing an application for a deposit of money or Government Securities under Section XV, half per cent. on the amount deposited.

For any interest on Government Securities so deposited, drawn by the Collector, half per cent. of the amount drawn.

For filing an application for withdrawal of a deposit under Section XVI, half per cent. of the amount withdrawn.

For filing an application under Section XL, XLIII or XLIV, for the registration of under-tenure or farm.

If the annual rent of the under-tenure do not exceed Rs. 500 ... ... 25 0 0
If the annual rent of the under-tenure exceed Rs. 500 and do not exceed Rs. 1,000, at the rate of five per cent. upon the rent.
If the annual rent of the under-tenure exceed Rs. 1,000, at the above rate up to Rs. 1,000, and at one per cent. upon all above that amount.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 4th May 1859, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. XII OF 1859.

An Act to make better provision for the trial of Pilots at the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal for breach of duty.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the law for the trial of persons employed in the Pilot Service of Government, at the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, when accused of breach of duty, and to extend the same to persons licensed to act as Pilots at the said Presidency ; It is enacted as follows :—

Acts repealed.

I. Act XXIV of 1845 *(for establishing a Court for the trial of Officers of the Pilot Service accused of breach of duty)* and Act I of 1851 *(for the appropriation of fines levied under Act XXIV. of* 1845*)* are hereby repealed.

How Pilots accused of breach of duty shall be brought to trial.

II. When any person employed in the Pilot Service of Government at the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, or licensed to act as a Pilot at the said Presidency, shall be accused of having committed any breach of duty while engaged in such Service, or acting under such license, and it shall appear to the Superintendent of Marine, or to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that such person ought to be brought to trial for such breach of duty, such person shall be brought to trial upon a charge or charges framed by the said Superintendent of Marine or such other person as the said Lieutenant-Governor shall direct, before a Court constituted under the provisions of this Act.

Appointment of Judge.

III. The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal shall appoint a fit person to be Judge of the said Court.

Appointment of Prosecutor.

IV. The Lieutenant-Governor shall appoint such person as he may think proper to conduct the proceedings before the Court as Prosecutor on the part of Government.

Trial to be held before the Judge and Jury.

V. Every trial under this Act shall be held before the said Judge and a Jury composed of two Merchants of Calcutta, a Master of a Merchant Ship lying in the Port of Calcutta, and a Pilot of not less than twenty years' service.

Lists of Merchants and Pilots liable to serve on the Jury.

VI. The Judge shall cause to be prepared and shall keep two separate lists, one containing the names of Merchants, the other containing the names of Pilots, liable to serve on such Jury. The names in each list shall be arranged in alphabetical order, and the place of abode and quality or business of each person named shall be stated.

Notice to prosecutor and accused of time and place for appointing Jury.

VII. When the Judge shall be about to hold a trial under this Act, he shall give notice to the prosecutor and to the party accused of a time and place to be fixed by the Judge for appointing a Jury to serve at such trial.

Appointment of Jury.

VIII. At the time and place mentioned in the notice, the Judge in the presence of the prosecutor and the person accused shall read over the names which first occur in each of the said lists of those Merchants and Pilots who he has reason to believe are present in Calcutta and capable of attending as Jurors at the trial ; and shall also propose the name of a Master of a Merchant Ship lying in the Port of Calcutta, whom he deems qualified to serve on such Jury. If no objection be made and allowed, the persons so nominated shall be the Jury to serve at the trial. If the prosecutor or the party accused shall object to any of the persons named as Jurors, he shall assign the grounds of his objection and such objection shall forthwith be decided by the Judge. If the objection be allowed, the Judge shall read from the said lists or propose (as the case may be) another name in the place of the one objected to, and the person so nominated shall serve on the Jury provided no objection to such person be made and allowed as aforesaid.

Day of trial to be fixed and summons to issue to Jurors.

IX. When a Jury has been appointed under the last preceding Section, the Judge shall fix a day for the trial and shall summon by writing under his hand the persons so appointed to sit as a Jury. If any such person when duly summoned shall, without such excuse as the Judge shall allow to be sufficient, neglect or refuse to attend at the time appointed or to remain in attendance until the trial shall be completed, it shall be lawful for the said Judge to impose upon any such person a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees for every such default ; and such fine, if not paid, shall be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the defaulter under a warrant to be issued for that purpose by the Judge. Such warrant may be transmitted by the Judge to any Magistrate of Police for the town of Calcutta, and thereupon such Magistrate shall endorse the same and shall cause it to be executed in the same manner as if the warrant had been issued by such Magistrate.

Penalty for non-attendance.

Trial how to proceed if any of the Jurors do not attend.

X. If for any cause any of the persons summoned to attend as Jurors shall not be in attendance at the time fixed for the commencement of the trial, the trial may with the consent of the prosecutor and the party accused be held before the Judge and such Jurors as shall be in attendance. If such consent be not given, the place of the absent Juror shall be supplied by some other person selected by the Judge from the same profession or calling as the person originally summoned and who shall consent to serve, provided no objection to such person be made and allowed in manner aforesaid. If the parties or either of them do not consent that the trial shall be held before the Judge and such Jurors as may be in attendance and the place of the absent Juror cannot be supplied by a person consenting to serve, the trial shall be postponed to another day and the Judge shall either re-summon the same Jury or appoint and summon another Jury in the manner hereinbefore provided.

Register of Jurors who have served.

XI. The Judge shall register in a book the names of all Jurors mentioned in either of the said two lists who have attended and served

on a trial held under this Act. A Juror who has served shall not be required again to serve and his name shall be excluded in reading over the Jury lists until all the persons named in the said lists who are present in Calcutta and capable of attending as Jurors shall have served.

Jurors to be sworn.

XII. Before the commencement of any trial under this Act, the persons summoned and attending as Jurors shall be sworn or affirmed by the Judge of the Court to give a true verdict according to the evidence.

Judge may summon witnesses to attend at a certain time and place.

XIII. It shall be lawful for the Judge of the said Court, at the instance of the prosecutor, or of the party accused, or of his own motion, by writing under his hand, to summon any person to attend as a witness at a time and place to be specified in the summons, for the purpose of being examined at any trial before the said Court ; or if such person shall be about to depart from Calcutta, so as to be unable to attend at such trial without serious inconvenience, then to be examined before the Judge of the said Court before the day fixed for the trial ; provided always that due notice of the time and place of such examination shall be given to the accused party ; provided also that such witness may nevertheless be examined at the trial if he shall be able to attend thereat, in which case his previous examination may also be read at the trial.

Examination of witnesses about to leave Calcutta.

Penalty for witnesses not attending or refusing to give evidence.

XIV. If any person who shall have been duly summoned to attend as a witness shall, without sufficient excuse, neglect or refuse to attend, or attending shall refuse to give evidence or to answer any question which may be lawfully put to him, such person shall forfeit and pay such fine, not exceeding five hundred Rupees, as the Judge of the said Court shall order ; and such fine, if not paid, shall be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the person ordered to pay the same in the manner prescribed in Section IX. of this Act.

Witnesses to be examined on oath, according to the rules in force in the Supreme Court.

XV. The evidence of every witness examined before the said Court shall be given on oath, affirmation, or otherwise, according to the rules in that behalf for the time being in force for the examination of witnesses in Her Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature.

Verdict of Jurors.

XVI. Upon the completion of the trial, the Jurors shall give their verdict upon the charge, or, if there be more than one one, upon each separate charge. The verdict shall be according to the opinion of the majority of Jurors. If the Jurors are equally divided, the Judge shall declare his opinion, and the verdict shall be according to the opinion of the Judge and the Jurors with whom he concurs.

Sentence of Court the accused be found guilty.

XVII. If by such verdict the accused person is found guilty of the charge or of any one or more of the charges preferred against him, the Judge of the Court shall sentence him to be dismissed from the said Pilot Service, or to have his license withdrawn, or shall award such other punishment, by loss of rank or pay, or by change of a license from a higher to a lower grade, or suspension from employment for a specified period, as to the Judge shall appear fit. The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, with the sanction of the Governor General in Council, may prepare a Schedule of offences and punishments (such punishments being of the same nature as those hereinbefore mentioned) for the guidance of the said Court; and if such Schedule be prepared and sanctioned, and the charge proved before the said Court is an offence specified in such Schedule, the Judge of the said Court shall award such punishment as is prescribed for such offence in the said Schedule, and no other. If by such verdict as aforesaid the accused person is found not guilty of the charge or charges preferred against him, the Judge shall declare him acquitted of the same.

Schedule of offences and punishments to be prepared.

Acquittal.

No sentence to be final till approved by Government.

XVIII. The proceedings of the Court shall be sent by the Judge to the Superintendent of Marine for submission to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal; and no sentence of punishment pronounced by the Judge of the said Court shall be final until it has been approved of by the said Lieutenant-Governor. The said Lieutenant-Governor may remit the whole or any part of such sentence, or may direct the substitution of any mitigated punishment in lieu of the punishment awarded by the said Court, as he shall think fit.

Government may remit sentence or mitigate punishment.

If verdict of Jurors be manifestly contrary to evidence, or trial be otherwise insufficient.

XIX. If it shall appear to the Judge of the said Court that the verdict of the Jurors is manifestly contrary to the evidence, or that the trial is otherwise insufficient, the Judge, instead of passing sentence on the accused person, or declaring him acquitted, as the case may be, may certify the same to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, and the said Lieutenant-Governor may either order a new trial before another Jury, or acquit the accused person, as he shall think fit.

Power of Government to make rules of practice.

XX. It shall be lawful for the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal to make such rules as he shall think proper, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, for conducting the proceedings and regulating the practice of the said Court.

Act not to restrict Marine Authorities or Government from passing orders upon a charge of breach of duty where a trial is not deemed necessary.

XXI. Nothing contained in this Act shall be held to restrict the Marine Authorities or the Government from passing such orders as may be deemed proper upon any charge of breach of duty preferred against any person employed in the said Pilot Service when it shall not be deemed necessary that such person should be brought to trial for such breach of duty under the provisions of this Act.

Withdrawal of license from licensed Pilot.

XXII. If any person licensed to act as a Pilot when duly charged with breach of duty as aforesaid, shall refuse to submit himself to trial under the provisions of this Act, the

license of such person shall be withdrawn, and he shall be incapable of being again licensed to act as a Pilot at the said Presidency.

XXIII. The provisions of this Act shall extend to all persons employed in the Pilot Service at the said Presidency and borne on the rolls of the Government establishment, whether such persons receive fixed salaries, or are remunerated by a portion of the pilotage charged on the vessels piloted by them, or in any other manner, and to all persons licensed to act as Pilots at the said Presidency.

Act applicable to what persons.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 4th May 1859, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. XIII of 1859.

An Act to provide for the punishment of breaches of contract by Artificers, Workmen, and Laborers in certain cases.

WHEREAS much loss and inconvenience are sustained by manufacturers, tradesmen, and others in the several Presidency Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, and in other places, from fraudulent breach of contract on the part of Artificers, Workmen, and Laborers who have received money in advance on account of work which they have contracted to perform; and whereas the remedy by suit in the Civil Courts for the recovery of damages is wholly insufficient, and it is just and proper that persons guilty of such fraudulent breach of contract should be subject to punishment; It is enacted as follows :—

Preamble.

I. When any Artificer, Workman, or Laborer shall have received from any Master or Employer resident or carrying on business in any Presidency Town, or in any station of the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca, or from any person acting on behalf of such Master or Employer, an advance of money on account of any work which he shall have contracted to perform, or to get performed by any other Artificers, Workmen, or Laborers, if such Artificer, Workman, or Laborer shall wilfully and without lawful or reasonable excuse neglect or refuse to perform or get performed such work according to the terms of his contract, such Master or Employer or any such person as aforesaid may complain to a Magistrate of Police, and the Magistrate shall thereupon issue a summons or a warrant, as he shall think proper, for bringing before him such Artificer, Workman, or Laborer, and shall hear and determine the case.

If workman neglect to perform work, on account of which he has received an advance of money, complaint may be made to the Magistrate.

II. If it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Magistrate that such Artificer, Workman, or Laborer has received money in advance from the complainant on account of any work, and has wilfully and without lawful or reasonable excuse neglected or refused to perform or get performed the same according to the terms of his contract, the Magistrate shall, at the option of the complainant, either order such Artificer, Workman, or Laborer to repay the money advanced, or such part thereof as may seem to the Magistrate just and proper, or order him to perform or get performed, such work according to the terms of his contract; and if such Artificer, Workman, or Laborer shall fail to comply with the said order, the Magistrate may sentence him to be imprisoned with hard labor for a term not exceeding three months, or if the order be for the repayment of a sum of money, for a term not exceeding three months, or until such sum of money shall be sooner repaid; provided that no such order for the repayment of any money shall, while the same remains unsatisfied, deprive the complainant of any Civil remedy by action or otherwise which he might have had but for this Act.

Magistrate may order repayment of advance or performance of contract.

Penalty if workman fail to comply with the order.

III. When the Magistrate shall order any Artificer, Workman, or Laborer to perform or get performed any work according to the terms of his contract, he may also at the request of the complainant, require such Artificer, Workman, or Laborer to enter into a recognizance with sufficient security for the due performance of the order; and in default of his entering into such recognizance or furnishing such security to the satisfaction of the Magistrate, may sentence him to be imprisoned with hard labor for a period not exceeding three months.

Magistrate may require workman to give security for due performance of order.

IV. The word "contract," as used in this Act, shall extend to all contracts and agreements whether by deed, or written or verbal, and whether such contract be for a term certain, or for specified work, or otherwise.

To what contracts the Act extends.

V. This Act may be extended by the Governor General of India in Council, or by the Executive Government of any Presidency or place, to any place within the limits of their respective jurisdictions. In the event of this Act being so extended, the powers hereby vested in a Magistrate of Police shall be exercised by such Officer or Officers as shall be specially appointed by Government to exercise such powers.

Act may be extended by Government.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 4th May 1859, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. XIV OF 1859.

An Act to provide for the Limitation of Suits.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend and consolidate the laws relating to the limitation of suits; It is enacted as follows :—

Preamble.

I. No suit shall be maintained in any Court of Judicature within any part of the British territories in India in which this Act shall be in force unless the same

Limitation of suits.

is instituted within the period of limitation hereinafter made applicable to a suit of that nature, any Law or Regulation to the contrary notwithstanding; and the periods of limitation, and the suits to which the same respectively shall be applicable, shall be the following, that is to say :—

1. To suits to enforce the right of pre-emption, whether the same is founded on law or general usage or on special contract, the period of one year to be computed from the time at which the purchaser shall have taken possession under the sale impeached.

Limitation of one year.
Pre-emption suits.

2. To suits for pecuniary penalties or forfeitures for the breach of any Law or Regulation; to suits for damages for injury to the person and personal property, or to the reputation; to suits for damages for the infringement of copyright, or of any exclusive privilege; to suits to recover the wages of servants, artizans, or laborers, the amount of tavern bills or bills for board and lodging or lodging only; and to summary suits before the Revenue authorities under Regulation V. 1822 of the Madras Code—the period of one year from the time the cause of action arose.

Limitation of one year.
Suits for damages, summary suits &c.

3. To suits to set aside the sale of any property, moveable or immoveable, sold under an execution of a decree of any Civil Court not established by Royal Charter when such suit is maintainable; to suits to set aside the sale of any property, moveable or immoveable, for arrears of Government Revenue or other demand recoverable in like manner; to suits by a Putneedar or the proprietor of any other intermediate tenure saleable for current arrears of rent, or other person claiming under him, to set aside the sale of any Putnee Talook or such other tenure sold for current arrears of rent; to suits to set aside the sale of any property, moveable or immoveable, sold in pursuance of any decree or order of a Collector or other Officer of Revenue—the period of one year from the date at which such sale was confirmed or would otherwise have become final and conclusive if no such suit had been brought.

Limitation of one year.
Suits to set aside sales under decrees or for arrears of Government Revenue, &c.

4. To suits to set aside any attachment, lease, or transfer of any land or interest in land by the Revenue authorities for arrears of Government Revenue, or to recover any money paid under protest in satisfaction of any claim made by the Revenue authorities on account of arrears of revenue or demands recoverable as arrears of revenue—one year from the date of such attachment, lease, or transfer, or of such payment as the case may be.

Limitation of one year.
Suits to set aside attachments, &c., by Revenue Authorities for arrears of Government Revenue.

5. To suits to alter or set aside summary decisions and orders of any of the Civil Courts not established by Royal Charter, when such suit is maintainable—the period of one year from the date of the final decision, award, or order in the case.

Limitation of one year.
Suits to set aside summary decisions, &c.

6. To suits brought by any person to contest the justice of an award which shall have been made under Regulation VII. 1822, Regulation IX. 1825, and Regulation IX. 1833 of the Bengal Code, or to recover any property comprised in such award—the period of three years from the date of the final award or order in the case.

Limitation of three years.
Suits to contest certain awards.

7. To suits by any party bound by any order respecting the possession of property made under Clause 2 Section I Act XVI of 1838, or Act IV of 1840, or any person claiming under such party, for the recovery of the property comprised in such order—the period of three years from the date of the final order in the case.

Limitation of three years.
Suits to recover property comprised in an order made under Clause 2 Section 1 Act XVI of 1838 or Act IV of 1840.

8. To suits to recover the hire of animals, vehicles, boats, or household furniture; or the amount of bills for any articles sold by retail; and to all suits for the rents of any buildings or lands (other than summary suits before the Revenue authorities under Regulation V. 1822 of the Madras Code)—the period of three years from the time the cause of action arose.

Limitation of three years.
Suits for goods sold by retail, &c.

9. To suits brought to recover money lent or interest, or for the breach of any contract—the period of three years from the time when the debt became due or when the breach of contract in respect of which the suit is brought first took place, unless there is a written engagement to pay the money lent or interest or a contract in writing signed by the party to be bound thereby or by his duly authorized agent.

Limitation of three years.
Suits for money lent or interest or for breach of contract where no written contract exists.

10. To suits brought to recover money lent or interest, or for the breach of any contract in cases in which there is a written engagement or contract and in which such engagement or contract could have been registered by virtue of any Law or Regulation in force at the time and place of the execution thereof—the period of three years from the time when the debt became due or when the breach of contract in respect of which the action is brought first took place, unless such engagement or contract shall have been registered within six months from the date thereof.

Limitation of three years.
Suits for the same where there is a written contract which has not been registered within six months.

11. To suits in cases governed by English law upon all debts and obligations of record and specialties; and to suits for the recovery of any legacy—the period of twelve years from the time the cause of action arose.

Limitation of 12 years.
Suits for specialty-debts and legacies.

12. To suits for the recovery of immoveable property or of any interest in immoveable property to which no other provision of this Act applies—the period of twelve years from the time the cause of action arose.

Limitation of 12 years.
Suits for immoveable property.

13. To suits to enforce the right to share in any property moveable or immoveable on the ground that it is joint family property; and to suits for the recovery of maintenance, where the right to receive such maintenance is a charge on the inheritance of any estate—the period of twelve years from the death of the persons from whom the property alleged to be joint is said to have descended, or on whose estate the maintenance is alleged to be a charge; or from the date of the last payment to the plaintiff or any person through whom he claims, by the person in the possession or management of such property or estate on account of such alleged share, or on account of such maintenance as the case may be.

Limitation of 12 years.
Suits for shares in joint family property and for maintenance.

14. To suits by the proprietor of any land or by any person claiming under him, for the resumption or assessment of any Lakheraj or rent-free land—the period of twelve years from the time when the title of the person claiming the right to resume and assess such lands, or of some person under whom he claims, first accrued. Provided that in estates permanently settled no such suit, although brought within twelve years from the time when the title of such person first accrued, shall be maintained, if it is shown that the land has been held Lakheraj or rent-free from the period of the permanent settlement.

Limitation of 12 years.
Suits to resume or assess Lakheraj or rent-free land.
Proviso if the land has been held rent-free from the time of the permanent settlement.

15. To suits against a depositary, pawnee, or mortgagee of any property moveable or immoveable for the recovery of the same—a period of thirty years if the property be moveable and sixty years if it be immoveable, from the time of the deposit, pawn, or mortgage; or if in the mean time an acknowledgment of the title of the depositor, pawner, or mortgagor, or of his right of redemption, shall have been given in writing signed by the depositary, pawnee, or mortgagee or some person claiming under him, from the date of such acknowledgment in writing.

Limitation for 30 and 60 years respectively.
Suits against depositaries, pawnees, or mortgagees to recover immoveable property.

16. To all suits for which no other limitation is hereby expressly provided—the period of six years from the time the cause of action arose.

Limitation of six years applicable to all suits not especially provided for.

II. No suit against a trustee in his lifetime and no suits against his representatives for the purpose of following in their hands the specific property which is the subject of the trust, shall be barred by any length of time; but no suit to make good the loss occasioned by a breach of trust out of the general estate of a deceased trustee shall be maintained in any of the said Courts unless the same is instituted within the proper period of limitation according to the last preceding Section, to be computed from the decease of such trustee; provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent a co-trustee from enforcing, against the estate of a deceased trustee, any claim for contribution, if he shall institute a suit for that purpose within six years after such right of contribution shall have arisen.

Suits against trustees and their representatives for breach of trust, &c.
Proviso.

III. When, by any law now or hereafter to be in force, a shorter period of limitation than that prescribed by this Act is specially prescribed for the institution of a particular suit, such shorter limitation shall be applied notwithstanding this Act.

Shorter periods of limitation, if prescribed by particular Acts, to prevail.

IV. If, in respect of any legacy or debt, the person who, but for the law of limitation, would be liable to pay the same, shall have admitted that such debt or legacy or any part thereof is due, by an acknowledgment in writing signed by him, a new period of limitation, according to the nature of the original liability, shall be computed from the date of such admission; provided that, if more than one person be liable, none of them shall become chargeable by reason only of a written acknowledgment signed by another of them.

Revival of right to sue by admission in writing.
Proviso.

V. In suits for the recovery from the purchaser or any person claiming under him of any property purchased *bonâ fide* and for valuable consideration from a trustee, depositary, pawnee, or mortgagee, the cause of action shall be deemed to have arisen at the date of the purchase. Provided that in the case of purchase from a depositary, pawnee, or mortgagee, no such suit shall be maintained unless brought within the time limited by Clause 15 Section I.

Computation of period of limitation in suits to recover property purchased from depositaries, pawnees, or mortgagees.
Proviso.

VI. In suits in the Courts established by Royal Charter by a mortgagee to recover from the mortgagor the possession of the immoveable property mortgaged, the cause of action shall be deemed to have arisen from the latest date at which any portion of principal money or interest was paid on account of such mortgage debt.

Computation of period of limitation in suits in Supreme Courts by mortgagee to recover immoveable property mortgaged.

VII. In suits to avoid incumbrances or under-tenures in an estate sold for arrears of Government Revenue due from such estate, or in a Putnee Talook or other saleable tenure sold for arrears of rent which by virtue of such sale becomes freed from incumbrances and under-tenures the cause of action shall be deemed to have arisen at the time when the sale of the estate, talook, or tenure became final and conclusive.

Computation of period of limitation in suits to avoid incumbrances or under-tenures in estates sold for arrears of Government Revenue.

VIII. In suits for balances of accounts current between merchants and traders who have had mutual dealings, the cause of action shall be deemed to have arisen at, and the period of limitation shall be computed from the close of the year in the accounts of which there is the last item admitted or proved indicating the continuance of mutual dealings; such year to be reckoned as the same is reckoned in the accounts.

Computation of period of limitation in suits between merchants for balances of accounts current.

IX. If any person entitled to a right of action shall by means of fraud have been kept from the knowledge of his having such right or of the title upon which it is founded, or if any document neces-

Computation of period of limitation in case of concealed fraud.

sary for establishing such right shall have been fraudulently concealed, the time limited for commencing the action against the person guilty of the fraud or accessory thereto, or against any person claiming through him otherwise than in good faith and for a valuable consideration, shall be reckoned from the time when the fraud first became known to the person injuriously affected by it or when he first had the means of producing or compelling the production of the concealed document.

Computation of period of limitation in suits where the cause of action is founded on fraud.

X. In suits in which the cause of action is founded on fraud, the cause of action shall be deemed to have first arisen at the time at which such fraud shall have been first known by the party wronged.

Computation of period of limitation in case of legal disability.

XI. If at the time when the right to bring an action first accrues the person to whom the right accrues is under a legal disability, the action may be brought by such person or his representative within the same time after the disability shall have ceased as would otherwise have been allowed from the time when the cause of action accrued, unless such time shall exceed the period of three years, in which case the suit shall be commenced within three years from the time when the disability ceased; but if, at the time when the cause of action accrues to any person, he is not under a legal disability, no time shall be allowed on account of any subsequent disability of such person or of the legal disability of any person claiming through him.

What persons to be deemed to be under legal disability under preceding Section.

XII. The following persons shall be deemed to be under legal disability within the meaning of the last preceding Section—married women in cases to be decided by English law, minors, idiots, and lunatics.

Computation of period of limitation in case of absence of defendant.

XIII. In computing any period of limitation prescribed by this Act, the time during which the defendant shall have been absent out of the British territories in India shall be excluded from such computation unless service of a summons to appear and answer in the suit can during the absence of such defendant be made in any mode prescribed by law.

Computation of period of limitation in case of suit prosecuted *bonâ fide*, but in wrong Court.

XIV. In computing any period of limitation prescribed by this Act, the time during which the claimant, or any person under whom he claims, shall have been engaged in prosecuting a suit upon the same cause of action against the same defendant, or some person whom he represents, *bonâ fide* and with due diligence, in any Court of Judicature which, from defect of jurisdiction or other cause, shall have been unable to decide upon it, or shall have passed a decision which, on appeal, shall have been annulled for any such cause, including the time during which such appeal, if any, has been pending, shall be excluded from such computation.

Person unlawfully dispossessed of immoveable property may recover possession notwithstanding any title that may be set up.

XV. If any person shall without his consent have been dispossessed of any immoveable property otherwise than by due course of law, such person or any person claiming through him shall in a suit brought to recover possession of such property be entitled to recover possession thereof notwithstanding any other title that may be set up in such suit, provided that the suit be commenced within six months from the time of such dispossession. But nothing in this Section shall bar the person from whom such possession shall have been so recovered or any other person instituting a suit to establish his title to such property and to recover possession thereof within the period limited by this Act.

Suit for dispossession to be brought within six months.

Suit to establish title not to be affected.

Act not to interfere with equitable jurisdiction of Supreme Courts.

XVI. Nothing in this Act contained shall be deemed to interfere with any rule or jurisdiction of any Court established by Royal Charter in refusing equitable relief on the ground of acquiescence or otherwise, to any person whose right to bring a suit may not be barred by virtue of this Act.

Act not to extend to public property, nor to suits for the recovery of public claims.

XVII. This Act shall not extend to any public property or right, nor to any suits for the recovery of the public revenue or for any public claim whatever, but such suits shall continue to be governed by the laws or rules of limitation now in force.

Act not to apply to suits now pending or to suits instituted within two years.

XVIII. All suits that may be now pending or that shall be instituted within the period of two years from the date of the passing of this Act shall be tried and determined as if this Act had not been passed; but all suits to which the provisions of this Act are applicable that shall be instituted after the expiration of the said period shall be governed by this Act and no other law of limitation, any Statute, Act, or Regulation now in force notwithstanding.

Suits afterwards instituted to be governed by this Act.

Proceedings for enforcing judgments &c. of Supreme Courts to be taken within twelve years.

XIX. No proceeding shall be taken to enforce any judgment, decree, or order of any Court established by Royal Charter, but within twelve years next after a present right to enforce the same shall have accrued to some persons capable of releasing the same, unless in the meantime such judgment, decree, or order shall have been duly revived or some part of the principal money secured by such judgment, decree, or order or some interest thereon shall have been paid, or some acknowledgment of the right thereto shall have been given in writing signed by the person by whom the same shall be payable or his agent to the person entitled thereto or his agent; and in any such case no proceeding shall be brought to enforce the said judgment, decree, or order, but within twelve years after such revivor, payment, or acknowledgment or the latest of such revivors, payments, or acknowledgments as the case may be, provided that for three years next after the passing of this Act, every judgment, decree, and order which may be in force at the date of the passing of this Act shall be governed by the law now in force, anything therein contained notwithstanding.

Proviso as to judgments now in force.

XX. No process of execution shall issue from any Court not established by Royal Charter to enforce any judgment, decree, or order of such Court, unless some proceeding shall have been taken to enforce such judgment, decree, or order or to keep the same in force within three years next preceding the application for such execution.

Time for enforcing execution of judgment &c. of a Civil Court not established by Royal Charter.

XXI. Nothing in the preceding Section shall apply to any judgment, decree, or order in force at the time of the passing of this Act, but process of execution may be issued either within the time now limited by law for issuing process of execution thereon or within three years next after the passing of this Act, whichever shall first expire.

Preceding Section not to apply to judgments &c. in force at the passing of this Act.

XXII. No process of execution shall issue to enforce any summary decision or award of any of the Civil Courts not established by Royal Charter or of any Revenue authority unless some proceeding shall have been taken to enforce such decision or award or to keep the same in force within one year next preceding the application for such execution.

Time for execution of a summary award of Civil Court or Revenue authority.

XXIII. Nothing in the preceding Section shall apply to any summary decision or award in force at the time of the passing of this Act, but process of execution may be issued either within the time now limited by law for issuing process of execution thereon or within two years next after the passing of this Act whichever shall first expire.

Preceding Section not to apply to summary awards in force at the passing of this Act.

XXIV. This Act shall take effect throughout the Presidencies of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, including the Presidency Towns and the Straits' Settlement; but shall not take effect in any Non-Regulation Province or place until the same shall be extended thereto by public notification by the Governor General in Council or by the local Government to which such Province or place is subordinate.

Operation of Act.

Whenever this Act shall be extended to any Non-Regulation Province or place by the Governor General in Council or by the local Government to which such Province or place is subordinate, all suits which within such Province or place shall be pending at the date of such notification or shall be instituted within the period of two years from the date thereof, shall be tried and determined as if this Act had not been passed; but all suits to which the provisions of this Act are applicable that shall be instituted within such Province or place after the expiration of the said period, shall be governed by this Act and by no other law of limitation, any Statute, Act, or Regulation now in force notwithstanding.

Trial of pending suits &c. in any Non-Regulation Province or place to which the Act is extended.

W. Morgan,
Clerk of the Council.

The 14th May 1859.

The following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council on the 30th April 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 18th of August next:—

A Bill to provide for the due execution of Warrants of Attorney to confess judgment and Cognovits.

Whereas it is expedient that provision should be made for giving every person executing a warrant of attorney to confess judgment or a cognovit actionem due information of the nature and effect thereof; It is enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

I. From and after the time appointed for the commencement of this Act, no warrant of attorney to confess judgment in any personal action or cognovit actionem given by any person, shall be of any force unless there shall be present some attorney of one of Her Majesty's Supreme Courts of Judicature on behalf of such person, expressly named by him and attending at his request to inform him of the nature and effect of such warrant or cognovit before the same is executed, which attorney shall subscribe his name as a witness to the due execution thereof, and thereby declare himself to be attorney for the person executing the same and state that he subscribes as such attorney.

Warrants of attorney &c. to be executed in the presence of an attorney on behalf of the person.

II. A warrant of attorney to confess judgment or cognovit actionem not executed in manner aforesaid, shall not be rendered valid by proof that the person executing the same did in fact understand the nature and effect thereof, or was fully informed of the same.

Warrant &c. not formally executed invalid.

III. This Act shall extend to women, and shall entitle them to all the benefits given thereby; and words used in this Act importing the singular number or masculine gender only shall be understood to include several persons as well as one person, and females as well as males.

Construction of Act.

IV. This Act shall commence and come into operation on the day of 1859.

Commencement of Act.

W. Morgan,
Clerk of the Council.

The 14th May 1859.

The following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council on the 14th May 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 18th of August next:—

A Bill for the suppression of Outrages in the District of Malabar in the Presidency of Fort St. George.

Whereas in the District of Malabar in the Presidency of Fort St. George, murderous outrages have been frequently committed by persons of the class called Moplas, the offenders in such outrages intending

Preamble.

therein to sacrifice their own lives; and the general law of the country is not adequate to suppress such outrages: It is enacted as follows:—

Acts repealed.

I. Act XXIII of 1854 *(for the suppression of outrages in the District of Malabar in the Presidency of Fort St. George)* and Act V of 1856 *(to give effect to Act XXIII of* 1854 *from the time of its promulgation in the District of Malabar, and to extend the application thereof in future)* are hereby repealed, except as to acts done and proceedings taken before the issue of a proclamation under the provisions of Section II of this Act.

Governor in Council empowered to proclaim the whole or any part of Malabar to come under this Act.

II. It shall be lawful for the Governor in Council of Fort St. George, whenever he shall see fit, by a proclamation published in the Fort St. George Gazette, from time to time to declare the whole or any part or parts of the District of Malabar to be subject to the operation of all or any of the following provisions.

The property of Moplas convicted of outrages to be forfeited.

III. Any Mopla, who murders or attempts to murder any person or who takes part in any outrage directed by Moplas against any persons wherein murder is committed or is attempted to be committed, or is likely to be committed; and any person who shall procure or promote the commission of any such crime as aforesaid, or shall incite or encourage any other person or persons to commit the same; or who, after having committed or having been accessary to any such crime as aforesaid, shall forcibly resist any person or persons having lawful authority to apprehend him; or who shall join or assist, or incite or encourage other persons to join or assist in such resistance; shall, on conviction thereof, be liable not only to the punishment provided by law for the offence of which he may be convicted, but also to the forfeiture of all his property, of whatever kind, to Government, by the sentence of the Court by which he is tried; and whenever any person shall be killed in the act of committing any such offence as aforesaid, or being wounded and taken prisoner in the act of committing any such offence as aforesaid, shall afterwards die of his wounds, it shall be competent to the Court which would have had cognizance of the offence if the offender could have been brought to trial, to proceed, on the application of the Magistrate, to hold an inquest into the circumstances of the death of the offender; and on proof of his having been killed as aforesaid or of his having died of wounds received as aforesaid, to adjudge that the whole of his property shall be forfeited to Government.

Also the property of persons killed in committing outrages.

Immoveable property of offender alienated within 12 months from passing of this Act and before commission of offence, to be forfeited.

IV. All immoveable property of the offender which shall be alienated after the passing of this Act and before the commission of any offence specified in Section III, shall be forfeited in the same manner as if no such alienation had been made, unless the same shall have been made more than twelve months before the commission of the offence.

Bodies of offending Moplas sentenced to death or killed, may be burned or buried within the precincts of the Jail.

V. If any Mopla shall be sentenced to death for any capital offence punishable also with forfeiture of property under this Act, it shall be lawful for the Court, by which such offender is convicted, by its sentence, to direct the body of such offender to be burned or buried within the precincts of the Jail, as it shall see fit; and in like manner, if any Mopla shall be killed in the act of committing any such offence as aforesaid, or having committed any such offence as aforesaid, shall be killed in resisting a lawful attempt to apprehend him, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate to cause the body of the person so killed to be burned or buried within the precincts of the Jail, as the said Magistrate shall see fit.

Powers of Governor in Council as to the confinement or trial of persons under this Act.

VI. The Governor in Council shall have, with respect to the confinement or trial of any person charged with or suspected of an intention to commit any offence punishable under this Act, the powers which are vested in him by any law regarding the confinement or trial of persons charged with or suspected of State offences; and the provisions of any such law shall be applicable to all cases in which the Governor in Council shall proceed under the authority of this Section.

Magistrate how to act in respect to persons against whom he thinks there are grounds of proceeding.

VII. The Magistrate of the District may cause any Mopla or other person, against whom there are in his judgment grounds of proceeding under the last Section, to be apprehended, and after such enquiry as he may think necessary, may detain such Mopla or other person in safe custody, until he shall have received the orders of the Governor in Council, to whom in all such cases he shall report his proceedings without unnecessary delay.

Penalty for remaining or returning within forbidden limits.

VIII. If, with the previous consent of the Governor in Council, any person, against whom the Governor in Council shall think fit to proceed under Section VI, shall undertake, in consideration of the suspension of such proceedings, to depart within a specified period from within the limits of the Continent of India or of any part thereof, and shall in breach of his said undertaking and without the permission of the Governor in Council, remain or return within such limits, he shall be liable to be punished with imprisonment, with or without hard labor, for a period which may extend to seven years, or with fine, or both.

Levy of compensation or fine.

IX. Whenever any such outrage as is specified in Section III of this Act, the same being punishable under this Act, shall, after such proclamation as aforesaid, have been committed by any Mopla or Moplas, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate, with the sanction of the Governor in Council, to levy such sum of money as the Governor in Council shall authorize, from all the

Moplas within the umshum or the several umshums to which the perpetrator or perpetrators, or any one of such perpetrators of such outrages, shall be found to belong, or wherein any such perpetrator shall have been resident at the time of the commission of the outrage, and also within the umshum in which the outrage shall have been committed; and the said Magistrate shall assess the proportions in which the said sum shall be payable upon the several heads of families of Moplas within such umshum or umshums, according to his judgment of their respective means; and the said Magistrate shall appropriate the sum so levied as follows, that is to say, in the first place, to the compensation of the parties aggrieved by such outrages, including therein compensation to the family of any person dying by any such outrage for the pecuniary loss occasioned or likely to be occasioned by such death; and, subject to such compensation, to the use of the Government.

Penalty for Mopla inhabitants of any umshum refusing to deliver up an offender.

X. Whenever any such outrage as is specified in Section III of this Act, the same being punishable under this Act, shall have been committed by any Mopla or Moplas, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate to call upon the Mopla inhabitants of the umshum or umshums to which the perpetrator or perpetrators or any one of such perpetrators of such outrage shall be found to belong, or wherein any such perpetrator shall have been resident at the time of the commission of the outrage, or wherein any such perpetrator shall after the perpetration of any such outrage be found, to deliver up such perpetrator or perpetrators, and on the failure of such Mopla inhabitants to comply with such call so made upon them by the Magistrate, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate, with the sanction of the Governor in Council, to levy from such Mopla inhabitants, such sum of money as the Governor in Council shall authorize, as prescribed in the last preceding Section of this Act, and all sums so levied shall be appropriated in the manner prescribed in that Section.

Fines &c. how to be levied.

XI. All fines and pecuniary liabilities incurred under this Act may be levied by a Magistrate under summary process, in the same manner as the public revenue may be realized by a Collector; and no action shall lie in any Civil Court against the Magistrate in respect of any fine imposed, or any assessment made under this Act, or in respect of the levy of any portion of such fine from the person or persons upon whom the same shall have been assessed.

Parts of District may be withdrawn from the operation of the Act, and again made subject to it.

XII. It shall be lawful for the Governor in Council, by such proclamation as aforesaid, from time to time, to withdraw from the operation of the provisions of this Act any part or parts of the said District which he may previously have declared to be subject thereto; and in like manner, as occasion shall require, to subject the same part or parts again to the operation of such provisions, or of any of them.

W. Morgan,
Clerk of the Council.

The 14th May 1859.

Notification.—Edward Currie, Esquire, having resigned the Office of Legislative Councillor, and Archibald Sconce, Esquire, having been appointed by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal to be Legislative Councillor for that Lieutenant Governorship, the said Archibald Sconce, Esquire, has this day taken the Oaths and his Seat in the Legislative Council.

W. Morgan,
Clerk of the Council.

Home Department.

No. 1016.

Fort William, the 17th May 1859.

Notifications.—The following Notification by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, is re-published for general information:—

The 9th May 1859.—Under the Provisions of 16 and 17 Vic: Cap: 95, Section XXII. the Lieutenant-Governor has appointed Mr. A. Sconce, of the Bengal Civil Service, to be a Member of the Legislative Council.

No. 1017.

Mr. F. B. Drummond, of the Civil Service, was permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough, on Medical Certificate, for a period of three years commencing with the 7th March 1859.

No. 1018.

Brigadier General Sir R. Shakespear, Kt., Agent Governor General for Central India, received charge of the Malwa Opium Agency, on the 6th instant, from Captain F. J. H. Helbert, the Officiating Deputy Opium Agent.

W. Grey,
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

No. 1014.

The 13th May 1859.

The following Order of the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council, dated the 3rd March 1859, is published for general information:—

Whereas Her Majesty was pleased, by an Order in Council, passed on the twenty-fourth day

of February, one thousand eight hundred and forty-three, in pursuance of the powers vested in Her Majesty by an Act passed in the session of Parliament holden in the third and fourth years of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth intituled "An Act to regulate the Trade to China and India," to prohibit Her Majesty's subjects from resorting, for the purposes of trade and commerce, to any other ports in the dominions of the Emperor of China than those of Canton, Amoy, Foo-chow-foo, Ningpo, and Shanghae, or than might be in the occupation of Her Majesty's forces; and that any of Her Majesty's subjects committing a breach or violation of the said direction should, upon conviction thereof as therein mentioned, be liable to the penalty therein mentioned:

And whereas Her Majesty was also pleased, by another Order in Council, passed on the thirteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, (amongst other things,) to order and declare that all trade whatsoever of Her Majesty's subjects in, to, or from any part of the coast of China to the northward of the thirty-second degree of north latitude, should be unlawful, and that every party engaged in such trade as principal, agent, shipowner, ship-master or supercargo, should be liable to be apprehended, conveyed in custody, tried, and punished as therein mentioned; and further, that it should be lawful for any of the Commanders of Her Majesty's ships, or any other Officer duly authorized in that behalf, to seize any ship or vessel under the British flag which might reasonably be suspected of having been engaged, or being engaged, in trade declared to be unlawful as aforesaid, and to bring such ship or vessel, and the master, officer, supercargo, and crew thereof, to the Colony of Hong Hong, or to any other place where the Chief Superintendent of British Trade in China might, for the time being, be resident, or direct the same to be brought; and there to detain such ship or vessel, and the masters, officers, supercargo, and crew thereof until the said Chief Superintendent should have tried and determined the charges which might be brought against them, or any of them, of having been engaged in such unlawful trade as aforesaid:

And whereas, by a Treaty agreed upon and concluded between Her Majesty and the Emperor of China, and signed in the English and Chinese languages, at Tien-tsin, on the twenty-sixth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, it is amongst other things stipulated and agreed, that British subjects may travel for their pleasure, or for purposes of trade, to all parts of the interior of China, under passports which will be issued by their Consuls, and countersigned by the local authorities, and that British merchant-ships shall have authority to trade upon the great River (Yang-tze), but that the Upper and Lower Valley of the said river being disturbed by outlaws, no port shall be for the present open to trade, with the exception of Chin-kiang, which shall be opened in a year from the date of the signing of the said Treaty, and that so soon as peace shall have been restored, British subjects shall also be admitted to trade at such ports as far as Han-kow, not exceeding three in number as the Britsh Minister, after consultation with the Chinese Secretary of State, may determine shall be ports of entry and discharge. And in and by the said Treaty it is further stipulated and agreed, that in addition to the cities and towns of Canton, Amoy, Fuchow (or Foo-chow-foo), Ningpo, and Shanghae, opened by the Treaty of Nankin, British subjects may frequent the cities and ports of New-Chwang, Tang-Chow, Tai-Wan (Formosa), Chau-Chow (Shawtow), and Kiung-Chow (Hainan); that they shall be permitted to carry on trade with whomsoever they please, and to proceed to and fro at pleasure with their vessels and marchandise; and that they shall enjoy the same privileges, advantages, immunities, at the said towns and ports as as they enjoy at the ports already opened to trade, including the right of residence, of buying or renting houses, of leasing land therein, and of building churches, hospitals, and cemeteries:

And whereas it is in and by the said Treaty further stipulated and agreed, that the ratifications of the said Treaty under the hands of Her Majesty and of His Majesty the Emperor of China respectively, shall be exchanged at Pekin within a year from the day of the signature of the said Treaty:

And whereas by reason of the aforesaid stipulations of the said treaty, it is necessary to revoke the prohibitions on the trade of Her Mejesty's subjects in China, contained in the said Orders in Council of the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and forty-three, and the thirteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, respectively:

I. Now, therefore, in pursuance of the said Act of the third and fourth years of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, and in pursuance of an Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act for the better government of Her Majesty subjects resorting to China," and in execution of the powers thereby or otherwise howsoever in Her Majesty in Council vested, Her Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order, and doth hereby order, that the said several recited clauses and provisions of and in the said Orders in Council of the twenty-fourth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and forty-three, and the thirteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, respectively, and all and every other clause and provision of and in any Order in Council or Ordinance whatsoever, whereby any prohibition, restriction, punishment, penalty, or forfeiture, hath been or is imposed upon the trade of Her Majesty's subjects in China, or upon Her Majesty's subjects in respect thereof, shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

II. And it is further ordered that this Order shall commence and take effect on and from the day of the exchange of the ratifications of the said Treaty of the twenty-sixth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight.

And the Right Honorable the Earl of Malmesbury, and the Right Honorable Sir Edward Bulwer Lytton, Baronet, two of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

WM. L. BATHURST.

W. GREY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Foreign Department.

No. 2662.

Fort William, the 13th May 1859.

Notification.—The following Despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 13, dated 31st March last, and its enclosure, being a copy of an Order of Her Majesty in Council dated 3rd idem, providing for the exercise of jurisdiction over British Subjects in Japan under 6 and 7 Vic: Cap. 94, are published for general information.

By Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council.

CECIL BEADON,
Secy to the Govt of India.

(Copies)
Political, No. 13.

INDIA OFFICE,
London, the 31st March 1859.

To

HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

MY LORD,

I TRANSMIT herewith, a printed copy of an Order of Her Majesty in Council dated March 3rd, 1859, providing for the exercise of jurisdiction over British Subjects in Japan under 6 and 7 Vic. Cap. 94.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) STANLEY.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 3rd day of March, 1859.

PRESENT:

L. S.

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

Preamble.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the session of Parliament holden in the sixth and seventh years of the reign of Her Majesty, intituled "An Act to remove doubts as to the exercise of power and jurisdiction by Her Majesty within divers countries and places out of Her Majesty's dominions, and to render the same more effectual," it is, amongst other things, enacted, that it is and shall be lawful for Her Majesty to hold, exercise, and enjoy, any power or jurisdiction which Her Majesty now hath, or at any time hereafter may have, within any country or place out of Her Majesty's dominions, in the same and as ample a manner as if Her Majesty had acquired such power or jurisdiction by the cession or conquest of the territory:

6 and 7 *Vic Cap.* 94.

Treaty with Japan, signed August 26, 1858.

And whereas a Treaty of Peace, Friendship, and Commerce hath been agreed upon and concluded between Her Majesty and His Majesty the Tycoon of Japan, which was signed by the respective Plenipotentiaries of their said Majesties on the twenty-sixth day of August last: And whereas, immediately upon and from the exchange of the ratifications of the said Treaty, Her Majesty will have power and jurisdiction in the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan:

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the said Act, Her Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

Commencement of this Order.

I. This Order shall commence and take effect immediately upon and from the day of exchange of the ratifications of the said Treaty between Her Majesty and His Majesty the Tycoon of Japan.

Interpretation of terms.

II. And it is further ordered, that, in the construction of this Order, the word "Consul" shall be construed to include all and every Officer in Her Majesty's service, whether Consul-General, Consul, Vice-Consul, or Consular Agent, or person duly authorized to act in any of the aforesaid capacities in the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan, and engaged in carrying into execution the provisions of this Order; and that the terms "British ship," or "vessel," or "ship or vessel under the British flag," shall be construed to include any ship or vessel British-registered and navigated according to law; and any ship or vessel owned, or partly owned, by a person entitled by law to be an owner of a British-registered vessel; that the term "crew" shall be construed to include all persons employed in navigating any such ship or vessel; and that, wherever in this Order any word or words is or are used importing the singular number or the masculine gender only, such word or words shall, nevertheless, be construed to include several persons as well as one person, and females as well as males, unless it be otherwise specially provided, or there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction.

Power to Consuls to enforce Treaties, and to establish Rules and Regulations.

III. And it is further ordered, that the Consul in the port, place, or district in which he may reside, shall have full power and authority to carry into effect and to enforce by fine or imprisonment, as hereinafter provided, the observance of the stipulations of the said Treaty, or of the Articles for the regulation of trade appended thereto, or of any other Treaty of Treaties which may be made between Her Majesty, her heirs and successors, and the Tycoon of Japan, his heirs and successors, or of any Articles or Regulations appended thereto, and to make and enforce by fine or imprisonment, rules and regulations for the observance of the stipulations of any such Treaty, and for the peace, order, and good government of Her Majesty's subjects being within the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan.

Rules and Regulations to be exhibited in the Consular Office.

IV. And it is further ordered, that all rules and regulations made by the Consul as aforesaid shall forthwith be printed, and a copy of the same shall be affixed, and kept affixed and exhibited, in some conspicuous place in the public office of the said Consul; and printed copies of the said rules and regulations shall be provided by the Consul, and sold at a price not exceeding one dollar for each copy; and for the purpose of convicting any person offending against the said rules and regulations, and for all other purposes of law whatsoever, a printed copy of the said rules and regulations, certified under the hand of the said Consul to be a true copy thereof, shall be taken as conclusive evidence of such rules and regulations; and no penalty shall be incurred, or shall be enforced, for the breach of any such rules or regulations, until the same shall have been so affixed and exhibited for one calendar month in the public office of the Consular district within which the breach of such rules or regulations shall be alleged to have been committed: Provided always, that no rule or regulation to be hereafter made by any of Her Majesty's Consuls, and to be enforced by a penalty, shall take effect until it has been submitted and approved of by the Consul-General, and has thereupon

been printed, and a copy of the same has been affixed and exhibited as aforesaid for one calendar month, in the public office of the Consular district.

Proceedings for enforcement of Treaties, and of Rules and Regulations for the observance thereof.

V. And it is further ordered, that it shall be lawful for the Consul, upon information or upon the complaint of any party, that a British subject has violated any of the stipulations of any Treaty between Her Majesty and the Tycoon of Japan, or has disregarded or infringed any of the rules and regulations for the observance of the stipulations of any such Treaty, affixed and exhibited according to the provisions of the next preceding Article of this Order, to summon before him the accused party, and to receive evidence and examine witnesses as to the guilt or innocence of such party, in regard to the offence laid to his charge, and to award such penalty of fine or imprisonment to any party convicted of any offence against any such Treaty, or against any such rules and regulations which may be specified in any such Treaty, or in any such rules and regulations; and any charge against a British subject for a breach of any Treaty, or for a breach of the rules and regulations for the observance of any such Treaty, shall be heard and determined by the Consul without assessors: Provided always, that in no case shall the penalty to be attached to a breach of any such rules and regulations exceed five hundred dollars, or three months' imprisonment.

Proceedings for enforcement of Rules and Regulations other than those for the observance thereof.

VI. And it is further ordered, that any charge against a British subject for a breach of any rules and regulations other than those relating to the observance of Treatics, shall in like manner be heard and determined by the Consul, and in all cases in which the penalty shall not exceed two hundred dollars, or one month's imprisonment, the Consul shall hear and determine the charge summarily without the aid of assessors; but where the penalty attached to a breach of any rules and regulations other than those relating to the observance of Treatics, shall amount to more than two hundred dollars, or to imprisonment for more than one month, it shall be obligatory upon the Consul, before he shall proceed to hear the charge, to summon two British subjects of good repute, residing within his district, to sit with him as assessors, which assessors shall, however, have no authority to decide on the innocence or guilt of the party accused, or on the amount of fine or imprisonment to be awarded to him on conviction, but it shall rest with the Consul to decide on the guilt or innocence of the party accused, and on the amount of fine or imprisonment to be awarded to him: Provided always, that in no case shall the penalty to be attached to a breach of rules and regulations other than those for the observance of Treaties, exceed five hundred dollars, or three months' imprisonement; and provided further, that in the event of the said assessors, or either of them, dissenting from the conviction of the party accused, or from the penalty of fine or imprisonment awarded to him by the Consul, the Consul shall take a note of such dissent, with the grounds thereof, and shall require good and sufficient security for the appearance of the party convicted, at a future time, in order to undergo his sentence or receive his discharge; and the Consul shall, within twenty days, report his decision, with all the particulars of the case, together with the dissent of the assessors or either of them, and the grounds thereof, to Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs; and Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs shall have authority to confirm or vary, or reverse, the decision of the Consul, as to him may seem fit: Provided always, that if an appeal shall be entered against the decision of the Consul, no such report shall be made to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs on the ground of the dissent of the assessors, or either of them, but the appeal shall be prosecuted in the manner hereinafter ordered.

Revision of Decisions of subordinate Consular Officers.

VII. And it is further ordered, that in any question relating to the observance of Treaties, or of the rules and regulations for the observance of Treaties, or of rules and regulations other than those for the observance of Treaties, a report of any and every decision made by a subordinate Consular Officer, with or without the aid of assessors, shall be sent in to the superior Consular Officer of the district, and that on the receipt of such report, the superior Consular Officer of such district shall proceed, without assessors, to revise such decision as to him may seem fit, and such revision shall have for the purposes of this Order, the same effect as if the case had been originally heard and determined by such superior Consular Officer, with or without the aid of assessors: Provided always, that in any case in which the assessors or either of them shall dissent from a decision of a subordinate Consular Officer, such decision shall not be subject to revision by the superior Consular Officer, but in the event of no appeal being entered as aforesaid, shall be submitted to Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs for revision, in the same manner as if such decision had been originally made by the superior Consular Officer.

Appeal against convictions for breach of Treaties or of Rules and Regulations.

VIII. And it is further ordered, that any party tried and convicted before a Consul for a breach of any Treaty between Her Majesty and the Tycoon of Japan, or for a breach of rules and regulations for the observance of any such Treaty, or for a breach of rules and regulations other than those relating to the observance of Treaties, may appeal, after sentence given by such Consul, to the Consul-General, who shall have power to confirm or vary, or reverse, such sentence, as to the Consul-General may seem fit, and to adjudge the expenses of such appeal, and from whose decision there shall be no further appeal; and upon notice given of such appeal, which notice must be given to the Consul in writing, signed by the party appealing within fifteen days after the conviction, the Consul shall be entitled to require reasonable security from the party so appealing, which security shall, in part, consist of one or two sufficient sureties to be approved by the Consul, to the intent that, if the Consul-General should confirm or vary the sentence passed by the Consul, the appellant shall submit to such sentence and likewise pay what shall be adjudged by the Consul-General for expenses: Provided always, that the Consul shall forthwith report such appeal, and transmit a copy of the proceedings of such trial to the Consul-General; and the party appealing against the sentence of the Consul shall be required to prosecute his appeal before the Consul-General within such time as shall be, by the Consul, with the approval of the Consul-General, assigned for the prosecution of such appeal; and if the party appealing shall not duly prosecute his appeal within such time as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Consul to enforce his sentence in the same manner as if such appeal had not been interposed.

Proceedings against offenders escaping from one Consular district to another.

IX. And it is further ordered, that if any party charged with an offence committed against such Treaties, or such rules and regulations as aforesaid, shall escape or remove from the Consular district within which his offence was committed, and shall be found within another Consular district, it shall be lawful for the Consul within whose district such party shall be found, to proceed against him in the same manner as if the offence had been committed within such last-mentioned district.

X. And it is further ordered, that it shall be lawful for the Consul of the district within which the party sued shall be found, to hear and determine any suit of a civil nature against a British subject, arising within any part of the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan, whether such suit be instituted by a subject of the Tycoon of Japan, or by a subject or citizen or a foreign State in amity with Her Majesty; and if any party in such suit shall be dissatisfied with the decision given by such Consul, it shall be lawful for such party, within fifteen days after such decision, to give to the Consul notice of appeal to the Consul-General; whereupon the Consul shall, with as little delay as possible, transmit all the documents which were produced before him, and none other, together with a statement of the grounds on which he has formed his decision, to the Consul-General, and shall forthwith notify to the several parties the transmission thereof; and, saving the provision contained in Article XV of this Order, the Consul-General shall decide on such documents and on such statement, and shall communicate his decision to the Consul, who shall forthwith proceed to carry the same into execution, and against such decision of the Consul-General there shall be no appeal: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Consul to require from any party appealing to the Consul-General reasonable security, which shall consist in part of one or two sufficient sureties to be approved by the Consul, that such party shall abide by the decision to be given by the said Consul-General.

Consuls empowered, subject to appeal, to hear civil suits, in which British subjects are defendants and Japanese, or subjects of other Powers, plaintiffs.

XI. And it is further ordered, that it shall be lawful for the Consul of the district within which the party sued shall be found, in like manner to hear and determine any suit of a Civil nature arising within any part of the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan, instituted by a British subject against a subject of the Tycoon of Japan, or against a subject or citizen of a foreign State in amity with Her Majesty, provided the defendant in such suit shall consent to submit to his jurisdiction, and give sufficient security that he will abide by the decision of the Consul, or, in case of appeal, by that of the Consul-General, and will pay such expenses as the Consul or Consul-General shall adjudge; and if any party in such suit shall be dissatisfied with the decision given by such Consul, it shall be lawful for such party, within fifteen days after such decision, to give to the Consul notice of appeal to the Consul-General, and the proceedings in every such suit or in any appeal arising therefrom, shall be conformable to and under the same conditions as the proceedings in a suit or in an appeal arising therefrom, in which a British subject is defendant, and a subject of the Tycoon of Japan, or a subject or citizen of a foreign State in amity with Her Majesty, is plaintiff.

Consuls empowered, subject to appeal, to hear civil suits in which British subjects are plaintiffs and Japanese, or subjects of other Powers, defendants.

XII. And it is further ordered, that in the event of any suit of a Civil nature arising between British subjects within the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan, it shall be lawful, upon the application of any party to such suit, for the Consul of the district within which the party sued shall be found, to hear and determine such suit, subject to an appeal to the Supreme Court of the Colony of Hong Kong; and every such appeal shall be made and conducted in the same manner and form, and under the same conditions, as in cases in which the defendant only is a British subject.

Consuls empowered, subject to appeal, in certain cases, to hear civil suits between British subjects.

XIII. And it is further ordered, that it shall be lawful for any of Her Majesty's Consuls before whom any suit whatever of a Civil nature is brought for decision, to summon two, and not more than four, British subjects, of good repute, residing within his district, to sit with him as assessors at the hearing of such suit, and in case the sum sought to be recovered shall exceed five hundred dollars such suit shall not be heard by the Consul without assessors, if within a reasonable time such assessors can be procured; and the assessors aforesaid shall have no authority to decide on the merits of such suit, but in the event of such assessors, or any of them, dissenting from the decision of the Consul, the Consul shall enter the fact of such dissent, and the grounds thereof, in the minutes of the proceedings, and in case of appeal shall transmit the same to the Consul-General, together with the documents relating to the suit.

Assessors in civil suits.

XIV. And it is furthered ordered, that in an appeal to the Consul-General from the decision of a Consul, it shall not be open to any party to adduce any further evidence than that which had been laid before the Consul; and that a party shall not be required to appear personally to prosecute an appeal, or support a sentence: Provided always, that in all appeals from the decision of a Consul, it shall be lawful for a party to allege facts essential to the issue of the suit which have come to his knowledge subsequently to the decision of the Consul, and to produce evidence in support of such facts, and provided also that it shall, moreover, be lawful for the said Consul-General to admit any further legal evidence besides that adduced before the Consul, on its being established, to the satisfaction of the Consul-General, by oath or affidavit, that the party desiring to produce such further evidence was ignorant of the existence of such evidence, or was taken by surprise at the hearing before the Consul, or was unable to produce it before the Consul, after due and reasonable diligence and exertion on his part in that behalf, or where, under the particular circumstances of the case, it shall appear to the said Consul-General that further evidence ought to be received.

Evidence to be adduced on hearing of appeals.

XV. And it is further ordered, that the Consul shall have power in a Civil suit to examine on oath, or in such form and with such ceremonies as the witness may declare to be binding on his conscience, any witness who may appear before him, and shall have power, on the application of any party in such suit, to issue a compulsory order for the attendance of any person being a British subject who may be competent to give evidence in such suit; and any British subject having been duly served with any such compulsory order, and with a reasonable notice of the day of the hearing of such suit, and upon his expenses of appearing as a witness having been paid or tendered to him by the party at whose application he shall have been ordered to attend, shall, on his wilful default to appear as a witness at the hearing of such suit, be punished with a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars or with imprisonment for a period not exceeding thirty days, at the discretion of the said Consul; and every witness, being a British subject, so examined as aforesaid, in case of wilful false testimony, may, by the said Consul, be convicted of and punished for the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury.

Examination of witnesses.

XVI. And it is further ordered, that it shall be lawful for the Consul to promote the settlement of a suit or contention by amicable agreement between the parties, and, with the consent of the several parties, to refer the decision of a suit or contention to one or more arbitrators, and to take security from the parties that they will be bound by the result of such; and the award of such arbitrator or arbitrators shall be, to all intents and purposes, deemed and taken to be a judgment or sentence of the Consul in such suit or contention, and shall be entered and recorded as such, and shall have the like effect and operation, and shall be enforced accordingly, and shall not be subject to any appeal.

Settlement of suits by agreement or arbitration.

Trial of crimes committed by British subjects.

XVII. And it is further ordered, that it shall be lawful for any of Her Majesty's Consuls to cause to be apprehended and brought before him any British subject who may be charged with having committed any crime or offence within the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan, or on board of any Japanese ship or vessel within the said dominions; and such Consul shall thereupon proceed, with all convenient speed, to inquire concerning the same, and for such purpose shall have power to examine on oath, or in such form and with such ceremonies as the witness shall declare to be binding on his conscience, any witness who may appear before him to substantiate such charge; and shall have power to compel any person, being a British subject, who may be competent to give evidence as to the guilt or innocence of the party so charged, to appear and give evidence, and to punish the wilful default of any such person to appear and give evidence, after reasonable notice of the day of the hearing of such charge, by fine or imprisonment, in like manner as provided in Article XV of this Order; and shall examine every such witness in the presence and hearing of the party accused, and afford the accused party all reasonable facility for cross-examining such witness, and shall cause the deposition of every such witness to be reduced to writing, and the same to be read over, and, if necessary, explained to the party accused, together with any other evidence that may have been given against him during the course of the inquiry; and shall require such accused party to defend himself against the charge brought against him, and, if necessary, advise him of the legal effect of any voluntary confession; and shall take, in like manner, the evidence of any witness whom the accused party may tender to be examined in his defence; and every witness, being a British subject, so examined as aforesaid, in case of wilful false testimony, may by the said Consul be convicted and punished for the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury; and when the case has been fully inquired into, and the innocence or guilt of the person accused established to the satisfaction of the Consul, the Consul as the case may be, shall either discharge the party accused from custody if satisfied of his innocence, or proceed to pass sentence on him if satisfied of his guilt; and it shall be lawful for any Consul, having inquired into, tried, and determined, in the manner aforesaid, any charge which may be brought before him, to award to the party convicted any amount of punishment not exceeding imprisonment for one month, or a fine of two hundred dollars.

Assessors on the trial of crimes committed by British subjects.

XVIII. And it is further ordered, that if the crime or offence whereof any person, being a British subject, may be accused before any of Her Majesty's Consuls as aforesaid, shall appear to such Consul to be of such a nature as, if proved, would not be adequately punished by the infliction of such punishment as aforesaid it shall be lawful for such Consul to summon, two or not more than four, British subjects of good repute, residing within his district, to sit with him as assessors for inquiring into, trying, and determining the charge against such person; and the Consul who shall try any such charge with the assistance of assessors as aforesaid, shall, if he is himself convinced of the guilt of the party accused, have power to award any amount of punishment not exceeding imprisonment for twelve months or a fine of one thousand dollars, and the assessors aforesaid shall have no authority to decide on the innocence or guilt of the party accused, or on the amount of punishment to be awarded to him on conviction; but in the event of the said assessors, or any of them, dissenting from the said conviction of, or from the amount of punishment awarded to, the accused party, the said assessors or any of them shall be authorized to record in the minutes of the proceedings the grounds on which the said assessors or any of them may so dissent, and the Consul shall forthwith report to the Consul-General the fact that such dissent has been so recorded in the minutes of the proceedings, and shall as soon as possible lay before the Consul-General copies of the whole of the depositions and proceedings, with the dissent of the assessor or assessors recorded therein; and it shall be lawful thereupon for the Consul-General, by warrant under his hand and seal, addressed to the Consul by whom the case was heard and determined, to confirm or vary, or remit altogether, as to the Consul-General may seem fit, the punishment awarded to the party accused, and such Consul shall give immediate effect to the injunction of any such warrant.

Consuls may award deportations on second conviction.

XIX. And in order more effectually to repress crimes and offences on the part of British subjects within the the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan, it is further ordered, that it shall and may be lawful for any of Her Majesty's Consuls to cause any British subject who shall have been twice convicted before him of any crime or offence, and punished for the same, and who after execution of the sentence of the Consul on any second conviction shall not be able to find good and sufficient security to the satisfaction of the Consul for his future good behaviour, to be sent out of the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan; and to this end any such Consul as aforesaid shall have power and authority, as soon as may be practicable after execution of the sentence on such second conviction, to send any such twice-convicted party out of the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan; if a native of the territories formerly administered by the East India Company to some port of the said territories; and if such party is not a native of such territories, to England; and meanwhile to detain him in custody, until a suitable opportunity for sending him out of the said dominions shall occur: and any person so to be sent out of the said dominions as aforesaid shall be embarked in custody on board one of Her Majesty's vessels of war, or, if there should be no such vessel of war available for such purpose, then on board any British ship or vessel bound to any such port as aforesaid or to England; and it shall be lawful for the commander of any of Her Majesty's ships of war, or of any British ship or vessel bound to any such port as aforesaid, or to England, to receive any such person as aforesaid under a warrant from the Consul to him addressed, and thereupon to convey him in custody to any such port as aforesaid or to England, in the same manner as if he were a distressed British subject, unless he shall be willing and able himself to defray the expenses of his passage.

Consuls may, in certain cases, award deportation on just conviction.

XX. And it is further ordered, that in any case in which any British subject shall be accused before any of Her Majesty's Consuls of the crime of arson, or housebreaking, or cutting or maiming, or stabbing or wounding, or of any assault endangering life, or of causing any bodily injury dangerous to life, the proceedings before the Consul shall be carried on with the aid of assessors, convened in the manner aforesaid; and it shall be lawful for the Consul, if to him shall seem fit, to cause any person convicted before him of any of the crimes aforesaid, over and above any fine or imprisonment which may be awarded to such person, to be sent out of the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan, and to any such port as aforesaid, or to England, in the manner pointed out in the next preceding Article of this Order, notwithstanding the crime laid to the charge of such person may be the first of which he has been convicted before the Consul.

Consuls may require British subjects to give security to keep the peace.

XXI. And it is further ordered that it shall be lawful for any of Her Majesty's Consuls within the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan, upon information laid before him by one or more credible witnesses, upon oath, that there is reasonable ground to apprehend that any British subject is about to commit a breach

of the public peace, to cause such British subject to be brought before him, and to require such British subject to give sufficient security to keep the peace; and, in the event of any such British subject being convicted of, and punished for, a breach of the peace, to cause such British subject, after he shall have undergone the punishment which may be awarded to him by the Consul, to find security for his future good behaviour; and, in the event of any British subject who may be required, as aforesaid, to give security to keep the peace, or to find security for his good behaviour, being unable or wilfully omitting to do so, then, and in every such case, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty's Consul to send such British subjects out of the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan, and to any such port as aforesaid, or to England, in the manner pointed out in Article XIX. of this Order.

Consuls to report deportations to who may send the deported person to England, or vary or remit his punishment.

XXII. And it is further ordered that, in all cases in which a British subject shall have been sent out of the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan to any such port as aforesaid, or to England, as provided in Articles XIX, XX, and XXI of this Order, the Consul sending him out shall forthwith report such act of deportation, with the grounds of his decision, to Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, or in a case where the party so deported is a native of the aforesaid territories, to the Governor General of India.

Revision of sentences of subordinate Consular Officer in criminal cases.

XXIII. And it is further ordered that a report of every sentence passed by a subordinate Consular Officer in the matters referred to in Articles XVII, XVIII, XIX, XX, and XXI of this Order, and awarding a fine exceeding twenty dollars, or imprisonment for more than ten days, shall be sent in to the superior Consular Officer of the district; and on the receipt of such report, such superior Consular Officer shall proceed, without assessors, to revise such sentence as to him may seem fit; and if the sentence should have been pronounced by the subordinate Consular Officer, without assessors, or with the concurrence of assessors, then the decision pronounced by the superior Consular Officer, on revision of the proceedings, shall be final; but if the sentence of the subordinate Consular Officer shall have been pronounced, with dissent on the part of the assessors, or of any of them, then the superior Consular Officer shall not proceed to revise such sentence, but shall submit the whole proceedings to the Consul-General in the same manner as if the case had been originally heard and decided by the superior Consular Officer with dissent on the part of the assessors, or any of them.

Persons sentenced by Consuls may be sent to Hong Kong for imprisonment.

XXIV. And it is further ordered, that it shall be lawful for any of Her Majesty's Consuls to send any person sentenced to imprisonment under this Order, at any time while such sentence of imprisonment is in the course of execution, to Hong Kong, in any of Her Majesty's ships of war, or in any British ship or vessel, to undergo his term of imprisonment in any jail in Hong Kong, and it shall be lawful for the commander of any of Her Majesty's ships of war, or of any British ship or vessel, to receive any such person on board, with a copy of such sentence and a warrant from the Consul for its due execution, addressed to the Chief Magistrate of Police of the said Colony of Hong Kong, and thereupon to convey him in custody to Hong Kong, and on his arrival there, to deliver him with the said copy of such sentence and warrant, into the custody of the said Chief Magistrate of Police, or other Officer of Her Majesty within the said Colony, lawfully acting as such, who, on the receipt of the said warrant, and of the person therein named, shall be authorized to commit, and shall commit, such person to any jail of the said Colony; and such sentence shall be enforced to execution in the said common jail in the same manner as if the sentence had been awarded by the Supreme Court of the said Colony.

Consuls may promote reconcilement in cases of assault.

XXV. And it is further ordered, that in cases of assault not coming within the the terms of Article XX of this Order, it shall be lawful for the Consul before whom complaint is made, to promote reconciliation between the parties and to suffer compensation and amends to be made, and the proceedings thereby to be stayed.

Definition of crimes and offences and misdemeanours.

XXVI. And it is further ordered, that save and except as regards offences committed by British subjects against the stipulations of Treaties between Her Majesty and the Tycoon of Japan, or against rules and regulations for the observance of the stipulations of such Treaties, duly affixed and exhibited according to the provisions of Article IV of this Order, or against rules and regulations for the peace, order, and good government of Her Majesty's subjects being within the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan, duly exhibited and affixed as aforesaid, and save and except as regards the offence of engaging in trade, declared in Article XXIII of this Order to be unlawful, no act done by a British subject being within the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan shall be deemed and taken to be a crime, or misdemeanour, or offence, rendering the person committing it liable to punishment, which, if done within that part of Her Majesty's dominions called England, would not, by a Court of Justice having criminal jurisdiction in England, have been deemed and taken to be a crime or misdemeanour, or offence, rendering the person so committing it, liable to punishment.

XXVII. And it is further ordered, that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty's Consul to cause any British subject charged with the commission of any crime or offence, the cognizance whereof may at any time appertain to him, to be sent in any of Her Majesty's ships of war, or in any British vessel, to Hong Kong, for trial before the Supreme Court of the said Colony; and it shall be lawful for the commander of any of Her Majesty's ships of war, or of any British vessel, to receive any such person on board, with a warrant from the said Consul, addressed to the Chief Magistrate of Police of the said Colony, and thereupon, to convey him in custody to Hong Kong, and on his arrival there to deliver him, with the said warrant, into the custody of the said Chief Magistrate of Police, or other Officer within the said Colony lawfully acting as such, who, on the receipt of the said warrant, and of the party therein named, shall be authorized to commit, and shall commit, such party so sent for trial to any jail of or in the said Colony, and it shall be lawful for the keeper of the said jail to cause such party to be detained in safe and proper custody, and to be produced upon the order of the said Supreme Court; and the Supreme Court at the sessions to be next holden shall proceed to hear and determine the charge against such party in the same manner as if the crime with which he may be charged had been committed within the Colony of Hong Kong.

And it is further ordered, that Her Majesty's Consul on any occasion of sending a prisoner to Hong Kong for trial, shall observe the provisions made with regard to prisoners sent for trial to a British Colony in an Act passed in the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to remove doubts as to the exercise of power and jurisdiction by Her Majesty within divers countries and places out of Her Majesty's dominions, and to render the same more effectual."

XXVIII. And it is further ordered, that the Supreme Court of the Colony of Hong Kong shall have, and may exercise concurrently with Her Majesty's Consul, authority and jurisdiction in regard to all suits of a Civil nature between British subjects arising within any parts of the dominions of the Emperor

of Japan: Provided always, that the said Supreme Court shall not be bound, unless in a fit case it shall deem it right so to do, by writ of "certiorari" or otherwise, to debar or prohibit the Consul from hearing and determining, pursuant to the provisions of the several Articles of this Order, any suit of a Civil nature between British subjects, or to stay the proceedings of the Consul in any such matter.

Minutes of proceedings before Consuls to be drawn up and preserved.

XXIX. And it is further ordered, that a minute of the proceedings in every case heard and determined before a Consul, in pursuance of this Order, shall be drawn up and signed by the Consul, and shall, in cases when assessors are present, be open for the inspection of such assessors, and for their signature if they shall concur therein; and such minute, together with the depositions of the witnesses, shall be preserved in the public office of the said Consul, and a copy of every such minute and of such depositions shall, if the Consul-General see fit to require them, be transmitted by the Consul to the said Consul-General.

Trade of British subjects in contravention of Treaty with Japan declared unlawful and punishable.

XXX. And whereas it is stipulated in and by the said Treaty agreed upon and concluded between Her Majesty and His said Majesty the Tycoon of Japan as aforesaid, that the ports and towns of Hakodaki, Kanagawa, and Nagasaki, shall be opened to British subjects on the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, and that, in addition thereto, the following ports and towns shall be opened to them at the dates thereinafter and hereinafter specified, that is to say, Nee-e-gata, or if Nee-e-gata be found unsuitable as a harbour, another convenient port on the west coast of Nipou, on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, and Hiogo on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three:

Now it is hereby further ordered, that all trade whatsoever of Her Majesty's subjects in, to, or from any part of the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan, excepting the ports and towns aforesaid, and all trade whatsoever of Her Majesty's subjects in, to, or from any of the ports and towns aforesaid, before the respective days and times specified in the said Treaty as aforesaid, shall be and the same is hereby declared to be unlawful, and every person engaged in such trade as a principal, agent, shipowner, shipmaster, or supercargo, shall be liable to be apprehended by any of Her Majesty's Consuls, and shall, when so apprehended, be sent by him to Jeddo, in any of Her Majesty's ships of war, or in any British ship or vessel, for trial before the Consul-General. And it shall be lawful for the commander of Her Majesty's ships of war, or of any British ship or vessel, to receive any such person on board under a warrant from the said Consul addressed to the Consul-General, and thereupon to convey him in custody to Jeddo, and, on his arrival there to deliver him, with the said warrant, into the custody of the said Consul-General, who, on the receipt of the said warrant and the person therein named, shall be authorized to commit, and shall commit, the person so sent for trial, and detain, or cause him to be detained, in any place of safe custody at Jeddo, and the Consul-General shall forthwith proceed to hear and determine the charge against such person, and such person shall, upon conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years.

Vessels and persons engaged in unlawful trade may be seized and sent for trial.

XXXI. And it is further ordered, that it shall be lawful for any of the commanders of Her Majesty's ships, or any other Officer duly authorized in that behalf, to seize any ship or vessel under the British flag which may reasonably be suspected of having been engaged, or of being engaged, in any trade declared by the next preceding Article of this Order to be illegal, and to bring such ship or vessel, and the master, officers, supercargo, and crew thereof to Jeddo, and there to detain such ship or vessel, and the master, officers, supercargo, and crew thereof, until the said Consul-General shall have tried and determined the charge which may be brought against them, or any of them, in respect of such unlawful trade as aforesaid.

Enforcement of fines and penalties.

XXXII. And it is further ordered, that all fines and penalties imposed by or under this Order may be enforced and levied by distress and seizure, and sale of ships, and goods, and chattels, and no bill of sale, mortgage, or transfer of any property whatsoever, made after the apprehension of any person for any offence against, or cognizable under any of the provisions of this Order, or with a view to security or indemnity against any such offence to be thereafter committed, shall be of any force or avail whatsoever to defeat or affect the operation of any of the provisions of this Order.

Rules of practice, and regulations for the expenses of witnesses, and rates of fees in civil suits to be established.

XXXIII. And it is further ordered that it shall be lawful for the Consul-General from time to time to establish rules of practice to be observed in proceedings before the said Consul, and to make regulations for defraying the expenses of witnesses in such proceedings, and the costs of criminal prosecutions, and also to establish rates of fees to be taken in regard to Civil suits heard and determined before the said Consul, and it shall be lawful for the said Consul to enforce by distress and seizure and sale of goods, or if there be no goods by imprisonment, the payment of such established fees, and of such expenses as may be adjudged against the parties or any of them: Provided always, that a Table specifying the rates of fees to be so taken shall be affixed and kept exhibited in the public office of the said Consul.

Appropriation of fees, penalties, &c.

XXXIV. And it is further ordered, that all fees, penalties, fines, and forfeitures, levied under this Order, save and except such penalties as may by Treaty be payable to the Japanese Government, shall be paid to the public account, and be applied in diminution of the public expenditure on account of the Consular establishment in Japan: Provided always, that in the event of the Japanese authorities declining to receive any fine payable to the Japanese Government as aforesaid, the same shall be paid to the public account and applied in the manner last mentioned.

Consuls may grant probate, and administer to intestate estates.

XXXV. And it is further ordered, that it shall be lawful for any of Her Majesty's Consuls to grant probate of the will, or letters of administration of the intestate estate, of a British subject deceased and leaving property within the limits of the district within which such Consul shall exercise authority; and in the case of a party so deceased, either leaving a will or intestate, it shall be lawful for the Consul, provided that probate of the will, or letters of administration to the estate of the party deceased, shall not have been applied for within thirty days by any person lawfully entitled thereto, to administer to such estate, and to reserve to himself, out of the proceeds of such estate, a commission not exceeding two and a-half per centum on such proceeds.

Register of British subjects to be kept.

XXXVI. And it is further ordered, that a register shall be kept by each and every of Her Majesty's Consuls, of all British subjects residing within the ports, places, or districts of Japan within his jurisdiction; and that every British subject now residing within the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan shall, within a reasonable time after the commencement and taking effect of this Order, to be specified in a notice to be affixed and publicly exhibited in the Consular Office, apply to the Consul of the district to be enrolled

in such register; and every British subject who may arrive within the said dominions, save and except any British subject who may be borne on the muster-roll of any British ship or vessel arriving in a port of Japan, shall, within a reasonable time after his arrival, to be specified as aforesaid, apply to the Consul of the district to be enrolled in such register; and any British subject who shall refuse or neglect to make application so to be enrolled, and who shall not be able to excuse, to the satisfaction of the said Consul, such his refusal or neglect, shall not be entitled to be recognized or protected as a British subject in any difficulties or suits whatsoever in which he may be involved in the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan, within the time during which he shall not have been so enrolled.

Consuls may exercise powers of justice of the peace for enforcement of Acts relating to seamen and mercantile marine.

XXXVII. And it it further ordered, that the Consul within his Consular district may exercise any of the powers which by any Acts of the Imperial Parliament, now enacted or hereafter to be enacted, for the regulation of merchant seamen, or for the regulation of the mercantile marine, may be exercised by one or more justices of the peace within Her Majesty's dominions.

Consuls in Japan may perform all acts which may be performed by British Consuls elsewhere.

XXXVIII. And it is further ordered, that nothing in this Order contained shall be taken or construed to preclude a British Consul within the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan from performing any act of administration or jurisdiction, or other act, which British Consuls within other States in amity with Her Majesty are, by law, usage, or sufferance, enabled to perform.

Limitation of actions and suits.

XXXIX. And it is further ordered, that any suit or action brought against any person by reason of anything done under the authority and in execution of the power or jurisdiction of Her Majesty, entrusted to him by this Order, or in execution of any of the provisions of this Order, shall be commenced within six calendar months after the fact committed, and not otherwise; and the defendant in every such action or suit shall be entitled to the benefit of the provisions made with respect to defendants in actions or suits in an Act passed in the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, entitled "An Act to remove doubts as to the exercise of power and jurisdiction by Her Majesty, within divers countries and places out of Her Majesty's dominions, and to render the same more effectual."

And the Right Honourable the Earl of Malmesbury, and the Right Honourable Sir Edward Bulwer Lytton, Bart., two of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

WM. L. BATHURST.

(True Copy)

C. BEADON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 2702.

Fort William, the 17th May 1859.

The services of Captain T. J. H. Keyes, Assistant Commissioner in the Punjab, are placed at the disposal of the Public Works Department, Government of India.

No. 2793.

Major P. A. P. Bouverie, Political Agent at Bhurtpore, received charge of the Agency from Captain J. P. Nixon, on the 5th instant.

No. 2794.

Brigadier General Sir R. Shakespear, Kt., made over charge of the Baroda Residency to Dr. Stratton, Officiating Assistant, on the 1st instant.

No. 2795.

Brigadier General Sir R. Shakespear, Kt., assumed charge of the Central India Agency on the 6th instant.

No. 2796.

Mr. W. A. Wilson, Assistant Revenue Surveyor in Nagpore, has obtained leave of absence on private affairs for six months, from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 2797.

Mr. G. Hough, Assistant Commissioner at Rangoon, has obtained privilege leave for two months, from the 27th ultimo.

No. 2298.

Lalla Jumna Doss, Extra Assistant Nagpore, obtained leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, from the 5th to the 20th October last.

No. 2709.

Captain Dangerfield, Officiating Deputy Commissioner at Tonghoo, has obtained privilege leave from the 29th March to the 10th instant.

CECIL BEADON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Financial Department.

Fort William, the 16th May 1859.

No. 40.

Notification.—Notice is hereby given, that the Salaries, Pay, Batta and Allowances of the Civil, Military and Marine Departments for the month of May 1859, will be payable as under:—

Military and Marine Departments, on Thursday the 9th proximo.

Civil Department, on Tuesday the 14th proximo.

Fort William, the 17th May 1859.

No. 41.

Notification.—Baboo Govin Chunder Dutt, Assistant, Sub-Treasurer, Fort William, is temporarily appointed an Additional Assistant Accountant General to the Government of India. Mr. J. H. Rostan will officiate as Assistant Sub-Treasurer while Baboo Govin Chunder Dutt is so employed, or until further orders.

By Order of His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

C. HUGH LUSHINGTON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, 14th May 1859.

No. 687 *of* 1859.—The following Notification, issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal, is published in General Orders :—

The 10th May 1859.—Lieutenant C.T. Hitchins to officiate as Commandant of the 7th Bengal Police Battalion, until the arrival of Captain Fagan.

No. 688 *of* 1859.—The following Notification, issued by the Government North Western Provinces, is published in General Orders :—

No. 1654 *A, dated 7th May* 1859.—Notification. —Assistant Surgeon Richard Southby Otto Thring, M. D., having resigned his appointment of Civil Surgeon of Meerut, his services are accordingly placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 689 *of* 1859.—With reference to Government General Order, No. 433, of the 15th March 1858, the services of Captain J. R. Pughe, of the 47th Regiment Native Infantry, are replaced at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal.

No. 690 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe. on furlough, on private affairs.

Assistant Surgeon George Richard Pemberton, M. D., Civil, Mirzapore ...	For six months under the new Regulations.

No. 691 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate.

Lieutenant Thomas Nicholls Walker, of the Second European Bengal Fusiliers ...	For eighteen months under the new Regulations.
Lieutenant Henry Grant Young, of the Regiment of Artillery	For fifteen months under the new Regulations.

Fort William, 16th May 1859.

No. 692 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on urgent private affairs.

Lieutenant and Brevet Captain John Lamb, of the 29th Regiment Native Infantry ...	For six months without pay.

No. 693 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Non-Commissioned Officer, who was pronounced by the Invaliding Committee to be unfit for further duty, is admitted to pension, as specified opposite to his name, under the provisions of General Order of the 5th February 1820, with permission to reside in India, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India :

Bugle Major John Rowder, of the 2nd Artillery Company, European Invalid Battalion.	(30) Thirty Rupees per month.

No. 694 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate.

Captain and Brevet Major John William Carnegie, of the 15th Regiment Native Infantry, Deputy Commissioner in Oude	For fifteen months under the new Regulations.

No. 695 *of* 1859.—The services of Captain J. F. Tennant, of the Corps of Engineers, attached to the Great Trigonometrical Survey, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Fort Saint George.

No. 696 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned individual is admitted to pension, as specified opposite to his name, under the provisions of Minutes of Council of the 11th January 1797 and General Order of the 5th February 1820, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India :

Rough Rider Edmond Jennings, of the 1st Troop 1st Brigade Horse Artillery...	One shilling per diem, payable in Europe.

No. 697 *of* 1859.—The following paragraphs of a Military letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 115, dated 7th April 1859, are published for general information :—

Para. 1.—The under-mentioned Officers have been permitted to return to their duty, *viz.* :—

Major-General George Warren.

Major A. Fytche.

Captain G. B. Malleson.

„ H. A. Cockburn, in May.

Lieutenant C. E. Bates.

„ B. Cuppage.

„ H. B. Urmston.

„ J. F. Elton.

Assistant Surgeon H. L. Boyle.

„ „ P. W. Sutherland.

„ „ J. Fayrer.

„ „ C. Plank.

2. The under-mentioned Officers have been granted extensions of leave for the periods specified, *viz* :—

Captain H. Garden	...	3 Months.
„ G. Gaynor	...	6 Months.
„ T. E. Kennion	...	
„ A. P. C. Elliot	...	
Lieutenant T. S. Roberts	...	3 Months.
„ A. Callander	...	6 Months.
„ J. Park	...	
„ St. G. Tucker	...	
„ J. B. Chatterton	...	
Surgeon G. C. Wallich	...	
„ William Martin	...	
„ C. R. Francis	...	
Assistant Surgeon R. W. Macaulay	...	
„ „ A. Fitzgerald		4 Months.

3. Lieutenant A. H. Messiter, 72nd Native Infantry, has been permitted to resign the Service. The vacancy has effect from the 5th March last.

Fort William, 17th May 1859.

No. 698 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment :—

Stud Department.

Assistant Surgeon G. M. Govan, M. D., to the Medical charge of the Haupper Stud, *vice* Surgeon Maucalay, M. D., promoted.

No. 699 *of* 1859.—The following order, issued by the Resident at Hyderabad, is confirmed :—

No. 84, *dated 27th April* 1859.—Granting Lieutenant-Colonel W. A. Orr, Commanding 1st Company, Artillery, Hyderabad Contingent, six weeks' leave of absence on Medical Certificate, from the date of quitting Hingolee, to proceed to Bombay, for the purpose of obtaining a final certificate to Europe, under the new Regulations.

No. 700 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned individual is admitted to pension, as specified opposite to his name, under the provisions of Minutes of Council of the 11th January 1797, and General Order of the 5th February 1820, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India :

Staff Serjeant Mathew Quick, of the 2nd Company Artillery, Gwalior Contingent ...	Two Shillings per diem, payable in Europe.

No. 701 *of* 1859.—Serjeant J. Shields, attached to the Cattle Farm at Hissar, is promoted to the rank of Sub-Conductor in consideration of the valuable services rendered by him during the outbreak at that station in 1857.

No. 702 *of* 1859.—The services of Lieutenant A. F. Danvers, of the 5th Bombay Native Infantry, doing duty with the 1st Punjab Cavalry, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

No. 703 *of* 1859.—Lieutenant T. Quin, of the 22nd Regiment Native Infantry, 2nd in Command and Acting Commandant 6th Punjaub Infantry, is allowed leave of absence from the 15th instant to the 15th August 1859, to visit Bombay, preparatory to applying for leave of absence on Sick certificate to Europe.

No. 704 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer returned to his duty on this Establishment, without prejudice to his rank :

	Date of arrival at Bombay.
Lieutenant and Brevet Captain George Crommelin Hankin, of the 28th Regiment Native Infantry, 2nd in Command 6th Irregular Cavalry.	27th Feb. 1859.

No. 705 *of* 1859.—The following Detachment Orders issued by the Officer Commanding at Baitool, are confirmed :

Dated 20th November 1857.—By Lieutenant Lilly, commanding Detachment 1st Infantry, Nagpore Irregular Force, directing Assistant Surgeon E. Dixon to assume Medical charge of the Detachment of the 1st Regiment of Infantry, Nagpore Irregular Force, from the 20th November 1857.

Dated 17th March 1859.—By Lieutenant D. G. Manning, commanding Detachment 1st Infantry, directing Assistant Apothecary Andrew Murray, at present in Medical charge of the Civil Station, to receive Medical charge of the Detachment in the room of Dr. Dixon, reported sick.

Dated 13th April 1859.—Directing Assistant Surgeon E. Dixon, who has been reported fit for duty, to receive Medical charge of the Detachment from Assistant Apothecary Murray.

No. 706 *of* 1859.—The following promotion and alteration and adjustment of rank, in the Regiment of Artillery will take place:—

Promotion.

Rank and Names.	To what rank promoted.	From what date.	In succession to
2nd Lieutenant F. J. Cunliffe, deceased ...	1st Lieutenant...	18th Sept. 1857....	1st Lieutenant and Brevet-Captain W. C. Russell, promoted.

Alteration of Rank.

Rank and Names.	To rank from	In succession to
Captain W. C. Russell ...	18th Sept. 1857.	Captain and Brevet-Major A. Robertson, deceased.
„ A. Simpson, A. M. ...	25th Sept. 1857.	Captain and Brevet-Major A. Broome, promoted.
„ J. R. Sladen ...	25th Sept. 1857.	Captain and Brevet-Major G. L. Cooper, killed.
„ C. S. Dundas ...	28th Sept. 1857.	Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel A. Huyshe, promoted.
„ R. Micham ...	5th Oct. 1857.	Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel M. Mackenzie, deceased.
„ A. Pearson ...	1st Jan. 1858.	Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel M. Dawes, retired.
1st Lieutenant J. Sconce ...	23rd Sept. 1857.	1st Lieutenant K. J. Cunliffe, deceased.
„ H. A. Mallock ...	25th Sept. 1857.	1st Lieutenant and Brevet-Captain A. Simpson, A. M., promoted.
„ E. C. W. Raynsford	25th Sept. 1857.	1st Lieutenant and Brevet-Captain J. R. Sladen, promoted.
„ R. R. Franks ...	28th Sept. 1857.	1st Lieutenant and Brevet-Captain C. S. Dundas, promoted.
„ R. Aislabie ...	28th Sept. 1857.	1st Lieutenant D. C. Alexander, deceased.
„ C. G. Robinson ...	5th Oct. 1857.	1st Lieutenant and Brevet-Captain R. Micham, promoted.
„ C. S. S. Taylor ...	29th Oct. 1857.	1st Lieutenant E. Salmey, deceased.
„ G. G. Gordon ...	14th Nov. 1857.	1st Lieutenant A. O. Mayne, killed.
„ P. Thompson ...	17th Nov. 1857.	1st Lieutenant C. E. Lewis, deceased.
„ H. L. Jones ...	1st Jan. 1858.	1st Lieutenant and Brevet-Captain A. Pearson, promoted.
„ E. C. Griffin ...	8th Jan. 1858.	1st Lieutenant D. W. Gordon, deceased.

The under-mentioned Officers whose rank has not yet been adjusted will rank from the date specified.

Captain C. M. Young and 1st Lieutenant J. H. Shuldam (deceased) from the 14th January 1858, in succession to Captain and Brevet-Colonel Sir R. C. Shakespear, Kt., promoted.

No. 707 *of* 1859.—Brevet Colonel William Ferguson Beatson, of the 14th European Regiment, Commanding Beatson's Horse, is allowed leave of absence for one month, from the date on which he may avail himself of it, to visit Bombay, with permission to proceed thence to Europe on furlough, on private affairs, for six months, under the new Regulations.

No. 708 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following report from Lieutenant Colonel J. Cormick, Her Majesty's 20th Regiment, Commanding a Detachment on service, of Operations against a body of Rebels near Gondah.

2. His Excellency in Council concurs with the Commander-in-Chief in the approbation expressed by His Lordship regarding these Operations.

FROM LIEUT-COLONEL J. CORMICK,

20th Regt., Comdg. Column.

TO BRIGADIER A. HORSFORD,

Comdg. Trans-Gogra.

Gondah, 15th April 1859.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to report that in consequence of information received respecting the Rebels destroying the village of Authona, I on the morning of the 7th instant, proceeded to Maharajhgunge with a force (strength as per margin) accompanied by Mr. Ross, Assistant Commissioner. On arrival the intelligence given was of so unsatisfactory and doubtful a nature with respect to the movements of the Rebels, that I remained there until the evening of the 9th, during which time I received a note from Lieutenant-Colonel Hill, Rifle Brigade, stating that the Rebels had left Authona, and were proceeding westwards. The 1st Seikh Cavalry having likewise scoured the country, without seeing any signs of them (with the exception of one man taken prisoner who stated that they left that neighbourhood on the morning of our arrival) I returned to Gondah on the evening of the 9th April.

H. M.'s 20th Regt.	... 250 men.
Bengal Horse Artillery	... 2 guns.
1st Seikh Cavalry	... 180 men.

The following evening (10th instant) I left again (force as per margin) with Mr. Ecford, Assistant Commissioner. At our first halting station, Choutgettee Ghat, I heard that the Rebels were at Muchlee Goan, a distance of about five miles from us. I marched there on the morning of the 11th and found them collected in force in an extensive jungle; any operations against them in the jungle was almost out of the question; but Mr. Ecford who always obtained reliable intelligence, having heard that a portion of them were in a ravine, not far in the interior of the jungle, I immediately proceeded there with 200 men of the 20th Regiment under the Command of Captain Edridge: two guns under Lieutenant St. George, (in hopes that an opportunity might offer of bringing them into play,) and a portion of the 1st Seikh Cavalry commanded by Captain Jones. We advanced the 20th in skirmishing order, and completely surprised the Rebels at the ravine; who, after an ineffectual fire, took to the dense jungle, followed by Captain Edridge with his men; evening coming on, I was compelled to recall the skirmishers and returned to Camp. The Rebels lost about 20 killed and a number of Horses. No casualties on our side. On themorning of the 12th we left about 10 P. M. for Wuzeergung, Mr. Ecford having heard that the communication between Gondah and Fyzabad had been stopped; we deemed it advisable to take that route and disperse the Rebels. On the morning of the 13th we advanced towards Gondah *vid* Kœber jungle, and the village of Magowa. The Rebels were reported to be in the Kœber jungle, on approaching which, we saw them at a distance rapidly retreating. I immediately ordered the Artillery to the front, who were got within range, and opened a most destructive fire; for nearly three hours after this, it was nothing but our rapid advance, unlimbering and opening fire with fearful effect on them, the Seikhs under Captain Jones, and Hodson's Horse under Lieutenant Meccham charging when opportunities offered; the Rebels were at last driven into a large expanse of water, skirting their rear; they were now entirely at our mercy: Captain Jones crossed with his Seikhs, and charged amongst them, and they were completely routed, very few indeed escaped. A very large number remained, the water and on Mr. Ecford offering them their lives, four and twenty gave themselves up as prisoners, the remainder were shot. The Rebels consisted of Sepoys from the 1st, 53rd and 54th Regiments, leaving with them the colors of the 53rd Regiment which were captured by the Seikhs, together with an Elephant and some Camels. The loss of the Rebels killed was at least between three and four hundred; their strength at the commencement of the action I should think was about 7 or 8 hundred. I have now only to state that the conduct of all concerned has been every thing that one could desire. To Captain Edridge and the men of Her Majesty's 20th Regiment great praise is due, for their conduct in action, and cheerfulness, the performance of all their arduous duties. To Lieutenant Franks, Commanding the Bengal Horse Artillery, and his men too much credit cannot be given, for the steady manner they went into action, and the precision of their fire. To Captain Jones I am likewis, much indebted, for his advice, energy, and the gallant manner in which he led his Seikhs into action, who followed him gallantly, but the Hon'ble J. Vereker, Her Majesty's 20th Regiment. acted as my Orderly Officer during the time I was out and was of great assistance; but to some is greater praise due than to Mr. Ecford, I must in justice to him, state that the result of our great success is due principally to him, on account of the very good information he always obtained. I beg to enclose a Return of the casualties.

H. M.'s 20th Regt.	... 300 men.
B. H. A.	... 3 guns.
1st Seikh	... 200 men.
Hodson's Horse	150 joined on the night of the 12th instant.

I have, &c.,

J. CORMICK, *Lieut.-Col., 20th Regt.,*

Commanding Column.

GONDAH,
The 15th April 1859.

Casualty Return of Troops under Lieutenant-Colonel Cormick, H. M.'s 20th Regiment, Commanding at Gondah, who were engaged at "Kocla-ka-Nuddee" on the 13th April 1859.

Camp Gondah, 14th April 1859.

CORPS.	British Officers.		British Non-Commissioned Officers, Rank and File.			Natives, all Ranks.					Horses.		Remarks.
	Killed.	Wounded Slightly.	Killed.	Wounded Severely.	Wounded Slightly.	Killed.	Wounded Dangerously.	Wounded Severely.	Wounded Slightly.	Missing.	Killed.	Wounded.	
2nd Troop, 2nd Brigade, Bengal Horse Artillery. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Names of British Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, Rank and File Wounded.
1st Sikh Irregular Cavalry ...	...	2	...	...	...	2	3	2	10	...	4	22	Captain Jones, Commanding, Lieutenant Stewart, doing duty } 1st Sikh Irregular Cavalry.
3rd Hodson's Horse ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	6	...	1	5	Private Pat. Bray, „ Thomas Walsh } 1st Battalion, H. M.'s 20th Regiment.
1st Battalion H. M.'s 20th Regiment ...	...	...	...	1	1	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	...	2	...	1	1	2	3	4	16	...	5	27	

J. C. Haresty, *Surgeon, P. M. Officer.*

J. Cormick, *Lieutenant-Colonel, Commanding Column.*

No. 189.

FORWARDED for the information of His Excellency the Governor General in Council, with Lord Clyde's approbation of the manner in which these Operations were conducted, and of the behaviour of those engaged.

By Order,

H. W. NORMAN, *Major.*
Officiating Adjutant General of the Army.

HEAD QUARTERS, SIMLA,
The 30th April 1859.

No. 709 *of* 1859.—With reference to Government General Order, No 317, of the 11th March 1859, His Excellency the Governor General in Council has much satisfaction in publishing the following letter from the Resident at Hyderabad, No. 32, dated 30th March 1859, with its enclosure.

No. 32.

FROM LIEUT-COLONEL C. DAVIDSON,
Resident at Hyderabad,

TO MAJOR-GENERAL BIRCH, C. B.,
Secy. to the Govt. of India, in the Mily. Dept.,
FORT WILLIAM,

Hyderabad Residency, 30th March 1859.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to forward, for submission to His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Council, the accompanying copy of a letter from Brigadier Hill, Commanding Hyderabad Contingent, of the 20th instant, bringing to notice the omission of the name of Lieutenant Henchy, Commandant 4th Company Artillery, Hyderabad Contingent, in his Despatch of the 19th January last, No. 13, reporting the affair with Rohillas at Chichumba.

No. 90.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) C DAVIDSON, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Resident at Hyderabad.

HYDERABAD RESIDENCY,
The 30th March 1859.

No. 90.

FROM BRIGADIER W. HILL,
Commanding Hyderabad Contingent,

TO THE MILITARY SECRETARY TO THE RESIDENT,
Hyderabad.

Head Quarters, Hyderabad Contingent,
Dated Bolarum, 28th March 1859.

SIR,

I REGRET to find in my Despatch of the action at Chichumba, which was published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, of the 11th instant, that I had inadvertently omitted to mention the name of Lieutenant Robert Henchy, of the 4th Company of Artillery, who was my Orderly Officer on that day.

Lieutenant Henchy was with me during the whole of the time I was in the Village, under a very heavy fire, and rendered me every assistance I required on the occasion, to the conclusion of the attack, and gave me every satisfaction.

At the time I wrote my Despatch I was in pursuit of the enemy; and my not mentioning Lieutenant Henchy was purely an oversight.

I have the honor to request that the Resident will do me the favor to submit this letter to the Right Honorable the Governor General of India; and I trust that it may meet with His Lordship's approval to allow this letter to be published in the *Gazette.*

I have, &c.,
(Signed) W. HILL, *Brigadier,*
Comdg. Hyderabad Contingent.

(True Copy)
(Signed) S. C. BRIGGS, *Major,*
Military Secretary.

No. 710 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment:

Colonel H. Troup, of the 6th European Regiment, to be a Brigadier of the 2nd class on the Establishment, in succession to Brigadier J. Longfield, C. B., proceeding to Europe.

No. 711 *of* 1859.—Captain C. S. Salmon, of the 57th Regiment Native Infantry, Officiating Major of Brigade, is permitted to proceed hence to Europe, on the furlough, on private affairs, for three years, under the old Regulations granted to him in Government General Order, No. 513, of the 15th April 1859.

No. 712 *of* 1859.—The following paragraphs of a Military letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 120, dated 7th April 1859, are published for general information:—

"*Para.* 1.—Captain H. R. Garden, 2nd Regiment Bengal Native Infantry, Assistant Quarter Master General of the Army, has been granted an extension of leave for three months on account of his health.

"2.—The distinguished services of this Officer and his peculiar fitness to discharge the duties of the Department to which he is attached would induce me readily to confirm his retention of Office notwithstanding the extension above accorded to him should your Government see fit to recommend that course."

With reference to the above, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to permit Captain Garden to retain his appointment during the extended leave now granted.

No. 713 *of* 1859.—Captain Archibald Impey, of the Corps of Engineers, Officiating Civil Architect, is permitted to proceed to the Neilgherry Hills on Medical Certificate, and to be absent from Bengal, on that account, for three months under the old Regulations.

No. 714 *of* 1859.—Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned Gentlemen to be Assistant Surgeons in Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces at the Presidency of Bengal. They are accordingly admitted into Service.

	Date of arrival at Fort William.
Medical Department.	
Mr. James John Durant „ Robert Rhind „ Mark Henry Lackersteen	13th May 1859.

No. 715 *of* 1859.—With reference to Government General Order No. 606, of the 29th ultimo, the under-mentioned promotions by Brevet and alteration of Rank will take place:—

Promotions.

Rank, Names and Corps.	To be Colonels from	In succession to
Lieutenant-Colonel John Peter Ripley, Bengal Infantry, (deceased) ...	22nd Aug. 1855.	Lieutenant-General A. Watson, Bengal Infantry, deceased.
Lieutenant-Colonel William Thomas Whitlie, C. B., Bombay Artillery, (deceased) ...	18th Mar. 1856.	Lieutenant-General Sir H. Pottinger, Bart., and G. C. B., Bombay Infantry, deceased.
Lieutenant-Colonel Francis Roberts Evans, Bengal Infantry, (deceased) ...	4th July 1856.	General Sir J. Prendergast, Knight, Madras Infantry, deceased.
Lieutenant-Colonel Archibald Lorne Campbell, Bengal Cavalry ...	15th Sept. 1857.	Major-General R. W. Wilson, C. B., Bengal Infantry, deceased.
Lieutenant-Colonel Malcolm Edward Loftie, Bengal Infantry, (Invalided) ...	23rd Sept. 1857.	General Sir J. Doveton, K. C. B., Madras Cavalry, deceased.
Lieutenant-Colonel Charles O'Brien, Bengal Infantry, (deceased) ...	3rd Oct. 1857.	Major-General J. Clough, Madras Infantry, deceased.
Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Lowth Harington, Bengal Cavalry ...	12th Oct. 1857.	General B. Kennett, Bombay Infantry, deceased.
Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Waller, Bengal Artillery, (retired) ...	12th Oct. 1857.	General J. F. Salter, C. B., Bombay Infantry, deceased.
Lieutenant-Colonel Douglas Seaton, Bengal Infantry ...	15th Oct. 1857.	Major-General J. Leggett, Madras Infantry, deceased.
Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Joseph Pelly, Bombay Infantry ...	1st Dec. 1857.	Major-General M. E. Bagnold, Bombay Infantry, deceased.
Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Pasley Hay, Madras Infantry, (deceased) ...	3rd Dec. 1857.	Major-General P. Thomson, Madras Infantry, deceased.
Lieutenant-Colonel Richard Rodney Ricketts, Madras Infantry ...	27th Jan. 1858.	General J. Munro, Madras Infantry, deceased.
Lieutenant-Colonel William Pitt Macdonald, Madras Infantry ...	4th Mar. 1858.	General A. Andrews, C. B., Madras Infantry, deceased.
Lieutenant-Colonel Alfred Borradaile, Madras Cavalry ...	1st May 1858.	Major-General N. Penny, C. B., Bengal Infantry, deceased.
Lieutenant-Colonel John Reid Brown, Madras Cavalry ...	4th May 1858.	General T. Clarke, Madras Artillery, deceased.
Lieutenant-Colonel George Bingham Arbuthnot, Madras Cavalry ...	13th July 1858.	Major-General J. H. Dunsterville, Bombay Infantry, deceased.
Lieutenant-Colonel William Reece, Madras Infantry ...	20th July 1858.	Major-General C. Ovans, Bombay Infantry, deceased.
Lieutenant-Colonel Benjamin Crispin, Bombay Infantry ...	23rd July 1858.	Lieutenant-General J. Anderson, Madras Infantry, deceased.
Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur Cole Spottiswoode, Bengal Infantry ...	27th Aug. 1858.	Major-General R. Benson, C. B., Bengal Infantry, deceased.

Promotions.

Rank, Names and Corps.	To be Colonels from	In succession to
Lieutenant-Colonel Joseph Graham, Bengal Infantry ...	14th Oct. 1858.	Major-General J. J. Farrington, Bengal Artillery, deceased.
Lieutenant-Colonel James Templeton Brett, Madras Cavalry ...	24th Oct. 1858.	General J. C. Collette, Madras Cavalry, deceased.
Lieutenant-Colonel Christopher Simson Maling, Bengal Infantry ...	14th Nov. 1858.	Major-General H. J. Wood, C B., Bengal Artillery, deceased.
Lieutenant-Colonel James Walker Bayley, Madras Infantry ...	23rd Nov. 1858.	Major-General C. Waddington, C. B., Bombay Engineers, deceased.

Alteration of Rank.

Rank, Names and Corps.	To Rank from	In succession to
Colonel Sir Thomas Seaton, K. C. B., Bengal Infantry ...	13th April 1855.	Major-General E. Gwatkin, Bengal Infantry, deceased.
Colonel Henry Pelham Burn, Bengal Infantry.	1st May 1855.	Major-General W. N. Forbes, Bengal Engineers, deceased.
Colonel Edward Rowland Mainwaring, Bengal Infantry ...	7th May 1855.	Major-General D. Williamson, Bengal Infantry, deceased.
Colonel Astley George Francis John Younghusband, Bengal Infantry ...	3rd Aug. 1855.	Lieutenant-General R. Tickell, C. B., Bengal Engineers, deceased.
Colonel John Craigie Halkett, C. B., Bengal Infantry ...	15th Sept. 1855.	General H. S. Osborne, Bombay Infantry, deceased.
Colonel William Riddell, Bengal Infantry ...	5th Dec. 1855.	Lieutenant-General B. Roope, Bengal Infantry, deceased.
Colonel Thomas Townsend Pears, C. B., Madras Engineers ...	10th Feb. 1856.	Major-General Sir W. H. Sleeman, K. C. B., Bengal Infantry, deceased.
Colonel Richard Cornwallis Moore, C. B., Madras Artillery ...	18th Feb. 1856.	Lieutenant-General Sir J. H. Littler, G. C. B., Bengal Infantry, deceased.
Colonel Auchmuty Tucker, C. B., Bengal Cavalry ...	2nd April 1856.	Lieutenant-General T. Wilson, C. B., Bengal Infantry, deceased.
Colonel George Balfour, Madras Artillery ...	9th April 1856.	General J. Greenstreet, Bengal Infantry, deceased.
Colonel Henry Clayton, Bengal Cavalry ...	18th May 1856.	Major-General J. D. Syers, Bengal Infantry, deceased.
Colonel Philip Harris, Bengal Infantry ...	8th June 1856.	Lieutenant-General D. McLeod, Bengal Engineers, deceased.
Colonel Francis Charles Wells, Bombay Infantry ...	18th July 1856.	General M. White, Bengal Infantry, deceased.
Colonel George Hutt, C. B., Bombay Artillery, retired ...	15th Sept. 1856.	Lieutenant-General R. West, Madras Infantry, deceased.

Alteration of Rank.

Rank, Names and Corps.	To Rank from	In succession to
Colonel Robert Henderson, C. B., Madras Engineers ...	4th Nov. 1856.	Major-General W. J. Butterworth, C. B., Madras Infantry, deceased.
Colonel George Hall Macgregor, C. B., Bengal Artillery, retired ...	28th Nov. 1856.	Major-General S. Moody, Bengal Infantry, deceased.
Colonel James Travers, Bengal Infantry ...	6th Dec. 1856	Lieutenant-General T. Morgan, Bombay Infantry, deceased.
Colonel John Lewis Taylor, Bengal Infantry ...	14th Mar. 1857.	Major-General F. Stalker, C. B., Bombay Infantry, deceased.
Colonel William Beveridge Thomson, Bengal Infantry ...	29th May 1857.	Lieutenant-General C. R. Skardon, Bengal Infantry, deceased.
Colonel George Henry Swinley, Bengal Artillery ...	27th June 1857.	Major-General Sir H. M. Wheeler, K. C. B., Bengal Infantry, deceased.
Colonel David Pott, Bengal Infantry ...	22nd Aug. 1857.	Major-General A. T. Reid, C. B., Bombay Infantry, deceased.
Colonel John Swanson, Bombay Infantry ...	25th April 1858.	Major-General C. Payne, Bombay Infantry, deceased.
Colonel George Munro Arthur, Madras Infantry, retired ...	4th July 1858.	Major-General F. P. Lester, Bombay Artillery, deceased.

The promotions of Lieutenant-Colonels Henry Willoughby Trevelyan, C. B., Bombay Artillery; William Henry Miller, Madras Artillery; and Thomas Kensington Whistler, Madras Artillery, published in Government General Order, No. 255 of 1859, are cancelled.

S. Becher, *Captain,*
Offg. Depy. Adjt. Genl. of the Army.

No. 716 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council has much satisfaction in publishing the following report, from Lieutenant-Colonel Turner, C. B., Commanding Troops, Grand Trunk Road, of his movements against the rebels.

His Excellency in Council concurs with the Right Honorable the Commander-in-Chief in the approbation expressed by His Lordship:—

No. 1035.

From Lieut.-Colonel H. W. Turner,
Comdg. Troops, G. T. Road,

To the Chief of the Staff,
Army Head Quarters, Simlah.

Dehree Ghat, 15th April 1859.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward, for the information of the Right Honorable the Commander-in-Chief, a copy of a Report of my movements against the rebels sent this day to Major-General Campbell, Commanding the Division.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) H. W. Turner, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Commanding Troops, G. T. Road.

No. 1032.

From Lieutt.-Coll. H. W. Turner,
Commanding Troops, G. T. Road,

To the Asst. Adjtt. General,
Benares.

Dehree Ghat, 15th April 1859.

Sir,

On the 6th instant, I had the honor to report for the information of the Major-General Commanding the Division, that at the first movement of the enemy into the Kymore Hills, I detached the Benares Police Cavalry with orders to proceed to Chundaree 9 miles South of Jehanabad; that I moved myself with the Infantry into the Hills and crossing the front of the enemy's line of march, turned him upon Manchee in Mirzapore; that I then descended to the plains by the Kotah Ghât, and directing the detachment of the Loodianah Regiment to take post at Rhotas and that of the Indian Naval Brigade at Mehrie Ghât, marched upon Jehanabad with the Detachment of Her Majesty's 77th Regiment intending to effect a junction with the 100 men of the 2nd Battalion of the 60th at "Mohunea" and operate with them against the enemy.

That enemy, having been met and roughly handled by the Mirzapore Troops, again turned Northwards along the Kurumnasse, and descending the Ramghur Ghât marched upon Chynepore.

Mr. Bingham, the Deputy Magistrate there having been apprized of the movement, sent an express to the Cavalry to move to his assistance and barricading his residence made arrangements to defend it, the enemy however, finding him prepared, declined attacking and moved eastwards along the foot of the Hills to "Bognanpore."

The Deputy Magistrate of Sasseram having kindly placed at my disposal 40 of the Sasseram Sebundy Levy, under Isserie Sing their Sub-Lieutenant (an efficient and able Native Officer) I attached this party to the Police Cavalry under Lieutenant Stafford at Chundaree, who on receiving Mr. Bingham's application for assistance, marched with his whole force at 5 P. M. and falling in with a party of the enemy, directed the Sub-Lieutenant with his Infantry to attack them.

Annexed is Lieutenant Stafford's Report of this operation.

On the 7th instant I directed the Detachment of the 2nd Battalion of the 60th to move from Mohunea to Bhubhooa, eight miles south, but the Officer Commanding having received information that the enemy was making for the Grand Trunk Road, returned to Mohunea the same evening with the Police Cavalry who had also received similar information; they were however too late, as the enemy had already crossed and gone North.

No information of any description having reached me from the Road Police, Mr. Bingham, or the Cavalry, I felt satisfied that the enemy must have crossed the Trunk Road in small bodies and therefore marched with the Detachment as per margin upon Kochus directing the Cavalry and 2nd 60th to follow me with all possible expedition.

6 Officers and 100 Rank and File, Her Majesty's 77th Regiment.

Arrived at "Kauraich" within a few miles of Kochus I learned that the enemy was at Toorkee, a village 3 miles to the West. I turned to attack him, but on reaching it found that he had marched at 5 A. M. It was then 10. Halting for the men to breakfast, I pushed on again at 2 P. M. to "Sulkooa" where the enemy had turned Eastward in the direction of "Dinareh." I followed till dark and until I had lost all intelligence of him and then halted to allow the men to get their dinners.

In this manner I continued the pursuit of the enemy for the next three days, *vid* Kochus, Dinareh, Bhaupore Munneepore, Nawa Nugger, Kesuth and Waina, towards the Ganges, never allowing him to halt for more than a few hours and straining every never to push him upon the Arrah Police Force which I had been informed was on the Line between Domraon and Peeroo.

In this I was partly successful. Mr. Herschel, the Magistrate having since informed me that he was enabled to compel one party to lay down their arms and that the other had been attacked in crossing the ganges and lost upwards of eighty killed.

The Police Cavalry, as directed, overtook me near Toorkee, but seeing that it would be impossible for the Detachment of the 2nd, 60th to do so, I directed it to return and remain at Jehanabad.

All occasion for the services of these Troops having now passed away, I have ordered them to return to Benares by the usual marches.

In conclusion. I beg you will call the attention of the Major-General Commanding to the willingness with which the Troops exerted themselves to keep close to the enemy and drive him at once from the District, distressed as they were by the scorching hot wind.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) H. W. TURNER, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Comdg. Troops, G. T. Road.

P. S.—I have to add that the result of the attack upon the enemy by Isserie Sing, as reported by Mr. Bingham, has been 4 Tattoos, 6, Muskets 3 Matchlocks, some Tulwars and 2 cloth European coats which have since been found in the jungle.

(True Copy)

S. C. D. RYDER, *Captain*,
Staff Officer.

(True Copy)

H. W. TURNER, *Lieutenant-Colonel*,
Commanding Troops, G. T. Road.

FROM LIEUTENANT P. P. L. STAFFORD,
Comdg. the Cavalry with Lt. Col. Turner, C. B.,
and 2nd in Command, Benares Military Police.

TO LIEUTENANT-COL. TURNER, C. B.,
Comdg. H. M. Forces, G. T. Road, Sasseram.

Dated Sasseram—April 1859.

SIR,

HAVING received a letter from Mr. Bingham, the Deputy Magistrate at Chynepore on the 6th instant, at 5 o'clock P. M., stating that the rebels (200) strong were coming down the Ramgurh Ghât and would most likely attack his house at Chynepore, I at once marched off to his assistance; after having marched about (12) miles I fell in with a party of rebels (60) strong at the foot of the Kynoor Hills three miles East of Ramgurh Ghât. Spreading my Cavalry into the plains, the Infantry as per margin under my Command attacked the enemy about midnight, and after two or three hours' sharp firing drove them back upon the Hills, capturing two horses and two muskets and killing and wounding (12) of the enemy, as it was quite dark when I withdrew the Infantry an order to proceed to Chynepore no doubt more Arms remained unseen by us on the ground. Jemadar Ellie Bux Khan, the Senior Native Jemadar with the Infantry, I wish to bring to your notice for promotion for the determined way in which he followed the enemy up. I rejoice to say that I have no killed or wounded on my side on that occasion.

1 Jemadar, 40 Sepoys, 2nd Bengal Military Police.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) P. P. L. STAFFORD, *Lt.*,
Comdg. the Cavalry with Lieut.-Coll Turner, C. B.,
and 2nd in Command, Benares Military Police.

(True Copy)

(Signed) L. D. RYDER, *Captain*,
Staff Officer.

No. 195.

MEMO.—Forwarded in original by desire of the Right Honorable the Commander-in-Chief for the information of His Excellency the Governor General in Council, with Lord Clyde's approbation of the operations herein reported.

His Lordship desires to recommend Jemadar Ellie Bux Khan, for the 3rd Class Order of Merit.

H. W. NORMAN, *Major*,
Offg. Adjt. General of the Army.

ADJT. GENL'S. OFFICE,
Head Quarters, Simla;
The 2nd May 1859.

No. 717 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit Jemadar Ellie Bux Khan, of the Benares Military Police, to the 3rd Class of the Order of Merit, from the 6th April 1859, in consideration of his distinguished conduct in action, as brought to notice in the Despatch published in Government General Order, No. 716 of this date.

No. 718 *of* 1859.—The furlough to Europe on private affairs for six months, under the new Regulations, granted to Captain H. Lewis, Principal Commissary of Ordnance, in Government General Order, No. 657 of the 10th instant, is extended, as a special case, to a period of ten months, without prejudice to his Staff appointment, subject to the approval of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India.

R. J. H. Birch, *Major-General,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Public Works Department.

General.—Establishments.

No. 120.

Fort William, the 13th May 1859.

Notifications.—Lieutenant H. A. C. Wroughton, of Her Majesty's 13th Light Infantry, temporarily attached to the Department of Public Works by Goruckpoor District Order, dated 16th April 1859, to have the position of Probationary Assistant Engineer while so employed.

No. 121.

The 14th May 1859.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize the immediate separation from the 2nd Division, Grand Trunk Road, of that portion of the Trunk Road from the Eastern Burakur to the Mohuunea River and the Hazareebaugh Branch Road which are hereby transferred to the Ramghur Division, and will be designated the Ramghur Section of the Grand Trunk Road.

No. 122.

The 16th May 1859.

Mr. W. O'Neill, (C. E.) Special Assistant Engineer under Covenant with Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council, arrived at the Presidency on the 29th ultimo per *Candia,* and is posted to Bengal.

No. 123.

Mr. A. J. L. Perrier, (C. E.) Special Assistant Engineer under Covenant with Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council, arrived at the Presidency on the 29th ultimo per *Candia,* and is posted to the Lower Provinces.

No. 124.

Mr. L. F. Byrne, (C. E.) Special Assistant Engineer under Covenant with Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council, arrived at the Presidency on the 29th ultimo per *Candia,* and is posted to the Lower Provinces.

H. Yule, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 3131.

Appointments.—*The 2nd May* 1859.—Mr. G. N. Barlow to the charge of the Sub-Division of Sewan.

The 4th May 1859.—Probationary Assistant Overseer W. H. W. Marshall is posted to the Suburban Roads.

The 9th May 1859.—Temporary Assistant Overseers Kedarnath Doss, Bissonath Chatterjee, and Ramturrun Chatterjee, are posted to the Circular and Eastern Canals.

The 12th May 1859.—Mr. J. Fayrer, M. D., to officiate as Professor of Surgery in the Medical College, and ex-Officio First Surgeon of the College Hospital.

The 14th May 1859.—Mr. E. A. Samuells to be a Judge of the Court of Sudder Dewanny and Nizamut Adawlut.

Mr. H. D. H. Fergusson to be Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit of the Patna Division.

Mr. C. F. Montresor to be Magistrate of the 24-Pergunnahs, and Superintendent of the Allipore Jail.

Mr. E. F. Radcliffe to officiate as Civil and Sessions Judge of Chittagong.

Mr. E. Sandys to officiate as Additional Civil and Sessions Judge of Chittagong.

Mr. T. P. Larkins to officiate as Collector of Tipperah.

Mr. H. B. Simson to officiate as Magistrate of Chittagong.

Mr. C. Limond to be Magistrate of Tirhoot, but to continue to officiate until further orders as Collector of Backergunge.

Mr. J. H. Ravenshaw to be a Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the Second Grade.

Mr. H. T. Prinsep to the charge of the Sub-Division of Serampore, and to exercise the Special powers of an Assistant Magistrate described in Clause 3, Section 2, Regulation III of 1821, and the powers of an Assistant Collector described in Section 21, Regulation VIII of 1831.

Leave of Absence.—*The 11th May* 1859.—Captain W. Agnew, Principal Assistant to the Commissioner of Assam at Gowalparrah, for one month, under the Financial Notification of the 28th April 1858, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 11th of March last.

Mr. W. H. Brownlow, Sub-Assistant to the Commissioner of Assam, for five weeks, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section 5, of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Erratum.—In orders, No. 3058, dated 7th instant, published at page 1197, of the *Calcutta Gazette,* for "Mr. J. Richardson," *read* "R. J. Richardson."

A. R. Young,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 787.

Allahabad, the 9th May 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. J. W. Hennessy, Deputy Collector of Hoshungabad, for three months, on Medical Certificate, from the date of his availing himself of the leave.

No. 760.

Appointment.—Gholam Hosein Khan is appointed Deputy Collector and Deputy Magistrate of Bijnour, *vice* Mohemed Rehmet Khan, deceased.

No. 1674.

The 10th May 1859.

Mr. Edward Clive Bayley, Officiating Judge of Furruckabad, is vested with powers under the penal Acts for the trial and punishment of mutineers, deserters and rebels.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

G. Couper,
Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 286.

Allahabad, the 11th May 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Captain P. A. Robertson, 68th Native Infantry, Commandant District Police, Moradabad, privilege leave for two months from the 8th instant, or from such date as he may avail himself of it, to visit Nynee Tal.

No. 291.

The 12th May 1859.

Appointment.—Lieutenant G. P. Gurdon to be 2nd in Command of the Meerut Divisional Police Battalion, from the 10th ultimo, the date on which Lieutenant Dunbar left the Sandheads.

No. 292.

Leave of Absence.—Captain W. J. Hicks, 22nd Native Infantry, and Commandant District Police Battalion, Etah, privilege leave, for sixty days, from the 7th instant, or from such date as he may avail himself of it, to visit Nynee Tal, Almorah and the Hills North of Dehra.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

G. W. Williams, Lt.-Col.,
Military Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces.

General Department,

No. 1024, *dated 2nd May* 1859.

Appointment and Postings.—Captain R. Young, Deputy Commissioner, 3rd Class, is posted to the Jullunder District, with effect from the date of his promotion to be Deputy Commissioner.

2. Captain Young will continue to officiate as Deputy Commissioner of Hooshyarpoor.

Revenue Department,

No. 48, *dated 3rd May* 1859.

Mr. A. Johnson, Officiating Collector of Customs at Sirsa, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the 17th January 1859.

General Department,

Nos. 1031-3, *dated 2nd May* 1859.

Transfers.—Lieutenant J. Chalmers, Assistant Commissioner, from the Peshawur to the Rawul Pindee District.

Nos. 1034-6, *dated 2nd May* 1859.

Lieutenant J. R. G. G. Shortt, Assistant Commissioner, from the Rawul Pindee to the Peshawur District.

Nos. 1041-3, *dated 3rd May* 1859.

Fyzul Hoosein, Extra Assistant, from the Goordaspoor to the Goojranwalla District.

Public Works Department,

No. 955, *dated 4th May* 1859.

Lieutenant C. Padday, Probationary Assistant Engineer, from the 2nd to the 1st Division, Baree Doab Canal, as a temporary arrangement.

No. 951, *dated 3rd May* 1859.

Leave.—Captain C. Dumbleton, Executive Engineer, Western Sirhind Division, has obtained forty-five days' leave on Medical Certificate, with effect from the date of his departure.

No. 952, *dated 3rd May* 1859.

Mr. J. Kelly, Officiating Executive Engineer, Hill Torrent Works Division, Baree Doab Canal, has obtained two months' indulgence leave from the date on which he may avail himself thereof.

No. 955, *dated 4th May* 1859.

Lieutenant J. G. Forbes, Probationary Assistant Engineer, 1st Division, Baree Doab Canal, has obtained six months' leave, on Medical Certificate, from the date on which he availed himself thereof.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab Provinces,

R. H. Davies,
Secy. to Govt., Punjab Provinces.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the sixth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1857-58, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Monday, the 13th of June 1859, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 2,260 chests, *viz* :—

Behar Opium	1,915
Benares Ditto	345
Total Chests...	2,260

2. The general conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 1st December 1858, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 18th and 28th June 1859, respectively, that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, Company's Paper or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the sale, will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 18th June 1859, and no Treasury Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M., of Tuesday, the 28th June 1859.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium of 1857-58, will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board however reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

		Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Thursday, 14th July 1859		1915	345	2260
Do. Wednesday, 10th August „		1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 9th September „		1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 14th October „		1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 7th November „		1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 5th December „		1934	379	2313
		11500	2104	13613

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

RIVERS THOMPSON,

Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 4th May 1859.

Notification.

A QUESTION having arisen as to the form in which the Payee ought to have been described in a Bill of Exchange drawn in favor of "The Manager of the Delhi Bank," the Accountant General notifies for the information of Treasury Officers that that Bank having been registered, Bills should be drawn or endorsed in favor of "The Delhi Bank," agreeably to Section XXIII. of the Act XLIII of 1850.

2. Officers in charge of Public Treasuries are requested to observe this rule in all cases where Bills are required in favor of *Registered* or *Chartered* Banks or Institutions.

E. DRUMMOND,
Acctt. Genl. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM;
Accountant General's Office, Durbar and Revenue Dept., The 13th May 1859.

Notice.

THE General Treasury will be closed on Tuesday, the 24th instant, the Anniversary of Her Most Gracious Majesty's Birthday.

J. I. HARVEY,
Sub-Treasurer.

GENERAL TREASURY,
The 9th May 1859.

Notification.

Fort William, Civil Auditor's Office, the 20th April 1859.

To the Officers of the Political, Judicial, Revenue, Customs, Salt, Opium, and other branches of Service.

The Civil Auditor has the honor to request that Disbursing Officers, in charge of Civil Establishments, will be good enough to submit, as soon after 1st of May next as may be practicable, separate from their April Pay Abstracts, the Annual Detailed Statements of the respective Establishments as per Forms Nos. 1, 2, and 3, furnished for their guidance in 1848, annexing a note to each of the above Statements showing the items of expenditure which, though sanctioned, have not been actually incurred with reference to Financial Resolution of 29th October 1857, No. 4751. Pending the receipt of these documents, the audit of their April Abstracts will, under Financial Resolution of 7th September 1842, be withheld.

The usual Annual Returns of Uncovenanted Servants up to May 1859, as well as separate Statements showing the periods of leave granted to Uncovenanted Assistants, are also requested to be furnished in Forms Nos. 4 and 5, with the above Annual Detailed Statements.

W. P. PALMER,
Civil Auditor.

No. 1431.

Notification.

Fort William, Civil Auditor's Office, the 12th May 1859.

THE detail entry of Bills in the Audit Registers being found productive of great inconvenience and delay, it is requested that all officers who have any Establishments under them, should not only continue to submit Pay Abstracts of such Establishments in the form and manner prescribed in this Office Circulars noted in the margin, but should submit them in duplicate every month, from the month of May instant. The inconvenience that this requisition is calculated to occasion to Officers whom it concerns, will be more than counterbalanced by the despatch in the audit and return of the Bills.

No. 2585, dated 4th December 1857.
No. 746, dated March 1858.

W. P. PALMER,
Civil Auditor.

No. 32.

Notification.

THE undersigned has the honor to notify to Civil and Military Officers in charge of Treasuries, that as he is in no way concerned in recovering Advances which may be at the personal debit of Officers, applications for the adjustment of such Advances should be made to the Accountant-General to the Government of India, Military Department, or to the proper Paymaster.

E. G. J. CHAMPNEYS, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Military Auditor General.

FORT WILLIAM,
Mily. Audr. Genl.'s Office,
The 13th May 1859.

Notice of the Municipal Commissioners.

THE new Thoroughfare leading from Colootollah to Muchooa Bazar having been completed, notice is hereby given that, under the authority of Government, the same will henceforth be called "Halliday Street." Parties owning property on either side of the new Street are requested to forward Title Deeds for the same to this Office, in order that the necessary alterations may thereon be recorded.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioners,

ROBT. TURNBULL,
Secretary to the Municipal Commissioners.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE;
3, *Chowringhee Road,*
Calcutta, 10th May 1859.

Medical College.

THE Session of 1859-60 will commence in the Medical College on the 15th June next.

2. Students who may be desirous of entering the College are requested to apply to the Principal, at the Medical College, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., on or before the 10th of June next.

3. The possession of the "Entrance Examination" Certificate of the Calcutta University, will entitle Students to enter the Medical College without further Examination.

4. Under certain conditions (which may be learned on application to the Principal) Students will be admitted in anticipation of passing the University Entrance Examination, but under the clear proviso of their going up for that Examination before the commencement of the Session of 1860-61.

5. The course of Instruction given in the Calcutta Medical College is framed to meet the requirements of the Calcutta University for obtaining its Degrees in Medicine and Surgery.

6. The Certificates of Lectures and Hospital Attendance of the College are likewise recognised by the University of London, the Royal College of Surgeons of England, and the Worshipful Society of Apothecaries of London, as entitling the possessors of such to compete in London for the Degree, Diploma and License of those bodies, under the Rules which regulate the granting of the same.

W. C. B. EATWELL, *M. D.*,
Principal, Medical College.

CALCUTTA;
Medical College Office,
The 30th April 1859.

Notification.

THE Civil Auditor, North-Western Provinces, has the honor to repeat his annual call to all Disbursing Officers in charge of Civil Establishments in the North-Western Provinces, for the submission (as soon after the 1st May next, as practicable, with the April Abstract) of their regular Annual Detailed Statement, containing the names and full particulars of the whole of the Establishment; and to observe that, with reference to the orders of Government, dated 15th October 1842, published in the *Agra Government Gazette*, of the 15th November 1842, the audit of their Abstracts for April next will be withheld until the receipt of the required Returns.

2. To facilitate check, it is particularly requested that the Abstract for April be sub-divided into distinct headings, so that each description of Office with its total shall correspond with the details given in the Statement of Establishment or the 1st May, agreeably to the Form furnished.

3. It is also requested that the *three separate* Lists prescribed for all Uncovenanted Civil Servants (Europeans and East Indians) and Native, (in the last the names of *only those* holding appointments of *trust* and *responsibility* should be inserted,) employed on their Establishments, be furnished for 1st May 1859, without delay.

H. LOCH,
Offg. Civil Auditor.

CIVIL AUDITOR'S OFFICE;
N. W. P., Allahabad,
The 31st March 1859.

WEEKLY STATEMENT OF TRAFFIC PASSED THROUGH THE CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS FROM 7th TO 14th MAY 1859.

From 7th to 14th May 1859.	Name of Chowkeys.	Charcoal.			Wood Coal.			Piece Goods. Native Produce.			Piece Goods, Imported Fabrics.			Hides.			Cotton.			Castor Seed.			Castor Oil.			Indigo.			Jaggery.			Juth.			Lime.			Mustard Seed.			Mustard Seed Oil.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
Circular Canal	Bamanghatta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26	17075	21300	...	...	125	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	63	17270	12450	33	60125	28000	25	21631	15300	28	12325	8700	4	750	425
	Chitpore	14	19400	10975	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1200	bal. 77	...	...	...	2	1075	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tolly's Nullah	Samookpotta	...	...	...	2	1000	750	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	2500	2250	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	16525	9000	...	...	...
	Russa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Kyderpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2400	650	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

From 7th to 14th May 1859.	Name of Chowkeys.	Salt.			Sugar.			Tobacco.			Linseed.			Paddy.			Pulse.			Peas.			Rice.			Wheat.			Lentil.			Grain.			Sundries.	
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Total Number of Boats.	Total Maundage by Canal Measurement.
Circular Canal	Bamanghatta	...	...	...	24	7599	5760	9	2300	1700	49	31585	26650	8	1225	800	4	675	450	12	2300	1650	70	13250	48100	1	700	500	11	2450	1800	2	1000	1100	1290	328700
	Chitpore	9	9750	3375	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	44	32700
Tolly's Nullah	Samookpotta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1400	1100	40	4875	4300	8	2125	1600	6	2450	1950	7	2925	1625	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	235	80230
	Russa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	200	120	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	1250
	Kyderpore	19	12400	7200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	400	300	2	250	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	201	82175

J. F. GALIFFE,
Collector and Magistrate of Canals.

Notice.

Under Act XX. of 1856, I hereby give notice that the Assessment Registers of Pykeparra, Oltadanga, Bhobanepore, Kidderpore, and Garden Reach, being grand Divisions I, II, VI, and VIII, of the Suburbs of Calcutta, having been duly prepared for the year 1859, the prescribed Notifications under Section XVIII of the Act have on this date been affixed at conspicuous places in the Divisions and also at the Police Thannahs at Chitpore, Intally, Kallighaut, and Kidderpore; all persons dissatisfied with the said Assessment or who may dispute their occupation of property or liability to be assessed are hereby warned that they may appeal to the Magistrate, on unstamped paper, but that under Section XX. of the Act, no such appeal can be received after the expiration of one month from this date.

Appellants should send with their appeal the tax bills for the last quarter paid by them.

The names of the Members of the Punchyets appointed under Section X of the Act were:—

Grand Division I.

Khetter Mohun Banerjee	...	President.
Brossono Bundopadhoya	..	Member.
Chunder Madhub Ghosal	...	Ditto.
Ram Comul Banerjee	...	Ditto.
Joy Chunder Chatterjee (Darogah)	.	Ditto.

Grand Division II.

Govind Chunder Dutt	...	President.
Govind Chunder Sen	...	Member.
Bholanath Mitter	...	Ditto.
Sreenarain Bose	...	Ditto.
Bissonath Ghose (Darogah)	..	Ditto.

Grand Division VI.

Reverend S. J. Hill,	..	President.
A. H. Joyce, Esquire,	...	Member.
Debnarain Banerjee	...	Ditto.
Mohes Chunder Mookerjee	..	Ditto.
Chunder Madhub Mookerjee (Darogah)		Ditto.

Grand Division VIII.

C. B. Stewart, Esquire,	...	President.
Dinonath Banerjee	..	Member.
Gones Chunder Banerjee	..	Ditto.
Modoo Soodun Mokerjee	..	Ditto.
Ramnarain Banerjee (Darogah)	..	Ditto.

N. B.—Parties willing to make half yearly or annual advances will on payment of the Amount receive the usual bills from the Darogahs of their Divisions.

W. Heysham,
Deputy Magistrate.

Subn. Tax Office;
Alipore,
The 11th May 1858.

Sheriff's Office; the 7th May 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery and also an Admiralty Sessions will be holden by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the sixth day of June next, at 12 o'Clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'Clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'Clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

W. F. Gilmore,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস ৭ মে ১৮৫৯ সাল

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ৬ জুন ১৮৫৯ সাল সোমবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার ফোর্ট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের ফোর্ট উইলিএমের সুপ্রেম কোর্ট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়েরটরমিনর এবং এডমাইরেলটি অর্থাৎ মহা সমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মোকদ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশীয়ান যতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এ বিষয় সকলে স্মরন রাখুন।

W. F. Gilmore,
Sheriff.

To be sold, pursuant to an Order of the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, bearing date the Eighth day of July One thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, made in a certain cause wherein Thakoordoss Gossain and James Bernard Smelt are plaintiffs and Hurrochunder Lahoree is defendant, with the approbation of John Cochrane, Esquire, the Master of the said Court, on a day to be hereinafter named, the right, title and interest of the said Hurrochunder Lahoree of and in the following properties, that is to say, all that upper-roomed brick built messuage, tenement or dwelling house No. 94 with a piece or parcel of land thereunto belonging, containing by estimation one cottah and eight chittacks, more or less, situate, lying and being at Sibtollah Lane in the Town of Calcutta, and butted and bounded as follows, (that is to say) on the East by a house and land of one Ramchund Dutt, on the West by a house and land of Prankisto Dutt, on the South by a house and land of Gooroodoss Dutt and others, and on the North by a Lane there and also all that lower-roomed brick built dwelling house, No. 207, and eight tiled huts with piece or parcel of land and ground thereunto belonging and on part whereof the same are erected and built, containing by estimation eight cottahs, more or less, situate at Loll Bazar in the Town of Calcutta and butted and bounded as follows, (that is to say) on the East by the house and land of Denonauth Dhur, on the west by the house and land of Binda.

bun Mullick, on the South by the Public Road, and on the North by the Public Drain; and also all that Talook called or known by the name of Soockya in Pergunnah Bullea in the Zillah of Hooghly, paying an annual rent of Company's Rupees three hundred and two, four annas and eight pie to the Rajah of Burdwan and also all that upper-roomed brick built messuage, tenement or dwelling-house and a tank with the piece or parcel of land thereunto belonging, containing by estimation four biggahs, more or less, situate at a place called Sunkeybangah at Puttoldangah in Calcutta, butted and bounded as follows, (that is to say) on the north by the Public Road, on the West and South by the Public Drain, and on the East by the land of Bindoobassinee Dossee.

Further particulars may be had at the Master's Office, Supreme Court, or of Mr. Thomas Owen, Solicitor for the Plaintiffs.

THOS. OWEN,
Solicitor for the Plaintiffs.

JOHN COCHRANE,
Master.

CALCUTTA, SUPREME COURT;
Master's Office,
The 10th May 1859.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

WITH reference to Government Notification No. 5, Fort William, Financial Department, 26th January 1855, notifying the intention of Government to dissolve its connexion with the Government Agency—

The Oriental Bank Corporation undertake the safe custody of Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal, and other local Stocks, free of all charge.

Will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, and remit at the current rates of exchange, or pay the same according to instructions, if to be remitted through the Corporation. Without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... 1-4th per Cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, .. 1-4th per Cent.

On the purchase of Government or other Securities, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Corporation, ... Without charge.

WM. ANDERSON,
Agent.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION;
Calcutta, 29th January 1855.

Notice

Is hereby given, that MR. JOHN S. SURTMGEOUR has been appointed Acting Sub-Agent at this Agency.

By order of the Directors,

WM. ANDERSON,
Agent.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION,
Calcutta, 1st May 1859.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Henry William Chamberlain, of No. 6, Wellington Square, in Calcutta, Tide Waiter, Calcutta Custom House, an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 6th day of May instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 2nd day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of Isaac Joseph Dock Cohen, of Portuguese Church Street, in Calcutta, Merchant, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 10th day of May instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Friday, the 1st day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

Chief Clerk's Office, 12th May 1859.

In the matter of Alfred Dumat, Louis Thomas, and Francois Hodoul, formerly carrying on business in copartnership in Calcutta, as Merchants and Agents under the style and firm of Langlois and Co., Insolvents.

On Friday, the 13th day of May instant, it was on the petition of Walter Osmiston, Agent of the Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, a Creditor of the said Insolvents, adjudged that the said Alfred Dumat, Louis Thomas, and Francois Hodoul have committed an act of Insolvency under the provisions of the Act. XI Vic. Chap. XXI, and by another order of the same date the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvents were vested in the Official Assignee.

Allan, Judge and Lingham, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Muddonmohun Bysack, of Burrabazar in Calcutta, a Writer in the Military Department, and Nophurchunder Bysack, of the same place, inhabitant, Brokers and Members of a Joint Hindoo family, Insolvents.

Notice, that an application for an ad interim Protection Order has been this day made by the said Insolvents, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court, on Monday, the 23rd day of May instant, at the hour of 10 o'Clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent, desirous*
"*of opposing such application, must appear before the*
"*said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

Gillanders, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Muddenmohun Bysack, of Burra Bazar in Calcutta, a Writer in the Military Department, and Nophurchunder Bysack, of the same place, inhabitant, Brokers, and Members of a joint Hindoo family, Insolvents.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic. cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 14th day of May instant, and by an order of the same date, the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Gillanders, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Muddonmohun Bysack, of Burra Bazar in Calcutta, a Writer in the Military Department and Nophurchunder Bysack, of the same place, inhabitant, Brokers and Members of a joint Hindoo family, Insolvents.

On Saturday, the 14th day of May instant, It was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvents be heard on Saturday the 2nd day of July next, and that the said Insolvents do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Gillanders, *Attorney.*
Chief Clerk's Office, 17th May 1859.

Notice.

THE Interest and Responsibility of MR. WILLIAM GRANT and MR. DAVID BAIRD LINDSAY, in our Firm here and at Rangoon, and in the Firm of JAMES WYLLIE & Co., in London, ceased on this date by the effluxion of time.

GLADSTONE, WYLLIE & Co.

CALCUTTA,
The 30th April 1859.

Notice.

MR. PATRICK KEITH and MR. GEORGE ROSS have this day been admitted as Partners in our Firm here and at Rangoon.

GLADSTONE, WYLLIE & Co.

CALCUTTA,
The 30th April 1859.

Required.

A TRANSLATOR thoroughly conversant with English and Oordoo. His duties will be to translate and to superintend the Persian Office. Salary Rupees 100 per mensem. Apply to Deputy Commissioner, Pertaubghur *vid* Allahabad, Oude.

Notice.

THE Interest of MR. GEORGE GILBERT in our Concern ceased on the 30th April 1858.

JESSOP & Co.

Notice.

THE Interest and Responsibility of MR. GRAHAM MOORE ROBERTSON and MR. DUDLEY ROBERT SMITH, in our Firm ceased on the 30th April last.

The continuing Partners are MR. CHARLES BINNY SKINNER, MR. ROBERT JARDINE, MR. GEORGE BROWN, and MR. CLAUD HAMILTON BROWN.

JARDINE, SKINNER & Co.

CALCUTTA,
The 9th May 1859.

Notice.

THE Interest and Responsibility of MR. L. EMIL RUUTZ-REES in our Firm ceased, at his own request, on the 15th April last.

RUUTZ-REES & Co.

CALCUTTA,
The 10th May 1859.

Notice.

LOST OR DESTROYED during the mutiny at Futtehghur in 1857, a Government Promissory Note of the 4 per Cent. Loan, No. 9029 of 1832-33, dated 1st May 1832, for Sicca Rupees 4,500, originally standing in the name of (not known) and lastly endorsed to Juggernath Budreenath. The Note was held in custody in the Collector's Treasury on account of Security. Payment of Interest has been stopped and a Duplicate will be applied for.

W. D. WALKER,
Deputy Collector.

FURRUCKABAD TREASURY,
The 12th May 1859.

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Note, No. 49164, of the 5 per Cent. Loan of 1841-42, dated the for Company's Rupees 500, originally standing in the name of Mr. Ryan, and last endorsed to Thomas Laidlaw, the Proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of a Duplicate Note in favor of the Proprietor.

THOMAS LAIDLAW,
Dowley's Hotel,
Garden Reach.

The 13th May 1859.

Lost.

THE Government Promissory Note No. 3035, of the 5 per Cent Public Works Loan of 1854-55, dated the 12th March 1855, for Company's Rupees five hundred. Payment of the above Note, and of Interest thereupon, has been stopped at the Loan Office.

CHUNDOMONEY DOSSEE,
By her constituted Attorney,
HURRO CHUNDER GHOSE.

10th May 1859.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of Charles Cawood, late of Futtyghur, the owner, by whom they were never endorsed to any person. Payment of the Notes and of Interest thereon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made for the issue of Dupheates :—

Particulars of the Government Securities.

3½ per Cent Loan, No. 221, of 1853-54, dated 28th February 1854, for Co.'s Rs.	1,000
Sixth 4 per Cent. Loan, No. 11510, of 1854-55, dated 30th June 1854, for Co.'s Rs. ...	2,000
Co.'s Rs.	3,000

J. WEICH,
Offg. Administrator General.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed

In transit, from the Accountant General's Office, Fort William, to Googaira, the Government Promissory Notes, No. 35605, of the 5 per Cent. Loan of 1856-57, dated the 28th February 1857, for Company's Rupees 1,000, and No. 35606, of the 5 per Cent. Loan of 1856-57, dated the 28th February 1857, for Company's Rupees 1,000, originally standing in the name of Baboo Brindabun Chunder Ghose, the Proprietor, and never endorsed to any body, and No. 14123, of the 5 per Cent. Loan of 1856-57, dated 28th February 1857, for Company's Rupees 1,000, originally standing in the name of Baboo Jadub Chunder Ghose, the Proprietor, and never endorsed to anybody. Payment of the above Notes and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes in favor of the Proprietors,

JADUB CHUNDER GHOSE,
Sub-Assistant Surgeon,
Jhung, Punjab.

The 27th April 1859.

Notices issued by the Officiating Deputy Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 5437.

The 21st April 1859.—SEALED TENDERS will be received at the Calcutta General Post Office for the repairs of three Post Office Vans, nine Accelerators, and one Dray, for a period of five years, from the 6th June 1859.

2. The Tenders will be received up to Friday, the 20th May, and will be opened on that day, at noon, in presence of all parties concerned.

3. A Deposit in Cash of (100) one hundred Rupees is required with each Tender, subject to forfeiture, if the Tender be withdrawn.

4. Information relative to conditions will be given in writing on application to this Office.

No. 272.

The 14th May 1859.—NOTICE is hereby given, that the Mails for Akyab, Rangoon and Moulmein, for transmission per Steamer *Burmah*, will be closed at this Office, on Thursday, the 19th instant at 6 P. M.

No. 278.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Mails for Penang, Singapore and Hongkong, for transmission per Steamer *Lancefield*, will be closed at this Office, on Saturday, the 21st instant at 6 P. M.

No. 159.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an After Packet per P. & O. Co.'s Steamer, *Alma*, will be closed at this Office at 6 P. M. on Wednesday next, the 18th Instant, to be sent to Kedgeree on Thursday morning by an extra Steamer.

A second After Packet will be closed at 1 P. M. on the 19th instant, to be sent by land in the usual manner.

Inland postage will be charged on letters and papers, as usual, by both the After Packets.

CALCUTTA, GENERAL POST OFFICE,
The 14th May 1859.

MEMORANDUM showing the Date and Hour of Arrival at the Calcutta Post Office of the Mails which left England on the 10th of April 1859, *and the time occupied in sorting the Letters and Papers for delivery.*

Name of the Steamer.	Date and hour at which the Mails were landed at Garden Reach.	Hour at which the Mails arrived at the General Post Office.	Hour at which the Window Delivery commenced.	Hour at which the Peons left the Post Office.	Delivery.	No. of Boxes of Letters.			No. of Boxes of Newspapers and Books.		
						Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.	Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.
Alma ...	13th May 1859 ¼ P. M.	2 P. M.	4½ P. M.	5 P. M.	2½ P. M.	6	3	9	45	20	65
										Total	74
										France	2
										Alexandria	1
										Hong-Kong	1
										Singapore	1
										Penang	1
										Ceylon	1
										Madras	2
										Suez	1 Packet.
										Aden	1 Ditto.
										Ceylon	1 Ditto.
										Bombay	1 Ditto.
										Gibraltar	1 Pakt.
										Malta	1 Ditto.
										Total ..	89

IT is hereby notified, that unless marked for particular Ships, all Letters received at the General Post Office between Monday, the 9th May 1859, *and Sunday, the* 15*th May* 1859, *both dates inclusive, were despatched by the under-mentioned Vessels which sailed from Calcutta on dates specified :—*

Letters received on dates from and to	By what Ship despatched.	Bound to	Remarks.
9th May 1859 ..	*Adelicia* ..	Melbourne ..	Left Town on the 10th May 1859.
9th to 14th May 1859 ..	*Appleton* ...	Mauritius ...	Left Town on the 15th ditto.

T. Garrett,
Offg. Depy. Post-Master General.

Calcutta ;
General Post Office,
The 17th May 1859.

POSTAL NOTICE.

The Public are hereby informed, that the Notice regarding the pre-payment of Letters posted in India for the United Kingdom, which was issued on the 1st of June 1858, and which is re-published below for general information, will be strictly acted upon from the 1st of August next.

W. Grey,
Offg. Director-General of the Post Offices in India.

Calcutta,
May 9th, 1859.

Postal Notice of the 1st June 1858.

From the 1st of September next, the present system of *optional* pre-payment of Letters sent from India to the United Kingdom will be abolished, and from that date the pre-payment of Postage on Letters posted in any part of India for the United Kingdom, whether marked *viâ* Southampton or *viâ* Marseilles will be *compulsory*. The rates of Postage are as under :—

	Not exceeding ½ oz.	Above ½ oz. and not exceeding ¾ oz.	Above ¾ oz. and not exceeding ¾ oz.	Above ¾ oz. and not exceeding 1 oz.	Above 1 oz. and not exceeding 1¼ oz.	Above 1¼ oz. and not exceeding 1½ oz.	Above 1½ oz. and not exceeding 1¾ oz.	Above 1¾ oz. and not exceeding 2 ozs.	
	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	
Southampton ...	0-4	0-4	0-8	0-8	1-0	1-0	1-0	1-0	And so on, adding 8 annas for every additional ounce or fraction of an ounce.
Marseilles ...	0-6	0-8	0-14	1-0	1-10	1-12	1-14	2-0	And so on, adding 8 annas for every additional ounce or fraction of an ounce in addition to 2 annas (French Postage) for every additional quarter of an ounce, or part of a quarter.

All Letters posted on or after the 1st of September, upon which at least a single rate of Postage has not been paid, will be returned to the Senders. But in order to obviate the inconvenience which would be caused to the Public by detaining and returning to the Senders Letters which, *through inadvertence*, may be posted without the full amount of Postage being paid upon them, Letters insufficiently prepaid but on which at least a single rate of Postage has been paid, will be forwarded, charged with the deficiency of Postage and a fine of six pence or four annas.

Pre-payment must be made, as now, by Stamps.

(Signed) W. Grey,
Offg. Director-General of the Post Office.

POSTAL NOTICE.

As REMITTANCES of Cash and Bullion are list made, under the cover of bales of Cloth, by the Bullock Train, the Public are again reminded that no compensation is given for any loss under such circumstances, and as the practice endangers all property in transit by the Train, the Public are requested not to have recourse to it.

G. PATON,
Post Master-General, N. W. P.

PESHAWUR,
Post Master-Genl's. Office,
N. W. P.,
The 7th May 1859.

Printed and Published for the Government, by THOMAS JONES, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 18, 1859.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Shahabad, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Friday, the 20th May 1859, corresponding with 4th Jait 1266 F. S. :—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 34.—Mehal Bhoputpoor, Pergunnah Arrah, Jankeeram, Chowaloll Sewsahae Sing, Muheepnarain, recorded proprietors; sudder jumma, rupees 261.

A. HOPE,
Offg. Collector.

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE;
Buxur,
The 27th April 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates in Zillah Balasore, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Monday, the 23rd May 1859, corresponding with the 11th Jeyst 1266 U., for demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue, due on the 28th March 1859 :—

Class VI.—Estates to be sold on account of demands realizable in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue.

No. 825.—Kismut 10 annas, 12 gundahs, 2 cowrees of Mouzah Gokoolpore, Pergunnah Ayas; recorded proprietors, Mano Patur, Sadhoo Patur, Raghub Patur, Seeboo Patur, Mungobind Bhoian, Bhowanee Patur, Mudhoo Patur and Bhogwut Patur; sudder jumma of the whole Estate Rupees 68-5-6.

No. 810.—Kismut 9 annas, 6 gundahs, 2 cowree, 2 krants of Talook Heerapore, Pergunnah Tulsobung; recorded proprietors, Gungadhur Canoongoe, Bulbhudder Canoongoe, Rughoonath Mohapater, Jyekissen Mohapater, Juggernauth Mohapater and Brijokissore Mohapater; sudder jumma of the whole Estates rupees 916-8-4.

V. H. SCHALCH,
Collector.

BALASORE COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
The 5th May 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Cuttack, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Saturday, the 28th May 1859, or 17th Jeyst 1266 U. S., for Arrears of Revenue :—

Class II.—Temporary-settled Estates.

No. 189.—Kismut 1 anna, 4 gundas, 2 cowrees, 2 krant and 3 bishwa, share in Talook Kumpgurh, Pergunnah Sooltannabad; recorded proprietor, Rughoonath Doss; sudder jumma of the whole Estate, rupees 258-7-11¾.

No. 923.—Talook Oorto, Pergunnah Autkuntah; recorded proprietor, Biddyadhur, Hurreechundun, Sawunt Singhar, Minor, Guardian Beelram Chowdree; sudder jumma, rupees 994-13-8.

No. 1175.—Kismut Talook Hurreehurpo; recorded proprietor, Joyram Doss; sudder jumma, rupees 102-2-1¾.

No. 1194.—Kismut Mouzah Barteerab, Pergunnah Hurreepore; recorded proprietors, Kuppeel Doss and Ubdool Dyan; sudder jumma, rupees 192-4-11.

R. N. SHOEE,
Collector.

ZILLAH CUTTACK;
Collector's Office,
The 14th May 1859.

PRINTED BY THOMAS JONES, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

SECOND SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 18, 1859.

Statement of Prices Current in the under-mentioned Districts,

ARTICLES.			Patna.				Shaha-									
			Patna.		Dinapore.		Buxar.		Doomraw, 10 miles from the Station.		Shapoor, 20 miles from the Station.		Arrah, 45 miles from the Station.		Sheegunge, 18 miles from the Station.	
			Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.
Attah	per	Rupee	14	8	14	1	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	16	8
Barley, (Jow)	„	„ -	26	0	27	8	0	0	27	0	30	0	27	0	29	0
Bhoosa, White	„	„ -	130	0	90	0	70	0	110	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ Missa	„	„ -	150	0	110	0	80	0	120	0	0	0	120	0	0	0
Cotton	„	„ -	2	0	1	10	2	12	1	13	2	8	2	0	6	12
Dal, Urhur	„	„ -	24	8	23	1	22	0	19	8	20	0	22	0	20	0
„ Gram	„	„ -	22	8	22	12	17	0	20	0	20	0	18	0	0	0
„ Khesaree	„	„ -	29	0	29	4	24	0	23	8	22	0	31	0	24	10
„ Muskullye	„	„ -	26	0	20	0	17	0	16	0	0	0	17	0	16	8
„ Moong	„	„ -	21	0	18	0	16	0	15	8	0	0	14	0	16	12
„ Mussoor	„	„ -	26	0	26	12	24	0	24	0	22	0	23	0	29	4
„ Muttur	„	„ -	22	0	0	0	0	0	25	0	22	0	32	0	33	0
Firewood	„	„ -	120	0	0	0	120	0	160	0	120	0	140	0	0	0
Ghee, Cows'	„	„ -	1	12	0	0	2	0	2	0	2	4	2	3	0	0
„ Buffaloes'	„	„ -	2	6	2	6	2	1	2	2	2	8	2	4	2	6
Gram, (Boot) 1st sort	„	-	32	8	29	11	25	0	25	0	30	0	25	0	27	14
„ „ 2nd sort	„	-	34	0	30	0	26	0	26	0	0	0	26	0	0	0
Grass, Dry	„	„ -	90	bdls	0	0	14	bdls	113	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Joar	„	„ -	26	0	25	0	21	0	22	0	0	0	28	0	0	0
Oil, Cocoanut	„	„ -	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ Linseed	„	„ -	4	8	4	8	4	4	4	4	5	0	4	8	0	0
„ Mustard	„	„ -	4	0	4	0	4	0	4	2	5	0	4	0	4	0
Paddy, (Dhan)	„	„ -	29	0	30	0	0	0	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Potatoes	„	„ -	50	0	27	0	40	0	40	0	30	0	40	0	0	0
Rice, Autub, Table or fine Grain			12	0	11	0	14	8	17	0	17	0	15	0	16	6
„ „ small Grain		-	12	8	11	8	15	0	18	0	18	0	16	0	0	0
„ Moonghy	„	„ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ Ballam	„	„ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ Khairee	„	„ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ Sollie	„	„ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Khajla, or Nona or Pinky	„	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cheapest sort	„	„ -	21	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Salt, 1st sort	„	„ -	9	4	8	0	5	8	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ 2nd sort	„	„ -	10	0	8	8	8	8	9	0	10	0	0	0	8	12
„ Samber	„	„ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ Pangah	„	„ -	9	8	8	8	0	0	8	0	0	0	9	0	0	0
Sugar Cane	„	„ -	4	4	3	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ Date	„	„ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	12
Wheat, (Gaho)	„	„ -	18	8	17	7	19	0	18	0	19	0	18	0	19	8

Stations, and Markets, as on the 30th April 1859.

BAD.		BEHAR.						SARUN.													
Sasseram 44 miles from the Station.		Gya.		Behar.		Shergotty.		Chupra Sudder Bazar.		Bhaugulpore.		Tirhoot.		Purneah.		Rajshahye.		Pubnah.	
Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.
15	0	15	0	16	8	14	0	14	8	20	0	13	0	14	0	12	0	14	0
28	0	28	0	31	4	27	0	27	8	32	8	30	0	40	0	0	0	30	0
140	0	40	0	160	0	140	0	110	0	200	0	160	0	50	0	37	8	64	0
0	0	120	0	180	0	160	0	100	0	250	0	0	0	60	0	52	8	0	0
2	0	2	2	2	0	2	0	1	14	0	0	1	12	1	12	1	12½	2	4
18	4	18	0	17	8	17	0	22	0	20	0	16	0	16	0	19	3½	21	0
0	0	17	0	20	0	0	0	20	0	20	0	15	0	16	0	15	0	13	0
25	0	24	0	26	0	20	0	23	0	25	0	21	0	38	0	34	11	48	12
16	0	18	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	25	0	21	4	0	0	18	12	21	0
0	0	18	0	16	0	10	0	15	8	0	0	9	0	14	0	12	0	16	0
22	0	22	0	25	0	18	0	22	8	20	0	20	0	30	0	24	0	31	0
0	0	17	0	22	0	0	0	21	0	25	0	21	0	28	0	22	8	35	0
120	0	180	0	200	0	240	0	200	0	200	0	160	0	200	0	200	0	320	0
2	6	2	0	2	2	2	0	1	4	1	14	1	8	1	8	1	15½	2	8
2	8	2	4	2	8	2	4	2	6	2	5½	2	8	2	2	0	0	0	0
22	0	23	0	30	0	21	0	24	8	30	0	23	12	30	0	30	0	31	0
0	0	24	0	30	4	22	0	25	0	31	4	25	0	32	0	31	14	35	0
120	0	0	0	0	0	120	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	32 bdls		0	0	3 bdls	
22	0	23	0	24	4	0	0	25	0	0	0	0	0	28	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	26	6	1	14	1	12	2	0	2	8	3	0
0	0	4	0	5	4	5	8	4	0	2	8	4	4	3	0	0	0	5	0
4	0	5	8	6	0	5	0	4	12	4	6	4	0	5	0	4	8	5	0
0	0	25	0	33	0	25	0	28	0	37	8	32	8	40	0	31	14	42	8
0	0	33	0	45	0	0	0	0	0	37	8	30	0	30	0	24	0	13	0
16	0	14	0	0	0	17	8	11	0	15	0	0	0	16	0	12	0	12	0
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	8	15	0	10	0	18	0	0	0	13	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	20	8	0	0	0	0	20	0	25	0	20	0	28	0	20	4	26	4
0	0	7	8	0	0	0	0	8	4	0	0	8	0	8	0	9	13	0	0
0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	8	8	0	0	0	0	8	8	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	7	8	9	8	7	0	8	8	9	6	9	0	8	8	9	10½	13	0
0	0	4	0	4	4	0	0	4	0	3	2	4	0	3	0	3	0	3	12
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0
17	8	19	0	20	0	16	0	18	0	21	6	15	0	22	0	18	0	26	4

Statement of Prices Current in the under-mentioned Districts,

ARTICLES.	Rungpore.		Bograh.		Dinagepore.		Maldah.		Dacca.		Furreedpore.		Sylhet.	
	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.
Attah ... ... per Rupee -	10	2	10	8	9	8	16	0	9	8	10	8	8	0
Barley, (Jow) „ „ -	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	40	0	30	0	4	0
Bhoosa, White „ „ -	47	4	60	0	80	0	62	0	50	0	0	0	30	0
„ Missa „ „ -	47	4	62	0	110	0	60	0	55	8	0	0	32	0
Cotton „ „ -	1	8¾	1	9½	1	6	1	8	1	10	1	8	2	0
Dal, Urhur „ „ -	11	13	15	12	12	0	20	0	16	0	15	0	13	8
„ Gram „ „ -	7	5	12	0	17	0	16	0	16	0	15	0	13	0
„ Khesaree „ „ -	23	10	24	0	25	0	29	0	36	4	32	0	27	0
„ Muskullye „ „ -	114	10	19	8	17	8	20	0	21	0	19	0	14	0
„ Moong „ „ -	9	0	15	0	7	8	8	0	11	0	8	0	11	0
„ Mussoor „ „ -	18	0	19	8	18	4	23	0	15	0	30	0	13	0
„ Muttur „ „ -	18	0	21	0	18	4	29	0	30	0	30	0	22	8
Firewood „ „ -	256	bdls	240	0	160	0	200	0	140	0	160	0	180	0
Ghee, Cows' „ „ -	1	4½	1	9½	1	10	1	8	2	0	1	7	2	0
„ Buffaloes' „ „ -	1	6½	1	11	1	14	1	12	1	12	1	7	0	0
Gram, (Boot) 1st sort „ -	9	0	18	8	18	12	27	0	19	0	0	0	25	0
„ „ 2nd sort „ -	9	0	19	8	0	0	28	0	20	0	0	0	28	0
Grass, Dry „ „ -	0	0	175	bdls	4	puns	5	puns	4	bdls	0	0	127	bdls
Joar „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oil, Cocoanut „ „ -	1	2	1	14	2	0	2	4	2	8	2	4	2	4
„ Linseed „ „ -	1	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	8	0	0	4	8
„ Mustard „ „ -	3	6	4	2	4	8	4	4	4	0	4	0	3	12
Paddy, (Dhan) „ „ -	47	4	45	0	43	0	30	0	40	0	35	0	42	0
Potatoes „ „ -	36	0	24	0	40	0	26	0	12	0	0	0	16	0
Rice, Autub, Table or fine Grain }	5	0	24	0	19	0	10	0	7	0	11	0	18	0
„ „ small Grain -	5	14½	18	0	23	8	11	0	8	0	10	8	14	0
„ Moonghy „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ Ballam „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ Khairee „ „ -	23	10	28	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ Sollie „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Khajla, or Nona or Pinky „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	0	0
Cheapest sort „ „ -	24	12	30	0	0	0	23	0	24	0	0	0	20	0
Salt, 1st sort „ „ -	0	0	9	0	8	12	10	0	9	0	0	0	9	8
„ 2nd sort „ „ -	0	0	0	0	9	8	11	0	9	8	0	0	9	12
„ Samber „ „ -	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ Panguh „ „ -	9	0	9	6	8	12	10	0	9	0	0	0	0	0
Sugar Cane „ „ -	2	13	3	12	4	0	3	8	3	0	2	12	2	12
„ Date „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	12	3	12	5	0
Wheat, (Gaho) „ „ -	23	10	21	0	18	0	24	0	13	0	19	0	11	0

Stations and Markets, as on the 30th April 1859.—(Continued.)

Cachar.		Mymensing.		Burrisaul.		Nulchitty.		Chittagong.		Tipperah.		Bulloosh.		Nudea.		Baraset.		Jessore.	
Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.
0	0	10	0	8	0	0	0	11	0	6	6	4	8	10	10	10	8	10	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	26	0	24	0	32	0
0	0	0	0	32	0	100	0	35	0	0	0	25	0	40	0	32	0	32	0
0	0	0	0	40	0	80	0	40	0	0	0	0	0	53	0	42	8	64	0
6	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	12	2	0	5	8	1	10	2	0	0	0
9	0	16	0	13	0	16	0	11	0	12	12	11	0	18	0	16	0	16	0
13	4	15	0	13	0	13	0	11	0	12	12	11	0	16	0	13	0	0	0
18	0	32	0	32	0	40	0	24	0	25	9	23	0	23	0	25	8	32	0
0	0	17	0	16	0	0	0	21	0	18	4	17	0	18	0	16	0	16	0
12	12	12	0	10	0	11	0	12	0	10	10	14	0	10	10	8	0	0	0
12	12	20	0	14	0	14	0	15	0	14	3	12	0	23	0	21	4	16	0
16	0	25	0	28	0	20	0	16	0	18	4	0	0	21	4	21	4	22	8
13	bdls	0	0	40	bdls	150	0	14	bdls	30	bdls	8	bdls	160	0	160	0	0	0
1	12	1	12	1	8	1	8	1	4	2	0	0	0	1	12	1	0	1	14
1	14	1	8	0	0	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	8	0	0	1	10	0	0
13	4	20	0	20	0	0	0	16	0	18	4	0	0	26	10	20	0	16	0
0	0	22	0	21	0	18	0	18	0	0	0	16	0	30	0	21	4	32	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	bdls	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	2	8	2	12	2	12	2	8	2	4	2	4	2	12	2	12	3	0
0	0	0	0	2	8	0	0	1	12	0	0	3	12	4	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	4	0	3	8	3	12	4	8	4	0	3	6	3	12	4	0	3	2
40	0	50	0	35	0	35	0	22	0	0	0	25	0	26	8	25	8	50	0
0	0	21	0	12	0	0	0	10	0	8	0	15	0	19	0	18	0	20	0
0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	8	0	10	10	15	8	8	0	13	0	16	0
22	0	18	0	21	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	14	0	18	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	18	0	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	28	0	0	0	0	0	16	0	21	5	19	0	17	0	0	0	21	0
8	0	9	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	1	0	0
0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	9	8	8	0	10	0	0	0	9	2	10	0	10	0	10	1	9	0
2	0	5	0	3	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	0	3	4	2	8
4	0	0	0	4	0	6	6	7	0	0	0	5	0	3	4	4	0	5	0
0	0	18	0	12	5	0	0	18	0	0	0	12	0	17	0	16	0	16	0

Statement of Prices Current in the under-mentioned Districts,

ARTICLES.	Moorshedabad	Burdwan.	Hooghly.	Beerbhoom.	Midnapore.		
					Midnapore.	Balee Bazar ghare.	Bazar Katamala.
	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.
Attah ... ... per Rupee -	14 0	10 14	10 0	13 8	11 8	6 8	8 0
Barley, (Jow) „ „ -	23 0	26 4	22 14	0 0	18 0	0 0	20 0
Bhoosa, White „ „ -	40 0	42 4	32 0	40 0	32 0	0 0	40 0
„ Missa „ „ -	45 0	45 0	0 0	45 0	37 8	0 0	0 0
Cotton „ „ -	1 8	2 1	1 13	1 9½	1 10	1 12	1 10
Dal, Urhur „ „ -	17 8	20 4	18 4	18 0	14 0	15 0	12 8
„ Gram „ „ -	19 0	18 0	14 12	15 0	11 0	0 0	10 0
„ Khesaree „ „ -	24 0	28 8	26 10	23 0	22 0	26 0	21 0
„ Muskullye „ „ -	15 0	18 12	19 0	15 0	0 0	20 0	13 0
„ Moong „ „ -	9 0	11 4	13 5	9 0	17 0	15 0	8 0
„ Mussoor „ „ -	21 0	24 0	23 0	20 0	19 0	20 0	13 0
„ Muttur „ „ -	21 0	22 8	20 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	10 0
Firewood „ „ -	118 0	90 0	130 0	200 0	220 0	0 0	160 0
Ghee, Cows' „ „ -	6 8	1 2	1 4	1 14	1 7	1 4	1 2
„ Buffaloes' „ „ -	1 11	1 15½	1 10	1 12	1 9	1 8	1 6
Grum, (Boot) 1st sort „ -	30 0	24 12	22 0	22 8	17 0	20 0	12 8
„ „ 2nd sort „ -	34 0	26 4	22 14	0 0	18 0	21 0	16 0
Grass, Dry „ „ -	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
Joar .. „ „ -	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
Oil, Cocoanut „ „ -	2 4	2 14½	3 10	2 4	2 12	0 0	2 8
„ Linseed „ „ -	3 8	2 4	3 0	4 4	3 12	0 0	3 12
„ Mustard „ „ -	3 4	4 11	4 4	4 10	4 0	4 0	3 8
Paddy, (Dhan) „ „ -	23 0	26 4	30 0	27 0	30 0	36 0	36 0
Potatoes „ „ -	24 0	20 4	22 0	16 0	16 0	0 0	11 0
Rice, Autub, Table or fine Grain }	6 0	7 8	8 0	15 0	15 0	0 0	22 0
„ „ small Grain -	9 0	7 14	10 0	0 0	17 0	0 0	0 0
„ Moonghy „ „ -	0 0	0 0	14 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
„ Ballam „ „ -	0 0	0 0	15 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
„ Khairee „ „ -	0 0	0 0	16 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
„ Sollie „ „ -	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
Khajla, or Nona or Pinky „ -	16 0	17 4	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
Cheapest sort „ „ -	16 8	18 0	18 0	21 0	20 0	27 0	24 0
Salt, 1st sort „ „ -	0 0	10 14	5 0	9 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
„ 2nd sort „ „ -	10 0	11 1	10 8	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
„ Samber „ „ -	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
„ Pangah „ „ -	8 0	10 8	10 8	0 0	10 0	12 12	15 0
Sugar Cane „ „ -	3 0	3 12	3 10	4 2	4 3	4 8	4 0
„ Date „ „ -	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	3 8
Wheat, (Gaho) „ „ -	19 0	16 8	14 8	18 0	16 0	16 0	13 0

Stations and Markets, as on the 30th April 1859.—*(Concluded.)*

Tumlook.		Cuttack.		Balasore.		Pooree.		Gowalparah.		Kamroop.		Akyab.		Sibsagur.		Manbhoom.		Dargeeling.		Ramree.	
Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.
8	0	18	6	13	0	15	12	8	0	7	0	4	0	6	8	11	4	8	0	0	0
18	0	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
47	8	84	0	50	0	42	0	0	0	0	0	40	0	0	0	60	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	84	0	64	0	84	0	64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	64	0	0	0	0	0
1	10	1	12¾	1	12	0	0	2	8	0	0	4	0	0	0	1	8	1	0	0	0
16	0	18	6	15	0	17	1	12	0	10	0	10	0	12	0	18	0	10	0	0	0
11	8	19	11	10	8	12	7	11	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	12	0	10	0	0	0
24	0	20	14	21	0	24	15	32	0	23	0	16	0	20	0	16	0	11	0	0	0
19	0	0	0	0	0	19	11	15	0	15	0	10	0	0	0	16	0	8	0	0	0
11	8	18	6	16	0	19	11	10	0	8	0	9	0	13	0	10	0	6	0	0	0
17	0	18	6	14	0	12	7	20	0	15	0	11	0	0	0	13	0	10	0	0	0
21	4	18	6	0	0	0	0	30	0	0	0	10	0	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
160	0	410	0	240	0	3 R. p. Khn		7 bdls.		0	0	8 billets		0	0	488	0	320	0	100 billts	
1	8	1	11½	1	4	1	10½	1	8	1	12	1	4	1	4	1	12	2	8	0	0
1	10	1	12¾	0	0	1	12¾	1	6	1	4	1	8	1	4	1	1¾	2	8	0	0
20	0	22	5	15	0	17	1	18	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	0	0
21	4	23	10	0	0	0	0	25	0	16	0	13	0	0	0	20	0	14	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6 bdls		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	12	2	10	2	8	2	10	1	12	1	12	2	0	0	0	2	0	1	4	0	0
0	0	5	14½	0	0	4	9½	0	0	0	0	1	8	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	0
3	12	5	4	4	8	4	9½	4	12	3	12	2	4	3	8	5	2	4	0	0	0
30	0	78	12	54	0	78	12	40	0	0	0	32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	0
16	0	10	8	0	0	0	0	30	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	10 to 16		0	0
10	0	21	0	24	0	24	15	7	8	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	6	0	0	0
0	0	19	11	21	0	18	6	12	0	9	0	0	0	23	0	23	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	22	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	36	12	31	0	39	6	0	0	18	0	14	0	0	0	26	0	15	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	22	0	10	0	9	0	36	0	8	0	0	0	6	8	0	0
0	0	21	0	0	0	0	0	10	4	0	0	40	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0
0	0	3	4½	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	4	0	0	60	0
4	4	0	0	3	4	0	0	3	0	2	12	3	0	3	0	2	8	3	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11	0	27	9	21	0	24	15	26	6	0	0	10	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	0

NOTE.—The prices quoted for Mymensing are wholesale; for other Districts, retail.

By order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces,

E. T. TREVOR,
Secretary.

Printed by THOMAS JONES, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

No. [41.] [1255]

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, MAY 21, 1859.

Legislative Council of India.

THE 11TH MAY 1859.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council on the 30th April 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 18th of August next :—

A Bill to provide for the due execution of Warrants of Attorney to confess judgment and Cognovits.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient that provision should be made for giving every person executing a warrant of attorney to confess judgment or a cognovit actionem due information of the nature and effect thereof; It is enacted as follows :—

Warrants of attorney &c. to be executed in the presence of an attorney on behalf of the person.

I. From and after the time appointed for the commencement of this Act, no warrant of attorney to confess judgment in any personal action or cognovit actionem given by any person, shall be of any force unless there shall be present some attorney of one of Her Majesty's Supreme Courts of Judicature on behalf of such person, expressly named by him and attending at his request to inform him of the nature and effect of such warrant or cognovit before the same is executed, which attorney shall subscribe his name as a witness to the due execution thereof, and thereby declare himself to be attorney for the person executing the same and state that he subscribes as such attorney.

Warrant &c. not formally executed invalid.

II. A warrant of attorney to confess judgment or cognovit actionem not executed in manner aforesaid, shall not be rendered valid by proof that the person executing the same did in fact understand the nature and effect thereof, or was fully informed of the same.

Construction of Act.

III. This Act shall extend to women, and shall entitle them to all the benefits given thereby; and words used in this Act importing the singular number or masculine gender only shall be understood to include several persons as well as one person, and females as well as males.

Commencement of Act.

IV. This Act shall commence and come into operation on the day of 1859.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE 14TH MAY 1859.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council on the 11th May 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 18th of August next :—

A Bill for the suppression of Outrages in the District of Malabar in the Presidency of Fort St. George.

Preamble.

WHEREAS in the District of Malabar in the Presidency of Fort St. George, murderous outrages have been frequently committed by persons of the class called Moplas, the offenders in such outrages intending therein to sacrifice their own lives; and the general law of the country is not adequate to suppress such outrages: It is enacted as follows :—

Acts repealed.

I. Act XXIII of 1854 *(for the suppression of outrages in the District of Malabar in the Presidency of Fort St. George)* and Act V of 1856 *(to give effect to Act XXIII of 1854 from the time of its promulgation in the District of Malabar, and to extend the application thereof in future)* are hereby repealed, except as to acts done and proceedings taken before the issue of a proclamation under the provisions of Section II of this Act.

Governor in Council empowered to proclaim the whole or any part of Malabar to come under this Act.

II. It shall be lawful for the Governor in Council of Fort St. George, whenever he shall see fit, by a proclamation published in the Fort St. George Gazette, from time to time to declare the whole or any part or parts of the District of Malabar to be subject to the operation of all or any of the following provisions.

III. Any Mopla, who murders or attempts to murder any person or who takes part in any outrage directed by Moplas against any persons wherein murder is committed or is attempted to be committed, or is likely to be committed; and any person who shall procure or promote the commission of any such crime as aforesaid, or shall incite or encourage any other person or persons to commit the same; or who, after having committed or having been accessary to any such crime as aforesaid, shall forcibly resist any person or persons having lawful authority to apprehend him; or who shall join or assist, or incite or encourage other persons to join or assist in such resistance; shall, on conviction thereof, be liable not only to the punishment provided by law for the offence of which he may be convicted, but also to the forfeiture of all his property, of whatever kind, to Government, by the sentence of the Court by which he is tried; and whenever any person shall be killed in the act of committing any such offence as aforesaid, or being wounded and taken prisoner in the act of committing any such offence as aforesaid, shall afterwards die of his wounds, it shall be competent to the Court which would have had cognizance of the offence if the offender could have been brought to trial, to proceed, on the application of the Magistrate, to hold an inquest into the circumstances of the death of the offender; and on proof of his having been killed as aforesaid or of his having died of wounds received as aforesaid, to adjudge that the whole of his property shall be forfeited to Government.

The property of Moplas convicted of outrages to be forfeited.

Also the property of persons killed in committing outrages.

IV. All immoveable property of the offender which shall be alienated after the passing of this Act and before the commission of any offence specified in Section III, shall be forfeited in the same manner as if no such alienation had been made, unless the same shall have been made more than twelve months before the commission of the offence.

Immoveable property of offender alienated within 12 months from passing of this Act and before commission of offence, to be forfeited.

V. If any Mopla shall be sentenced to death for any capital offence punishable also with forfeiture of property under this Act, it shall be lawful for the Court, by which such offender is convicted, by its sentence, to direct the body of such offender to be burned or buried within the precincts of the Jail, as it shall see fit; and in like manner, if any Mopla shall be killed in the act of committing any such offence as aforesaid, or having committed any such offence as aforesaid, shall be killed in resisting a lawful attempt to apprehend him, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate to cause the body of the person so killed to be burned or buried within the precincts of the Jail, as the said Magistrate shall see fit.

Bodies of offending Moplas sentenced to death or killed, may be burned or buried within the precincts of the Jail.

VI. The Governor in Council shall have, with respect to the confinement or trial of any person charged with or suspected of an intention to commit any offence punishable under this Act, the powers which are vested in him by any law regarding the confinement or trial of persons charged with or suspected of State offences; and the provisions of any such law shall be applicable to all cases in which the Governor in Council shall proceed under the authority of this Section.

Powers of Governor in Council as to the confinement or trial of persons under this Act.

VII. The Magistrate of the District may cause any Mopla or other person, against whom there are in his judgment grounds of proceeding under the last Section, to be apprehended, and after such enquiry as he may think necessary, may detain such Mopla or other person in safe custody, until he shall have received the orders of the Governor in Council, to whom in all such cases he shall report his proceedings without unnecessary delay.

Magistrate how to act in respect to persons against whom he thinks there are grounds of proceeding.

VIII. If, with the previous consent of the Governor in Council, any person, against whom the Governor in Council shall think fit to proceed under Section VI, shall undertake, in consideration of the suspension of such proceedings, to depart within a specified period from within the limits of the Continent of India or of any part thereof, and shall in breach of his said undertaking and without the permission of the Governor in Council, remain or return within such limits, he shall be liable to be punished with imprisonment, with or without hard labor, for a period which may extend to seven years, or with fine, or both.

Penalty for remaining or returning within forbidden limits.

IX. Whenever any such outrage as is specified in Section III of this Act, the same being punishable under this Act, shall, after such proclamation as aforesaid, have been committed by any Mopla or Moplas, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate, with the sanction of the Governor in Council, to levy such sum of money as the Governor in Council shall authorize, from all the Moplas within the umshum or the several umshums to which the perpetrator or perpetrators, or any one of such perpetrators of such outrages, shall be found to belong, or wherein any such perpetrator shall have been resident at the time of the commission of the outrage, and also within the umshum in which the outrage shall have been committed; and the said Magistrate shall assess the proportions in which the said sum shall be payable upon the several heads of families of Moplas within such umshum or umshums, according to his judgment of their respective means; and the said Magistrate shall appropriate the sum so levied as follows, that is to say, in the first place, to the compensation of the parties aggrieved by such outrages, including therein compensation to the family of any person dying by any such outrage for the pecuniary loss occasioned or likely to be occasioned by such death; and, subject to such compensation, to the use of the Government.

Levy of compensation or fine.

X. Whenever any such outrage as is specified in Section III of this Act, the same being punishable under this Act, shall have been committed by any Mopla or Moplas, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate to call upon the Mopla inhabitants of the umshum or umshums to which the perpetrator or perpetrators or any one of such

Penalty for Mopla inhabitants of any umshum refusing to deliver up an offender.

perpetrators of such outrage shall be found to belong, or wherein any such perpetrator shall have been resident at the time of the commission of the outrage, or wherein any such perpetrator shall after the perpetration of any such outrage be found, to deliver up such perpetrator or perpetrators, and on the failure of such Mopla inhabitants to comply with such call so made upon them by the Magistrate, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate, with the sanction of the Governor in Council, to levy from such Mopla inhabitants, such sum of money as the Governor in Council shall authorize, as prescribed in the last preceding Section of this Act, and all sums so levied shall be appropriated in the manner prescribed in that Section.

XI. All fines and pecuniary liabilities incurred under this Act may be levied by a Magistrate under summary process, in the same manner as the public revenue may be realized by a Collector; and no action shall lie in any Civil Court against the Magistrate in respect of any fine imposed, or any assessment made under this Act, or in respect of the levy of any portion of such fine from the person or persons upon whom the same shall have been assessed.

Fines &c. how to be levied.

XII. It shall be lawful for the Governor in Council, by such proclamation as aforesaid, from time to time, to withdraw from the operation of the provisions of this Act any part or parts of the said District which he may previously have declared to be subject thereto; and in like manner, as occasion shall require, to subject the same part or parts again to the operation of such provisions, or of any of them.

Parts of District may be withdrawn from the operation of the Act, and again made subject to it.

W. Morgan,
Clerk of the Council.

The 14th May 1859.

The following Bill was read a first and second time in the Legislative Council on the 14th May 1859, and was referred to Select Committee who are to report thereon within six weeks:—

A Bill to repeal certain Regulations and Acts relating to the Procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature not established by Royal Charter.

Whereas by Act VIII of 1859, a Code of Procedure is provided for the Courts of Civil Judicature not established by Royal Charter; and whereas it is enacted by Section 387 of the said Act that the Act shall come into operation in the Presidency of Bengal from the 1st day of July 1859, and in the Presidencies of Madras and Bombay from the 1st day of January 1860, or from such earlier day as the Local Government in those Presidencies respectively shall fix and shall publicly notify in the Gazette of the Presidency three months at least before the date so fixed, and it is also enacted by Section 385 of the said Act that the Act shall not take effect in any part of the territories not subject to the general Regulations of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, until the same shall be extended thereto by the Governor General of India in Council, or by the Local Government to which such territory is subordinate, and notified in the Gazette: and whereas it is expedient to repeal in the manner hereinafter provided certain Regulations and Acts and parts of Regulations and Acts relating to the Procedure of the said Courts; it is enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

1. Except so far as they repeal the whole or any part of any other Regulation or Act, the several Regulations and Acts and parts of Regulations and Acts set forth in the Schedule hereto, are and shall be hereby and in the manner and from the several times hereinafter mentioned repealed to the extent to which they are in the said Schedule expressed to be repealed, that is to say—

Repeal of Laws.

So far as they relate to the Presidency of Bengal, from the 1st day of July 1859.

So far as they relate to the Presidencies of Madras and Bombay from the 1st day of January 1860, or from such earlier day as the Local Government in those Presidencies respectively shall fix and shall publicly notify in the Gazette pursuant to the provisions of the said Section 387.

And so far as they relate to any part of the territories not subject to the general Regulations of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, from the time when the said Act shall be extended thereto by the Governor General of India in Council, or by the Local Government to which such territory is subordinate, and notified in the Gazette.

Schedule of Regulations and Acts repealed.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Act V of 1836 ...		The whole Act.
Act III of 1837 ...		The whole Act.
Act XXV of 1837 ...		Sections III and IX.
Act XXXV of 1837 ...		The whole Act.
Act VII of 1838 ...		The whole Act.
Act XVII of 1838 ...		The whole Act.
Act XXII of 1838 ...		The whole Act.
Act XXVII of 1838 ...		The whole Act.
Act IX of 1839 ...		The whole Act.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Act XIX of 1840 ...	An Act for amending the Procedure in cases of Appeals made *in formâ pauperis*, within the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.	The whole Act.
Act VII of 1841 ...	An Act for a more uniform and an improved process for taking the examination of absent witnesses.	The whole Act.
Act XVII of 1841 ...	An Act for amending the proceedings in appeals before the Courts of Sudder Dewanny and Nizamut Adawlut in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.	Section II so far as it relates to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut.
Act XXIX of 1841 ...	An Act for amending such parts of the Bengal and Madras Codes as concern the dismissal of suits and appeals for neglecting to proceed in the same.	The whole Act.
Act II of 1843 ...	An Act to regulate the sittings of the Courts of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut.	The whole Act.
Act III of 1843 ...	An Act for amending the rules of Special Appeals.	The whole Act.
Act VI of 1843 ...	An Act for amending the Law concerning the jurisdiction and procedure of the Courts of Ameens and Moonsiffs.	The whole Act.
Act VII of 1843 ...	An Act for abolishing the Provincial Courts of Appeal and Circuit in the Presidency of Fort St. George and for establishing new Zillah Courts to perform their functions; for establishing Courts constituted according to Regulations I and II, and Regulations VII and VIII of 1827, in place of the existing Civil and Criminal Zillah Courts, and for extending the Civil jurisdiction of such Courts.	Sections X, XI, XIV, Clause 1st of Section XVII, Sections XVIII, XIX, and XXV.
Act XII of 1843 ...	An Act concerning the time at which and the language in which the decisions of the Judges in the Courts of the East India Company are to be written.	The whole Act.
Act IX of 1844 ...	An Act for authorizing the institution of suits in the Courts of Principal Sudder Ameens and Sudder Ameens.	The whole Act, except Section III.
Act III of 1845 ...	An Act vesting Courts of Appeal with the discretion to require or dispense with security for costs from the appellant.	The whole Act.
Act VIII of 1845 ...	An Act for amending Section LXXV, and Chapter XVII of Regulation IV. 1827 of the Bombay Code.	The whole Act.
Act XV of 1845 ...	An Act for declaring and enacting the privileges of Native Officers and Soldiers of the Armies of the three Presidencies in respect of Judicial and Revenue Proceedings.	Sections I, II, III, IV, and V.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Act XVI of 1845 ...	An Act for regulating the re-admission of Appeals after dismissal under Act XXIX of 1841.	The whole Act.
Act XVII of 1845 ...	An Act for the better enforcement of the attendance of witnesses in the Courts of the Moonsiffs, within the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.	The whole Act.
Act IV of 1846 ...	An Act for amending the Law regarding the sale of land in execution of decrees in the territories subject to the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.	The whole Act.
Act XVII of 1847 ...	An Act for remedying a defect in the Law regarding undiscovered defaults in the prosecution of suits.	The whole Act.
Act III of 1850 ...	An Act for amending the Law concerning the jurisdiction of the Courts of Sudder Ameens and District Moonsiffs in the Presidency of Fort St. George.	The whole Act.
Act IV of 1850 ...	An Act for the amendment of Procedure in cases of Appeal to the Sudder Court.	The whole Act.
Act VIII of 1850 ...	An Act to amend the Law for enabling Zillah and City Judges and Principal Sudder Ameens, in certain cases of appeal, to confirm the decision without summoning the respondent.	The whole Act.
Act XV of 1850 ...	An Act to extend the operation of Sections X and XII Regulation XXVI. 1814 of the Bengal Code.	The whole Act.
Act XXV of 1850 ...	An Act for the forfeiture to Government of deposits made on incomplete sales of land under Regulation VIII. 1819 and Act IV of 1846.	The whole Act so far as it relates to forfeited deposits of sales of land or any interest in land in execution of decrees.
Act XXX of 1850 ...	An Act to remove doubts on the construction of Act I of 1846, and Act IV of 1850.	Sections II, III, and IV.
Act VII of 1851 ...	An Act to amend the Law of the Bombay Presidency relating to execution of decrees.	The whole Act.
Act XXV of 1852 ...	An Act for the execution of decrees made in appeal by Her Majesty in Council, or by the Courts of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut and of the Zillah and City Judges in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.	The whole Act, except so far as it relates to the execution of decrees made in appeal by Her Majesty in Council.
Act XXVI of 1852 ...	An Act to amend the mode of Procedure in the Courts of the Sudder Ameens and Moonsiffs in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, and to extend the powers of Principal Sudder Ameens in appeals referred to them.	The whole Act.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Act XXXIII of 1852 ...	An Act to facilitate the enforcement of judgments in places beyond the jurisdiction of the Courts pronouncing the same.	The whole Act, except so far as it relates to the enforcement of judgments by any Court established by Royal Charter, and also except so far as it relates to the enforcement of decrees of Military Courts of Requests.
Act XV of 1853 ...	An Act for the amendment of Procedure in cases of regular appeal to the Sudder Courts in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.	The whole Act.
Act XVI of 1853 ...	An Act for amanding the Law of Special Appeals.	The whole Act.
Act XIX of 1853 ...	An Act to amend the Law of evidence in the Civil Courts of the East India Company in the Bengal Presidency.	The whole Act so far as it is applicable to any suit or other proceeding instituted under Act VIII of 1859, except Sections XIX and XXVI of Act XIX of 1853.
Act XXXIII of 1854 ...	An Act to extend the provisions of Act No. XII of 1843.	So much of the Act as is applicable to any suit or other proceeding instituted under Act VIII of 1859.
Act IX of 1855 ...	An Act for the amendment of Procedure in cases of regular appeal to the Sudder Court in the Presidency of Fort St. George.	The whole Act.
Act X of 1855 ...	An Act to amend the Law relating to the attendance and examination of witnesses in the Civil Courts of the East India Company in the Presidencies of Fort St. George and Bombay, and to amend the provisions of Section XL Act XIX of 1853.	The whole Act, except Sections IX and X.
Act XXXIV of 1855 ...	An Act to explain and amend Act No. XXXIII of 1852.	The whole Act, except so far as it relates to the enforcement of judgment by any Court established by Royal Charter.
Act XII of 1856 ...	An Act to amend the law respecting the employment of Ameens by the Civil Courts in the Presidency of Fort William.	Sections VI and VII.
	BENGAL.	
Regulation III. 1793 ...	A Regulation for extending and defining the jurisdiction of the Courts of Dewanny Adawlut, or Courts of Judicature for the trial of Civil suits in the first instance, established in the several Zillahs and in the Cities of Patna, Dacca, and Moorshedabad.	Sections VII, VIII, IX, X, XI, XII, XIII, XV, XVI, XVIII, XIX, and XX.
„ IV. 1793 ...	A Regulation for receiving, trying, and deciding suits or complaints declared cognizable in the Courts of Dewanny Adawlut established in the several Zillahs, and in the Cities of Patna, Dacca, and Moorshedabad.	Sections I, II, III, IV, V, VI except so much as relates to the administering oaths to parties and witnesses, VII, VIII, X, XI, XII, XIII, XVI, XVIII, XIX, and XXVI.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation V. 1793 ...	A Regulation for establishing four Provincial Courts of Appeal for hearing appeals from decisions passed in the several Zillah and the three City Courts, and defining their powers and duties, and prescribing rules for receiving and deciding upon appeals and other causes of which they are declared to have cognizance.	The whole Regulation.
„ VI. 1793 ...	A Regulation for extending and defining the powers and duties of the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut, and prescribing rules for receiving and deciding upon appeals from the decisions of the Provincial Courts of Appeal.	Sections IV, V, VI, VII, IX, X, XI, XII, XV and XVI, and XVII except so much as relates to the administering oaths, XVIII, XIX, XX, XXI, XXII, XXVIII, XXIX, and XXX.
„ XVI. 1793 ...	A Regulation for referring suits to arbitration and submitting certain cases to the decision of the Nazim.	The whole Regulation.
„ VII. 1795 ...	A Regulation for establishing a Court of Dewanny Adawlut, or Court of Judicature for trying Civil suits in the first instance at the City of Benares, and at Mirzapore, Ghazeepore, and Jaunpore, in the province of Benares, and for defining the jurisdiction and powers of those Courts.	Sections VII, IX, X, XI except so far as it extends Section XXI Regulation III. 1793, and Section XII.
„ VIII. 1795 ...	A Regulation for extending to the Province of Benares, with alterations and modifications, Regulation IV. 1793, entitled "A Regulation for receiving, trying, and deciding suits or complaints declared cognizable in the Courts of Dewanny Adawlut established in the several Zillahs, and in the Cities of Patna, Dacca, and Moorshedabad;" and for exempting the Rajah of Benares and the Baboos of his family, and certain Bankers, when defendants, from giving the security required from other defendants.	Section II in so far as it extends the provisions of Regulation IV. 1793 which are repealed by this Act.
„ IX. 1795 ...	A Regulation for establishing a Provincial Court of Appeal in the Province of Benares, for hearing appeals from decisions passed in the City Court and the Zillah Courts in that Province, and defining its powers and decrees, and prescribing rules for receiving and deciding upon appeals, and other causes of which it is declared to have cognizance.	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation X. 1795 ...	A Regulation for empowering the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut to receive and decide upon appeals from decisions of the Provincial Court of Appeal established in the Province of Benares, and for defining the jurisdiction, powers, and authorities of the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut in that Province.	Section II in so far as it extends the provision of Regulation VI. 1793 which are repealed by this Act, and Section III.
„ XV. 1795 ...	A Regulation for extending to the Province of Benares Regulation XVI. 1793, entitled "A Regulation for referring suits to arbitration and submitting certain cases to decision of the Nazim," with the exception of Section X, and for referring certain cases to the decision of the Rajah of Benares.	Section II.
„ XXXVI. 1795 ..	A Regulation for repealing Section VII Regulation VIII. 1794, and empowering the Judges of the Zillah and City Courts to hear appeals from decisions which may be passed by their Registers under that Regulation, and rendering final the decisions of the Judges in all such appeals where the suit may be for money or personal property, for making final the decrees of the Judges of the Zillah and City Courts, in appeals from decisions passed by the Native Commissioners appointed under Regulation XL. 1793, for rendering Surburakars or managers of joint undivided estates eligible to the office of Commissioner for hearing and deciding suits under Regulation XL. 1793, for providing against the loss or miscarriage of the proceedings in trials referred by the Judges of Circuit to the Nizamut Adawlut, or the sentences or orders of that Court on such trials; and for establishing another Court of Dewanny Adawlut in the Districts now comprised in the Zillah of Burdwan.	Sections II, III, and IV.
„ LIV. 1795 ...	A Regulation for extending to the Province of Benares the rules contained in certain Sections of Regulations VIII. 1794, and XXXVI. 1795 with modifications.	The whole Regulation.
„ XIII. 1796 ...	A Regulation for repealing such parts of Regulations V and VI. 1793, as authorize the execu-	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation XIII. 1796 *(Continued)*	tion of decrees passed by the Zillah and City Courts in the Provinces of Bengal, Behar, Orissa, and Benares, although appealed from to the Provincial Courts, and of decrees passed by the Provincial Courts appealed from to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut.	
„ XII. 1797 ...	A Regulation for the further limitation of appeals to the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut in suits for personal property; and for altering and explaining part of the existing rules for appeals to that Court and to the Provincial Courts of Appeal.	The whole Regulation.
„ XIX. 1797 ...	A Regulation for empowering the Provincial Courts of Appeal to require the Zillah and City Courts to furnish translations of the proceedings held therein in causes appealed to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut, and for providing for the translation of the papers and proceedings in such causes when the same cannot be made in due time by the Registers and Assistants to the respective Courts.	The whole Regulation.
„ II. 1798 ...	A Regulation for authorizing a review of causes decided by the Civil Courts in certain cases; and for explaining parts of Regulations IV, V, and VI. 1793.	Sections V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, and X.
„ V. 1798 ...	A Regulation for the further limitation of appeals to the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut; for providing further security during appeals in certain cases; and for explaining and amending certain parts of the existing Regulations relative to the fee payable to Government on the institution of suits in the Civil Courts, and the fees of the Pleaders in those Courts; also for discontinuing the records of decided causes, required by Section X and XIV of Regulation XVIII. 1793.	The whole Regulation.
„ III. 1800 ...	A Regulation for authorizing the Zillah Judges to refer to the Registers of their Courts appeals from certain decisions of the Native Commissioners appointed under Regulation XL 1793.	The whole Regulation.
„ III. 1802	A Regulation for defining the security to be required from defendants in Civil causes, and for amending part of the existing rules concerning the trial of Civil suits preferred by paupers.	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation II. 1803 ...	A Regulation for establishing and defining the jurisdiction of the Courts of Adawlut, or Courts of Judicature, for the trial of Civil suits in the first instance, in the Provinces ceded by the Nabob Vizier to the Honorable the English East India Company.	Sections IV, V, VI, VII, IX, X, XV, XVI, and XX.
„ III. 1803 ...	A Regulation for receiving, trying, and deciding suits or complaints, declared cognizable in the Courts of Adawlut established in the several Zillahs in the Provinces ceded by the Nabob Vizier to the Honorable the English East India Company.	Sections II, III, IV, V, VI, and VII except so much of it as relates to the administering of oaths to parties and witnesses IX, X, XII, XIII, XIV, XV, XVII, XVIII, XIX, XX, XXVII, XXVIII, and XXIX.
„ IV. 1803 ...	A Regulation for establishing a Provincial Court of appeal for hearing appeals from decisions passed in the several Zillah Courts established in the Provinces ceded by the Nabob Vizier to the Honorable the English East India Company; and for defining the powers and duties of the said Court, and for prescribing rules for receiving and deciding upon appeals and other causes of which the Court is declared to have cognizance.	The whole Regulation.
„ V. 1803 ...	A Regulation for empowering the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut to try appeals from the decisions of the Provincial Court of Appeal established in the Provinces ceded by the Nabob Vizier to the Honorable the English East India Company, and for extending the jurisdiction of the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut over the said Provinces, and all the Civil Courts established therein.	Sections IV, V, VI, VII, X, XI, XII, XIV, XV, XVI, XVIII, XIX, XX, XXI, XXII, XXVIII, XXIX, and XXXVII.
„ XXI. 1803 ...	A Regulation for referring suits to arbitration, in the Provinces ceded by the Nabob Vizier to the Honorable the English East India Company.	The whole Regulation.
„ L. 1803 ...	A Regulation for extending, with modifications, to the Criminal Courts the rules prescribed in Regulation IV. 1793, for procuring the attendance of witnesses, and requiring oaths or solemn declarations from witnesses in the Civil Courts, and for explaining those rules in their application to particular forms of oath by the Courts, Civil and Criminal.	Clause 2 of Section II so far as it relates to the Civil Courts.
„ II. 1805 ...	A Regulation to explain the existing limitations of time for the cognizance of suits in the Civil Courts of Justice, to provide further limitations with respect to certain suits, regular	Sections VIII, IX, X, XI, XII, and XIV.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation II. 1805 *(Continued)*	and summary; and to make other provisions relative to the admission and trial of original suits, and of appeals.	
„ XIV. 1805 ...	A Regulation for the administration of justice in Civil cases in the Zillah of Cuttack.	Section XI so far as it applies to Civil Courts, except the Proviso.
„ XV. 1805 ...	A Regulation for the appointment of the Mahomedan and Hindoo Law Officers of the Zillah and City Courts to be Commissioners for the trial of referred causes to the amount or value of one hundred Sicca Rupees, and to make further provision for the appointment of head Native Commissioners in the several Zillahs and Cities.	The whole Regulation.
„ II. 1806 ...	A Regulation for explaining and amending in certain cases, the rules of process to be observed by the Civil Courts of Judicature.	The whole Regulation.
„ XII. 1806 ...	A Regulation for annexing the Pergunnahs of Sonk Sonsa, and Sahar, situated on the right bank of the river Jumna, to the jurisdiction of the Zillah of Agra, and for extending to those Pergunnahs the Laws and Regulations established for the internal Government of the ceded and conquered Provinces.	So much of it as extends to the territories therein named the provisions of Regulation VIII. 1805 and the Regulation therein referred to which are repealed by this Act.
„ I. 1807 ...	A Regulation for defining the duties to be performed and powers exercised by, single Judges of the Provincial Courts of Appeal in the absence of the other Judges of the Court.	The whole Regulation.
„ XIII. 1808 ...	A Regulation for rendering Civil causes, which are appealable to the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut, cognizable in the first instance by the Provincial Courts, and for authorizing the execution of decrees appealed from in certain cases.	The whole Regulation.
„ XIII. 1810 ...	A Regulation for expediting the trial and decision of causes depending in the Civil Courts and for promoting the amicable adjustment of Civil suits.	The whole Regulation.
„ IV. 1812 ...	A Regulation to enable the Governor General in Council to institute or defend through the medium of the Public Officers of Government actions in which Native Princes, whom it would be improper to require to appear as plaintiffs or defendants in the Courts of Judicature, may be parties.	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation VI. 1813 ...	A Regulation for referring to arbitration suits and contests respecting land, and for amending the rules before established regarding forcible dispossession of land.	The whole Regulation.
„ II. 1814 ...	A Regulation for modifying the rules before established for the trial of suits proposed to be instituted against any of the Public Officers who have been declared amenable for acts connected with the discharge of their official duties to the jurisdiction of the Courts of Civil Judicature.	The whole Regulation.
„ XXIII. 1814 ...	A Regulation for reducing into one Regulation, with amendments and modifications, the several rules which have been passed regarding the Office of Moonsiffs or Native Commissioners and of Sudder Ameens or Head Commissioners, for modifying and extending their respective powers in the trial and decision of Civil suits, and for authorizing them to discharge certain additional duties under the direction of the Zillah and City Judges.	Clause 3 of Section XIII, Sections XIV, XVII, XVIII, XX, Clause 4 of Section XXV, XXVIII, XXX, Clause 3 of Section XXXI, XXXIII, XXXVI, XXXVIII, XXXIX, XL, XLI, XLV, and XLVI except so far as it enacts that any person dissatisfied with the decision of a Moonsiff shall be at liberty to appeal, and Sections XLVII, L, so much of Section LI as is now in force, Sections LIII, LIV, LXIX, LXXI, LXXII, LXXIII, LXXIV, LXXV, LXXVI, LXXVII, and LXXVIII.
„ XXIV. 1814 ...	A Regulation for abolishing the Office of Assistant Judge of the Zillah and City Courts and for making certain modifications in the constitution and jurisdiction of those Courts.	The whole Regulation.
„ XXV. 1814 ...	A Regulation for modifying the constitution and jurisdiction of the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut and of the Provincial Courts, for expediting the trial of Civil causes in those Courts, and for defining more fully the powers of single Judges holding the sittings of those Courts or of the Nizamut Adawlut and Courts of Circuit.	Sections I to X, inclusive.
„ XXVI. 1814 ...	A Regulation for modifying some of the rules at present in force regarding the admission and trial of special and summary appeals from decisions passed in regular suits, for limiting and altering some of the existing provisions respecting the pleadings and processes and the mode of executing decrees and regular suits and appeals, and for explaining and making certain additions to the provisions of Regulation I. 1814.	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation XXVII. 1814 ...	A Regulation for reducing into one Regulation, with amendments and modifications, the several rules which have been passed regarding the office of Vakeel or Native Pleader in the Courts of Civil Judicature.	The whole Regulation.
„ XXVIII. 1814 ...	A Regulation for reducing into one Regulation, with amendments and modifications, the several rules which have been passed for admitting persons of certain descriptions to sue in the Courts of Civil Judicature as paupers.	The whole Regulation.
„ II. 1815 ...	A Regulation for extending the provisions of Clause 7 Section XII Regulation XXIV. 1814.	The whole Regulation.
„ XV. 1816 ...	A Regulation for expediting the trial of Civil suits in which the Native Officers and Soldiers attached to regular Corps on the Military Establishment of the Presidency of Fort William may be parties, and for giving to them certain facilities in the maintenance of their rights, claims, and interests.	The whole Regulation.
„ III. 1817 ..	A Regulation for diminishing the expense to which parties are liable in original suits or appeals not exceeding sixty-four Rupees in value or amount, when tried by the Zillah and City Judges, Registers, or Sudder Ameens, and for modifying and explaining some of the rules contained in Regulation I. 1814 and in Regulation XXIII. 1814.	The whole Regulation.
„ XIX. 1817 ...	A Regulation for modifying and amending some of the Regulations in force relative to the administration of Civil Justice, and to the authorized summary process for recovery of arrears of rent.	So much as has not been already repealed.
„ IX. 1819 ...	A Regulation for amending the existing rules with regard to the admission of special appeals, for requiring in certain cases from residents within the limits of Calcutta security for eventual costs of suit, and for extending the powers of the Zillah and City Registers, and the Registers of the Provincial Courts, in certain cases	The whole Regulation.
„ II. 1821 ...	A Regulation for increasing the powers of Moonsiffs, for extending in special cases the powers of Sudder Ameens in the trial and decision of Civil suits, and for authorizing the Zillah and City Registers and Sudder Ameens to discharge certain additional duties under the di-	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation II. 1821 *(Continued.)*	rection of the Zillah and City Judges, for providing an increase in the number of Moonsiffs when necessary, and for authorizing Sudder Ameens to hold their Cutcherries at any place where there may be a Register holding his Court at a distance from the fixed Station of the Judge and Magistrate, also for amending the rules at present in force for the institution of suits connected with the local jurisdiction of such Registers, for rescinding such parts of the existing Regulations as authorize the Registers of Civil Courts to receive a proportion of the institution fees on suits which may be referred to them for decision, for altering in certain cases the rule at present in force for the execution of decrees of the Provincial Courts in original suits and of the decrees of the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut on appeals from such decrees, and for abolishing the office of Register of the Provincial Courts of Appeal and Circuit.	
„ III. 1824 ...	A Regulation to empower Government to extend the jurisdiction of Registers in certain cases.	The whole Regulation.
„ XI. 1824	A Regulation for empowering the Zillah and City Judges and Magistrates to depute their Registers or Assistants for the purpose of making local investigations in certain cases.	The whole Regulation so far as it relates to the Civil Courts.
„ XIII. 1824 ...	A Regulation for making further provisions relative to the office of Sudder Ameen.	The whole Regulation.
„ I. 1825 ...	A Regulation for declaring the Judicial Officers competent to superintend the execution of their own process in certain cases, and for extending to Officers entrusted with the execution of a Magistrate's warrant or other criminal process, the powers vested in Police Officers by certain provisions in Regulation XX. 1817.	So much of Section II as relates to the Civil Courts.
„ II. 1825 ...	A Regulation for amending the rules in force relative to applications for a review of judgment in regular original suits and appeals, and for restricting the admission of special or second appeals by the Provincial Courts and Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut.	The whole Regulation.
„ VII. 1825	A Regulation to explain and amend the rules in force for the execution of decrees or other Judicial process, by the sale of landed property or otherwise.	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation IV. 1827 ...	A Regulation for extending in special cases, the powers of Sudder Ameens in the trial and decision of Civil suits.	The whole Regulation.
„ X. 1829 ...	A Regulation for consolidating into one Regulation, with modifications, the existing enactments relating to the collection of Stamp duties.	Schedule B Article 5, and Clauses 2, 3, and 4 of Article 10.
„ XIII. 1829 ...	A Regulation for abolishing the office of Superintendent and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs.	Section V.
„ VI. 1830 ...	A Regulation for modifying the provisions of the Regulations now in force relating to the subsistence-allowance to debtors confined in the Civil Jails in execution of decrees.	The whole Regulation.
„ V. 1831 ...	A Regulation for extending the powers of Moonsiffs and Sudder Ameens in the trial of Civil suits, and for authorizing the appointment of Principal Sudder Ameens at the Zillah and City Stations, for modifying the powers and duties of the Zillah, City, and Provincial Courts, in connection with those arrangements; and for enlarging the sphere of selection with regard to the offices of Moonsiff and Vakeel.	The proviso to Clause 1st and the proviso to Clause 2nd of Section V, Sections VII, VIII, Section IX except so much of Clause 2nd as enacts that copies of decrees in suits tried in the Courts of the Moonsiffs need not be written on stamp paper, Section X, Clause 3rd of Section XVI, Proviso of Clause 1st of Section XVIII, and Clause 4 of same Section, Sections XIX, XXI, XXII, XXIII, XXV, XXVIII, and XXIX.
„ IX. 1831 ...	A Regulation for the more speedy and efficient administration of Justice in the Courts of Sudder Dewanny and Nizamut Adawlut.	Sections II, VIII, and so much of Section X as extends those Sections to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut for the North-Western Provinces.
„ VII. 1832 ...	A Regulation for modifying certain of the provisions of Regulation V. 1831, and for providing supplementary rules to that enactment.	Sections II, VI, VII, X, XII, XIII, XIV, XV, XVI, and XVII.
	MADRAS.	
Regulation II. 1802 ...	A Regulation for establishing and defining the jurisdiction of the Courts of Adawlut, or Courts of Judicature for the trial of Civil suits in the first instance in the British Territories immediately subject to the Presidency of Fort St. George.	Sections III, IV, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, X, XV, XVI, XIX, XX, and XXI.
„ III. 1802 ...	A Regulation for receiving, trying, and deciding suits or complaints declared cognizable in the Courts of Adawlut established in the several Zillahs immediately subject to the Presidency of Fort St. George.	Sections II, III, IV, V, VI, VII (except so much as relates to the administering oaths), IX, X, XII, XIII, XIV, XV, XVII, XVIII, XIX, XX, XXVII, XXVIII, and XXIX.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation IV. 1802 ...	A Regulation for establishing four Provincial Courts of Appeal for hearing appeals from decisions passed in the several Zillah Courts, and defining their powers and duties, and prescribing rules for receiving and deciding upon appeals and other causes of which they are declared to have cognizance.	The whole Regulation.
„ V. 1802 ...	A Regulation for constituting a Sudder Adawlut or Chief Court of Civil Judicature for trying appeals from the decisions of the Provincial Courts of Appeal.	Sections IV, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, X, XI, XII, XIV, XV, XVI, XIX, XX, XXI, XXII, XXXIII, and XXXVIII.
„ XXI. 1802 ...	A Regulation for referring suits to Arbitration.	The whole Regulation.
„ XXVI. 1802 ...	A Regulation for governing the Sale and Sub-division of Malgoozary Lands in the British Territories subject to the Presidency of Fort St. George.	In so far as it relates to the execution of decrees of the Civil Courts.
„ IV. 1808 ...	A Regulation for the more speedy and effectual administration of Justice in the Courts of Sudder Adawlut and Fouzdary Adawlut.	Section VII so far as it relates to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut.
„ VII. 1809 ...	A Regulation for the occasional appointment of Assistant Judges of the Zillah Courts; for altering and extending the jurisdiction of the Registers of these Courts; for fixing a new Limitation of Appeals from the Zillah Courts to the Provincial Courts of Appeal; for authorizing the appointment of Head Native Commissioner for the trial of referred causes to the amount or value of one hundred Arcot Rupees; and for amending the existing Rules concerning the appointment and powers of Native Commissioners for the trial of suits for personal property not exceeding eighty Arcot Rupees.	Sections XXII, XXIX, and XXXI.
„ XII. 1809 ...	A Regulation for rendering Civil causes which are appealable to the Court of Sudder Adawlut cognizable in the first instance by the Provincial Courts, and for authorizing the execution of decrees appealed from in certain cases.	The whole Regulation.
„ II. 1811 ...	A Regulation for explaining and amending in certain cases the rules of process to be observed by the Civil Courts of Judicature, and for amending the rule contained in Clause Fourth, Section IV Regulation V. A D. 1808.	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation VI. 1816 ...	A Regulation for reducing into one Regulation the rules which have been passed regarding the office of Native Commissioners, for modifying and extending their powers in the trial and decision of Civil Suits, and for authorizing them under the designation of District Moonsiffs to discharge certain additional duties.	Sections XII, XIII, XIV, XV, XVI, XVII, XVIII, XIX, XX, XXI, XXII, XXIII, XXIV, XXV, XXVI, XXVII, XXVIII, XXIX, XXX, XXXIII, XXXIV, XXXV, XXXVI, XXXVII, XXXVIII, XXXIX, XL, XLII, XLIV, XLV, XLVI, XLVII, XLVIII, LI, LII, LIII from Proviso in Clause 1 to the end, LIV, LVI, LVII, LVIII, LX. LXI, Clause 2 of Section LXII.
,, VIII. 1816 ...	A Regulation for the appointment of the Hindoo Law Officers of the Provincial Courts to be Sudder Ameens, or Head Native Commissioners for the trial of causes referred to them by the Judges of the Zillahs in which those Courts are stationed, for confining the office of Sudder Ameen to the Hindoo Law Officers of the Provincial Courts, and the Mahomedan and Hindoo Law Officers of the Zillah Courts, and for modifying and extending the power of Sudder Ameens in the trial and decision of Civil suits.	Sections VIII, X, and XIV.
,, XIV. 1816 ...	A Regulation for amending and modifying the rules which have been passed regarding the Office of Vakeel or Native Pleader in the Courts of Civil Judicature.	Sections XVI and XVII.
,, XV. 1816 ...	A Regulation for modifying the jurisdiction of the Zillah and Provincial Courts and the Court of Sudder Adawlut in the trial of original suits and appeals, for amending some of the rules at present in force regarding the admission and trial of special and summary appeals from decisions passed in regular suits, and for limiting and altering some of the existing provisions respecting the pleadings and processes and the mode of executing decrees in regular suits and appeals.	The whole Regulation, except so much of Clause 2 of Section VIII as gives an appeal from a Sudder Ameen to a Judge.
,, VIII. 1817 ..	A Regulation for expediting the trial of Civil suits in which the Native Officers and Soldiers attached to Regular Corps on the Military establishment of the Presidency of Fort St. George may be parties, and for giving to them certain facilities in the maintenance and recovery of their rights, claims, and interests.	The whole Regulation except Section IX.
,, VII. 1818 ...	A Regulation for reducing into one Regulation, with amendments and modifications, the several rules which have been passed for admitting persons of certain descriptions to sue in the Courts of Civil Judicature as Paupers.	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation III. 1822 ...	A Regulation for extending the operation of Regulation VII of 1818.	The whole Regulation.
„ I. 1823 ...	A Regulation prescribing the course of proceeding to be observed in regard to suits instituted in the Courts of Adawlut against the Public Officers of Government.	The whole Regulation.
„ II. 1823 ...	A Regulation for authorizing a Special Appeal from the decrees of Registers and Sudder Ameens and for modifying the provisions of Section XIV Regulation VIII. 1816.	The whole Regulation.
„ IV. 1825 ...	A Regulation for amending and modifying the provisions contained in Regulation VII of 1818.	The whole Regulation.
„ I. 1827 ...	A Regulation for the establishment of Auxiliary Zillah Courts in the Territories subject to the Presidency of Fort St. George, and for the appointment of Assistant Judges and Sudder Ameens to those Courts.	Section IX.
„ XI. 1827 ...	A Regulation for supplying certain omissions in Regulations I and VII. 1827 respecting Special Appeals, and for providing for the office of Sudder Ameen in Auxiliary Courts seated at the same Station as Provincial Courts.	The whole Regulation.
„ VI. 1828 ...	A Regulation to amend the rules for computing the periods limited for appealing, and to provide for the disposal of Pleader's fees deposited in suits struck off the files of Zillah Courts as being for an amount or value not cognizable by them.	
„ I. 1829 ...	A Regulation for amending the rules in force relative to the trial of appeals, and for the better securing of impartiality in the administration of Justice.	The whole Regulation.
„ VIII. 1831 ...	A Regulation for vesting in single Judges of the Courts of Sudder and Fouzdary Adawlut and in single Judges of the Provincial Courts of Appeal under certain restrictions the power now exercised by two or more Judges of those Courts repectively.	Section IV.
„ I. 1832 ...	A Regulation to provide for the punishment of false allegations in petitions to the Judicial Courts and fictitious claims to property attached in execution of decrees.	The whole Regulation.
„ II. 1834 ...	A Regulation for rescinding Section III Regulation II of 1828 and such parts of any other Regulations in force as	Section V.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation II. 1834 *(Continued)*.	authorize District Moonsiffs to receive as a compensation for their trouble in the trial of suits the amount of the institution-fee levied thereon.	
	BOMBAY.	
„ II. 1827 ...	A Regulation for defining the constitution of Courts of Civil Justice, and the powers and duties of the Judges and Officers thereof.	Sections V to XVIII, Sections XXI, XXII, XXIII, XLI, XLII, XLIII, and LI.
„ III. 1827 ...	A Regulation containing provisions as to the official proceedings in general of Courts of Civil Justice, their sittings, the mode of communicating with them, the mode of keeping the minutes of their proceedings, the sealing, signing, and language of process, and the grant of copies of papers on their records.	Sections II and III.
„ IV. 1827 ...	A Regulation prescribing the forms of proceeding of the Courts of Law in Civil suits and appeals, and rules for the trial of the same.	The whole Regulation except Section C.
„ VI. 1827 ...	A Regulation for admitting persons to sue or defend in suits or appeals *in formâ pauperis*.	The whole Regulation.
„ VII. 1827 ...	A Regulation to facilitate the amicable adjustment of disputes of a Civil nature by means of arbitrators (a Punchaet).	The whole Regulation.
„ XVIII. 1827 ...	A Regulation for levying a stamp duty on certain papers within the Territories subordinate to the Presidency of Bombay.	So much of Section XVIII as enacts that stamps shall be leviable in respect of every application for summoning and examining witnesses or filing exhibits.

W. Morgan,
Clerk of the Council.

Home Department.

No. 1033A.

Fort William, the 13th May 1859.

Appointment.—Mr. C. K. Dove to be Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 1034.

The 20th May 1859.

The services of the Reverend F. W. Ellis, Chaplain, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the North-Western Provinces.

No. 1035.

Messrs. T. F. Bignold and W. Tyrrell, appointed by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, Members of Her Majesty's Civil Service on the Bengal Establishment, reported their arrival at the Presidency per Steam-ship *Alma*, which reached the Sand-heads on the 12th instant.

W. Grey,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Foreign Department.

No. 2884.

Fort William, the 18th May 1859.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to re-appoint Lieutenant L. C. Barton, of the 1st Bombay Native Infantry, to be Assistant to the Resident at Baroda.

No. 2885.

Gunput Rao Yenkutesh is appointed to officiate as an Extra Assistant of the 4th Class in the Province of Nagpore, from the 26th ultimo.

No. 2886.

Captain H. D. Tulloh, Assistant Commissioner of the 1st Class in Oudh, reported his arrival at Lucknow on the 22nd ultimo.

No. 2887.

The 20th May 1859.

Lalla Jumna Doss, Extra Assistant, Nagpore, has obtained leave of absence on Medical Certificate for twelve months, from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Financial Department.

No. 42.

Fort William, the 20th May 1859.

Notification.—The following Notification issued by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India in Council on the 25th March 1859, is republished for general information :—

INDIA OFFICE,
The 25th March 1859.

The Secretary of State for India in Council hereby gives Notice that, on and after the 1st May next, Promissory Notes of the Indian Loans which have been enfaced for payment of Interest in London by Drafts on India, may be registered in Books to be opened in this Office, so as to admit of the sale and transfer of the whole or any portion of such property in even hundreds of Rupees. When holders may desire again to receive their Interest in India, a certificate of the amount standing in such Register will be given to them, to be exchanged in Calcutta for Promissory Notes as before.

This Notification is not intended in any way to interfere with the essential conditions of the several Loans.

(Signed) J. C. MELVILL.

By Order of His Excellency the Governor General in Council,

C. HUGH LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, 19th May 1859.

No. 719 *of* 1859.—The following Notification, issued by the Government, North-West Provinces, is published in General Orders :—

No. 291, *the 12th May* 1859.—*Appointment.*—Lieutenant G. P. Gurdon to be Second in Command of the Meerut Divisional Police Battalion, from the 10th ultimo, the date on which Lieutenant Dunbar left the Sand-heads.

No. 720 *of* 1859—The following Notifications, issued from the Public Works Department, are published in General Orders :—

No. 120, *the 13th May* 1859.—*Notifications.*—Lieutenant H. A. C. Wroughton, of Her Majesty's 13th Light Infantry, temporarily attached to the Department of Public Works, by Goruckpoor District Order, dated 16th April 1859, to have the position of Probationary Assistant Engineer while so employed.

No. 121, *the 14th May* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize the immediate separation from the 2nd Division, Grand Trunk Road, of that portion of the Trunk Road from the Eastern Burakur to the Mohunnea River, and the Hazareebaugh Branch Road, which are hereby transferred to the Ramghur Division, and will be designated the Ramghur Section of the Grand Trunk Road.

No. 721 *of* 1859.—The Pay, Batta, and other Allowances for May 1859, of the Troops at the Presidency, and at the other Stations of the Army, will be issued on or after Thursday, the 9th proximo.

No. 722 *of* 1859.—The following Notification, issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, is published in General Orders :—

No. 3131, *the 12th May* 1859.—Mr. J. Fayrer, M. D., to officiate as Professor of Surgery in the Medical College, and Ex-officio First Surgeon of the College Hospital.

No. 723 *of* 1859.—The following Notification, issued from the Government of Punjaub, is published in General Orders :—

No. 955, *dated the 4th May* 1859.—Lieutenant J. G. Forbes, Probationary Assistant Engineer, 1st Division, Baree Doab Canal, has obtained six months' leave, on Medical Certificate, from the date on which he availed himself thereof.

No. 724 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council has the highest satisfaction in publishing the following report received from the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief, of the Military operations on the Frontier of Nepal during the last three months, conducted under the immediate instructions of the Commander-in-Chief.

2. His Excellency in Council highly appreciates the good judgment of the Officers, and the discipline of the Troops, which marked the conduct of these troublesome and harassing operations.

FROM MAJOR GENERAL W. R. MANSFIELD, K. C. B.,
Chief of the Staff,

TO MAJOR GENERAL BIRCH, C. B.,
Secretary to the Government of India,
in the Military Department, Calcutta.

Army Head Quarters, Simla, 3rd May 1859.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor, by order of the Commander-in-Chief, to bring to your notice for submission to His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General, the series of events, in a connected form, which have taken

place in the Northern District of Oudh, in Goruckpore, and the Nepaul Frontier, since the Rebels were driven across the border by His Excellency at the end of last year.

2. It will be in the recollection of the Governor General, that, according to the orders of Government injunctions were given forbidding the Troops at that date to pursue their advantages beyond the limits of the British Territory. The Rebels had retreated *en masse* under their principal leaders to the far side of the first range of Hills along which runs the Frontier of Nepaul. They took up a position near the *Sitka Ghat* beyond the first Pass, while Brigadier Horsford remaines encamped on the banks of the Raptee within our own boundary. At the same time the enemy, who had been beaten in the neighbourhood of Toolseepore by Sir Hope Grant, had crossed the mountains opposite the latter place. They remained in the first valley in considerable numbers.

3. At the end of January, Maha Rajah Jung Bahadoor having expressed a wish, that the British Troops should operate in Nepaul, Brigadier Horsford was directed by the Commander-in-Chief to move forward and disperse the rebels who were still encamped beyond the *Sitka Ghat*. On the 10th February the Brigadier gave execution to his orders, took all the guns possessed by the enemy (13) thirteen in number, and cleared the valley lying between the first two ranges of Hills. He had been instructed not to pass the second range, to be most careful in his treatment of the Nepaulese Authorities and people, to put an absolute stop to plunder, to forbid the slaughter of kine, even for the use of his British Troops, and to cause the whole population to understand that his march in Nepaul was merely for the purpose of securing tranquillity and safety for them. Brigadier Horsford's measures were taken throughout in exact accordance with his instructions. Compensation was paid for damaged crops, no cattle were killed, the strictest discipline was preserved, and it is gratifying to know that the inhabitants of the valley testified their regret when the object of his mission having been accomplished, Brigadier Horsford retraced his steps after a fortnight's occupation of the country.

4. Brigadier Horsford's advance caused a great alarm among the followers of the Begum, the Nana, Bala Rao, Beni Madho, Jodh Sing, Mahomed Hussein, and other Rebel-leaders, who still kept the remnant of the fugitive Sepoys together. The numbers of these Sepoys were largely stated by the Goorka Authorities, much more so indeed than was guaranteed by fact. Nevertheless their numbers were considerable and it is possible they may have amounted to (10,000) ten thousand fighting men, exclusive of the very numerous followers in attendance on the Begum and the Chiefs.

5. At this time Jung Bahadoor's plan to allow all the Rebels who had retreated across the second range of Hills to move Eastward to the Gunduk was communicated to the Commander-in-Chief by Government. Jung Bahadoor proposed to allow this body of people to get as far as the Gunduk, where they were to deliver up their arms to his Troops. They were then, having been furnished with passes by the British Resident of Nepaul—to be led down in bodies of a thousand to *Segowlie*, for the purpose of being thence despatched to their homes, under the sanction of the British Authorities. At the same time Jung Bahadoor manifested a wish, that a body of British Troops should move Eastward from Oudh, through the Goruckpore District to be ready to co-operate with his Army, if the necessity should arise. There could be no doubt of the expediency of such a measure. It appeared extremely hazardous to the Commander-in-Chief to trust altogether to the likelihood of the Sepoy disarmament, as proposed, and apparently hoped for by Jung Bahadoor. If the Sepoy rabble had appeared at the Passes at the Gunduck, without a sufficient body of British Troops being ready in that neighbourhood to bar their descent into our neighbouring Provinces, the rich territory of Tirhoot would have been absolutely at their mercy. This being the case, no time was lost in organizing by order of the Government a sufficient Brigade of all the Arms, which was sent forward by Corps, to take post at Ramnuggur beyond the Gunduk to the North of *Segowlie*. Colonel Kelly, 34th Foot, was placed in Command of it, and was carefully instructed to meet the views of Jung Bahadoor, if his design of the Sepoy disarmament should succeed, but in any case to be prepared to bar the progress of any Rebels into the District of Tirhoot. At the same time Her Majesty's 19th Foot was held in readiness at Dinapore to be thrown across the Ganges and advance to Tirhoot itself if any contingency of the Campaign should render the movement desirable. During this time all the posts were maintained along the border running to the North of Goruckpore and the Trans-Gogra Districts. The Moradabad Levy arrived in due course to reinforce the Troops under Brigadier Horsford. Her Majesty's 53rd Regiment, and the Kemaoon Battalion were detained on the frontier, although destined for other quarters.

Detail.

2 Squadrons Murray's Jat Horse.
J. Light Field Battery, Royal Artillery.
13th Light Infantry, Left Wing.
34th Regiment.
3rd Regiment Sikh Infantry.

6. Reports reached His Excellency at short intervals of the progress of the Rebels through the Country of Nepaul, till at length at the beginning of March, they appeared on the Gunduk. It soon became evident that Jung Bahadoor's expectations would not be fulfilled; and that so far from any disarmament of the Sepoys taking place, either voluntarily, or in consequence of compulsion by the Goorka Forces, there was reason to believe that sympathy for the Rebels existed in the Goorka Ranks. After a time, Jung Bahadoor again solicited the aid of British Troops, and declared that the Sepoys under the Begum and Nana, who had reached the Gunduk were beyond his control. Thereupon Colonel Kelly was immediately authorized by the Commander-in-Chief, in anticipation of the orders of the Governor General, which followed shortly afterwards, to pass the border in his front, and to break up the bodies of Rebels which had moved Eastward. He was also empowered by the Commander-in-Chief to make requisitions on all the Officers Commanding Troops along the Goruckpore frontier, that a combination among the various forces might be insured for the common object. Colonel Kelly acted in accordance with his instructions and with great spirit. He advanced with rapidity, pressed the enemy home, and defeated him twice* with considerable loss, taking (7) seven Guns from him and effectually turning the whole body to the Westward.

7. The immediate result of these actions was the surrender of some Chiefs of note, including Mahomed Hussein, and the Rance of Toolseepore. The Rebel Sepoys fairly frightened, made rapidly to the Westward and in the second week of April authentic repors reached the Commander-in-Chief that although the Begum was believed to be still not far from Bootwall, she had but (150) one hundred and fifty followers with her. This was very important, as much alarm would seem to have previously prevailed in the Tirhoot District. At the request of the Civil Authorities in that quarter, Her Majesty's 19th Foot and some Sikh Cavalry had been pushed out in march to Tirnoot from Dinapore. This force did not encounter an enemy. In the course of his operations Colonel Kelly failed to meet with a friendly support from the Goorkha Generals, or other Authorities. These latter persisted in their attempts to blacken the character of British Troops

* The actions near Bootwall, 25th and 28th March 1859.
Vide Col. Kelly's Despatches, which are already before Government.

in the Court of Nepaul, ascribing all sorts of violence and outrage to them, and they actually asserted that villages, known to have been burnt and plundered by the Rebels, had been destroyed by the British Soldiery. This appears to have been met with great calmness, and His Excellency has much pleasure in assuring the Governor General, that Colonel Kelly has been most explicit in his reports on the good discipline of the Force under his command.

8. About the last week of march the Rebels who had been driven Westward, began to show again in the Mountains North of the Trans-Gogra District. They were starving and in a most wretched condition. They had become satisfied that nothing was to be obtained in Nepaul, and the Terai, but the most scanty subsistence, and a certainty of jungle Fever. They seem to have quickly made up their minds, and after having been engaged with great success by Lieutenant Colonel Gordon, of the 1st Sikh Infantry, who repulsed them with considerable loss, part of them succeeded in passing Major Ramsay's Post under the Hills, and made for the Raptee. The Troops at Nawabgunge, Barabinkee, including the Queen's Bays, a Regiment of Hodson's Horse, and a Troop of Horse Artillery were pushed on immediately across the Gogra to Secrora, and Major General Sir Hope Grant, K. C. B., was directed to proceed himself, in person, to Fyzabad to direct the operations which had now become necessary for the final destruction of the last remnant of the Rebel Army.

9. Sir Hope Grant moved rapidly out of Lucknow with another Regiment of Hodson's Horse, and (2) two Horse Artillery Guns. When passing through Durriabad, he made arrangements for the safe-guard of the Gogra and then proceeded to Gonda, by way of Fyzabad. He was instructed to infuse the utmost energy into the movements and actions of all the Officers Commanding Columns and Posts in the District, and to desire that the Rebels, who it was known were half-starved, worn-out, and utterly demoralized, should be attacked immediately wherever they could be found, and under all circumstances. These orders have been acted up to, and several small affairs have taken place, all with signal success, with hardly any loss to ourselves, and giving the best practical proof of the abject state to which the Rebels are reduced, and that the final and utter break-up of the last remaining Insurgents may be immediately looked for. The affairs to which allusion have been made are, one in which Major* Cormick, of the 20th Foot, commanded, two conducted by Major Vaughan, of the 5th Sikh Infantry, another by Major Murray, and a pursuit led by Colonel Walker, of the 2nd Dragoon Guards, and a spirited skirmish under Captain Rennie. Brigadier Horsford having been in pursuit of the largest remaining body on the roads towards the Khyreeghur jungles, came up with them near Buneapore on the 25th April and inflicted heavy loss. It is represented that the unhappy enemy is only seeking to escape observation. Several parties have given themselves up, both Infantry and Cavalry, besides various leaders, of whom perhaps the most considerable is Jodh Sing, the Rajah of Churdah. The Nana lately wrote in to Brigadier Rowcroft attempting to excuse himself. In short Lord Clyde would congratulate His Excellency the Governor General on this irruption having taken place at a time when the arrangements made to meet such a contingency three months ago were still complete. Considering the temper of an influential portion of the Nepaulese, it is not impossible that the permanent residence of the Rebel Chiefs, and their Sepoy followers in Nepaul might have caused considerable trouble hereafter with the Government of that Country, while at the same time even their presence on a frontier we were unwilling to cross; was a standing threat, and consequently not to be borne. It is therefore in Lord Clyde's opinion a happy circumstance that these wretched people were urged to take the course they have pursued and so to bring on the immediate crisis which cannot but prove the effectual termination of that great Mutiny and Rebellion, which broke out exactly two years ago.

10. In conclusion His Excellency desires me to say, that as soon as it can be done with prudence, no time shall be lost in sending the Troops into quarters.

I have, &c.,

W. R MANSFIELD, *Major General,*
Chief of the Staff.

* *Vide* his Despatch already sent to Government.

Vide Telegraphic Despatches.

Fort Wiliam, 20th May 1859.

No. 725 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following letter from Brigadier General Sir R. Napier, K. C. B, Commanding Gwalior Division, forwarding reports from Colonel DeSalis and Lieutenant Colonel Rich, of the pursuit and dispersion of the rebel Force under Rao Sahib, Feroze Shah and others.

His Excellency in Council desires to record his cordial thanks to Colonel DeSalis, Lieutenant Colonel Rich, and the Officers and Troops (European and Native) employed on the occasion.

FROM BRIGDR. GENL. SIR R. NAPIER, K. C. B.,
Commanding Gwalior Division,

TO THE CHIEF OF THE STAFF,
Head Quarters, Simla.

Camp Seronge, 21st April 1859.

SIR,

IN my letter No. 226, of the 8th instant, I had the honor to report the pursuit and dispersion of the Rebel Force under the Rao Sahib, Feroze Shah, Adil Mahommed Khan, and other leaders.

There remained no organized body of Rebels to act against; but the Seronge jungles forming a zone of about 40 miles' radius, were infested with several considerable bands, acting apparently independently, yet not entirely without concert.

The Pursuing Columns of General Michel had taken up positions assigned by that Officer at Munohur Thana, Puchowree and Beursia, and Brigadier Wheler had moved out from Saugor towards the Betwa, ready to take up the pursuit should the Rebels break cover.

General Michel kindly placed Colonel DeSalis's Column, formed of a remnant of Smith's Brigade at my disposal.

A strong detachment under Major Chetwode formed a cordon between Seronge and Beursia, and thus cut off a portion of this extensive jungle and reduced the Field operations considerably. The Columns of Colonels Rich and DeSalis, and a detachment of the 92nd Highlanders, on their way to Jhansi under Colonel Lockhart, who delayed his march a few days and cordially assisted, thoroughly swept the Northern portion of the jungle, but unfortunately without success. Such of the Enemy as had been there managed to evade their pursuers in the dense thickets.

Colonel Lockhart then pursued his march, and Colonels DeSalis and Rich with undiminished zeal, returned to the Southern part of the jungle and with better knowledge of its almost impervious recesses, succeeded by combined and excellent arrangements to driving the Rebels from their fastnesses and defeating them with very severe loss, which, from all the information I can gather, I estimate at about 500.

These Rebels were well acquainted with the proclaimed Amnesty and had opportunities afforded them of accepting it, but failed to do so, and murdered all our Camp followers who fell into their hands.

I regret that a this success has not been attained without the loss of some valuable lives.

I beg to commend to the favour and protection of the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief, Colonel DeSalis, and Lieutenant Colonel Rich, Commanding the two Columns engaged, for the able and skilful manner in which they have carried out a difficult duty, and also the European and Native Officers and Soldiers of both Arms, for their gallantry in action, and their unfailing ardour and endurance in a long and harassing pursuit.

I very cordially support the recommendations made by Colonel DeSalis and Lieutenant Colonel Rich, of the Officers named in their reports.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) R. NAPIER, *Brigadier General, Commanding Gwalior Division.*

FROM COLONEL DESALIS,
Comdg. 1st Brigade Rajpootana Field Force,
TO BRIGDR. GENL. SIR R. NAPIER, K. C. B.,
Commanding Gwalior Division.

Camp Moohsoodnuggur, 6th April 1859.

SIR,

I WAS encamped at this place on the 2nd instant, and Lieutenant-Colonel Rich was at Laitures. According to your instructions I arranged a movement of our columns South for the purpose of sweeping these jungles.

We moved accordingly on the 3rd instant, but could not succeed in catching the Rebels, who escaped to the West crossing the Parbuttee, and in so doing a body of their Cavalry about 200 cut through the long column of my baggage, which together with my Guns, half my Infantry and some Hussars I had sent by the straight or level road which skirts the jungles. The Rebels brutally murdered the Native Band-master, 10th Native Infantry, and severely wounded two Sepoys. They took two Enfield Rifles from our baggage and a few Camels. A small party of Hussars came up very soon, upon which they disappeared in the jungles.

I encamped on the 3rd at Gunjarree, twelve miles South of this, and Lieutenant Colonel Rich encamped at Deerghur, about eight miles East of me, but on the other side of the belt of jungle.

I had reason to believe the Rebels who had crossed the Parbuttee would endeavour to return, and having very few Cavalry I could not spare any to follow them without urgent reason.

I was aware we had left other Rebels under Feroze Shah behind us, and on the 4th instant, Captain Bolton, A. D. Assistant Quarter-Master General, procured me certain information of their whereabouts. I arranged with Lieutenant Colonel Rich, that we should both make long marches that night to the North and attack them simultaneously from different sides.

I have to thank Lieutenant Colonel Rich, for his cordial co-operation. He himself will report to you the result of his movement.

Accordingly at 7 P. M. on the 4th, I marched quietly out of Camp with a column as per margin, leaving the rest of my force and all my tents standing, in order to deceive the enemy's scouts.

8th Hussars.
75 Sabres.
95th Regiment.
90 on Camels.
60 on Foot.
10th Native Infantry.
60 on Camels.
60 on Foot.

We marched back to Moohsoodnuggur and about thirteen miles further to a point North of a jungle village called *Boordah*, which is ten miles North North East of Moohsoodnuggur, detaching again part of our force, 20 *Hussars*, 30 *95th*, 30 *10th Native Infantry*, to *Tinsia*, a village in the heart of the jungles about five miles South of Boordah. This detachment was commanded by Major Hon'ble E. Massey, 95th Regiment.

My plan was to attack Boordah, where the Rebels were encamped, from the North, and endeavour to drive them East upon Lieutenant Colonel Rich, who was to be at Esurwas, whilst the detachment at Tinsia was to show itself and intercept any attempting to go South.

Accordingly at day-break on the 5th, I was a little to the North of *Boordah*, and forming one-third of my small Infantry Force in skirmishing order, and the rest of us in four supports, we advanced quietly through the thick jungle in the direction where the enemy's camp was said to be. On nearing it, we were challenged and finding the alarm given, we fell upon them with a cheer from our Europeans and the sound of all our Bugles and Trumpets.

We killed a good many Infantry here, but the Cavalry who were encamped the other side, and whose Horses lately have always been kept saddled, managed to get away.

I pushed on at once with about 40 Hussars and a few Infantry in the direction of Esurwas and Lieutenant Colonel Rich, but finding none of the enemy near us, I hastened on with the Hussars alone and after going about two miles we discovered the Enemy's Cavalry moving parallel to us. We left those that had preceded us for Lieutenant Colonel Rich, and Major Seager, Commanding the 8th Hussars, turned to his right and attacked what was before him. We killed 40 of them and also turned back their Camels and baggage that were following them, so that it *all fell* into the hands of our Infantry and Camp followers. The rest of their Cavalry dispersed, some few jumping off their Horses and climbing steep rocks in the jungle.

This movement brought us near to Tinsia where we found Major Massey's party, which must have been discovered by the Rebels, and obliged them to go off East and meet us and Lieutenant Colonel Rich.

I must observe, that the whole country between Boordah, Esurwas, and Tinsia is very dense jungle, deep glens and nullahs. Except the Cavalry attack, and 35 rebels surrounded in one glen and 13 in another, all actual fighting was mere individual skirmishing.

I am happy to say we have only one *wounded* (a Sepoy 10th Native Infantry, dangerously) 2 Horses *killed* and no one *missing*

Several of the Cavalry slain were the old Gwalior Body Guard, their clothes, arms and appointments in excellent order. I am told nearly all the Infantry who fell were either old Sepoys or Velaitees. During our night march our spies had informed us that 200 men who had crossed the Parbuttee were just returned and had gone towards Boordah, and there we recovered one of the Enfields and several Camels taken from our Baggage on the 3rd instant, besides several Sandree Camels taken from your messengers and mine at different times. Subadar Chuttur Singh, late Gwalior Contingent, and lastly General in the Rebel Force, was said to have commanded the attack on our Baggage and we found him amongst the dead.

I had desired my Camp to move on the 5th to Moohsoodnuggur to which place after the day's work we returned. I estimated the number of Rebels before us at 1500: they were commanded by Feroze Shah.

The Rebel loss can never be accurately stated. It extended over a length of five miles and breadth of two miles of thick jungle, and we could not spare Officers to count them. It is certainly not less than 300, independant of what Lieutenant Colonel Rich may have done. The Natives say 500, and do not appear sorry. I begin to think that fear of the Rebels alone has prevented them affording us every assistance.

I beg to assure you that the very correct intelligence we have constantly received from our spies and the arrangement of the whole plan of our attack were due to Captain Bolton, A. D., Quarter-Master General. I may safely say, that without him we should still be walking after the Rebels and I have the greatest pleasure in bringing this Officer's excellent services on the present, as well as on several former occasions, to your notice, hoping you will represent them in the proper quarter.

I cannot speak too highly of the spirit evinced by our Europeans on this occasion, and the fortitude and endurance shewn by the 10th Native Infantry. We have all been out in the Field more than fourteen months. Our march this day was not less than 40 miles; the heat and want of water in the jungles were most oppressive. Our men's clothing has been much damaged in their rapid advance through the jungle.

I have to thank Major Seager, Commanding 8th Hussars; Major the Hon'ble E. Massey, 95th Regiment; Captain Carmichael, 95th Regiment, Commanding Detachments. Captain Richards, Commanding Detachment 10th Native Infantry and my Brigade Major, and Cornet Goldsworthy, 8th Hussars, for their zealous able assistance which enabled me, first, to carry out a long march in a very dark night, and secondly, to attack with a definite plan, through very thick jungles, where the sun was the only thing that could be seen.

I was much pleased by the spirit and intelligence shewn by Captain Parkinson, 95th Regiment, Captain Richards and Ensign Newport, 10th Native Infantry, and Cornet Palliser, of the 8th Hussars.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) R. DeSalis, *Colonel*,
Comdg. 1st Brigade Rajpootanah Field Force.

From Brevet Lieut-Colonel G. W. Rich,
71st Highland Light Infantry,
Commanding Column, 1st Brigade,
Gwalior Division,

To Brigadier General Sir R. Napier, K. C. B.,
Commanding Gwalior Division

Camp Laituree, 7th April 1859.

Sir,

I have the honor to now forwarding an official report of the expedition of my Column on the 5th instant, to excuse the delay in not sending it yesterday, on account of endeavouring to collect all information.

On the 2nd instant, hearing there was the Rao's party of Rebels, South of Laituree, I co-operated with Brigadier DeSalis in driving them from that jungle: they fled across the Parbuttee River and we afterwards lost their track. On the 4th instant, I rode to Brigadier DeSalis's Camp and knowing there was another body of Rebels to the North of Laituree and Moohsoodnuggur, I there agreed to his proposed arrangements, a copy of which I annex (No. 1) and in accordance with them I struck Camp that night at 8 P. M., made a forced march to Kotra across North-West of Esurwas, leaving all my baggage with a strong guard at Laituree. In passing, I detached a Jemadar and thirty Sepoys, 9th Bombay Native Infantry, to Tinsia. I ascertained that there was not any water between Kotra and Boordah, and therefore concluded that the Rebels, if driven by Colonel DeSalis, would either come to Kotra for water and then fall into the hands of my force or try to escape by way of Tinsia, their favorite resort. It happened as I expected. Many came my way and made for some villages on the edge of the jungle, favourable to their cause. We cut down fifteen Rebel Sepoys in the jungle, and then moving my force outside, we discovered a numerous body near the village of Nainwas, half a mile distant and some running to Esurwas. I immediately rushed forward with my force as per margin. The Cavalry surrounded the village and cut down all those in the open country; the Infantry entered the village and found Rebels in every tenable house and in the grass stacks outside, all of whom were killed. Those Rebels were Villaitees and Sepoys of Gwalior Contingent, Scindiah's own Army, and a few of different Regiments. It is impossible to say the exact number killed, but after consulting Officers of the Force and from my own judgment I compute it at 70, independent of 15 cut down in the jungle, amongst whom was Chuttur Sing, a Subadar of the Gwalior Contingent, and others, killed by my detached party of the 9th Bombay Native Infantry under Jemadar Ramjee Cudum, whose report, marked No. 2, I attach, and would recommend him to your favourable consideration. This affair was carried on during the heat of the day. We returned to our Camp, Laituree, at half past 2 o'clock P. M.

14th Light Dragoons, 50, under Lieut. Gowan.
71st Highland Light Infantry, 80, under Capt. Dalgleish.
9th Bombay Native Infantry, 70, under Capt. Tubbs.
Mayne's Horse, 50, under Lieut. Bradford.
Gwalior Camel Corps, 170, under Capt. Templer.
Staff, Captain Ramsay, 71st
Medical Department, Assistant Surgeon Broderick, Mayne's Horse.

I annex casualty report, No. 3. I cannot speak too highly of the conduct of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and men of my Force, both European and Native. All exerted themselves and endured the fatigues of the day and night with the greatest cheerfulness.

I would specially recommend to your notice Lieutenant Bradford, of Mayne's Horse. From his knowledge of the Hindoostani language, by his intelligence, zeal and activity, he has enabled me to procure information, which otherwise I could not have obtained.

The villagers of Nairwas and Esurwas concealed the Rebels, denied any Rebels being there or having seen any. I was obliged to burn the former village to get the Rebels out of it.

I have, &c.,

(Sd.) G. W. Rich, *Brevet Lieut.-Col.*,
71st Highland Light Infantry,
Comdg. Column, 1st Brigade,
Gwalior Division.

Correction.—From intelligence just received from a a wounded Rebel of the 72nd Bengal Native Infantry, there were no Vellaitees in the Rebel force: the Sepoys, many of them looked like Vellaitees, because they had not shaved for a very long time.

No. 2.

From Jemadar Ramjee Cudum,
9th Bombay Native Infantry,
Commanding Detachment.

Camp Laituree, 6th April 1859.

Sir,

I arrived in command of a party of thirty (30) Sepoys, 9th Bombay Native Infantry, at Tinsia, about 8 o'clock A. M. 5th instant. Just before arriving I came upon a party of Rebels, 35 in number, flying in all directions. I extended my men and attacked them, when I killed 30. Two or three were Vellaitees: about ten were mounted on Tattoos and Horses and the rest were Gwalior Contingent and Budmashes, all armed with Regulation muskets and matchlocks. I then went on to Tinsia. On arriving I saw the Brigadier's Force; they had already had a fight and I saw 50 or 60 bodies laying about. The Brigadier gave me a note to take on to Colonel Rich. On arriving at Esurwas I heard firing and saw two Horses loose belonging to the 14th Dragoons, which I assisted to catch, and saw a Sergeant of the 14th Dragoons, who told me there was a fight going on. I then extended my men again and killed four Rebels who were flying from Colonel Rich's Force. These men were also of the Gwalior Contingent: all had black belts and Regulation muskets.

(Signed) Ramjee Cudum, *Jemadar,*
9th Bombay Native Infantry,
Commanding Detachment.

(True Copy,)

G. W. Rich, *Brevet Lieut-Colonel,*
71st Highland Light Infantry,
Commanding Column.

No. 197.

MEMORANDUM.

FORWARDED in original for the information of His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

Lord Clyde heartily concurs in the approbation bestowed by Brigadier General Sir R. Napier upon Colonel DeSalls, Lieutenant Colonel Rich and the Officers and Troops (British and Native) under their orders.

By Order,

(Signed) H. W. NORMAN, *Major*,
Offg. Adjutant General
of the Army.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S;
Head-Quarters Simla OFFICE,
The 2nd May 1859

Casualty Return of the Column from Gwalior Division under Command of Brevet Lieutenant Colonel Rich, H. M.'s 71st Highland Light Infantry, at the assault on the Village of Nenawass, 5th April 1859.

Camp Laituree, 6th April 1859.

CORPS.	EUROPEANS.			NATIVES.			HORSES.			REMARKS.
	Killed.	Wounded.	Missing.	Killed.	Wounded.	Missing.	Killed.	Wounded.	Missing.	
H. M.'s 71st Highland Light Infantry ...	3	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Shot in the Village of Nenawass, 5th April 1859 ... Occupied by Rebels.
9th Native Infantry ...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	Shot in the Village of Nenawass, 5th April 1859 ... Occupied by Rebels.
Mayne's Horse ...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	Wounded at the Village of Nenawass, 5th April 1859 ... 1 severely, Amputation, 1 slightly ... Occupied by Rebels.
Camel Corps ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	Wounded at the Village of Nenawass, 5th April 1859 ... 1 Slightly ... Occupied by Rebels.
Total ...	3	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	

G. W. RICH, *Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel,*
71st Highland Light Infantry, Comdg. Column.

No. 726 of 1859.—Lieutenant Colonel and Brevet Colonel Sir Thomas Seaton, K. C. B., of the 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, is permitted to retire from the Service, on the Pension of a Colonel, from the 3rd proximo.

No. 727 of 1859.—The following paragraphs of a Military Letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 134, of the 14th ultimo, are published for general information :—

1. The under-mentioned Officers have proceeded in charge of Recruits for Her Majesty's Indian Forces to Calcutta, *viz* :—

Captain Sweet, 39th Madras Native Infantry ...
Captain Harvey, 18th Bombay Native Infantry ...
} Per *Ruby Castle.*

Captain E. C. Warner, 2nd Bengal European Light Cavalry.
Lieutenant Chapman, 17th Madras Native Infantry, and Executive Engineer, Nagpore
Lieutenant Swiney, 5th Bengal European Light Cavalry...
} Per *Undaunted.*

2. Lieutenants Chapman and Swiney will be considered to have returned by the Overland Mail from England, on the 20th January, Captains Sweet and Warner, by that of the 4th February, and Captain Harvey, by that of the 4th March last, with which Mails respectively those Officers would have returned, had their services not been required on the voyage round the Cape.

No. 728 of 1850.—The under-mentioned Officer has returned to his duty on this Establishment without prejudice to his rank :—

		Date of Arrival at Fort William.
*Government General Order, No. 398 of 1858.	Captain and Brevet Major Albert Fytche, of the 70th Regiment Native Infantry, Deputy Commissioner at Bassein, on leave for fifteen months, from the 25th *February 1858.	13th May 1859.

No. 729 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following promotions :—

Ordnance Commissariat Department.

Officiating Sub-Conductor Thomas Yeldham	To be Sub-Conductor of Ordnance, from the 10th June 1858.
Offg. Sub-Conductor Charles H. Crutcher	To be Sub-Conductors of Ordnance from the 12th August 1859, to complete the Establishment authorised by Government General Order, No. 667, of the 29th April 1856.
" " Lawrence Lesmond .	
" " William Doherty ...	
" " William Swinnerton .	
" " Daniel McKay ...	
" " Alexander Wilson ...	
" " Edward Wilsey ...	
" " J. T. Hewson ...	
" " Patrick Riordan ...	
" " James Hand ...	
" " Thomas Thornton ...	
" " F. L. Tucker ...	
" " George B. Bleazby...	
" " William Devine ...	
" " Daniel Flynn ...	
" " Denis Desmond ...	
" " Richard Monks ...	
" " Godfrey Leonard ...	
" " Peter Potter ...	
" " E. W. Allum ...	

No. 730 *of* 1859.—*Errata.*—In Government General Order, No. 318, of the 11th March 1859, granting rewards to men of the Hyderabad Contingent for gallantry in the Field.

For	*Read*
Trooper Meer "Hoossain" Alli—	Trooper Meer *Ihsan* Ali.
"Trooper" Sheik Hyder—	*Duffadar* Sheik Hyder.

Order Books to be corrected accordingly

No. 731 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned men, who were pronounced by the Invaliding Committee to be unfit for further duty, and directed by General Order by the Commander-in-Chief of the 27th November 1858 to be sent to Europe, recommended for Pension, are admitted to Pension as specified opposite to their names, under the provisions of General Order of the 5th February 1820, with permission to reside in India, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India :—

Sergeant George Green, of the 4th Company 1st Battalion Artillery.	Equivalent to 1 shilling per diem.
Gunner Patrick Colford, of the European Invalid Battalion.	Equivalent to 9 pence per diem.

No 732 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment :—

Colonel A. H. Ferryman, C. B., of Her Majesty's 89th Regiment, to be a Brigadier of the 2nd Class on the Establishment, in succession to Brigadier G. Hutchison, deceased.

No. 733 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council publishes for general information the following paragraphs of a Military Letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 127, dated 7th April 1859, conveying the Commands of Her Most Gracious Majesty, regarding Medals to be granted for the suppression of the late Mutinies in India :—

PARA : 1.—Referring to the Despatches to the Government of India of the dates noted on the margin, on the subject of the grant of Medals to the Troops employed in the suppression of the late Mutinies in India, I have now to inform you that Her Majesty has been pleased to re-consider the directions already given by Her on this subject.

9th June 1858, No. 153.
1st Sept. 1858, No. 258.
See G. O. G. G. Nos. 363. and 541 of 1858.

2. It appears to Her Majesty, that when a Medal is given for a Campaign, Clasps should be added very sparingly, and only for great general actions, or for such conspicuous operations as materially influence the successful termination of the war.

3. On this principle, Her Majesty has decided that the following is the most just, and therefore the most desirable arrangement :—

1*st*.—That the Medal be granted to all engaged in operations against the Rebels or Mutineers.

2*nd*.—That the Clasp which Her Majesty has already sanctioned for Delhi, be granted to those employed in the operations against, and at the assault of Delhi.

3*rd*.—That the Clasp which Her Majesty has already sanctioned for the "Defence of Lucknow," be granted to all of the original Garrison under Major General Sir John Inglis, and to those who succoured them, and continued the defence under Major Generals Havelock and Outram, until relieved by Lord Clyde.

4*th*.—That in lieu of the Clasps which Her Majesty has already sanctioned for the "Relief" and "Capture" of Lucknow, as previously notified, a Clasp for "Lucknow" be granted to all the Troops engaged in the several operations against Lucknow, under the immediate Command of Lord Clyde in November 1857 and March 1858.

5*th*.—That a Clasp for Central India be granted to the Troops of the Column under Major General Sir Hugh Rose, G. C. B., engaged in the operations against Jhansi, Calpee and Gwalior, and also to the Troops which, under the Command of Major Generals Roberts and Whitlock, respectively performed such important service in Central India.

4. Her Majesty has also been pleased to signify Her gracious intention to bestow the Medals and Clasps on persons not in the Military service, who have borne arms against the Mutineers, and who may be considered to have earned the distinction.

5. You will give instructions for the due announcement of Her Majesty's decision.

6. In order to enable me to give effect to Her Majesty's gracious intentions, you will instruct the Commander-in-Chief in India to give direc-

tions for the preparation and transmission with the least possible delay of Nominal Lists of the Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Men of Her Majesty's Army and Indian European Military Forces, and Numerical Returns of the Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers of Her Majesty's Indian Native Armies, as may be entitled to receive the Medals and Clasps which it is Her Majesty's gracious intention to bestow upon them, including those Non-Military persons who have borne arms as Volunteers against the Mutineers, both at Lucknow and elsewhere, who may be considered by the Commander-in-Chief and your Government to be entitled to the Decoration, and to cause such other steps to be taken as may appear to you to be necessary to give effect to Her Majesty's decision.

With reference to the 6th paragraph of the above letter, the Governments of Madras and Bombay and the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief in India are requested to adopt immediate measures to furnish the Government of India with Rolls of the persons entitled to the Medals and Clasps now authorized by Her Majesty.

No. 734 *of* 1859.—Under the exigencies of the Service during the last two years, many Officers have been made available for employment on the Staff and in various situations, who have not passed the examinations in the Native languages, laid down by General Order by the Governor General of the 25th June 1850; but tranquillity having now been generally restored, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to announce that the provisions of that Order will in future be strictly enforced, and no Officer will hereafter be appointed to any situation on the Staff, or to any Civil or other detached employment, who has not passed the prescribed examination.

Every Officer who has been removed from his Regiment for Staff, Civil, or other employment, who has not already passed the prescribed examination, or shall not pass it within six months from the date of this Order, will be remanded to his Corps.

No. 735 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned gentlemen, whose appointments as Cadets of Cavalry and Infantry upon the Bengal Establishment were announced in Government General Orders, Nos. 1503 of the 5th November 1858, and 53 of the 13th January 1859, having satisfied Government on the points of qualification prescribed by existing Regulations, are admitted into the Service as Cadets of Cavalry and Infantry from the 10th May 1859, and promoted to the rank of Cornet and Ensign respectively, leaving the dates of their Commissions for future adjustment:—

Cavalry.

Mr. Henry Charles Creak.

Infantry.

Mr. James Ludlow Ferris.

No. 736 *of* 1859.—Brevet Colonel William Ferguson Beatson, of the 4th European Regiment, Commanding Beatson's Horse, is allowed leave of absence for one month, from the date on which he may avail himself of it, to visit Bombay, with permission to proceed thence to Europe on urgent private affairs, for six months without pay. This cancels Government General Order No. 707, of the 17th May 1859.

No. 737 *of* 1859.—Apothecary Edward Reilly, attached to Her Majesty's 23rd Fusiliers, is permitted to resign his situation in the Subordinate Medical Department.

No. 738 *of* 1859.—Lieutenant Patrick Macnaghten Tait, of the Calcutta Volunteer Guards, is allowed leave of absence on Sick Certificate, for fifteen months.

No. 739 *of* 1859.—The following promotion is made:—

72nd Native Infantry.

Ensign Charles Simeon Noble to be Lieutenant, from the 6th March 1859, *vice* Lieutenant Arthur Henry Messiter, resigned.

No. 710 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication in General Orders of the following Royal Warrant, received with a letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 119, of the 7th April 1859, prescribing Rules under which Combatant Officers are to be recommended for promotion in Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces:—

Whereas, We have judged it expedient to revise those parts of Our Royal Warrants of the 6th day of October 1854, and 3rd day of November 1854, which regulate the promotion and retirement of Combatant Officers in Our Army and Ordnance Corps, Our will and pleasure is, that from the date of this Our Royal Warrant Our Governor General in Council shall govern himself by these Our rules in recommending Combatant Officers for promotion in Our Indian Military Forces.

Promotion.

1. That the rank of Field-Marshal be given without reference to seniority

2. That there shall be a fixed establishment of General Officers, *viz.*:—

Generals	25
Lieutenant-Generals	50
Major-Generals	145

3. That Colonels may be appointed, without regard to seniority, to commands as Major-Generals, with temporary rank; and if they shall have conducted themselves to Our satisfaction, such temporary rank, after having been held for five years in peace, or for any shorter period in war, may, upon the recommendation of Our Governor General in Council, be made permanent. That the temporary rank of General and Lieutenant-General may also be given, whenever the convenience of the Service requires it, and may be made permanent in a similar manner.

4. That every vacancy on the fixed establishment of General Officers shall be filled by the promotion of the senior Colonel qualified to succeed to the rank of Major-General and to be placed on the fixed establishment, under the regulations now in force; or by a supernumerary Major-General, as provided in Clause 6.

5. That, in addition to the Colonels promoted by seniority to be Major-Generals, and those promoted after having held temporary rank under the

Regulation in Clause 3, Colonels shall be eligible for promotion to the rank of Major-General, and Major-Generals to the rank of Lieutenant-General, and Lieutenant-Generals to the rank of General, for distinguished services in the Field.

In the case of Officers promoted to the rank of General Officers, as a reward for distinguished service in war, the recommendation, in which the service of the Officer shall be detailed, shall be published in the General Orders of Our Indian Military Forces, and in the *London Gazette*.

6. That all Colonels promoted to be Major-Generals after five years' employment in responsible commands with the temporary rank of Major-General under the provisions in Clause 3, and all Colonels promoted to be Major-Generals for distinguished service in the Field, shall be placed on a supernumerary list of Major-Generals, and shall not be reckoned as part of the fixed establishment until the time when they would have attained the rank of Major-General by seniority; that is to say, until the Colonel who originally stood next senior on the Colonels' list to the Officer promoted out of his turn has become a Major-General, after which the next vacancy will be filled by the transfer of the supernumerary Major-General to the fixed establishment. The Major-Generals who have already been promoted out of their turn, and would not yet have succeeded to that rank by seniority, shall be considered as coming under this rule.

The supernumerary Major-Generals, when absorbed into the fixed establishment, shall preserve the seniority which they acquired when, after a period of qualifying service with temporary rank they were first confirmed as permanent Major-Generals on the supernumerary list, and shall rise by that seniority to be Lieutenant-Generals in succession. General Officers promoted for distinguished service in the field will take their seniority from the date of their promotion, as stated in the *London Gazette*.

7. That three separate lists of General Officers be inserted in the Army List of Our Indian Military Forces, the first containing the names of those on the fixed establishment; the second, those who, having been promoted out of their regular turn, are supernumerary to the fixed establishment; and the third, those who have retired from the service with the honorary rank of General Officers.

8. That the rank of Colonel be given to Officers, after serving for five years with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, in the actual command of Regiments, or for the same period as second Lieutenant-Colonels of Regiments, or on the Staff, in the following situations :—*viz.*, Adjutant-General, Quarter-Master General, Deputy Adjutant-General, Deputy Quarter-Master General, Secretaries to the Government of India in the Military and Public Works Departments, Secretaries in the Military Department to the Governments of Madras and Bombay, to the Chief Commissioner of the Punjaub, the Commissioner in Mysore, and the Resident at Hyderabad; Judge-Advocate General, Commissary-General, Deputy Commissary-General, Inspector General of Ordnance, Superintendent of the Ordnance Manufacturing Department, Chief Engineer, Superintending Engineer, Surveyor-General of India, subject always to the approval of the Governor in Council and Commander-in-Chief of the Presidency to which the Officer belongs.

9. That Regimental Majors, who are Brevet Lieutenant-Colonels, falling into the command of Regiments in the absence of the Lieutenant-Colonel, shall, on attaining the rank of Regimental Lieutenant-Colonel, reckon the period commencing from the completion of the first month of such temporary command, as part of the five years required to qualify for the rank of Colonel.

10. That the rank of Colonel be given to Officers who obtain the rank of Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel for services in the Field, after eight years of actual service with that rank.

11. That in cases where a Regiment may be so divided as to constitute two distinct commands, and one portion may be under the command of the Regimental Major, who is also a Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, and in cases where a Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel may be in command of a mixed force of different Corps, a discretionary power shall be vested in Our Commander-in-Chief in India, subject to the approval of Our Governor General of India in Council, to allow such service, or portions of such service, to count as part of the qualifying period for promotion to the rank of Colonel.

12. That Lieutenant-Colonels appointed to Civil Situations under Government on or after the date of this Our Royal Warrant shall be promoted to the rank of Colonel after eight years' service in the former rank, provided the nature of the Civil appointment be considered by Our Governor General of India in Council and Commander-in-Chief in India calculated to give the Officer such practical experience as may afterwards prove advantageous to the Corps or Service to which he belongs.

13. That Field Officers, commissioned as such before the 20th June 1854, be allowed to rise by Brevet as heretofore; but no Officer promoted to the rank of Field Officer on or after that date, is hereafter to rise from the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel to that of Colonel, otherwise than by five or eight years' service in the former rank, as provided in Clause 8, or as a reward for distinguished service, or by appointment to be Queen's Aide-de-Camp—except under the special provisions in Clauses 9, 10, 11, and 12.

14. Lieutenant-Colonels, who held that rank prior to the 20th of June 1854, shall be promoted by a special Brevet to the rank of Colonel,—commissions to bear date the 28th November 1854; and such of the said Lieutenant-Colonels as have been passed over by Officers who have attained the rank of Colonel, in conformity with the provisions of Our Royal Warrants of the 6th October and 3rd November 1854, shall be restored to the respective places which they would have occupied as Colonels, had they been promoted in ordinary succession under the system of periodical Brevets.

15. That promotions shall be made from Captain to Major, and from Major to Lieutenant-Colonel, in succession, as vacancies occur in the Major-Generals' fixed establishment.

16. That any Captain, Major, or Lieutenant-Colonel may be rewarded by Brevet promotion for distinguished services in the Field.

17. That the commands of General Officers, and other situations on the Staff, both at home

and abroad, shall not be held for more than five years, unless by re-appointment under special circumstances.

Given at Our Court at Windsor, this thirty-first day of January 1859, in the Twenty-second Year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command,

STANLEY.

R. J. H. BIRCH, *Major-Genl.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Public Works Department.

GENERAL.—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 121A.

The 14th May 1859.

Appointment and Transfer.—Captain F. Cobbe, of the Madras Artillery, 2nd Class Executive Engineer, late of the Mhow Division, is appointed Executive Engineer in the Hyderabad Department of Public Works and posted to the Secunderabad Division.

Lieutenant H. D. B. Smith, of the 2nd Madras European Light Infantry, Officiating Executive Engineer at Secunderabad, is transferred to Nagpore as Executive Engineer, in succession to Captain Cadell, of the Bengal Engineers.

Lieutenant Smith's grade will be determined hereafter.

No. 121B.

Appointment.—Mr. William Shepherd is appointed a temporary Assistant Supervisor in the Public Works Department and posted to Pegu, with effect from the date of embarkation.

No. 125.

The 17th May 1859.

Notifications.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to place the services of 2nd Captain H. T. Rogers, of the Madras Engineers, Executive Engineer of Toungoo, at the disposal of the Government of Fort St. George.

Lieutenant F. T. Pollok, of the 8th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, attached to the Madras Sappers and Miners, to succeed Captain Rogers with the rank of Executive Engineer of the 4th Class.

No. 126.

Mr. J. Gordon, C. E., Special Assistant Engineer, under Covenant with Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council, arrived at the Presidency on the 13th instant per *Alma*, and is posted to the Punjab.

No. 127.

Appointments.—Lieutenant W. H Oliver, of Engineers, is appointed a Probationary Assistant Engineer in the Public Works Department, and posted to the Irrigation Department, North-Western Provinces.

No. 128.

Mr. E. Gilbert is appointed a Probationary Assistant Overseer in the Department Public Works, and posted to Bengal.

No. 129.

Transfer.—2nd Captain W. S. Oliphant, of Engineers, Executive Engineer 2nd Class, is transferred from Oudh to the North-Western Provinces, and posted to the charge of the Gwalior Division, *vice* Major J. H. Maxwell, departed on Sick leave.

No. 130.

The following Orders issued by the Punjab Government are confirmed:—

Lieutenant J. G. Forbes, Probationary Assistant Engineer, 1st Division Baree Doab Canal, has obtained six month's leave on Medical Certificate, from the date on which he availed himself thereof.

Lieutenant A. C. Padday, Probationary Assistant Engineer, transferred from the 2nd to the 1st Division Baree Doab Canal, as a temporary arrangement.

No. 131.

Appointments.—Mr. C. Smith is appointed a temporary Supervisor in the Department Public Works, and posted to Bengal.

No. 132.

Baboo Ram Chunder Roy, late a Store-Keeper in the Patna Branch Road, is appointed an Overseer in the Department Public Works and posted to Bengal.

No. 133.

Mr. R. Holmes, Assistant Overseer Delhie Division, is permitted to resign his appointment in the Department Public Works.

No. 134.

The 19th May 1859.

Probationary Assistant Overseer Private J. Gilmore is appointed permanently to the Department Public Works in Bengal, with effect from the 5th ultimo.

No. 135.

The under-mentioned passed Students of the Civil Engineering College, Calcutta, are appointed Probationary Assistant Engineers in the Public Works Department, with effect from the date of reporting themselves to the Officiating Chief Engineer, Lower Provinces. They are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal:—

Baboo Khettermohun Bose.
" Khetternath Bhuttacharjea.
" Moheschunder Bose.
" Tincowrie Ghose.
Mr. Peter Neuville.
Baboo Gopaul Chunder Coondoo.
" Radhica Narain Ghose.
" Ramessur Nath.
" Jodoo Nath Seal.
" Gopaulchunder Mookerjee.

H. YULE, *Lieut.-Colonel*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 3212.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 12th May* 1859.—Baboo Satcowry Deb, Moonsiff of Serajgunge, to be also Deputy Magistrate in Mymensing, and to exercise the powers of a Covenanted Assistant to a Magistrate under Regulations XIII. of 1797 and IX. of 1807, in that District.

The 17th May 1859.—Mr. J. H. Young to officiate as Collector of Customs, Calcutta.

Mr. C. H. Campbell, Officiating Collector of Mymensing, to be Collector of Mymensing.

Mr. T. B. Mactier to be Collector of Midnapore, but to continue to officiate until further orders as Magistrate, Collector and Salt Agent of Pooree.

Mr. A. Abercrombie to be Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Bograh, but to continue to officiate until further orders as Collector of Chittagong.

Mr. J. S. Drummond to be Assistant to the Magistrate and the Collector of the 24-Pergunnahs and to exercise the special powers of an Assistant Magistrate described in Clause 3, Section II., Regulation III. of 1821, and the powers of an Assistant Collector described in Section XXI., Regulation VIII. of 1831, in that District.

Mr. J. P. Grant to be Assistant to the Magistrate and the Collector of the 24-Pergunnahs, and to exercise the special powers of an Assistant Magistrate described in Clause 3, Section II., Regulation III. of 1821, and the powers of an Assistant Collector described in Section XXI., Regulation VIII. of 1831, in that District.

Mr. W. H. D'Oyly to be a Member of the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Tirhoot.

Mr. G. B. Hampton to be Deputy Collector of Calcutta, and Superintendent of Abkarry Revenue of Calcutta, and the 24-Pergunnahs, under Act XXI. of 1856.

Mr. Oliver S. Stack to be a Deputy Magistrate under Act XV. of 1843, and a Deputy Collector, under Regulation IX. of 1833, in Moorshedabad, and to exercise the powers of a Covenanted Assistant to a Magistrate under Regulation XIII. of 1797 and IX. of 1807, in that District.

The 18th May 1859.—Mr. R. Alexander to officiate as Civil and Sessions Judge of Rungpore.

Mr. C. F. Harvey to officiate temporarily as Collector of Purneah.

Mr. H. Bell to the charge of the Sub-Division of Serajgunge, and to exercise the special powers of an Assistant Magistrate described in Clause 3, Section II., Regulation III. of 1821, and the powers of an Assistant Collector described in Section XXI., Regulation VIII. of 1831 and Section I., Act X. of 1854, in the Districts of Mymensing, Pubna and Bograh.

Mr. V. T. Taylor to the charge of the Sub-Division of Nugwan, and to exercise the special powers of an Assistant Magistrate described in Clause 3, Section II., Regulation III. of 1821, and the powers of an Assistant Collector described in Section XXI., Regulation VIII. of 1831, and Section I., Act X. of 1854, in Midnapore.

Baboo Hurro Chunder Ghose to the charge of Sub-Division of Tumlook, and to exercise the special powers of an Assistant to a Magistrate described in Clause 3, Section II., Regulation III. of 1821, and Section I., Act. X. of 1854, in Midnapore.

Captain J. R. Pughe to be Commandant of the 3rd Bengal Police Battalion.

Lieutenant J. M. Graham to be Commandant of the 5th Bengal Police Battalion.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—*The 14th May* 1859.—Mr. F. A. B. Glover, Officiating Judge of Rungpore, for three months, under Section XII. of the new revised Absentee Rules, from the date on which he may be relieved.

Mr. H. S. Thompson, Principal Sudder Ameen of Burdwan, for a fortnight, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Baboo Isser Chunder Mitter, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Koolnah, for one month, under Clause 1, Section VII. of the revised Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, making over charge of the Sub-Division to Baboo Bumkim Chunder Chutterjee, who will conduct the duties thereof, during the absence of Baboo Isser Chunder Mitter, or until further orders.

NOTIFICATION.—*The 20th May* 1859.—The Lieutenant-Governor directs that Tuesday, the 24th instant, be observed as a Holiday in all the Public Offices, in honor of the Anniversary of Her Majesty's Birth-day.

No. 952.

NOTIFICATION.—*The 19th May* 1859.—On the report of the Board of Examiners, the following Assistants and Deputy Magistrates are declared to have passed the Examination prescribed in the Government Resolution of the 19th November 1851 :—

By the 2nd or Higher Standard.

Mr. J. A. Crawford.
„ H. B. Simson.
„ J. F. Browne.
„ G. N. Barlow.
„ H. T. Prinsep.
„ H. W. Alexander.
„ H. J. Reynolds.
„ H. Bell.
„ W. S. Wells.
„ J. S. Drummond.
„ W. Davey.
„ T. J. Maltby.
„ W. Clementson.
Baboo Hem Chunder Ker.
„ „ Kalee Prosono Roy.

By the 1st or Lower Standard.

Mr. J. P. Grant.
„ V. T. Tayler.
„ D. J. McNeile.
„ F. M. Halliday.
„ W. Macpherson.
„ W. Cornell.
„ A. T. Maclean.
„ F. G. Millett.
„ A. B. Falcon.
Captain C. Reay.
Baboo Goluck Chunder Roy.
Syud Abdool Mujeed.
Mr. N. A. Garstin.
„ H. M. Reily.
„ E. T. Lingham.
„ A. C. Wright.
Baboo Bunkim Chunder Chatterjee.
„ Bugwan Chunder Bose.
„ Jadub Chunder Ghose.
„ Ram Sunker Sen.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 19th May* 1859.—The under-mentioned Assistants have been vested with the powers of a Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector in the Districts opposite their names :—

Mr. H. T. Prinsep, in Hooghly.
Mr. H. Bell, in Mymensing, Pubna and Bograh.

Mr. T. J. Maltby, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Jumalpore, is vested with the full powers of a Magistrate in the District of Mymensing.

The under-mentioned Assistants have been severally vested with the special powers of an Assistant Magistrate described in Clause 3, Section II., Regulation III. of 1821, and the powers of an Assistant Collector described in Section XXI., Regulation VIII. of 1831, in the Districts opposite their names :—

Mr. D. J. McNeile, in Midnapore.
„ W. Macpherson, Beerbhoom.
„ W. Cornell, Dacca.
„ A. T. Maclean, Nuddea.
„ F. G. Millett, Bhaugulpore.
„ A. B. Falcon, Noacolly.

Captain C. Reay, Cantonment Joint Magistrate of Raneegunge, is vested with the special powers of an Assistant to a Magistrate described in Clause 3, Section II., Regulation III. of 1821, in Bancoorah.

The under-mentioned Deputy Magistrates and Deputy Collectors have been severally vested with the special powers of an Assistant to a Magistrate described in Clause 3, Section II., Regulation III. of 1821, in the Districts opposite their names :—

Mr. H. M. Reily, in Sylhet.
„ E. T. Lingham, Bograh.
„ A. C. Wright, Bhaugulpore.
Baboo Bunkim Chunder Chatterjee, Jessore.
„ Bugwan Chunder Bose, Mymensing.
„ Jadub Chunder Ghose, Dinagepore.
„ Ram Sunker Sen, Chittagong.

A. R. YOUNG,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 777.

Allahabad, the 16th May 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Kour Wazeer Ali Khan, Deputy Collector, Zillah Meerut, has leave of absence for one month, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules, from the date he may avail himself of it.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

F. B. OUTRAM,
Offg. Under-Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 299.

Allahabad, the 16th May 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Lieutenant E. G. Stone, Second in Command of the Mynpoory Horse, privilege leave for two months, to proceed to the Hills, from such date as he may avail himself of it, subject to the conditions of the existing Rules.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

G. W. WILLIAMS, LT.-COL.,
Military Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces.

General Department,

Nos. 617-19, *dated 19th March* 1859.

Leave.—Colonel H. B. Edwardes, C. B., Commissioner, Peshawur, for two months, from the date he may avail himself of the same, preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe.

No. 1106, *dated 7th May* 1859.

Mr. G. H. Paynter, Assistant Commissioner, Rohtuck, for one month from the 15th May, or from the date he may avail himself of the same.

Nos. 1095-6, *dated 6th May* 1859.

Transfer.—Lieutenant Elphinstone, Settlement Officer, Googaira, having completed the Settlement of the District, is transferred to District duty from the 1st May.

No. 1100, *dated 6th May* 1859.

Appointments.—Lieutenant C. V. Jenkins, 47th Native Infantry, has been appointed Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd Class in the Punjab.

Lieutenant R. G. Sandeman, 14th Native Infantry, has been appointed Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd Class in the Punjab.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab Provinces,

R. H. DAVIES,
Secy. to Govt., Punjab, and its Dependencies.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the sixth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1857-58, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Monday, the 13th of June 1859, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 2,260 chests, *viz* :—

Behar Opium	1,915
Benares Ditto	345
Total Chests...	2,260

2. The general conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 1st December 1858, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 18th and 28th June 1859, respectively, that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, Company's Paper or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the sale, will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 18th June 1859, and no Treasury Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M., of Tuesday, the 28th June 1859.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium of 1857-58, will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board however reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

		Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Thursday, 14th July 1859	-	1915	345	2260
Do. Wednesday, 10th August „	-	1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 9th September „	-	1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 14th October „	-	1916	345	2260
Do. Monday, 7th November „	-	1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 5th December „	-	1934	379	2313
		11509	2104	13613

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

RIVERS THOMPSON,

Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 4th May 1859.

No. 173.

Notice

Is hereby given, under the provision of Section 3 Act XI. of 1859, that for the year 1858-59 and thence forward, until otherwise notified from this Office, the under-mentioned dates are to be the latest dates for the payment of arrears of Revenue in the settled Districts of the Lower Provinces, and of all demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue :—

In Districts and for Mehals in which the Bengal or Umlee æra is current with the exception of Zillahs Sylhet and Chittagong :—

28th June.
28th September.
12th January.
28th March.

In Districts and for Mehals in which the Fuslee æra is current :—

7th June.
28th September.
12th January.
28th March.

In Sylhet.

28th September.
18th January.
18th April.

In Chittagong.

25th May.
25th September.
26th December.
25th February.

Petty Estates, the jumma of which does not exceed 10 Rupees, shall be liable to sale only once in the year, namely, on the first sale day which may occur after the kist of Chyte shall have become due. Estates with a jumma exceeding 10 Rupees and not exceeding 50 Rupees shall be twice in the year liable to sale, and Estates with a jumma exceeding 50 Rupees and not exceeding 100 Rupees shall be liable to sale three times in the year.

The following are the latest dates fixed for the payment of the Revenue of small Estates with jummas not exceeding 100 Rupees :—

	Estates paying Revenue not exceeding 10 Rupees.	Estates paying Revenue above 10 Rupees and not exceeding 50 Rupees.	Estates paying Revenue above 50 Rupees and not exceeding 100 Rupees.
Bengal and Umlee Districts ...	28th June.	28th June & 18th Jan.	28th June, 18th January and 28th March.
Fuslee District ...	7th June.	7th June & 18th Jan.	7th June, 18th January and 28th March.
Sylhet ...	18th April.	18th April & 18th Jan.	18th Apl., 28th Sept and 18th Jan.
Chittagong ...	25th May.	25th May & 26th Febr.	25th May, 26th Dec. and 25th Feb.

By Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces,

E. T. TREVOR,

Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 17th May 1859.

Notification.

A QUESTION having arisen as to the form in which the Payee ought to have been described in a Bill of Exchange drawn in favor of "The Manager of the Delhi Bank," the Accountant General notifies for the information of Treasury Officers that that Bank having been registered, Bills should be drawn or endorsed in favor of "The Delhi Bank," agreeably to Section XXIII. of the Act XLIII of 1850.

2. Officers in charge of Public Treasuries are requested to observe this rule in all cases where Bills are required in favor of *Registered* or *Chartered* Banks or Institutions.

E. DRUMMOND,
Accott. Genl. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM;
Accountant General's Office,
Durbar and Revenue Dept.,
The 13th May 1859.

Notice.

THE General Treasury will be closed on Tuesday, the 24th instant, the Anniversary of Her Most Gracious Majesty's Birth-day.

J. I. HARVEY,
Sub-Treasurer.

GENERAL TREASURY,
The 9th May 1859.

Notice.

HINDOO HOLLIDAYS IN JUNE 1859.

THE General Treasury will be closed on Friday, the 10th June 1859, on account of the Hindoo Holiday Dushoharra.

The General Treasury will be closed on Wednesday, the 15th June 1859, on account of the Hindoo Holiday Chaun Jattra.

J. I. HARVEY,
Sub-Treasurer.

GENERAL TREASURY,
The 20th May 1859.

Notification.

BILLS at par on the Public Treasuries of the under-mentioned Districts may be had on application to the Accountant to the Government of Bengal:—

Districts.	*Amounts available on this date.*
Balasore, ...	20,000
Chittagong, ...	70,000
Jorehaut, ...	40,000
Kamroop, ...	30,000
Luckimpore, ...	1,30,000

R. P. HARRISON,
Offg. Acct. to the Govt. of Bengal.

BENGAL ACCTT.'S OFFICE,
The 20th May 1859.

**N. B.*—These Treasuries will be cleared shortly if the amounts available are not taken up in Bills.

Bills applied for after 2 P. M., will not be issued till the following day.

Bills will not be granted for less than Rupees 50.

Notification.

Fort William, Civil Auditor's Office, the 20th April 1859.

To the Officers of the Political, Judicial, Revenue, Customs, Salt, Opium, and other branches of Service.

The Civil Auditor has the honor to request that Disbursing Officers, in charge of Civil Establishments, will be good enough to submit, as soon after 1st of May next as may be practicable, separate from their April Pay Abstracts, the Annual Detailed Statements of the respective Establishments as per Forms Nos. 1, 2, and 3, furnished for their guidance in 1848, annexing a note to each of the above Statements showing the items of expenditure which, though sanctioned, have not been actually incurred with reference to Financial Resolution of 29th October 1857, No. 4751. Pending the receipt of these documents, the audit of their April Abstracts will, under Financial Resolution of 7th September 1842, be withheld.

The usual Annual Returns of Uncovenanted Servants up to May 1859, as well as separate Statements showing the periods of leave granted to Uncovenanted Assistants, are also requested to be furnished in Forms Nos. 4 and 5, with the above Annual Detailed Statements.

W. P. PALMER,
Civil Auditor.

Notification.

THE Civil Auditor, North-Western Provinces, has the honor to repeat his annual call to all Disbursing Officers in charge of Civil Establishments in the North-Western Provinces, for the submission (as soon after the 1st May next, as practicable, with the April Abstract) of their regular Annual Detailed Statement, containing the names and full particulars of the whole of the Establishment; and to observe that, with reference to the orders of Government, dated 15th October 1842, published in the *Agra Government Gazette*, of the 15th November 1842, the audit of their Abstracts for April next will be withheld until the receipt of the required Returns.

2. To facilitate check, it is particularly requested that the Abstract for April be sub-divided into distinct headings, so that each description of Office with its total shall correspond with the details given in the Statement of Establishment or the 1st May, agreeably to the Form furnished.

3. It is also requested that the *three separate* Lists prescribed for all Uncovenanted Civil Servants (Europeans and East Indians) and Native, (in the last the names of *only those* holding appointments of *trust* and *responsibility* should be inserted,) employed on their Establishments, be furnished for 1st May 1859, without delay.

H. LE
Offg. Civil Auditor.

CIVIL AUDITOR'S OFFICE;
N. W. P., Allahabad,
The 31st March 1859.

No. 1431.

Notification.

Fort William, Civil Auditor's Office, the 12th May 1859.

THE detail entry of Bills in the Audit Registers being found productive of great inconvenience and delay, it is requested that all officers who have any Establishments under them, should not only continue to submit Pay Abstracts of such Establishments in the form and manner prescribed in this Office Circulars noted in the margin, but should submit them in duplicate every month, from the month of May instant. The inconvenience that this requisition is calculated to occasion to Officers whom it concerns, will be more than counterbalanced by the despatch in the audit and return of the Bills.

No. 2585, dated 4th December 1857.
No. 746, dated March 1858.

W. P. PALMER,
Civil Auditor.

No. 32.

Notification.

THE undersigned has the honor to notifiy to Civil and Military Officers in charge of Treasuries, that as he is in no way concerned in recovering Advances which may be at the personal debit of Officers, applications for the adjustment of such Advances should be made to the Accountant-General to the Government of India, Military Department, or to the proper Paymaster.

E. G. J. CHAMPNEYS, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Military Auditor General.

FORT WILLIAM,
Mily. Audr. Genl.'s Office,
The 13th May 1859.

Medical College.

THE Session of 1859-60 will commence in the Medical College on the 15th June next.

2. Students who may be desirous of entering the College are requested to apply to the Principal, at the Medical College, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., on or before the 10th of June next.

3. The possession of the "Entrance Examination" Certificate of the Calcutta University, will entitle Students to enter the Medical College without further Examination.

4. Under certain conditions (which may be learned on application to the Principal) Students will be admitted in anticipation of passing the University Entrance Examination, but under the clear proviso of their going up for that Examination before the commencement of the Session of 1860-61.

5. The course of Instruction given in the Calcutta Medical College is framed to meet the requirements of the Calcutta University for obtaining its Degrees in Medicine and Surgery.

6. The Certificates of Lectures and Hospital Attendance of the College are likewise recognised by the University of London, the Royal College of Surgeons of England, and the Worshipful Society of Apothecaries of London, as entitling the possessors of such to compete in London for the Degree, Diploma and License of those bodies, under the Rules which regulate the granting of the same.

W. C. B. EATWELL, *M. D.*,
Principal, Medical College.

CALCUTTA;
Medical College Office,
The 30th April 1859.

Notice.

UNDER Act XX. of 1856, I hereby give notice that the Assessment Registers of Pykeparra, Oltadanga, Bhobanepore, Kidderpore, and Garden Reach, being grand Divisions I, II, VI, and VIII, of the Suburbs of Calcutta, having been duly prepared for the year 1859, the prescribed Notifications under Section XVIII of the Act have on this date been affixed at conspicuous places in the Divisions and also at the Police Thannahs at Chitpore, Intally, Kallighaut, and Kidderpore; all persons dissatisfied with the said Assessment or who may dispute their occupation of property or liablity to be assessed are hereby warned that they may appeal to the Magistrate, on unstamped paper, but that under Section XX. of the Act, no such appeal can be received after the expiration of one month from this date.

Appellants should send with their appeal the tax bills for the last quarter paid by them.

The names of the Members of the Punchyets appointed under Section X of the Act were:—

Grand Division I.

Khetter Mohun Banerjee	...	President.
Prossono Bundopadhoya	...	Member.
Chunder Madhub Ghosal	...	Ditto.
Ram Comul Banerjee	...	Ditto.
Joy Chunder Chatterjee (Darogah)	.	Ditto.

Grand Division II.

Govind Chunder Dutt	...	President.
Govind Chunder Sen	...	Member.
Bholanath Mitter	...	Ditto.
Srecnarain Bose	...	Ditto.
Bissonath Ghose (Darogah)	...	Ditto.

Grand Division VI.

Reverend S. J. Hill,	...	President.
A. H. Joyce, Esquire,	...	Member.
Debnarain Banerjee	...	Ditto.
Mohes Chunder Mookerjee	...	Ditto.
Chunder Madhub Mookerjee (Darogah)	..	Ditto.

Grand Division VIII.

C. B. Stewart, Esquire,	...	President.
Dinnonath Banerjee	...	Member.
Gones Chunder Banerjee	...	Ditto.
Modoo Soodun Mokerjee	...	Ditto.
Ramnarain Banerjee (Darogah)	...	Ditto.

N. B.—Parties willing to make half yearly or annual advances will on payment of the Amount receive the usual bills from the Darogahs of their Divisions.

W. HEYSHAM,
Deputy Magistrate.

SUBN. TAX OFFICE;
Allipore,
The 11th May 1858.

CUSTOMS.

LIST OF PACKAGES LYING UNCLAIMED ON THE CUSTOM HOUSE WHARF.

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1858, May 5th ...	1 Chest Tea, Captain Read, 12th N. I. ...	Str. Lightning.
Nov. 7th ...	66 Cases Merchandize, P F J[a] ...	Mary Ann Wilson.
Ditto 9th ...	1 Case ditto, C in triangle H M N ..	Kirkham.
Ditto 14th ...	20 Cases ditto, P F J ...	Mary Ann Wilson.
Ditto 17th ...	1 Iron Rail, no mark ...	Fort William.
Ditto 20th ...	10 Cases Merchandize C in triangle A S ..	Aetos.
Dec. 6th ..	2 Chests unknown, ditto ...	Englishman.
1859, January 7th ...	2 Cases ditto, M C D S ...	Comete.
Ditto 19th ...	1 Case ditto, P W G ..	Plantagenet.
Ditto 20th ...	4 Cases ditto, ..	Ditto.
Ditto 22nd ..	4 Cases ditto, C H L C S ..	Alfred.
Ditto 26th ..	7 Cases ditto, ditto ..	Ditto.
March 5th ...	1 Case ditto, P C F ..	Albion.
Ditto 23rd ...	2 Small Packages ditto, B C ...	Str. Fiery Cross.
Ditto „ ...	1 Small Package, ditto, B ...	Ditto.
April 16th ..	9 Bundles Iron, no mark ...	Howden.
Ditto „ ...	11 Pieces ditto, ditto ..	Ditto.
Ditto 18th ...	8 Bags Tobacco Leaf, Ditto ...	Atiet Rohoman.
Ditto 27th ..	1 Tin Box Sundries, Messrs. Fraser and Co. ...	Str. Viscount Canning.
May 5th ..	1 Box Wearing Apparel Captain Orpen, 77th Regiment ..	Glen Isla.
Unknown ...	1 Case unknown, Wairis Right, Esqr., H. M. 32nd Regiment ..	Str. Armenian.
Ditto ..	1 Case ditto, no mark	Unknown.

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE,
The 20th May 1859.

F. J. COCKBURN,
Officiating Collector of Customs.

Sheriff's Office; the 7th May 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery and also an Admiralty Sessions will be holden by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the sixth day of June next, at 12 o'Clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'Clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'Clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

W. F. GILMORE,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস ৭ মে ১৮৫৯ সাল

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ৬ জুন ১৮৫৯ সাল সোমবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার ফোর্ট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের ফোর্ট উইলিএমের সুপ্রেম কোর্ট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়েরটরমিনর এবং এডমাইরেলটি অর্থাৎ মহা সমুদ্র সম্প-

কীয় মোকদ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশীয়ান জতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এ বিষয় সকলে স্মরন রাখুন।

W. F. GILMORE,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale; Calcutta 21st May 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Thursday, the ninth day of June next, precisely at the hour of 12 o'clock at noon, the Sheriff of Calcutta will put up to Public Sale at the Lower Verandah of the Court-House, near the entrance into the Sheriff's Office by Virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias in his hands against the effects of Henry Peter Caspersz.

The Right, Title and Interest of the said Henry Peter Caspersz, of and in the Dahoocha Loha Mehal which is comprised in Lot No. 144, recorded in the books of the Collector of Beerbhoom and the rights, members and appurtenances thereof, which said Loha Mehal comprises five several Aurungs or pieces of ground situate in the said Zillah of Beerbhoom which have been set apart for the purpose of smelting, working and manufacturing Iron ore and Iron which are called or known by the names of Aurung Dahoocha, Aurung Gunpore, Aurung Damrah Aurung Dewangunge and Aurung Bhareecottah and liberty licence or power to enter upon any part or parts of the said Zillah of Beerbhoom where or under which there is any mine or ore of Iron of any sort, description or kind, and to break the surface and dig, search for mine, get and work all and every the Iron and Iron stone sand and ore of every description and wheresoever the same may be within under and throughout the said Zillah of Beerbhoom.

W. F. GILMORE,
Sheriff.

TO BE SOLD pursuant to an Order of the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, bearing date the eighteenth day of April, One Thousand Eight hundred and fifty-nine, made in a certain cause wherein Greender Chunder Ghose and Noborunginey Dossee, Executor and Executrix of Anundnarain Ghose, are Plaintiffs and John Cochrane and Woomeschunder Dutt are Defendants with the approbation of John Cochrane, Esquire, the Master of the said Court at his office in the Court-House, on a day to be hereinafter named, the right, title and interest of the said Woomeschunder Dutt and John Cochrane as Assignee of the Estate and Effects of Nobinchunder Dutt, of and in the following properties, that is to say :—

1. All that two undivided fifth parts or shares of the said Nobinchunder Dutt and Woomeschunder Dutt, of and in all that upper-roomed brick-built messuage, tenement or dwelling-house, situate, lying and being in Sootanooty, Nimtollah Street, Hautkollah, in the Town of Calcutta, aforesaid, together with the piece or parcel of land or ground thereunto belonging and on part whereof the same is erected and built, containing by estimation five Biggahs, be the same a little more or less and butted and bounded as follows : that is to say on the East by the house and premises of the late Ramjohn Ostagur, on the West partly by the land called Suddamund Goldarwallah Ground and partly by the dwelling-house of the Mozoomdar family ; on the North by the house and land which belonged to the late Rasbeharry Dutt, and on the South by a private lane

2nd. Also a like undivided one-fifth part or share of the said Nobinchunder Dutt, of and in a piece or parcel of tenanted land or ground containing by estimation eighteen Cottahs, be the same a little more or less, situate, lying and being in Sootanooty, Hautkhollah aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows : that is to say on the East by the Company's public Road, on the North by a public lane and on the South by the tenanted land of Cally Churn Dutt, or howsoever, otherwise the said several messuages, tenements piece or parcel of land or ground and or any of them now are or is or heretefore were or was butted, bounded called known or described. Further particulars may be had at the Master's Office, Supreme Court or of Messieurs Judge, Judge, and Watkins, Solicitors for the plaintiffs.

JUDGE JUDGE, AND WATKINS,
Complainants Solicitors.

JOHN COCHRANE,
Master.

CALCUTTA SUPREME COURT;
Master's Office,
The 19th May 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given that Probate of the last Will and Testament of Edward Frederick Venables, late of Azimghur, in the North-West Provinces of British India, Esquire, has been this day granted by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, to Mr. William T. Leggie of Azimghur, one of the Executors named in the Will. All persons having demand against the Estate of the said deceased are requested to make the same known to the said Executor, to whom those indebted thereto are required to make payment of their respective debts without delay.

JUDGE, JUDGE AND WATKINS,
Proctors.

CALCUTTA,
The 20th May 1859.

PURSUANT to a Decretal Order of the Supreme Court of Judicature, at Fort William in Bengal, made in a certain cause wherein Henry Burkinyoung and Charles Gould are plaintiffs, and the Administrator-General is defendant, bearing date the ninth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, the creditors of Charlotte Louisa Kirk, late of Cawnpore, in the North-Western Provinces of India, widow, who died on or about the sixteenth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven are forthwith required to come in and prove their respective debts before John Cochrane, Esquire, the Master of the said Court, at his Office in the Court-House, or in default thereof, they will be excluded from the benefit of the said Decretal Order.

JOHN COCHRANE,
Master.

S. E. COLLIS,
Plaintiffs' Solicitor.

CALCUTTA SUPREME COURT;
Master's Office,
The 17th May 1859.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 18th May 1859.

LIABILITIES.			ASSETS.		
Proprietors' Capital ...	...	1,07,00,000 0 0	Government Securities ...	...	23,92,000 0 0
Reserve Fund ...	...	1,97,534 10 10	Dues from Government ...	...	2,12,621 15 9
Current Accounts	...	81,93,469 12 0	Cash ...	...	1,08,39,274 7 5
Cash Credits Undrawn	...	5,01,938 9 9	Loans on Deposit of Securities	...	1,23,95,556 4 2
Other Claims ...	...	4,51,710 13 10	Discount Loans on ditto ...	...	66,90,600 0 0
Bank Notes ...	...	1,48,26,685 0 0	Accounts of Credit on ditto	...	7,59,900 0 0
Post Bills ...	...	2,45,631 10 8	Government Bills Discounted	...	4,43,523 5 6
Profit and Loss *(Rebate Account)*	...	73,303 0 3	Mint Certificates ditto ...	...	1,01,753 0 0
			Mercantile Bills ditto ...	...	11,70,988 7 11
			Dead Stock ...	...	1,86,256 0 7
Co.'s Rs.	...	3,51,92,473 9 4		Co.'s Rs.	3,51,92,473 9 4

G. W. MOULTRIE,
Offg. Accountant.

Published by order of the Directors,
H. I. LEE,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

WITH reference to Government Notification No. 5, Fort William, Financial Department, 26th January 1855, notifying the intention of Government to dissolve its connexion with the Government Agency—

The Oriental Bank Corporation undertake the safe custody of Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal, and other local Stocks, free of all charge.

Will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, and remit at the current rates of exchange, or pay the same according to instructions, if to be remitted through the Corporation. Without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... 1-4th per Cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the purchase of Government or other Securities, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Corporation, ... Without charge.

WM. ANDERSON,
Agent.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION;
Calcutta, 29th January 1855.

Commercial Bank of India.

CALCUTTA BRANCH.

Rates of Exchange on London Joint Stock Bank.

			s.	d.	
At	6 months' sight	... ...	2	0¼	per Rupee
„	3 „	„	1	11⅞	„
„	30 days'	„	1	11⅞	„
„	3 „	„	1	11½	„

The Bank grants Drafts on the Head Office, Bombay, and on its Branches in London, Shanghae, and Hong-Kong. Bills collected at any of the above places at a uniform charge of ½ per Cent.

The Bank will undertake the purchase or sale of Government Paper, Bank Stock and other Securities, draw Interest and Dividends payable in Calcutta, when due, at a Commission of ¼ per Cent.

No charge made when the proceeds of Sale or amount of Interest or Dividends drawn is remitted in the Bank's Bills.

Rates of Interest allowed to Deposits subject to

3 months' notice of withdrawal, 4 p. ct. per annum
6 ditto ditto ditto 5 „
2 ditto ditto ditto 6 „

Notice may be given when the money is deposited, or at any subsequent time; and it will be dispensed with in cases when the money is to be remitted through the Bank.

Current Accounts kept and Interest allowed at 2 per Cent. per annum on Balances of Rupees 500 and upwards, not exceeding Rupees 50,000, unless by special agreement.

Hours of business, 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. On Saturdays, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

W. S. FITZWILLIAM,
Agent.

27, TANK SQUARE,
Calcutta, 7th October 1858.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Muddonmohun Bysack, of Burra Bazar in Calcutta, a Writer in the Military Department and Nophurchunder Bysack, of the same place, inhabitant, Brokers and Members of a joint Hindoo family, Insolvents.

On Saturday, the 14th day of May instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvents be heard on Saturday, the 2nd day of July next, and that the said Insolvents do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Gillanders, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 17th May 1859.

In the matter of Alfred Dumat, Louis Thomas, and Francois Hodoul, formerly carrying on business in co-partnership, in Calcutta, as Merchants and Agents, under the style and firm of Langlois and Co.

On Friday, the 13th day of May instant, it was on the petition of Walter Ormiston, Agent of the Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, a creditor of the said Insolvent, adjudged that the said Alfred Dumat, a member of the firm of Langlois and Company, hath committed an act of Insolvency under the provisions of the Act XI. Vic. cap. XXI., and by another Order of the same date, the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Allan, Judge and Lingham, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Juggesur Laha, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 14th day of May instant, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvent was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge, under the Act XI. Vic. cap. XXI., as to all persons named in his Schedule as Creditors or claiming to be Creditors respectively, and that the costs of Sadhoochurn Sing and Bunkololl Sing and Mohundronauth Dutt of this day's hearing be taxed by the Taxing Officer of this Court, and paid by John Cochrane, Esquire, the Official Assignee, out of the assets of the said Insolvent's Estate.

Homfray, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Anny Maria Menville and William Bernard Browne, both of Loll Bazar, in Calcutta, carrying on together business of Boots, Shoes, Saddlers and Harness Makers and Lodging and Boarding house Keepers for Mariners under the style of A. M. Menville, Insolvents.

On Tuesday, the 17th day of May instant, it was ordered that the petition of the said Insolvents filed in this Court on the 25th day of April last, be dismissed, unless cause be shown to the contrary on Saturday, the 4th day of June next, and that this order be personally served by the messenger of this Court on John Cochrane, Esquire, the Official Assignee and Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvents, and on Gobind Chunder Dutt, Punchanun Dutt, Chunder Cowar Shaw, Mrs J. F. King, John Teil and Co. and Mendes and Co.

Orr and Goodall, *Attorneys.*

Notice.

The Interest and Responsibility of Mr. William Grant and Mr. David Baird Lindsay, in our Firm here and at Rangoon, and in the Firm of James Wyllie & Co., in London, ceased on this date by the effluxion of time.

Gladstone, Wyllie & Co.

Calcutta,
The 30th April 1859.

Notice.

Mr. Patrick Keith and Mr. George Ross have this day been admitted as Partners in our Firm here and at Rangoon.

Gladstone, Wyllie & Co.

Calcutta,
The 30th April 1859.

Notice.

The Interest of Mr. George Gilbert in our Concern ceased on the 30th April 1858.

Jessop & Co.

Required.

A Translator thoroughly conversant with English and Oordoo. His duties will be to translate and to superintend the Persian Office. Salary Rupees 100 per mensem. Apply to Deputy Commissioner, Pertaubghur *vid* Allahabad, Oude.

Required.

A Translator thoroughly conversant with English and Oordoo. His duties will be to translate and to superintend the Persian Office, salary Rupees 100 per mensem. Apply to Deputy Commissioner, Gondah, in Oude.

Notice.

The Battawarahs and Documents of the family dwelling-house of Denonauth Mookerjee, No. 26, in Coomartolly, Boloram Mozoomdar's Street, now sold to Baboo Kally Kissen Mitter have been lost. A handsome reward will be given to the person who will bring them within fifteen days to the owner, or to the Superintendent of the Press.

Kally Kissen Mitter,

By Order of Denonauth Mookerjee.

The 18th May 1859

Notice.

Lost or Destroyed during the mutiny at Futtehghur in 1857, a Government Promissory Note of the 4 per Cent. Loan, No. 9629 of 1832-33, dated 1st May 1832, for Sicca Rupees 4,500, originally standing in the name of (not known) and lastly endorsed to Juggernath Budreenath. The Note was held in custody in the Collector's Treasury on account of Security. Payment of Interest has been stopped and a Duplicate will be applied for.

W. D. Walker,
Deputy Collector.

Furruckabad Treasury,
The 12th May 1859.

Lost or Stolen.

First-half of a Bank of Bengal Note No., 16408 (F.) for Company's Rupees 100, ditto 25501 (B.) for Rupees 25, ditto 13151×21263×20637, of 10 Rupees each, the payment of which has been stopped in the Bank.

Lost.

Half of Bank of Bengal Note, No. 16024, for Rupees 100.

Notices issued by the Officiating Deputy Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 5437.

The 21st April 1859.—Sealed Tenders will be received at the Calcutta General Post Office for the repairs of three Post Office Vans, nine Accelerators, and one Drag, for a period of five years, from the 6th June 1859.

2. The Tenders will be received up to Friday, the 20th May, and will be opened on that day, at noon, in presence of all parties concerned.

3. A Deposit in Cash of (100) one hundred Rupees is required with each Tender, subject to forfeiture, if the Tender be withdrawn.

4. Information relative to conditions will be given in writing on application to this Office.

No. 273.

The 14th May 1859.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Penang, Singapore and Hongkong, for transmission per Steamer *Lancefield*, will be closed at this Office, on Saturday, the 21st instant at 6 P. M.

No. 339.

The 18th May 1859.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Port Blair and Rangoon, for transmission per Steamer *Fire Queen*, will be closed at this Office, on Saturday, the 28th instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 253.

The 18th May 1859.—Mail Packets for the Overland Mail, which leaves Bombay on the 5th proximo, will be closed at this Office, at 5 P. M., on the 25th instant, *viâ* Marseilles only.

Letters and Papers for transmission *viâ* Bombay will be received up to 6 P. M., on every day prior to the 25th idem.

Rates of Postage.

Under	½	oz.	...	Rs.	0	6	0
„	½	„	...	„	0	8	0
„	¾	„	...	„	0	14	0
„	1	„	...	„	1	0	0

No. 344.

The 19th May 1859.—Notice is hereby given, that in consequence of the departure of the Steamer *Lancefield* having been postponed, the Mails for Penang, Singapore and Hongkong will be closed at this Office, on Monday, the 23rd instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 259.

The 20th May 1859.—The public are hereby informed that the Government Bullock Train is now available for the dispatch of private goods to all the Bullock Train Stations between Calcutta and Lahore.

No. 213.

The 19th May 1859.—The Overland Mail, per Steamer *Candia*, will be closed on Friday, the 3rd proximo.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius and Australia can be sent by this opportunity.

	Weight.		*Vid* Marseilles.			*Vid* Southampton.		
Postage.	under ½	ounce	Rs.	0	6	0	Rs.	0	0	0
	„ ½	„		0	8	0		0	4	0
	„ ¾	„		0	14	0		0	0	0
	„ 1	„		1	0	0		0	8	0
	„ 2	„		2	0	0		1	0	0

PACKETS for the reception of Letters by the following Ships are open at this Office:—

Names of Vessels.	Agents.	Intended Departure.	For what Port.	Touching at	Remarks.
Steamer, *Candia* ...	P. & O. S. N. Co. ...	4th Proximo.	Suez ..	Madras, Ceylon & Aden.	
„ *Lancefield* ...	Messrs. Jardine, Skinner, & Co.,	24th May 1859	Hong-Kong...	Penang & Singapore.	
„ *James Hartley* ...	Gordon, Stuart, & Co. ...	To leave with quick despatch.	Ditto ..	Ditto	

The 20th May 1859.

POSTAL NOTICE.

THE Public are hereby informed, that the Notice regarding the pre-payment of Letters posted in India for the United Kingdom, which was issued on the 1st of June 1858, and which is re-published below for general information, will be strictly acted upon from the 1st of August next.

W. GREY,
Offg. Director-General of the Post Office in India.

CALCUTTA,
May 9th, 1859.

Postal Notice of the 1st June 1858.

From the 1st of September next, the present system of *optional* pre-payment of Letters sent from India to the United Kingdom will be abolished, and from that date the pre-payment of Postage on Letters posted in any part of India for the United Kingdom, whether marked *vid* Southampton or *vid* Marseilles will be *compulsory*. The rates of Postage are as under:—

	Not exceeding ½ oz.	Above ½ oz. and not exceeding ¾ oz.	Above ¾ oz. and not exceeding 1 oz.	Above 1 oz. and not exceeding 1¼ oz.	Above 1¼ oz. and not exceeding 1½ oz.	Above 1½ oz. and not exceeding 1¾ oz.	Above 1¾ oz. and not exceeding 2 ozs.	
	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As
Southampton ...	0-4	0-4	0-8	0-8	1-0	1-0	1-0	1-0	And so on, adding 8 annas for every additional ounce or fraction of an ounce.
Marseilles ...	0-6	0-8	0-14	1-0	1-10	1-12	1-14	2-0	And so on, adding 8 annas for every additional ounce or fraction of an ounce in addition to 2 annas (French Postage) for every additional quarter of an ounce, or part of a quarter.

All Letters posted on or after the 1st of September, upon which at least a single rate of Postage has not been paid, will be returned to the Senders. But in order to obviate the inconvenience which would be caused to the Public by detaining and returning to the Senders Letters which, *through inadvertence*, may be posted without the full amount of Postage being paid upon them, Letters insufficiently prepaid but on which at least a single rate of Postage has been paid, will be forwarded, charged with the deficiency of Postage and a fine of six pence or four annas.

Pre-payment must be made, as now, by Stamps.

(Signed) W. GREY,
Offg. Director-General of the Post Office.

POSTAL NOTICE.

AS REMITTANCES of Cash and Bullion are yet made, under the cover of bales of Cloth, by the Bullock Train, the Public are again reminded that no compensation is given for any loss under such circumstances, and as the practice endangers all property in transit by the Train, the Public are requested not to have recourse to it.

G. PATON,
Post Master-General, N. W. P.

PESHAWUR,
Post Master-Gen'l's. Office,
N. W. P.,
The 7th May 1859.

Printed and Published for the Government, by THOMAS JONES, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

No. 42.] [1295]

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 25, 1859.

Legislative Council of India.

THE 21ST MAY 1859.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 17th May 1859, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. XV OF 1859.

An Act for granting exclusive privileges to Inventors.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Act VI of 1856, entitled "An Act for granting exclusive privileges to Inventors," was passed by the Legislative Council of India without the sanction of Her Majesty to the passing thereof having been previously obtained and signified in pursuance of the Statute passed in the seventeenth year of the reign of Her Majesty, entitled "An Act to provide for the Government of India :" and whereas Her Majesty's Law Officers having given it as their opinion that the Legislative Council of India was not competent to pass Act VI of 1856 without previously obtaining the sanction of the Crown, and the Court of Directors of the East India Company having in pursuance of the power vested in them by law disallowed Act VI of 1856 and having signified to the Governor General of India in Council their disallowance thereof, the said Act was repealed by Act IX of 1857 ; and whereas it is expedient, for the encouragement of Inventors of new manufactures, that certain exclusive privileges in their inventions should be granted to them in India, and that exclusive privileges obtained under the said Act should be protected : It is enacted as follows (The sanction of Her Majesty to the passing of this Act having been previously obtained and signified in pursuance of the said Statute) :—

Inventor may petition for leave to file specification.

I. The inventor of any new manufacture may petition the Governor General of India in Council for leave to file a specification thereof. Every such petition shall be in writing in the form or to the effect mentioned in the Schedule hereunto annexed, and shall be signed by the petitioner, or, in case the petitioner shall be absent from India, by an authorized agent, and shall state the name, addition, and place of residence of the petitioner, and the nature of the invention.

Form &c. of petition.

Order to file specification.

II. Upon such petition, the Governor General of India in Council may make an order authorizing the petitioner to file a specification of the invention.

Power to refer petition for enquiry and report.

III. Before making such order, the Governor General of India in Council may refer the petition to any person or persons for enquiry and report, and such person or persons shall be entitled to a reasonable fee for such enquiry and report to be paid by the petitioner : the amount of such fee, in case of dispute, to be settled by a Judge of one of Her Majesty's Courts of Judicature in a summary manner.

Petitioner entitled to exclusive privilege for 14 years from the time of filing specification.

IV. If, within the space of six calendar months from the date of such order, the petitioner cause a specification of his invention to be filed in manner hereinafter mentioned, the petitioner, his executors, administrators, or assigns, shall be entitled to the sole and exclusive privilege of making, selling, and using the said invention in India, and of authorizing others so to do, for the term of fourteen years from the time of filing such specification, and for such further term (if any), not exceeding fourteen years from the expiration of the first fourteen years, as the Governor General of India in Council may think fit to direct, upon petition to be presented by such inventor, at any period not more than one year, and not less than six calendar months, before the expiration of the exclusive privilege hereby granted.

Extension of term of exclusive privilege.

V. An order authorizing the filing of a specification, or for extending the term of such exclusive privilege as aforesaid, may be made subject to any such conditions and restrictions as the Governor General of India in Council may think expedient.

Order to file specification may be made subject to conditions.

VI. Every specification of an invention filed under this Act shall be in writing, and shall be signed by the petitioner, and shall particularly describe and ascertain the nature of the said invention and in what manner the same is to be performed.

Specification to be in writing and to describe the invention.

VII. Every petition for leave to file a specification and every specification filed under this Act shall be left with the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, and every petition and specification shall be accompanied by a declaration in writing signed by the petitioner in the forms or to the effect mentioned in the Schedule hereunto annexed, and if the inventor be absent from India, the petition and specification shall also be accompanied by a declaration signed by the agent who shall present or file the same, to the effect that he verily believes that the declaration purporting to be the declaration of the inventor was signed by him, and that the contents thereof are true, which declaration shall be in the form or to the effect mentioned in the said Schedule. The date of the delivery of every such petition and specification shall be endorsed on the same respectively, and shall also be recorded at the Office of the said Secretary.

Petition and specification to be left with Secretary to Government.

Petition &c. to be accompanied by declaration.

Date of delivery to be endorsed on petition.

VIII. If any person, who shall make a declaration under this Act, shall wilfully and corruptly make any false statement therein, he shall be deemed guilty of perjury, and shall be proceeded against, and upon conviction punished accordingly.

False statement in declaration punishable as perjury.

IX. No specification shall be filed until the petitioner shall have paid all fees payable under this Act, including the fees (if any) of the person or persons to whom the petition shall have been referred for enquiry and report.

Specification not to be filed before payment of fees.

X. At the time of delivering the specification for the purpose of being filed, the petitioner shall cause to be delivered to the said Secretary five copies thereof, of which

Copies of specification to be delivered and distributed.

One shall be sent to and filed by one of the Secretaries to the Government of Bengal;

One shall be sent to and filed by one of the Secretaries to the Government of Fort St. George;

One shall be sent to and filed by one of the Secretaries to the Government of Bombay; and

One shall be sent to and filed by one of the Secretaries to the Government of the North-Western Provinces.

A copy of such specification shall be open at all reasonable times at the Office of each of the said Secretaries to public inspection upon payment of a fee of one Rupee.

To be open to inspection.

XI. A book shall be kept in the Office of the said Secretary to the Government of India wherein shall be entered and recorded every such petition and specification and every order made upon such petition or relating to the invention therein mentioned. Every specification shall be numbered according to the order in which it is entered in such book; and a reference shall be made in such book, in the margin of the entry of each specification, to every order relating to the invention, and to every petition, memorandum, or amended specification which shall be filed under the provisions of Section XIV.

Book for the registry of petitions, specifications, &c.

XII. Such book, or a copy thereof, shall be open at all convenient times for the inspection of any person upon payment of a fee of one Rupee; and the said Secretary shall cause a copy of any entry therein, certified under his hand, to be given to any person requiring the same, on payment of the expense of copying.

Inspection of registry book.

Certified copy of entry to be given.

XIII. Every such certified copy shall be *primâ facie* evidence of the document of which it purports to be a copy.

Certified copy to be *primâ facie* evidence.

XIV. If, after the filing of the specification, the petitioner shall have reason to believe that through mistake or inadvertence he has erroneously made any mis-statement in his petition or specification, or included therein something which at the date of his petition was not new or whereof he was not the inventor, or that such specification is in any particular defective or insufficient, he may petition the Governor General in Council for leave to file a memorandum pointing out such error, defect, or insufficiency, and disclaiming any part of the alleged invention, or, in case of any defect or insufficiency of the specification, for leave to file an amended specification. The petition shall state how the error, defect, or insufficiency occurred and that it was not fraudulently intended, and shall be accompanied by a declaration in writing signed by the petitioner and if he be absent from India by his agent stating that the contents of such petition are true to the best of his knowledge and belief. Upon such petition the Governor General in Council may make an order allowing such memorandum or amended specification to be filed. All the provisions of Sections X, XI, XII, and XIII, applicable to specifications, shall be applicable to the petitions, orders, and memoranda or amended specifications referred to in this Section. An amended specification filed under the provisions of this Act shall, except as to suits or proceedings relating to the exclusive privilege which shall be pending at the time of the filing of such amended specification, have the same effect as if it had been the specification first filed, provided that nothing contained in an amended specification shall extend or enlarge any exclusive privilege before acquired.

In what cases petitioner may apply for leave to file amended specification.

Effect of amended specification.

No person entitled to exclusive privilege in any of the following cases—

If invention of no utility, or

If the invention, at the time of presenting the petition for leave to file the specification, was not a new invention within the meaning of this Act, or

If invention not new, or

If petitioner is not inventor, or

If the petitioner is not the inventor thereof, or

If specification does not describe the invention.

If the specification filed or the amended specification (if any) does not particularly describe and ascertain the nature of the invention and in what manner the same is to be performed, or

If petition or specification contain wilful or fraudulent mis-statement.

If the original or any subsequent petition relating to the invention, or the original or any amended specification contain a wilful or fraudulent mis-statement.

XV. No person shall be entitled to any exclusive privilege under the provisions of this Act—

XVI. Every exclusive privilege under this Act shall cease if the Governor General of India in Council shall declare that the same, or the mode in which it is exercised, is mischievous to the State, or generally prejudicial to the public; or if a breach of any special condition on which the petitioner shall be authorized to file a specification, or upon which the term of the exclusive privilege shall be extended, shall be proved to the satisfaction of any of Her Majesty's Courts of Judicature, and if the Governor General of India in Council shall thereupon declare that such exclusive privilege shall cease.

Exclusive privilege to cease if Government declare it mischievous &c. to public.

Or if Government, upon breach of condition proved, declare that it shall cease.

XVII. The importer into India of a new invention shall not be deemed an inventor within the meaning of this Act, unless he be the actual inventor.

Importer of invention, if not the actual inventor, not to be deemed inventor.

XVIII. A foreigner, whether resident abroad or not, may petition for leave to file a specification under this Act.

Foreign inventor.

XIX. An invention shall be deemed a new invention within the meaning of this Act, if it shall not, before the time of applying for leave to file the specification, have been publicly used in India or in any part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or been made publicly known in any part of India or of the United Kingdom by means of a publication, either printed or written or partly printed and partly written. The public use or knowledge of an invention, prior to the application for leave to file a specification, shall not be deemed a public use or knowledge within the meaning of this Section, if the knowledge shall have been obtained surreptitiously or in fraud of the inventor, or shall have been communicated to the public in fraud of the inventor or in breach of confidence: provided the inventor shall, within six calendar months after the commencement of such public use, apply for leave to file his specification, and shall not previously have acquiesced in such public use; provided also that the use of an invention in public by the inventor thereof, or by his servants or agents, or by any other person by his license in writing, for a period not exceeding one year prior to the date of his petition, shall not be deemed a public use thereof within the meaning of this Act.

An invention not publicly used or known in the United Kingdom or in India before the application for leave to file his specification, to be deemed a new invention within this Act.

Knowledge of invention fraudulently acquired.

Proviso.

Public use by inventor.

XX. If an inventor who prior to the time of applying for leave to file a specification of an invention under this Act, shall have obtained Her Majesty's Letters Patent for the exclusive use of such invention in the United Kingdom or any part thereof shall, within twelve calendar months from the passing of this Act, or within twelve calendar months from the date of such Letters Patent, petition the Governor General of India in Council for leave to file a specification of such invention (which petition shall be in writing in the form or to the effect mentioned in the Schedule), the invention shall be deemed a new invention within the meaning of this Act, if it was not publicly known or used in India at or before the date of the petition for such Letters Patent, notwithstanding it may have been publicly known or used in some part of the United Kingdom or in India before the time of his petitioning, under this Act, for leave to file the specification; Provided the petition for leave file the specification shall state that such Letters Patent have been granted, and shall also state the date thereof and the term during which the same are to continue in force. Provided also that an exclusive privilege, obtained under the provisions of this Act by an inventor who has obtained Her Majesty's Letters Patent for the exclusive use of such invention, shall cease to have effect, if such Letters Patent be revoked or cancelled; and that no such exclusive privilege shall extend beyond the term granted by such Letters Patent unless the same shall be renewed, in which case the exclusive privilege may be renewed under this Act for the extended term or any part thereof.

Inventor having obtained English Letters Patent, to petition within 12 months from the passing of this Act or from the date of the Letters Patent.

Invention if not publicly known or used in India at the time of applying for such Letters Patent, to be deemed new.

What to be stated in such petition.

Duration of exclusive privilege.

XXI. No exclusive privilege obtained under this Act shall entitle the owner of such privilege to exclude any person from using the invention, who, prior to the 7th day of July 1855, used the same in India.

Saving of rights of persons who used invention before 7th of July 1855.

XXII. An action may be maintained by an inventor against any person who, during the continuance of any exclusive privilege granted by this Act, shall, without the license of the said Inventor, make, use, sell, or put in practice the said invention, or who shall counterfeit or imitate the same. Provided that no such action shall be maintained in any Court other than the principal Court of original jurisdiction in Civil cases within

Action for infringement.

the local limits of whose jurisdiction the cause of action shall accrue or the defendant shall reside as a fixed inhabitant.

Defect in specification or petition, or want of novelty in invention &c., no defence to action for infringement.

XXIII. No such action shall be defended upon the ground of any defect or insufficiency of the specification of the invention, nor upon the ground that the original or any subsequent petition relating to the invention, or the original or any amended specification contains a wilful or fraudulent mis-statement, nor upon the ground that the invention is not useful; nor shall any such action be defended upon the ground that the plaintiff was not the inventor, unless the defendant shall show that he is the actual inventor or has obtained a right from him to use the invention either wholly or in part. Any such action may be defended upon the ground that the invention was not new, if the person making the defence, or some person through whom he claims, shall, before the date of the petition for leave to file the specification, have publicly or actually used in India or in some part of the United Kingdom, the invention, or that part of it of which the infringement shall be proved; but not otherwise.

The actual use of an invention in India or the United Kingdom before date of petition, a defence to such action.

Application to Supreme Courts to declare exclusive privilege not to have been acquired on following grounds—

XXIV. It shall be lawful for any person to apply by motion to any of Her Majesty's Courts of Judicature for a rule to show cause why the Court should not declare that an exclusive privilege in respect of an invention has not been acquired under the provisions of this Act by reason of all or any of the objections following (to be specified in the rule), that is to say—

Invention of no utility.

That the said invention is of no utility, or

Invention not new.

That the said invention was not, at the time of presenting the petition for leave to file the specification, a new invention within the meaning of this Act, or

Petitioner not the inventor.

That the petitioner was not the inventor thereof, or

Invention not described in specification.

That the specification filed or the amended specification (if any) does not particularly describe and ascertain the nature of the invention or in what manner the same is to be performed, or

Fraud in petition or specification.

That the petitioner has knowingly or fraudulently included in the petition or specification or amended specification, as part of his invention, something which was not new or whereof he was not the inventor, or

Fraudulent mis-statement in petition or specification.

That the original or any subsequent petition relating to the invention or the original or any amended specification contains a wilful or fraudulent mis-statement, or

Insufficient description of part of invention in specification.

That some part of the invention, or the manner in which that part is to be performed as described in the specification filed or the amended specification, is not thereby sufficiently described and ascertained, and that such defect or insufficiency was fraudulent and is injurious to the public.

Like application as to part of an invention.

XXV. Any person may, in like manner, apply to any of Her Majesty's Courts of Judicature for a rule to show cause why the Court should not declare that an exclusive privilege has not been acquired under the provisions of this Act in respect of any part of the invention to be specified in the rule by reason of all or any of the objections following (to be specified in the rule) that is to say—

That such part of the invention is wholly distinct from the other part thereof and is of no utility, or

That such part of the invention was not, at the date of the petition for leave to file the specification, a new invention within the meaning of this Act, or

That the petitioner was not the inventor of that part of the invention, or

That that part of the invention, and the manner in which it is to be performed, is not sufficiently described and ascertained in the specification filed or the amended specification, and that such defect or insufficiency is injurious to the public.

Application by Advocate General on breach of special condition.

XXVI. It shall be lawful for the Advocate General at any of the Presidencies of Fort William in Bengal, Fort St. George, and Bombay, or any other person, by order of the Governor General in Council, to apply to any of the said Courts of Judicature for a rule calling upon the petitioner, his executors, administrators, or assigns, to show cause why the question of the breach of any special condition upon which the leave to file a specification has been granted, or any other question of fact on which the revocation of the exclusive privilege by the Governor General in Council under the power hereinbefore reserved may, in the judgment of the said Governor General in Council, depend, should not be tried in the form of an issue directed by the said Court; and if the rule be made absolute, the Court, unless the breach or other matter of fact be admitted, may thereupon direct such issue to be tried, and certify the result of such trial to the Governor General in Council. The costs of such trial, and also the costs of any proceedings in any of the said Courts of Judicature under the provisions of this Act, shall be in the discretion of the Court.

Service of proceedings on all persons interested.

XXVII. Notice of any rule obtained or proceeding taken under either of the last three preceding Sections shall be served on all persons appearing to be proprietors or to have shares or interests in the exclusive privilege under the provisions of Section XXXV of this Act, and it shall not be necessary to serve such notice on any other persons.

Supreme Court may direct issue for trial to other Courts.

XXVIII. Any of the said Courts of Judicature, if it think fit, may direct an issue for the trial, before the same Court or any other Court of Judicature or any principal Court of original jurisdiction in Civil cases, of any question of fact arising upon an application under Sections XXIV, XXV, or XXVI of this Act, and such issue shall be tried accordingly in a summary manner, and, if the issue be directed to another Court, the finding shall be certified by the Court

before which the same was tried, to the Court directing the issue. If the issue be directed to any Court of Judicature, the Court by which the issue is tried may, before the finding is certified, direct a new trial of such issue according to the usual course and practice of such Court. If the issue be directed to any Court other than a Court of Judicature, the finding shall not be subject to appeal, but the evidence taken upon the trial shall be recorded, and a copy thereof, certified by the Judge, shall be transmitted, together with any remarks he may think fit to make thereon, to the Court by which the issue was directed; and such Court may either act upon the decision of the Court which tried the issue, or direct a new trial if it shall appear necessary.

New trial.

XXIX. If it shall appear to any of the said Courts of Judicature at the hearing of any application under the provisions of Sections XXIV or XXV of this Act that, by reason of any of the objections therein mentioned, the said exclusive privilege in the invention or in any part thereof has not been acquired, the Court shall give judgment accordingly, and shall make such order as to the costs of and consequent upon the application as it may think just; and thereupon the petitioner, his executors, administrators, and assigns shall, so long as the judgment continues in force, cease to be entitled to such exclusive privilege.

Judgment.

Costs.

XXX. If the Court, at the hearing of any such application as last aforesaid, shall think that the petitioner has, in the description of his invention in the petition or specification or amended specification (if any), included something which at the date of the petition was not new or whereof he was not the inventor, or that the specification is in any particular defective or insufficient, but that the error, defect, or insufficiency was not fraudulently intended, the Court may adjudge the said exclusive privilege to have been acquired and to be valid, save as to the part thereof affected by such error, defect, or insufficiency, or if the Court shall think that the error, defect, or insufficiency can be amended without injury to the public, they may adjudge the exclusive privilege in the whole invention to be valid, and may, upon such terms as shall appear reasonable, order the specification to be amended in any of the said particulars; and thereupon the petitioner, his executors, administrators, or assigns shall, within the time limited by the said Court for the purpose, file a specification amended according to such order. Provided that no such amended specification shall have the effect of extending or enlarging the exclusive privilege before acquired.

Amendment of specification by Court.

Proviso.

XXXI. An exclusive privilege shall not be defeated upon the ground that the petition contains a mis-statement, unless such mis-statement was wilful or fraudulent.

Mis-statement in the petition, if not fraudulent, not to defeat the privilege.

XXXII. Whenever it shall be adjudged by any of the said Courts of Judicature that an exclusive privilege as to the whole or any part of an invention has not been acquired, the said Secretary to the Government of India shall, upon the production of the judgment or order, cause an entry thereof to be made in the said book hereinbefore directed to be kept, and shall cause a reference to such entry to be made in the margin of the entry of the specification contained in such book.

Entry in registry book of judgment &c. declaring privilege not to have been acquired.

XXXIII. If, upon proceedings instituted within two years from the date of a petition to file a specification, the actual inventor shall prove to the satisfaction of the principal Court having jurisdiction in Civil cases within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the defendant shall reside as a fixed inhabitant, that the petitioner was not the actual inventor, and that at the time of the petition he knew or had good reason to believe that the knowledge of the invention was obtained by himself or by some other person surreptitiously or in fraud of the actual inventor, or by means of a communication made in confidence by the actual inventor to him or to any person through whom he derived such knowledge, the Court may compel the petitioner to assign to the actual inventor any exclusive privilege obtained under this Act and to account for and pay over the profits thereof.

In what case actual inventor entitled to assignment of an exclusive privilege fraudulently obtained.

XXXIV. In any action for the infringement of such exclusive privilege, the plaintiff shall deliver with his plaint particulars of the breaches complained of in the said action; and the defendant shall deliver a written statement of the particulars of the grounds (if any) upon which he means to contend that the plaintiff is not entitled to an exclusive privilege in the invention. In like manner, upon any application to any of the said Courts of Judicature under Sections XXIV, XXV, or XXVI of this Act, the applicant shall deliver particulars of the objections on which he means to rely. At the trial of any such action or issue, no evidence shall be allowed to be given in support of any alleged infringement or of any objection impeaching the validity of such exclusive privilege which shall not be contained in the particulars delivered as aforesaid. If it be alleged that the invention was publicly known or used prior to the date of the petition for leave to file such specification, the places where and the manner in which the invention was so publicly known or used shall be stated in such particulars. Provided always that it shall be lawful for any Court in which the action or proceeding is pending, or in which the issue is tried, to allow the plaintiff or defendant respectively to amend the particulars delivered as aforesaid upon such terms as shall seem fit.

Particulars to be delivered.

XXXV. A book shall be kept in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department (such book to be open to inspection without fee) wherein every person filing a specification under this Act, or any person to whom the exclusive privilege may be assigned, shall cause to be stated some place in India where service of any rule or proceedings for the purpose of cancelling or revoking his exclusive privilege may be made, and shall cause a reference to such entry to be made in the margin of the entry of the specification, and may from time to time cause any other place in India to be substituted by a similar entry and reference. All such rules and proceedings as aforesaid shall be deemed sufficiently served if a copy thereof be left at the place entered in such book or (if any other place be substituted for the

Service of proceedings.

same by entry in the said book) at the place last substituted, by delivering the same to any person resident at, or in charge of, such place: or, if there be no person resident at, or in charge of such place, or if such place be not within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court, by causing such rule or proceeding to be sent by Post by a registered letter directed to such person at such place; and if any such person shall neglect to make or cause to be made such entry, then service of such rule or proceeding may be effected by affixing a copy thereof to some conspicuous part of the Court-house or in such other manner as the Court may direct.

Act VI of 1856 to have effect in respect of certain specifications filed and acts done.

XXXVI. Act VI of 1856 shall be of the same force and effect in respect to every petition and specification filed under the provisions thereof before the Act was repealed, and in regard to all proceedings consequent thereon or in relation thereto, and for the purpose of every thing done under that Act while it continued in force, as if previously to the passing of the said Act the sanction of Her Majesty to the passing thereof had been obtained and signified in pursuance of the Statute passed in the seventeenth year of the reign of Her Majesty, entitled "An Act to provide for the Government of India," and as if the said Act had not been repealed; and the term of every exclusive privilege obtained under the said Act is hereby extended and shall continue until the expiration of fourteen years from the time of the passing of this Act. No exclusive privilege obtained under the said Act by an importer not being the actual inventor shall cease to have effect by virtue of the provisions of Section XVI of the said Act if the invention be put in practice in India within the period of two years from the time of the passing of this Act.

Stamp on petition.

XXXVII. Every petition for leave to file a specification under the provisions of this Act, or for the extension of the term of an exclusive privilege, shall be written or printed on stamped paper of the value of one hundred Rupees.

Interpretation.

XXXVIII. In the construction of this Act, the following words and expressions shall have the meanings hereby assigned to them, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction.

Number.

Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number.

Gender.

Words importing the masculine gender shall include females.

"Invention."

The word "invention" shall include an improvement.

"Manufacture"

The word "manufacture" shall be deemed to include any art, process, or manner of producing, preparing or making an article, and also any article prepared or produced by manufacture.

"Printed."

The word "printed" shall include "lithographed."

"Inventor" and "actual Inventor."

The words "inventor" and "actual inventor" shall include the executors, administrators, or assigns of an inventor or actual inventor as the case may be.

"Assigns."

The word "assigns" shall include grantees of the sole use or benefit in India of an invention, or of the sole use of an exclusive privilege for a limited time.

"India."

The word "India" shall mean the territories which are or may become vested in Her Majesty by the Statute 21 and 22 Vic. c. 106, entitled "an Act for the better Government of India."

"Governor General in Council."

The words "Governor General in Council" shall include the "President in Council."

"Secretary to the Government of India."

The words "Secretary to the Government of India" shall include any Under Secretary to the said Government.

"Her Majesty's Courts of Judicature." "Courts of Judicature."

The expressions "Her Majesty's Courts of Judicature" and "Courts of Judicature" shall mean the Courts established by Royal Charter.

SCHEDULE OF FORMS.

Form of Petition (*see Section* I.)

To the Governor General of India in Council.

The petition of (*here insert name, addition, and place of residence*) for leave to file a specification under Act No. XV of 1859.

Sheweth,

That your petitioner is in possession of an invention for (*state the title of the invention,*) which invention he believes will be of public utility; that he is the inventor thereof (*or, as the case may be, the assignee or the executor or administrator of the inventor*); and that the same is not publicly known or used in India or in any part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland to the best of his knowledge and belief.

The following is a description of the invention (*here describe it.*)

Your petitioner therefore prays for leave to file a specification of the said invention pursuant to the provisions of Act No. XV of 1859.

And your petitioner, &c.,

(Signed)

The day of

Form of Declaration to accompany Petition. (*see Section* VII.)

I (*here insert name, addition, and place of residence*) do solemnly and sincerely declare that I am in possession of an invention for (*state the title of the invention as in the petition*); that I believe the said invention will be of public utility; that I am the inventor thereof (*or, as the case may be, the assignee or executor or administrator of the inventor*); and that the same is not publicly known or used in India or in any part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland to the best of my knowledge and belief; and that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, my said invention is truly described in my petition for leave to file a specification thereof.

The day of

(Signed)

Form of Declaration to accompany Specification. (*see Section* VII.)

I (*here insert name, addition, and place of residence*) do solemnly and sincerely declare that

I am in possession of an invention for *(state the nature of the invention,)* which invention I believe will be of public utility; that I am the inventor thereof *(or, as the case may be, the assignee or executor or administrator of the inventor)* or) and that the same is not publicly known or used in India or in any part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland to the best of my knowledge and belief; and that, to the best of my belief, the instrument in writing under my hand hereunto annexed particularly describes and ascertains the nature of the said invention and in what manner the same is to be performed.

The day of

(Signed)

FORM OF DECLARATION BY AGENT WHEN AN INVENTOR IS ABSENT FROM INDIA.
(see Section VII.*)*

I of

do solemnly and sincerely declare that I have been appointed by the said his Agent for the purpose of ; and I verily believe that the declaration purporting to be the declaration of the said marked ( ) was signed by him, and that the contents thereof are true.

The day of

(Signed)———.

FORM OF PETITION—*(see Section* XX.*)*

That your petitioner *(or, as the case may be, that A. B. of whom your petitioner is the assignee or executor or administrator)* has obtained Her Majesty's Letters Patent dated the day of for *(state the title of the invention,)* and that such Letters Patent are to continue in force for years. That your petitioner believes that the said invention is not now and has not hitherto been publicly known or used in India.

The following is a description of the invention *(here describe it.)*

Your petitioner therefore prays for leave to file a specification of the said invention pursuant to the provisions of Act No. XV. of 1859.

And your petitioner, &c.

(Signed)

The day of

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE 14TH MAY 1859.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council on the 30th April 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 18th of August next :—

A Bill to provide for the due execution of Warrants of Attorney to confess judgment and Cognovits.

Preamble. WHEREAS it is expedient that provision should be made for giving every person executing a warrant of attorney to confess judgment or a cognovit actionem due information of the nature and effect thereof; It is enacted as follows :—

Warrants of attorney &c. to be executed in the presence of an attorney on behalf of the person. I. From and after the time appointed for the commencement of this Act, no warrant of attorney to confess judgment in any personal action or cognovit actionem given by any person, shall be of any force unless there shall be present some attorney of one of Her Majesty's Supreme Courts of Judicature on behalf of such person, expressly named by him and attending at his request to inform him of the nature and effect of such warrant or cognovit before the same is executed, which attorney shall subscribe his name as a witness to the due execution thereof, and thereby declare himself to be attorney for the person executing the same and state that he subscribes as such attorney.

Warrant &c. not formally executed invalid. II. A warrant of attorney to confess judgment or cognovit actionem not executed in manner aforesaid, shall not be rendered valid by proof that the person executing the same did in fact understand the nature and effect thereof, or was fully informed of the same.

Construction of Act. III. This Act shall extend to women, and shall entitle them to all the benefits given thereby; and words used in this Act importing the singular number or masculine gender only shall be understood to include several persons as well as one person, and females as well as males.

Commencement of Act. IV. This Act shall commence and come into operation on the day of 1859.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE 14TH MAY 1859.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council on the 14th May 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 18th of August next :—

A Bill for the suppression of Outrages in the District of Malabar in the Presidency of Fort St. George.

Preamble. WHEREAS in the District of Malabar in the Presidency of Fort St. George, murderous outrages have been frequently committed by persons of the class called Moplas, the offenders in such outrages intending therein to sacrifice their own lives; and the general law of the country is not adequate to suppress such outrages: It is enacted as follows :—

Acts repealed. I. Act XXIII of 1854 *(for the suppression of outrages in the District of Malabar in the Presidency of Fort St. George)* and Act V of 1856 *(to give effect to Act XXIII of* 1854 *from the time of its promulgation in the District of Malabar, and to extend the application thereof in future)* are hereby repealed, except as to acts done and proceedings taken before the issue of a proclamation under the provisions of Section II of this Act.

Governor in Council empowered to proclaim the whole or any part of Malabar to come under this Act. II. It shall be lawful for the Governor in Council of Fort St. George, whenever he shall see fit, by a proclamation published in the Fort St. George Gazette, from time to time to declare the whole or any part or parts of the District of Malabar to be subject to the operation of all or any of the following provisions.

The property of Moplas convicted of outrages to be forfeited.

III. Any Mopla, who murders or attempts to murder any person or who takes part in any outrage directed by Moplas against any persons wherein murder is committed or is attempted to be committed, or is likely to be committed; and any person who shall procure or promote the commission of any such crime as aforesaid, or shall incite or encourage any other person or persons to commit the same; or who, after having committed or having been accessary to any such crime as aforesaid, shall forcibly resist any person or persons having lawful authority to apprehend him; or who shall join or assist, or incite or encourage other persons to join or assist in such resistance; shall, on conviction thereof, be liable not only to the punishment provided by law for the offence of which he may be convicted, but also to the forfeiture of all his property, of whatever kind, to Government, by the sentence of the Court by which he is tried; and whenever any person shall be killed in the act of committing any such offence as aforesaid, or being wounded and taken prisoner in the act of committing any such offence as aforesaid, shall afterwards die of his wounds, it shall be competent to the Court which would have had cognizance of the offence if the offender could have been brought to trial, to proceed, on the application of the Magistrate, to hold an inquest into the circumstances of the death of the offender; and on proof of his having been killed as aforesaid or of his having died of wounds received as aforesaid, to adjudge that the whole of his property shall be forfeited to Government.

Also the property of persons killed in committing outrages.

Immoveable property of offender alienated within 12 months from passing of this Act and before commission of offence, to be forfeited.

IV. All immoveable property of the offender which shall be alienated after the passing of this Act and before the commission of any offence specified in Section III, shall be forfeited in the same manner as if no such alienation had been made, unless the same shall have been made more than twelve months before the commission of the offence.

Bodies of offending Moplas sentenced to death or killed, may be burned or buried within the precincts of the Jail.

V. If any Mopla shall be sentenced to death for any capital offence punishable also with forfeiture of property under this Act, it shall be lawful for the Court, by which such offender is convicted, by its sentence, to direct the body of such offender to be burned or buried within the precincts of the Jail, as it shall see fit; and in like manner, if any Mopla shall be killed in the act of committing any such offence as aforesaid, or having committed any such offence as aforesaid, shall be killed in resisting a lawful attempt to apprehend him, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate to cause the body of the person so killed to be burned or buried within the precincts of the Jail, as the said Magistrate shall see fit.

Powers of Governor in Council as to the confinement or trial of persons under this Act.

VI. The Governor in Council shall have, with respect to the confinement or trial of any person charged with or suspected of an intention to commit any offence punishable under this Act, the powers which are vested in him by any law regarding the confinement or trial of persons charged with or suspected of State offences; and the provisions of any such law shall be applicable to all cases in which the Governor in Council shall proceed under the authority of this Section.

Magistrate how to act in respect to persons against whom he thinks there are grounds of proceeding.

VII. The Magistrate of the District may cause any Mopla or other person, against whom there are in his judgment grounds of proceeding under the last Section, to be apprehended, and after such enquiry as he may think necessary, may detain such Mopla or other person in safe custody, until he shall have received the orders of the Governor in Council, to whom in all such cases he shall report his proceedings without unnecessary delay.

Penalty for remaining or returning within forbidden limits.

VIII. If, with the previous consent of the Governor in Council, any person, against whom the Governor in Council shall think fit to proceed under Section VI, shall undertake, in consideration of the suspension of such proceedings, to depart within a specified period from within the limits of the Continent of India or of any part thereof, and shall in breach of his said undertaking and without the permission of the Governor in Council, remain or return within such limits, he shall be liable to be punished with imprisonment, with or without hard labor, for a period which may extend to seven years, or with fine, or both.

Levy of compensation or fine.

IX. Whenever any such outrage as is specified in Section III of this Act, the same being punishable under this Act, shall, after such proclamation as aforesaid, have been committed by any Mopla or Moplas, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate, with the sanction of the Governor in Council, to levy such sum of money as the Governor in Council shall authorize, from all the Moplas within the umshum or the several umshums to which the perpetrator or perpetrators, or any one of such perpetrators of such outrages, shall be found to belong, or wherein any such perpetrator shall have been resident at the time of the commission of the outrage, and also within the umshum in which the outrage shall have been committed; and the said Magistrate shall assess the proportions in which the said sum shall be payable upon the several heads of families of Moplas within such umshum or umshums, according to his judgment of their respective means; and the said Magistrate shall appropriate the sum so levied as follows, that is to say, in the first place, to the compensation of the parties aggrieved by such outrages, including therein compensation to the family of any person dying by any such outrage for the pecuniary loss occasioned or likely to be occasioned by such death; and, subject to such compensation, to the use of the Government.

Penalty for Mopla inhabitants of any umshum refusing to deliver up an offender.

X. Whenever any such outrage as is specified in Section III of this Act, the same being punishable under this Act, shall have been committed by any Mopla or Moplas, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate to call upon the Mopla inhabitants of the umshum or umshums to which the perpetrator or perpetrators or any one of such

perpetrators of such outrage shall be found to belong, or wherein any such perpetrator shall have been resident at the time of the commission of the outrage, or wherein any such perpetrator shall after the perpetration of any such outrage be found, to deliver up such perpetrator or perpetrators, and on the failure of such Mopla inhabitants to comply with such call so made upon them by the Magistrate, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate, with the sanction of the Governor in Council, to levy from such Mopla inhabitants, such sum of money as the Governor in Council shall authorize, as prescribed in the last preceding Section of this Act, and all sums so levied shall be appropriated in the manner prescribed in that Section.

Fines &c. how to be levied.

XI. All fines and pecuniary liabilities incurred under this Act may be levied by a Magistrate under summary process, in the same manner as the public revenue may be realized by a Collector; and no action shall lie in any Civil Court against the Magistrate in respect of any fine imposed, or any assessment made under this Act, or in respect of the levy of any portion of such fine from the person or persons upon whom the same shall have been assessed.

Parts of District may be withdrawn from the operation of the Act, and again made subject to it.

XII. It shall be lawful for the Governor in Council, by such proclamation as aforesaid, from time to time, to withdraw from the operation of the provisions of this Act any part or parts of the said District which he may previously have declared to be subject thereto; and in like manner, as occasion shall require, to subject the same part or parts again to the operation of such provisions, or of any of them.

W. Morgan,
Clerk of the Council.

The 14th May 1859.

The following Bill was read a first and second time in the Legislative Council on the 14th May 1859, and was referred to Select Committee who are to report thereon within six weeks:—

A Bill to repeal certain Regulations and Acts relating to the Procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature not established by Royal Charter.

Preamble.

Whereas by Act VIII of 1859, a Code of Procedure is provided for the Courts of Civil Judicature not established by Royal Charter; and whereas it is enacted by Section 387 of the said Act that the Act shall come into operation in the Presidency of Bengal from the 1st day of July 1859, and in the Presidencies of Madras and Bombay from the 1st day of January 1860, or from such earlier day as the Local Government in those Presidencies respectively shall fix and shall publicly notify in the Gazette of the Presidency three months at least before the date so fixed, and it is also enacted by Section 385 of the said Act that the Act shall not take effect in any part of the territories not subject to the general Regulations of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, until the same shall be extended thereto by the Governor General of India in Council, or by the Local Government to which such territory is subordinate, and notified in the Gazette: and whereas it is expedient to repeal in the manner hereinafter provided certain Regulations and Acts and parts of Regulations and Acts relating to the Procedure of the said Courts; it is enacted as follows:—

Repeal of Laws.

I. Except so far as they repeal the whole or any part of any other Regulation or Act, the several Regulations and Acts and parts of Regulations and Acts set forth in the Schedule hereto, are and shall be hereby and in the manner and from the several times hereinafter mentioned repealed to the extent to which they are in the said Schedule expressed to be repealed, that is to say—

So far as they relate to the Presidency of Bengal, from the 1st day of July 1859.

So far as they relate to the Presidencies of Madras and Bombay from the 1st day of January 1860, or from such earlier day as the Local Government in those Presidencies respectively shall fix and shall publicly notify in the Gazette pursuant to the provisions of the said Section 387.

And so far as they relate to any part of the territories not subject to the general Regulations of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, from the time when the said Act shall be extended thereto by the Governor General of India in Council, or by the Local Government to which such territory is subordinate, and notified in the Gazette.

Schedule of Regulations and Acts repealed.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Act V of 1836 ...		The whole Act.
Act III of 1837 ...		The whole Act.
Act XXV of 1837 ...		Sections III and IX.
Act XXXV of 1837 ...		The whole Act.
Act VII of 1838 ...		The whole Act.
Act XVII of 1838 ...		The whole Act.
Act XXII of 1838 ...		The whole Act.
Act XXVII of 1838 ...		The whole Act.
Act IX of 1839 ...		The whole Act.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Act XIX of 1840 ...	An Act for amending the Procedure in cases of Appeals made *in formâ pauperis*, within the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.	The whole Act.
Act VII of 1841 ...	An Act for a more uniform and an improved process for taking the examination of absent witnesses.	The whole Act.
Act XVII of 1841 ...	An Act for amending the proceedings in appeals before the Courts of Sudder Dewanny and Nizamut Adawlut in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.	Section II so far as it relates to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut.
Act XXIX of 1841 ...	An Act for amending such parts of the Bengal and Madras Codes as concern the dismissal of suits and appeals for neglecting to proceed in the same.	The whole Act.
Act II of 1843 ...	An Act to regulate the sittings of the Courts of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut.	The whole Act.
Act III of 1843 ...	An Act for amending the rules of Special Appeals.	The whole Act.
Act VI of 1843 ...	An Act for amending the Law concerning the jurisdiction and procedure of the Courts of Ameens and Moonsiffs.	The whole Act.
Act VII of 1843 ...	An Act for abolishing the Provincial Courts of Appeal and Circuit in the Presidency of Fort St. George and for establishing new Zillah Courts to perform their functions; for establishing Courts constituted according to Regulations I and II, and Regulations VII and VIII of 1827, in place of the existing Civil and Criminal Zillah Courts, and for extending the Civil jurisdiction of such Courts.	Sections X, XI, XIV, Clause 1st of Section XVII, Sections XVIII, XIX, and XXV.
Act XII of 1843 ...	An Act concerning the time at which and the language in which the decisions of the Judges in the Courts of the East India Company are to be written.	The whole Act.
Act IX of 1844 ...	An Act for authorizing the institution of suits in the Courts of Principal Sudder Ameens and Sudder Ameens.	The whole Act, except Section III.
Act III of 1845 ...	An Act vesting Courts of Appeal with the discretion to require or dispense with security for costs from the appellant.	The whole Act.
Act VIII of 1845 ...	An Act for amending Section LXXV, and Chapter XVII of Regulation IV. 1827 of the Bombay Code.	The whole Act.
Act XV of 1845 ...	An Act for declaring and enacting the privileges of Native Officers and Soldiers of the Armies of the three Presidencies in respect of Judicial and Revenue Proceedings.	Sections I, II, III, IV, and V.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Act XVI of 1845 ...	An Act for regulating the re-admission of Appeals after dismissal under Act XXIX of 1841.	The whole Act.
Act XVII of 1845 ...	An Act for the better enforcement of the attendance of witnesses in the Courts of the Moonsiffs, within the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.	The whole Act.
Act IV of 1846 ...	An Act for amending the Law regarding the sale of land in execution of decrees in the territories subject to the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.	The whole Act.
Act XVII of 1847 ...	An Act for remedying a defect in the Law regarding undiscovered defaults in the prosecution of suits.	The whole Act.
Act III of 1850 ...	An Act for amending the Law concerning the jurisdiction of the Courts of Sudder Ameens and District Moonsiffs in the Presidency of Fort St. George.	The whole Act.
Act IV of 1850 ...	An Act for the amendment of Procedure in cases of Appeal to the Sudder Court.	The whole Act.
Act VIII of 1850 ...	An Act to amend the Law for enabling Zillah and City Judges and Principal Sudder Ameens, in certain cases of appeal, to confirm the decision without summoning the respondent.	The whole Act.
Act XV of 1850 ...	An Act to extend the operation of Sections X and XII Regulation XXVI. 1814 of the Bengal Code.	The whole Act.
Act XXV of 1850 ...	An Act for the forfeiture to Government of deposits made on incomplete sales of land under Regulation VIII. 1819 and Act IV of 1846.	The whole Act so far as it relates to forfeited deposits of sales of land or any interest in land in execution of decrees.
Act XXX of 1850 ...	An Act to remove doubts on the construction of Act I of 1846, and Act IV of 1850.	Sections II, III, and IV.
Act VII of 1851 ...	An Act to amend the Law of the Bombay Presidency relating to execution of decrees.	The whole Act.
Act XXV of 1852 ...	An Act for the execution of decrees made in appeal by Her Majesty in Council, or by the Courts of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut and of the Zillah and City Judges in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.	The whole Act, except so far as it relates to the execution of decrees made in appeal by Her Majesty in Council.
Act XXVI of 1852 ...	An Act to amend the mode of Procedure in the Courts of the Sudder Ameens and Moonsiffs in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, and to extend the powers of Principal Sudder Ameens in appeals referred to them.	The whole Act.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Act XXXIII of 1852 ...	An Act to facilitate the enforcement of judgments in places beyond the jurisdiction of the Courts pronouncing the same.	The whole Act, except so far as it relates to the enforcement of judgments by any Court established by Royal Charter, and also except so far as it relates to the enforcement of decrees of Military Courts of Requests.
Act XV of 1853 ...	An Act for the amendment of Procedure in cases of regular appeal to the Sudder Courts in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.	The whole Act.
Act XVI of 1853 ...	An Act for amanding the Law of Special Appeals.	The whole Act.
Act XIX of 1853 ...	An Act to amend the Law of evidence in the Civil Courts of the East India Company in the Bengal Presidency.	The whole Act so far as it is applicable to any suit or other proceeding instituted under Act VIII of 1859, except Sections XIX and XXVI of Act XIX of 1853.
Act XXXIII of 1854 ...	An Act to extend the provisions of Act No. XII of 1843.	So much of the Act as is applicable to any suit or other proceeding instituted under Act VIII of 1859.
Act IX of 1855 ...	An Act for the amendment of Procedure in cases of regular appeal to the Sudder Court in the Presidency of Fort St. George.	The whole Act.
Act X of 1855 ...	An Act to amend the Law relating to the attendance and examination of witnesses in the Civil Courts of the East India Company in the Presidencies of Fort St. George and Bombay, and to amend the provisions of Section XL Act XIX of 1853.	The whole Act, except Sections IX and X.
Act XXXIV of 1855 ...	An Act to explain and amend Act No. XXXIII of 1852.	The whole Act, except so far as it relates to the enforcement of judgment by any Court established by Royal Charter.
Act XII of 1856 ...	An Act to amend the law respecting the employment of Ameens by the Civil Courts in the Presidency of Fort William.	Sections VI and VII.
	BENGAL.	
Regulation III. 1793 ...	A Regulation for extending and defining the jurisdiction of the Courts of Dewanny Adawlut, or Courts of Judicature for the trial of Civil suits in the first instance, established in the several Zillahs and in the Cities of Patna, Dacca, and Moorshedabad.	Sections VII, VIII, IX, X, XI, XII, XIII, XV, XVI, XVIII, XIX, and XX.
„ IV. 1793 ...	A Regulation for receiving, trying, and deciding suits or complaints declared cognizable in the Courts of Dewanny Adawlut established in the several Zillahs, and in the Cities of Patna, Dacca, and Moorshedabad.	Sections I, II, III, IV, V, VI except so much as relates to the administering oaths to parties and witnesses, VII, VIII, X, XI, XII, XIII, XVI, XVIII, XIX, and XXVI.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation V. 1793 ...	A Regulation for establishing four Provincial Courts of Appeal for hearing appeals from decisions passed in the several Zillah and the three City Courts, and defining their powers and duties, and prescribing rules for receiving and deciding upon appeals and other causes of which they are declared to have cognizance.	The whole Regulation.
„ VI. 1793 ...	A Regulation for extending and defining the powers and duties of the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut, and prescribing rules for receiving and deciding upon appeals from the decisions of the Provincial Courts of Appeal.	Sections IV, V, VI, VII, IX, X, XI, XII, XV and XVI, and XVII except so much as relates to the administering oaths, XVIII, XIX, XX, XXI, XXII, XXVIII, XXIX, and XXX.
„ XVI. 1793 ...	A Regulation for referring suits to arbitration and submitting certain cases to the decision of the Nazim.	The whole Regulation.
„ VII. 1795 ...	A Regulation for establishing a Court of Dewanny Adawlut, or Court of Judicature for trying Civil suits in the first instance at the City of Benares, and at Mirzapore, Ghazeepore, and Jaunpore, in the province of Benares, and for defining the jurisdiction and powers of those Courts.	Sections VII, IX, X, XI except so far as it extends Section XXI Regulation III. 1793, and Section XII.
„ VIII. 1795 ...	A Regulation for extending to the Province of Benares, with alterations and modifications, Regulation IV. 1793, entitled "A Regulation for receiving, trying, and deciding suits or complaints declared cognizable in the Courts of Dewanny Adawlut established in the several Zillahs, and in the Cities of Patna, Dacca, and Moorshedabad;" and for exempting the Rajah of Benares and the Baboos of his family, and certain Bankers, when defendants, from giving the security required from other defendants.	Section II in so far as it extends the provisions of Regulation IV. 1793 which are repealed by this Act.
„ IX. 1795 ...	A Regulation for establishing a Provincial Court of Appeal in the Province of Benares, for hearing appeals from decisions passed in the City Court and the Zillah Courts in that Province, and defining its powers and decrees, and prescribing rules for receiving and deciding upon appeals, and other causes of which it is declared to have cognizance.	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation X. 1795 ...	A Regulation for empowering the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut to receive and decide upon appeals from decisions of the Provincial Court of Appeal established in the Province of Benares, and for defining the jurisdiction, powers, and authorities of the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut in that Province.	Section II in so far as it extends the provision* of Regulation VI. 1793 which are repealed by this Act, and Section III.
„ XV. 1795 ...	A Regulation for extending to the Province of Benares Regulation XVI. 1793, entitled "A Regulation for referring suits to arbitration and submitting certain cases to decision of the Nazim," with the exception of Section X, and for referring certain cases to the decision of the Rajah of Benares.	Section II.
„ XXXVI. 1795 ..	A Regulation for repealing Section VII Regulation VIII. 1794, and empowering the Judges of the Zillah and City Courts to hear appeals from decisions which may be passed by their Registers under that Regulation, and rendering final the decisions of the Judges in all such appeals where the suit may be for money or personal property, for making final the decrees of the Judges of the Zillah and City Courts, in appeals from decisions passed by the Native Commissioners appointed under Regulation XL. 1793, for rendering Surburakars or managers of joint undivided estates eligible to the office of Commissioner for hearing and deciding suits under Regulation XL. 1793, for providing against the loss or miscarriage of the proceedings in trials referred by the Judges of Circuit to the Nizamut Adawlut, or the sentences or orders of that Court on such trials; and for establishing another Court of Dewanny Adawlut in the Districts now comprised in the Zillah of Burdwan.	Sections II, III, and IV.
„ LIV. 1795 ...	A Regulation for extending to the Province of Benares the rules contained in certain Sections of Regulations VIII. 1794, and XXXVI. 1795 with modifications.	The whole Regulation.
„ XIII. 1796 ...	A Regulation for repealing such parts of Regulations V and VI. 1793, as authorize the execu-	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.		Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation	XIII. 1796 *(Continued)*	tion of decrees passed by the Zillah and City Courts in the Provinces of Bengal, Behar, Orissa, and Benares, although appealed from to the Provincial Courts, and of decrees passed by the Provincial Courts appealed from to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut.	
,,	XII. 1797 ...	A Regulation for the further limitation of appeals to the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut in suits for personal property; and for altering and explaining part of the existing rules for appeals to that Court and to the Provincial Courts of Appeal.	The whole Regulation.
,,	XIX. 1797 ...	A Regulation for empowering the Provincial Courts of Appeal to require the Zillah and City Courts to furnish translations of the proceedings held therein in causes appealed to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut, and for providing for the translation of the papers and proceedings in such causes when the same cannot be made in due time by the Registers and Assistants to the respective Courts.	The whole Regulation.
,,	II. 1798 ...	A Regulation for authorizing a review of causes decided by the Civil Courts in certain cases; and for explaining parts of Regulations IV, V, and VI. 1793.	Sections V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, and X.
,,	V. 1798 ...	A Regulation for the further limitation of appeals to the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut; for providing further security during appeals in certain cases; and for explaining and amending certain parts of the existing Regulations relative to the fee payable to Government on the institution of suits in the Civil Courts, and the fees of the Pleaders in those Courts; also for discontinuing the records of decided causes, required by Section X and XIV of Regulation XVIII. 1793.	The whole Regulation.
,,	III. 1800 ...	A Regulation for authorizing the Zillah Judges to refer to the Registers of their Courts appeals from certain decisions of the Native Commissioners appointed under Regulation XL 1793.	The whole Regulation.
,,	III. 1802 ...	A Regulation for defining the security to be required from defendants in Civil causes, and for amending part of the existing rules concerning the trial of Civil suits preferred by paupers.	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation II. 1803 ...	A Regulation for establishing and defining the jurisdiction of the Courts of Adawlut, or Courts of Judicature, for the trial of Civil suits in the first instance, in the Provinces ceded by the Nabob Vizier to the Honorable the English East India Company.	Sections IV, V, VI, VII, IX, X, XV, XVI, and XX.
„ III. 1803 ...	A Regulation for receiving, trying, and deciding suits or complaints, declared cognizable in the Courts of Adawlut established in the several Zillahs in the Provinces ceded by the Nabob Vizier to the Honorable the English East India Company.	Sections II, III, IV, V, VI, and VII except so much of it as relates to the administering of oaths to parties and witnesses IX, X, XII, XIII, XIV, XV, XVII, XVIII, XIX, XX, XXVII, XXVIII, and XXIX.
„ IV. 1803 ...	A Regulation for establishing a Provincial Court of appeal for hearing appeals from decisions passed in the several Zillah Courts established in the Provinces ceded by the Nabob Vizier to the Honorable the English East India Company; and for defining the powers and duties of the said Court, and for prescribing rules for receiving and deciding upon appeals and other causes of which the Court is declared to have cognizance.	The whole Regulation.
„ V. 1803 ...	A Regulation for empowering the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut to try appeals from the decisions of the Provincial Court of Appeal established in the Provinces ceded by the Nabob Vizier to the Honorable the English East India Company, and for extending the jurisdiction of the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut over the said Provinces, and all the Civil Courts established therein.	Sections IV, V, VI, VII, X, XI, XII, XIV, XV, XVI, XVIII, XIX, XX, XXI, XXII, XXVIII, XXIX, and XXXVII.
„ XXI. 1803 ...	A Regulation for referring suits to arbitration, in the Provinces ceded by the Nabob Vizier to the Honorable the English East India Company.	The whole Regulation.
„ L. 1803 ...	A Regulation for extending, with modifications, to the Criminal Courts the rules prescribed in Regulation IV. 1793, for procuring the attendance of witnesses, and requiring oaths or solemn declarations from witnesses in the Civil Courts, and for explaining those rules in their application to particular forms of oath by the Courts, Civil and Criminal.	Clause 2 of Section II so far as it relates to the Civil Courts.
„ II. 1805 ...	A Regulation to explain the existing limitations of time for the cognizance of suits in the Civil Courts of Justice, to provide further limitations with respect to certain suits, regular	Sections VIII, IX, X, XI, XII, and XIV.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation II. 1805 *(Continued)*	and summary; and to make other provisions relative to the admission and trial of original suits, and of appeals.	
„ XIV. 1805 ...	A Regulation for the administration of justice in Civil cases in the Zillah of Cuttack.	Section XI so far as it applies to Civil Courts, except the Proviso.
„ XV. 1805 ...	A Regulation for the appointment of the Mahomedan and Hindoo Law Officers of the Zillah and City Courts to be Commissioners for the trial of referred causes to the amount or value of one hundred Sicca Rupees, and to make further provision for the appointment of head Native Commissioners in the several Zillahs and Cities.	The whole Regulation.
„ II. 1806 ...	A Regulation for explaining and amending in certain cases, the rules of process to be observed by the Civil Courts of Judicature.	The whole Regulation.
„ XII. 1806 ...	A Regulation for annexing the Pergunnahs of Sonk Sonsa, and Sahar, situated on the right bank of the river Jumna, to the jurisdiction of the Zillah of Agra, and for extending to those Pergunnahs the Laws and Regulations established for the internal Government of the ceded and conquered Provinces.	So much of it as extends to the territories therein named the provisions of Regulation VIII. 1805 and the Regulation therein referred to which are repealed by this Act.
„ I. 1807 ...	A Regulation for defining the duties to be performed and powers exercised by single Judges of the Provincial Courts of Appeal in the absence of the other Judges of the Court.	The whole Regulation.
„ XIII. 1808 ...	A Regulation for rendering Civil causes, which are appealable to the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut, cognizable in the first instance by the Provincial Courts, and for authorizing the execution of decrees appealed from in certain cases.	The whole Regulation.
„ XIII. 1810 ...	A Regulation for expediting the trial and decision of causes depending in the Civil Courts and for promoting the amicable adjustment of Civil suits.	The whole Regulation.
„ IV. 1812 ...	A Regulation to enable the Governor General in Council to institute or defend through the medium of the Public Officers of Government actions in which Native Princes, whom it would be improper to require to appear as plaintiffs or defendants in the Courts of Judicature, may be parties.	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation VI. 1813 ...	A Regulation for referring to arbitration suits and contests respecting land, and for amending the rules before established regarding forcible dispossession of land.	The whole Regulation.
„ II. 1814 ...	A Regulation for modifying the rules before established for the trial of suits proposed to be instituted against any of the Public Officers who have been declared amenable for acts connected with the discharge of their official duties to the jurisdiction of the Courts of Civil Judicature.	The whole Regulation.
„ XXIII. 1814 ...	A Regulation for reducing into one Regulation, with amendments and modifications, the several rules which have been passed regarding the Office of Moonsiffs or Native Commissioners and of Sudder Ameens or Head Commissioners, for modifying and extending their respective powers in the trial and decision of Civil suits, and for authorizing them to discharge certain additional duties under the direction of the Zillah and City Judges.	Clause 3 of Section XIII, Sections XIV, XVII, XVIII, XX, Clause 4 of Section XXV, XXVIII, XXX, Clause 3 of Section XXXI, XXXIII, XXXVI, XXXVIII, XXXIX, XL, XLI, XLV, and XLVI except so far as it enacts that any person dissatisfied with the decision of a Moonsiff shall be at liberty to appeal, and Sections XLVII, L, so much of Section LI as is now in force, Sections LIII, LIV, LXIX, LXXI, LXXII, LXXIII, LXXIV, LXXV, LXXVI, LXXVII, and LXXVIII.
„ XXIV. 1814 ...	A Regulation for abolishing the Office of Assistant Judge of the Zillah and City Courts and for making certain modifications in the constitution and jurisdiction of those Courts.	The whole Regulation.
„ XXV. 1814 ...	A Regulation for modifying the constitution and jurisdiction of the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut and of the Provincial Courts, for expediting the trial of Civil causes in those Courts, and for defining more fully the powers of single Judges holding the sittings of those Courts or of the Nizamut Adawlut and Courts of Circuit.	Sections I to X, inclusive.
„ XXVI. 1814 ...	A Regulation for modifying some of the rules at present in force regarding the admission and trial of special and summary appeals from decisions passed in regular suits, for limiting and altering some of the existing provisions respecting the pleadings and processes and the mode of executing decrees and regular suits and appeals, and for explaining and making certain additions to the provisions of Regulation I. 1814.	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation XXVII. 1814 ...	A Regulation for reducing into one Regulation, with amendments and modifications, the several rules which have been passed regarding the office of Vakeel or Native Pleader in the Courts of Civil Judicature.	The whole Regulation.
„ XXVIII. 1814 ...	A Regulation for reducing into one Regulation, with amendments and modifications, the several rules which have been passed for admitting persons of certain descriptions to sue in the Courts of Civil Judicature as paupers.	The whole Regulation.
„ II. 1815 ...	A Regulation for extending the provisions of Clause 7 Section XII Regulation XXIV. 1814.	The whole Regulation.
„ XV. 1816 ...	A Regulation for expediting the trial of Civil suits in which the Native Officers and Soldiers attached to regular Corps on the Military Establishment of the Presidency of Fort William may be parties, and for giving to them certain facilities in the maintenance of their rights, claims, and interests.	The whole Regulation.
„ III. 1817 ...	A Regulation for diminishing the expense to which parties are liable in original suits or appeals not exceeding sixty-four Rupees in value or amount, when tried by the Zillah and City Judges, Registers, or Sudder Ameens, and for modifying and explaining some of the rules contained in Regulation I. 1814 and in Regulation XXIII. 1814.	The whole Regulation.
„ XIX. 1817 ...	A Regulation for modifying and amending some of the Regulations in force relative to the administration of Civil Justice, and to the authorized summary process for recovery of arrears of rent.	So much as has not been already repealed.
„ IX. 1819 ...	A Regulation for amending the existing rules with regard to the admission of special appeals, for requiring in certain cases from residents within the limits of Calcutta security for eventual costs of suit, and for extending the powers of the Zillah and City Registers, and the Registers of the Provincial Courts, in certain cases.	The whole Regulation.
„ II. 1821 ...	A Regulation for increasing the powers of Moonsiffs, for extending in special cases the powers of Sudder Ameens in the trial and decision of Civil suits, and for authorizing the Zillah and City Registers and Sudder Ameens to discharge certain additional duties under the di-	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation II. 1821 *(Continued.)*	rection of the Zillah and City Judges, for providing an increase in the number of Moonsiffs when necessary, and for authorizing Sudder Ameens to hold their Cutcherries at any place where there may be a Register holding his Court at a distance from the fixed Station of the Judge and Magistrate, also for amending the rules at present in force for the institution of suits connected with the local jurisdiction of such Registers, for rescinding such parts of the existing Regulations as authorize the Registers of Civil Courts to receive a proportion of the institution fees on suits which may be referred to them for decision, for altering in certain cases the rule at present in force for the execution of decrees of the Provincial Courts in original suits and of the decrees of the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut on appeals from such decrees, and for abolishing the office of Register of the Provincial Courts of Appeal and Circuit.	
„ III. 1824 ...	A Regulation to empower Government to extend the jurisdiction of Registers in certain cases.	The whole Regulation.
„ XI. 1824 ...	A Regulation for empowering the Zillah and City Judges and Magistrates to depute their Registers or Assistants for the purpose of making local investigations in certain cases.	The whole Regulation so far as it relates to the Civil Courts.
„ XIII. 1824 ...	A Regulation for making further provisions relative to the office of Sudder Ameen.	The whole Regulation.
„ I. 1825 ...	A Regulation for declaring the Judicial Officers competent to superintend the execution of their own process in certain cases, and for extending to Officers entrusted with the execution of a Magistrate's warrant or other criminal process, the powers vested in Police Officers by certain provisions in Regulation XX. 1817.	So much of Section II relates to the Civil Courts.a
„ II. 1825 ...	A Regulation for amending the rules in force relative to applications for a review of judgment in regular original suits and appeals, and for restricting the admission of special or second appeals by the Provincial Courts and Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut.	The whole Regulation.
„ VII. 1825 ...	A Regulation to explain and amend the rules in force for the execution of decrees or other Judicial process, by the sale of landed property or otherwise.	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation IV. 1827 ...	A Regulation for extending in special cases, the powers of Sudder Ameens in the trial and decision of Civil suits.	The whole Regulation.
„ X. 1829 ...	A Regulation for consolidating into one Regulation, with modifications, the existing enactments relating to the collection of Stamp duties.	Schedule B* Article 5, and Clauses 2, 3, and 4 of Article 10.
„ XIII. 1829 ...	A Regulation for abolishing the office of Superintendent and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs.	Section V.
„ VI. 1830 ...	A Regulation for modifying the provisions of the Regulations now in force relating to the subsistence-allowance to debtors confined in the Civil Jails in execution of decrees.	The whole Regulation.
„ V. 1831 ...	A Regulation for extending the powers of Moonsiffs and Sudder Ameens in the trial of Civil suits, and for authorizing the appointment of Principal Sudder Ameens at the Zillah and City Stations, for modifying the powers and duties of the Zillah, City, and Provincial Courts, in connection with those arrangements; and for enlarging the sphere of selection with regard to the offices of Moonsiff and Vakeel.	The proviso to Clause 1st and the proviso to Clause 2nd of Section V, Sections VII, VIII, Section IX except so much of Clause 2nd as enacts that copies of decrees in suits tried in the Courts of the Moonsiffs need not be written on stamp paper, Section X, Clause 3rd of Section XVI, Proviso of Clause 1st of Section XVIII, and Clause 1 of same Section, Sections XIX, XXI, XXII, XXIII, XXV, XXVIII, and XXIX.
„ IX. 1831 ...	A Regulation for the more speedy and efficient administration of Justice in the Courts of Sudder Dewanny and Nizamut Adawlut.	Sections II, VIII, and so much of Section X as extends those Sections to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut for the North-Western Provinces.
„ VII. 1832 ...	A Regulation for modifying certain of the provisions of Regulation V. 1831, and for providing supplementary rules to that enactment.	Sections II, VI, VII, X, XII, XIII, XIV, XV, XVI, and XVII.
	MADRAS.	
Regulation II. 1802	A Regulation for establishing and defining the jurisdiction of the Courts of Adawlut, or Courts of Judicature for the trial of Civil suits in the first instance in the British Territories immediately subject to the Presidency of Fort St. George.	Sections III, IV, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, X, XV, XVI, XIX, XX, and XXI.
„ III. 1802 ...	A Regulation for receiving, trying, and deciding suits or complaints declared cognizable in the Courts of Adawlut established in the several Zillahs immediately subject to the Presidency of Fort St. George.	Sections II, III, IV, V, VI, VII (except so much as relates to the administering oaths), IX, X, XII, XIII, XIV, XV, XVII, XVIII, XIX, XX, XXVII, XXVIII, and XXIX.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation IV. 1802 ...	A Regulation for establishing four Provincial Courts of Appeal for hearing appeals from decisions passed in the several Zillah Courts, and defining their powers and duties, and prescribing rules for receiving and deciding upon appeals and other causes of which they are declared to have cognizance.	The whole Regulation.
„ V. 1802 ...	A Regulation for constituting a Sudder Adawlut or Chief Court of Civil Judicature for trying appeals from the decisions of the Provincial Courts of Appeal.	Sections IV, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, X, XI, XII, XIV, XV, XVI, XIX, XX, XXI, XXII, XXXIII, and XXXVIII.
„ XXI. 1802 ...	A Regulation for referring suits to Arbitration.	The whole Regulation.
„ XXVI. 1802 ...	A Regulation for governing the Sale and Sub-division of Malgoozary Lands in the British Territories subject to the Presidency of Fort St. George.	In so far as it relates to the execution of decrees of the Civil Courts.
„ IV. 1806 ...	A Regulation for the more speedy and effectual administration of Justice in the Courts of Sudder Adawlut and Fouzdary Adawlut.	Section VII so far as it relates to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut.
„ VII. 1809 ...	A Regulation for the occasional appointment of Assistant Judges of the Zillah Courts; for altering and extending the jurisdiction of the Registers of these Courts; for fixing a new Limitation of Appeals from the Zillah Courts to the Provincial Courts of Appeal; for authorizing the appointment of Head Native Commissioner for the trial of referred causes to the amount or value of one hundred Arcot Rupees; and for amending the existing Rules concerning the appointment and powers of Native Commissioners for the trial of suits for personal property not exceeding eighty Arcot Rupees.	Sections XXII, XXIX, and XXXI.
„ XII. 1809 ...	A Regulation for rendering Civil causes which are appealable to the Court of Sudder Adawlut cognizable in the first instance by the Provincial Courts, and for authorizing the execution of decrees appealed from in certain cases.	The whole Regulation.
„ II. 1811 ...	A Regulation for explaining and amending in certain cases the rules of process to be observed by the Civil Courts of Judicature, and for amending the rule contained in Clause Fourth, Section IV Regulation V. A D. 1808.	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation VI. 1816 ...	A Regulation for reducing into one Regulation the rules which have been passed regarding the office of Native Commissioners, for modifying and extending their powers in the trial and decision of Civil Suits, and for authorizing them under the designation of District Moonsiffs to discharge certain additional duties.	Sections XII, XIII, XIV, XV, XVI, XVII, XVIII, XIX, XX, XXI, XXII, XXIII, XXIV, XXV, XXVI, XXVII, XXVIII, XXIX, XXX, XXXIII, XXXIV, XXXV, XXXVI, XXXVII, XXXVIII, XXXIX, XL, XLII, XLIV, XLV, XLVI, XLVII, XLVIII, LI, LII, LIII from Proviso in Clause 1 to the end, LIV, LVI, LVII, LVIII, LX. LXI, Clause 2 of Section LXII.
„ VIII. 1816 ...	A Regulation for the appointment of the Hindoo Law Officers of the Provincial Courts to be Sudder Ameens, or Head Native Commissioners for the trial of causes referred to them by the Judges of the Zillahs in which those Courts are stationed, for confining the office of Sudder Ameen to the Hindoo Law Officers of the Provincial Courts, and the Mahomedan and Hindoo Law Officers of the Zillah Courts, and for modifying and extending the power of Sudder Ameens in the trial and decision of Civil suits.	Sections VIII, X, and XIV.
„ XIV. 1816 ...	A Regulation for amending and modifying the rules which have been passed regarding the Office of Vakeel or Native Pleader in the Courts of Civil Judicature.	Sections XVI and XVII.
„ XV. 1816 ...	A Regulation for modifying the jurisdiction of the Zillah and Provincial Courts and the Court of Sudder Adawlut in the trial of original suits and appeals, for amending some of the rules at present in force regarding the admission and trial of special and summary appeals from decisions passed in regular suits, and for limiting and altering some of the existing provisions respecting the pleadings and processes and the mode of executing decrees in regular suits and appeals.	The whole Regulation, except so much of Clause 2 of Section VIII as gives an appeal from a Sudder Ameen to a Judge.
„ VIII. 1817	A Regulation for expediting the trial of Civil suits in which the Native Officers and Soldiers attached to Regular Corps on the Military establishment of the Presidency of Fort St. George may be parties, and for giving to them certain facilities in the maintenance and recovery of their rights, claims, and interests.	The whole Regulation except Section IX.
„ VII. 1818 ...	A Regulation for reducing into one Regulation, with amendments and modifications, the several rules which have been passed for admitting persons of certain descriptions to sue in the Courts of Civil Judicature as Paupers.	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation III. 1822 ...	A Regulation for extending the operation of Regulation VII of 1818.	The whole Regulation.
„ I. 1823 ...	A Regulation prescribing the course of proceeding to be observed in regard to suits instituted in the Courts of Adawlut against the Public Officers of Government.	The whole Regulation.
„ II. 1823 ...	A Regulation for authorizing a Special Appeal from the decrees of Registers and Sudder Ameens and for modifying the provisions of Section XIV Regulation VIII. 1816.	The whole Regulation.
„ IV. 1825 ...	A Regulation for amending and modifying the provisions contained in Regulation VII of 1818.	The whole Regulation.
„ I. 1827 ...	A Regulation for the establishment of Auxiliary Zillah Courts in the Territories subject to the Presidency of Fort St. George, and for the appointment of Assistant Judges and Sudder Ameens to those Courts.	Section IX.
„ XI. 1827 ...	A Regulation for supplying certain omissions in Regulations I and VII. 1827 respecting Special Appeals, and for providing for the office of Sudder Ameen in Auxiliary Courts seated at the same Station as Provincial Courts.	The whole Regulation.
„ VI. 1828 ...	A Regulation to amend the rules for computing the periods limited for appealing, and to provide for the disposal of Pleader's fees deposited in suits struck off the files of Zillah Courts as being for an amount or value not cognizable by them.	
„ I. 1829 ...	A Regulation for amending the rules in force relative to the trial of appeals, and for the better securing of impartiality in the administration of Justice.	The whole Regulation.
„ VIII. 1831 ...	A Regulation for vesting in single Judges of the Courts of Sudder and Fouzdary Adawlut and in single Judges of the Provincial Courts of Appeal under certain restrictions the power now exercised by two or more Judges of those Courts repectively.	Section IV.
„ I. 1832 ...	A Regulation to provide for the punishment of false allegations in petitions to the Judicial Courts and fictitious claims to property attached in execution of decrees.	The whole Regulation.
„ II. 1834 ...	A Regulation for rescinding Section III Regulation II of 1828 and such parts of any other Regulations in force as	Section V.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation II. 1834 *(Continued)*.	autherize District Moonsiffs to receive as a compensation for their trouble in the trial of suits the amount of the institution-fee levied thereon.	
	BOMBAY.	
„ II. 1827 ...	A Regulation for defining the constitution of Courts of Civil Justice, and the powers and duties of the Judges and Officers thereof.	Sections V to XVIII, Sections XXI, XXII, XXIII, XLI, XLII, XLIII, and LI.
„ III. 1827 ...	A Regulation containing provisions as to the official proceedings in general of Courts of Civil Justice, their sittings, the mode of communicating with them, the mode of keeping the minutes of their proceedings, the sealing, signing, and language of process, and the grant of copies of papers on their records.	Sections II and III.
„ IV. 1827 ...	A Regulation prescribing the forms of proceeding of the Courts of Law in Civil suits and appeals, and rules for the trial of the same.	The whole Regulation except Section C.
„ VI. 1827 ...	A Regulation for admitting persons to sue or defend in suits or appeals *in formâ pauperis*.	The whole Regulation.
„ VII. 1827 ...	A Regulation to facilitate the amicable adjustment of disputes of a Civil nature by means of arbitrators (a Punchaet).	The whole Regulation.
„ XVIII. 1827 ...	A Regulation for levying a stamp duty on certain papers within the Territories subordinate to the Presidency of Bombay.	So much of Section XVIII as enacts that stamps shall be leviable in respect of every application for summoning and examining witnesses or filing exhibits.

W. Morgan,
Clerk of the Council.

Home Department.

No. 1058.

Fort William, the 20th May 1859.

Notification.—A License having been granted, under the provisions of Section 1, Act No. XXXIV. of 1854, to the Eastern Bengal Railway Company to establish a Line of Electric Telegraph between the Station at Scaldah, in the suburbs of Calcutta, and the Terminus at Kooshtee on the Ganges, near Pubna, along the Railroad to be constructed by that Company, it is hereby notified and declared, in accordance with Section 23 of the said Act, that the 8th and thirteen following Sections of the said Act shall be applicable to the said Telegraph, and to all persons using the same, or employed in connection therewith.

By Order of His Excellency the Governor General in Council,

W. Grey,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Foreign Department.

No. 2953.

Fort William, the 20th May 1859.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Assistant Surgeon G. N. Cheek, Junior, to be Assistant Civil Surgeon in Joint Medical Charge of Simla.

No. 2954.

The Reverend P. W. Kellner, Officiating Chaplain to the Forces at Lucknow, is appointed to officiate as Chaplain of the Station of Seetapore, in Oudh.

Mr. Kellner has obtained one month's privilege leave, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted

Absentee Rules, from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 2955.

The 23rd May 1859.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments in the Oudh Military Police:—

Lieutenant Woodgate, District Adjutant, to officiate as District Commandant, *vice* Captain Orr, absent on Sick leave.

Lieutenant Hewett, 17th Native Infantry, to officiate as Divisional Adjutant, *vice* Lieutenant Rawlins.

No. 2956.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to accept the resignation by Lieutenant W. F. Grey, of the Madras Artillery, of his appointment as Officiating Assistant Magistrate at Rangoon, and to replace his services at the disposal of the Government of Fort Saint George.

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, 20th May 1859.

No. 741 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that an Examination shall be held, as soon as practicable after the receipt of the Order, in each of the Stations of the Bengal Presidency to which Superintending Surgeons are attached, for the purpose of filling up vacancies in the Military Class of the Medical College. The College Session commences on the 15th June.

2. All Candidates will be required to possess a knowledge of the Hindoostanie language, sufficient to enable them to read and write common letters and petitions, and Hospital Registers of Sick, in the Devanagri or Persian character, and to converse with a Sepoy in the Hindoostanie language.

3. Although a knowledge of English will not be insisted on in all cases, a preference in selection is to be given to those Candidates who possess a competent knowledge of English, in addition to Hindoostanie.

4. The preference in selection, attainments being equal, will also be given to those who have already been attached to or served in Civil or Regimental Hospitals. Beyond this, preference will not be given to men of any particular class; but respectable young men, especially those educated in the Schools of Behar, the North-Western Provinces, and the Punjaub, are encouraged to offer themselves, bringing certificates of character and acquirements from the Inspectors or Head Masters of the Schools.

5. Those holding such recommendations from the School Authorities, and certificates of physical fitness from the nearest Medical Officers, will not be required to appear before the Committees, as however the number who can be admitted to the College from each Division is very limited, it is necessary that the School Authorities should send the papers of all Candidates, as soon as possible after the promulgation of this Order, to the Superintending Surgeon of the Divison who, the recommendations being equal, will select, in preference, those whose nominations are earliest received.

6. The Examination is equally open to the sons of Soldiers, and of persons engaged in Civil occupations.

7. The Candidates must be between the ages of 15 and 20 years.

8. No Candidate will be allowed to present himself for examination who is physically unfit for the duties of a Soldier, and who cannot produce a written testimonial of his conduct and character. The strictest care and attention are to be exercised in examining the credentials of all Candidates who will, in addition, be required to bring regular Descriptive Rolls, in order that they may be identified.

9. The Superintending Surgeon is to prepare a General Roll in the Form hereafter given of all Candidates to be laid before the Committee, the Qualification Columns being left blank, for the Committee to fill up.

10. Committees for the examination of Candidates will be convened by the Officer Commanding the Station, upon the requisition of the Superintending Surgeon, and will consist of two Medical Officers and an Interpreter.

11. These examinations will, in future, be final as regards the admission of the Candidates into the Medical College, no subsequent examination in the College of Fort William being required.

12. Each passed Candidate is to be furnished by the Superintending Surgeon with a Descriptive Roll in the subjoined Form, which he is to present to the Principal of the College, and which will be his warrant for admission as Student:—

Descriptive Roll of a Candidate for examination for a Studentship in the Military Class of the Medical College.

(Here insert Station and Date.)

Name.	Age.	Caste.	Father's Name.	City, Town or Village.	District or Perunnah.	Character from Testimonials.	Hindoostanie Qualifications.	English Qualifications.
		Mussulman or Hindoo		●		Good	Persian or Devanagri, Superior, Good, Fair, As the case may be.	None Superior. Good. Fair. As the case may be.

(Signed) A. B., *Surgeon, President.*

(Signed) C. D., *Surgeon, Member.*

(Signed) E. F., *Lieut. and Interpreter.*

(Signed) G. H. *Supdg. Surgeon, Division or Circle.*

13. All pupils must, as a condition of their appointment, reside within the College premises at all times, and never be absent from morning and evening muster without special leave.

14. All Students of the Military Class who, on leaving College, after having passed through their studies with credit, shall be certified to possess a competent knowledge of the English language including Orthography, the meaning of words, writing from Dictation and simple Arithmetic as far as the Rule of Three, shall until further notice, be allowed a bonus of Company's Rupees (250) two hundred and fifty.

15. All Students of the Military Class are amenable to the Articles of War, and regularly enlisted as Soldiers.

16. Successful Candidates will be allowed free passage down on Government Steamers.

17. Military Class Students, while at the College, will receive a stipend or allowance of Rupees (6) six per mensem.

18. No deduction for uniform will, in future, be made.

19. The pay of Military Class Native Doctors, on appointment to the Service, is fixed at 20 Rupees a month in Garrison or at a Civil Station, and 25 Rupees a month in the Field, of which sums 5 Rupees are to be considered as Batta, and deducted when on leave of absence from Corps and Civil Stations.

20. Upon their admission they are to enter into an engagement to serve the Government as Native Doctors, as vacancies may occur, for a period of not less than seven years from the time of their leaving the Medical College in that capacity, unless prevented serving that period by physical inability proved before a Medical Committee and certified accordingly after a service of seven years they may demand their discharge *in time of peace.*

21. In the event of their continuing to serve, their allowances will, after seven years, and upon undergoing a successful examination, be advanced to Rupees 25 in Garrison or at a Civil Station, and Rupees 30 in the Field.

22. A Native Doctor who, from wounds or injuries received on Service, shall become no longer fit to serve will be entitled, at any period less than fifteen years, to an Invalid Pension of Rupees 12 per mensem, after fifteen years to one half of his Field Pay if in the Military and of his Garrison Pay if in the Civil Branch of the Service, after twenty-two years to the whole of his pay.

23. If invalided under ordinary circumstances of inability to perform his duties, a Native Doctor will be entitled, at the expiration of fifteen years, to a Pension of Rupees 10 per mensem, and after twenty-two years, to one-half of his Field or Garrison Pay, agreeably to the branch of the Service in which he is employed.

This Order is in supersession of all previous orders on the subject.

Fort William, 21*st May* 1859.

No. 742 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications from the Public Works Department, are published in General Orders:—

No. 121*A*, *dated* 14*th May* 1859.—*Appointment and Transfer.*—Captain F. Cobbe, of the Madras Artillery, 2nd Class Executive Engineer, late of the Mhow Division, is appointed Executive Engineer in the Hyderabad Department of Public Works, and posted to the Secunderabad Division.

Lieutenant H. D. B. Smith, of the 2nd Madras European Light Infantry, Officiating Executive Engineer at Secunderabad, is transferred to Nagpore as Executive Engineer, in succession to Captain Cadell, of the Bengal Engineers.

Lieutenant Smith's grade will be determined hereafter.

No. 125, *dated* 17*th May* 1859.—*Notifications.*—The Governor General in Council is pleased to place the services of 2nd Captain H. T. Rogers, of the Madras Engineers, Executive Engineer of Toungoo, at the disposal of the Government of Fort St. George.

Lieutenant F. T. Pollok, of the 8th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, attached to the Madras Sappers and Miners, to succeed Captain Rogers, with the rank of Executive Engineer of the 4th Class.

No. 127, *dated* 17*th May* 1859.—*Appointments.*—Lieutenant W. H. Oliver, of Engineers, is appointed a Probationary Assistant Engineer in the Public Works Department, and posted to the Irrigation Department, North-Western Provinces.

No. 129, *dated* 17*th May* 1859.—*Transfer.*—2nd Captain W. S. Oliphant, of Engineers, Executive Engineer, 2nd Class, is transferred from Oudh to the North-Western Provinces, and posted to the charge of the Gwalior Division, *vice* Major J. H. Maxwell, departed on Sick leave.

No. 130, *dated* 17*th May* 1859.—The following Orders issued by the Punjab Government are confirmed:—

Lieutenant J. G. Forbes, Probationary Assistant Engineer, 1st Division, Baree Doab Canal, has obtained six months' leave on Medical Certificate, from the date on which he availed himself thereof.

Lieutenant A. C. Padday, Probationary Assistant Engineer, is transferred from the 2nd to the 1st Division Baree Doab Canal, as a temporary arrangement.

No. 743 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab Provinces, are published in General Orders:—

Nos. 617-19, *dated* 16*th March* 1859.—*Leave.*—Colonel H. B. Edwardes, C. B., Commissioner, Peshawur, for two months, from the date he may avail himself of the same, preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe.

No. 1100, *dated* 6*th May* 1859.—*Appointments.*—Lieutenant C. V. Jenkins, 47th Native Infantry, has been appointed Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd Class in the Punjaub.

Lieutenent R. G. Sandeman, 14th Native Infantry, has been appointed Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd Class in the Punjab.

No. 744 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, is published in General Orders:—

Dated 18*th May* 1859.—*Appointments.*—Captain J. R. Pughe to be Commandant of the 3rd Bengal Police Battalion.

Lieutenant J. M. Graham to be Commandant of the 5th Bengal Police Battalion.

No 745 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment:—

Lieutenant H. R. Thuillier, of the Corps of Engineers, to be a Second Assistant in the Great Trigonometrical Survey of India, to fill an existing vacancy.

No. 746 *of* 1859.—Captain and Brevet Major J. D. Mein, of the Madras Artillery, is allowed leave of absence, from the 26th April 1859, to visit Bombay, preparatory to applying for leave of absence on Sick Certificate to Europe, under the new Regulations.

No. 747 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments in the Medical Department:—

To be Superintending Surgeons.

Surgeon Henry Alexander Bruce, M. D., Officiating Superintending Surgeon, Sirhind Circle, *vice* Mackinnon, retired.

Surgeon James Anderson, M. D., Surgeon to the General Hospital, *vice* Davidson, retired.

Surgeon Alexander Gibbon, 65th Regiment Native Infantry, *vice* Butter, retired.

Surgeon James Peter Brougham, M. D., of the 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, to be Surgeon to the General Hospital, *vice* Anderson, appointed Superintending Surgeon.

A Superintending Surgeon of the Bengal Establishment not being required at present in the Saugor Circle, the Returns of Bengal Corps in that District will be forwarded to the Director-General, Medical Department in Calcutta, through the Superintending Surgeon of the Madras Troops in the Division, and all reports and references from Civil Stations and Dispensaries will be addressed to the Superintending Surgeon of the Agra Circle.

A Superintending Surgeon is authorized for the duties of the Presidency, which will be separated from the Barrackpore Circle.

Fort William, 23rd May 1859.

No. 748 *of* 1859.—In Government General Order No 665, of the 10th May 1859, read Lieutenant Donald Macdonald, *Adjutant* of the 25th Regiment Native Infantry.

Order Books to be corrected accordingly.

No. 749 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following letter from the Officiating Adjutant General of the Army, No. 283, of the 11th May 1859, with its enclosed reports of successful actions that have recently taken place with rebels in the Trans-Gogra Districts of Oude.

2. His Excellency in Council concurs in the satisfaction expressed by the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief at the manner in which these operations were directed, and offers his thanks to the whole of the Officers and men engaged in these actions.

FROM CAPTAIN R. RENNY,
Comdg. Movable Column,
TO THE ASST. ADJUTANT GENERAL,
Major General Sir J. Hope Grant's Force,
Gonda, Oude.
Camp Kushah, the 28th April 1859.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to report for the information of Major-General Sir J. Hope Grant, K. C. B., Commanding in Oude, that having ascertained that the Rebels (Nusserabad Brigade) under Daveedeen, instead of proceeding Westward as reported in my letter of 24th instant, had doubled back to their old ground in the dense jungle South of the Koanee River, I determined to fall back and if possible get in rear of them so as to carry out the Major-General's instructions to drive them Westward.

Hearing that Major Murray, Commanding a Moveable Column, was at Bhowaniegunge, some ten miles from my Camp, I rode over to consult with him which resulted in his moving down the East side of the jungle, whilst I moved Westward, we thus had the enemy between our two columns.

Yesterday morning when on the line of march, I received intimation from Major Murray, that he had attacked and defeated the enemy on the previous day, and that they were supposed to have gone in the direction of Doomdah Ghat on the River Biswah, I marched at once for this Ghat, crossed the River and encamped at the Village of Bhawanie, two miles to the South of it.

About 12 o'clock at noon, I was informed by my spies, that the Rebels 1200 strong were cooking their food in the jungle on the North bank of the River, about two miles West of Doomdah Ghat. I at once made arrangements to attack them, leaving the Camp standing under charge of Lieutenant Smith, Royal Artillery, with the two guns of the Field Battery, one Company of Her Majesty's 34th Regiment and one Company 3rd Seikh Infantry. I marched with the rest of the force as per margin, and after posting the Cavalry so as to prevent the Rebels moving along the jungle to the East, I advanced with the Infantry to the position they were supposed to occupy and fortunately succeeded in getting within 300 yards of them before they were aware of our approach. They were soon on the alert and after firing a few shots they broke and fled Westwards throwing away many of their arms and accoutrements, their food, clothes and cooking utensils; with which the ground was strewed for miles. I followed them in skirmishing order for upwards of five miles, killing a great number; 29 dead bodies were counted on the field, and I am given to understand from spies and villagers that the wounded are very numerous and the Rebels say they can remain no longer in these jungles and that they now intend proceeding to Bhinga Ghat, North of the Raptee.

2nd Regiment Hodson's Horse.

Native Offrs.	Non-Comd. Officers and Sowars.
2	60

3rd Seikh Infantry.

Eur. Medl. Offrs.	Native Offrs.	Non-Comd. and Pts.
1	5	110

Her Majesty's 34th Regiment.

Officers.	Serjeants.	Doctors.	Rank and File.
5	9	3	221

I would beg to bring to the notice of the Major General the admirable conduct of the Troops European and Native; the pursuit was carried on under a scorching sun without a check of any kind for upwards of five miles.

My thanks are due to all the Officers engaged for the energy they displayed in leading their men, but more particularly to Captain Puget, Commanding Detachment of Her Majesty's 34th Regiment, for the able manner in which he commanded the skirmishers throughout the day.

A Casualty Return is enclosed.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) R. RENNY, *Captain,*
Comdg. Movable Column.

(Signed) J. HOPE GRANT, *Major-Genl.,*
Comdg. Oude Force.

Nominal Roll of Men of the Detachment of Her Majesty's 34th Regiment wounded in action at Bhawanie, on 27th instant.

Regtl. No.	Rank and Names.		Company.	Nature of Wounds.	Remarks.
4318	Private	Richardson, George ...	6	Severe Gun-shot wound of right arm.	
341	Private	Jones, David ...	6	Slight Gun-shot wound of left ankle.	

Camp Kussbah,
The 28th April 1859.

(Signed) Frank Powell, *M. B.*,
3rd Seikh Infantry.

(Signed) G. W. Puget, *Captain*,
Comdg. Detachment H. M.'s 34th Regt.

(Signed) R. Renny, *Captain*,
Comdg. Movable Column.

From Captain H. B. Vaughan,
25th Regiment,

To the Depty. Asst. Quarter-Master Genl.,
Oudh Division.

Munkapoor, April 28th, 1859.

Sir,

I have the honor to report, that yesterday whilst encamped on the Bishowee Nuddy, I heard that 300 Rebels were crossing the plain Southward and plundering the villages in their way. I immediately started in pursuit with the force named in the margin, but finding that I was too late to prevent their entering the jungle, I sent the guns back to Camp, and attacked them on the banks of the river, taking with me the 25 men of the 20th Regiment, and sending the Cavalry to my left. They fled at once; we succeeded in killing 17, took an elephant, about 40 stand of arms, some baggage, and a few horses and ponies. I hear that the remainder of the Rebels have gone in the direction of the Chitounee jungle. I marched here this morning in compliance with order.

180, 3rd Regiment Hodson's Horse.
3 Guns, B. H. Artillery.
25 men, 20th Regiment, mounted on Elephants.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) H. B. Vaughan, *Captain*,
25th Regiment.

(Signed) J. Hope Grant, *Major-General*,
Comdg. Oude Force.

No. 28.

From Lieutenant-Colonel B. Walker.

To the Deputy Assistant Adjutant General,
Oudh Force Gondah.

Dated, Secrora, the 29th April 1859.

Sir,

I have the honor to report for the information of the Major-General Commanding the Oudh Force, that in accordance with your Memorandum received at 7-15 A. M. of the 27th instant, I at once marched from hence with a force, as per Statement No. 1, to join Major Buck, 53rd Regiment, at the Bungaon jungle.

2. I found the force under his Command, as per Statement No. 2, posted as directed by your Memorandum, but bearing in mind the Major-General's wish that I should force the Rebel party from the direction of the road to Fyzabad, I made arrangements to attack the Fort and Jungle at Bungaon, held by the Rebels under Gudjudur Sing, in the following manner.

3. I recalled the main body of the 53rd Regiment posted at the Northern angle of the jungle, and replaced them with three Troops of the 2nd Dragoon Guards, under Major Stapylton, with orders to watch the Northern and Western sides. I ordered the Sikh Horse, under Captain Jones, to remain as posted on the Eastward, and watched the South-Western corner with the Detachment of the 3rd Hodson's Horse.

4. I drew back the two Guns under Lieutenant Pickering, Royal Artillery, to a position on the right bank of the Tehree Nuddy, from whence he obtained a good cross-fire on the Fort with the Guns under Major Soady, Royal Artillery, who came into action at 600 yards from the Fort, in advance of the village of Bungaon.

5. Major Buck, 53rd Regiment, was directed to send two Companies through the jungles, and attack the Fort from the West. Lieutenant Prince, 53rd Regiment, was to move at the same time from the Bridge marked B. on my former plan.

6. Three Troops of the 2nd Dragoon Guards, under Major Hutchinson, were on the plain near Lieutenant Pickering's Guns, and the remaining Troop was in support of Major Soady.

7. Having made these dispositions, I opened fire, directions having been given to the two Detachments of the 53rd Regiment, that they were to carry the Fort five minutes after the Guns ceased firing.

8. So resolute was the advance of the 53rd, that I was obliged to cease firing to allow them to enter the Fort, which was taken in twelve minutes by the main body of that Regiment, led in the most gallant manner by Captain Dalzell, who was the first man on the top of the bank.

9. Major Buck then pushed this position of the Force through the jungle to the Northward, and I caused Lieutenant Prince, with the party from B causeway, to re-enter the jungle in the same direction.

10. The Cavalry under Major Hutchinson, and Lieutenant Pickering's Guns were at once ordered to join me at the cause-way B, and I posted the Cavalry as follows.

11. Near the cause-way I left the 2nd Dragoon Guards and two Guns, beyond them I posted a Troop of Wale's Horse, further on the remainder of that Corps, then the Detachment of 3rd Hodson's Horse, and I found Major Stapylton where I had posted him in the morning.

12. All turned out as I expected. The 53rd killed a considerable number of Rebels in the jungle, among them their leader, Gudjudur Sing, "the one-armed Captain." The main body were forced out to the Northward, where they were at once met by parties of the 2nd Dragoon Guards, 53rd Regiment, Hodson's Horse, and the main portion of the Sikh Horse under Captain Jones, who at once charged them with great gallantry and promptitude. They fought fiercely, but were driven across the Plain into some jungly ground to the Northward, and were cut up and shot down, till

only a remnant of between 40 and 60 men succeeded in escaping across a Nuddy which could only be crossed by swimming.

13. At 4 P. M. I withdrew the Troops, the 2nd Dragoon Guards and Major Soady's guns to Rajgung. Captain Jones and Lieutenant Pickering to the high ground near cause-way B, and the 53rd Regiment to the position opposite the Fort.

14. On the morning of the 28th, I re-visited the Fort, and identified the body of the Rebel leader Gudjudur Sing.

15. The Fort, which is a double square joining at the angles, is surrounded by a most difficult jungle and is provided with a good brick-work well.

16. I cannot refrain from calling attention to the good service of all concerned.

17. To Lieutenant Colonel Seymour, 2nd Dragoon Guards, and to Majors Hutchinson and Stapylton, I am much indebted.

18. Lieutenant-Colonel Seymour was indefatigable in superintending the positions of the Cavalry, and afforded me most valuable advice.

19. The practice of the Artillery under Major Soady and Lieutenant Pickering was accurate and most effective

20. I cannot say too much of the 53rd under Major Buck, to his ready appreciation of the plan of attack, and to their determined advance and steady conduct our success is mainly to be attributed.

21. Captain Jones at the head of his Corps of Sikh Cavalry made a most gallant and effective charge at the close of the day, and I received ready support from Ressaldar Futteh Sing and his Troop of the 3rd Regiment Hodson's Horse.

22. The Officer to whom I am most indebted throughout is Captain Tyler, Royal Artillery, who acted as my Staff Officer at Nawabgunge, and subsequently. He is active and intelligent in no common degree, and I beg to recommend him *most* strongly to the favourable notice of the Major-General.

23. The men killed were chiefly Sepoys of the old 1st, 22nd, 38th, 53rd and 56th Regiments of Native Infantry. As I heard of the escape of no parties in any direction, but that which I have already mentioned, I believe the break-up to have been complete.

24. I beg to append Reports from Major Buck and Captain Jones, with Casualty Returns, and I beg to draw the Major General's attention to the favorable reports of Captain Dalzell, 53rd Regiment, of Lieutenants Dick and Sandeman, and Duffadar Chunda Sing, of Wale's Horse, as made by their Commanding Officers.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) BEAUCHAMP WALKER, *Lieut.-Col.*

(Signed) J. HOPE GRANT, *Major-Genl.*,

Commanding Oude Force.

No. 1.

Strength of the Force from Seerora, under Lieutenant-Colonel Walker, 2nd Dragoon Guards, engaged in the attack on the Fort and Jungle of Bungaon.

The 27th April 1859.

Corps	Field Officers.	Captains.	Subalterns.	Surgeons.	Assistant Surgeons.	Veterinary Surgeon.	Serjeants.	Corporals.	Bombardiers.	Trumpeters.	Artificers.	Privates.	Native Officers.	Native Non-Commissioned Officers and Sowars.	Horses.	9-Pr. Gun.	24-Pr. Howitzer.	Bullocks.
2nd Dragoon Guards ..	4	8	10	1	1	1	22	15	..	8	..	326	..	....	391	..	..	..
No. 14 Field Battery Royal Artillery ..	1	1	..	..	1	..	3	1	2	1	5	31	..	....	43	1	1	..
Detachment 3rd Regiment Hodson's Horse.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	....	2	67	69	..	..	..
Total ..	5	4	10	1	2	1	25	16	2	9	5	360	2	67	503	1	1	..

(Signed) BEAUCHAMP WALKER, *Lieut.-Colonel.*

(Examined).

(Signed) C. J. TYLER, *Capt., Royal Artillery,*

Staff Officer.

No. 2.

Strength of the Force under Major Buck, 53rd Regiment, joined Lieutenant-Colonel Walker's Force, in the attack of the Fort and Jungle of Bungaon.

The 27th April 1859.

Corps.	Field Officers.	Captains.	Subalterns.	Assistant Surgeons.	Serjeants.	Corporals.	Bombardiers.	Privates.	Artificers.	Trumpeters and Drummers.	Native Officers.	Native Non-Commissioned Officers.	Sowars.	Horses.	9-Pounder Guns.	Bullocks.
No. 14 Field Battery Royal Artillery. ..	..	..	1	...	2	1	1	36	2	...	..	...	...	41	2	18
Detachment Her Majesty's 53rd Regt. ...	1	1	2	1	19	16	...	357	..	5	...	...	...	...	...	..
1st Sikh Irregular Cavalry ...	..	1	2	1	...	...	..	...	..	...	8	21	125	158	..	..
Total	1	2	5	2	21	17	1	393	2	5	8	21	125	199	2	18

(Signed) Beauchamp Walker, *Lieut.-Colonel.*

(Examined)
(Signed) C. J. Tyler, *Capt., Royal Artillery,*
Staff Officer.

From Brevet-Major Buck,
53rd Regiment,
To Lieutenant Colonel B. Walker,
Commanding Field Force.
Camp Bawgunge, 28th April 1859.

Sir,

I have the honor to enclose the Casualty List of the Detachment of the 53rd. Regiment and would beg to bring to your favourable notice, the conduct of Captain Dalzell, 53rd Regiment, who led the Skirmishers to the attack on the Fort.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) J. Buck, Brevet-Major,
53rd Regiment.

No. 3.

Detachment of H. M's. 53rd Regiment.

Return showing the number of Killed and Wounded at Camp Ballgonge, 27th April 1859.

Numbers.	Regimental Number.	Rank and Names.		Service.	Description of Wounds.
1	3829	Corporal	Ryan, John ..	7	Gun-shot wound of left arm, (severely.)
1	72	Private ...	Denicot, William ...	3	Severe wound of neck and right shoulder (dangerously.)
..	3535	Ditto	Dudley, George ..	12	Wound penetrating right ankle joint (ditto.)
..	3610	Ditto	Hickey, James .	5	Gun-shot wound of left thigh (ditto.)
...	272	Ditto	Larkins, William ..	2	Gun-shot wound of right fore-arm (severely.)
5	810	Ditto	Whitehead, John ...	2	Gun-shot injury of left arm (severely.)
6	2627	Ditto	Taylor, John ...	16	Gun-shot wound of left fore-arm and right thigh) (dangerously.)

(Signed) Robert Henry Beale, *Asst. Surgeon,*
H. M.'s 53rd Regiment,
J. Buck, *Brevet Major,*
Comdg. Detachment, H. M.'s 53rd Regiment.

From Captain L. B. Jones,
Comdg. 1st Seikh Irregular Cavalry,
To Major Buck,
Her Majesty's 53rd Regiment,
Commanding Field Force.
Dated Camp Bungaon, the 28th April 1859.

Sir,

As requested I have the honor to report the part the Detachment Head Quarters 1st Seikh Irregular Cavalry under my Command, as per Return annexed, took in the operations of yesterday at the taking of Bungaon, and defeat of the Rebels under Gudjadur Singh Talookdar. I received instructions to cover the South-East spur of the jungle and post myself near the village of Ramahpoor, and thus prevent the Rebels' escape in this direction. My Videttes were on the look-out, and I moved a Troop under Lieutenant Sandeman to my right flank. On receiving intimation

that the Rebels were moving North, I advanced in the same same direction to prevent their leaving the jungle. I was immediately afterwards personally ordered by Colonel Walker to move to the North-East side with a Squadron, leaving Lieutenant Sandeman and his Troop in my position. This move was a most successful one, for immediately afterwards the enemy, having been pressed by skirmishers, Her Majesty's 53rd Regiment, came out of the jungle in a body of about 150, all Sepoys, armed with musket and sword. I allowed them to clear the jungle well, and then charged. Numbers were cut up, Sepoys of the 1st, 22nd, 53rd and 56th Native Infantry.

A few got into broken ground and into a deep nullah. A small body of skirmishers of Her Majesty's 53rd came up and did great execution with the Enfield, and I imagine that of this party about 30 or 40 escaped, certainly not more.

I regret to say my loss for so small a body of men engaged was so large, the nature of the wounds mostly tulwar and bayonet will show that there must have been a number of hand-to-hand encounters, in which Lieutenant Dick, Adjutant, and Duffadar Chunda Singh showed themselves good Soldiers. The latter on the 13th distinguished himself, and I am sorry to say yesterday lost his arm.

My thanks are due to Lieutenant Sandeman for the manner he supported me with his Troop and kept the Rebels in check with so small a number of Sowars. I annex a Return of Wounded.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) L. B. Jones, *Captain*,
Comdg. 1st Seikh Irregular Cavalry.

No. 3.

Casualty Roll of the 1st Sikh Irregular Cavalry engaged with the enemy at Bungaon, on the 27th April 1859.

The 28th April 1859.

	Rossaldar.	Ressaldars.	Duffadars.	Sowars.	Total.	Camp Followers.	Horses.
Killed	:	:	:	:	:	None.	:
Mortally wounded	:	:	:	:	:		:
Dangerously ditto	:	:	:	:	:		2
Severely ditto	:	:	3	3	3		6
Slightly	:	:	:	:	3		:
Total	:	:	3	3	6	None.	8

(Signed) A. A. Dick, *Lieutenant.*
Adjutant 1st Sikh Irregular Cavalry.

(Signed) J. H. Thornton, *Assistant Surgeon,*
In Medical Charge, 1st Sikh Irregular Cavalry.

(Signed) L. B. Jones, *Captain,*
Commanding 1st Sikh Irregular Cavalry.

No. 750 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit Duffadar Chunda Singh, of the 1st Seikh Irregular Cavalry, to the 3rd Class of the Order of Merit, in consideration of his distinguished conduct in action, as brought to notice in the Despatch, published in Government General Order No. 749, of this date.

No. 751 *of* 1859.—The following Extract from the *London Gazette* of the 12th April 1859, is published for general information :—

War Office, 12th April 1859.

Her Majesty has also been graciously pleased to signify Her intention to confer the Decoration of the Victoria Cross on the under-mentioned Officers and Soldiers of Her Majesty's Army and Indian Military Forces, whose claims to the same have been submitted for Her Majesty's approval, on account of Acts of Bravery performed by them in India, as recorded against their several names, *viz* :—

Regiment.	Rank and Name.	Act of Bravery for which recommended.
Bengal Horse Artillery.	Captain G. A. Renny. Date of Act of Bravery, 16th September 1857.	Lieutenant-Colonel Farquhar, Commanding the 1st Belooch Regiment, reports that he was in command of the Troops stationed in the Delhi Magazine, after its capture on the 16th of September 1857. Early in the forenoon of that day, a vigorous attack was made on the post by the enemy, and was kept up with great violence for some time, without the slightest chance of success. Under cover of a heavy cross-fire from the high houses on the right flank of the Magazine, and from Sehughur and the Palace, the enemy advanced to the high wall of the Magazine, and endeavoured to set fire to a thatched roof. The roof was partially set fire to, which was extinguished at the spot by a Sepoy of the Belooch Battalion, a Soldier of the 61st Regiment having in vain attempted to do so. The roof having been again set on fire, Captain Renny with great gallantry mounted to the top of the wall of the Magazine, and flung several shells with lighted fuzes over into the midst of the enemy, which had an almost immediate effect, as the attack at once became feeble at that point, and soon after ceased there.
Bengal Army (Unattached.)	Ensign (now Lieut.,) Patrick Roddy. Date of Act of Bravery, 27th September 1858.	Major-General Sir James Hope Grant, K. C. B., Commanding Oudh Force, bears testimony to the gallant conduct of Lieutenant Roddy, on several occasions. One instance is particularly mentioned. On the return from Kuthirga, of the Kuppurthalla Contingent, on the 27th September 1858, this Officer, when engaged with the enemy, charged a Rebel (armed with a percussion musket) whom the Cavalry were afraid to approach, as each time they attempted to do so, the Rebel knelt and covered his assailant. This however did not deter Lieutenant Roddy,

Regiment.	Rank and Name.	Act of Bravery for which recommended.
Bengal Army (Unattached.)	Ensign (now Lieut.,) Patrick Roddy. Date of Act of Bravery, 27th September 1858.	who went boldly in, and when within six yards, the Rebel fired, killing Lieutenant Roddy's horse, and before he could get disengaged from the horse, the Rebel attempted to cut him down. Lieutenant Roddy seized the Rebel until he could get at his sword, when he ran the man through the body. The Rebel turned out to be a Subadar of the late 8th Native Infantry, a powerful man, and a most determined character.

No. 752 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council directs the publication in General Orders of the following Military Letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 128, dated 14th April 1859 :—

INDIA OFFICE,

London, 14th April 1859.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HON'BLE THE GOVR. GENL. OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

MILITARY.

No. 128.

MY LORD,

ADVERTING to the several Military Despatches noted in the margin, I have now to apprize you that on the recommendation of the Secretary of State for India in Council, Her Majesty has been pleased to extend the Rules under which the families of Officers who have fallen by the hands of the Mutineers become entitled to the benefits of the Compassionate Fund, so as to include the families of those who may die from the effects of sun-stroke, received during action with the enemy.

Military Despatch, No. 152 of 1857.
" " " 227 of 1858.
" " " 44 of 1859.
General Orders, No. 1267 of 1857 and 578 of 1858.

2. In accordance with this Resolution, the following Rule has been established, *viz* :—

"That the families of Officers who may die on "the Field of Battle, or whose death may be the "immediate consequence of a *Coup de Soliel* received "during action with the enemy, shall be entitled to "the benefits of the regulations granting Pensions "to the families of Officers killed in action provided "that they produce satisfactory evidence from com- "petent authority that their husbands so fell."

I have, &c.,

(Signed) STANLEY.

No. 753 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication in General Orders of the following report of a successful attack on the Rebels in the neighbourhood of Oodeypoor on the 26th March 1859.

No. 221.

FROM MAJOR-GENERAL G. C. WHITLOCK,
Comdg. Saugor Field Division,

TO MAJOR GENL. SIR W. R. MANSFIELD, K. C. B.,
Chief of the Staff
Army Head Quarters.

Camp near Nagode, the 7th April 1859.

SIR,

I HAVE much satisfaction in forwarding the accompanying report from Brigadier Wheler, of a successful attack on the Rebels in the neighbourhood of Oodeypoor.

I beg permission to bring Brigadier Wheler's name to the special notice of the Right Honorable Lord Clyde. This Officer has on several occasions merited my warmest thanks for the alacrity and intelligence displayed in making his arrangements for defeating and dispersing the Rebels, and in the present affair his plans have been rewarded with praiseworthy success.

The Brigadier speaks highly of the conduct of the Troops, and mentions the name of Captain Clifton, Commanding Detachment 12th Lancers; Captain Mayne, Commanding Detachment 3rd Irregular Cavalry; Major Synge, Commanding Detachment Her Majesty's 43rd; Captain Disbrowe, Her Majesty's 43rd Regiment; Captain Gully, Major of Brigade, and Lieutenant Hatchell, Her Majesty's 43rd Regiment, Orderly Officer May I beg to respectfully recommend these Officers to Lord Clyde.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) G. C. WHITLOCK, *Major General,*
Comdg. Saugor Field Division.

No. 234.

FROM BRIGADIER F. WHELER,
Comdg. Saugor District,

TO THE ASST. ADJT.-GENL.,
Saugor Field Division.

Camp Oodeypoor, 27th March 1859.

SIR,

FOR the information of the Major General Commanding Saugor Division, I have the honor to report a successful attack I made yesterday on Adil Mahomed, the Bhopal Rebel, in the jungles near this place.

Having reliable information of this Rebel's position I left Basoda at 11 P. M. on the 25th instant, and reached the village of Basoda Soojabad a little after day-light next morning.

So complete was the surprise, that on our arrival at the village not a soul was stirring, and at first I thought the rebels must have heard of my approach and decamped. Very few minutes however elapsed before I saw many Rebels come to the edge of the jungles to see what we were.

The advance of the four Companies of the 43rd Light Infantry was ordered, and in one minute, they dashed into the jungles in admirable style. For a moment I thought the Rebels would stand, but it was only for a moment, when they turned and fled and were pursued through a very thick and thorny jungle for fully three miles to the end of the valley, when further pursuit became useless.

There was but little opportunity of using the Cavalry, and the only attempt I made to employ that

Arm was by sending a party round to the right to try and interrupt the flying Rebels.

I had no means of ascertaining whether the estimated number of Rebels, *viz.* 2000, was correct. I found that they were bivouacked in detached parties in convenient spots all over the valley, which was shown by their fires, neither can I estimate the enemy's loss: many were killed certainly. The expenditure of ammunition was 800 rounds, and the 43rd Light Infantry do not throw away their fire, but the ground was difficult and it was all sharp-shooting.

The Rebels dropped some of their cattle, arms and plunder, but they had no money to speak of about their persons, and I saw no Sepoys or Sowars in uniform.

The force I took with me is as per margin, and I beg leave to report that they all did their duty. But I am indebted to Commanding Officers of Corps; to Captain Gully, Major of Brigade, and Lieutenant Hatchell, 43rd Light Infantry, my Orderly Officer, for their exertions to keep the men together in this difficult ground, and thus systematically search it. Captain Disbrowe's Company, 43rd, followed one portion of the Rebels over a gorge in the Hills to the right, with good effect.

H. M. 12th Lancers, 40 men, under Captain Clifton.
3rd Madras Cavalry, 118 men, under Captain Mayne.
43rd Light Infantry, 380 Rank and File, under Major Synge.

The position in which I attacked these Rebels is almost impossible to describe, and I am afraid cannot be understood without it were mapped.

It may generally be described as a rather elevated valley, surrounded by low hills except to the North-East; that it is about four miles long, three wide, at the end we entered, and not more than half a mile at the other, where there is a small fort called Dowlutpoor, overlooking the valley which is there a *Cal-de-Sui*. I was led to believe that there were only two roads and three foot-paths into this valley, but I found that the hills were not very steep, and that the Rebels could escape almost everywhere.

The force had after a march of nineteen miles, and a trot through jungles for at least three, to return eight or nine miles to Camp at this place. The sun was very powerful and the men were under arms for thirteen hours, but they have not suffered and I have no casualty to report during this operation.

This Nawab, Adil Mahomed, will not, I think, again trust himself within reach of British Troops.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) F. Wheler, *Brigadier*,
Comdg. Saugor District.

No. 274.

Forwarded by order, of the Commander in Chief, to the Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, for submission to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, with Lord Clyde's approval.

H. W. Norman, *Major*,
Offg. Adjt. Genl. of the Army.

Adjutant General's Office,
Simla, 11*th May* 1859.

No. 754 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned gentlemen, whose appointments as Cadets of Infantry on the Bengal Establishment were announced in Government General Order No. 1741, dated 30th December 1858, and No. 390 of the 22nd March 1859, having satisfied Government on the point of qualification prescribed by existing Regulation, are admitted into the Service as Cadets of Infantry, from the 10th May 1859, and promoted to the rank of Ensign, leaving the dates of their Commission for future adjustment:—

Mr. Henry William John Senior.
,, Alexander Bishop Chalmers.

No. 755 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to promote Duffadar Chungun, of Hodson's Horse, from the 2nd to the 1st Class of the Order of Merit, from the 1st April 1859, in consideration of his excellent conduct in action with a body of Rebels in the neighbourhood of Toolseepore, as brought to notice in the Despatch published in Government General Order No. 576, of the 26th April 1859.

This cancels his promotion, announced in Government General Order No. 577, of the 26th April 1859.

No. 756 *of* 1959.—*Erratum*.—In Government General Order No. 250, of the 24th February 1859, making appointments in the Lahore Light Horse, for Lieutenant O. J. Travers read Captain O. J. Travers.

Order Books to be corrected accordingly.

No. 757 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Non-Commissioned Officer is admitted to Pension, as specified opposite to his name, under the provisions of Minute of Council of the 11th January 1797, and General Orders of the 5th February 1820, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India:—

Corporal James Martaugh, of the 2nd Infantry Company of the European Invalid Battalion } One shilling per diem, payable in India.

R. J. H. Birch, *Major-Genl.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Public Works Department.

General.—Establishments.

No. 136.

The 20th May 1859.

Appointments.—Brevet Captain A. Elderton, of the 2nd European Bengal Fusiliers, is appointed a Probationary Assistant Engineer, in the Public Works Department, and posted to the Punjab.

No. 137.

The 21st May 1859.

Captain T. J. H. Keyes, 17th Madras Native Infantry, is appointed a Special Assistant Engineer in the Department Public Works, and posted to the Punjab.

H. Yule, *Lieut.-Colonel*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 3266.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 4th May* 1859.—Mr. R. J. Richardson, Officiating Judge of Shahabad, to be a Commissioner under Section VII. Act XIV. of 1857, for the trial of all crimes and offences punishable under the said Act.

The 16th May 1859.—Mr. E. B. Godfrey to be a Deputy Magistrate under Act XV. of 1843 and a Deputy Collector under Regulation IX. of 1833, in Shahabad, and to exercise the powers of a Covenanted Assistant to a Magistrate under Regulations XIII. of 1797 and IX. of 1807, in that District.

The 18th May 1859.—Mr. J. Graham to be Judge of the Court for the trial of Officers of the Pilot Service, under Act XII. of 1859.

Mr. T. Hill to be Prosecutor on the part of Government in the trials of Officers of the Pilot Service, under Act XII. of 1859.

The following Moonsiffs are vested with the powers of receiving and trying complaints under Section XIV., Act III. of 1857, within their respective jurisdictions in Cachar:—

Moonsiff of Silchar.

Moonsiff of Sealtekh.

A. R. YOUNG,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 1779.

Allahabad, the 17th May 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. William Malcolm Low, Officiating Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Pillibheet, for one month, under Section XII. of the Absentee Rules, from the date of his availing himself of the leave.

No. 1782.

Notifications.—Bhugwan Singh, Tehseeldar of Roodurpore, is appointed a Deputy Magistrate under Act XV. of 1843, with authority to exercise the powers of an Assistant under Section XX. Regulation IX. of 1807.

No. 1784.

The following Officers are vested with the powers of a Joint Magistrate, within the limits of their respective Jails:—

Assistant Surgeon John Campbell Bow, M. D., Superintendent of the Allahabad Central Prison.

Assistant Surgeon Joseph Christian Corbyn, M. D., Superintendent of the Meerut Central Prison.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

J. D. SANDFORD,
Offg. Asst. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 816

Allahabad, the 19th May 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Sulamut Raie, Deputy Collector of Budaon, for one month, from the date of his availing himself of it.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

F. B. OUTRAM,
Offg. Under-Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces.

General Department,

No. 1118, *dated 9th May* 1859.

Leave.—Mr. R. Temple, Commissioner, Lahore Division, has obtained one month's privilege leave, from the date he may avail himself of the same.

Public Works Department,

No. 1011, *dated 11th May* 1859.

Captain J. H. Dyas, Director of Canals, Punjab, has obtained eight weeks' leave from the date he may avail himself of the same, preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe.

General Department,

No. 1115, *dated 9th May* 1859.

Appointments.—Lieutenant H. B. Urmston, lately rejoined from Furlough, has been posted to the Sealkote District as Assistant Commissioner.

Lieutenant E. L. Ommanney, 59th Native Infantry, is appointed an Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd Class in the Punjab, and posted to the Lahore District.

No 1112.

Mr. F. E. Moore, Extra Assistant, has been placed in charge of the Hooshiarpore District Treasury, and appointed Registrar of Deeds for that District.

Transfers and Postings.—The following transfers and postings have been made, consequent on the abolition of the Office of Superintendent Inundation Canals, subject to approval of the Supreme Government:—

Public Works Department,

No. 1009, *dated 11th May* 1859.

The services of Captain J. Rose, Officiating Superintendent Inundation Canals, and Executive Engineer, Mooltan Division, have been transferred solely to the Public Works Department under the Chief Engineer, Punjab, from 1st instant. The services of Mr. D. Kirwan, Officiating Superintendent Indus Canals, and Assistant Engineer Mooltan Division, have been transferred solely to the Canal Department from 1st instant.

Mr. J. Adam, Assistant Engineer, Canal Department, has been appointed Executive Engineer, Upper Sutlej Canals.

Mr. P. O'Brien, Assistant Engineer, Canal Department, has been appointed Executive Engineer, Lower Sutlej Canals.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab Provinces,

R. H. DAVIES,
Secy. to Govt., Punjab and its Dependencies.

Notification No. 2.

Mr. W. Clementson, Uncovenanted Deputy Collector, received charge of the Treasury of Dinagepore on the 16th instant.

R. P. Harrison,

Offg. Acctt. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Fort William;
Office of Acctt., Govt. of Bengal,
The 21st May 1859.

Opium Notification.

Notice is hereby given, that the sixth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1857-58, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Monday, the 13th of June 1859, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 2,260 chests, *viz* :—

Behar Opium	1,915
Benares Ditto	345
Total Chests...	2,260

2. The general conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 1st December 1858, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 18th and 28th June 1859, respectively, that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, Company's Paper or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the sale, will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 18th June 1859, and no Treasury Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M., of Tuesday, the 28th June 1859.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium of 1857-58, will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board however reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Thursday, 14th July 1859	1915	345	2260
Do. Wednesday, 10th August "	1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 9th September "	1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 14th October "	1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 7th November "	1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 5th December "	1934	379	2313
	11509	2104	13613

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

Rivers Thompson,

Offg. Junior Secretary.

Fort William,
The 4th May 1859.

No. 173.

Notice

Is hereby given, under the provision of Section 3 Act XI. of 1859, that for the year 1858-59 and thenceforward, until otherwise notified from this Office, the under-mentioned dates are to be the latest dates for the payment of arrears of Revenue in the settled Districts of the Lower Provinces, and of all demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of Revenue :—

In Districts and for Mehals in which the Bengal or Umlee æra is current with the exception of Zillahs Sylhet and Chittagong :—

28th June.
28th September.
12th January.
28th March.

In Districts and for Mehals in which the Fuslee æra is current :—

7th June.
28th September.
12th January.
28th March.

In Sylhet.

28th September.
18th January.
18th April.

In Chittagong.

25th May.
25th September.
26th December.
25th February.

Petty Estates, the jumma of which does not exceed 10 Rupees, shall be liable to sale only once in the year, namely, on the first sale day which may occur after the kist of Chyte shall have become due. Estates with a jumma exceeding 10 Rupees and not exceeding 50 Rupees shall be twice in the year liable to sale, and Estates with a jumma exceeding 50 Rupees and not exceeding 100 Rupees shall be liable to sale three times in the year.

The following are the latest dates fixed for the payment of the Revenue of small Estates with jummas not exceeding 100 Rupees :—

	Estates paying Revenue not exceeding 10 Rupees.	Estates paying Revenue above 10 Rupees and not exceeding 50 Rupees.	Estates paying Revenue above 50 Rupees and not exceeding 100 Rupees.
Bengal and Umlee Districts ...	28th June.	28th June & 12th Jan.	28th June, 12th January and 28th March.
Fuslee District ...	7th June.	7th June & 12th Jan.	7th June, 12th January and 28th March.
Sylhet ...	18th April.	18th April & 18th Jan.	18th Apl., 28th Sept. and 18th Jan.
Chittagong ...	25th May.	25th May & 26th Febr.	25th May, 26th Dec. and 25th Feb.

By Order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces,

E. T. Trevor,

Secretary.

Fort William,
The 17th May 1859.

Notification.

A QUESTION having arisen as to the form in which the Payee ought to have been described in a Bill of Exchange drawn in favor of "The Manager of the Delhi Bank," the Accountant General notifies for the information of Treasury Officers that that Bank having been registered, Bills should be drawn or endorsed in favor of "The Delhi Bank," agreeably to Section XXIII. of the Act XLIII of 1850.

2. Officers in charge of Public Treasuries are requested to observe this rule in all cases where Bills are required in favor of *Registered* or *Chartered* Banks or Institutions.

E. DRUMMOND,
Acctt. Genl. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM;
Accountant General's Office,
Durbar and Revenue Dept.,
The 13th May 1859.

Notice

HINDOO HOLIDAYS IN JUNE 1859.

THE General Treasury will be closed on Friday, the 10th June 1859, on account of the Hindoo Holiday Dushoharra

The General Treasury will be closed on Wednesday, the 15th June 1859, on account of the Hindoo Holiday Chaun Jattra.

J. I. HARVEY,
Sub-Treasurer.

GENERAL TREASURY,
The 20th May 1859.

Notification.

Fort William, Civil Auditor's Office, the 20th April 1859.

To the Officers of the Political, Judicial, Revenue, Customs, Salt, Opium, and other branches of Service.

The Civil Auditor has the honor to request that Disbursing Officers, in charge of Civil Establishments, will be good enough to submit, as soon after 1st of May next as may be practicable, separate from their April Pay Abstracts, the Annual Detailed Statements of the respective Establishments as per Forms Nos. 1, 2, and 3, furnished for their guidance in 1848, annexing a note to each of the above Statements showing the items of expenditure which, though sanctioned, have not been actually incurred with reference to Financial Resolution of 29th October 1857, No. 4751. Pending the receipt of these documents, the audit of their April Abstracts will, under Financial Resolution of 7th September 1842, be withheld.

The usual Annual Returns of Uncovenanted Servants up to May 1859, as well as separate Statements showing the periods of leave granted to Uncovenanted Assistants, are also requested to be furnished in Forms Nos. 4 and 5, with the above Annual Detailed Statements.

W. P. PALMER,
Civil Auditor.

Notification.

THE Civil Auditor, North-Western Provinces, has the honor to repeat his annual call to all Disbursing Officers in charge of Civil Establishments in the North-Western Provinces, for the submission (as soon after the 1st May next, as practicable, with the April Abstract) of their regular Annual Detailed Statement, containing the names and full particulars of the whole of the Establishment; and to observe that, with reference to the orders of Government, dated 15th October 1842, published in the *Agra Government Gazette*, of the 15th November 1842, the audit of their Abstracts for April next will be withheld until the receipt of the required Returns.

2. To facilitate check, it is particularly requested that the Abstract for April be sub-divided into distinct headings, so that each description of Office with its total shall correspond with the details given in the Statement of Establishment or the 1st May, agreeably to the Form furnished.

3. It is also requested that the *three separate* Lists prescribed for all Uncovenanted Civil Servants (Europeans and East Indians) and Native, (in the last the names of *only those* holding appointments of *trust* and *responsibility* should be inserted,) employed on their Establishments, be furnished for 1st May 1859, without delay.

H. LOCH,
Offg. Civil Auditor.

CIVIL AUDITOR'S OFFICE;
N. W. P., Allahabad,
The 31st March 1859.

No. 1431.

Notification.

Fort William, Civil Auditor's Office, the 12th May 1859.

THE detail entry of Bills in the Audit Registers being found productive of great inconvenience and delay, it is requested that all officers who have any Establishments under them, should not only continue to submit Pay Abstracts of such Establishments in the form and manner prescribed in this Office Circulars noted in the margin, but should submit them in duplicate every month, from the month of May instant. The inconvenience that this requisition is calculated to occasion to Officers whom it concerns, will be more than counterbalanced by the despatch in the audit and return of the Bills.

No. 2585, dated 4th December 1857.
No. 746, dated March 1858.

W. P. PALMER,
Civil Auditor.

No. 32.

Notification.

The undersigned has the honor to notifiy to Civil and Military Officers in charge of Treasuries, that as he is in no way concerned in recovering Advances which may be at the personal debit of Officers, applications for the adjustment of such Advances should be made to the Accountant-General to the Government of India, Military Department, or to the proper Paymaster.

E. G. J. Champneys, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Military Auditor General.

Fort William,
Mily. Audr. Genl.'s Office,
The 13th May 1859.

Medical College.

The Session of 1859-60 will commence in the Medical College on the 15th June next.

2. Students who may be desirous of entering the College are requested to apply to the Principal, at the Medical College, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., on or before the 10th of June next.

3. The possession of the "Entrance Examination" Certificate of the Calcutta University, will entitle Students to enter the Medical College without further Examination.

4. Under certain conditions (which may be learned on application to the Principal) Students will be admitted in anticipation of passing the University Entrance Examination, but under the clear proviso of their going up for that Examination before the commencement of the Session of 1860-61.

5. The course of Instruction given in the Calcutta Medical College is framed to meet the requirements of the Calcutta University for obtaining its Degrees in Medicine and Surgery.

6. The Certificates of Lectures and Hospital Attendance of the College are likewise recognised by the University of London, the Royal College of Surgeons of England, and the Worshipful Society of Apothecaries of London, as entitling the possessors of such to compete in London for the Degree, Diploma and License of those bodies, under the Rules which regulate the granting of the same.

W. C. B. Eatwell, *M. D.*,
Principal, Medical College.

Calcutta;
Medical College Office,
The 30th April 1859.

Notice.

Under Act XX. of 1856, I hereby give notice that the Assessment Registers of Pykeparra, Oltadanga, Bhobanepore, Kidderpore, and Garden Reach, being grand Divisions I, II, VI, and VIII, of the Suburbs of Calcutta, having been duly prepared for the year 1859, the prescribed Notifications under Section XVIII of the Act have on this date been affixed at conspicuous places in the Divisions and also at the Police Thannahs at Chitpore, Intally, Kallighaut, and Kidderpore; all persons dissatisfied with the said Assessment or who may dispute their occupation of property or liablity to be assessed are hereby warned that they may appeal to the Magistrate, on unstamped paper, but that under Section XX. of the Act, no such appeal can be received after the expiration of one month from this date.

Appellants should send with their appeal the tax bills for the last quarter paid by them.

The names of the Members of the Punchyets appointed under Section X of the Act were:—

Grand Division I.

Khetter Mohun Banerjee	...	President.
Prossono Bundopadhoya	...	Member.
Chunder Madhub Ghosal	...	Ditto.
Ram Comul Banerjee	...	Ditto.
Joy Chunder Chatterjee (Darogah)	.	Ditto.

Grand Division II.

Govind Chunder Dutt	...	President.
Govind Chunder Sen	...	Member.
Bholanath Mitter	...	Ditto.
Sreenarain Bose	...	Ditto.
Bissonath Ghose (Darogah)	...	Ditto.

Grand Division VI.

Reverend S. J. Hill,	...	President.
A. H. Joyce, Esquire,	...	Member.
Debnarain Banerjee	...	Ditto.
Mohes Chunder Mookerjee	...	Ditto.
Chunder Madhub Mookerjee (Darogah)	..	Ditto.

Grand Division VIII.

C. B. Stewart, Esquire,	...	President.
Dinnonath Banerjee	...	Member.
Gones Chunder Banerjee	...	Ditto.
Modoo Soodun Mokerjee	...	Ditto.
Ramnarain Banerjee (Darogah)	. .	Ditto.

N. B.—Parties willing to make half yearly or annual advances will on payment of the Amount receive the usual bills from the Darogahs of their Divisions.

W. Heysham,
Deputy Magistrate.

Subn. Tax Office;
Allipore,
The 11th May 1858.

Sheriff's Office; the 7th May 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery and also an Admiralty Sessions will be holden by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the sixth day of June next, at 12 o'Clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'Clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'Clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

W. F. Gilmore,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস ৭ মে ১৮৫৯ সাল

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি জুন ১৮৫৯ সাল সোমবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার কোর্ট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের কোর্ট উইলিএমের সুপ্রেম কোর্ট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়েরটরমিনর এবং এডমাইরেলটি অর্থাৎ মহা সমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মোকদ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশীয়ান জতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এ বিষয় সকলে স্মরন রাখুন।

W. F. GILMORE,
Sheriff.

REPORT showing the smallest depth of water in the Bhaugiruttee, Jellinghee and Matabanguh Rivers, from 9th to 15th May 1859.

NAMES OF RIVERS.	Smallest depth of Water. F. In.	Remarks on the Phenomena of the River, during the week.
Bhaugirutte River.		
Above its entrance Bar in Ganges	4 3	All Boats suited for the present dry season's Traffic of the Nuddea Rivers should take the Bhaugiruttee route this year. These depths are on sand Lumps. They do not show the general depths of the Channels which are seldom less than from 3 feet 3 inches to 4½ feet.
On the entrance Bar	3 4	
From thence to Jungypore, 14 miles ..	2 6	
From Jungypore to Berhampore, 45 miles ...	2 9	
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 54 miles ...	2 8	
And from Cutwa to Nuddea, 63 miles ..	2 5	
Jellinghee River.		
From its entrance to Bansemarree ..	Closed.	Entrance closed by the Chur formed by Ganges in 1853-54.
From Bansemarree to Teeahkattah ...	1 7	
From Teeahkattah to Chundipore ..	1 0	
And from Chundipore to Moisgunge .	2 7	
Matabanyah River.		
From its entrance to Alickdeah ...	Closed.	Works on Upper River suspended. Lower River open from Alexdeah to Hooghlye and will be kept so. No Tolls collected since December 6th, 1858.
From Alickdeah to Seebpore ...	2 8	

Height of water on Gauge at Berhampore on the 15th May 1859 + 1 foot 2½ inches.

T. N. ARMSTRONG, *C. E.*,
Supdt., Nuddea Rivers.

KISHNAGHUR,
The 19th May 1859.

Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

IN EQUITY.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE.

Aushootosh Day, &c.
versus
Rajcoomary Dossee &c.,

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Monday, the 13th day of June 1859, at one o'clock in the afternoon, James Welch, Esquire, the Receiver appointed by the Supreme Court, to the Estate of Kistanundo Bisswas, deceased, will put up for Lease by public competition at his Office, the under-mentioned Estate in the Zillah of 24-Pergunnahs, upon such terms and conditions as will be then made known and upon such security as he may think fit, that is to say—

Within Pergunnah Calcutta, Mohel Modrasa, two Villages of Turruff Hadia, Mouzah Neez Hadia and Mowzah Khayadoho, exclusive Jungle Lands within the said Pergunnah Calcutta, Mohal Sreebautty, Mowzah Coomar Pookereah exclusive Jungle Lands.

For further particulars apply to the Receiver's Office.

J. WELCH,
Receiver.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE;
SUPREME COURT,
CALCUTTA
The 23rd May 1859.

Notice.

TO BE PEREMPTORILY SOLD, pursuant to a Decree of the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, made in a certain cause wherein Robert Molloy, Alexander Brodie Mackintosh and Henry Harington Poe, Executors of William Harington Poe, deceased, are Plaintiffs, and Hurchunder Laheree is Defendant, bearing date the 27th day of October 1857, with the approbation of John Cochrane, Esquire, the Master of the said Supreme Court, at his Office in the Court-House in the Town of Calcutta, on Tuesday, the 21st day of June next, the following property, that is to say:—

Lot No. 1.—A piece or parcel of land or ground, containing by estimation twenty-five biggahs and one and a half cottahs, situate in Ramkistnopore, in Pergunnah Boroo, in the Zillah of the twenty-four Pergunnahs and Province of Bengal, and butted and bounded as follows: that is to say, on the North by the rented land of Mr. Robinson, on the West by the Garden of Sreenauth Mullick, on the East by the River Hooghly, and on the South by an Embankment.

Lot No. 2.—A piece or parcel of land or ground, containing forty biggahs, more or less, situate, lying and being at Sulkea, in Pergunnah Balleah, in the Zillah of the twenty-four Pergunnahs aforesaid, and commonly called "Gollabattee," and butted and bounded as follows: that is to say, on the North by the East India Company's Salt Golah, on the South by a high-way, on the East by the River Hooghly, and on the West by a high-way, and in respect of which said piece or parcel of land or ground a yearly rent of Company's Rupees one hundred and ninety-four, two annas and one pie is payable to the Zemindar or Landlord thereof.

Lot No. 3.—A piece of ground standing in the name of the said Hurchunder Laheree, held by pottah No. 1076, containing by estimation one biggah and three cottahs, situate at a place called Braminparrah, in the Town Serampore, and in the Zillah of Hooghly.

Lot No. 4.—A brick-built house, together with the piece of Lackraj or rent-free land thereto belonging, and on part whereof the same is erected, under a pottah No. 1145, in the Serampore Collectorate Register, containing by estimation one biggah and nine cottahs, more or less, situate at Serampore aforesaid, and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North and West by the land of the said Hurchunder Laheree, on the South and East by a lane.

Lot No. 5.—Another piece or parcel of land held under a pottah No. 1077, in the Serampore Collectorate Register, comprising two biggahs and ten cottahs, more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North by a high-way, on the South by the land of Shaikh Nokree Tailor, on the East by the land of Moorjin Mistry, and on the West by a foot-path, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupees seven, eleven annas and eight pies is payable to Government, the Landlord thereof.

Lot No. 6.—Another piece or parcel of land held under a pottah No. 1161, in the Serampore Collectorate Register, comprising fifteen cottahs, more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North by the land of Nilloo Dharra, on the South by the land of Goluck Pyne, on the East by the land of Potey Mistry, and on the West by a high-way and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupees one, nine annas and six pie, is payable to the Landlord thereof.

Lot No. 7.—Another piece or parcel of land held under a pottah No. 1402, in the said Collectorate Register, comprising seven cottahs and five chittacks, situate, lying and being at Serampore aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North by the River Hooghly, on the South by a high-way, on the East by the land of Gourmohun Gossain, and on the West by the Debutter land of Sree Sree Radamadhub Takoor, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupees two, eleven annas and nine pies is payable to the Landlord thereof.

Lot No. 8.—Another piece or parcel of land held under a pottah No. 1411, (upon which stands a lower-roomed Godown,) in the said Register, comprising two cottahs, more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore aforesaid and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North by a high-way, on the South by the land of Petumber Chunder, on the East by the land of Bunsey Chunder, and on the West by a lane, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of twelve annas and nine pies is payable to Government, the Landlord thereof.

Lot No. 9.—Another piece or parcel of land held under a Pottah No. 1449 in the said Collectorate Register, comprising five cottahs, more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North and South by the land of the late Ruggoram Gossain, and on the East and West by the land of the said Hurchunder Laheree, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupees one is payable to Government.

Lot No. 10.—Another piece or parcel of Lakraj or rent-free land held under a pottah No. 1146 in the said Collectorate Register, comprising three biggahs, thirteen cottahs and seven chittacks, more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore aforesaid, and situate and being in front of the brick-built building in the said Hurchunder Laheree's Garden.

Lot No. 11.—A brick-built Ghaut situate in the Village of Chattra, on the banks of the River Hooghly, called Hurro Baboo's Ghaut, and being in front of the said family dwelling-house in Braminparrah in Serampore aforesaid, situate on the opposite side of the road.

Lot No. 12.—Another piece or parcel of garden ground, comprising on the whole about thirty biggahs or thereabouts, including three Tanks therein also, with the lower-roomed dwelling-house or Bytuckhannah, standing on part thereof, and which said garden ground constitutes at present one compound, and belongs as to part thereof to Serampore, and as to another part thereof to Rujjedhurpore, and also as to the remainder thereof is Lakraj land.

Lot No. 13.—Another piece of land comprising in the whole two biggahs and four cottahs or thereabouts held in perpetual tenure by the said Hurchunder Laheree from Gopeekisto Gossain, the Zemindar of Chittrah, ten annas and fifteen gundahs' share at an annual rent for the whole of Company's Rupees sixteen, thirteen annas and seventeen gundahs, and which said land is now occupied by the following tenants under the said Hurchunder Laheree, namely Sonatun Choter, two cottahs and eight chittacks Mohun Mallah, five cottahs Bungshee Dome, one cottah and eight chittacks, Rowul Ghurramee, two cottahs Modhoosoodun Malla, and Banessur Malla, four cottahs, Juggobundoo Malla, one cottah, Bhoota's Mother, one cottah, Hurro Malanee, one cottah, Ramdhone Malla, three cottahs, Rokeenee Malla and Poresh Bewah, one cottah and eight chittacks, Roopchund Choonoree, one cottah, and eight chittacks, Bhuguram Modock, three cottahs, Hurro Chatterjee, three cottahs, Potee Bewah, one cottah, Chanroo Dome, three cottahs, Kallee Chootar, two cottahs, Janokee Panjaree, two cottahs Hullodhur Dome, one cottah and eight chittacks, Ramchand Malla and Nubbye Malla, three cottahs (total 2 biggahs and four cottahs.)

Lot No. 14.—Another piece of land, situate in Chittrah Gourunghatty, comprising in the whole two biggahs and eight cottahs, more or less, held by the said Hurchunder Laheree in perpetual tenure from Ramtarun Chowdry and several others, the Zemindars of Chittrah, nine annas' share, subject to the annual rent of Company's Rupees eleven, three annas and four gundahs, and which said land as to ten cottahs thereof, are known as stable Barry, and have an upper-roomed house erected on part thereof, and which said land as to the remaining one biggah and eighteen cottahs is occupied by the following tenants holding from the said Hurchunder Laheree, namely, Juggoo Koloo, Bachoo Chokedar and Kyroo straw-seller.

Lot No. 15.—Another piece of land comprising ten cottahs, situate in the Chittrah aforesaid, held by the said Hurchunder Laheree, in perpetual tenure from Ramnurain Mookerjee as Zemindar thereof, at the annual rent of one Rupee six annas and six pies, and which land as to seven cottahs is at present in the possession of Hurchunder Laheree, as to one cottah in the occupation of Bungsee Koyboto, and as the remaining two cottahs in the possession of Jadoo Poramanick & his tenants.

Lot No. 16.—An upper-roomed brick-built family dwelling-house situate at Braminparrah, in the Town of Serampore, in the Zillah of Hooghly, and

the piece or parcel of land on part whereof the same is erected and built, containing in the whole by measurement as appears by the pottahs thereof, (one pottah being for nine cottahs and six chittacks of land and the other pottah for two biggahs, two cottahs thirteen chittaks and five feet) two biggahs twelve cottahs three chittacks and five feet, and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North by the public Road on the East by the land and premises of Kistomohun Bonnerjee and other land belonging to the said Hurchunder Laheree, and on the South and West by the land and premises of the late Roghoorsm Gossain, and paying in respect of the said parcel of land an aggregate annual revenue to Government Company's Rupees ten, twelve annas and eleven pie.

Particulars and conditions of sale may be had at the Master's Office, Supreme Court, or of Mr. William Dalls, No. 5, Hastings' Street.

JOHN COCHRANE,
Master.

WILLIAM DALLAS, *Attorney.*

CALCUTTA SUPREME COURT;
Master's Office,
The 19th May 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given that Probate of the last Will and Testament of Edward Frederick Venables, late of Azimghur, in the North-West Provinces of British India, Esquire, has been this day granted by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, to Mr. William T. Leggie of Azimghur, one of the Executors named in the Will. All persons having demand against the Estate of the said deceased are requested to make the same known to the said Executor, to whom those indebted thereto are required to make payment of their respective debts without delay.

JUDGE, JUDGE AND WATKINS,
Proctors.

CALCUTTA,
The 20th May 1859.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

WITH reference to Government Notification No. 5, Fort William, Financial Department, 26th January 1855, notifying the intention of Government to dissolve its connexion with the Government Agency—

The Oriental Bank Corporation undertake the safe custody of Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal, and other local Stocks, free of all charge.

Will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, and remit at the current rates of exchange, or pay the same according to instructions, if to be remitted through the Corporation, Without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... 1-4th per Cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the purchase of Government or other Securities, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Corporation, ... Without charge.

WM. ANDERSON,
Agent.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION;
Calcutta, 29th January 1855.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Alfred Dumat, Louis Thomas, and Francois Hodoul, formerly carrying on business in co-partnership, in Calcutta, as Merchants and Agents, under the style and firm of Langlois and Co.

On Friday, the 13th day of May instant, it was on the petition of Walter Ormiston, Agent of the Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, a creditor of the said Insolvent, adjudged that the said Alfred Dumat, a member of the firm of Langlois and Company, hath committed an act of Insolvency under the provisions of the Act XI. Vic. cap. XXI., and by another Order of the same date, the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Allan, Judge and Lingham, *Attorneys.*

Notice.

THE Interest and Responsibility of MR. WILLIAM GRANT and MR. DAVID BAIRD LINDSAY, in our Firm here and at Rangoon, and in the Firm of JAMES WYLLIE & Co., in London, ceased on this date by the effluxion of time.

GLADSTONE, WYLLIE & Co.

CALCUTTA,
The 30th April 1859.

Notice.

MR. PATRICK KEITH and MR. GEORGE ROSS have this day been admitted as Partners in our Firm here and at Rangoon.

GLADSTONE, WYLLIE & Co.

CALCUTTA,
The 30th April 1859.

Notice.

THE Interest of MR. GEORGE GILBERT in our Concern ceased on the 30th April 1858.

JESSOP & Co.

Required.

A TRANSLATOR thoroughly conversant with English and Oordoo. His duties will be to translate and to superintend the Persian Office. Salary Rupees 100 per mensem. Apply to Deputy Commissioner, Pertaubghur *vid* Allahabad, Oude.

Required.

A TRANSLATOR thoroughly conversant with English and Oordoo. His duties will be to translate and to superintend the Persian Office, salary Rupees 100 per mensem. Apply to Deputy Commissioner, Gondah, in Oude.

Notice.

LOST OR DESTROYED during the mutiny at Futtehghur in 1857, a Government Promissory Note of the 4 per Cent. Loan, No. 9629 of 1832-33, dated 1st May 1832, for Sicca Rupees 4,500, originally standing in the name of (not known) and lastly endorsed to Juggernath Budreenath. The Note was held in custody in the Collector's Treasury on account of Security. Payment of Interest has been stopped and a Duplicate will be applied for.

W. D. WALKER,
Deputy Collector.

FURRUCKABAD TREASURY,
The 12th May 1859.

LOST.—Halves of two Bank of Bengal Notes, Nos. 18818 and 28606, for 10 Rupees each, the property of Gooroo Sahai, Benares.

Lost.

F.

HALF of a Bank of Bengal Note, No. 11129, for Company's Rupees 100, payment of which has been stopped at the Bank.

BHOBUN MOHUN DUTT,
Jorasanko New Bazar.

Notices issued by the Officiating Deputy Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 5437.

The 21st April 1859.—SEALED TENDERS will be received at the Calcutta General Post Office for the repairs of three Post Office Vans, nine Accelerators, and one Drag, for a period of five years, from the 6th June 1859.

2. The Tenders will be received up to Friday, the 20th May, and will be opened on that day, at noon, in presence of all parties concerned.

3. A Deposit in Cash of (100) one hundred Rupees is required with each Tender, subject to forfeiture, if the Tender be withdrawn.

4. Information relative to conditions will be given in writing on application to this Office.

No. 339.

The 18th May 1859.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Port Blair and Rangoon, for transmission per Steamer *Fire Queen*, will be closed at this Office, on Saturday, the 28th instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 253.

The 18th May 1859.—MAIL PACKETS for the Overland Mail, which leaves Bombay on the 5th proximo, will be closed at this Office, at 5 P. M., on the 25th instant, *vid* Marseilles only.

Letters and Papers for transmission *vid* Bombay will be received up to 6 P. M., on every day prior to the 25th idem.

Rates of Postage.

Under	¼	oz.	... Rs.	0 6	0
„	½	„	... „	0 8	0
„	¾	„	... „	0 14	0
„	1	„	... „	1 0	0

No. 259.

The 20th May 1859.—The public are hereby informed that the Government Bullock Train is now available for the dispatch of private goods to all the Bullock Train Stations between Calcutta and Lahore.

No. 243.

The 19th May 1859.—The Overland Mail, per Steamer *Candia*, will be closed on Friday, the 3rd proximo.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius and Australia can be sent by this opportunity.

	Weight.	*Vid* Marseilles.	*Vid* Southampton.
Postage.	under ¼ ounce	Rs. 0 6 0	Rs. 0 0 0
	„ ½ „	0 8 0	0 4 0
	„ ¾ „	0 14 0	0 0 0
	„ 1 „	1 0 0	0 8 0
	„ 2 „	2 0 0	1 0 0

No. 374.

The 21st May 1859.—NOTICE is hereby given, that the Mails for Penang, Singapore and Hongkong for transmission per Steamer *James Hartley* will be closed at this Office, on Wednesday, the 25th instant at 6 P. M.

POSTAL NOTICE.

THE Public are hereby informed, that the Notice regarding the pre-payment of Letters posted in India for the United Kingdom, which was issued on the 1st of June 1858, and which is re-published below for general information, will be strictly acted upon from the 1st of August next.

W. GREY,
Offg. Director-General of the Post Office in India.

CALCUTTA,
May 9th, 1859.

Postal Notice of the 1st June 1858.

From the 1st of September next, the present system of *optional* pre-payment of Letters sent from India to the United Kingdom will be abolished, and from that date the pre-payment of Postage on Letters

posted in any part of India for the United Kingdom, whether marked *vid* Southampton or *vid* Marseilles will be *compulsory*. The rates of Postage are as under :—

	Not exceeding ½ oz.	Above ½ oz. and not exceeding ¼ oz.	Above ¼ oz. and not exceeding ¾ oz.	Above ¾ oz. and not exceeding 1 oz.	Above 1 oz. and not exceeding 1¼ oz.	Above 1¼ oz. and not exceeding 1½ oz.	Above 1½ oz. and not exceeding 1¾ oz.	Above 1¾ oz. and not exceeding 2 ozs.	
	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	
Southampton ...	0-4	0-4	0-8	0-8	1-0	1-0	1-0	1-0	And so on, adding 8 annas for every additional ounce or fraction of an ounce.
Marseilles ...	0-6	0-8	0-14	1-0	1-10	1-12	1-14	2-0	And so on, adding 8 annas for every additional ounce or fraction of an ounce in addition to 2 annas (French Postage) for every additional quarter of an ounce, or part of a quarter.

All Letters posted on or after the 1st of September, upon which at least a single rate of Postage has not been paid, will be returned to the Senders. But in order to obviate the inconvenience which would be caused to the Public by detaining and returning to the Senders Letters which, *through inadvertence*, may be posted without the full amount of Postage being paid upon them, Letters insufficiently prepaid but on which at least a single rate of Postage has been paid, will be forwarded, charged with the deficiency of Postage and a fine of six pence or four annas.

Pre-payment must be made, as now, by Stamps.

(Signed) W. GREY,
Offg. Director-General of the Post Office.

POSTAL NOTICE.

As REMITTANCES of Cash and Bullion are yet made, under the cover of bales of Cloth, by the Bullock Train, the Public are again reminded that no compensation is given for any loss under such circumstances, and as the practice endangers all property in transit by the Train, the Public are requested not to have recourse to it.

G. PATON,
Post Master-General, N. W. P.

PESHAWUR,
Post Master-Genl's. Office,
N. W. P.,
The 7th May 1859.

Printed and Published or the Government, by THOMAS JONES, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

No. 43.] [1339]

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, MAY 28, 1859.

Legislative Council of India.

THE 21ST MAY 1859.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 17th May 1859, and is hereby promulgated for general information:—

ACT No. XV OF 1859.

An Act for granting exclusive privileges to Inventors.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Act VI of 1856, entitled "An Act for granting exclusive privileges to Inventors," was passed by the Legislative Council of India without the sanction of Her Majesty to the passing thereof having been previously obtained and signified in pursuance of the Statute passed in the seventeenth year of the reign of Her Majesty, entitled "An Act to provide for the Government of India:" and whereas Her Majesty's Law Officers having given it as their opinion that the Legislative Council of India was not competent to pass Act VI of 1856 without previously obtaining the sanction of the Crown, and the Court of Directors of the East India Company having in pursuance of the power vested in them by law disallowed Act VI of 1856 and having signified to the Governor General of India in Council their disallowance thereof, the said Act was repealed by Act IX of 1857; and whereas it is expedient, for the encouragement of Inventors of new manufactures, that certain exclusive privileges in their inventions should be granted to them in India, and that exclusive privileges obtained under the said Act should be protected: It is enacted as follows (The sanction of Her Majesty to the passing of this Act having been previously obtained and signified in pursuance of the said Statute):—

Inventor may petition for leave to file specification.

I. The inventor of any new manufacture may petition the Governor General of India in Council for leave to file a specification thereof. Every such petition shall be in writing in the form or to the effect mentioned in the Schedule hereunto annexed, and shall be signed by the petitioner, or, in case the petitioner shall be absent from India, by an authorized agent, and shall state the name, addition, and place of residence of the petitioner, and the nature of the invention.

Form &c. of petition.

Order to file specification.

II. Upon such petition, the Governor General of India in Council may make an order authorizing the petitioner to file a specification of the invention.

Power to refer petition for enquiry and report.

III. Before making such order, the Governor General of India in Council may refer the petition to any person or persons for enquiry and report, and such person or persons shall be entitled to a reasonable fee for such enquiry and report to be paid by the petitioner: the amount of such fee, in case of dispute, to be settled by a Judge of one of Her Majesty's Courts of Judicature in a summary manner.

Petitioner entitled to exclusive privilege for 14 years from the time of filing specification.

IV. If, within the space of six calendar months from the date of such order, the petitioner cause a specification of his invention to be filed in manner hereinafter mentioned, the petitioner, his executors, administrators, or assigns, shall be entitled to the sole and exclusive privilege of making, selling, and using the said invention in India, and of authorizing others so to do, for the term of fourteen years from the time of filing such specification, and for such further term (if any), not exceeding fourteen years from the expiration of the first fourteen years, as the Governor General of India in Council may think fit to direct, upon petition to be presented by such inventor, at any period not more than one year, and not less than six calendar months, before the expiration of the exclusive privilege hereby granted.

Extension of term of exclusive privilege.

Order to file specification may be made subject to conditions.

V. An order authorizing the filing of a specification, or for extending the term of such exclusive privilege as aforesaid, may be made subject to any such conditions and restrictions as the Governor General of India in Council may think expedient.

Specification to be in writing and to describe the invention.

VI. Every specification of an invention filed under this Act shall be in writing, and shall be signed by the petitioner, and shall particularly describe and ascertain the nature of the said invention and in what manner the same is to be performed.

Petition and specification to be left with Secretary to Government.

VII. Every petition for leave to file a specification and every specification filed under this Act shall be left with the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, and every petition and specification shall be accompanied by a declaration in writing signed by the petitioner in the forms or to the effect mentioned in the Schedule hereunto annexed, and if the inventor be absent from India, the petition and specification shall also be accompanied by a declaration signed by the agent who shall present or file the same, to the effect that he verily believes that the declaration purporting to be the declaration of the inventor was signed by him, and that the contents thereof are true, which declaration shall be in the form or to the effect mentioned in the said Schedule. The date of the delivery of every such petition and specification shall be endorsed on the same respectively, and shall also be recorded at the Office of the said Secretary.

Petition &c. to be accompanied by declaration.

Date of delivery to be endorsed on petition.

False statement in declaration punishable as perjury.

VIII. If any person, who shall make a declaration under this Act, shall wilfully and corruptly make any false statement therein, he shall be deemed guilty of perjury, and shall be proceeded against, and upon conviction punished accordingly.

Specification not to be filed before payment of fees.

IX. No specification shall be filed until the petitioner shall have paid all fees payable under this Act, including the fees (if any) of the person or persons to whom the petition shall have been referred for enquiry and report.

Copies of specification to be delivered and distributed.

X. At the time of delivering the specification for the purpose of being filed, the petitioner shall cause to be delivered to the said Secretary five copies thereof, of which

One shall be sent to and filed by one of the Secretaries to the Government of Bengal;

One shall be sent to and filed by one of the Secretaries to the Government of Fort St. George;

One shall be sent to and filed by one of the Secretaries to the Government of Bombay; and

One shall be sent to and filed by one of the Secretaries to the Government of the North-Western Provinces.

To be open to inspection.

A copy of such specification shall be open at all reasonable times at the Office of each of the said Secretaries to public inspection upon payment of a fee of one Rupee.

Book for the registry of petitions, specifications, &c.

XI. A book shall be kept in the Office of the said Secretary to the Government of India wherein shall be entered and recorded every such petition and specification and every order made upon such petition or relating to the invention therein mentioned. Every specification shall be numbered according to the order in which it is entered in such book; and a reference shall be made in such book, in the margin of the entry of each specification, to every order relating to the invention, and to every petition, memorandum, or amended specification which shall be filed under the provisions of Section XIV.

Inspection of registry book.

XII. Such book, or a copy thereof, shall be open at all convenient times for the inspection of any person upon payment of a fee of one Rupee; and the said Secretary shall cause a copy of any entry therein, certified under his hand, to be given to any person requiring the same, on payment of the expense of copying.

Certified copy of entry to be given.

Certified copy to be *primâ facie* evidence.

XIII. Every such certified copy shall be *primâ facie* evidence of the document of which it purports to be a copy.

In what cases petitioner may apply for leave to file amended specification.

XIV. If, after the filing of the specification, the petitioner shall have reason to believe that through mistake or inadvertence he has erroneously made any mis-statement in his petition or specification, or included therein something which at the date of his petition was not new or whereof he was not the inventor, or that such specification is in any particular defective or insufficient, he may petition the Governor General in Council for leave to file a memorandum pointing out such error, defect, or insufficiency, and disclaiming any part of the alleged invention, or, in case of any defect or insufficiency of the specification, for leave to file an amended specification. The petition shall state how the error, defect, or insufficiency occurred and that it was not fraudulently intended, and shall be accompanied by a declaration in writing signed by the petitioner and if he be absent from India by his agent stating that the contents of such petition are true to the best of his knowledge and belief. Upon such petition the Governor General in Council may make an order allowing such memorandum or amended specification to be filed. All the provisions of Sections X, XI, XII, and XIII, applicable to specifications, shall be applicable to the petitions, orders, and memoranda or amended specifications referred to in this Section. An amended specification filed under the provisions of this Act shall, except as to suits or proceedings relating to the exclusive privilege which shall be pending at the time of the filing of such amended specification, have the same effect as if it had been the specification first filed, provided that nothing contained in an amended specification shall extend or enlarge any exclusive privilege before acquired.

Effect of amended specification.

No person entitled to exclusive privilege in any of the following cases—

XV. No person shall be entitled to any exclusive privilege under the provisions of this Act—

If invention of no utility, or

If the invention is of no utility, or

If invention not new, or

If the invention, at the time of presenting the petition for leave to file the specification, was not a new invention within the meaning of this Act, or

If petitioner is not inventor, or

If the petitioner is not the inventor thereof, or

If specification does not describe the invention.

If the specification filed or the amended specification (if any) does not particularly describe and ascertain the nature of the invention and in what manner the same is to be performed, or

If petition or specification contain wilful or fraudulent mis-statement.

If the original or any subsequent petition relating to the invention, or the original or any amended specification contain a wilful or fraudulent mis-statement.

Exclusive privilege to cease if Government declare it mischievous &c. to public.

XVI. Every exclusive privilege under this Act shall cease if the Governor General of India in Council shall declare that the same, or the mode in which it is exercised, is mischievous to the State, or generally prejudicial to the public; or if a breach of any special condition on which the petitioner shall be authorized to file a specification, or upon which the term of the exclusive privilege shall be extended, shall be proved to the satisfaction of any of Her Majesty's Courts of Judicature, and if the Governor General of India in Council shall thereupon declare that such exclusive privilege shall cease.

Or if Government, upon breach of condition proved, declare that it shall cease.

Importer of invention, if not the actual inventor, not to be deemed inventor.

XVII. The importer into India of a new invention shall not be deemed an inventor within the meaning of this Act, unless he be the actual inventor.

Foreign inventor.

XVIII. A foreigner, whether resident abroad or not, may petition for leave to file a specification under this Act.

An invention not publicly used or known in the United Kingdom or in India before the application for leave to file his specification, to be deemed a new invention within this Act.

XIX. An invention shall be deemed a new invention within the meaning of this Act, if it shall not, before the time of applying for leave to file the specification, have been publicly used in India or in any part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or been made publicly known in any part of India or of the United Kingdom by means of a publication, either printed or written or partly printed and partly written. The public use or knowledge of an invention, prior to the application for leave to file a specification, shall not be deemed a public use or knowledge within the meaning of this Section, if the knowledge shall have been obtained surreptitiously or in fraud of the inventor, or shall have been communicated to the public in fraud of the inventor or in breach of confidence: provided the inventor shall, within six calendar months after the commencement of such public use, apply for leave to file his specification, and shall not previously have acquiesced in such public use; provided also that the use of an invention in public by the inventor thereof, or by his servants or agents, or by any other person by his license in writing, for a period not exceeding one year prior to the date of his petition, shall not be deemed a public use thereof within the meaning of this Act.

Knowledge of invention fraudulently acquired.

Proviso.

Public use by inventor.

Inventor having obtained English Letters Patent, to petition within 12 months from the passing of this Act or from the date of the Letters Patent.

XX. If an inventor who prior to the time of applying for leave to file a specification of an invention under this Act, shall have obtained Her Majesty's Letters Patent for the exclusive use of such invention in the United Kingdom or any part thereof shall, within twelve calendar months from the passing of this Act, or within twelve calendar months from the date of such Letters Patent, petition the Governor General of India in Council for leave to file a specification of such invention (which petition shall be in writing in the form or to the effect mentioned in the Schedule), the invention shall be deemed a new invention within the meaning of this Act, if it was not publicly known or used in India at or before the date of the petition for such Letters Patent, notwithstanding it may have been publicly known or used in some part of the United Kingdom or in India before the time of his petitioning, under this Act, for leave to file the specification; Provided the petition for leave file the specification shall state that such Letters Patent have been granted, and shall also state the date thereof and the term during which the same are to continue in force. Provided also that an exclusive privilege, obtained under the provisions of this Act by an inventor who has obtained Her Majesty's Letters Patent for the exclusive use of such invention, shall cease to have effect, if such Letters Patent be revoked or cancelled; and that no such exclusive privilege shall extend beyond the term granted by such Letters Patent unless the same shall be renewed, in which case the exclusive privilege may be renewed under this Act for the extended term or any part thereof.

Invention if not publicly known or used in India at the time of applying for such Letters Patent, to be deemed new.

What to be stated in such petition.

Duration of exclusive privilege.

Saving of rights of persons who used invention before 7th of July 1855.

XXI. No exclusive privilege obtained under this Act shall entitle the owner of such privilege to exclude any person from using the invention, who, prior to the 7th day of July 1855, used the same in India.

Action for infringement.

XXII. An action may be maintained by an inventor against any person who, during the continuance of any exclusive privilege granted by this Act, shall, without the license of the said Inventor, make, use, sell, or put in practice the said invention, or who shall counterfeit or imitate the same. Provided that no such action shall be maintained in any Court other than the principal Court of original jurisdiction in Civil cases within

the local limits of whose jurisdiction the cause of action shall accrue or the defendant shall reside as a fixed inhabitant.

Defect in specification or petition, or want of novelty in invention &c., no defence to action for infringement.

XXIII. No such action shall be defended upon the ground of any defect or insufficiency of the specification of the invention, nor upon the ground that the original or any subsequent petition relating to the invention, or the original or any amended specification contains a wilful or fraudulent mis-statement, nor upon the ground that the invention is not useful; nor shall any such action be defended upon the ground that the plaintiff was not the inventor, unless the defendant shall show that he is the actual inventor or has obtained a right from him to use the invention either wholly or in part. Any such action may be defended upon the ground that the invention was not new, if the person making the defence, or some person through whom he claims, shall, before the date of the petition for leave to file the specification, have publicly or actually used in India or in some part of the United Kingdom, the invention, or that part of it of which the infringement shall be proved; but not otherwise.

The actual use of an invention in India or the United Kingdom before date of petition, a defence to such action.

Application to Supreme Courts to declare exclusive privilege not to have been acquired on following grounds—

XXIV. It shall be lawful for any person to apply by motion to any of Her Majesty's Courts of Judicature for a rule to show cause why the Court should not declare that an exclusive privilege in respect of an invention has not been acquired under the provisions of this Act by reason of all or any of the objections following (to be specified in the rule), that is to say—

Invention of no utility.

That the said invention is of no utility, or

Invention not new.

That the said invention was not, at the time of presenting the petition for leave to file the specification a new invention within the meaning of this Act, or

Petitioner not the inventor.

That the petitioner was not the inventor thereof, or

Invention not described in specification.

That the specification filed or the amended specification (if any) does not particularly describe and ascertain the nature of the invention or in what manner the same is to be performed, or

Fraud in petition or specification.

That the petitioner has knowingly or fraudulently included in the petition or specification or amended specification, as part of his invention, something which was not new or whereof he was not the inventor, or

Fraudulent mis-statement in petition or specification.

That the original or any subsequent petition relating to the invention or the original or any amended specification contains a wilful or fraudulent mis-statement, or

Insufficient description of part of invention in specification.

That some part of the invention, or the manner in which that part is to be performed as described in the specification filed or the amended specification, is not thereby sufficiently described and ascertained, and that such defect or insufficiency was fraudulent and is injurious to the public.

Like application as to part of an invention.

XXV. Any person may, in like manner, apply to any of Her Majesty's Courts of Judicature for a rule to show cause why the Court should not declare that an exclusive privilege has not been acquired under the provisions of this Act in respect of any part of the invention to be specified in the rule by reason of all or any of the objections following (to be specified in the rule) that is to say—

That such part of the invention is wholly distinct from the other part thereof and is of no utility, or

That such part of the invention was not, at the date of the petition for leave to file the specification, a new invention within the meaning of this Act, or

That the petitioner was not the inventor of that part of the invention, or

That that part of the invention, and the manner in which it is to be performed, is not sufficiently described and ascertained in the specification filed or the amended specification, and that such defect or insufficiency is injurious to the public.

Application by Advocate General on breach of special condition.

XXVI. It shall be lawful for the Advocate General at any of the Presidencies of Fort William in Bengal, Fort St. George, and Bombay, or any other person, by order of the Governor General in Council, to apply to any of the said Courts of Judicature for a rule calling upon the petitioner, his executors, administrators, or assigns, to show cause why the question of the breach of any special condition upon which the leave to file a specification has been granted, or any other question of fact on which the revocation of the exclusive privilege by the Governor General in Council under the power hereinbefore reserved may, in the judgment of the said Governor General in Council, depend, should not be tried in the form of an issue directed by the said Court; and if the rule be made absolute, the Court, unless the breach or other matter of fact be admitted, may thereupon direct such issue to be tried, and certify the result of such trial to the Governor General in Council. The costs of such trial, and also the costs of any proceedings in any of the said Courts of Judicature under the provisions of this Act, shall be in the discretion of the Court.

Service of proceedings on all persons interested.

XXVII. Notice of any rule obtained or proceeding taken under either of the last three preceding Sections shall be served on all persons appearing to be proprietors or to have shares or interests in the exclusive privilege under the provisions of Section XXXV of this Act, and it shall not be necessary to serve such notice on any other persons.

Supreme Court may direct issue for trial to other Courts.

XXVIII. Any of the said Courts of Judicature, if it think fit, may direct an issue for the trial, before the same Court or any other Court of Judicature, or any principal Court of original jurisdiction in Civil cases, of any question of fact arising upon an application under Sections XXIV, XXV, or XXVI of this Act, and such issue shall be tried accordingly in a summary manner, and, if the issue be directed to another Court, the finding shall be certified by the Court

before which the same was tried, to the Court directing the issue. If the issue be directed to any Court of Judicature, the Court by which the issue is tried may, before the finding is certified, direct a new trial of such issue according to the usual course and practice of such Court. If the issue be directed to any Court other than a Court of Judicature, the finding shall not be subject to appeal, but the evidence taken upon the trial shall be recorded, and a copy thereof, certified by the Judge, shall be transmitted, together with any remarks he may think fit to make thereon, to the Court by which the issue was directed; and such Court may either act upon the decision of the Court which tried the issue, or direct a new trial if it shall appear necessary.

New trial.

XXIX. If it shall appear to any of the said Courts of Judicature at the hearing of any application under the provisions of Sections XXIV or XXV of this Act that, by reason of any of the objections therein mentioned, the said exclusive privilege in the invention or in any part thereof has not been acquired, the Court shall give judgment accordingly, and shall make such order as to the costs of and consequent upon the application as it may think just; and thereupon the petitioner, his executors, administrators, and assigns shall, so long as the judgment continues in force, cease to be entitled to such exclusive privilege.

Judgment.

Costs.

XXX. If the Court, at the hearing of any such application as last aforesaid, shall think that the petitioner has, in the description of his invention in the petition or specification or amended specification (if any), included something which at the date of the petition was not new or whereof he was not the inventor, or that the specification is in any particular defective or insufficient, but that the error, defect, or insufficiency was not fraudulently intended, the Court may adjudge the said exclusive privilege to have been acquired and to be valid, save as to the part thereof affected by such error, defect, or insufficiency, or if the Court shall think that the error, defect, or insufficiency can be amended without injury to the public, they may adjudge the exclusive privilege in the whole invention to be valid, and may, upon such terms as shall appear reasonable, order the specification to be amended in any of the said particulars; and thereupon the petitioner, his executors, administrators, or assigns shall, within the time limited by the said Court for the purpose, file a specification amended according to such order. Provided that no such amended specification shall have the effect of extending or enlarging the exclusive privilege before acquired.

Amendment of specification by Court.

Proviso.

XXXI. An exclusive privilege shall not be defeated upon the ground that the petition contains a mis-statement, unless such mis-statement was wilful or fraudulent.

Mis-statement in the petition, if not fraudulent, not to defeat the privilege.

XXXII. Whenever it shall be adjudged by any of the said Courts of Judicature that an exclusive privilege as to the whole or any part of an invention has not been acquired, the said Secretary to the Government of India shall, upon the production of the judgment or order, cause an entry thereof to be made in the said book hereinbefore directed to be kept, and shall cause a reference to such entry to be made in the margin of the entry of the specification contained in such book.

Entry in registry book of judgment &c. declaring privilege not to have been acquired.

XXXIII. If, upon proceedings instituted within two years from the date of a petition to file a specification, the actual inventor shall prove to the satisfaction of the principal Court having jurisdiction in Civil cases within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the defendant shall reside as a fixed inhabitant, that the petitioner was not the actual inventor, and that at the time of the petition he knew or had good reason to believe that the knowledge of the invention was obtained by himself or by some other person surreptitiously or in fraud of the actual inventor, or by means of a communication made in confidence by the actual inventor to him or to any person through whom he derived such knowledge, the Court may compel the petitioner to assign to the actual inventor any exclusive privilege obtained under this Act and to account for and pay over the profits thereof.

In what case actual inventor entitled to assignment of an exclusive privilege fraudulently obtained.

XXXIV. In any action for the infringement of such exclusive privilege, the plaintiff shall deliver with his plaint particulars of the breaches complained of in the said action; and the defendant shall deliver a written statement of the particulars of the grounds (if any) upon which he means to contend that the plaintiff is not entitled to an exclusive privilege in the invention. In like manner, upon any application to any of the said Courts of Judicature under Sections XXIV, XXV, or XXVI of this Act, the applicant shall deliver particulars of the objections on which he means to rely. At the trial of any such action or issue, no evidence shall be allowed to be given in support of any alleged infringement or of any objection impeaching the validity of such exclusive privilege which shall not be contained in the particulars delivered as aforesaid. If it be alleged that the invention was publicly known or used prior to the date of the petition for leave to file such specification, the places where and the manner in which the invention was so publicly known or used shall be stated in such particulars. Provided always that it shall be lawful for any Court in which the action or proceeding is pending, or in which the issue is tried, to allow the plaintiff or defendant respectively to amend the particulars delivered as aforesaid upon such terms as shall seem fit.

Particulars to be delivered.

XXXV. A book shall be kept in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department (such book to be open to inspection without fee) wherein every person filing a specification under this Act, or any person to whom the exclusive privilege may be assigned, shall cause to be stated some place in India where service of any rule or proceedings for the purpose of cancelling or revoking his exclusive privilege may be made, and shall cause a reference to such entry to be made in the margin of the entry of the specification, and may from time to time cause any other place in India to be substituted by a similar entry and reference. All such rules and proceedings as aforesaid shall be deemed sufficiently served if a copy thereof be left at the place entered in such book or (if any other place be substituted for the

Service of proceedings.

same by entry in the said book) at the place last substituted, by delivering the same to any person resident at, or in charge of, such place: or, if there be no person resident at, or in charge of such place, or if such place be not within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court, by causing such rule or proceeding to be sent by Post by a registered letter directed to such person at such place; and if any such person shall neglect to make or cause to be made such entry, then service of such rule or proceeding may be effected by affixing a copy thereof to some conspicuous part of the Court-house or in such other manner as the Court may direct.

Act VI of 1856 to have effect in respect of certain specifications filed and acts done.

XXXVI. Act VI of 1856 shall be of the same force and effect in respect to every petition and specification filed under the provisions thereof before the Act was repealed, and in regard to all proceedings consequent thereon or in relation thereto, and for the purpose of every thing done under that Act while it continued in force, as if previously to the passing of the said Act the sanction of Her Majesty to the passing thereof had been obtained and signified in pursuance of the Statute passed in the seventeenth year of the reign of Her Majesty, entitled "An Act to provide for the Government of India," and as if the said Act had not been repealed; and the term of every exclusive privilege obtained under the said Act is hereby extended and shall continue until the expiration of fourteen years from the time of the passing of this Act. No exclusive privilege obtained under the said Act by an importer not being the actual inventor shall cease to have effect by virtue of the provisions of Section XVI of the said Act if the invention be put in practice in India within the period of two years from the time of the passing of this Act.

Stamp on petition.

XXXVII. Every petition for leave to file a specification under the provisions of this Act, or for the extension of the term of an exclusive privilege, shall be written or printed on stamped paper of the value of one hundred Rupees.

Interpretation.

XXXVIII. In the construction of this Act, the following words and expressions shall have the meanings hereby assigned to them, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction.

Number.

Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number.

Gender.

Words importing the masculine gender shall include females.

"Invention."

The word "invention" shall include an improvement.

"Manufacture"

The word "manufacture" shall be deemed to include any art, process, or manner of producing, preparing or making an article, and also any article prepared or produced by manufacture.

"Printed."

The word "printed" shall include "lithographed."

"Inventor" and actual Inventor."

The words "inventor" and "actual inventor" shall include the executors, administrators, or assigns of an inventor or actual inventor as the case may be.

"Assigns."

The word "assigns" shall include grantees of the sole use or benefit in India of an invention, or of the sole use of an exclusive privilege for a limited time.

"India."

The word "India" shall mean the territories which are or may become vested in Her Majesty by the Statute 21 and 22 Vic. c. 106, entitled "an Act for the better Government of India."

"Governor General in Council."

The words "Governor General in Council" shall include the "President in Council."

"Secretary to the Government of India."

The words "Secretary to the Government of India" shall include any Under Secretary to the said Government.

"Her Majesty's Courts of Judicature." "Courts of Judicature."

The expressions "Her Majesty's Courts of Judicature" and "Courts of Judicature" shall mean the Courts established by Royal Charter.

SCHEDULE OF FORMS.

Form of Petition (*see Section* I.)

To the Governor General of India in Council.

The petition of (*here insert name, addition, and place of residence*) for leave to file a specification under Act No. XV of 1859.

Sheweth,

That your petitioner is in possession of an invention for (*state the title or the invention,*) which invention he believes will be of public utility; that he is the inventor thereof (*or, as the case may be, the assignee or the executor or administrator of the inventor*); and that the same is not publicly known or used in India or in any part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland to the best of his knowledge and belief.

The following is a description of the invention (*here describe it.*)

Your petitioner therefore prays for leave to file a specification of the said invention pursuant to the provisions of Act No. XV of 1859.

And your petitioner, &c.,

(Signed)

The day of

Form of Declaration to accompany Petition. (*see Section* VII.)

I (*here insert name, addition, and place of residence*) do solemnly and sincerely declare that I am in possession of an invention for (*state the title of the invention as in the petition*); that I believe the said invention will be of public utility; that I am the inventor thereof (*or, as the case may be, the assignee or executor or administrator of the inventor*); and that the same is not publicly known or used in India or in any part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland to the best of my knowledge and belief; and that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, my said invention is truly described in my petition for leave to file a specification thereof.

The day of

(Signed)

Form of Declaration to accompany Specification. (*see Section* VII.)

I (*here insert name, addition, and place of residence*) do solemnly and sincerely declare that

I am in possession of an invention for *(state the nature of the invention,)* which invention I believe will be of public utility; that I am the inventor thereof *(or, as the case may be, the assignee or executor or administrator of the inventor)* or) and that the same is not publicly known or used in India or in any part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland to the best of my knowledge and belief; and that, to the best of my belief, the instrument in writing under my hand hereunto annexed particularly describes and ascertains the nature of the said invention and in what manner the same is to be performed.

The day of

(Signed)

FORM OF DECLARATION BY AGENT WHEN AN INVENTOR IS ABSENT FROM INDIA.

(see Section VII.)

I of

do solemnly and sincerely declare that I have been appointed by the said his Agent for the purpose of ; and I verily believe that the declaration purporting to be the declaration of the said marked ( ) was signed by him, and that the contents thereof are true.

The day of

(Signed)———.

FORM OF PETITION—*(see Section XX.)*

That your petitioner *(or, as the case may be, that A. B. of whom your petitioner is the assignee or executor or administrator)* has obtained Her Majesty's Letters Patent dated the day of for *(state the title of the invention,)* and that such Letters Patent are to continue in force for years. That your petitioner believes that the said invention is not now and has not hitherto been publicly known or used in India.

The following is a description of the invention *(here describe it.)*

Your petitioner therefore prays for leave to file a specification of the said invention pursuant to the provisions of Act No. XV. of 1859.

And your petitioner, &c.

(Signed)

The day of

W. MORGAN,

Clerk of the Council.

THE 14TH MAY 1859.

The following Bill was read a first and second time in the Legislative Council on the 14th May 1859, and was referred to Select Committee who are to report thereon within six weeks:—

A Bill to repeal certain Regulations and Acts relating to the Procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature not established by Royal Charter.

Preamble.

WHEREAS by Act VIII of 1859, a Code of Procedure is provided for the Courts of Civil Judicature not established by Royal Charter; and whereas it is enacted by Section 387 of the said Act that the Act shall come into operation in the Presidency of Bengal from the 1st day of July 1859, and in the Presidencies of Madras and Bombay from the 1st day of January 1860, or from such earlier day as the Local Government in those Presidencies respectively shall fix and shall publicly notify in the Gazette of the Presidency three months at least before the date so fixed, and it is also enacted by Section 385 of the said Act that the Act shall not take effect in any part of the territories not subject to the general Regulations of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, until the same shall be extended thereto by the Governor General of India in Council, or by the Local Government to which such territory is subordinate, and notified in the Gazette: and whereas it is expedient to repeal in the manner hereinafter provided certain Regulations and Acts and parts of Regulations and Acts relating to the Procedure of the said Courts; it is enacted as follows:—

Repeal of Laws.

I. Except so far as they repeal the whole or any part of any other Regulation or Act, the several Regulations and Acts and parts of Regulations and Acts set forth in the Schedule hereto, are and shall be hereby and in the manner and from the several times hereinafter mentioned repealed to the extent to which they are in the said Schedule expressed to be repealed, that is to say—

So far as they relate to the Presidency of Bengal, from the 1st day of July 1859.

So far as they relate to the Presidencies of Madras and Bombay from the 1st day of January 1860, or from such earlier day as the Local Government in those Presidencies respectively shall fix and shall publicly notify in the Gazette pursuant to the provisions of the said Section 387.

And so far as they relate to any part of the territories not subject to the general Regulations of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, from the time when the said Act shall be extended thereto by the Governor General of India in Council, or by the Local Government to which such territory is subordinate, and notified in the Gazette.

SCHEDULE OF REGULATIONS AND ACTS REPEALED.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Act V of 1836 ...		The whole Act.
Act III of 1837 ...		The whole Act.
Act XXV of 1837 ...		Sections III and IX.
Act XXXV of 1837 ...		The whole Act.
Act VII of 1838 ...		The whole Act.
Act XVII of 1838 ...		The whole Act.
Act XXII of 1838 ...		The whole Act.
Act XXVII of 1838 ...		The whole Act.
Act IX of 1839 ...		The whole Act.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Act XIX of 1840 ...	An Act for amending the Procedure in cases of Appeals made *in formâ pauperis*, within the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.	The whole Act.
Act VII of 1841 ...	An Act for a more uniform and an improved process for taking the examination of absent witnesses.	The whole Act.
Act XVII of 1841 ...	An Act for amending the proceedings in appeals before the Courts of Sudder Dewanny and Nizamut Adawlut in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.	Section II so far as it relates to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut.
Act XXIX of 1841 ...	An Act for amending such parts of the Bengal and Madras Codes as concern the dismissal of suits and appeals for neglecting to proceed in the same.	The whole Act.
Act II of 1843 ...	An Act to regulate the sittings of the Courts of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut.	The whole Act.
Act III of 1843 ...	An Act for amending the rules of Special Appeals.	The whole Act.
Act VI of 1843 ...	An Act for amending the Law concerning the jurisdiction and procedure of the Courts of Ameens and Moonsiffs.	The whole Act.
Act VII of 1843 ...	An Act for abolishing the Provincial Courts of Appeal and Circuit in the Presidency of Fort St. George and for establishing new Zillah Courts to perform their functions; for establishing Courts constituted according to Regulations I and II, and Regulations VII and VIII of 1827, in place of the existing Civil and Criminal Zillah Courts, and for extending the Civil jurisdiction of such Courts.	Sections X, XI, XIV, Clause 1st of Section XVII, Sections XVIII, XIX, and XXV.
Act XII of 1843 ...	An Act concerning the time at which and the language in which the decisions of the Judges in the Courts of the East India Company are to be written.	The whole Act.
Act IX of 1844 ..	An Act for authorizing the institution of suits in the Courts of Principal Sudder Ameens and Sudder Ameens.	The whole Act, except Section III.
Act III of 1845 ...	An Act vesting Courts of Appeal with the discretion to require or dispense with security for costs from the appellant.	The whole Act.
Act VIII of 1845 ...	An Act for amending Section LXXV, and Chapter XVII of Regulation IV. 1827 of the Bombay Code.	The whole Act.
Act XV of 1845 ...	An Act for declaring and enacting the privileges of Native Officers and Soldiers of the Armies of the three Presidencies in respect of Judicial and Revenue Proceedings.	Sections I, II, III, IV, and V.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Act XVI of 1845 ...	An Act for regulating the re-admission of Appeals after dismissal under Act XXIX of 1841.	The whole Act.
Act XVII of 1845 ...	An Act for the better enforcement of the attendance of witnesses in the Courts of the Moonsiffs, within the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.	The whole Act.
Act IV of 1846 ...	An Act for amending the Law regarding the sale of land in execution of decrees in the territories subject to the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.	The whole Act.
Act XVII of 1847 ...	An Act for remedying a defect in the Law regarding undiscovered defaults in the prosecution of suits.	The whole Act.
Act III of 1850 ...	An Act for amending the Law concerning the jurisdiction of the Courts of Sudder Ameens and District Moonsiffs in the Presidency of Fort St. George.	The whole Act.
Act IV of 1850 ...	An Act for the amendment of Procedure in cases of Appeal to the Sudder Court.	The whole Act.
Act VIII of 1850 ...	An Act to amend the Law for enabling Zillah and City Judges and Principal Sudder Ameens, in certain cases of appeal, to confirm the decision without summoning the respondent.	The whole Act.
Act XV of 1850 ...	An Act to extend the operation of Sections X and XII Regulation XXVI. 1814 of the Bengal Code.	The whole Act.
Act XXV of 1850 ...	An Act for the forfeiture to Government of deposits made on incomplete sales of land under Regulation VIII. 1819 and Act IV of 1846.	The whole Act so far as it relates to forfeited deposits of sales of land or any interest in land in execution of decrees.
Act XXX of 1850 ...	An Act to remove doubts on the construction of Act I of 1846, and Act IV of 1850.	Sections II, III, and IV.
Act VII of 1851 ...	An Act to amend the Law of the Bombay Presidency relating to execution of decrees.	The whole Act.
Act XXV of 1852 ...	An Act for the execution of decrees made in appeal by Her Majesty in Council, or by the Courts of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut and of the Zillah and City Judges in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.	The whole Act, except so far as it relates to the execution of decrees made in appeal by Her Majesty in Council.
Act XXVI of 1852 ...	An Act to amend the mode of Procedure in the Courts of the Sudder Ameens and Moonsiffs in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, and to extend the powers of Principal Sudder Ameens in appeals referred to them.	The whole Act.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Act XXXIII of 1852 ...	An Act to facilitate the enforcement of judgments in places beyond the jurisdiction of the Courts pronouncing the same.	The whole Act, except so far as it relates to the enforcement of judgments by any Court established by Royal Charter, and also except so far as it relates to the enforcement of decrees of Military Courts of Requests.
Act XV of 1853 ...	An Act for the amendment of Procedure in cases of regular appeal to the Sudder Courts in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.	The whole Act.
Act XVI of 1853 ...	An Act for amending the Law of Special Appeals.	The whole Act.
Act XIX of 1853 ...	An Act to amend the Law of evidence in the Civil Courts of the East India Company in the Bengal Presidency.	The whole Act so far as it is applicable to any suit or other proceeding instituted under Act VIII of 1859, except Sections XIX and XXVI of Act XIX of 1853.
Act XXXIII of 1854 ...	An Act to extend the provisions of Act No. XII of 1843.	So much of the Act as is applicable to any suit or other proceeding instituted under Act VIII of 1859.
Act IX of 1855 ...	An Act for the amendment of Procedure in cases of regular appeal to the Sudder Court in the Presidency of Fort St. George.	The whole Act.
Act X of 1855 ...	An Act to amend the Law relating to the attendance and examination of witnesses in the Civil Courts of the East India Company in the Presidencies of Fort St. George and Bombay, and to amend the provisions of Section XL Act XIX of 1853.	The whole Act, except Sections IX and X.
Act XXXIV of 1855 ...	An Act to explain and amend Act No. XXXIII of 1852.	The whole Act, except so far as it relates to the enforcement of judgment by any Court established by Royal Charter.
Act XII of 1856 ...	An Act to amend the law respecting the employment of Ameens by the Civil Courts in the Presidency of Fort William.	Sections VI and VII.
	BENGAL.	
Regulation III. 1793 ...	A Regulation for extending and defining the jurisdiction of the Courts of Dewanny Adawlut, or Courts of Judicature for the trial of Civil suits in the first instance, established in the several Zillahs and in the Cities of Patna, Dacca, and Moorshedabad.	Sections VII, VIII, IX, X, XI, XII, XIII, XV, XVI, XVIII, XIX, and XX.
„ IV. 1793 ...	A Regulation for receiving, trying, and deciding suits or complaints declared cognizable in the Courts of Dewanny Adawlut established in the several Zillahs, and in the Cities of Patna, Dacca, and Moorshedabad.	Sections I, II, III, IV, V, VI except so much as relates to the administering oaths to parties and witnesses, VII, VIII, X, XI, XII, XIII, XVI, XVIII, XIX, and XXVI.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation V. 1793 ...	A Regulation for establishing four Provincial Courts of Appeal for hearing appeals from decisions passed in the several Zillah and the three City Courts, and defining their powers and duties, and prescribing rules for receiving and deciding upon appeals and other causes of which they are declared to have cognizance.	The whole Regulation.
„ VI. 1793 ...	A Regulation for extending and defining the powers and duties of the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut, and prescribing rules for receiving and deciding upon appeals from the decisions of the Provincial Courts of Appeal.	Sections IV, V, VI, VII, IX, X, XI, XII, XV and XVI, and XVII except so much as relates to the administering oaths, XVIII, XIX, XX, XXI, XXII, XXVIII, XXIX, and XXX.
„ XVI. 1793 ...	A Regulation for referring suits to arbitration and submitting certain cases to the decision of the Nazim.	The whole Regulation.
„ VII. 1795 ...	A Regulation for establishing a Court of Dewanny Adawlut, or Court of Judicature for trying Civil suits in the first instance at the City of Benares, and at Mirzapore, Ghazeepore, and Jaunpore, in the province of Benares, and for defining the jurisdiction and powers of those Courts.	Sections VII, IX, X, XI except so far as it extends Section XXI Regulation III. 1793, and Section XII.
„ VIII. 1795 ...	A Regulation for extending to the Province of Benares, with alterations and modifications, Regulation IV. 1793, entitled "A Regulation for receiving, trying, and deciding suits or complaints declared cognizable in the Courts of Dewanny Adawlut established in the several Zillahs, and in the Cities of Patna, Dacca, and Moorshedabad;" and for exempting the Rajah of Benares and the Baboos of his family, and certain Bankers, when defendants, from giving the security required from other defendants.	Section II in so far as it extends the provisions of Regulation IV. 1793 which are repealed by this Act.
„ IX. 1795 ...	A Regulation for establishing a Provincial Court of Appeal in the Province of Benares, for hearing appeals from decisions passed in the City Court and the Zillah Courts in that Province, and defining its powers and decrees, and prescribing rules for receiving and deciding upon appeals, and other causes of which it is declared to have cognizance.	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation X. 1795 ...	A Regulation for empowering the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut to receive and decide upon appeals from decisions of the Provincial Court of Appeal established in the Province of Benares, and for defining the jurisdiction, powers, and authorities of the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut in that Province.	Section II in so far as it extends the provision of Regulation VI. 1793 which are repealed by this Act, and Section III.
„ XV. 1795 ...	A Regulation for extending to the Province of Benares Regulation XVI. 1793, entitled "A Regulation for referring suits to arbitration and submitting certain cases to decision of the Nazim," with the exception of Section X, and for referring certain cases to the decision of the Rajah of Benares.	Section II.
„ XXXVI. 1795 ..	A Regulation for repealing Section VII Regulation VIII. 1794, and empowering the Judges of the Zillah and City Courts to hear appeals from decisions which may be passed by their Registers under that Regulation, and rendering final the decisions of the Judges in all such appeals where the suit may be for money or personal property, for making final the decrees of the Judges of the Zillah and City Courts, in appeals from decisions passed by the Native Commissioners appointed under Regulation XL. 1793, for rendering Surburakars or managers of joint undivided estates eligible to the office of Commissioner for hearing and deciding suits under Regulation XL. 1793, for providing against the loss or miscarriage of the proceedings in trials referred by the Judges of Circuit to the Nizamut Adawlut, or the sentences or orders of that Court on such trials; and for establishing another Court of Dewanny Adawlut in the Districts now comprised in the Zillah of Burdwan.	Sections II, III, and IV.
„ LIV. 1795 ...	A Regulation for extending to the Province of Benares the rules contained in certain Sections of Regulations VIII. 1794, and XXXVI. 1795 with modifications.	The whole Regulation.
„ XIII. 1796 ...	A Regulation for repealing such parts of Regulations V and VI. 1793, as authorize the execu-	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation XIII. 1796 *(Continued)*	tion of decrees passed by the Zillah and City Courts in the Provinces of Bengal, Behar, Orissa, and Benares, although appealed from to the Provincial Courts, and of decrees passed by the Provincial Courts appealed from to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut.	
„ XII. 1797 ...	A Regulation for the further limitation of appeals to the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut in suits for personal property; and for altering and explaining part of the existing rules for appeals to that Court and to the Provincial Courts of Appeal.	The whole Regulation.
„ XIX. 1797 ...	A Regulation for empowering the Provincial Courts of Appeal to require the Zillah and City Courts to furnish translations of the proceedings held therein in causes appealed to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut, and for providing for the translation of the papers and proceedings in such causes when the same cannot be made in due time by the Registers and Assistants to the respective Courts.	The whole Regulation.
„ II. 1798 ...	A Regulation for authorizing a review of causes decided by the Civil Courts in certain cases; and for explaining parts of Regulations IV, V, and VI. 1793.	Sections V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, and X.
„ V. 1798 ...	A Regulation for the further limitation of appeals to the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut; for providing further security during appeals in certain cases; and for explaining and amending certain parts of the existing Regulations relative to the fee payable to Government on the institution of suits in the Civil Courts, and the fees of the Pleaders in those Courts; also for discontinuing the records of decided causes, required by Section X and XIV of Regulation XVIII. 1793.	The whole Regulation.
„ III. 1800 ...	A Regulation for authorizing the Zillah Judges to refer to the Registers of their Courts appeals from certain decisions of the Native Commissioners appointed under Regulation XL 1793.	The whole Regulation.
„ III. 1802 ...	A Regulation for defining the security to be required from defendants in Civil causes, and for amending part of the existing rules concerning the trial of Civil suits preferred by paupers.	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation II. 1803 ...	A Regulation for establishing and defining the jurisdiction of the Courts of Adawlut, or Courts of Judicature, for the trial of Civil suits in the first instance, in the Provinces ceded by the Nabob Vizier to the Honorable the English East India Company.	Sections IV, V, VI, VII, IX, X, XV, XVI, and XX.
„ III. 1803 ...	A Regulation for receiving, trying, and deciding suits or complaints, declared cognizable in the Courts of Adawlut established in the several Zillahs in the Provinces ceded by the Nabob Vizier to the Honorable the English East India Company.	Sections II, III, IV, V, VI, and VII except so much of it as relates to the administering of oaths to parties and witnesses IX, X, XII, XIII, XIV, XV, XVII, XVIII, XIX, XX, XXVII, XXVIII, and XXIX.
„ IV. 1803 ...	A Regulation for establishing a Provincial Court of appeal for hearing appeals from decisions passed in the several Zillah Courts established in the Provinces ceded by the Nabob Vizier to the Honorable the English East India Company; and for defining the powers and duties of the said Court, and for prescribing rules for receiving and deciding upon appeals and other causes of which the Court is declared to have cognizance.	The whole Regulation.
„ V. 1803 ...	A Regulation for empowering the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut to try appeals from the decisions of the Provincial Court of Appeal established in the Provinces ceded by the Nabob Vizier to the Honorable the English East India Company, and for extending the jurisdiction of the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut over the said Provinces, and all the Civil Courts established therein.	Sections IV, V, VI, VII, X, XI, XII, XIV, XV, XVI, XVIII, XIX, XX, XXI, XXII, XXVIII, XXIX, and XXXVII.
„ XXI. 1803 ...	A Regulation for referring suits to arbitration, in the Provinces ceded by the Nabob Vizier to the Honorable the English East India Company.	The whole Regulation.
„ L. 1803 ...	A Regulation for extending, with modifications, to the Criminal Courts the rules prescribed in Regulation IV. 1793, for procuring the attendance of witnesses, and requiring oaths or solemn declarations from witnesses in the Civil Courts, and for explaining those rules in their application to particular forms of oath by the Courts, Civil and Criminal.	Clause 2 of Section II so far as it relates to the Civil Courts.
„ II. 1805 ...	A Regulation to explain the existing limitations of time for the cognizance of suits in the Civil Courts of Justice, to provide further limitations with respect to certain suits, regular	Sections VIII, IX, X, XI, XII, and XIV.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation II. 1805 *(Continued)*	and summary; and to make other provisions relative to the admission and trial of original suits, and of appeals.	
„ XIV. 1805 ...	A Regulation for the administration of justice in Civil cases in the Zillah of Cuttack.	Section XI so far as it applies to Civil Courts, except the Proviso.
„ XV. 1805 ...	A Regulation for the appointment of the Mahomedan and Hindoo Law Officers of the Zillah and City Courts to be Commissioners for the trial of referred causes to the amount or value of one hundred Sicca Rupees, and to make further provision for the appointment of head Native Commissioners in the several Zillahs and Cities.	The whole Regulation.
„ II. 1806 ...	A Regulation for explaining and amending in certain cases, the rules of process to be observed by the Civil Courts of Judicature.	The whole Regulation.
„ XII. 1806 ...	A Regulation for annexing the Pergunnahs of Soŋk Sonsa, and Sahar, situated on the right bank of the river Jumna, to the jurisdiction of the Zillah of Agra, and for extending to those Pergunnahs the Laws and Regulations established for the internal Government of the ceded and conquered Provinces.	So much of it as extends to the territories therein named the provisions of Regulation VIII. 1805 and the Regulation therein referred to which are repealed by this Act.
„ I. 1807 ...	A Regulation for defining the duties to be performed and powers exercised by single Judges of the Provincial Courts of Appeal in the absence of the other Judges of the Court.	The whole Regulation.
„ XIII. 1808 ...	A Regulation for rendering Civil causes, which are appealable to the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut, cognizable in the first instance by the Provincial Courts, and for authorizing the execution of decrees appealed from in certain cases.	The whole Regulation.
„ XIII. 1810 ...	A Regulation for expediting the trial and decision of causes depending in the Civil Courts and for promoting the amicable adjustment of Civil suits.	The whole Regulation.
„ IV. 1812 ...	A Regulation to enable the Governor General in Council to institute or defend through the medium of the Public Officers of Government actions in which Native Princes, whom it would be improper to require to appear as plaintiffs or defendants, in the Courts of Judicature, may be parties.	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation VI. 1813 ...	A Regulation for referring to arbitration suits and contests respecting land, and for amending the rules before established regarding forcible dispossession of land.	The whole Regulation.
„ II. 1814 ...	A Regulation for modifying the rules before established for the trial of suits proposed to be instituted against any of the Public Officers who have been declared amenable for acts connected with the discharge of their official duties to the jurisdiction of the Courts of Civil Judicature.	The whole Regulation.
„ XXIII. 1814 ...	A Regulation for reducing into one Regulation, with amendments and modifications, the several rules which have been passed regarding the Office of Moonsiffs or Native Commissioners and of Sudder Ameens or Head Commissioners, for modifying and extending their respective powers in the trial and decision of Civil suits, and for authorizing them to discharge certain additional duties under the direction of the Zillah and City Judges.	Clause 3 of Section XIII, Sections XIV, XVII, XVIII, XX, Clause 4 of Section XXV, XXVIII, XXX, Clause 3 of Section XXXI, XXXIII, XXXVI, XXXVIII, XXXIX, XL, XLI, XLV, and XLVI except so far as it enacts that any person dissatisfied with the decision of a Moonsiff shall be at liberty to appeal, and Sections XLVII, L, so much of Section LI as is now in force, Sections LIII, LIV, LXIX, LXXI, LXXII, LXXIII, LXXIV, LXXV, LXXVI, LXXVII, and LXXVIII.
„ XXIV. 1814 ...	A Regulation for abolishing the Office of Assistant Judge of the Zillah and City Courts and for making certain modifications in the constitution and jurisdiction of those Courts.	The whole Regulation.
„ XXV. 1814 ...	A Regulation for modifying the constitution and jurisdiction of the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut and of the Provincial Courts, for expediting the trial of Civil causes in those Courts, and for defining more fully the powers of single Judges holding the sittings of those Courts or of the Nizamut Adawlut and Courts of Circuit.	Sections I to X, inclusive.
„ XXVI. 1814 ...	A Regulation for modifying some of the rules at present in force regarding the admission and trial of special and summary appeals from decisions passed in regular suits, for limiting and altering some of the existing provisions respecting the pleadings and processes and the mode of executing decrees and regular suits and appeals, and for explaining and making certain additions to the provisions of Regulation I. 1814.	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation XXVII. 1814 ...	A Regulation for reducing into one Regulation, with amendments and modifications, the several rules which have been passed regarding the office of Vakeel or Native Pleader in the Courts of Civil Judicature.	The whole Regulation.
" XXVIII. 1814 ...	A Regulation for reducing into one Regulation, with amendments and modifications, the several rules which have been passed for admitting persons of certain descriptions to sue in the Courts of Civil Judicature as paupers.	The whole Regulation.
" II. 1815 ...	A Regulation for extending the provisions of Clause 7 Section XII Regulation XXIV. 1814.	The whole Regulation.
" XV. 1816 ...	A Regulation for expediting the trial of Civil suits in which the Native Officers and Soldiers attached to regular Corps on the Military Establishment of the Presidency of Fort William may be parties, and for giving to them certain facilities in the maintenance of their rights, claims, and interests.	The whole Regulation.
" III. 1817 ...	A Regulation for diminishing the expense to which parties are liable in original suits or appeals not exceeding sixty-four Rupees in value or amount, when tried by the Zillah and City Judges, Registers, or Sudder Ameens, and for modifying and explaining some of the rules contained in Regulation I. 1814 and in Regulation XXIII. 1814.	The whole Regulation.
" XIX. 1817 ...	A Regulation for modifying and amending some of the Regulations in force relative to the administration of Civil Justice, and to the authorized summary process for recovery of arrears of rent.	So much as has not been already repealed.
" IX. 1819 ...	A Regulation for amending the existing rules with regard to the admission of special appeals, for requiring in certain cases from residents within the limits of Calcutta security for eventual costs of suit, and for extending the powers of the Zillah and City Registers, and the Registers of the Provincial Courts, in certain cases	The whole Regulation.
" II. 1821 ...	A Regulation for increasing the powers of Moonsiffs, for extending in special cases the powers of Sudder Ameens in the trial and decision of Civil suits, and for authorizing the Zillah and City Registers and Sudder Ameens to discharge certain additional duties under the di-	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation II. 1821 *(Continued.)*	rection of the Zillah and City Judges, for providing an increase in the number of Moonsiffs when necessary, and for authorizing Sudder Ameens to hold their Cutcherries at any place where there may be a Register holding his Court at a distance from the fixed Station of the Judge and Magistrate, also for amending the rules at present in force for the institution of suits connected with the local jurisdiction of such Registers, for rescinding such parts of the existing Regulations as authorize the Registers of Civil Courts to receive a proportion of the institution fees on suits which may be referred to them for decision, for altering in certain cases the rule at present in force for the execution of decrees of the Provincial Courts in original suits and of the decrees of the Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut on appeals from such decrees, and for abolishing the office of Register of the Provincial Courts of Appeal and Circuit.	
„ III. 1824 ...	A Regulation to empower Government to extend the jurisdiction of Registers in certain cases.	The whole Regulation.
„ XI. 1824 ...	A Regulation for empowering the Zillah and City Judges and Magistrates to depute their Registers or Assistants for the purpose of making local investigations in certain cases.	The whole Regulation so far as it relates to the Civil Courts.
„ XIII. 1824 ...	A Regulation for making further provisions relative to the office of Sudder Ameen.	The whole Regulation.
„ I. 1825 ...	A Regulation for declaring the Judicial Officers competent to superintend the execution of their own process in certain cases, and for extending to Officers entrusted with the execution of a Magistrate's warrant or other criminal process, the powers vested in Police Officers by certain provisions in Regulation XX. 1817.	—
		So much of Section II as relates to the Civil Courts.
„ II. 1825 ...	A Regulation for amending the rules in force relative to applications for a review of judgment in regular original suits and appeals, and for restricting the admission of special or second appeals by the Provincial Courts and Court of Sudder Dewanny Adawlut.	The whole Regulation.
„ VII. 1825 ...	A Regulation to explain and amend the rules in force for the execution of decrees or other Judicial process, by the sale of landed property or otherwise.	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation IV. 1827 ...	A Regulation for extending in special cases, the powers of Sudder Ameens in the trial and decision of Civil suits.	The whole Regulation.
„ X. 1829 ...	A Regulation for consolidating into one Regulation, with modifications, the existing enactments relating to the collection of Stamp duties.	Schedule B Article 5, and Clauses 2, 3, and 4 of Article 10.
„ XIII. 1829 ...	A Regulation for abolishing the office of Superintendent and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs.	Section V.
„ VI. 1830 ...	A Regulation for modifying the provisions of the Regulations now in force relating to the subsistence-allowance to debtors confined in the Civil Jails in execution of decrees.	The whole Regulation.
„ V. 1831 ...	A Regulation for extending the powers of Moonsiffs and Sudder Ameens in the trial of Civil suits, and for authorizing the appointment of Principal Sudder Ameens at the Zillah and City Stations, for modifying the powers and duties of the Zillah, City, and Provincial Courts, in connection with those arrangements; and for enlarging the sphere of selection with regard to the offices of Moonsiff and Vakeel.	The proviso to Clause 1st and the proviso to Clause 2nd of Section V, Sections VII, VIII, Section IX except so much of Clause 2nd as enacts that copies of decrees in suits tried in the Courts of the Moonsiffs need not be written on stamp paper, Section X, Clause 3rd of Section XVI, Proviso of Clause 1st of Section XVIII, and Clause 4 of same Section, Sections XIX, XXI, XXII, XXIII, XXV, XXVIII, and XXIX.
„ IX. 1831 ...	A Regulation for the more speedy and efficient administration of Justice in the Courts of Sudder Dewanny and Nizamut Adawlut.	Sections II, VIII, and so much of Section X as extends those Sections to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut for the North-Western Provinces.
„ VII. 1832 ...	A Regulation for modifying certain of the provisions of Regulation V. 1831, and for providing supplementary rules to that enactment.	Sections II, VI, VII, X, XII, XIII, XIV, XV, XVI, and XVII.
	MADRAS.	
Regulation II. 1802 ...	A Regulation for establishing and defining the jurisdiction of the Courts of Adawlut, or Courts of Judicature for the trial of Civil suits in the first instance in the British Territories immediately subject to the Presidency of Fort St. George.	Sections III, IV, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, X, XV, XVI, XIX, XX, and XXI.
„ III. 1802 ...	A Regulation for receiving, trying, and deciding suits or complaints declared cognizable in the Courts of Adawlut established in the several Zillahs immediately subject to the Presidency of Fort St. George.	Sections II, III, IV, V, VI, VII (except so much as relates to the administering oaths), IX, X, XII, XIII, XIV, XV, XVII, XVIII, XIX, XX, XXVII, XXVIII, and XXIX.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation IV. 1802 ...	A Regulation for establishing four Provincial Courts of Appeal for hearing appeals from decisions passed in the several Zillah Courts, and defining their powers and duties, and prescribing rules for receiving and deciding upon appeals and other causes of which they are declared to have cognizance.	The whole Regulation.
„ V. 1802 ...	A Regulation for constituting a Sudder Adawlut or Chief Court of Civil Judicature for trying appeals from the decisions of the Provincial Courts of Appeal.	Sections IV, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, X, XI, XII, XIV, XV, XVI, XIX, XX, XXI, XXII, XXXIII, and XXXVIII.
„ XXI. 1802 ...	A Regulation for referring suits to Arbitration.	The whole Regulation.
„ XXVI. 1802 ...	A Regulation for governing the Sale and Sub-division of Malgoozary Lands in the British Territories subject to the Presidency of Fort St. George.	In so far as it relates to the execution of decrees of the Civil Courts.
„ IV. 1806 ...	A Regulation for the more speedy and effectual administration of Justice in the Courts of Sudder Adawlut and Fouzdary Adawlut.	Section VII so far as it relates to the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut.
„ VII. 1809 ...	A Regulation for the occasional appointment of Assistant Judges of the Zillah Courts; for altering and extending the jurisdiction of the Registers of these Courts; for fixing a new Limitation of Appeals from the Zillah Courts to the Provincial Courts of Appeal; for authorizing the appointment of Head Native Commissioner for the trial of referred causes to the amount or value of one hundred Arcot Rupees; and for amending the existing Rules concerning the appointment and powers of Native Commissioners for the trial of suits for personal property not exceeding eighty Arcot Rupees.	Sections XXII, XXIX, and XXXI.
„ XII. 1809 ...	A Regulation for rendering Civil causes which are appealable to the Court of Sudder Adawlut cognizable in the first instance by the Provincial Courts, and for authorizing the execution of decrees appealed from in certain cases.	The whole Regulation.
„ II. 1811 ...	A Regulation for explaining and amending in certain cases the rules of process to be observed by the Civil Courts of Judicature, and for amending the rule contained in Clause Fourth, Section IV Regulation V. A D. 1808.	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation VI. 1816 ...	A Regulation for reducing into one Regulation the rules which have been passed regarding the office of Native Commissioners, for modifying and extending their powers in the trial and decision of Civil Suits, and for authorizing them under the designation of District Moonsiffs to discharge certain additional duties.	Sections XII, XIII, XIV, XV, XVI, XVII, XVIII, XIX, XX, XXI, XXII, XXIII, XXIV, XXV, XXVI, XXVII, XXVIII, XXIX, XXX, XXXIII, XXXIV, XXXV, XXXVI, XXXVII, XXXVIII, XXXIX, XL, XLII, XLIV, XLV, XLVI, XLVII, XLVIII, LI, LII, LIII from Proviso in Clause 1 to the end, LIV, LVI, LVII, LVIII, LX. LXI, Clause 2 of Section LXII.
„ VIII. 1816 ...	A Regulation for the appointment of the Hindoo Law Officers of the Provincial Courts to be Sudder Ameens, or Head Native Commissioners for the trial of causes referred to them by the Judges of the Zillahs in which those Courts are stationed, for confining the office of Sudder Ameen to the Hindoo Law Officers of the Provincial Courts, and the Muhomedan and Hindoo Law Officers of the Zillah Courts, and for modifying and extending the power of Sudder Ameens in the trial and decision of Civil suits.	Sections VIII, X, and XIV.
„ XIV. 1816 ...	A Regulation for amending and modifying the rules which have been passed regarding the Office of Vakeel or Native Pleader in the Courts of Civil Judicature.	Sections XVI and XVII.
„ XV. 1816 ...	A Regulation for modifying the jurisdiction of the Zillah and Provincial Courts and the Court of Sudder Adawlut in the trial of original suits and appeals, for amending some of the rules at present in force regarding the admission and trial of special and summary appeals from decisions passed in regular suits, and for limiting and altering some of the existing provisions respecting the pleadings and processes and the mode of executing decrees in regular suits and appeals.	The whole Regulation, except so much of Clause 2 of Section VIII as gives an appeal from a Sudder Ameen to a Judge.
„ VIII. 1817 ...	A Regulation for expediting the trial of Civil suits in which the Native Officers and Soldiers attached to Regular Corps on the Military establishment of the Presidency of Fort St. George may be parties, and for giving to them certain facilities in the maintenance and recovery of their rights, claims, and interests.	The whole Regulation except Section IX.
„ VII. 1818 ...	A Regulation for reducing into one Regulation, with amendments and modifications, the several rules which have been passed for admitting persons of certain descriptions to sue in the Courts of Civil Judicature as Paupers.	The whole Regulation.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation III. 1822 ...	A Regulation for extending the operation of Regulation VII of 1818.	The whole Regulation.
„ I. 1823 ...	A Regulation prescribing the course of proceeding to be observed in regard to suits instituted in the Courts of Adawlut against the Public Officers of Government.	The whole Regulation.
„ II. 1823 ...	A Regulation for authorizing a Special Appeal from the decrees of Registers and Sudder Ameens and for modifying the provisions of Section XIV Regulation VIII. 1816.	The whole Regulation.
„ IV. 1825 ...	A Regulation for amending and modifying the provisions contained in Regulation VII of 1818.	The whole Regulation.
„ I. 1827 ...	A Regulation for the establishment of Auxiliary Zillah Courts in the Territories subject to the Presidency of Fort St. George, and for the appointment of Assistant Judges and Sudder Ameens to those Courts.	Section IX.
„ XI. 1827 ...	A Regulation for supplying certain omissions in Regulations I and VII. 1827 respecting Special Appeals, and for providing for the office of Sudder Ameen in Auxiliary Courts seated at the same Station as Provincial Courts.	The whole Regulation.
„ VI. 1828 ...	A Regulation to amend the rules for computing the periods limited for appealing, and to provide for the disposal of Pleader's fees deposited in suits struck off the files of Zillah Courts as being for an amount or value not cognizable by them.	
„ I. 1829 ...	A Regulation for amending the rules in force relative to the trial of appeals, and for the better securing of impartiality in the administration of Justice.	The whole Regulation.
„ VIII. 1831 ...	A Regulation for vesting in single Judges of the Courts of Sudder and Fouzdary Adawlut and in single Judges of the Provincial Courts of Appeal under certain restrictions the power now exercised by two or more Judges of those Courts repectively.	Section IV.
„ I. 1832 ...	A Regulation to provide for the punishment of false allegations in petitions to the Judicial Courts and fictitious claims to property attached in execution of decrees.	The whole Regulation.
„ II. 1834 ...	A Regulation for rescinding Section III Regulation II of 1828 and such parts of any other Regulations in force as	Section V.

Reference to Regulation or Act.	Title of Regulation or Act.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation II. 1834 *(Continued).*	authorize District Moonsiffs to receive as a compensation for their trouble in the trial of suits the amount of the institution-fee levied thereon.	
	BOMBAY.	
„ II. 1827 ...	A Regulation for defining the constitution of Courts of Civil Justice, and the powers and duties of the Judges and Officers thereof.	Sections V to XVIII, Sections XXI, XXII, XXIII, XLI, XLII, XLIII, and LI.
„ III. 1827 ...	A Regulation containing provisions as to the official proceedings in general of Courts of Civil Justice, their sittings, the mode of communicating with them, the mode of keeping the minutes of their proceedings, the sealing, signing, and language of process, and the grant of copies of papers on their records.	Sections II and III.
„ IV. 1827 ...	A Regulation prescribing the forms of proceeding of the Courts of Law in Civil suits and appeals, and rules for the trial of the same.	The whole Regulation except Section C.
„ VI. 1827 ...	A Regulation for admitting persons to sue or defend in suits or appeals *in formâ pauperis.*	The whole Regulation.
„ VII. 1827 ...	A Regulation to facilitate the amicable adjustment of disputes of a Civil nature by means of arbitrators (a Punchaet).	The whole Regulation.
„ XVIII. 1827 ...	A Regulation for levying a stamp duty on certain papers within the Territories subordinate to the Presidency of Bombay.	So much of Section XVIII as enacts that stamps shall be leviable in respect of every application for summoning and examining witnesses or filing exhibits.

W. Morgan,
Clerk of the Council.

Home Department.

No. 1079.

Fort William, the 25th May 1859.

Notification.—Mr. G. P. Money, of the Civil Service, is permitted to proceed to Europe for the remainder of the Furlough to which he is entitled.

No. 1091.

The 27th May 1859.

Mr. E. Macnaghten, of the Civil Service, reported his departure from India, per S. S. *Alma*, which Vessel was left by the Pilot at Sea on the 20th instant.

W. Grey,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Foreign Department.

No. 3096.

Fort William, the 27th May 1859.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to accept the resignation by Major G. Haines, of his appointment as Superintendent of the Bangalore Division, from the 1st of July next.

No. 3097.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Moonshee Jan Ali Khan Bahadoor to be Superintendent of Bairseeah.

No. 3098.

Captain A. R. E. Hutchinson received charge of the Bhopal Political Agency, from Captain W. G. Cumming, on the 10th instant.

No. 3099.

Captain H. J. Jepson, 41st Madras Native Infantry, Commanding Detachment at Pegu Town, performed the Civil duties of the Station, consequent upon the departure of Captain B. Ford, Acting Assistant Commissioner, with his Detachment from the 14th January to the 26th February last, the date on which he was relieved of his duties by Mr. F. J. Fallon, Assistant Commissioner.

No. 3100.

The appointment of Lieutenant C. H. Grace, of the 30th Madras Native Infantry, to be an Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd Class in Oudh, notified in General Order dated 12th ultimo, No. 1853, is hereby cancelled.

No. 3101.

Mr. D. Simson is appointed to be a Deputy Commissioner of the 1st Class in the Province of Oudh, continuing to officiate as Commissioner.

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Financial Department.

No. 43.

Fort William, the 25th May 1859.

Appointments.—Mr. S. D. Birch, Sub-Treasurer at Madras, to officiate as Accountant-General, Bombay.

Mr. W. Balmain, First Assistant Accountant-General, Madras, to officiate as Sub-Treasurer, Madras.

C. HUGH LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, the 25th May 1859.

No. 758 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, issued from the Foreign Department, are published in General Orders :—

No. 2953, *dated 20th May* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Assistant Surgeon G. N. Cheek, Junior, to be Assistant Civil Surgeon in Joint Medical Charge of Simla.

No. 2955, *dated 23rd May* 1859.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments in the Oudh Military Police :—

Lieutenant Woodgate, District Adjutant, to officiate as District Commandant, *vice* Captain Orr, absent on Sick leave.

Lieutenant Hewett, 17th Native Infantry, to officiate as Divisional Adjutant, *vice* Lieutenant Rawlins.

No. 759 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, issued from the Public Works Department, are published in General Orders :—

No. 136, *dated 20th May* 1859.—*Appointments.*—Brevet Captain A. Elderton, of the 2nd European Bengal Fusiliers, is appointed a Probationary Assistant Engineer in the Public Works Department, and posted to the Punjab.

No. 137, *dated 21st May* 1859.—Captain T. J. H. Keyes, 17th Madras Native Infantry, is appointed a Special Assistant Engineer in the Department Public Works, and posted to the Punjab.

No. 760 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, is published in General Orders :—

No. 3266, *dated 4th May* 1859.—*Appointments.*—Mr. R. J. Richardson, Officiating Judge of Shahabad, to be a Commissioner under Section VII. Act XIV. of 1857, for the trial of all crimes and offences punishable under the said Act.

No. 761 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjaub Provinces, are published in General Orders :—

No. 1011, *dated 11th May* 1859.—Captain J. H. Dyas, Director of Canals, Punjab, has obtained eight weeks' leave from the date he may avail himself of the same, preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe.

No. 1115, *dated 9th May* 1859.—*Appointments.*—Lieutenant H. B. Urmston, lately rejoined from Furlough, has been posted to the Sealkote District as Assistant Commissioner.

Lieutenant E. L. Ommanney, 59th Native Infantry, is appointed an Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd Class in the Punjab, and posted to the Lahore District.

No. 762 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on Furlough, on private affairs :—

Lieutenant Newton Barton, of the 52nd Regiment Native Infantry ...	For three years, under the old Regulations.

Fort William, the 26th May 1859.

No. 763 *of* 1859.—Apothecary George Hurst, of the Subordinate Medical Department, having been reported to be unfit for further active Service, is transferred to the Pension Establishment, with permission to reside and draw his stipend in India.

No. 764 *of* 1859.—Mr. Frank John Wheeler, whose appointment as a Cadet of Infantry upon the Bengal Establishment was announced in Government General Order No. 1106, of the 22nd July 1858, having satisfied Government on the points of qualification prescribed by existing Regulations, is admitted into the Service as a Cadet of Infantry on this Establishment, from the 7th May 1859, and promoted to the rank of Ensign, leaving the date of his Commission for future adjustment.

No. 765 *of* 1859.—Captain and Brevet Major Robert Henry Miles, of the Invalid Establishment, is permitted to proceed to Sea and Bombay, on Medical Certificate, on the leave granted to him in Government General Order No. 219, of the 19th February 1859.

Fort William, the 27th May 1859.

No. 766 of 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following letter from the Major-General Commanding Saugor Field Division, submitting Reports from Captain Venables, Her Majesty's 97th Regiment, and Captain Rishton, of the 1st Madras Native Infantry, of the operation of the Detachment under their Command against the Rebels.

No. 220.

FROM MAJOR GENERAL G. C. WHITLOCK,
Commanding Saugor Field Division,
TO MAJOR-GENL. SIR W. MANSFIELD, K. C. B.,
Chief of the Staff.
Army Head Quarters.

Camp near Nagode, the 1st April 1859.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to forward for submission to the Right Honorable the Commander-in-Chief, Reports from Captain Venables, Her Majesty's 97th Regiment, and Captain Rishton, of the 1st Regiment Madras Native Infantry, of the operations of the Detachment under their command against the Rebels.

The pursuit of the enemy by Captain Venables, Commanding the party, and the result is very creditable to that Officer and those under his command.

Lieutenant Ireland, of the Rewah Contingent, has been noticed for his useful services on the occasion, and Assistant Apothecaries Master and Cripps who have also been mentioned, I know, to be deserving and intelligent public Servants.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) G. C. WHITLOCK, *Major-General,*
Comdg. Saugor Field Division.

No. 3.

FROM CAPTAIN THOMAS VENABLES,
Comdg. 97th Regt., Nowgong Detached Field Force,
TO THE ADJUTANT GENERAL,
Saugor Field Force,
&c., &c., &c.

Camp Rajgurh, 25th March 1859.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to communicate for the information of Brigadier General Whitlock that, in accordance with instructions received from Brevet Major Kinkaid, Commanding at Nowgong, I proceeded in command of the Detachments detailed in the margin to Rajgurh, at which town I arrived by forced marches 22nd instant. On the morning of the 23rd instant, I received an application for assistance from Captain Rishton, Commanding Madras Native Infantry, for the purpose of co-operating against a force of Rebels who had that morning attacked the baggage of the force under his command, and killed three of the Guards. I immediately detailed the Cavalry of the Rewah Contingent under Lieutenant Ireland, together with a Company of Her Majesty's 97th Foot, and advanced to the Village of Murruree on the right bank of the Kane River. Having at this place obtained information as to the position of the Rebels and the services of a guide, I united with the force under the command of Captain Rishton and pushed forward rapidly in pursuit of the Rebels who were following the course of the river towards Saleia. After a march of about fifteen miles through dense jungle I overtook the Rebels in their encampment at night fall. I instantly deployed and charged clearing their entire Camp and capturing their camels, horses, arms, cooking utensils and bedding. The Rebels retreated rapidly across the river closely followed to the banks by the Troops, darkness and difficulties of the jungle rendering any further pursuits hopeless. I however reformed and halted on the ground for upwards of four hours awaiting the rising of the moon, after which finding no further traces of the Rebels I returned to the Camp after a march of upwards of thirty miles.

Nowgong Detached Field Force.		
Her Majesty's 97th Foot	...	120
REWAH CONTGT. Cavalry	...	80
REWAH CONTGT. Infantry	...	66
General Total	...	266

Detached to unite with Captain Rishton.		
Her Majesty's 97th Foot	...	59
REWAH CONTGT. Cavalry	..	70
REWAH CONTGT. Infantry	...	30
General Total	...	159

I have great satisfaction in stating that the entire dispersion of the Rebels was effected with but little loss; the casualties amounting to but three men, Madras Native Infantry, one of whom only is severely wounded. The loss of the Rebels I was unable to ascertain with accuracy owing to the darkness. Among the captured stores were sabres, carbines and uniforms of the 1st Bombay Light Cavalry, together with uniform of the 12th Bombay Native Infantry and Bombay Artillery. From the different sources of information it would appear that the Rebel force was about 500 strong, well supplied with baggage, animals and other transports.

For the detailed accounts of the operations of the Force under the command of Captain Rishton, Madras Native Infantry, prior to my uniting with him at Murreree, I beg to enclose that Officer's Official Report.

I have the honor to bring to the notice of the Brigadier General, the great assistance I derived from Lieutenant Ireland, Rewah Cavalry Contingent, not only for the services rendered by him in his Military capacity, but for the information which his acquaintance with the language enabled him to afford me, and without which I should have been totally unable to have pursued the Rebels in their retreat through the jungle. In the absence of a Medical Officer attached to the Force, I have also to thank Mr. Apothecary Masters and Mr. Apothecary Thomas Cripps, Madras Army, for the energy they displayed and the assistance rendered by them to the wounded.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) THOMAS VENABLES, *Captain,*
Comdg. 97th Regt. Nowgong Detached Field Force.
(Signed) G. C. WHITLOCK, *Major-General,*
Commanding Saugor Field Division

HEAD QUARTERS, S. F. D.,
Camp Nagode,
The 30th March 1859.

FROM CAPTAIN A. L. RISHTON,
1st Regiment M. N. I.,
Comdg. Field Detachment,
TO CAPTAIN VENABLES,
H. M.'s 97th Regiment,
Comdg. Field Detachment at Rajghur.
Camp left bank Kane River,
The 24th March 1859.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to report, that I arrived at this place on the evening of the 22nd instant. My baggage waggons having broken down at the foot of the Punnah Ghaut, I, at 5 o'clock on the following morning, sent a strong party under two Native Officers of the Madras Rifles and Light Company 1st Regiment Madras Native Infantry, with a sufficient number of camels and other public cattle to convey to Camp the mens' kits which of necessity were left at the foot of the ghaut.

On the return of the advance portion of this party to the village of Murruree, the enemy came suddenly upon them, killing three Sepoys out of five, and capturing the baggage under their escort, the remaining two escaped and rejoined their own party. One of my Camp Followers who had witnessed the attack, escaped through the enemy and gave us the information. I immediately ordered the rest of my Detachment to fall in, leaving a guard in a strong position on a Temple, in which was placed the ammunition and camp equipage. I then marched on the village above named, having sent Lieutenant Cox to the Detachment under your command at Rajghur, to procure the assistance of some Cavalry if possible. After his departure, I ordered Lieutenant Tyndale to request you to have a party in readiness to co-operate with me, should the information procured be such as to warrant pursuit of the enemy. These two Officers conducted this duty to my satisfaction, and shortly overtook me near the village of Murruree with a party of Rewah Contingent Cavalry, which you despatched to me under the command of Lieutenant Ireland, whom I desired to advance on the village in which I found the bodies of our Sepoys very much mutilated, and stript of their accoutrements.

Stragglers were here overtaken and charged by the advanced party under Lieutenants Ireland and Tyndale; a few of the enemy were killed, others took to the hills, and were pursued by a Company of Madras Rifles, under Lieutenant Cox and the Light Company, 1st Regiment Madras Native Infantry, under Subadar Perwesh Khan. Officers and men behaved well.

The enemy, I ascertained to be in force, having with them Cavalry and Camel Sowars. I desired Lieutenant Ireland to write a letter and despatch it by a Sowar to you for the reinforcement promised, writing at the same time myself to Major Ellis at Punneah.

Lieutenant Ireland (a very intelligent Officer) by my order questioned an hurkaru who volunteered to show us where the enemy had gone. Upon the report received, I was enabled to forward correct information to you. It is stated that the enemy numbered 500 men.

Mr. Assistant Apothecary Thomas Cripps conducted his duties to my entire satisfaction and showed great attention to the wounded.

It is worthy of notice that the guard of Punneah Sepoys, the village authorities and people of Murruree did not give intimation of what had taken place, although the village was situated two miles from my Camp. They must have been aware of the vicinity of the enemy, and have seen my men killed.

I enclose a present state of my Detachment when you joined and assumed command of the Force accompanied by a Nominal Roll of those killed at Murruree, and those wounded at Saleia.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) ALFRED RISHTON, *Captain*,
1st Regiment M. N. I.,
Comdg. Field Detact. Saugor F. D.

Present State of a Field Detachment, under the Command of Captain Rishton, 1st Regiment Native Infantry.

Corps.	Lieutenants.	Subadars.	Jemadars.	Havildars.	Naiques.	Buglers.	Privates.	Bhisties.
Madras Rifles ...	2	0	1	6	5	2	67	2
1st Regiment Madras Native Infantry ...	0	1	0	3	3	1	24	1
Total ...	2	1	1	9	8	3	91	3

CAMP LEFT BANK KANE RIVER,
The 24th March 1859.

(Signed) ALFRED RISHTON, *Captain*,
1st Regt. Madras Native Infantry, Commdg. Field Detachment, Saugor Field Division.

DETACHMENT MADRAS RIFLES.

Nominal List of Men Killed and Wounded during the action at Salayah, on the 23rd March 1859.

Co.	Regt. No.	Rank and Names.		Nature of Injury.	Remarks.
A.	1988 ...	Private ...	Narrainsamy ...	Gun-shot wound with fracture of left thigh ...	Wounded dangerously.
A.	1882 ...	„ ...	Mahomed Sahib ...	Gun-shot wound of index finger of right hand, with loss of two phalanges ...	Wounded severely.
A.	1171 ...	„ ...	Mootoosamy ...	Slight abrasion of right ear ...	Wounded slightly.

(Signed) T. CRIPPS, *Assistant Apothecary*,
1st Regiment N. I., In Medical Charge.

CAMP ON THE LEFT BANK OF THE KANE RIVER,
The 24th March 1859.

DETACHMENT MADRAS RIFLES.

Casualty Roll of Men of the Madras Rifles at Mungala, on the 23rd March 1859.

	European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Havildars.	Naiques.	Privates.	Drummers.	Musicians.	Total.
Killed ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1

(Signed) ALFRED RISHTON, *Captain,*
Commanding Field Detachment.

CAMP NEAR RAJGUR ON THE LEFT BANK OF KANE RIVER.

DETACHMENT 1ST REGIMENT N. I.

Casualty Roll of Men of the 1st Native Infantry at Mungala, on the 23rd March 1859.

	European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Havildars.	Naiques.	Privates.	Drummers.	Total.
Killed	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2

CAMP NEAR RAJGUR ON THE LEFT BANK OF KANE RIVER.

(Signed) ALFRED RISHTON, *Captain,*
Commanding Field Detachment.

No. 273.

FORWARDED by order of the Commander-in-Chief to the Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, for submission to His Excellency the Governor General in Council, with Lord Clyde's approval.

H. W. NORMAN, *Major,*
Offg. Adjt. Genl. of the Army.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Simla, the 11th May 1859.

No. 767 *of* 1859.—The promotion and admission to the Order of British India of Woordie Major Meer Burkut Allee, of the 1st Irregular Cavalry, announced in General Order by the Governor General, dated Allahabad, 29th October 1858, No. 504, is to be held to have effect from the 1st August 1857, instead of from the 1st August 1858, and that Native Officer will continue in his appointment as Woordie Major, which he at present holds.

No. 768 *of* 1859.—With reference to Government General Order No. 634, of the 6th instant, the promotions of the under-mentioned Officers in succession to Major-General H. J. Wood, C. B., Bengal Artillery, deceased, will date from the 14th instead of from the 13th November last:—

Artillery.

Lieutenant Colonel and Brevet Colonel A. Abbott, C. B., to Colonel.

Captain and Brevet Major W. H. Delamain, to Lieutenant Colonel.

Brevet.

Major F. W. Burroughs, Bengal Artillery, to Lieutenant Colonel.

Captain G. A. Fisher, Bengal Infantry, to Major.

No. 769 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned promotions are made consequent on the death of the following Officer :—

Lieutenant General Henry Tuffnell Roberts, C. B., Bengal Cavalry, died 3rd February 1859.

Brevet.

Lieutenant Colonel John Henry Bowden Congdon, Madras Infantry, to be Colonel. Major Henry Adolphus Shuckburgh, Bengal Infantry, to be Lieutenant Colonel ... Captain Charles Alexander Orr, Madras Engineers, to be Major ...	From the 4th February 1859.

No. 770 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer has returned to his duty on this Establishment without prejudice to his rank :—

	Date of Arrival at Bombay.
Lieutenant Henry Brabazon Urmston, of the 62nd Regiment Native Infantry, 1st Class Assistant Commissioner in the Punjab, on leave for fifteen months, from the 27th January 1858 ...	28th April 1859.

No. 771 *of* 1859.—The following Extract of a Military letter, from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 132, of the 14th April 1859, is published in General Orders :—

Letter dated 30th December 1858. Conductor D. Gair recommended for Lieutenancy on the Veteran Establishment for distinguished services in the Field.

17. "In consideration of the testimony borne to the distinguished services of this Warrant Officer at the seige of Delhi, Her Majesty has been pleased to sanction the bestowal of a Commission of Lieutenant on the Veteran Establishment on Conductor D. Gair."

The Despatch of the Secretary of State having been received in this Department, on the 18th instant, the Commission of Lieutenant on the Veteran Establishment conferred on Conductor Gair, and the allowances to be drawn by him, will have effect from that date.

No. 772 *of* 1859.—Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned gentleman to be a Cadet for the Infantry in Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces at the Presidency of Bengal. He is accordingly admitted into the Service, and promoted to the rank of Ensign, from the date assigned to him in Government General Order, No. 481 of 1859 :—

	Date of Arrival at Fort William.
Infantry.	
Mr. Arthur Noel Phillips ..	19th May 1859

No. 773 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit Ressaldar Issurcepersaud, of the Troop of Cavalry, attached to the Bhopawar Levy, (late Subadar of the United Malwa Contingent,) to the Second Class of the Order of British India, with the title of "Bahadoor," in consideration of his conspicuous loyalty and excellent conduct brought to notice.

No. 774 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe, on Furlough, on private affairs :—

Major General Stuart Corbett, C. B., of Infantry ...	For two years, under the new Regulations.
Colonel Nathaniel Jones, of the 49th Regiment Native Infantry ...	For three years, under the old Regulations.

No. 775 *of* 1859.—The time has arrived when the Government of India can dispense with the services of the Calcutta Volunteer Guards.

This Corps, consisting of a Battery of four Guns, five Troops of Cavalry and seven Companies of Infantry, was formed, in June 1857, of the several classes of British and European Inhabitants of Calcutta, who spontaneously came forward at a time of need, to offer their services for the protection of the Metropolis of British India. The Regiment has answered every expectation, and has most satisfactorily performed all the duties required of it, but now that the crisis has passed away, and confidence has been restored in the minds of the Inhabitants, the necessity for a special Corps to aid in the protection of Calcutta no longer exists, and there is no further occasion to demand the time and services of the Inhabitants for that purpose.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General desires in the name of the Government of India publicly to acknowledge the services of the Volunteer Guards and to thank the Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers and Members of the several branches of the Corps for the cheerful and hearty manner in which they tendered their services, and have performed their respective duties, at a great sacrifice of their own time and convenience.

The Corps of Calcutta Volunteer Guards will be broken up from the 1st proximo.

The names of the Commandants, Captains and Subalterns of the several Troops and Companies will be retained in the Bengal Army List, and all Members of the Corps are invited to continue to wear their uniforms on occasions of public ceremony.

The Standards of the Cavalry and the Colors of the Infantry will be deposited in the Arsenal of Fort William.

The Guns, Arms, and Accoutrements, Harness, &c., will be returned into Store, and the Horses made over to the Remount Agent.

No. 776 of 1859.—In conformity with Government General Order, No. 144 of 1852, the following Statement of Deposits made in the General Treasury, during the month of March 1859, on account of the Estates of deceased European Commissioned, Non-Commissioned, and Warrant Officers and Soldiers of the Indian Military Forces of Her Majesty is published for general information; and it is hereby notified, that claims to the Estates in question which shall not be preferred to the Sub-Treasurer by Executors and Administrators before the conclusion of twelve months after the date of decease, cannot be attended to in this Country, as the money, after that period, will be remitted to, and made payable by the Secretary of State for India:—

Statement of Deposits made at the General Treasury of Fort William, on account of Estates of deceased European Commissioned, Non-Commissioned, and Warrant Officers and Soldiers of the Indian Military Forces of Her Majesty in March 1859.

Date of Deposit.	On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	General Number.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Amount of monies accruing from the adjustment of Estates.	Amount of Donation Batta due to Estates.	Total unclaimed Amount deposited.	How Disposed of.				Rate of Exchange.	Remarks.
										Amount paid in India.	Amount retained in India.	Amount remitted for payment in England. In Co's. Rs.	Amount remitted for payment in England. Equivalent in Sterling.		
	COMMISSIONED AND WARRANT OFFICERS.														
1st	Peter Christie ...	Major ...	Bengal Artillery ...	...	Not communicated.		0 2 0	...	0 2 0						
4th	Nicholas John Read ...	Hospital Apprentice ...	Attached to H. M.'s 27th Regiment ...	...	6th January 1857,	Intestate ...	86 8 0	...	86 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	Father, Staff Serjeant H. Read, Foot Artillery.
„	John Bannatyne Macdonald	Surgeon ...	41st N. I. ...	...	14th August 1857,	Ditto ...	0 5 0	...	0 5 0						
„	Joseph Turton ...	Colonel ...	Regiment of Artillery ...	...	Not communicated.		236 6 0	...	236 6 0						
„	Andrew Alamath Becher ...	Captain ...	40th N. I. ...	...	9th October 1857,	Will ...	1035 12 0	...	1095 12 0						
8th	Edward Sutherland Garstin	Ditto ...	Comdg. Punjab Infy. ...	...	14th September 1857,	Ditto ...	3 4 0	...	3 4 0						
„	Edward Cannon ...	Ditto ...	17th Madras N. I. ...	...	15th September 1858,	Intestate ...	130 0 0	...	130 0 0						
7th	Edward Dashwood Hale ...	Ditto ...	44th Bengal N. I. ...	...	8th November 1858,	Ditto ...	708 0 0	...	708 0 0						
8th	Edward Dashwood Hale ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	300 4 0	...	309 4 0						
9th	Alexander John Dashwood	Lieutenant ...	48th N. I. ...	...	24th November 1857,	Ditto ...	171 6 6	...	171 6 6						
„	Charles Keith Dashwood ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	...	9th July 1857,	Will ...	229 6 4	...	229 6 4						
„	Edward Powney Lewin ...	1st Lieutenant ...	Artillery ...	...	26th July 1857,	Ditto ...	730 8 0	...	730 8 0						
„	A. D. Warden ...	Captain ...	2nd N. I. Grenadiers ...	...	24th December 1858,	... ...	1852 0 4	...	*1852 0 4						
10th	Augustus Wolsley Winniett	Lieutenant ...	63th Regiment N. I. ...	...	4th October 1858,	Intestate ...	139 15 9	...	139 15 9						
„	Robert Waller Alexander ...	Ditto ...	3rd N. I. ...	...	17th June 1857,	Ditto ...	10 0 6	...	10 0 6						
„	Charles Mainwaring ...	Cornet ...	6th Light Cavalry ...	...	27th June 1857,	Ditto ...	390 14 1	...	390 14 1						
„	Lucius Horton Smith ...	Lieutenant-Colonel ...	Invalid Establishment ...	...	30th September 1858,	Will ...	440 9 0	...	440 9 0						
„	Peter Christie ...	Major ...	Bengal Artillery ...	...	Not communicated.		6486 0 0	...	6486 0 0						
„	Frederick Christian Bushman	Assistant Surgeon ...	Ditto ...	...	20th June 1858,	Intestate ...	1461 0 0	...	1461 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	This sum includes the Delhi Donation Batta.
11th	George Nicholas Hardinge...	Captain ...	45th N. I., Comdg. 3rd Oude Irregular Cavalry...	...	16th March 1859,	... ...	515 1 1	...	515 1 1						
„	J. H. Barber ...	Lieutenant ...	12th N. I. ...	...	20th June 1857,	... ...	457 1 4	...	457 1 4	...	...	...	...	...	Balance of Pay from 1st May to 20th June 1857.
14th	Edward Sutherland Garstin	Captain ...	Comdg. Punjab Infy. ...	...	14th September 1857,	Will ...	490 0 0	...	490 0 0						

* 10th March 1859. { Also two 5 per cent. Government Promissory Notes { No. 43781 of 1856-57; for Co.'s Rs. 1,000; „ 30545 500 } Co's. 1,500
5 Certificates of Shares in the Chartered Bank of India, China and Australia ... { No. 23149; „ 23150; „ 23151; „ 23152; „ 23153

Date of Deposit.	On whose Account.	Rank.	Corps.	General Number.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Amount of monies accruing from the adjustment of Estates.	Amount of Donation Batta due to Estates.	Total unclaimed Amount deposited.	How Disposed of.				Rate of Exchange.	Remarks.
										Amount paid in India.	Amount retained in India.	Amount remitted for payment in England.			
												In Co.'s Rs.	Equivalent in Sterling.		
	COMMISSIONED AND WARRANT OFFICERS.—*(Continued.)*														
14th	John Colin Graham ...	Assistant Surgeon ...	Medical Department ...	...	9th July 1857,	... ...	4 14 0	...	4 14 0						
15th	Herbert Durnford ...	Ensign ...	61st N. I. ...	...	8th August 1857,	... ...	195 14 0	...	195 14 0						
,,	T. C. Hunter ...	Surgeon ...	... ...	...	28th March 1858,	... ...	134 15 6	...	*134 15 6						
,,	G. Gray ...	Conductor ...	Town Major's Estab. ...	...	16th August 1857,	... ...	115 0 0	...	115 0 0						
22nd	Edward O'Hanlon MacGregor ...	Lieutenant ...	41st Bengal N. I. ...	...	12th October 1857,	Not known	110 0 0	...	110 0 0						
24th	George Austen Paterson Younghusband ...	... ...	13th Bombay N. I., and Adjt. 5th Punjab Cavy...	...	4th January 1858,	... ...	863 15 6	...	863 15 6						
,,	Andrew Paton ...	Surgeon ...	Medical Department ...	...	21st December 1858,	Intestate ...	1734 10 0	...	1734 10 0						
25th	George Biddulph ...	Lieutenant-Colonel ...	45th Regiment N. I., 3rd Irregular Cavalry ...	...	18th November 1857,	... ...	2304 3 0	..	2304 3 0						
,,	Edward Fraser ...	Captain ...	Engineers ...	...	16th May 1857,	Testate ...	222 0 0	...	222 0 0						
,,	John Edward Copeland ...	Lieutenant ...	10th Lt. Cavy., Adjt. Lahore Light Horse ...	...	18th June 1858,	... ...	731 2 3	...	731 2 3						
,,	George Nicholas Hardinge	Captain ...	45th N. I., Comdg 3rd Oude Irregular Cavalry ...	...	16th March 1858,	... ...	10845 0 0	...	10845 0 0						
26th	Osbert Dabitot Thackwell ...	Lieutenant ...	15th N. I. ...	...	21st Ditto	Intestate ...	35 10 10	...	35 10 10						
,,	Oliver McCausland Span ...	Ditto ...	62nd N. I. ...	...	8th August 1857,	... ...	704 13 4	...	704 13 4						
28th	Edward Thomas Kemp ...	Ditto ...	61st N. I., 17th Punj. Infy.	...	16th January 1859,	Not known	724 8 0	...	724 8 0						
,,	William Ellison Warden ...	Major ...	23rd N. I. ...	...	12th June 1857,	Intestate ...	25 9 7	...	25 9 7	...	...	...	...	...	Widow in England.
,,	Lucius Horton Smith ...	Lieutenant-Colonel ...	Invalid Establishment ...	...	30th September 1858,	Will	804 8 2	...	804 8 2						
29th	Charles Henry Lycett Warren ...	Lieutenant ...	8th N. I. ...	...	25th September 1857,	Intestate ...	730 8 0	...	730 8 0						
,,	William John Drue Cairnes	1st Lieutenant ...	1st Euro. Bl. Fusiliers ...	...	20th September 1857,	Ditto ...	346 9 2	...	346 9 2						
,,	Quintin Battye ...	Lieutenant ...	56th Bengal N. I. ...	...	11th June 1857,	Ditto ...	746 12 9	...	746 12 9						
30th	Edward Dashwood Hale ...	Captain ...	44th Regt. N. I., Commanding Seikh Volunteers	...	8th November 1858,	Ditto ...	1364 3 2	...	1364 3 2						
	NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS.														
4th	Thomas McDonough ...	Serjeant Major ...	71st N. I. ...	Not communicated.		Will ...	105 13 10	...	105 13 10	...	...	...	...	...	Widow in Calcutta.
,,	John Gribbin ...	Quarter Mr. Serjeant ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.		Ditto ...	52 0 6	...	52 0 6	...	...	...	...	...	Legatee, Mother, Mary Gribbin, care of Mr. Francis McDonnell Hay, Merchant, Colleatree, Belfast.
,,	William Egan ...	Gunner ...	1st Co. 6th Battn. Arty....	9626	28th September 1858,	Intestate ...	39 8 9	...	39 8 9	...	...	...	...	...	Kin not known.
,,	John Warmington ...	Ditto ...	Unposted ...	9796	11th June 1858,	Ditto ...	23 15 1	...	23 15 1	...	...	...	...	...	
,,	John Dickson ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	9406	14th February 1858,	Ditto ...	32 12 1	...	32 12 1	...	...	...	...	...	
,,	Henry Smith ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	9749	13th May 1858,	Ditto ...	22 11 4	...	22 11 4	...	...	...	...	...	
,,	James Barlow ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	9144	14th June 1858,	Ditto ...	39 9 7	...	39 9 7	...	...	...	...	...	
,,	Michael Whelan ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	9790	28th August 1858,	Ditto ...	41 5 10	...	41 5 10	...	...	...	...	...	Father, John Whelan, Lughlan Bridge, Carlow.

* Also four 5 per cent. G. P. Notes, viz. { No. 6845 of 1854-55, P. W. Loan 4000 ; 30247 ; 1856-57 3500 ; 30254 ; ; 2500 ; 30442 ; ; 500 } Co. Rs. 10,500

"	George Hand	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	9175	6th July	1858,	Ditto	...	75 13 0	...	75 13 0	...	...	...	...	...	} Kin not known.
"	William Ellor	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	9287	5th July	1858,	Ditto	...	29 15 10	...	29 15 10	...	...	...	...	...	
5th	George Bell	...	Private	...	2nd Eur. Bl. Fusiliers	...	2002	6th August	1857,	Ditto	...	86 11 11	...	86 11 11	...	...	...	...	...	Father, Geo. Bell, Ayton, Yorkshire, England.
"	John Bishop	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1961	1st June	1857,	Ditto	...	12 15 3	...	12 15 3	...	...	...	...	...	Unknown.
"	Samuel Brown	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	657	3rd Ditto	...	Ditto	...	15 10 2	...	15 10 2	...	...	...	...	...	Father, Wm. Brown, Tanteram Wexford, Ireland.
"	Daniel Griffin	...	Serjeant	...	Ditto	...	1372	20th July	1857,	Ditto	...	98 10 10	...	98 10 10	...	...	...	...	...	Unknown.
"	John Meechin	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1813	20th July	1857,	Ditto	...	88 13 1	...	88 13 1	...	...	...	...	...	Sister, Catherine Meechin, Ballinagh, Galway, Ireland.
"	Samuel McCarthney	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1884	23rd June	1857,	Ditto	...	87 4 5	...	87 4 5	...	...	...	...	...	Unknown.
"	William McMahon	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1407	10th July	1857,	Ditto	...	87 14 0	...	87 14 0	...	...	...	...	...	Father, James McMahon, Parish of St. Martin's, Limerick, Ireland.
"	John Neil	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1466	22nd June	1857,	Ditto	...	83 0 5	...	83 0 5	...	...	...	...	...	Brother, James Neil, H. M.'s 13th Dragoons.
"	Joseph Thompson	...	Acting Serjeant	...	Ditto	...	736	9th July	1857,	Ditto	...	84 11 1	...	84 11 1	...	...	...	...	...	Mother, Anne Thompson, Cushee, Tipperary, Ireland.
"	William Barton	...	Private	...	Ditto	...	863	14th September	1857,	Ditto	...	91 0 9	...	91 0 9	...	...	...	...	...	Father, Wm. Barton, County Carlow, Ireland.
"	Alfred Blackford	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	2201	21st April	1858,	Ditto	...	16 10 4	...	16 10 4	...	...	...	...	...	Father, Alfred Blackford, Gloucester, England.
"	Andrew Bruce (Deserter)	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	2161	7th December	1857,	Ditto	...	4 6 6	...	4 6 6	4 6 6	...	...	...	...	30th March 1859. Transferred to Military Department, under orders of Government, dated 26th March 1859.
"	Peter Codd	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	218	17th September	1857,	Ditto	...	73 7 0	...	73 7 0	...	...	...	...	...	Brother, Walter Codd, Johnstone, Waterford, Ireland.
"	Michael Kennedy	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1936	14th Ditto		Ditto	...	78 3 6	...	78 3 6	...	...	...	...	...	Nephew, Patrick Kennedy, Moore Hill, Waterford, Ireland.
"	Edward Lugard	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1807	...	...	Ditto	...	88 5 6	...	88 5 6	...	...	...	...	...	} Unknown
"	Robert Mason	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1887	...	...	Ditto	...	86 0 3	...	86 0 3	...	...	...	...	...	
"	George Mills	...	Serjeant	...	Ditto	...	1177	...	...	Ditto	...	97 4 5	...	97 4 5	...	...	...	...	...	Sister, Hannah Mills, Lancaster, England.
"	James McGuinness	...	Private	...	Ditto	...	1124	28th November	1857,	Ditto	...	89 4 4	...	89 4 4	...	...	...	...	...	} Nil.
"	John Shaw	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	519	14th September	1857,	Ditto	...	81 3 6	...	81 3 6	...	...	...	...	...	
"	William Sullivan	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1792	26th April	1858,	Ditto	...	59 2 4	...	59 2 4	...	...	...	...	...	
"	William Doyle	...	Corporal	...	2nd Eur. Bl. Fusiliers	...	1429	13th September	1857,	Ditto	...	87 5 10	...	87 5 10	...	...	...	...	...	
"	William Rourke	...	Private	...	Ditto	...	298	14th September	1857,	Ditto	...	86 5 6	...	86 5 6	...	...	...	...	...	Father, John Rourke, Lusmough, Bairno King's County, Ireland.
"	William Griffin	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	2171	9th May	1858,	Ditto	...	26 5 3	...	26 5 3						
"	Alfred Davis	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	2167	24th March	1858,	Ditto	...	13 11 3	...	13 11 3						
"	Peter Reynolds	...	Serjeant	...	Ditto	...	956	14th September	1857,	Ditto	...	82 11 0	...	82 11 0	...	...	...	...	...	} Nil.
"	John FitzGerald	...	Private	...	Ditto	...	1866	1st June	1857,	Ditto	...	27 12 4	...	27 12 4	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Michael Keefe	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1605	27th September	1857,	Ditto	...	79 5 11	...	79 5 11	...	...	...	...	...	
"	James Doyle	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	820	10th Ditto		Ditto	...	91 5 7	...	91 5 7	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Francis Creagan	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	587	22nd June	1857,	Ditto	...	92 0 0	...	92 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	
"	John Robertson	...	Serjeant	...	Ditto	...	6	21st Ditto		Ditto	...	47 14 9	...	47 14 9	...	...	...	...	...	
"	William Rowden	...	Private	...	Ditto	...	2277	11th August	1858,	Ditto	...	32 9 11	...	32 9 11	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Benjamin Morgan	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	484	23rd June	1857,	Ditto	...	142 10 11	...	142 10 11	...	...	...	...	...	Brother, Evan Evans, Lampeter, Cardiganshire, Wales.
"	John Brown	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1530	6th Ditto		Ditto	...	18 1 0	...	18 1 0	...	...	...	...	...	Father, Jos. Brown, St. Paul's, Paris, Birmingham, Warwickshire, England.
"	John Burke	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	140	12th September	1857,	Ditto	...	118 13 6	...	118 13 6	...	...	...	...	...	} Nil.
"	Thomas Kaisback	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	2000	23rd May	1858,	Ditto	...	23 6 8	...	23 6 8	...	...	...	...	...	
"	James Key	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1805	16th September	1857,	Ditto	...	90 9 6	...	90 9 6	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Thomas Humphrey	...	Drummer	...	Ditto	...	1404	5th Ditto		Ditto	...	91 6 9	...	91 6 9	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Edward Reilly	...	Private	...	Ditto	...	1900	9th June	1857,	Ditto	...	18 7 0	...	18 7 0	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Thomas Ross	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	294	10th September	1857,	Ditto	...	85 9 10	...	85 9 10	...	...	...	...	...	
"	John O'Connell	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1025	1st June	1857,	Ditto	...	13 4 3	...	13 4 3						

Date of Deposit.	On whose Account.	Rank.	Corps.	General Number.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Amount of monies accruing from the adjustment of Estates.	Amount of Donation Batta due to Estates.	Total unclaimed Amount deposited.	How Disposed of.				Rate of Exchange.	Remarks.
										Amount paid in India.	Amount retained in India.	Amount remitted for payment in England.			
												In Co's. Rs.	Equivalent in Sterling.		
	NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS.—*(Continued.)*														
54th	Thomas Fox ...	Private ...	2nd Euro. Bl. Fusiliers ...	1317	10th April 1858,	Intestate ...	72 12 8	...	72 12 8	...	...	...	...	...	} Nil.
〃	William Eagan ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1540	2nd June 1857,	Ditto ...	13 10 8	...	13 10 8	...	...	...	...	...	
〃	Joseph Garland ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1701	13th April 1858,	Ditto ...	124 15 10	...	124 15 10	...	...	...	...	...	Anne Garland, Lambeth, Surrey, England.
〃	William Henry French ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1459	18th September 1857,	Ditto ...	141 13 5	...	141 13 5	...	...	...	...	...	Nil.
〃	Thomas Murray ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1938	6th May 1858,	Ditto ...	35 9 0	...	35 9 0						
〃	Lawrence McEnaly ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	2055	26th February 1858,	Ditto ...	12 6 1	...	12 6 1						
〃	Michael Hanna ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1302	26th June 1857,	Ditto ...	103 15 2	...	103 15 2						
〃	Patrick Rourke ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1229	9th July 1857,	Ditto ...	95 14 9		95 14 9	...	...	...	...	...	James Roorke, St. Paul's, Dublin.
〃	George Smith ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	2041	21st June 1857,	Ditto ...	92 1 3	...	92 1 3	...	...	...	...	...	Father, J. Marshall, Dartford, Kent.
〃	John Wallace ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1078	30th August 1857,	Ditto ...	13 3 0	...	13 3 0						
〃	Joseph Lowe ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	2029	20th September 1857,	Ditto ...	90 15 8	...	90 15 8						
〃	James Hunt ...	Drummer ...	Ditto ...	222	13th August 1857,	Ditto ...	96 4 11	...	96 4 11						
〃	Patrick Higgins ...	Private ...	Ditto ...	2217	23rd June 1858,	Ditto ...	9 7 9	...	9 7 9	...	...	...	...	...	Father, James Higgins, Kilrush, County Clare, Ireland.
〃	Thomas Cook ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	2071	17th May 1858,	Ditto ...	13 9 8	...	13 9 8	...	...	...	...	...	Mother, Mary Cook, Pubbs, Scotland.
〃	Thomas Pyne ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1894	6th September 1857,	Ditto ...	97 10 9	...	97 10 9						
〃	Robert Hancock ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1587	8th September 1857,	Ditto ...	99 4 3	...	99 4 3	...	...	...	...	...	Mother, Anne Hancock, St. Giles, Cripplegate, London.
〃	Thomas Warren ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	888	11th May 1858,	Ditto ...	105 12 5	...	105 12 5						
〃	Robert Gallogher ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1545	1st July 1858,	Ditto ...	57 8 1	...	57 8 1	...	...	...	...	...	Brother, James Gallogher, Abbey, Elderslay, Renfrewshire.
〃	John Blair ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1619	14th September 1857,	Ditto ...	101 5 10	...	101 5 10						
〃	John Ready ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1762	22nd July 1857,	Ditto ...	102 9 0	...	102 9 0	...	...	...	...	...	Mother, Anne Ready, St. Mary's, Limerick.
〃	Constantine Logan ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	2016	31st January 1858,	Ditto ...	105 2 0	...	105 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	Mother, Rachel Logan, Dundee, Forfarshire.
〃	William Holmes ...	Corporal ...	Ditto ...	1640	28th September 1857,	Ditto ...	94 6 0	...	94 6 0	...	...	...	...	...	Cousin, Serjeant John Johnson, 2nd Bengal Fusiliers, Workington, Cumberland.
〃	James Harwood ...	Private ...	Ditto ...	2137	21st June 1858,	Ditto ...	14 6 1	...	14 6 1	...	...	...	...	...	Cousin, Mary Harwood, Bolton, Lancashire.
〃	Joel Hadfield ...	Color Serjeant ...	Ditto ...	1127	23rd July 1857,	Ditto ...	753 11 1	...	753 11 1	...	...	...	...	...	Jane Hadfield, Bandry Street, Haley Bridge, Cheshire, England.
〃	William John Martin ...	Private ...	Ditto ...	2180	15th March 1858,	Ditto ...	4 0 0	...	4 0 0						
〃	Thomas Moore ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	2264	20th March 1858,	Ditto ...	0 8 9	...	0 8 9						
〃	Edward Frost ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1700	12th June 1857,	Ditto ...	318 4 1	...	318 4 1	...	...	...	...	...	Mother, Anne Frost, St. Martin's Lane, Norfolk, England.
〃	Patrick Connolly ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1917	14th September 1857,	Ditto ...	67 12 9	...	67 12 9	...	...	...	...	...	Sister, Bridget Connolly, Ballcreakell, Cliffden, Galway, Ireland.
〃	Coleman McDonough ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1553	24th October 1857,	Ditto ...	92 3 5	...	92 3 5	...	...	...	...	...	Cousin, Anne Walsh, Kilkenny, Ireland.
〃	Michael Moore ...	Corporal ...	Ditto ...	508	14th Ditto	Ditto ...	85 12 8	...	85 12 8	...	...	...	...	...	Nil.
〃	James Dalzell ...	Private ...	Ditto ...	1085	26th July 1857,	Ditto ...	91 14 7	...	91 14 7	...	...	...	...	...	Brother, John Dalzell, Down, Ireland.

20	David Pentland	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1760	3rd October	1857,	Ditto	...	120	10	8	...	120	10	8	...	...	...	...	...	Father, Pritchard Gilford, Down, Ireland.
20	William Mannox	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1653	11th July	1857,	Ditto	...	88	4	3	...	88	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	Sister, Mary Mannox, Dublin, Ireland.
20	John Read	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	2036	24th May	1857,	Ditto	...	2	4	3	...	2	4	3						
20	William Scully	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1668	2nd August	1857,	Ditto	...	88	6	0	...	88	6	0	...	...	...	...	...	Father, John Scully, the Spa of Clonmel, Tipperary, Ireland.
20	Michael O'Laughlan	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	689	5th July	1858,	Ditto	...	46	11	7	...	46	11	7	...	...	...	...	...	Nil.
20	Joseph Spoon	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1769	12th August	1857,	Ditto	...	84	1	7	...	84	1	7	...	...	...	...	...	Mother, Mary Ferguson, Glasgow, Lanark, Scotland.
20	Reuben Gregory	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	2076	6th July	1858,	Ditto	...	6	10	3	...	6	10	3	...	...	...	...	...	Father, John Gregory, Sellingto, Dernal, Brooks, England.
20	William Heffernan	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1933	19th June	1857,	Ditto	...	58	1	5	...	58	1	5						
20	Robert Rutherford	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1718	30th May	1858,	Ditto	...	65	12	7	...	65	12	7	...	...	...	...	...	Mother, Jane Rutherford, No. 391, Surrey Market, Edinburgh, Scotland.
20	James Ewart	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	2075	18th June	1858,	Ditto	...	4	8	7	...	4	8	7	...	...	...	...	...	Nil.
20	John Coghan	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1738	6th July	1858,	Ditto	...	288	7	7	...	288	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	Mother, Mary Waterson, Daroupa-patrick, Doron, Ireland.
20	Patrick Kelly	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	2068	20th August	1858,	Ditto	...	54	7	0	...	54	7	0						
20	John Boother	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1848	8th October	1857,	Ditto	..	87	12	11	...	87	12	11	...	...	...	...	...	Cousin, Edward Irice, Maltram, Miles near Huddersfield, Yorkshire, England.
20	Richard Swift	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1724	10th September	1857,	Ditto	...	88	11	10	...	88	11	10	...	...	...	...	...	Sister, Martha Swift, Sepleeland Digmore, near Wigan, Lancashire, England.
20	Robert Irvine	...	Corporal	...	Ditto	...	417	15th Ditto		Ditto	...	82	14	10	...	82	14	10						
20	James Madigan	...	Private	...	Ditto	...	1121	14th Ditto		Ditto	...	81	9	8	...	81	9	8	...	...	...	...	...	Nil.
20	Denis Sullivan	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1055	5th October	1857,	Ditto	...	259	13	7	...	259	13	7	...	...	...	...	...	Brother, John Sullivan, Kilmore Kerry, Ireland.
20	Richard Murphy	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	79	15th June	1857,	Ditto	...	163	2	9	...	163	2	9	...	...	...	...	...	Brother, David Murphy, Blarney Cork, Ireland.
20	James Brown	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	600	25th Ditto		Ditto	...	293	3	7	...	293	3	7	...	...	...	...	...	Sister, Mary Anne McDowell, Bainbridge Down, Ireland.
20	James Jones	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	297	22nd Ditto		Ditto	...	10	11	4	...	10	11	4						Brother, Edwin Jones, Bridge Water, Somersetshire.
20	John Ward	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1677	26th Ditto		Ditto	...	82	13	11	...	82	13	11	...	...	...	...	...	Sister, Emma Ward, Birmingham, Warwickshire.
20	William Thomas	...	Color Serjeant	...	Ditto	...	911	14th September	1857,	Ditto	...	86	2	6	...	86	2	6	...	...	...	...	...	Sister, Letitia Thomas, Milford Haven, Pembrokeshire.
20	Thomas Kelly	...	Private	...	Ditto	...	2014	9th June	1857,	Ditto	...	86	9	0	...	86	9	0	...	...	...	...	...	Brother, Michael Kelly, Kilbouren, Tipperary, Ireland.
20	Robert Boyd	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	11	...	...	Ditto	...	84	4	11	...	84	4	11	...	...	...	...	...	Mother, Jane Boyd, Town not known, County Armagh.
20	William Smith	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1597	2nd November	1857,	Ditto	...	116	7	9	...	116	7	9						
20	William Hutchinson	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	700	24th June	1857,	Ditto	...	86	14	11	...	86	14	11	...	...	...	...	...	Father, Robert Hutchinson, Edinburgh, Scotland.
20	Michael O'Dwyer	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	879	23rd Ditto		Ditto	...	84	4	7	...	84	4	7	...	...	...	...	...	Mother, Catherine O'Dwyer, Limerick.
20	John Clark	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1786	17th September	1857,	Ditto	...	86	8	0	...	86	8	0	...	...	...	...	...	Mother, Mary Clark, Greenock, Renfrew.
20	Henry Jones	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1802	26th August	1857,	Ditto	...	85	12	1	...	85	12	1	...	...	...	...	...	Brother, Benjamin Jones, Swansea, Glanmorgan.
20	Thomas Horsfidon	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	2035	19th Ditto		Ditto	...	86	14	6	...	86	14	6	..	...	...	...	..	Father, Henry Horandon, Melton, Queen's County, Ireland.
20	Felix McCarthy	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1435	23rd September	1857,	Ditto	...	89	12	0	...	89	12	0	...	...	...	...	...	Mother, Ellen McCarthy, Watergrass Hill, Cork, Ireland.
20	William Howett	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1154	18th August	1857,	Ditto	...	34	1	9	...	34	1	9						
20	Thomas Harknett	...	Corporal	...	Ditto	...	1355	21st October	1857,	Ditto	..	110	9	2	...	110	9	2						
20	Patrick Painard	...	Private	...	Ditto	...	1388	26th April	1857,	Ditto	...	8	3	10	...	8	3	10						

Date of Deposit.	On whose Account.	Rank.	Corps.	General Number.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Amount of monies accruing from the adjustment of Estates.	Amount of Donation Batta due to Estates.	Total unclaimed Amount deposited.	How Disposed of.				Rate of Exchange.	Remarks.
										Amount paid in India.	Amount retained in India.	Amount remitted for payment in England.			
												In Co's. Rs.	Equivalent in Sterling.		
	NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS.—*(Continued).*														
5th	Richard Clegg ...	Private ...	2nd Euro. Bl. Fusiliers...	1851	23rd June 1857,	Intestate ...	81 6 4	...	81 6 4	...	...	...	...	...	Father, John Clegg, Fatheral, Lancaster.
"	William Ambrose ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	866	14th September 1858,	Ditto ...	86 1 0	...	86 1 0	...	...	...	...	...	Brother, Michael Ambrose, Tallow County, Waterford.
"	Henry Coroner ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1598	9th June 1857,	Ditto ...	82 1 0	...	82 1 0						
"	Jeremiah Collins ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	122	20th August 1857,	Ditto ...	153 9 0	...	153 9 0						
"	William Galbraith ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1334	1st October 1857,	Ditto ...	77 9 0	...	77 9 0						
"	Edward McNair ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1656	23rd August 1857,	Ditto ...	89 4 4	...	89 4 4						
"	James McElroy ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	876	23rd July 1857,	Ditto ...	104 1 10	...	104 1 10						
"	John Laird ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	2294	7th September 1857,	Ditto ...	18 9 6	...	18 9 6						
"	William Connelly ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1782	21st June 1857,	Ditto ...	86 12 5	...	86 12 5						
"	Patrick Collinghan ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1693	17th September 1857,	Ditto ...	88 0 0	...	88 0 0						
"	Thomas Tryare ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	2012	23rd June 1857,	Ditto ...	91 9 9	...	91 9 9						
"	William Parsons ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	2025	11th October 1857,	Ditto ...	83 14 0	...	83 14 0	...	...	...	...	...	Brother, Charles Parsons.
"	Timothy Chary ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	168	23rd June 1857,	Ditto ...	472 2 1	...	472 2 1						
"	Thomas Roach ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	2190	31st March 1858,	Ditto ...	4 0 0	...	4 0 0						
"	Joseph Smith ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	323	12th June 1857,	Ditto ...	91 6 9	...	91 6 9						
"	Denis Ahearne ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	311	29th Ditto	Ditto ...	100 1 0	...	100 1 0						
"	Thomas Shea ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1645	26th July 1857,	Ditto ...	88 5 7	...	88 5 7						
"	Henry Cox ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	756	12th June 1857,	Ditto ...	109 7 9	...	109 7 9						
"	Charles Rowland ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1830	9th September 1857,	Ditto ...	91 3 6	...	91 3 6						
"	James Whythe ...	Color Serjeant ...	Ditto ...	51	18th August 1857,	Ditto ...	107 4 7	...	107 4 7						
"	John Denehy ...	Private ...	Ditto ...	859	9th July 1858,	Ditto ...	81 6 9	...	81 6 9						
"	Thomas Wood ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1847	30th June 1857,	Ditto ...	98 0 9	...	98 0 9						
"	Arthur Prentice ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1761	9th July 1857,	Ditto ...	88 10 9	...	88 10 9	...	...	...	...	...	Brother, William Wood.
"	Richard Taylor ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1912	11th October 1857,	Ditto ...	88 10 7	...	88 10 7						
"	Alexander Brown ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1780	12th September 1857,	Ditto ...	86 4 4	...	86 4 4						
"	Patrick Daley ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	425	20th June 1857,	Ditto ...	103 7 5	...	103 7 5						
"	James Parry ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1892	7th April 1858,	Ditto ...	100 9 2	...	100 9 2						
"	William Johnson ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	387	12th September 1857,	Ditto ...	97 9 3	...	97 9 3						
"	William McVeary ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	543	2nd October 1857,	Ditto ...	92 0 5	...	92 0 5						
"	James Marshall ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1942	21st June 1857,	Ditto ...	77 6 8	...	77 6 8						
"	John McKinnon ...	Corporal ...	Ditto ...	1715	28th September 1857,	Ditto ...	101 14 7	...	101 14 7						
"	Thomas Quinne ...	Private ...	Ditto ...	1569	... ...	Ditto ...	86 3 2	...	86 3 2						
"	John Rourke ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1833	14th September 1857,	Ditto ...	93 12 11	...	93 12 11						
"	William Bateman ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1620	22nd June 1857,	Ditto ...	91 10 3	...	91 10 3	...	...	...	...	...	Father, Charles Bateman, Ballinacainghy, County Cork, Ireland.
"	Joseph Morgan ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1856	14th September 1857,	Ditto ...	185 11 11	...	185 11 11	...	...	...	...	...	Father, Brian Morgan, Gardener near Ashbrook Terrace, South Circular Road, Dublin.
"	James Currie ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	780	... ...	Ditto ...	131 0 9	...	131 0 9	...	...	...	...	...	Brother? Half Pay Drummer David Currie, No. 1731, 4th Co. 2nd Bengal Fusiliers.
"	John McGrath ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	670	25th June 1857,	Ditto ...	81 11 8	...	81 11 8	...	...	...	...	...	Father John McGrath, Newcastle under Tyne, Staffordshire.
"	Thomas Tucker ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	2103	... ...	Ditto ...	15 0 1	...	15 0 1						

„	Richard Walker	Ditto	Ditto	2238	16th January	1858,	Ditto	20 14 0	...	20 14 0						
„	James Neligan	Ditto	Ditto	773	8th October	1857,	Ditto	85 7 1	...	85 7 1	...	...	...	...	...	Father, William Neligan, Maunslis, County Limerick, Ireland.
„	Christopher Harford	Ditto	Ditto	1799	15th September	1857,	Ditto	91 2 3	...	91 2 3						
„	Benjamin Teale	Ditto	Ditto	527	14th June	1857,	Ditto	56 2 4	...	56 2 4	...	...	...	...	...	Mother, Anne Teale, Middlesex, Ireland.
„	Martin Shiel	Ditto	Ditto	336	19th July	1857,	Ditto	88 4 7	...	88 4 7	...	...	...	...	...	Father, Patrick Shiel, St. Mary's, Dublin.
„	William Brien	Ditto	Ditto	823	9th August	1857,	Ditto	158 0 2	...	158 0 2	...	...	...	...	...	Mother, Mary Casey, wife of Serjeant Major Casey, Meywar Bheel Corps.
„	Philip Malone	Ditto	Ditto	533	29th December	1857,	Ditto	94 10 8	...	94 10 8						
„	John Walton	Ditto	Ditto	1178	19th June	1857,	Ditto	93 14 0	...	93 14 0						
„	John Gefers	Ditto	Ditto	206	17th October	1857,	Ditto	116 9 9	...	116 9 9	...	...	...	...	...	Mother, Jane Gefers, County Kildare, Ireland.
„	Daniel Driscoll	Ditto	Ditto	505	15th September	1857,	Ditto	95 3 9	...	95 3 9	...	...	...	...	...	Father, Daniel Driscoll, Castle Town, Berhaven, Cork, Ireland.
„	George Rodford	Ditto	Ditto	706	14th Ditto		Ditto	89 1 11	...	89 1 11	...	...	...	...	...	Father, George Rodford, Oxbridge, Somerset.
„	John Cubbing	Ditto	Ditto	1740	20th July	1857,	Ditto	89 5 2	...	89 5 2	...	...	...	...	...	Mother, Agnes, Ebbing, Liverpool.
„	Patrick Kelly	Ditto	Ditto	964	18th June	1857,	Ditto	91 3 4	...	91 3 4	...	...	...	...	...	
„	Joseph Foster	Ditto	3rd Euro. Regiment	938	21st March	1858,	Ditto	14 12 8	...	14 12 8	...	...	...	...	...	Kin not known.
„	James Johnson	Ditto	Ditto	1119	27th June	1857,	Ditto	17 9 2	...	17 9 2	...	...	...	...	...	
„	Edmond Erwin	Ditto	Ditto	338	22nd June	1858,	Ditto	15 4 0	...	15 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	Kin not known.
„	Simon Twomey	Ditto	Ditto	1208	7th Ditto,		Ditto	20 0 8	...	20 0 8	...	...	...	...	...	
„	Owen Murray	Ditto	Ditto	431	20th August	1857,	Ditto	42 6 8	...	42 6 8	...	...	...	...	...	Kin not known.
„	William May	Color Serjeant	Ditto	[illegible]	5th July	1857,	Ditto	31 5 1	...	31 5 1	...	...	...	...	...	
„	William Jones	Private	Ditto	1228	31st August	1858,	Ditto	16 6 0	...	16 6 0	...	...	...	...	...	Kin not known.
„	Edward Naughton	Ditto	Ditto	1242	22nd June	1858,	Ditto	49 0 11	...	49 0 11	...	...	...	...	...	
„	Michael Eagan	Ditto	Ditto	1184	...	...	Ditto	21 6 2	...	21 6 2	...	...	...	...	...	
„	Patrick Bartrim	Ditto	Ditto	177	16th Ditto,		Ditto	23 14 10	...	23 14 10	...	...	...	...	...	
7th	Thomas Navagh	Gunner	4th Co. 2nd Bn. Arty.	7066	20th June	1858,	Ditto	44 12 10	...	44 12 10	...	...	...	...	...	
„	William Price	Ditto	4th Tp. 3rd Bde. Horse Artillery	9998	7th July	1858,	Ditto	33 15 10	...	33 15 10	...	...	...	...	...	Father, Thomas Price, Bedlye Mall, Ayr, Scotland.
„	Charles Maling	Ditto	4th Co. 2nd Bn. Arty.	5336	20th July	1858,	Ditto	33 0 1	...	33 0 1	...	...	...	...	...	Kin not known.
„	Thomas Hill	Ditto	4th Co. 1st Bn. Arty.	9417	20th August	1858,	Ditto	64 12 2	...	64 12 2	...	...	...	...	...	
„	Alfred Hinchlife	Ditto	Ditto	9657	24th October	1858,	Ditto	35 15 6	...	35 15 6	...	...	...	...	...	
„	——— Williamson	Serjeant	Sappers and Miners	—	7th September	1858,	—	78 13 1	...	78 13 1						
9th	Thomas Hickey	Gunner	1st Co. 5th Bn. Artillery	5176	2nd August	1857,	Intestate	91 11 8	...	91 11 8						
„	William Murphy	Quarter-Master Serjeant	4th Euro. Light Cavalry		Not known.		Ditto	276 3 3	...	276 3 3						
„	John Prendergast	Corporal	Sappers and Miners	—	28th August	1858,	—	1910 0 0	...	1910 0 0						
„	William Blake	Gunner	Unposted	9587	23rd May	1858,	Intestate	17 14 5	...	17 14 5	...	...	...	...	...	Mother, Mrs. Boyd, Lounhead, near Edinburgh.
„	John Long	Ditto	Ditto	9689	16th Ditto		Ditto	23 12 11	...	23 12 11	...	...	...	...	...	Kin not known.
„	John Bowman	Ditto	Ditto	9580	26th Ditto		Ditto	15 15 1	...	15 15 1	...	...	...	...	...	Father, Thomas Bowman, Ballybut, Queen's County, Ireland.
„	Zachariah William	Ditto	Ditto	9126	25th Ditto		Ditto	111 3 11	...	111 3 11	...	...	...	...	...	Kin not known.
„	David Bennett	Ditto	Ditto	9143	24th March	1858,	Ditto	109 3 7	...	109 3 7	...	...	...	...	...	
„	Patrick Fahy	Ditto	Ditto	9289	14th May	1858,	Ditto	75 1 7	...	75 1 7	...	...	...	...	...	Father, Andrew Fahy, Waterford, Ireland.
„	John McKelvey	Ditto	Unposted	9568	...	...	Ditto	80 2 0	...	80 2 0	...	...	...	...	...	Father, Thomas McKelvey, County Down, Ireland.
„	George Epps	Ditto	Ditto	9627	14th June	1858,	Ditto	33 1 0	...	33 1 0	...	...	...	...	...	Kin not known.
11th	Francis John Dennis	Corporal	3rd Co. 2nd Bn. Arty.	6533	11th May	1857,	—	427 0 3	...	427 0 3	...	...	...	...	...	
„	William Fox	Private	3rd Euro. Regiment	1219	25th March	1858,	Intestate	45 0 4	...	45 0 4	...	...	...	...	...	Sister, Catherine Fox, Lower George Street, Kingstown County, Dublin.
„	Patrick Burke	Ditto	Ditto	1157	9th March	1858,	Ditto	77 0 1	...	77 0 1	...	...	...	...	...	Kin not known. Left a wife Mary, at St. Michael's, Dublin.
„	John Attridge	Gunner	Unposted	9572	13th Ditto		Ditto	22 3 4	...	22 3 4	...	...	...	...	...	Kin not known.
„	George Hawkins	Ditto	Ditto	9670	24th July	1858,	Ditto	15 8 5	...	15 8 5	...	...	...	...	...	

Date of Deposit.	On whose Account.	Rank.	Corps.	General Number.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Amount of monies accruing from the adjustment of Estates.	Amount of Donation Batta due to Estates.	Total unclaimed Amount deposited.	How Disposed of.				Rate of Exchange.	Remarks.
										Amount paid in India.	Amount retained in India.	Amount remitted for payment in England.			
												In Co.'s Rs.	Equivalent in Sterling.		
	NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS.—*(Continued.)*														
11th	Arthur Henry Walker ...	Gunner ..	Unposted ...	9786	21st June 1858,	Intestate ..	26 1 9	...	26 1 9	...	...	...	...	...	Father, Wm. Walker, Wolverhampton, Stafford, England.
„	James McDonnell ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	9719	7th Ditto	Ditto ...	14 14 5	...	14 14 5	...	...	...	...	...	Kin not known.
„	John Curren ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	9844	29th July 1858,	Ditto ...	27 15 4	...	27 15 4	...	...	...	...	...	
„	Thomas Davidson ...	Bombardier ...	Ditto ...	7757	4th October 1857,	Ditto ...	59 5 2	...	59 5 2	...	...	...	...	...	
„	Patrick Maloy ...	Gunner ...	Ditto ...	5551	25th March 1858,	Ditto ...	27 3 6	...	27 3 6	...	...	...	...	...	Father, J. Maloy, Parish Glene. Townland, Anghamull, Steward Road, County Tyrone, Ireland.
„	John McGrath ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	9700	15th August 1858,	Ditto ...	55 8 3	...	55 8 3	...	...	...	...	...	Kin not known.
„	George Ford ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	9630	29th July 1858,	Ditto ...	45 10 10	...	45 10 10	...	...	...	...	...	Father, George Ford, Abercon, South Queensferry, Linlithgow, Scotland.
„	Patrick Conoran ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	9279	23rd April 1858,	Ditto ...	70 2 4	...	70 2 4	...	...	...	...	...	Kin not known.
„	George Conroy ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	9606	12th May 1858,	Ditto ...	19 6 3	...	19 6 3	...	...	...	...	...	
„	Joseph Ryan ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	9736	10th June 1858,	Ditto ...	25 9 8	...	25 9 8	...	...	...	...	...	
„	Robert Todd ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	9554	19th January 1858,	Ditto ...	20 13 7	...	20 13 7	...	...	...	...	...	
„	John Geary ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	9641	17th July 1858,	Ditto ...	31 1 0	...	31 1 0	...	...	...	...	...	
„	George Laing ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	9086	20th Ditto	Ditto ...	17 6 0	...	17 6 0	...	...	...	...	...	
„	Jonathan Barrow ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	9830	30th Ditto	Ditto ...	25 5 4	...	25 5 4	...	...	...	...	...	
14th	William Walsh ...	Bombardier ...	3rd Tp. 2nd Bde. H. Arty.	8181	27th October 1858,	Ditto ...	49 7 7	...	49 7 7	...	...	...	...	...	
„	Daniel O'Dea ...	Gunner ...	4th Co. 2nd Bn. Arty. ...	7338	28th Ditto	Ditto ...	19 7 4	...	19 7 4	...	...	...	...	...	
„	James Hubball ...	Ditto ...	Ditto Ditto ...	7877	31st Ditto	Ditto ...	61 2 8	...	61 2 8	...	...	...	...	...	
„	George Barber ...	Ditto ...	Ditto Ditto ...	807	14th July 1858,	Ditto ...	34 0 2	...	34 0 2	...	...	...	...	...	Mother and Sister, (names unknown,) residing at Anarkully.
„	William Brownrigg ...	Ditto ...	Unposted ...	9392	14th March 1858,	Ditto ...	23 7 1	...	23 7 1	...	...	...	...	...	Kin not known.
„	Jonathan Harris ...	Ditto ...	2nd Tp. 1st Bde. H. Arty.	6299	15th October 1858,	Ditto ...	143 6 7	...	143 6 7	...	...	...	...	...	Mother, Mary Cumberland, Parish and Town Wigton.
„	Charles Carter ...	Ditto ...	Ditto Ditto ...	8919	13th November 1858,	Ditto ...	25 7 9	...	25 7 9	...	...	...	...	...	Father, Richard, Southampton, Hampshire, England.
„	John Wm. Warnett ...	Corporal ...	1st Co. 3rd Bn. Arty. ...	2508	5th August 1858,	Ditto ...	102 2 3	...	102 2 3	...	...	...	...	...	Kin not known.
„	Henry Feasey ...	Gunner ...	4th Co. 5th Bn. Arty. ...	9862	17th October 1858,	Ditto ...	22 14 10	...	22 14 10	...	...	...	...	...	
„	George Hornbrook ...	Ditto ...	Ditto Ditto ...	9873	9th September 1858,	Ditto ...	21 7 5	...	21 7 5	...	...	...	...	...	
„	Robert Bricklebank ...	Ditto ...	Ditto Ditto ...	9923	13th Ditto	Ditto ...	12 3 9	...	12 3 9	...	...	...	...	...	
„	James Briggs ...	Ditto ...	Unposted ...	9837	23rd July 1858,	Ditto ...	29 7 7	...	29 7 7	...	...	...	...	...	
„	William Mills ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	9869	10th Ditto	Ditto ...	27 6 6	...	27 6 6	...	...	...	...	...	
„	Timothy Flynn ...	Ditto ...	4th Co. 5th Bn. Arty. ...	8298	2nd October 1858,	Ditto ...	106 15 9	...	106 15 9	...	...	...	...	...	Father. Corp Flynn, County Cork, Parish and Town Keelma Comagh, Banky.
„	John Mealy ...	Ditto ...	Unposted ...	9888	29th July 1858,	Ditto ...	19 14 10	...	19 14 10	...	...	...	...	...	Kin not known.
„	Charles Chester ...	Ditto ...	3rd Co. 5th Bn. Arty. ...	7370	8th Ditto	Ditto ...	3 12 5	...	3 12 5	...	...	...	...	...	Father, Charles Chester, Worcester, Parish Witby, near Stoneport.
„	Henry Stevens ...	Ditto ...	1st Tp. 3rd Bde. H. Arty.	6505	17th September 1858,	Ditto ...	11 10 7	...	11 10 7	...	...	...	...	...	Father, Wm. Stevens, Cahnalish, Limerick, Ireland.
„	Patrick Cunningham ...	Ditto ...	Unposted ...	9400	9th June 1858,	Ditto ...	19 12 0	...	19 12 0	...	...	...	...	...	Kin not known.
„	David Edie ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	9164	5th March 1858,	Ditto ...	19 14 1	...	19 14 1	...	...	...	...	...	
„	Thomas Higgins ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	9171	19th Ditto	Ditto ...	39 4 2	...	39 4 2	...	...	...	...	...	

No. 44.] [1389]

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1, 1859.

Legislative Council of India.

THE 21ST MAY 1859.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General on the 17th May 1859, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. XV OF 1859.

An Act for granting exclusive privileges to Inventors.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Act VI of 1856, entitled "An Act for granting exclusive privileges to Inventors," was passed by the Legislative Council of India without the sanction of Her Majesty to the passing thereof having been previously obtained and signified in pursuance of the Statute passed in the seventeenth year of the reign of Her Majesty, entitled "An Act to provide for the Government of India :" and whereas Her Majesty's Law Officers having given it as their opinion that the Legislative Council of India was not competent to pass Act VI of 1856 without previously obtaining the sanction of the Crown, and the Court of Directors of the East India Company having in pursuance of the power vested in them by law disallowed Act VI of 1856 and having signified to the Governor General of India in Council their disallowance thereof, the said Act was repealed by Act IX of 1857 ; and whereas it is expedient, for the encouragement of Inventors of new manufactures, that certain exclusive privileges in their inventions should be granted to them in India, and that exclusive privileges obtained under the said Act should be protected : It is enacted as follows (The sanction of Her Majesty to the passing of this Act having been previously obtained and signified in pursuance of the said Statute) :—

Inventor may petition for leave to file specification.

I. The inventor of any new manufacture may petition the Governor General of India in Council for leave to file a specification thereof. Every such petition shall be in writing in the form or to the effect mentioned in the Schedule hereunto annexed, and shall be signed by the petitioner, or, in case the petitioner shall be absent from India, by an authorized agent, and shall state the name, addition, and place of residence of the petitioner, and the nature of the invention.

Form &c. of petition.

Order to file specification.

II. Upon such petition, the Governor General of India in Council may make an order authorizing the petitioner to file a specification of the invention.

Power to refer petition for enquiry and report.

III. Before making such order, the Governor General of India in Council may refer the petition to any person or persons for enquiry and report, and such person or persons shall be entitled to a reasonable fee for such enquiry and report to be paid by the petitioner : the amount of such fee, in case of dispute, to be settled by a Judge of one of Her Majesty's Courts of Judicature in a summary manner.

Petitioner entitled to exclusive privilege for 14 years from the time of filing specification.

IV. If, within the space of six calendar months from the date of such order, the petitioner cause a specification of his invention to be filed in manner hereinafter mentioned, the petitioner, his executors, administrators, or assigns, shall be entitled to the sole and exclusive privilege of making, selling, and using the said invention in India, and of authorizing others so to do, for the term of fourteen years from the time of filing such specification, and for such further term (if any), not exceeding fourteen years from the expiration of the first fourteen years, as the Governor General of India in Council may think fit to direct, upon petition to be presented by such inventor, at any period not more than one year, and not less than six calendar months, before the expiration of the exclusive privilege hereby granted.

Extension of term of exclusive privilege.

V. An order authorizing the filing of a specification, or for extending the term of such exclusive privilege as aforesaid, may be made subject to any such conditions and restrictions as the Governor General of India in Council may think expedient.

Order to file specification may be made subject to conditions.

VI. Every specification of an invention filed under this Act shall be in writing, and shall be signed by the petitioner, and shall particularly describe and ascertain the nature of the said invention and in what manner the same is to be performed.

Specification to be in writing and to describe the invention.

VII. Every petition for leave to file a specification and every specification filed under this Act shall be left with the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, and every petition and specification shall be accompanied by a declaration in writing signed by the petitioner in the forms or to the effect mentioned in the Schedule hereunto annexed, and if the inventor be absent from India, the petition and specification shall also be accompanied by a declaration signed by the agent who shall present or file the same, to the effect that he verily believes that the declaration purporting to be the declaration of the inventor was signed by him, and that the contents thereof are true, which declaration shall be in the form or to the effect mentioned in the said Schedule. The date of the delivery of every such petition and specification shall be endorsed on the same respectively, and shall also be recorded at the Office of the said Secretary.

Petition and specification to be left with Secretary to Government.

Petition &c. to be accompanied by declaration.

Date of delivery to be endorsed on petition.

VIII. If any person, who shall make a declaration under this Act, shall wilfully and corruptly make any false statement therein, he shall be deemed guilty of perjury, and shall be proceeded against, and upon conviction punished accordingly.

False statement in declaration punishable as perjury.

IX. No specification shall be filed until the petitioner shall have paid all fees payable under this Act, including the fees (if any) of the person or persons to whom the petition shall have been referred for enquiry and report.

Specification not to be filed before payment of fees.

X. At the time of delivering the specification for the purpose of being filed, the petitioner shall cause to be delivered to the said Secretary five copies thereof, of which

Copies of specification to be delivered and distributed.

One shall be sent to and filed by one of the Secretaries to the Government of Bengal;

One shall be sent to and filed by one of the Secretaries to the Government of Fort St. George;

One shall be sent to and filed by one of the Secretaries to the Government of Bombay; and

One shall be sent to and filed by one of the Secretaries to the Government of the North-Western Provinces.

A copy of such specification shall be open at all reasonable times at the Office of each of the said Secretaries to public inspection upon payment of a fee of one Rupee.

To be open to inspection.

XI. A book shall be kept in the Office of the said Secretary to the Government of India wherein shall be entered and recorded every such petition and specification and every order made upon such petition or relating to the invention therein mentioned. Every specification shall be numbered according to the order in which it is entered in such book; and a reference shall be made in such book, in the margin of the entry of each specification, to every order relating to the invention, and to every petition, memorandum, or amended specification which shall be filed under the provisions of Section XIV.

Book for the registry of petitions, specifications, &c.

XII. Such book, or a copy thereof, shall be open at all convenient times for the inspection of any person upon payment of a fee of one Rupee; and the said Secretary shall cause a copy of any entry therein, certified under his hand, to be given to any person requiring the same, on payment of the expense of copying.

Inspection of registry book.

Certified copy of entry to be given.

XIII. Every such certified copy shall be *primâ facie* evidence of the document of which it purports to be a copy.

Certified copy to be *primâ facie* evidence.

XIV. If, after the filing of the specification, the petitioner shall have reason to believe that through mistake or inadvertence he has erroneously made any mis-statement in his petition or specification, or included therein something which at the date of his petition was not new or whereof he was not the inventor, or that such specification is in any particular defective or insufficient, he may petition the Governor General in Council for leave to file a memorandum pointing out such error, defect, or insufficiency, and disclaiming any part of the alleged invention, or, in case of any defect or insufficiency of the specification, for leave to file an amended specification. The petition shall state how the error, defect, or insufficiency occurred and that it was not fraudulently intended, and shall be accompanied by a declaration in writing signed by the petitioner and if he be absent from India by his agent stating that the contents of such petition are true to the best of his knowledge and belief. Upon such petition the Governor General in Council may make an order allowing such memorandum or amended specification to be filed. All the provisions of Sections X, XI, XII, and XIII, applicable to specifications, shall be applicable to the petitions, orders, and memoranda or amended specifications referred to in this Section. An amended specification filed under the provisions of this Act shall, except as to suits or proceedings relating to the exclusive privilege which shall be pending at the time of the filing of such amended specification, have the same effect as if it had been the specification first filed, provided that nothing contained in an amended specification shall extend or enlarge any exclusive privilege before acquired.

In what cases petitioner may apply for leave to file amended specification.

Effect of amended specification.

No person entitled to exclusive privilege in any of the following cases—

XV. No person shall be entitled to any exclusive privilege under the provisions of this Act—

If invention of no utility, or

If the invention is of no utility, or

If invention not new, or

If the invention, at the time of presenting the petition for leave to file the specification, was not a new invention within the meaning of this Act, or

If petitioner is not inventor, or

If the petitioner is not the inventor thereof, or

If specification does not describe the invention.

If the specification filed or the amended specification (if any) does not particularly describe and ascertain the nature of the invention and in what manner the same is to be performed, or

If petition or specification contain wilful or fraudulent mis-statement.

If the original or any subsequent petition relating to the invention, or the original or any amended specification contain a wilful or fraudulent mis-statement.

Exclusive privilege to cease if Government declare it mischievous &c. to public.

XVI. Every exclusive privilege under this Act shall cease if the Governor General of India in Council shall declare that the same, or the mode in which it is exercised, is mischievous to the State, or generally prejudicial to the public; or if a breach of any special condition on which the petitioner

Or if Government, upon breach of condition proved, declare that it shall cease.

shall be authorized to file a specification, or upon which the term of the exclusive privilege shall be extended, shall be proved to the satisfaction of any of Her Majesty's Courts of Judicature, and if the Governor General of India in Council shall thereupon declare that such exclusive privilege shall cease.

Importer of invention, if not the actual inventor, not to be deemed inventor.

XVII. The importer into India of a new invention shall not be deemed an inventor within the meaning of this Act, unless he be the actual inventor.

Foreign inventor.

XVIII. A foreigner, whether resident abroad or not, may petition for leave to file a specification under this Act.

An invention not publicly used or known in the United Kingdom or in India before the application for leave to file his specification, to be deemed a new invention within this Act.

XIX. An invention shall be deemed a new invention within the meaning of this Act, if it shall not, before the time of applying for leave to file the specification, have been publicly used in India or in any part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or been made publicly known in any part of India or of the United Kingdom by means of a publication, either printed or written or partly printed and partly written. The

Knowledge of invention fraudulently acquired.

public use or knowledge of an invention, prior to the application for leave to file a specification, shall not be deemed a public use or knowledge within the meaning of this Section, if the knowledge shall have been obtained surreptitiously or in fraud of the inventor, or shall have been communicated to the public in fraud of the inventor or in breach of confidence: provided

Proviso.

the inventor shall, within six calendar months after the commencement of such public use, apply for leave to file his specification, and shall not previously have acquiesced in such public use; provided also that

Public use by inventor.

the use of an invention in public by the inventor thereof, or by his servants or agents, or by any other person by his license in writing, for a period not exceeding one year prior to the date of his petition, shall not be deemed a public use thereof within the meaning of this Act.

Inventor having obtained English Letters Patent, to petition within 12 months from the passing of this Act or from the date of the Letters Patent.

XX. If an inventor who prior to the time of applying for leave to file a specification of an invention under this Act, shall have obtained Her Majesty's Letters Patent for the exclusive use of such invention in the United Kingdom or any part thereof shall, within twelve calendar months from the passing of this Act, or within twelve calendar months from the date of such Letters Patent, petition the Governor General of India in Council for leave to file a specification of such invention (which petition shall be in writing in the form or to the effect mentioned in the Schedule), the invention shall be deemed a new

Invention if not publicly known or used in India at the time of applying for such Letters Patent, to be deemed new.

invention within the meaning of this Act, if it was not publicly known or used in India at or before the date of the petition for such Letters Patent, notwithstanding it may have been publicly known or used in some part of the United Kingdom or in India before the time of his petitioning, under this Act, for leave to file the

What to be stated in such petition.

specification; Provided the petition for leave file the specification shall state that such Letters Patent have been granted, and shall also state the date thereof and the term during which the same are to continue in force. Provided also that

Duration of exclusive privilege.

an exclusive privilege, obtained under the provisions of this Act by an inventor who has obtained Her Majesty's Letters Patent for the exclusive use of such invention, shall cease to have effect, if such Letters Patent be revoked or cancelled; and that no such exclusive privilege shall extend beyond the term granted by such Letters Patent unless the same shall be renewed, in which case the exclusive privilege may be renewed under this Act for the extended term or any part thereof.

Saving of rights of persons who used invention before 7th of July 1855.

XXI. No exclusive privilege obtained under this Act shall entitle the owner of such privilege to exclude any person from using the invention, who, prior to the 7th day of July 1855, used the same in India.

Action for infringement.

XXII. An action may be maintained by an inventor against any person who, during the continuance of any exclusive privilege granted by this Act, shall, without the license of the said Inventor, make, use, sell, or put in practice the said invention, or who shall counterfeit or imitate the same. Provided that no such action shall be maintained in any Court other than the principal Court of original jurisdiction in Civil cases within

the local limits of whose jurisdiction the cause of action shall accrue or the defendant shall reside as a fixed inhabitant.

Defect in specification or petition, or want of novelty in invention &c., no defence to action for infringement.

XXIII. No such action shall be defended upon the ground of any defect or insufficiency of the specification of the invention, nor upon the ground that the original or any subsequent petition relating to the invention, or the original or any amended specification contains a wilful or fraudulent mis-statement, nor upon the ground that the invention is not useful; nor shall any such action be defended upon the ground that the plaintiff was not the inventor, unless the defendant shall show that he is the actual inventor or has obtained a right from him to use the invention either wholly or in part. Any such action may be defended upon the ground that the invention was not new, if the person making the defence, or some person through whom he claims, shall, before the date of the petition for leave to file the specification, have publicly or actually used in India or in some part of the United Kingdom, the invention, or that part of it of which the infringement shall be proved; but not otherwise.

The actual use of an invention in India or the United Kingdom before date of petition, a defence to such action.

Application to Supreme Courts to declare exclusive privilege not to have been acquired on following grounds—

XXIV. It shall be lawful for any person to apply by motion to any of Her Majesty's Courts of Judicature for a rule to show cause why the Court should not declare that an exclusive privilege in respect of an invention has not been acquired under the provisions of this Act by reason of all or any of the objections following (to be specified in the rule), that is to say—

Invention of no utility.

That the said invention is of no utility, or

Invention not new.

That the said invention was not, at the time of presenting the petition for leave to file the specification a new invention within the meaning of this Act, or

Petitioner not the inventor.

That the petitioner was not the inventor thereof, or

Invention not described in specification.

That the specification filed or the amended specification (if any) does not particularly describe and ascertain the nature of the invention or in what manner the same is to be performed, or

Fraud in petition or specification.

That the petitioner has knowingly or fraudulently included in the petition or specification or amended specification, as part of his invention, something which was not new or whereof he was not the inventor, or

Fraudulent mis-statement in petition or specification.

That the original or any subsequent petition relating to the invention or the original or any amended specification contains a wilful or fraudulent mis-statement, or

Insufficient description of part of invention in specification.

That some part of the invention, or the manner in which that part is to be performed as described in the specification filed or the amended specification, is not thereby sufficiently described and ascertained, and that such defect or insufficiency was fraudulent and is injurious to the public.

Like application as to part of an invention.

XXV. Any person may, in like manner, apply to any of Her Majesty's Courts of Judicature for a rule to show cause why the Court should not declare that an exclusive privilege has not been acquired under the provisions of this Act in respect of any part of the invention to be specified in the rule by reason of all or any of the objections following (to be specified in the rule) that is to say—

That such part of the invention is wholly distinct from the other part thereof and is of no utility, or

That such part of the invention was not, at the date of the petition for leave to file the specification, a new invention within the meaning of this Act, or

That the petitioner was not the inventor of that part of the invention, or

That that part of the invention, and the manner in which it is to be performed, is not sufficiently described and ascertained in the specification filed or the amended specification, and that such defect or insufficiency is injurious to the public.

Application by Advocate General on breach of special condition.

XXVI. It shall be lawful for the Advocate General at any of the Presidencies of Fort William in Bengal, Fort St. George, and Bombay, or any other person, by order of the Governor General in Council, to apply to any of the said Courts of Judicature for a rule calling upon the petitioner, his executors, administrators, or assigns, to show cause why the question of the breach of any special condition upon which the leave to file a specification has been granted, or any other question of fact on which the revocation of the exclusive privilege by the Governor General in Council under the power hereinbefore reserved may, in the judgment of the said Governor General in Council, depend, should not be tried in the form of an issue directed by the said Court; and if the rule be made absolute, the Court, unless the breach or other matter of fact be admitted, may thereupon direct such issue to be tried, and certify the result of such trial to the Governor General in Council. The costs of such trial, and also the costs of any proceedings in any of the said Courts of Judicature under the provisions of this Act, shall be in the discretion of the Court.

Service of proceedings on all persons interested.

XXVII. Notice of any rule obtained or proceeding taken under either of the last three preceding Sections shall be served on all persons appearing to be proprietors or to have shares or interests in the exclusive privilege under the provisions of Section XXXV of this Act, and it shall not be necessary to serve such notice on any other persons.

Supreme Court may direct issue for trial to other Courts.

XXVIII. Any of the said Courts of Judicature, if it think fit, may direct an issue for the trial, before the same Court or any other Court of Judicature or any principal Court of original jurisdiction in Civil cases, of any question of fact arising upon an application under Sections XXIV, XXV, or XXVI of this Act, and such issue shall be tried accordingly in a summary manner, and, if the issue be directed to another Court, the finding shall be certified by the Court

before which the same was tried, to the Court directing the issue. If the issue be directed to any Court of Judicature, the Court by which the issue is tried may, before the finding is certified, direct a new trial of such issue according to the usual course and practice of such Court. If the issue be directed to any Court other than a Court of Judicature, the finding shall not be subject to appeal, but the evidence taken upon the trial shall be recorded, and a copy thereof, certified by the Judge, shall be transmitted, together with any remarks he may think fit to make thereon, to the Court by which the issue was directed; and such Court may either act upon the decision of the Court which tried the issue, or direct a new trial if it shall appear necessary.

New trial.

XXIX. If it shall appear to any of the said Courts of Judicature at the hearing of any application under the provisions of Sections XXIV or XXV of this Act that, by reason of any of the objections therein mentioned, the said exclusive privilege in the invention or in any part thereof has not been acquired, the Court shall give judgment accordingly, and shall make such order as to the costs of and consequent upon the application as it may think just; and thereupon the petitioner, his executors, administrators, and assigns shall, so long as the judgment continues in force, cease to be entitled to such exclusive privilege.

Judgment.

Costs.

XXX. If the Court, at the hearing of any such application as last aforesaid, shall think that the petitioner has, in the description of his invention in the petition or specification or amended specification (if any), included something which at the date of the petition was not new or whereof he was not the inventor, or that the specification is in any particular defective or insufficient, but that the error, defect, or insufficiency was not fraudulently intended, the Court may adjudge the said exclusive privilege to have been acquired and to be valid, save as to the part thereof affected by such error, defect, or insufficiency, or if the Court shall think that the error, defect, or insufficiency can be amended without injury to the public, they may adjudge the exclusive privilege in the whole invention to be valid, and may, upon such terms as shall appear reasonable, order the specification to be amended in any of the said particulars; and thereupon the petitioner, his executors, administrators, or assigns shall, within the time limited by the said Court for the purpose, file a specification amended according to such order. Provided that no such amended specification shall have the effect of extending or enlarging the exclusive privilege before acquired.

Amendment of specification by Court.

Proviso.

XXXI. An exclusive privilege shall not be defeated upon the ground that the petition contains a mis-statement, unless such mis-statement was wilful or fraudulent.

Mis-statement in the petition, if not fraudulent, not to defeat the privilege.

XXXII. Whenever it shall be adjudged by any of the said Courts of Judicature that an exclusive privilege as to the whole or any part of an invention has not been acquired, the said Secretary to the Government of India shall, upon the production of the judgment or order, cause an entry thereof to be made in the said book hereinbefore directed to be kept, and shall cause a reference to such entry to be made in the margin of the entry of the specification contained in such book.

Entry in registry book of judgment &c. declaring privilege not to have been acquired.

XXXIII. If, upon proceedings instituted within two years from the date of a petition to file a specification, the actual inventor shall prove to the satisfaction of the principal Court having jurisdiction in Civil cases within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the defendant shall reside as a fixed inhabitant, that the petitioner was not the actual inventor, and that at the time of the petition he knew or had good reason to believe that the knowledge of the invention was obtained by himself or by some other person surreptitiously or in fraud of the actual inventor, or by means of a communication made in confidence by the actual inventor to him or to any person through whom he derived such knowledge, the Court may compel the petitioner to assign to the actual inventor any exclusive privilege obtained under this Act and to account for and pay over the profits thereof.

In what case actual inventor entitled to assignment of an exclusive privilege fraudulently obtained.

XXXIV. In any action for the infringement of such exclusive privilege, the plaintiff shall deliver with his plaint particulars of the breaches complained of in the said action; and the defendant shall deliver a written statement of the particulars of the grounds (if any) upon which he means to contend that the plaintiff is not entitled to an exclusive privilege in the invention. In like manner, upon any application to any of the said Courts of Judicature under Sections XXIV, XXV, or XXVI of this Act, the applicant shall deliver particulars of the objections on which he means to rely. At the trial of any such action or issue, no evidence shall be allowed to be given in support of any alleged infringement or of any objection impeaching the validity of such exclusive privilege which shall not be contained in the particulars delivered as aforesaid. If it be alleged that the invention was publicly known or used prior to the date of the petition for leave to file such specification, the places where and the manner in which the invention was so publicly known or used shall be stated in such particulars. Provided always that it shall be lawful for any Court in which the action or proceeding is pending, or in which the issue is tried, to allow the plaintiff or defendant respectively to amend the particulars delivered as aforesaid upon such terms as shall seem fit.

Particulars to be delivered.

XXXV. A book shall be kept in the Office of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department (such book to be open to inspection without fee) wherein every person filing a specification under this Act, or any person to whom the exclusive privilege may be assigned, shall cause to be stated some place in India where service of any rule or proceedings for the purpose of cancelling or revoking his exclusive privilege may be made, and shall cause a reference to such entry to be made in the margin of the entry of the specification, and may from time to time cause any other place in India to be substituted by a similar entry and reference. All such rules and proceedings as aforesaid shall be deemed sufficiently served if a copy thereof be left at the place entered in such book or (if any other place be substituted for the

Service of proceedings.

same by entry in the said book) at the place last substituted, by delivering the same to any person resident at, or in charge of, such place: or, if there be no person resident at, or in charge of such place, or if such place be not within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court, by causing such rule or proceeding to be sent by Post by a registered letter directed to such person at such place; and if any such person shall neglect to make or cause to be made such entry, then service of such rule or proceeding may be effected by affixing a copy thereof to some conspicuous part of the Court-house or in such other manner as the Court may direct.

Act VI of 1856 to have effect in respect of certain specifications filed and acts done.

XXXVI. Act VI of 1856 shall be of the same force and effect in respect to every petition and specification filed under the provisions thereof before the Act was repealed, and in regard to all proceedings consequent thereon or in relation thereto, and for the purpose of every thing done under that Act while it continued in force, as if previously to the passing of the said Act the sanction of Her Majesty to the passing thereof had been obtained and signified in pursuance of the Statute passed in the seventeenth year of the reign of Her Majesty, entitled "An Act to provide for the Government of India," and as if the said Act had not been repealed; and the term of every exclusive privilege obtained under the said Act is hereby extended and shall continue until the expiration of fourteen years from the time of the passing of this Act. No exclusive privilege obtained under the said Act by an importer not being the actual inventor shall cease to have effect by virtue of the provisions of Section XVI of the said Act if the invention be put in practice in India within the period of two years from the time of the passing of this Act.

Stamp on petition.

XXXVII. Every petition for leave to file a specification under the provisions of this Act, or for the extension of the term of an exclusive privilege, shall be written or printed on stamped paper of the value of one hundred Rupees.

Interpretation.

XXXVIII. In the construction of this Act, the following words and expressions shall have the meanings hereby assigned to them, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction.

Number.

Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number.

Gender.

Words importing the masculine gender shall include females.

"Invention."

The word "invention" shall include an improvement.

"Manufacture"

The word "manufacture" shall be deemed to include any art, process, or manner of producing, preparing or making an article, and also any article prepared or produced by manufacture.

"Printed."

The word "printed" shall include "lithographed."

"Inventor" and actual Inventor."

The words "inventor" and "actual inventor" shall include the executors, administrators, or assigns of an inventor or actual inventor as the case may be.

"Assigns."

The word "assigns" shall include grantees of the sole use or benefit in India of an invention, or of the sole use of an exclusive privilege for a limited time.

"India."

The word "India" shall mean the territories which are or may become vested in Her Majesty by the Statute 21 and 22 Vic. c. 106, entitled "an Act for the better Government of India."

"Governor General in Council.

The words "Governor General in Council" shall include the "President in Council."

"Secretary to the Government of India.

The words "Secretary to the Government of India" shall include any Under Secretary to the said Government.

"Her Majesty's Courts of Judicature."
"Courts of Judicature."

The expressions "Her Majesty's Courts of Judicature" and "Courts of Judicature" shall mean the Courts established by Royal Charter.

SCHEDULE OF FORMS.

Form of Petition (*see Section* I.)

To the Governor General of India in Council.

The petition of (*here insert name, addition, and place of residence*) for leave to file a specification under Act No. XV of 1859.

Sheweth,

That your petitioner is in possession of an invention for (*state the title of the invention,*) which invention he believes will be of public utility; that he is the inventor thereof (*or, as the case may be, the assignee or the executor or administrator of the inventor*); and that the same is not publicly known or used in India or in any part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland to the best of his knowledge and belief.

The following is a description of the invention (*here describe it.*)

Your petitioner therefore prays for leave to file a specification of the said invention pursuant to the provisions of Act No. XV of 1859.

And your petitioner, &c.,

(Signed)

The day of

Form of Declaration to accompany Petition.

(*see Section* VII.)

I (*here insert name, addition, and place of residence*) do solemnly and sincerely declare that I am in possession of an invention for (*state the title of the invention as in the petition*); that I believe the said invention will be of public utility; that I am the inventor thereof (*or, as the case may be, the assignee or executor*

or administrator of the inventor) ; and that the same is not publicly known or used in India or in any part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland to the best of my knowledge and belief ; and that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, my said invention is truly described in my petition for leave to file a specification thereof.

The day of

(Signed)

FORM OF DECLARATION TO ACCOMPANY SPECIFICATION.

(see Section VII.*)*

I (here insert name, addition, and place of residence) do solemnly and sincerely declare that I am in possession of an invention for *(state the nature of the invention,)* which invention I believe will be of public utility ; that I am the inventor thereof *(or, as the case may be, the assignee or executor or administrator of the inventor)* or) and that the same is not publicly known or used in India or in any part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland to the best of my knowledge and belief ; and that, to the best of my belief, the instrument in writing under my hand hereunto annexed particularly describes and ascertains the nature of the said invention and in what manner the same is to be performed.

The day of

(Signed)

FORM OF DECLARATION BY AGENT WHEN AN INVENTOR IS ABSENT FROM INDIA.

(see Section VII.*)*

I of

do solemnly and sincerely declare that I have been appointed by the said his Agent for the purpose of ; and I verily believe that the declaration purporting to be the declaration of the said marked ( ) was signed by him, and that the contents thereof are true.

The day of

(Signed)———.

FORM OF PETITION—*(see Section* XX.*)*

That your petitioner *(or, as the case may be, that A. B. of whom your petitioner is the assignee or executor or administrator)* has obtained Her Majesty's Letters Patent dated the day of for *(state the title of the invention,)* and that such Letters Patent are to continue in force for years. That your petitioner believes that the said invention is not now and has not hitherto been publicly known or used in India.

The following is a description of the invention *(here describe it.)*

Your petitioner therefore prays for leave to file a specification of the said invention pursuant to the provisions of Act No. XV. of 1859.

And your petitioner, &c.

(Signed)

The day of

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Home Department.

No. 1112.

Fort William, the 26th May 1859.

Notification.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council has granted the Hon'ble H. Ricketts, 2nd Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor General of India, leave of absence on Medical Certificate, for a period of six months, under Section X. Chapter 2 of the Civil Absentee Rules.

W. GREY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Foreign Department.

No. 3195.

Fort William, the 31st May 1859.

In amendment of General Order, No. 806, of the 25th February last, it is hereby notified that Mr. L. Ricketts, Assistant Commissioner, Raichore Doab, has passed for the second or higher standard, as prescribed for the examination of Assistant Commissioners.

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Financial Department.

No. 44.

Fort William, the 1st June 1859.

Notification.—The following Statement of the Cash Balance in the Government Treasuries in India, for the 4th Quarter of the Official Year 1858-59, as reported up to this date, is published for general information :—

Date.	*Amount of Balance.*
On 30th April 1859 ...	Co.'s Rs. 9,74,56,306.

No. 45.

Statement of Subscriptions, throughout India, to the open Loans of the day, reported during the last Quarter of 1858-59.

		Cash.	Transfer.	Total.
5 per Cent. Loan opened on the 16th January 1857 ..	Amount subscribed from the date of the opening of the Loan to 31st January 1859	9,94,99,239	7,80,51,561	17,75,50,800
	Add reported in the last Quarter of 1858-59..	1,03,08,495	1,02,93,605	2,06,02,100
	Rupees..	10,98,07,734	8,83,45,166	19,81,52,900
Treasury Bills at 3 Pies per Cent. per diem, issued under Notification dated 26th January 1859 ..	Amount subscribed from the date of Notification to 31st January 1859 ..			7,000
	Add reported in the last Quarter of 1858-59 ..			10,47,300
	Rupees..			10,54,300

C. Hugh Lushington,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, the 27th May 1859.

No. 777 *of* 1859.—The leave of absence to proceed to Sea, on Medical Certificate, granted to Captain E. Thomas, 3rd European Regiment, in Government General Order No. 1012, of the 1st July 1858, and extended in Government General Order No. 116, of the 28th January 1859, is further extended to the 17th May 1859, the date of his return to Bengal.

No. 778 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate :—

Surgeon Herbert Diaper, of the Medical Department ...	For twelve months, under the new Regulations.

No. 779 *of* 1859.—The following Orders, issued by the Government of Bombay, are confirmed :—

No. 391, *of the 5th May* 1859.—Granting leave of absence to Europe, on Medical Certificate, to Captain Blair Thomas Reid, of the 3rd European Regiment, Deputy Commissioner, Jhelum ...	For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.
No. 365, *of 25th April* 1859.—Granting leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, to the Neilgherry Hills, to Captain S. P. Scott, 22nd Madras Native Infantry, Commandant 6th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent ...	For two years, under the old Regulations.

No. 780 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—

Hyderabad Contingent.

6th Infantry.

Captain G. Adey, Second in Command of the 4th Infantry, to officiate as Commandant, *vice* Captain Scott, on leave.

4th Infantry.

Lieutenant C. Jameson, Adjutant of the 6th Infantry, to officiate as Second in Command of the 4th Infantry, *vice* Captain Adey.

6th Infantry.

Lieutenant C. M. Bushby, of the 70th Native Infantry, to officiate as Adjutant, *vice* Lieutenant Jameson.

No. 781 *of* 1859.—The leave of absence, for three months, granted to Lieutenant Illtudus Thomas Prichard, of the 15th Native Infantry, Officiating Sub-Assistant Commissary General, in General Order by the Governor General, No. 607, of the 29th December 1858, is extended to the 27th instant, from which date that Officer is permitted to resign the Service.

No. 782 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate :—

Major and Brevet Lieutenant Colonel Douglas Seaton, of the 1st European Bengal Fusiliers ...	For eighteen months, under the new Regulations.

Fort William, 31st May 1859.

No. 783 *of* 1859.—The following Notification issued by the Government of the Punjaub is published in General Orders :—

Dated 14th May 1859.—*Leave.*—The preparatory leave for two months to Lieutenant-Colonel Edwards, C. B., Commissioner, Peshawur, notified in the *Punjab Government Gazette* of the 7th instant, is altered to eight weeks' preparatory leave.

No. 784 *of* 1859.—The following Notification issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces, is published in General Orders :—

No. 313, *dated the 21st May* 1859.—*Leave of Absence.*—Captain J. P. Caulfield, Commandant, District Police Battalion, Furruckabad, on Medical Certificate, from the 9th instant to 1st November 1859, in extension of the leave granted in Orders of 27th August 1858.

No. 785 *of* 1859.—The following paragraph of a Military Letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 136, of the 21st April 1859, is published for general information :—

1. I have to acquaint you that Mr. Henry Forester Leighton, now residing in India, has been appointed a Cadet of Infantry upon the Bengal Establishment, subject to the usual conditions, and to his being found qualified agreeably to the prescribed test. His Order of Rank will be transmitted in due course.

No 786 *of* 1859.—Assistant Apothecary Lionel Alfred Kidd, Officiating Apothecary of Her Majesty's 2nd Battalion, 60th Rifles, is permitted to resign his situation in the Subordinate Medical Department.

No. 787 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following report of the Major-General Commanding Saugor Field Division of successful operations against the Rebels on the left bank of the Cain River.

No. 230.

FROM MAJOR-GENL. G. C. WHITLOCK,
Commanding Saugor Field Division,

TO MAJOR-GENL. SIR W. R. MANSFIELD, K. C. B.,
Chief of the Staff,
Army Head Quarters.

Camp Nagode, 12th April 1859.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to report, for the information of the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief, the return to Division Head Quarters of the Column which I sent out under the Command of Colonel Apthorp, C. B. and K. S. F., to disperse the Rebels who were reported to have collected in the strong positions of Gerce and Putowri, on the left bank of the Cain River.

I directed the march of the whole on Punnah, and then, according to circumstances, to make arrangements to attack the Rebels.

His Lordship is already in possession of the result of the operations which have led to the dispersion of the Rebels chiefly Mutineers from Gwalior, the death of a very notorious leader, and the capture of a large quantity of Baggage and Cattle, as well as Arms.

A Detachment of the 6th Madras Light Cavalry and the 30th Madras Native Infantry, Company of the Madras Rifles, whom I had detached under the Command of Captain Doveton, 30th Madras Native Infantry, to Etawah, (the Town where the murder of the two Railway Officers was committed,) to act in the event of the Rebels adopting that route fortunately fell in with them, repulsed them with loss, and captured Camels, &ca., Baggage as well as Arms.

It would appear that these parties consisted principally of Sepoys.

Information was also sent to the Officer Commanding Nowgong, to keep a good look-out in that quarter and a private note from that place has informed me of a Madras Native Infantry and the Rewah Contingent having surprised a party of the Rebels, completely routed them with much loss, with on our side 3 of the 17th, and 3 of the Contingent wounded.

There are and will be for some time small bodies of Mutineers scattered throughout the jungles and in the Hills.

But I trust the arrangements I have made in the location of Detachments will be means of preventing the Rebels collecting in any great numbers.

Colonel Apthorp, C. B. and K. S. F., is entitled to my best thanks for the effective manner in which he has carried out my instructions, and he has expressed himself highly satisfied with all who have been employed under him.

I have already submitted to His Lordship the Commander-in-Chief, the names of the Officers who have been brought to my notice.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) G. C. WHITLOCK, *Major-General,*
Commanding Saugor Field Division.

No. 303.

FORWARDED by order of the Commander-in-Chief to the Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, for the information of His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

H. W. NORMAN, *Major,*
Offg. Adjt. Genl. of the Army.

HEAD QUARTERS, SIMLA,
The 13th May 1859.

No. 788 *of* 1859.—The following Orders issued by the Government of Bombay are confirmed :—

No. 411, *of the 7th May* 1859.—Granting leave of absence to Europe, on Medical Certificate, to the under-mentioned Officers :— 2nd Captain Frederick Ely Smallpage, of the Regiment of Artillery.	For fifteen months, under the old Regulations.
No. 418, *of the 10th May* 1859.—Lieutenant John Beresford Smyly, of the 29th Native Infantry, Assistant Commissioner, Punjaub.	For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 780 *of* 1859.—The following Orders issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjaub, and published in the *Punjaub Gazette*, No. 26, of the 30th March, and No. 27, 28, 29, 30, 32, 34 and 35 of April 1859, are confirmed :—

LAHORE, 29TH MARCH 1859.

Cureton's Mooltanee Cavalry.

No. 144.—*Transfer.*—The Mooltanee Ressalla employed at Umritsur on Police duties and known as Gholam Mustapha Khan Khagwanie's Ressalla, is attached to that Corps until further orders, with effect from the 1st April 1859.

LAHORE, 30TH MARCH 1859.

3rd Regiment Punjaub Cavalry.

No. 145.—*Promotions.*

Rank and Names.	To what Rank promoted.	From what date.	In whose room.
Ressaidar.			
Morad Khan ...	Ressaldar ...	12th August 1857	Tabas-o-dowlah, dismissed.
Nail Ressaldars.			
Dull Sing ...	Ressaidar ...	Ditto ...	Morad Khan, promoted. This cancels his promotion in the Punjaub Order No. 263, dated 16th March 1858.
Lehna Sing ...	Ditto ...	16th March 1858	Chuttur Sing, struck off.
Jemadars.			
Mahomed Schwaib ...	Naib Ressaldar.	12th August 1857	Dull Sing promoted. This cancels his promotion in Punjaub Order No. 322, dated 15th April 1858.
Umeroolla Khan ...	Ditto ...	15th Jan. 1858	Soudagur Sing, resigned.
Jaffir Ally Khan ...	Ditto ...	16th March 1858	Meean Jan Beg, struck off.
Gopal Sing ...	Ditto ...	19th Ditto	Alleemust Khan, resigned.
Ahmed Khan ...	Ditto ...	19th Ditto	Nadir Shah Khan, resigned.
Kote Duffadars.			
Assalut Khan ...	Jemadar ...	15th Jan. 1858	Umeroolla Khan, promoted.
Jewahir Sing ...	Ditto ...	16th March 1858	Jaffir Ally Khan. (Promoted.)
Umrick Sing ...	Ditto ...	19th Ditto	Gopal Sing. (Promoted.)
Itchur Sing ...	Ditto ...	19th Ditto	Ahmed Khan. (Promoted.)

3rd Regiment Punjab Cavalry.

No. 146.—*Appointment.*—Mahomed Selim Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Mahomed Schwaib, promoted, with effect from 4th January 1858.

LAHORE, 2ND APRIL 1859.

No. 151.—Lieutenant W. Cabell, of the late 62nd Native Infantry, is appointed to Command a Detachment on escort over Life Prisoners under despatch to Kurrachee, and will receive, while so employed, a Staff Allowance of 200 Rupees per mensem.

LAHORE, 6th APRIL 1859.

No. 153.—The Dera Ismail Khan Station Order, dated 23rd March, by Captain W. Paget, Commanding, appointing Assistant Surgeon Garden, 6th Punjab Infantry, to receive Medical charge of the Police Levies, Mounted and Foot, at that Station, with effect from the 16th February 1859, the date on which he received charge from Assistant Surgeon Farrell, 10th Punjab Infantry, is confirmed.

LAHORE, 9TH APRIL 1859.

Cureton's Mooltanee Regiment of Cavalry.

No. 156.—*Appointment.*—Kurrum Hyder Khan to be Jemadar, in room of Ahomed Khan, resigned.

LAHORE, 13th APRIL 1859.

1st Regiment Sikh Infantry.

No. 158.—*Appointment.*—The Regimental Order, dated 26th March, by Lieutenant Colonel C. Gordon, Commanding, appointing Lieutenant C. D. P. Nott, doing duty, to officiate as Adjutant, from the 26th March, in room of Lieutenant R. J. Grant, appointed to act as Second in Command, is confirmed.

LAHORE, 18th APRIL 1859.

No. 164.—The services of the under-mentioned Officers being no longer required by the Punjab Government, owing to the abolition, from 15th April, of the Lahore and Mooltan Transport Train, they are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief :—

Captain W. Fullerton, 14th Native Infantry, Superintendent Transport Train.

Captain J. Nisbett, 69th Native Infantry, Assistant Superintendent.

24th Punjab Infantry.

No. 165.—The Regimental Order, dated 1st September 1858, by Lieutenant J. Chalmers, Commanding, appointing Jemadar Mungul Sing to be Native Adjutant, is confirmed.

LAHORE, 20th APRIL 1859.

5th Regiment Punjab Cavalry.

No. 166.—*Promotion* :—

Rank and Name.	To what Rank promoted.	From what date.	In whose room.
Ressaidar.			
Meet Jaffer Ally, Woordie Major. ...	Ressaldar ...	1st January 1859	Bahadoor Mahomed Shah, transferred to Oude Police.
Ressaidar.			
Bahadoor Goolab Sing, 2nd ...	Woordie Major	Ditto.	Meer Jaffer Ally, promoted.
Naib Ressaldar.			
Abdool Hameed ..	Ressaidar ...	Ditto.	Bahadoor Goolab Sing, 2nd, promoted.
Kote Duffadar.			
Kullian Sing ...	Jemadar ...	1st October 1858	Baz Khan, transferred to Oude Police.

4th Punjab Cavalry.

No. 169, *dated 26th April* 1859.—Lieutenant F. Hammond, Adjutant, 11th Punjab Infantry, to do duty as supernumerary, with effect from the date he joined the Corps.

5th Regiment Punjab Infantry.

Promotions.—No. 173, *dated 30th April* 1859.

Rank and Names.	To what Rank promoted.	From what date.	In whose room.
Jemadar.			
Neeadee Khan ...	Subadar ...	1st April 1859 ...	Man Khan, transferred to Oude Police.
Havildar.			
Phuttoo Sing ...	Jemadar ...	Ditto.	Neeadee Khan, promoted.

No. 2 Punjab Light Field Battery.

No. 174.—*Promotion.*

Rank and Names.	To what Rank promoted.	From what date.	In whose room.
Lenah Sing ...	Jemadar ...	31st Jan. 1859 ...	Surjun Sing, dismissed.

No. 790 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following Report of the defeat of a body of Rebels under Muckoond Singh, by the Troops under the Command of Captain Wright, 2nd Sikh Cavalry.

His Excellency in Council concurs in the approbation expressed by the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 232.

FROM MAJOR-GENL. G. C. WHITLOCK,
Commanding Saugor Field Division,

TO MAJOR-GENL. SIR W. R. MANSFIELD, K. C. B.,
Chief of the Staff,
Army Head Quarters.

Camp near Nagode, 12th April 1859.

SIR,

IT affords me great satisfaction to forward, for submission to the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief the accompanying Despatch from Captain Wright, Commanding the 2nd Seikh Cavalry.

That Officer has noticed the excellent conduct of all under his Command in his attack on the enemy, and considering the strong position of the Rebels and their numbers, I consider the affair to be most creditable to all, and I beg to recommend to the favourable consideration of the Commander-in-Chief, Captain Wright as a most excellent and energetic Officer,

Lieutenant Johnstone, 1st N. I.
„ Hunt, 3rd M. E. R.
„ Taylor, 1st N. I.
Assistant Surgeon J. Brake, doing duty, 2nd Sikh Cavalry.

Captain Wright has named the Officers in the margin, from whom he has received every support, and I would beg to bring them to the notice of His Lordship the Commander-in-Chief.

Colonel Apthorp has recommended Naib Ressaldar Khan Singh, for the Order of Merit, and his conspicuous gallantry on this occasion, under the immediate eye of his Commanding Officer, induces me to express a hope that this Soldier may be considered deserving of this distinguished honor.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) G. C. WHITLOCK, *Major-Genl.,*
Commanding Saugor Field Division.

No. 289.

FROM CAPTAIN T. WRIGHT,
Comdg. 2nd Sikh Irregular Cavalry
and Detachment Saugor Field Force,

TO THE STAFF OFFICER,
Saugor Field Force.

Camp Mariadoo, 29th March 1859.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to report, for the information of Colonel Apthorp, C. B., Commanding Saugor Field Force, that the Troops detailed in the margin, which he was pleased to place under my Command, attacked and defeated this morning a body of Rebels under Muckoond Singh

Grenadier Company, 3rd M. E. Regiment.
1 Lieutenant.
1 Ensign.
4 Sergeants.
64 Rank and File.
1st M. N. Infantry.
2 Lieutenants.
3 Native Officers.
9 Havildars.
90 Rank and File.
2nd Sikh Cavalry.
1 European Officer.
3 Native Officers.
3 Duffadars.
60 Sowars.

2. Having yesterday evening received intelligence that a large body of Rebels had taken up their position at a village called Imleepanee about 12 miles from my encampment I marched at 4 A. M. from Syepoor, a village 8 miles West of Kishenghur, situated among the Chutteepoor Hills.

3. When within 2½ miles of Imleepanee I proceeded forward with the Cavalry of the Detachment to reconnoitre the enemy's position and found them posted a little beyond the village in a deep hollow near the dry bed of a mountain torrent surrounded by dense jungle and steep rocks. It was indeed admirably situated for defensive purposes, and with a few resolute Troops might have been held against vastly superior numbers.

4. The Videttes of the enemy were posted in the village and their announcement of our arrival was the signal for the whole of the Rebels turning out to defend their position, a number rushed up the steep slopes in my front and right, and commenced a heavy musket fire on my party from behind rocks and jungle within 80 yards, which induced me to retire my men about 50 yards to place them under a slight shelter which there offered itself, until the arrival of the Infantry.

5. Lieutenant Johnstone, 1st Madras Native Infantry, whom I had left in Command of the Infantry, on hearing the firing, brought up the Column at the "double," and on its arrival, I directed the Grenadiers 3rd Madras European Regiment, to form up in skirmishing order and subsequently reinforced them by the two Companies of the 1st Madras Native Infantry. The whole of this formation took place under a sharp fire from the enemy. After two well-directed rounds from the Enfield Rifles of the Grenadiers I caused the whole of the Troops to advance to the attack, a movement which the enemy no sooner perceived, than a wavering was observed in their ranks, and they commenced making a most precipitate retreat.

6. I now pursued with Cavalry as rapidly as possible, and in spite of boulder rocks and dense jungle which gave the enemy considerable advantage, my men succeeded in cutting up a good number. When the pursuit, which was continued over five miles of this difficult country, was at last given over, owing to the distressed state of the Horses, the Rebels were so thoroughly dispersed, that I do not think that a body of more than three or four men was in existence in any part of the field and certainly not one remained in sight.

7. It was impossible to say accurately what was the actual loss of the enemy, but judging from the number of bodies lying about, I should say there must have been at least 50 killed in the pursuit only, and many were doubtless killed or wounded by the well-directed fire of the Enfield Rifles of the Grenadiers of the 3rd Madras European Regiment.

8. The jungles in the vicinity of Imleepanee were strewed with arms and property of all kinds, and Tattoos and Camels were straying about in every direction. These circumstances will show how thoroughly the Rebels had been surprised and defeated. From one of the bodies lying on the field, jewels worth upwards of 2000 Rupees were taken by some of the Troops, and it was afterwards ascertained from prisoners that the owner's name was Heera Singh, formerly Subadar of the Kotah Contingent, and performing at the time the functions of a Military Commander of the Rebels under Muckoond Singh.

9. The enemy numbered about 800, of whom one hundred were said to be Cavalry, belonging formerly to the Lucknow Contingent and the Infantry consisted chiefly of Gwalior and Kotah Contingent Mutineers.

10. The blow thus struck at the Rebels will show them at all events that neither in dense jungles nor in steep rocks are they safe from the attack of British Troops. The effects of it on the minds of the people in this neighbourhood is certainly that of instilling confidence, for whereas before the action I could gain but little or no information of the movements of the Rebels, this is now volunteered on all sides.

11. The conduct of the whole of the Troops during the action was admirable.

The eager and rapid advance of the Grenadiers of the 3rd Madras European Regiment to the attack was perhaps the first thing to strike dismay into the enemy's ranks. The bearing of the men of this fine Company was most praiseworthy.

The two Companies of the 1st Madras Native Infantry emulated the excellent example set them by their European Comrades in their eagerness to encounter the enemy.

The men of the 2nd Sikh Irregular Cavalry also did their duty most gallantly, galloping over rocks and through dense thorny jungle, that few under ordinary circumstances would have ventured at a walk. In all parts of the field they engaged the enemy in desperate hand-to-hand conflicts and suffered none to escape who once came within their reach.

12. I am exceedingly indebted to the whole of the Officers of the Detachment for their efficient support.

Lieutenant Johnstone, 1st Madras Native Infantry, my Second in Command, ably commanded the Infantry Column whenever my presence was elsewhere required.

Lieutenant Hunt, 3rd Madras European Regiment, in Command of his Grenadiers, showed himself a most efficient Officer and was foremost when leading his men to the attack.

Lieutenant Taylor, 1st Madras Native Infantry, and Lieutenant Graham, 3rd Madras European Regiment, excellently supported their respective Commanding Officer.

To Assistant Surgeon J. Brake, M. D., 2nd Sikh Irregular Cavalry, my particular obligations are due, for the zealous and devoted manner in which he performed the Medical duties of the Detachment: under a heavy fire I observed him attending to the cure and comfort of the wounded

13. I venture to request that Colonel Apthorp will be pleased to recommend Naib Ressaldar Khan Singh, of the 2nd Sikh Irregular Cavalry, for the Order of Merit for conspicuous gallantry in the field. Under my own observation he attacked and cut down three of the enemy, all of whom fought with much determination. His own horse has been rendered useless from wounds. Other men of the Troops behaved as well as the Naib Ressaldar, but I am aware of the impossibility of an extensive grant of this much-prized distinction, and I therefore make one nomination only.

14. I respectfully solicit also that Colonel Apthorp will be pleased to bring the services of the Troops under my Command to the favourable notice of Major General Whitlock, Commanding the Division.

15. I beg to enclose a Return of Casualties

I have, &c.,

(Signed) T. WRIGHT, *Captain,*

Comdg. 2nd Sikh Irregular Cavalry and Detachment Saugor Field Force.

Casualty Return of a Field Detachment under the Command of Captain T. Wright, 2nd Sikh Irregular Cavalry, engaged against the Rebels at Imleepanee on 29th March 1859.

Camp Merishdo, 29th March 1859.

NAMES.	Rank.	Regiment.	Killed.	Wounded.	REMARKS.
Meeah Sing ...	Rissaldar ...	2nd Sikh Cavy.	None.	Contusions ...	Fractured Arm.
Futteh Sing ...	Lance Duffadar	Ditto ...		Tulwar wounds ...	
Khan Sing ...	Sowar ...	Ditto ...		Ditto ditto ...	
Kadir Buksh	Ditto ...	Ditto ...		Ditto ditto ...	Severely.
Sawun Sing ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...		Tulwar and Spear wounds ...	Ditto.
Peer Shah ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...		Gun-shot wound	
Bussawah Sing ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...		Ditto ditto	Ditto.
Musuddee ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...		Contusions ...	Scalp wound. Fractured rib.

JOHN BRAKE, *Assist.-Surg.*
2nd Sikh Irr. Cavalry,
In Medl. charge of Detachment.

Abstract of Casualties.

Wounded.

1 Rissaldar.
1 Lance Duffadar.
6 Sowars.
1 Horse Killed, and 6 severely Wounded.

T. WRIGHT, *Captain,*
Commdg. 2nd Sikh Irr. Cavy. and Detachd. Saugor Field Force.

No. 270.

FORWARDED by desire of the Commander-in-Chief for the information of His Excellency the Governor General in Council with Lord Clyde's approval.

His Lordship begs to recommend Naib Ressaldar Khan Singh, of the 2nd Sikh Irregular Cavalry, for the 3rd Class of the "Order of Merit."

H. W. NORMAN, *Major,*
Offg. Adjt. General of the Army.

ADJT. GENLS' OFFICE;
Simla.
The 11th May 1859.

No. 791 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit Naib Ressaldar Khan Singh, of the 2nd Seikh Irregular Cavalry, to the 3rd Class of the Order of Merit, from the 29th March 1859, for his conspicuous gallantry in the field, as brought to notice in the Despatch published in Government General Order, No. 791, of this date.

No. 792 *of* 1859.—The following Extract from the *London Gazette* of the 22nd April 1859 is published for general information :—

War Office, 22nd April 1859.

BREVET.

Captain Huntly Rothery Garden, 2nd Bengal Native Infantry, to be Major in the Army, dated 26th December 1858.

The under-mentioned promotion to take place in the Indian Military Forces of Her Majesty, consequent on the death of General William Charles Fraser, Madras Infantry, on 4th March 1859, and of General John MacInnes, Bengal Infantry, on 12th March 1859.

To be Generals.

Lieutenant General John Carfrae, Madras Infantry, dated 5th March 1859.

Lieutenant General George Jackson, Madras Infantry, dated 13th March 1859.

To be Lieutenant Generals.

Major General Samuel Shaw, Bengal Artillery, dated 5th March 1859.

Major General Frederick Larkins Doveton, Madras Cavalry, dated 13th March 1859.

To be Major Generals.

Colonel Henry Macan, Bombay Infantry, dated 5th March 1859.

Colonel William Sage, Bengal Infantry, dated 13th March 1859.

The under-mentioned Officers of the Indian Military Forces of Her Majesty, retired upon full pay, to have a step of honorary rank, as follows :—

Colonel Augustus Samuel Hawkins, Bombay Infantry, to be Major General, dated 22nd April 1859.

To be Colonels.

Lieutenant Colonel Frederick Conyers Cotton, Madras Infantry, dated 22nd April 1859.

Lieutenant Colonel Tudor Lavie, Madras Artillery, dated 22nd April 1859.

Lieutenant Colonel John Wilson Auld, Bombay Infantry, dated 22nd April 1859.

To be Lieutenant Colonels.

Major William Charles Western, Madras Infantry, dated 22nd April 1859.

Major William Henry Larkins, Bengal Infantry, dated 22nd April 1859.

No. 793 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate :—

Surgeon John Deas, of the Bombay Medical Department ...	}	For eighteen months, under the new Regulations.

R. J. H. BIRCH, *Major-General,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Public Works Department.

No. 139.

Fort William, the 23rd May 1859.

Notification.—Messrs. W. O'Neill, A. J. L. Perrier and L. F. Byrne, Special Assistant Engineers, under Covenant with Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council, who were posted to the Lower Provinces in Notifications as per margin, left England for India on the 20th March 1859.

No. 122, dated 16th May 1859.
" 123, " "
" 124, " "

No. 140.

Leave of Absence.—Leave of absence for eight weeks, preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe under the new Rules, is granted to Second Captain A. W. Garnett, Executive Engineer, Kohat Division, from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 141.

The 25th May 1859.

Appointment.—Major H. Drummond, Executive Engineer 1st Class, Superintendent Northern Division Ganges Canal, is transferred from the North-Western Provinces, to the Punjab, and is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, Baree Doab Canal, in room of Captain Crofton, on leave. Major Drummond will proceed to join when arrangements have been made for his relief.

No. 142.

Leave of Absence.—The eight weeks' leave granted to Captain J. H. Dyas, Director of Canals, Punjab, by the Government of the Punjab, preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe, is confirmed.

No. 143.

The 27th May 1859.

Promotion.—Lieutenants E. T. Thackeray and G. M. Clerk, Probationary Assistant Engineers, Department Public Works, are promoted to the grade of 2nd Class Assistant Engineer, with effect from the 18th April 1859 and 21st April 1859, respectively.

No. 144.

Appointments.—Probationary Assistant Overseer Serjeant A. C. Galbreath, attached to the Circular and Eastern Canals, is appointed permanently to the Department Public Works, with effect from the 5th April last.

No. 145.

Private William McCulloch, 1st European Bengal Fusiliers, is appointed an Assistant Supervisor in the Department Public Works, and posted to the North-Western Provinces, with effect from the 19th April 1853.

No. 146.

The 27th May 1859.

Sub-Conductor T. Reid, of the Madras Establishment, is appointed an Assistant Engineer 1st Class, and posted to Hyderabad, with effect from date on which he joined.

No. 147

The 28th May 1859.

Lieutenants F. A. Howes and H. W. Wood, Madras Engineers, are appointed temporarily Officiating Executive Engineers in the Department Public Works; the former at Nagode and the latter at Saugor, in the Saugor and Nerbudda Territories.

No. 148.

The 30th May 1859.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. A. B. Sampson, B. A., of St. Catherine's Hall, Cambridge, to be Assistant Secretary in the Department of Public Works, with effect from the 30th May.

2. The appointment is to be considered experimental for one year.

No. 149.

Captain T. W. Marten, of the 7th Royal Fusiliers, is appointed temporarily to the Public Works Department, with the position of Probationary Assistant Engineer, and posted to the Punjab.

No. 150.

The 31st May 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Major A. G. Goodwyn, Chief Engineer of Pegu and Tenasserim, is allowed twelve months' leave, to visit Darjeeling on Medical Certificate, from the date on which he quitted Rangoon.

H. Yule, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 3431.

Appointments.—*The 21st May* 1859.—Supernumerary Supervisor G. Mylne is transferred from the Dum-Dum to the Barrackpore Division of Public Works.

The 25th May 1859.—Mr. A. T. Maclean to the charge of the Sub-Division of Gopalgunge, and to exercise the special powers of an Assistant Magistrate described in Clause 3, Section II., Regulation III. of 1821, and the powers of an Assistant Collector described in Section XXI. Regulation VIII. of 1831, and Section 1 Act X. of 1854, in Jessore and Furreedpore.

The 27th May 1859.—Mr. W. C. Grant is transferred from Backergunge to Hooghly as Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, where he will exercise the powers of a Covenanted Assistant to a Magistrate under Regulations XIII. of 1797 and IX. of 1807. Mr. Grant is also vested with the powers of a Deputy Collector under Regulation IX. of 1833, in Nuddea.

The 28th May 1859.—Mr J. D. Ward to officiate as Magistrate of Mymensing.

Mr. C. F. Harvey to officiate as Magistrate of Dacca.

Mr. H. Bell to be in charge of the Sub-Division of Serajgunge.

The 30th May 1859.—Mr. J. H. Young to officiate as Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit of the Burdwan Division.

Mr. F. J. Cockburn to officiate as Collector of Customs, Calcutta.

Mr. P. Bonnaud to officiate as Deputy Collector of Customs, Calcutta.

Leave of Absence.—*The 26th May* 1859.—Mr. H. Driver, Sub-Assistant to the Commissioner of Assam, at Burpettah, for two months, under Section VIII. of the revised Uncovenanted Absentee Rules. Baboo Mohes Chunder will take temporary charge of Mr. Driver's Office, with the extra powers defined under Section I. Clause I. of the Rules for the administration of Civil Justice in Assam.

The 30th May 1859.—Mr. R. Thwaytes, Principal of the Hooghly College, for six months, under Section VIII. of the revised Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Notifications.—*The 20th May* 1859.—Mr. F. M. Halliday having returned to his duties at Hooghly on the 7th instant, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him on the 10th idem has been cancelled.

The 27th May 1859.—Pundit Govind Chunder Biddyarutton, Principal Sudder Ameen of Bancoorah, having resumed charge of his Office on the 20th instant, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him on the 23rd ultimo has been cancelled.

The 28th May 1859.—The services of Mr. W. Waterfield are placed at the disposal of the Government of India, in the Financial Department.

A. R. Young,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 12th May 1859.

Declaration under Section II. Act VI. of 1857.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, that Land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, namely for a Road, from Jeagung on the Bhagorutty to the Railway Station at Nulhattee, in the District of Moorshedabad, it is hereby declared that Land of the average breadth of about 160* feet, more or less, and running in the general direction of East and West, between these two places, is required for the above purpose.

* One hundred and sixty.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Act VI. of 1857.

E. H. Lushington,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 798.

Allahdbad, the 17th May 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. R. T. H. Griffith, M. A., Officiating Inspector 3rd Circle, Department Public Instruction, North-Western Provinces, for one month, from the 27th May, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The following Notifications, issued by the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council, are re-published for general information :—

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 904.

Fort William, the 2nd May 1859.

Notifications.—The HON'BLE JOHN PETER GRANT having been appointed by His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Viceroy and Governor General of India, subject to the approbation of Her Majesty to be Lieutenant-Governor of the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William, from the 1st instant, assumed charge of the office on that date, and has this day taken the prescribed Oaths, under the usual salute.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 885.

Dated 30th April 1859.

Mr. F[illegible]l Thompson, of the Civil Service, is permitted to proceed to Europe, on Furlough, for the remainder of the three years to which he is entitled, commencing from the date of embarkation.

Mr. H. D. Robertson, of the Civil Service, reported his departure for England, by the Steamship *Nubia*, which Vessel was left by the Pilot at Sea on the 25th instant.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

No. 102.

General Establishments,

Dated 30th April 1959.

By the Notification in the Public Works Department, No. 117, dated 17th June 1856, (Public Works Code, Chapter I, paragraph 4,) the Military Allowances of Commissioned, Warrant, and Non-Commissioned Officers and of Soldiers, employed in the Public Works Department, are chargeable to that Department, the pay proper only being chargeable to the Military Department, although both were drawn from the Military Pay Offices, under the audit of the Military Auditor General.

2. The Right Hon'ble the Governor General in Council is now pleased to direct that the Military Allowances of Officers and Soldiers, employed in the Public Works Department, shall be drawn in the same Bills with their Staff salaries, subject to the audit of the Chief Engineers, under whom they may be serving. The pay proper only will be drawn from the Military Pay Offices, under audit of the Military Auditor General.

3. The operation of this Notification will commence with (and include) the Military Allowances for May 1859.

4. This Regulation is applicable to the three Presidencies of India.

No. 107.

Dated 5th May 1859.

The services of Lieutenant A. M. Brandreth, Engineers, Probationary Assistant Engineer, Department Public Works, Bengal, are placed at the disposal of the Government, North-Western Provinces, for employment on the Staff of the Thomason Civil Engineering College.

Appointment.—With reference to the foregoing, the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint Lieutenant A. M. Brandreth to officiate as Assistant Principal of the Thomason Civil Engineering College, Roorkee, during Captain Chesney's absence, or until further orders.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1802.

Dated 19th May 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. Andrew Charles Barnard, Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Saharunpoor, for six months, on Medical Certificate, under Section VI. of the Absentee Rules, from the 1st May 1859.

No. 1814.

Dated 20th May 1859.

Rai Soondur Lall, Principal Sudder Ameen of Shajehanpoor, on urgent private affairs, from the 22nd to the 25th April. This cancels the leave granted to Rai Soondur Lall, in Orders of the 18th ultimo.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1827.

Dated the 21st May 1859.

Notification.—Ahmud-oollah, late Tehseeldar of Bithoor, District of Cawnpoor, having been proved to have taken service under the Rebel Nana, is hereby declared incapable in future of serving Government in any capacity.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

G. COUPER,

Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces.

General Department,

No. 1166, *dated 16th May* 1859.

Leave.—Mr. F. R. Scarlett, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Googaira, has obtained one month's indulgence leave under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Service Leave Rules.

Nos. 1167-1169.

Transfer.—Mr. C. Stephen, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Ferozepoor, has been transferred to Googaira, as a temporary arrangement.

Appointments.—Mr. Edward Fairlie, Assistant Commissioner 3rd Class, lately transferred from the North-Western Provinces, is posted to the Googaira District.

Captain T. W. Mercer, Assistant Commissioner, Jullundhur, is appointed Officiating Deputy Commissioner of that District, with retrospective effect from the 1st March last, the date he received charge from Mr. Jenkins, Officiating Deputy Commissioner.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces and its Dependencies,

R. H. DAVIES,

Secy. to Govt., Punjab and its Dependencies.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the sixth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1857-58, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Monday, the 13th of June 1859, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 2,260 chests, *viz* :—

Behar Opium	1,915
Benares Ditto	345
Total Chests...	2,260

2. The general conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 1st December 1858, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 18th and 28th June 1859, respectively, that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, Company's Paper or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the sale, will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 18th June 1859, and no Treasury Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M., of Tuesday, the 28th June 1859.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium of 1857-58, will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board however reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Thursday, 14th July 1859 -	1915	345	2260
Do. Wednesday, 10th August „ -	1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 9th September „ -	1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 14th October „ -	1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 7th November „ -	1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 5th December „ -	1934	379	2313
	11509	2104	13613

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

RIVERS THOMPSON,

Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 4th May 1859.

Opium Notification.

WITH reference to the Advertisement issued from this Office, under date 1st December 1858, it is hereby notified that 300 Chests of Behar Opium of [illegible] held on the 9th instant, which were [illegible] for the French Government, and have not been cleared, will be re-sold on account of Government at the Exchange Hall, on Monday, the 13th June next, immediately after the conclusion of the Sale of the 2,260 Chests advertized for that day.

2. The Conditions of Re-sale will be the same as those of the Sale of the 2,260 Chests above referred to.

By order of the Board of Revenue,

RIVERS THOMPSON,

Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 26th May 1859.

Notification No. 3.

MR. G. B. HAMPTON, Uncovenanted Deputy Collector, received charge of the Treasury of the Calcutta Collectorate on the 25th instant.

R. P. HARRISON,

Offg. Accti. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM ;
Office of Accl., Govt. of Bengal,
The 26th May 1859.

Notification No. 4.

MR. J. JOHNSON, Uncovenanted Deputy Collector, received charge of the Treasury at Monghyr on the 23rd instant.

R. P. HARRISON,

Offg. Accti. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM ;
Office of Accl., Govt. of Bengal,
The 27th May 1859.

No. 32.

Notification.

THE under-signed has the honor to notifiy to Civil and Military Officers in charge of Treasuries, that as he is in no way concerned in recovering Advances which may be at the personal debit of Officers, applications for the adjustment of such Advances should be made to the Accountant-General to the Government of India, Military Department, or to the proper Pay-master.

E. G. J. CHAMPNEYS, *Lieut.-Col.,*

Military Auditor General.

FORT WILLIAM,
Mily. Audr. Genl.'s Office,
The 13th May 1859.

Notice

HINDOO HOLIDAYS IN JUNE 1859.

THE General Treasury will be closed on Friday, the 10th June 1859, on account of the Hindoo Holiday Dushoharra

The General Treasury will be closed on Wednesday, the 15th June 1859, on account of the Hindoo Holiday Chaun Jattra.

J. I. HARVEY,
Sub-Treasurer.

GENERAL TREASURY,
The 20th May 1859.

Notification.

Fort William, Civil Auditor's Office, the 20th April 1859.

To the Officers of the Political, Judicial, Revenue, Customs, Salt, Opium, and other branches of Service.

The Civil Auditor has the honor to request that Disbursing Officers, in charge of Civil Establishments, will be good enough to submit, as soon after 1st of May next as may be practicable, separate from their April Pay Abstracts, the Annual Detailed Statements of the respective Establishments as per Forms Nos. 1, 2, and 3, furnished for their guidance in 1848, annexing a note to each of the above Statements showing the items of expenditure which, though sanctioned, have not been actually incurred with reference to Financial Resolution of 29th October 1857, No. 4751. Pending the receipt of these documents, the audit of their April Abstracts will, under Financial Resolution of 7th September 1842, be withheld.

The usual Annual Returns of Uncovenanted Servants up to May 1859, as well as separate Statements showing the periods of leave granted to Uncovenanted Assistants, are also requested to be furnished in Forms Nos. 4 and 5, with the above Annual Detailed Statements.

W. P. PALMER,
Civil Auditor.

Notification.

THE Civil Auditor, North-Western Provinces, has the honor to repeat his annual call to all Disbursing Officers in charge of Civil Establishments in the North-Western Provinces, for the submission (as soon after the 1st May next, as practicable, with the April Abstract) of their regular Annual Detailed Statement, containing the names and full particulars of the whole of the Establishment; and to observe that, with reference to the orders of Government, dated 15th October 1842, published in the *Agra Government Gazette*, of the 15th November 1842, the audit of their Abstracts for April next will be withheld until the receipt of the required Returns.

2. To facilitate check, it is particularly requested that the Abstract for April be sub-divided into distinct headings, so that each description of Office with its total shall correspond with the details given in the Statement of Establishment or the 1st May, agreeably to the Form furnished.

3. It is also requested that the *three separate* Lists prescribed for all Uncovenanted Civil Servants (Europeans and East Indians) and Native, (in the last the names of *only those* holding appointments of *trust* and *responsibility* should be inserted,) employed on their Establishments, be furnished for 1st May 1859, without delay.

H. LOCH,
Offg. Civil Auditor.

CIVIL AUDITOR'S OFFICE;
N. W. P., Allahabad,
The 31st March 1859.

Medical College.

THE Session of 1859-60 will commence in the Medical College on the 15th June next.

2. Students who may be desirous of entering the College are requested to apply to the Principal, at the Medical College, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., on or before the 10th of June next.

3. The possession of the "Entrance Examination" Certificate of the Calcutta University, will entitle Students to enter the Medical College without further examination.

4. Under certain conditions (which may be learned on application to the Principal) Students will be admitted in anticipation of passing the University Entrance Examination, but under the clear proviso of their going up for that examination before the commencement of the Session of 1860-61.

5. The course of Instruction given in the Calcutta Medical College is framed to meet the requirements of the Calcutta University for obtaining its Degrees in Medicine and Surgery.

6. The certificates of Lectures and Hospital attendance of the College are likewise recognised by the University of London, the Royal College of Surgeons of England, and the Worshipful Society of Apothecaries of London, as entitling the possessors of such to compete in London for the Degree, Diploma and License of those bodies, under the Rules which regulate the granting of the same.

W. C. B. EATWELL, *M. D.*,
Principal, Medical College.

CALCUTTA;
Medical College Office,
The 30th April 1859.

Notice.

A REGULAR Steam Communication with Assam will be opened from the 15th proximo, on which date a Steamer, with a Flat in tow, will be despatched hence, to be followed by a pair of Boats every six weeks.

For Freight and Passage to Dacca and Assam apply at the Boat Office,

By order of the Superintendent of Marine,

W. WHITE,
Clerk of the Government Boat Office.

The 27th May 1859.

Notice.

Under Act XX. of 1856, I hereby give notice that the Assessment Registers of Pykeparra, Oltadanga, Bhobanopore, Kidderpore, and Garden Reach, being grand Divisions I, II, VI, and VIII, of the Suburbs of Calcutta, having been duly prepared for the year 1859, the prescribed Notifications under Section XVIII of the Act have on this date been affixed at conspicuous places in the Divisions and also at the Police Thannahs at Chitpore, Intally, Kulligha't, and Kidderpore; all persons dissatisfied with the said Assessment or who may dispute their occupation of property or liablity to be assessed are hereby warned that they may appeal to the Magistrate, on unstamped paper, but that under Section XX. of the Act, no such appeal can be received after the expiration of one month from this date.

Appellants should send with their appeal the tax bills for the last quarter paid by them.

The names of the Members of the Punchyets appointed under Section X of the Act were:—

Grand Division I.

Khetter Mohun Banerjee	...	President.
Prossono Bundopadhoya	..	Member.
Chunder Madhub Ghosal	...	Ditto.
Ram Comul Banerjee	...	Ditto.
Joy Chunder Chatterjee (Darogah)	.	Ditto.

Grand Division II.

Govind Chunder Dutt	...	President.
Govind Chunder Sen	...	Member.
Bholanath Mitter	...	Member
Sreenarain Bose	...	Ditto.
Bissonath Ghose (Darogah)	...	Ditto.

Grand Division VI.

Reverend S. J. Hill,	..	President.
A. H. Joyce, Esquire,	...	Member.
Debnarain Banerjee	...	Ditto.
Mohes Chunder Mookerjee	..	Ditto.
Chunder Madhub Mookerjee (Darogah)	..	Ditto.

Grand Division VIII.

C. B. Stewart, Esquire,	...	President.
Dinnonath Banerjee	...	Member.
Gones Chunder Banerjee	...	Ditto.
Modoo Soodun Mokerjee	...	Ditto.
Ramnarain Banerjee (Darogah)	...	Ditto.

N. B.—Parties willing to make half yearly or annual advances will on payment of the amount receive the usual bills from the Darogahs of their Divisions.

W. Heysham,
Deputy Magistrate.

Subn. Tax Office;
Alliporc,
The 11th May 1858.

Sheriff's Office; the 7th May 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery and also an Admiralty Sessions will be holden by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the sixth day of June next, at 12 o'Clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

W. F. Gilmore,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস ৭ মে ১৮৫৯ সাল

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ৬ জুন ১৮৫৯ সাল সোমবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার ফোর্ট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের ফোর্ট উইলিএমের সুপ্রেম কোর্ট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়েরটরমিনর এবং এডমাইরেলটি অর্থাৎ মহা সমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মোকদ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশীয়ান জতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এ বিষয় সকলে স্মরন রাখুন।

W. F. Gilmore,
Sheriff.

Notice.

To be peremptorily sold, pursuant to a Decree of the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, made in a certain cause wherein Robert Molloy, Alexander Brodie Mackintosh and Henry Harington Poe, Executors of William Harington Poe, deceased, are Plaintiffs, and Hurchunder Laheree is Defendant, bearing date the 27th day of October 1857, with the approbation of John Cochrane, Esquire, the Master of the said Supreme Court, at his Office in the Court-House in the Town of Calcutta, on Tuesday, the 21st day of June next, the following property, that is to say:—

Lot No. 1.—A piece or parcel of land or ground, containing by estimation twenty-five biggahs and one and a half cottahs, situate in Ramkistnopore, in Pergunnah Boroo, in the Zillah of the twenty-four Pergunnahs and Province of Bengal, and butted and bounded as follows: that is to say, on the North by the rented land of Mr. Robinson, on the West by the Garden of Sreenauth Mullick, on the East by the River Hooghly, and on the South by an Embankment.

Lot No. 2.—A piece or parcel of land or ground, containing forty biggahs, more or less, situate, lying and being at Sulkea, in Pergunnah Balleah, in the Zillah of the twenty-four Pergunnahs aforesaid, and commonly called "Gollabattee," and butted and bounded as follows: that is to say, on the North by the East India Company's Salt Golah, on the South by a high-way, on the East by the River

Hooghly, and on the West by a high-way, and in respect of which said piece or parcel of land or ground a yearly rent of Company's Rupees one hundred and ninety-four, two annas and one pie is payable to the Zemindar or Landlord thereof.

Lot No. 3.—A piece of ground standing in the name of the said Hurchunder Laheree, held by pottah No. 1076, containing by estimation one biggah and three cottahs, situate at a place called Braminparrah, in the Town of Serampore, and in the Zillah of Hooghly.

Lot No. 4.—A brick-built house, together with the piece of Lackraj or rent-free land thereto belonging, and on part whereof the same is erected, under a pottah No. 1145, in the Serampore Collectorate Register, containing by estimation one biggah and nine cottahs, more or less, situate at Serampore aforesaid, and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North and West by the land of the said Hurchunder Laheree, on the South and East by a lane.

Lot No. 5.—Another piece or parcel of land held under a pottah No. 1077, in the Serampore Collectorate Register, comprising two biggahs and ten cottahs, more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North by a high-way, on the South by the land of Shaikh Nokree Tailor, on the East by the land of Moorjin Mistry, and on the West by a foot-path, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupees seven, eleven annas and eight pies is payable to Government, the Landlord thereof.

Lot No. 6.—Another piece or parcel of land held under a pottah No. 1161, in the Serampore Collectorate Register, comprising fifteen cottahs, more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North by the land of Nilloo Dharra, on the South by the land of Goluck Pyne, on the East by the land of Potey Mistry, and on the West by a high-way and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupees one, nine annas and six pie, is payable to the Landlord thereof.

Lot No. 7.—Another piece or parcel of land held under a pottah No. 1402, in the said Collectorate Register, comprising seven cottahs and five chittacks, situate, lying and being at Serampore aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North by the River Hooghly, on the South by a high-way, on the East by the land of Gourmohun Gossain, and on the West by the Debutter land of Sree Sree Radamadhub Takoor, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupees two, eleven annas and nine pies is payable to the Landlord thereof.

Lot No. 8.—Another piece or parcel of land held under a pottah No. 1411, (upon which stands a lower-roomed Godown,) in the said Register, comprising two cottahs, more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore aforesaid and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North by a high-way, on the South by the land of Petumber Chunder, on the East by the land of Bunsey Chunder, and on the West by a lane, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of twelve annas and nine pies is payable to Government, the Landlord thereof.

Lot No. 9.—Another piece or parcel of land held under a Pottah No. 1449 in the said Collectorate Register, comprising five cottahs, more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North and South by the land of the late Ruggoram Gossain, and on the East and West by the land of the said Hurchunder Laheree, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupees one is payable to Government.

Lot No. 10.—Another piece or parcel of Lakraj or rent-free land held under a pottah No. 1146 in the said Collectorate Register, comprising three biggahs, thirteen cottahs and seven chittacks, more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore aforesaid, and situate and being in front of the brick-built building in the said Hurchunder Laheree's Garden.

Lot No. 11.—A brick-built Ghaut situate in the Village of Chattra, on the banks of the River Hooghly, called Hurro Baboo's Ghaut, and being in front of the said family dwelling-house in Braminparrah in Serampore aforesaid, situate on the opposite side of the road.

Lot No. 12.—Another piece or parcel of garden ground, comprising on the whole about thirty biggahs or thereabouts, including three Tanks therein also, with the lower-roomed dwelling-house or Bytuckhannah, standing on part thereof, and which said garden ground constitutes at present one compound, and belongs as to part thereof to Serampore, and as to another part thereof to Rujjedhurpore, and also as to the remainder thereof is Lakraj land.

Lot No. 13.—Another piece of land comprising in the whole two biggahs and four cottahs or thereabouts held in perpetual tenure by the said Hurchunder Laheree from Gopeekisto Gossain, the Zemindar of Chittrah, ten annas and fifteen gundahs' share at an annual rent for the whole of Company's Rupees sixteen, thirteen annas and seventeen gundahs, and which said land is now occupied by the following tenants under the said Hurchunder Laheree, namely Sonatun Choter, two cottahs and eight chittacks Mohun Mallah, five cottahs Bungshee Dome, one cottah and eight chittacks, Rowul Ghurramee, two cottahs Modhoosoodun Malla, and Banessur Malla, four cottahs, Juggobundoo Malla, one cottah, Bhoota's Mother, one cottah, Hurro Malanee, one cottah, Ramdhone Malla, three cottahs, Rokeenee Malla and Poresh Bewah, one cottah and eight chittacks, Roopchund Choonoree, one cottah, and eight chittacks, Bhuguram Modock, three cottahs, Hurro Chatterjee, three cottahs, Potee Bewah, one cottah, Chanroo Dome, three cottahs, Kallee Chootar, two cottahs, Janokee Panjaree, two cottahs Hullodhur Dome, one cottah and eight chittacks, Ramchand Malla and Nubbye Malla, three cottahs (total 2 biggahs and four cottahs.)

Lot No. 14.—Another piece of land, situate in Chittrah Gourunghatty, comprising in the whole two biggahs and eight cottahs, more or less, held by the said Hurchunder Laheree in perpetual tenure from Ramtarun Chowdry and several others, the Zemindars of Chittrah, nine annas' share, subject to the annual rent of Company's Rupees eleven, three annas and four gundahs, and which said land as to ten cottahs thereof, are known as stable Barry, and have an upper-roomed house erected on part thereof, and which said land as to the remaining one biggah and eighteen cottahs is occupied by the following tenants holding from the said Hurchunder Laheree, namely, Juggoo Koloo, Bachoo Chokedar and Kyroo straw-seller.

Lot No. 15.—Another piece of land comprising ten cottahs, situate in the Chittrah aforesaid, held by the said Hurchunder Laheree, in perpetual

tenure from Ramnarain Mookerjee, as Zemindar thereof, at the annual rent of one Rupee six annas and six pies, and which land as to seven cottahs is at present in the possession of Hurchunder Laheree, as to one cottah in the occupation of Bungsee Koyboto, and as the remaining two cottahs in the possession of Jadoo Poramanick as his tenants.

Lot No. 16.—An upper-roomed brick-built family dwelling-house situate at Braminparrah, in the Town of Serampore, in the Zillah of Hooghly, and the piece or parcel of land on part whereof the same is erected and built, containing in the whole by measurement as appears by the pottahs thereof, (one pottah being for nine cottahs and six chittacks of land and the other pottah for two biggahs, two cottahs; thirteen chittaks and five feet) two biggahs twelve cottahs three chittacks and five feet, and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North by the public Road on the East by the land and premises of Kistomohun Bonnerjee, and other land belonging to the said Hurchunder Laheree, and on the South and West by the land and premises of the late Roghooram Gossain, and paying in respect of the said parcel of land an aggregate annual revenue to Government Company's Rupees ten, twelve annas and eleven pie.

Particulars and conditions of sale may be had at the Master's Office, Supreme Court, or of Mr. William Dallas, No. 5, Hastings' Street.

JOHN COCHRANE,
Master.

WILLIAM DALLAS, *Attorney.*

CALCUTTA SUPREME COURT; *Master's Office, The 19th May* 1859.

Bank of Bengal.

The 4th March 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that applications for the Office of Secretary and Treasurer of the Bank, about to become vacant by the resignation of the present incumbent, will be received up to the 1st August next.

Candidates are requested to transmit their applications addressed to "*C. Hugh Lushington, Esq., President of the Board of Directors of the Bank of Bengal, Calcutta.*"

Non need apply who do not possess a thorough ...ge of Banking, and who cannot furnish the highest testimonials of general efficiency for the Office.

Salary Rupees 2,600 per mensem (equal to £3,120 per annum) and residence free, upon the Bank premises.

Published by order of the Directors,

J. B. PLUMB,
Secretary & Treasurer.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

WITH reference to Government Notification No. 5, Fort William, Financial Department, 26th January 1855, notifying the intention of Government to dissolve its connexion with the Government Agency—

The Oriental Bank Corporation undertake the safe custody of Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal, and other local Stocks, free of all charge.

Will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, and remit at the current rates of exchange, or pay the same according to instructions, if to be remitted through the Corporation, Without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... 1-4th per Cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the purchase of Government or other Securities, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Corporation, ... Without charge.

WM. ANDERSON,
Agent.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION; *Calcutta, 29th January* 1855.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of the Asiatic Marine Insurance Office, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 4th day of December instant, it was ordered that such of the Shareholders of the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office resident in Calcutta, or the Suburbs thereof, as have neglected to pay the sum of Co.'s Rs. 2,000 at which they have been respectively assessed by the Official Assignee of this Court, in respect of each Share held by them respectively in the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office, do, on or before the 1st day of February next, pay to the said Official Assignee the said sum of Co.'s Rs. 2,000 at which they have been respectively assessed in respect of such share, or so much thereof as still remains unpaid and that the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office resident in Hong-Kong and in Bombay, do, on or before the 2nd day of May next, and that the Shareholders of the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office resident at Mauritius and in Great Britain, and all other places not herein specifically mentioned, do, on or before the 1st day of August next, pay to the said Official Assignee the respective sums at which they have been respectively assessed in respect of the Shares held by them respectively in the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office, and that in case any of the Shareholders of the said Asiatic Marine Insurance Office shall neglect to comply with this order within the time hereby limited, the said Official Assignee shall be at liberty to apply to this Court that such defaulting Shareholders may be adjudged to have committed an act of Insolvency according to the provisions of the Act No. XLIII. of 1850, passed by

the Hon'ble the President of the Council of India in Council, on the 27th day of December 1850, entitled an Act for the Regulation of Registered Joint Stock Companies.

Denman and Hatch, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 10th December 1858.

In the matter of Francois Hodoul, of Calcutta, lately carrying on business in Calcutta, in co-partnership with Alfred Dumat, formerly of Calcutta, but at present residing in Mauritius, and Louis Thomas, as Merchants and Agents, under the Firm of Langlois and Co., an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 27th day of May instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 6th day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

T. Owen, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 27th May 1859.

In the matter of Charles Laverack Brown, of Cooley Bazar, in Calcutta, formerly in the Marine Service of Government, and lately carrying on trade and business of an Hotel-keeper at Cooley Bazar, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 28th day of May instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 6th day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Downing, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Charles Laverack Brown, of Cooley Bazar, formerly of Calcutta, formerly in the Marine Service of Government, and lately carrying on trade or business of an Hotel-keeper at Cooley Bazar, aforesaid, an Insolvent.

Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court, on Tuesday, the 7th day of June next, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent, desirous of opposing such application, must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

Downing, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Richard Spencer Ford, heretofore carrying on business in co-partnership at No. 1, Hastings Street, in Calcutta, and at Rangoon with Archibald Paxton, and Richard Underwood, under the style and firm of Messrs. A. Paxton and Co. as Saddlers, Harness and Boot Makers at No. 1, Hastings Street and Hide Broker, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic. cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 31st day of May instant, and by an order of the same date, the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Downing, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 31st May 1859.

In the matter of Beebee Bufatan Boye, of Colootollah in Calcutta, Dancing Woman, an Insolvent.

Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court, on Tuesday, the 7th day of June next, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Templeton and Carrapiet, *Attorneys.*

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

The Bengal Coal Company "Limited."

THE DIRECTORS of the BENGAL COAL COMPANY "LIMITED" hereby give notice to the SHAREHOLDERS, that a SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS will be held at 11 A.M., on Friday, the 30th day of September now next ensuing, as required by the Forty-first Article of the present Deed of Co-partnership to confirm the following Resolutions passed at the SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING for that purpose held this 28th day of May 1859.

First.—That the arrangements recommended by the Directors in their Report now submitted be carried out.

Second.—That having regard to the long and valuable services of MESSIEURS GORDON, STUART AND COMPANY, and in consideration of the concession now voluntarily made by them, relinquishing the 5 per Cent. Commission hitherto allowed to them, they be paid a fixed salary of Rupees 1,000 a month for the Secretaryship and for Office rent, and that a sum not exceeding Rupees 300 per month additional be paid by the Company for such Establishment as may be required to conduct the duties of the office.

Third.—That the necessary alteration to meet the arrangements now determined upon be made in the Deed of the Company, and that a Special Meeting be called in terms of the present Deed to confirm the proceedings of this Meeting.

By Order of the Directors,

GORDON, STUART & Co.,

Secretaries, Bengal Coal Co., "Limited."

CALCUTTA,
The 28th May 1859.

Notice.

MR. STEWART GLADSTONE is authorized to sign our Firm.

GILLANDERS, ARBUTHNOT AND Co.

CALCUTTA,
The 31st May 1859.

Notice.

THE Interest of MR. GEORGE GILBERT in our Concern ceased on the 30th April 1858.

JESSOP & Co.

Required.

A TRANSLATOR thbroughly conversant with English and Oordoo. His duties will be to translate and to superintend the Persian Office, salary Rupees 100 per mensem. Apply to Deputy Commissioner, Gondah, in Oude.

Notice

Is hereby given, for the information and guidance of all Treasury Officers, that Government Promissory Note, No. 8283 of 1856-57, for (1000 Rupees) Rupees one thousand, in favor of Reverend R. M. Price, has been lost in transit from the Loan Office to Almorah.

Lost or Stolen.

HALVES of two Bank of Bengal Notes, No. 10888, for Rupees 50, and No. 28213, for Rupees 15, payment of which has been stopped at the Bank.

Lost.

PLUNDERED OR DESTROYED, during the Mutiny at Delhie in 1857, the fifth four per Cent. Government Promissory Notes, Nos. 2772 and 9099 of 1842-43, dated 1st February 1843, for Co.'s Rs. 1,000 each, standing in the name of Mrs. S. Champion, by whom they were transferred to the late Mr. J. W. Staines, of Delhie, who was Executor to the Estate of the said Mrs. S. Champion (and who was killed in May 1857 by the Rebels,) by whom the said Promissory Notes were bequeathed to the late Mrs. Sarah White, wife of the late Mr. W. C. White, to whose Estate the undersigned has been empowered under Act XX. of 1841, to administer.

Payment of the said Notes and Interest thereon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes in favor of the undersigned.

Mr. L. WHITE.

Agra, the 8th March 1859.

Notices issued by the Officiating Deputy Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 243.

The 19th May 1859.—The Overland Mail, per Steamer *Candia*, will be closed on Friday, the 3rd proximo.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius and Australia can be sent by this opportunity.

	Weight.	*Vid* Marseilles.	*Vid* Southampton.
Postage.	under ½ ounce	Rs. 0 6 0	Rs. 0 0 0
	„ ½ „	0 8 0	0 4 0
	„ ¾ „	0 14 0	0 0 0
	„ 1 „	1 0 0	0 8 0
	„ 2 „	2 0 0	1 0 0

No. 451.

The 20th May 1859.—Notice is hereby given, that Letters for the Overland Mail despatched from this Office up to the 3rd instant, were in time for the Steamer that left Bombay on the 12th idem.

No. 506.

The 28th May 1859.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Port Blair, Moulmein and Rangoon, for transmission per Steamer *Fire Queen*, will be closed at this Office on Saturday, the 4th proximo, at 6 P. M.

No. 524.

The 31st May 1859.—Notice is hereby given, that, in consequence of the departure of the Steamer *Baltic* having been postponed, the Mails for Akyab, Rangoon and Moulmein, will be closed at this Office, on Monday the 6th proximo, at 6 P. M.

Notice.

The 30th May 1859.—There will be no After-Packet on this occasion, owing to the Steamer *Candia* leaving Kedgeree at 6-30 A. M. on the 5th proximo.

MEMORANDUM showing the Date and Hour of Arrival at the Calcutta Post Office of the Mails, which left England on the 26th April 1859, and the time occupied in sorting the Letters and Papers for delivery.

Name of the Steamer.	Date and hour at which the Mails were landed at Garden Reach.	Hour at which the Mails arrived at the General Post Office.	Hour at which the Window Delivery commenced.	Hour at which the Peons left Office.	Delivery.	No. of Boxes of Letters.			No. of Boxes of Newspaper and Books.		
						Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.	Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.
Nemesis.	29th May at 2-10 P. M.	3-20 P. M.	6½ P. M.	6½ P. M.	2 hours. 55 mins.	5	2	7	41	19	60.
										Total,	67
										France	2
										Alexandria	1
										Sydney	1
										Mauritius	1
										Hong-Kong	2
										Singapore	2
										Penang	1
										Galle	1
										Madras	3
	* Passed Saugor 28th at 7-25 A. M.									Malta	1 Bag.
										Gibraltar	1
										Aden	1
										Suez	1 Packet.
										Galle	1
										Singapore	1
										Penang	1
										Bombay	1
										Bagdad	1
										Australia	4 Bags.
										Ditto	12 Pieces.
										Total ...	107

IT is hereby notified that, unless marked for particular Ships, all Letters received at the General Post Office, between Monday the 23rd and Sunday the 29th May 1859, both dates inclusive, were despatched by the under-mentioned Vessels which sailed from Calcutta, on dates specified.

Letters received on dates from and to	By what Ship despatched.	Bound to	Remarks.
23rd May 1859 ...	Steamer *Lancefield* ...	Singapore and China ...	Left Town on the 24th May 1859.
23rd to 25th May 1859	„ *James Hartley*	Penang, Singapore & China.	Left Town on the 26th ditto.
23rd May 1859 ...	Ship *Shah Jehan* ...	Mauritius ...	Left Town on the 24th ditto.

T. Garrett,
Offg. Dy. Post-Master General.

Calcutta;
Genl. Post Office,
The 31st May 1859.

POSTAL NOTICE.

As remittances of Cash and Bullion are yet made, under the cover of bales of Cloth, by the Bullock Train, the Public are again reminded that no compensation is given for any loss under such circumstances, and as the practice endangers all property in transit by the Train, the Public are requested not to have recourse to it.

G. Paton,
Post Master-General, N. W. P.

Peshawur,
Post Master-Genl's. Office,
N. W. P.,
The 7th May 1859.

Printed and Published for the Government by Thomas Jones, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

No. 45.] [1413]

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, JUNE 4, 1859.

Home Department.

No. 1120.

Fort William, the 2nd June 1859.

Notifications.—Mr. Fulwer Craven Fowle, of the Civil Service, is permitted to proceed to Europe on Furlough for a period of three years, from the date of embarkation.

No. 1131.

The 3rd June 1859.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to permit Mr. W. H. Elliott to resign Her Majesty's Indian Civil Service, from the 5th instant.

W. Grey,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Foreign Department.

No. 3287.

Fort William, the 3rd June 1859.

Notification.—The following Despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, No. 18, dated 21st April last, is published for general information:—

Political. India Office,
London, 21st April 1859.

No. 18.

To His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council.

My Lord,

The Despatches* from your Excellency in the Foreign Department, noted in the margin, relate to the measures, which you adopted to give publicity to Her Majesty's Proclamation at the Courts of the Princes and Chiefs of India, and to the manner in which that imperial manifests has been received by the several Durbars.

2. It is with feelings of the liveliest satisfaction that Her Majesty's Government have learnt from these Despatches and their enclosures, that the Proclamation has been received at all the Principal Native Courts in the spirit in which it was issued. From all parts of India and the adjacent countries, from the Northern Hills of Jummoo to the Southernmost part of the Peninsula, the letters, in which you announced the inauguration of the new era of Indian Government have been responded to, in language expressive of loyalty and devotion to the British Crown, whilst the contents of Her Majesty's Proclamation have been promulgated, throughout the Native States, with every demonstration of respect.

3. By His Highness the Nizam, by the Maharajah of Nepaul, by the Principal Mahratta Chieftains—Scindiah, Holkar, and the Guicowar, Her Majesty's Proclamation was received and responded to with especial honor. Every effort was made to impart dignity to the occasion; the Streets were illuminated, bonfires were lit, public entertainments were given; and all grades of Society are said to have participated in the satisfaction evinced by the Courts.

4. By the ancient Chiefs of Rajpootana, the same loyalty and good feeling were evinced; and the great Chiefs of the protected Sikh States demonstrated their satisfaction with the conspicuous devotion to the British Government, which they so consistently manifested throughout the entire period of the Sepoy revolt.

5. Other Princes, both Mahomedan and Hindoo, as the Nawab Nazim of Bengal, and the Rajah of Mysore, responded with equal alacrity to the encouraging assurances contained in Her Majesty's Proclamation. The greatest detestation of the conduct of Rebels was every where expressed, and Her Majesty's name was universally associated with expressions of gratitude and love.

6. In these demonstrations Her Majesty's Government see abundant promise of a peaceful and a prosperous future. They indicate the confi-

* 1st November, No. 1 1858.
2nd " " 2 "
6th " " 3 "
10th " " 5 "
1st December, " 8 "
16th " " 13 "
31st " " 22 "
16th January, " 6 1859.

dence of the Native Princes in the assurance given by the Queen that their rights, dignity, and honor will be respected, and that you should avail yourself of every opportunity of giving strength and permanence to this feeling of security in Her Majesty's especial desire.

I have the honor to be,

(Signed) STANLEY.

By Order of His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council.

No. 3288.

The 31st May 1859.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Messrs. H. J. Sparke and A. P. Howell, of the Civil Service, to be Assistant Commissioners in the Province of Oudh.

No. 3289.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Captain W. G. Cumming, Deputy Bheel Agent and Political Assistant at Bhopawur, to be Bheel Agent and Political Assistant at Bhopawur.

No. 3290.

Captain J. P. Nixon, 25th Regiment Bombay Native Infantry, assumed charge of the Offices of Political Agent, Jodhpore, and Political Superintendent, Serohi, from Captain J. C. Brooke, on the 16th instant.

No. 3291.

Captain J. J. Hamilton, Assistant Commissioner, Hyderabad Assigned Districts, assumed charge of the District of West Berar on the 2nd instant.

No. 3292.

The 3rd June 1859.

Ensign C. R. Pennington, of H. M.'s 23rd Roya Welsh Fusiliers, is appointed to do duty with the Oudh Military Police, with effect from the 25th November last, the date on which he joined the Oudh Police.

No. 3293.

Under the provisions of Clause 24 of Act XIV. of 1859, it is hereby notified for general information, that the said Act is extended to the Tenasserim and Martaban Provinces from this date.

CECIL BEADON,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Financial Department.

No. 46.

Fort William, the 3rd June 1859.

Notification.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments, consequent on the resignation from the 31st ultimo, of the Civil Service, by Mr. E. E. Elliot, Accountant-General, Bombay.

Mr. S. D. Birch, Sub-Treasurer, Madras, to be Accountant-General, Bombay.

Mr. H. D. Sandeman, Accountant, Punjab, to be Sub-Treasurer, Madras.

Mr. W. Balmain, First Assistant Accountant-General, Madras, to be Accountant, Punjab.

Mr. W. Waterfield, of the Bengal Civil Service, to be First Assistant Accountant-General, Madras, and to act as Sub-Treasurer, until relieved by Mr. Sandeman, or until further orders.

By Order of the Right Hon'ble the Governor-General in Council,

C. HUGH LUSHINGTON,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, the 1st June 1859.

No. 794 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, from the Public Works Department, are published in General Orders :—

No. 140, *dated 23rd May* 1859.—*Leave of Absence.*—Leave of absence for eight weeks, preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe under the new Rules, is granted to Second Captain A. W. Garnett, Executive Engineer, Kohat Division, from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 141, *dated 25th May* 1859.—*Appointment.*—Major H. Drummond, Executive Engineer 1st Class, Superintendent Northern Division Ganges Canal, is transferred from the North-Western Provinces, to the Punjab, and is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, Baree Doab Canal, in room of Captain Crofton, on leave. Major Drummond will proceed to join when arrangements have been made for his relief.

No. 142.—*Leave of Absence.*—The eight weeks' leave granted to Captain J. H. Dyas, Director of Canals, Punjab, by the Government of the Punjab, preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe, is confirmed.

No. 147, *dated 28th May* 1859.—Lieutenants F. A. Hawes and H. W. Wood, Madras Engineers, are appointed temporarily Officiating Executive Engineers in the Department Public Works; the former at Nagode and the latter at Saugor, in the Saugor and Nerbudda Territories.

No. 149.—Captain T. W. Marten, of the 7th Royal Fusiliers, is appointed temporarily to the Public Works Department, with the position of Probationary Assistant Engineer, and posted to the Punjab.

No. 150, *dated 31st May* 1859.—*Leave of Absence.*—Major A. G. Goodwyn, Chief Engineer of Pegu and Tenasserim, is allowed twelve months' leave, to visit Darjeeling, on Medical Certificate, from the date on which he quitted Rangoon.

No. 795 *of* 1859.—The following Notification, issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab, is published in General Orders :—

No. 107, *dated 5th May* 1859.—The services of Lieutenant A. M. Brandreth, Engineers, Probationary Assistant Engineer, Department Public Works, Bengal, are placed at the disposal of the Government, North-Western Provinces, for employment on the Staff of the Thomason Civil Engineering College.

Appointment.—With reference to the foregoing, the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint Lieutenant A. M. Brandreth to officiate as Assistant Principal of the Thomason Civil Engineering College, Roorkee, during Captain Chesney's absence, or until further orders.

No. 706 *of* 1859.—The following promotions are made in the under-mentioned Corps of the Native Army :—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To what Rank promoted.	From what date.	In whose room.
33rd Regt. N. I.	Havildar Chutoorbhooj Uwusthee ...	Jemadar ...	3rd Dec. 1858	Nichint Singh, transferred to the Meerut Levy.
„	„ Shekh Peer Buksh	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Drigpal Singh, transferred to the Meerut Levy.
73rd Regt. N. I.	Jemadar Daveedeen Tewaree	Subadar ...	1st Dec. 1857	Sook Chain Awustie, struck off.
„	Havildar Mosahib Khan ...	Jemadar ...	Ditto ...	Bindadeen Tewarree, promoted.
„	„ Hurdyall Singh ...	Ditto ...	20th April 1858	For loyalty to the State.
„	Jemadar Doorgah Tewaree	Jemadar ...	24th Nov. 1857	Hoolas Doobee, struck off.
		Subadar ...	1st Dec 1857	
„	Havildar Poorun Ram ...	Jemadar ...	Ditto ...	Doorgah Tewarree, promoted.
„	Jemadar Seetah Ram ...	Ditto ...	26th Nov. 1857	Muckdoombuksh, struck off.
		Subadar ...	30th Ditto ...	
„	Havildar Adjoodiah Doobee	Jemadar ...	13th Dec. 1857	
„	Jemadar Bheeka Singh ..	Subadar ...	30th Nov. 1857	Sahibjad Khan, struck off.
„	Havildar Sewsahie Singh ...	Jemadar ...	1st Dec. 1857	Daveedeen Tewarree, promoted.
„	„ Bheekun Khan ...	Ditto ...	14th Ditto.	
„	„ Simboo Ram ...	Ditto ...	30th Nov. 1857	Nuthoo Lalla, promoted.
„	„ Sumputt Misser ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ramdeen Ram, struck off.
„	„ Seetul Singh ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Rambuccus Singh, struck off.
„	Jemadar Nuthoo Lalla ...	Ditto ...	15th Ditto ...	Ramjeawan, struck off.
		Subadar ...	30th Ditto ...	
„	Havildar Doorgah Tewaree...	Jemadar ...	30th Ditto ...	Dewan Singh, struck off.
„	„ Nain Doobee ...	Ditto ...	20th April 1858	For loyalty to the State.
„	Jemadar Bodh Ram ...	Jemadar ...	23rd Nov. 1857	Mirza Mukkoo, deceased.
		Subadar ...	30th Ditto ...	
„	Havildar Balluck Chowbee...	Jemadar ...	Ditto ...	Seeta Ram, promoted.
2nd Punjaub Infy.	Jemadar Prem Sing, now with the 14th Punjaub Infy. ...	Subadar ...	18th May 1857	For the Augmentation.
7th Regt. Punjaub N. I. ...	Havildar Mataub Sing ...	Jemadar ...	16th Dec. 1857	Jemadar Meher Khan, promoted.
„	„ Kayem ...	Ditto ...	12th Oct. 1858	Jemadar Peer Bux, deceased.
„	„ Goolab Sing ...	Ditto ...	2nd Feb. 1859	Jemadar Chundah Sing, dismissed.
1st Regt. Gwalior Infy. ...	Private Jhaoololl ...	Subadar ...	15th Nov. 1858	To complete the Establishment.
„	„ Ram Nund ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	
„	„ Hindoo Sing ...	Ditto ...	16th Dec. 1858	
Pegu Lt. Infy. Battalion ...	Havildar Ngahpo ...	Jemadar ...	1st Dec. 1858 ...	Mozoway, deceased.
Sylhet Lt. Infy. Battalion ...	Havildar Sewnarain Rye ...	Ditto ...	18th Dec. 1858	Bulbudden Thapah, transferred to 5th Military Police Battalion.
Kamroop Regt.	Jemadar Rungjun ...	Subadar ...	16th May 1858	Guttee Ram, whose promotion has been cancelled by G. O. C. C., 17th May 1858.
„	Jemadar Konaram ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	To fill a vacancy.
„	Havildar Ajeet ...	Jemadar ...	Ditto ...	Ramjeet, whose promotion has been cancelled by G. O. C. C., 17th May 1858.
„	„ Pohoo Ram ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Kalleechurn, whose promotion has been cancelled by G. O. C. C., 17th May 1858.

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To what Rank promoted.	From what date.	In whose room.
Kamroop Regt.	Havildar Poon Ram ...	Jemadar ...	16th May 1858	Mela Ram, whose promotion has been cancelled by G. O. C. C., 17th May 1858.
„	„ Phoparoo ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Poolin Sing, whose promotion has been cancelled by G. O. C. C., 17th May 1858.
„	„ Ghakun ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ghatee Ram, whose promotion has been cancelled by G. O. C. C., 17th May 1858.
„	„ Sam Lall ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Deena Ram, whose promotion has been cancelled by G. O. C. C., 17th May 1858.
„	„ Gundh Ram ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Rungjun, promoted.
„	„ Modhoo Ram ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Kona Ram, promoted.
„	„ Jubboo Sing ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	To complete the Establishment.
„	„ Dabee Ram ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	
4th Regt. Irr. Cavalry ...	Naib Ressaldar Jaffur Ally (Woordie Major) ...	Ressaidar ...	24th May 1858	To fill existing vacancy.
„	„ Yahaya Beg ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Do. Do.
„	Jemadar All Hussen ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	*Vice* Jaffur Ally, Woordie Major, promoted.
„	„ Rahcembux Khan .	Naib Ressaldar ...	Ditto ...	To fill existing vacancy.
„	„ Mahomed Kazim Khan ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Do. Do.
„	„ Fukeer Mahomed Khan ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Do. Do.
„	Kote Dufladar Warris Ally...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Do. Do.
„	„ Mehur Ally ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Do. Do.
„	„ Mahomed Ismael...	Jemadar ...	Ditto ...	Do. Do.
„	Dufladar Nujeeb Beg ...	Naib Ressaldar ...	Ditto ...	Do. Do.
„	„ Sheikh Toorab Ally	Jemadar ...	Ditto ...	Do. Do.
„	„ Goolab Khan ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Do. Do.
„	„ Wuzeer Ally ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Do. Do.
„	„ Asuf Ally ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Do. Do.
„	„ Joalla Singh ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Do. Do.
Hodson's Horse	Naib Ressaldar Ghulam Muhammad Khan, transferred from 13th Irr. Cavy.	Ressaidar ...	May 1857	—
2nd Regt. Mahratta Horse...	Kote Dufladar Mortuza Khan	Jemadar and appointed Woordie Major ...	24th Nov. 1858	To complete the Establishment.
Shajehanpore Levy ...	Havildar Mahanund Sookul	Jemadar ...	1st June 1859 ...	Do. Do.
Cawnpore Levy	Jemadar Indur Sing ...	Subadar ...	1st Feb. 1859 ...	To fill existing vacancies.
„	„ Madarbux Khan ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	

Fort William, the 2nd June 1859.

No. 797 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate :—

Captain and Brevet Major Doveton Hodson, of the 3rd Madras European Regiment, Brigade Major 1st Infantry Brigade, Saugor Field Division, and Assistant Adjutant General, Hyderabad Subsidiary Force ... } For fifteen months, under the new Regulations, from date of embarkation at Madras.

No. 798 *of* 1859.—The following Orders, issued by the Commissioner of the Province to the Nagpore Irregular Force, are confirmed :—

No. 8, *dated* 18*th May* 1859.—Appointing Lieutenant and Adjutant Nepean, of the 3rd Infantry, to officiate as Commandant of that Regiment, as a temporary measure, from the 9th instant, *vice* Captain the Baron Von Meyern, proceeded on leave.

No. 9, *dated* 18*th May* 1859.—Appointing Lieutenant Manning, 52nd Native Infantry, who has returned to Nagpore with two Companies of the 1st Infantry, to officiate as Adjutant of the 3rd Infantry at Raepore, as a temporary measure, *vice* Lieutenant Nepean.

No. 799 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Soldier, of Her Majesty's Service, is permitted to reside and draw his pay in India, as an Out-pensioner of Chelsea Hospital, according to the 23rd Clause of the Royal Warrant of the 24th May 1847, pending a reference to the Horse Guards as to the amount of his Pension :—

1st Battalion 60th Royal Rifles. Private Samuel Turner.

No. 800 *of* 1859.—The following Orders, issued by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjaub, and published in the *Punjaub Gazette*, Nos. 36 and 37, of the 4th and 7th May 1859, are confirmed :—

No. 178, *dated 4th May* 1859.—The Regimental Order by Lieutenant B. W. Ryall, Commanding 3rd Seikh Irregular Cavalry, dated 14th February last, making over Command of the Corps to Lieutenant R. Gibson, Officiating 2nd in Command, consequent on his own departure in anticipation of leave, is confirmed.

5th Punjaub Cavalry.

No. 179.—Jemadar Khan Jehan Khan is permitted to resign the Service.

24th Regiment Punjaub Infantry.

No. 180.—*Appointment.*—The Regimental Order, dated 27th February, by Captain J. Hovenden, Commanding, appointing Lieutenant James Stevenson, 33rd Native Infantry "Doing Duty Officer" from the 26th January 1859, is confirmed.

5th Punjaub Cavalry.

No. 181.—Dufladar Doorga Singh, who was restored to the service in Punjaub Order No. 41, dated 21st January, is to be considered as restored without prejudice to his arrears of pay.

No. 182.—The following Orders issued by Captain S. Jackson, Commanding the Lahore Light Horse, are confirmed :—

Dated 14th February.—Appointing Captain O. J. Travers to officiate as Adjutant from the 15th idem, in room of Captain G. G. Anderson, nominated Acting Pension Pay Master, Cawnpore.

Dated 13th April.—Directing Lieutenant R. Whigham, Her Majesty's 70th Foot, to act as Adjutant.

2nd Punjaub Infantry.

No. 183, *dated 7th May* 1859.—Native Doctor Lalljee Mull is granted eight months' leave of absence, from the 1st May, to enable him to visit his home at Moradabad.

No. 184.—The Brigade Order by Brigadier General N. Chamberlain, C. B., Commanding Punjaub Irregular Force, dated 23rd ultimo, appointing Captain F. R. DeBude, Officiating Commandant No. 1 Punjaub Battery, to act as Commandant of the Peshawur Mountain Train Battery, consequent on the departure on Furlough of Captain T. Brougham, and directing Captain A. Gillespie, Commissary of Ordnance, Punjaub Force, to receive charge of No. 1 Battery, in addition to his other duties, until the return from Europe of Captain J. R. Sladen, or until further orders, is confirmed.

Fort William, the 3rd June 1859.

No. 801 *of* 1859.—Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned gentlemen to be Cadets for the Infantry and Assistant Surgeons in Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces at the Presidency of Bengal. They are accordingly admitted into the Service, and the Cadets are promoted to the rank of Ensign, leaving the dates of their Commissions for future adjustment :—

	Date of arrival at Fort William.
Infantry.	
Mr. Charles Nesbit Hodgson ..	29th May 1859.
„ Thomas Fraser Bruce ...	
Medical Department.	
Mr. George Bremner, M. D.. .	
„ James Robert Purefoy, M. D. ...	

No. 802 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers have returned to their duty on this Establishment, without prejudice to their rank :—

	Date of Arrival at Fort William.
Captain Bannastre Pryce Lloyd, of the 11th Regiment Native Infantry, Deputy Commissioner Ajmere and Mhairwarrah, on leave from the 9th March 1858 ...	29th May 1859.
Assistant Surgeon Philip Warren Sutherland, of the Medical Department ...	

No. 803 *of* 1859.—The services of Assistant Surgeon E. McKellar are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 804 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following Report from Captain Cleveland, Commanding Field Detachment, of an attack on and dispersion of a body of Rebels in the District of Gonda :—

From Captain G. Cleveland,
98th Regt., Commanding the Column,
To Major Dillon,
Brigade Major.

Camp Rumwarpore,
Three Coss North of Gonda
The 13th April 1859.

Sir,

For the information of Brigadier Horsford, C. B., Commanding Field Force Trans Gogra, I have the honor to make the following Report. On arrival at Rumwarpore yesterday, I at once directed the Oude Police Sowars to proceed at a smart pace towards Durzie Gown, bearing S. S. W. to reconnoitre and gain information of the movement of Gojadhur Sing's Force that had moved in that direction from this on the 11th instant at 2 P. M., the Sowars returned with a Zemindar from the direction of Durzie Gown, who reported to me that the Rebels were near there and about three coss distant, and numerically strong. I marched the Column without delay, leaving a standing Camp protected by 100 Rank and File Moradabad Levy. The distance proved to be beyond what I had been informed, and the Column did not reach the Gonda and Fyzabad Road till 5½ P. M. I halted the Column and moved forward with Sowars to observe their position and to examine the country. The Rebels were reported to be about 3,000 Infantry and 400 Cavalry, and I saw them scattered in all directions, the majority of them clustered together and protected by jungle and the "Tyree" River. I was informed that I could only get my Artillery near them by moving along the road towards Fyzabad, and breaking off to the right when clear of the jungle and river. I pushed on my Guns accordingly, supported by 1st Company

Rifle Brigade, 1st Company Punjaub Infantry and 25 Sowars, and placed this portion of my Force under charge of Captain Freemantle, Rifle Brigade, and 2nd in Command on the Field, conceiving that my presence would be much required with the Moradabad Levy. I advanced the Levy flanked by Police Sowars to within 300 yards of the jungle, halted and galloped forward to take a glance at the nature of the jungle, and observed the jungle dotted with the Rebels, armed with the ordinary musket and bayonet, and undercover, and sections here and there. Returning speedily I advanced a line of Skirmishers consisting of four Companies, with the same strength in support: the Rebels were firing during this interval, when the Skirmishers pressed forward, cleared the jungle and drove the Rebels across the river, which was knee deep at that part, which they had made for, with the object of crossing. The evening being now far advanced and darkness gradually commencing, I retired my Skirmishers without any man being touched. Withdrawing to the road, I threw out a chain of sentries and picquets to protect the Guns and supports on their return along the Fyzabad Road towards Gonda.

I beg to forward, enclosed, a Report from Captain Freemantle, 2nd Rifle Brigade. My best thanks are due to that Officer as well as the Officers in Command of the separate Detachments and the men under them. I am also indebted to Assistant Commissioner King, accompanying the Column, and my thanks are due to him, for his assistance given.

I have the satisfaction of bringing to the Brigadier's notice the very steady behaviour of the Moradabad Levy, who did their work well, and I would beg expressly to mention it was the first time the Levy has been under fire.

Ensign and Adjutant Gill, Moradabad Levy, I would wish particularly to bring to the Brigadier's notice, who, though in a very weak state from sickness, accompanied the Column and rendered me every assistance.

I attach a Casualty Return which is small, the enemy must have suffered, yet I am unable to say to what extent, owing to darkness overtaking us.

I have omitted mentioning the Force I marched from Camp with, and I herewith enter it in the margin.

2 H. A. Guns.
1 Company Rifle Brigade.
1 Company 5th Punjaub Rifles.
500 Rank and File.
Moradabad Levy.
150 Oude Police Sowars.

The Column returned to Camp at midnight, being nine hours under arms.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) G. Cleveland, *Captain,*
98th Regt., Comdg. the Column.

(Signed) A. Horsford, *Brigadier,*
Comdg. Trans Gogra.

(Signed) J. Hope Grant, *Major-General,*
Comdg. Oude Force.

Return of Casualties in the Detachment under Captain Cleveland, Commanding Moradabad Levy, at Durji-ka-ku'a, on the 12th April 1859.

Wounded.

2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade, Private James Kerry, dangerously, (compound fracture of leg.)

5th Punjaub Rifles, Private Heera Singh, mortally, since dead.

J. A. Purefoy Colles, *M. D., Asst. Surgeon,*
in Medical charge, Captain Cleveland's Detacht.

Camp Rumwarpore,
The 13th April 1859.

From Captain Fitz Roy Fremantle,
Rifle Brigade,

To Captain Cleveland,

98th Regt., Comdg. Field Detacht.

Rumwarpore, the 13th April 1859.

Sir,

I have the honor to report that I marched with the Detachments as per margin, in obedience to your orders, to outflank the Rebels at 'Dursi talao.'

2 H. A. Guns.
1 Company Rifle Brigade.
1 Company 5th Punjaub Rifles.
25 Oude Police Cavalry.

I followed the Fyzabad Road for a mile and a half after leaving your Force and then turned to my right through a very dense jungle. I pushed on the Punjaub Rifles in front of the Guns, but owing to the darkness which was fast coming on and the excessive badness of the road, I made but slow progress. After proceeding about three quarter of a mile the ground became more open, though the plain was surrounded by jungle on all sides.

At 6½ P. M., I saw a Rebel vidette on the top of a hill and had just ordered the Punjaub Rifles to form company, when the Rebels opened fire upon us from the bushes on the top of the hill at a distance of 40 yards.

Upon the first shot being fired, the Oude Police Cavalry turned round and ran away, carrying away a section of the Punjaub Rifles, and creating some confusion.

I ordered the Punjaub Rifles to move to the left, and a section of the Rifle Brigade to the right of the Guns, which opened fire with grape at this short range and in a few minutes completely silenced the Rebels' fire. I then advanced to the top of the Hill where I found their Camp, but no men were to be seen. I did not think it advisable to follow them as it was now quite dark, the moon being completely hidden by clouds, and the jungle very dense.

I returned by a different road making a long detour to avoid the jungle.

The Troops behaved remarkably well, and I beg especially to bring to your notice the great steadiness showed by the Horse Artillery in a trying moment when the Oude Police Cavalry retired so precipitately and broke through them.

I received every assistance from Officers Commanding Detachments, *viz.*, Lieutenant Robinson, Horse Artillery, who brought his Gun into action with great gallantry and set an example of cool bravery which was well followed by his men. Lieutenant Browne, 5th Punjab Rifles, whose Horse was wounded, and Ensign Myers, Rifle Brigade.

I was much indebted to Mr. King, Assistant Commissioner, who made himself most useful during the skirmish, and after it was over, in obtaining guides to lead us out of the jungle by which we were surrounded

I have, &c.,

(Signed) Fitz Roy Fremantle, *Captain,*
Rifle Brigade.

No. 302A.

Forwarded by order of the Commander-in-Chief, to the Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, for the information of His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

H. W. Norman, *Major,*
Offg. Adjutant General of the Army.

Head Quarters, Simla,
The 13th May 1859.

No. 805 *of* 1859.—The subjoined Notification is to be substituted for that published in the *Gazette Extraordinary*, under date the 22nd of April 1859.

No. 573 *of* 1859.—The Second Battalion Military Train is under orders for immediate embarkation for England.

The Career in India of this Corps has been short, but brilliant and eminently serviceable to its Country.

Upon arriving at the Presidency it was at once converted into a Cavalry Force, and sent untrained into the Field.

Throughout the glorious Campaign in Oude, the Military Train bore a part which would have reflected credit upon the oldest and most experienced Cavalry Soldiers.

It has served with distinction in various affairs under Lieutenant-General Sir James Outram, at the capture of Lucknow, in the operations about Azimghur, and lastly in the harassing Campaign of Shahabad.

The Military Train leaves India with the best wishes of the Viceroy and Governor General in Council, for the future Honor and Prosperity of the Battalion.

A Salute will be fired from the Guns of Fort William on the departure of the Corps.

No. 806 *of* 1859.—Surgeon Charles Douglas, M. D., of the Medical Department, is permitted to retire from the Service, from the 4th instant, on the Pension of £191 per annum.

No. 807 *of* 1859.—The following Promotion is made:—

15th Regiment Native Infantry.

Ensign Nathaniel James Jones to be Lieutenant, from the 28th May 1859, *vice* Lieutenant J. T. Prichard, resigned.

No. 808 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to notify, that Staff Serjeants of Native Corps at the three Presidencies are hereafter to be considered on the same footing with respect to Clothing, as Staff Serjeants of European Regiment.

R. J. H. Birch, *Major-General,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Public Works Department.

General.—Establishments.

No. 151.

The 1st June 1859.

Appointments.—Captain F. Applegath, 33rd Madras Native Infantry, is appointed Executive Engineer 4th Class in the Department Public Works in Nagpoor, and posted to the Bhundara Division.

No. 152.

Lieutenant C. E. Webber, of the Royal Engineers, is appointed a Probationary Assistant Engineer in the Public Works Department, and placed at the disposal of Government, North-Western Provinces.

No. 153.

Probationary Assistant Overseer Corporal W. James and Serjeant John J. Kavanagh, of Western Jumna Canals, are appointed permanently to the Department Public Works, with effect from 15th March last.

No. 154.

Baboo Budden Chunder Doss and Bheem Sein Sing are appointed Probationary Assistant Overseers in the Department Public Works and posted to Bengal.

No. 155.

Promotion.—Mr. W. Barnfather, C. E., Probationary Assistant Engineer, Ganges and Darjeeling Road, is promoted to the grade of Special Assistant Engineer.

No. 156.

Notification.—Corporal J. Wilson, Assistant Overseer, attached to the Tounghoo Division, Pegu, is dismissed from the Department Public Works and will return to Military duty.

H. Yule, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 3518.

Appointments.—*The 30th April* 1859.—The following Darogahs have been specially promoted on account of their distinguished Services, *viz.*:—

Tujjumul Ali (1st Grade) of Thannah Puttea in Chittagong, to the Special Salary of Rupees 150 per mensem.

Tofuzzul Hossein (1st Grade) of the Kotwallee Tipperah, to the Special Salary of Rupees 150 per mensem.

Mr. J. B. DeSolminihac (3rd Grade) of the Kotwallee Thannah Backergunge, to the Special Salary of Rupees 200 per mensem.

Gonesh Chunder Banerjea (2nd Grade) of Maunbhoom, to the Special Salary of Rupees 150 per mensem.

The 3rd May 1859.—Moulavy Durasutoolla (1st Grade) of the Town of Midnapore, to the Special Salary of Rupees 200 per mensem.

Madhub Chunder Moitre (2nd Grade) of the Sudder Thannah of Bograh, to the Special Salary of Rupees 200 per mensem.

Derosutoollah (3rd Grade) of Pubna, to the Special Salary of Rupees 150 per mensem.

The 28th May 1859.—Mr. T. E. Ravenshaw, Dacoity Commissioner, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate in the District of Bancoorah.

Baboo Chunder Sikur Roy, Deputy Magistrate under the Dacoity Commissioner, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate in the District of Bancoorah.

Moulavy Mowla Buksh, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Sarun, is transferred to Shahabad, where he will exercise the full powers of a Magistrate.

The 30th May 1859.—Mr. H. C. Sutherland to be Secretary to the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Tipperah.

The 31st May 1859.—Mr. J. D. Gordon to be a Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the 2nd Grade.

Captain J. R. Pughe to officiate as Aide-de-Camp on the Personal Staff of the Lieutenant-Governor, from the 18th instant.

Mr. A. J. Jackson to be Magistrate of Mymensing, but to continue to officiate until further orders, as Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Bograh

Mr. T. Bruce Lane to be Magistrate of Rajshahye.

Mr. H. H. Robinson to be a Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector of the 2nd Grade.

Mr. T. Campbell, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to the charge of the Sub-Division of Koruda, and to exercise the full powers of a Magistrate in Chota Nagpore.

Mr. J. T. Worsley, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to the charge of the Sub-Division of Nowadah.

Leave of Absence.—The 28th May 1859.—Mr. J. J. Pemberton, Revenue Surveyor, 1st or North Division, for two months under Clause 1, Section VII. of the revised Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 31st May 1859.—Baboo Issen Chunder Dutt, Deputy Collector, attached to the 1st or North Division of Survey, for two months under Clause 1, Section VII. of the revised Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Captain J. S. Davies, Senior Assistant to the Commissioner of Chota Nagpore at Lohurdugga, for one month under the Financial Notification of the 28th April 1858.

The 1st June 1859.—The privilege leave for one month granted by the Lord Bishop of Calcutta to the Reverend M. D. C. Walters, Chaplain of St. James' Church, is confirmed.

Notification.—The 25th May 1859.—The undermentioned Ferries in the District of Tirhoot are declared public under Regulation VI. of 1819, *viz:*—

Soubarsa Ferry on the River Kodava.

Goorya Ferry on the River Bya.

A. R. YOUNG,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

NOTIFICATIONS.

THE following Notifications, issued by the Governor General in Council, are re-published for general information :—

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT

No. 633.

Allahabad, the 27th May 1859.

Subject to the approbation of Her Majesty, the Right Hon'ble the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Council has been pleased to appoint the Hon'ble Robert Montgomery, to be Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab and its Dependencies, from the 1st instant, on which date Sir John Lawrence, Baronet, G. C. B., resigned the Service.

The Right Hon'ble the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. C. J. Wingfield, to be Chief Commissioner of the Province of Oudh, from the 1st instant, *vice* the Hon'ble Robert Montgomery, appointed to be Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1009.

The 10th May 1859.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council has had under his consideration the Proceedings of the Special Commission, assembled at Furruckabad, for the trial of Tufuzzul Hosein, formerly Nawab of Furruckabad.

The charges against the prisoner were as follows :—

"1*st Count.*—That he, Tufuzzul Hosein Khan, being a person owing allegiance to the British Government, did rebel and wage war against the said British Government from the month of June to the end of December 1857, and acted as a leader and instigator in revolt in the Furruckabad District, one of the centres of rebellion, during the above period.

"2*nd Count.*—That he, Tufuzzul Hosein Khan was a principal and accessary before and after the fact to the murder of many British subjects in the aforesaid District of Furruckabad and its neighbourhood, between the months of June and December 1857, in the following instances :—

1*st.*—To the murder of forty Europeans, more or less, on the Maunpoor Kutree or sand-bank, in the month of July 1857.

2*nd.*—To the murder of European ladies and children, with Eurasians and Native Christians, about twenty-two in all, on the Futtehghur Parade-Ground, in the month of July 1857.

3*rd.*—To the murder of Kallay Khan, a loyal Sepoy of the 10th Native Infantry, in the month of July or August 1857.

4*th.*—To the murder of two loyal Seikhs, names unknown, who were killed with Kallay Khan Sepoy, in the month of July or August 1857."

After a patient, careful, and impartial trial, the Court pronounced the following verdict and sentence :—

"The Court unanimously convict the prisoner Tufuzzul Hosein Khan, Ex-Nawab Raees of Furruckabad, as follows :—

1*st Count.—Guilty.*—That is to say that he, being a person owing allegiance to the British Government, did rebel and wage war against the said British Government, from the month of June to the end of December 1857, and was a principal leader and instigator in revolt in the Furruckabad District, one of the centres of rebellion, during the above period.

2*nd Count.—In the first instance, guilty* of being an accessary after the fact to the murder of forty Europeans or thereabouts, on the Maunpoor Kutree or sand-bank, in the River Ganges, on or about the 4th of July 1857.

In the second instance, guilty of being accessary before and after the fact to the murder of twenty-two persons or thereabouts, being European, East Indian and Native Christians, men, women, and children, on the Futtehgurh Parade-Ground, on or about the 23rd July 1857.

In the third instance, guilty of being accessary before and after the fact to the murder of Kallay Khan, a loyal Sepoy of the 10th Regiment Native Infantry, at Furruckabad, on or about the 29th July 1857.

In the fourth instance, guilty of being accessary before and after the fact to the murder of two loyal Seikhs, names unknown, at Furruckabad, on or about the 29th July 1857.

This Court having found the prisoner guilty as above, do sentence him, Tufuzzul Hosein Khan, to be hanged by the neck till he be dead; and do further adjudge that all his property, of whatever description, be confiscated, but in obedience to the orders of Government appointing this Commission, the execution of this sentence is suspended until receipt of further orders."

The Governor General in Council entirely approves and confirms the verdict and sentence of the Court. The former is fully borne out by the evidence adduced on the trial, and the latter is the only sentence which could properly be passed on the criminal.

But it came out on the trial, and was pleaded by the prisoner as a bar to the execution of the sentence, that before his surrender a letter had been written to him by Major Barrow, the Special Commissioner with the Camp of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, in which he was invited to surrender, and that in this letter he was told that pardon had been extended to all who had not personally committed the murder of British subjects, and that if he had not personally committed the murder of British subjects, he might surrender without apprehension.

Whatever may have been the meaning of Major Barrow in addressing this letter to Tufuzzul Hosein, and whatever may have been the prisoner's understanding of it at the time, it is certain that on the receipt of it he immediately surrendered. He now claims the fulfilment of the promise of pardon made by Major Barrow, being found guilty, not of having personally committed the murder of English subjects, but of having been an accessary before the fact.

The Governor General in Council entirely condemns and disavows the act of Major Barrow, in making a promise contrary to the Royal Proclamation, and contrary to the express order of the Government excepting the prisoner from all benefit of pardon: But His Excellency in Council will not suffer it to be said, that the prisoner having been induced to surrender on the promise of a British Officer in Major Barrow's position, has in consequence of that surrender been put to death for a crime of less degree than that which was designated by the Officer as alone rendering him liable to punishment.

The Governor General in Council has, therefore, resolved to forbear from carrying out the sentence of the Court on Tufuzzul Hosein, on the condition that he shall immediately quit the British Territory for ever. If he accept this condition, he will be conveyed to the Frontier as a convict under a Military guard, and there set at liberty. If he refuse the condition, or if having accept it, he shall break it, or attempt to break it, now, or at any future time, the capital sentence pronounced upon him will be carried out.

No. 1910.

The 27th May 1859.

Messrs. R. Alexander and Fendall Thompson, of the Civil Service, reported their departure for England, by the Steam-ship *Simlah*, which Vessel was left by the Pilot at Sea on the 6th instant.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to attach Mr. A. P. Howell, of the Civil Service, reported qualified for the Public Service, to the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab and Oude.

No. 1911.

The 27th May 1859.

The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on Furlough, on private affairs:—

Assistant Surgeon George Richard Pemberton, M. D., Civil, Mirzapore ...	For six months, under the new Regulations.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

No. 1155.

The 27th May 1859.

GENERAL ESTABLISHMENTS.

Appointment.—Private H. G. McPherson, Probationary Assistant Overseer, Department Public Works, in the North-Western Provinces, is appointed permanently to the Department as an Assistant Overseer, with effect from 5th April last.

Transfers.—Serjeant J. Lynch, Assistant Supervisor, is transferred from the Punjab to the North-Western Provinces.

Conductor E. J. Gillis, Sub-Engineer, 3rd Class, is transferred from the North-Western Provinces to the Punjab.

Mr. R. B. Wrenn is appointed temporarily an Assistant Supervisor in the Public Works Department and posted to Jhansi.

No. 1156.

The 27th May 1859.

Notifications.—Lieutenant H. A. C. Wroughton, of Her Majesty's 13th Light Infantry, temporarily attached to the Department of Public Works, by Goruckpoor District Order, dated 16th April 1859, to have the position of Probationary Assistant Engineer, while so employed.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1908.

The 27th May 1859.

Mr. J. Power, of the Civil Service, reported his departure for England by the Steam-ship *Simlah*, which Vessel was left by the Pilot at Sea, on the 6th instant.

No. 657.

The 27th May 1859.

Captain Charles Baldwin, of the 2nd European Bengal Fusiliers, Assistant Commissioner, Jubbulpoor, is permitted to proceed to Europe, on Furlough, on private affairs, for six months, under the new Regulation, embarking at Bombay.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 855.

The 27th May 1859.

Under the exigencies of the Service during the last two years, many Officers have been made available for employment on the Staff and in various situations, who have not passed the examinations in the Native languages, laid down by General Order by the Governor-General of the 5th June 1850; but tranquillity having now been generally restored, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to announce that the provisions of that Order will in future be strictly enforced, and no Officer will hereafter be appointed

to any situation on the Staff, or to any Civil or other detached employment, who has not passed the prescribed examination.

Every Officer who has been removed from his Regiment for Staff, Civil or other employment, who has not already passed the prescribed examination, or shall not pass it within six months from the date of this Order, will be remanded to his Corps.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1849.

The 23rd May 1859.

Notifications.—The services of the under-mentioned Officers have this day been placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Oude:—

Mr. H. J. Sparks, C. S.

„ A. P. Howell, C. S.

No. 1916.

The 27th May 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. George Edmonstone, Civil and Sessions Judge of Futtehpore, for three months, under Section XII. of the Absentee Rules, from the 1st June 1859, making over the current duties of the Civil Court to the Principal Sudder Ameen.

No. 1918.

The 27th May 1859.

Assistant Surgeon W. Watson, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Mynpoorie, from 3rd to 30th June 1859.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 798.

The 17th May 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Mr. R. T. H. Griffith, M. A., Officiating Inspector 3rd Circle, Department Public Instruction, North-Western Provinces, for one month, from the 27th May, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1940.

The 28th May 1859.

Appointments.—Assistant Surgeon Roe, 92nd Highlanders, to be in Medical charge of the Civil Station of Jhansi, as a temporary arrangement, from the 11th May 1859.

No. 1942.

Assistant Surgeon D. H. Small, attached to the Mhairwarrah Battalion, to officiate as 2nd Assistant to the Commissioner of Ajmere, as a temporary arrangement, from the date of the decease of Nowbut Roy, late Officiating 2nd Assistant to the Commissioner.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

No. 861.

The 30th May 1859.

Leave of Absence.—The unexpired portion, *viz.*, twenty-one days of the privilege leave, granted to Mr. H. Read, Deputy Collector of Saugor, in O. S. of 19th March, is cancelled.

The unexpired portion, *viz.*, one month of the privilege leave, granted to Mr. C. J. Davis, Collector of Customs of Agra, under O. S. of 16th April, is cancelled.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

G. E. W. COUPER,
Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 323.

Allahabad, the 30th May 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Lieutenant H. M. Bramley, Adjutant, Divisional Police Battalion, Jubbulpore, eight weeks' leave of absence to the Presidency, on Medical Certificate, preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe, from such date as he may avail himself of it.

No. 324.

Lieutenant Knyvett, Commanding District Police Battalion, Mirzapore, two months' privilege leave, from such date as he may avail himself of it.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

G. W. WILLIAMS, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Mily. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces.

General Department,

No. 1203, *dated* 20*th May* 1859.

Leave.—Captain Cripps, Deputy Commissioner Ferozepore, has obtained three months' privileged leave from the 15th July next, or from the date he may avail himself of the same.

Public Works Department,

No. 1109.

The leave of absence granted to Captain C. Dumbleton, Executive Engineer Ferozepore, in *Punjab Gazette* of the 4th May, on Medical Certificate, is extended to a period of two months, from the date he availed himself of it.

General Department,

No. 1201, *dated* 9*th May* 1859.

Transfers.—Captain L. Busk, Deputy Commissioner Thanesur, has been transferred to Umballa, *vice* Mr. P. Melvill, deputed to Kurnaul on special duty.

Mr. F. McNaghten, Assistant Commissioner Umballa, has been transferred to Thanesur to officiate as Deputy Commissioner, *vice* Captain Busk.

No. 1195, *dated* 19*th May* 1859.

Appointment.—The appointment of Mr. J. Kitchen to be an Extra Assistant in the Delhie Territory, notified in the *Punjab Gazette* No. 31, dated 19th June 1858, will have retrospective effect from the 20th November 1857.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces and its Dependencies,

R. H. DAVIES,
Secy. to Govt., Punjab and its Dependencies.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the sixth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1857-58, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Monday, the 13th of June 1859, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 2,260 chests, *viz* :—

Behar Opium	1,915
Benares Ditto	345
Total Chests...	2,260

2. The general conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 1st December 1858, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 18th and 28th June 1859, respectively, that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, Company's Paper or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the sale, will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 18th June 1859, and no Treasury Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M., of Tuesday, the 28th June 1859.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium of 1857-58, will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board however reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests	Total about Chests.
On or about Thursday, 14th July 1859 -	1915	345	2260
Do. Wednesday, 10th August „ -	1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 9th September „ -	1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 14th October „ -	1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 7th November „ -	1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 5th December „ -	1934	379	2313
	11509	2104	13613

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

RIVERS THOMPSON,

Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 4th May 1859.

Opium Notification.

WITH reference to the Advertisement issued from this Office, under date 1st December 1858, it is hereby notified that 300 Chests of Behar Opium of the Sale held on the 9th instant, which were reserved for the French Government, and have not been cleared, will be re-sold on account of Government at the Exchange Hall, on Monday, the 13th June next, immediately after the conclusion of the Sale of the 2,260 Chests advertized for that day.

2. The Conditions of Re-sale will be the same as those of the Sale of the 2,260 Chests above referred to.

By order of the Board of Revenue,

RIVERS THOMPSON,

Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 26th May 1859.

No. 32.

Notification.

THE undersigned has the honor to notify to Civil and Military Officers in charge of Treasuries, that as he is in no way concerned in recovering Advances which may be at the personal debit of Officers, applications for the adjustment of such Advances should be made to the Accountant-General to the Government of India, Military Department, or to the proper Pay-master.

E. G. J. CHAMPNEYS, *Lieut.-Col.*,

Military Auditor General.

FORT WILLIAM;
Mily. Audr. Genl.'s Office,
The 13th May 1859.

Notice.

HINDOO HOLIDAYS IN JUNE 1859.

THE General Treasury will be closed on Friday, the 10th June 1859, on account of the Hindoo Holiday Dushoharra.

The General Treasury will be closed on Wednesday, the 15th June 1859, on account of the Hindoo Holiday Chaun Jattra.

J. I. HARVEY,

Sub-Treasurer.

GENERAL TREASURY,
The 20th May 1859.

Notification.

Fort William, Civil Auditor's Office, the 20th April 1859.

To the Officers of the Political, Judicial, Revenue, Customs, Salt, Opium, and other branches of Service.

The Civil Auditor has the honor to request that Disbursing Officers, in charge of Civil Establishments, will be good enough to submit, as soon after 1st of May next as may be practicable, separate from their April Pay Abstracts, the Annual Detailed Statements of the respective Establishments as per Forms Nos. 1, 2, and 3, furnished for their guidance in 1848, annexing a note to each of the above Statements showing the items of expenditure which, though sanctioned, have not been actually incurred with reference to Financial Resolution of 29th October 1857, No. 4751. Pending the receipt of these documents, the audit of their April Abstracts will, under Financial Resolution of 7th September 1842, be withheld.

The usual Annual Returns of Uncovenanted Servants up to May 1859, as well as separate Statements showing the periods of leave granted to Uncovenanted Assistants, are also requested to be furnished in Forms Nos. 4 and 5, with the above Annual Detailed Statements.

W. P. Palmer,
Civil Auditor.

Notification.

The Civil Auditor, North-Western Provinces, has the honor to repeat his annual call to all Disbursing Officers in charge of Civil Establishments in the North-Western Provinces, for the submission (as soon after the 1st May next, as practicable, with the April Abstract) of their regular Annual Detailed Statement, containing the names and full particulars of the whole of the Establishment; and to observe that, with reference to the orders of Government, dated 15th October 1842, published in the *Agra Government Gazette*, of the 15th November 1842, the audit of their Abstracts for April next will be withheld until the receipt of the required Returns.

2. To facilitate check, it is particularly requested that the Abstract for April be sub-divided into distinct headings, so that each description of Office with its total shall correspond with the details given in the Statement of Establishment or the 1st May, agreeably to the Form furnished.

3. It is also requested that the *three separate* Lists prescribed for all Uncovenanted Civil Servants (Europeans and East Indians) and Native, (in the last the names of *only those* holding appointments of *trust* and *responsibility* should be inserted,) employed on their Establishments, be furnished for 1st May 1859, without delay.

H. Loch,
Offg. Civil Auditor.

Civil Auditor's Office;
N. W. P., Allahabad,
The 31st March 1859.

Notice.

Under Act XX. of 1856, I hereby give notice that the Assessment Registers of Pykeparra, Oltadanga, Bhobanepore, Kidderpore, and Garden Reach, being grand Divisions I, II, VI and VIII, of the Suburbs of Calcutta, having been duly prepared for the year 1859, the prescribed Notifications under Section XVIII of the Act have on this date been affixed at conspicuous places in the Divisions and also at the Police Thannahs at Chitpore, Intally, Kallighaut, and Kidderpore; all persons dissatisfied with the said Assessment or who may dispute their occupation of property or liablity to be assessed are hereby warned that they may appeal to the Magistrate, on unstamped paper, but that under Section XX. of the Act, no such appeal can be received after the expiration of one month from this date.

Appellants should send with their appeal the tax bills for the last quarter paid by them.

The names of the Members of the Punchyets appointed under Section X of the Act were:—

Grand Division I.

Khetter Mohun Banerjee	...	President.
Prossono Bundopadhoya	...	Member.
Chunder Madhub Ghosal	...	Ditto.
Ram Comul Banerjee	...	Ditto.
Joy Chunder Chatterjee (Darogah)	.	Ditto.

Grand Division II.

Govind Chunder Dutt	...	President.
Govind Chunder Sen	...	Member.
Bholanath Mitter	...	Ditto.
Sreenarain Bose	...	Ditto.
Bissonath Ghose (Darogah)	...	Ditto.

Grand Division VI.

Reverend S. J. Hill	...	President.
A. H. Joyce, Esquire	...	Member.
Debnarain Banerjee	...	Ditto.
Mohes Chunder Mookerjee	...	Ditto.
Chunder Madhub Mookerjee (Darogah)	..	Ditto.

Grand Division VIII.

C. B. Stewart, Esquire	...	President.
Dinnonath Banerjee	...	Member.
Gones Chunder Banerjee	...	Ditto.
Modoo Soodun Mokerjee	...	Ditto.
Ramnarain Banerjee (Darogah)	...	Ditto.

N. B.—Parties willing to make half yearly or annual advances will on payment of the amount receive the usual bills from the Darogahs of their Divisions.

W. Heysham,
Deputy Magistrate.

Subn. Tax Office;
Allipore,
The 11th May 1859.

Notice.

A regular Steam Communication with Assam will be opened from the 15th proximo, on which date a Steamer, with a Flat in tow, will be despatched hence, to be followed by a pair of Boats every six weeks.

For Freight and Passage to Dacca and Assam, apply at the Boat Office,

By order of the Superintendent of Marine,

W. White,
Clerk of the Government Boat Office.

The 27th May 1859.

WEEKLY STATEMENT OF TRAFFIC PASSED THROUGH THE CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS FROM 23rd TO 31st MAY 1859.

From 23rd to 31st May. 1859.	Names of Chowkeys.	Charcoal.			Wood Coal.			Piece Goods. Native Produce.			Piece Goods, Imported Fabrics.			Hides.			Cotton.			Castor Seed.			Castor Oil.			Indigo.			Jaggery.			Jute.			Lime.			Mustard Seed.			Mustard Seed Oil.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
Circular Canal ...	Bamanghatta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	9975	...	...	...	...	5	2300	1700	...	...	...	...	...	...	46	22475	16800	22	18325	13700	3	1550	900	69	41425	33275	...	..	...
	Chitpore ...	9	13900	7450	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	2350	bls. 131	..	...	...	1	700	160	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	750	425	...	...	...
Tolly' Nullah ...	Samookpotta ..	..	...	...	2	1650	800	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	1875	1200	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	14850	10400	...	...	...
	Russa ...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Kyderpore ...	2	4000	2400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	825	230	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

From 23rd to 31st May 1859.	Names of Chowkeys.	Salt.			Sugar.			Tobacco.			Linseed.			Paddy.			Pulse.			Peas.			Rice.			Wheat.			Lentil.			Grain.			Sundries.	
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Total Number of Boats.	Total Maundage by Canal Measurement.
Circular Canal ...	Bamanghatta ...	...	...	..	67	35780	25625	7	3825	2850	104	64275	45650	11	4075	2765	1	500	300	43	14750	10150	125	78775	57075	15	8125	5730	...	...	...	1	700	500	871	300950
	Chitpore ...	156	79850	53450		.	...	...	...	...	2	600	325	1	150	75	...	..	...	..	...	...	1	175	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	337	168475
Tolly' Nullah ...	Samookpotta ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	50	25	4	3850	3900	52	13575	7925	1	275	200	7	2500	1600	15	6125	4100	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2251	16100
	Russa ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	150	120	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	2500
	Kyderpore ...	13	7750	4300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	350	200	1	100	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	186	44925

J. F. GALIFFE,
Collector and Magistrate of Canals.

Visitation.

Notice is hereby given, that the Right Reverend The Lord Bishop of Calcutta and Metropolitan in India and the Island of Ceylon, will, by Divine permission, hold his primary Visitation of his Diocese, on Wednesday, the 14th day of September next, in Saint Paul's Cathedral.

On which occasion Morning Service will commence at half past ten o'Clock A. M. The Sermon will be preached by the Reverend William Kay, D. D., Principal of Bishop's College, by the Bishop's appointment. On which day also, the Holy Communion will be celebrated.

The Bishop, at the conclusion of Morning Service, on the day following, proposes delivering his charge.

Such of the Clergy as reside or happen to be within a day's distance of Calcutta, and who are cited to attend, will be expected to be prepared to exhibit their Letters of Orders, Licences, and other Faculties.

His Lordship purposes in the course of his Circuit to visit the following Stations, namely, Benares, about the 23rd of October; Lucknow, about the 20th of November; Allahabad, about the 4th of December; Agra, the 18th of December; Lahore, the 12th February; Peshawur, about the 18th of March; and Simla, the 29th of April, in the following year; and other Stations, as may be convenient, and to be notified.

Any Churches or Cemeteries remaining for, or ready to be consecrated, the Bishop will be prepared to consecrate, and the Clergy at such Churches and Cemeteries are directed to communicate with the Registrar, as to the necessary Papers.

By desire of the Bishop. Dated at Calcutta, this 1st day of June 1859.

Wm. Hy. Abbott,
Registrar and Secretary.

Confirmation.

The Right Reverend The Lord Bishop purposes in the course of his ensuing Visitation as notified, to hold Confirmations, at the following Stations; namely, Benares, about the 23rd of October; Lucknow, about the 20th of November; Allahabad, about the 4th of December; Agra, the 18th of December; Lahore, the 12th February; Peshawur, about the 18th of March, and Simla, the 29th of April, in the following year; and other Stations, as may be convenient, and which will be notified.

It is therefore requested, that the Ministers and Chaplains throughout the Diocese, do prepare and examine those, who are Candidates for Confirmation at the above Stations (European and Native) at the ensuing Visitation of his Lordship, and also at such other Stations likely to be visited, and to be notified.

By desire of the Bishop. Dated at Calcutta, this 1st day of June 1859.

Wm. Hy. Abbott,
Registrar and Secretary.

Ordination.

The Lord Bishop of Calcutta purposes to hold a general Ordination of Priests and Deacons, in the course of his Visitation at Agra, on or about the 18th December 1859, being the fourth Sunday in Advent.

Candidates for Holy Orders, at such Ordination, are desired to give notice of their intention without delay, to the Reverend Thomas Harris Burn, Domestic Chaplain to the Bishop, Calcutta.

By desire of the Bishop. Dated at Calcutta, this 1st day of June 1859.

Wm. Hy. Abbott,
Registrar and Secretary.

Medical College.

The Session of 1859-60 will commence in the Medical College on the 15th June next.

2. Students who may be desirous of entering the College are requested to apply to the Principal, at the Medical College, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., on or before the 10th of June next.

3. The possession of the "Entrance Examination" Certificate of the Calcutta University, will entitle Students to enter the Medical College without further examination.

4. Under certain conditions (which may be learned on application to the Principal) Students will be admitted in anticipation of passing the University Entrance Examination, but under the clear proviso of their going up for that examination before the commencement of the Session of 1860-61.

5. The course of Instruction given in the Calcutta Medical College is framed to meet the requirements of the Calcutta University for obtaining its Degrees in Medicine and Surgery.

6. The certificates of Lectures and Hospital attendance of the College are likewise recognised by the University of London, the Royal College of Surgeons of England, and the Worshipful Society of Apothecaries of London, as entitling the possessors of such to compete in London for the Degree, Diploma and License of those bodies, under the Rules which regulate the granting of the same.

W. C. B. Eatwell, *M. D.*,
Principal, Medical College.

Calcutta;
Medical College Office,
The 30th April 1859.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

Notice.

The following modification of the subjects of examination in Latin for the B. A. Examination of 1860, is published for general information:—

Virgil	...	Georgics, Books I. and II.
Cicero	...	Divinatio, Actio Prima and Books I. and II. of Actio Secunda.

By Order of the Vice-Chancellor,

H. Scott Smith, *A. B.*,
Registrar.

Calcutta University,
The 1st June 1859.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

SUBJECTS for the Entrance Examination, 1860.

I.—LANGUAGES.

*English.**

Rogers	...	Pleasures of Memory.
Coleridge	...	Hymn before Sun-rise in the vale of Chamouni.
DeQuincey	...	Revolt of the Tartars.
Craik	...	Pursuit of knowledge under difficulties (selected portions.)
Helps	...	Essays written during the Intervals of Business, Part I.
Mantell	...	Thoughts on Animalcules.

Greek.

Homer	...	Iliad, Books IX. and X.
Xenophon	...	Anabasis, Book I.

Latin.

Horace	...	Epistles, Book II. and Ars Poetica.
Cicero	...	Catilinarian Orations.

Hebrew.

Book of Genesis.

Arabic.

Alif Laila	...	Nights I.—XX.
Nafhat-al-Yaman	...	Chapter II.

Persian.

Gulistan.
Bostan.

Sanscrit.

Raghuvansa.
Viracharita.

Bengali.†

Hitopodesh (expurgated) ...
Encyclopœdia, Bengalensis (Voyages and Travels) ...
Muhabharat ...
Physical Geography, (Rajendrololl Mittra's) ...
} Selected portions.

Hindi.

Ramayun, Books I and II.
Vidyankur.

Urdu.

Bagh-o-Bahar.
Ikhwan-al-Safa.

Oorya.

Hitopodesh.

Burmese.

The Thoodhamma Tsarie.
The Dhamma Pada.

The Papers in each Language will include Questions on Grammar and Idiom.

Easy Sentences in each of the Languages in which the Candidate is examined will be given for translation into the other Language.

* The English course is being published in a single volume by the University, and will be ready for delivery within this month.

† The Bengali course will be published as soon as possible.

II.—HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY.

The Outlines of General History as contained in the 1st Volume of Marshman's Brief Survey, and the Outlines of Indian History as contained in Murray's History of India to the end of the year 1815.

A general knowledge of Geography, and a more detailed knowledge of the Geography of India.

III.—MATHEMATICS.

Arithmetic and Algebra.
The ordinary Rules of Arithmetic.
Vulgar and Decimal Fractions.
Extraction of the Square Root.
Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, and Division of Algebraical Quantities.
Proportion.
Simple Equations.

GEOMETRY.

The First three Books of Euclid with such easy deductions and applications as arise directly out of those Books.

In Branches II. and III., answers may be given either in English or in any other of the Languages in which the Candidate may elect to be examined.

By Order of the Vice-Chancellor,

H. SCOTT SMITH, *A. B.*,
Registrar.

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY,
The 1st June 1859.

Sheriff's Office; the 7th May 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery and also an Admiralty Sessions will be holden by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court House in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the sixth day of June next, at 12 o'Clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

W. F. GILMORE,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস ৭ মে ১৮৫৯ সাল

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ৩ জুন ১৮৫৯ সাল সোমবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার ফোর্ট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের ফোর্ট উইলিএমের সুপ্রেম কোর্ট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়েরটরমিনর এবং এডমাইরেলটি অর্থাৎ মহা সমুদ সম্পর্কীয় মোকদ্দমা নিস্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশীয়ান জতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এ বিষয় সকলে অরন রাখুন।

W. F. GILMORE,
Sheriff.

CUSTOMS.

LIST OF PACKAGES LYING UNCLAIMED ON THE CUSTOM HOUSE WHARF.

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1858, May 5th ...	1 Chest Tea, Captain Read	Str. Lightning.
Nov. 7th ...	66 Cases Unknown, F J in heart P	Mary Ann Wilson.
Ditto 9th ...	1 Case ditto, C in triangle H M	Kirkham.
Ditto 14th ...	29 Cases ditto, in heart F J N P	Mary Ann Wilson.
Ditto 17th ...	1 Iron Rail, no mark	Fort William.
Ditto 20th ...	10 Cases Merchandize in diamond A S C	Aetos.
Dec. 6th ..	2 Chests unknown, ditto	Englishman.
1859, January 19th ...	1 Case ditto, P in triangle W G	Plantagenet.
Ditto 20th ...	4 Cases ditto, ditto	Ditto.
Ditto 22nd ..	4 Cases ditto, C H L C S	Alfred.
Ditto 26th ..	7 Cases ditto, ditto	Ditto.
March 5th ...	1 Case ditto, P C F in diamond	Albion.
Ditto 23rd ...	2 Small Packages ditto, B C	Str. Fiery Cross.
Ditto „ ...	1 Small Package, ditto, B B	Ditto.
April 16th ..	9 Bundles Iron, no mark	Howden.
Ditto „ ...	11 Pieces ditto, ditto	Ditto.
Ditto 18th ...	8 Bags Tobacco Leaf, Ditto	Atiet Rohoman.
Ditto 27th ..	1 Tin Box Merchandize, Messrs. Fraser and Co.	Str. Viscount Canning.
May 13th ..	1 Case ditto, J. Boudet and Co.	Redan.
Ditto 17th ...	1 Parcel ditto, Dr. Anderson Care of Dr. Thompson	Str. Lancefield.
Ditto „ ..	1 Case ditto, 31st Regiment	Granger
Unknown ...	1 Case ditto, Wairisright, Esqr., H. M. 32nd Regiment	Str. Armenian.
Ditto ..	1 Cask ditto, no mark	Unknown.

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE,
The 3rd June 1859.

F. J. COCKBURN,
Officiating Collector of Customs.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

WITH reference to Government Notification No. 5, Fort William, Financial Department, 26th January 1855, notifying the intention of Government to dissolve its connexion with the Government Agency—

The Oriental Bank Corporation undertake the safe custody of Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal, and other local Stocks, free of all charge.

Will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, and remit at the current rates of exchange, or pay the same according to instructions, if to be remitted through the Corporation. Without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... 1-4th per Cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the purchase of Government or other Securities, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Corporation, ... Without charge.

WM. ANDERSON,

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION; *Agent.*
Calcutta, 29th January 1855.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 1st June 1859.

LIABILITIES.					ASSETS.				
Proprietors' Capital	...	1,07,00,000	0	0	Government Securities	...	23,92,000	0	0
Reserve Fund ...	...	1,97,534	10	10	Dues from Government	...	15,53,635	2	4
Current Accounts	...	1,02,51,401	0	7	Cash ...	...	1,02,05,909	0	10
Cash Credits Undrawn	...	6,12,038	11	10	Loans on Deposit of Securities	...	1,24,28,500	0	0
Other Claims ...	...	5,15,966	1	11	Discount Loans on ditto	...	67,77,400	0	0
Bank Notes ...	...	1,40,80,815	0	0	Accounts of Credit on ditto	...	7,59,900	0	0
Post Bills ...	...	1,45,138	4	8	Government Bills Discounted	...	5,19,880	12	7
Profit and Loss *(Rebate Account)*	...	49,110	8	4	Mint Certificates ditto	...	3,62,580	14	6
					Mercantile Bills ditto	...	13,66,040	14	6
					Dead Stock ...	...	1,86,157	9	5
	Co.'s Rs.	3,65,52,004	6	2		Co.'s Rs.	3,65,52,004	6	2

Published by order of the Directors,
H. I. LEE,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

G. W. MOULTRIE,
Offg. Accountant.

Commercial Bank of India.

CALCUTTA BRANCH.

Rates of Exchange on London Joint Stock Bank.

			s.	d.	
At 6 months' sight	...	...	2	0½	per Rupee
„ 3 „	„	...	1	11⅞	„
„ 30 days'	„	...	1	11⅞	„
„ 3 „	„	...	1	11¼	„

The Bank grants Drafts on the Head Office, Bombay, and on its Branches in London, Shanghae, and Hong-Kong. Bills collected at any of the above places at a uniform charge of ¼ per Cent.

The Bank will undertake the purchase or sale of Government Paper, Bank Stock and other Securities, draw Interest and Dividends payable in Calcutta, when due, at a Commission of ¼ per Cent.

No charge made when the proceeds of Sale or amount of Interest or Dividends drawn is remitted in the Bank's Bills.

Rates of Interest allowed to Deposits subject to

3 months'	notice of withdrawal,	4	p. ct.	per annum.
6	ditto ditto	ditto	5	„
2	ditto ditto	ditto	6	„

Notice may be given when the money is deposited, or at any subsequent time; and it will be dispensed with in cases when the money is to be remitted through the Bank.

Current Accounts kept and Interest allowed at 2 per Cent. per annum on Balances of Rupees 500 and upwards, not exceeding Rupees 50,000, unless by special agreement.

Hours of business, 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. On Saturdays, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

W. S. FITZWILLIAM,

27, TANK SQUARE, *Agent.*
Calcutta, 7th October 1858.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Charles Laverack Brown, of Cooley Bazar, in Calcutta, formerly in the Marine Service of Government, and lately carrying on trade and business of an Hotel-keeper at Cooley Bazar, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 28th day of May instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 6th day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Downing, *Attorney.*
Chief Clerk's Office, 31st May 1859.

In the matter of Beebee Bufatun Bye, of Colootollah, in Calcutta, Dancing Woman, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic. cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 31st day of May last, and by an order of the same date, the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Templeton and Carrapiet, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Beebee Bufatun Bye, of Colootollah, in Calcutta, Dancing Woman, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 31st day of May last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 6th day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Templeton and Carrapiet, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Francois Hodoul, of Calcutta, lately carrying on business in co-partnership with Alfred Dumat, formerly of Calcutta, but at present resident in Mauritius, and Louis Thomas, as Merchants and Agents, under the Firm of Langlois and Co., an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 27th day of May last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 3rd day of September next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

T. Owen, *Attorney.*
Chief Clerk's Office, 3rd June 1859.

The Bengal Coal Company "Limited."

THE DIRECTORS of the BENGAL COAL COMPANY "LIMITED" hereby give notice to the SHAREHOLDERS, that a SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS will be held at 11 A. M., on Friday, the 30th day of September now next ensuing, as required by the Forty-first Article of the present Deed of Co-partnership to confirm the following Resolutions passed at the SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING for that purpose held this 28th day of May 1859.

First.—That the arrangements recommended by the Directors in their Report now submitted be carried out.

Second.—That having regard to the long and valuable services of MESSIEURS GORDON, STUART AND COMPANY, and in consideration of the concession now voluntarily made by them, relinquishing the 5 per Cent. Commission hitherto allowed to them, they be paid a fixed salary of Rupees 1,000 a month for the Secretaryship and for Office rent, and that a sum not exceeding Rupees 300 per month additional be paid by the Company for such Establishment as may be required to conduct the duties of the office.

Third.—That the necessary alteration to meet the arrangements now determined upon be made in the Deed of the Company, and that a Special Meeting be called in terms of the present Deed to confirm the proceedings of this Meeting.

By Order of the Directors,

GORDON, STUART & Co.,
Secretaries, Bengal Coal Co., "Limited."

CALCUTTA,
The 28th May 1859.

The Bengal Coal Company "Limited."

REGISTERED UNDER ACT No. XIX OF 1857.

THE half-yearly General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Office of the Secretaries No. 6, Church Lane, on Thursday, the 16th June instant, at 11 o'Clock A. M.

By order of the Directors,

GORDON, STUART & Co.,
Secretaries.

CALCUTTA,
The 1st June 1859.

Notice.

THE Interest of MR. GEORGE GILBERT in our Concern ceased on the 30th April 1858.

JESSOP & Co.

Required.

A TRANSLATOR thoroughly conversant with English and Oordoo. His duties will be to translate and to superintend the Persian Office, salary Rupees 100 per mensem. Apply to Deputy Commissioner, Gondah, in Oude.

Plundered or Destroyed.

THE under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of Lalla Gomanee Lol of Delhie, the Proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Notes and of Interest thereupon have been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes in favor of the Proprietor:—

No.	29483	of	1842-43,	for Cos. Rs.	500
„	6217	of	19065 „ „ „ „		500
„	5480	„	29396 „ „ „ „		1500
„	918	„	39922 „ 1854-55, „ „		600
„	11021		„ „ „ „		2000

W. PLOWDEN,
Offg. Depy. Comr.

ROHTUK,
The 26th May 1859.

LOST in Transit by Dák to Monghyr on or about the 17th May 1859.

THE lower-halves of the under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, of the 5 per Cent. Loan of 1856-57, originally standing in the names of the parties mentioned below, and last endorsed to H. DEAR, ESQ., the Proprietor. Payment of the Notes and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes in favor of the Proprietor, H. DEAR, ESQ.

DINDOYAL AND NARAIN DOSS.

No.	49498 of 28th February 1857	...	2,000

MOOLCHAND PREMJIE AND Co.

No.	49414 of 28th February 1857	...	4,000
„	32073		
„	32074		
„	32075	Ditto.	
„	31285	Each 1,000 is	... 5,000
„	31286		

Co.'s Rs. ... 11,000

I. B. BISS.

CALCUTTA,
The 3rd June 1859.

Lost.

Two Bank of Bengal Notes, Nos. 11313 and 05913, for Company's Rupees 25 each, the first-half of them have been lost.

Lost.

A BANK of Bengal Note, No. 17007, for Company's Rupees 100, the first-half of which has been lost.

Lost.

THE half of a Bank of Bengal Note, No. 28702 for Rupees 25, payment of which has been stopped at the Bank.

Plundered during mutiny at Lucknow.

THE under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of Afzul Khanum, the Proprietor by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, Payment of the Notes and of interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes in favor of the Proprietor.

No.	58	of	369	of 1828-29, for Rs.	15000
„	5294	„	29924	„ 1842-43, „ „	4000
„	6223	„	16423	„ 1832-33, „ „	11000
„	8877	„	11446	„ 1832-33, „ „	3000
					33000

AFZUL KHANUM,

Calcutta 3rd June 1859.

Notices issued by the Officiating Deputy Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 506.

The 28th May 1859.—Notice is hereby given, that the Mails for Port Blair, Moulmein and Rangoon, for transmission per Steamer *Fire Queen*, will be closed at this Office on Saturday, the 4th proximo, at 6 P. M.

No. 524.

The 31st May 1859.—Notice is hereby given, that, in consequence of the departure of the Steamer *Baltic* having been postponed, the Mails for Akyab, Rangoon and Moulmein, will be closed at this Office, on Monday the 6th proximo, at 6 P. M.

Notice.

The 30th May 1859.—There will be no After-Packet on this occasion, owing to the Steamer *Candia* leaving Kedgeree at 6-30 A. M. on the 5th proximo.

No. 548.

The 2nd June 1859.—Notice is hereby given, that the Letters for the Overland Mail, despatched from this Office up to the 15th ultimo, were in time for the Steamer that left Bombay on the 23rd idem.

PACKETS for the reception of Letters by the following Ships are open at this Office:—

NAMES OF VESSELS.	Agents.	Intended Departure.	For what Port.	Touching at	Remarks.
Steamer *Baltic* ...	Messrs. Mackinnon, McKenzie and Co. ...	7th June 1859	Moulmein ...	Akyab & Rangoon,	
„ *Fire Queen* ...	Superintendent of Marine..	5th Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Rangoon and Port Blair.	
Ship *Helios* ...	Avdall Brothers ...	9th Ditto ..	Australia and Sydney.		

The 3rd June 1859.

POSTAL NOTICE.

AS REMITTANCES of Cash and Bullion are yet made, under the cover of bales of Cloth, by the Bullock Train, the Public are again reminded that no compensation is given for any loss under such circumstances, and as the practice endangers all property in transit by the Train, the Public are requested not to have recourse to it.

G. PATON,
Post Master-General, N. W. P.

PESHAWUR,
Post Master-Genl's. Office,
N. W. P.,
The 7th May 1859.

ALL Postal Authorities are to take notice of, and be guided by, the Official Notifications and Announcements published in the Postal Advertiser.

PARTIES holding Window-delivery Tickets can, on payment of one Rupee per annum extra, obtain a copy of the Postal Advertiser.

To those who do not hold such Tickets, the charge is Rupees two per annum, payable in advance.

ALL communications respecting change of address should be made to the Post-Master of Calcutta and not to the Post-Master General. Letters re-directed, whether delivered in Calcutta, or forwarded to some other Station, are taxed with "Forward Postage."

ALL complaints requiring redress, such as overcharge of Postage, mis-sending or delay in the delivery of Letters, &c., must be made to the Post-Master General, accompanied by the Envelopes of the letters referred to; the number of the Delivery Peon should always be stated.

Dates of Departure of Mail Steamers from Calcutta to England, &c., during the current years.

	Date.	*Date.*
June	4th	18th
July	4th	18th
August	9th	23rd
September	9th	23rd
October...	9th	23rd
November	9th	23rd
December	9th	23rd

Latest safe Date of Overland Mails from Calcutta to Bombay, for the remaining seven months of the year 1859.

FROM CALCUTTA.	FROM BOMBAY.
Date.	*Date.*
12th June 1859.	23rd June 1859.
24th „ „	5th July „
10th July „	21st „ „
25th „ „	5th Aug. „
10th Aug. „	21st „ „
31st „ „	11th Sept. „
15th Sept. „	26th „ „
1st Oct. „	12th Oct. „
17th „ „	26th „ „
2nd Nov. „	11th Nov. „
17th „ „	26th „ „
3rd Dec. „	12th Dec. „
18th „ „	21th „ „

MEMORANDUM of Countries and Places to which pre-payment of Postage is **COMPULSORY** *per Contract Steamers.*

COUNTRIES AND PLACES.	Letters. Not exceeding ½ oz.	Above ½ oz. and not exceeding ¾ oz.	Above ¾ oz. and not exceeding 1 oz.	Above 1 oz. and not exceeding 1½ oz.	Above one ounce & not exceeding 2 oz.	Every ounce after first oz.	Packet exceeding 4 ounces in weight.	Books. Each Packet exceeding 4 oz. & not exceeding ½ lb.	Each Packet exceeding ½ lb. & not exceeding 1 lb.	Each Packet exceeding 1 lb. and not exceeding 1½ lb.	Each Packet exceeding 1½ lb. & not exceeding 2 lbs.	Each Packet exceeding 2 lbs. and not exceeding 2½ lbs.	Each Packet exceeding 2½ lbs. & not exceeding 3 lbs.	Newspapers or Prices Current. Not exceeding 4 oz.	Exceeding 4 oz. and not exceeding 8 oz.	Exceeding 8 oz. and not exceeding 12 oz.	Exceeding 12 oz. and not exceeding 16 oz.
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
United Kingdom *viâ* Marseilles...	0 6 0	0 8 0	0 14 0	1 0 0*	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 6 0	0 8 0
Ditto *viâ* Southampton...	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 3 0	0 5 6	0 11 0	1 0 0	1 5 6	1 11 0	2 0 0	0 9 0	1 6 0	2 3 0	3 0 0
Great Britain *viâ* Trieste	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 9 0	1 6 0	2 3 0	3 0 0
Foreign Europe *viâ* Trieste (excepting France) ...	0 0 0	0 8 0	0 0 0	0 1 0	0 2 0	0 1 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 9 0	1 6 0	2 3 0	3 0 0
Malta...	0 0 0	0 4 0	0 0 0	0 8 0	0 1 0	0 0 0	0 3 0	0 5 6	0 11 0	1 0 0	1 5 6	1 11 0	2 0 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Gibraltar	0 0 0	0 4 0	0 0 0	0 8 0	0 1 0	0 0 0	0 3 0	0 5 6	0 11 0	1 0 0	1 5 6	1 11 0	2 0 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Ionian Island (consigned to Alexandria)	0 0 0	0 8 0	0 0 1	0 0 2	0 0 0	1 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Australian Colonies..	0 0 0	0 4 0	0 0 0	0 8 0	0 1 0	0 0 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Mauritius	0 0 0	0 4 0	0 0 0	0 8 0	0 1 0	0 0 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Any British Colony, the route to which does not lie through Great Britain (excepting Ceylon and Hong-Kong)																	
China (except Hong-Kong)																	
Macao, ...																	
Canton	...	0 4 0	...	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 0 9	...	...	...
Manilla																	
Batavia, Java																	
Bourbon or any Foreign Ports, the route to which does not pass through Egypt																	
Trieste																	
Austria																	
Alexandria	...	0 8 0	...	1 0 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 0 9	...	...	...
Cairo																	
Suez																	
														2 oz.	4 oz.	8 oz.	16 oz.
Places in Turkey or Syria	.. 0 11 6	... 1 7 0	2 14 0	1 7 0	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	0 0 9	0 1 6	0 3 0	0 6 0
Bagdad	0 0 0	0 11 6	0 0 0	1 7 0	2 14 0	1 7 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 2 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Jerusalem	0 0 0	0 11 6	0 0 0	1 7 0	2 14 0	1 7 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 2 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
														4 oz.			
Madras...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Ceylon	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Bombay	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Aden	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Penang	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Singapore	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Malacca	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Hong-Kong	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
United States *viâ* Southampton	0 0 0	9 6 0	0 0 1	3 0 2	6 0 0	1 3 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 9 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
Ditto *viâ* Marseilles	0 11 6	0 13 6	1 9 0	2 11 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	2 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0

* And also on adding 8 annas for every additional ounce or fraction of an ounce, in addition to 2 annas (French Postage) for every additional quarter of an ounce or part of a quarter.

N. B.—Letters and Papers to France or to Foreign Europe through France cannot be pre-paid.

MEMORANDUM of Countries and Places to which pre-payment of Postage is **OPTIONAL** *per Contract Steamers.*

COUNTRIES AND PLACES.	Letters.									Names, Papers and Ruled Papers.				
	Not exceeding ½ oz.	Above ½ oz. and not exceeding ¾ oz.	Above ¾ oz. and not exceeding 1 oz.	Above 1 oz. and not exceeding 1¼ oz.	Above 1¼ oz. and not exceeding 1½ oz.	Above 1½ oz. and not exceeding 1¾ oz.	Above 1¾ oz. and not exceeding 2 oz.	Every ounce after first oz.	Weighing less than 2 ounces.	More than 2 ounces and less than 4 ounces.	More than 4 ounces and less than 6 ounces.	More than 6 ounces and less than 8 ounces.	
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.					
Madras													
Ceylon...													
Bombay...													
Aden													
Penang	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 8	0 8	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0	0 8					
Singapore														
Malacca														
Hong-Kong														
Canada *viâ* Marseilles	0 11 0	0 13 0	1 8	1 10	2 14	3 0	3 2	3 4	0					
Ditto *viâ* Southampton	0 9 0	0 9 0	1 2	1 2	2 4	2 4	2 4	2 4	1 2					
West Indies (British) *viâ* Marseilles	0 9 6	0 11 6	1 5	1 7	2 8	2 10	2 12	2 14	0 0					
Ditto (British) *viâ* Southampton. ...	0 7 6	0 7 6	0 15	0 15	1 14	1 14	1 14	1 14	0 15					
Sardinia *viâ* Malta	0 6 0	0 9 0	0 15	1 2	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	Newspapers, &c., cannot be prepaid.				
States of Italy (except Tuscany) *viâ* Malta..	0 14 0	1 0 0	1 14	2 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 1 6	0 2 0	0 3 6	0 4 0	

MEMORANDUM of Countries and Places to which pre-payment of Postage is **OPTIONAL** *when Articles are sent by Government or Private Steamers and Sailing Vessels.*

COUNTRIES AND PLACES.	LETTERS.						NEWSPAPERS AND PRICES CURRENT.				PARCELS.					
	Not exceeding ½ Tolah.	Exceeding ½ Tolah and not exceeding ¼ Tolah.	Exceeding ¼ Tolah and not exceeding 1 Tolah.	Exceeding 1 Tolah and not exceeding 1½ Tolah.	Exceeding 1½ Tolah and not exceeding 2 Tolahs.	For every Tolah above 2 Tolahs, or every Fraction thereof.	Not exceeding 4 Tolahs.	Exceeding 4 Tolahs and not exceeding 6 Tolahs.	Exceeding 6 Tolahs and not exceeding 9 Tolahs.	Exceeding 9 Tolahs and not exceeding 12 Tolahs.	Not exceeding 100 Tolahs.	Exceeding 100 Tolahs and not exceeding 200 Tolahs.	Exceeding 200 Tolahs and not exceeding 300 Tolahs.	Exceeding 300 Tolahs and not exceeding 400 Tolahs.	Exceeding 400 Tolahs and not exceeding 600 Tolahs.	Exceeding 500 Tolahs and not exceeding 600 Tolahs.
	As. P.	As. P.	As. P.	As. P.	As. P.	As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Arracan																
Madras																
Moulmein																
Pegu Provinces																
Penang	0 6	1 0	2 0	3 0	4 0	2 0	0 1 0	0 2 0	0 3 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	1 8 0	2 0 0	2 8 0	3 0 0
Singapore																
Malacca																
Rangoon																
Aden																

N. B.—One Anna Ship Postage will be realized on each Letter from the Receiver when conveyed by a Private Vessel.

MEMORANDUM of Countries and Places to which pre-payment of Postage is **COMPULSORY** *when Articles are sent by Government or Private Steamers and Sailing Vessels.*

COUNTRIES AND PLACES.		Letters.						Newspapers and Prices Current.				Parcels.			Books.	
		Not exceeding ½ Tolah.	Exceeding ½ Tolah and not exceeding 1 Tolah.	Exceeding 1 Tolah and not exceeding 1½ Tolahs.	Exceeding 1½ Tolahs and not exceeding 2 Tolahs.	Exceeding 2 Tolahs and not exceeding 2½ Tolahs.	For every Tolah above 2½ Tolahs, or every fraction thereof.	Not exceeding 4 Tolahs.	Exceeding 4 Tolahs and not exceeding 6 Tolahs.	Exceeding 6 Tolahs and not exceeding 9 Tolahs.	Exceeding 9 Tolahs and not exceeding 12 Tolahs.	Not exceeding 100 Tolahs.	Exceeding 100 Tolahs and not exceeding 200 Tolahs.	For every 100 Tolahs, or fraction thereof.	Not exceeding 20 Tolahs.	For every 20 Tolahs, or fraction thereof above 20 Tolahs.
		As. P.	As. P.	As. P.	As. P.	As. P.	As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Ceylon	Indian Rates of Postage.															
Hong-Kong... ...																
Macao																
Canton																
Manilla																
Batavia																
Labuan																
Australian Colonies		0 6	1 0	2 0	3 0	4 0	2 0	0 1 0	0 2 0	0 3 0	0 4 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	0 1 0	0 1 0
Mauritius																
Bourbon																
Cape of Good Hope																
St. Helena																
France																
United States ...																
West Indies ...																

RATES OF POSTAGE

to be collected upon Letters forwarded through the United Kingdom, addressed to the under-mentioned Colonies and Foreign Countries.

Upon Letters for those places marked, Pre-payment is compulsory.*

NOTE.—The French transit rate of two annas per quarter ounce must be collected, *in addition*, upon all Letters sent to the United Kingdom, *vid* Marseilles.

COUNTRIES, &c.	Upon a Letter not exceeding half an ounce conveyed from India to the United Kingdom by Packet *vid Southampton*.	COUNTRIES, &c.	Upon a Letter not exceeding half an ounce conveyed from India to the United Kingdom by Packet *vid Southampton*.	COUNTRIES, &c.	Upon a Letter not exceeding half an ounce conveyed from India to the United Kingdom by Packet *vid Southampton*.
	R. A. P.		R. A. P.		R. A. P.
*Africa, West Coast of...	0 7 6	*Guatemala	0 7 6	*Portugal	1 1 0
*Ascension	0 7 6	Hamburgh	0 9 6	Prince Edward Island... ...	0 7 6
Austria	0 9 6	Hanover	0 9 6	Prussia...	0 9 6
*Azores	1 1 6	*Hayti...	0 7 6	Reuss	0 9 6
Belgium	0 6 0	Hesse...	0 9 6	Russia	0 12 0
Belize, Honduras ...	0 7 6	Holland	0 6 0	St. Helena	0 7 6
Bermuda	0 7 6	Homburg, Hesse ...	0 9 6	*Sandwich Islands	0 13 0
*Bolivia	1 3 6	Larnaca	0 13 0	Saxe Altenburg	0 9 6
*Brazil	0 11 6	Lauenburg	0 11 0	Saxe Coburg Gotha	0 9 6
Bremen	0 9 6	Lippe Detmold... ...	0 9 6	Saxe Meiningen	0 9 6
Brunswick	0 9 6	Lubeck	0 9 6	Saxe Weimar	0 9 6
*Buenos Ayres	0 7 6	*Madeira	1 1 6	Saxony...	0 9 6
*California	0 13 0	*Martinique	0 7 6	Schaumburg Lippe	0 9 6
*Cape de Verd Islands...	1 1 6	Mecklenburg	0 9 6	Schwartzburg Rudoldstadt..	0 9 6
Cape of Good Hope ...	0 7 6	*Mexico	1 5 0	Schwartzburg Sonderhausen.	0 9 6
Canada...	0 9 0	*Monte Video	0 11 6	Seres	0 9 6
*Canary Islands	0 7 6	Nassau (Germany) ...	0 9 6	*Surinam	0 7 6
*Chili	1 3 6	*Natal	0 7 6	Sweden	0 13 6
*Costa Rica...	1 5 0	*New Granada	0 11 6	Tchesme	0 13 0
*Cuba	0 15 6	*Norway	0 15 0	Tenedos	0 13 0
*Curacoa	0 7 6	New Brunswick ...	0 7 6	*Turkey (Europe) except the places specified...	0 9 6
Denmark	0 11 0	Newfoundland	0 7 6	*United States	0 9 6
*Ecuador	1 3 6	Nova Scotia	0 7 6	*Venezuela	0 11 6
*Falkland Islands ...	0 7 6	Oldenburg...	0 9 6	West Indies (British)	0 7 6
Frankfort	0 9 6	*Oregon	0 13 0	West Indies (Danish)	0 7 6
Gold Coast	0 7 6	*Peru...	1 3 6		
*Grey Town...	1 5 0	Poland	0 12 0		
*Guadeloupe	0 7 6	*Porto Rico	0 14 0		

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF THE POST IN INDIA,
January 1st, 1859.

THE following Conditions are to be observed in sending Book-Packets by Post:—

1*st*.—The Postage must be pre-paid in full, by means of Postage Stamps affixed outside the Packet on its cover.

2*nd*.—Every Packet must be sent either without a cover, or in a cover open at the ends or sides, so as to admit of the enclosures being removed for examination.

3*rd*.—The Packet may contain any number of separate books or other publications, prints, or maps, and any quantity of paper, parchment or vellum (to the exclusion, however, of letters whether sealed or open) and the books or other publications, prints, maps, &c., may be either printed, written or plain, or any mixture of the three. Further, all legitimate binding, mounting, or covering of a book, publication, &c., or of a portion thereof, will be allowed, whether such binding, &c. be loose or attached; as also rollers in the case of prints or maps, markers (whether of paper or otherwise) in the case of books; and in short whatever is necessary for the safe transmission of literary or artistic matter or usually appertains thereto.

4*th*.—The Packet must not contain any letter, closed or open, or any enclosure sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, nor must there be any letter, or any communication of the nature of a letter, written or printed in any such Packet or on its cover. Entries, however, merely stating who sends the book, &c., or to whom it is given, are not regarded as a letter.

5*th*.—No Book-Packet can be received if it exceeds two feet in length, width, or depth.

6*th*.—Any Packet which shall not be open at the ends or sides, or shall have any letter or any communication of the nature of a letter written or printed in it or upon its cover will be charged with Letter Postage.

7*th*.—If a Packet be found to contain any letter, whether closed or open, or any enclosure sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, or any other unauthorized enclosure, the letter or enclosure will be taken out and forwarded to the address on the Packet, charged with full Postage as an unpaid letter

together with an additional Book-rate; that is, with the Postage chargeable on a Book weighing not more than half a lb the remainder of the Packet, if duly pre-paid with Stamps, will then be forwarded to its address.

8*th*.—If a Packet be not sufficiently pre-paid with Stamps but nevertheless bear Stamps equal to a single Book-rate, it will be forwarded charged with the deficient Book-Postage together with an additional Book-rate; but any Packet which shall not bear Postage Stamps equal to a single Book-rate will be detained and charged with the Letter Postage.

9*th*.—No Book-Packet weighing more than three lbs can be sent to or from the East Indies or to New South Wales.

10*th*.—The Colonial Book-Post extends to those Colonies only which are so marked in the Table of Colonial and Foreign Postage.

11*th*.—In no case can a Book-Packet be sent to the Colonies (except at the letter rate of Postage,) through a Foreign Country.

Special Notice is directed to the subjoined Clauses of Rules, the want of attention to which has occasioned the Post Office much inconvenience.

2*nd*.—A separate instruction will be required for every change of address, and no instruction will be attended to for more than three months after its receipt.

3*rd*.—Under Section XXIII. of Act XVII. of 1854, Forward Postage will be charged in addition to all other Postage due or paid thereon upon every letter without exception, which may be re-directed in any Post Office. For example, if a letter posted in Calcutta and addressed to Hooghly is, under instructions which may have been received from the addressee, re-directed in the Calcutta Post Office and sent to Barrackpore, Forward Postage will be charged in addition to the Postage which would have been due, had the letter been despatched to Hooghly according to its original address.

4*th*.—The practice of giving instructions to the Officers of the Post Office to intercept and re-direct letters, not only imposes much labor upon them, but in large Offices seriously retards the delivery and despatch of the Mails. A register of instructions regarding changes of address will be kept in every Post Office, but it must be understood, that it is impossible to guarantee that they shall be attended to, except in the case of letters received for delivery.

There is only one delivery of letters at the General Post Office on Sundays, and Banghy Parcels are neither received nor despatched on that day.

Letters and Newspapers despatched to and from the United Kingdom by private Vessels are liable to the following rates of Postage which must be pre-paid by Stamps :—

	Rs.	As.	Pie.
Letters not exceeding ½ oz. in weight	0	4	0
Ditto exceeding ½ oz. but not exceeding 1 oz.	0	8	0

And so on adding 8 annas for each oz. or fraction thereof which includes Inland Postage.

Newspapers not exceeding 4 oz. in weight, 1*d*. or 9 pie must be pre-paid in cash, and no Inland Postage is required upon such papers.

Parcels conveyed by the above opportunity for the United Kingdom are liable to Letter rates of Postage.

Notice.

The following Extract of an Order of the Government of India, No. 884, of the 13th July 1855,

"No Public Officer is authorized to send Covers on the Public Service by Post, without payment of Postage, unless he is at the time on active duty and in charge of the Office by virtue of which the privilege is enjoyed. All letters superscribed as 'on the Public Service only' must, even though the Postage thereon be not paid, be received and opened by the Officer to whom they are addressed, but if any such, or partially paid letter so superscribed, and addressed to any Officer except a Secretary to Government be found when opened, to relate to the private affairs of the Sender, the Postage will be debited to him and he will be further liable to be dealt with under Section XLVII. Act No. XVII. of 1854.

His Honor in Council further directs that unpaid or insufficiently paid letters addressed to any such Officer or Department and not superscribed "on the Public Service only' be refused, or if opened that it be at the risk and cost of the opener."

Letters arriving at the Presidency Towns, by Mail Steamers will be immediately sorted for delivery according to the address alone, without any reference to instructions which may have been received regarding change of address; such changes will be left to be discovered by the Delivery Officers, and be corrected in the forward and unclaimed Departments of the Office.

Forward Postage will be charged in addition to all other Postage due or paid thereon, upon every letter, without exception, which may be re-directed in the Post Office.

Letters, &c., received by the Steamer will be delivered at the Window of the Post Office only to parties who have registered their names. Applications to the Post Office on the day of the Steamer's arrival to intercept and re-direct letters, &c., cannot be attended to, as they are found not only to impose much labour but seriously retard the delivery and despatch of the Mails.

All Banghy Parcels being registered before despatch it is needless to have a Banghy Parcel specially registered by payment of the Fee of 4 annas as no additional precaution can be taken of a specially Registered Parcel which is not taken in the case of every ordinary Banghy Parcel.

Under the orders of Government, no fourth delivery of letters by the Post Office is allowed. Mails which are received by Steamers from Suez at so late an hour in the day as not to admit of the letters being taken out for delivery by 6 P. M. are detained till the following morning, but parties who have registered their names under the usual fee, are entitled to receive their letters, and Marseilles Newspapers so soon as the Mails are sorted, and which is generally about 2½ hours after receipt of the Mail, at the Post Office.

The exemption allowed to Officers with the Army from the charge of Forward Postage on re-directed letters has been continued by the Governor General "until further orders."

Forward Newspapers.—Extra or Forward Postage is chargeable on every Newspaper re-directed at the Post Office of original address and forwarded to another Post Office.

Mails for Akyab, Rangoon and Moulmein are made up on the 3rd and 19th of each month, for transmission by the Contract Steamers or by Government Vessels, which sail on the morning of the 4th and 20th, unless the Contractors choose to postpone the departure for 48 hours, of which they have the power on making a requisition.

Notice.

No. 8189.

On Letters and Newspapers sent in the Alexandria Packet for Jaffa, Jerusalem, Bagdad, Beyrout, Constantinople, and other places in Turkey or Syria, the following rates of Postage must be pre-paid:—

For Letters.

	Rs.	As.	P.
When not exceeding half an ounce ...	0	11	6
When above half an ounce and under one ounce	1	7	0
When above one ounce and not exceeding two ounces	2	14	0

For Newspapers.

When not exceeding two ounces ...	0	0	9
When exceeding two ounces and under four ounces	0	1	6
When exceeding four ounces and under eight ounces	0	3	0
When exceeding eight ounces and under 1lb	0	6	0
When exceeding 1lb and under 1½lb ...	0	8	0

The above rates are those chargeable upon letters and papers posted at the Presidency Towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay. On letters and papers posted in the interior, as also when posted at Calcutta or Madras for transmission *vid* Bombay, Indian Inland Postage must be pre-paid in addition to the above rates.

Notice.

No. 8199.

Letters for all the States of Italy, (except Tuscany), may in future be pre-paid in India, and if pre-paid, will be sent in the Malta Mail for direct despatch from that place to Italy. Newspapers may be similarly sent.

The rates of Postage are as follows:—

On Letters	To Sardinia.			To any other State of Italy, except Tuscany.		
Weighing less than ½ of an ounce	0	6	0	0	14	0
More than ½ of an ounce, but less than ¾ an ounce	0	9	0	1	0	0
More than ¾ an ounce, but less than ¼ of an ounce ..	0	15	0	1	14	0
More than ¼ of an ounce, but less than 1 ounce... ...	1	2	0	2	0	0

The above rates comprise the Indian Postage as well as the British and Foreign Postage.

On Newspapers and Printed Papers	To Sardinia.	To any other State of Italy, except Tuscany.
Weighing less than 2 ounces...	Newspapers, &c., to Sardinia cannot be prepaid.	0 1 6
More than 2 ounces, less than 4 ounces		0 2 0
More than 4 ounces, less than 6 ounces		0 3 6
More than 6 ounces, less than 8 ounces ...		0 4 0

In addition to the above rates on Newspapers and Printed Papers, Inland Indian Postage must be paid on all papers posted elsewhere than at the Post Offices of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, and likewise on all papers posted in Calcutta or Madras when they are intended for transmission *vid* Bombay.

Unpaid Letters for Tuscany and Unpaid Letters for any other part of Italy, (except Sardinia) will be forwarded as heretofore *through France*.

For Sardinia, Unpaid Letters, as well as Paid Letters, will be sent in the Mail for Malta.

Upon *Unpaid* Letters for any part of Italy, except Sardinia, Indian Inland Postage must be paid, as heretofore, according to the Indian Scale of weight, *vide* Section XIX of Act XVII of 1854.

POSTAL NOTICE.

THE Public are hereby informed, that the Notice regarding the pre-payment of Letters posted in India for the United Kingdom, which was issued on the 1st of June 1858, and which is re-published below for general information, will be strictly acted upon from the 1st of August next.

W. GREY,
Offg. Director-General of the Post Office in India.

CALCUTTA,
May 9th, 1859.

Postal Notice of the 1st June 1858.

From the 1st of September next, the present system of *optional* pre-payment of Letters sent from India to the United Kingdom will be abolished, and from that date the pre-payment of Postage on Letters posted in any part of India for the United Kingdom, whether marked *viâ* Southampton or *viâ* Marseilles will be *compulsory*. The rates of Postage are as under :—

	Not exceeding ½ oz.	Above ½ oz. and not exceeding ¼ oz.	Above ¼ oz. and not exceeding ½ oz.	Above ½ oz. and not exceeding 1 oz.	Above 1 oz. and not exceeding 1½ oz.	Above 1½ oz. and not exceeding 1¾ oz.	Above 1¾ oz. and not exceeding 1¾ oz.	Above 1¾ oz. and not exceeding 2 ozs.	
	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	Rs. As.	
Southampton ...	0-4	0-4	0-8	0-8	1-0	1-0	1-0	1-0	And so on, adding 8 annas for every additional ounce or fraction of an ounce.
Marseilles ...	0-6	0-8	0-14	1-0	1-10	1-12	1-14	2-0	And so on, adding 8 annas for every additional ounce or fraction of an ounce in addition to 2 annas (French Postage) for every additional quarter of an ounce, or part of a quarter.

All Letters posted on or after the 1st of September, upon which at least a single rate of Postage has not been paid, will be returned to the Senders. But in order to obviate the inconvenience which would be caused to the Public by detaining and returning to the Senders Letters which, *through inadvertence*, may be posted without the full amount of Postage being paid upon them, Letters insufficiently prepaid but on which at least a single rate of Postage has been paid, will be forwarded, charged with the deficiency of Postage and a fine of six pence or four annas.

Pre-payment must be made, as now, by Stamps.

(Signed) W. GREY,
Offg. Director-General of the Post Office.

IT is hereby notified that, unless marked for particular Ships, all Letters received at the General Post Office between Monday, the 1st to the 31st May 1859, *both dates inclusive, were despatched by the undermentioned Vessels which sailed from Calcutta, on dates specified.*

Letters received on dates from and to	By what Ship despatched.	Bound to	REMARKS.
1st to 3rd May 1859 ...	Steamer *Baltic* ...	Rangoon and Moulmein ...	Left Town on the 4th May 1859.
4th to 9th May 1859...	„ *Burmah* ..	Ditto ..	Left Town on the 20th ditto.
20th to 31st May 1859	„ *Baltic* ...	Ditto ..	Will sail on the 4th proximo.
1st to 23rd May 1859	„ *Lancefield* ..	Singapore and Hong-Kong ..	Left Town on the 24th May 1859.
1st to 25th May 1859	„ *James Hartley*	Penang ..	Left Town on the 26th ditto.
1st to 6th May 1859...	Ship *Chowringhee* ...	Sydney ..	Left Town on the 7th ditto.
7th to 9th May 1859...	„ *Adelicia* ...	Ditto and Melbourne ..	Left Town on the 10th ditto.
1st to 14th May 1859	„ *Appleton* ..	Mauritius ...	Left Town on the 15th ditto.
15th to 21st May 1859	„ *Shah Jehan* ..	Ditto ..	Left Town on the 22nd ditto.
22nd to 26th May 1859	„ *Walter Morrice* .	Ditto ..	Left Town on the 27th ditto.
1st to 31st May 1859	H. M.'s Str. *Fire Queen*	Port Blair ...	Will sail on the 5th proximo.

MEMORANDUM showing the Date and Hour of Arrival at the Calcutta Post Office of the Mails which left England on the 10th of April 1859, and the time occupied in sorting the Letters and Papers for delivery.

Name of the Steamer.	Date and hour at which the Mail Steamer anchored at Garden Reach.	Hour at which the Mails arrived at the General Post Office.	Hour at which the Window Delivery commenced.	Hour at which the Peons left the Post Office.	Delivery.	No. of Boxes of Letters.			No. of Boxes of Newspapers and Books.		
						Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.	Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.
Alma ...	13th May 1859 ½ P. M.	2 P. M.	4½ P. M.	5 P. M.	2 hours. 30 mins.	6	3	9	45	20	65
										Total	74
										France	2
										Alexandria	1
										Hong-Kong	1
										Singapore	1
										Penang	1
										Ceylon	1
										Madras	2
										Suez	1 Packet.
										Aden	1 Ditto.
										Ceylon	1 Ditto.
										Bombay	1 Ditto.
										Gibralter	1 Bag.
										Malta	1 Ditto.
										Total ...	89

MEMORANDUM showing the Date and Hour of Arrival at the Calcutta Post Office of the Mails which left England on the 26th of April 1859, and the time occupied in sorting the Letters and Papers for delivery.

Name of the Steamer.	Date and hour at which the Mail Steamer anchored at Garden Reach.	Hour at which the Mails arrived at the General Post Office.	Hour at which the Window Delivery commenced.	Hour at which the Peons left Office.	Delivery.	No. of Boxes of Letters.			No. of Boxes of Newspapers and Books.		
						Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.	Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.
Nemesis.	29th May 1859 2-10 P. M.	3-20 P. M.	6¼ P. M.	6½ P. M.	2 hours 55 mins.	5	2	7	41	19	60
										Total	67
										France	2
										Alexandria	1
										Sydney	1
										Mauritius	1
										Hong-Kong	2
										Singapore	2
										Penang	1
										Galle	1
										Madras	3
										Malta	1 Bag.
										Gibralter	1 Ditto.
										Aden	1 Ditto.
										Suez	1 Packet.
										Galle	1 Ditto.
										Singapore	1 Ditto.
										Penang	2 Ditto.
										Bombay	1 Ditto.
										Bagdad	1 Ditto.
										Australia	4 Bags.
										Ditto	1 Packets.
										Total ...	107

Printed and Published for the Government by THOMAS JONES, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, JUNE 4, 1859.

Schedules of Estates UNDER CHARGE OF THE Administrator General of Bengal, PREPARED UP TO THE 31ST DECEMBER 1858, UNDER ACT VIII. OF 1858.

INDEX.

A.—SCHEDULE of all Administrations, whereof the FINAL BALANCES have been PAID TO THE PARTIES ENTITLED to receive, specifying the amount of such BALANCES and the persons to whom paid, during the six months, ending on 31st December 1858.

B.—SCHEDULE of all Sums of Money, Bonds, and other Securities RECEIVED by the Administrator General, on Account of CURRENT and UNADJUSTED ESTATES NOT being HINDOO OR MAHOMEDAN remaining under his charge, together with the PAYMENTS made thereout and the BALANCES in hand.

C.—SCHEDULE of all Sums of Money, Bonds, and other Securities RECEIVED by the Administrator General, on account of ADJUSTED ESTATES NOT being HINDOO OR MAHOMEDAN remaining under his charge, together with the PAYMENTS made thereout, and the BALANCES in hand.

D.—SCHEDULE of all Sums of Money, Bonds, and other Securities RECEIVED by the Administrator General, on account of HINDOO AND MAHOMEDAN ESTATES remaining under his charge, together with the PAYMENTS made thereout and the BALANCES in hand.

E.—SCHEDULE of BALANCES in the hands of the Administrator General set apart to meet the ADMITTED CLAIMS of CREDITORS against the Estates therein mentioned.

F.—SCHEDULE of UNCLAIMED BALACNES of Estates under 500 RUPEES deposited with the Sub-Treasurer, Fort William, under the Financial Secretary's Letter of the 8th October 1852, Interest being allowed thereon by Government.

SCHEDULE A. of all Administrations, whereof the Final Balances have been paid to the Persons entitled to the same, specifying the amount of such Balances, and the Persons to whom paid, prepared from the 1st July to 31st December 1858, under Section XXXIV. of Act. VIII. of 1855.

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Date of Payment.	Payments.				Parties to whom paid.
			Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities	Cash.	
			In Sa. Rs.	In Co.'s Rs.		Rs. As. P.	
B.							
Barlow, Sir Robert ...	29 May 1857 ...	31 July 1858 ..	5000	25300	.. ...	13908 0 11	Transferred to the Account of the next of kin of the deceased, as per Statement dated 31st July 1858.
Belanis, Mrs. Elizabeth ...	Taken charge 16 April 1856 ...	3 July 1858 ..	0	0	... ...	31 10 11	Paid to Robert Robertson, Esq., the further balance of this Estate, as Attorney for the Administrator to this Estate.
Bell, Conductor George ...	10 Dec. 1849 ...	Ditto ...	0	0	.. ...	84 5 6	Paid to John Bell, Esq., the balance in full of his one-third share of the Assets of this Estate, as per Statement dated 30th June 1858.
Brae, Thomas the Elder,—Share Account of G. D. Brae ...	28 Jan. 1851 ...	5 Oct. 1858 ..	0	10000	.. ..	464 10 1	Paid and delivered to G. D. Brae, being in full of his one-sixth Share of the balanceof the Estate of Thomas Brae, as per Account closed to 11th September 1858.
Bubb, George Turner ...	10 Oct. 1857 ..	19 Nov. 1858 ..	0	0	... ...	6241 12 5	Paid to the Sub-Treasurer for remittance to the India House, for payment to John Bubb, the balance of this Estate, as per Account closed to 17th Novembef 1858.
Byrne, Conductor Thomas,—Account of Sole Legatee to Mrs. M. Byrne, Widow of the decd.	6 Jan. 1857 ..	21 & 27 July 1858	0	1200	.. ...	110 2 8	Paid and delivered to Mrs. M. Byrne, being the balance in full of this Estate as per Account closed to 25th May 1858.
——, Thomas (Engineer) ..	29 Oct. 1857 ..	19 Nov. 1858 ...	0	0	.. .	3074 6 5	Paid to the Sub-Treasurer for remittance to the India House, for payment to P. J. Byrne, Administrator in England, the balance of this Estate as per Account closed to 17th November 1858.
C.							
Craig, Mrs. Mary ...	9 Nov. 1851 ..	14 Dec. 1858 ..	0	0	... ..	653 5 0	Paid to J. Kenyon in full of his one-fifth share of this Estate, as per Account closed to 14th Decemb r 1858.

D.								
Dartnell, Dr. Nelson ...	20 April 1857 ...	19 August 1858 .	15400	4000	. ...	0 0 0	Transferred to the Account of the Trustees under the Will of the deceased as per Statement dated 14th August 1858.
E.							
Evans, Brigr.-General Dacres Fitz Herbert ..	27 July 1857 ...	3 July 1858 ...	0	0	... ...	1882 5 8	Paid to the Sub-Treasurer for remittance to the India House, for payment to Mrs. F. H. Evans, as residuary Legatee of the deceased.
F.							
Fowler, Thomas Francis ...	22 Oct. 1856 ...	Ditto ..	0	0	..:	425 7 8	Ditto ditto for ditto to ditto, for payment to Mrs. S. Fowler, sole Legatee of the deceased, being in full of the balance of this Estate, as per Account closed to 30th June 1858.
G.							
Gibson, Robert (Senior) ...	11 May 1848 ..	8 Oct. 1858 ..	0	0	.. .	263316 8 0	Ditto ditto for ditto to the Trustees under orders of Court, dated London the 30th May 1857, being the balance at Credit of this Estate, as per Account closed to 4th October 1858.
Gladstone, Lieutenant Charles Alexander ..	7 Jan. 1856 ...	9 Aug. 1858 ...	0	0	... ...	345 2 1	Paid to the Sub-Treasurer for remittance to the India House, for payment to D. Gladstone, the father of the deceased, being the balance at credit of this Estate, as per Account closed to 29th July 1858.
H.							
Hand, Lieutenant Thomas More ...	29 May 1857 ...	Ditto ...	0	0	... .	1135 11 3	Ditto ditto, for payment to Revd. Thomas Hand, the father of the deceased being in full of the balance of this Estate, as per Account closed to 4 August 1858.
Hubbard, Frederick Cains ...	Taken charge 8 Mar. 1857 ...	13 July 1858 .	0	0	. .	872 15 3	Paid to H. D. Hubbard, the balance of this Estate, as per Account closed 2nd July 1858.
Hughes, John,—Share Account of Mary Ann Hughes ...	2 Oct. 1852 ...	21 Sept. 1858	0	0	...	496 0 10	Paid to Miss M. A. Hughes in full of her one-fifth share of the Estate of John Hughes and one-fifth share of the surplus Rents of the Trust Funds for Mrs. A. E. Hughes and children, as per Account closed to 15th September 1858.
J.							
Johnson, Clement Ebenezer ...	28 April 1857 ...	4 Aug 1858	0	500	... ...	51 14 9	Transferred to the Account of the next of kin of the deceased, as per Statement dated 2nd August 1858.

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Date of Payment.	Payments.				Parties to whom paid.
			Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	
			In Sa. Rs.	In Co.'s Rs.		Rs. As. P.	
K.							
Kemp, Ebenezer Chapman,—Share Account of E. C. Kemp, Junior ...	29 Mar. 1852 ...	17 Dec. 1858 ...	700	1800	... ..	0 0 0	Delivered to J. Galloway, Agent, Calcutta Oriental Bank Corporation, b the balance of Mrs. E. C. Kemp's share, as per Share Account closed to 3 November 1858.
Ker, Lieutenant Hugh Inglis ...	19 May 1819 ...	7 Dec. 1858 ...	0	0	.. ...	294 0 3	Paid to the Sub-Treasurer for remittance to the India House, for payment Mrs. Anne Johnson Curnin, the one-sixth share of the balance of this Estate per Account closed to 8th December 1858.
M.							
McCarthy, Mrs. Honor ...	9 Dec. 1845 ...	29 Oct. 1858 ..	0	0	... ...	303 0 7	Paid to Serjeant C. Lyons and E. Lyons, the one-fourth share of Mrs. Ly one of the Grandaughters of the deceased.
McGurrin, James ...	30 July 1857 ...	7 Dec. 1858 ...	0	0	... ...	1622 15 0	Paid to the Sub-Treasurer for remittance to the India House, for payme the Widow, the brother and the sister of the deceased, being the bala at credit of this Estate, per Account closed to 4th December 1858.
Mapp, Samuel ...	8 Aug. 1857 ...	7 Sept. 1858 ...	0	0	.. ..	581 9 7	Ditto ditto for remittance to the India House, for payment to the broth and sisters of the Deceased in equal Shares, as per Account closed to September 1858.
N.							
Nichelson, Mrs. Elizabeth the Elder ...	29 Jan. 1856 ...	3 July 1858 ..	0	0	... ...	2135 12 2	Ditto ditto for ditto ditto, for payment to Miss C. Nichelson and Admin trator to the Estate of John Nichelson, in equal shares, the balance of t Estate, per Account closed to 30th June 1858.
R.							
Reade, Ensign Frederic ...	18 June 1856 ...	19 Nov. 1858 ..	0	0	... ..	868 6 10	Paid to Messrs. Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co., the balance in full of the Ass of this Estate, per Account closed to 12th November 1858.
Rowe, Joshua ...	1st Oct. 1858 ..	12 Nov. 1858 ...	0	0	.. ...	853 6 4	Paid to Mrs. R. Rowe, Widow of the deceased, being her one-third share a the two-thirds shares of her Children.

S.								
Skinner, William ...	14 May 1850 ...	26 Oct. 1858 ...	0	1000	... ...	177 2 0	Paid and delivered to B. G. Skinner, through James Doman, being in full of his one moiety of the remaining two-thirds of the balance of this Estate, as per Account closed to 26th October 1858.
Stowell, Christopher Sweedland,—Share Acount of C. W. Stowell ...	12 June 1855 ...	3 Aug. 1858 ...	0	2500	... ...	536 11 2	Ditto to C. W. Stowell, the balance in full of this Estate, as per Account closed to 31st March 1858.
T.							
Tulloch, Lieutenant Charles Browne ...	19 Sept. 1848 ...	4 Nov. 1858 ...	0	0	... ...	183 9 4	Paid to the Sub-Treasurer for remittance to the India House, for payment to Major-General J. Tulloch, the Father of the deceased.
W.						...	
Warner, Capt. and Brevet-Major William Kirby, Account for the next of kin ...	17 April 1857 ...	9 Aug. 1858 ...	0	0	... ...	5216 3 8	Ditto ditto for ditto ditto, for payment to Mrs. K. E. Warner, the balance of this Estate, as per Account closed to 4th August 1858.
Williams, Thomas Scourfield ...	Taken charge 25 Sept. 1856 ...	13 Aug. 1858 ...	0	2500	... ...	0 0 0	Transferred to the Account for the next of kin of the deceased.
NATIVE ESTATE.							
Lokenauth Ghose ...	Taken charge 28 April 1854 ..	9 Nov. 1858 ...	0	3000	... ...	199 3 11	Paid and delivered to Baboo Ramapersaud Ghose, Administrator to this Estate, being the balance in full, per Statement dated 8th October 1858.

CALCUTTA,
The 31st December 1858.

E. E.

C. S. HOGG,
Administrator General.

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Balance on 1st July 1858.					Receipts up to 31st Dec. 1858.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st Dec. 1858.				Balance on 31st December 1858.					
		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P	Sa. Rs	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
B.																								
Bennett, Lt. William Hy. ...	8 May 55	0	0	...	175 4 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	175 4 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	175 4 11	0 0 0
———, W. H.	Taken charge 28 June 58	0	0	..	155 15 4	0 0 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	155 15 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	155 15 4	0 0 0
Beason, George Sackville ...	17 Mar. 58	1500	0	...	0 0 0	390 3 8	0	800	...	2494 9 6	1500	800	...	2104 5 10	0	0	...	820 9 2	1500	800	...	1283 12 8	0 0 0
Berresford, George ...	8 April 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	167 10 1	0	5000	...	5265 14 5	0	5000	...	5098 4 4	0	0	.	4826 4 6	0	5000	...	271 15 10	0 0 0
Bethune, Alexander ...	30 Oct. 58	0	0		0 0 0	0 0 0	0	7000	...	5975 9 2	0	7000	...	5975 9 2	0	0	...	5672 15 9	0	7000	...	302 9 5	0 0 0
Beverley, George ...	28 Aug. 57	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 7 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 1 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 8 6
Billing, Henry William .	3 Aug. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	1000	...	2579 1 3	0	1000	...	2579 1 3	0	0	..	2614 11 10	0	1000	...	0 0 0	35 10 7
Bissett, Miss Christian Helen ..	Taken charge 22 Sept. 57	0	0	..	157 2 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	157 2 1	0	0	...	91 10 2	0	0	...	65 7 11	0 0 0
Black, Dr. James Hurdis	Taken charge 28 July 57	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 4 6	0	1000	..	1107 14 6	0	1000	...	1107 10 0	0	0	.	1186 6 5	0	1000	...	78 12 5	0 0 0
Blacquire, Miss Louisa .	11 Feb. 57	0	600	...	209 15 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	600	...	209 15 0	0	0	..	0 15 0	0	600	.	209 0 0	0 0 0
Blake, Capt. and Bt. Major Muirson Trower .	30 July 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	2400	...	2355 2 11	0	2400	...	2355 2 11	0	0	..	2334 0 8	0	2400	...	21 2 3	0 0 0
Blyth, Daniel T. ..	Taken charge 24 June 58	0	0	..	311 14 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	311 14 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	311 14 8	0 0 0
Bonong, Edward ...	9 Aug. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	1500	...	1348 2 1	0	1500	...	1348 2 1	0	0	..	1540 1 6	0	1500	..	0 0 0	191 15 5
Bontem, Captain James ...	29 May 57	0	4000	...	0 0 0	269 11 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	4000	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 0 0	0	4000	...	0 0 0	271 11 1
Bordieu, Mrs. Harriet	24 Nov. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 4 0	0	8500	...	8101 1 1	0	8500	...	8100 13 1	0	0	...	8090 3 2	0	8500	...	10 9 11	0 0 0
Bourchier, Lieut. P., of 50th N. I. .	Taken charge 8 Sept. 49	0	700	...	153 12 9	0 0 0	0	0	..	14 0 0	0	700	...	167 12 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	700	...	167 12 9	0 0 0
Bowie, Lt. Augustus Babington	30 July 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	900	..	939 0 4	0	900	..	939 0 4	0	0	..	932 5 8	0	900	...	6 10 8	0 0 0
——, Mrs. Mary ...	3 April 49	0	0	..	27 14 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	..	27 14 7	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	27 14 7	0 0 0
Bowling, Asst. Surgn. John Pierce	15 Dec. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	.	63 4 4	0	0	.	0 0 0	63 4 4
Boyd, Lieut. Fredk. Blackall	21 Sept. 58	0	0	..	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	83 3 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 3 11
——, Captain Gardiner ..	21 April 29	0	500	..	271 3 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	281 3 0	0	0	...	0 8 0	0	500	...	280 11 0	0 0 0
——, Robert	Taken charge 11 Nov. 56	0	0	...	18 8 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	18 8 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	18 8 10	0 0 0
Brae, Edward Fyffe	15 July 56	0	4000	..	0 0 0	1738 14 8	0	0	..	3740 7 0	0	4000	.	2001 8 4	4000	0	...	47 6 4	0	6	...	1954 2 0	0 0 0
——, Thomas the Elder ...	28 Jan. 51	0	119000	..	0 0 0	3399 5 8	0	0	..	2380 0 0	0	119000	.	0 0 0	0	0	..	1854 0 0	0	119000	...	0 0 0	2873 5 8
Breen, John	30 Jan. 43	0	3200	..	22 10 6	0 0 0	0	0	..	54 0 0	0	3200	.	76 10 6	0	0	.	2 11 2	0	3200	...	73 15 4	0 0 0
Brereton, Henry .	24 Mar. 58	0	0	.	0 0 0	83 12 11	0	0	...	102 0 0	0	0	...	18 3 1	0	0	...	18 3 1	0	0	..	0 0 0	0 0 0
Brierly, R. ...	Taken charge 5 April 58	0	0	...	218 6 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0		218 6 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	218 6 11	0 0 0
Brous, Nicholas Benjamin ...	15 Dec. 57	0	600	...	324 4 0	0 0 0	0	10000	..	9833 2 9	0	10600	..	10157 6 9	0	0	.	11882 15 7	0	10600	..	0 0 0	1725 8 10

Brodie, Lieut. Francis Walker	3 Nov. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	63 4 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	63 *4 4
Brogden, John, ..	21 Dec. 41	0	500	...	262 6 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	272 6 11	0	0	...	0 8 0	0	500	...	271 14 11	0 0 0
Brown, Mrs. Ellen ...	Taken charge 6 June 57	0	600	...	29 5 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	600	...	29 5 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	600	...	29 5 3	0 0 0
——, Miss Henrietta Elizabeth ...	11 Dec. 58	5000	3000	...	231 2 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	156 10 8	5000	3000	...	387 12 10	0	0	...	7 13 4	5000	3000	...	379 15 6	0 0 0
——, John ..	27 April 58	0	5000	...	318 3 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	5000	...	318 3 7	0	0	...	423 10 8	0	5000	...	0 0 0	105 7 1
——, Overseer John ...	8 July 39	1200	500	...	2 7 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 9 7	1200	500	...	28 1 3	0	0	...	1 4 6	1200	500	...	26 12 9	0 0 0
——, William Ambrose...	Taken charge 26 June 57	0	1000	...	213 9 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 0 0	0	1000	...	233 9 3	0	0	...	0 4 9	0	1000	...	233 4 6	0 0 0
——, William James ...	Taken charge 8 April 57	0	0	...	81 7 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	81 7 4	0	0	...	8 12 0	0	0	...	72 11 4	0 0 0
Browne, Colonel Birnie ...	16 April 56	0	0	...	20 1 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 1 10	0	0	...	20 1 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, Lieut. John Hugh ..	31 Aug. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	1000	...	1399 13 11	0	1000	...	1399 13 11	0	0	...	1034 1 1	0	1000	...	365 12 10	0 0 0
Bruere, Lt. John Robt. James	3 Feb. 57	0	0	...	17 10 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	17 10 2	0	0	...	7 1 4	0	0	...	10 8 10	0 0 0
Bryce, Lieut. John Henry ...	22 June 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 3 11	0	1100	...	1251 14 5	0	1100	...	1168 10 6	0	0	...	1122 15 8	0	1100	...	45 10 10	0 0 0
Burgess, Mrs Mary Ann ...	2 Nov. 55	0	500	...	163 9 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	173 9 2	0	0	...	0 2 5	0	500	...	173 6 9	0 0 0
Burke, Mrs. Mary ...	Taken charge 6 June 57	0	0	...	167 12 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	167 12 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	.	167 12 5	0 0 0
——, Michael ...	Taken charge 7 Jan. 58	0	0	...	173 4 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	173 4 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	173 4 9	0 0
Burlton, Capt. Frances Moira Hastings ...	17 Aug. 58	0	0	*61	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	5700	*124	25306 8 10	0	5700	*185	25306 8 10	0	0	*180	26491 13 10	0	5700	*5	0 0 0	1185 4
——, Lieut. Philip Hawtrey Comyn ...	30 July 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	1500	...	1522 8 11	0	1500	...	1522 8 11	0	0	...	1473 10 10	0	1500	...	48 14 1	0 0
Burnett, Colonel John ...	1 Oct. 41	0	500	..	298 7 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	308 7 7	0	0	...	0 8 0	0	500	...	307 15 7	0 0
Burrell, William ...	3 Aug. 41	0	7000	...	196 6 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	130 0 0	0	7000	...	326 6 3	0	0	...	6 8 0	0	7000	...	319 14 3	0 0
Burrow, John ...	Taken charge 13 Jan. 58	0	0	...	144 13 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	144 13 8	0	0	...	60 14 5	0	0	...	83 15 3	0 0
Bushby, Geo. Alexander ...	11 Aug. 57	1200	34200	...	542 14 3	0 0 0	0	1300	...	799 9 7	1200	35500	...	1342 7 10	0	0	...	12615 2 11	1200	35500	...	0 0 0	11272 11
Butcher, Geo. Hy. Blackman	Taken charge 5 April 58	0	0	...	469 5 10	0 0 0	0	500	...	1 3 9	0	500	...	470 9 7	0	0	...	472 9 7	0	500	..	0 0 0	2 0
——, Mrs. Mary ...	20 Sept. 53	0	1200	...	178 13 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	24 0 0	0	1200	...	202 13 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	1200	...	202 13 8	0 0
——, Robert ...	Taken charge 7 Jan. 58	0	0	...	144 4 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 3 6	0	0	...	144 8 0	0	0	...	0 0 1	0	0	...	144 7 11	0 0
Byng, Captain The Hon'ble Robt. Barlow Palmer ...	29 Oct. 57	0	0	...	344 12 0	0 0 0	0	16800	*24	14412 8 8	0	16800	*24	14757 4 8	0	0	*16	17817 0 1	0	16800	*8	0 0 0	3059 11
C.																							
Cacho, Manuel ...	23 Dec. 44	11000	409900	...	240 4 0	0 0 0	0	8500	...	8147 10 8	11000	418400	...	8387 14 8	0	0	...	8213 11 9	11000	418400	...	174 2 11	0 0
Caldwell, Major-Genaral Sir Alexander ...	17 May 53	0	9400	...	619 4 5	0 0 0	0	800	...	528 0 0	0	10200	...	1147 4 5	0	0	...	726 15 2	0	10200	...	420 5 3	0 0
Campbell, Major Archibald ...	21 Nov. 55	0	0	...	112 14 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	112 14 8	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	112 14 8	0 0
——, James ...	12 June 51	0	6500	...	83 13 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	118 0 0	0	6500	...	201 13 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	6500	...	201 13 0	0 0
——, Major Kenneth ...	9 Dec. 50	0	700	...	91 10 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	...	105 10 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	700	...	105 10 0	0 0
——, Dr. Neil ...	21 Oct. 51	0	1100	...	186 0 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	22 0 0	0	1100	...	208 0 6	0	0	...	16 13 0	0	1100	...	191 3 6	0 0
——, Netterville Henry Alexander ...	25 Mar. 57	0	0	...	8 8 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 8 1	0	0	..	8 8 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0

* North-Western Bank Shares.

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Balance on 1st July 1858.					Receipts up to 31st December 1858.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1858.				Balance on 31st December..					
		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co's Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co's Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co's Rs		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
C.																								
Cannon, Captain Frederick Walker (Mariner) ..	Taken charge 4 Nov. 56	0	0	...	3 10 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 10 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 10 4	0 0 0	0
Carey, Peter (Deputy Asst. Commissary) ...	3 April 50	0	1000	...	117 10 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 0 0	0	1000	...	137 10 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	1000	..	137 10 7	0 0 0	0
Cargill, James ...	Taken charge 18 Sept. 56	0	0	...	6 4 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 4 7	0	0	...	4 13 4	0	0	...	1 7 3	0 0 0	0
Carlyon, Lieut. Charles ...	29 Aug. 42	700	500	...	59 15 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	24 14 11	700	500	...	84 14 1	0	0	...	1 3 11	700	500	...	83 10 2	0 0 0	0
Carmody, Mrs. Eliza ...	Taken charge 12 Dec. 57	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 4 0	0	0	...	0 4 0	0	0	...	0 4 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0
Carty, John ...	8 June 41	0	0	...	328 9 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	328 9 11	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	328 9 11	0 0 0	0
Caunter, Richard ...	30 Nov. 51	600	0	...	97 5 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 12 9	600	0	...	110 2 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	600	0	...	110 2 3	0 0 0	0
Cawood, Charles .	11 May 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 2 0	0	0	...	101 0 0	0	0	...	100 14 0	0	0	...	103 13 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	2 15 0	0
Chalwin, Vet. Surgn. Edmd. Geo.	24 Nov. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	63 4 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	63 4 4	0
Chapman, Mrs. Patience Elizabeth ...	Taken charge 8 Jan. 55	0	0	...	191 12 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	191 12 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	191 12 10	0 0 0	0
Chater, Mrs. Mariam ...	Taken charge 1 Sept. 55	0	0	...	0 0 0	111 12 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	111 12 8	0
Cheyne, Surgn. Geo. Macartney	3 Jan. 56	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 4 0	0	0	...	7 4 0	0	0	...	7 4 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0
Chiene, John ...	17 Oct. 37	0	1000	...	208 6 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 0 0	0	1000	...	228 6 1	0	0	...	1 0 0	0	1000	...	227 6 1	0 0 0	0
Chinneaux, Jean Piere ...	12 June 51	0	5800	...	470 4 6	0 0 0	0	600	...	112 0 0	0	6200	...	582 4 6	0	0	...	604 3 5	0	6200	...	0 0 0	21 14 11	0
Chisholm, Lt. Loudon Hastings	17 Oct. 54	0	1400	...	118 13 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	28 0 0	0	1400	...	146 13 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	1400	.	146 13 10	0 0 0	0
Christian, George Jackson ...	19 May 58	0	0	...	36 5 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	291 1 3	0	0	...	327 6 8	0	0	...	22 5 10	0	0	...	305 0 10	0 0 0	0
Christie, Henry ...	9 Mar. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	124 10 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 1 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	124 11 4	0
——, Robert ...	17 June 56	0	0	...	9 15 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	9 15 3	0	0	...	8 1 9	0	0	...	1 13 6	0 0 0	0
Churcher, Thos. Henry ...	1 Oct. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	5700	...	4956 13 0	0	5700	...	4956 13 0	0	0	...	5463 11 6	0	5700	.	0 0 0	506 14 6	0
Clephane, Lieut. William .	15 July 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	900	...	993 15 4	0	900	...	993 15 4	0	0	...	909 0 11	0	900	...	84 14 5	0 0 0	0
Clifford, Wigram .	12 April 58	0	3000	...	3916 5 8	0 0 0	0	4500	...	0 0 0	0	7500	...	3916 5 8	0	0	...	4119 5 7	0	7500	...	0 0 0	202 15 11	0
Cockerell, Henry Edmund ...	21 May 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 3 11	0	0	...	1978 15 10	0	0	...	1895 11 11	0	0	...	29 11 0	0	0	...	1866 0 11	0 0 0	0
Coleman, Condr. Geoffrey ...	22 June 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 4 11	0	1200	...	1118 10 6	0	1200	...	1035 5 7	0	0	...	1143 3 2	0	1200	...	0 0 0	107 13 7	0
Collins, Serjt. Dennis ...	21 Feb. 42	0	2400	...	360 14 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	48 0 0	0	2400	...	408 14 8	0	0	...	2 6 5	0	2400	..	406 8 3	0 0 0	0
——, Mrs. Hannah ...	18 June 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 1 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 1 0	0
Coulan, Thomas ...	22 Dec. 51	500	1100	...	186 10 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	32 10 8	500	1100	...	219 4 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	500	1100	...	219 4 9	0 0 0	0
Conlon, John ...	22 Nov. 52	0	600	...	0 0 0	68 6 11	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	600	...	0 0 0	56 6 11	0
Connell, Quarter-Master A. ...	8 Mar. 45	0	900	...	383 7 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	35 1 7	0	900	...	418 9 0	0	0	...	0 14 5	0	900	...	417 10 7	0 0 0	0
Connolly, Lieut. Christopher	22 June 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	63 4 4	0	0	...	186 12 1	0	0	...	123 7 9	0	0	...	20 13 10	0	0	...	102 9 11	0 0 0	0
Conroy, Condr. Hy. Edward...	13 Oct. 40	0	0	...	57 12 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	57 12 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	57 12 2	0 0 0	0
Conway, Edward Witherston Seymour ...	Taken charge 7 May 57	0	0	...	405 9 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	405 9 1	0	0	...	0 1 0	0	0	...	405 8 1	0 0 0	0

Cook, George William ...	19 Dec. 56	0	0	...	21 15 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 15 10	0	0	...	21 15 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, J. H. ...	... ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	640 14 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	640 14 7
Cooper, Miss Ellen *alias* Mrs. Stuart ...	... .	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	1000	...	1181 8 9	0	1000	...	1181 8 9	0	0	...	997 7 5	0	1000	...	184 1 4	0 0 0
——, Lt.-Col. John Chamier	21 Sept. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	83 3 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 3 11
Corser, E. ...	Taken charge 21 Aug. 56	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 6	0	0	...	0 0 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Cotton, Lieut.-Col. Henry ...	11 May 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	142 9 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 6 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	155 0 2
Courtney, Gunner Humphrey	25 May 55	0	0	...	39 2 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	39 2 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	39 2 4	0 0 0
Cowling, W. H. ...	1 June 55	0	0	...	8 3 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 3 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 3 11	0 0 0
Crafter, Richard ...	Taken charge 1 Dec. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	48 14 9	0	0	...	48 14 9	0	0	...	0 11 9	0	0	...	48 3 0	0 0 0
Cranstoun, Robert ...	6 June 57	0	12500	...	5553 6 6	0 0 0	0	6000	...	134 0 0	0	18500	...	5687 6 6	0	0	...	5434 14 11	0	18500	...	252 7 7	0 0 0
Crepin, Monsr. Peter Alphonse Francis ...	10 May 56	0	3500	...	0 0 0	1659 5 2	0	0	...	70 0 0	0	3500	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	508 8 10	0	3500	...	0 0 0	2097 14 0
Crichton, James ...	12 Oct. 38	4900	8800	...	308 13 5	0 0 0	0	500	...	267 8 4	4900	9300	...	576 5 9	0	0	...	502 12 1	4900	9300	...	73 9 8	0 0 0
Crossman, John ...	Taken charge 8 June 57	0	0	...	12 2 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 2 10	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 2 10	0 0 [illegible]
Crouch, Mrs. Isabella ...	3 Dec. 56	0	0	...	21 7 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 7 11	0	0	...	2 3 0	0	0	...	19 4 11	0 0 [illegible]
Crowther, John ...	30 July 58	0	0	...	491 11 2	0 0 0	0	500	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	491 11 2	0	0	...	533 14 6	0	500	...	0 0 0	42 3 [illegible]
Cummins, John ...	Taken charge 22 May 58	0	0	...	304 13 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	304 13 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	304 13 8	0 0 [illegible]
Cunliffe, Charles Watkins ...	27 April 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 3 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 3 1[illegible]
——, Lieut. Foster John ...	1 June 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	63 4 4	0	2300	...	1891 11 9	0	2300	...	1828 7 5	0	0	...	2193 2 4	0	2300	...	0 0 0	364 10 1[illegible]
Cunningham, Captain J. D. ...	21 Oct. 51	0	0	...	2090 11 5	0 0 0	0	2000	...	0 0 0	0	2000	...	2090 11 5	0	0	...	1868 12 5	0	2000	...	221 15 0	0 0 [illegible]
Cuppage, Burke Robert ...	27 April 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	72 2 2	0	2500	...	10100 6 0	0	2500	...	10028 3 10	0	0	...	10308 9 3	0	2500	...	0 0 0	280 5 [illegible]
Curren, Mrs. Mary ...	... ...	0	0	...	95 14 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	95 14 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	95 14 1	0 [illegible]
Currie, Capt. John Armstrong	19 June 56	0	0	...	8 13 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 13 5	0	0	...	8 13 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 [illegible]
——, William ...	5 Feb. 38	0	600	...	201 8 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	213 8 7	0	0	...	0 9 7	0	600	...	212 15 0	0 [illegible]
Curtin, Serjt. Jeremiah, of H. M.'s 32nd Foot ...	7 Feb. 49	0	2300	...	0 0 0	117 5 8	0	0	...	46 0 0	0	2300	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 4 10	0	2300	...	0 0 0	7[illegible] 10
D.																							
DaCruz, Mrs. Rose ...	Taken charge 4 June 53	0	0	..	173 4 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	173 4 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	173 4 1	0 0 [illegible]
——, Mrs. Harriet ...	5 June 58	0	2500	..	0 0 0	464 5 11	0	0	...	356 12 3	0	2500	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	237 1 8	0	2500	...	0 0 0	344 11 [illegible]
D'Auvergne, Brigadier, General Philip ...	7 Sept. 35	0	2400	...	109 12 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	48 0 0	0	2400	...	157 12 4	0	0	...	2 6 4	0	2400	...	155 6 0	0 0 [illegible]
DeBrandy, Monsr. Carlo ...	3 Feb. 51	0	2000	...	117 9 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	2000	....	117 9 7	0	0	...	6 6 8	0	2000	...	111 2 11	0 0 [illegible]
DeGama, Joseph Xavier	25 Nov. 57	0	2700	...	473 5 10	0 0 0	0	600	...	108 0 0	0	3300	...	581 5 10	0	0	...	551 11 3	0	3300	...	29 10 7	0 0 [illegible]
DeMomet, Lieut. Theodore ...	20 Mar. 56	0	0	...	13 7 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 7 1	0	0	...	13 7 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 [illegible]
DeRozario, Mrs. Paulina ...	14 Aug. 49	0	1900	...	0 0 0	5 1 6	0	0	...	28 0 0	0	1900	...	22 14 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	1900	...	22 14 6	0 0 [illegible]
——, Paschal ...	28 June 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	3000	...	2030 10 2	0	3000	...	2030 10 2	0	0	...	2334 6 0	0	3000	...	0 0 0	303 11 [illegible]
DeSilva, Domingo Manuel ...	24 June 45	12000	500	...	56 14 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	256 0 0	12000	500	...	312 14 8	0	0	...	12 12 10	12000	500	...	300 1 10	0 0 [illegible]
——, Gracia ...	12 June 58	0	1000	...	67 13 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	132 13 2	0	1000	...	200 10 11	0	0	...	198 8 3	0	1000	...	2 2 8	0 0 [illegible]
——, Manuel ...	17 Mar. 42	0	0	...	242 0 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	242 0 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	242 0 8	0 0 [illegible]
——, Mary ..	3 Dec. 45	0	0	...	182 1 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	182 1 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	182 1 9	0 0 [illegible]
——, Mathew ...	... ...	0	0	...	32 4 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	32 4 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	32 4 6	0 0 [illegible]
DeSouza, Mrs. Bridjet ...	16 Sept. 57	0	0	...	385 4 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	385 4 11	0	0	...	375 12 11	0	0	...	9 8 0	0 0 [illegible]
Dangerfield, Lieut. Edward ...	10 Aug. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 1 0	0	0	...	414 8 0	0	0	...	414 7 0	0	0	...	312 14 3	0	0	...	101 8 9	0 0 [illegible]
Daniel, Mark Edward ...	24 April 55	0	0	...	339 0 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	339 0 6	0	0	...	3 0 0	0	0	...	336 0 6	0 0 [illegible]

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Balance on 1st July 1858.					Receipts up to 31st December 1858.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1858.				Balance on 31st December 1858.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. As. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
D.																							
Daniell, Lieut. Chas. Astell ...	23 April 56	0	4200	...	496 13 4	0 0 0	0	500	...	74 0 0	0	4700	...	570 13 4	0	0	...	458 10 10	0	4700	...	112 2 6	0 0
Darby, William ...	Taken charge 14 July 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	150 0 0	0	0	...	150 0 0	0	0	...	2 6 0	0	0	..	147 10 0	0 0
Davidson, Ensign John Tierney	31 Aug. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	484 0 0	0	0	...	484 0 0	0	0	...	70 8 6	0	0	.	413 7 6	0 0
———, Lewis McDonald ...	10 Sept. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	101 5 0	0	0	...	101 5 0	0	0	...	2 12 4	0	0	..	98 8 8	0 0
Davies, Dr. Elliot Voyle ...	22 Dec. 57	32900	17400	...	0 0 0	547 9 9	0	800	...	1713 14 3	32900	18200	...	1166 4 6	600	0	...	2174 9 10	32300	18200	.	0 0 0	1008 5
Davis, E. J.	... ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 1 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 1	
———, Miss Mary ..	27 Sept. 53	0	500	...	121 5 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	131 5 3	0	0	.	0 0 0	0	500	...	131 5 3	0 0
Dean, Robert	8 Jan. 59	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	203 8 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	203 8
Delany, Mrs. Mary ...	Taken charge 5 Feb. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 11 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 11
Denham, Francis Robert ...	7 Nov. 54	0	0	...	91 12 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	91 12 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	91 12 8	0 0
———, Thomas Homfray ...	Ditto	0	0	...	80 14 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	80 14 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	80 14 3	0 0
Deperida, Ventura ...	22 Feb. 42	0	500	...	225 8 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	235 8 9	0	0	...	0 8 0	0	500	...	235 0 9	0 0
Depratz, F.	Taken charge 11 May 58	0	0	...	384 14 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	384 14 6	0	0	...	83 3 11	0	0	...	301 10 7	0 0
Dick, Lieut. Colonel George	23 Jan. 46	0	1800	...	316 1 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	36 0 0	0	1800	...	352 1 9	0	0	...	1 12 10	0	1800	...	350 4 11	0 0
——, John ..	9 Aug. 25	0	0	...	255 6 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	255 6 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	255 6 11	0 0
Dickson, Alexander Lockart	29 Nov. 41	500	3200	...	308 3 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	74 10 8	500	3200	...	382 13 10	0	0	...	3 11 8	500	3200	...	379 2 2	0 0
Dixie, Serjeant John O'B. ...	2 Feb. 57	0	10000	...	0 0 0	90 0 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	10000	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	353 2 3	0	10000	...	0 0 0	843 2 8
Doggan, J.	Taken charge 4 June 57	0	0	...	3 12 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 12 7	0	0	...	3 12 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
Donald, James Augustus	Taken charge 7 Dec. 57	0	0	...	13 5 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 9 0	0	0	...	13 5 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 5 9	0 0
Dopping, Asst. Surg. Anthony	3 Nov. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	83 3 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 3 11
Dorin, Lieut. James Augustus	15 May 58	0	2000	...	161 6 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	171 7 3	0	2000	...	332 13 4	0	0	...	167 12 5	0	2000	...	165 0 11	0 0
——, Mrs. Rebecca ..	16 Feb. 58	0	500	...	0 0 0	74 2 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	30 0 0	0	500	...	0 0 0	104 2 11
Doris, Mrs. Felicia ..	Taken charge 25 Nov. 56	0	0	...	21 9 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 9 9	0	0	...	21 9 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Down, Ensign Richd. Wellesley	28 Mar. 57	0	0	...	9 6 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	9 6 4	0	0	...	9 6 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Duncan, Lieutenant and Brevet Captain H. H.	29 Dec. 48	500	3200	...	277 5 5	0 0 0	0	0	..	74 10 8	500	3200	...	352 0 1	0	0	...	3 11 8	500	3200	...	348 4 5	0 0 0
———, Captain John Eneas	30 Aug. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	16000	*7	12684 6 3	0	16000	*7	12684 6 3	0	0	*7	15036 10 10	0	16000	...	0 0 0	2352 4 7
Durant, Charles ...	21 April 57	0	0	...	286 9 3	0 0 0	0	3000	†2	2698 1 3	0	3000	†2	3184 10 6	0	0	†2	2883 10 10	0	3000	...	300 15 8	0 0 0

* Ganges Steam Navigation Company's Shares.

† Delhi Bank Shares.

E.																							
Eales, Captain Edward Daniel Oliver	6 July 55	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	33000	..	12859 10 0	0	33000	...	12889 10 0	0	0	...	10779 0 10	0	33000	.	2110 9 2	0 0
——, Share Account of Mrs. M. C. Eales	Ditto	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	240 0 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	240 0
——, Share Account of Mr. Edward Eales	Ditto	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	.	0 0 0	0	0	.	0 0 0	0	0	...	150 0 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	150 0
——, Share Account of Miss. M. E. Eales	Ditto	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	1500 0 0	0	0		0 0 0	1500 0
Emaney, Mrs. Susan	30 June 58	0	2000	.	224 4 10	0 0 0	0	0	.	0 0 0	0	2000	..	224 4 10	0	0	...	266 12 9	0	2000	..	0 0 0	43 7
Evans, Brigr.-General Dacres Fitz-Herbert	27 July 57	0	18900	.	464 10 9	0 0 0	0	1500	*10	2593 0 0	0	20200	*10	3057 10 9	0	0	*10	3211 1 4	0	20200		0 0 0	153 6
——, Mary	17 Sept. 41	0	1700	...	95 2 8	0 0 0	0	0	.	34 0 0	0	1700		129 2 8	0	0	.	1 11 3	0	1700	.	127 7 5	0 0
Every, Thames Lloyd	23 Dec. 53	500	500	..	226 3 0	0 0 0	0	0	..	20 10 8	500	500	..	246 13 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	500	500		246 13 8	0 0
F.																							
Fagan, Captain James	30 July 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	70 3 6	0	0	...	70 3 6	0	0	...	64 5 2	0	0	.	5 14 4	0 0
——, Captain Robert Charles Henry Barnes	15 Dec. 58	0	0	.	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	1000	†5	0 0 0	0	1000	†5	0 0 0	0	0	...	96 9 6	0	1000	†5	0 0 0	96 9
Falconer, Captain Peter	30 Oct. 40	0	0	.	21 10 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	..	21 10 2	0	0	...	21 10 2	0	0	.	0 0 0	0 0
Fanshawe, Lieut. Robert Faithful	Taken charge 8 Aug. 57	0	0	..	159 8 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	..	159 8 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	159 8 11	0 0
Farquhar, General William	10 Aug. 41	0	500	.	222 9 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	..	232 9 6	0	0	...	0 8 0	0	500	...	232 1 6	0 0
Faticante, Paolo	14 Feb. 56	0	1200		276 5 5	0 0 0	0	0	.	24 0 0	0	1200	...	300 5 5	0	0	...	0 5 9	0	1200	.	299 15 8	0 0
Fawcett, Ensign Wm Francis	16 Nov. 46	0	500	.	0 0 0	106 5 1	0	0		10 0 0	0	500	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 8 0	0	500	...	0 0 0	96 13
Fell, John W. A.	14 Aug. 58	0	0		111 9 11	0 0 0	0	4000		4120 15 7	0	4000	...	4232 9 6	0	0	...	3941 11 7	0	4000	..	290 13 11	0 0
Fellum, John Charles	3 May 42	0	1500	...	199 11 2	0 0 0	0	0	.	38 0 0	0	1900	..	237 11 2	0	0	...	1 14 5	0	1900	...	235 12 9	0 0
Ferguson, Thomas	24 Dec. 59	0	18000	...	319 13 7	0 0 0	0	700		363 3 10	0	19700	...	683 1 5	0	0	..	700 8 9	0	19700	..	0 0 0	17 7
Ferris, Miss Frances	Taken charge 24 April 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	23 7 11	0	0		0 0 0	0	0		0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	23 7
Fisher, Ensign Hugh George, of 66th N. I.	Taken charge 15 Mar. 56	0	0	.	13 3 11	0 0 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 3 11	0	0	...	7 7 6	0	0	...	5 12 5	0 0
——, Captain John	16 June 46	0	0	..	638 12 8	0 0 0	0	600	..	1 1 0	0	600	..	639 13 8	0	0	..	584 15 4	0	600	.	54 14 4	0 0
Fitz-Gerald, James	Taken charge 19 June 57	0	0	...	456 4 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	35 5 0	0	0	...	491 9 2	0	0	.	484 5 8	0	0	.	7 3 6	0 0
——, Mrs. Mary	.	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 1 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	.	0 0 0	0	0		0 0 0	0 1
Fogarty, Surgeon George Taylor Cornelius	21 Feb. 55	0	800	.	31 2 4	0 0 0	0	0	..	16 0 0	0	800	...	47 2 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	800	..	47 2 4	0 0
Forbes, Ensign James Keith	7 Jan. 40	500	0	..	157 0 1	0 0 0	0	0	..	10 10 8	500	0	...	167 10 9	0	0	..	0 8 6	500	0	..	167 2 3	0 0
——, Robert	28 Jan. 57	500	3500	..	45 13 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	40 10 8	500	3500	...	86 8 0	0	0	...	5 10 9	500	3500	..	80 13 3	0 0
Fox, William Henry	21 April 57	0	0	...	9 3 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	600 0 0	0	0	...	609 3 6	0	0	...	37 15 0	0	0	...	571 1 6	0 0
Fraser, Alexander Broughton	25 Sept. 55	0	1500	..	68 0 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	1285 14 0	0	1500	...	1353 14 6	0	1500	..	0 3 7	0	0	...	1353 10 11	0 0
——, Capt. Eneas Wm.	2 Sept. 51	0	0	.	801 5 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	801 5 3	0	0	.	0 0 0	0	0	..	801 5 3	0 0
——, Fredk. Ranken	15 July 58	0	0	.	37 5 8	0 0 0	0	1200	...	9410 15 4	0	1200	..	9448 5 0	0	0	.	9679 6 7	0	1200		0 0 0	231 1
——, Henry Bristow	27 Nov. 55	0	0	.	166 5 10	0 0 0	0	0	.	0 0 0	0	0	...	166 5 10	0	0		0 0 0	0	0	...	166 5 10	0 0
——, Simon	19 May 58	0	0	.	0 0 0	83 3 11	0	1000		1062 11 11	0	1000	...	979 8 0	0	0	...	963 15 1	0	1000	...	15 8 11	0 0
——, Major William.	... ...	0	700		231 4 10	0 0 0	0	0		14 0 0	0	700	...	245 4 10	0	0	..	0 11 2	0	700	..	244 9 8	0 0
Frost, Miss Emmalena	17 Mar. 58	0	13800		0 0 0	211 9 6	0	1600	‡13	1620 1 0	0	15400	‡13	1408 7 6	0	0	...	1637 2 1	0	15400	‡13	0 0 0	228 10
Fullerton, Lieutenant Jas.	30 July 58	0	0		0 0 0	0 0 0	0	3200	..	6762 13 5	0	3200	...	6762 13 5	0	3200	...	3193 12 8	0	0		3569 0 9	0 0

* North-Western Bank Shares. † Lahore Chronicle Press Shares. ‡ Agra and United Service Bank Shares.

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Balance on 1st July 1858.					Receipts up to 31st December 1858.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1858.				Balance on 31st December 1858.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. As. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P	Rs. A.
G.																							
Galland, Bland Hood	Taken charge 21 April 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	600	*5	887 3 0	0	600	*5	887 3 0	0	0	*5	597 0 3	0	600	...	290 2 9	0 0
Gallichan, John	18 Feb. 51	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	..	522 12 0	0	0	...	522 12 0	0	0	...	8 13 5	0	0	...	513 14 7	0 0
Gardner, Capt. Herbert Calthorpe	30 July 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	1600	...	2131 12 7	0	1600	...	2131 12 7	0	0	...	1618 8 10	0	1600	...	513 3 9	0 0
——, Lieut. Hy. Pfarington	15 July 56	0	0	..	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	67 12 5	0	0	...	67 12 5	0	0	...	62 4 10	0	0	...	5 7 7	0 0
Garforth, William	7 July 57	0	0	...	6 3 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 3 5	0	0	..	1 0 0	0	0	..	5 3 5	0 0
Garner, Condr. Charles	24 Nov. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	..	83 3 11	0	0	..	0 0 0	83 3
——, Asst. Surgn. Hartwell Samuel	22 Dec. 57	0	17600	...	0 0 0	374 10 4	0	0	...	647 8 0	0	17600	.	272 13 8	0	0	.	24 10 7	0	17600	...	248 3 1	0 0
Garvey, Serjt. Patrick	26 Oct. 58	0	0	.	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	6000	...	6161 0 0	0	6000	...	6161 0 0	0	0	.	5812 4 9	0	6000	...	348 11 3	0 0
Gasper, Mrs. Eribsima Sookeas	28 Oct. 41	0	500	...	75 4 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	..	85 4 8	0	0		0 8 0	0	500	...	84 12 8	0 0
Gee, William	14 Dec. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	60 0 0	0	0	..	60 0 0	0	0		23 0 1	0	0	..	36 15 11	0 0
George, John Edward	19 Aug. 56	0	800	...	152 6 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 0 0	0	800	.	168 6 6	0	0	..	0 3 10	0	800	...	168 2 8	0 0
Gepp, Lieut. Thos. Sydney	30 July 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	..	63 4 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	63 4
Gerrard, Miss Mary Ann	23 Feb. 58	0	1000	.	0 0 0	301 13 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	1000	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	1000	..	0 0 0	301 13
Giles, Thomas	10 Nov. 57	0	1400	...	581 2 10	0 0 0	0	700	...	152 12 6	0	2100	..	733 15 4	0	0	...	685 3 7	0	2100	...	48 11 9	0 0
Gill, Arthur	21 Sept. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	3100	...	2880 12 10	0	3100	...	2880 12 10	0	0	...	3234 1 9	0	3100	..	0 0 0	353 4
Glasgow, Mrs. Amelia	14 Nov. 57	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 2 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	.	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 2
Goldsworthy, Thomas	24 July 58	0	0	.	338 0 2	0 0 0	0	2000	...	2251 1 2	0	2000	...	2589 1 4	0	1000	.	2474 7 0	0	1000	...	114 10 4	0 0
Gomess, Anthony	20 Feb. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	174 4 6	0	4000	...	4050 6 5	0	4000	...	3876 1 11	0	0	..	4738 6 4	0	4000	...	0 0 0	862 4
Gonne, Henry	19 May 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 3 11	0	0	...	100 0 3	0	0	...	16 12 4	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 12 4	0 0
Gordon, Captain George	17 Mar. 45	0	5500	...	0 0 0	89 3 5	0	0	...	50 0 0	0	5500	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 8 0	0	5500	...	0 0 0	41 11
Gorton, James	17 April 57	0	0	...	371 4 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	371 4 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	371 4 1	0 0
Gough, Lieut.-Col. Thomas	16 May 37	0	0	...	1072 5 4	0 0 0	0	1000	...	0 0 0	0	1000	...	1072 5 4	0	0	...	931 12 10	0	1000	...	140 8 6	0 0
Graham, Robert Brown	23 July 55	0	3900	...	0 0 0	120 0 6	0	0	...	78 0 0	0	3900	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 2 9	0	3900	...	0 0 0	43 3
——, Capt. William	15 Dec. 56	0	0	...	2111 11 8	0 0 0	0	2000	...	0 0 0	0	2000	.	2111 11 8	0	0	...	1810 15 2	0	2000	...	300 12 6	0 0
Grahame, Surgn. Robert	14 Feb. 42	0	900	...	306 15 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	18 0 0	0	900	...	324 15 9	0	0	...	0 14 5	0	900	...	324 1 4	0 0
Grant, Lieutenant Aldourie Patrick, of 71st N. I.	Taken charge 5 June 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	287 11 5	0	0	...	287 11 5	0	0	...	4 5 1	0	0	...	283 6 4	0 0
——, Donald	19 May 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 3 11	0	1600	...	1767 2 5	0	1600	...	1683 14 6	0	0	...	1489 9 11	0	1600	...	194 4 7	0 0
——, Captain William	27 Dec. 42	0	1000	...	0 0 0	145 1 7	0	0	...	20 0 0	0	1000	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 0 0	0	1000	...	0 0 0	126 1
Grenon, Capt. Francis Jas.	Taken charge 5 Mar. 57	0	0	...	42 1 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	42 1 7	0	0	...	42 1 7	0	0	..	0 0 0	0 0
Griggs, William	21 Sept. 24	0	10200	...	576 4 8	0 0 0	0	800	...	205 6 9	0	11000	..	781 11 5	0	0	...	790 2 3	0	11000	.	0 0 0	8 6
Grose, John	12 June 51	0	6200	...	523 2 7	0 0 0	0	700	...	124 0 0	0	6900	...	647 2 7	0	0	..	702 2 10	0	6900	...	0 0 0	55 0

* North-Western Bank Shares.

H.																							
Haeberlin, Mrs. Charlotte Wilhelmine ...	21 Sept. 58	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	60000	*26¼	40754 7 6	o	60000	*26¼	40754 7 6	o	o	*26¼	40541 11 1	o	60000	...	212 12 5	o o o
Haines, John H. ...	14 Nov. 42	o	1200	...	o o o	119 3 10	o	o	...	24 0 0	o	1200	...	o o o	o	o	...	1 3 2	o	1200	...	o o o	96 7 0
Hall, Bazar Serjeant Joseph	6 July 58	o	o	...	o o o	203 0 0	o	1600	...	1634 13 11	o	1600	...	1431 13 11	o	1600	...	281 15 6	o	o	...	1149 14 5	o o o
Hamilton, Lieut. F. Wm. Augustus ...	17 Aug. 47	o	o	...	104 6 10	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	104 6 10	o	o	...	104 6 10	o	o	...	o o o	o o o
———, James ...	Taken charge 18 Mar. 58	o	o	...	2 11 10	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	2 11 10	o	o	...	2 11 10	o	o	...	o o o	o o o
———, John ...	... ...	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	4500	...	4625 2 6	o	4500	...	4625 2 6	o	o	...	4257 4 8	o	4500	...	367 13 10	o o o
———, Hon'ble Mrs. Marcellina Antonia ...	8 Dec. 58	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	o	...	391 10 0	o	o	...	391 10 0	o	o	...	289 5 9	o	o	...	102 4 3	o o o
Handscomb, Brigadier-General Isaac Henley ...	28 May 58	o	7000	...	o o o	132 2 9	o	3500	...	3277 14 2	o	10500	...	3145 11 5	o	o	...	3438 4 3	o	10500	...	o o o	292 8 10
Hanna, Robert ...	18 June 58	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	5500	...	5440 12 2	o	5500	...	5440 12 2	o	o	...	5315 5 10	o	5500	...	125 6 4	o o o
Hardinge, Captain George Nicholas ...	30 Oct. 58	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	8000	...	774 5 5	o	8000	...	774 5 5	o	o	...	135 12 3	o	8000	...	638 9 2	o o o
Harrington, Alfred ...	24 Dec. 56	o	o	...	1 5 8	o o o	o	o	...	0 8 4	o	o	...	1 14 0	o	o	...	1 14 0	o	o	...	o o o	o o o
Harrison, Captain John Pickard ...	Taken charge 28 Aug. 57	o	o	...	o o o	0 4 6	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	0 4 6
———, Mathew Thomas	Taken charge 2 Feb. 58	o	o	...	133 7 10	o o o	o	o	...	518 9 3	o	o	...	652 1 1	o	o	...	7 12 5	o	o	...	644 4 8	o o o
Hart, Alexander ...	22 April 50	o	600	...	o o o	68 15 8	o	o	...	12 0 0	o	600	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	600	...	o o o	56 15
——, Felix Hyde ...	Taken charge 9 May 57	o	o	...	402 15 2	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	402 15 2	o	o	...	51 4 1	o	o	...	351 11 1	o o o
Harvey, Robert ...	17 Nov. 56	o	o	...	13 8 2	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	13 8 2	o	o	...	13 8 2	o	o	...	o o o	o o o
Hastings, Captain the Hon'ble, Edward Plantagenet Robin Hood ...	1 June 58	o	o	...	o o o	63 5 4	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	63 5
Hatchell, Capt. John Henry	30 Dec. 45	o	o	...	380 0 0	o o o	o	o	...	1 6 2	o	o	...	381 6 2	o	o	...	381 6 2	o	o	...	o o o	o o o
Hawes, Lieutenant George Harry ...	Taken charge 15 May 58	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	o	...	376 6 10	o	o	...	376 6 10	o	o	...	5 10 4	o	o	...	370 12 6	o o o
Hawkins, William Eade ...	2 Oct. 55	o	3600	...	461 1 10	o o o	o	500	...	58 8 6	o	4100	...	519 10 4	o	o	...	488 5 3	o	4100	...	31 5 1	o o o
Hay, James ...	Taken charge In 1840	2500	2100	...	100 13 7	o o o	o	o	...	85 5 4	2500	2100	...	186 2 11	o	o	...	4 4 3	2500	2100	...	181 14 8	o o o
——, John Duncan ...	30 July 58	o	o	...	o o o	0 4 0	o	500	...	697 9 8	o	500	...	697 5 8	o	o	...	681 7 10	o	500	...	15 13 10	o o o
Heberden, Alfred Charles ...	18 June 58	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	2500	...	2272 12 1	o	2500	...	2272 12 1	o	o	...	2420 2 3	o	2500	...	o o o	147 6
Heffernan, R. ...	Taken charge 8 July 58	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	0 1 0	o	o	...	o o o	0 1
Henderson, Lt. David Henry	1 June 58	o	o	...	o o o	63 5 4	o	1000	...	798 13 8	o	1000	...	735 8 4	o	o	...	963 14 5	o	1000	...	o o o	228 6
Henshawe, Daniel James ...	11 Jan. 56	o	2000	...	51 1 4	o o o	o	o	...	30 0 0	o	2000	...	81 1 4	o	o	...	0 7 2	o	2000	...	80 10 2	o o o
Herring, Mathew ...	Taken charge 2 Jan. 57	o	o	...	o o o	0 1 0	o	o	...	0 1 0	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o o o
Hickie, William ...	5 June 57	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	o	...	1 0 0	o	o	...	1 0 0	o	o	...	1 0 0	o	o	...	o o o	o o o
Hickman, Mrs. Mary Anne	Taken charge 7 Jan. 57	o	o	...	17 0 4	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	17 0 4	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	17 0 4	o o o
———, Captain Thomas ...	8 April 39	o	800	...	143 9 11	o o o	o	o	...	16 0 0	o	800	...	159 9 11	o	o	...	0 12 10	o	800	...	158 13 1	o o o
Hill, Joseph Mark ...	9 July 55	o	o	...	329 3 8	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	329 3 8	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	329 3 8	o o o

* Bengal Coal Company's Shares.

ESTATES	Date of Administration	Balance on 1st July 1858						Receipts up to 31st December 1858.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1858.				Balance on 31st December 1858					
		Government Securities		Bank or other Stock as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities	Cash			Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																	To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs	Co's Rs		Rs A P	Rs A. P.		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs	Co. Rs		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co's Rs.		Rs. A P.	Sa. Rs	Co's Rs		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
H.																									
Hillersdon, Major Wm Reade	27 April 58	0	66500	..	0 0 0	1591 6 10		0	0		1140 0 0	0	66500	...	0 0 0	0	0	.	224 14 1	0	66500		0 0 0	676 4 11	
———, Major Wm Reade and George Berresford		0	140000	..	0 0 0	948 7 6		0	10000	...	9360 0 0	0	140000	...	8411 8 6	0	0	...	9440 6 5	0	140000	..	0 0 0	1928 13 7	
———, Charles George	19 May 58	0	0		0 0 0	83 3 11		0	6200	...	5864 12 3	0	6200	...	5781 8 4	0	0	..	5853 0 3	0	6200	..	0 0 0	71 11 11	
Hilliard, Lt. Thomas Holyoake	15 July 58	0	0		0 0 0	0 0 0		0	500	...	562 7 11	0	500		562 7 11	0	0		558 2 8	0	500	...	4 4 3	0 0 0	
Hodgson, John	25 Nov 57	0	7800	..	965 9 9	0 0 0		0	1000	..	5 8 3	0	8800	..	971 2 0	0	0	..	930 4 10	0	8800		40 13 2	0 0 0	
Hollings, Captain and Brevet Major George Edward	10 Sept. 58	0	0		0 0 0	0 0 0		0	2000		2697 12 8	0	2000	...	2697 12 8	0	0		2016 14 7	0	2000		680 14 1	0 0 0	
Holmes, Major James Garner	14 Ditto	0	13000	{*100 100}	0 0 0	2489 3 9		0	0	..	566 12 6	0	13000	{*100 100}	0 0 0	0	0		2223 10 9	0	13000	{*100 100}	0 0 0	4146 2 3	
———, James Ogle	8 Jan. 57	0	0	.	66 0 7	0 0 0		0	0	..	27 0 0	0	0		93 0 7	0	0		2 14 6	0	0		90 2 1	0 0 0	
Horn, Peter Samuel	22 Aug 56	0	0	.	141 4 11	0 0 0		0	0	.	0 0 0	0	0		141 4 11	0	0		27 6 0	0	0	†4	115 14 11	0 0 0	
Hornby, Stephen	7 Dec. 58	0	0		0 0 0	0 0 0		2700	0	†4	0 0 0	2700	0	†4	0 0 0	2700	0		47 12 3	2700	0		0 0 0	47 12 3	
Hotson, Robert Money,	24 June 57	0	0	...	188 14 11	0 0 0		0	0	...	167 0 0	0	0	...	355 14 11	0	0	...	355 3 6	0	0		0 11 5	0 0 0	
Houston, Lieutenant Alexander Cruikshank	2 April 56	0	600	..	10 3 2	0 0 0		0	2000		2000 5 8	0	2600	.	2010 8 10	0	0		1860 0 0	0	2600		150 8 10	0 0 0	
Howannes, Mrs. Mariam *alias* Bebee Bailey	28 Nov. 48	0	14600	..	0 0 0	193 7 3		0	0		458 5 4	0	14600	..	264 14 1	0	0		54 9 1	0	14600		210 5 0	0 0 0	
Howe, Thomas Seymour Conway	21 Nov. 55	0	0	...	10 10 2	0 0 0		0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 10 2	0	0		10 10 2	0	0		0 0 0	0 0 0	
Howell, Captain Walter Rice Herbert Ittid	15 Dec. 58	0	0		0 0 0	0 0 0		0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0		63 4 4	0	0		0 0 0	63 4 4	
Humfray, Brigade Major Samuel Peter Crokat	8 July 39	700	1200	.	201 5 3	0 0 0		0	0	...	38 14 11	700	1200		240 4 2	0	0	..	1 15 1	700	1200		238 5 1	0 0 0	
Humphreys, Mrs. Sarah	8 July 49	0	1100	.	145 10 11	0 0 0		0	0	.	22 0 0	0	1100	..	167 10 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	1100		167 10 11	0 0 0	
Humphrys, Lieut Mervyn Archdall	21 May 58	0	0		0 0 0	63 2 7		0	1200		1237 1 1	0	1200		1173 14 6	0	0	...	1144 3 7	0	1200		29 10 11	0 0 0	
Hunt, Serjeant Major James	4 May 58	600	600		16 0 2	0 0 0		0	0	...	0 0 0	600	600		16 0 2	0	0		184 10 7	600	600		0 0 0	168 10 9	
——, Lieutenant Chas John	3 Nov. 58	0	0	.	0 0 0	0 0 0		0	0		0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0		63 4 4	0	0		0 0 0	63 4 4	
——, Joseph	{Taken charge 22 Aug 57}	0	0		14 6 3	0 0 0		0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	.	14 6 3	0	0		0 0 0	0	0		14 6 3	0 0 0	
Hunter, Charles Marley	6 Jan. 59	0	0		0 0 0	0 0 0		0	0		0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0		5 1 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	5 1 0	
Hurd, Robert	14 Jan. 43	0	600		317 2 8	0 0 0		0	0		12 0 0	0	600	.	329 2 8	0	0		0 9 7	0	600		328 9 1	0 0 0	
Hussick, John	{Taken charge 6 July 57}	0	0		163 4 1	0 0 0		0	0		0 0 0	0	0		163 4 1	0	0		0 0 0	0	0	...	163 4 1	0 0 0	
Hutcheson, Charles	{Taken charge 5 Sept. 56}	0	0		0 0 0	0 0 0		0	0		74 3 6	0	0		74 3 6	0	0		1 10 4	0	0		72 9 2	0 0 0	

* Sunia Bank Shares and Calcutta Auction Company's Shares

†Bonded Ware-house Shares.

H.																							
Hutchinson, Lieutenant Benjamin Martin ..	15 July 50	0	0	...	147 11 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 13 9	0	0	...	148 9 6	0	0	...	58 0 10	0	0	...	90 8 6	0 0 0
———, John Ross ...	21 May 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 3 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 3 11
I.																							
Ingilby, Lieut. Ralph Mitford	15 July 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	3600	...	3723 4 7	0	3600	...	3723 4 7	0	0	...	3505 1 6	0	3600	...	218 3 1	0 0
Innes, Lieutenant Charles Danbuz ...	27 April 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 3 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 3 1
———, Robert ...	Taken charge 2 July 57	0	500	...	10 14 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	20 14 3	0	0	...	162 2 6	0	500	...	0 0 0	141 4
Irons, Charles, Chief Mate of the Barque *Sarah* ...	Taken charge 1 Feb. 55	0	500	...	119 15 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	129 15 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	129 15 8	0 0
Irwin, Lieutenant Thomas Somerville ...	27 Dec. 50	0	7000	*22	559 5 5	0 0 0	0	700	...	140 0 0	0	7700	*22	699 5 5	0	0	...	670 8 6	0	7700	*22	28 12 11	0 0
Irvine, Conductor Gerrarde ...	14 Aug. 55	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 14 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 14
J.																							
Jack, Lieut.-Col. Alexander ...	18 May 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 1 0	0	700	...	815 0 0	0	700	...	814 15 0	0	0	...	814 13 8	0	700	...	0 1 0	0 0
Jackson, Mrs. Catherine ...	Taken charge 24 Feb. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	225 12 7	0	0	...	225 12 7	0	0	...	8 7 2	0	0	...	222 5 5	0 0
———, Sir Mountstuart ...	19 May 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 4 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 4
———, Lieut. Phillip Hayes	18 May 58	0	0	†1	38 9 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	265 0 0	0	0	†1	303 9 1	0	0	...	176 4 10	0	0	†1	127 4 3	0 0
———, Serjeant William ..	14 July 34	0	3500	...	380 12 3	0 0 0	0	500	...	70 0 0	0	4000	...	450 12 3	0	0	...	468 8 0	0	4000	...	0 0 0	17 11
James, Edward ...	Taken charge 7 May 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 1 0	0	800	...	831 4 9	0	800	...	831 3 9	0	0	...	872 3 1	0	800	...	0 0 0	40 15
———, Lieut. John Thomas	21 May 56	0	0	...	32 1 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 12 1	0	0	...	32 13 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	32 13 4	0 0
———, Mrs. Susan ...	1 Oct. 44	0	700	...	281 4 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	...	295 4 2	0	0	...	0 11 2	0	700	...	294 9 0	0 0
———, Assistant Surgeon William Henry ...	1 June 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	63 4 4	0	1000	...	944 11 9	0	1000	...	881 7 5	0	0	...	1048 4 7	0	1000	...	0 0 0	166 18
Jansz, Charles William ...	5 April 47	0	700	...	240 6 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	...	254 6 11	0	0	...	0 11 2	0	700	...	253 11 9	0
Jeffrey, Robert ...	Taken charge 29 Aug. 57	0	0	...	80 7 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	80 7 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	80 7 7	0
Jennings, Reverend Midgley John ...	2 Feb. 58	0	20700	...	0 0 0	1969 8 0	0	3000	...	4852 5 4	0	23700	...	2882 13 4	0	2000	...	2869 9 1	0	21700	...	13 4 3	0
Jerdan, George Canning ...	Taken charge 24 April 57	0	0	...	36 3 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	36 3 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	36 3 1	0
Jervis, Lieut. Swynfen Charles	31 Mar. 58	0	4000	...	245 7 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	4000	...	245 7 11	0	0	...	30 0 0	0	4000	...	215 7 11	0
Jeune, Lieutenant Frederick Augustus ...	25 June 57	0	2000	...	16 9 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	1848 1 4	0	2000	...	1864 11 1	0	2000	...	1863 1 4	0	0	...	[illegible]	0
Johnson, Quarter-Master Serjeant John, of Artillery ..	26 Aug. 50	0	500	...	362 10 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	372 10 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	372 10 8	0
Johnston, George ...	28 Jan. 56	0	0	...	9 15 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	9 15 5	0	0	...	9 15 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0
———, Assistant Surgeon Maxwell ...	19 Mar. 57	0	0	...	2 3 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 3 5	0	0	...	2 3 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0
Jones, Charles Melton ...	1 Oct. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	16600	800	...	3475 5 1	16600	800	...	3475 5 1	0	0	...	4264 11 2	16600	800	...	0 0 0	789
———, G ...	Taken charge 28 Dec. 57	0	0	...	275 15 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	275 15 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	275 15 7	0
———, John Moore .	8 Dec. 57	0	0	...	1290 8 10	0 0 0	0	13400	...	8156 15 10	0	13400	...	9447 8 8	0	0	...	9493 12 4	0	13400	...	0 0 0	46

E

* Lahore Chronicle Press Shares. † Bank of Bengal Share.

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Balance on 1st July 1858.					Receipts up to 31st December 1858.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1858.				Balance on 31st December 1858.					
		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. As. P.	Sa. Rs	Co. Rs		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs	Co. Rs		Rs. A. P	Sa. Rs	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P	Rs. A. P	Rs. A.
J.																								
Joynt, Mrs. Ann	19 Dec. 54	0	1200	...	0 0 0	224 13 2	0	0	...	24 0 0	0	1200	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	1200	...	0 0 0	200 13	
Julien, George Allan	Taken charge 1 Oct. 56	0	0	..	99 0 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	99 0 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	99 0 1		
Jullah, Paul ...	22 Dec. 34	0	500		31 0 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	41 0 9	0	0	...	0 8 0	0	500	...	40 8 9	0 0	
K.																								
Keating, Arthur Saunders	5 Mar. 38	0	4400	...	137 7 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	4400	...	137 7 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	4400	...	137 7 0	0 0	
———, Henry ..	22 Oct. 41	0	500	...	225 8 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	235 8 4	0	0	...	0 8 0	0	500	...	235 0 4	0 0	
Kellie, Dr. George ..	Taken charge 23 Feb. 58	0	0	...	413 9 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	413 9 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	413 9 5	0 0	
Kemp, Henry Chapman ..	7 Aug. 54	0	500	...	56 6 10	0 0 0	0	0	..	10 0 0	0	500	...	66 6 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	66 6 10	0 0	
Kendall, Captain Bernard	1 May 48	0	500	..	0 0 0	123 7 9	0	0	..	10 0 0	0	500	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 8 0	0	500	...	0 0 0	113 15	
Kennedy, Lieutenant Edward Saunders	8 Feb. 53	1200	0	...	241 4 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	25 9 7	1200	0	...	266 14 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	1200	0	...	266 14 1	0 0	
Keogh, Serjeant Major Michael	12 April 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	348 7 1	0	2000	...	1811 12 7	0	2000	...	1463 5 6	0	0	...	1992 4 7	0	2000	...	0 0 0	528 15	
Kew, John O'Brien	11 May 58	0	0	..	0 0 0	0 3 0	0	2200	...	2200 0 0	0	2200	...	2199 13 0	0	0	...	2184 0 1	0	2200	...	15 12 11	0 0	
Kidby, Charles ..	4 Aug. 53	0	2000	..	338 11 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	40 0 0	0	2000	...	378 11 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	2000	...	378 11 7	0 0	
Kirk, Mrs. Charlotte Louisa	14 Jan. 58	0	14000	..	0 0 0	1501 7 0	0	30000	...	30862 8 0	0	44000	...	29361 1 0	0	0	...	28250 9 9	0	44000	...	1110 7 3	0 0	
——, Dr. Kinloch Winlow	22 June 58	0	0	..	0 0 0	63 4 4	0	1500	..	1484 14 4	0	1500	...	1421 10 0	0	0	...	1425 8 0	0	1500	...	0 0 0	3 14	
Kirwan, Rev. Hyacinth ...	...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	616 5 6	0	0	...	616 5 6	0	0	...	9 9 11	0	0	...	606 11 7	0 0	
Kriess, Rev. Fredk. Augustus	11 June 58	0	3600	.	156 5 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	1375 2 4	0	3600	...	1531 8 3	0	1200	...	959 1 11	0	2400	...	572 6 4	0 0	
L.																								
Lambton, Lieutenant-Colonel William ...	18 Jan. 42	0	600	...	220 0 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	..	232 0 11	0	0	...	0 9 7	0	600	...	231 7 4	0 0	
Latham, R. C. ...	Taken charge 21 Aug. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	78 3 10	0	0	...	78 3 10	0	0	...	78 3 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0	
LaTouche, William Digges ..	18 June 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	1000	...	1043 11 1	0	1000	...	1043 11 1	0	0	...	1047 6 10	0	1000	...	0 0 0	3 11	
Law, Serjeant James ..	15 Dec. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 3 8	0	0	...	1 3 8	0	0	...	83 3 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	82 0	
Lawler, Mrs. Eliza Anne ...	11 Sept. 55	0	0	...	0 0 0	1733 2 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	1733 2	
Laws, William Willoughby	Taken charge 16 Oct. 57	0	0	...	554 14 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	87 2 11	0	0	...	642 1 9	0	0	...	529 12 1	0	0	...	112 5 8	0 0	
Layton, Charles ..	Taken charge 29 Nov. 58	0	0	..	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	540 0 0	0	0	...	540 0 0	0	0	...	8 1 7	0	0	...	531 14 5	0 0	
Lefebur, Victor ...	22 Jan. 56	0	0	...	199 15 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	199 15 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	199 15 3	0 0	
Lefraper, Emile ...	Taken charge 1 Nov. 55	0	0	...	336 13 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	..	336 13 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	336 13 4	0 0	

Lermit, Captain Alfred ...	16 Mar. 30	700	0	...	240 11 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 14 11	700	0	...	255 10 6	0	0	...	0 11 11	700	0	...	254 14 7	0 0 0
Leslie, Lieutenant *Sir* Norman Robert, Baronet ...	12 April 58	0	1500	...	48 1 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	388 12 7	0	1500	...	436 13 9	0	0	...	23 13 4	0	1500	...	413 0 5	0 0 0
Lester, Lt. Henry Strickland	25 Jan. 59	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 1 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 1 0
Lewis, Lieutenant Colonel Charles ...	17 May 53	5200	50400	...	1092 4 9	0 0 0	0	1500	...	1088 14 11	5200	51900	...	2181 3 8	0	0	...	1395 7 0	5200	51900	...	785 12 8	0 0 0
——, Lieutenant Edward Dacre Fraser ...	28 May 58	0	0	...	4 15 6	0 0 0	0	500	...	533 0 9	0	500	...	538 0 3	0	0	...	764 9 7	0	500	...	0 0 0	226 9 4
Lindsay, Mrs. Catherine ...	11 Mar. 51	0	4700	...	64 0 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	84 0 0	0	4700	...	148 0 3	0	0	...	3 0 0	0	4700	...	145 0 3	0 0 0
——, Mrs. Catherine Jemima ...	2 Mar. 58	27400	46900	...	0 0 0	790 15 3	0	0	...	1862 14 7	27400	46900	...	1071 15 4	0	0	...	189 3 6	27400	46900	...	882 11 10	0 0 0
——, Miss Sarah Frances	26 Ditto	0	0	...	0 0 0	123 13 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	123 13 3
——, Lieut. James Heald	15 Dec. 56	0	0	...	1 14 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 14 0	0	0	...	1 14 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, Major William ...	27 April 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 4 0	0	0	...	437 8 0	0	0	...	437 4 0	0	0	...	200 10 3	0	0	...	236 9 9	0 0 0
Lloyd, Major Frederick ...	14 Jan. 57	0	1300	*2	419 5 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	512 0 0	0	1300	*2	931 5 7	0	0	...	954 7 8	0	1300	*2	0 0 0	23 2 1
Lockington, Mrs. Christiana	9 Feb. 52	1800	1700	...	46 2 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	62 6 5	1800	1700	...	108 9 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	1800	1700	...	108 9 4	0 0 0
Lowis, Robert Nisbet ...	21 May 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 3 11	0	1400	...	1417 13 4	0	1400	...	1334 9 5	0	0	...	1320 14 11	0	1400	...	13 10 6	0 0 0
Loyd, Thomas Kirkman ...	Ditto	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 3 11	0	26000	...	3358 5 6	0	26000	...	3275 1 7	0	0	...	3202 6 7	0	26000	...	72 11 0	0 0 0
Luffman, James ...	8 July 58	0	0	...	985 14 8	0 0 0	0	5500	...	4628 15 9	0	5500	...	5614 14 5	0	0	...	5342 13 8	0	5500	...	272 0 9	0 0 0
Lynch, Mrs. Rose ...	14 Mar. 49	2500	1000	...	189 14 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	63 5 4	2500	1000	...	253 3 4	0	0	...	3 2 8	2500	1000	...	250 0 8	0 0 0
M.																							
McAlpine, John ...	Taken charge 15 Feb. 58	0	0	...	179 7 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	179 7 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	179 7 8	0 0
McBarnet, Capt. Geo. Gordon	9 Aug. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 1 0	0	0	...	645 6 0	0	0	...	645 5 0	0	0	...	265 10 2	0	0	...	379 10 10	0 0
Macarthur John ...	29 May 55	700	2500	...	484 12 6	0 0 0	0	500	...	34 14 11	700	3000	...	519 11 5	0	0	...	461 1 6	700	3000	...	58 9 11	0 0
McCabe, Rev. John ...	26 Oct. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	29400	...	9085 7 7	0	29400	...	9085 7 7	0	4100	...	9688 10 10	0	25300	...	0 0 0	603 3
McDonald, Capt. Donald ...	4 May 58	0	0	...	2702 2 0	0 0 0	0	3000	...	0 0 0	0	3000	...	2702 2 0	0	0	...	2793 4 7	0	3000	...	0 0 0	91 2
Macdonnel, Mrs. Hanna ...	Taken charge 16 Dec. 56	0	0	...	39 0 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	39 0 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	39 0 5	0 0
MacDowell, Lieutenant Chas. Theophilus Metcalfe ...	.. ..	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	40 0 0	0	0	...	40 0 0	0	0	...	0 9 7	0	0	...	39 6 5	0 0
McGeough Samuel ...	18 Feb. 42	0	1100	...	406 9 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	22 0 0	0	1100	...	428 9 9	0	0	...	1 1 7	0	1100	...	427 8 2	0 0
McGrath, Michael ...	Taken charge 1 Dec. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	41 13 6	0	0	...	41 13 6	0	0	...	0 10 1	0	0	...	41 3 5	0 0
McGregor, Lt. Francis Alexander Robert Murray ...	22 June 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	63 4 4	0	700	...	732 3 10	0	700	...	668 15 6	0	0	...	683 0 5	0	700	...	0 0 0	14 0 1
McIntyre, John	1 June 58	0	0	...	620 11 2	0 0 0	0	600	...	0 0 0	0	600	...	620 11 2	0	0	...	567 4 4	0	600	...	53 6 10	0 0
McKay, Band-Master Wm.	Taken charge 3 Feb. 53	0	500	...	0 0 0	84 2 1	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	0 0 0	74 2
Mackenzie, Henry ..	31 Jan. 42	0	3000	...	409 3 2	0 0 0	0	500	...	60 0 0	0	3500	...	469 3 2	0	0	...	460 9 1	0	3500	...	8 10 1	0 0
——, John ...	3 May 47	0	700	...	192 3 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	...	206 3 7	0	0	...	0 11 2	0	700	...	205 8 5	0 0
——, Lieutenant Napier Kincaid Johnston ...	27 Feb. 57	0	0	..	121 3 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	121 3 0	0	0	...	6 12 4	0	0	...	114 6 8	0 0
McKeown, John ...	15 Dec. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	5000 0 0	0	0	...	5000 0 0	0	0	...	158 3 11	0	0	...	4841 12 1	0 0
McLean, Capt. Wellwood Geo. Moubray ...	15 July 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	2500	...	2511 6 3	0	2500	...	2511 6 3	0	0	...	2445 14 8	0	2500	...	65 7 7	0 0
McLeod, Dr. Bannatyne Wm.	23 Dec. 56	0	5300	.	319 6 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	4681 11 7	0	5300	...	5001 2 6	0	5300	...	4975 10 6	0	0	...	25 8 0	0 0

* Bank of Bengal Shares.

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Balance on 1st July 1858.					Receipts up to 31st December 1858.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1858.				Balance on 31st December 1858.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	
		Sa. Rs.	Co's Rs		To Credit. Rs. A. P	To Debit. Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co's Rs		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co's Rs		To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To Debit. Rs. A.
M.																							
McLeod, Crawford ...	18 May 41	0	2300	...	272 15 0	0 0 0	0	0	.	46 0 0	0	2300	...	318 15 0	0	0	...	2 4 10	0	2300	...	316 10 2	0 0
McMurray, James Wilson ...	23 Feb. 58	0	500	...	668 12 7	0 0 0	0	700	...	0 0 0	0	1200	...	668 12 7	0	0	...	640 9 7	0	1200	...	28 3 0	0 0
McNabb, Lieut. John Campbell Erskine ...	Taken charge 4 May 58	0	0	...	242 5 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	242 5 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	242 5 2	0 0
McNair, Lieut.-Colonel Robert	10 Nov. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	20000	...	18533 8 0	0	20000	...	18533 8 0	0	0	...	18864 1 10	0	20000	...	0 0 0	330 9
McQueen, Kenneth ...	29 Aug. 11	0	10200	...	375 2 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	190 0 0	0	10200	...	565 2 2	0	0	...	9 8 0	0	10200	...	555 10 2	0 0
McWhirter, John Peach ...	11 Jan. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	84 1 11	0	11800	...	12039 12 0	0	11800	...	11955 10 1	0	0	...	11052 3 2	0	11800	...	903 6 11	0 0
Macclesfield Quarter-Master Serjeant Thomas ...	... .	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	363 11 4	0	0	...	363 11 4	0	0	...	363 11 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
Mackillop, John Robert ...	21 May 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 3 11	0	3500	...	3254 0 9	0	3500	...	3170 12 10	0	0	..	3903 5 0	0	3500	...	0 0 0	122 6
Mackintosh, John ...	.. .	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 1 0	0	0	...	0 1 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
Macnaghten, Sir Wm. Hay	7 Feb. 42	0	0	...	13 6 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 6 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	13 6 6	0 0
Mactier, Capt. Anstruther ...	21 May 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 3 11	0	3700	...	3553 14 9	0	3700	...	3470 10 10	0	0	...	3457 11 11	0	3700	...	12 14 11	0 0
Magnay, Lieutenant Christopher ..	Taken charge 10 May 56	0	0	...	11 2 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 2 4	0	0	...	11 2 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
Magness, Mrs. Mary Ann	27 April 58	0	47400	...	0 0 0	143 12 10	0	0	...	414 0 0	0	47400	...	270 3 2	0	0	...	211 11 10	0	47400	...	58 7 4	0 0
Mainwaring, Captain Norman William ...	. ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	554 10 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	554 10
Malchus, Petruse Isaac ...	26 May 57	0	0	...	147 4 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	147 4 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	147 4 8	0 0
Malyon, Andrew Honey ..	21 May 58	0	8400	...	0 0 0	1713 5 3	0	0	...	1871 7 10	0	8400	...	158 2 7	0	2000	...	19 0 11	0	6400	...	139 1 8	0 0
Manser, Serjeant John ...	29 May 57	0	6200	...	314 2 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	120 6 0	0	6200	...	434 8 5	0	0	...	2 12 11	0	6200	...	431 11 6	0 0
Manson, Mrs. Charlotte ..	16 Nov. 46	0	500	...	65 3 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	75 3 0	0	0	...	0 8 0	0	500	...	74 11 0	0 0
Marcus, John Paul ..	27 July 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	1000	...	1732 7 0	0	1000	..	1732 7 0	0	0	...	1313 0 8	0	1000	...	419 6 4	0 0
Marquard, Captain Horatio Edward Aloysius	25 Nov. 57	0	0	...	0 0 0	32 5 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 2 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	33 7
Marshall, B., formerly Capt. of 25th N. I. ...	Taken charge 2 Oct. 50	0	500	...	47 4 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	57 4 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	57 4 7	0 0
———, Charles Augustus	19 Aug. 56	0	0	...	141 10 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	141 10 5	0	0	...	6 6 8	0	0	...	135 3 9	0 0
Martin, Mrs. Eliza ...	27 Mar. 56	0	1500	...	75 11 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	30 0 0	0	1500	...	105 11 2	0	0	...	0 7 2	0	1500	...	105 4 0	0 0
Martindell, George Henry .	Taken charge 4 Mar. 57	0	0	...	7 3 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 3 5	0	0	...	7 3 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
Mason, Lieutenant and Brevet Captain Geo. Henry Monk	3 Nov. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	.	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	83 3 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 3
Mathison, Alexander ...	Taken charge 1 Dec. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	1981 12 7	0	0	...	1981 12 7	0	0	...	29 14 7	0	0	...	1951 14 0	0 0
Maxwell, Dr. Charles ...	30 Jan. 44	0	0	...	164 0 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	164 0 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	164 0 5	0 0
May, Captain John Fredk. ...	21 Mar. 36	0	0	.	101 11 9	0 0 0	0	0		0 0 0	0	0	...	101 11 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	101 11 9	0 0
Mayne, Brigadier William ...	23 Dec. 56	0	0	.	6 3 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 3 4	0	0	...	1 14 0	0	0	...	4 5 4	0 0

Meagher, Serjeant Robert ..	4 Oct. 49	0	600	...	30 5 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	42 5 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	600	...	42 5 6	0 0 0
Mellish, Henry Woodcock (Mariner) ...	Taken charge 16 May 57	0	0	...	20 13 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 13 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 13 8	0 0 0
Melvin. Alexander ...	8 Sept. 13	0	18300	...	492 2 0	0 0 0	0	800	...	340 0 0	0	19100	...	832 2 0	0	0	...	749 1 9	0	19100	...	83 0 3	0 0 0
Mendes, Francis Peter ..	... ..	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 2 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 1 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 3 0
Mendietta, Joseph Maria ...	28 Jan. 57	0	0	...	0 0 0	68 10 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	68 10 3
Milford, Henry ...	19 May 40	0	700	...	421 11 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	...	435 11 3	0	0	...	0 11 2	0	700	...	435 0 1	0 0 0
Millard, Serjeant Henry M.	Taken charge 24 June 58	0	0	...	187 2 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	187 2 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	187 2 5	0 0 0
Miller, Andrew M. M. ..	18 June 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	5000	...	4338 3 6	0	5000	...	4338 3 6	0	0	...	4739 6 1	0	5000	...	0 0 0	401 2 7
Mitchell, Miss Isabella ...	28 Aug. 55	0	1000	...	70 11 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	1000	...	70 11 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	1000	...	70 11 11	0 0 0
Moncrieff, Rev. E. T. R. ...	21 Sept. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	3300	...	3522 8 5	0	3300	...	3522 8 5	0	0	...	3287 6 9	0	3300	...	235 1 8	0 0 0
Montreaux, Mrs. Roza Frances	30 June 36	700	0	...	330 9 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 14 11	700	0	...	345 8 1	0	0	...	0 11 11	700	0	...	344 12 2	0 0 0
Moore, Mrs. Catherine Ann...	4 Nov. 58	0	0	...	186 5 7	0 0 0	0	54700	...	30395 5 5	0	54700	...	30581 11 0	0	1500	...	29833 10 7	0	53200	...	748 0 5	0 0 0
———, Mrs. Constance M. O.	28 Mar. 57	0	1800	...	148 12 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	26 0 0	0	1800	...	174 12 5	0	0	...	2 4 3	0	1800	...	172 8 2	0 0 0
———, Revd. John James ..	29 Oct. 49	0	10300	...	356 2 8	0 0 0	0	600	...	206 0 0	0	10900	...	562 2 8	0	0	...	565 8 11	0	10900	...	0 0 0	3 6 3
———, Mrs. Susan ...	15 Feb. 53	3000	1100	...	295 0 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	86 0 0	3000	1100	...	381 0 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	3000	1100	...	381 0 1	0 0 0
———, Asst. Surgeon Thos.	22 July 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	7000	23400	...	653 4 11	7000	23400	...	653 4 11	0	0	...	728 12 9	7000	23400	...	0 0 0	75 7 10
———, William Robert ...	3 April 54	0	800	...	152 11 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 0 0	0	800	...	168 11 11	0	0	...	1 0 0	0	800	...	167 11 11	0 0 0
Moran, Daniel ..	31 Oct. 25	600	0	...	86 1 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 12 10	600	0	...	98 14 7	0	0	...	0 10 3	600	0	...	98 4 4	0 0 0
More, Edmond ...	Taken charge 7 Oct. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	62 9 5	0	0	...	62 9 5	0	0	...	0 15 0	0	0	...	61 10 5	0 0
Morgan, Dr. Nathaniel ...	11 Sept. 49	0	8200	...	199 8 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	164 0 0	0	8200	...	363 8 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	8200	...	363 8 6	0 0
———, Robert Hillier ...	Taken charge 27 Mar. 52	0	0	...	50 12 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 12 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 12 8	0 0
Mosse, P. T. ...	25 Feb. 40	1300	2500	...	372 4 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	77 11 9	1300	2500	...	450 0 1	0	0	...	3 14 2	1300	2500	...	446 1 11	0 0
Mowatt, Lieutenant-Colonel John Lealand ...	9 April 58	0	22200	...	0 0 0	277 15 8	10200	1500	...	2020 13 1	10200	23700	...	1742 13 5	0	0	...	3487 3 6	10200	23700	...	0 0 0	1744 6
Mudge, Frederick Spicer ...	15 Dec. 57	0	7500	...	0 0 0	254 3 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	[illegible]	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 0 0	0	7500	...	0 0 0	255 3
Munro, Ensign George Lloyd	Taken charge 27 April 58	0	0	...	285 11 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	285 11 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	285 11 8	0 0
———, Major Robert ...	1 June 58	0	0	...	1576 2 6	0 0 0	0	2000	...	0 0 0	0	2000	...	1576 2 6	0	0	...	1828 8 11	0	2000	...	0 0 0	252 6
Munroud, T. ...	Taken charge 24 June 58	0	0	...	93 9 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	93 9 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	93 9 2	0 0
Murray, Lieut. Basil Hamilton, of 43rd L. I. ...	23 Oct. 49	0	700	...	0 0 0	229 15 7	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	700	...	0 0 0	215 15
———, Lieut. John Murray	15 Dec. 56	0	2000	...	39 14 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	80 0 0	0	2000	...	119 14 4	0	0	...	2 7 2	0	2000	...	117 7 2	0 0
Murton, Charles Comport ...	Taken charge 13 June 57	0	0	...	0 0 0	2 11 1	0	0	...	1 1 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 12 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	5 6
Muston, William Pitt ...	22 Dec. 57	0	1700	...	0 0 0	141 4 11	0	0	...	56 0 0	0	1700	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 13 5	0	1700	...	0 0 0	86 2
Mytton, Lieutenant George ..	17 April 57	0	5600	...	0 0 0	568 15 7	0	0	...	611 5 1	0	5600	...	42 5 6	0	600	...	10 4 1	0	5000	...	32 1 5	0 0
N.																							
Nares, Lieut. John Strange ...	17 April 56	0	0	...	1192 12 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	17 8 1	0	0	...	1210 4 10	0	0	...	1203 4 10	0	0	...	7 0 0	0 0
Nash, Mrs. Mary *alias* Bebee Biddulph ...	19 Nov. 50	0	4200	...	399 9 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	84 0 0	0	4200	...	483 9 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	4200	...	483 9 10	0 0
Need, Walter Wardell ...	23 Feb. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	190 0 8	0	2600	*21	2891 10 9	0	2600	*21	2701 10 1	0	0	*21	2599 8 11	0	2600	...	102 1 2	0 0

* North-Western Bank Shares.

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Balance on 1st July 1858.					Receipts up to 31st Dec. 1858.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st Dec. 1858.				Balance on 31st December 1858.					
		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P	Sa Rs	Co. Rs		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
N.																							
Neish, Patrick	4 Dec. 41	0	700	...	291 14 9	0 0 0	0	0	..	14 0 0	0	700	...	305 14 9	0	0	...	0 11 2	0	700	...	305 3 7	0 0 0
Nelson, Vety Surg. Vincent	28 May 58	0	9000	...	2573 4 1	0 0 0	0	6000	..	2924 12 5	0	15000	..	5498 0 6	0	0	...	5638 2 11	0	15000	...	0 0 0	140 2 5
Nembhard, Major John Fredk.		0	0		0 0 0	0 1 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 1 0
Nepean, Captain Evan Philip Tilghman	17 July 54	0	600		286 2 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	298 2 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	600	...	298 2 2	0 0 0
Newenham, Dr Arthur Wellesly Robert	15 Dec. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	63 4 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	63 4 4
Nicholson, Miss Elizabeth the Younger	17 Feb. 56	0	1500	...	0 0 0	47 13 9	0	0	...	30 0 0	0	1500	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 7 2	0	1500	...	0 0 0	18 4 11
Nicholson, Lieutenant-Colonel John	17 Mar. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	204 2 9	0	32000	...	20789 14 3	0	32000	...	20585 11 6	0	0	...	22915 13 9	0	32000	...	0 0 0	2330 2 3
Nicoll, James ...	12 June 51	0	9800	..	172 13 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	186 0 0	0	9800	..	358 13 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	9800	...	358 13 8	0 0 0
Nield, Captain C. B. ..	...	0	6000	.	231 1 10	0 0 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	6000	...	231 1 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	6000	...	231 1 10	0 0 0
Norton, Ensign George Eardley Blois ..	7 Feb. 42	0	1100		410 9 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	22 0 0	0	1100	...	432 9 3	0	0	...	1 1 7	0	1100	...	431 7 8	0 0 0
O.																							
O'Brien, James Lloyd ..	Taken charge 21 Oct. 57	0	0		162 12 7	0 0 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	162 12 7	0	0	...	2 0 0	0	0	...	160 12 7	0 0 0
O'Dowda, Lieut. Robt. Charles	15 July 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	1000	.	885 2 0	0	1000	...	885 2 0	0	0	...	1026 5 8	0	1000	...	0 0 0	141 3 8
Ogle, Serjeant Mathew .	3 Nov. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	2400	..	2421 2 6	0	2400	...	2421 2 6	0	0	...	2351 9 0	0	2400	...	69 9 6	0 0 0
——, Mrs Matilda	Ditto	0	0		0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	.	0 0 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	83 7 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 7 11
Oliver, John .	24 Nov. 58	0	0	.	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	700	...	1198 12 8	0	700	...	1198 12 8	0	0	...	733 8 3	0	700	...	465 4 5	0 0 0
Orchard, Mrs. Maria Esperanza	23 Oct. 56	0	5100	.	101 3 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	2737 6 0	0	5100	...	2838 9 9	0	0	...	2946 6 0	0	5100	...	0 0 0	107 12 3
Ord, Wm. Christopher ..	13 June 56	0	7000		101 1 4	0 0 0	0	0	.	0 0 0	0	7000	..	101 1 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	7000	...	101 1 4	0 0 0
O'Reilly, John .	21 Aug. 27	0	900		312 15 9	0 0 0	0	0	.	18 0 0	0	900	.	330 15 9	0	0	..	0 14 5	0	900	.	330 1 4	0 0 0
Orr, Patrick James	15 June 58	0	0		0 0 0	0 4 0	0	7500	*15-37	8444 7 2	0	7500	*15-37	8444 3 2	0	0	†15	7155 0 2	0	7500	‡37	1289 3 0	0 0 0
——, Robert .	9 Aug. 58	0	0		0 0 0	0 0 0	0	10500	..	9509 1 3	0	10500	...	9509 1 3	0	0	...	10094 11 5	0	10500	...	0 0 0	585 10 2
Oswald, Lieutenant Alexander James Townsend Ernest ..	25 June 49	0	3000	...	0 0 0	70 11 3	0	0	...	60 0 0	0	3000	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	3000	...	0 0 0	10 11 3
Oultram, Thomas .	Taken charge 9 July 58	0	0		0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	..	41 4 0	0	0	...	41 4 0	0	0	...	0 9 11	0	0	...	40 10 1	0 0 0
Owen, Charles Butts ...	12 April 58	0	2600		594 4 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	205 10 3	0	2600	...	799 15 2	0	0	...	3 15 4	0	2600	...	795 15 10	0 0 0
P.																							
Palmer, Serjeant Edward Walter	27 Mar. 56	0	0	..	8 10 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 10 0	0	0	...	8 10 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0

* Delhi and Agra and United Service Bank Shares.

† Delhi Bank Shares.

‡ Agra and United Service Bank Shares.

Palmer, Ensign George ...	7 May 33	600	0	.	0 0 0	151 14 3	0	0	...	12 12 10	600	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 10 3	600	0	...	0 0 0	139 11 8
——, John ..	31 Aug. 51	0	29200	...	789 15 1	0 0 0	0	1000	...	584 0 0	0	30200	...	1373 15 1	0	0	...	930 4 7	0	30200	...	443 10 6	0 0 0
——, Lieutenant John ...	19 Jan. 52	0	700	...	134 5 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	...	148 5 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	700	...	148 5 9	0 0 0
Palphreyman, Henry Wm.	Taken charge 24 June 58	0	0	...	62 6 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	62 6 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	62 6 2	0 0 0
Parker, Captain Sir George, (Bart.) .	17 Jan. 59	0	0	..	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	1000	...	1449 2 0	0	1000	...	1449 2 0	0	0	...	1065 4 7	0	1000	...	383 13 5	0 0 0
Parson, Reverend Joseph ..	9 June 40	0	700	...	390 3 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	...	404 3 11	0	0	...	0 11 2	0	700	...	403 8 9	0 0 0
Pr-chal Mrs. Angelica or Nayrah ..	1 Dec. 57	0	0	...	0 0 0	28 11 11	0	0	...	305 0 0	0	0	...	276 4 1	0	0	...	4 9 2	0	0	...	271 10 11	0 0
Patrick, Captain Francis—Legacy of Begum Jaun ...	23 May 43	0	7600	...	234 14 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	142 0 0	0	7600	...	376 14 5	0	0	...	7 1 7	0	7600	...	369 12 10	0 0
Pattenson, Lt. Thos. Francis	9 Jan. 43	0	1000	...	0 0 0	192 4 9	0	0	...	50 0 0	0	1000	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 8 0	0	1000	...	0 0 0	144 12
Pattle, Lieutenant William	Taken charge 14 April 58	0	0	...	283 6 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	283 6 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	283 6 11	0 0
Pearch, James ...	? Oct. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	1600	...	2413 15 3	0	1600	...	2413 15 3	0	0	...	1584 13 0	0	1600	...	829 2 3	0 0
Pears, Dr. Charles ...	Taken charge 12 Mar. 58	0	0	...	138 8 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	138 8 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	138 8 10	0 0
Pearson, Mrs. Margaret Luke	12 Aug. 50	0	3600	...	408 14 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	72 0 0	0	3600	...	480 14 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	3600	...	480 14 8	0 0
Pell, Mrs Mary Ann ...	. .	500	0	..	0 0 0	12 7 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	500	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	500	0	...	0 0 0	12 7
Percival, Mrs. Elizabeth ...	19 Nov. 44	0	1700	...	183 4 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	34 0 0	0	1700	...	217 4 9	0	0	...	1 11 2	0	1700	...	215 9 7	0 0
Perkins, Lt. Henry George...	12 April 58	0	5300	...	0 0 0	50 10 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	5300	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	19 0 0	0	5300	...	0 0 0	69 10
Peters, George ..	3 June 47	0	1200	...	0 0 0	17 6 7	0	0	...	24 0 0	0	1200	...	6 9 5	0	0	...	1 3 2		1200	...	5 6 3	0 0
Petrie, Lieut. Martin ...	17 April 57	0	0	...	13 15 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 10 1	0	0	...	14 10 0	0	0	...	14 10 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
Pettet, Captain Francis ..	18 Nov. 50	0	2200	...	216 8 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	44 0 0	0	2200	...	260 8 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	2200	...	260 8 6	0 0
Pew, Coll. Peter Lawrie .	28 Oct. 51	0	0	...	188 9 6	0 0 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	188 9 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	188 9 6	0 0
Phillimore, Captain William Thornton	15 Dec. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	63 4 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	63 4
Phillip, Emil James ...	Taken charge 23 April 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	100 0 0	0	0	...	100 0 0	0	0	...	103 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	3 0
Phillipps, Ensign Everard Aloysius Leslie ...	8 June 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	3200	...	3110 13 6	0	3200	...	3110 13 6	0	0	...	3175 11 3	0	3200	...	0 0 0	64 13
Phillips, Vety. Surgn. John	14 Sept. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	38900	...	7085 6 0	0	38900	...	7085 6 0	0	0	...	7737 6 0	0	38900	...	0 0 0	652 0
Phillott, Capt. and Bt.-Major Johnson ...	4 May 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 2 0	0	1000	...	954 9 6	0	1000	...	954 7 6	0	0	...	1196 3 0	0	1000	...	0 0 0	241 11
Pigou, Thomas ...	. .	0	0	...	98 6 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	98 6 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	98 6 0	0 0
Pitt, Lieut. Robert Hawkins	29 May 57	0	0	...	12 1 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 6 0	0	0	...	12 7 10	0	0	...	7 15 1	0	0	...	4 8 9	0 0
Plunkett, Captain John ...	22 June 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	63 4 4	0	500	...	553 9 11	0	500	...	490 5 7	0	0	...	493 12 2	0	500	...	0 0 0	3 6
Polehampton, Revd. Henry Steelman .	24 Mar. 58	0	1500	.	309 2 10	0 0 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	1500	...	309 2 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	1500	...	309 2 10	0 0
Pomeroy, Robert Henry ...	19 May 58	0	800	.	943 4 4	0 0 0	0	1000	...	0 0 0	0	1800	...	943 4 4	0	0	...	1188 1 6	0	1800	...	0 0 0	244 13
Porter, John Peter Francis .	3 Nov. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	1600	...	2129 9 0	0	1600	...	2129 9 0	0	0	...	1771 10 11	0	1600	...	357 14 1	0 0
Potter, Mrs. Mary Ann ..	Taken charge 20 April 57	0	0	...	482 2 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	482 2 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	482 2 2	0 0
Powys, Lt. Edward Atherton	Taken charge 20 Nov. 57	0	0	...	321 5 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	321 5 8	0	0	...	20 0 0	0	0	...	301 5 8	0 0
——, Lieut. John ..	15 Dec. 58	0	0	..	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	83 3 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 3
Priest, Pensioner Bombardier Oliver	Taken charge 6 Sept. 56	0	0	...	41 10 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	41 10 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	41 10 1	0 0
Proctor, Lieut. Archibald ..	Taken charge 17 Mar. 58	0	0	...	5 11 7	0 0 0	0	0	..	428 15 3	0	0	...	434 10 10	0	0	...	69 15 3	0	0	...	364 11 7	0 0
Pronje, Monsr. James Leon...	27 Jan. 57	0	0	..	17 3 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	17 3 9	0	0	...	7 5 4	0	0	...	9 14 5	0 0

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Balance on 1st July 1858.					Receipts up to 31st Dec. 1858.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1858.				Balance on 31st December 1858.					
		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co's Rs		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co's Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
P.																							
Prosser, John ...	12 June 51	0	2300	...	195 4 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	46 0 0	0	2300	...	241 4 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	2300	...	241 4 1	0 0 0
Prout, Major Walter Robert...	24 Nov. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	63 4 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	63 4 4
Prudhoe, James	12 April 58	0	3600	...	407 3 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	3600	...	407 3 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	3600	...	407 3 0	0 0 0
R.																							
Raikes, George Davy .	11 Jan. 58	0	500	...	0 10 7	0 0 0	0	32400	...	31175 12 11	0	32900	...	31176 7 6	0	0	...	32658 3 9	0	32900	...	0 0 0	1481 12
Ralph, James .	27 April 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 5 11	0	3000	...	2979 10 8	0	3000	...	2896 4 9	0	0	...	2808 10 5	0	3000	...	87 10 4	0 0
Ramsay, Lieut. Alexander .	16 April 56	0	0	...	507 9 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	507 9 2	0	0	...	507 9 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
———, Lieutenant David .	12 May 40	1600	1400	...	300 2 9	0 0 0	0	0	..	62 2 2	1600	1400	...	362 4 11	0	0	...	3 1 9	1600	1400	...	359 3 2	0 0
Ravenscroft Mrs. Jane ...	12 June 57	0	0	...	3 4 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	0	...	13 4 8	0	0	...	0 2 6	0	0	...	13 2 2	0 0
Reband, Mrs. Mary ...	1 Oct. 50	0	500	...	46 3 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	56 3 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	56 3 11	0 0
Reason, Edwin	1 June 58	0	0	..	980 10 10	0 0 0	0	1000	...	0 0 0	0	1000	...	980 10 10	0	0	.	923 4 5	0	1000	...	57 6 5	0 0
Reddie, John ...	31 Jan. 52	0	0	...	2010 5 3	0 0 0	0	2000	...	0 0 0	0	2000	...	2010 5 3	0	0	...	1863 1 4	0	2000	...	147 3 11	0 0
Redman, Lieutenant Frederick	17 Mar. 58	0	5400	...	790 7 10	0 0 0	0	800	...	0 0 0	0	6200	...	790 7 10	0	0	...	744 0 0	0	6200	...	46 7 10	0 0
Reid, George, late a Merchant,	15 Sept. 57	0	0	...	0 0 0	18 2 8	0	11000	...	21279 9 0	0	11000	...	21261 6 4	0	0	...	20130 10 8	0	11000	..	1130 11 8	0 0
——, Serjeant John ..	21 July 38	0	500	...	88 11 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	98 11 10	0	0	...	0 8 0	0	500	...	98 3 10	0 0
Richardson, George ..	10 Nov. 57	0	2200	...	0 0 0	389 12 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	2200	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	307 8 3	0	2200	...	0 0 0	697 5
———, Ralph .	Taken charge 10 Sept 58	0	0	.	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	492 0 5	0	0	...	492 0 5	0	0	...	144 9 6	0	0	...	347 6 11	0 0
———, Richard .	8 Aug. 57	0	900	...	80 8 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	900	...	80 8 1	0	0	...	146 6 7	0	900	...	0 0 0	65 14
Richmond, Mrs. Mary ...	... ..	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 1 0	0	1500	...	1500 0 0	0	1500	...	1499 15 0	0	0	...	1395 5 9	0	1500	...	104 9 3	0 0
Rider, Jacob ...	2 Oct. 37	1500	4200	...	362 13 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	116 0 0	1500	4200	...	478 13 7	0	0	...	5 12 10	1500	4200	...	473 0 9	0 0
Robson, John Smith ...	13 Feb. 54	700	0	...	109 5 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 14 11	700	0	...	124 4 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	700	0	...	124 4 10	0 0
Roche, David Maurice ..	12 May 57	0	12100	*85	236 4 0	0 0 0	0	16500	...	15320 2 10	0	28600	*85	15556 6 10	0	0	*85	15370 6 5	0	28600	...	186 0 5	0 0
Rodgers, George	18 Mar. 45	1000	0	...	420 8 5	0 0 0	0	0	..	21 5 4	1000	0	...	441 13 9	0	0	...	1 1 1	1000	0	...	440 12 8	0 0
Rodrigues, Mrs. Catherine	14 May 50	0	1000	...	383 1 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 0 0	0	1000	...	403 1 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	1000	...	403 1 9	0 0
Roebuck, Samuel	Taken charge 4 Sept. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	353 14 7	0	0	...	353 14 7	0	0	...	378 6 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	24 8
Roffey, Edward .	Taken charge 21 Aug 58	0	0	..	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	167 9 10	0	0	...	167 9 10	0	0	...	167 9 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
Rogers, William .	Taken charge 18 Mar. 58	0	0	..	164 0 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	164 0 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	164 0 11	0 0
Rolland, Asst. Surgn. Patrick	Taken charge 29 April 58	0	0	.	0 0 0	0 2 0	0	1600	...	1454 11 9	0	1600	...	1454 9 9	0	0	...	1472 9 9	0	1600	...	0 0 0	18 0 0
Ronayne, Osborne Savage ..	11 Jan. 58	0	1000	...	163 11 9	0 0 0	0	0	..	7 3 3	0	1000	...	170 15 0	0	0	...	3 1 6	0	1000	...	167 13 6	0 0
Roofe, Riding Mr. William .	13 April 51	0	800	...	251 15 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 0 0	0	800	...	267 15 1	0	0	...	0 12 10	0	800	...	267 2 3	0 0

* Great Indian Peninsular Railway Company's Shares.

R.																							
Roper, Henry ...	11 May 58	0	3400	...	280 9 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	23 13 3	0	3400	...	304 6 3	0	0	...	304 11 7	0	3400	...	0 0 0	0 5
Rose, F. ...	Taken charge 21 Aug. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	19 15 5	0	0	...	19 15 5	0	0	...	0 4 9	0	0	...	19 10 8	0 0
Ross, Lieut.-Colonel David ...	7 July 58	0	0	...	492 8 0	0 0 0	0	51300	...	33301 1 3	0	51300	...	33793 9 3	0	0	...	34429 2 3	0	51300	...	0 0 0	635 9
Rothney, Assistant Surgeon James Hay ..	31 Oct. 43	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 0 0	0	0	...	50 0 0	0	0	...	50 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
Ruddach, John Montague ..	5 July 47	0	500	...	302 7 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	312 7 2	0	0	...	0 8 0	0	500	...	311 15 2	0 0
Rushworth, Mrs. Elizabeth ...	... ...	0	0	...	35 3 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	35 3 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	35 3 5	0 0
Ruspini, Ensign W. B. ...	...	0	0	...	12 6 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 6 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 6 6	0 0
Russell, Capt. Claud William	3 Nov. 58	0	0	..	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	63 4 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	63 4
Ryan, Mrs. Bridget ...	25 Nov. 57	0	500	...	153 10 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	153 10 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	153 10 0	0 0
S.																							
Sainte, Antoine Francois .	4 June 58	0	16100	...	0 0 0	1376 3 6	0	50400	...	52735 3 9	0	66500	...	51359 0 3	0	0	...	51026 1 6	0	66500	...	332 14 9	0 0
Samson, Captain C. LeSage	Taken charge 3 July 56	0	0	...	94 4 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	94 4 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	94 4 2	0 0
Sandeman, Lieut. John ..	...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 6 0	0	0	...	8 6 0	0	0	...	8 6 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 [illegible]
Sanders, Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas ...	Taken charge 17 Nov. 55	0	0	...	11 12 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 12 2	0	0	...	1 0 0	0	0	...	10 12 2	0
Sanderson, Alexander ...	Taken charge 25 Sept. 52	0	500	...	2 4 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	12 4 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	12 4 1	0
Sandham, Captain Geo. Hay...	22 Dec. 57	0	2000	...	0 0 0	460 8 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	2000	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	2000	...	0 0 0	460 8
Satchwell, John Adrian Vanrenen ...	29 June 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	160 3 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	160
——, Lt. Richd. Murcott	13 Jan. 58	33400	17600	...	1284 1 8	0 0 0	0	2200	...	956 8 7	33400	19800	...	2240 10 3	0	0	...	2002 13 4	33400	19800	...	237 12 11	0
Say, A. W. C. ..	Taken charge 19 July 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	635 8 0	0	0	...	635 8 0	0	0	...	433 7 9	0	0	...	202 0 3	0
Scott, Bazar Serjeant James	Taken charge 17 Nov. 56	0	0	...	15 14 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	15 14 4	0	0	...	15 14 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0
——, William ...	... ...	0	500	...	63 13 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	73 13 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	73 13 8	0
——, Colonel William ...	24 June 34	600	0	...	308 9 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 12 10	600	0	...	321 6 6	0	0	...	0 10 3	600	0	...	320 12 3	0
——, Lieutenant William Augustus, of 59th N. I. ..	14 May 50	0	3300	..	455 2 8	0 0 0	0	500	...	66 0 0	0	3800	...	521 2 8	0	0	...	471 4 9	0	3800	...	[illegible] 13 11	0
Seal, William ...	Taken charge 14 July 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	90 8 10	0	0	...	90 8 10	0	0	...	34 2 9	0	0	...	56 6 1	0
Serrao, Anthony ...	12 June 51	0	800	...	323 0 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 0 0	0	800	...	339 0 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	800	...	339 0 8	0
Sewell, Lt. Henry Thomas ...	17 April 57	0	0	..	12 1 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 3 8	0	0	...	12 5 0	0	0	...	12 5 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0
Shaw, Conductor Geo. Wm. ...	3 Nov. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	83 3 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	83
Shearer, Alexander ..	17 Mar. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	81 8 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	81
——, Ensign J. A. ..	3 Feb. 24	0	0	...	1047 4 10	0 0 0	0	1000	...	0 0 0	0	1000	...	1047 4 10	0	0	...	931 12 10	0	1000	...	115 [illegible] 0	[illegible]
Sheehan, Mrs. Eliza .	1 Oct. 58	0	0	..	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	600	*8	560 1 0	0	600	*8	560 1 0	0	0	...	823 10 10	0	600	*8	0 0 0	263
Sherman, James Hawes ...	12 April 58	0	0	...	1633 5 1	0 0 0	0	1000	...	42 12 0	0	1000	...	1676 1 1	0	0	...	923 15 8	0	1000	...	752 1 5	0
Shircore, Mrs. Elizabeth Aratoon Manook ...	14 Feb. 56	0	7600	...	533 4 10	0 0 0	0	500	...	40 0 0	0	8100	..	573 4 10	0	0	...	610 6 8	0	8100	...	0 0 0	37
Shirreff, Major Francis, of 66th N. I. ..	Taken charge 25 June 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	391 14 1	0	0	...	391 14 1	0	0	...	5 14 1	0	0	.	386 0 0	0
Simeon, Moses ...	30 Nov. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	3200	...	5039 1 6	0	3200	...	5039 1 6	0	0	...	5491 3 0	0	3200	..	0 0 0	452

* Simla Bank Shares

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Balance on 1st July 1858.					Receipts up to 31st December 1858.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1858.				Balance on 31st December 1858.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Deb
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. As. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A.
S.																							
Simons, Captain Alfred Parmenter ...	30 Oct. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 1 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 1
Simpson, Lt. John Robert ...	24 Nov. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	..	63 4 4	0	0	..	0 0 0	63 4
Skene, George Alexander .	21 Nov. 42	0	500	...	148 5 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	158 5 3	0	0	.	0 8 0	0	500	...	157 13 3	0 0
———, Major Alexander .	26 Jan. 58	0	15000	...	0 0 0	694 9 3	0	0	...	250 0 0	0	15000	...	0 0 0	0	0	.	6 12 0	0	15000	..	0 0 0	451 5
Slater, Mrs. Harriet Lydia ...	19 Mar. 57	0	0	...	157 5 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	210 0 0	0	0	...	367 5 8	0	0	..	31 14 2	0	0	...	335 7 6	0 0
Smalley, Captain Edward Tierney ...	9 Oct. 55	0	1800	...	96 11 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	36 0 0	0	1800	...	132 11 11	0	0	..	0 8 8	0	1800	.	132 3 3	0 0
Smallpiece, Ensign Charles .	8 Nov. 54	0	1000	...	276 0 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 0 0	0	1000	...	296 0 8	0	0	.	0 0 0	0	1000	..	296 0 8	0 0
Smith, Lt. Bransby Connop	Taken charge 3 June 56	0	800	...	71 1 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	804 11 3	0	800	...	875 13 0	0	800	..	746 3 10	0	0	.	129 9 2	0 0
———, David ...	15 Dec. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	513 11 10	0	0	...	513 11 10	0	0	...	70 15 8	0	0	..	442 12 2	0 0
———, George Maccallan Gow	18 Jan. 58	0	0	...	93 8 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	1195 0 0	0	0	...	1288 8 3	0	0	...	66 11 4	0	0	..	1221 12 11	0 0
———, Henry John ...	22 Aug. 53	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 1 0	0	0	...	0 2 0	0	0	...	0 1 0	0	0	...	0 1 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	0 0
———, John .	17 Mar. 58	0	0	...	48 6 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 12 4	0	0	...	50 3 1	0	0	...	40 15 4	0	0	...	9 3 9	0 0
———, Lt. Robert Arthur ..	24 Nov. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	83 3 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 3
Smylie, Mrs. Jessie . ..	Ditto	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	5000	...	952 14 2	0	5000	...	952 14 2	0	500	...	1725 12 1	0	4500	...	0 0 0	772 13
Spun, Lt. Oliver McCausland	3 Nov. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	63 4 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	63 4
Sparks, Miss Eliza Catherine	Ditto	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	2000	...	2457 11 3	0	2000	...	2457 11 3	0	0	...	1693 8 7	0	2000	...	564 2 8	0 0
Spear, Doctor Robert ..	23 April 56	2000	1000	...	0 0 0	244 14 0	0	0	...	42 10 8	2000	1000	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 10 3	2000	1000	..	0 0 0	202 13
Speke, Lieutenant Edward ..	14 Sept. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	1200	...	1651 7 9	0	1200	...	1651 7 9	0	0	...	1170 13 1	0	1200	..	480 10 8	0 0
Spencer, Alfred Hay ...	5 May 38	0	500	...	854 7 4	0 0 0	0	1000	...	0 0 0	0	1500	...	854 7 4	0	0	...	1038 10 9	0	1500	...	0 0 0	184 3
———, Brevet Major Robert	4 Ditto	0	2000	...	543 9 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	2925 0 0	0	2000	...	3468 9 4	0	0	...	207 3 1	0	2000	...	3261 6 3	0 0
Stevenson, Charles ...	11 Jan. 58	0	0	...	204 4 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	204 4 6	0	0	...	1 0 0	0	0	...	203 4 6	0 0
Stewart, James ..	12 April 58	0	1000	...	0 0 0	22 12 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	1000	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 4 0	0	1000	...	0 0 0	23 0
———, Serjeant James ...	21 Aug. 48	0	4700	...	491 6 6	0 0 0	0	500	...	94 0 0	0	5200	...	585 6 6	0	0	...	470 9 9	0	5200	...	114 12 9	0 0
Stonehouse, George Harris (Indigo Planter) ...	24 Dec. 41	0	500	...	226 4 1	0 0 0	0	0	..	10 0 0	0	500	...	236 4 1	0	0	...	0 8 0	0	500	...	235 12 1	0 0
Struthers, Brevet Major Wm.	5 Feb. 49	0	500	...	0 0 0	12 6 7	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 8 0	0	500	...	0 0 0	2 14
Stuart, Quarter-Master Serjeant Michael ...	14 Sept. 40	0	700	...	196 15 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	...	210 15 2	0	0	...	0 11 2	0	700	...	210 4 0	0 0
Sturt, Richard Rocke ..	20 June 54	0	800	...	123 3 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 0 0	0	800	...	139 3 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	800	..	139 3 9	0 0
Sutherland, Captain and Brevet Major Andrew George Colebrook ..	24 Nov. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	..	83 3 11	0	0	..	0 0 0	83 3 1
Swarris, Mrs. A. .	16 Jan. 08	1600	11400	...	288 13 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	252 2 2	1600	11400	..	540 15 7	0	0	...	12 9 9	1600	11400	..	528 5 10	0 0
Sweeting, Henry Dove .	15 Dec. 58	0	0	..	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	1261 1 0	0	0	...	1261 1 0	0	0	...	102 2 7	0	0	...	1158 14 5	0 0

Sweetland, Wm. Henry Morry	22 Dec. 57	0	1500	...	0 0 0	461 13 9	0	0	...	1478 14 9	0	1500	...	1017 1 0	0	1500	...	2 3 11	0	0	.	1014 13 1	0 0 0
Swinton, Cornet George Keith	28 Mar. 55	0	1500	...	0 0 0	547 11 1	0	0	...	466 2 11	0	1500	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	0 8 9	0	1000	..	0 0 0	82 0 11
T.																							
Taber, Captain Samuel James, of the 7th Light Cavalry	6 Dec. 49	0	900		48 0 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	18 0 0	0	900	...	66 0 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	900	.	66 0 4	0 0 0
Tandy, John O'Brien	26 Oct. 57	0	7000		1189 14 1	0 0 0	0	2000	.	786 12 [illegible]	0	9000	..	1976 10 4	0	500	...	1814 3 6	0	8500		162 6 10	0 0 0
Taylor, Charles Bladen	5 May 58	0	3000		0 0 0	128 9 4	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	3000	...	0 0 0	0	0	..	133 12 10	0	3000	..	0 0 0	262 6 2
——, Frederick	23 July 58	0	0	.	0 0 0	83 12 11	0	0	.	102 1 11	0	0	...	18 5 0	0	0	...	18 5 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, Captain John Henry George	21 May 58	0	0	.	0 0 0	83 5 11	0	1200	...	1280 10 8	0	1200	...	1197 4 9	0	0	...	1157 11 4	0	1200	...	39 9 5	0 0
——, Robert ...	Taken charge 16 Oct. 57	0	0	.	151 14 1	0 0 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	151 14 1	0	0	...	105 14 7	0	0	...	45 15 6	0 0
——, Lieutenant Robert Thomas	17 April 57	0	0	...	11 11 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 11 2	0	0	...	11 11 2	0	0	.	0 0 0	0 0
Thomas, David	18 Nov. 57	0	1200	.	236 7 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	24 0 0	0	1200	..	260 7 9	0	0	...	0 5 9	0	1200	.	260 2 0	0 0
——, Joseph	29 Oct. 57	0	0		549 15 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	549 15 10	0	0	...	375 8 10	0	0		174 7 0	0 0
——, Major George Powell	15 Dec. 58	0	0	..	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	.	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	63 4 4	0	0		0 0 0	63 4
Thompson, Lieut. Henry Langthorne ...	Taken charge 26 Mar. 57	0	0	.	405 14 2	0 0 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	..	405 14 2	0	0	...	405 14 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
——, Wm. Francis (C. B.)	30 Jan. 43	0	1500	...	9 3 2	0 0 0	0	0	..	1 5 0	0	1500	.	10 8 2	0	0	...	1 5 0	0	1500	...	9 3 2	0 0
Thomson, James	26 Mar. 44	0	700	.	321 12 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	...	335 12 1	0	0	...	0 11 2	0	700	..	335 0 11	0 0
——, Sir James (K. C. B.)	4 Oct. 53	0	0	...	456 11 4	0 0 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	..	456 11 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	.	456 11 4	0 0
——, Captain Michael Angelo Ferguson	30 July 58	0	0	.	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	2000	...	1949 11 1	0	2000	...	1949 11 1	0	0	...	1970 10 4	0	2000	.	0 0 0	20 15
——, Dr. William J.	18 Mar. 42	0	600	...	293 6 0	0 0 0	0	0	.	12 0 0	0	600	...	305 6 0	0	0	...	0 9 7	0	600	...	304 12 5	0 0
Thornhill, Captain Alonzo	21 Aug. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	..	148 4 10	0	0	...	148 4 10	0	0	..	135 12 4	0	0	...	12 8 6	0 0
——, Henry Bensley	19 May 58	0	2500	..	0 0 0	210 13 9	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	2500	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	18 0 0	0	2500	.	0 0 0	228 13
——, John Bensley	Ditto	0	0	...	0 0 0	83 4 11	0	0	...	2740 8 0	0	0	..	2657 3 1	0	0	...	2654 1 1	0	0	...	3 2 0	0 0
——, Robert Bensley	...	0	0	...	18 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	..	18 0 0	0	0	...	18 0 0	0	0		0 0 0	0 0
Thriepland, Thomas	23 Feb. 58	0	1000	...	0 0 0	10 10 5	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	1000	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	33 12 0	0	1000	.	0 0 0	44 6
Torrens, Henry Whitelock	14 Sept. 52	0	0	.	20 4 6	0 0 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 4 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0		20 4 6	0 0
Toulmin, Lieut. Tom Henry	1 Dec. 57	0	2000	.	0 0 0	79 11 [illegible]	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	2000	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	2000	...	0 0 0	79 11
Tranter, Sub-Assistant Surgeon George	8 July 56	0	1000	.	67 13 2	0 0 0	0	0	.	0 0 0	0	1000	.	67 13 2	0	0	...	5 0 0	0	1000		62 13 2	0 0
Travers, Lieut. Henry Millet	3 Jan. 43	0	3100	.	179 15 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	62 0 0	0	3100	...	241 15 9	0	0	...	3 1 7	0	3100		238 14 2	0 0
Tregear, Vincent	Taken charge 2 Nov. 57	0	0	.	0 0 0	0 5 0	0	4300	...	4827 15 4	0	4300	...	4827 10 4	0	0	...	4170 5 4	0	4300		657 5 0	0 0
Treston, Edward	29 May 55	0	69300		0 0 0	867 12 7	0	500	..	1372 13 6	0	69800	...	505 0 11	0	0	...	510 15 11	0	69800		0 0 0	5 15
Trower, Capt. Chas. Farquhar	14 June 47	0	0		682 4 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	682 4 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0		682 4 8	0 0
Tucker, Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Tudor ...	30 July 58	0	0		0 0 0	0 0 0	0	2500	...	2229 15 1	0	2500	...	2229 15 1	0	0	...	4793 12 2	0	2500	...	0 0 0	2563 13
Tudor, Lieut.-Colonel James Colley ...	15 Dec. 58	0	2500	.	106 0 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 0 0	0	2500	.	156 0 9	0	0	...	44 6 2	0	2500	...	111 10 7	0 0
Tulloch, Ensign Frederick Duncan ..	Taken charge 20 Dec. 54	0	0		4 7 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 7 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 7 6	0 0
Turner, Captain Athill ..	25 Jan. 58	0	2800	.	414 9 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	64 0 0	0	2800	...	478 9 5	0	0	...	0 15 4	0	2800	...	477 10 1	0 0
——, Lt. and Brevet Capt. George Fitz William	21 Sept. 58	0	0	.	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	..	63 4 4	0	0	..	0 0 0	63 4
——, William	23 June 53	1000	2600		378 4 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	73 5 4	1000	2600	...	451 9 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	1000	2600	...	451 9 10	0 0
Tyler, Conductor Samuel ...	15 Feb. 48	0	500	...	153 15 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	163 15 10	0	0	...	0 8 0	0	500	...	163 7 10	0 0

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Balance on 1st July 1858.					Receipts up to 31st December 1858.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1858.				Balance on 31st December 1858.					
		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To D
		Sa. Rs.	Co's Rs		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co.Rs		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co's Rs		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co's Rs		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A
V.																							
Valle, Bartholomew ...	9 Jan. 37	2000	3500	...	104 3 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	102 10 8	2000	3500	...	206 14 2	0	0	...	5 2 2	2000	3500	...	201 12 0	0
VanVoorst, Gysbert ...	11 Sept. 38	0	0	...	3 7 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 7 2	0	0	...	3 7 2	0	0	..	0 0 0	0
Vanzette, Capt. George Lewis	22 June 35	0	600	...	195 5 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	....	207 5 9	0	0	...	0 9 7	0	600	...	206 12 2	0
Vanqulin, John ...	27 May 50	500	3000	...	141 13 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	70 10 8	500	3000	...	212 7 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	500	3000	...	212 7 8	0
Verlie, Jeane Xavier	12 June 51	0	500	...	114 15 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	124 15 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	124 15 9	0
Vincent, Ensign Robert ..	12 Dec. 43	0	0	...	53 5 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	53 5 9	0	0	...	46 1 10	0	0	..	7 3 11	0
W.																							
Wade, James ..	15 July 51	0	3100	...	85 12 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	72 0 0	0	3100	...	157 12 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	3100		157 12 5	0
Walker, John ...	18 Feb. 59	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	28 2 9	0	0	...	28 2 9	0	0	...	28 2 9	0	0	..	0 0 0	0
Wallace, David .	26 May 40	0	0	...	49 9 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	49 9 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	.	49 9 0	0
———, William ..	11 July 39	500	600	...	142 1 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	22 10 8	500	600	...	164 12 2	0	0	...	1 2 1	500	600	..	163 10 1	0
Walmsley, James ..	Taken charge 19 Feb. 56	0	500	...	0 0 0	311 14 9	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 0 5	0	500	..	0 0 0	303 15
Walsh, Pension Serjt. John	16 Feb. 52	0	1000	...	125 15 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 0 0	0	1000	...	145 15 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	1000	.	145 15 1	0
Ward, Lieutenant Mathew	17 Feb. 46	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	462 12 0	0	0	...	462 12 0	0	0	...	462 12 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	0
Warde, Lt. Wm.W. of 56th N.I.	29 May 49	0	0	...	85 15 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	85 15 10	0	0	...	85 15 10	0	0	..	0 0 0	0
Warden, Captain and Brevet Major Wm. Elleson ..	30 July 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	1500	...	1376 11 5	0	1500	...	1376 11 5	0	0	...	1496 14 9	0	1500		0 0 0	120 3
Warren, Lt. David Crawford	Taken charge 17 Feb. 57	0	0	...	4 5 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 8 1	0	0	...	4 13 4	0	0	...	4 13 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0
Way, Ensign Charles Gregory, of 62nd N. I. ...	Taken charge 2 May 58	0	0	...	95 10 4	0 0 0	0	0	.	0 0 0	0	0	...	95 10 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	95 10 4	0
Weaver, John ...	4 Mar. 51	0	0	...	253 11 9	0 0 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	253 11 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	..	253 11 9	0
Webb, G. A.	... .	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 2 0	0	0	.	0 2 0	0	0	.	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	.	0 0 0	0
Webster, James (Mariner) ...	6 Dec. 44	0	0	...	66 10 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	66 10 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	..	66 10 9	0
Wedderburn, John ...	21 May 58	1500	14000	*25	190 11 4	0 0 0	0	8500	...	7848 6 1	1500	22500	*25	8039 1 5	0	0	*25	8165 8 0	1500	22500	...	0 0 0	126 6
Wells, Frederick Thomas ...	14 Aug. 56	0	0	...	11 15 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 6 0	0	0	...	12 5 11	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	.	12 5 11	0
——, Hospital Steward Geo.	5 Dec. 56	0	3300	...	359 9 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	50 0 0	0	3300	...	409 9 0	0	0	...	5 2 11	0	3300	.	404 6 1	0
Welton, John (Inspector) ...	16 April 56	0	1200	...	166 13 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	24 0 0	0	1200	..	190 13 4	0	0	...	0 5 9	0	1200	..	190 7 7	0
Wharton, Mrs. Harriette ..	Taken charge 5 June 57	0	0	...	290 11 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	.	290 11 4	0	0	...	11 7 6	0	0		279 3 10	0

East Indian Railway Company's Shares.

Whish, Lt. Edward Samson ...	10 Nov. 57	o	600	...	249 12 10	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	600	...	249 12 10	o	o	...	o o o	o	600	...	249 12 10	o o o
White, Charles Peter ...	18 Feb. 59	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	o	...	488 12 4	o	o	.	488 12 4	o	o	...	188 12 1	o	o	...	300 0 3	o o o
——, Mrs. Eliza ...	..	o	o	...	35 2 4	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	..	35 2 4	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	35 2 4	o o o
White, George Grindall ...	16 May 54	o	1200	...	o o o	155 13 5	o	o	..	24 0 0	o	1200	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	1200	...	o o o	131 13 5
——, Captain John ...	6 Oct. 07	o	58800	...	1154 5 1	o o o	o	2200	...	1146 0 0	o	61000	...	2300 5 1	o	o	...	2056 4 5	o	61000	...	244 0 8	o o o
Wight, Charles ...	... ..	o	o	...	492 7 6	o o o	o	o	...	7 8 6	o	o	...	500 0 0	o	o	...	500 0 0	o	o	...	o o o	o o o
Wilcox, Richard ...	8 July 51	o	800	...	159 15 11	o o o	o	o	...	16 0 0	o	800	...	175 15 11	o	o	...	o o o	o	800	...	175 15 11	o o o
Wildig, Capt. Henry Park ...	22 June 58	o	o	...	o o o	83 3 11	o	o	...	6 0 0	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	0 1 5	o	o	...	o o o	77 5 4
Wilkie, John ...	Taken charge 18 Mar. 58	o	o	...	4 12 1	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	4 12 1	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	4 12 1	o o o
Wilkins, Joseph ..	Taken charge 2 Nov. 57	o	o	...	382 1 1	o o o	o	600	...	680 0 0	o	600	..	1062 1 1	o	o	...	569 4 6	o	600	...	492 12 7	o o o
Willetts, William ...	3 Jan. 56	1000	11300	...	267 12 1	o o o	o	500	...	261 5 4	1000	11800	...	529 1 5	o	o	...	469 13 2	1000	11800	...	59 4 3	o o o
Williams, Mrs. Mary Katherine	13 Oct. 40	o	14800	...	498 3 6	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	14800	...	498 3 6	o	o	...	3067 8 9	o	14800	...	o o o	2569 5 3
——, Mrs. Nancy ...	30 May 45	o	500	...	240 6 10	o o o	o	o	...	54 0 0	o	500	..	294 6 10	o	o	..	11 12 6	o	500	...	282 10 4	o o o
——, Lt.-Col. Stephen	24 Nov. 58	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	..	83 3 11	o	o	...	o o o	83 3 11
Williamson, Capt. William ..	9 Mar. 58	o	8700	...	o o o	223 15 6	o	4700	...	7033 8 11	o	13400	...	6809 9 5	o	o	...	4515 0 11	o	13400	...	2294 8 6	o o o
Willoughby, Lieutenant-Colonel Richard ...	27 Oct. 25	o	1500	...	438 1 1	o o o	o	o	...	30 0 0	o	1500	...	468 1 1	o	o	...	1 8 0	o	1500	...	466 9 1	o o o
Wilson, Archibald ..	18 Nov. 57	o	1000	...	382 8 5	o o o	o	o	...	40 0 0	o	1000	...	422 8 5	o	o	...	0 9 7	o	1000	...	421 14 10	o o o
——, Mrs. Bridget ..	21 Aug. 55	o	500	...	o o o	267 2 8	o	o	...	10 0 0	o	500	...	o o o	o	o	...	14 5 9	o	500	...	o o o	271 8 5
Winter, John ..	Taken charge 9 Dec. 57	o	o	...	2 12 10	o o o	o	o	..	o o o	o	o	...	2 12 10	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	2 12 10	o o o
Wishart, William ...	Taken charge 19 April 55	o	o	...	47 4 3	o o o	o	o	.	o o o	o	o	...	47 4 3	o	o	...	47 4 3	o	o	...	o o o	o o o
Woodcock, Wm. Henry .	27 Sept. 57	o	500	...	106 15 6	o o o	o	o	...	10 0 0	o	500	...	116 15 6	o	o	...	1 6 5	o	500	...	115 9 1	o o o
Woodhouse, Captain Charles Richard ..	3 Nov. 54	o	o	...	7 12 9	o o o	o	o	..	o o o	o	o	...	7 12 9	o	o	...	7 12 9	o	o	...	o o o	o o o
Woolridge, W. ...	Taken charge 19 Aug. 58	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	o	...	455 7 6	o	o	...	455 7 6	o	o	...	189 8 7	o	o	...	265 14 11	o o o
Worseley, Major Henry Nelson	22 May 49	o	1000	...	o o o	225 15 8	o	o	...	933 5 1	o	1000	...	707 5 5	o	1000	...	o o o	o	o	...	707 5 5	o o
Wright, Mrs. Eliza ...	18 Nov. 55	o	1300	...	o o o	211 14 3	o	o	...	26 0 0	o	1300	...	o o o	o	o	...	0 6 3	o	1300	...	o o o	186 4
——, John Waller ..	10 Jan. 56	o	1200	...	o o o	245 9 1	o	o	...	24 0 0	o	1200	...	o o o	o	o	...	0 5 9	o	1200	...	o o o	221 14 1
Wyatt, G. .	..	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	o	..	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	0 4 0	o	o	...	o o o	0 4
——, Thomas ...	15 Sept. 57	o	2500	...	200 3 4	o 0 o	o	o	...	o o o	o	2500	...	200 3 4	o	o	...	1 0 0	o	2500	...	199 3 4	o o
Wylly, Ensign E. M. .	... ...	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	o	...	4 8 6	o	o	...	4 8 6	o	o	...	4 8 6	o	o	...	o o o	o o
——, Captain Frederick Adolphus ...	24 Nov. 58	o	o	...	o o o	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	83 3 11	o	o	...	o o o	83 3 1
Wyndham, Captain Charles ...	29 Aug. 42	o	800	...	389 11 7	o o o	o	o	...	16 0 0	o	800	...	405 11 7	o	o	...	0 12 10	o	800	...	404 14 9	o o
Y.																							
Yorke, Lieutenant James ..	1 June 58	o	o	...	o o o	59 3 10	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	59 3 1
Young, Mrs. Ann ..	18 May 41	o	5800	...	122 5 6	o o o	o	o	...	116 0 0	o	5800	...	238 5 6	o	o	...	5 12 9	o	5800	...	232 8 9	o o
——, Captain James ...	Taken charge 17 Mar. 58	o	o	...	o o o	0 2 0	o	o	...	144 9 3	o	o	...	144 7 3	o	o	...	2 3 8	o	o	...	142 3 7	o o
——, Major Thomas of 54th N. I. ...	26 June 32	o	700	...	196 8 4	o o o	o	o	...	14 0 0	o	700	...	210 8 4	o	o	...	0 11 2	o	700	...	209 13 2	o o

E. E.

C. S. HOGG,
Administrator General.

Calcutta, 31st December 1858.

SCHEDULE C. of all Sums of Money, Bonds, and other Securities received by the Administrator General, on account of ADJUSTED Estates *not* being HINDOO MAHOMEDAN remaining under his charge, together with the Payments made thereout and the Balances. Prepared up to the 31st December 1858, under Sect XXXIV. of Act VIII. of 1855.

ESTATES	Date of Administration.	Balance on 1st July 1858.					Receipts up to 31st Dec. 1858.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st Dec. 1858.				Balance on 31st December 1858.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To Debit. Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To Debit. Rs. A. P.
A.																							
Adams, Henry.	23 May 45 Under Power	0	8800	...	0 0 0	94 3 7	0	0	...	176 0 0	0	8800	...	81 12 5	0	0	...	8 12 10	0	8800	...	72 15 7	0 0 0
——, Major General Sir J. W.	26 June 43	0	1000	...	132 0 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 0 0	0	1000	...	152 0 4	0	0	...	1 0 0	0	1000	...	151 0 4	0 0 0
Agabeg, Aviet	19 June 39	0	1500	...	209 3 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	30 0 0	0	1500	...	239 3 11	0	0	...	1 8 0	0	1500	...	237 11 11	0 0 0
——, Lazar (Sugar Merchant)	11 June 39	0	2600	...	363 2 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	52 0 0	0	2600	...	415 2 5	0	0	...	2 9 7	0	2600	...	412 8 10	0 0 0
Ahmuty, Richard	10 June 34	4700	11100	...	202 1 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	322 4 3	4700	11100	...	524 5 5	0	0	...	316 1 10	4700	11100	...	208 3 7	0 0 0
Alexander, Lieutenant John Staples (Engineers)	6 Dec. 43	0	600	...	0 0 0	111 15 3	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 9 7	0	600	...	0 0 0	100 8 10
Alston, Captain William	27 Aug. 44	0	0	...	249 8 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	249 8 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	249 8 9	0 0 0
Arrakil, Mrs. Begoom Caehick, Share Account of House No. 10, Armenian Street	6 April 36	0	0	...	313 10 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	300 0 0	0	0	...	613 10 11	0	0	...	37 8 0	0	0	...	576 2 11	0 0 0
——, Share Account of House, No. 11, Armenian Street	6 April 36	0	0	...	129 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	210 0 0	0	0	...	339 0 0	0	0	...	260 4 0	0	0	...	78 12 0	0 0 0
——, Share Account of House, No. 12, Armenian Street	6 April 36	0	0	...	274 8 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	57 0 0	0	0	...	331 8 1	0	0	...	42 0 4	0	0	...	289 7 9	0 0 0
——, Share Account of House, No. 42, Garden Reach	6 April 36	0	0	...	521 4 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	780 0 0	0	0	...	1301 4 10	0	0	...	984 11 11	0	0	...	316 8 11	0 0 0
——, Share Account of House, No. 1. Lucas Lane	6 April 36	0	0	...	156 5 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	180 0 0	0	0	...	336 5 8	0	0	...	101 4 0	0	0	...	235 1 8	0 0 0
——, Carrapiet, Legacy of Hosanah Narces	29 Mar. 20	1000	500	...	171 2 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	31 5 4	1000	500	...	202 7 5	0	0	...	1 9 1	1000	500	...	200 14 4	0 0 0
Auld, James	21 Nov. 56	0	0	...	4 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 1 0	0	0	...	4 1 0	0	0	...	4 1 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Aviet, Minas	22 June 43	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	2000 0 0	0	0	...	2000 0 0	0	0	...	100 0 0	0	0	...	1900 0 0	0 0 0
—— Legacy to his daughter Mary	22 June 43	0	7000	...	157 5 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	140 0 0	0	7000	...	297 5 3	0	0	...	271 1 2	0	7000	...	26 4 1	0 0 0

A.																							
Aviet, Minas, Share Account of Johannes Minas Aviet	22 June 43	0	2500	..	135 2 9	0 0 0	0	0		50 0 0	0	2500		185 2 9	0	0	..	22 8 0	0	2500		162 10 9	0 0 0
——, Minas Share Account of Joseph Minas Aviet ...	22 June 13	0	2500	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0		50 0 0	0	2500	...	50 0 0	0	0	...	2 8 0	0	2500	...	47 8 0	0 0 0
B																							
Baddiley, James	6 June 18	0	22200		0 0 0	310 4 1	0	0		880 2 11	0	22200	.	569 14 10	0	500	...	710 5 2	0	21700	...	0 0 0	140 6 4
Baillie, Francis Gladwin	21 Jan. 41	0	800		72 14 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	16 0 0	0	800	...	88 14 1	0	0	.	15 3 4	0	800	.	73 10 9	0 0 0
——, Dr George, Account of Trustees and Executor under his Will	27 June 55	0	125100	*2	311 10 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	2970 0 0	0	125100	*2	3281 10 2	0	0	...	2999 6 0	0	125100	*2	282 4 2	0 0 0
Baker, Mrs Charlotte Caroline, Share Account of W. C. B. and G. F. Baker, the Children of late W. Baker	23 April 56	7550	13000	...	839 9 0	0 0 0	0	800	.	461 14 8	7550	13800		1301 7 8	0	0	.	1201 6 9	7550	13800		100 0 11	0 0 0
——, Share Account of Dr. and Mrs C. Dyer	23 April 56	22200	29500	...	1336 4 4	0 0 0	0	0	.	843 9 7	22200	29500	. .	2179 13 11	0	0		2089 2 10	22200	29500	...	90 11 1	0 0 0
——, William Whealy	24 July 57	0	0		2 9 5	0 0 0	0	0	.	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 9 5	0	0	...	1 0 0	0	0		1 9 5	0 0 0
Ball, George	10 Nov. 57	0	2700	.	0 0 0	133 2 5	0	0		0 0 0	0	2700	.	0 0 0	0	0	...	91 14 0	0	2700	..	0 0 0	225 0 5
Barjon, Louis	17 Nov. 56	0	0	...	3 13 5	0 0 0	0	0	.	0 0 0	0	0	.	3 13 5	0	0	...	3 13 5	0	0	.	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, Share Account of C. E. Millett, son of Eliza Barjon alias Millett	17 Nov. 56	0	1500		334 9 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	1500	..	334 9 11	0	0	...	30 3 7	0	1500		304 6 4	0 0 0
——, Share Account of Mrs. C. Miller, Wife of George Miller	17 Nov. 56	0	1500	...	447 13 7	0 0 0	0	500		0 9 6	0	2000	..	448 7 1	0	0	.	489 6 8	0	2000	...	0 0 0	40 15 7
Barlow, Sir Robert	29 May 57	5000	25300	..	0 0 0	2848 11 0	0	0	.	17154 2 8	5000	25300	...	14365 7 8	5000	25300	...	14301 1 8	0	0	..	4 6 0	0 0 0
——, Sir Robert, Account of the next of Kin	29 May 56	0	0		0 0 0	0 0 0	5000	25300	.	16734 7 8	5000	25300	.	16734 7 8	0	2900	..	17001 14 8	5000	22400	...	0 0 0	267 7 0
Barron, Lieut.-Col. Thomas	24 Nov. 46	0	7500		0 0 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	150 0 0	0	7500	..	150 0 6	0	0	...	150 0 0	0	7500	..	0 0 6	0 0 0
Baudry, Mrs Hortense	23 April 57	0	0		1 14 0	0 0 0	0	0	.	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 14 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 14 0	0 0 0
Becher, Major Robert	Power from Executor 1 Aug. 42	0	19300	...	0 0 0	0 12 7	0	0		386 0 0	0	19300	.	385 3 5	0	0	...	385 3 5	0	19300	..	0 0 0	0 0 0
Begbie, Peter	6 Nov. 40	0	0	...	29 0 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	.	29 0 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	29 0 1	0 0 0
Belanis, Mrs. Elizabeth	Taken charge 16 April 50	0	0		31 10 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	31 10 11	0	0	...	31 10 11	0	0		0 0 0	0 0 0
Bell, Conductor George	10 Dec. 49	0	0		318 11 0	0 0 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0		318 11 0	0	0	.	84 5 6	0	0		234 5 6	0 0 0
Bennett, William Henry ...	22 Nov. 54	0	0	.	4 2 11	0 0 0	0	0	.	0 0 0	0	0	.	4 2 11	0	0	.	4 2 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Benson, Major George	13 May 34	0	8300		387 9 6	0 0 0	0	0	.	166 0 0	0	8300	...	553 9 6	0	0	.	136 4 10	0	8300	...	417 4 8	0 0 0
Bentley, Mrs Anne Legacy to Anne Eliza Bagley	15 July 50	0	5000	...	1 0 9	0 0 0	0	0	.	100 0 0	0	5000	..	101 0 9	0	0	...	99 14 7	0	5000		1 2 2	0 0 0
——, Legacy to Anne Broadhead	15 July 50	0	4000		12 5 7	0 0 0	0	0		80 0 0	0	4000	...	92 5 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	4000		92 5 7	0 0 0
——, Legacy to Jane A. Davidson	15 July 50	0	5000	...	6 6 2	0 0 0	0	0	..	100 0 0	0	5000	...	106 6 2	0	0		199 13 2	0	5000	..	0 0 0	-93 7
——, Life Interest for Miss E. E. Emmer	15 July 50	0	33500	...	0 0 0	247 12 1	0	0	.	670 0 0	0	33500	...	422 3 11	0	0	.	668 9 5	0	33500	.	0 0 0	246 5

* Bank of Bengal Shares.

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Balance on 1st July 1858.					Receipts up to 31st Dec. 1858.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1858.				Balance on 31st December 1858.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co's Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co's Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
B.																							
Bentley, Robert Alexander, Legacy to the Apprenticing Society ...	18 Feb. 53	0	2500	...	398 0 5	0 0 0	0	500	...	50 0 0	0	3000	...	448 0 5	0	0	...	501 8 9	0	3000	...	0 0 0	53 8
Bizzett, Assistant Surgeon William Weddel ...	3 Feb. 57	0	0	...	6 10 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 10 0	0	0	...	6 10 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
Black, Captain William ...	15 Dec. 56	0	0	...	3 1 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 1 11	0	0	...	3 1 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
Bogle, George ...	10 June 34	0	0	...	10 11 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 11 10	0	0	...	10 11 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
Bond, George, Share Account of Miss C. Bond now Mrs. A. Andre ...	15 Aug. 42	0	600	...	375 11 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	387 11 6	0	0	...	0 9 7	0	600	...	387 1 11	0 0
Brae, Thomas the Elder, Share Account G. D. Brae ...	28 Jan. 51	0	10000	...	374 6 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	120 0 0	0	10000	...	494 6 2	0	10000	...	494 6 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
Brewitt, William ...	8 Oct. 50	0	900	...	0 0 0	31 13 0	0	0	...	18 0 0	0	900	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	111 6 11	0	900	...	0 0 0	125 3 11
Bright, George Warren ...	31 Oct. 50	0	18300	...	1112 6 9	0 0 0	0	1700	...	866 2 6	0	20000	...	1978 9 3	0	0	...	1984 11 5	0	20000	...	0 0 0	6 2 3
Brooke, Wm. Augustus, Trust of Mahomedan Woman ...	5 Aug. 33	9000	0	...	181 8 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	192 0 0	9000	0	...	373 8 10	0	0	...	373 8 10	9000	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Brown, Charles ...	14 July 45	2000	0	...	0 0 0	40 5 6	0	0	...	42 10 8	2000	0	...	2 5 2	0	0	...	2 2 2	2000	0	...	0 3 0	0 0 0
———, Major Genl. Clements	28 June 41	0	28900	...	98 0 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	578 0 0	0	28900	...	676 0 7	0	0	...	628 14 6	0	28900	...	47 2 1	0 0 0
Bubb, George Turner ...	10 Oct. 57	0	7400	...	0 0 0	746 13 10	0	0	...	7124 11 9	0	7400	...	6377 13 11	0	7400	...	6356 11 11	0	0	...	21 2 0	0 0 0
Burnett, Captain Charles James Francis ...	5 Aug. 46	0	0	...	3262 0 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 13 0	0	0	...	3262 13 3	0	0	...	3262 13 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Burnside, Lt.-Colonel Henry	3 Jan. 50	0	25400	...	0 0 0	22 14 11	0	0	...	508 0 0	0	25400	...	485 1 1	0	0	...	506 11 9	0	25400	...	0 0 0	21 10 8
Bushby, George Alexander, Mrs. English's charity account ...	11 Aug. 57	45000	11500	...	1333 1 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	960 0 0	45000	11500	...	2293 1 10	0	0	...	1090 0 0	45000	11500	...	1203 1 10	0 0 0
Byng, Capt. Edmund Disney	24 Oct. 53	0	0	...	12 12 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 12 6	0	0	...	12 12 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Byrne, Conductor Thomas ...	6 Jan. 57	0	0	...	0 12 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 12 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 12 0	0 0 0
———, Account of sole Legatee to Mrs. M. Byrne, widow of the deceased ...	6 Jan. 57	0	1200	...	110 2 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	1200	...	110 2 8	0	1200	...	110 2 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
———, Thomas (Engineer) ...	29 Oct. 57	0	3300	...	408 11 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	2982 7 7	0	3300	...	3391 3 0	0	3300	...	3381 10 1	0	0	...	9 8 11	0 0 0
C.																							
Caddy, Brevet Major Douglas Truscott ...	8 Mar. 55	0	4800	...	0 0 0	83 14 5	0	0		96 0 0	0	4800	...	12 1 7	0	0	...	184 2 2	0	4800	...	0 0 0	172 0 7
Cardew, Frederick, Share account of Miss A. E. Cardew	19 June 54	0	38200	...	112 0 3	0 0 0	0	1000	...	1446 0 0	0	39200	...	1558 0 3	0	0	...	1624 14 3	0	39200	...	0 0 0	66 14 0

C.

Cardew, Fredk. Share account of Miss C. L. Cardew	19 June 54	o	38200	...	112 0 3	o o o	o	1000	...	1446 0 0	o	39200	...	1558 0 3	o	o	...	1559 12 2	o	39200	...	o o o	1 11 11
——, Share account of Mr. F. Cardew	Ditto	o	38200	...	o o o	5647 15 9	o	o	...	4364 0 0	o	38200	...	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	38200	...	o o o	1283 15 9
——, Share account of Miss L. M. Cardew	Ditto	o	38200	...	112 0 4	o o o	o	1000	...	1446 0 0	o	39200	...	1558 0 4	o	o	...	1559 12 2	o	39200	...	o o o	1 11 10
——, Share account of Miss R. E. Cardew	Ditto	o	38200	...	112 0 4	o o o	o	1000	...	1446 0 0	o	39200	...	1558 0 4	o	o	...	1559 12 2	o	39200	...	o o o	1 11 10
——, Share account of Miss S. K. Cardew	Ditto	o	38200	...	112 0 4	o o o	o	1000	...	1446 0 0	o	39200	...	1558 0 4	o	o	...	1559 12 2	o	39200	...	o o o	1 11 10
Carr, George, Share account of Joseph Brown	8 May 47	o	500	...	157 10 10	o o o	o	o	...	10 0 0	o	500	...	167 10 10	o	o	...	0 8 0	o	500	...	167 2 10	o o o
——, Gunner Joseph, Legacy account of Wm. Henry Carr	5 July 55	o	o	...	104 1 2	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	104 1 2	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	104 1 2	o o [illegible]
Carrapiet, Mrs. Anna Johannes Joseph Ter	4 Mar. 43	o	o	...	238 15 9	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	238 15 9	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	238 15 9	o o [illegible]
——, Account Legacy for the Holy See at Edymyatzeer	Ditto	o	1800	...	282 2 7	o o o	o	o	...	36 0 0	o	1800	...	318 2 7	o	o	...	1 12 10	o	1800	...	316 5 9	o o [illegible]
——, Account Legacy for the Holy See at Jerusalem	Ditto	o	2000	...	112 7 4	o o o	o	o	...	40 0 0	o	2000	...	152 7 4	o	o	...	2 0 0	o	2000	...	150 7 4	o o [illegible]
——, Account Legacy for Henry, 4th son of Mr. Twidale	Ditto	o	2700	...	485 4 11	o o o	o	500	...	54 15 10	o	3200	...	490 4 9	o	o	...	492 1 10	o	3200	...	o o o	1 13 [illegible]
——, Acct. Legacy for the other Children of Mr. Twidale	Ditto	o	1800	...	253 14 2	o o o	o	o	...	36 0 0	o	1800	...	289 14 2	o	o	...	1 12 10	o	1800	...	288 1 4	o o [illegible]
——, Share Account of House, No. 25, Doomtullah Street in the Will No. 40	Ditto	o	o	...	114 2 6	o o o	o	o	...	110 0 0	o	o	...	224 2 6	o	o	...	17 13 9	o	o	...	206 4 9	o o [illegible]
——, Share Account of House, No. 26, Doomtullah Street in ditto No. 42	Ditto	o	o	...	142 10 0	o o o	o	o	...	150 0 0	o	o	...	292 10 0	o	o	...	22 2 2	o	o	...	270 7 10	o o [illegible]
——, Share Account of House, No. 27, Doomtullah Street, in ditto No. 41	Ditto	o	o	...	153 0 0	o o o	o	o	...	180 0 0	o	o	...	333 0 0	o	o	...	28 3 2	o	o	...	304 12 10	o o [illegible]
——, Share Account of House, No. 41, Doomtullah Street in ditto No. 60	Ditto	o	700	...	56 2 11	o o o	o	o	...	144 0 0	o	700	...	200 2 11	o	o	...	92 6 6	o	700	...	107 12 5	o o [illegible]
Chaplin, Joseph	30 Jan. 43	o	700	...	o o o	144 2 7	o	o	...	14 0 0	o	700	...	o o o	o	o	...	0 11 2	o	700	...	o o o	130 13 [illegible]
Chew, Mrs Louisa Sydney, Share Account of J. N. Chew	1 Feb. 47	2000	o	...	o o o	127 0 2	o	o	...	42 10 8	2000	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	266 2 2	2000	o	...	o o o	370 7 [illegible]
——, Ditto of R. W. S. Chew	Ditto	o	4600	...	430 15 6	o o [illegible]	o	500	...	92 15 10	o	5100	...	523 15 4	o	o	...	494 0 4	o	5100	...	29 15 0	[illegible]
Childs, Captain Richard Hutchinson	12 Nov. 50	2900	2600	...	o o o	53 5 10	o	o	...	118 13 10	2900	2600	...	65 8 0	o	o	...	112 15 4	2900	2600	...	o o o	47 7 [illegible]
Chollet, James	23 Oct. 56	o	o	...	10 7 1	o o o	o	o	...	o o o	o	o	...	10 7 1	o	o	...	10 7 1	o	o	...	o o o	o [illegible]
Clayton, Serjeant Charles	24 Sept. 50	o	1000	...	o o o	262 14 11	o	o	...	20 0 0	o	1000	...	o o o	o	o	...	14 6 9	o	1000	...	o o o	257 5 [illegible]
Comyn, Lieutenant-Colonel Powell Thomas	24 Sept. 41	o	500	...	89 11 0	o o o	o	o	...	10 0 0	o	500	...	99 11 0	o	o	...	0 8 0	o	500	...	99 3 0	o o
Connell, Quarter-Master Serjeant John	7 Jan. 54	4300	3800	...	140 3 3	o o o	o	o	...	167 11 9	4300	3800	...	307 15 0	o	o	...	136 2 11	4300	3800	...	171 12 1	o o

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Balance on 1st July 1858.					Receipts up to 31st December 1858.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1858.				Balance on 31st December 1858.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. As. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
C.																							
Cooney, Serjeant Daniel ...	6 Nov. 46	0	1000	...	0 0 0	6 6 10	0	0	...	20 0 0	0	1000	...	13 9 2	0	0	...	41 0 0	0	1000	...	0 0 0	27 6 [illegible]
Cops, Captain Alfred ...	27 Jan. 51	1000	30000	...	0 0 0	11338 8 8	0	0	...	11270 3 5	1000	30000	...	0 0 0	0	12600	...	0 0 0	1000	17400	...	0 0 0	68 2 [illegible]
Crahley, Robert Godlieb, Account of House No. 12, Chitpore Road ..	25 April 56	0	0	...	0 0 0	831 5 11	0	0	...	437 8 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	513 1 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	906 15 [illegible]
———, Account of the Ground at Sealdah .	25 April 56	0	0	...	247 14 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	113 13 0	0	0	...	361 11 6	0	0	...	1 11 5	0	0	...	360 0 1	0 0 0
Craig, Alexander .	18 Nov. 51	0	1300	...	0 0 0	319 10 2	0	0	...	26 0 0	0	1300	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	1300	...	0 0 0	293 10 [illegible]
———, Share Account of Alexander Craig, Junior ...	Ditto	4600	10100	...	0 0 0	181 11 0	0	0	...	280 2 2	4600	10100	...	98 7 2	0	0	...	144 3 3	4600	10100	...	0 0 0	45 13 [illegible]
———, Ditto of Miss Catherine Craig ..	Ditto	5300	9000	...	0 0 0	163 11 8	0	0	...	273 1 1	5300	9000	...	109 5 5	0	0	...	206 0 0	5300	9000	...	0 0 0	96 10 [illegible]
———, Mrs. Mary ...	9 Nov. 51	1600	1100	...	0 0 0	883 13 8	0	0	...	2513 8 10	1600	1100	...	1629 11 2	1600	1100	...	1228 4 1	0	0	...	401 7 1	0 0 [illegible]
Craigie, Major Patrick, Account of the Trustees of the M. S. of Major and Mrs. A. Q. Hopper	2 Jan. 44	20000	0	...	613 10 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	426 10 8	20000	0	...	1040 5 7	0	0	...	1462 12 0	20000	0	...	0 0 0	422 6 [illegible]
Crawley, William Fitzgerald	9 April 50	0	0	...	7 6 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 6 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 6 9	0 0 [illegible]
Crichton, Lt.-Colonel David .	30 July 51	0	0	...	12 9 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 9 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 9 5	0 0 [illegible]
Cussen, Francis ..	Taken charge 31 Oct. 57	0	0	...	115 1 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	115 1 10	0	0	...	19 0 0	0	0	...	96 1 10	[illegible]
Cuthbertson, James ..	10 Dec. 55	1000	32900	...	0 0 0	1041 12 4	0	3000	...	8727 0 11	1000	35900	...	7685 4 7	0	7200	...	7585 11 2	1000	28700	...	99 9 5	[illegible]
D.																							
DaCosta, John Simon, Reserve Fund Account	7 May 41	500	58200	..	0 0 0	82 3 5	0	0	...	1174 10 8	500	58200	...	1092 7 3	0	0	...	6551 2 7	500	58200	...	0 0 0	5458 11 4
———, Share Account of J. H. N. DaCosta ..	Ditto	113800	220500	...	3967 11 11	0 0 0	0	12000	...	31806 0 10	113800	232500	...	35773 12 9	0	24500	...	23602 3 8	113800	208000	...	12171 9 1	0 0 0
———, Share Account of Miss S. L. F. DaCosta ...	Ditto	0	0	...	242 8 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	300 0 0	0	0	...	542 8 0	0	0	...	280 0 0	0	0	...	262 8 0	0 0 0
———, Trust Account of Miss S L. F. DaCosta for Life Interest ..	Ditto	0	62400	...	0 0 0	1257 13 1	0	1000	...	2351 12 4	0	63400	...	1093 15 3	0	0	...	2411 2 9	0	63400	...	0 0 0	1317 [illegible]
DeRozario, Miss Ann ...	15 Feb. 48	0	0	...	119 4 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	119 4 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	119 4 3	0 0 0
———, Share Account of Misses M. and L. Peters . .	Ditto	0	0	...	134 14 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	134 14 6	0	0	...	53 9 1	0	0	...	81 5 5	0 0 0

DeSilva, Domingo	15 July 48	0	0	...	32 5 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	32 5 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	32 5 5	0 0 [illegible]
———, Share Account of Pedro DeSilva ...	Ditto	39600	0	...	0 0 0	57 7 0	0	600	...	845 15 10	39600	600	...	788 8 10	0	0	...	787 3 9	39600	600	...	1 5 1	0 0 0
Dalton, Lieutenant-Colonel Denis Harman ...	11 Nov. 39	1300	7200	*9	104 14 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	2421 11 8	1300	7200	*9	2526 10 1	0	0	...	2420 15 1	1300	7200	*9	105 11 0	[illegible]
Danre, George Jules ...	17 Dec. 55	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 4 0	0	0	...	7 4 0	0	0	...	7 4 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Dartnell, Dr. Nelson	20 April 57	15400	4000	...	0 0 0	2632 14 8	0	0	...	2907 2 0	15400	4000	...	274 3 4	15400	4000	...	256 4 0	0	0	...	17 15 4	[illegible]
———, Account of the Trustees under the Will	Ditto	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	15400	4000	...	3854 8 6	15400	4000	...	3854 8 6	0	4000	...	3516 10 2	15400	0	...	337 14 4	[illegible]
Deedes, Edward, Share Account of George Deedes ...	3 July 48	6500	61800	...*	0 0 0	367 3 10	0	1000	...	1314 10 8	6500	62800	...	947 6 10	0	0	...	1469 3 10	6500	62800	...	0 0 0	521 13 0
Delamain, Lieutenant-Colonel James ...	13 Mar. 33	0	18700	...	395 11 11	0 0 0	0	700	...	375 6 2	0	19400	...	771 2 1	0	0	...	703 14 2	0	19400	...	67 8 11	[illegible]
Denton, Miss Mary Hollier, Life Interest of Bebee Peanah ...	26 May 48	0	3100	...	0 0 0	382 12 9	0	0	...	62 0 0	0	3100	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	62 0 0	0	3100	...	0 0 0	382 12 [illegible]
Depstell, Mrs. Elizabeth ...	28 April 40	0	1800	..	24 14 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	636 0 0	0	1800	...	660 14 4	0	0	...	996 11 7	0	1800	...	0 0 0	335 13 [illegible]
Dubordieux, Alexander ...	9 Feb. 54	0	33200	...	120 3 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	648 0 0	0	33200	...	768 3 9	0	0	...	485 2 1	0	33200	...	283 1 8	[illegible]
———, Account for the repairs of his Monument ...	Ditto	0	500	...	42 0 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	52 0 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	52 0 5	0 0 0
———, Charles ...	23 Sept. 45	0	5500	..	606 13 9	0 0 0	0	700	...	110 0 0	0	6200	...	716 13 9	0	0	...	646 1 6	0	6200	...	70 12 3	0 0 0
Dubrauche, John ...	28 Jan. 51	0	5000	...	67 5 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	100 0 0	0	5000	...	167 5 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	5000	...	167 5 1	0 0 0
Duncan, Dr. James ..	8 May 54	31600	49100	...	84 12 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	1656 2 2	31600	49100	...	1740 14 11	0	0	...	1652 12 11	31600	49100	...	88 2 0	0 0 0
———, William	13 Aug. 44	0	1700	...	334 11 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	34 0 0	0	1700	...	368 11 9	0	0	...	34 0 0	0	1700	...	334 11 9	0 0 0
Dyce, David Ochterlony *alias* Dyce Sombre ...	2 Sept. 51	0	0	...	12 7 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 7 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 7 6	0 0 0
E.																							
Eden, Lieut. Frederick Grey	5 May 56	0	0	...	402 6 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	402 6 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	402 6 3	0 0
Eliot, John, Acct. for Sundry Legatees ...	3 June 56	10000	0	...	261 5 1	0 0 0	0	500	...	213 14 10	10000	500	...	475 3 11	0	0	...	492 9 11	10000	500	...	0 0 0	17 6
———, Share Account of Mrs. Augusta Thackery ...	Ditto	6000	0	...	542 15 0	0 0 0	0	600	...	128 0 0	6000	600	...	670 15 0	0	0	...	551 0 1	6000	600	...	119 14 11	0 0
Elizabeth, Mrs. Grace ..	7 Mar. 37	16600	11200	...	452 0 4	0 0 0	0	1000	...	578 2 2	16600	12200	...	1030 2 6	0	0	...	969 15 3	16600	12200	...	60 3 3	0 0
E'Souza, Antonio DeLima, Share Account of Monica Fernandez, Account of Joseph and Francis Antonio Fernandez ...	19 Dec. 55	0	500	...	339 5 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	339 5 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	339 5 5	0 0
———, Joseph DeLima ...	... ..	0	3500	...	17 2 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	3500	...	27 2 8	0	0	...	0 2 5	0	3500	...	27 0 3	0 0
F.																							
Fagan, Christopher Weston ...	8 Jan. 57	500	22200	...	272 6 8	0 0 0	0	600	...	361 6 1	500	22800	...	633 12 9	0	0	...	601 5 6	500	22800	...	32 7 3	0 0
———, Share Account of the Children of the deceased ...	Ditto	15000	112000	...	0 0 0	311 15 4	0	0	...	2320 0 0	15000	112000	...	2008 0 8	0	0	...	2555 3 11	15000	112000	...	0 0 0	547 [illegible]
———, Share Account of Mrs. H. E. Fagan ...	Ditto	7500	56000	...	0 0 0	154 14 11	0	0	...	1160 0 0	7500	56000	...	1005 1 1	0	0	...	2681 10 0	7500	56000	...	0 0 0	1676 [illegible]
Fe[illegible]o, Mrs. Rosalia Abrew ...	15 April 42	0	500	...	285 11 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	295 11 6	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	285 11 6	0 0

* Bank of Bengal Shares.

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Balance on 1st July 1858.						Receipts up to 31st December 1858.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1858.				Balance on 31st December 1858.					
		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities	Cash.			Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.		To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co's Rs		Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co.Rs		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co's Rs		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co's Rs		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
F.																									
Ferrao, Mrs. Rozalia Abrew Life Interest for F. Ferrao	15 April 42	0	700	...	52	15 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	...	66 15 7	0	0	...	0 11 2	0	700	...	66 4 5	0 0 0
FitzGerald, Serjeant David ...	19 Mar. 57	0	1000	...	0	0 0	175 8 4	0	0	...	20 0 0	0	1000	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	251 4 0	0	1000	...	0 0 0	406 12 0
Fortune, Captain Alexander	3 April 49	5000	11200	...	162	8 4	0 0 0	0	500	...	331 8 10	5000	11700	...	494 1 2	0	0	...	503 15 10	5000	11700	...	0 0 0	9 14 0
Fowler, Thomas Francis ...	22 Oct. 56	0	0	...	429	2 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	429 2 1	0	0	...	429 2 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Frederick, Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Octavius .	11 Feb. 52	0	35200	...	0	0 0	48 15 8	0	0	...	704 0 0	0	35200	...	655 0 4	0	0	...	702 8 11	0	35200	...	0 0 0	47 8 7
Fulton, Mrs. Lydia ...	9 Nov. 43	0	9500	...	229	5 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	190 0 0	0	9500	...	419 5 11	0	0	...	295 6 9	0	9500	...	123 15 2	0 0 0
G.																									
Gale, Miss Fannella Catherine Ann ...	7 May 50	0	500	...	241	15 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	251 15 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	251 15 5	0 0 0
Garrett, Robert Birch ...	24 Aug. 57	0	115700	...	2147	8 4	0 0 0	0	5000	...	2530 12 9	0	120700	...	4678 5 1	0	0	...	8338 8 2	0	120700	...	0 0 0	3660 3 11
Gawen, Reverend James . .	2 April 56	0	13500	...	0	0 0	388 12 10	0	0	...	337 8 0	0	13500	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	337 5 7	0	13500	...	0 0 0	388 10 10
Gibson, Robert (Senior) ..	11 May 48	135600	152900	...	635	14 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	263426 3 10	135600	152900	...	264062 2 1	135600	152900	...	264062 2 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Gladstone, Lieut. Chas. Alexr.	7 Jan. 56	0	0	...	365	10 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	365 10 10	0	0	...	365 10 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Gomes, Mrs. Margaret ...	1 Aug. 49	0	0	...	52	14 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	52 14 5	0	0	...	52 14 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Gonsalves, Mrs. Anna Maria Barretto ...	5 Aug. 45	0	0	...	21	2 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 2 8	0	0	...	21 2 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Gordon, Ensign Arthur ...	Taken charge 14 June 56	0	0	...	4	12 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	4 12 4	0	0	...	1 0 0	0	0	...	3 12 4	0 0 0
———, Captain Thomas ...	30 Dec. 34	0	0	...	87	14 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	87 14 5	0	0	...	87 14 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Graham, Andrew William ...	5 July 52	0	0	...	136	4 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	136 4 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	136 4 1	0 0 0
Green, Captain James—Share Account of the Children of J. P. Green ...	9 Dec. 45	0	2000	...	31	1 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	40 0 0	0	2000	...	71 1 2	0	0	...	39 3 5	0	2000	...	31 13 9	0 0 0
Greenway, Mrs. Ann Eliza ...	16 Sept. 51	0	500	...	58	0 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	68 0 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	68 0 8	0 0 0
———, Charles Coverdale	11 Dec. 46	0	52700	...	370	4 1	0 0 0	0	1500	...	1054 0 0	0	54200	...	1424 4 1	0	0	...	1449 0 1	0	54200	...	0 0 0	24 12 0
Grissell, Major Charles ...	11 Jan. 56	0	10000	...	94	3 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	200 0 0	0	10000	...	294 3 6	0	0	...	403 0 11	0	10000	...	0 0 0	108 13 5
Guise, Captain Henry John ...	12 April 58	0	3500	...	248	14 8	0 0 0	0	14000	...	13000 0 0	0	17500	...	13248 14 8	0	0	...	13135 12 6	0	17500	...	113 2 2	0 0 0
K.																									
Halliday, Dr. Alexander, Trust for Miss Jane Smith ...	13 Jan. 53	0	15900	...	33	4 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	318 0 0	0	15900	...	351 4 7	0	0	...	353 4 5	0	15900	...	0 0 0	1 15 10
———, for Miss Mary Smith, now Mrs. Dixson ...	Ditto	0	10600	...	55	12 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	212 0 0	0	10600	...	267 12 0	0	0	...	201 13 1	0	10600	...	65 14 11	0 0 0
Hamilton, George ...	21 April 57	0	0	...	2	15 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 15 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	..	2 15 0	0 0 0
Haud, Lieut. Thomas More ...	29 May 57	0	2800	..	0	0	0 1495 11 11	0	0	...	2673 0 1	0	2800	...	1177 4 2	0	2800	..	1175 11 2	0	0	...	1 9 0	0 0 0

Hawks, Lt. John Shaftoe ...	7 July 45	0	6600	...	0 0 0	248 7 2	0	0	...	132 0 0	0	6600	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	126 9 7	0	6600	...	0 0 0	243 0 9
Hayton, John Lazenby ...	28 Oct. 53	1500	12300	...	160 0 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	278 0 0	1500	12300	...	438 0 7	0	0	...	247 3 0	1500	12300	...	190 13 7	0 0 0
Heather, Mrs. Elizabeth ...	24 Sept. 52	0	700	...	1335 7 7	0 0 0	0	1900	...	1461 4 3	0	2600	...	2796 11 10	0	700	...	2102 11 6	0	1900	...	694 0 4	0 0 0
——, Account of Legatees of Mathew Cranenburgh ...	Ditto	0	500	...	30 3 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	40 3 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	40 3 8	0 0 0
——, Share Account of Miss S. E. Nelson ...	Ditto	0	1500	...	0 0 0	907 15 5	0	0	...	1335 2 6	0	1500	...	427 3 1	0	1500	...	246 8 5	0	0	...	180 10 8	0 0 0
——, Share Account of Thomas H. Nelson ...	Ditto	0	600	...	0 0 0	784 2 2	0	0	...	535 6 8	0	600	...	0 0 0	0	600	...	300 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	548 11 6
——, Share Account of William Gordon Nelson ...	Ditto	0	600	...	0 0 0	437 7 9	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	600	...	0 0 0	425 7 9
Hemmings, Major William ...	18 Oct. 41	47400	46700	...	0 0 0	6429 4 10	0	0	...	10533 10 8	47400	46700	...	4104 5 10	0	12200	...	790 12 9	47400	34500	...	3313 9 1	0 0 0
Henchman, Robert ..	14 Sept. 14	2300	0	...	131 13 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	49 1 1	2300	0	...	180 14 11	0	0	...	2 7 3	2300	0	...	178 7 8	0 0 0
Hewett, George	28 April 57	0	0	...	10 5 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 14 0	0	0	...	12 3 0	0	0	...	12 3 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, Account of the next of Kin ...	Ditto	500	31100	...	0 0 0	357 8 10	0	0	...	503 10 8	500	31100	...	145 1 10	0	0	...	9 6 7	500	31100	...	135 11 3	0 0 0
Higgins, George ...	12 June 55	0	2500	...	0 0 0	2657 1 8	0	9700	...	13700 13 4	0	12200	...	11043 11 8	0	4000	...	12881 11 10	0	8200	...	0 0 0	1838 0 2
Hogg, Pensioner Sergeant Henry Legacy Account of Jane Isabella Hogg ...	3 July 56	0	800	...	0 0 0	107 6 3	0	0	...	16 0 0	0	800	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	60 3 10	0	800	...	0 0 0	151 10 1
——, Legacy Account of James Hogg ...	Ditto	0	0	...	800 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	800 0 0	0	0	...	800 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Hornett, Samuel Chollet ...	19 Feb. 39	16200	5900	...	0 0 0	221 8 11	0	0	...	463 9 7	16200	5900	...	242 0 8	0	0	...	523 2 10	16200	5900	...	0 0 0	281 2 2
Hubbard, Frederick Cains ...	Taken charge 8 Mar. 58	0	0	...	899 5 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	899 5 1	0	0	...	899 5 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Hughes, John Share Account of Eliza Ann Harris ...	2 Oct. 52	1200	2400	...	573 11 7	0 0 0	0	700	...	108 15 8	1200	3100	...	682 11 3	0	0	...	670 8 6	1200	3100	...	12 2 9	0 0 0
——, Share Account of Ellen Rachael Hughes ...	Ditto	1200	1100	...	0 0 0	48 5 8	0	0	...	82 15 7	1200	1100	...	34 9 11	0	0	...	150 0 0	1200	1100	...	0 0 0	115 6 1
——, Share Account of Harriet Stephen Hughes ...	Ditto	1200	1100	...	0 0 0	48 5 7	0	0	...	82 15 7	1200	1100	...	34 10 0	0	0	...	150 0 0	1200	1100	...	0 0 0	115 6 0
—— Share Account of J. G. Hughes	Ditto	1200	1100	...	0 0 0	389 13 8	0	0	...	82 15 8	1200	1100	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	1200	1100	...	0 0 0	306 14 0
——, Share Account of Mary Ann Hughes ...	Ditto	1200	1100	...	0 0 0	1563 4 6	0	0	...	2122 2 8	1200	1100	...	558 14 2	1200	1100	...	558 14 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
Huttman, George Henry ...	27 May 46	0	9700	...	0 0 0	56 2 11	0	0	...	194 0 0	0	9700	...	137 13 1	0	0	...	194 0 0	0	9700	...	0 0 0	56 2 [illegible]
Hypher P. ...	... ...	0	0	...	17 8 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	240 0 0	0	0	...	257 8 7	0	0	...	305 12 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	48 4 [illegible]
J.																							
Jackson, Mrs. Elizabeth ...	17 Oct. 37	0	2000	...	10 0 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	40 0 0	0	2000	...	50 0 1	0	0	...	2 0 0	0	2000	...	48 0 1	0 0
——, Dr. Isaac ...	25 April 55	126700	17900	...	0 0 0	688 9 3	0	2500	...	2860 14 11	126700	20400	...	2172 5 8	0	0	...	2363 11 11	126700	20400	...	0 0 0	191 6 3
——, Dr. William, Account of the Executor and Executrix under his Will ...	12 Mar. 55	0	25600	...	348 1 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	512 0 0	0	25600	...	860 1 4	0	0	...	510 15 7	0	25600	...	349 1 9	0 0
Jamison, Dr. James, Account of the Executors and Executrix under the Will ...	12 May 57	0	77000	...	0 0 0	818 3 7	0	0	...	1540 0 0	0	77000	...	721 12 5	0	0	...	3047 6 1	0	77000	...	0 0 0	2325 9 [illegible]
Johnson, Clement Ebenezer...	28 April 57	0	500	...	61 14 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	61 14 8	0	500	...	60 10 8	0	0	...	1 4 0	0 0
——, Account of the next of Kin ...	Ditto	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	500	...	51 14 9	0	500	...	51 14 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	51 14 9	0 0
Johnston, Captain Joseph ...	11 Dec. 27	0	500	...	117 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	127 0 0	0	0	...	0 8 0	0	500	...	126 8 0	0 0

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Balance on 1st July 1858.					Receipts up to 31st Dec. 1858.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st Dec. 1858.				Balance on 31st December 1858.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P
J.																							
Johnston, Capt. Joseph Share Acct. of Miss J. E. Johnston	11 Dec. 27	600	500	...	0 0 0	21 6 10	0	0	...	22 12 10	600	500	...	1 6 0	0	0	...	13 2 3	600	500	...	0 0 0	11 12
——, Share Account of W. S. Johnston ...	11 Dec. 27	800	0	...	335 15 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	17 1 1	800	0	...	353 0 2	0	0	...	12 13 8	800	0	...	340 2 6	0 0
Jones, Augustus ...	21 Nov. 43	0	500	...	190 15 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	200 15 7	0	0	...	8 0	0	500	...	200 7 7	0 0
——, Mrs. Jane Caroline ...	26 Sept. 44	0	8500	...	280 7 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	170 0 0	0	8500	...	450 7 1	0	0	...	169 3 5	0	8500	...	281 3 8	0 0
K.																							
Kelleher, Timothy ...	6 Mar. 49	0	600	...	0 0 0	448 6 6	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	0 0	0	0	...	12 12 7	0	600	...	0 0 0	449 3
Kelly, Dr. John Share Account of Miss L. Kelly ..	29 June 30	0	1000	...	392 6 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 0 0	0	1000	...	412 6 7	0	0	...	1 0 0	0	1000	...	411 6 7	0 0 0
Kemp, Ebenezer Chapman, Share Account of E. C. Kemp, Junior ...	29 Mar. 52	700	1800	..	0 0 0	232 7 9	0	0	...	273 8 10	700	1800	...	41 1 1	700	1800	...	41 1 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Kent, Lieut.-Colonel Robert ...	3 April 49	0	8200	...	0 0 0	366 11 0	0	0	...	164 0 0	0	8200	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	188 3 3	0	8200	...	0 0 0	390 14 3
Ker, Lieut. Hugh Inglis ...	19 May 19	0	500	...	95 5 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	194 13 9	0	500	...	290 3 8	0	0	...	294 0 3	0	500	...	0 0 0	3 12 7
Kew, Sergeant Major John ..	5 Nov. 33	0	6500	...	214 5 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	130 0 0	0	6500	...	344 5 11	0	0	...	6 8 0	0	6500	...	337 13 11	0 0 0
Keymer James ...	22 April 33	0	0	...	84 7 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	84 7 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	84 7 8	0 0 0
Kyte, Henry ...	31 July 54	9000	1000	...	337 14 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	212 0 0	9000	1000	...	549 14 5	0	0	...	119 15 4	9000	1000	...	429 15 1	0 0 0
——, Government Bounty to H. Kyte and Louisa Kyte	31 July 54	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	4700	...	4524 4 5	0	4700	...	4524 4 5	0	0	...	4423 13 10	0	4700	...	100 6 7	0 0 0
L.																							
Lake, Col. G. A. F. ...	18 May 47	0	29100	...	817 8 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	582 0 0	0	29100	...	1399 8 7	0	0	...	29 2 7	0	29100	...	1370 6 0	0 0 0
Langer. Mrs. Sarah, Share Account of Miss B. L. Langer ...	15 Mar. 47	0	5600	...	0 0 0	462 5 11	0	0	...	112 0 0	0	5600	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	5 9 7	0	5600	...	0 0 0	355 15 6
——, Ditto of F. J, K. Langer	15 Mar. 47	0	2200	...	0 0 0	524 13 5	0	0	...	567 6 8	0	2200	...	42 9 3	0	600	...	174 3 0	0	1600	...	0 0 0	131 9 9
Larpent, Sir George Gerrard DeHochepied, Baronet ...	9 Feb. 58	0	0	...	31 10 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	31 10 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	31 10 0	0 0 0
LeVade, Mrs. Mary ...	6 April 52	0	0	...	14 4 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 4 10	0	0	...	14 4 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Lemrick, Mrs. Margaret ...	10 Aug. 41	0	0	...	1002 13 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	473 13 5	0	0	...	1476 10 6	0	0	...	436 13 6	0	0	...	1039 13 0	0 0 0
——, Reverend Paul ...	11 Dec. 45	0	0	...	1309 13 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	1800 0 0	0	0	...	3109 13 1	0	0	...	1972 5 2	0	0	...	1137 7 11	0 0 0
Leondy, Mrs. Angelica George	17 May 42	0	1700	...	304 3 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	426 0 0	0	1700	...	730 3 5	0	0	...	185 2 2	0	1700	...	545 1 3	0 0 0
Lisby, Mrs. Elizabeth Share Account of Samuel Bond and F. Padghan ...	27 June 51	0	1000	..	503 9 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 0 0	0	1000	...	523 9 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	1000	...	523 9 2	0 0 0

L.																																	
Lithgow, Mrs. Matilda	...	13	Mar.	43	0	0	...	508	12	4	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	508	12	4	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	508	12	4	0	0	0
Littler, Lieutenant-General Sir John Hunter, (G. C. B.)		13	May	56	0	0	...	4	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	4	5	1	0	0	...	4	5	1	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0
Long, Dr. Wm. Johnstone	...	12	Mar.	56	0	0	...	100	4	11	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	100	4	11	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	100	4	11	0	0	0
Lucas, Gregory Legacy for the Church at Tiflis	...	19	Feb.	41	0	7200	...	196	15	9	0	0	0	0	0	...	134	0	0	0	7200	...	330	15	9	0	0	...	6	11	2	0	7200	...	324	4	7	0	0	0
———, Legacy for Mrs. E. A. Gregory	...		Ditto		0	32400	...	0	0	0	0	12	8	0	0	...	648	0	0	0	32400	...	647	3	4	0	0	...	647	3	3	0	32400	...	0	0	1	0	0	0
M.																																									
McCallum, Bernard	...	30	Sept.	34	1400	1000	...	954	7	1	0	0	0	0	1000	...	69	13	10	1400	2000	...	1024	4	11	0	0	...	918	10	2	1400	2000	...	105	10	9	0	0	0
———, Reverend John	...	22	Dec.	57	12500	0	...	0	0	0	985	7	3	0	0	...	2151	15	7	12500	0	...	1166	8	4	2000	0	...	1093	10	11	10500	0	...	72	13	5	0	0	0
McCarthy, Mrs. Honor	...	9	Dec.	45	0	0	...	302	15	3	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	1	4	0	0	...	303	0	7	0	0	...	303	0	7	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0
McGurrin, James	...	30	July	57	0	1500	...	0	0	0	165	8	11	0	0	...	1856	7	2	0	1500	...	1690	14	3	0	1500	...	1688	6	3	0	0	...	2	8	0	0	0	0
Mackenzie, Captain James Hunter (Mariner)	...	Taken charge	6	May	57	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	74	2	1	0	0	...	74	2	1	0	0	...	71	1	4	0	0	...	3	0	9	0	0	0
Macan, Mrs. Mary Joanna Legacy of Miss E. C. Oldfield		2	July	55	0	45900	...	0	0	0	520	3	11	0	0	...	1104	0	0	0	45900	...	583	12	1	0	0	...	920	5	11	0	45900	...	0	0	0	336	9	10
———, Share Account of Miss M. J. Oldfield	...		Ditto		0	45900	...	23	7	6	0	0	0	0	0	...	552	0	0	0	45900	...	575	7	6	0	0	...	912	1	6	0	45900	...	0	0	0	336	10	0
Mace, Frederick Account of the Trustees of the M. Settlement of Mrs. C. Blick	...	20	Sept.	52	0	15200	...	0	0	0	41	6	8	0	0	...	304	0	0	0	15200	...	262	9	4	0	0	...	253	7	5	0	15200	...	9	1	11	0	0	0
Mackeson, Lieutenant-Colonel Frederick	...	10	Jan.	54	500	136400	...	1334	7	7	0	0	0	0	0	..	2738	10	8	500	136400	...	4073	2	3	0	0	...	2736	3	2	500	136400	...	1336	15	1	0	0	0
Mackinnon, Miss Isabella Personality Account	..	29	May	49	0	0	...	127	11	1	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	127	11	1	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	127	11	1	0	0	0
Macsween, Lieutenant Henry Davidson of Artillery	...	23	Oct.	49	0	800	...	0	0	0	195	5	4	0	0	...	16	0	0	0	800	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	800	...	0	0	0	179	5	4
Magee, Mrs. Martha Maria Legacy to the Indian Mission of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Ireland		19	Dec.	54	0	254500	...	2	10	6	0	0	0	0	0	...	5090	0	0	0	254500	...	5092	10	6	0	0	...	5089	7	10	0	254500	...	3	2	8	0	0	0
Magness, Capt. Richard J. H.		29	May	57	0	0	...	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	3	2	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	3	2	0	0	0	0
———, Share Account of the next of Kin	...		Ditto		0	47400	...	357	14	6	0	0	0	0	0	...	414	0	0	0	47400	...	771	14	6	0	0	...	6	3	4	0	47400	...	765	11	2	0	0	0
Mann Samuel	..	8	Aug.	57	0	500	...	121	7	5	0	0	0	0	0	...	475	14	1	0	500	...	597	5	6	0	500	...	595	10	6	0	0	...	1	11	0	0	0	0
Manuk, Gavork Legacy to the Armenian School at Calcutta		23	Aug.	31	0	32400	...	0	0	0	347	9	7	0	0	...	648	0	0	0	32400	...	300	6	5	0	0	...	32	6	5	0	32400	...	268	0	0	0	0	0
———, Legacy to the Convent Aminah Perpetaeh at Ispahan	...		Ditto		0	11200	...	212	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	...	224	0	0	0	11200	...	436	0	2	0	0	...	11	3	3	0	11200	...	424	12	11	0	0	0
———, Legacy to the Convent Arseh Mestson at Arrarat	..		Ditto		2000	45400	...	899	2	8	0	0	0	0	2000	...	910	10	8	2000	47400	...	1809	13	4	0	0	...	1880	8	6	2000	47400	...	0	0	0	70	11	2
———, Legacy to the Convent for Females at Ispahan	...		Ditto		1000	4300	...	80	14	7	0	0	0	0	0	...	107	5	4	1000	4300	...	188	3	11	0	0	...	5	5	11	1000	4300	...	182	14	0	0	0	0
———, Legacy to the Convent at Jelusigam	...		Ditto		1500	14200	...	616	10	5	0	0	0	0	1000	...	296	0	0	1500	15200	...	912	10	5	0	0	...	929	15	0	1500	15200	...	0	0	0	17	4	7

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Balance on 1st July 1858.					Receipts up to 31st Dec. 1858.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1858.				Balance on 31st December 1858.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co's Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co's Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
M.																							
Marcus, John Paul, Legacy to Emamun	18 June 50	0	2000	...	551 6 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	40 0 0	0	2000	...	591 6 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	2000	...	591 6 7	0 0 0
Marshall, Dr. John	19 June 54	0	9900	...	0 0 0	27 5 8	0	0	...	198 0 0	0	9900	...	170 10 4	0	0	...	197 0 3	0	9900	...	0 0 0	26 5 11
Martin, Charles Ray	31 May 39	0	0	...	337 9 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	337 9 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	337 9 5	0 0 0
———, Share Account of Lieut. W. W. Martin	Ditto	36800	800	...	0 0 0	687 2 6	0	0	...	11985 2 4	36800	800	...	11297 15 10	12000	0	...	11172 9 3	24800	800	...	125 6 7	0 0 0
———, Mrs. Guillamine Amanda	2 April 44	0	15600	...	4 7 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	312 0 0	0	15600	...	316 7 8	0	0	...	312 0 0	0	15600	...	4 7 8	0 0 0
———, Henry	Taken charge 27 Oct. 56	0	0	...	243 4 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	243 4 1	0	0	...	60 14 6	0	0	...	182 5 7	0 0 0
Madson, Dr. John Macdougall	6 Feb. 49	0	14500	...	0 0 0	8 2 3	0	0	...	290 0 0	0	14500	...	281 13 9	0	0	...	289 3 5	0	14500	...	0 0 0	7 5 8
Melvill, Philip	14 Aug. 54	6975	30400	...	0 0 0	357 3 10	0	0	...	1192 15 8	6975	30400	...	835 11 10	0	500	...	756 0 2	6975	29900	...	79 11 8	0 0 0
Melville, William	4 Nov. 40	0	600	...	70 10 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	82 10 8	0	0	...	0 9 7	0	600	...	82 1 1	0 0 0
———, on Account Asiatic Annuity Company	Ditto	0	3100	...	625 9 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	62 0 0	0	3100	...	687 9 1	0	0	...	3 1 7	0	3100	...	684 7 6	0 0 0
———, on Account Annuity for Mrs. Sarah Waterman	Ditto	0	0	...	456 4 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	640 0 0	0	0	...	1096 4 3	0	0	...	639 3 5	0	0	...	457 0 10	0 0 0
———, on Account Annuity for Captain E. D. Watson	Ditto	0	0	...	269 0 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	533 5 4	0	0	...	802 5 7	0	0	...	532 8 9	0	0	...	269 12 10	0 0 0
Menzies, Dr. John	5 June 46	0	24200	...	329 12 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	484 0 0	0	24200	...	813 12 3	0	0	...	484 0 0	0	24200	...	329 12 3	0 0 0
Michael, Miss Ann	28 Mar. 57	0	0	...	3 2 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 2 0	0	0	...	3 2 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Montgomery, Lieut. Henry	10 Sept. 57	0	15300	...	59 8 3	0 0 0	0	800	...	664 0 0	0	16100	...	723 8 3	0	0	...	743 1 1	0	16100	...	0 0 0	19 8 10
Moody, Major Genl. Stephen	11 Mar. 57	0	0	...	1 3 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 3 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 3 5	0 0 0
Moore, William Richard	19 Aug. 57	0	4500	...	0 0 0	73 7 1	0	0	...	88 0 0	0	4500	...	14 8 11	0	0	...	152 12 4	0	4500	...	0 0 0	138 3 5
Mouat, Colonel Sir James	Power from Executor	9500	15400	...	0 0 0	245 7 1	0	0	...	510 10 8	9500	15400	...	265 3 7	0	0	...	510 6 8	9500	15400	...	0 0 0	245 3 1
Munro, Lieutenant Samuel Maillard	7 Mar. 55	0	0	...	0 0 0	5 2 10	0	0	...	5 2 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
N.																							
Napier, Mrs. Jane Collie	9 Mar. 58	3000	17500	...	0 0 0	729 0 6	0	0	...	872 0 0	3000	17500	...	142 15 6	0	0	...	784 6 10	3000	17500	...	0 0 0	641 7 4
Nicholson, Mrs. Elizabeth the Elder	29 Jan. 56	0	0	...	2135 12 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2135 12 2	0	0	...	2135 12 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
———, James	Taken charge 4 Aug. 56	0	0	...	3 4 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 4 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 4 5	0 0 0
Nicolle, Colonel Philip	30 June 34	0	0	...	14 15 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 15 0	0	0	...	14 15 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Nightingale, Assistant Surgeon Manby	1 Oct. 50	0	2200	...	0 0 0	128 13 8	0	0	...	41 0 0	0	2200	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	43 15 5	0	2200	...	0 0 0	128 13 1

Nightingall, General Sir Miles	27 Oct. 34	4200	5500	*10¼	0 0 0	56 9 10	0	...	...	2887 1 7	4200	5500	*10¼	2830 7 9	0	0	...	2886 5 0	4200	5500	*10¼	0 0 0	55 13 3
Norton, Mrs. Frances, Account of Legacy for Mr. and Mrs. Benoist ...	3 April 37	0	0	...	328 15 10	0 0 0	...	...	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	328 15 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	328 15 10	0 0 0
O.																							
O'Bryen, Mrs. Elizabeth, Trust Account of James Alexander Eliot ...	23 Sept. 53	0	1000	...	47 3 7	0 0 0	...	...	...	20 0 0	0	1000	...	67 3 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	1000	...	67 3 7	0 0
O'Connor, Sub-Conductor Thomas ..	24 Aug. 52	0	900	...	228 4 2	0 0 0	...	...	...	18 0 0	0	900	...	246 4 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	900	...	246 4 2	0 0
Ogilvy, Dr. Walter, Life Interest for Mrs. Jennettes Ogilvy ...	25 April 55	0	123100	..	0 0 0	57 9 7	...	...	...	2462 0 0	0	123100	...	2404 6 5	0	0	...	2460 1 7	0	123100	...	0 0 0	55 11
O'Hanlon, Patrick, Share Account of the children of the late H. M. O'Hanlon ...	24 Mar. 51	0	27100	*3	718 7 6	0 0 0	...	...	...	1292 0 0	0	27100	*3	2010 7 6	0	0	...	489 7 4	0	27100	*3	1521 0 2	0 0
———, Share Account of the children of Reverend W. M. O'Hanlon ...	Ditto.	0	17600	*3	0 0 0	144 4 0	...	...	...	1102 0 0	0	17600	*3	957 12 0	0	0	...	1100 3 2	0	17600	*3	0 0 0	142 7
P.																							
Paschoud, Frederick Smith, Account of F. A. Paschoud, heir-at-law ...	18 Dec. 55	0	2000	...	0 0 0	220 10 5	...	...	...	40 0 0	0	2000	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 9 7	0	2000	...	0 0 0	181 4
Patton, Major General Robert	12 Oct. 38	0	1000	...	237 1 1	0 0 0	...	...	...	837 3 10	0	1000	...	1074 4 11	0	1000	...	1074 4 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
Paul, Ruttna ...	28 July 56	0	22000	...	0 0 0	153 2 11	...	...	...	440 0 0	0	22000	...	286 13 1	0	0	...	412 9 7	0	22000	...	0 0 0	125 12
Payne, Mrs. Elizabeth ...	13 June 51	0	0	...	8 15 8	0 0 0	...	...	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 15 8	0	0	...	8 15 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
———, Share Account of Master C. Y. Payne ...	Ditto.	0	1600	...	220 9 3	0 0 0	...	...	...	32 0 0	0	1600	...	252 9 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	1600	...	252 9 3	0 0
———, Share Account of John Hogan Payne ..	Ditto.	0	1600	...	0 0 0	846 14 1	...	...	...	863 12 8	0	1600	...	16 14 7	0	1000	...	0 0 0	0	600	...	16 14 7	0 0
———, Manuel ...	21 Oct. 51	0	0	...	9 12 6	0 0 0	...	...	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	9 12 6	0	0	...	9 12 6	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
———, Share Account of John Hogan Payne, heir-at-law ..	Ditto.	1000	10500	...	530 2 6	0 0 0	...	...	...	231 5 4	1000	10500	...	761 7 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	1000	10500	...	761 7 10	0 0
Payter, Joseph Williams .	9 June 57	0	0	...	70 8 7	0 0 0	...	...	...	3203 2 0	0	0	...	3273 10 7	0	0	...	261 15 9	0	0	...	3011 10 10	0 0
Peake, Riding-Master Samuel	27 June 51	0	2300	..	321 4 10	0 0 0	...	...	...	46 0 0	0	2300	...	370 4 10	0	0	...	349 15 9	0	2300	...	20 5 1	0 0
Pepper, Lieutenant-Colonel Hampden N. ..	23 April 56	2000	110900	*3	1189 14 7	0 0 0	...	3000	...	2500 10 8	2000	113900	*3	3690 9 3	0	0	...	8704 2 2	2000	113900	*3	0 0 0	5013 8 1
Perry, Mrs. Mary-Legacy for James and Frederick Perry	15 Mar. 52	0	800	...	0 0 0	368 1 1	...	...	...	16 0 0	0	800	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	800	...	0 0 0	352 1
———, Legacy for Rose Perry	Ditto.	500	500	...	0 0 0	427 8 7	...	...	...	20 10 8	500	500	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 0 0	500	500	...	0 0 0	426 13 1
Peters, Capt. Caitano Eugenio	14 June 53	0	500	..	0 0 0	146 14 5	..	...	...	310 0 0	0	500	...	163 1 7	0	0	...	333 0 0	0	500	...	0 0 0	169 14
Pigou, John ...	22 Dec. 40	26100	51700	...	613 8 3	0 0 0	...	...	...	1590 12 10	26100	51700	...	2204 5 1	0	0	...	1590 12 10	26100	51700	...	613 8 3	0 0
Plum, Captain Edward Charles (Mariner) ...	28 Jan. 51	500	5900	...	22 12 9	0 0 0	...	...	...	128 10 8	500	5900	...	151 7 5	0	0	...	121 14 4	500	5900	...	29 9 1	0 0
Popham, Major General George Munro ..	4 Sept. 38	13600	0	.	0 0 0	276 10 0	....	...	...	290 2 2	13600	0	...	13 8 2	0	0	...	290 2 1	13600	0	...	0 0 0	276 9 1
Poulson, Jonathan ..	20 Mar. 57	0	5100	...	53 5 0	0 0 0	...	...	...	102 0 0	0	5100	...	155 5 0	0	0	...	5 1 7	0	5100	...	150 3 5	0 0

* Bank of Bengal Shares.

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Balance on 1st July 1858.					Receipts up to 31st December 1858.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1858.				Balance on 31st December 1858.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. As. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P
R.																							
Randolph, Henry ...	5 Jan. 53	0	0	...	391 13 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	391 13 7	0	0	...	3 0 0	0	0	...	388 13 7	0 0
———, Account of Legatees	Ditto	0	0	...	3035 13 7	0 0 0	0	3000	...	0 0 0	0	3000	...	3035 13 7	0	0	...	3520 4 10	0	3000	...	0 0 0	484 7
Rawlins, Lieutenant-Colonel John	2 Aug. 57	0	0	...	143 15 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	143 15 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	143 15 4	0 0
Read, Charles	1 Nov. 52	0	12700	..	648 10 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	254 0 0	0	12700	...	902 10 9	0	0	...	160 7 2	0	12700	...	742 3 7	0 0
Reade, Ensign Frederic	18 June 56	0	600	...	0 0 0	8 3 9	0	600	...	2459 10 9	0	1200	..	2451 7 0	0	1200	...	2451 7 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
Regelly, Vincent	27 June 49	0	0	...	54 7 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	54 7 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	54 7 0	0 0
Reid, Captain Hugh Atkins	27 June 50	0	5000	...	16 3 1	0 0 0	0	0	..	100 0 0	0	5000	...	116 3 1	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	5000	...	116 3 1	0 0
Reilly, Conductor Edward	15 July 52	0	2700	...	33 14 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	54 0 0	0	2700	...	87 14 0	0	0	...	52 6 1	0	2700	...	35 7 11	0 0
———, Legacy Account of T. Reilly	Ditto	0	3800	...	56 4 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	66 0 0	0	3800	...	122 4 10	0	0	...	73 11 6	0	3800	...	48 9 4	0 0 0
Rynolds, Captain Charles Sheppard	14 June 53	0	500	..	0 0 0	9 11 9	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	0 4 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	0 4 3	0 0 0
Ritson, Captain William	7 Sept. 55	0	4100	...	226 13 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	465 11 10	0	4100	...	692 9 6	0	4100	...	0 5 3	0	0	...	692 4 3	0 0 0
Rix, Serjeant Robert	15 July 56	0	5900	...	0 0 0	586 4 4	0	0	...	211 8 0	0	5900	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 2 9	0	5900	..	0 0 0	377 15 1
Rogers, Frederick	17 May 56	0	0	...	7 3 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	7 3 5	0	0	...	7 3 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Rondo, Joseph	18 May 46	10000	0	...	0 0 0	2509 9 9	0	0	...	4740 13 3	10000	0	...	2231 3 6	5000	0	...	2212 2 8	5000	0	...	19 0 10	0 0 0
———' Account for Sundry Legatees ...	Ditto	0	5300	...	531 9 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	106 0 0	0	5300	...	637 9 8	0	0	...	5 4 9	0	5300	...	632 4 11	0 0 0
Rowe, Joshua	1 Oct. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	880 6 4	0	0	...	880 6 4	0	0	...	853 6 4	0	0	...	27 0 0	0 0 0
S.																							
Salter, Charles Henry	5 Oct. 49	0	4500	...	237 8 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	90 0 0	0	4500	...	327 8 6	0	0	...	177 13 7	0	4500	...	149 10 11	0 0 0
Scott, Thomas Carrington, Share Account of the late Major J. A. Scott	11 April 49	0	3700	...	259 6 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	74 0 0	0	3700	...	333 6 1	0	0	...	3 11 3	0	3700	...	329 10 10	0 0 0
———, Cornet William, of 7th Light Cavalry	4 April 57	0	0	...	8 3 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	8 3 0	0	0	...	6 6 8	0	0	...	1 12 4	0 0 0
Sealy, Cudbert Thornhill, Legacy Account of Mrs. C. Yonge ...	29 Oct. 44	120000	0	...	0 0 0	2598 7 10	0	0	...	2560 0 0	120000	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1928 0 0	120000	0	...	0 0 0	1966 7 10
Sedgley, Vety. Surgeon George ..	Taken charge 6 Nov. 57	0	0	...	296 4 11	0 0 0	0	0	..	1 9 5	0	0	...	297 14 4	0	0	...	297 14 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Seers, Francis	16 Ditto	0	10600	...	0 0 0	613 13 5	0	0	.	516 5 1	0	10600	...	0 0 0	0	600	...	197 5 0	0	10000	...	0 0 0	294 13 4
Sewell, Captain Arthur Hy. Cole	16 Mar. 57	0	0	...	9 3 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	9 3 0	0	0	...	9 3 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Shire, Captain William Hy. (Mariner)	16 July 57	0	0	...	176 9 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 9 9	0	0	...	183 3 0	0	0	.	181 0 0	0	0	...	2 3 0	0 0 0

——, Account of Life Interest for John Wright ...	16 July 57	0	15600	...	0 0 0	446 8 6	0	0	...	1494 13 3	0	15600	...	1048 4 9	0	1100	...	931 12 3	0	14500	...	116 8 6	0 0 0
Siddons, Major George Richd.	17 Feb. 57	0	32000	...	607 11 9	0 0 0	0	1500	...	11140 2 1	0	33500	...	11748 0 10	0	12000	...	1420 4 11	0	21500	...	10327 11 11	0 0 0
Skinner, William ...	14 May 50	0	1000	...	161 4 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	40 0 0	0	1000	...	201 4 7	0	1000	...	201 4 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Slade, Edward ...	28 July 57	600	5100	...	0 0 0	491 2 11	0	0	...	2030 5 2	600	5100	...	1539 2 3	0	1000	...	1594 4 1	600	4100	...	0 0 0	55 1 10
Smith, John Charles ...	16 May 37	0	0	...	885 2 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	200 0 0	0	0	...	1085 2 11	0	0	...	821 15 3	0	0	...	263 3 8	0 0 0
——, William, (Mariner) ...	24 Oct. 56	0	600	...	128 9 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	140 9 3	0	0	...	0 2 10	0	600	...	140 6 5	0 0 0
——, Captain William, Invalid Establishment, late of the 12th Native Infantry ...	17 Mar. 46	0	0	...	2 8 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 5 0	0	0	...	2 13 0	0	0	...	3 13 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Smylie, Mrs. Jessie Account of Legacy of Samuel Mark Smylie ...	24 Nov. 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	581 4 0	0	0	...	581 4 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	581 4 0	0 0 0
——, Account of do. for Miss Ruth Smylie ...	Ditto	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	581 4 0	0	0	...	581 4 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	581 4 0	0 0 0
Smyth, Sub-Conductor Patrick	8 Nov. 54	0	5900	...	0 0 0	59 6 4	0	0	...	118 0 0	0	5900	...	58 9 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	5900	...	58 9 8	0 0 0
Speed, Mrs. Grace Lindsay ...	13 Feb. 55	1000	14900	...	646 5 9	0 0 0	0	1000	...	15318 2 4	1000	15900	...	15964 8 1	1000	15900	...	994 4 4	0	0	...	14970 3 9	0 0 0
Spilsbury, Dr. George Green ..	15 Sept. 57	0	11000	...	0 0 0	2638 1 1	0	0	...	6344 1 8	0	11000	...	3706 0 7	0	6000	...	4047 10 0	0	5000	...	0 0 0	341 9 5
Squires, Mrs. Catherine Elizabeth ...	7 Nov. 54	0	0	...	38 3 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	38 3 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	38 3 5	0 0 0
——, Share Account of Miss A. M. Homfray ..	Ditto	700	4100	...	122 9 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	96 14 11	700	4100	...	219 8 8	0	0	...	257 6 5	700	4100	...	0 0 0	37 13 9
——, Share Account of F. S. Homfray ..	Ditto	700	4100	...	51 11 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	96 14 11	700	4100	...	148 10 0	0	0	...	185 6 5	700	4100	...	0 0 0	36 12 5
——, Share Account of J. N. Homfray ...	Ditto	700	4100	...	0 0 0	22 7 6	0	0	...	96 14 11	700	4100	...	74 7 5	0	0	...	36 0 0	700	4100	...	38 7 5	0 0 0
——, Share Account of J. R. M. Homfray ...	Ditto	700	4100	...	8 3 5	0 0 0	0	0	...	96 14 11	700	4100	...	105 2 4	0	0	...	185 6 5	700	4100	...	0 0 0	80 4 1
——, Share Account of L. D. Homfray ...	Ditto	700	4100	...	46 8 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	96 14 11	700	4100	...	143 7 5	0	0	...	185 6 5	700	4100	...	0 0 0	41 15 0
——, Share Account of M. D. Homfray ...	Ditto	700	4100	...	0 0 0	22 7 5	0	0	...	96 14 11	700	4100	...	74 7 6	0	0	...	37 1 3	700	4100	...	37 6 3	0 0 0
Stafford, Mrs. Harriet ...	1 Aug. 53	49958	47000	...	0 0 0	8596 12 11	0	0	...	8113 13 1	49958	47000	...	0 0 0	0	7000	...	3483 5 4	49954	40000	...	0 0 0	3966 5 [illegible]
——, Legacy of Mrs. Harriet Laton ...	Ditto	40000	0	...	0 0 0	12 8 2	0	0	...	853 5 4	40000	0	...	840 13 2	40000	0	...	840 13 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, Share Account of Miss Eliza Stafford ...	Ditto	40000	0	...	513 0 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	853 5 4	40000	0	...	1366 5 5	0	0	...	772 8 0	40000	0	...	593 13 5	0 0 0
Stockwell, George ..	5 July 47	19800	0	...	80 2 1	0 0 0	0	0	..	422 6 5	19800	0	...	502 8 6	0	0	...	422 6 5	19800	0	...	80 2 1	0 0 0
Stoddart, Major G. D. ...	11 June 39	0	0	...	168 1 3	0 0 0	0	0	..	0 0 0	0	0	...	168 1 3	0	0	...	168 1 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Stokes, Lieutenant Samuel William, Account Legacy of H. W. S. F. Stokes ...	5 June 55	0	4100	..	66 15 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	62 0 0	0	4100	...	128 15 8	0	0	...	92 9 7	0	4100	...	36 6 1	0 0 0
Stowell, Christopher Sweedland ..	12 June 55	0	0	...	20 6 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	20 6 7	0	0	...	20 6 7	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
——, Share Account of Mrs. Amelia Stowell ...	Ditto	0	12300	...	0 0 0	331 5 1	0	0	...	492 0 0	0	12300	...	160 10 11	0	0	...	7 6 1	0	12300	...	153 4 10	0 0 0
——, Share Account of Miss Mary Stowell ...	Ditto	0	2500	...	324 14 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	100 0 0	0	2500	...	424 14 3	0	0	...	1 8 0	0	2500	...	423 6 3	0 0 0
——, Share Account of Miss Anne Waverly Stowell ...	Ditto	0	2500	...	564 14 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	100 0 0	0	2500	...	664 14 3	0	0	...	1 8 0	0	2500	...	663 6 3	0 0 0

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Balance on 1st July 1858.					Receipts up to 31st December 1858.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st December 1858.				Balance on 31st December 1858.				
		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	
		Sa. Rs.	Co's Rs		To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To Debit. Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co's Rs		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co's Rs		To Credit. Rs. A. P.	To D Rs. A
S.																							
Stowell, Christopher Sweedland Share Account of Mrs. M. E. DeRussett ...	12 June 55	0	3500	...	150 12 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	100 0 0	0	3500	...	250 12 11	0	0	...	1 8 0	0	3500	...	249 4 11	0
———, Share Account of Miss Cressy Sweedland Stowell...	Ditto	0	3500	...	150 12 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	100 0 0	0	3500	...	250 12 11	0	0	...	1 8 0	0	3500	...	249 4 11	0
———, Share Account of C. W. Stowell ...	Ditto	0	2500	...	554 11 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	2500	...	554 11 2	0	2500	...	554 11 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0
———, Share Account of C. F. W. Stowell ...	Ditto	0	3500	...	150 12 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	100 0 0	0	3500	...	250 12 11	0	0	...	1 8 1	0	3500	...	249 4 10	0
———, Share Account of Albert Mose Stowell ...	Ditto	0	3500	...	0 0 0	465 1 2	0	0	...	100 0 0	0	3500	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	1 8 0	0	3500	...	0 0 0	366 9
———, Share Account of Alice Amelia Stowell ...	Ditto	0	3500	...	150 12 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	100 0 0	0	3500	...	250 12 11	0	0	...	1 8 1	0	3500	...	249 4 10	0
Sutherland, Lieut.-Col. John T.	4 June 49	0	700	...	100 8 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	14 0 0	0	700	...	114 8 1	0	0	...	0 11 2	0	700	...	113 12 11	0
Talbot, Major John Robert ...	9 Jan. 54	0	13000	...	0 0 0	241 2 6	0	0	...	316 3 0	0	13000	...	75 0 6	0	0	...	221 7 3	0	13000	...	0 0 0	146 6
Tapsell, Conductor Thomas...	5 July 42	0	0	...	361 11 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	361 11 4	0	0	...	361 11 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
Thoman, Mariam Chatoor, Share Account of Carrapiet Abraham ...	19 Mar. 56	0	3000	...	0 0 0	892 4 8	0	0	...	60 0 0	0	3000	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	59 15 7	0	3000	...	0 0 0	892 4
———, Share Account of Thakooee ...	Ditto	0	0	...	500 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	500 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	500 0 0	0 0
Thomson, Mrs. Elizabeth Helen ...	4 July 56	0	2000	...	0 0 0	201 1 10	0	0	...	1713 8 0	0	2000	...	1512 6 2	0	2000	...	0 4 10	0	0	...	1512 1 4	0 0
Tierney, Edward ...	Taken charge 2 Feb. 58	0	0	...	135 15 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 0 2	0	0	...	137 15 5	0	0	...	137 15 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
Torckler, Capt. Peter Arnold ..	25 July 42	0	4500	...	0 0 0	0 12 8	0	0	...	90 0 0	0	4500	...	89 3 4	0	0	...	90 0 0	0	4500	...	0 0 0	0 12
Tosh, James, Legacy for Mrs. Mary Votoring ...	21 Oct. 51	0	10000	...	0 0 0	154 13 0	0	0	...	200 0 0	0	10000	...	45 3 0	0	0	...	164 12 10	0	10000	...	0 0 0	119 9 1
———, Share Account of Eliza Mary Tosh ...	Ditto	0	6500	...	0 0 0	64 4 7	0	0	...	130 0 0	0	6500	...	65 11 5	0	0	...	164 12 7	0	6500	...	0 0 0	99 1
———, Share Account of Jas. Tosh, Junior ...	Ditto	0	5000	...	0 0 0	1236 1 9	0	0	...	1781 0 11	0	5000	...	544 15 2	0	2000	...	2270 0 0	0	3000	...	0 0 0	1725 0 10
———, Share Account of Louisa Tosh ...	Ditto	0	7200	...	55 15 1	0 0 0	0	0	...	144 0 0	0	7200	...	199 15 1	0	0	...	159 9 6	0	7200	...	40 5 7	0 0
Tulloch, Lieutenant Charles Browne ...	19 Sept. 48	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	184 6 8	0	0	...	184 6 8	0	0	...	184 6 8	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
Tully, Mrs. Maria ...	15 Dec. 56	0	1500	...	90 13 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	30 0 0	0	1500	...	120 13 11	0	0	...	1 11 2	0	1500	...	119 2 9	0 0

Turner, Lieutenant Frederick McCombe ...	5 May 56	0	5800	..	654	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	823	1	10	0	5800	...	1477	6	10	0	800	...	1103	2	5	0	[illegible]	...	[illegible]		0	0 0
V.																																			
Vandenberg, Miss Rose ...	22 May 55	0	1000	...	323	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	...	20	0	0	0	1000	...	343	2	2	0	0	...	0	4	10	0	1000	...	342	13	4	0 0
Vint, Captain George ...	23 May 48	0	101000	...	291	10	9	0	0	0	0	0	...	2020	0	0	0	101000	...	2311	10	9	0	0	...	2020	0	0	0	101000	...	291	10	9	0 0
Vrignon, Francis, Trust Account ...	5 July 29	2500	0	...	111	6	5	0	0	0	0	0	...	53	5	4	2500	0	...	164	11	9	0	0	...	205	5	4	2500	0	..	0	0	0	40 9
W.																																			
Wallace, Robert ...	28 Mar. 57	0	0	...	16	5	4	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	1	8	0	0	...	16	7	0	0	0	...	16	7	0	0	0	..	0	0	0	0 0
——, Account for the next of Kin ...	Ditto	0	0	...	303	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	303	2	4	0	0	...	0	1	8	0	0	..	303	0	8	0 0
Wallis, William ...	24 Oct. 51	0	0	...	27	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	27	2	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	..	27	2	0	0 0
——, Account Legacy for William James Ross ...	Ditto	0	16700	...	976	4	1	0	0	0	0	1000	...	334	0	0	0	17700	...	1310	4	1	0	0	...	930	4	7	0	17700	...	379	15	6	0 0
——, Account of Life Interest for Mrs. Ann Preston ...	Ditto	28200	15600	...	410	5	10	0	0	0	0	0	...	913	9	7	28200	15600	...	1323	15	5	0	0	...	912	12	5	28200	15600	...	411	3	0	0 0
——, Account of Life Interest for Mrs. Lydia Tweedie .	Ditto	28200	15600	...	407	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	913	9	7	28200	15600	...	1321	7	7	0	0	...	912	12	5	28200	15600	...	408	11	2	0 0
——, Account of Life Interest for John Wallis ..	Ditto	28200	15600	...	458	12	11	0	0	0	0	0	...	913	9	7	28200	15600	...	1372	6	6	0	0	..	912	12	5	28200	15600	...	459	10	1	0
Warner, Captain and Brevet Major William Kirby ..	17 April 57	0	0	..	8	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	1	7	0	0	0	...	10	5	0	0	0	...	10	5	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0
——, Account for the next of Kin ...	Ditto	0	6400	...	0	0	0	108	13	9	0	0	...	5340	7	7	0	6400	...	5231	9	10	0	6400	...	5231	9	10	0	0	...	0	0	0	0
Watson, Miss Ann Eyres ...	26 Jan. 58	4000	0	...	0	0	0	169	9	8	0	0	...	512	0	0	4000	0	...	342	6	4	0	0	.	7	10	11	4000	0	...	334	11	5	0
Watts, Mrs. Norah, Share Account of the three Children	25 June 55	0	500	.	3	9	4	0	0	0	0	0	...	10	0	0	0	500	...	13	9	4	0	0	.	0	2	5	0	500	...	13	6	11	0
West, Captain Charles Hy. Gift for Charles West Mackenzie	8 May 48	0	700	*4	83	15	1	0	0	0	0	0	...	14	0	0	0	700	*4	97	15	1	0	0	...	0	11	2	0	700	*4	97	3	11	0
Whish, Lieutenant-General Sir William Samson, K. C. B.	6 Sept. 53	0	97500	...	75	3	6	0	0	0	0	0	...	1950	0	0	0	97500	...	2025	3	6	0	0	...	1949	3	6	0	97500	...	76	0	0	0
White, Lieutenant-Colonel Humphrey Jervis, of 50th Native Infantry ..	6 May 50	0	53600	.	13	3	5	0	0	0	0	0	...	1072	0	0	0	53600	...	1085	3	5	0	0	...	2040	9	0	0	53600	...	0	0	0	965
Wilford, Colonel Francis ..	16 May 37	0	0	...	260	12	10	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	260	12	10	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	260	12	10	0
——, Share Account of Mrs. Matilda Warden ...	Ditto	56600	4800	...	0	0	0	1147	1	6	0	0	...	1303	7	6	56600	4800	...	156	6	0	0	0	...	1303	7	6	56600	4800	...	0	0	0	1147
Williams, Mrs. Mary Katherine	21 Nov. 54	0	14800	...	498	3	6	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	14800	...	498	3	6	0	0	.	3067	8	9	0	14800	.	0	0	0	2569
——, Thomas Scourfield	Taken charge 25 Sept. 56	0	2500	...	0	0	0	16	8	8	0	0	...	68	5	2	0	2500	...	51	12	6	0	2500	...	49	3	6	0	0	...	2	9	0	0
——, Account for the next of Kin of the deceased ...	Ditto	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2500	...	50	0	0	0	2500	.	50	0	0	0	0	..	69	1	2	0	2500	...	0	0	0	19
Willis, Herbert (Assistant, Railway Company)	21 Nov. 54	0	0	...	626	3	6	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	626	3	6	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	...	626	3	6	0
Worsdell, Miss Mary .	10 Oct. 57	0	0	...	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	1	0	0	0	...	1	0	0	0	0	...	1	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0
Wrench, Captain Alfred ...	23 Jan. 57	0	2000	...	0	0	0	405	11	2	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	2000	...	0	0	0	0	0	..	55	10	0	0	2000	...	0	0	0	461

M

* Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company's Shares.

Calcutta, 31st December 1858.

E. E. C. S. HOGG,
Administrator General.

SCHEDULE D. of all Sums of Money, Bonds, and other Securities received by the Administrator General, on account of HINDOO and MAHOMEDAN Estat remaining under his charge, together with the Payments made thereout and the Balances. Prepared up to the 31st December 1858, under Section XXXIV. of A VIII. of 1855.

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Balance on 1st July 1858.					Receipts up to 31st Dec. 1858.				Total.				Payments from 1st July to 31st Dec. 1858.				Balance on 31st December 1858.					
		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.		Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	Government Securities.		Bank or other Stock, as well as Bonds or other Securities not being Government Securities.	Cash.	
					To Credit.	To Debit.																To Credit.	To Debit.
		Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Sa. Rs.	Co. Rs.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
A.																							
Assaram Burmono ...	20 May 50	1100	5300	...	515 5 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	379 7 6	1100	5300	...	894 13 2	0	0	...	173 12 0	1100	5300	...	721 1 2	0 0
B.																							
Banaik Rao Moharaj ...	19 Mar. 55	0	345000	...	0 0 0	2423 4 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	345000	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	345000	...	0 0 0	2423 4
Bebee, Auksafere ...	10 Sept. 41	0	2300	...	209 9 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	46 0 0	0	2300	...	255 9 2	0	0	...	2 4 9	0	2300	...	253 4 5	0 0
——, Bidwell ...	29 April 56	0	2000	...	14 13 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	40 0 0	0	2000	...	54 13 9	0	0	...	0 9 7	0	2000	...	54 4 2	0 0
——, Hosseinee ...	Taken charge 1 Oct. 56	0	500	...	47 5 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	57 5 10	0	0	...	0 2 5	0	500	...	57 3 5	0 0
——, Kattee *alias* Johannes Kattee ...	27 Aug. 39	2200	800	...	417 14 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	62 14 11	2200	800	...	480 13 1	0	0	...	3 2 4	2200	800	...	477 10 9	0 0
——, Kuthky ...	12 Oct. 38	0	500	...	71 7 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	81 7 8	0	0	...	0 8 0	0	500	...	80 15 8	0 0
——, Mahondy Khanum ...	1 Aug. 34	0	600	...	72 3 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	12 0 0	0	600	...	84 3 9	0	0	...	0 9 7	0	600	...	83 10 2	0 0
——, Mary ...	31 July 38	1800	6500	...	126 2 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	168 6 4	1800	6500	...	294 8 10	0	0	...	167 9 8	1800	6500	...	126 15 2	0 0
——, Read ...	... ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 5 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 5
——, Sarah Russell ...	Taken charge 26 Mar. 57	0	0	...	6 13 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	6 13 10	0	0	...	6 13 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
Begum Joanna Sombre ...	28 Oct. 56	0	0	...	3 5 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	3 5 0	0	0	...	3 5 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
Bullychund Dutt ...	24 Feb. 47	0	0	...	414 5 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	39 0 0	0	0	...	453 5 0	0	0	..	453 5 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
D.																							
Doorga Raur ...	... ...	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	172 15 9	0	0	...	172 15 9	0	0	...	2 9 6	0	0	...	170 6 3	0 0
G.																							
Goluckmoney Raur ...	Taken charge 13 Nov. 56	0	0	...	13 14 2	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	..	13 14 2	0	0	..	13 14 2	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0
H.																							
Heera Bye ...	22 Mar. 54	0	5700	..	110 3 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	114 0 0	0	5700	...	224 3 6	0	0	.	98 14 1	0	5700	...	125 5 5	0 0

J.																							
Jafar Mahomed ...	27 May 50	0	2000	...	0 0 0	252 4 2	0	0	...	1792 0 0	0	2000	...	1539 11 10	0	2000	...	1039 4 6	0	0	...	500 7 4	0 0 0
Jaley Syrang ...	Taken charge 30 Sept. 56	0	0	...	21 15 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 15 10	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	21 15 10	0 0 0
Joykissen Doss ..	23 Feb. 46	83500	384800	...	0 0 0	1236 8 0	0	0	...	9529 9 2	83500	384800	...	8293 1 2	0	0	...	5724 0 1	83500	384800	...	2569 1 1	0 0 0
Joymoney Bustomee ...	9 Sept. 45	0	1900	...	14 0 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	28 0 0	0	1900	...	42 0 10	0	0	...	1 6 5	0	1900	...	40 10 5	0 0 0
K.																							
Khettermohun Ghose ...	6 Aug. 55	22900	8400	...	0 0 0	538 8 7	0	0	...	656 8 6	22900	8400	...	117 15 11	0	0	...	195 8 7	22900	8400	...	0 0 0	77 8 8
Kistnauth Roy Rajah ...	1 April 45	0	22500	...	357 2 3	0 0 0	0	1000	...	430 0 0	0	23500	...	787 2 3	0	0	...	936 10 4	0	23500	...	0 0 0	149 8 1
Kistomoney Dossee Sree-mutty ...	Taken charge 21 May 55	0	0	...	9 2 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	9 2 4	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	9 2 4	0 0 0
L.																							
Lokenauth Ghose ...	Taken charge 28 April 54	0	3000	...	176 3 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	60 0 0	0	3000	...	236 3 11	0	3000	...	236 3 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
Lutchmun Sing ...	Taken charge 7 April 58	0	0	...	52 6 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	52 6 11	0	0	...	52 6 11	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0
M.																							
Madhub *alias* Maddoo Mistry	Taken charge 6 April 58	0	0	...	118 1 8	0 0 0	0	0	...	127 0 0	0	0	...	245 1 8	0	0	...	36 10 9	0	0	...	208 6 11	0 0 0
Missree Khanum ...	19 Aug. 56	3000	0	...	14 11 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	64 0 0	3000	0	...	78 11 3	0	0	...	0 15 4	3000	0	...	77 11 11	0 0 0
Molovy Abdool Summud ...	Taken charge 1 June 58	0	0	...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0	0	...	133 5 4	0	0	...	133 5 4	0	0	...	88 1 8	0	0	...	45 3 8	0 0 0
Montazooma Dowlah Mehdy Ally Khawn ...	14 Sept. 45	0	9500	...	154 1 11	0 0 0	0	0	...	174 0 0	0	9500	...	328 1 11	0	0	...	8 11 3	0	9500	...	319 6 8	0 0 0
Muckun Doss ...	3 April 45	0	500	...	25 6 6	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	35 6 6	0	0	...	0 8 0	0	500	...	34 14 6	0 0 0
N.																							
Narain Chund Seat ...	29 Aug. 51	0	0	...	11 2 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 2 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	11 2 3	0 0
P.																							
Poran Hammerman ...	Taken charge 23 Oct. 56	0	0	...	52 3 3	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	52 3 3	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	52 3 3	0 0
R.																							
Rajrajessury Dossee ...	Taken charge 20 July 57	0	500	...	70 12 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	10 0 0	0	500	...	80 12 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	500	...	80 12 9	0 0
Rumzan Shaik ...	8 Dec. 56	0	0	...	0 0 0	239 1 5	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	2 13 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	241 14
S.																							
Sahib Ally Khan ...	20 Feb. 48	0	6900	...	101 13 10	0 0 0	0	0	...	122 0 0	0	6900	...	223 13 10	0	0	...	6 1 7	0	6900	...	217 12 3	0 0
Seo Buksh Sing Soobadar ...	30 Jan. 44	0	3000	...	174 12 9	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	3000	...	174 12 9	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	3000	...	174 12 9	0 0
Sumbhopersaud Bhuckett ...	18 July 56	0	0	...	0 0 0	138 15 8	0	0	...	644 0 9	0	0	...	505 1 1	0	0	...	463 7 2	0	0	...	41 9 11	0 0
T.																							
Takoor Tewary Jemadar ...	Taken charge 6 May 57	0	0	...	30 9 7	0 0 0	0	0	...	0 0 0	0	0	...	30 9 7	0	0	.	0 0 0	0	0	...	30 9 7	0 0
U.																							
Unwar Begum ...	15 May 55	1500	19300	...	406 9 4	0 0 0	0	0	...	390 0 0	1500	19300	...	796 9 4	0	0	...	5 13 7	1500	19300	...	790 11 9	0 0

Calcutta, 31st December 1858.

E. E.

C. S. HOGG,
Administrator General.

SCHEDULE E. of Balances in the hands of the Administrator General on the 31st December 1858, set apart to meet the admitted claims of Creditors against the under-mentioned Estates.

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Balance on 31st Dec. 1858. Rs. A. P.
A.		
Aikman, Lieutenant C. R. ...		106 1 2
Aire, Captain J. R. ...		36 2 5
Alcock, Captain R. P. ...		1070 4 6
———, Lieutenant W. ...		84 9 10
Alexander, Ensign G. W. ...		56 2 6
———, James ...		66 12 8
———, Lieutenant J. S, ...		36 9 6
———, Ensign W. F. ...		39 5 6
Allan, R. W. ...		96 5 2
Allardyce, Lieutenant J. G. ...		179 11 7
Alston, Captain W. ...		65 5 6
Ammon, J. R. A. ...		526 7 8
Anderson, Charles ...		44 5 6
———, Major P. C. ...		102 1 8
———, Cornet R. ...		31 4 4
———, Lieutenant R. W. ...		372 3 3
Anderton, Lieutenant H. C. ...		36 7 4
Apperly, Captain H., of Horse Artillery ...		295 13 0
Aubert, Lieutenant F. ...		285 13 6
Auld, James ...		26 13 1
Austen, Captain G. P. ...		209 11 7
Austin, Mrs. Alice ...		45 8 0
B.		
Bacon, Overseer Serjeant T. ...		19 9 8
Baird, Ensign G. W. ...		43 6 9
Baker, Brevet Captain Frederick ...		27 10 3
Balk, Captain R. ...		8 13 3
Ball, G. ...		89 8 6
Ballands, Captain A. (Mariner) ...		27 13 2
Ballard, W J. ...		9 9 10
Barchard, H. J. ...		11 14 7

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Balance on 31st Dec. 1858. Rs. A. P.
Barclay, Lieutenant A. ...		643 15 7
Barry, Captain H. ...		433 6 2
Bartlett, Lieutenant J. A. ...		171 10 9
———, Pilot Mr. T. ...		90 5 9
Base, Dr. C. F. ...		67 7 [illegible]
Bathurst, John ...		102 14 2
Bayldon, Major R. ...		168 13 10
Bayles, Captain T. ...		839 14 8
Bean, Captain C. J. ...		972 3 4
Beatson, Lieutenant D. C T. ...		262 9 0
Beavan, Robert ...		905 10 4
Bebee Hosseinee ...		4 12 0
—— Sarah Russell ...		5 7 0
Becher, Mrs. Elizabeth ...		168 6 9
Bell, Lieutenant and Brevet Captain Thomas ...		61 14 2
Benson, Major W. ...		580 4 3
Bennett, Serjeant J. ...		72 8 0
———, Lieutenant J. P. ...		408 3 8
———, Lieutenant W. H. ...		125 0 0
Besnard, R. L. ...		28 11 6
Bignell, Captain W. E. P. ...		19 8 10
Birch, Lieutenant G. ...		16 2 0
Bizzett, Dr. W. W. ...		51 4 0
Black, Captain Wm. ...		342 15 6
Blackall, Thomas (Deputy Collector) ...		5 13 7
Blackwood, Assistant Surgeon Jas. ...		15 0 11
Blake, M. ...		755 3 4
Blaney, A. B. ...		532 15 4
Blayds, Lieutenant Thomas ...		239 9 6
Bloomfield, Lieutenant C. R. ...		50 0 11
Boileau, Major H. C. ...		374 3 8
———, Ensign L. A. ...		167 0 5

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Balance on 31st Dec. 1858. Rs. A.
Boisragon, Captain C. H. ...		16 1 [illegible]
Bolshaw, F. G. ...		7 0 [illegible]
Boulnois, Lieutenant A. ...		45 15 [illegible]
Bourchier, Lieutenant P. ...		124 3 [illegible]
Bourdieu, Lieutenant-Colonel J. ...		141 10 [illegible]
Bowring, Captain G. G. ...		29 0 11
Box, Captain Thos. ...		500 7 [illegible]
Boys, Captain W. J. E. ...		30 15 [illegible]
Bracken, Captain John ...		16 15 11
Brae, E. F. ...		14 0 [illegible]
Bridgeman, Ensign C. O. H. ...		396 13 [illegible]
Bright, G. W. ...		1853 0 [illegible]
Brightman, Edward ...		1249 4 [illegible]
Broadfoot, Major G. ...		938 3 [illegible]
Brodie, Lieutenant C. M. ...		219 13 [illegible]
Brown, Dr. A. ...		302 2 10
———, Mrs. Caroline ...		0 11 [illegible]
———, Serjeant Major F. B. ...		98 11 [illegible]
———, John (late of Cawnpore) ...		31 13 [illegible]
———, Lieutenant John ...		536 3 [illegible]
———, W. J. ...		15 10 [illegible]
Browne, Colonel B. ...		1082 10 [illegible]
———, Lieutenant G. D. ...		7 4 [illegible]
Bruce, J. G. W. ...		35 12 [illegible]
———, Lieutenant-Colonel L. ...		516 11 [illegible]
———, R. W. ...		283 6 [illegible]
Bruere, Lieutenant J. R. J. ...		138 12 2
Bubb, G. T. ...		19 8 [illegible]
Bunce Captain John, ...		714 5 [illegible]
Burnett, Captain C. J. F. ...		1036 5 [illegible]
Burt, Captain John ...		2 2 [illegible]
Burton, W. W. ...		81 12 [illegible]

Byng, Captain E. D.	...	30	0	0	DeMello, Mrs. Anna Maria	...	2	0	0	Fitzgerald, James	...	353	5	
Byrne, Thomas (Engineer)	...	6	8	0	DeMomet, Lieutenant Theodore	...	152	14	11	Flyter, Captain Jas.	...	689	15	
C.					DeSanta, Maria Reverend F. S. A.	...	202	12	6	Forbes, Assistant-Surgeon Charles	...	319	13	
					DeSouza, Mrs. B.	...	6	0	0	Ford, William	...	27	9	
Caddell, Captain W.	...	280	3	10	Daley, J. C.	...	16	15	8	Fox, W. H.	...	65	6	
Cameron, F. M.	...	38	12	8	Dallas, Captain Charles	...	89	12	5	Foy, C. C.	...	210	0	
Campbell, Major A.	...	622	15	3	Dalston, Major G.	..	55	12	6	Franklin, Lieutenant R. M.	...	73	14	
———, A. E.	..	8	11	9	Daniell, Captain J. H.	...	175	5	7	Franks, Bazar Sergeant G.	...	32	0	
———, Ensign A. F. M.	...	327	10	1	Darling, Lieutenant P.	...	224	4	9	Fraser, Lieutenat S. C.	...	0	13	
———, N. H. A.	...	9	11	6	Davidson, Lieutenant G. H.	...	219	0	0	Frederick, Lieutenant-Colonel H. O.	...	12	0	
Cannon, Captain F. W.	...	130	3	8	———, T. R.	...	45	9	5	French, J. G.	...	17	3	
Cardew, Lieutenant A.	...	13	2	2	Davies, Captain Chas. F.	...	178	8	8	Fullerton, Assistant-Surgeon John	...	30	0	
Cargill, James	...	693	10	11	Dawkins, Captain C. D.	...	276	6	7	Frushard, Lieutenant-Colonel J.	...	1642	9	
Carlyon, Lieutenant C.	...	32	9	11	Day, Ensign H. W.	...	5	13	11					
Carty, John	...	2285	8	2	Delafosse, Major H.	...	97	0	0	G.				
Caspersz, Mrs. L. L.	...	10	12	0	Dick, John	...	454	2	0	Gardner, Lieutenant H. F.	...	222	7	
Catheart, Lieutenant James	...	32	12	8	Dillon, Peter	...	300	1	8	Garrett, Lieutenant and Brevet Capt. E.	...	226	7	
———, Robert	...	37	0	7	Dixon, Captain Thos.	...	160	15	0	Gennys, Lieutenant R. H.	...	310	11	
Chattelier, Sub-Assistant Surgeon J.	...	36	9	6	Don, Captain W. G.	...	468	0	0	Gerrard, Dr. W. R.	...	221	15	
Cheyne, Surgeon G. M.	...	254	9	4	Donaldson, John	...	147	8	0	Gibbes, Lieutenant P. O.	...	443	9	
Childs, Captain R. H.	...	147	14	0	Down, Ensign R. W.	...	807	3	7	Gilbert, Lieutenant F. M.	...	389	6	
Chisholm, J. S.	...	186	1	9	Dowson, Captain R.	...	130	1	2	Gillet, Captain A.	...	1192	15	
Christie, Captain C. R. H.	...	48	8	1	Duncan, Alexander	...	90	5	4	Gladstone, Lieutenant C. A.	...	1634	7	
———, Brevet Major E.	...	746	0	8	Dunlop, Ensign R.	...	407	6	4	Glennie, Dr. W. R.	...	170	5	
———, Robert	...	91	15	4						Goldie, Brevet Major B. W.	...	1074	2	
Clark, D.	...	450	5	4	E.					Gomes, Mrs. M.	...	27	9	
——, James	...	21	7	3	Earle, Lieutenant-Colonel W. H.	...	278	0	0	Goodridge, Dr. W. G.	...	191	10	
Clarton, Wm.	...	51	10	9	Eborall, W. H.	...	229	12	3	Gordon, Surgeon A. C.	...	14	8	
Cock, H.	...	199	10	8	Eccles, Lieutenant J. W.	...	25	7	10	———, Ensign George	...	161	11	
Colliard, T. S. (Senior)	...	43	7	3	Eden, Lieutenant F. G.	...	506	8	6	———, James	...	13	1	
Comon, Assistant Surgeon J. R.	...	96	6	1	Edom, Monsieur Charles	...	19	7	10	———, Ensign Arthur	...	113	[illegible]	
Connolly, Brevet Captain E. B.	...	1835	12	5	Edwardes, Lieutenant H. J.	...	634	12	11	Gorringe, Captain C.	...	6	[illegible]	
Conlan, Thomas	...	1077	5	0	Ekins, Lieut. G. E. (of 1st European Bengal Fusiliers)		18	0	0	Gother, Lieutenant William	...	55	14	
Cooper, Lieutenant B. S.	...	193	13	4	Elderton, Lieutenant E. D.	...	85	10	0	Govan, Lieutenant John	...	19	[illegible]	
———, Lieutenant L. H.	...	65	1	5	Elliot, Lieut. G. (of 2nd European Bengal Fusiliers).		68	10	6	Gough, Veterinary Surgeon W. R.	...	105	15	
Cope, Captain Alfred	...	83	2	0	———, Lieutenant G. D.	...	16	0	0	Graham, R. B.	...	96	[illegible]	
Cowley, Major C. W.	...	217	8	1	Ellis, Lieutenant H. A. L.	...	90	14	8	———, Lieutenant and Adjutant R. J.	...	319	[illegible]	
Cox, Captain G. H.	...	43	8	3	——, John C.	...	438	5	6	Grant, Lieutenant B. D.	...	84	[illegible]	
Crahley, R. G.	...	5	1	0	Elsegood, Lieutenant F. J.	...	12	10	11	——, Surgeon George	...	7	[illegible]	
Craig, Alexander	...	129	8	0	Evans, Lieutenant J.	...	22	15	1	Gray, Major J. C. C.	...	470	[illegible]	
Craigie, Dr. George	...	164	10	5	———, Richard	...	142	2	0	Greaves, William	...	162	[illegible]	
Crawford, Lieutenant A. R.	...	74	0	11						Gregg, Lieutenant Henry John	...	20	[illegible]	
Croly, Lieutenant G. A.	...	158	15	4	F.					Greig, Dr. A.	..	81	1	
Crow, M.	...	47	12	1	Faithful, Major General H.	...	1063	11	0	Grenon, Captain F. J.	..	64	1	
Cumberledge, Major John	...	417	6	0	Faldo, Captain George	...	46	9	6	Griffin, Brevet Major J.	...	367	1	
Cunningham, Captain J. D.	...	1324	8	6	Farnell, Ensign W. A. P.	...	300	3	11	———, Mrs. Mary.	...	88	[illegible]	
Currie, Captain J. A.	...	68	6	11	Fawcett, Ensign W. F.	...	172	14	6	Griffith, Dr. S. M.	...	22	1	
					Fell, Robert	...	52	3	6	Grissell, Major C.	..	139	1	
D.					Field, W. H.	...	98	8	0	Grome, Cattle Serjeant C. F.	..	205	[illegible]	
					Fisher, Ensign H. G., (of 68th N. I.)	...	31	13	5	Grounds, Captain J. E. (of 46th N. I.)		71	[illegible]	
DeBrandy, Monsieur C.	...	141	11	9	——, Captain John	...	1515	5	11	Gundry, Lieutenant C. B		132	[illegible]	
DeFountain, Captain A.	...	8	9	1										

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Balance on 31st Dec. 1858. Rs. A. P.
H.		
Haines, J. H. ...		4 0 0
Hair, W. F. ...		1000 0 0
Hamilton, Lieutenant F. W. A. ...		841 7 11
———, W. H. ...		5 3 6
Hand, Lieutenant T. M. ...		458 1 8
Harcourt, Lieutenant H. ...		105 5 10
Harington, Captain T. T. ...		461 13 6
Harvey, Robert ...		84 5 0
Hatch, Lieutenant R. C. ...		409 12 4
Hatchell, Captain J. H. ...		388 9 3
Hay, Captain John ...		37 5 8
——, Lieutenant R. ...		2121 10 8
Hayes, Serjeant T. ...		14 10 11
Hayton, J. L. ...		14 12 6
Heald, Thomas ...		16 12 10
Heather, Mrs. Elizabeth ...		224 9 8
Henry, Dr. William ...		44 12 7
Hickie, Michael ...		592 12 8
Hickey, Captain C. E. ...		323 4 4
———, Captain W. A. G. ...		907 4 10
Hicks, Captain G. W. S. ...		261 8 7
Higgins, J. W. (Branch Pilot) ...		211 9 9
Higginson, Lieutenant T. E. ...		89 3 10
Hindmarsh, Captain J. ...		47 4 3
Hodges, N. ...		241 10 3
Holmes, J. O. ...		70 8 11
Hook, Lieutenant F. A. ...		6 6 0
Hooper, Lieutenant W. ..		179 6 7
Hore, Captain William, (of 18th N. I.) ...		37 10 3
Horn, John ...		69 0 0
Horne, Mrs. F. W. ...		39 7 0
Hotson, R. M. ...		132 2 7
Hotham, Lieutenant G. F. ...		300 9 4
Houston, Lieutenant A. C. ...		289 2 6
Howden, Dr. W. M. ...		154 5 10
Howe, T. S. C. ...		143 0 0
Hughes, Edward ...		24 4 3
Hull, Major L. N. ...		967 4 4
Humbert, Charles ...		1210 10 6
Humfrays, Captain A. ...		296 4 4
Hunt, George ...		99 2 11
Hunter, Lieutenant John ...		264 1 10
———, Captain R. M. ..		15 7 7
Hutchings, Lieutenant George ...		8 15 9
Hutchinson, Lieutenant B. M. ...		139 2 2
———, J. C. ...		16 13 0
Hutton, J. F. E. ...		409 0 4
I.		
Imlach, Alexander		14 8 0
Ireland, Joseph ...		457 9 5
J.		
Jellicoe, Major A. H., (of 55th N. I.)		53 0 7
Jenkins, Lieutenant C. H. ...		80 6 5
Jenne, Lieutenant F. A. ...		855 15 11
Johnston, George ...		85 10 8
Jones, Key Serjeant J. ..		6 14 0
——, J. W. ...		131 2 5
——, Ensign Thomas ...		43 13 6
Joynt, Mrs. Ann ...		122 0 6
K.		
Keaveny, M.		169 4 5
Keelan, Thomas ...		11 12 0
Keiller, Major D. C. ...		24 4 9
Keith, Dr. D. ..		12 8 0
Kellner, H. ...		8 0 7
Kemp, H. C. ...		13 4 0
Kendall, Captain B. ...		270 0 0
Kent, Lieutenant-Colonel R. ...		102 10 0
King, Lieutenant T. T. ...		135 10 1
Knox, Lieutenant R. T. ...		1040 11 7
L.		
Lambard, Lieutenant J., of 57th N. I. ...		322 3 8
Lambert, Lieutenant J. ...		1150 5
———, Lieutenant P. C. ...		34 0
Lane, C.		2 0
——, Ensign Frederick ..		53 14
Latter, Captain Thomas .		284
Law, W. A. .		43 14
Laws, W. W. . .		219 9
Leadbeater, Major W. E. B. ...		815 5
Leathes, Lieutenant H. S. ...		34 14
Leeson, Brevet Major J. ...		1305 9
Liddell, William ...		659 2
Lindsay, Lieutenant J. H. ...		881 12
Llewellyn, Dr, C., of 40th N. I. ...		2 15
Lloyd, Ensign C. O. ...		6 2
Lochner, W. C. ...		388 2
Logan, Lieutenant J. B., of 63rd N. I. ...		48 5
Lomer, Captain O.		82 5
Lukin, Lieutenant J. H. H. ...		125 0
Lumsden, Lieutenant D. ...		204 8
M.		
Macfarlane, P. ...		50 0
Maconachie, H. D. M. ...		240 4
Mackean, Dr. Archibald ..		220 2
Mackenzie, G. H. ...		158 4
———, John ...		2 0
———, Lieutenant N. K. J. ..		632 4
Mackeson, Lieutenant-Colonel F. ...		12 0
———, Lieutenant J. A. ..		559 3
———, P. ...		286 4
———, Lieutenant W. L. ..		39 9
Mackintosh, Captain W. L. ..		8 9 10
Macsween, Lieutenant H. D., of Artillery ..		115 8 0
Macvitie, Major W. J. ...		84 8 10
McAuliffe, Lieutenant and Ridding Master R. ...		47 0 5
McCurdy, Dr. C. ...		289 10
Macdonald, Captain A. R. ..		2707 12
———, Dr. C. J. ...		1825 11

McGrath, Surgeon John	...	5	12	10	Narain Chund Set	...	193	5	0	Pratt, Reverend Henry	...	633	3
McGregor, Brevet-Captain A. N. M.	...	178	9	1	Nares, Lieutenant J. S.	...	1167	1	2	——, J. N.	...	131	13
McKenly, Captain H. C.	...	791	3	9	Nash, Major S.	...	1668	8	11	Pringle, Dr. W.	...	27	3
McLean, Assistant Surgeon A.	...	94	11	0	Nembhard, Lieutenant E.	...	169	14	1	Prole, Captain W. S.	...	19	3
———, Captain A. M. L.	...	1347	15	8	Newman, Lieutenant R. G.	...	255	8	4	Pronje, J. L.	...	506	11
———, Lieutenant Lauchlealean Alexander	...	871	1	6	Nicholetts, Captain and Brevet Major W. H.	...	1826	6	10	Prosser, John.	...	21	0
McLeod, Dr. B. W.	...	1858	15	7	Nicholson, Lieutenant Colonel J.	...	1295	7	4				
McMullen, Lieutenant F. S.	...	357	2	0	Nicolson, Lieutenant G. E.	...	257	10	5	Q.			
McPherson, Ensign A. G.	...	12	1	9	————, Lieutenant M.	...	9	5	0	Quayle, Lieutenant Wm. F.	...	10	12
Maidman, Captain W. R.	...	175	1	8	Nightingale, Assistant Surgeon M.	...	171	11	0	Quinan, W.	...	76	14
Main, Alexander	...	101	8	1	Norton, Mrs. Frances	...	176	0	0				
Mainwaring, Lieutenant H.	...	278	11	10						R.			
————, Captain J. J.	...	230	15	10	O.								
Magnay, Lieutenant C.	...	298	10	5	Oatley, Lieutenant J. P.	...	695	8	8	Ralfe, Captain C.	...	183	1
Maling, Lieutenant C. R.	...	86	0	1	O'Brien, J. L.	...	536	13	10	Ramsay, Lieutenant Alexr.	...	540	1
Mallock, Lieutenant R. J,	...	245	4	6	O'Connor, Sub-Conductor Thos.	...	23	15	6	Randolph, Henry	...	88	1
Manuk, J. M.	...	130	6	4	Oliver, Andrew	...	69	10	1	Rawlins, Lieutenant Colonel J.	...	110	13
Marcus, J. P.	...	38	2	9	———, Lieutenant-Colonel John	...	1311	4	11	————, Mr. Mariner W. C. F.	...	143	1
Marshall, C. A.	...	345	4	5	Oram, Alfred	...	3	10	7	Reddie, John	...	797	4
Martindell, G. H.	...	106	0	2	Orchard, Mrs. M. E.	...	227	0	0	Reid, Lieutenant D. T.	...	222	2
Masson, Dr. J. M.	...	80	0	0	Oswald, Lieutenant A. J. T. E.	...	147	3	6	——, Lieutenant Henry	...	499	3
Master, Captain G. W.	...	69	10	7	Ouseley, Lieutenant-Colonel J. R.	...	240	8	7	Regelly, Vincent	...	5	9
Mathews, Apothecary J.	...	654	3	4	———, R. O.	...	231	4	7	Remington, Lieutenant and Brevet Captain Jas.	...	66	4
Mathias, Captain J.	...	265	8	6	Ovenger, H. A.	...	13	0	1	Remmington, Lieutenant J. C.	...	36	15
Maxwell, Brigadier Colonel W.	...	84	5	0	Ovenstone, Captain D.	...	56	14	5	Repton, Ensign H. T.	...	47	14
Mayne, Brigadier Wm.	...	1468	13	1	Owen, Assistant Surgeon W. C.	...	118	3	3	———. Captain W. W.	...	96	9
Medlicott, George	...	64	10	2						Reynolds, Captain C. S.	...	255	8
Mee, Ensign John E.	...	144	3	9	P.					————, Captain H. C.	..	193	12
Meiklejohn, H. C.	...	96	11	11						Rich, Brigadier General Robt.	...	68	10
Mellish, Captain D. G. A. F. H.	...	403	7	11	Paley, Captain Wm.	...	48	5	8	Richardson, R.	...	144	4
Melvill, Philip	...	361	14	8	Palmer, Serjeant E. W.	...	57	1	4	————, George	...	301	0
Melville, A. L. (C. S.)	...	5	15	11	———, George	...	49	2	5	Rivett, Edwaru (Pensioner Serjeant)	...	478	0
Middleton, R. B.	...	98	12	8	Parkers, A. W. R.	...	153	10	4	Rix, Serjeant R.	...	22	11
Miles, Assistant Surgeon R. D.	...	10	13	4	Parrott, J. G.	...	515	15	0	Robertson, Lieutenant G., of 37th N. I.	...	72	10
Money, Captain Jas.	...	274	2	1	Patullo, Captain Jas.	...	217	10	5	Robinson, John	...	48	0
Moore, Ensign H.	...	51	3	2	Payter, J. W.	...	5	4	4	Roebuck, Major G. D.	...	88	14
———, Reverend J. J.	...	3438	0	1	Pearson, R. K.	...	26	5	1	Rogers, Dr. R. C.	...	36	12
———, William Robert	...	90	15	0	Peel, Lieutenant J. of 37th N. I.	...	28	0	0	Ruddach, J. M.	...	23	0
Morgan, Assistant Surgeon R. B.	...	7	11	11	Pennington, R. C.	...	11	13	4	Ryan, E. B.	...	9	7
———, R. H.	...	7	12	1	Perry, Ensign C. H.	...	79	4	6				
Morris, Brevet Captain A. B.	...	90	5	9	Petrie, Lieutenant M.	...	932	14	8	S.			
Morrison, Ensign C. M.	...	308	8	0	Pettet, Captain F.	...	64	5	0	Sale, Lieutenant H. P.	...	380	4
Mosley, Brevet Captain W. B.	...	383	2	8	Phillpotts, Lieutenant Thomas Chas.	...	140	9	6	Salter, C. H.	...	7	12
Moultrie, Captain W.	...	104	15	5	Pickance Mrs. Mary	...	16	0	11	Sanders, Lieutenant-Colonel Thos.	...	178	9
Munro, D. F.	...	23	4	0	Pitcaithly, Reverend L.	...	164	10	4	Sandford, Ensign D. A.	...	87	9
———, Captain J.	...	28	1	2	Pitt, Licutenant R H.	..	403	8	10	————, E. M.	...	92	7
Murray, Lieutenant B. H,	...	27	4	0	Playfair Lieutenant H. A.	...	56	10	6	Savigny, Alfred	...	86	13
———, Lieutenant J. M.	...	561	0	0	Plowden, A. U. C.	...	2163	13	11	Scott, Major J.	...	7	14
Mytton, Lieutenant G.	...	187	5	3	Plum, Captain E. C. (Mariner)	...	40	3	6	——, James	...	78	6
					Pogson, Lieutenant Colonel R. W.	...	365	15	6	——, Cornet W.	...	700	5
N.					Pollard, Dr. W. E.	...	754	3	4	Sedgley, Veterinary Surgeon G.	...	106	0
Napleton, Lieutenant-Colonel T. E. A.	...	389	15	5	Poole, G. H. M.	...	381	1	11	Senior, Serjeant Major S. M.	...	81	1

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Balance on 31st Dec. 1858. Rs. A. P.
S.		
Sewell, Captain A. H. C. ...		802 10 6
——, Lieutenant H. T. ...		218 0 7
Sharpe, Lieutenant Edmond ...		215 0 11
Shaw, Lieutenant Jas. ...		295 6 7
Sheehan, Band Mr. Thos. ...		53 11 4
Shepherd, Lieutenant A. M., of 6th Light Cavalry ...		100 4 3
Shire, Captain W. H., Life Interest for J. Wright ...		1 2 0
Shuttleworth, Lieutenant F. ...		391 15 9
Siddons, Major G. R. ...		503 8 0
——, Captain W. Y. ...		1441 14 3
Sim, Lieutenant H. G. ...		27 7 2
Simons, A. M. ...		58 3 7
Sinaes, Wm. DeMonte ...		20 8 0
Sinclair, Lieutenant Hy, ...		62 8 4
Sitwell, Ensign W. H. ...		32 0 7
Slade, E. ...		44 6 0
Slater, Mrs. H. L. ...		72 1 0
Sloane, F. ...		787 10 2
Small, A. ...		35 13 2
Smalpage, Lieutenant F. J. ...		616 7 4
Smelt, Henry ...		43 4 11
Smith, Lieutenant B. C. ...		416 6 7
——, H. J. ...		111 9 9
——, Captain J. H. ...		48 10 2
——, Ensign W. J. ...		461 7 5
——, Thos. W. ...		6 0 7
Speed, D. W. H. ...		325 7 3
Spence, Lieutenant John ...		24 1 2
Spiller, Major F. J. ...		58 6 8
——, Mrs. Louisa ...		76 1 0
Spilsbury, Dr. G. G. ...		1781 8 0
Sprot, Lieutenant G. H. ...		237 12 2
Staples, Lieutenant M. ...		127 3 2
Stephens, Jas. ...		80 15 4
Stewart Assistant Surgeon J. F. ...		1247 10 1
St. John, Lieutenant the Hon'ble S. M. ...		432 4 7
Stoddart, Major G. D. ..		168 1 3
Stokes, Lieutenant S. W. ...		672 2 5
Stone, M. B. ...		133 11 9
Stowell, C. S. ...		20 1 3
Struthers, Brevet Major Wm. ...		63 6 0
Stuart, Dr. A. M. ...		171 7 9
Sutherland, John ...		705 3 4
Swete, Lieutenant G. H. W. ...		468 5 11
Symers, Captain A. ...		226 12 9
Symons, Assistant Surgeon John S. C. ...		58 5 1
T.		
Tabor, Captain S. J. ...		862 14 7
Tait, Captain Thos. ...		46 5 4
Tallan, Lieutenant W. ...		185 13 3
Tapley, Lieutenant Richard ...		117 7 6
Tarrakissen Banerjee ...		33 1 0
Tatham, Robt. ...		38 7 0
Tatlock, Assistant Surgeon W. ...		11 14 5
Taylor, Mr. M. M. *alias* Dhermainville ...		28 9 11
——, Robert ...		104 5 6
——, Lieutenant R. T. ...		1396 3 6
——, William ...		7 8 0
Templeton, Jeremiah ...		5 8 3
Thoman, M. C. ...		15 4 0
Thomas, Captain F. ...		453 5 3
——, Lieutenant F. H. ...		342 5 3
——, Joseph ...		53 0 0
Thompson, Henry ...		42 4 8
——, Captain Jas, of 19th N. I. ...		128 13 5
——, Lieutenant Jas. of Artillery ...		325 8 0
Thomson, Lieutenant Colonel G. ...		202 15 1
——, Sir James, (K. C. B.) ...		14 0 0
Tidcombe, Lieutenant Thos. ..		35 13 3
Timings, Captain H. ...		14 8 0
Toulmin. Edward ...		10 0 0
Tranter, Sub-Assistant Surgeon G. ...		1946 8 9
Travers, Ensign J. O. ...		74 12
Trood, Chas. ...		639 9
Troup, Major W. A. ...		63 8
Trower, Captain C. F. ...		3311 0
Tulloch, Lieutenant S. W. R. ...		55 0
Turner, Mrs. Ann ...		28 0
——, Lieutenant F. M. ...		1200 3
——, Captain J. ...		81 2
——, William ...		10 15
—— Lieutenant Wm. ...		109 10
Twycross, Lieutenant W. S. ...		494 8
U.		
Urquhart, Major C. F. ...		20 3
V.		
Vallings, Lieutenant G. A. ...		11 3
Vanhomrigh, Captain H. D. ...		122 15
Vanrenen, Lieutenant A. J. ...		541 15
Veal, Dr. Wm. ...		205 4
Vincent, Ensign Robt. ...		122 13
W.		
Wallace, Lieutenant F. ...		86 8
——, Lieutenant Colonel N. ...		227 13
——, Robert ...		40 3
Walmsley, Jas. ...		17 12
Ward, Brevet Major Thos. ...		35 7
——. T. C. B. ..		306 13

Warde, Lieutenant W. W., of 56th N. I.		417	11	1	Whistler, Lieutenant G. H.	...	73	13	9	Woodhouse, Captain C. R.	...	1936	8	1
Warne, Captain G. F.	...	28	1	3	Wigney, Lieutenant C. W.	...	179	14	1	Woodburn, Dr. D.	...	310	12	9
Warner, Captain and Brevet Major W. R.	...	16	6	0	Wilkinson, Captain H. R.	...	167	6	1	Worsley, Major H. N.	...	224	11	8
Warren, Lieutenant D. C	...	79	8	6	Williams, T. S.	...	16	8	0	———, Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas	...	673	3	4
Watson, Dr. W.	...	171	2	0	Williamson, Major F. A.	...	204	11	4	Wray, Assistant-Surgeon C. W.	...	119	9	11
Wealins, James	...	6	0	3	———, Brigadier George	...	815	9	6	Wrench, Captain Alfred	...	597	9	1
Weaver, John	...	218	1	7	———, Riding Master Thomas	...	294	13	6					
West, Richard Edward	...	121	13	3	Wishart, W.	...	149	6	3	Y.				
Whelan, Lieutenant E.	...	112	3	8	Willis, George	...	14	12	6					
Whiffin, Thomas	...	107	5	9	Wollen, Lieutenant J. G.	...	380	6	1	Young, Lieutenant Wm.	...	18	10	1

E. E. C. S. HOGG,

Calcutta, 31st December 1858.

Administrator General.

SCHEDULE F. of Unclaimed Balances of Estates under 500 Rupees deposited with the Sub-Treasurer, Fort William, under the Financial Secretary's letter of the October 1852, Interest being allowed thereon by Government.

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Cash. Rs. A. P.
A.		
Aberdeen, W.	31 May 42	27 5 7
Ainslie, Colonel J.	23 Sept. 34	3 9 3
Aitchison, R. H.	1 April 39	111 6 7
Alexander, John	12 Oct. 41	115 1 8
———, Ensign G. W.	2 Nov. 40	20 1 4
———, Ensign W. F.	15 April 33	317 6 5
Allan, R. W.	25 Jan. 53	6 9 11
Alldin, Lieutenant Colonel J. J.	15 Dec. 34	41 9 2
Amos, Serjeant A.	16 Sept. 34	295 4 6
Anderson, James	15 May 43	76 12 3
———, Lieutenant R. W.	28 Nov. 54	6 2 9
Andrews, Brevet Major W. E.	21 Nov. 54	7 8 2
Aplin, Major C. D.	19 May 34	10 7 4
Apperley, Overseer J.	Taken charge 26 July 52	45 15 3
Apperly, Captain H., (of Horse Artillery)	... ...	57 5 4
Arnold, Reverend Richard	15 July 39	262 5 4
Auber, Captain Charles	17 Nov. 41	14 9 10
Augustus, Clement Simon	25 June 44	285 1 11
Auslan, C. P.	28 July 47	46 4 8
Austin, Mrs. Alice	Taken charge 2 Jan. 55	107 7 10
Awdry, Lieutenant James	18 Jan. 36	9 3 8
Ashruff Mistry, Shaik	5 Aug 45	6 15 2
B.		
Babonau, H.	2 July 41	83 13 2
Bacon, Brevet-Major W.	27 Aug. 39	208 13 2
Bailey, Francis	10 Nov. 51	111 9 1
Baillie, Mrs. Rosinah	12 June 49	45 1 6
Baird, Ensign G. W.	13 Feb. 55	4 3 1
Baker, Brevet Captain F.	... ...	36 3 11
Bannerman, D.	12 May 35	62 10 7
Barnes, Serjeant Major Thomas	17 Dec. 45	124 4 10
Barnett, E.	27 Nov. 37	2 4 2
Barretto, Mrs. Rozalia (Senior)	1 Oct. 33	19 13 7
Barrow, George	26 July 43	77 14 6
Barwell, Mrs. A. M.	9 April 22	177 8 10
Bateman, J. W.	13 Oct. 40	55 3 11
Bean, Lieutenant C. C.	Taken charge 11 Oct. 54	4 11 0
Bebee Hannah	27 May 20	8 12 10
——, Kattoo	Taken charge In 1847	9 2 4
——, Radha	22 Jan. 38	13 6 0
——, Sophia	3 Mar. 46	187 4 7
Bell, James	28 Nov. 43	21 14 11
Bellassis, Lieutenant-Colonel D. H.	7 Feb. 42	409 1 8
Bellringers, W. B.	Taken charge In 1846	9 12 10
Bendall, George Henry	Taken charge 18 Aug. 55	3 1 9
Bennett, Francis (late of Colgong Concern)	Taken charge 3 Mar. 49	31 13 1
Benson, James William	Taken charge 23 Aug. 53	73 7 9
Bernard, Charles	12 June 51	288 4 0
Binny, Charles	17 Oct. 37	4 0 2
——, Mrs. Isabella	10 Feb. 34	22 10 9
Birch, C. J. formerly Lieutenant	Taken charge 1 Aug. 50	257 9 4
Black, Captain William	3 Mar. 46	18 0 7
——, Ensign John R. C.	23 April 53	4 1 9
Blackburne, W.	16 Jan. 37	136 12 9
Blake, Captain B.	26 June 38	196 9 9
Blaney, A. B.	3 Mar. 51	53 11 6
Bolst, William Chapman	Taken charge 1 Mar. 55	5 15 8
Bond, F. E.	24 April 48	5 3
Bonnar, Alexander	17 Dec. 45	10 8
Bosanquet J. J.	10 Sept. 44	2 3
Bouchier, Miss S. E. Representative to the Estate of Captain W. W. West	10 June 34	239 0
Boys, Captain W. J. E.	25 July 54	9 14
Braddon, Major R.	22 Aug. 37	5 12
Brandt, J. H.	6 Mar. 39	228 15
Breen, James	7 Aug. 38	83 5
Brenan, Major A.	14 July 34	88 9
Brightman, Ensign John Edward	Taken charge 15 Mar. 51	6 3
Brightman, Edward	27 Jan. 34	134 2
Broadfoot, Captain William	19 Dec. 43	89 5
Brodie, W.	8 Dec. 34	43 8
Brown, Brigadier General C.	28 June 41	126 2
——, John (Preventive Officer)	27 Mar. 50	7 6
——, R. C.	... ...	4 5
Browne, Captain A. P.	1 April 39	3 10
——, Colonel B.	... ...	18 14
Bruce, Lieutenant R. R.	1 April 39	19 14
Buckingham, J.	23 Nov. 30	6 3
Burgess, Mrs. Catherine	3 Jan. 43	60 5 10
Burney, Lieutenant-Colonel H.	25 Aug. 46	341 12 10
Burt, Captain J.	9 Jan. 55	10 2
——, T.	11 Dec. 38	80 9
Burlton, Thomas	14 May 48	14 15 5
Byng, Captain E. D.	... ...	12 12 6
Byron, Apothecary John	3 June 47	226 10 4
C.		
Calcroft, Lieutenant-General H. F.	20 Oct. 34	17 9 7
Cameron, Surgeon William	17 Aug. 47	26 7 9
Campbell, D. K.	9 Dec. 50	4 14 1

C.

Campbell, E	...	4 Jan. 40	9 8 3	
———, John	...	18 Aug. 34	68 3 5	
———, Lieutenant-Colonel J.	...	17 May 36	209 14 6	
Carning, John 1st A. C.	...	17 Nov. 04	208 11 2	
Capes, E. E.	...	8 Mar. 41	130 4 1	
Carr, George Joseph	.	5 July 55	4 10 9	
Carrington, Mrs. Eliza	...	Taken charge 22 Aug. 53	127 4 6	
Carter, Richard	...	Taken charge 18 Oct. 53	45 14 5	
Casement, Julius	..	25 June 35	43 12	
Cearns, Master Pilot W. N.	...	5 Mar. 49	34 5 3	
Chapman, Samuel Thomas	...	19 Aug. 45	252 8 4	
Chew, R. W.	..	29 Dec. 46	47 8 0	
Chisholm, John Seton	...	24 Jan. 54	12 3 5	
Christie, Brevet Major E.	...	20 Nov. 49	75 0 0	
Clark, Lieutenant John	...	20 Oct. 31	30 10 9	
Clarke, Allan	...	Taken charge In 1847	117 5 11	
Clerkson, Mrs. Eliza	..	20 Mar. 43	8 8 2	
Cleaver, Richard	...	20 Mar. 34	35 7 6	
Cliffe, Captain E. H.	...	21 Nov. 42	11 11 5	
Clifford, Band Master J.	...	Taken charge 19 Aug. 50	37 15 9	
Cox, Captain G. H.	...	8 June 41	10 3 5	
Collins, G. T.	...	2 Dec. 33	387 8 10	
Collinson, Lieutenant W. C. P.	...	9 Nov. 40	107 8 7	
Colquhoun, A.	...	25 Aug. 34	73 14 7	
Compton, Dr. T.	..	17 Sept. 33	78 4 4	
———, John	...	Taken charge 6 Aug. 50	191 10 1	
Constable, Lieutenant C. G.	...	9 Nov. 21	159 5 1	
Cormack, W.	...	16 May 37	86 7 11	
Cormick, Dr. John	...	13 May 34	95 6 1	
Corrie, Captain A. A. L.	...	9 Jan. 44	9 7 11	
Cox, E. G.	.	15 May 55	7 4 9	
Craig, James	...	Taken charge 6 Nov. 54	36 12 9	
Crispin, Lieutenant G. G.	...	13 April 41	290 12 7	
Cubitt, Lieutenant Thomas	...	23 Dec. 50	35 2 6	
Cumberledge, Major J.	..	Taken charge 3 May 53	18 10 10	
Cunningham, David	..	Taken charge In 1839	90 13 6	

D.

Dallas, F.	...	20 July 40	23 0 8	
Dalston, Major G.	...	29 May 49	20 13 1	
Dalzell, J.	...	14 April 40	78 6 0	
Daniell, Captain J. H.	...	22 April 50	25 15 5	
Dare, Lieutenant William	..	13 Dec. 20	185 6 11	
Darling, Lieutenant P.	.	Taken charge 26 Dec. 54	10 4 1	
Davidson, Captain G. (Mariner)	...	Taken charge 5 Feb. 50	4 6 9	
———, Dr. R. O.	...	25 Sept. 43	31 3 3	
———, T. R.	...	21 Oct. 51	54 3 1	
Davis, Captain Charles Farquhar	...	1 June 55	7 0 3	
DeBast, Monsr. Charles	...	Taken charge Dec. 48	232 2 7	
Delafosse, Major H.	...	17 Nov. 46	24 15 10	
Demello, Anna Maria	...	Taken charge 17 April 52	32 11 11	
Denby, Lieutenant Cololonel W. C.	...	3 May 42	104 2 7	
DeRozario, Mrs. Frances	...	27 Oct. 36	125 3 8	
———. John	...	6 Dec. 53	5 2 9	
DeSylva, M. P.	...	Taken charge 20 Sept. 51	72 1 2	
Dickson, Mrs.	...	... ...	29 0 3	
———, Lieutenant-Colonel W.	...	4 June 44	44 8 9	
Donaldson, Dr. H. D.	...	14 May 39	80 5 5	
Donnovan, Mr. and Mrs. James	...	Taken charge 26 Sept. 51	106 4 7	
Dorris, Mrs. F.	..	... ...	21 4 6	
Douglas, Mrs. Catherine	...	Taken charge 7 Nov. 55	4 2 6	
Dowie, Lieutenant-Colonel D.	...	27 Nov. 37	35 13 5	
Dowson, Captain R. of 5th N. I.	...	12 Aug. 51	15 3 10	
Doyle, Mrs. Anne	...	1 Oct. 33	7 10 10	
Drummond, Hon'ble F.	...	5 June 48	32 5 3	
Duff, Dr. W.	...	21 Feb. 42	55 12 0	
——, W. H.	...	31 July 54	56 3 10	
Dun, Major General J.	...	17 Feb. 51	12 7 4	
Dunbersing Lalla	...	15 April 46	34 14 9	
Duncan, Alexander	...	21 June 47	192 7 2	
Dunlop, William	...	17 Sept. 41	243 2 5	
Duntze, S, M.	...	10 Aug. 41	73 5 6	
Dupuis, Monsieur G,	...	Taken charge 8 April 55	6 8 3	
Durie, Lieutenant A. L.	...	16 Mar. 30	18 5 8	
Dyce, C. A.	...	Taken charge 9 April 53	7 11 0	
——. Colonel G. A. D.	...	24 April 34	137 12 2	

E.

Edge, Dr. J.	...	25 Sept. 42	315 9 0	
Edmonstone, N. B.	...	23 July 41	175 11 3	
Edom, Monsieur C.	...	Taken charge 28 April 35	4 1 4	
Edwards, George (Groom)	...	Taken charge 7 Aug. 56	50 2 11	
Ekins, Lieutenant G. E., (of 1st E. B. Fusiliers)	...	6 Dec. 53	107 7 2	
Erskine, Sir John Drummond	...	9 June 40	70 15 1	

F.

Faithful, Lieutenant W. L. R.	...	5 Sept. 37	162 3 7	
Falconer, Captain Petrie	...	... ...	20 15 9	
Fergusson, Robert Cutler	...	27 Feb. 41	9 1	
Fewell, W.	...	2 Dec. 34	48 3	
Field, W. H.	...	21 July 46	226 14	
FitzClarence, Lieutenant Henry	...	17 Nov. 41	10 8 9	
Fitzroy, Cornet F. W.	..	21 Feb. 44	177 10 1	
Fleming, D.	...	Taken charge 15 May 50	129 9 8	
Foley, Mrs. E.	...	18 Mar. 44	235 5 0	
Forbes, Assistant Surgeon Charles	...	3 Jan. 55	4 1 9	
Fraser, Lieutenant S. C., (of 2nd E. B. Fusiliers)	...	6 Mar. 54	40 11 11	
French, Sergeant R.	...	17 Nov. 53	6 8 8	
Frost, Captain W. W.	...	23 May 48	70 10 2	
Frushard, Lieutenant-Colonel J.	...	30 Oct. 48	13 9 4	
Fullerton, Assistant Overseer John	...	Taken charge 19 Jan. 52	257 5 11	

G.

George, Ensign R. G.	...	3 Feb. 40	19 0 1	
Gerard, Captain P.	...	22 Dec. 51	12 1	
Gibson, Mrs. Sophia	...	4 Dec. 37	4 15 1	
———, Stewart	...	3 April 50	297 7 1	
Gilbert, James	...	3 Aug. 35	44 4	
Ginder, Dr. T.	. .	2 July 44	120 1	
Glanville, H. B. (or H. V.)	...	Taken charge 27 June 55	9 10 1	
Glennie, Dr. W. R,	...	29 April 50	45 2	
Glomier, Mrs. M. S.	...	6 April 35	2 11 1	
Golding, Lieutenant G. W.	...	20 Feb. 43	199 12	
Goluckmoney Raur	...	... ...	13 14	
Gomes, Mrs. M.	...	... . .	25 5	
Gonsalves, Mrs. A. M. B.	...	... . .	21 2	
Gordon, James	...	31 Jan. 53	124 14 1	
———, John	..	Taken charge 20 Feb. 50	102 0	
Grainger, Conductor George	...	26 Feb. 39	297 1	
Graham, John	...	25 April 37	1 2	
———, Robert	...	27 Dec. 25	4 13	
Grant, Doctor G.	...	31 July 55	4 13	
——, Lieutenant B. D.	. .	12 June 55	6 4	
——, Doctor James, Civil Assistant Surgeon	...	Taken charge 25 June 53	8 5	
——, Lieutenant-Colonel A.	..	30 Jan. 43	161 12	
——, Sir J. P.	...	28 Aug. 48	149 14	

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Cash. Rs. A. P.
G.		
Grant, William (Auditor)	3 Feb. 47	149 9 0
Gray, Major J. C. C.	21 Sept 52	19 0 0
Greaves, William	13 Sept. 45	45 6 7
Gregg, Lieutenant H. J.	5 Jan. 47	205 4 0
Gregory, Mrs. F. A.	11 Feb 39	304 11 7
Gregorie, Miss Julia	3 April 47	90 14 0
Grenon, Captain F. J.	...	35 2 5
Griffin, Ensign J. C.	Taken charge 1 Aug. 50	12 3 4
Griffiths, Evan	3 April 43	57 4 3
Grindall, Lieutenant F. C.	20 May 50	191 3 2
H.		
Hajee Mahomed Ally	22 June 46	175 12 2
Hall, H.	27 Feb 43	60 11 9
Hamilton, Lieutenant F. W. A.	... ...	104 6 10
Hampton, John	7 Aug. 48	2 7 1
Harcourt, Lieutenant H.	18 Sept. 48	8 11 9
Hardwicke, Major General Thomas	22 Oct. 41	14 8 7
Harknett, Thomas	24 April 51	119 8 0
Harper, Lieutenant-Colonel W.	4 May 30	343 3 8
Harrington, Captain T. T.	8 Feb. 42	85 2 0
Hart, Captain and Brevet Major S.	9 Nov. 40	40 4 11
Hartley, Mrs. E.	16 Jan. 37	205 11 11
Hatch, Lieutenant R. C.	30 April 44	20 15 9
Hay, Captain J. (Mariner)	13 Oct. 40	119 10 6
——, Brevet Captain E.	18 June 44	20 7 6
——, Lieutenant R.	20 Jan. 47	176 0 0
Haynes, Assistant Surgeon William	24 Oct. 53	18 0 0
Hayward, Conductor W.	1 Feb. 48	239 8 1
Heald, Thomas	Taken charge 14 Sept. 53	10 8 6
Heap, Thomas	10 Sept. 33	9 0 9
Heard, W. J.	23 April 46	54 9 0
Henderson, G. H.	21 May 44	111 0 11
Henley, Edward	14 Nov. 46	441 13 3
Henly, John	Taken charge 4 Jan. 51	5 0 8
Henry, Dr. W.	Taken charge 15 April 50	18 3 2
Hewes, H. H.	Taken charge 2 April 50	331 14 11
Hickie, Michael	2 May 37	137 9 4
Hicks, Captain G. W. S.	20 April 52	46 9 0
Higgins, G. F.	Taken charge 15 Sept. 51	106 11 4
Hill, Lieutenant L.	19 Nov. 41	33 4 3
Hindmarsh, Captain J.	Taken charge In 1839	48 4 2
Hodgson, Brian (C. S.)	23 Oct. 49	79 11 0
Holgate, James	16 Oct. 48	78 12 8
Hopkins, Captain P.	19 Dec. 43	3 6 8
Hore, Major W., of Her Majesty's 67th Foot	12 Jan. 35	64 1 2
Horseburgh, Captain S. M.	18 Aug. 34	159 7 7
Hossannah, Narces	2 Feb. 47	22 11 9
Howard, Lieutenant James J. E.	28 Nov. 54	4 1 9
Huet, R. H.	8 Feb. 49	213 3 4
Hughes, Mr. John	1 Oct. 23	75 0 2
Hull, Major L. N.	14 May 48	118 0 0
Humfrays, Captain A., of Artillery	7 Sept. 47	34 4 0
Hunter, Lieutenant John	30 Dec. 45	49 4 9
Hutchings, Lieutenant G.	14 July 40	18 9 4
I.		
Imhoff, Charles	10 May 25	111 5 4
Irwin, J. A.	29 June 30	279 14 8
Isurchunder Mookerjee	Taken charge In 1847	11 10 1
J.		
Jackson, Captain A.	2 June 40	1 15 3
Jamehooddeen, Prince	28 Sept. 44	10 11 0
Jellicoe, Major A. H., of 55th Native Infantry	14 Jan. 50	8 9 3
Jervis, G.	Taken charge 26 June 54	182 10 11
Johnson, Major J.	3 Feb. 40	252 13 6
——, Colonel J. M.	23 Sept. 34	225 14 1
Johnston, Major J.	3 Feb. 40	32 14 [illegible]
——, George	.. ...	9 15 [illegible]
K.		
Karr, Andrew Seton	25 Nov. 34	60 10 2
Kauntze, Julia	29 Oct. 49	26 0 4
Keating, Mrs. Bridget	Taken charge 11 Dec. 54	41 1 5
Kellett, Cornet W. N.	13 Mar. 20	158 3 3
Kelly, M.	Taken charge 11 May 50	152 5 11
Kenderdine, D.	25 Jan. 36	18 11 4
Kennedy, Serjeant D.	3 May 45	9 13 6
Kerr, W. D.	... ...	12 14 2
Kistomoney Boistobee	15 May 38	51 13 10
Knight, Captain J. R.	24 Jan. 27	4 7 6
Komulpersaud Baniah	1 Oct. 49	76 15 0
L.		
Lacy, Captain W.	Taken charge 3 Mar. 51	68 8 2
Lambert, Lieutenant J.	11 June 47	86 8 7
——, J. C.,	24 Nov. 45	97 5 0
——, Lieutenant P. C,	8 Feb. 47	90 9 10
Leeson, Brevet Major J.	16 Oct. 48	30 0 0
LeVade, Mrs. Mary	... ...	14 4 10
LeFevre, Major General P.	31 Mar. 46	454 8 9
Lewis, James	14 June 15	59 7 3
——, Ensign C. L.	26 May 46	21 10 11
Lithgow, Conductor Thomas	30 May 56	4 3 8
Lockhart, Major R. A.	Taken charge 3 Nov. 48	9 8 5
Lockart, Ensign R. D.	Taken charge 3 Nov. 48	30 15 10
Lowder, Lieutenant W.	2 Nov. 30	162 11 1

Lowman, Mrs. E.	Taken charge 27 June 53	190	15 2
Lowrie, James	Taken charge 3 Oct. 50	73	13 8
Lukin, Lieutenant John H. H., (of 14th N. I.)	Taken charge 13 June 50	9	0 5
M.			
Mabert, W. T.	... ...	153	7 11
Macalister, Major-General K.	17 Oct. 37	6	2 0
Macdonald, Alexander	15 Sept. 46	46	7 2
———, Lieutenant J. J.	8 Dec. 51	32	3 10
———, Major R. C.	4 May 41	193	9 8
McCoy, Captain	Taken charge 29 July 52	56	0 6
McGrath, Surgeon John	20 Jan. 47	16	2 8
McGregor, Brevet Captain A. N. M.	3 Nov. 46	95	3 7
McGowan, Ensign S.	16 Sept. 34	27	14 2
McHarg, Captain James	11 Aug. 34	346	13 5
McPherson, Ensign A. G.	... ...	116	5 11
McKenzie, Alexander	10 Sept. 33	29	14 9
———, Captain George	26 Jan. 35	28	4 6
———, Dr. H.	27 Nov. 37	2	10 0
———, Lieutenant G. S.	31 Mar. 45	10	11 8
Mackinnon, C.	12 Mar. 44	139	2 7
Mackintosh, A.	Taken charge Mar. 49	23	10 3
———, Captain J.	24 Jan. 27	157	10 2
MacLachlan, James	Taken charge 4 Aug. 52	186	0 2
McLean, Dr. Alexander	29 Jan. 55	5	12 6
McLellan, Charles	19 Nov. 49	7	15 0
McMullen, Lieutenant F. S.	29 Aug. 43	440	3 6
Maconachie, Ensign H. D. M.	... ...	88	13 4
Madden, Mrs. C.	18 Feb. 42	29	3 1
Maelzer, Mrs. Amelia	Taken charge 14 Sept. 49	4	4 10
Maghoo, Mrs. Catherine	17 Dec. 41	9	2 9
Magnay, Lieutenant C.	Taken charge 10 May 56	11	2 4
Mahon, Mrs. Mary Ann	16 May 37	28	9 0
Mansfield, James	... ...	77	11 3
Manuk, Gavork	23 Aug. 31	479	8 10
Martin, Lieutenant R.	14 Aug. 43	3	0 0
Marooth, H.	24 Sept. 39	212	15 5
Matheson, Ensign T. T. M.	14 Mar. 48	13	0 4
Maule, Lieutenant P.	... ...	20	2 8
Mavor, Captain G.	19 Jan. 35	46	5 6
Maxwell, Dr. Charles	30 Jan. 44	7	2 4
———, Brevet-Colonel W. G.	... ...	2	4 3
Mee, Ensign John Edmond	12 May 40	35	2 6
Meiklejohn, H. C.	19 July 49	21	2 11
Melville, William, on Account Annuity for Mrs. M. McNair	1 Nov. 40	8	10 11
Michie, Jonathan	Taken charge In 1841	22	6 6
Middleton, John	16 April 30	96	5 1
———, R. B.	21 Nov. 34	36	10 0
Miller, Lieutenant George	1 Aug. 53	4	1 9
Mills, John	... ...	95	0 0
Mist, H.	Taken charge 18 Nov. 54	93	3 7
Mitchell, P. S.	Taken charge Before 1834	114	6 10
Mitford, Robert	3 Aug. 41	57	14 4
Money, Lieutenant E. K.	27 June 42	29	10 7
———, Captain James	21 Nov. 55	10	4 9
Monk, Pay-Master R.	14 Dec. 41	2	3 8
Morris, Brevet Captain A. B. of 20th N. I.	2 Sept. 50	31	6 10
Morton, Thomas	10 Sept. 41	7	5 8
Mullins, Captain F.	23 Jan. 44	58	3 4
Mundy, Henry	16 Jan. 37	18	10 11
Munro, David E.	23 Sept. 36	142	1 0
Musselbrooke, James	Taken charge 6 May 54	91	8 11
N.			
Napleton, Lieutenant-Colonel T. E. A.	15 June 52	13	0 0
Naylor, Major C. H.	Taken charge 28 Dec. 54	5	14 4
Neave, Robert (C. S.)	5 Feb. 49	75	1 4
Newall, Henry	28 Aug. 50	99	8 0
Newton, Assistant Surgeon C.	2 Aug. 36	11	10 11
———, Captain R.	2 Mar. 35	158	15 6
Nott, Major General Sir William	24 April 41	11	4 3
O.			
O'Connor M. J.	Taken charge 26 July 49	63	4 7
Ogilvy, Lieutenant A. B.	17 Nov. 34	7	11 11
Oliver, Captain James	2 Oct. 44	75	15 11
Orton, Robert	3 Mar. 40	4	1 9
Ovenstone, Captain D.	23 Mar. 43	48	9 0
Ovington, Surgeon J.	9 Dec. 18	342	13 4
Ouseley, Lieutenant-Colonel J. R.	8 April 50	10	14 5
Owen, Assistant Surgeon W. C.	18 Oct. 53	183	0 4
——, Major J.	13 July 24	338	11 8
P.			
Parkers, A. W. R.	3 Aug. 52	10	10 6
Paterson, Charles	8 Feb. 25	341	10 7
———, Dr. J. J.	11 Dec. 37	94	1 5
Paton, Captain John	18 Dec. 27	3	2 11
Pattenson, Charles	14 Nov. 42	32	14 4
———, John	16 Feb. 35	66	8 9
Paul, Mrs. Ann	Taken charge 24 Oct. 48	55	1 7
Payne, Lieutenant A. T.	24 June 33	9	5 4
———, Mrs. E.	... ...	8	15 8
———, M.	... ...	9	12 6
Peach, Serjeant	Taken charge 5 Feb. 50	7	1 9
Pearson, D.	27 Dec. 42	120	4 11
Pedderick, Henry	Taken charge 7 Mar. 53	6	4 8
Peel, Lieutenant J., of 37th Native Infantry	27 Aug. 49	3	10 0
Penny, Mrs. Margaret	8 April 39	44	3 2
Perry, Ensign C. H.	Taken charge 18 July 53	18	5 3
Phillips, Captain R. H.	8 Oct. 41	14	6 4
Phipps, Lieutenant W. F.	16 June 34	14	1 9
Pigou, William	... ...	3	2 1
Pilcher, C. P., Private of Her Majesty's 3rd Dragoons	Taken charge 20 April 50	13	14 11
Pinto, Francis D'Assis	Taken charge 22 Dec. 51	23	13 9
Playfair, Lieutenant H. A.	22 July 50	20	1 0
Pole, A.	Taken charge In 1843	62	12 3
Poole, G. H. M.	29 Jan. 51	118	11 8
Power, Mrs. E. C.	13 July 47	288	0 1
Poynton, William	12 June 51	163	10 8
Price, Band-Master J. H.	22 Sept. 46	3	8 7
——, Joseph	14 Aug. 49	335	9 1
Pringle, Captain R.	18 Aug. 24	159	5 8
Purvis, Lieutenant William (R. N.)	Taken charge In 1843	12	13 8
Pyne, Lieutenant A. T.	24 June 33	66	2
Q.			
Queros, C.	12 Sept. 43	46	0 11
R.			
Radanauth. Dhur	10 Jan. 47	7	10
Raggett, William	Taken charge May 48	124	15 11
Ramdhone Capooriah	22 April 45	15	9
Ramnarain Coondoo	Dec. 43	12	9
Read, James Henry Wallace	12 Aug. 45	119	8
Reeves, George	14 Oct. 33	13	5
Reid, Captain George	3 Feb. 46	177	0
Remmington, Lieutenant J. C.	3 June 45	42	5
Repton, Ensign H. T.	17 Aug. 41	20	6

ESTATES.	Date of Administration.	Cash. Rs. A. P.
R.		
Repton, Captain W. W.	12 April 54	10 13 2
Rich, Brigadier General Robert	3 Jan. 53	4 12 4
Richmond, D. (Conductor of Ordnance)	17 Feb. 46	38 8 3
Robertson, Captain C. (Mariner)	7 Mar. 42	17 8 8
———, Colonel J.	16 Mar. 35	28 6 5
Robinson, George	11 Mar. 36	9 7 9
———. Captain G. M.	5 July 41	64 6 8
———, John	Taken charge 24 Jan. 55	64 15 8
Rogers, George	8 Feb. 45	67 15 5
———, Dr. W. H.	20 Sept. 36	26 3 7
———, Ross, David	Taken charge In 1843	6 14 4
———, Lieutenant-Colonel H.	5 Nov. 38	44 10 3
———, Lieutenant William Henry Drummond	Taken charge 25 April 55	4 3 11
Rothney, Assistant Surgeon J. H.	31 Oct. 43	132 7 3
Roy, Captain Peter	5 July 41	6 10 4
Rujubully Khansamah	30 July 45	189 1 11
Russell, William	5 June 49	15 5 2
Ryder, Major C.	7 July 34	89 2 1
———, T. C.	Taken charge Aug. 48	100 7 11
S.		
Sadler, Captain J.	23 May 44	10 3 8
Sage, Lieutenant T. E.	30 Sept. 34	270 4 10
Sale, Lieutenant Henry P.	14 April 42	15 9 2
Salt, J.	Taken charge 1 Aug. 50	39 4 4
Sandford, E. M.	28 Dec. 41	14 15 6
Sargant, Captain Richd.	Taken charge 21 Aug. 49	54 2 8
Sargent, Captain W.	23 Nov. 30	266 10 1
Saunders, Captain J.	25 Mar. 45	134 8 7
Savigny, Alfred	1 Nov. 52	117 11 9
Scott, Dr. W.	23 Mar. 35	25 11 7
———, Major J.	30 May 22	367 14 4
———, Bazar Serjeant James	... ...	14 10 3
Seagrove, Sally	7 Dec. 40	25 15 7
Seanor, William *alias* W. D.	21 Dec. 35	104 1 1
Shairp, Lieutenant C. M.	14 Feb. 42	368 15 8
Shaw, Captain Duncan	Taken charge 15 July 52	251 3 6
Sheills, Edward	26 May 47	10 8 11
Sheriff, M.	30 Sept. 34	3 12 10
Shortreed, Captain William	8 Feb. 47	20 1 5
Simons, A. M.	27 June 53	15 13 5
Sinaes, J. D. M.	8 Oct. 44	23 0 2
———, William DeMonte	12 June 51	187 15 9
Siret, Mathew	16 April 17	6 8 0
Skane, George	Taken charge 21 Mar. 54	193 0 0
Small, A.	Taken charge 5 Mar. 51	45 2 4
Smallpage, Lieutenant Frederick Jas.	29 June 47	23 0 0
Smith, Lieutenant-Colonel E. J.	9 Aug. 44	412 6 0
———, J. F. (Mariner)	12 July 33	224 13 6
———, Captain J. H.	21 Dec. 41	59 12 5
———, W. B.	Taken charge Before 1838	32 8 2
———, Robert	19 Sept. 51	49 7 2
———, Ensign W. J.	17 Feb. 46	96 15 0
———, William T.	13 May 34	147 7 4
Sparks, Mrs. Mary	17 Nov. 41	19 13 6
Spence, Captain R.	Taken charge In 1841	49 15 11
Spencer, Dr. T. K.	20 Sept. 36	7 2 8
Sprot, Lieutenant G. H.	29 Oct. 49	31 5 2
Stewart, Colonel B.	21 Dec. 30	164 15 4
———, John	5 Oct. 47	201 3 7
———, Assistant Surgeon J. F.	17 Feb. 47	16 6 0
———, Major General Robert	7 Aug. 38	3 14 2
St. John, Lieutenant the Honorable S. M.	2 Sept. 50	22 11 10
Stratton, Assistant Surgeon A.	4 Dec. 37	2 13 0
Stuart, James	31 Dec. 38	13 12 7
———, Major-General Chas.	11 Oct. 36	262 11 8
Sturt, Captain Frederick St. John	5 Oct. 41	321 8 11
———, Lieutenant J. L. D.	20 Feb. 43	121 9 0
T.		
Talbert, John (Ship Chandler)	5 Dec. 43	151 9 8
Tallan, Lieutenant William	7 Mar. 53	19 10 0
Tapley, Lieutenant R.	6 Mar. 16	132 9 0
Tapsell, Conductor T	... ...	311 11 4
Tatham, Robert	Taken charge In 1848	21 10 7
Taylor, William	Taken charge 6 Feb. 52	48 5 1
———, Mrs. M. M. *alias* Dhermainville	1 June 41	41 6 3
Thomas, George	Taken charge 6 May 54	61 0 10
———, W. B.	19 July 52	6 12 5
Thompson, William, Attorney at Law	22 July 54	343 8 5
———. William	5 June 40	1 11 3
Tidcombe, Lieutenant Thos.	20 Dec. 53	8 1 11
Tod, J. O.	13 Aug. 41	321 1 2
Torrick, Michael	14 Feb. 16	114 3 3
Toulmin, E.	Taken charge In Jan. 48	238 2 9
Trevor, Brevet Captain R. S.	25 April 43	18 11 1
Troup, Major W. A.	31 July 48	24 3 1
Trueman Serjeant	Taken charge 23 Dec. 50	9 10 10
Truscott, C. W.	13 Nov. 37	65 4 4
Tulloch, Lieutenant C. R.	19 Sept. 48	167 11 4
Turnbull, Dr. David	30 Sept. 34	562 7 4
Turner, Mrs. Ann	Taken charge 6 June 53	293 14 4
———, Mrs. Frances	26 Jan. 53	5 1 10
———, Lieutenant C. W.	9 June 23	172 3 10
———, Lieutenant E. R.	30 Jan. 21	159 2 0
Tweddle, Reverend W.	7 Jan. 33	21 7 8

Tytler, Lieutenant A. F.	...	17 Sept. 32	32	1	10	Welland, Captain W. P.	...	22 Aug. 48	26	3	3	Wollen, Lieutenant J. G.	...	14 June 47	24	0	0
V.						Wellard, John Dunning	...	Taken charge 1 May 49	134	10	11	Wood, Captain D. P.	...	17 Oct. 37	16	9	3
VansAgnew, P. A.	...	Taken charge 11 Mar. 52	299	5	9	Wellesley, Gerald	...	7 Nov. 34	361	1	0	——, Lieutenant-Colonel S.	...	16 Nov. 30	31	15	8
VanVoorst, G.	...	... ...	3	7	2	Westmacott, Capt. G. E., 37th Native Infantry.	...	2 Dec. 45	8	15	6	——, Lieutenant J. A.	...	17 Sept. 33	180	5	6
Vrignon, Francis	...	15 July 29	52	8	8	Whelan, Lieutenant Edward	...	Taken charge 2 Mar. 55	8	10	9	——, Samuel	...	20 Dec. 47	85	12	8
Varden, S. M.	...	15 July 45	3	4	0	White, Ensign R. T.	...	28 Sept. 47	14	9	11	Woodburn, Captain J.	...	13 Jan. 45	5	2	1
Veal, Dr. William	...	25 June 50	60	0	1	Whitemore, C.	...	4 Nov. 44	10	4	3	Wright, A.	...	15 Feb. 42	23	14	1
W.						Whiteford, Captain Joseph	...	24 Jan. 41	142	15	1	Wynne, R. O.	...	10 June 34	274	5	3
Walker, Felix Q.	...	5 June 55	6	7	8	Whittington, E.	...	16 Jan. 43	11	15	9	Wyse, T. B.	...	Taken charge In 1847	90	10	11
——, Lieutenant R. J.	...	14 June 48	130	1	5	Williams, John	...	5 May 29	175	10	5	Y.					
Walter, Dr. Hopkins	...	2 May 37	2	10	2	Williamson, Samuel	...	19 Mar. 45	248	9	10	Young, Assistant Overseer J. W.	...	Taken charge 7 Feb. 52	93	3	6
Ward, T. C. B.	...	3 June 51	19	5	7	——————, Brigadier G.	...	7 Mar. 42	60	11	2	——, Captain M.	...	22 Dec. 34	13	14	1
Warde, Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur	...	27 Aug. 39	93	9	6	Wilson, Lieutenant William Thos.	...	3 June 45	397	3	8	Z.					
Warne, Captain George Frederick	...	11 Aug. 52	16	4	5	Wilton, Lieutenant-Colonel G.	...	22 Feb. 42	159	4	1	Zaffer Jung, Bahadoor, Nawab	...	16 May 37	257	1	6
Watson, John	...	27 April 54	231	1	9	Wiseham, Captain R. H.	...	20 Sept. 37	55	1	2						
						Wishart, Wm.	...	... ...	46	9	6						

E. E. C. S. HOGG,

Administrator General.

Calcutta, 31st December 1858.

Printed and Published for the Government, by THOMAS JONES, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

No. 46.] [1443]

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 8, 1859.

Home Department.

No. 1155.

Fort William, the 6th June 1859.

Notification.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to attach Mr. A. C. Mangles, of the Civil Service, reported qualified for the Public Service, to the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William.

No. 1157.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to attach Mr. R. T. Burney, of the Civil Service, reported qualified for the Public Service, to the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab and Oude.

No. 1158.

The 7th June 1859.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to attach Mr. H. L. Oliphant, of the Civil Service, reported qualified for the Public Service, to the Bengal Division of the Presidency of Fort William.

W. Grey,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Foreign Department.

No. 3415.

Fort William, the 3rd June 1859.

Lalla Jumna Doss, Extra Assistant, Nagpore, availed himself, on the 17th ultimo, of the leave granted to him in General Orders dated 20th idem, No. 2887.

No. 3416.

Assistant Surgeon C. Kilkelly, M. B., of the Oudh Police, has obtained ten days' privilege leave of absence, from the 20th ultimo.

No. 3417.

The 4th June 1859.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Monsr. Jules Barthelemy Lombard, Chevalier of the Legion of Honour and of Charles III. of Spain, as Consul for France, in Calcutta.

No. 3418.

The 7th June 1859.

Major R. L. Taylor received charge of the Jeypore Political Agency from Captain W. H. Beynon, on the 23rd ultimo.

No. 3419.

Mr. W. Glynn, Assistant Commissioner in Oude, has obtained leave of absence, on urgent private affairs, for one week, from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

Cecil Beadon,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Financial Department.

No. 47.

Fort William, the 7th June 1859.

Notification.—Mr. J. M. Erskine received charge of the Office of Civil Auditor, Bombay, on the 23rd ultimo.

C. Hugh Lushington,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, the 7th June 1859.

No. 809 *of* 1859.—The following Notification issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab, is published in General Orders :—

No. 1109, *dated* 20*th May* 1859.—The leave of absence granted to Captain C. Dumbleton,

Executive Engineer, Ferozepore, in *Punjab Gazette* of the 4th May, on Medical Certificate, is extended to a period of two months, from the date he availed himself of it.

No. 810 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications issued by the Government, North-Western Provinces, are published in General Orders :—

No. 1042, *dated* 28*th May* 1859.—Assistant Surgeon D. H. Small, attached to the Mhairwarrah Battalion, to officiate as 2nd Assistant to the Commissioner of Ajmere, as a temporary arrangement, from the date of the decease of Nowbut Roy, late Officiating 2nd Assistant to the Commissioner.

No. 323, *Allahabad, dated* 30*th May* 1859.—*Leave of Absence.*—Lieutenant H. M. Bramley, Adjutant, Divisional Police Battalion, Jubbulpore, eight weeks' leave of absence to the Presidency, on Medical Certificate, preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe, from such date as he may avail himself of it.

No. 811 *of* 1859.—The following Notification issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, is published in General Orders :—

No. 3518, *dated* 31*st May* 1859.—*Appointment.* Captain J. R. Pughe to officiate as Aide-de-Camp on the Personal Staff of the Lieutenant-Governor, from the 18th instant.

No. 812 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications from the Public Works Department, are published in General Orders:—

No. 151, *dated* 1*st June* 1859.—*Appointments.* Captain F. Applegath, 33rd Madras Native Infantry, is appointed Executive Engineer, 4th Class, in the Department Public Works in Nagpoor, and posted to the Bhundara Division.

No. 152.—Lieutenant C. E. Webber, of the Royal Engineers, is appointed a Probationary Assistant Engineer in the Public Works Department, and placed at the disposal of Government, North-Western Provinces.

No. 813 *of* 1859.—The following Notification from the Foreign Department, is published in General Orders :—

No. 3292, *dated* 3*rd June* 1859.—Ensign C. R. Pennington, of H. M.'s 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers, is appointed to do duty with the Oudh Military Police, with effect from the 25th November last, the date on which he joined the Oudh Police.

No. 814 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit the under-mentioned Native Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers to the 3rd Class of the Order of Merit :—

Jemadar Suffer Ally, of the Gun Lascar Detail, attached to the 3rd Company 3rd Battalion Foot Artillery ...	In consideration of their faithful services during the siege of Delhi, and subsequent operations in Rohilcund.
Jemadar Bucktawar, of the Rifle Company of Syce Drivers, attached to No. 14 Light Field Battery ...	
No. 966.—Naick Shaick Mahomed, of the Gun Lascar Detail, attached to the 4th Company 5th Battalion ...	For his excellent services in the Azimgurh District, and in the late operations in the Field.

No. 815 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit Native Commandant Gholam Hussan Khan, of the Mooltanee Regiment of Cavalry, to the 3rd Class of the Order of Merit, in consideration of the admirable services rendered by him during the recent Campaign.

No. 816 *of* 1859.—The admission, of Private Michael Hearn, of the 3rd Troop 1st Brigade Horse Artillery, to the benefits of the Pension Establishment in India, announced in Government General Order No. 607, of the 30th April 1859, is cancelled, he, having on a final Examination, been pronounced by a Medical Committee to be fit for Field duty.

G. O. C. C. 11th March 1859, page 142.

No. 817 *of* 1859.—Subadar Buldeo Sing, Bahadoor, is transferred from the Moradabad Levy to the Rohilcund Horse, and appointed a Ressaldar in that Corps.

No. 818 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned promotions to take place consequent on the death of the following Officers :—

General W. C. Fraser, Madras Infantry, died 4th March 1859.

General J. MacInnes, Bengal Infantry, died 12th March 1859.

Brevet.	
Lieutenant Colonel Thomas Geils Edward Gammell Kenny, Madras Infantry, to be Colonel ...	From the 5th March 1859.
Major Henry Downes Sheppard, Madras Infantry, to be Lieutenant Colonel ...	
Captain Robert Henry Sale, Bengal Infantry, to be Major ...	
Lieutenant Colonel John Skardon Ramsay, Bombay Infantry, to be Colonel. ...	From the 13th March 1859.
Major John Wilson Coates, Madras Infantry, to be Lieutenant Colonel. ...	
Captain Robert Warburton, Bengal Artillery, to be Major. ...	

No. 819 *of* 1859.—The following Orders issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjaub, and published in the *Punjaub Gazettes*, Nos. 41 and 42, of the 21st and 25th May 1859, are confirmed :—

3rd Punjaub Infantry.

No. 190, *dated* 21*st May* 1859.—Subadar Koodrutoollah is suspended from rank, pay and allowances for three months, with effect from such date as the Brigadier General Commanding the Punjaub Irregular Force may determine.

No. 192.—The Dera Ghazee Khan Station Order, by Major L. S. Hough, Commanding, dated the 25th ultimo, directing Assistant Surgeon J. Bain, M. D., 2nd Belooch Battalion, to afford Medical aid to the 3rd Punjaub Cavalry, in addition to his other duties, consequent on the departure, on leave, of Assistant Surgeon W. Delpratt, is confirmed.

No. 197, *dated* 23*rd May* 1859.—The services of Lieutenant W. Gully, attached to the Peshawur

Mountain Train, are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief.

4th Punjaub Cavalry.

No. 198.—*Promotion.*—Ressaidar Mohun Beer to be Ressaldar, in room of Mahomed Akram, transferred to the 4th Seikh Irregular Cavalry.

No. 820 *of* 1859.—*Erratum.*—In the 14th paragraph of the letter from Major General Whitlock, Commanding Saugor Field Division, No. 6, of the 31st December 1858, published in Government General Order, No. 149, of the 8th February 1859, for Captain "Menegan," read Captain *Henegan*, A Troop Madras Horse Artillery.

Order Books to be corrected accordingly.

No. 821 *of* 1859.—The leave of absence to visit Bombay, preparatory to proceeding to Europe on Sick Certificate, granted to Captain H. W. Best, of the 5th Regiment European Light Cavalry, in Government General Order No. 1657, of the 11th December 1858, is extended to the 25th March 1859, on the same account.

No. 822 *of* 1859.—The following Order issued by the Commissioner of the Province to the Nagpore Irregular Force, is confirmed:—

No. 10, *dated* 21*st May* 1859.—Appointing Lieutenant Wakefield, Acting Adjutant 1st Infantry, to officiate as Adjutant of the 2nd Infantry at Chunda, *vice* Lieutenant and Adjutant Higginson of that Regiment, proceeded to Bombay on leave.

No. 823 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following letter from the Officiating Adjutant General of the Army, No. 486, of the 28th ultimo, with enclosures, from Brigadier Horsford, C. B., describing a successful expedition made by a Force under his orders from Nanpara.

His Excellency in Council entirely concurs in the approbation expressed by the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief of the services rendered on this occasion by Brigadier Horsford and the Troops under his Command.

No. 486.

FROM THE OFFG. ADJT. GENERAL OF THE ARMY,

TO THE SECY. TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,

Military Department.

SIR,—I HAVE the honor, by direction of the Commander-in-Chief, to transmit, for the information of His Excellency the Governor General in Council, copies of two letters, dated 27th and 28th ultimo, from Brigadier A. H. Horsford, C B., describing a successful expedition made by a Force under his orders from Nanpara.

Lord Clyde desires me to express his approbation of the services rendered on this occasion by the Brigadier and the Troops under his Command.

I have, &c.,
H. W. NORMAN, *Major*,
Offg. Adjt. Genl. of the Army.

HEAD QUARTERS, SIMLA,
The 28th May 1859.

FROM BRIGADIER A. H. HORSFORD, C. B.,
Commanding Trans Gogra,

TO THE DEPT. ASST. ADJUTANT GENERAL,
Oudh Force.

Dated Camp Bhurtpore, 27th April 1859.

SIR,—I HAVE the honor to report, for the information of Major-General Sir Hope Grant, K. C. B., Commanding Oude Division, that having received intelligence of the movement of a body of Rebels of between 2000 and 3000 in number to the Westward, with a view to cross the Kowreealla River and enter the Khyrygbur jungles, I assembled the Force named in the margin, at Nanpara, and proceeded to endeavour to prevent the enemy from carrying out his intentions.

3rd Troop 1st Brigade Bengal Horse Artillery	...	42
Wing 1st Punjaub Cavalry	...	230
Detachment 1st Seikh Irregular Cavalry	...	126
		362
3 Companies 2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade	...	241
2 „ 5th Punjaub Rifles		128
2 „ Kemaoon Battalion		101
		470

I had previously ascertained that all the boats on the Kowreealla had been withdrawn by the Police on the right bank of that River, and was therefore aware, that from its depth and width, if time was not given the Rebels to construct rafts, they could not cross.

My object being to prevent the enemy from breaking to the Southward, I marched to the Gurwa River (between which and the Kowreealla River the Rebels were reported to be) in a North-Westwardly direction, leaving Pudnaha on my right; this led me through a track of dense forest, and over very difficult ground, but with the assistance of Bildars to prepare the way for the Guns, all obstacles were overcome, and I succeeded in reaching the left bank of the Gurwa River on the 25th instant at 8 A. M., having left my last encampment at 3 A. M.

I here ascertained that the enemy, in perfect ignorance of our approach, were assembled between the Gurwa and Kowreealla Rivers, and as my object, as I have previously stated, was to prevent them from breaking to the Southward, I detached a body of Cavalry to the only ford in that direction by which they could cross, and I passed the Gurwa with my Force and so disposed it as to cover as much ground as possible with the purpose of driving the enemy into the apex of the triangle formed by the two Rivers.

The main body of the Cavalry were moved considerably to the right to endeavour to close the only line of retreat open to the enemy, due North, but unfortunately the denseness of the jungle prevented the Cavalry from acting quite as I intended. They however succeeded in cutting up many stragglers.

My advance with the Infantry and Guns was a perfect surprise to the enemy, who offered but little resistance, but here again the jungle favoured their retreat, however upwards of 200 were killed during the day.

The greater part of the Rebels fled to the North ward, but a small force of Cavalry and Infantry were driven into the jungle near the junction of the two Rivers.

As soon as the Troops had somewhat rested after a severe day's work, and the great heat of the day had passed, I proceeded to clear this jungle; in the meantime however, a body of about 40 Sowars dashed across the open from this jungle as their only means of escape, but of these only three got away.

The Infantry went through the jungle and destroyed a few of the enemy, but from arms of all descriptions picked up, it was conjectured that the Rebels must have swam across into the jungles on the opposite banks of the River.

It is now stated that Oomrow Sing has but very few followers with him, his Force having dispersed and gone towards the Hills.

During these operations, the Troops have made long and fatiguing marches through a country covered with forest and traversed by several Rivers; on the 25th they were under arms from 2 A. M. until 8 P. M., but both their health and spirit have been excellent. I have received every aid from Colonel Hill, C. B., 2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade, Commanding the Infantry; from Majors Moir, C. B., Bengal Horse Artillery,

and Hughes, 1st Punjaub Cavalry, the former Commanding the Artillery, the latter the Cavalry.

I beg to thank the following Officers, who efficiently commanded their respective Detachments :—

Lieutenant Danvers, 1st Punjaub Cavalry.

Lieutenant Godby, 1st Seikh Cavalry.

Captain Grant, Kemaoon Battalion.

Lieutenant Lane, 2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade, and Lieutenant Forlong, 5th Punjaub Rifles.

I have also to thank Major Dillon, 2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade, my Major of Brigade; Captain Hoste, 5th Punjaub Rifles, Brigade Quarter-Master; Lieutenant Sadlier, 61st Regiment, Commanding District Police, and Lieutenant Campbell, 79th Highlanders, my Orderly Officer.

Captain Steel, Deputy Commissioner, who has accompanied the Force, has rendered very important services.

I subjoin a list of Casualties, and beg to state that about 50 or 60 Horses were captured during the day.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) A. H. Horsford, *Brigadier*,
Comdg. Trans Gogra.

Return of Casualties in action with the enemy near Bhurtpore, on the 25th April 1859.

Camp Bhurtpore, 27th April 1859.

Corps.	Killed.				Wounded.				Missing.				Remarks.
	Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Privates.	Horses.	Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Privates.	Horses.	Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Privates.	Horses.	
3rd Troop, 1st Brigade Bengal Horse Artillery ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Wing, 1st Punjaub Cavalry ...	..	...	...	1	...	1	3	2	...	...	...	2	
Detachment, 1st Seikh Cavalry ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3	...	...	...	...	
„ 2nd Battn. Rifle Brigade ..	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
„ 5th Punjaub Rifles ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
„ Kemaoon Battalion ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	...	...	...	1	...	1	8	5	...	...	...	2	

(Examined,)

(Signed) M. A. Dillon, *Major*,
Major of Brigade.

(Signed) A. H. Horsford, *Brigadier*,
Comdg. Trans Gogra.

No. 243.

From Brigadier A. H. Horsford, C. B.,
Commanding Trans Gogra,

To the Deputy Asst. Adjt. General,
Gonda.

Dated, Camp Bunder Burrhea, 28th April 1859.

Sir,—In my Report of yesterday, I omitted to state that a body of 50 Sowars of 5th Police Cavalry, and 250 Jezailchees, whom I had requested Lieutenant Sadlier, 61st Regiment, Divisional Commandant, to direct to watch a ford North of that by which I crossed the Gurwa to attack the Rebels, did good service by repulsing parties of the enemy who attempted to pass the River to the Eastward after their defeat.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) A. H. Horsford, *Brigadier*,
Commanding Trans Gogra.

(True copy,)
H. W. Norman, *Major*,
Offg. Adjutant General of the Army.

No. 824 *of* 1859.—The Regimental Order issued to the Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry, dated 30th April 1859, appointing Troop Sergeant Major G. Dorrett, of the 2nd Troop, to be a Cornet, *vice* Borthwick, discharged, is confirmed.

No. 825 *of* 1859.—The following Order issued by the Government of Bombay, is confirmed :—

No. 462, *dated* 23*rd May* 1859.—Granting leave of absence to Europe on Medical Certificate to Captain William Henry Paget, of the 51th Regiment Native Infantry, Commandant, 5th Punjaub Cavalry ...	For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 826 of 1859.—In conformity with Government General Order, No. 144 of 1852, the following Statement of Deposits made in the General Treasury, during the month of April 1859, on account of the Estates of deceased European Commissioned, Non-Commissioned, and Warrant Officers and Soldiers of the Indian Military Forces of Her Majesty is published for general information; and it is hereby notified, that claims to the Estates in question which shall not be preferred to the Sub-Treasurer by Executors and Administrators before the conclusion of twelve months after the date of decease, cannot be attended to in this Country, as the money, after that period, will be remitted to, and made payable by the Secretary of State for India:—

Statement of Deposits made at the General Treasury of Fort William, on account of Estates of deceased European Commissioned, Non-Commissioned, and Warrant Officers and Soldiers of the Indian Military Forces of Her Majesty in April 1859.

Date of Deposit.	On whose Account.	Rank.	Corps.	General Number.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Amount of monies accruing from the adjustment of Estates.	Amount of Donation Fund due to Estates.	Total unclaimed Amount deposited.	How Disposed of.				Rate of Exchange	Remarks.
										Amount paid in India.	Amount retained in India.	Amount remitted for payment in England.			
												In Co's. Rs.	Equivalent in Sterling.		
	COMMISSIONED AND WARRANT OFFICERS.														
1st	Charles Ayshford Sanford...	Major ...	3rd Light Cavalry ...	...	10th March 1858,	Not known.	200 0 0	...	200 0 0	...	...	...	...	..	Re-transferred from "Military Department."
4th	Elliot Pakenham Brownlow	Lieutenant ...	Engineers ...	...	17th Ditto	Will ...	42 0 10	...	42 0 10						
„	Thomas Eden Dickens .	1st Lieutenant ...	Artillery ...	...	27th July 1857,	Intestate ...	48 3 5	...	48 3 5						
„	Edward O'Hanlon Mac-Gregor ..	Lieutenant ...	41st N. I. ...	...	12th October 1857,	Not known.	922 9 0	...	922 9 0						
„	John Ellwood	Hospital Steward ...	5th European Regiment.	...	Not communicated.	Testate ...	306 10 10	...	306 10 10	...	...	...	...	..	Left a Will in favor of his Cousin Patrick Cullen, Pensioner of Her Majesty's 38th Regiment, residing in Ballinrobe, County Mayo, Ireland.
5th	Hubert Garbett ...	Lt. Col. and Bt. Colonel ...	6th Bn. Bl. Artillery ...	...	14th January 1858,	Unattested Will ...	16627 2 5	...	16627 2 5						
„	Quintin Battye ...	Lieutenant ...	56th N. I. ...	...	11th June 1857,	Intestate ...	1442 9 7	...	1442 9 7						
„	Henry Mackintosh ...	Ditto ...	52nd Madras N. I. ...	...	5th August 1858,	Testate ...	12 9 3	...	12 9 3						
„	Joseph Turton ...	Colonel ...		..	Not communicated.		1201 14 6	...	1201 14 6						
7th	Edward Fraser ...	Captain ...	Engineers ...	...	16th May 1857,	Testate ...	1522 12 10	...	1522 12 10						
„	Stewart Hare Jackson ...	Lieutenant .	2nd Eur. Bl. Fusiliers. ..	...	23rd June 1857,	Intestate ...	3 0 0	...	3 0 0						
8th	Charles Dempster ...	1st Lieut. and Adjutant .	7th Bn. Artillery ...	...	27th Ditto	Ditto ...	162 0 0	...	162 0 0	...	...	...	...		Left a Father.
„	Philip Salkeld ..	1st Lieutenant ...	Bengal Engineers ...	...	11th October 1857,	Ditto ...	0 5 6	...	0 5 6	...	...	...	...	..	Father, Reverend Robert Salkeld, Fontmel Magna, Shaftsbury, Dorsetshire
9th	Charles Crump ...	Ditto ...	Madras Artillery ...	...	26th September 1857,	Ditto ...	419 0 0	...	419 0 0						
15th	Edward Thomas Kemp ...	Lieutenant ...	61st N. I. ...	...	16th January 1859,	Ditto ...	252 8 0	...	252 8 0						
„	Andrew Paton ...	Surgeon ...	Medical Department ...	...	21st December 1858,	Ditto ...	348 5 5	...	346 5 5						
„	Mordaunt Money Salmon...	Captain ...	28th Regiment N. I. ...	...	10th June 1857,	Ditto ...	386 8 0	...	386 8 0						

T. C. Hunter, Superintending Surgeon. In four 5 per Cent. G. P. Notes, *viz.*

No.	6845	of 1854-1855 P. W. Loan,	Co's. Rs. 4000
„	30247	„ 1856-57	„ 3500
„	30254	„ „	„ 2500
„	30442	„ „	„ 500
			10,550

Date of Deposit.	On whose Account.	Rank.	Corps.	General Number.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Amount of monies accruing from the adjustment of Estates.	Amount of Donation Ratta due to Estates.	Total aforesaid Amount deposited.	How Disposed of.				Rate of Exchange.	Remarks.
										Amount paid in India.	Amount retained in India.	Amount remitted for payment in England.			
												In Co.'s Rs.	Equivalent in Sterling.		
	COMMISSIONED AND WARRANT OFFICERS.—*(Continued.)*														
15th	Cornelius Lysaght ...	Captain ...	28th Regiment N. I. ...	...	10th June 1857,	Intestate ...	506 13 4	...	506 13 4						
„	Charles Frederick Scott ...	Lieutenant ...	Ditto ...	...	Ditto	— ...	319 5 4	...	319 5 4						
16th	Edward Thomas Kemp ...	Ditto ...	61st N. I. ...	...	16th January 1859,	— ...	175 0 2	...	175 0 2						
„	Charles Theophilus Metcalfe McDowell ...	Ditto ...	2nd Euro. Bl. Fusiliers ...	...	27th February 1858,	Will ...	50 0 0	...	50 0 0						
„	Frederick James McDonnell.	Ditto ...	14th N. I., 2nd Punj. Cav. ...	...	23rd March 1858,	Intestate ...	35 6 4	...	35 6 4						
„	Elliot Pakenham Brownlow	Ditto ...	Engineers ...	...	17th Ditto	Will ...	543 0 0	...	543 0 0						
„	Frederick Christian Bushman ...	Assistant Surgeon ...	Artillery ...	...	20th January 1858,	Intestate ...	112 3 11	...	112 3 11						
18th	Edward Jones ...	Lieutenant ...	Engineers ...	...	24th July 1857,	Will ...	1095 12 0	...	1095 12 0						
„	Swynfen Charles Jervis ...	1st Lieutenant ...	Ditto ...	...	27th June 1857,	No Will ...	950 0 0	...	950 0 0						
„	Augustus Joseph Boulton ...	Lieutenant ...	7th Light Cavalry ...	...	Ditto	Intestate ...	616 1 7	...	616 1 7						
„	George Larkins ...	Major ...	Bengal Artillery ...	...	Ditto	Ditto ...	1372 0 0	...	1372 0 0						
„	Charles Dempster ...	1st Lieutenant ...	Ditto ...	...	Ditto	Ditto ...	465 7 9	...	465 7 9						
„	James Alexander Haldane Eckford ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	...	Ditto	Ditto ...	405 9 4	...	405 9 4						
„	St. George Ashe ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	...	Ditto	Ditto ...	480 11 8	...	480 11 8						
„	Charles William Quin ...	Ditto ...	2nd Light Cavalry ...	...	Ditto	Ditto ...	588 11 5	...	588 11 5						
„	William John Manderson ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	...	Ditto	Ditto ...	627 6 7	...	627 6 7						
„	John Hammond Harrison ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	...	Ditto	Ditto ...	627 6 7	...	627 6 7						
„	Melville Balfour ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	...	Ditto	Ditto ...	551 7 10	...	551 7 10						
„	Edward C. Vibart ...	Major ...	Ditto ...	...	Ditto	Ditto ...	912 6 4	...	912 6 4						
„	Francis Stoneham Montagu Wren ...	Lieutenant ...	Ditto ...	...	Ditto	Ditto ...	624 8 10	...	624 8 10						
„	Richard Owen Quin ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	...	Ditto	Ditto ...	627 6 7	...	627 6 7						
„	George Maguire Wellington Southeby ...	2nd Ditto ...	Bengal Artillery ...	...	Ditto	Ditto ...	299 0 9	...	299 0 9						
„	John Nickleson Martin ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	...	Ditto	Ditto ...	301 2 9	...	301 2 9	5 0 6	...	...	...	...	28th April 1859. Transferred to the credit of Government.
„	Frederick William Burney. .	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	...	Ditto	Ditto ...	297 11 4	...	297 11 4	5 0 6	...	...	...	...	29th April 1859. Transferred to the credit of Government.
„	Murray George Daniell ...	Ditto ...	2nd Light Cavalry ...	...	Ditto	Ditto ...	627 6 7	...	627 6 7						
19th	Edward Thomas Kemp ...	Lieutenant ...	61st N. I. ...	...	16th January 1859,	Ditto ...	7 9 0	...	7 9 0						
21st	J. A. H. Eckford ...	Ditto ...	Bengal Artillery ...	...	27th June 1857,	Ditto ...	113 8 0	...	113 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	Next of Kin, General Eckford, Bengal Army.
	NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS.														
1st	John Redman ...	Gunner ...	2nd Tp. 1st Bde. H. Arty.	5967	25th October 1857,	Ditto ...	0 2 4	...	0 2 4	...	...	...	...	...	Next of Kin, Mother, Mary Redman, Town of Kilkenny, County Kilkenny, Ireland.
„	Francis Creegan ...	Private ...	2nd Euro. Bl. Fusiliers ...	587	22nd June 1857,	Ditto ...	0 5 11	...	0 5 11	...	...	...	...	...	Nil.
„	Peter Reynolds ...	Serjeant ...	Ditto ...	956	14th September 1857,	Ditto ...	1 0 0	...	1 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	
4th	John Webster ...	Gunner ...			Not communicated.		53 10 8	...	53 10 8						
„	Henry Preston ...	Bombardier ...	4th Co. 1st Bn. Arty. ...	3277	7th August 1857,	Ditto ...	106 8 4	...	106 8 4	...	...	...	...	...	Kin not known.
„	Patrick King ...	Gunner ...	Ditto ...	3725	26th July 1857,	Ditto ...	96 8 5	...	96 8 5	...	...	...	...	...	
„	Thomas Gray ...	Serjeant ...	Ditto ...	1390	12th Ditto	Testate ...	236 14 8	...	236 14 8	...	...	...	...	...	Left an Oral Will.

„	John Robertson ...	Ditto ...	2nd Euro. Bl. Fusiliers ...	6	21st June 1857,	Intestate ...	0 2 0	...	0 2 0	...	...	...	...	... Nil.
„	Patrick Poinard ...	Private ...	Ditto ...	1388	30th April 1857,	Ditto ...	0 1 0	...	0 1 0					
5th	Samuel Ashworth ...	1st Corporal and Acting Serjeant ...	Bengal Sappers and Miners	368	14th July 1857,	Ditto ...	229 0 9	...	229 0 9					
„	Henry Studwell ...	Serjeant ...	Ditto ...	364	Ditto	Ditto ...	135 15 4	...	135 15 4					
„	George Newman ...	1st Corporal ...	Ditto ...	371	18th Ditto	Ditto ...	186 13 3	...	186 13 3					
„	James Wright ...	Serjeant ...	Ditto ...	220	24th Ditto	Not known	671 10 5	...	671 10 5					
„	Maurice Edward Davies ...	Private ...	Ditto ...	401	19th September 1858,	Intestate ...	99 9 9	...	99 9 9					
„	William Rutherford ...	2nd Corporal ...	Ditto ...	375	20th July 1857,	Ditto ...	183 2 4	...	183 2 4					
„	Dennis Cashin ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	394	16th Ditto	Ditto ...	202 14 3	...	202 14 3					
7th	William Pitkin ...	Private ...	3rd European Regiment...	1134	11th Ditto	Ditto ...	10 1 4	...	10 1 4	...	...	...	...	... Kin not known.
„	George Morgan ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1192	15th March 1858,	Testate ...	32 4 11	...	32 4 11	...	...	...	...	... Cousin, Mr. John Sadler, No. 11, College Road, Cork, Ireland.
„	Cornelius Murphy ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1125	5th July 1857,	Intestate ...	17 8 11	...	17 8 11	...	...	...	...	... Sister, Catherine Murphy, Parish Kilkenny Co., Cork.
„	John Clare ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	[illegible]	Ditto	Ditto ...	109 13 3	...	109 13 3	...	...	...	...	... Son, George Clare, Half-Pay Drummer, 3rd European Regiment, present at Head Quarters.
„	Peter Kelagher ...	Gunner ...	1st Co. 5th Bn. Arty. ...	6556	24th November 1857,	Ditto ...	70 9 3	...	70 9 3	...	...	...	...	... Kin not known.
„	Wm. Hepworth ...	Corporal ...	2nd Tp. 1st Bde. H. Arty.	6932	5th May 1858,	Ditto ...	190 4 10	...	190 4 10	...	...	...	...	... Brother, N. Wm. Bancroft, 2nd Troop, 1st Brigade Horse Artillery.
„	Andrew Healy ...	Serjeant ...	4th Co. 4th Bn. Arty. ...	1394	9th October 1858,	Ditto ...	50 11 8	...	50 11 8	...	...	...	...	... } Kin not known.
„	Patrick Royal ...	Gunner ...	Ditto ditto ...	5364	8th November 1858,	Ditto ...	32 10 8	...	32 10 8	...	...	...	...	...
8th	John Croke ...	Ditto ...	4th Co. 3rd Bn. Arty. ...	9491	Not communicated.		22 7 0	...	22 7 0	...	...	...	...	...
„	Patrick McDermott ...	Corporal ...	2nd Tp. 3rd Bde. H. Arty.	4836	10th October 1857,	Intestate ...	0 9 4	...	0 9 4	...	...	...	...	... Father, Joseph McDermott, Killiroan, Galway, Ireland.
„	George Seddon ...	Gunner ...	Ditto ...	4479	10th September 1857,	Ditto ...	0 12 3	...	0 12 3	...	...	...	...	... Brother, James Seddon Sutherland, Lancaster, England.
„	Thomas Keys ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	441	8th Ditto	Ditto ...	0 9 10	...	0 9 10	...	...	...	...	... Sister, Mrs. Harper, London, Middlesex.
„	William Blake ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	8607	Ditto	Ditto ...	0 13 4	...	0 13 4	...	...	...	...	... Sister, Mary Blake, Parish and Town of Winchester, England.
9th	James A. Toulon ...	Serjeant Overseer ...	Sappers and Miners, 6th Division Grand Trunk Road ...	——	11th May 1857,	Ditto ...	7 14 5	...	7 14 5					
„	John McCarthy ...	Gunner ...	4th Co. 4th Bn. Arty. ...	5320	12th April 1858,	Ditto ...	5 0 0	...	5 0 0	...	...	...	...	... } Kin not known.
14th	Cornelius Bourke ..	Private ...	3rd European Regiment	160	16th September 1858,	Ditto ...	89 11 6	...	89 11 6	...	...	...	...	...
„	John King ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	902	9th November 1858,	Ditto ...	29 8 9	...	29 8 9	...	...	...	...	...
15th	James Hunt ...	Drummer ...	2nd Euro. Bl. Fusiliers...	222	13th August 1857,	Ditto ...	0 10 0	...	0 10 0					
„	Thomas McGauran ..	Gunner ...	Not communicated.				7 12 0	...	7 12 0					
„	William Myers ...	Ditto ...	4th Co. 5th Bn. Arty. ..	9707	10th September 1858,	Ditto ...	34 8 7	...	34 8 7	...	...	...	...	... Kin not known.
„	Michael Linnane ...	Bombardier ...	Ditto ...	6056	13th May 1858,	Ditto ...	4 0 0	...	4 0 0	...	...	...	...	... Kin Father, Patrick, County Clare, Parish and Town Ballesingham.
„	Patrick Anderson ...	Park Serjeant ...	Ordnance Department ...	——	3rd February 1859,	Ditto ...	158 1 7	...	158 1 7	...	...	...	...	... Left a Widow.
16th	John Nolle ...	Serjeant ...	3rd Co. 4th Bn. Arty. ...	} Not communicated.			90 13 11	...	90 13 11					
„	Thomas Wood ...	Gunner ...	2nd ditto 3rd ditto ...				55 5 8	...	55 5 8					
„	William Jack ...	Serjeant ...	Overseer Department ...				2000 11 1	...	2000 11 1					
18th	John Brannan ..	Gunner ...	4th Co. 1st Bn. Arty. ...	5881	20th July 1857,	Testate ...	44 0 11	...	44 0 11	...	...	...	...	... Legatee, Private Joseph Brenning, late of H. M.'s 29th Regiment, invalided to Europe.
„	Robert Fotheringham ...	Ditto ...	3rd ditto 4th ditto ...	8411	19th November 1858,	Ditto ...	31 1 9	...	31 1 9	...	...	...	...	... Will in favor of his Wife Janet, No. 15, Loudon Street, and No. 2, Irongate, Glasgow, Scotland.
21st	James Nixon ...	Qr. Mr. Serjeant and Act. Serjt. Maj. ...	Mhairwarra Local Bn. ...	——	21st December 1858,	Intestate ...	184 2 5	...	184 2 5	...	...	...	...	... Left a Widow, a Son and a Daughter
„	Edward Lloyd ..	Private ...	3rd Euro. Bl. Regiment...	1314	16th October 1858,	Ditto ...	34 4 11	...	34 4 11	...	...	...	...	... } Kin not known.
„	John Manning ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1237	19th February 1859,	Ditto ...	35 5 1	...	35 5 1	...	...	...	...	...
„	George Noon ...	Quarter-Mr. Serjeant ...	Ditto ...	70	21st December 1858,	Ditto ...	378 9 10	...	378 9 10	...	...	...	...	... Kin Brother, Wm. Noon, Town St. Mary's, Hastings, County Sussex, England.

Date of Deposit.	On whose Account.	Rank.	Corps.	General Number.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Amount of monies accruing from the adjustment of Estates.	Amount of Donation Batta due to Estates.	Total unclaimed Amount deposited.	How Disposed of.				Rate of Exchange.	Remarks.
										Amount paid in India.	Amount retained in India.	Amount remitted for payment in England.			
												In Co's. Rs.	Equivalent in Sterling.		
	NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS.—*(Continued.)*														
21st	Thomas S. Beattie ...	Serjeant ...	1st Co. 6th Bn. Arty. ...	3422	27th June 1857,	Intestate ...	50 0 4	...	50 0 4	...	...	...	...	...	
"	John Owens ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	3233	Ditto	Ditto ...	76 6 8	...	76 6 8	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Patrick Fallon ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	6756	Ditto	Ditto ...	65 0 4	...	65 0 4	...	...	...	...	...	
"	John Glenny ...	Corporal ...	Ditto ...	6998	Ditto	Ditto ...	63 2 7	...	63 2 7	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Joseph Glenny ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	6997	Ditto	Ditto ...	43 2 7	...	43 2 7	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Charles Lynch ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	7026	Ditto	Ditto ...	43 2 7	...	43 2 7	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Anthony Ryan ...	Acting Serjeant ...	Ditto ...	6089	Ditto	Ditto ...	50 0 4	...	50 0 4	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Patrick Ryan ...	Corporal ...	Ditto ...	6094	Ditto	Ditto ...	43 2 7	...	43 2 7	...	...	...	...	...	
"	John Smith ...	Acting Serjeant ...	Ditto ...	5582	Ditto	Ditto ...	50 0 4	...	50 0 4	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Michael Burke ...	Acting Corporal ...	Ditto ...	6525	Ditto	Ditto ...	43 2 7	...	43 2 7	...	...	...	...	...	Next of Kin unknown.
"	Francis Connolly ...	Bombardier ...	Ditto ...	7177	Ditto	Ditto ...	40 0 0	...	40 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Thomas Kenny ...	Acting Corporal ...	Ditto ...	7018	Ditto	Ditto ...	43 2 7	...	43 2 7	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Patrick Norris ...	Bombardier ...	Ditto ...	5552	Ditto	Ditto ...	55 0 0	...	55 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Charles North ...	Bugler ...	Ditto ...	1180	Ditto	Ditto ...	46 2 2	...	46 2 2	...	...	...	...	...	
"	George Worrell ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	3408	Ditto	Ditto ...	34 4 3	...	34 4 3	...	...	...	...	...	
"	William Beezley ...	Gunner ...	Ditto ...	3451	Ditto	Ditto ...	25 14 11	...	25 14 11	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Alexander Black ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	7579	Ditto	Ditto ...	28 4 10	...	28 4 10	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Francis Blenman ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	1054	Ditto	Ditto ...	28 4 10	...	28 4 10	...	...	...	...	...	
4th	William Brazington ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5642	Ditto	Ditto ...	40 14 11	...	40 14 11	...	...	...	...	...	Next of Kin, step children, Alfred Mayne, Christopher Mayne and Ellen Mayne, at the Lawrence Asylum, George Mayne at the Catholic School, Calcutta.
"	Patrick Burke ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	7383	Ditto	Ditto ...	25 14 11	...	25 14 11	...	...	...	...	...	
"	William Carruthers ...	Acting Bombardier ...	Ditto ...	6700	Ditto	Ditto ...	40 0 0	...	40 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	
"	John Clegg ..	Gunner ...	Ditto ...	8834	Ditto	Ditto ...	25 14 11	...	25 14 11	...	...	...	...	...	
"	William Corkile ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	7719	Ditto	Ditto ...	25 14 11	...	25 14 11	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Nicholas Cullen ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	7961	Ditto	Ditto ...	25 14 11	...	25 14 11	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Edwin Darwin ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	3383	Ditto	Ditto ...	28 4 10	...	28 4 10	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Thomas Donaghue ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	5899	Ditto	Ditto ...	28 4 10	...	28 4 10	...	...	...	...	...	
"	James Dogherty ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	8289	Ditto	Ditto ...	25 14 11	...	25 14 11	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Robert Dinseeth ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	7291	Ditto	Ditto ...	28 4 10	...	28 4 10	...	...	...	...	...	
"	John Edmundson ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	8839	Ditto	Ditto ...	25 14 11	...	25 14 11	...	...	...	...	...	Next of Kin unknown.
"	Charles Farrell ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	7193	Ditto	Ditto ...	25 14 11	...	25 14 11	...	...	...	...	...	
"	John Gough ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	6346	Ditto	Ditto ...	25 14 11	...	25 14 11	...	...	...	...	...	
"	George E. Hutchinson ...	Pay Serjeant ...	Ditto ...	6552	Ditto	Ditto ...	37 5 4	...	37 5 4	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Thomas Jackson ...	Acting Bombardier ...	Ditto ...	7441	Ditto	Ditto ...	40 0 0	...	40 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	
"	James Keane ...	Gunner ...	Ditto ...	6151	Ditto	Ditto ...	25 14 11	...	25 14 11	...	...	...	...	...	
"	John Kelly ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	7011	Ditto	Ditto ...	25 14 11	...	25 14 11	...	...	...	...	...	
"	David Kennedy ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	7018	Ditto	Ditto ...	25 14 11	...	25 14 11	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Dennis Laverty ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	7444	Ditto	Ditto ...	28 4 10	...	28 4 10	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Daniel Lane ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	8235	Ditto	Ditto ...	25 14 11	...	25 14 11	...	...	...	...	...	
"	Thomas McConell ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	3568	Ditto	Ditto ...	45 14 11	.	45 14 11	...	...	...	...	...	Next of Kin, Daughters, Alice and Charlotte, Lawrence Asylum.

"	Thomas McGill	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5807	Ditto	Ditto	...	28 4 10	...	28 4 10	...	...	...	...	...
"	William McKinlay	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	1337	Ditto	Ditto	...	28 4 10	...	28 4 10	...	...	...	...	...
"	Patrick Maguire	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	8207	Ditto	Ditto	...	25 14 11	...	25 14 11	...	...	...	...	...
"	Daniel Maloney	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5527	Ditto	Ditto	...	28 4 10	...	28 4 10	...	...	...	...	...
"	Richard Manguin	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	3358	Ditto	Ditto	...	25 14 11	...	25 14 11	...	...	...	...	...
"	William Mitchell	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5553	Ditto	Ditto	...	25 14 11	...	25 14 11	...	...	...	...	...
"	Timothy Morrissey	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	6750	Ditto	Ditto	...	25 14 11	...	25 14 11	...	...	...	...	Next of Kin unknown.
"	James Norton	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	4857	Ditto	Ditto	...	25 14 11	...	25 14 11	...	...	...	...	...
"	Charles O'Dwyer	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	19	Ditto	Ditto	...	30 10 6	...	30 10 6	...	...	...	...	...
"	John H. Pearce	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	3895	Ditto	Ditto	...	28 4 10	...	28 4 10	...	...	...	...	...
"	John Porter	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	6897	Ditto	Ditto	...	25 14 11	...	25 14 11	...	...	...	...	...
"	Patrick Reilly	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	6093	Ditto	Ditto	...	25 14 11	...	25 14 11	...	...	...	...	...
"	Thomas Rogers	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	4473	Ditto	Ditto	...	25 14 11	...	25 14 11	...	...	...	...	...
"	James Scott	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	4812	Ditto	Ditto	...	40 14 11	...	40 14 11	...	...	...	...	Next of Kin, Sons, J. Reid and L. R. George, Lawrence Asylum.
"	William Service	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5513	Ditto	Ditto	...	25 14 11	...	25 14 11	...	...	...	...	...
"	James Sullivan	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	7490	Ditto	Ditto	...	28 4 10	...	28 4 10	...	...	...	...	...
"	Timothy Sullivan	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	5537	Ditto	Ditto	...	28 4 10	...	28 4 10	...	...	...	...	...
"	Patrick Ward	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	7106	Ditto	Ditto	...	28 4 10	...	28 4 10	...	...	...	...	Next of Kin not known.
"	Rawson Webster	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	7702	Ditto	Ditto	...	35 14 11	...	35 14 11	...	...	...	...	...
"	John Whelan	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	7714	Ditto	Ditto	...	30 10 8	...	30 10 8	...	...	...	...	...
"	James Thompson	...	Ditto	...	Ditto	...	8699	Ditto	Ditto	...	25 14 11	...	25 14 11	...	...	...	...	...
28th	Reece Morgan	...	Private	...	3rd Bl. Euro. Regiment...		221	8th September 1858,	Ditto	...	26 15 3	...	26 15 3	...	...	...	...	Kin, Cousin, Wm. James, Morristown, near Swan Sea, County, Glamorgan.
									Co's. Rs.		45244 7 3		45244 7 3					

FORT WILLIAM, GENERAL TREASURY,
The 30th April 1859.

J. I. HARVEY,
Sub-Treasurer.

No. 827 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned promotions are made :—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To what rank promoted.	From what date	In whose room.
Infantry ...	Lieut.-Col. and Bt.-Col. Frederick Brooke Corfield ...	Colonel ...	26th Apl. 1859	Major-Genl. A. Spens, deceased.
	Major and Bt.-Lieut.-Col. Henry William Mathews ...	Lieut.-Col. ...		
43rd N.L.I.	Capt. and Bt.-Major Archibald Frazer Macpherson ...	Major ...		
	Lieut. and Bt.-Capt. John Dawson	Captain ...		
	Ensign George Quin ...	Lieutenant ...		
Infantry ...	Major Brooke Boyd ...	Lieut.-Col. ...	4th June 1859	Lieut.-Col. and Brevet-Col. *Sir* Thos. Seaton, K.C.B., deceased.
68th N. I.	Capt. Peter Archibald Roberton...	Major ...		
	Lieut. Alfred Francis ...	Captain ...		
	Ensign Henry Vansittart Riddell...	Lieutenant ...		

No. 828 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment :—

Senior Surgeon G. G. Brown, M. D., Superintending Surgeon, Barrackpore Circle, to officiate as Inspector-General of Hospitals in the Lower Provinces, including Pegu, with effect from the date on which Senior Surgeon J. Row proceeded on Sick leave to Europe.

No. 829 *of* 1859.—The services of Major G. Holroyd, of the 43rd Regiment Native (Light) Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, with effect from the 5th instant.

R. J. H. BIRCH, *Major-Genl.,*
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

Public Works Department.

GENERAL.—ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 157.

Fort William, the 4th June 1859.

Errata.—In Notification No. 116, of the 10th ultimo.

For Corporal *J.* Lynch, *read W. Lynch.*
" Corporal Bennett, *read Bonnett.*
" Corporal *J.* Grose, *read D. C. Grose.*
" Corporal *J. Skully, read F. F. Sully.*
" Private *John* Cameron, *read George Cameron.*

No. 158.

The 7th June 1859.

Appointments.—Corporal R. McKenzie, Madras Sappers and Miners, is appointed a Probationary Assistant Overseer in the Department Public Works, and posted to Hyderabad.

No. 159.

Probationary Assistant Overseer Serjeant M. Moloney, attached to the Irrigation Department, North-Western Provinces, is appointed permanently to the Department Public Works, with effect from the 15th March last.

H. YULE, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 3595.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 28th May* 1859.—Mr. E. Gilbert, Probationary Assistant Overseer, is posted to the Dinapore Division of Public Works.

Mr. C. Smith, temporary Supervisor, is posted to the Circular and Eastern Canals.

The 30th May 1859.—Overseer Ram Chunder Roy is posted to the Patna Division,

The 31st May 1859.—Assistant Overseer Murarie Gooptoo is transferred from the 1st Division Grand Trunk Road to the Presidency Division.

The 1st June 1859.—Baboo Satcowry Deb, Moonsiff of Serajgunge, to be also Deputy Magistrate in Pubna, and to exercise the powers of a Covenanted Assistant to a Magistrate under Regulations XIII. of 1797 and IX. of 1807, within his Moonsiffee jurisdiction.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—*The 2nd June* 1859.—Mr. H. T. Woodcock, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Patna, for six months, under Section IX. of the revised Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Moulavy Ahmed, Law Officer of Burdwan, for three months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Pundit Ramnarain Roy, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Behar, for two months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

NOTIFICATION.—*The 7th June* 1859.—The attention of all Officers of the Subordinate Executive Service, under the Government of Bengal, is drawn to the following Rules, which will be strictly adhered to in future:—

I. All Officers of the Subordinate Executive Service must pass by the second Standard before they are promoted to a higher grade; except those who were appointed before the 5th September 1853, and those who have been or may be specially exempted from Examination.

II. Officers newly appointed will be considered Probationers till they have passed by the first Standard. The period of probation allowed will be specified in the letter of appointment in each case.

A. R. YOUNG,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 330.

Allahabad, the 1st June 1859.

Appointment.—Lieutenant S. S. Sutherland, 42nd Regiment Native Infantry, Adjutant Saugor District Police, to officiate as Adjutant Divisional Police Battalion, Jubbulpore, during the absence on leave of Lieutenant Bromley, or until further orders.

Mr. G. H. Volkers, of the Road Patrols, to officiate as Adjutant of the Military Police in the Saugor District, on probation, *vice* Lieutenant Sutherland.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

G. W. WILLIAMS, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Mily. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces.

General Department,
No. 1228, *dated 23rd May* 1859.

Leave.—Mr. A. K. Blackall, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Mooltan Division, has obtained three months' indulgence leave from the 1st proximo, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Service Leave Rules.

Public Works Department,
No. 1147, *dated 25th May* 1859.

Captain W. Garnett, Executive Engineer Dera Ismail Khan, has obtained eight weeks' leave from the 15th instant, preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe, on Medical Certificate.

General Department,
No. 1238.

Mr. H. Haukey, Assistant Commissioner of Kurnal, has obtained one month's privilege leave from the 1st proximo, under Section XII. of the Covenanted Service Absentee Rules.

Mr. J. N. Lennox, Assistant Engineer Rawul Pindee Division, Public Works, has obtained one month's leave, on urgent private affairs, from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

Public Works Department,
Nos. 1130-1, *dated 23rd May* 1859.

Appointments and Postings.—Ensign A. Monies, late Adjutant Delhie Pioneers, is appointed a Probationary Assistant Engineer, in the Public Works Department, Punjab, and posted to Attock in the Peshawur Division.

Captain O'Brien, Her Majesty's 20th Foot, Officiating Executive Engineer, Goojrat Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road, to officiate as Executive Engineer, Sealkote Division, *vice* Mr. C. Moravia, deceased.

Captain F. Davies, Executive Engineer Hazara, to be Executive Engineer Goojrat Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road.

Mr. Wilson, 1st Class Assistant Engineer Peshawur Division, to officiate as Executive Engineer Hazara Division.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces and its Dependencies,

R. H. DAVIES,
Secy. to Govt., Punjab and its Dependencies.

Opium Notification.

Notice is hereby given, that the sixth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1857-58, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Monday, the 13th of June 1859, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 2,260 chests, *viz* :—

Behar Opium	1,915
Benares Ditto	345
Total Chests ..	2,260

2. The general conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 1st December 1858, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 18th and 28th June 1859, respectively, that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, Company's Paper or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the sale, will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 18th June 1859, and no Treasury Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M., of Tuesday, the 28th June 1859.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium of 1857-58, will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board however reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Thursday, 14th July 1859 -	1915	345	2260
Do. Wednesday, 10th August " -	1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 9th September " -	1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 14th October " -	1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 7th November " -	1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 5th December " -	1934	379	2313
	11509	2104	13613

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

Rivers Thompson,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

Fort William,
The 4th May 1859.

Opium Notification.

Notice is hereby given, that the Seventh Sale of Opium, the provision of 1857-58, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Thursday, the 14th of July 1859, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 2,260 Chests, *viz.* :—

Behar Opium	1,915
Benares Ditto	345
Total Chests ...	2,260

2. The general conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 1st December 1858, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 19th and 29th July 1859, respectively, that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, Company's Paper or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the Sale, will be received after 4 P. M., of Tuesday, the 19th July 1859, and no Treasury Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M., of Friday, the 29th July 1859.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium of 1857-58 will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board however reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Wednesday, 10th August 1859 -	1915	345	2,260
Do. Friday, 9th September " -	1915	345	2,260
Do. Friday, 14th October " -	1915	345	2,260
Do. Monday, 7th November " -	1915	345	2,260
Do. Monday, 5th December " -	1934	379	2,313
	9,594	1,759	11,353

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

Rivers Thompson,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

Fort William,
The 1st June 1859.

Opium Notification.

With reference to the Advertisement issued from this Office, under date 1st December 1858, it is hereby notified that 300 Chests of Behar Opium of the Sale held on the 9th instant, which were reserved for the French Government, and have not been cleared, will be re-sold on account of Government at the Exchange Hall, on Monday, the 13th June next, immediately after the conclusion of the Sale of the 2,260 Chests advertized for that day.

2. The Conditions of Re-sale will be the same as those of the Sale of the 2,260 Chests above referred to.

By order of the Board of Revenue,

Rivers Thompson,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

Fort William,
The 26th May 1859.

Monthly Account of Salt in Store in the several Agencies and the Sulkeah Golahs up to 31st May 1859, together with 4 per Cent. reserve for Golah Wastage.

Agencies.	1260 or 1853-54, and previous years.			1261 or 1854-55.			1262 or 1855-56.			1263 or 1856-57.			1264 or 1857-58.			1265 or 1858-59.			Total Quantity in Store.		
Hidgellee,	Mds.	S.	C.	Mds.	S.	C.	Mds.	S.	C	Mds.	S.	C.	Mds.	S.	C.	Mds.	S.	C.	Mds.	S.	C.
Pungah Salt Ghaut Russoolpore ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1325	3	12	98989	7	12	100314	11	8
Ditto do., Kissennuggur	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	90785	26	8	130138	0	0	221223	26	8
Ditto do., Ramnuggur	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	115348	30	0	182553	39	0	93095	0	0	390997	29	0
Do. do., North Kaleenuggur	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8841	14	8	154380	0	0	163221	14	8
Do. do, Pooree Ghautta ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19446	0	0	59343	0	0	78789	0	0
Total ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	115348	30	0	302952	3	12	536245	7	12	954546	1	8
Tumlook.																					
Pungah, Ghaut Narrampore ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3122	30	15	500000	0	0	503122	30	15
Total ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3122	30	15	500000	0	0	503122	30	15
Chittagong.																					
Pungah, Bangkhally Ghaut	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11229	30	0	0	0	0	11229	30	0
Do Sudder Ghaut Agency ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	69104	39	15	0	0	0	69104	39	15
Do. do., Arracan ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kurkutch Madras ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	31444	0	0	230352	5	13	0	0	0	207796	5	13
Total ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	31444	0	0	310686	35	12	0	0	0	348130	35	12
Sulkea.																					
Pungah, Cuttack ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5354	0	0	0	0	0	5354	0	0
Do., Balasore ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5280	0	0	0	0	0	5280	0	0
Do., Khordha ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	442	10	0	4633	0	0	0	0	0	5075	10	0
Do., Chilka ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2823	0	0	0	0	0	2823	0	0
Do., 24-Pergunnahs .	0	0	0	0	0	0	4320	0	0	13631	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17951	0	0
Do. do., Narainpore ..	200597	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	200597	20	0
Do. do., Baugundee	0	0	0	0	0	0	1846	0	0	138168	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	140014	20	0
Do. do., Dhosah ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	1560	0	0	71058	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	72618	0	0
Kurkutch Madras Permit .	0	0	0	259232	30	0	691886	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	951118	30	0
Do Chilka ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	5629	0	0	434041	10	0	179100	0	0	0	0	0	618770	10	0
Do. Sconde .	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	130609	0	0	130609	0	0
Mixed Kurkutch ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2226	0	0	2226	0	0
Pungah, Pooree Ghautta ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	626	0	0	0	0	0	626	0	0
Do Ramnugger .	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1053	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1053	0	0
Mixed Pungah Salt ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	562	0	0	562	0	0
Total ..	200597	20	0	259232	30	0	705241	0	0	659294	0	0	197816	0	0	133397	0	0	2155578	10	0
Arracan.																					
Pungah, Ghaut Khyouk Phyoo ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9574	0	0	25881	0	0	35455	0	0
Total ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9574	0	0	25881	0	0	35455	0	0
Grand Total...	200597	20	0	259232	30	0	705241	0	0	806086	30	0	830151	30	7	1105523	7	12	3906832	33	8

E. T. Trevor,
Secretary.

Board of Revenue,
The 4th June 1859.

Notice.

HINDOO HOLIDAYS IN JUNE 1859.

THE General Treasury will be closed on Friday, the 10th June 1859, on account of the Hindoo Holiday Dushoharra.

The General Treasury will be closed on Wednesday, the 15th June 1859, on account of the Hindoo Holiday Chaun Jattra.

J. I. HARVEY,
Sub-Treasurer.

GENERAL TREASURY,
The 20th May 1859.

No. 32.

Notification.

THE undersigned has the honor to notify to Civil and Military Officers in charge of Treasuries, that as he is in no way concerned in recovering Advances which may be at the personal debit of Officers, applications for the adjustment of such Advances should be made to the Accountant-General to the Government of India, Military Department, or to the proper Pay-master.

E. G. J. CHAMPNEYS, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Military Auditor General.

FORT WILLIAM;
Mily. Audr. Genl.'s Office,
The 13th May 1859.

Notification.

Fort William, Civil Auditor's Office, the 20th April 1859.

To the Officers of the Political, Judicial, Revenue, Customs, Salt, Opium, and other branches of Service.

The Civil Auditor has the honor to request that Disbursing Officers, in charge of Civil Establishments, will be good enough to submit, as soon after 1st of May next as may be practicable, separate from their April Pay Abstracts, the Annual Detailed Statements of the respective Establishments as per Forms Nos. 1, 2, and 3, furnished for their guidance in 1848, annexing a note to each of the above Statements showing the items of expenditure which, though sanctioned, have not been actually incurred with reference to Financial Resolution of 29th October 1857, No. 4751. Pending the receipt of these documents, the audit of their April Abstracts will, under Financial Resolution of 7th September 1842, be withheld.

The usual Annual Returns of Uncovenanted Servants up to May 1859, as well as separate Statements showing the periods of leave granted to Uncovenanted Assistants, are also requested to be furnished in Forms Nos. 4 and 5, with the above Annual Detailed Statements.

W. P. PALMER,
Civil Auditor.

Notice.

UNDER Act XX. of 1856, I hereby given notice that the Assessment Registers of Pykeparra, Oltadanga, Bhobanepore, Kidderpore, and Garden Reach, being Grand Divisions I, II, VI and VIII, of the Suburbs of Calcutta, having been duly prepared for the year 1859, the prescribed Notifications under Section XVIII of the Act have on this date been affixed at conspicuous places in the Divisions and also at the Police Thannahs at Chitpore, Intally, Kallighaut, and Kidderpore; all persons dissatisfied with the said Assessment or who may dispute their occupation of property or liability to be assessed are hereby warned that they may appeal to the Magistrate, on unstamped paper, but that under Section XX. of the Act, no such appeal can be received after the expiration of one month from this date.

Appellants should send with their appeal the tax bills for the last quarter paid by them.

The names of the Members of the Punchyets appointed under Section X of the Act were:—

Grand Division I.		
Khetter Mohun Banerjee	...	President.
Prossono Bundopadhoya	...	Member.
Chunder Madhub Ghosal	...	Ditto.
Ram Comul Banerjee	...	Ditto.
Joy Chunder Chatterjee (Darogah)	.	Ditto.
Grand Division II.		
Govind Chunder Dutt	...	President.
Govind Chunder Sen	...	Member.
Bholanath Mitter	...	Ditto.
Sreenarain Bose	...	Ditto.
Bissonath Ghose (Darogah)	...	Ditto.
Grand Division VI.		
Reverend S. J. Hill	...	President,
A. H. Joyce, Esquire	...	Member.
Debnarain Banerjee	...	Ditto.
Mohes Chunder Mookerjee	...	Ditto.
Chunder Madhub Mookerjee (Darogah)	..	Ditto.
Grand Division VIII.		
C. B. Stewart, Esquire	...	President.
Dinnonath Banerjee	...	Member.
Gones Chunder Banerjee	...	Ditto.
Modoo Soodun Mokerjee	..	Ditto.
Ramnarain Banerjee (Darogah)	...	Ditto.

N. B.—Parties willing to make half yearly or annual advances will on payment of the amount receive the usual bills from the Darogahs of their Divisions.

W. HEYSHAM,
Deputy Magistrate.

SUBN. TAX OFFICE;
Allipore,
The 11th May 1859.

Notice.

A REGULAR Steam Communication with Assam will be opened from the 15th proximo, on which date a Steamer, with a Flat in tow, will be despatched hence, to be followed by a pair of Boats every six weeks.

For Freight and Passage to Dacca and Assam, apply at the Boat Office,

By order of the Superintendent of Marine,

W. WHITE,
Clerk of the Government Boat Office.

The 27th May 1859.

WEEKLY STATEMENT OF TRAFFIC PASSED THROUGH THE CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS FROM 1st TO 6th JUNE 1859.

From 1st to 6th June 1859.	Names of Chowkeys	Charcoal.			Wood Coal.			Piece Goods, Native Produce.			Piece Goods, Imported Fabrics.			Hides.			Cotton.			Castor Seed.			Castor Oil.			Indigo.			Jaggery.			Juth.			Lime.			Mustard Seed.			Mustard Seed Oil.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
Circular Canal	Bamanghatta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	7850	45850	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32	16700	12325	22	18850	12950	...	...	...	81	87275	37125	3	1350	500
	Chitpore	2	2700	1800	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	3550	bls. 245	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	2	950	500	...	...	...
Tolly' Nullah	Samookpotta	...	...	...	1	225	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	3330	2300	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	23300	11000	...	...	...
	Russa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Kyderpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	4075	1330	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	475	200	...	...	...

From 1st to 6th June 1859.	Names of Chowkeys	Salt.			Sugar.			Tobacco.			Linseed.			Paddy.			Pulse.			Peas.			Rice.			Wheat.			Lentil.			Grain.			Sundries.	
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Total Number of Boats.	Total Maundage by Canal Measurement.
Circular Canal	Bamanghatta	...	...	...	57	31450	23350	6	2625	1600	96	68123	51950	2	325	300	4	1575	1150	35	14350	10775	132	72800	61100	4	2075	1500	7	2550	2025	3	1825	1100	720	257075
	Chitpore	101	61875	31950	1	250	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	189	88100
Tolly' Nullah	Samookpotta	...	...	...	1	350	200	1	275	200	3	8000	3200	30	4725	3525	4	1300	1000	5	1825	1200	23	8100	5400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	192	50950
	Russa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	450
	Kyderpore	1	600	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	139	23150

J. F. GALIFFE,
Collector and Magistrate of Canals.

Visitation.

Notice is hereby given, that the Right Reverend The Lord Bishop of Calcutta, Metropolitan in India and the Island of Ceylon, will, by Divine permission, hold his primary Visitation of his Diocese, on Wednesday and Thursday, the 14th and 15th days of September next, in Saint Paul's Cathedral.

On these days Morning Service will commence at half past ten o'clock A. M. The Sermon will be preached on Wednesday by the Reverend William Kay, D. D., Principal of Bishop's College, by the Bishop's appointment. On this day also, the Holy Communion will be celebrated.

The Bishop, at the conclusion of Morning Service, on the day following, proposes delivering his charge.

Such of the Clergy as reside or happen to be within a day's distance of Calcutta, and who are cited to attend, will be expected to be prepared to exhibit their Letters of Orders, Licences, and other Faculties.

His Lordship purposes in the course of his Circuit to visit the following Stations, namely, Benares, about the 23rd of October; Lucknow, about the 20th of November; Allahabad, about the 4th of December; Agra, the 18th of December; Lahore, the 12th February 1860; Peshawur, about the 18th of March; and Simla, the 29th of April; and other Stations, to be notified hereafter.

Any Churches or Cemeteries ready to be consecrated, the Bishop will be prepared to consecrate, and the Clergy at such Churches and Cemeteries are directed to communicate with the Registrar, as to the necessary Papers.

By desire of the Bishop. Dated at Calcutta, this 1st day of June 1859.

Wm. Hy. Abbott,
Registrar and Secretary.

Confirmation.

The Right Reverend The Lord Bishop purposes in the course of his ensuing Visitation as notified, to hold Confirmations, at the following Stations; namely, Benares, about the 23rd of October; Lucknow, about the 20th of November; Allahabad, about the 4th of December; Agra, the 18th of December; Lahore, the 12th February 1860; Peshawur, about the 18th of March, and Simla, the 29th of April; and other Stations, which will be notified hereafter.

It is therefore requested, that the Ministers and Chaplains throughout the Diocese, do prepare and examine those, who are Candidates for Confirmation at the above Stations (European and Native) at the ensuing Visitation of His Lordship, and also at such other Stations likely to be visited, and to be notified.

By desire of the Bishop. Dated at Calcutta, this 1st day of June 1859.

Wm. Hy. Abbott,
Registrar and Secretary.

Ordination.

The Lord Bishop of Calcutta purposes to hold a general Ordination of Priests and Deacons, in the course of his Visitation at Agra, on or about the 18th December 1859, being the fourth Sunday in Advent.

Candidates for Holy Orders, at such Ordination, are desired to give notice of their intention without delay, to the Reverend Thomas Harris Burn, Domestic Chaplain to the Bishop, Calcutta.

By desire of the Bishop. Dated at Calcutta, this 1st day of June 1859.

Wm. Hy. Abbott,
Registrar and Secretary.

Notification.

The Civil Auditor, North-Western Provinces, has the honor to repeat his annual call to all Disbursing Officers in charge of Civil Establishments in the North-Western Provinces, for the submission (as soon after the 1st May next, as practicable, with the April Abstract) of their regular Annual Detailed Statement, containing the names and full particulars of the whole of the Establishment; and to observe that, with reference to the orders of Government, dated 15th October 1842, published in the *Agra Government Gazette*, of the 15th November 1842, the audit of their Abstracts for April next will be withheld until the receipt of the required Returns.

2. To facilitate check, it is particularly requested that the Abstract for April be sub-divided into distinct headings, so that each description of Office with its total shall correspond with the details given in the Statement of Establishment or the 1st May, agreeably to the Form furnished.

3. It is also requested that the *three separate* Lists prescribed for all Uncovenanted Civil Servants (Europeans and East Indians) and Native, (in the last the names of *only those* holding appointments of *trust* and *responsibility* should be inserted,) employed on their Establishments, be furnished for 1st May 1859, without delay.

H. Loch,
Offg. Civil Auditor.

Civil Auditor's Office;
N. W. P., Allahabad,
The 31st March 1859.

Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

In Equity.

Receiver's Office.

Aushootosh Day, &c.,

versus

Rajcoomary Dossee, &c.

Notice is hereby given, that on Monday, the 13th day of June 1859, at one o'clock in the afternoon, James Welch, Esquire, the Receiver appointed by the Supreme Court, to the Estate of Kistanundo Bisswas, deceased, will put up for

Lease by public competition at his Office, the under-mentioned Estate in the Zillah of 24-Pergunnahs, upon such terms and conditions as will be then made known and upon such security as he may think fit, that is to say—

Within Pergunnah Calcutta, Mohel Modrasa, two Villages of Turruff Hadia, Mouzah Neez Hadia and Mowzah Khayadoho, exclusive Jungle Lands within the said Pergunnah Calcutta, Mohal Sreebautty, Mowzah Coomar Pookereah exclusive Jungle Lands.

For further particulars apply to the Receiver's Office.

J. WELCH,
Receiver.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE; SUPREME COURT, CALCUTTA
The 23rd May 1859.

Notice.

TO BE PEREMPTORILY SOLD, pursuant to an order of the Supreme Court of Judicature, at Fort William in Bengal, bearing date the Eighteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, made in a certain Cause, wherein Greenderchunder Ghose and Nubborungeney Dossee, Executor and Executrix of Anundnarain Ghose are Plaintiffs, and John Cochrane and Woomesh Chunder Dutt are Defendants, with the approbation of John Cochrane, Esquire, the Master of the said Court, at his Office in the Court-House, on Saturday, the 18th day of June instant.

Two undivided fifth parts or shares of and in all that upper-roomed brick-built messuage, tenement or dwelling-house, situate, lying and being in Sootanooty, Nimtollah Street, Hautkollah, in the Town of Calcutta, aforesaid, together with the piece or parcel of land or ground thereunto belonging, and on part whereof the same is erected and built, containing by estimation five biggahs, be the same a little more or less, and butted and bounded as follows: that is to say, on the East by the house and premises of the late Ramjohn Ostaghur; on the West partly by the land called Suddanund Goldarwallah ground, and partly by the dwelling-house of the Mozoomdar family; on the North by the house and land which belonged to the late Rashbeharry Dutt; and on the South by a Private Lane.

Also one undivided fifth part or share of and in a piece or parcel of tenanted land or ground, containing by estimation eighteen cottahs, be the same a little more or less, situate, lying and being in Sootanooty, in Hautkollah, aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows,: that is to say, on the East by the Company's Public Road; on the North by a Public Lane; and on the South by the tenanted land of Colly Churn Dutt.

Further particulars may be had at the Master's Office, Supreme Court, or of Messrs. Judge, Judge and Watkins, Solicitors for the Plaintiffs.

JOHN COCHRANE,
Master.

JUDGE, JUDGE & WATKINS,
Complainants' Solicitors.

CALCUTTA SUPREME COURT; *Master's Office*, *The 4th June* 1859.

REPORT showing the smallest depth of water in the Bhaugiruttee, Jellinghee and Matabangah Rivers, from 23rd to 29th May 1859.

NAMES OF RIVERS.	Smallest depth of Water.	Remarks on the phenomena of the River, during the week.
Bhaugirutte River.	F. Is.	
Above its entrance Bar in Ganges	4 9	All Boats suited for the present dry season's Traffic of the Nuddea Rivers should take the Bhaugiruttee route this year. These depths are on sand lumps. They do not show the general depths of the channels which are seldom less than from 3 feet 3 inches to 4½ feet.
On the entrance Bar...	3 8	
From thence to Jungypore, 14 miles ...	3 0	
From Jungypore to Berhampore, 45 miles ...	3 0	
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 54 miles ...	2 9	
And from Cutwa to Nuddea, 63 miles ..	2 9	
Jellinghee River.		
From its entrance to Bansemarree ...	Closed.	Entrance closed by the chur formed by Ganges in 1853-54.
From Bansemarree to Teeahkattah ...	1 6	
From Teeahkattah to Chundipore ...	1 8	
And from Chundipore to Moisgunge ...	2 8	
Matabangah River.		
From its entrance to Alickdeah ...	Closed.	Works on Upper River suspended. Lower River open from Alickdeah to Hooghly and will be kept so. No Tolls collected since December 6, 1858.
From Alickdeah to Seebpore ...	2 8	

Hoight of water on Gauge at Berhampore on the 29th May 1859 + 1 foot 4½ inches.

T. N. ARMSTRONG, *C. E.*,
Supdt., Nuddea Rivers.

CAMP JUNGYPORE, *The 3rd June* 1859.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

WITH reference to Government Notification No. 5, Fort William, Financial Department, 26th January 1855, notifying the intention of Government to dissolve its connexion with the Government Agency—

The Oriental Bank Corporation undertake the safe custody of Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal, and other local Stocks, free of all charge.

Will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, and remit at the current rates of exchange, or pay the same according to instructions, if to be remitted through the Corporation. Without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... 1-4th per Cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, ...	1-4th per Cent.
On the purchase of Government or other Securities, ...	1-4th per Cent.
On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Corporation, ...	Without charge.

WM. ANDERSON,
Agent.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION;
Calcutta, 29th January 1855.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Beebee Bufatun Bye, of Colootollah, in Calcutta, Dancing Woman, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 31st day of May last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 6th day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Templeton and Carrapiet, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Francois Hodoul, of Calcutta, lately carrying on business in co-partnership with Alfred Dumat, formerly of Calcutta, but at present resident in Mauritius, and Louis Thomas, as Merchants and Agents, under the Firm of Langlois and Co., an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 27th day of May last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 3rd day of September next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

T. Owen, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 3rd June 1859.

In the matter of Aga Mahomed Ally, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 4th day of June instant, it was ordered that the petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic. cap. XXI., be dismissed.

Swinhoe and Beeby, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Nobinchunder Dutt, of Hautcollah, in Calcutta, late a Banian, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 4th day of June instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 2nd day of July next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Shircore, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Robert Lindsay, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Dynauth Khettree, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Hurrynarain Doss and Srcenauth Doss, Insolvents.

On Saturday, the 4th day of June instant, it was ordered that the hearing of these several matters do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 2nd day of July next, and that the order made in these matters for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvents from arrest be enlarged to the said 2nd day of July next, and that the said Insolvents do then respectively attend to be examined by the said Court.

Shircore, *Attorney.*

Remfry, *Attorney.*

Corbett, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Kartickchurn Roy, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Brijobullub Mullick and Hurrydoss Mullick, Insolvents.

On Saturday, the 4th day of June instant, it was ordered that the hearing of these several matters do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 6th day of August next, and that the order made in these matters for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvents from arrest be enlarged to the said 6th day August next, and that the said Insolvents do then respectively attend to be examined by the said Court.

Swinhoe and Beeby, *Attorneys.*

Insolvents in person.

Chief Clerk's Office, 7th June 1859.

The Bengal Coal Company "Limited."

THE DIRECTORS of the BENGAL COAL COMPANY "LIMITED" hereby give notice to the SHAREHOLDERS, that a SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS will be held at 11 A. M., on Friday, the 30th day of September now next ensuing, as required by the Forty-first Article of the present Deed of Co-partnership to confirm the following Resolutions passed at the SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING for that purpose held this 28th day of May 1859.

First.—That the arrangements recommended by the Directors in their Report now submitted be carried out.

Second.—That having regard to the long and valuable services of MESSIEURS GORDON, STUART AND COMPANY, and in consideration of the concession now voluntarily made by them, relinquishing the 5 per Cent. Commission hitherto allowed to them, they be paid a fixed salary of Rupees 1,000 a month for the Secretaryship and for Office rent, and that a sum not exceeding Rupees 300 per month additional be paid by the Company for such Establishment as may be required to conduct the duties of the office.

Third.—That the necessary alteration to meet the arrangements now determined upon be made in the Deed of the Company, and that a Special Meeting be called in terms of the present Deed to confirm the proceedings of this Meeting.

By Order of the Directors,

GORDON, STUART & Co.,
Secretaries, Bengal Coal Co., "Limited."

CALCUTTA,
The 28th May 1859.

The Bengal Coal Company "Limited."

REGISTERED UNDER ACT No. XIX OF 1857.

THE half-yearly General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Office of the Secretaries No. 6, Church Lane, on Thursday, the 16th June instant, at 11 o'Clock A. M.

By order of the Directors,

GORDON, STUART & Co.,
Secretaries.

CALCUTTA,
The 1st June 1859.

Notice.

THE Interest of MR. GEORGE GILBERT in our Concern ceased on the 30th April 1858.

JESSOP & Co.

Required.

A TRANSLATOR thoroughly conversant with English and Oordoo. His duties will be to translate and to superintend the Persian Office, salary Rupees 100 per mensem. Apply to Deputy Commissioner, Gondah, in Oude.

Plundered or Destroyed.

THE under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of Lalla Gomanee Lol of Delhie, the Proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Notes and of Interest thereupon have been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes in favor of the Proprietor:—

No.	29483	of	1842-43,	for Cos. Rs.	500
„	6217	of 19065	„ „ „	„	500
„	5480	„ 29396	„ „ „	„	1500
„	918	„ 39922	„ 1854-55, „	„	600
„	11021		„ „ „	„	2000

W. PLOWDEN,
Offg. Depy. Comr.

ROHTUK,
The 26th May 1859.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE Government Promissory Note, No. 986 of 25445, of the 4 per Cent Loan of 1854-55, dated the 30th June 1854, for Company's Rupees 4000, originally standing in the name of Kajem Begum, and last endorsed by Mahadeo, Treasurer, the Proprietor, to the Pay Master, Oude Field Force. Payment of the above Note, and of Interest thereupon, has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government, for the issue of a Duplicate Note, in favor of the Proprietor.

MAHADEO,
Treasurer, Pay Office, Lucknow.

27*th May* 1859.

LOST in Transit by Dák to Monghyr on or about the 17th May 1859.

THE lower-halves of the under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, of the 5 per Cent. Loan of 1856-57, originally standing in the names of the parties mentioned below, and last endorsed to H. DEAR, ESQ., the Proprietor. Payment of the Notes, and of Interest thereupon, has beenstopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes in favor of the Proprietor, H. DEAR, ESQ.

DINDOYAL AND NARAIN DOSS.

No.	49498 of 28th February 1857	...	2,000

MOOLCHAND PREMJIE AND Co.

No.	49414 of 28th February 1857	...	4,000
„	32073		
„	32074		
„	32075	Ditto.	
„	31285	Each 1,000 is	... 5,000
„	31286		
		Co.'s Rs.	... 11,000

I. B. BISS.

CALCUTTA,
The 3rd June 1859.

Plundered during mutiny at Lucknow

THE under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of Afzul Khanum, the Proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. I Payment of the Notes and of Interest thereupon, has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes in favor of the Proprietor:—

No.	58	of 309	of 1828-29,	for Rs.	15000
„	5294	„ 29924	„ 1842-43,	„ „	4000
„	6223	„ 10123	„ 1832-33,	„ „	11000
„	8877	„ 11446	„ 1832-33,	„ „	3000
					33000

AFZUL KHANUM,
Calcutta, 3rd June 1859.

Lost.

THE second-half of Bank of Bengal Note, No. 25519A, dated 31st August 1857, for Rupees 10. Payment stopped at the Bank.

Lost.

HALF of a Bank of Bengal Note, No. 22413F, for Company's Rupees 100, payment of which has been stopped at the Bank.

MEER MEHNDEE HOSSEIN.

Lost.

HALF of a Bank of Bengal Note, No. 21902, for Company's Rupees 100, payment of which has been stopped at the Bank.

CALOORAM DABEE DYAL.

Notice issued by the Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 1150.

THE portion of the Calcutta Bhangy despatch of the 27th ultimo, which contained the Parcels mentioned in the annexed List, having been plundered by highway robbers whilst in transit at night on the Grand Trunk Road near Doomree, the senders are requested to furnish this Office with Lists showing the nature and value of the contents of the respective Parcels despatched by them :—

LIST of Banghy Parcels plundered at Gangree on the night of the 28th May 1859.

Date of Receipt.	Address.	Station.	Weight in Tollahs.	REMARKS.
May 26	W. Muir Esquire ...	Allahabad ...	53	Registered.
„ „	Narain Dass ...	Benares ...	165	Ditto.
	F. B. Gubbins ...	do ...	85	Ditto.
	Captain Low ...	do ...	30	
	Chooney Loll ...	do ...	45	Registered.
	Issurdass Moodrah ...	do ...	5	
	A. R. Pollock Esquire ...	Ditto ...	32	
	Mrs. E. Martin ...	Ditto ...	20	
	Sergeant W. Ramsden ...	Goruckpore ...	45	
	J. R. Williams ...	Jubbulpore ...	25	
	Lieutenant R. Atkins ...	Fyzabad ...	15	
	Captain J. Campbell ...	Ellichpore ...	13	
	Mrs. G. Bushly ...	Bolundshuhur ...	110	
25	Lieutenant Fenneran ...	Cawnpore ...	245	
	Lieutenant C. G. Robinson ...	Baraitch ...	65	
	Sadasook Chingmull ...	Lucknow ...	80	
	A. P. Webb ...	Saugor ...	20	
	A. B. Care of Post Master ...	Cawnpore ...	50	
	Officer Commander R. B. ...	Lucknow ...	110	
	Lieutenant W. G. Grant ...	Seetapore, Oude ...	470	
26	Sumboo Gungaram ...	Ghazeepore ...	500	
	Captain A. R. Moffat ...	Umbulla ...	110	
	Mrs. Macrae ...	Banda ...	320	
	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	185	
	T. Gordon ...	Naineetall ...	25	
	Major General Windham ...	Punjab ...	30	
	Officer Commanding 5th Regiment European Cavalry ...	Campbellpore, Punjab ...	370	
	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	330	
21	Brigadier P. Gordon ...	Dinapore ...	160	
	Lieutenant F. Allen ...	Ditto ...	280	
26	Lallgumull Gocoolchand ...	Delhie ...	430	

CALCUTTA,
The 6th June 1859.

C. K. DOVE,
Post-Master General of Bengal.

Notices issued by the Officiating Deputy Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 613.

The 4th June 1859.—MAIL PACKETS for the Overland Mail, which leaves Bombay on the 23rd instant, will be closed at this Office at 5 P. M., on the 12th idem, *viâ* Marseilles only.

Letters and Papers for transmission *viâ* Bombay will be received up to 6 P. M., on every day prior to the 12th.

Rates of Postage.

Under ½ oz.	...	Rs.	0 6 0
„ ½ „	...	„	0 8 0
„ ¾ „	...	„	0 14 0
„ 1 „	...	„	1 0 0

No. 619.

The 4th June 1859.—The Overland Mail per Steamer *Nemesis*, will be closed on Friday, the 17th instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius and Australia can be sent by this opportunity.

Postage.	Weight.	*Vid* Marseilles.	*Vid* Southampton.
	Under ½ ounce	Rs. 0 6 0	Rs. 0 0 0
	„ ½ „	„ 0 8 0	„ 0 4 0
	„ ¾ „	„ 0 14 0	„ 0 0 0
	„ 1 „	„ 1 0 0	„ 0 8 0
	„ 2 „	„ 2 0 0	„ 1 0 0

No. 612.

The 4th June 1859.—NOTICE is hereby given, that the Mail for Madras, for transmission per Steamer *Dalhousie*, will be closed at this Office on Wednesday, the 8th instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 602.

The 6th June 1859.—Notice is hereby given, that, in consequence of the departure of the Steamer *Baltic* having been postponed, the Mails for Akyab, Rangoon and Moulmein, will be closed at this Office, on Friday, the 10th instant, at 6 P. M.

It is hereby notified that unless marked for particular Ships, all letters received at the General Post Office, between Monday the 30th May 1859, *and Saturday the 5th June* 1859, *both dates inclusive, were despatched by the under-mentioned Vessels which sailed from Calcutta on dates specified.*

Letters received on dates from and to	By what Ship despatched.	Bound to	REMARKS.
30th May to 4th June 1859	Steamer *Fire Queen* ...	Port Blair ...	Left Town on the 5th June 1859.

T. GARRETT,
Offg. Dy. Post-Master General.

CALCUTTA;
GENL. POST OFFICE,
The 7th June 1859.

Printed and Published for the Government by THOMAS JONES, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 8, 1859.

LAND SALE NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Sylhet, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 22nd day of June 1859, for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 18th of April 1859 :—

Clause I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 54.—Talook Hurrynarain Duth and Ramkishun Duth, Pergunnah Daccadukin ; recorded proprietors, Chundepershad Deb and others ; sudder jumma, rupees 16-10-3.

No. 73.—Talook Ramgobind, Pergunnah Daccadukin ; recorded proprietor, A. J. Vincent ; sudder jumma, rupees 20-7-8.

No. 374.—Talook Degur Joyram Duth, Pergunnah Daccadukin ; recorded proprietor, Radabullub Duth ; sudder jumma, rupees 8-1-8.

No. 322.—Talook Benoderam, Pergunnah Rengah ; recorded proprietors, Hafiz Mahomed and others ; sudder jumma, rupees 35-6-7.

No. 115.—Talook Roopram, Pergunnah Bahadoorpoor ; recorded proprietors, Hurree and others ; sudder jumma, rupees 7-14-4.

No. 233.—Talook Mohobut Khan, Pergunnah Bahadoorpoor ; recorded proprietor, Pylah Ram ; sudder jumma, rupees 23-4-1.

No. 27.—Talook Khoshal Ram, Pergunnah Lunglah ; recorded proprietor, Chundernath Duth ; sudder jumma, rupees 29-7-0.

No. 36.—Talook Mahomed Nowaz, Pergunnah Lunglah ; recorded proprietor, Aynah Bebee ; sudder jumma, rupees 19-13-5.

No. 609.—Talook Goonbullub, Pergunnah Lunglah ; recorded proprietors, himself and others ; sudder jumma, rupees 20-4-3.

No. 692.—Talook Shamsoonder, Pergunnah Lunglah ; recorded proprietor, Hoolashram Deb ; sudder jumma, rupees 16-6-10.

No. 2.—Talook Kantogobind Roy, Hissa Gobind Roy, Pergunnah Barumchal ; recorded proprietors, himself and others ; sudder jumma, rupees 120-13-7.

No. 3.—Talook Mahomed Unsur, Pergunnah Bajoosingchaper ; recorded proprietor, Benund Ram ; sudder jumma, rupees 43-1-6.

No. 4.—Talook Assadoorezah Zemindar, Pergunnah Joarbaneachoong ; recorded proprietor, Kishnochurrn Doss ; sudder jumma, rupees 742-3-0.

No. 118.—Talook Gonge, Pergunnah Barakeah ; recorded proprietor, Elash Khan ; sudder jumma, rupees 20-4-3.

No. 11.—Talook Radamadub Roy, Pergunnah Howlesuttrasuttee ; recorded proprietors, Dabee Pershaud Roy and others ; sudder jumma, rupees 98-9-0.

No. 130.—Talook Motee Shennah, Pergunnah Urrungpoor ; recorded proprietor, Neelmonee Doss ; sudder jumma, rupees [illegible]-1-1.

No. 472.—Talook Oje Shonah, Pergunnah Turruf ; recorded proprietors, Allee Newaz and others ; sudder jumma, rupees 13-10-8.

W. J. LONGMORE,
Offg. Collector.

SYLHET COLLECTORSHIP,
The 25th May 1859.

PRINTED BY THOMAS JONES, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

No. 47.] [1463]

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, JUNE 11, 1859.

Home Department.

No. 1170.

Fort William, the 9th June 1859.

Notification.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

Mr. R. H. Williamson, Post-Master General of Madras, to officiate as Director-General of the Post Office of India, during the absence of Mr. H. B Riddell, now on leave.

Mr. E G. R Fane, of the Madras Civil Service, to officiate as Post-Master General of Madras, until further orders.

W. Grey,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Foreign Department.

No. 3515.

Fort William, the 8th June 1859.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to accept the resignation, by Lieutenant J. Sadlier, of his appointment as Divisional Commandant, Oudh Military Police, and to place his services at the disposal of the Military Department.

No. 3516.

The services of Lieutenant T. H. Woodgate, Commanding the Kuppurthulla Contingent, and Conductor Bewsey, in charge of the Artillery of the Force, are placed at the disposal of the Military Department.

No. 3517.

The appointment of Mahomed Buksh to be Extra Assistant of the 3rd Class in Oudh, notified in G. O. G. G., dated 11th January last, No. 106, will have retrospective effect from the 26th December 1858.

No. 3518.

The 10th June 1859.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Major A. H. P. S. Wortley, of Her Majesty's Service, to be 2nd Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General for Central India.

No. 3519.

Captain W. D. Dickson, Officiating Assistant General Superintendent of Operations for the Suppression of Thuggee and Dacoity at Belgaum, received charge of his Office on the 9th ultimo.

No. 3520.

Lieutenant F. J. H. Helbert, Assistant to the Agent Governor General for Central India, has obtained leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, to proceed to Bombay, preparatory to applying for further leave to Europe.

No. 3521.

The services of Captain J. G. B. Griffin, of the 3rd Madras European Regiment, employed under the Bundlecund Agency, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Madras, for duty with his Regiment.

No. 3522.

The services of Lieutenant G. F. Blair, of the 3rd Battalion, Madras Artillery, are re-placed at the disposal of the Government of Madras, for Regimental duty from the 16th ultimo.

No. 3523.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognize the appointments, by His Majesty the King of Denmark, of the undermentioned gentlemen as Vice-Consuls at the Ports specified opposite their names, *viz.*:—

Mr. W. Brooke, at Moulmein.
„ W. Steel, at Rangoon.
„ H. Reid, at Bassein.

No. 3524.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant G. S. Dysart, of the 23rd Bengal Native Infantry, Commanding Bhopawur Levy, to be Deputy Bheel Agent and Political Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General for Central India at Maunpore.

Cecil Beadon,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, the 10th June 1859.

No. 830 of 1859.—The following Notifications, issued by the Government of the Punjaub, are published in General Orders :—

Public Works Department.

No. 1147, dated 25th May 1859.—Captain W. Garnett, Executive Engineer Dera Ismail Khan, has obtained eight weeks' leave from the 15th instant, preparatory to applying for Furlough to Europe, on Medical Certificate.

Nos. 1130-1, dated 22nd May 1859.—Appointments and Postings.—Ensign A. Monies, late Adjutant Delhie Pioneers, is appointed a Probationary Assistant Engineer, in the Public Works Department, Punjab, and posted to Attock in the Peshawur Division.

Captain O'Brien, Her Majesty's 20th Foot, Officiating Executive Engineer, Goojrat Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road, to officiate as Executive Engineer, Sealkote Division, *vice* Mr. C. Moravia, deceased.

Captain F. Davies, Executive Engineer Hazara, to be Executive Engineer Goojrat Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road.

No. 831 of 1859.—The following Notification, issued by the Government, North-Western Provinces, is published in General Orders :—

No. 330, Allahabad, the 1st June 1859.—Appointment.—Lieutenant S. S. Sutherland, 42nd Regiment Native Infantry, Adjutant Saugor District Police, to officiate as Adjutant Divisional Police Battalion, Jubbulpore, during the absence on leave of Lieutenant Bromley, or until further orders.

Mr. G. H. Volkers, of the Road Patrols, to officiate as Adjutant of the Military Police in the Saugor District, on probation, *vice* Lieutenant Sutherland.

No. 832 of 1859.—It having been found for some time past that the want of a thoroughly efficient system of Military Command in Fort William and Calcutta has been the cause of considerable inconvenience, His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Council has determined that henceforward the Troops stationed at the Presidency, or passing through Calcutta, shall be placed under the Command and be subject to the control in all respects of one Officer.

2. The Office of Town and Fort Major will be abolished from the date on which it may be vacated by the present incumbent, Lieutenant-Colonel Cavenagh.

3. An Officer will be appointed by the Viceroy and Governor of Fort William, to the Office of Commandant of Fort William and of the Troops at Calcutta. This Officer will have the Rank of a Brigadier of the First Class, and Emoluments of that Rank, and he will be invested with the Command of the European Infantry Depôts at Dum-Dum, Chinsurah and Raneegunge.

4. The Brigadier will exercise independent control over the Troops, European and Native, placed under his Command. He will report direct to the Commander-in-Chief on all matters respecting the Regimental Details and Discipline of the Troops; and will receive orders from the Commander-in-Chief on all points connected with the Military Command.

5. On all subjects connected with the authority of the Governor of Fort William, the Brigadier will address himself to the Military Secretary to the Governor General, and he will receive his orders through the same channel.

6. The Brigadier will issue his instructions to the Local Executive Officers in all matters connected with the Commissariat and Ordnance requirements of the Troops, their Pay and Clothing; and these Officers will immediately attend to the requisitions of the Brigadier.

7. The Brigadier will exercise superintendence over the Military Hospitals, and the Invalid Soldiers of the Line, and of Her Majesty's Indian Forces arriving at the Presidency.

8. The Commander-in-Chief will be pleased to furnish the Brigadier with specific and detailed instructions connected with the embarkation and disembarkation of Troops.

9. Reports of arrival and departure, heretofore made by Officers, under the General Regulations of the Service, to the Town Major, will henceforward be made to the Brigadier.

10. The Brigadier will have under his control the following Staff Officers, for the duties of the Presidency :—

A Brigade Major.

A Deputy Assistant Quarter-Master General, (heretofore designated Disembarkation Officer.)

A Garrison Quarter-Master.

These Officers will be additional to the Officers of the Garrison Staff already on the Establishment of Fort William.

Duties of Brigade Major.

11. The Brigade Major, who has heretofore held the Office of Brigade Major to the Queen's Troops of the Line serving in India, will perform the duties of Brigade Major at the Presidency, in connection with all Her Majesty's Troops, European and Native, there employed or passing through Calcutta. He will be the principal Staff Officer to the Brigadier, and will be relieved of all duties and correspondence not local, discharging the functions of the Brigade Majors at other Stations; and all extraneous or general duties heretofore performed by him will be transferred to the Office of the Adjutant General, Her Majesty's Forces.

Duties of the Fort Adjutant.

12. The functions of the Fort Adjutant will continue as at present, and he will further perform such duties as may be rendered necessary by the abolition of the Office of Town Major. Regarding these he will receive his instructions from the Brigadier under the orders of the Governor.

He will exercise the functions of Deputy Superintendent of Cadets, under the orders of the Brigadier.

Duties of the Deputy Assistant Quarter-Master General.

13 These will be prescribed by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, who will from time to time appoint an Officer to this situation. Should it be necessary, His Excellency will be pleased to detail an Officer of the same Rank from the Department of the Quarter-Master General of the Army, to assist the Brigadier, and be placed under his orders.

14 The Garrison Quarter-Master, a Commissioned Officer, to be appointed by the Governor, will be placed in charge of the Conservancy of Fort William, and of the several Guard Rooms of the Town and Suburbs. He will have charge of the Garrison and Cooly Bazaars and all the Camp Followers; and will exercise the authority heretofore exercised by the Town Major with respect to the duties entrusted to him, under the orders of the Brigadier, who will be responsible for their due execution to the Governor.

Duties of the Garrison Quarter-Master.

15 The Garrison-Quarter Master will be allowed a Staff Salary of Rupees (250,) two hundred and fifty per mensem.

16 The duty of keeping the Rolls and Records of Her Majesty's European Forces in the Bengal Presidency, heretofore performed by the Town Major, will be transferred to the Office of the Adjutant General of the Army, to which the necessary Establishment will be made over from the Town Major's Office.

17 The Certificates brought out by Officers returning from Furlough, and by Cadets, will be delivered by them into the Office of the Brigade Major in Fort William, and by him will be transmitted to the Adjutant General of the Army, as heretofore, by the Town Major.

18 The Discharge Certificates of men leaving the Army will henceforward be prepared in the Adjutant General's Office, previous to transmission to the Military Department.

19. The Bounty and Renewal Book, the Register of Discharges, the Records of Accounts of Estates, Recruit Register and Department Register of the European Local Forces will be kept in the Adjutant General's Office.

20 The duties heretofore performed by the Town Major connected with the payment of Invalids and Recruits, and the keeping of the necessary Account Books of such payment; as well as with the Accounts of all Insanes, both Officers and Men, and of the Estates of deceased Men, will henceforward be performed by the Fort Adjutant.

21. It will be the duty of the Brigadier, as at all other Stations, to assemble Committees of Adjustment on the Estates of Officers dying at the Presidency, this duty having heretofore been performed by the Town Major.

22. The Town Major's List will henceforward be designated "The Unattached List," and will be kept in the Office of the Adjutant General of the Army.

23. The Presidency Staff Surgeon will be the principal Medical Staff Officer of the Brigadier, and will have the sole Executive duties [under the Director-General of the Medical Department, and the Inspector-General of Her Majesty's Hospitals, respectively,] of all that is connected with Troops arriving at or departing from the Presidency, and the several Depôts above-mentioned, the Staff and Garrison of Fort William itself excepted. Within the Fort no alteration of the Medical management is intended by this Order.

24. The correspondence heretofore carried on with the Military Department and the Department of Public Works, and the General Officer Commanding the Presidency Division, by the Town Major as the representative of the Governor of Fort William, will henceforward be carried on by the Brigadier, in the same capacity.

No. 833 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to publish the following Report from Lieutenant-Colonel Gordon, Commanding Detachment Field Force, of an action with a body of Rebels near the Nanpara jungle on the 1st ultimo :—

FROM LIEUTENANT-COLONEL G. GORDON,
Commanding Detachment Field Force,

TO MAJOR DILLON,
Major of Brigade.
Brigadier Horsford's Column,
Nanpore.

Camp Kukra Ghat, near Seogurh.
The 2nd May 1859.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to report for the information of Brigadier A. Horsford, C. B., Commanding, that yesterday while Captain Grant, Commandant 1st Regiment Hodson's Horse, was patroling between this and Khulkalon Ghat on the right bank of the Raptee, we heard of a body of Rebels (said to be 200 in number,) being located about 8 miles to the West of my Camp. On receiving this information about 12 noon, a party 100 of H. M.'s 53rd, 200 1st Regiment of Sikhs and the Cavalry present in Camp were at once got ready, and we went in pursuit. We came upon them on the edge of the Nanpara jungle, when in the course of a pursuit of some 5 miles, fourteen of the Rebels were overtaken and shot.

My party entered the jungle in skirmishing order, but from its denseness and the difficulty of passing through it, owing to the great quantity of thorny underwood, the Skirmishers soon got into detached and independent parties.

I am informed by Mr. R. M. King, of the Civil Service, that these Rebels who are straggling parties of Gujadur Sing's Force have made Westward. Another party of some 250 went last night from near Khulkalon Ghat to the Churda jungles.

I am much indebted to Mr. King for the information he has given with regard to the movements of the Rebels, and his personal assistance in accompanying me during my recent tours.

My best thanks are due to all who accompanied me, (the fatigues of the day being great and the distance marched not less than seventeen or eighteen miles,) but more especially to Captain Cox, Lieutenant Eyre, my Detachment Staff, and Ensign Hibbert, of H. M 's 53rd Regiment, and also to Subadar Mirza Hydur Ally, of the 1st Regiment Sikh Infantry, on whom the brunt of the pursuit fell.

My best thanks are also due to Captain Grant, who before he joined me, had patrolled some twenty-five miles.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) G. GORDON, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Commanding Detachment Field Force.

(Signed) A. HORSFORD, *Major-General,*
Commanding Trans Gogra.

(Signed) J. HOPE GRANT, *Major-General,*
Commanding Oude Force.

No. 450.

Forwarded by order of the Commander-in-Chief, to the Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, for the information of His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

H. W. NORMAN, *Major,*
Offg. Adjt.-General of the Army.

HEAD QUARTERS, SIMLA,
The 27th May 1859.

No. 834 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to publish the following Report from Lieutenant-Colonel Gordon, Commanding Detachment Field Force, attached to Brigadier Horsford's Column, of the proceedings of the Force from the 3rd to the 5th May 1859, in pursuit of the Rebels near the village of Balapoor:—

FROM LIEUT.-COLONEL G. GORDON,
Commanding Detachment Field Force,

TO MAJOR DILLON,
Major of Brigade.
Brigadier Horsford's Column, Trans Gogra.
Camp Balapoor Tal, May 5th, 1859.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to report for the information of Brigadier A. Horsford, C. B., that, having heard on the 2nd instant, from Mr. Assistant Commissioner King, that a body of Rebels were in the jungle East of Bhinga, I crossed the Raptee at Kukra Ghat on the following morning, and proceeded through the jungle, in the direction of Musha, encamping about 4 miles South-West of that place at 11 A. M.

Here, while pitching my Camp, I was informed that some of the enemy's videttes had been seen on the edge of the jungle. I immediately sent off spies to bring correct information of their position; but the men did not return till between 4 and 5 o'Clock P. M. and their only imformation then was, that they had all gone Westward through the jungle. On learning this, I directed Captain Grant, Commandant 1st Regiment Hodson's Horse, to send out a small patrol; and to follow himself with the rest of the Cavalry, and watch the movement of the enemy during the night.

Lieutenant Anderson, (Brigade Major to Hodson's Horse), the Officer in Command of the patrol, came upon the Rebels, 300 in number, about 5 miles of Camp, and was received by a volley of musketry. As the patrol had no fire-arms and were a small party, they returned to Camp. On the morning of the 4th I started in pursuit, and followed them with the Column as far as Balapoor Tal, where I was informed that they had taken to the jungle with the view of making the Corunnea Sota *en route* for Sonar.

I encamped at Balapore about 10 A. M. and marched again between 12 and 10 o'Clock P. M with the force as per margin, towards the Corunnea Sota, where, from information obtained from Captain Grant, I had every reason to suppose that I should overtake the enemy.

Detachment 50 men.
53rd Regiment on Elephants
216 men 1st Sikh Infantry.

After a very hot and fatiguing march of 14 miles, six of which lay through a dense jungle, the rest over hills and through deep and narrow ravines, we came upon their outlying picket and attacked it, killing three of them.

As the signal had been now given to the rest, I knew not a moment was to be lost. I therefore pushed on with all possible speed, and after following the path for about 4 miles over hillocks, through ravines and thick jungle and meeting detached parties numbering in all some 700 or 800 men, I came on debouching into the valley, upon the main body then in full flight over the plain and through the jungle on our right, but now out of musket range.

As the evening was fast closing in, and their numbers were greater than I had anticipated, I thought it prudent to halt and bivouac here for the night; placing the men under a fair shelter of some cow-sheds, and taking all necessary precautions to guard the camp against surprise.

In the course of pursuit we killed from 25 to 30 men, besides capturing a quantity of camp baggage, fire-arms, and tattoos.

The only Casualty on our side was that one man 1st Sikh Infantry received a slight bayonet wound.

I regret to say that during a false alarm in the night occasioned by a herd of buffaloes rushing towards our Camp, one man 1st Sikh Infantry and two Kahars were severely wounded by the discharge of fire-arms by some men of my party who suddenly awaked, fired in the direction of the rush.

I have to thank Captain Walter, Commanding Left Wing, Her Majesty's 53rd Regiment, who accompanied me on this occasion, leading the column in the latter part of the evening, also Lieutenant Bell and Dr. Ashton, of the same Corps, and Lieutenant Unwin, 1st Sikh Infantry.

I beg especially to bring to the notice of the Brigadier Commanding the services of Captain Grant.

This Officer though already having been 18 hours in the saddle volunteered to serve in this expedition and point out the position of the Rebels whom he had traced on the previous night to the foot of the Pass.

Also Lieutenant Eyre, Her Majesty's 53rd Regiment, my Detachment Staff, whose exertions on this occasion were most praiseworthy.

I have again to thank Mr. M. R. King, Assistant Commissioner, who was forward in the whole business, and acted as my extra Orderly Officer. Amongst the Native force, I beg particularly to mention Lall Singh, 1st Sepoy, Grenadier Company, and Mohomed Ally Havildar and Peer Buksh Sepoy, both of Light Company. These three men, all of 1st Seikh Infantry were first up and attacked the picket.

Having sent directions for provisions to be forwarded to the foot of the range of Hills for Camp, I marched on the following morning by the same route which I had traversed the previous day to my Camp at Balapoor, which I reached at 10 A. M.

A prisoner taken on my return informed me that the force I had pursued was the Nusserabad Brigade, under Debi Singh, and numbered not less than 1500 men. Our previous information had led me to estimate their force at 700 men.

I consider that the effect on the Rebels will be most beneficial as showing them that crossing the hills and getting into the ravines and jungle on the other side will not afford them that security which they have hitherto relied on.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) G. GORDON, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Comdg. Detachment Field Force.

P. S.—I enclose Captain Grant's Report of Patrol.

(Signed) A. HORSFORD, *Brigadier,*
Comdg. Trans Gogra.

(Signed) J. HOPE GRANT, *Major-General,*
Comdg. Oude Force.

FROM CAPTAIN W. C. GRANT,
Comdg. 1st Hodson's Horse,

TO THE OFFICER COMMANDING
Detachment Field Force.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to report to you the proceedings of the reconnaissance which you ordered me to make on the evening of the 3rd instant.

Leaving your Camp at 7½ P. M., I proceeded in a North-East direction, skirting the jungle to the villages of Hanipore 8 miles. Leaving the villages of Hanipore on our right, we proceeded 6 miles further, taking a line nearly in the centre of the two belts of jungle. Arrived at the village of Neortivea, we heard news of

a body of Rebels said to be 2000 strong who were at a povel (Tal) near the village of Balapore about 4 miles in our front. I at first thought of attacking them at once, but having with me only 125 Sowars of whom not more than 18 were armed with fire-arms of any description, and these so inadquately supplied with ammunition as not to have more than one or at most two rounds in possession for each weapon. It being moreover pitch dark, and none of us being in the least acquainted with the country, I decided on bivouacking where I was until daylight, and sent an express off to you at once, acquainting you with the intelligence I had received concerning the position of the enemy. During the night my picquets captured all who approached. Most of them were villagers running away themselves from the enemy, and these I discharged in the morning, one man however confessed himself to belong to the Rebel ranks, and as he had a British Officer's Regulation Sword in his possession, I directed him to be disposed of at once.

At the dawn of day, we started at once and found traces of the enemy at Balapoor Khal advancing rapidly at a trot, we must have entered the jungle in our front shortly after they had done so. Here however as we afterwards ascertained, they had turned off to the N. E. towards Kalapoorwah, whilst we crossed their rear and proceeded straight on Bhojpoor. My object being to get to the end of the jungles before they did, and either to prevent them advancing into the Plain or to cut them up as they did so. At Bhojpoor where both belts of jungle meet and end, we could hear no accounts of the enemy, but seeing a very suspicious looking body of men of about 30 Sowars and 140 Foot on the Plain who retreated precipitately at our approach, we gave chase and pursued them to Muttea before we discovered that they were a body of Jezailchees and Police Sowars who had been invited to co-operate with us from Kulkulla.

Taking our new friends with us and having evidently over-run the scent of our proper enemies, we returned through the North-East belt of jungle, keeping as close as we could to the foot of the Mountains, we passed two tracks leading towards the Koronia Sota at both of which I left a picquet of Sowars, and at length on arriving near Gigelee, heard that the Rebels whose numbers were variously stated at from 1000 to 2000 had undoubtedly taken the road to the Sonar Valley, crossing the Dundua Mountain by the Pass of Koronia Sota, the main path towards which enters the jungle nearly at the back (or North-East) of the village of Gigelee. With this information I returned to Camp then moved to Chickenee, leaving the picquets I had placed still standing, one at Bhojpoor, and one at each of two pathways leading to the Pass of Koronia Sota before mentioned

I have, &c.,

(Signed) W. C. Grant, *Captain*,

Comdg. 1st Hodson's Horse.

No. 458.

Forwarded to the Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, for the information of the Right Honorable the Governor General.

By Order of the Commander-in-Chief,

H. W. Norman, *Major*,

Offg. Adjt.-General of the Army.

Adjutant General's Office;
Head Quarters, Simla,
The 27th May 1859.

No. 835 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council has much satisfaction in publishing the following letter from the Officiating Adjutant General of the Army, No. 466, of the 28th May 1859, with enclosures, giving cover to a duplicate copy of the latter portion of the Report from Brigadier Smith, late Commanding a Brigade of the Malwa Division, of operations before Gwalior on the 17th June 1858.

His Excellency in Council notifies his entire concurrence in the opinion expressed by the Right Honorable the Commander-in-Chief, as regards the gallant charge of a Squadron Her Majesty's 8th Hussars, under the Command of Captain Heneage, His Excellency in Council offers his cordial thanks to Brigadier Smith and all the Officers and Men employed on the occasion, and regrets that the mis-carriage of the original Report of these operations should have delayed the public notice of them.

No. 466.

From the Offg. Adjt. General of the Army,

To the Secy. to the Government of India,

Military Department.

Sir,

I have the honor, by desire of the Commander-in-Chief, to forward for submission to the Right Honorable the Governor General of India in Council, a letter No. 160, dated 23rd ultimo, from Major-General H. G. Roberts, Commanding Northern Division Bombay Army, transmitting a communication No. 27, dated 15th January last, from Brigadier M. W. Smith, late Commanding a Brigade Malwa Division, giving cover to a copy of the latter portion of his Report (with enclosures) of operations before Gwalior on 17th June 1858, the original of which appears to have mis-carried.

2. I am at the same time directed to observe, that the charge of the Squadron of Her Majesty's 8th Hussars, therein described and in which the Ranee of Jhansie was killed, is considered by Lord Clyde to be one of the finest exploits of the war.

I have, &c.,

H. W. Norman, *Major*,

Offg. Adjt. Genl. of the Army.

Head Quarters, Simla,
The 28th May 1859.

No. 160 of 1859.

From the Major-General,

Comdg. Northern Division of the Army,

To the Chief of the Staff.

Army Head-Quarters, Allahabad.

Head-Quarters, Northern Division of the Army,

Dated Camp Ahmedabad, 23rd April 1859.

Sir,

In obedience to the orders of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief conveyed to me in a letter from the Adjutant General of this Army, No. 2344, of the 18th ultimo, copy of which is hereto attached, I have the honor to forward the accompanying letter No. 27, of the 15th January last, and its accompaniments, for the favorable notice of the Right Honorable the Commander-in-Chief in India.

2. « The delay in forwarding Brigadier Smith's Report, which I much regret, has been caused by its having only now been received back from Army Head-Quarters, where in the first instance it was forwarded.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) H. S. ROBERTS, *Major-General,*

Commanding Northern Division of the Army.

No. 27 of 1859.

FROM BRIGADIER M. W. SMITH,

Commanding Brigade P. F. F.,

TO THE ASSISTANT ADJUTANT-GENERAL,

Rajpootana Field Force.

Camp Omra, 15th January 1859,

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to forward duplicate of latter portion of copy of my Report of operations before Gwalior on 17th of June 1858, the original of which appears to have mis-carried and only a copy of the first part of my Report seems to have reached the Major-General, then in Command of the Rajpootana Field Force, of which this Brigade formed a detached portion.

I was not aware of the mis-carriage of this latter portion of my Report, until I saw the publication of the first portion, or, should have earlier forwarded a duplicate, as the services of a portion of this Brigade are mentioned in this latter portion of my Report, which I am most anxious to bring to the notice of the Major-General.

I also take this opportunity of supplying a few omissions, which I regret to say occurred in my first Report.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) M. W. SMITH, *Brigadier,*

Commanding Brigade P. F. F.

No. 44 of 1858.

FROM BRIGADIER M. W. SMITH,

Comdg. Brigade Malwa Division,

TO THE ADJUTANT GENERAL,

Poona Division, Poona.

Camp Sepree, 25th July 1858.

SIR,

IN accordance with the wishes of Major-General Sir Hugh Rose, K. C. B., conveyed to me in your note dated Pachesi, 11th July, that I should furnish an official Statement of all the circumstances of the charge made by a Squadron of the 8th Hussars on the 17th of June, and evidence should be officially recorded.

I have the honor to state that on the afternoon of the 17th June, the enemy having been driven from the heights we advanced through the Pass which runs by the large canal or nullah in the direction of Gwalior some two or three hundred of the enemy's Cavalry being formed in front of Gwalior, I advanced with a Squadron of the 8th Hussars under Captain Heneage, and a Division of Guns under Lieutenant LeCocq, Bombay Artillery, into the open ground beyond the Pass, leaving orders that a Company of the 10th Regiment Native Infantry, and a Division of Guns under an escort of Gunners, should secure the mouth of the Pass, and a Squadron of the 1st Bombay Lancers, should move up in the open ground in support.

The Squadron of the 8th Hussars advanced out of the Pass in file, and formed line at a gallop after advancing about three hundred yards, I ordered the Squadron to charge. The Squadron then charged, broke the enemy and pursuing them closely entered their own Camp along with them. The Camp was soon cleared and the 8th followed the fugitives, now increased by large numbers of panic-stricken Infantry, from the Camp into the ground beyond and never stopped until all who remained had taken shelter in the outskirts of the town itself.

In so doing the 8th took five Guns, cutting down the Gunners. The Ranee of Jhansi also lost her life in the *Melee*, all this took place under a heavy fire from the Guns of the Fort, and from several Field Guns in position round the town, and from which was opened a converging fire upon the Squadron.

During the charge, Colonel Raines, of Her Majesty's 95th Regiment, brought up a portion of his Regiment and took up a position on the left flank of Lieutenant LeCocq's Division of Guns, I having sent him an order to that effect by Cornet Goldsworthy, 8th Hussars.

I shall next record the statement of Captain Heneage who Commanded the Squadron, and also some evidences collected by him as to further particular and details."

Statement and evidences collected by Captain Heneage.

" Captain Heneage's Squadron of 8th Hussars was ordered by Brigadier Smith to attack some 2 or 300 of the enemy's Cavalry who were threatening our Guns. They advanced out of the Pass in file and formed line as a gallop. After advancing some 300 yards they were ordered to charge, which they did and were upon the enemy in a moment, many of whom were cut down and the rest fled towards the town, the ground here being very rough and intersected with small nullahs, about one-third of the Squadron was obliged to deverge to the right under Lieutenant Harding, the remainder under Captain Heneage, with Captain Poore and Lieutenant Reiley, going a little to the left and continuing the attack came shortly into the midst of the enemy's camp. Where they took 3 Guns, cutting down the Gunners and completely clearing the Camp of the enemy's Troops under a continuous fire from the Guns in the Fort, and small Field Guns on the right and left. After passing through the Camp and crossing the road from Gwalior to Moorar, the Squadron came upon a large force of the enemy's Cavalry and Infantry in a disorganized mass who were trying to escape from the Camp into the Fort. Many of them made a stand, but the 8th were slackened their pace and dashing into the midst of them cut them down by scores, the Ranee of Jhansi being amongst the slain, two Guns were taken here.

The whole of the ground over which the charge had been made being now completely cleared of the enemy, Captain Heneage withdrew his Squadron at an easy pace, and was shortly joined by the Detachment under Lieutenant Harding, which had charged through the right of the Camp, cutting down many of the enemy's Gunners and Infantry and had taken four Guns. Lieutenant Harding was shot at by a dismounted Sowar, who missed him, but the shot struck his Charger in the eye and completely destroyed it. He was attacked at the same time by two of the enemy's Infantry, whom he cut down and killed.

Captain Heneage, then halted and reformed his Squadron in front of the supports of Artillery, Cavalry and Infantry, which had meanwhile come up and was then ordered by Brigadier Smith, to form his men in single rank in order to show a larger front.

The Squadron of the 8th being then formed in single rank on the right flank of Artillery and Infantry, the Squadron of Lancers in second line he again advanced in order to secure the enemy's guns, after that Captain Heneage was obliged to relinquish the Command of the Squadron, in consequence of the heat of the sun and great exhaustion. Captain Poore assumed the Command and remained with the Squadron until the Guns were brought way.

Colonel Hicks, of the Bombay Artillery, charged with the Squadron through the Camp, Lieutenant Reily upon the return of the Squadron from the charge, was obliged to dismount from his Horse and died almost immediately from the effects of the sun and exhaustion. Assistant Surgeon Sheilock charged with the Squadron and was wounded by a musket ball in the shoulder, he was ready and active in affording his assistance when required.

Cornet Goldsworthy was on my left and in front of the Squadron when preparing to charge, and was about to charge with them when I in consequence of the very great necessity of having support up quick, ordered him to go back and bring up the Horse Artillery and Infantry to a spot which I had pointed out to him, which he did, this Officer gave me much assistance both on the 17th and 19th in carrying my orders and other matters.

Several of the enemy's Guns remained in our possession after the charge, but from the want of Horses and the exhaustion of men only, we could be got away and it was only through the exertion and skill of Lieutenant LeCocq and the men of his Division (the right Division of the 3rd Troop under the personal superintendence of Lieutenant-Colonel Blake that this could be effected.)

One of the enemy's Guns had a limber and a pair of wheel horses, the broken harness was lashed up in the best way. Circumstances would admit of and a leading pair of our own Horses hooked in the Gun was sent to the rear, the wheel horses were got to move with great difficulty being completely done up and one severely wounded.

The other Gun had no limber, but Colonel Blake having taken back one of his own Guns to the entrance of the Pass, left the Gun within it, and sending back the limber the enemys was hooked on it and brought to the entrance of the Pass, when our Gun was lashed to the muzzle and thus drawn off.

These operations were conducted with great coolness and steadiness under four cross fires from the Fort and Guns in different directions on the place.

This being effected and seeing the enemy collecting upon our flanks and having too small a force at my disposal to warrant my advancing further or to enable me to hold my position, if I had done so, we retired across the Plain by alternate Squadrons and re-entering the Pass took up a position for the night, as stated in my former Report of the operations during the seventeenth.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) M. W. Smith, *Brigadier.*

Commanding Brigade, M. D.

(True Copy)

(Signed) W. L. Goldsworthy, *Cornet,*

Acting Brigade Major, R. F. B.,

From Lieut.-Colonel T. R. Raines,

Her Majesty's 95th Regiment,

To Brigadier Smith,

&c., &c.

Dated Camp Godowlie, 12th November 1858.

Sir,

With reference to my Report to you on the taking of Gwalior on the 19th June last, I beg to correct an impression I was then under that the Guns alluded to in the 5th paragraph were found by the 10th Native Infantry *abandoned*, the words should have been "captured from the enemy by the 10th Native Infantry," which I was not cognizant of when I addressed you on the proceedings of that day.

I am informed by Lieutenant Sexton, to whose charge I gave one of the captured Guns, which was afterwards turned on the Rebels and alluded to in the 3rd paragraph of the same Report, that he received great assistance from Lieutenant Read, 10th Native Infantry, who made some good practice in pointing and firing the said Gun. I therefore beg to bring Lieutenant Read's name to your favourable notice.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) T. R. Raines, *Lieut.-Col.,*

Her Majesty's 95th Regiment,

While the Infantry skirmishers were feeling their way through the Pass leading to Gwalior, their progress was checked for a time by the fire of two or three Guns, which the enemy had brought into the Pass. Lieutenant-Colonel Blake therefore proposed taking a Division of his Guns on to the heights on our right, which was accordingly done and the result was most successful, by firing at low elevation round shot and shrapnell were dropped on the enemy's Guns near, obliging them to retire precipitately to another position, and by thus advancing and coming into action on every occasion of their making a stand they were at length fairly driven out of the Pass, which was thus made clear for the advance of our force.

Extract from letter from Colonel Blake, Commanding 3rd Troop Horse Artillery, dated 12th November 1858.

"In that part of your Report of bringing away the two captured Guns, you mention that it was done "under four cross-fires." I think it would be well to mention the number of from 16 to 18 Guns."

Colonel DeSalis wishes to mention the zeal and intelligence evinced by Major Chetwode, when in Command of a detached portion of the 8th Hussars, on the 17th June.

Lieutenant Jenkins, 8th Hussars, was on one occasion employed by me in carrying orders to bring up supports which he executed to my satisfaction.

(Signed) M. W. Smith, *Brigadier,*

Commanding Brigade, M. D.

No. 836 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers of the Infantry are promoted to the rank of Captain by Brevet, from the dates specified opposite to their names:—

Lieutenant Charles Cooper Johnson, 33rd Native Infantry ...	7th June 1859.
Lieutenant Edward Leeds, 47th Native Infantry ...	
Lieutenant John Hanning Speke, 46th Native Infantry ...	8th June 1859.
Lieutenant Robert Cony Whiting, 70th Native Infantry ...	

No. 837 *of* 1859.—The following Extract from the *London Gazette* of the 26th April 1859, is published for general information :—

War Office, 26th April 1859.

BREVET.

To be Major in the Army.

Captain W. D. Harris, 2nd Bengal Fusiliers, dated 19th January 1858.

Captain John C. Hay, 60th Bengal Native Infantry, 19th January 1858.

Captain Edward Brown, 1st Bengal Fusiliers, dated 19th January 1858.

Captain G. W. M. Hall, 26th Bengal Native Infantry, dated 19th January 1858.

Captain H. F. M. Boisragon, 1st Bengal Fusiliers, dated 19th January 1858.

Captain David Kemp, 5th Bengal European Infantry, dated 19th January 1858.

Captain Henry Lane, 5th Bengal Light Cavalry, dated 24th March 1858.

Second Captain J. St. John Hovenden, Bengal Engineers, dated 28th August 1858.

No. 838 *of* 1859.—The services of Captain B. Hawes, of the 2nd European Bengal Fusiliers, are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

No. 839 *of* 1859.—The following Orders, issued by the Resident at Hyderabad, are confirmed :—

No. 80, *dated the 23rd April* 1859.—Confirming the following Order by Brigadier Hill, Commanding Hyderabad Contingent :

Dated 2nd April 1859.

Directing Assistant Surgeon Bidie, 1st Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, to afford Medical aid to the 6th Infantry Hyderabad Contingent, from that date, until further orders.

Dated 19th April 1859.

Directing Surgeon Bradley, 2nd Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, to assume Medical charge of the Staff 3rd Company Artillery, 6th Infantry Hyderabad Contingent, and all other Details from that date, until further orders.

No. 83, *dated the 26th April* 1859.—Confirming the Field Force Orders by Captain McKinnon, dated Camp Akote, 18th November 1858 :—

Permitting Captain J. Woodcock, in charge 1st Company Artillery, Hyderabad Contingent, to be absent from the Field Force, and to proceed to Ellichpore, on Medical Certificate, from that date, making over charge of the Battery to Lieutenant Macquoid, Adjutant 5th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent.

No. 86, *dated 29th April* 1859.—Confirming the following Orders issued by Brigadier Hill, Commanding Hyderabad Contingent :—

Dated 27th April 1859.

Directing Surgeon Bradley to assume Medical charge of the 1st Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, from Assistant Surgeon Bidie, M. B., from that date, until further orders.

Dated 28th April 1859.

Directing Captain Clogstoun, 2nd Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, to assume temporary charge of the 3rd Company Artillery, Hyderabad Contingent, from Lieutenant Chamier, until further orders.

No. 91, *dated 7th May* 1859.—Granting Lieutenant Smith, Adjutant 3rd Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, four months' leave of absence to visit Bangalore, on urgent private affairs.

No. 98, *dated 13th May* 1859.—Confirming the order by Lieutenant-Colonel Orr, C. B., Commanding at Hingoolie, dated 7th May 1859, directing Lieutenant Teed, Second in Command 3rd Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, to assume charge of the 1st Company Artillery, Hyderabad Contingent, and Store Department from that date without prejudice to his Regimental duties, until the arrival of Lieutenant Chamier, or till further orders.

No. 102, *dated 16th May* 1859.—Confirming, as a temporary arrangement, until further orders, the following Order by Brigadier Hill, Commanding Hyderabad Contingent, dated 11th May 1859 :

Captain S. P. Scott, Commanding 6th Regiment Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, having been granted two years' sick leave to the Neilgherry Hills. Lieutenant J. W. Sinclair, Second in Command will act as Commandant during Captain Scott's absence, or until further orders.

Lieutenant C. Jameson, will act as Second in Command, in addition to his duties as Adjutant, until further orders.

No. 840 *of* 1859.—Baboo Calla Chand Dey, late Sub-Assistant Surgeon in Medical charge of Furreedpore, and who in 1856 was permitted to resign, is re-admitted into the Service as a Sub-Assistant Surgeon of the 1st Grade.

No. 841 *of* 1859.—The promotion of Havildar Dwarka Doobay, of the Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment, to the rank of Jemadar, announced in Government General Order No. 729, of the 11th May 1858, is to be held to have effect from the 30th May 1857, instead of from the 17th December 1857, as formerly announced.

No. 842 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate :—

Lieutenant Henry Montford Bromley, of the 52nd Regiment Native Infantry, Adjutant Divisional Police Battalion, Jubbulpore ...	For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.
Lieutenant Osborne Nathaniel Henry Barwell, of the 19th Madras Native Infantry	For two years, under the old Regulations.

R. J. H. BIRCH, *Major-Genl.,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 3661.

APPOINTMENTS.—*The 4th June* 1859.—Lieutenant E. H. D. Macpherson, 93rd Highlanders, to be Aide-de-Camp on the Personal Staff of the Lieutenant-Governor.

The 6th June 1859.—Mr. J. H. Young to be Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit of the Burdwan Division.

Mr. H. M. Reid to be Civil and Sessions Judge of Burdwan.

Mr. H. V. Bayley to be Civil and Sessions Judge of Rungpore, but to continue to officiate until further orders as a Judge of the Sudder Court.

Mr. J. W. Dalrymple to be Civil and Sessions Judge of Mymensing.

Mr. W. T. Tucker to be Collector of Backergunge.

The 7th June 1859.—Mr. A. C. Mangles to be Assistant to the Magistrate and Collector of Bhaugulpore.

Mr. H. L. Oliphant to be Assistant to the Magistrate and the Collector of Nuddea.

Mr. T. A. Donough, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Titalya, is vested with the special powers of an Assistant to a Magistrate described in Clause 3, Section II., Regulation III. of 1821 in Rungpore.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.—*The 1st June* 1859.—Mr. F. J. Cooper, Assistant Overseer, attached to the Midnapore Division, for three months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Assistant Overseer Serjeant H. McManus, attached to the Sonthal Pergunnahs, for six months, under Section XLV., Part II. of the Military Regulations of 1855.

NOTIFICATION.—*The 3rd June* 1859.—Mr. A. A. Swinton, of the Civil Service, reported his return to the Presidency on the 27th ultimo, on the Steam-ship *Nemesis*.

A. R. YOUNG,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

NOTIFICATIONS.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1962.

Allahabad, the 30th May 1859.

Sheikh Wajuh-ool-lah to be Mahomedan Law Officer to the Sudder Dewanny and Nizamut Adawlut, North-Western Provinces, from the 7th February last.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

No. 902.

The 3rd June 1859.

Mr. J. Beddy to be Deputy Collector of the Second Grade in the District of Hoshungabad, and to have charge of Hurda Hindia.

Mr. D. A. Cameron, Extra Deputy Collector, to be a Deputy Collector in the Jubbulpore Division, and to be posted to the District of Seonee.

The above appointment to have effect from the decease of Deputy Collector Muzhur Jumal.

Rai Kishen Narain, Deputy Collector of Jubbulpore, is posted to Saugor.

Jankee Pershaud, Deputy Collector, is posted to the District of Hoshungabad, for Settlement Duty.

Syud Oulad Hossein, Extra Deputy Collector, is posted to the District of Seonee.

Gopaul Rao, Extra Deputy Collector, is posted to the District of Jubbulpore.

Sree Nauth Bose is appointed to be an Extra Deputy Collector in the District of Mundlah, on probation.

Mr. G. Cline is appointed to be an Extra Deputy Collector on probation, and is posted, as a temporary arrangement, to the District of Baitool, during the absence of Mr. Sinclair, or until further orders.

Mr. Sterndale is appointed to be an Extra Deputy Collector in the District of Seonee, on probation.

Mr. Munton is appointed to be an Extra Deputy Collector in the District of Nursingpore, on probation.

Mr. S. Thornton, Deputy Collector of Cawnpore, is transferred to the District of Humeerpore.

Mr. C. W. Kinloch, Deputy Collector of Allahabad, is appointed to officiate in the same capacity at Jhansie, during the absence of Mr. James, or until further orders.

JUDICIAL (CRIMINAL) DEPARTMENT.

No. 2006.

The 2nd June 1859.

Mahomed Abbas Peerzadah, a resident of Allahabad, and late Tehseeldar of Mowdha, in the District of Hameerpoor, having been convicted of rebellion, is hereby declared to be incapable of serving the Government in future in any capacity whatever.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

G. E. W. COUPER,
Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces.

General Department,
No. 1267, *dated 28th May* 1859.

Leave.—Extra Assistant Mahomed Sooltan, Lahore Division, has obtained three months' indulgence leave, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Service Rules, from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

Judicial Department.
No. 429.

Powers.—Mr. T. C. Vaughan, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Kussoor, has been vested with full powers.

General Department.
No. 1248, *dated 27th May* 1859.

Appointment.—Lieutenant C. H. Hall, Assistant Commissioner, Ferozepore, will officiate as Deputy Commissioner during the absence of Captain C. M. Cripps, whose leave was notified in the *Punjab Gazette* of 21st instant.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces,

R. H. DAVIES,
Secy. to Govt., Punjab and its Dependencies.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the sixth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1857-58, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Monday, the 13th of June 1859, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 2,260 chests, *viz* :—

Behar Opium	1,915
Benares Ditto	345
Total Chests...	2,260

2. The general conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 1st December 1858, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 18th and 28th June 1859, respectively, that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, Company's Paper or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the sale, will be received after 4 P. M. of Saturday, the 18th June 1859, and no Treasury Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M., of Tuesday, the 28th June 1859.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium of 1857-58, will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board however reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Thursday, 14th July 1859 -	1915	345	2260
Do. Wednesday, 10th August „ -	1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 9th September „ -	1915	345	2260
Do. Friday, 14th October „ -	1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 7th November „ -	1915	345	2260
Do. Monday, 5th December „ -	1954	379	2313
	11509	2104	13613

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 4th May 1859.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Seventh Sale of Opium, the provision of 1857-58, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Thursday, the 14th of July 1859, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 2,260 Chests, *viz.*:—

Behar Opium	1,915
Benares Ditto	345
Total Chests ...	2,260

2. The general conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 1st December 1858, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 19th and 29th July 1859, respectively, that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, Company's Paper or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the Sale, will be received after 4 P. M., of Tuesday, the 19th July 1859, and no Treasury Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M., of Friday, the 29th July 1859.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium of 1857-58 will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board however reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Wednesday, 10th August 1859 -	1915	345	2,260
Do. Friday, 9th September „ -	1915	345	2,260
Do. Friday, 14th October „ -	1915	345	2,260
Do. Monday, 7th November „ -	1915	345	2,260
Do. Monday, 5th December „ -	1934	379	2,313
	9,594	1,759	11,353

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 1st June 1859.

Opium Notification.

WITH reference to the Advertisement issued from this Office, under date 1st December 1858, it is hereby notified that 300 Chests of Behar Opium of the Sale held on the 9th instant, which were reserved for the French Government, and have not been cleared, will be re-sold on account of Government at the Exchange Hall, on Monday, the 13th June next, immediately after the conclusion of the Sale of the 2,260 Chests advertized for that day.

2. The Conditions of Re-sale will be the same as those of the Sale of the 2,260 Chests above referred to.

By order of the Board of Revenue,

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 26th May 1859.

Notice.

THE General Treasury will be closed on Wednesday, the 15th June 1859, on account of the Hindoo Holiday Chaun Jattra.

J. I. HARVEY,
Sub-Treasurer.

GENERAL TREASURY,
The 20th May 1859.

No. 32.

Notification.

THE undersigned has the honor to notify to Civil and Military Officers in charge of Treasuries, that as he is in no way concerned in recovering Advances which may be at the personal debit of Officers, applications for the adjustment of such Advances should be made to the Accountant-General to the Government of India, Military Department, or to the proper Pay-master.

E. G. J. CHAMPNEYS, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Military Auditor General.

FORT WILLIAM;
Mily. Audr. Genl.'s Office,
The 13th May 1859.

Notification.

Fort William, Civil Auditor's Office, the 20th April 1859.

To the Officers of the Political, Judicial, Revenue, Customs, Salt, Opium, and other branches of Service.

The Civil Auditor has the honor to request that Disbursing Officers, in charge of Civil Establishments, will be good enough to submit, as soon after 1st of May next as may be practicable, separate from their April Pay Abstracts, the Annual Detailed Statements of the respective Establishments as per Forms Nos. 1, 2, and 3, furnished for their guidance in 1848, annexing a note to each of the above Statements showing the items of expenditure which, though sanctioned, have not been actually incurred with reference to Financial Resolution of 29th October 1857, No. 4751. Pending the receipt of these documents, the audit of their April Abstracts will, under Financial Resolution of 7th September 1842, be withheld.

The usual Annual Returns of Uncovenanted Servants up to May 1859, as well as separate Statements showing the periods of leave granted to Uncovenanted Assistants, are also requested to be furnished in Forms Nos. 4 and 5, with the above Annual Detailed Statements.

W. P. PALMER,
Civil Auditor.

Notice.

UNDER Act XX. of 1856, I hereby given notice that the Assessment Registers of Pykeparra, Oltadanga, Bhobanepore, Kidderpore, and Garden Reach, being Grand Divisions I, II, VI and VIII, of the Suburbs of Calcutta, having been duly prepared for the year 1859, the prescribed Notifications under Section XVIII of the Act have on this date been affixed at conspicuous places in the Divisions and also at the Police Thannahs at Chitpore, Intally, Kallighaut, and Kidderpore; all persons dissatisfied with the said Assessment or who may dispute their occupation of property or liability to be assessed are hereby warned that they may appeal to the Magistrate, on unstamped paper, but that under Section XX. of the Act, no such appeal can be received after the expiration of one month from this date.

Appellants should send with their appeal the tax bills for the last quarter paid by them.

The names of the Members of the Punchyets appointed under Section X of the Act were:—

Grand Division I.

Khetter Mohun Banerjee	...	President.
Prossono Bundopadhoya	...	Member.
Chunder Madhub Ghosal	...	Ditto.
Ram Comul Banerjee	...	Ditto.
Joy Chunder Chatterjee (Darogah)	.	Ditto.

Grand Division II.

Govind Chunder Dutt	...	President.
Govind Chunder Sen	...	Member.
Bholanath Mitter	...	Ditto.
Sreenarain Bose	...	Ditto.
Bissonath Ghose (Darogah)	...	Ditto.

Grand Division VI.

Reverend S. J. Hill	...	President.
A. H. Joyce, Esquire	...	Member.
Debnarain Banerjee	...	Ditto.
Mohes Chunder Mookerjee	...	Ditto.
Chunder Madhub Mookerjee (Darogah)	..	Ditto.

Grand Division VIII.

C. B. Stewart, Esquire	...	President.
Dinnonath Banerjee	...	Member.
Gones Chunder Banerjee	...	Ditto.
Modoo Soodun Mokerjee	...	Ditto.
Ramnarain Banerjee (Darogah)	...	Ditto.

N. B.—Parties willing to make half yearly or annual advances will on payment of the amount receive the usual bills from the Darogahs of their Divisions.

W. HEYSHAM,
Deputy Magistrate.

SUBN. TAX OFFICE;
Allipore,
The 11th May 1859.

Visitation.

Notice is hereby given, that the Right Reverend The Lord Bishop of Calcutta, Metropolitan in India and the Island of Ceylon, will, by Divine permission, hold his primary Visitation of his Diocese, on Wednesday and Thursday, the 14th and 15th days of September next, in Saint Paul's Cathedral.

On these days Morning Service will commence at half past ten o'clock A. M. The Sermon will be preached on Wednesday by the Reverend William Kay, D. D., Principal of Bishop's College, by the Bishop's appointment. On this day also, the Holy Communion will be celebrated.

The Bishop, at the conclusion of Morning Service, on the day following, proposes delivering his charge.

Such of the Clergy as reside or happen to be within a day's distance of Calcutta, and who are cited to attend, will be expected to be prepared to exhibit their Letters of Orders, Licences, and other Faculties.

His Lordship purposes in the course of his Circuit to visit the following Stations, namely, Benares, about the 23rd of October; Lucknow, about the 20th of November; Allahabad, about the 4th of December; Agra, the 18th of December; Lahore, the 12th February 1860; Peshawur, about the 18th of March; and Simla, the 29th of April; and other Stations, to be notified hereafter.

Any Churches or Cemeteries ready to be consecrated, the Bishop will be prepared to consecrate, and the Clergy at such Churches and Cemeteries are directed to communicate with the Registrar, as to the necessary Papers.

By desire of the Bishop. Dated at Calcutta, this 1st day of June 1859.

Wm. Hy. Abbott,
Registrar and Secretary.

Confirmation.

The Right Reverend The Lord Bishop purposes in the course of his ensuing Visitation as notified, to hold Confirmations, at the following Stations; namely, Benares, about the 23rd of October; Lucknow, about the 20th of November; Allahabad, about the 4th of December; Agra, the 18th of December; Lahore, the 12th February 1860; Peshawur, about the 18th of March, and Simla, the 29th of April; and other Stations, which will be notified hereafter.

It is therefore requested, that the Ministers and Chaplains throughout the Diocese, do prepare and examine those, who are Candidates for Confirmation at the above Stations (European and Native) at the ensuing Visitation of His Lordship, and also at such other Stations likely to be visited, and to be notified.

By desire of the Bishop. Dated at Calcutta, this 1st day of June 1859.

Wm. Hy. Abbott,
Registrar and Secretary.

Ordination.

The Lord Bishop of Calcutta purposes to hold a general Ordination of Priests and Deacons, in the course of his Visitation at Agra, on or about the 18th December 1859, being the fourth Sunday in Advent.

Candidates for Holy Orders, at such Ordination, are desired to give notice of their intention without delay, to the Reverend Thomas Harris Burn, Domestic Chaplain to the Bishop, Calcutta.

By desire of the Bishop. Dated at Calcutta, this 1st day of June 1859.

Wm. Hy. Abbott,
Registrar and Secretary.

Notification.

The Civil Auditor, North-Western Provinces, has the honor to repeat his annual call to all Disbursing Officers in charge of Civil Establishments in the North-Western Provinces, for the submission (as soon after the 1st May next, as practicable, with the April Abstract) of their regular Annual Detailed Statement, containing the names and full particulars of the whole of the Establishment; and to observe that, with reference to the orders of Government, dated 15th October 1842, published in the *Agra Government Gazette*, of the 15th November 1842, the audit of their Abstracts for April next will be withheld until the receipt of the required Returns.

2. To facilitate check, it is particularly requested that the Abstract for April be sub-divided into distinct headings, so that each description of Office with its total shall correspond with the details given in the Statement of Establishment or the 1st May, agreeably to the Form furnished.

3. It is also requested that the *three separate* Lists prescribed for all Uncovenanted Civil Servants (Europeans and East Indians) and Native, (in the last the names of *only those* holding appointments of *trust* and *responsibility* should be inserted,) employed on their Establishments, be furnished for 1st May 1859, without delay.

H. Loch,
Offg. Civil Auditor.

Civil Auditor's Office;
N. W. P., Allahabad,
The 31st March 1859.

Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

In Equity.

Receiver's Office.

Bindasoondery Dossee,
Versus
A. B. Mackintosh and others.

Notice is hereby given, that on Friday, the 1st day of July next, at the hour of one o'Clock in the afternoon, James Welch, Esquire, Receiver of the Supreme Court, and the Receiver appointed in the above Cause will put up for Lease for one year by public competition at his Office, all those 77¼ Mouzahs or Villages being part of Dhee Daudpore within Pergunnah Satire, in the Zillah of Jessore, forming portion of the Estate of Isser Chunder Paul Chowdhoory, deceased, and commonly known by the name of Dhee Pavile upon such terms and conditions as will be then made known and upon such security as he may think fit.

Further particulars may be obtained on application at the Receiver's Office, Supreme Court.

Receiver's Office;
Supreme Court,
Calcutta, 9th June 1859.

INSOLVENT COURT.

Assignee's Office Notice.

Pursuant to Act No. XXVII. of 1841.

Notice is hereby given, that in the event of no Claim being established to the unclaimed Dividends hereunder-mentioned within twelve months from this date, such Dividends will be distributed among such of the Creditors of the under-mentioned Insolvent Estates as shall have established their Claims against such Estate respectively :—

Estate of Fergusson and Co.

Names of Creditors.	Amount of Claims.			Amount of 8th Dividend at Co.'s annas 2-3 pie per Cent.		
	Co.'s Rs.	As.	P.	Co.'s Rs.	As.	P.
Anundram Phookin	5170	7	7	7	4	3
Alexander, G. H. M. (C. S.)	5456	6	9	7	10	9
Arnot, James	3588	6	0	5	0	9
Albert, B. Mrs., deceased	1319	15	6	1	13	8
Anderson, Robert	4200	1	2	5	14	6
Arrow, John G.	558	4	6	0	12	6
Arding, Cecil, Lieutenant	5682	8	7	7	15	10
Armstrong, William	1293	9	9	1	13	2
Aberdeen, William	2223	15	9	3	2	0
Borradaile, H.	3190	12	0	4	7	10
Bacharam Chatterjee	1087	5	6	1	8	6
Bedford, J., Captain	1655	13	5	2	5	2
Burnside, M., Mrs.	1501	11	11	2	1	9
Bell, G. B., Major	3803	13	8	4	10	3
Bean, William, in Trust of Fatima Khanum ..	3963	8	1	5	9	2
Burgh, Valence, Captain	1396	10	0	1	15	5
Barrett, William	2063	2	3	2	14	5
Brew, Francis, Quarter Master	7913	15	0	11	2	1
Boodie, Pensioner of C. J. Martin, deceased	4150	0	0	5	13	4
Bell, William, Surgeon	3600	4	4	5	1	0
Blundell, E. A., Penang, (C. S.)	1301	0	8	1	13	3
Butler, P., Trustee for W. and E. Butler, M. St. ...	7819	3	4	10	15	11
Blake, George, Captain	40387	6	0	56	12	9
Brien, J. R., Surgeon	527	4	8	0	11	10
Bastard, William, account of Estate of Mr. Curran ..	3419	3	11	4	12	11
Brown, G. F. (C. S.)	582	5	4	0	13	2
Boyd, F. F., Captain	1333	9	4	1	14	0
Baldwin, W., Serjeant Major 11th Dragoon	1337	6	9	1	14	1
Boyd, G., in trust for heirs of H. DeCruz	2873	3	5	4	0	7
Bambrick, J., Troop Serjeant Major 11th Dragoon ..	1772	15	0	2	7	10
Buchan, Mary	800	2	0	1	2	0
Borthwick, W., Captain	4238	11	8	5	15	4
Breen, W. C.	748	11	8	1	0	9
Brown, R., Surgeon	5365	11	7	7	8	9
Beebee Bettys	3891	6	6	5	7	7
Burlton, William, Captain	2451	1	9	3	7	1
Book Club, 40th Regiment N. I.	311	11	0	0	7	0
Bajee Rao	27257	15	0	38	5	3
Bowman, C	13478	0	5	18	15	3
Burn, James, Captain	4025	6	5	5	10	7
Burt, T. S. Captain	2238	13	9	3	2	4
Baldwin, Matilda H.	2934	6	5	4	2	1
Burroughs, L. Lieutenant	854	0	0	1	3	2
Bacon, G. W.	1015	12	0	1	6	9
Barwell, H. M. Ensign	799	6	2	1	2	0
Bushby, G. A.	5418	2	0	7	9	9
Bastard, W.	3851	8	10	5	6	7
Bowmain, E. Mrs. and Children	1484	3	6	2	1	5
Brown, Anna Mrs.	319	10	0	0	7	2
Boilard, J.	3339	8	8	4	11	2
Bennett, J. W. Ensign	5003	0	6	7	0	7
Beebee Clarinda	4523	6	0	6	5	8

Names of Creditors.	Amount of Claims.			Amount of 8th Dividend at Co.'s annas 2-3 pie per Cent.		
	Co.'s Rs.	As.	P.	Co.'s Rs.	As.	P.
Coelho, Mr. and Mrs.	3302	2	6	4	10	8
Campbell, A. (C. S.)	2116	6	3	2	15	6
Cossinauth Dutt	412	3	8	0	9	3
Cameron, T. McK.	462	14	3	0	10	5
Clark, A. M. Surgeon	2809	8	3	3	15	2
Cathcart, H. J. G. B. Captain	4802	6	6	6	12	0
Colly, W. J.	23173	0	0	32	9	4
Clarke, James, Surgeon	7018	9	3	9	13	11
Cook, Henry, Lieutenant-Colonel	31161	0	10	43	13	0
Chapman, W. N.	4554	8	5	6	6	5
Clark, D., Trustee for Mrs. E. Gordon	3082	9	3	4	5	3
Children of James Fegredo	10133	13	10	14	4	0
Coxe, H. D. Captain	459	15	5	0	10	4
Cameron, A. Lieutenant-Colonel	10441	11	3	14	10	10
Canteen Fund of H. M.'s 13th Regiment	4078	15	7	5	11	9
Comyn, George	2142	4	0	3	0	2
Christie, Alexander, Surgeon	6165	10	2	8	10	9
Children of J. Richmond	9450	12	5	13	4	7
Carleton, H. P. Captain	7323	10	3	10	4	9
Corfield, James, Lieutenant	1111	15	8	1	9	0
Children of D. McDonald	5090	9	0	7	2	6
Cooke, William	4812	13	8	6	12	3
Catania, Thomas	7023	13	11	10	11	5
Cary, Charles, account Creditors	268	3	10	0	6	0
Campbell, J.	5479	5	6	7	11	3
Carpenter, G., Brigadier-General	8190	3	9	11	8	5
Carter, James, Major	1023	13	7	1	7	0
Davies, W. B., Surgeon	499	12	0	0	11	2
Dunlop, A. C.	118803	10	9	160	0	6
Dick, W. F. (C. S.)	9474	7	0	3	5	3
Dick, William, deceased	1194	5	8	1	10	10
Doordanah Begum	2480	6	3	3	6	8
Davidson, John, Assistant Surgeon	819	10	1	0	7	1
Doordanah Begum S. A.	1191	3	0	1	10	9
Dwyer, F. Surgeon, deceased	1141	1	9	1	9	8
Duncan, James, Junior, Surgeon	2516	1	1	3	8	7
Dalzell, Thomas, Lieutenant	3091	1	9	4	5	7
Dubourg, F., Miss	504	13	9	0	11	5
Duplessy, E., Miss	4369	0	4	6	2	3
Dyke, J. D., Captain	16029	6	1	22	8	8
Dubordieux, A.	835	15	8	1	2	9
Duncan, R. B., Surgeon	8114	10	0	11	6	7
Drummond, George	1118	14	1	1	9	2
Drewry, W. F., Captain, Madras Engineer	4584	8	7	6	6	0
Dickson, R. L., Major	641	7	8	0	14	5
Day, W. G.	463	10	7	0	10	4
Davidson, A. Mrs.	1246	7	9	1	12	0
Davidson, C. T. (C. S.)	694	12	10	0	15	7
Dacca Book Club	1414	5	9	1	15	10
Edwards, J. A., Captain	1137	6	5	1	9	7
Erskine, H. C.	719	2	2	1	0	2
Eleonora, Legatee of W. C. Ord	7616	10	9	10	11	5
Elphinstone, M. R.	10187	9	2	14	5	3
Ellias, N. D.	1564	0	2	2	3	2
Estate of R. Fraser, Lieutenant-Colonel	1046	4	1	1	7	6
Estate of C. P. Hay	754	15	4	1	1	0
Estate of A. Burnett	4513	9	11	6	5	6
Estate of H. Taylor	15758	0	4	22	2	6
Estate of Thomas Arbuthnot	4190	0	9	5	14	3
Estate of J. A. Schalch, Major	449	10	6	0	10	1
Estate of R. Stewart	641	0	5	0	14	5
French, John	5318	14	0	7	7	8
Fernie, R. Major	5694	15	7	8	0	1
Fleming, J. Major, deceased	18704	11	3	26	0	2
Fergusson, John, Surgeon	751	3	2	1	0	11
Fergusson, Thomas, Private	1408	7	11	1	15	8
Fraser, Enow, Mrs Smith	357	11	1	0	8	0

Names of Creditors.	Amount of Claims.				Amount of 8th Dividend at Co.'s annas 2-3 pie per Cent.			
	Co.'s	Rs.	As.	P.	Co.'s	Rs.	As.	P.
Fraser, M. Mrs. and Children ...		7859	8	10		11	0	9
Fraser, M. Mrs.		13213	6	0		18	9	3
Falconer, Mary, Miss		600	10	0		0	13	6
Fair, James		331	12	0		0	7	5
Fulton, R. Miss		1154	10	0		1	9	11
Fenwick, N. A.		5745	15	0		8	1	3
Foster, R. Serjeant		320	2	3		0	7	2
Fenwick, C. L. C.		9083	10	3		12	12	5
Fry, Edward, Dr.		1959	11	9		2	12	2
Forbes, E. D.		12851	1	0		18	1	1
Gray, D. M. Queen Serjeant		1017	7	1		1	6	10
Gray, W. Serjeant Major 11th Dragoon		1278	15	2		1	12	10
Gilmore, A. Surgeon		1118	6	9		1	9	0
Gilmore, H. C. Lieutenant		3056	0	5		4	4	8
Griffiths, C. Surgeon		324	2	8		0	7	4
Griffiths, John, Surgeon		2070	3	5		4	2	9
Godby, Christopher, Captain		2197	1	9		3	1	5
Graham, H. C. S. deceased		762	7	9		1	1	2
Grueber, A., Captain		5091	3	9		7	2	6
Gale, John		3721	10	4		5	3	8
Globe Insurance Office		894	6	4		1	4	2
Gonsalves, Flora		3398	13	8		4	12	5
Gordon, J. T. Lieutenant		764	15	0		1	1	2
Gatherer, A. Mrs.		7005	11	9		9	13	7
Grant, James Bencoolen		7283	8	9		10	3	11
Ghee, William		518	4	10		0	11	7
Gordon, R. Major		1662	7	9		2	5	5
Gobind Chund Dhur		10168	14	3		14	4	10
Hopper, E. Captain for Master Thomas Anderson		2299	11	0		3	3	9
Hutchings, E. Mrs. now Carey		18502	5	5		26	0	3
Hopper, Edward, Captain		3924	5	7		5	8	2
Hagar, G. E.		754	13	5		1	0	10
Henderson, F. C., Surgeon		2401	11	7		3	6	0
Howatson, Thomas		5617	15	5		7	14	4
Herber, J. D. Captain		311	14	9		0	7	0
Harcourt, C. T.		448	8	9		0	10	0
Harrison, H. Mrs.		567	10	0		0	12	9
Hart, Timothey, Corporal		342	6	5		0	7	8
Hamilton, L. Mrs.		9618	14	7		13	8	4
Hoare, C. B., Surgeon		7564	0	5		10	10	2
Hamilton, James, Conductor		1015	1	6		1	6	9
Holmes, Griffiths, Captain		8274	12	0		11	10	2
Hall, Thomas, Major		3403	0	6		4	12	6
Harvey, E., Cornet		879	12	0		1	3	9
Hariott, D., Major		304	15	9		0	6	10
Howrah Hospital		9491	15	4		13	5	7
Inchee, Se Nynne		2785	8	0		3	14	8
Inchee, Meda		2572	5	5		3	9	10
Intveld, A. H.		1648	15	7		2	5	0
Intveld, Theounis		3903	7	3		5	7	10
Jewell, A.		3741	9	9		5	4	2
Jackson, Randal, Captain		15365	7	0		21	9	8
Jackson, Isaac, Surgeon		7243	12	3		10	2	11
Jones, E., Mrs.		917	11	0		1	4	6
Jeffries, J.		5125	9	5		7	3	4
Jones, Jane, Miss		727	2	0		1	0	4
Johnson, James, Captain		1565	15	9		2	3	3
Johnson, H., Lieutenant, 26th Regiment		1101	8	8		1	10	10
Jones, J. W., Captain		7263	15	8		10	3	5
Johnson, A.		406	13	1		0	11	2
Jaffray, William		1046	15	0		1	7	6
Johnston, F. J. S., Colonel		2274	6	5		3	3	2
Johnson, C. H.		284	10	4		0	6	4
Johnson, A. Executor of B. Dekayes		297	11	10		0	6	8
Jessop, George		332	12	11		0	7	6
Johnson, A. Mrs.		406	3	8		0	9	1
Keilby, R. E., Captain		7243	10	11		10	2	11

Names of Creditors.	Amount of Claims.				Amount of 8th Dividend at Co.'s annas 2-3 pie per Cent.			
	Co.'s	Rs.	As.	P.	Co.'s	Rs.	As.	P.
Knyvett, F., Lieutenant		499	10	4		0	11	3
Kearnes, D. H.		5258	8	2		7	6	4
Kissen Mohun Mullick and Co.		1417	10	0		1	15	10
Legatees of Mrs. T. Johnson		11641	10	8		16	5	11
Lamb, Maria Jane		882	8	3		1	2	8
Laurie, Allan		24262	8	0		34	1	10
Ludlee Khannum		7186	6	2		10	1	8
Limond, Sarah, Miss, Executrix of M. Limond, deceased ...		16118	7	1		22	10	8
Lyall, J. N.		789	13	1		1	1	9
Law, James		359	15	9		0	8	1
Ley, Charles N.		2375	11	0		3	5	6
Lumsden, Thomas		5018	12	6		7	0	11
Leach, John and Mrs. C.		1782	8	11		2	8	2
Lawder, E. P. Mr.		2845	13	4		4	0	0
Leotard, Julien		2024	14	10		2	13	6
Lumsdaine, W. Major, deceased		3260	9	8		4	9	4
Lowth, C., Lieutenant		404	13	1		0	9	1
Litchfield, C. W. Serjeant Major		666	10	0		0	15	1
La Touche P., Captain		8339	13	11		11	11	7
Logan, W. R.		528	10	3		0	11	11
Lushington, G. F.		967	13	0		1	5	9
Mitchell, T. G.		932	4	7		1	4	11
Morrieson, H. Major		2609	4	10		3	10	8
Morrisson, D. B. (C. S.)		2716	13	1		3	13	1
Morrieson, Naysmith		1918	10	9		2	11	2
Morrieson, R. Ensign		875	1	4		0	8	6
Middleton, C. J. (C. S.)		268	3	1		0	6	0
Macdonald, C. J. Surgeon		2389	13	0		3	5	10
Maclean, H. Surgeon		2397	12	11		3	5	11
Macdonald, Mary Mrs.		8500	4	6		11	15	3
Macdonald, J. A.		392	1	3		0	8	10
Murray, John, Surgeon		8381	10	2		11	12	7
Morton, James, Surgeon		27630	15	3		38	13	8
Morrieson, J. Ensign		1528	10	4		2	2	4
Macsween, C. (C. S.)		19104	11	9		26	13	10
Maingy, A. D.		7921	1	0		11	2	2
Mitchell, William, Lieutenant		12313	14	6		17	5	0
Maidman, Richard		20934	1	0		29	7	0
Mitchell, Thomas, Captain		5075	6	4		7	2	3
Muir, John (C. S.)		1138	5	9		1	9	7
Moser, Margaret Miss		935	9	0		1	5	0
McDonald, D. H Major Squires, Captain J. L., account King's Depôt		364	12	0		0	8	2
Mckean, Archibald, Lieutenant		1644	10	6		2	4	11
Macdonald, James, Surgeon		1264	8	9		1	12	5
Muir, James W		662	2	10		0	14	10
Maddock, Thomas, Major		416	2	7		0	9	4
Minto, A. M M. Surgeon		284	6	3		0	6	5
McLeod, C. M. Surgeon		20919	14	0		29	6	8
Marshman, J. C., Treasurer, Serampore College ...		6162	14	0		8	10	7
Minto, J. C. Surgeon		1643	10	8		2	4	11
McFarlane, D. (C. S.)		12596	15	6		17	11	5
May, J. S.		10148	4	11		14	4	4
Murray, Thomas, Lieutenant-Colonel—Mrs. Colonel Murray ..		782	9	3		1	1	7
Nanah Senang Charee		3463	12	5		4	13	11
Nanny, Legatee of John Ogilvy		838	7	9		1	2	10
Norris, Charles		32310	3	8		45	6	11
Nund Kee		407	13	9		0	9	1
Nooran, Legatee of R. Limond, Lieutenant-Colonel		11392	1	7		16	0	4
Nisbet, Dickson		1378	9	3		1	15	0
OBrien, E.		838	6	9		1	2	11
OHalloran, T. Captain		459	7	4		0	10	4
O'Keefe, James, Pay-Master		3948	2	9		5	8	10
OBrien, D.		2172	13	3		3	0	10
Oliver, J. S., Major		49179	8	9		69	2	6
Ouseley, D. J.		1299	4	6		1	13	2
Oglander, H. L.		1566	13	1		2	3	2

Names of Creditors.	Amount of Claims.				Amount of 8th Dividend at Co.'s annas 2-3 pie per Cent.			
	Co.'s	Rs.	As.	P.	Co.'s	Rs.	As.	P.
Ogilby, David Lieutenant		1861	1	8		2	9	10
Orr, Robert		1728	4	0		2	6	10
Onslow, William (C. S.)		3181	11	0		4	7	7
Oldfield, T. B. R., Lieutenant..		357	8	2		0	8	0
Owen, Mrs. Lionard		1479	2	3		2	1	4
Officers of the 8th Regt. N. I.		314	14	0		0	7	0
Officers Commanding H. M.'s 13th Regt.		396	12	4		0	8	11
Palmer, S. Miss		5336	5	5		7	8	0
Palmer, John Bencoolen		14518	12	0		20	6	6
Parker, Richard		2073	11	11		4	2	9
Pondarjie, C.		23493	10	6		33	0	7
Preston, B.		53436	14	3		75	2	3
Preston, D. Surgeon		7425	11	4		10	7	1
Perrean, C. J. H. Lieutenant		1606	2	7		2	4	1
Pott, George Ensign		485	11	2		0	10	11
Palmer, William		1251	5	0		1	12	2
Phillips, R. S. Captain		1019	7	8		2	4	5
Pigou, H. M. (C. S.)		42967	2	3		60	6	8
Paliologus, N.		3002	8	6		4	3	7
Permion, J. C.		3965	0	6		5	9	2
Private Account of the Prize Agents to Rangoon Expedition ..		13433	11	0		18	14	2
Prize Agents on account of the Captors in the Rangoon Expedition		7092	15	9		9	15	9
Povoleri, C. W. R., Lieutenant-Colonel		4593	11	7		6	7	4
Palmer, Thomas, Lieutenant-Colonel		2830	4	2		3	15	8
Pridham, Mariner, H. P.		4234	7	6		5	15	3
Piper, H. Lieutenant-Colonel		4783	6	7		6	11	6
Provincial Grand Lodge		1130	7	4		1	9	5
Pandazy, C. for D. Galanes		12491	6	3		17	9	1
Roots, G.		929	1	5		1	4	10
Robertson, John, Lieutenant		901	0	8		1	4	3
Raja Dudar Hossain		283	9	4		0	6	5
Rodgers, J. Quarter-Master		4348	12	9		6	1	9
Radden Mohamed Zain		1344	1	0		1	14	3
Ranken, James Assistant Surgeon		31891	1	10		44	13	7
Riccarde, A.		325	11	2		0	7	4
Robertson, F. W.		3356	7	0		4	11	5
Railey, J. Mrs.		4599	4	8		6	7	5
Rudden, Abdul Kurreem		4970	3	0		6	15	10
Robinson, F. H.		19737	2	6		27	12	1
Rutherford, H. Lieutenant		318	4	6		0	7	2
Regimental Fund of H. M.'s 38th Regiment		8069	11	0		11	5	6
Read, F. E. (C. S.)		4805	2	4		6	12	1
Rajbullub Auddy		10028	3	1		14	1	8
Russel, H. P.		565	10	0		0	12	9
Squire, E. B. Lieutenant, Bombay Mariner		267	9	9		0	6	0
Satchwell, J. Captain		6516	7	7		9	2	7
Shiells, E. G.		3046	2	2		4	4	6
School Fund of H. M.'s 13th Regiment		874	9	0		1	3	8
Sale, Thomas, H. Lieutenant		793	11	8		1	1	11
Smith, C. C. Captain		8212	1	11		11	8	9
Spiers, William		1586	14	4		2	3	9
Scott, Lieutenant C. C. J.		355	5	7		0	7	11
Satwell, J. V.		408	4	9		0	10	9
Stevens, J. Captain		2276	3	9		3	3	3
Sandford, Jonathan M. E. Serjeant		15267	13	4		21	7	6
Seaton, Thomas, Lieutenant		5295	9	8		7	7	2
Stewart, Sarah Mrs. now Postana		319	1	9		0	7	2
Subscription for the Family of W. Jones, deceased ..		1061	7	3		1	7	11
Stokes, J. Serjeant		1854	5	7		2	9	8
Smith, E. J. (C. S.)		3723	7	3		5	3	9
Scott, J. A. Captain		782	4	1		1	1	8
Sleigh, J. W. C. B. Lieutenant-Colonel		14371	7	9		20	3	5
Spinks, Joseph, Serjeant Major		1910	1	7		2	10	11
Snicd, Fanny now Smith		2397	14	9		3	5	11
Sinclair, M. R.		991	12	8		1	6	4
Swinhoe, Samuel, Major		11108	6	11		15	9	10
Stewart, W., Serjeant 8th Conductor, deceased		1777	9	9		2	8	0
Smalley, W.		777	11	8		1	1	6

Names of Creditors.	Amount of Claims.			Amount of 8th Dividend at Co.'s annas 2-3 pie per Cent.		
	Co.'s Rs.	As.	P.	Co.'s Rs.	As.	P.
Stevenson, Surgeon W.	8583	7	9	12	1	2
Shepherd, H. R. the Reverend..	10641	0	0	14	15	5
Stewart, Josias, Major	82719	9	4	116	5	2
Swinhoe, R.	1165	4	6	1	10	3
Sumboo Chunder Ghose	1614	10	8	2	4	4
Stevenson, W. Junior	2229	6	4	3	2	2
Temple, George, Surgeon	5399	1	11	7	9	5
Thomson, P. E.	2734	15	3	3	13	6
Tweedale, F. Lieutenant	759	12	8	1	1	2
Trust for Creditors of J. G. Phillips and Co.	680	14	0	0	15	5
Thomas, C. T. Captain	5283	1	1	7	6	11
Turner, T. A. Miss	995	14	8	1	6	5
Turner, W. Captain, 54th Regiment	1738	14	5	2	7	2
Thompson, C. Mrs.	2655	0	10	3	11	8
Thompson, Isabella, Mrs.	438	11	1	0	9	9
Tweedie, John	8449	9	9	11	14	1
Thompson, W. J. Captain	570	12	1	0	12	9
Thompson, J. A. Captain	2177	9	6	3	0	10
Thompson, G. P. (C. S.)	32196	4	9	45	4	5
Thompson, Adam, Surgeon	848	7	3	1	3	1
Tuffuzal Hussein	1782	0	9	2	8	1
Taylor, James, Assistant Surgeon	4012	15	1	5	10	3
Trelaney, J. Major	34254	13	4	48	2	8
Twedee, Thomas	39154	2	10	55	0	11
Turney, M. T., Mrs.	17013	1	11	23	14	9
Tuttle and Charles	370	0	0	0	8	4
Trustees for Mrs. E. Pigou, M. St.	20389	1	2	28	10	9
Trustees for Captain John, and Mrs. E. J. Satchwell's M. St.	2190	4	4	3	1	3
Trustees for Mr. and Mrs. Paliologus	12147	6	10	17	1	4
Trustees for Mr. and Mrs. Judah	6566	13	0	9	3	8
Trustees for Mrs. S. A. Davidson, 2-9th of Rupees ..	38156	10	11	11	14	9
Trustees for Mrs. C. Bernard	10501	0	0	14	12	3
Trustees for Farry Burney	9261	12	2	13	0	4
Trustees for H. Richmond	8000	0	0	11	4	0
Trustees for Mrs. E. Lideard's M. St.	3905	2	6	5	7	10
Trustees for Mrs. Jane Jacob's M. St.	452	11	3	0	10	2
Trustees for Mrs. M. Dashwood	5525	3	5	7	12	4
Trustees for Mrs. L. E. May's M. St.	38189	9	2	53	11	3
Trustees for Mrs. B. C. Burton	6895	1	3	9	11	2
Trustees for Mrs. Janet Limond	32688	8	5	45	15	6
Trustees for Mrs. Foleys	6091	6	5	8	9	1
Trustees for Mr. L. Hamilton	10000	0	0	14	1	0
Trustees for the natural Children of A. Falconer ..	14206	1	4	19	15	7
Trustees for Mrs. O. Halleron and Children	569	0	6	0	12	10
Trustees for Mrs. J. Haggans	816	14	3	0	7	1
Trustees for Mrs. E. Douss	10038	8	11	14	1	10
Trustees for Mrs. E. M. Temples	678	8	5	0	15	3
Trustees for Mrs. Isabella Andrews	1244	11	3	1	12	0
Trustees for Mrs. A. Roberts	6702	6	3	9	6	10
Trustees for Mrs. A. E. Walker	871	6	0	1	3	8
Trustees for Mrs. E. Peters	1684	12	3	2	5	9
Vanrenen, T. A., Captain	21187	10	0	29	12	7
VanGenkel, J.	374	6	6	0	8	5
Vicary, N. Lieutenant	1131	3	5	1	9	5
Viles, J. B. Mariner	625	7	8	0	14	1
Venture, General	36163	2	2	50	13	8
William, Thomas, Captain	607	6	5	0	13	8
Wilson, A. Surgeon	702	0	11	0	15	9
Ward, William, Captain	12984	8	0	18	4	3
Wallington, C. A. G., Captain	1092	3	7	1	8	7
Waddell, George, Assistant Surgeon	824	7	1	1	2	7
Watson, C. Mrs.	2007	10	1	2	13	1
Wilcocks, R. C.	4887	14	8	6	14	0
Wilcox, R., Captain	10157	10	3	14	4	6
White, M. G., Captain	2610	10	3	3	10	8
Wallis, Richard	1881	14	9	2	10	3
Watson, Harriet—Ann, Martha, Lewis, Eleanor, Ann and Esther	25996	8	6	36	8	11
Wilson, William, Surgeon M. E.	1905	14	5	2	10	11

Names of Creditors.	Amount of Claims.				Amount of 8th Dividend at Co.'s annas 2-3 pie per Cent.			
	Co.'s	Rs.	As.	P.	Co.'s	Rs.	As.	P.
Ward, N. M., the Reverend	2303	1	9		3	8	10	
Woodward, R., Lieutenant	2883	8	8		4	1	0	
Wyllie, J., Surgeon	6420	9	7		9	0	5	
Watson, A., Colonel	3683	1	11		5	2	10	
Williams, D., Captain	1940	13	3		2	11	8	
Wolherspoon, J. C., Captain	1233	1	3		1	11	6	
Wilson, Alexander, Captain, 64th N. I.	517	8	7		0	11	8	
Woodroof, G. H., Captain	2754	13	7		3	14	0	
Wilson, W.	2968	2	9		4	2	9	
Arthur, E. R., Captain	27401	2	8		38	10	7	
Allan, Robert, Mariner	18400	7	5		25	14	0	
Angus, George, Assistant Surgeon	15037	5	2		21	2	4	
Anderson, John, Penang	12978	15	10		18	4	0	
Alexander, James, Lieutenant-Colonel	124573	15	11		175	2	10	
Atkinson, Anne, Mrs.	2874	4	9		4	0	8	
Boyd, William Hay	160222	10	4		225	5	0	
Britton, G. E., Captain	386	7	7		0	8	9	
Burslem, N. Lieutenant-Colonel	26830	6	11		37	11	8	
Burlton, Mrs.	1841	1	2		2	9	5	
Baldock, R. W. Lieutenant	39305	1	8		55	4	4	
Boyd, John, Captain, 22nd Regiment	21816	2	9		30	10	10	
Blunt, R. C.	12041	6	10		16	14	11	
Baldock, C. Mrs.	1181	10	0		1	10	7	
Blane, William	44361	10	0		62	6	0	
Begbie, J. and Captain P. D. Stewart, Trustees for Lady J. Chalmers, late Scott ..	91800	1	0		129	1	6	
Bradby, E. F., Captain	28171	14	7		39	9	10	
Beach, Charles, Captain	779	0	0		1	1	6	
Butler, E. and Sons	5375	1	8		7	8	11	
Brown, H., Lieutenant	5418	11	7		7	9	0	
Butler, Peter, Mariner	9476	1	2		13	5	3	
Balfour, F.	10573	2	5		14	13	10	
Beavan, R., Lieutenant	515	0	3		0	11	7	
Campbell, J. C. Lieutenant, H. M.'s 45th Regiment ..	3087	1	1		4	5	6	
Campbell, C., Lieutenant	531	7	4		0	11	11	
Cathre, H. Captain	599	9	3		0	13	6	
Cameron, Lillias Mrs.	10597	11	11		14	14	5	
Cooke, J. F. G. (C. S.)	17200	8	3		24	3	0	
Caldwell, Hugh, Major	32804	0	6		46	2	1	
Cameron, A. M. K. Captain	24823	11	8		34	14	6	
Cruickshanks, James, Captain, B. N. I.	34925	13	9		49	1	10	
Carnegie, M. E. Mrs. Executrix of Major-General N. Carnegie ..	296	1	6		0	6	8	
Chiene, P.	284	12	0		0	6	4	
Cockburn, R. and J. and Co.	1151	8	9		1	9	11	
Cathcart, James and Co.	604	4	3		0	13	7	
Craig, William	6900	8	0		9	11	3	
Clark, D. and R. Morrieson, Trustees for Mrs. J. Morrieson ..	3799	7	0		5	5	6	
Cheape, A. A. Mrs.	65855	5	6		92	9	9	
Carnegy, Agnes, Miss	13181	7	6		18	8	7	
Carnegy, M. C. Miss	10695	5	1		15	0	8	
Cornish, Hubert	3000	0	0		4	3	6	
Conway, William Captain	20343	8	2		28	9	9	
Dundas, William (C. S.)	86952	3	9		122	4	5	
Duningham, R.	58741	14	9		82	9	8	
Davis, John, Captain	828	7	11		1	2	8	
Davidson, Thomas	12335	15	4		17	5	6	
Davidson, W. Surgeon, Europe	11572	4	7		16	4	4	
Dykes, Margaret	1484	11	7		2	1	5	
Denchar and Co., W.	2798	15	2		3	14	4	
Day, Charles	188564	0	4		265	2	8	
Denman, L., Mrs.	5690	0	8		8	0	0	
Dunlop, Joseph, Surgeon	91811	6	8		129	1	9	
Edwards, F. J. Miss	20556	4	10		28	14	6	
Erskine, J. J.	2144	2	7		3	0	3	
Eastwick, R. W.	19349	10	0		27	3	3	
Estate of P. Dudgeon, Captain, deceased	19126	1	8		26	14	4	
Estate of Sir C. W. Blunt, *Bart.*	72082	8	8		101	5	11	
Estate of William Fairlie, deceased	12292	1	2		17	4	7	

Names of Creditors.	Amount of Claims.				Amount of 8th Dividend at Co.'s annas 2-3 pie per Cent.			
	Co.'s Rs.	As.	P.		Co's Rs.	As.	P.	
Estate of William Fairlie, Account Landed property ..	3098	0	0		4	5	8	
Estate of C. F. Fergusson	19578	0	1		27	8	7	
Estate of Willam Peterson, Lieutenant ..	53669	14	8		75	7	7	
Estate of Reverend Barwell	22044	2	7		32	4	8	
Estate of Reverend Barwell	12127	14	4		17	0	9	
Estate of John Home, Major	2767	2	1		8	14	8	
Estate of Fry Magniac	1377	1	2		1	15	0	
Estate of D. Brodie	3614	6	8		5	1	8	
Estate of George Lindsay	1761	5	9		2	7	7	
Estate of Waller Ogilvy	3220	5	2		4	8	5	
Estate of J. P. Keble, Lieutenant-Colonel	13622	2	6		19	2	5	
Estate of Thomas Scott, deceased	173097	9	11		243	6	8	
Estate of John Fraser	1050	4	8		1	7	7	
Estate of G. Snodgrass, Captain	1490	6	6		2	1	7	
Estate of William Ford	434	8	8		0	9	9	
Estate of Thomas Holland, Lieutenant-Colonel ..	5339	4	8		7	8	1	
Estate of G. Watson	11216	8	0		15	12	4	
Estate of S. Murcheson	934	2	1		1	5	0	
Estate of F. Kyan, Major-General	9612	7	7		13	8	8	
Estate of James Hatley	28907	4	4		40	10	5	
Estate of J. Kejrulf	33256	8	2		46	12	8	
Estate of Joseph Davidson	2682	0	1		3	12	5	
Fullerton, William, Account Skeldon	2537	3	9		3	9	0	
Focke and Brandenburg	771	4	9		1	1	5	
Fergusson, M. A. H., Miss	4977	1	0		7	0	0	
Fergusson, A. P., Miss	4701	15	8		6	9	9	
Fergusson, Archibald Major-General	6716	10	3		9	7	1	
Fairlie, J. D. Clark and J. Innes, Executors of W. Fairlie ..	516945	5	0		726	15	8	
Fairlie, J. O., S. Account	750	15	11		1	0	10	
Fairlie, W. and H. Reverend Trustees for J. F. and S. Bacons ..	87845	6	4		123	8	6	
Fraser, Charles, Lieutenant-Colonel	24072	4	2		33	13	8	
Fraser, Joseph, Mariner	6662	6	8		9	5	11	
Feldwick, C. Commissary of Ordnance	19995	5	3		28	1	11	
Fairfax, James, Captain	10599	5	9		14	14	5	
Frederick, John, Lieutenant	529	11	9		0	11	11	
Ferrior, C., Lieutenant-Colonel	2411	4	10		3	6	10	
Griffiths, Henry	19092	7	3		26	13	7	
Garner, J. H., Captain	40156	15	0		56	7	6	
Govand, George, Assistant Surgeon	8695	10	4		12	3	8	
Gierson, James, Assistant Surgeon	22715	10	11		31	15	1	
Gilman, P. C., Lieutenant-Colonel	19074	5	2		26	13	3	
Graham, Robert, (C. S.) deceased	15942	0	5		22	6	8	
Godard, J. B. Fils	4713	6	0		6	10	0	
Glass, P., Captain	52861	12	0		74	5	5	
Grant, Robert, for Mrs. Gordon and Family	37973	2	3		53	6	6	
Gray, Margaret, Miss	2182	0	3		3	1	2	
Gray, Ann, Miss	2182	0	3		3	1	2	
Gilmore, Allan, (Senior)	900	5	0		1	4	3	
Hutchinson, H. now Marshall	15685	12	10		22	1	0	
Hoppner, C. H. (C. S.)	23549	13	2		33	1	10	
Hodgson, J.	11482	12	0		16	2	5	
Hutchinson, F. F., Major	2641	11	3		3	11	5	
Harriett, Thomas, Major, deceased	12819	0	0		18	0	5	
Hay, Tras. Captain	33922	1	4		47	11	3	
Hay, M. E. Mrs.	821	6	2		1	2	5	
Hawkins, J. W.	4500	3	9		6	5	3	
Heath, H. and W. Tod in trust for Ninah Senany Charrie ..	5444	4	10		7	10	6	
Halliburton, Frederick	8708	12	8		12	3	11	
Hardy, A. Lieutenant-Colonel	8072	14	1		11	5	8	
Harries, John, Lieutenant, H. M.'s 24th Regiment ..	29322	13	6		41	3	8	
Holland, J. A. F. Miss	12754	5	3		17	15	0	
Henderson, James, Mariner	142564	12	3		200	7	9	
Hamilton, Robert	414	8	8		0	9	3	
Hotham, John, Lieutenant	513	14	3		0	11	6	
Hillhouse, E. Mrs., late Wallace	499	0	0		0	11	3	
Hall, J. Surgeon	30884	11	0		43	7	0	
Hale, E.	88356	6	11		123	10	6	
Innes, James, Drawing-master	7259	1	0		10	3	5	

Names of Creditors.	Amount of Claims.				Amount of 8th Dividend at Co.'s annas 2-3 pie per Cent.			
	Co.'s	Rs.	As.	P.	Co.'s	Rs.	As.	P.
Innes, John, Executor of J. G. Scott, General, deceased ...	15401	1	5		21	10	6	
Imhoff, Charles, Sir	2150	13	6		3	0	5	
Johnson, John	10660	15	4		14	15	11	
Johnstone, G. D., Lieutenant	1302	13	2		1	13	4	
Jackson, Thomas, Surgeon, H. M.'s 14th Regiment ...	30185	5	9		42	7	3	
Limond, Alexander, Lieutenant-Colonel	53410	15	3		75	1	9	
Linton, John	21115	14	2		29	11	1	
Lucas, Mellicent Sarah and Eliza, Residuary Legatee of M. Remull	40471	10	4		56	14	8	
Lynch, M. C., Captain, 14th Regiment	26200	5	6		36	13	6	
Lloyd, Even, Major-General	12923	9	0		18	2	9	
Lane, H. S. (C. S.)	8322	3	3		11	11	2	
Limond, D., of Pensioners	3634	5	0		5	1	9	
L'Estrange, E., Captain	3684	0	7		5	3	0	
Lamb, Thomas, Captain	31182	14	11		43	13	8	
Lynch E. C., Lieutenant	921	7	0		1	4	8	
Larkins, J. P. for Mrs. Skine	769	5	6		1	1	3	
Lewis, H. R.	3658	15	7		5	2	4	
Larkins, J. P.	491	10	0		0	11	1	
Mallet, John	2337	12	2		3	4	6	
Morgan, John	1087	14	4		1	7	3	
Morrieson, Robert, account Mrs. Jane Mairdie and Miss S. B. Morrieson	10694	0	4		15	0	7	
Manton, J. A.	265	10	10		0	6	0	
Mills and Sons	1964	10	6		2	12	3	
Mathew, M. Mrs., late Makepeace	12907	13	8		18	2	5	
Martin, Thomas, Captain	426	11	8		0	9	7	
Meik, S. Mrs.	4487	8	1		6	5	0	
Macan, Thomas, Major	3230	7	10		4	8	8	
Mackenzie, M.	100605	15	6		141	7	7	
MacInnes, John, Lieutenant-Colonel	2368	15	2		3	5	4	
Maclachlan, M., Major	892	3	7		1	4	2	
Monteith, A. D., Major	14147	7	2		19	14	4	
Macredie, R., Captain	15534	8	0		21	13	6	
Morison, Jane, Mrs.	140902	11	7		198	2	4	
Murry, D. Dr.	2249	3	4		3	2	7	
Newman, C. B., Captain	1546	11	8		2	2	9	
Nicoll, James, Mariner	28055	13	1		39	7	3	
Ormsby, A., Lieutenant	6733	6	0		9	7	5	
Ogilvy, Alexander, Surgeon	13352	6	4		18	12	5	
Oldfield, C. E. T. Lieutenant	2810	14	2		3	15	3	
Ormsley, J. Mrs.	23036	4	0		32	6	3	
Owners of Ship *Catherine*	6979	10	9		9	13	1	
Owners of Ship *Coromandel*	1047	11	3		1	7	6	
Owners of Ship *Palmyra*	13557	7	0		19	1	0	
Price, Joseph, Major-General	7221	2	8		10	2	5	
Park, Adam	36454	15	9		51	4	3	
Pauling, R. A.	7065	8	2		9	15	0	
Peterson, Joseph, Lieutenant	760	15	4		1	1	1	
Prendergast, M. G.	5303	15	0		7	7	4	
Peterson, John, 1st B. 1st Regt. Captain	18884	5	4		26	8	11	
Portbury, E. S., Captain	11009	2	4		15	7	8	
Parson, James,—the Reverend, account Delop	462	3	11		0	10	5	
Pensioner of Alexander Dunbar	12830	12	2		18	0	8	
Ross, Alexander and Sons	948	1	10		1	5	3	
Roxburgh, P., Captain	10172	11	1		14	4	11	
Riddle, Robert, Lieutenant	23894	14	9		33	9	7	
Rawlins, John	39871	7	5		56	1	1	
Ried, Hugh, Captain	1526	3	0		2	2	3	
Rolls, J. B.	4521	0	2		6	5	8	
Robertson, George, Captain	34432	10	6		48	6	8	
Robb, William, Mariner, deceased	6384	7	6		8	15	8	
Reid, David, Captain	1363	15	7		1	14	7	
Ralfe, Henry, Captain	394	10	7		0	8	10	
Rodgers, W. Lieutenant R. N.	419	5	7		0	9	5	
Spence, C. D., Mrs.	5973	3	0		8	6	5	
Sealy, J. P.	14079	15	9		19	12	9	
Savage, John, Assistant Surgeon	4807	8	5		6	0	11	
Stansbury, Eliza, Mrs.	28741	3	6		40	6	7	
Snodgross, J. J. Majo·	342	0	3		0	7	8	

Names of Creditors.	Amount of Claims.	Amount of 8th Dividend at Co.'s annas 2-3 pie per Cent.
	Co.'s Rs. As. P.	Co.'s Rs. As. P.
Scott, W. Madras	104503 6 11	146 15 4
Stevens, John, Mariner	8703 4 9	12 3 10
Smith, F. B.	11509 10 4	16 2 11
Todd, David, Surgeon	35666 8 1	50 2 5
Toulon, P., Captain	2151 2 1	3 0 5
Tidy, F. S., Lieutenant-Colonel	5902 1 5	8 4 10
Tate, Elizabeth, Mrs.	9749 8 7	13 11 4
Turner, M. P. Mrs.	8890 9 7	12 8 0
Travers, Thomas O., Captain	17654 1 10	24 13 3
Trustees for M. D. and E. A. Darling	25287 3 4	35 9 0
Trustees for Captain P. and E. Butler's M. St. ..	18000 0 0	25 5 0
Trustees for Mrs. C. Hays	1457 8 9	2 0 9
Trustees for Mrs. L. Stevens	30000 0 0	42 3 0
Trustees for Mrs. E. C. Anderson, D. Clark and E. Mackintosh...	11474 8 6	16 2 2
Trustees for Mrs. C. Macdonald	10247 4 10	14 6 6
Trustees for Mrs. M. A. Winter	55882 3 11	78 9 5
Trustees for Lousia Paterson	51500 0 0	72 6 9
Trustees for Mrs. F. Beach	33094 11 10	46 8 8
Trustees for Mrs. Angus' M. St.	745 11 3	1 0 9
Trustees for J. C. Reid	6922 13 9	9 11 8
Trustees for Mrs. A. Branscomb	45653 11 11	64 3 2
Trustees for Mrs. Robert Graham	10974 7 9	15 6 11
Trustees for Mrs. A. Davidson's M. St.	20000 0 0	28 2 0
Trustees for J. O. Fairlie	195026 4 9	274 4 1
Trustees for Mrs. Sarah Welsh	299 6 10	0 6 9
Trustees for Mrs. A. S. Smith	11474 4 10	16 2 2
Trustees for the family of the late Alexander Davidson ..	40000 0 0	56 4 0
Trustees for Mrs. H. Harsburgh	897 15 0	1 4 2
Trustees for Mrs. E. Carter's M. St.	13309 5 6	18 11 5
Trustees for Miss Sarah Plumb	3441 0 4	4 13 15
Trustees for C. F. Magniac	29062 10 0	40 13 10
Trustees for Mrs. Charte Brown's M. St.	50822 15 6	71 7 5
Vanrenan, Jacob, Brigadier-General	3538 4 2	4 15 7
Wemyss, Charles H.	1226 11 3	1 11 7
Wilson, Alexander, deceased	4240 2 5	5 15 5
Wilkie, Joseph, Major	24022 12 4	33 12 6
Watkins, M. Mrs., Administratrix to the Estate of W. Watkins..	18394 2 6	25 13 10
Wemyss, Fraser	1136 13 0	1 9 6
Wilson, R. A.	2479 12 2	3 7 9
Watkins, Joseph, Major	8365 0 2	11 12 2
Wilder, R. T.	41857 1 6	58 13 8
Walker, James	305 13 5	0 6 10
Whitney, B., Captain	2129 4 7	3 6 8
Ward, John, Captain	1665 9 8	2 5 5
Smith, Elder and Co.	675 2 3	0 15 2
Fraser, Alexander	293 11 6	0 6 7
Boyces, R. B., Reverend	360 2 1	0 8 1
Findlay, Joseph	2193 0 0	3 1 4
Hutchinson, Isabella, Mrs.	707 5 9	0 15 11
Faddy, Samuel	10034 7 3	15 6 0
Bathie, Francis	1418 4 10	1 15 11
Lowth, J. J., Captain	4417 11 9	6 3 4
Esdaile, Sir James and Co.	17176 15 9	24 2 5
Beacher, H., Captain	551 12 3	0 12 4
Gueslier, D.	656 4 7	0 14 9
Middleton, F., Reverend	3520 13 7	4 15 2
Ramsay, Lord	2269 9 7	3 3 1
Whinne, M R.	1128 7 10	1 9 0
Say, Charles Stoddart	1155 10 1	1 9 11
Arding, Cecil, Lieutenant	565 15 7	0 12 9
Brown, D. Surgeon	1154 2 2	1 9 11
Dickson, R. L., Colonel	927 9 5	1 4 11
Richardson, John	1732 3 6	2 7 0
Button, Daniel	1117 7 6	1 9 1
Smith, Pyne and Smith	1118 6 8	1 9 1
Drummond, J. G., Captain	17029 14 7	23 15 2
Hewitt, George	298 5 5	0 6 8
Buntine, Robert, account James Crawford, deceased ..	352 3 11	0 7 11

Names of Creditors.	Amount of Claims.			Amount of 8th Dividend at Co.'s annas 2-3 pie per Cent.		
	Co.'s Rs.	As.	P.	Co.'s Rs.	As.	P.
Turner, Finella, Mrs.	2502	12	1	3	8	3
Barclay, Bevrn, Tritton and Co.	1798	0	9	2	8	5
Auld, the Reverend Dr.	633	13	7	0	14	3
Manson, H., Mrs.	4626	9	2	6	8	1
McCash, J., Surgeon	505	4	5	0	13	5
Hunter, David	1888	4	6	2	10	6
Savill, Neaill and Druce	945	11	8	1	5	3
Fortnum and Mason	633	9	0	0	14	3
Globe Insurance Office	471	10	2	0	10	7
Dubourg, Miss S.	1684	1	6	2	5	11
Millinish, John	1121	8	5	1	9	2
Fraser, J. R. Dickson and Davidson	2325	5	8	3	4	4
Smith, Alexander	14470	8	1	20	5	6
Bell, William	1179	9	11	1	10	6
Morrieson, R.	1123	5	8	1	9	3
Darling, William	2337	13	4	3	4	6
Souter, James	1344	13	10	1	14	3
Cunningham, W. Captain	1720	1	10	2	6	8
Donnethones, E. H. Lieutenant	729	5	0	1	0	5
Aredale, Johannes endorsed to Melville, P. ..	3942	11	6	5	8	8
Girling, S.	1968	10	0	2	12	2
Muthoor Mohun Ghose, account Juggoo Doss	7215	0	4	10	2	4
Metch, Josephine Mrs.	763	11	9	1	1	1
Birjo Mohun Bysack	715	13	2	1	0	1
Johana Fobel	776	1	0	1	1	5
Ellis, E. S.	31526	10	8	44	5	4
Macdonell, James	34083	5	4	47	14	10

JOHN COCHRANE,
Official Assignee.

The 30th May 1859.

Notice.

TO BE PEREMPTORILY SOLD, pursuant to a Decree of the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, made in a certain cause wherein Robert Molloy, Alexander Brodie Mackintosh and Henry Harington Poe, Executors of William Harington Poe, deceased, are Plaintiffs, and Hurchunder Laheree is Defendant, bearing date the 27th day of October 1857, with the approbation of John Cochrane, Esquire, the Master of the said Supreme Court, at his Office in the Court-House in the Town of Calcutta, on Tuesday, the 21st day of June next, the following property, that is to say :—

Lot No. 1.—A piece or parcel of land or ground, containing by estimation twenty-five biggahs and one and a half cottahs, situate in Ramkistnopore, in Pergunnah Boroo, in the Zillah of the twenty-four Pergunnahs and Province of Bengal, and butted and bounded as follows : that is to say, on the North by the rented land of Mr. Robinson, on the West by the Garden of Sreenauth Mullick, on the East by the River Hooghly, and on the South by an Embankment.

Lot No. 2.—A piece or parcel of land or ground, containing forty biggahs, more or less, situate, lying and being at Sulkea, in Pergunnah Balleah, in the Zillah of the twenty-four Pergunnahs aforesaid, and commonly called "Gollabattee," and butted and bounded as follows : that is to say, on the North by the East India Company's Salt Golah, on the South by a high-way, on the East by the River Hooghly, and on the West by a high-way, and in respect of which said piece or parcel of land or ground a yearly rent of Company's Rupees one hundred and ninety-four, two annas and one pie is payable to the Zemindar or Landlord thereof.

Lot No. 3.—A piece of ground standing in the name of the said Hurchunder Laheree, held by pottah No. 1076, containing by estimation one biggah and three cottahs, situate at a place called Braminparrah, in the Town of Serampore, and in the Zillah of Hooghly.

Lot No. 4.—A brick-built house, together with the piece of Lackraj or rent-free land thereto belonging, and on part whereof the same is erected, under a pottah No. 1145, in the Serampore Collectorate Register, containing by estimation one biggah and nine cottahs, more or less, situate at Serampore aforesaid, and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North and West by the land of the said Hurchunder Laheree, on the South and East by a lane.

Lot No. 5.—Another piece or parcel of land held under a pottah No. 1077, in the Serampore Collectorate Register, comprising two biggahs and ten cottahs, more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North by a high-way, on the South by the land of Shaikh Nokree Tailor, on the East by the land of Moorjin Mistry, and on the West by a foot-path, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupees seven, eleven annas and eight pies is payable to Government, the Landlord thereof.

Lot No. 6.—Another piece or parcel of land held under a pottah No. 1161, in the Serampore Collectorate Register, comprising fifteen cottahs, more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North by the land of Nilloo Dharra, on the South by the land of Goluck Pyne, on the East by the land of Potey Mistry, and on the West by a high-way and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupees one, nine annas and six pie, is payable to the Landlord thereof.

Lot No. 7.—Another piece or parcel of land held under a pottah No. 1402, in the said Collectorate Register, comprising seven cottahs and five chittacks, situate, lying and being at Serampore aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North by the River Hooghly, on the South by a high-way, on the East by the land of Gourmohun Gossain, and on the West by the Debutter land of Sree Sree Radamadhub Takoor, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupees two, eleven annas and nine pies is payable to the Landlord thereof.

Lot No. 8.—Another piece or parcel of land held under a pottah No. 1411, (upon which stands a lower-roomed Godown,) in the said Register, comprising two cottahs, more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore aforesaid and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North by a high-way, on the South by the land of Petumber Chunder, on the East by the land of Bunsey Chunder, and on the West by a lane, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of twelve annas and nine pies is payable to Government, the Landlord thereof.

Lot No. 9.—Another piece or parcel of land held under a Pottah No. 1140 in the said Collectorate Register, comprising five cottahs, more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North and South by the land of the late Ruggoram Gossain, and on the East and West by the land of the said Hurchunder Laheree, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupees one is payable to Government.

Lot No. 10.—Another piece or parcel of Lakraj or rent-free land held under a pottah No. 1146 in the said Collectorate Register, comprising three biggahs, thirteen cottahs and seven chittacks, more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore aforesaid, and situate and being in front of the brick-built building in the said Hurchunder Laheree's Garden.

Lot No. 11.—A brick-built Ghaut situate in the Village of Chattra, on the banks of the River Hooghly, called Hurro Baboo's Ghaut, and being in front of the said family dwelling-house in Braminparrah in Serampore aforesaid, situate on the opposite side of the road.

Lot No. 12.—Another piece or parcel of garden ground, comprising on the whole about thirty biggahs or thereabouts, including three Tanks therein also, with the lower-roomed dwelling-house or Bytuckhannah, standing on part thereof, and which said garden ground constitutes at present one compound, and belongs as to part thereof to Serampore, and as to another part thereof to Rujjedhurpore, and also as to the remainder thereof is Lakraj land.

Lot No. 13.—Another piece of land comprising in the whole two biggahs and four cottahs or thereabouts held in perpetual tenure by the said Hurchunder Laheree from Gopeekisto Gossain, the Zemindar of Chittrah, ten annas and fifteen gundahs' share at an annual rent for the whole of Company's Rupees sixteen, thirteen annas and seventeen gundahs, and which said land is now occupied by the following tenants under the said Hurchunder Laheree, namely Sonatun Choter, two cottahs and eight chittacks Mohun Mallah, five cottahs Bungshee Dome, one cottah and eight chittacks, Rowul Ghurramee, two cottahs Modhoosoodun Malla, and Banessur Malla, four cottahs, Juggobundoo Malla, one cottah, Bhoota's Mother, one cottah, Hurro Malanee, one cottah, Ramdhone Malla, three cottahs, Rokeenee Malla and Poresh Bewah, one cottah and eight chittacks, Roopchund Choonoree, one cottah, and eight chittacks, Bhuguram Modock, three cottahs, Hurro Chatterjee, three cottahs, Potee Bewah, one cottah, Chanroo Dome, three cottahs, Kallee Chootar, two cottahs, Janokee Panjaree, two cottahs Hullodhur Dome, one cottah and eight chittacks, Ramchand Malla and Nubbye Malla, three cottahs (total 2 biggahs and four cottahs.)

Lot No. 14.—Another piece of land, situate in Chittrah Gourunghatty, comprising in the whole two biggahs and eight cottahs, more or less, held by the said Hurchunder Laheree in perpetual tenure from Ramtarun Chowdry and several others, the Zemindars of Chittrah, nine annas' share, subject to the annual rent of Company's Rupees eleven, three annas and four gundahs, and which said land as to ten cottahs thereof, are known as stable Barry, and have an upper-roomed house erected on part thereof, and which said land as to the remaining one biggah and eighteen cottahs is occupied by the following tenants holding from the said Hurchunder Laheree, namely, Juggoo Koloo, Bachoo Chokedar and Kyroo straw-seller.

Lot No. 15.—Another piece of land comprising ten cottahs, situate in the Chittrah aforesaid, held by the said Hurchunder Laheree, in perpetual tenure from Ramnarain Mookerjee, as Zemindar thereof, at the annual rent of one Rupee six annas and six pies, and which land as to seven cottahs is at present in the possession of Hurchunder Laheree, as to one cottah in the occupation of Bungsee Koyboto, and as the remaining two cottahs in the possession of Jadoo Poramanick as his tenants.

Lot No. 16.—An upper-roomed brick-built family dwelling-house situate at Braminparrah, in the Town of Serampore, in the Zillah of Hooghly, and the piece or parcel of land on part whereof the same is erected and built, containing in the whole by measurement as appears by the pottahs thereof, (one pottah being for nine cottahs and six chittacks of land and the other pottah for two biggahs, two cottahs; thirteen chittaks and five feet) two biggahs twelve cottahs three chittacks and five feet, and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North by the public Road on the East by the land and premises of Kistomohun Bonnerjee and other land belonging to the said Hurchunder Laheree, and on the South and West by the land and premises of the late Roghoóram Gossain, and paying in respect of the said parcel of land an aggregate annual revenue to Govern-

ment Company's Rupees ten, twelve annas and eleven pie.

Particulars and conditions of sale may be had at the Master's Office, Supreme Court, or of Mr. William Dallas, No. 5, Hastings' Street.

JOHN COCHRANE,
Master.

WILLIAM DALLAS, *Attorney.*

CALCUTTA SUPREME COURT;
Master's Office,
The 19th May 1859.

TO BE SOLD, pursuant to an Order of the Supreme Court of Judicature, at Fort William in Bengal, made in a certain Cause wherein Nilcomul Bannerjee is Complainant and Sreemutty Bemolah Dabee is Defendant, on and bearing date the Twenty-second day of November, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, with the approbation of the Master of the said Court, at his Office in the Court-House on a day, of which due notice will be hereafter given, the following property, that is to say :—

All that piece or parcel of land, containing by estimation five biggahs, be the same a little more or less, with the appurtenances situate in Baug Bazar, in Sootanootygram, in the Town of Calcutta, and abutting as follows; *viz.*, to the West of the House of Sreekissen Doss Byragee and Sibchunder Chuttopadhya; to the North of the Plaintain Garden of Rajah Rajkisto Bahadoor; to the East of the Company's Drain; and to the South of the late Doorgah Churn Mookhapadhya Mohashois' Street.

JOHN COCHRANE,
Master.

DENMAN AND HATCH,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

CALCUTTA SUPREME COURT;
Master's Office,
The 8th June 1859.

PURSUANT to a Decretal Order of the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, made in a certain Cause, wherein Thomas Steers and Isabella Sarah, his wife, and others, are Plaintiffs, and John Conrade Schorn and others are Defendants, bearing date the Twenty-fifth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, the Creditors of George Wilding Chisholm, late of the Town of Calcutta, who died on the Twenty-first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and forty-three, are required to come in and prove their respective debts before John Cochrane, Esquire, Master of the said Court, at his Office in the Court-House, on or before the Ninth day of July next, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Decretal Order.

JOHN COCHRANE,
Master.

SANDES & WATTS,
Plaintiffs' Solicitors.

CALCUTTA SUPREME COURT;
Master's Office,
The 8th June 1859.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 8th June 1859.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
Proprietors' Capital	1,07,00,000	0	0	Government Securities	23,92,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	1,97,534	10	10	Dues from Government	23,411	12	0
Current Accounts	96,94,238	13	1	Cash	1,22,42,236	3	1
Cash Credits Undrawn	5,26,934	9	5	Loans on Deposit of Securities	1,19,06,300	0	0
Other Claims	5,35,505	8	3	Discount Loans on ditto	67,88,800	0	0
Bank Notes	1,45,01,599	0	0	Accounts of Credit on ditto	7,33,900	0	0
Post Bills	1,85,569	3	11	Government Bills Discounted	3,79,491	15	7
Profit and Loss (*Rebate Account*)	65,028	0	3	Mint Certificates ditto	6,25,425	4	11
				Mercantile Bills ditto	11,28,701	15	6
				Dead Stock	1,86,142	11	8
Co.'s Rs.	3,04,06,409	14	9	Co.'s Rs.	3,64,06,409	14	9

Published by order of the Directors,
H. I. LEE,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

G. W. MOULTRIE,
Offg. Accountant.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

WITH reference to Government Notification No. 5, Fort William, Financial Department, 26th January 1855, notifying the intention of Government to dissolve its connexion with the Government Agency--

The Oriental Bank Corporation undertake the safe custody of Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal, and other local Stocks, free of all charge.

Will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, and remit at the current rates of exchange, or pay the same according to instructions, if to be remitted through the Corporation. Without charge

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... 1-4th per Cent.

On returning Government-Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the purchase of Government or other Securities, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Corporation, ... Without charge.

WM. ANDERSON,

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION; *Agent.*
Calcutta, 29th January 1855.

Commercial Bank of India.

CALCUTTA BRANCH.

Rates of Exchange on London Joint Stock Bank.

		s.	d.	
At	6 months' sight	2	0¼	per Rupee
„	3 „ „	1	11⅞	„
„	30 days' „	1	11⅞	„
„	3 „ „	1	11½	„

The Bank grants Drafts on the Head Office, Bombay, and on its Branches in London, Shanghae, and Hong-Kong. Bills collected at any of the above places at a uniform charge of ¼ per Cent.

The Bank will undertake the purchase or sale of Government Paper, Bank Stock and other Securities, draw Interest and Dividends payable in Calcutta, when due, at a Commission of ¼ per Cent.

No charge made when the proceeds of Sale or amount of Interest or Dividends drawn is remitted in the Bank's Bills.

Rates of Interest allowed to Deposits subject to

3	months'	notice of withdrawal,	4	p. ct. per annum.
6	ditto	ditto ditto	5	„
2	ditto	ditto ditto	6	„

Notice may be given when the money is deposited, or at any subsequent time; and it will be dispensed with in cases when the money is to be remitted through the Bank.

Current Accounts kept and Interest allowed at 2 per Cent. per annum on Balances of Rupees 500 and upwards, not exceeding Rupees 50,000, unless by special agreement.

Hours of business, 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. On Saturdays, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

W. S. FITZWILLIAM,

27, TANK SQUARE, *Agent.*
Calcutta, 7th October 1858.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of James Calder and others, Insolvents. } On Saturday, the 4th day of June instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Co's Rs. 22,135-6-8 to and amongst all the Creditors upon the Estate of the said Insolvents, as a Dividend at the rate of Co.'s 1 anna and 5 pie per Cent, upon such of the debts admitted in the Schedule of the said Insolvents and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts and upon the other debts admitted in the Schedule, when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon Affidavit filed in this Court, with liberty to the said Assignee to apply to the Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.

J. Cochrane, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of Juggessur Laha, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 4th day of June instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Company's Rupees 17,000 to and amongst all the Creditors upon the Estate of the said Insolvent, as a Dividend at the rate of Co.'s Rs. 5 per Cent. upon such of the debts admitted in the Schedule of the said Insolvent and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts and upon the other debts admitted in the Schedule, when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon Affidavit field in this Court, with liberty to the said Assignee to apply to the Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.

J. Cochrane, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of Edward Pryce Griffiths and another, Insolvents. } On Saturday, the 4th day of June instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Co.'s Rs. 20,000 to and amongst all the Creditors upon the Estate of the said Insolvent as a Dividend at the rate of Co.'s Rs. 2 per Cent. upon such of the debts admitted in the Schedule of the said Insolvent and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts and upon the other debts admitted in the Schedule when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon Affidavit filed in this Court, with liberty to the said Assignee to apply to the Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.

J. Cochrane, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of Hurrydoss Ghose and another, Insolvents.

In the matter of Edwin DeLanougerede, an Insolvent.

In the matter of Eric Bollman Gordon McDougall, an Insolvent. } On Saturday, the 4th day of June instant, by three several orders of this Court, the said Insolvents were respectively adjudged entitled to their personal discharge under the Act XI. Vic. cap. XXI., as to all persons named in their Schedule as Creditors or claiming to be Creditors respectively.

Orr and Goodall, *Attorneys.*

Shircore, *Attorney.*

Orr and Goodall, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 9th June 1859.

The Bengal Coal Company "Limited."

THE DIRECTORS of the BENGAL COAL COMPANY "LIMITED" hereby give notice to the SHAREHOLDERS, that a SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS will be held at 11 A. M., on Friday, the 30th day of September now next ensuing, as required by the Forty-first Article of the present Deed of Co-partnership to confirm the following Resolutions passed at the SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING for that purpose held this 28th day of May 1859.

First.—That the arrangements recommended by the Directors in their Report now submitted be carried out.

Second.—That having regard to the long and valuable services of Messieurs Gordon, Stuart and Company, and in consideration of the concession now voluntarily made by them, relinquishing the 5 per Cent. Commission hitherto allowed to them, they be paid a fixed salary of Rupees 1,000 a month for the Secretaryship and for Office rent, and that a sum not exceeding Rupees 300 per month additional be paid by the Company for such Establishment as may be required to conduct the duties of the office.

Third.—That the necessary alteration to meet the arrangements now determined upon be made in the Deed of the Company, and that a Special Meeting be called in terms of the present Deed to confirm the proceedings of this Meeting.

By Order of the Directors,

Gordon, Stuart & Co.,
Secretaries, Bengal Coal Co., "Limited."

Calcutta,
The 28th May 1859.

Notice.

The Interest of Mr. George Gilbert in our Concern ceased on the 30th April 1858.

Jessop & Co.

Required.

A Translator thoroughly conversant with English and Oordoo. His duties will be to translate and to superintend the Persian Office, salary Rupees 100 per mensem. Apply to Deputy Commissioner, Gondah, in Oude.

Plundered or Destroyed

The under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of Lalla Gomanee Lol of Delhie, the Proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Notes and of Interest thereupon have been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes in favor of the Proprietor:—

No.	29483			of 1842-43, for Cos. Rs.		500
„	6217	of	19065	„ „ „ „		500
„	5480	„	29396	„ „ „ „		1500
„	918	„	30922	„ 1854-55, „ „		600
„	11021			„ „ „ „		2000

W. Plowden,
Offg. Depy. Comr.

Rohtuk,
The 26th May 1859.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

The Government Promissory Note, No. 986 of 25445, of the 4 per Cent Loan of 1854-55, dated the 30th June 1854, for Company's Rupees 4000, originally standing in the name of Kajem Begum, and last endorsed by Mahadeo, Treasurer, the Proprietor, to the Pay Master, Oude Field Force. Payment of the above Note, and of Interest thereupon, has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government, for the issue of a Duplicate Note, in favor of the Proprietor.

Mahadeo,
Treasurer, Pay Office, Lucknow.

27th May 1859.

Notice.

Plundered or Destroyed during the Mutiny at Bareilly, in May 1857, the following 4 per Cent Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of the Secretary of the Bareilly Dispensary Committee:—

No.	10298	31st March	1836	Rs.	2,000
„	9799	1st May	1832	„	4,000
„	11364	1st Nov.	1832	„	3,800
„	4104	31st March	1836	„	1,000
„	39237	30th June	1854	„	1,200
„	7197	1st Feb.	1843	„	1,000

Payment of the Notes and Interest due on them has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application will be made for the issue of duplicates in favor of the original Holders.

H. R. Wilson,
Deputy Collector.

Bareilly Collectorate,
The 2nd June 1859.

LOST in Transit by Dâk to Monghyr on or about the 17th May 1859.

The lower-halves of the under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, of the 5 per Cent. Loan of 1856-57, originally standing in the names of the parties mentioned below, and last endorsed to H. Dear, Esq., the Proprietor. Payment of the Notes and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes in favor of the Proprietor, H. Dear, Esq.

Dindoyal and Narain Doss.

No.	49498 of 28th February 1857	...	2,000

Moolchand Premjie and Co.

No.	49414 of 28th February 1857	...	4,000
„	32073		
„	32074		
„	32075	Ditto.	
„	31285	Each 1,000 is	5,000
„	31286		
		Co.'s Rs. ...	11,000

I. B. Biss.

Calcutta,
The 3rd June 1859.

Plundered during mutiny at Lucknow.

The under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of Afzul Khanum, the Proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the Notes and of Interest thereupon, has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes in favor of the Proprietor:—

No.	58	of	369	of 1828-29, for Rs.		15000
„	5294	„	29924	„ 1842-43, „	„	4000
„	6223	„	16423	„ 1832-33, „	„	11000
„	8877	„	11446	„ 1832-33, „	„	3000
						33000

Afzul Khanum.

Calcutta, 3rd June 1859.

Notice issued by the Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 1150.

THE portion of the Calcutta Bhangy despatch of the 27th ultimo, which contained the Parcels mentioned in the annexed List, having been plundered by highway robbers whilst in transit at night on the Grand Trunk Road near Doomree, the senders are requested to furnish this Office with Lists showing the nature and value of the contents of the respective Parcels despatched by them :—

LIST of Banghy Parcels plundered at Gangree on the night of the 28th May 1859.

Date of Receipt.	Address.	Station.	Weight in Tollahs.	REMARKS.
May 26	W. Muir, Esquire ...	Allahabad ...	53	Registered.
„ „	Narain Dass ...	Benares ...	165	Ditto.
	F. B. Gubbins ...	do ...	85	Ditto.
	Captain Low ...	do ...	30	
	Chooney Loll ...	do ...	45	Ditto.
	Issurdass Moodrah ...	do ...	5	
	A. R. Pollock Esquire ...	Ditto ...	32	
	Mrs. E. Martin ...	Ditto ...	20	
	Sergeant W. Ramsden ...	Goruckpore ...	45	
	J. R. Williams ...	Jubbulpore ...	25	
	Lieutenant R. Atkins ...	Fyzabad ...	15	
	Captain J. Campbell ...	Ellichpore ...	13	
	Mrs. G. Bushly ...	Bolundshuhur ...	110	
25	Lieutenant Fenneran ...	Cawnpore ...	245	
	Lieutenant C. G. Robinson ...	Baraitch ...	65	
	Sadasook Chingmull ...	Lucknow ...	80	
	A. P. Webb ...	Saugor ...	20	
	A. B. Care of Post Master ...	Cawnpore ...	50	
	Officer Commander R. B. ...	Lucknow ...	110	
	Lieutenant W. G. Grant ...	Seetapore, Oude ...	470	
26	Sumboo Gungaram ...	Ghazeepore ...	500	
	Captain A. R. Moffat ...	Umballa ...	110	
	Mrs. Macrae ...	Banda ...	320	
	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	185	
	T. Gordon ...	Naineetall ...	25	
	Major General Windham ...	Punjab ...	30	
	Officer Commanding 5th Regiment European Cavalry ...	Campbellpore, Punjab ...	370	
	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	330	
21	Brigadier P. Gordon ...	Dinapore ...	160	
	Lieutenant F. Allen ...	Ditto ...	280	
26	Lallgumull Gocoolchand ...	Delhie ...	430	

CALCUTTA,
The 6th June 1859.

C. K. DOVE,
Post-Master General of Bengal.

Notices issued by the Officiating Deputy Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 613.

The 4th June 1859.—MAIL PACKETS for the Overland Mail, which leaves Bombay on the 23rd instant, will be closed at this Office at 5 P. M., on the 12th idem, *viâ* Marseilles only.

Letters and Papers for transmission *viâ* Bombay will be received up to 6 P. M., on every day prior to the 12th.

Rates of Postage.

Under	½ oz.	Rs.	0 6 0
„	½ „	„	0 8 0
„	¾ „	„	0 14 0
„	1 „	„	1 0 0

No. 619.

The 4th June 1859.—The Overland Mail per Steamer *Nemesis*, will be closed on Friday, the 17th instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius and Australia can be sent by this opportunity.

	Weight.	*Vid* Marseilles.	*Vid* Southampton.
Postage.	Under ½ ounce	Rs. 0 6 0	Rs. 0 0 0
	„ ½ „	„ 0 8 0	„ 0 4 0
	„ ¾ „	„ 0 14 0	„ 0 0 0
	„ 1 „	„ 1 0 0	„ 0 8 0
	„ 2 „	„ 2 0 0	„ 1 0 0

Printed and Published for the Government by THOMAS JONES, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, JUNE 11, 1859.

LAND SALE NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Sylhet, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 22nd day of June 1859, for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 18th of April 1859 :—

Clause I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 54.—Talook Hurrynarain Duth and Ramkishun Duth, Pergunnah Daccadukin ; recorded proprietors, Chundepershad Deb and others ; sudder jumma, rupees 16-10-3.

No. 73.—Talook Ramgobind, Pergunnah Daccadukin ; recorded proprietor, A. J. Vincent ; sudder jumma, rupees 20-7-8.

No. 374.—Talook Degur Joyram Duth, Pergunnah Daccadukin ; recorded proprietor, Radabullub Duth ; sudder jumma, rupees 8-1-8.

No. 322.—Talook Benoderam, Pergunnah Rengah ; recorded proprietors, Hafiz Mahomed and others ; sudder jumma, rupees 35-6-7.

No. 115.—Talook Roopram, Pergunnah Bahadoorpoor ; recorded proprietors, Hurree and others ; sudder jumma, rupees 7-14-4.

No. 233.—Talook Mohobut Khan, Pergunnah Bahadoorpoor ; recorded proprietor, Pylah Ram ; sudder jumma, rupees 23-4-1.

No. 27.—Talook Khoshal Ram, Pergunnah Lunglah ; recorded proprietor, Chundernath Duth ; sudder jumma, rupees 29-7-0.

No. 36.—Talook Mahomed Nowaz, Pergunnah Lunglah ; recorded proprietor, Aynah Bebee ; sudder jumma, rupees 19-13-5.

No. 609.—Talook Goonbullub, Pergunnah Lunglah ; recorded proprietors, himself and others ; sudder jumma, rupees 20-4-3.

No. 692.—Talook Shamsoonder, Pergunnah Lunglah ; recorded proprietor, Hoolashram Deb ; sudder jumma, rupees 16-6-10.

No. 2.—Talook Kantogobind Roy, Hissa Gobind Roy, Pergunnah Barumchal ; recorded proprietors, himself and others ; sudder jumma, rupees 120-13-7.

No. 3.—Talook Mahomed Unsur, Pergunnah Bajoosingchaper ; recorded proprietor, Benund Ram ; sudder jumma, rupees 43-1-6.

No. 4.—Talook Assadoorezah Zemindar, Pergunnah Joarbaneachoong ; recorded proprietor, Kishnochurrn Doss ; sudder jumma, rupees 742-3-0.

No. 118.—Talook Gonge, Pergunnah Barakeah ; recorded proprietor, Elash Khan ; sudder jumma, rupees 20-4-3.

No. 11.—Talook Radamadub Roy, Pergunnah Howlesuttrasuttee ; recorded proprietors, Dabee Pershaud Roy and others ; sudder jumma, rupees 98-9-0.

No. 130.—Talook Motee Shennah, Pergunnah Urrungpoor ; recorded proprietor, Neelmonee Doss ; sudder jumma, rupees 17-1-1.

No. 472.—Talook Oje Shonah, Pergunnah Turruf ; recorded proprietors, Allee Newaz and others ; sudder jumma, rupees 13-10-8.

W. J. LONGMORE,
Offg. Collector.

SYLHET COLLECTORSHIP,
The 25th May 1859.

PRINTED BY THOMAS JONES, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, JUNE 11, 1859.

LAND SALE NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Sylhet, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 22nd day of June 1859, for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 18th of April 1859 :—

Clause I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 54.—Talook Hurrynarain Duth and Ramkishun Duth, Pergunnah Daccadukin ; recorded proprietors, Chundepershad Deb and others ; sudder jumma, rupees 16-10-3.

No. 73.—Talook Ramgobind, Pergunnah Daccadukin ; recorded proprietor, A. J. Vincent ; sudder jumma, rupees 20-7-8.

No. 374.—Talook Degur Joyram Duth, Pergunnah Daccadukin ; recorded proprietor, Radabullub Duth ; sudder jumma, rupees 8-1-8.

No. 322.—Talook Benoderam, Pergunnah Rengah ; recorded proprietors, Hafiz Mahomed and others ; sudder jumma, rupees 35-6-7.

No. 115.—Talook Roopram, Pergunnah Bahadoorpoor ; recorded proprietors, Hurree and others ; sudder jumma, rupees 7-14-4.

No. 233.—Talook Mohobut Khan, Pergunnah Bahadoorpoor ; recorded proprietor, Pylah Ram ; sudder jumma, rupees 23-4-1.

No. 27.—Talook Khoshal Ram, Pergunnah Lunglah ; recorded proprietor, Chundernath Duth ; sudder jumma, rupees 29-7-0.

No. 36.—Talook Mahomed Nowaz, Pergunnah Lunglah ; recorded proprietor, Aynah Bebee ; sudder jumma, rupees 19-13-5.

No. 609.—Talook Goonbullub, Pergunnah Lunglah ; recorded proprietors, himself and others ; sudder jumma, rupees 20-4-3.

No. 602.—Talook Shamsoonder, Pergunnah Lunglah ; recorded proprietor, Hoolashram Deb ; sudder jumma, rupees 16-6-10.

No. 2.—Talook Kantogobind Roy, Hissa Gobind Roy, Pergunnah Barumchal ; recorded proprietors, himself and others ; sudder jumma, rupees 120-13-7.

No. 3.—Talook Mahomed Unsur, Pergunnah Bajoosingchaper ; recorded proprietor, Benund Ram ; sudder jumma, rupees 43-1-6.

No. 4.—Talook Assadoorezah Zemindar, Pergunnah Joarbaneachoong ; recorded proprietor, Kishnochurrn Doss ; sudder jumma, rupees 742-3-0.

No. 118.—Talook Gonge, Pergunnah Barakeah ; recorded proprietor, Elash Khan ; sudder jumma, rupees 20-4-3.

No. 11.—Talook Radamadub Roy, Pergunnah Howlesuttrasuttee ; recorded proprietors, Dabee Pershaud Roy and others ; sudder jumma, rupees 98-9-0.

No. 130.—Talook Motee Shennah, Pergunnah Urrungpoor ; recorded proprietor, Neelmonee Doss ; sudder jumma, rupees 17-1-1.

No. 472.—Talook Oje Shonah, Pergunnah Turruf ; recorded proprietors, Alleo Newaz and others ; sudder jumma, rupees 13-10-8.

W. J. Longmore,
Offg. Collector.

Sylhet Collectorship,
The 25th May 1859.

Printed by Thomas Jones, at the Bengal Secretariat Office.

No. 48.] [1491]

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 15, 1859.

Home Department.

No. 1184.

Fort William, the 14th June 1859.

Notification.—Mr. T. Garrett to be Post-Master of Calcutta from the 13th May 1859.

W. Grey,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Foreign Department.

No. 3591.

Fort William, the 10th June 1859.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Captain W. W. Osborne, Political Agent at Rewah, to officiate also as Political Assistant for Bundlecund, during the absence of Major Ellis.

No. 3592.

The 14th June 1859.

Lieutenant E. B. Sladen assumed charge of the Office of Assistant Commissioner 2nd Class Moulmein, on the 30th April last.

No. 3593.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant E. H. Woodcock, 55th Regiment Native Infantry, District Adjutant, to officiate as District Commandant, Oudh Military Police, *vice* Captain Orr, absent on sick leave. That portion of the General Order dated 23rd May last, No. 2955, which appointed Lieutenant Woodgate to officiate as District Commandant, Oudh Military Police, is cancelled.

Cecil Beadon,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Financial Department.

No. 48.

Fort William, the 13th June 1859.

Notifications.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. R. P. Harrison to be Accountant to the Government of Bengal, with effect from the 7th instant.

No. 49.

The 15th June 1859.

Notice is hereby given, that the Salaries, Pay, Batta and Allowances of the Civil, Military and Marine Departments, for the month of June 1859, will be payable as under:—

Military and Marine Departments, on Saturday, the 9th proximo.

Civil Department, on Friday, the 15th proximo.

By Order of His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council,

C. Hugh Lushington,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, the 10th June 1859.

No. 843 of 1859.—The under-mentioned promotion and alteration of Rank are made :—

BREVET.

Promotion.

Rank, Name and Corps.	To what Rank promoted.	From what date.	In succession to
Lieutenant-Colonel Edwin Henry Atkinson, Madras Infantry ...	Colonel ...	13th Mar. 1859.	General J. MacInnes, Bengal Infantry, deceased.

Alteration of Rank.

Rank, Names and Corps.	To Rank from	In succession to
Colonel Alfred Borradaile, Madras Cavalry ...	25th April 1858	Major General C. Payne, Bombay Infantry, deceased.
Colonel John Reid Brown, Madras Cavalry...	1st May 1858	Major General N. Penny, C. B., Bengal Infantry, deceased.
Colonel George Munro Arthur, Madras Infantry, (retired) ...	4th May 1858	General T. Clarke, Madras Artillery, deceased.
Colonel George Bingham Arbuthnot, Madras Cavalry ...	4th July 1858	Major General F. P. Lester, Bombay Artillery, deceased.
Colonel William Reece, Madras Infantry ...	13th July 1858	Major General J. H. Dunsterville, Bombay Infantry, deceased.
Colonel Benjamin Crispin, Bombay Infantry	20th July 1858	Major General C. Ovans, Bombay Infantry, deceased.
Colonel Arthur Cole Spottiswoode, Bengal Infantry ...	23rd July 1858	Lieutenant General J. Anderson, Madras Infantry, deceased.
Colonel Joseph Graham, Bengal Infantry ...	27th Aug. 1858	Major General R. Benson, C. B., Bengal Infantry, deceased.
Colonel James Templeton Brett, Madras Cavalry ...	14th Oct. 1858	Major General J. J. Farrington, Bengal Artillery, deceased.
Colonel Christopher Simson Maling, Bengal Infantry ...	24th Oct. 1858	General J. C. Collette, Madras Cavalry, deceased.
Colonel Jas. Walker Bayley, Madras Infantry	14th Nov. 1858	Major General H. J. Wood, C. B., Bengal Artillery, deceased.
Colonel John Henry Bowden Congdon, Madras Infantry ...	23rd Nov. 1858	Major General C. Waddington, C. B., Bombay Engineers, deceased.
Colonel Thomas Geils Edward Gammell Kenny, Madras Infantry ...	4th Feb. 1859	Lieutenant General H. T. Roberts, C. B., Bengal Cavalry, deceased.
Colonel John Skardon Ramsay, Bombay Infantry ...	5th Mar. 1859	General W. C. Fraser, Bengal Infantry, deceased.

N. B.—That portion of Government General Order No. 715, of the 17th ultimo, in which Colonel John Swanson, Bombay Infantry, was inadvertently promoted from the 25th April 1858, is cancelled.

The Commission of that Officer dates from the 20th June 1857.

Fort William, the 13th June 1859.

No. 844 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to resolve that the following reductions in the numerical strength of the under-mentioned branches of the Bengal Army shall be carried into effect:

The establishment of each armed Corps of the Line of the Loodianah and Ferozepore Regiments, of the Sirmoor, Kumaoon and Nusseree Battalions, of the Extra Goorkha Regiment, and of the Kumaoon Levy, to be gradually reduced to 700 Sepoys formed into ten Companies of seventy Sepoys each, but with the present proportion of Native Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers.

Agra.
Allahabad.
Bareilly.
Cawnpore.
Futtehgurh.
Meerut.
Mynpoorie.
Moorsdabad.
Shahjehanpore.
1st Gwalior Infantry.
2nd Gwalior Infantry.

The establishment of the various Levies noted in the margin to be gradually reduced to 600 Sepoys, divided into eight Companies. Each Company will consist of 1 Subadar, 1 Jemadar, 5 Havildars, 5 Naicks, 2 Drummers and 75 Sepoys.

1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 6th, 7th 8th, 12th, 16th, 17th, 18th Irregular Cavalry.
1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th Sikh Irregular Cavalry.
Alexander's Horse.
Rohilcund Horse.
Jât Horse.
Meade's Horse,
1st, 2nd, 3rd, Hodson's Horse.
1st and 2nd Beatson's Horse.
1st and 2nd Mahratta Horse.
Benares Horse.

The establishment of the various Regiments of Irregular Cavalry noted in the margin to be gradually reduced to 420 Sowars each, or to 70 Sowars per Troop, the present proportion of Native Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers being continued.

All recruiting in Corps which are above the complement now authorized is forthwith to cease.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief is requested to issue such subsidiary orders as may be necessary.

No. 845 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on Furlough, on private affairs:—

Lieutenant Frederick Duffin, of the 22nd Regiment Native Infantry	...	For three years, under the old Regulations.

Fort William, the 14th June 1859.

No. 846 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following Report of operations against the Rebels in the Kurwania Sota by the force under the Command of Lieutenant Millet, Commanding 2nd Jezailchee on the 13th ultimo.

2. His Excellency in Council entirely agrees with the Commander-in-Chief, in considering this affair to reflect credit upon Lieutenant Millet and the Troops employed on this occasion:—

FROM LIEUTENANT A. H. MILLET,

Commanding 2nd Jezailchees,

TO MAJOR J. L. VAUGHAN,

Comdg. Field Column, Sidhonia Ghaut.

Camp Sidhonia Ghaut,

Banks of the Raptee, Oude, 14th May 1859.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to forward the subjoined Report of the operations carried out yesterday against the Rebels in the Kurwania Sota by the Force under my command.

Agreeably with your orders, based upon information brought to you, during the night, I proceeded early yesterday morning to Khulkulla (12 miles) and thence moved, with the Detachments marginally noted, to Khoodawah (distance 6 miles) on the left bank of the Raptee.

16 Sabres of 4th Oude Police Cavalry,
and
160 of the 2nd Regiment Jezailchees.

As I reached Khoodawah from the Westward, Lieutenant Stewart, Adjutant of 5th Punjaub Infantry, with a Force as per margin, joined me by the direct road from this Camp.

20 Sabres of 1st Punjab Cavalry,
and
120 of 5th Punjab Infantry, (Rifles.)

The junction having been thus happily effected at 7-30 A. M., and it being probable that the Rebel force was still in the place where the spy had seen it on the 12th instant, I determined upon advancing at once to the attack.

The enemy were reported to consist of fifty Cavalry and from four to five hundred Sepoys, all under the Command of "Collector" Khooda Buksh Khan,* and were said to be encamped in the bed of the Kurwania Sota, immediately under the hills which separate the Sonar Valley from the Plains of the Raptee.

* Assisted by General Shere Khan.

The distance from Khoodawah to the Kurwania Sota is 6 miles, the path leading the entire way through dense jungle.

We advanced in the order given in the margin, having a small Advanced Guard and flanking parties from the 5th Punjaub Infantry.

120 of 5th Punjaub Infantry.
160 of 2nd Jezailchees.
26 of 1st Punjaub Cavalry.
16 of 4th Oude Police Cavalry.

After advancing half a mile through the jungle, we met twelve Rebel Sowars who at once turned and fled towards the Kurwania Sota. The Advanced Guard fired, but without killing any of the Rebels.

It being evident that the Sowars whom we had just seen would give the alarm to the enemy, and it being most necessary that I should obtain early information as to the movements of the Rebels, I ordered up half the Cavalry from the rear, and sent them ahead under Native Commandant Meer Jaffir Khan, of the 2nd Jezailchees, with orders however to the latter not to commit himself in any unequal fight with the enemy.

When we had arrived within two miles of the Kurwania Sota, one of our Sowars brought back a report from Meer Jaffir Khan, urging the rapid advance of the Infantry, and stating that the enemy had fallen in to the sound of the bugle, and appeared inclined to show fight.

Continuing our advance as rapidly as possible, we soon reached our advanced Cavalry; and looking over an intervening rise in the ground, I perceived a body of Rebels collected in a flat basin of the Sota, to the number of fully four hundred men.

Allowing a few moments for the Infantry to collect under cover of the rising ground, I detached twenty men of the 9th Cavalry, 5th Punjaub Infantry to the right, and as many to the left, to crown the hills on either side of our advance, so as to prevent any small bodies of the enemy from getting round our flanks.

The 8th Company 5th Punjaub Infantry, and No. 10 Company 2nd Jezailchees were ordered to move steadily forward in reserve, whilst I attacked with No. 9 Company of 5th Punjaub Infantry, and No. 9 Company of the Jezailchees.

These preliminary arrangements were speedily effected, and we at once moved over the brow of the rise to the attack.

The enemy gave us a heavy volley of musketry as we showed ourselves over the intervening rise; and then, not liking the confident rush nor the wild

joyous shouts of our men, they commenced a rapid retreat, but at first in good order, towards Sonar.

The pursuit was at once pressed with all speed, and many of the Rebels soon sought protection in the intricate nullahs to the right and left. They were however everywhere followed up by parties of our Infantry and destroyed in all directions. In one small ravine on the right no less than twenty-one Rebels were killed. At the same time the central pursuit was carried on with unremitting vigor, all ranks vying with each other to overtake the flying enemy. On this central path alone I counted forty-four dead Rebels, and the slaughter was also heavy on our left.

After continuing the pursuit for 3 miles over most difficult ground, I found that the enemy was utterly dispersed; and, as the heat and their exertions were telling on our men, and we were going farther and farther from water, I stopped the pursuit. You will be glad to know that our loss consisted of but one man killed and two wounded, whilst I can safely put down the enemy's loss at certainly over 80, and the general impression is that 100 would be nearer the mark.

After giving the men a short rest in the Kurwania Sota, I marched back to Khoodawah, where the men ate their dinners.

From Khoodawah we proceeded to Bhajpoor (3½ miles) where the Column separated, the Police Cavalry and the Jezailchees returning to Khulla, and the Punjaub Cavalry and Infantry coming to this Camp, which they reached at 9 P. M.

The gallantry and exertions of all under my Command merit my warmest thanks, and I am especially indebted to Lieutenant Stewart for the great assistance which he rendered to me throughout the day.

All behaved admirably, and I cannot, without injustice to the rest, particularize the forward gallantry of individuals.

During the day the Troops from Khulkulla marched 35 miles, and those from this Camp 48 miles, and much of this under a more than usually hot sun.

I may here mention that the Rebels killed were all either Officers or Sepoys, and that they were all armed (*i. e.* the Sepoys) with percussion muskets.

Amongst the slain are two Subadars, one Jemadar, and two "Captain Sahebs."

I have this morning heard that those Rebels who escaped from yesterday's fight have fled beyond Sonar into Dang, and I conceive that they are not likely to give us any more trouble in this direction.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) A. H. MILLET, *Lieutenant*,
Commanding 2nd Jezailchees.

List of Casualties in the fight at Kurwania Sota on the 13th May 1859, in the force under Command of Lieutenant Millet, 2nd Jezailchees.

KILLED.

1 Sepoy Aiyat Khan, 9th Company, 5th Punjab Infantry (Rifles.)

WOUNDED.

1 Havildar Mahomed Yar, 9th Company, 2nd Jezailchees (sword cut on left arm)

1 Officer's Syce, ball in the head.

(Signed) A. H MILLET, *Lieutenant*,
Commanding 2nd Jezailchees.

(Signed) J. L. VAUGHAN, *Major*,
Commanding Troops, Sidhonia Ghaut.

(Signed) A. HORSFORD, *Brigadier*,
Commanding Trans Gogra.

(Signed) J. HOPE GRANT, *Major-Genl.*,
Commanding Oude Division.

No. 475.

FORWARDED by desire of the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief, for the information of His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

Lord Clyde considers this affair to reflect credit upon Lieutenant Millet, and the Troops employed.

H. W. NORMAN, *Major*,
Offg. Adjutant General of the Army.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE;
Head Quarters, Simla,
The 28th May 1859.

No. 847 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to publish the following Report from Lieutenant S. Warde, of Hodson's Horse, of an action with a body of Rebels in the Lollpore Village:—

FROM LIEUTENANT S. WARDE,
2nd Comdg., 1st Regiment Hodson's Horse,

TO CAPTAIN GRANT,
Comdg. 1st Regiment Hodson's Horse.

Camp Balapore, 7th May 1859.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to report for the information of Lieutenant-Colonel Gordon, Commanding the Force, that in accordance with his orders I patroled yesterday with 50 men on the road to Mussa. On arrival at that place I could get no information, so went on two coss further, where I heard that the Rebels were looting a village (Lollpore) near the jungle. I immediately pressed on, drove them out of the village and killed, as far as I could judge, thirty Rebels, captured an Elephant and some Bullocks. The Rebels were reported to be in force (1,000 Infantry & or 500 Sowars) in the jungle in front of Lollpore. I had one Sowar wounded.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) S. WARDE, *Lieutenant*,
2nd Comdg., 1st Regiment Hodson's Horse.

(Signed) G. GORDON, *Lieut.-Colonel*,
Commanding Detachment Field Force.

(Signed) W. W. G. GRANT, *Captain*,
Commanding 1st Regt. Hodson's Horse.

(Signed) A. HORSFORD, *Brigadier*,
Commanding Trans Gogra

(Signed) J HOPE GRANT, *Major-Genl*,
Commanding Oude Force

No. 151.

FORWARDED to the Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, for the information of the Right Honorable the Governor General in Council

By Order of the Commander-in-Chief,

H W. NORMAN, *Major*,
Offg. Adjt Genl. of the Army.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE;
Head Quarters, Simla,
The 27th May 1859.

No. 848 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following letter from Brigadier Rowcroft, C. B., Commanding the Goruckpore District, forwarding a Report from Major Murray, Commanding Jât Horse, of an action with the Rebels near Banpore Thannah, on the 26th April 1859.

2. His Excellency in Council concurs in the approbation expressed by the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief of the conduct of Major Murray and the Troops under his Command:—

No 306.

FROM BRIGADIER F. ROWCROFT,
Commanding Goruckpore District,
TO MAJOR H. W. NORMAN,
Offg Adjutant General of the Army,
Army Head Quarters.
Goruckpore, 14th May 1859.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to transmit, for submission to His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, the accompanying Report, dated Camp Bhanpore, the 27th ultimo from Major J. Murray, Commanding Jât Horse, and the Troops at Doomureeagunge on the River Raptee.

2. From the information I had received, I was apprehensive that the Rebels would push from the borders of Oude Eastward, between Doomureeagunge and Bhanpore Thannah. I therefore immediately ordered Major Murray, with a Detachment from Lotun, to move and take post at Doomureeagunge, where he arrived on the 24th April, and I reinforced him with a party of 100 men of the 9th and 20th Punjaub Infantry from Bustee, and on the 26th idem, Major Murray came across the body of Rebels, some 1,500 strong, still called the Nusseerabad Brigade, and though they were very superior in numbers, he immediately most gallantly attacked them, defeating and routing them with considerable loss, driving them Westward, to the borders of Oude, over the Koanee River, as detailed in his Report.

3. I would beg to recommend to the particular notice of His Excellency Lord Clyde, the zeal, gallantry and steadiness of the Officers and Men in this action under the immediate Command of Major Murray.

I have, &c,
(Signed) F. ROWCROFT, *Brigadier,*
Commanding Goruckpore District.

(Signed) J. HOPE GRANT, *Major-Genl.,*
Commanding Oude Force.

No. 43.

FROM BREVET MAJOR J. J. MURRAY,
Commanding Troops at Doomureeagunge,
TO THE BRIGADE MAJOR,
Goruckpore.
Camp Bhanpore, the 27th April 1859

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to report for the information of Brigadier Rowcroft, C B., that I marched from Bhowaneegunge Bazar with the Force, as per margin, yesterday morning skirting the jungle on the left bank of the Khoanee Nuddee, with the intention of co-operating with Captain Renny's Column, in an attack on the Nusseerabad Brigade and other Rebels concealed in the heavy jungle on the right bank of the river. On reaching Sunkerpore, it was reported that a foraging party of Rebel Sowars were plundering the adjacent villages. I immediately detached a Troop of Jât Horse, under Ensign Hennessy who killed seven Sepoys mounted on horses and ponies, a few others escaping into the jungle which was close at hand.

Jât Horse.
1 European Officer.
159 Sabres.

20th Punjab Infantry.
2 European Officers.
6 Native Officers.
180 Rank and File.

I now moved on to Durriapore, where I was fortunately reinforced with the Detachments as per margin, from Bustee. Here I intended halting until I could learn something of Captain Renny's movements.

9th Punjab Infantry.
2 Native Officers.
62 Rank and File.

20th Punjab Infantry.
1 Native Officer.
44 Rank and File.

At 1 o'Clock my videttes reported that the Rebels had crossed the Khoanee Nuddee, and were marching down in great numbers on my Camp. I at once advanced and found them drawn up in a very formidable position, their centre division in a village, supported by a Column of Infantry in rear, at least 1000 strong, with Divisions of Cavalry and Infantry about 800 yards on either flank, and a dense jungle immediately in their rear and flanks; the whole under the Command of Gunga Singh and Dabee Deen. The Infantry were dressed in Khakee and manœuvred with much precision, throwing out skirmishers, &c.

After reconnoitreing, I feigned a retreat, in the hope of drawing them away from the jungle, to enable my Cavalry to act, but this movement not having the desired effect, I determined upon an attack, and formed the Infantry into two divisions, covered by a line of skirmishers, with Cavalry on either flank and 25 Sabres in reserve.

The enemy opened a heavy fire from their three Divisions as I advanced, and at the same time made a bold attempt to turn my right flank, which was promptly checked by the Cavalry under Ensign Hennessy. When within 50 yards of the village, the skirmishers gallantly led by Lieutenant Sadlier, 20th Punjab Infantry, carried the place with a rush, on which a panic seized the main body, who fled precipitately into the jungle. Their Right Division was at the same time dispersed by the Cavalry and a Company of Infantry on our left. I immediately pursued with all my Infantry driving them across the river, and only desisted, when from the thickness of the jungle, and their having fled in three different directions, all traces of them had disappeared.

It is impossible to form anything like a correct estimate of their loss, as they suffered most in the pursuit, but it must have been considerable. Many threw away their arms and ammunition, and 20 men and several horses were drowned in re-crossing the river. I am glad to say our loss was only

20th Punjab Infantry, 3 men wounded.

Jât Horse, 1 Horse killed and 2 wounded.

I am particularly indebted to Lieutenant Currie, Second in Command 20th Punjaub Infantry, for his able management of the Infantry, and my best thanks are also due to Lieutenant Sadlier, and Ensign Hennessy, the two other Officers in the Field, for their good and gallant services.

I cannot speak too highly of the steadiness and bravery of my small Detachment, all young Soldiers, and who were opposed to a disciplined force at least five times their number and holding a very strong position.

There are now no Rebels in this side the Khoanee Nuddee.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) J. J. MURRAY, *Brevet Major*,
Commanding Troops at Doomureeagunge.

P. S.—I have just heard that the Rebels fled in the direction of Captain Renny's Column, and were attacked by him this forenoon.

(True Copy)

(Signed) W. D. MORGAN, *Major*,
Major of Brigade, Goruckpore District.

(Signed) F. ROWCROFT, *Brigadier*,
Comdg. Goruckpore District.

No. 539.

FORWARDED, in original, for the information of His Excellency the Governor General in Council, with Lord Clyde's approbation of the conduct of Major Murray and the Troops under his Command.

By Order of the Commander-in-Chief,

H. W. NORMAN, *Major*,
Offg. Adjt. Genl. of the Army.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE;
Head Quarters, Simla,
The 2nd June 1859.

No. 849 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following letter from Brigadier Rowcroft, C. B., Commanding the Troops in the Goruckpore District, forwarding a Report from Major Murray, of a gallant and successful action with a party of Rebels near Doomureeagunge on the 29th April 1859:—

No. 307.

FROM BRIGADIER F. ROWCROFT,
Comdg. Goruckpore District,

TO MAJOR H. W. NORMAN,
Offg. Adjt. Genl. of the Army,
Army Head-Quarters.

Goruckpore, 14th May 1859.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to transmit, for submission to His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, the accompanying Report, dated Camp Doomureeagunge, the 3rd instant, from Major J. J. Murray, Commanding the Troops at that post, relating a gallant and successful skirmish with a party of Rebels, by Subadar Narain Singh and 50 men of the 2nd Military Sikh Police Battalion, and four Sowars of the Regiment of Jât Horse, on the 29th April, near Doomureeagunge.

2. I beg respectfully to bring to the particular notice of His Excellency Lord Clyde, the strong recommendation of Major Murray, of the zealous and gallant conduct of Subadar Narain Singh, 2nd Police Battalion, and Sowar Kullian Singh, of the Jât Horse, and also of Havildar Nadan Singh, 2nd Military Police Battalion, for such reward and favor as His Excellency may consider should be conferred on them.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) F. ROWCROFT, *Brigadier*,
Comdg. Goruckpore District.

(Signed) J. HOPE GRANT, *Major-General*,
Comdg Oude Force.

No. 44.

FROM MAJOR J. J. MURRAY,
Comdg. Jât Horse Yeo. Regt., and
Troops at Doomureeagunge,

TO MAJOR MORGAN,
Major of Brigade,
Goruckpore

Camp Doomureeagunge, 3rd May 1859

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to report, for the information of Brigadier Rowcroft, C. B., that, on the 29th ultimo, when my Force was encamped at Bhowaneegunge, Subadar Narain Singh, Commanding the Military Police at this place, received information that a party of Rebels were crossing the Raptee at Gowra Ghat, 6 miles East of this. He at once started with 50 Military Police Infantry (Sikhs) and 4 Sowars of my Regiment, and pushing on ahead with the Sowars caught up the Rebels, 32 in number, mostly armed with muskets, making for the Sunkurpore jungle. The Subadar followed, and, in a measure, kept them in check with the Sowars, when, fortunately, the Infantry came up, and a skirmish ensued, which resulted in the death of 10 Rebels. The rest managed to escape into the jungle.

A Sikh had his arm fractured with a musket shot, and a Sowar, Kullian Singh by name, of the 4th Troop of my Regiment, who was on vidette duty near the jungle, on seeing the Rebels approach, charged them single-handed, and, I regret to say, was shot in the head, his horse being also wounded. He is in a very precarious state, but, having lived so long, may possibly recover. I feel it my duty to bring him to the Brigadier's notice, as such an act of bravery appears to me to be deserving of the Order of Merit. The Subadar also reports favorably of Nadan Singh Naick, who killed 2 men. The Subadar deserves much praise, and, I believe this is not the first occasion of his having distinguished himself since he came here. He frequently called upon the Rebels to throw down their arms and be pardoned, but they replied that "they would sooner die."

They had come from the neighbourhood of Towleewa, intending to join the Nusscerabad Brigade.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) J J. MURRAY, *Major*,
Comdg. Jât Horse Yeo. Regt. and Troops at Doomureeagunge.

(True Copy)

(Signed) W. D. MORGAN, *Major*,
Major of Brigade,
Goruckpore District.

(Signed) F. ROWCROFT, *Brigadier*,
Comdg. Goruckpore District.

No. 532.

FORWARDED, in original, by desire of the Commander-in-Chief, for the information of His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

Lord Clyde begs to recommend the Subadar, Naick, and Sowar named for admission to the 3rd Class Order of Merit

H. W. NORMAN, *Major*,
Offg. Adjt. Genl. of the Army.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE;
Head Quarters, Simla,
The 2nd June 1859.

No. 850 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit the undermentioned men, to the 3rd Class of the Order of Merit, in consideration of their zealous and gallant conduct in action with the Rebels near Doomureeagunge on the 29th April 1859, as brought to notice in the Despatch published in Government General Order No. 849, of this date :—

Subadar Narain Singh, of the 2nd Police Battalion.

Sowar Kullian Singh, 4th Troop Jât Horse.

Havildar Nadair Singh, 2nd Military Police Battalion.

No. 851 *of* 1859.—Captain Rowland Rees Mainwaring, of the 6th European Regiment, is permitted to proceed to Australia, on Medical Certificate, and to be absent from Bengal on that account for eighteen months, under the old Regulations.

No. 852 *of* 1859.—The services of Assistant Surgeon A. Morgan are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 853 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General has been pleased to appoint Major W. H. R. Green, of the 19th Regiment Bombay Native Infantry, Political Agent in Khelat, to be an Honorary Aide-de-Camp on His Excellency's Personal Staff, with effect from the 8th instant.

No. 854 *of* 1859.—The following promotions are made :—

Medical Department.

Rank and Names.	To what Rank promoted.	From what date.	In whose room
Assistant Surgeon Joseph Tuthill Glover, M D. ..	Surgeon	26th April 1859 ...	Superintending Surgeon A. Davidson, M. D., retired.
Assistant Surgeon James Tyrell Carter Ross, F.R.C.S.	Surgeon	5th June 1859 ...	Surgeon C. Douglas, M. D., retired.

No. 855 *of* 1859.—Major John Talbot Shakespear, of the 24th Regiment Native Infantry, Commandant 14th Regiment Punjaub Infantry, is allowed leave of absence from the 16th July to the 30th September next, to visit Bombay, with permission to proceed thence to Europe, on furlough, on private affairs, for three years, under the old Regulations.

No. 856 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council directs that the following paragraphs of a Military letter from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, No. 148, of the 2nd March 1859, and the List therein referred to, be published for general information :—

1. In continuation of the letter dated 1st April 1857, No. 58, a List is herewith forwarded of the Officers of the Bengal Army who, pursuant to the Resolution of the 22nd November 1837, are entitled to count the time passed at the Royal Military College, Addiscombe, after they attained the age of 16 years, as so much time passed in India, in calculating their period of Service for retirement in Full Pay.

* G O No. 725 of 1837.

2. Being of opinion that the Officers named in the margin, who passed their Public Examination at Addiscombe in three terms immediately before the date of the Resolution above referred to, should not, on that account, be deprived of a benefit to which all the

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel John S. Paton, 14th Native Infantry
Captain B. M Loveday, 16th Native Infantry.

Cadets who joined the College at the same time as themselves, but did not pass out until six months afterwards, are entitled, I have resolved that they shall each be permitted to reckon the period of their residence at Addiscombe as service for retirement on Full Pay.

	Years.	Months.	Days.
Lieutenant Colonel Paton ...	0	3	9
Captain Loveday ...	1	4	6

List of Officers entitled to benefit by the Regulation of the 22nd November 1837, as to time passed at the Royal Military College at Addiscombe after attaining the age of 16 years.

Bengal Engineers.	Date of joining Military College.	Date of attaining the age of 16.	Date of passing the Public Examination.	Time entitled to reckon with the view of retirement on Full Pay.		
				Years.	Months.	Days.
Henry A. L. Carnegie ...	15th Feb. 1853.	25th April 1852.	9th Dec. 1854.	1	9	25
Edward T. Thackeray ...	Ditto ...	19th Oct. 1852.	Ditto ...	1	9	25
John G. Forbes ...	21st Ditto ...	20th Aug. 1853.	Ditto ...	1	8	20
Charles H. Luard ...	1st Aug. 1853.	7th Jan. 1853.	8th June 1855.	1	10	7
John Birney ...	Ditto ...	11th Dec. 1851.	Ditto ...	1	10	7
George Swinton ...	Ditto ...	27th Nov. 1852.	Ditto ...	1	10	7
Charles N. Judge ...	Ditto ...	30th Oct. 1851.	Ditto ...	1	10	7
George S. Hills ...	Ditto ...	16th Sept. 1851.	Ditto ...	1	10	7
John Eckford ...	1st Feb. 1854.	4th Feb. 1852.	7th Dec. 1855.	1	10	6
Ashton M. Brandreth ...	Ditto ...	7th May 1852.	Ditto ...	1	10	6
Henry W. Garnault ...	Ditto ...	13th June 1852.	Ditto ...	1	10	6
Hamilton T. Gordon ...	3rd Ditto ...	15th May 1852.	Ditto ...	1	10	4
Ralp G. Smyth ...	1st Ditto ...	18th April 1852.	Ditto ...	1	10	6
John P. Steel ...	Ditto ...	7th July 1852.	Ditto ...	1	10	6
Parry Lambert ...	Ditto ...	19th May 1852.	Ditto ...	1	10	6
John M. McNeill ...	1st Aug. 1854.	4th Mar. 1853.	13th June 1856.	1	10	12
William H. Oliver ...	Ditto ...	3rd Sept. 1853.	Ditto ...	1	10	12
Colin C. S. Moncrieff ...	Ditto ...	3rd Aug. 1852.	Ditto ...	1	10	12
William B. Holmes ...	Ditto ...	15th Sept. 1853.	Ditto ...	1	10	12
Henry F. Blair ...	Ditto ...	18th Jan. 1853	Ditto ...	1	10	12
John F. Heywood ...	Ditto ...	2nd July 1853.	Dit'o ...	1	10	12
John Herschel ...	1st Feb. 1855.	29th Oct. 1853.	12th Dec. 1856.	1	10	11
Robert C. Danbuz ...	Ditto ...	14th Mar. 1853.	Ditto ...	1	10	11
Hastings Macsween ...	Ditto ...	29th Oct. 1853.	Ditto ...	1	10	11
Isaac P. Westmorland ...	Ditto ...	12th Nov. 1854.	Ditto ...	1	10	11
Arthur C. Padday ...	Ditto ...	6th July 1854.	Ditto ...	1	10	11
Bengal Artillery.						
Richard le L. St. George ...	1st Aug. 1854.	2nd April 1853.	13th June 1856.	1	10	13
Hugh Chichester ...	Ditto ...	22nd Sept. 1852.	Ditto ...	1	10	13
Duncan S. Pemberton ...	Ditto ...	25th Feb. 1853.	Ditto ...	1	10	13
William R. Croster ...	4th Ditto ...	26th Sept. 1852.	Ditto ...	1	10	10
Edward T. Hume ...	1st Feb. 1855.	9th April 1853.	12th Dec. 1856.	1	10	12
Thaddeus Ryan ...	2nd Ditto ...	25th April 1853.	Ditto ...	1	10	11
William O'Brien ...	1st Ditto ...	25th Mar. 1854.	Ditto ...	1	10	12
Alexander Walker ...	20th Ditto ..	2nd Dec. 1854.	Ditto ...	1	9	23
Henry Girardot ...	1st Ditto ..	6th Mar. 1853.	Ditto ...	1	10	12
William J. Stewart ...	1st Aug. 1855.	22nd Dec. 1853.	12th June 1857.	1	10	11
Alfred Dixon ...	Ditto ...	17th Sept. 1854.	Ditto ...	1	10	11
Fitzherbert Coddington ...	Ditto ...	21st May 1854.	Ditto ...	1	10	11
Edward H. Dyke ...	Ditto ...	11th Nov. 1853.	Ditto ...	1	10	11
James R. Macleay ...	Ditto ...	26th Oct. 1854.	Ditto ...	1	10	11
Richard S. Robinson ...	Ditto ...	15th Aug. 1854.	Ditto ...	1	10	11
Anson Swinton ...	Ditto ...	28th Sept. 1854.	Ditto ...	1	10	11
Henry de G. Warter ...	Ditto ..	6th Dec. 1853.	Ditto ..	1	10	11
Edward H. Ryan ...	Ditto ..	18th Oct. 1853.	Ditto ...	1	10	11
Charles A. Bayley ...	1st Feb. 1856.	9th May 1856.	11th Dec. 1857.	1	7	2
Percy B. Raikes ...	Ditto ...	28th June 1855.	Ditto ...	1	10	10
Charles E. Armstrong ...	13th Feb. 1856.	18th Jan. 1855.	Ditto ...	1	9	28
Keith W. S. M. Cameron ...	1st Ditto ...	2nd Oct. 1851.	Ditto ...	1	10	10
Edward D. Elliott ...	8th Ditto ...	30th Sept. 1854.	Ditto ...	1	10	3
Charles E. Delafosse ...	1st Ditto ...	24th July 1854.	Ditto ..	1	10	10
Francis W. Ward ...	Ditto ...	6th April 1856.	Ditto ...	1	8	5
George F. Blackwood ...	Ditto ...	11th Aug. 1854.	Ditto ...	1	10	10
William C. Brown ...	Ditto ...	29th Aug. 1854.	Ditto ...	1	9	27

Bengal Artillery.	Date of joining Military College.	Date of attaining the age of 16.	Date of passing the Public Examination.	Time entitled to reckon with the view of retirement on Full Pay.		
				Years.	Months.	Days.
Charles A. M. Warde ...	14th Feb. 1856.	8th April 1855.	11th Dec. 1857.	1	9	27
George A. Russell ...	1st Ditto ...	3rd June 1855.	Ditto ...	1	10	10
Gerald F. Hamilton ...	Ditto ...	24th Dec. 1854.	Ditto ...	1	10	10
Montagu W. Ommanney ...	14th Ditto ...	27th Mar. 1856.	Ditto ...	1	8	14
Kenneth J. L. Mackenzie ...	1st Aug. 1856.	7th Sept. 1855.	11th June 1858.	1	10	10
Ross F. Lowis ...	Ditto ...	11th Aug. 1855.	Ditto ...	1	10	10
John H. Alexander ...	Ditto ...	22nd May 1855.	Ditto ...	1	10	10
John W. Taylor ...	6th Feb. 1857.	10th Mar. 1855.	10th Dec. 1858.	1	10	4
James A S. Colquhoun ...	Ditto ...	30th Nov. 1855.	Ditto ...	1	10	4
Walter E. Forbes ...	3rd Feb. 1857.	23rd May 1856.	Ditto ...	1	10	7
John F. Meiklejohn ...	Ditto ...	5th Dec. 1855.	Ditto ...	1	10	7
Bengal Infantry.						
Frederick Lance ...	1st Aug. 1854.	3rd Mar. 1853.	13th June 1856.	1	10	13
William E. M. B. Ramsay* ...	Ditto ...	24th Sept. 1852.	Ditto ...	1	6	18
George G. Young ...	4th Ditto ...	5th Jan. 1853	Ditto ...	1	10	10
Clement J. Griffiths ...	1st Ditto ...	10th Aug. 1854.	Ditto ...	1	10	4
Edward C. Garstin ...	1st Aug. 1854.	30th May 1853.	13th June 1856.	1	10	13
Stanley S. Sutherland ...	Ditto ...	25th Feb. 1853.	Ditto ...	1	10	13
William E. D. Broughton ...	Ditto ...	3rd Nov. 1853.	Ditto ...	1	10	13
Arthur D. Butler ...	1st Feb. 1855.	30th Nov. 1854.	12th Dec. 1856.	1	10	12
Alexander Shaw ...	Ditto ...	23rd Sept. 1853.	Ditto ...	1	10	12
Thomas H. Lewin ...	1st Aug. 1855.	1st April 1855.	12th June 1857.	1	10	11
Robert J. Abbott† ...	Ditto ...	2nd Jan. 1854.	Ditto ...	1	10	11
George M. Hand ...	13th Ditto ...	10th Sept. 1854.	Ditto ...	1	9	30
Robert Brown ...	15th Ditto ...	23rd Mar. 1855.	Ditto ...	1	9	28
Harry P. Evans ...	1st Aug. 1855.	7th July 1855.	Ditto ...	1	10	11
Edward Packe ...	1st Feb. 1856.	21st April 1855.	11th Dec. 1857.	1	10	10
Edward B. Cox ...	Ditto ...	26th Mar. 1855.	Ditto ...	1	10	10
George P. B. Alcock ...	Ditto ...	8th May 1854.	Ditto ...	1	10	10
Philip Story ...	8th Feb. 1856.	17th Jan. 1856.	Ditto ...	1	10	3
Montagu C. Smith ...	1st Aug. 1856.	25th April 1855.	4th June 1858.	1	10	10
John K. McCausland ...	Ditto ...	20th April 1856.	Ditto ...	1	10	10
Francis W. Collis ...	6th Feb. 1857.	8th July 1855.	10th Dec. 1858.	1	10	4

* Absent—Sick.

† Resigned for a direct Artillery Appointment, now Lieutenant Bengal Artillery.

(Signed) W. E. Baker, *Colonel,*
Military Secretary.

London, India Office,
The 20th April 1859.

No. 857 *of* 1859.—The date of the return to duty of Assistant Surgeon Philip Warren Sutherland was the 29th April 1859, and not the 29th May 1859, as announced in Government General Order No. 802, of the 2nd instant.

No. 858 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate:—

Lieutenant Clifford Henry Mecham, of the 27th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, Commandant 3rd Regiment Hodson's Horse ... } For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 859 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on Furlough, on private affairs:—

Lieutenant Augustus Arthur Currie, of the 45th Regiment Native Infantry ... } For three years, under the old Regulations.

No. 860 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments in the Medical Department:—

Surgeon John Campbell Brown, C. B., to officiate as Superintending Surgeon, during the period Senior Surgeon G. G. Brown, M. D., may officiate as Inspector-General of Hospitals in the Lower Provinces, but he is to continue until further orders in his present Office of Officiating Superintending Surgeon, Lucknow Field Force.

Surgeon John Balfour, Civil Surgeon of Delhi, to officiate as Superintending Surgeon, during the absence, on sick leave to Europe, of Superintending Surgeon J. Greig, or until further orders.

Surgeon Francis Anderson, M. D., of the 4th European Light Cavalry, to officiate as Superintending Surgeon, during the period Surgeon J. C. Brown may be employed with the Lucknow Field Force.

No. 861 *of* 1859.—Assistant Surgeon Nathaniel David Scott Wallich, of the Medical Department, attached to the 4th Punjaub Cavalry, is allowed leave of absence from the 21st May to the 23rd June 1859, to visit Bombay, with permission to proceed thence to Europe, on Furlough, on private affairs, for twenty months, under the new Regulations.

No. 862 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Unattached Ensign W. Bird, doing duty with the 1st Company 5th Battalion Artillery, to be 1st Class Barrack Master of Fort William. Ensign Bird is to proceed by Dâk at the Public expense to join his appointment.

R. J. H. Birch, *Major-General,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Public Works Department.

General.—Establishments.

No. 160.

Fort William, the 10*th June* 1859.

Appointments.—Mr. G. Pemberton is appointed a Probationary Assistant Overseer in the Department of Public Works, and posted to the North-Western Provinces.

No. 161.

Ensign A. Monies, late Adjutant of the Delhi Pioneers, Sub-Engineer 3rd Class, 7th Division Grand Trunk Road, is appointed a Probationary Assistant Engineer and posted to Attock in the Peshawur Division.

No. 162.

Transfers and Postings.—The following transfers and postings in the Department Public Works, sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjaub, are confirmed :—

Captain O'Brien, 20th Foot, Officiating Executive Engineer Goozrat Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road, to officiate as Executive Engineer, Sealkote Division.

Captain F. Davies, Executive Engineer, Hazara Division, to be Executive Engineer, Goozrat Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road.

Mr. Willson, 1st Class Assistant Engineer, Peshawur Division at Attock, to officiate as Executive Engineer, Hazara Division.

No. 163.

Appointment.—Supervisor and Sub-Conductor D. McLeod is transferred from the 6th Division Public Works to the 3rd Division Grand Trunk Road, and appoined to officiate as Assistant to the Executive Engineer.

No. 164.

Notifications.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel J. Laughton, Bengal Engineers, are re-placed at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the date on which he was relieved of the duties of Superintending Engineer, 2nd Circle, Punjab.

No. 165.

The 11*th June* 1859.

Overseer Serjeant J. Brennan, late of the Mhow Division, is dismissed from the Public Works Department, and will return to Military duty.

No. 166.

The 14*th June* 1859.

Appointment.—Major W. H. Greathed, Deputy Consulting Engineer to the Government of India, in the Railway Department, to be Consulting Engineer to the Government, North-Western Provinces, in the same Department, with effect from the 25th ultimo.

No. 167.

Notification.—The privilege leave granted to Major Strachey, Consulting Engineer to the Government of India, in Notification No. 81, of the 5th April last, was not taken advantage of till the 9th April.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to grant extension of this privilege leave till 9th June.

Leave is also granted to Major Strachey, on Medical Certificate, till the 31st December 1859, to visit the Neilgherry Hills. Whether this shall be in extension or in cancelment of the above privilege leave, will be notified hereafter.

During Major Strachey's absence, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following arrangements in the Railway Department :—

The appointment of Consulting Engineer to the Government of India will be held in abeyance.

Major W. H. Greathed, Consulting Engineer to the Government, North-Western Provinces, will also officiate as Consulting Engineer to the Punjab Government; Major Medley, continuing to act in the Department at Lahore, with the designation of Deputy Consulting Engineer to the Punjab Government.

Captain C. J. Hodgson to officiate as Consulting Engineer to the Government of Bengal. Captain Hodgson will also retain charge of the Office of the Consulting Engineer to the Government of India.

H. Yule, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 3728.

Appointments.—*The* 6*th June* 1859.—Mr. W. J. Allen to be a Member of the Board of Examiners.

Baboo Protab Narain Sing to be a Member of the Charitable Hospital at Baraset.

The 7*th June* 1859.—Mr. W. H. Hayes, Civil Assistant Surgeon and Assistant to the Commissioner of Chota Nagpore at Chyebassa, is vested with the full powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases, and with the powers of a Sudder Ameen for the decision of Civil suits in Singbhoom.

The 8th June 1859.—Native Doctor Ram Jan Khan to the charge of the Pilgrim Hospital at Pooree.

Baboo Nursing Churn Roy and Moulavy Mohummud Khan to be Members of the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Pooree.

The 9th June 1859.—Mr. A. Grote to officiate as a Member of the Board of Revenue.

Mr. H. M. Reid to officiate as Commissioner of Revenue and Circuit of the Nuddea Division.

Mr. C. P. Hobhouse to officiate as Civil and Sessions Judge of Burdwan.

Mr. J. P. H. Ward to officiate as Collector of Burdwan.

Mr. H. W. J. Bamber to be an Additional Superintendent of Salt Chowkies, and to exercise the powers described in Section XXV. Act XXIX. of 1838.

The 11th June 1859.—Messrs. T. Slade and C. Baldwin to be Members of the Ferry Fund Committee of Chumparun.

Leave of Absence.—*The 9th June* 1859.—Syud Sukhawut Hossein, Additional Principal Sudder Ameen of Chittagong, for one month under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 21st of April last.

The 11th June 1859.—Kowar Harendra Krishna, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Cutwa, for fifteen days under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, making over charge of the Thannahs of the Sub-Division to the Magistrates of Nuddea, Burdwan, and Beerbhoom, respectively.

A. R. Young,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces.

Public Works Department.

Leave.—Mr. Overseer S. Baness, of the 2nd Division Baree Doab Canal, has obtained one month's indulgence leave from the date he may avail himself of the same.

Assistant Overseer Serjeant J. Robson, of the Baree Doab Canal, has obtained one month's indulgence leave from the date he may avail himself of the same.

General Department,

No. 1274, *dated* 30*th May* 1859.

Captain H. Dwyer, Officiating Deputy Commissioner of Jhujjur, has obtained two months' indulgence leave from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

No. 1275.

Appointments.—Wuzeer Ali, Tehseeldar of Lahore, to officiate as Extra Assistant Commissioner Sealkote, during the absence on leave of Extra Assistant Kaim Allee.

No. 1277.

Hursookh Rai, Tehseeldar of Sealkote, has been appointed Extra Assistant Commissioner, and posted to Shahpoor.

Lieutenant G. G. Young, Assistant Commissioner Rawul Pindee, has been appointed Secretary to the Local Funds Committee at that Station.

No. 1294, *dated* 31*st May* 1859.

Mr. A. A. Roberts, Commissioner of Jhelum, to officiate as Financial Commissioner in the Punjab, from the date of departure on Furlough of Mr. D. F. McLeod.

No. 1296.

Mr. C. B. Saunders, Commissioner of Delhie, to officiate as Commissioner of Jhelum Division, *vice* Mr. A. A. Roberts.

No. 1297.

Mr. E. L. Brandreth, Commissioner of Hissar, to officiate as Commissioner of the Delhie Division, *vice* Mr. C. B. Saunders.

No. 1299.

Mr. P. S. Melvill, Deputy Commissioner Umballa, on special duty at Kurnaul, is appointed to officiate as Commissioner of the Hissar Division, *vice* Mr. E. L. Brandreth.

No. 1303.

Notification.—The Head Quarters of the Jhelum Commissionership have, with the sanction of Government, been permanently transferred from Jhelum to Rawul Pindee.

No. 1288.

Transfers.—Mr. F. R. Scarlett, Extra Assistant Commissioner Googaira, (at present on leave) is transferred to Umritsur.

Erratum.—The Order published in *Punjab Gazette* of the 21st May, *transferring* Captain A. L. Busk, Deputy Commissioner of Thaneysur, to Umballa, is cancelled, and in *lieu* Captain Busk is appointed to officiate as Deputy Commissioner Umballa, during the absence of Mr. P. S. Melvill, deputed to Kurnaul, on special duty.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces and its Dependencies.

R. H. Davies,
Secy. to Govt., Punjab and its Dependencies.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Seventh Sale of Opium, the provision of 1857-58, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Thursday, the 14th of July 1859, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 2,260 Chests, *viz.*:—

Behar Opium	1,915
Benares Ditto	345
Total Chests ...	2,260

2. The general conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 1st December 1858, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 19th and 29th July 1859, respectively, that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, Company's Paper or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the Sale, will be received after 4 P. M., of Tuesday, the 19th July 1859, and no Treasury Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M., of Friday, the 29th July 1859.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium of 1857-58 will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board however reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Wednesday, 10th August 1859 -	1915	345	2,260
Do. Friday, 9th September " -	1915	345	2,260
Do. Friday, 14th October " -	1915	345	2,260
Do. Monday, 7th November " -	1915	345	2,260
Do. Monday, 5th December " -	1934	379	2,313
	9,594	1,759	11,353

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 1st June 1859.

No. 211.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned dates have been fixed by the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, as the latest dates on which payment of Arrears of Revenue will be received in the Provinces of Cuttack, *viz.*:—

28th April for the 8 Punnee Kist.

5th November for the 16 Punnee Kist.

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

E. T. TREVOR,
Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 18th June 1859.

No. 32.

Notification.

THE undersigned has the honor to notify to Civil and Military Officers in charge of Treasuries, that as he is in no way concerned in recovering Advances which may be at the personal debit of Officers, applications for the adjustment of such Advances should be made to the Accountant-General to the Government of India, Military Department, or to the proper Pay-master.

E. G. J. CHAMPNEYS, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Military Auditor General.

FORT WILLIAM;
Mily. Audr. Genl.'s Office,
The 13th May 1859.

Notification.

Fort William, Civil Auditor's Office, the 20th April 1859.

To the Officers of the Political, Judicial, Revenue, Customs, Salt, Opium, and other branches of Service.

The Civil Auditor has the honor to request that Disbursing Officers, in charge of Civil Establishments, will be good enough to submit, as soon after 1st of May next as may be practicable, separate from their April Pay Abstracts, the Annual Detailed Statements of the respective Establishments as per Forms Nos. 1, 2, and 3, furnished for their guidance in 1848, annexing a note to each of the above Statements showing the items of expenditure which, though sanctioned, have not been actually incurred with reference to Financial Resolution of 29th October 1857, No. 4751. Pending the receipt of these documents, the audit of their April Abstracts will, under Financial Resolution of 7th September 1842, be withheld.

The usual Annual Returns of Uncovenanted Servants up to May 1859, as well as separate Statements showing the periods of leave granted to Uncovenanted Assistants, are also requested to be furnished in Forms Nos. 4 and 5, with the above Annual Detailed Statements.

W. P. PALMER,
Civil Auditor.

Notice.

UNDER Act XX. of 1856, I hereby given notice that the Assessment Registers of Pykeparra, Oltadanga, Bhobanepore, Kidderpore, and Garden Reach, being Grand Divisions I, II, VI and VIII, of the Suburbs of Calcutta, having been duly prepared for the year 1859, the prescribed Notifications under Section XVIII of the Act have on this date been affixed at conspicuous places in the Divisions and also at the Police Thannahs at Chitpore, Intally, Kallighaut, and Kidderpore; all persons dissatisfied with the said Assessment or who may dispute their occupation of property or liability to be assessed are hereby warned that they

may appeal to the Magistrate, on unstamped paper, but that under Section XX. of the Act, no such appeal can be received after the expiration of one month from this date.

Appellants should send with their appeal the tax bills for the last Quarter paid by them.

The names of the Members of the Punchyets appointed under Section X of the Act were:—

Grand Division I.

Khetter Mohun Banerjee	...	President.
Prossono Bundopadhoya	...	Member.
Chunder Madhub Ghosal	...	Ditto.
Ram Comul Banerjee	..	Ditto.
Joy Chunder Chatterjee (Darogah)	.	Ditto.

Grand Division II.

Govind Chunder Dutt	...	President.
Govind Chunder Sen	...	Member.
Bholanath Mitter	...	Ditto.
Sreenarain Bose	...	Ditto.
Bissonath Ghose (Darogah)	...	Ditto.

Grand Division VI.

Reverend S. J. Hill	...	President.
A. H. Joyce, Esquire	...	Member.
Debnarain Banerjee	...	Ditto.
Mohes Chunder Mookerjee	...	Ditto.
Chunder Madhub Mookerjee (Darogah)	..	Ditto.

Grand Division VIII.

C. B. Stewart, Esquire	...	President.
Dinnonath Banerjee	...	Member.
Gones Chunder Banerjee	...	Ditto.
Modoo Soodun Mokerjee	...	Ditto.
Ramnarain Banerjee (Darogah)	...	Ditto.

N. B.—Parties willing to make half yearly or annual advances will on payment of the amount receive the usual bills from the Darogahs of their Divisions.

W. Heysham,
Deputy Magistrate.

Subn. Tax Office;
Allipore,
The 11th May 1859.

Notification.

The Civil Auditor, North-Western Provinces, has the honor to repeat his annual call to all Disbursing Officers in charge of Civil Establishments in the North-Western Provinces, for the submission (as soon after the 1st May next, as practicable, with the April Abstract) of their regular Annual Detailed Statement, containing the names and full particulars of the whole of the Establishment; and to observe that, with reference to the orders of Government, dated 15th October 1842, published in the *Agra Government Gazette*, of the 15th November 1842, the audit of their Abstracts for April next will be withheld until the receipt of the required Returns.

2. To facilitate check, it is particularly requested that the Abstract for April be sub-divided into distinct headings, so that each description of Office with its total shall correspond with the details given in the Statement of Establishment or the 1st May, agreeably to the Form furnished.,

3. It is also requested that the *three separate* Lists prescribed for all Uncovenanted Civil Servants (Europeans and East Indians) and Natives (in the last the names of *only those* holding appointments of *trust* and *responsibility* should be inserted,) employed on their Establishments, be furnished for 1st May 1859, without delay.

H. Loch,
Offg. Civil Auditor.

Civil Auditor's Office;
N. W. P., Allahabad,
The 31st March 1859.

Notice.

To be peremptorily sold, pursuant to an order of the Supreme Court of Judicature, at Fort William in Bengal, bearing date the Eighteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, made in a certain Cause, wherein Greenderchunder Ghose and Nubborungeney Dossee, Executor and Executrix of Anundnarain Ghose are Plaintiffs, and John Cochrane and Woomesh Chunder Dutt are Defendants, with the approbation of John Cochrane, Esquire, the Master of the said Court, at his Office in the Court-House, on Saturday, the 18th day of June instant.

Two undivided fifth parts or shares of and in all that upper-roomed brick-built messuage, tenement or dwelling-house, situate, lying and being in Sootanooty, Nimtollah Street, Hautkollah, in the Town of Calcutta, aforesaid, together with the piece or parcel of land or ground thereunto belonging, and on part whereof the same is erected and built, containing by estimation five biggahs, be the same a little more or less, and butted and bounded as follows: that is to say, on the East by the house and premises of the late Ramjohn Ostaghur; on the West partly by the land called Suddanund Goldarwallah ground, and partly by the dwelling-house of the Mozoomdar family; on the North by the house and land which belonged to the late Rashbeharry Dutt; and on the South by a Private Lane.

Also one undivided fifth part or share of and in a piece or parcel of tenanted land or ground, containing by estimation eighteen cottahs, be the same a little more or less, situate, lying and being in Sootanooty, in Hautkollah, aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows,: that is to say, on the East by the Company's Public Road; on the North by a Public Lane; and on the South by the tenanted land of Colly Churn Dutt.

Further particulars may be had at the Master's Office, Supreme Court, or of Messrs. Judge, Judge and Watkins, Solicitors for the Plaintiffs.

John Cochrane,
Master.

Judge, Judge & Watkins,
Complainants' Solicitors.

Calcutta Supreme Court;
Master's Office,
The 4th June 1859.

Notice.

TO BE PEREMPTORILY SOLD, pursuant to a Decree of the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, made in a certain cause wherein Robert Molloy, Alexander Brodie Mackintosh and Henry Harington Poe, Executors of William Harington Poe, deceased, are Plaintiffs, and Hurchunder Laheree is Defendant, bearing date the 27th day of October 1857, with the approbation of John Cochrane, Esquire, the Master of the said Supreme Court, at his Office in the Court-House in the Town of Calcutta, on Tuesday, the 21st day of June next, the following property, that is to say :—

Lot No. 1.—A piece or parcel of land or ground, containing by estimation twenty-five biggahs and one and a half cottahs, situate in Ramkistnopore, in Pergunnah Boroo, in the Zillah of the twenty-four Pergunnahs and Province of Bengal, and butted and bounded as follows : that is to say, on the North by the rented land of Mr. Robinson, on the West by the Garden of Sreenauth Mullick, on the East by the River Hooghly, and on the South by an Embankment.

Lot No. 2.—A piece or parcel of land or ground, containing forty biggahs, more or less, situate, lying and being at Sulkea, in Pergunnah Balleah, in the Zillah of the twenty-four Pergunnahs aforesaid, and commonly called "Gollabattee," and butted and bounded as follows : that is to say, on the North by the East India Company's Salt Golah, on the South by a high-way, on the East by the River Hooghly, and on the West by a high-way, and in respect of which said piece or parcel of land or ground a yearly rent of Company's Rupees one hundred and ninety-four, two annas and one pie is payable to the Zemindar or Landlord thereof.

Lot No. 3.—A piece of ground standing in the name of the said Hurchunder Laheree, held by pottah No. 1076, containing by estimation one biggah and three cottahs, situate at a place called Braminparrah, in the Town of Serampore, and in the Zillah of Hooghly.

Lot No. 4.—A brick-built house, together with the piece of Lackraj or rent-free land thereto belonging, and on part whereof the same is erected, under a pottah No. 1145, in the Serampore Collectorate Register, containing by estimation one biggah and nine cottahs, more or less, situate at Serampore aforesaid, and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North and West by the land of the said Hurchunder Laheree, on the South and East by a lane.

Lot No. 5.—Another piece or parcel of land held under a pottah No. 1077, in the Serampore Collectorate Register, comprising two biggahs and ten cottahs, more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North by a high-way, on the South by the land of Shaikh Nokree Tailor, on the East by the land of Moorjin Mistry, and on the West by a foot-path, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupees seven, eleven annas and eight pies is payable to Government, the Landlord thereof.

Lot No. 6.—Another piece or parcel of land held under a pottah No. 1161, in the Serampore Collectorate Register, comprising fifteen cottahs, more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North by the land of Nilloo Dharra, on the South by the land of Goluck Pyne, on the East by the land of Potey Mistry, and on the West by a high-way and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupees one, nine annas and six pie, is payable to the Landlord thereof.

Lot No. 7.—Another piece or parcel of land held under a pottah No. 1402, in the said Collectorate Register, comprising seven cottahs and five chittacks, situate, lying and being at Serampore aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North by the River Hooghly, on the South by a high-way, on the East by the land of Gourmohun Gossain, and on the West by the Debutter land of Sree Sree Radamadhub Takoor, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupees two, eleven annas and nine pies is payable to the Landlord thereof.

Lot No. 8.—Another piece or parcel of land held under a pottah No. 1411, (upon which stands a lower-roomed Godown,) in the said Register, comprising two cottahs, more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore aforesaid and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North by a high-way, on the South by the land of Petumber Chunder, on the East by the land of Bunsey Chunder, and on the West by a lane, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of twelve annas and nine pies is payable to Government, the Landlord thereof.

Lot No. 9.—Another piece or parcel of land held under a Pottah No. 1419 in the said Collectorate Register, comprising five cottahs, more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore aforesaid, and butted and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North and South by the land of the late Ruggoram Gossain, and on the East and West by the land of the said Hurchunder Laheree, and in respect whereof a yearly rent of Company's Rupees one is payable to Government.

Lot No. 10.—Another piece or parcel of Lakraj or rent-free land held under a pottah No. 1146 in the said Collectorate Register, comprising three biggahs, thirteen cottahs and seven chittacks, more or less, situate, lying and being at Serampore aforesaid, and situate and being in front of the brick-built building in the said Hurchunder Laheree's Garden.

Lot No. 11.—A brick-built Ghaut situate in the Village of Chattra, on the banks of the River Hooghly, called Hurro Baboo's Ghaut, and being in front of the said family dwelling-house in Braminparrah in Serampore aforesaid, situate on the opposite side of the road.

Lot No. 12.—Another piece or parcel of garden ground, comprising on the whole about thirty biggahs or thereabouts, including three Tanks therein also, with the lower-roomed dwelling-house or Bytuckhannah, standing on part thereof, and which said garden ground constitutes at present one compound, and belongs as to part thereof to Serampore, and as to another part thereof to Rujjedhurpore, and also as to the remainder thereof is Lakraj land.

Lot No. 13.—Another piece of land comprising in the whole two biggahs and four cottahs or thereabouts held in perpetual tenure by the said Hurchunder Laheree from Gopeekisto Gossain, the Zemindar of Chittrah, ten annas and fifteen gundahs' share at an annual rent for the whole of Company's Rupees sixteen, thirteen annas and seventeen gundahs, and which said land is now

occupied by the following tenants under the said Hurchunder Laheree, namely Sonatun Chofer, two cottahs and eight chittacks Mohun Mallah, five cottahs Bungshee Dome, one cottah and eight chittacks, Rowul Ghurramee, two cottahs Modhoosoodun Malla, and Banessur Malla, four cottahs, Juggobundoo Malla, one cottah, Bhoota's Mother, one cottah, Hurro Malance, one cottah, Ramdhone Malla, three cottahs, Rokeenee Malla and Poresh Bewah, one cottah and eight chittacks, Roopchund Choonoree, one cottah, and eight chittacks, Bhuguram Modock, three cottahs, Hurro Chatterjee, three cottahs, Potee Bewah, one cottah, Chanroo Dome, three cottahs, Kallee Chootar, two cottahs, Janokee Panjaree, two cottahs Hullodhur Dome, one cottah and eight chittacks, Ramchand Malla and Nubbye Malla, three cottahs (total 2 biggahs and four cottahs.)

Lot No. 14.—Another piece of land, situate in Chittrah Gourunghatty, comprising in the whole two biggahs and eight cottahs, more or less, held by the said Hurchunder Laheree in perpetual tenure from Ramtarun Chowdry and several others, the Zemindars of Chittrah, nine annas' share, subject to the annual rent of Company's Rupees eleven, three annas and four gundahs, and which said land as to ten cottahs thereof, are known as stable Barry, and have an upper-roomed house erected on part thereof, and which said land as to the remaining one biggah and eighteen cottahs is occupied by the following tenants holding from the said Hurchunder Laheree, namely, Juggoo Koloo, Bachoo Chokedar and Kyroo straw-seller.

Lot No. 15.—Another piece of land comprising ten cottahs, situate in the Chittrah aforesaid, held by the said Hurchunder Laheree, in perpetual tenure from Ramnarain Mookerjee, as Zemindar thereof, at the annual rent of one Rupee six annas and six pies, and which land as to seven cottahs is at present in the possession of Hurchunder Laheree, as to one cottah in the occupation of Bungsee Koyboto, and as the remaining two cottahs in the possession of Jadoo Poramanick as his tenants.

Lot No. 16.—An upper-roomed brick-built family dwelling-house situate at Braminparrah, in the Town of Serampore, in the Zillah of Hooghly, and the piece or parcel of land on part whereof the same is erected and built, containing in the whole by measurement as appears by the pottahs thereof, (one pottah being for nine cottahs and six chittacks of land and the other pottah for two biggahs, two cottahs; thirteen chittaks and five feet) two biggahs twelve cottahs three chittacks and five feet, and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North by the public Road on the East by the land and premises of Kistomohun Bonnerjee and other land belonging to the said Hurchunder Laheree, and on the South and West by the land and premises of the late Roghooram Gossain, and paying in respect of the said parcel of land an aggregate annual revenue to Government Company's Rupees ten, twelve annas and eleven pie.

Particulars and conditions of sale may be had at the Master's Office, Supreme Court, or of Mr. William Dallas, No. 5, Hastings Street.

JOHN COCHRANE,
Master.

WILLIAM DALLAS, *Attorney.*
CALCUTTA SUPREME COURT;
Master's Office,
The 19th May 1859.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

WITH reference to Government Notification No. 5, Fort William, Financial Department, 26th January 1855, notifying the intention of Government to dissolve its connexion with the Government Agency—

The Oriental Bank Corporation undertake the safe custody of Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal, and other local Stocks, free of all charge.

Will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, and remit at the current rates of exchange, or pay the same according to instructions, if to be remitted through the Corporation, Without charge

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... 1-4th per Cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the purchase of Government or other Securities, .. 1-4th per Cent.

On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Corporation, ... Without charge.

WM. ANDERSON,
Agent.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION;
Calcutta, 29th January 1855.

Notice.

A SPECIAL General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Calcutta Docking Company will be held on Thursday, the 26th instant, at 10 o'Clock, to determine the mode of dealing with the proceeds of land sold.

By Order of the Directors,

J. H. MORGAN,
Superintendent.

14*th June* 1859.

The Bengal Coal Company "Limited"

REGISTERED UNDER ACT No. XIX OF 1857.

THE half-yearly General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Office of the Secretaries No. 6, Church Lane, on Thursday, the 16th June instant, at 11 o'Clock A. M.

By order of the Directors,

GORDON, STUART & Co.,
Secretaries.

CALCUTTA,
The 1st June 1859.

Notice.

THE Interest of MR. GEORGE GILBERT in our Concern ceased on the 30th April 1858.

JESSOP & Co.

Required.

A TRANSLATOR thoroughly conversant with English and Oordoo. His duties will be to translate and to superintend the Persian Office, salary Rupees 100 per mensem. Apply to Deputy Commissioner, Gondah, in Oude.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE Government Promissory Note, No. 986 of 25445, of the 4 per Cent Loan of 1854-55, dated the 30th June 1854, for Company's Rupees 4000, originally standing in the name of Kajem Begum, and last endorsed by Mahadeo, Treasurer, the Proprietor, to the Pay Master, Oude Field Force. Payment of the above Note, and of Interest thereupon, has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government, for the issue of a Duplicate Note, in favor of the Proprietor.

MAHADEO,
Treasurer, Pay Office, Lucknow.

27th May 1859.

Notice.

PLUNDERED OR DESTROYED during the Mutiny at Bareilly, in May 1857, the following 4 per Cent Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of the Secretary of the Bareilly Dispensary Committee:—

No.	10298	31st March	1836	Rs. 2,000
„	9799	1st May	1832	„ 4,000
„	11364	1st Nov.	1832	„ 3,800
„	4104	31st March	1836	„ 1,000
„	39237	30th June	1854	„ 1,200
„	7197	1st Feb.	1843	„ 1,000

Payment of the Notes and Interest due on them has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application will be made for the issue of duplicates in favor of the original Holders.

H. R. WILSON,
Deputy Collector.

BAREILLY COLLECTORATE,
The 2nd June 1859.

Notice.

"THE lower-half of a Government Promissory Note, No. 28381, of the 5 per Cent Loan of 1841-42, for Rupees 1,200, originally standing in the name of G. Beechy, Esquire, has been erroneously attached to the upper-half of some other Government Promissory Note for a similar amount, and originally standing in the same name. Payment of any Note having the half Note in question joined to it, has been stopped at the Treasury. Any person having the missing half of the above-mentioned Note, is requested to communicate with the undersigned."

CAREY AND BERNERS,
Solicitors.

7, *Hastings' Street.*

Lost or Destroyed.

THE Government Promissory Notes, Nos. 7559 and 7565 of 1842-43, of the four per Cent Loan of 1842-43, dated the 1st July 1843, for Company's Rupees 5000 each, originally standing in the name of the Agents to the Ferry Fund Committee at Shahabad, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of a Duplicate Note in favor of the Proprietor.

W. J. HERSCHEL,
Secy. to the Ferry Fund Committee.

SHAHABAD MAGISTRACY;
Arrah,
The 8th June 1859.

Lost or Stolen.

SECOND halves of Bank of Bengal Notes, No. 19532C Rupees 50; No. 03539A Rupees 10, and first half No. 10249 Rupees 10. Payment has been stopped at the Bank.

Lost.

FIRST-halves of four Bank of Bengal Notes, Nos. 10375, 22672, 22839, 25210 for 1,000 Rupees each, the payment of which has been stopped at the Bank.

Lost.

THE second-half of a Bank of Bengal Note, for Rupees 25, No. 33759. Whoever will bring the same to the Printer will be rewarded.

Notice

THE Public are hereby cautioned not to purchase or mortgage the under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, *viz.*:—

Nos. 182, 183 and 22953, of the 4 per Cent Loan of 1854-55, of 500 Rupees each, in favor of Mrs. E. M. Bellamy.

13*th June* 1859.

Notice issued by the Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 1150.

THE portion of the Calcutta Bhangy despatch of the 27th ultimo, which contained the Parcels mentioned in the annexed List, having been plundered by highway robbers whilst in transit at night on the Grand Trunk Road near Doomree, the senders are requested to furnish this Office with Lists showing the nature and value of the contents of the respective Parcels despatched by them :—

LIST of Banghy Parcels plundered at Gangree on the night of the 28th May 1859

Date of Receipt.	Address.	Station.	Weight in Tollahs.	REMARKS.
May 26	W. Muir, Esquire . .	Allahabad ...	53	Registered.
„ „	Narain Dass ...	Benares . .	165	Ditto.
	F. B. Gubbins ...	do ..	85	Ditto.
	Captain Low ...	do ...	30	
	Chooney Loll ...	do ...	45	Ditto.
	Issurdass Moodrah . .	do ...	5	
	A. R. Pollock, Esquire ...	Ditto ...	32	
	Mrs. E. Martin ...	Ditto ...	20	
	Sergeant W. Ramsden ...	Goruckpore ...	45	
	J. R. Williams ...	Jubbulpore ...	25	
	Lieutenant R. Atkins ...	Fyzabad ...	15	
	Captain J. Campbell ...	Ellichpore ...	13	
	Mrs. G. Bushly ..	Bolundshuhur ...	110	
25	Lieutenant Fenneran ...	Cawnpore ...	245	
	Lieutenant C. G. Robinson ...	Baraitch ...	65	
	Sadasook Chingmull ...	Lucknow ...	80	
	A. P. Webb ...	Saugor ...	20	
	A. B. Care of Post Master ...	Cawnpore ...	50	
	Officer Commander R. B. ...	Lucknow ...	110	
	Lieutenant W. G. Grant ...	Seetapore, Oude ...	470	
26	Sumboo Gungaram ...	Ghazeepore ...	500	
	Captain A. R. Moffat ...	Umballa ...	110	
	Mrs. Macrae .	Banda ...	320	
	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	185	
	T. Gordon ...	Naineetall ...	25	
	Major General Windham	Punjab ...	30	
	Officer Commanding 5th Regiment European Cavalry ...	Campbellpore, Punjab ...	370	
	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	330	
21	Brigadier P. Gordon ..	Dinapore ...	160	
	Lieutenant F. Allen ..	Ditto ...	280	
26	Lallgumull Gocoolchand ...	Delhie ...	430	

CALCUTTA,
The 6th June 1859.

Notices issued by the Officiating Deputy Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 619.

The 4th June 1859.—The Overland Mail per Steamer *Nemesis*, will be closed on Friday, the 17th instant, at 6 P. M.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius and Australia, can be sent by this opportunity.

	Weight.	*Vid* Marseilles.	*Vid* Southampton.
Postage.	Under ½ ounce	Rs. 0 6 0	Rs. 0 2 0
	„ ½ „ „	0 8 0	„ 0 4 0
	„ ¾ „ „	0 14 0	„ 0 6 0
	„ 1 „ „	1 0 0	„ 0 8 0
	„ 2 „ „	2 0 0	„ 1 0 0

No. 734.

The 13th June 1859.—NOTICE is hereby given, that an After-Packet for the P. and O. Company's Steamer *Nemesis* will be made up at this Office on Saturday, the 18th instant, at 1 P. M.

N. B.—The Public are particularly requested to observe that, in addition to Steam Postage, the Inland Postage to Kedgeree must be prepaid.

No. 770.

The 14th June 1859.—NOTICE is hereby given, that in consequence of the departure of the Steamer *Queen Victoria* having been postponed, the Mail for Mauritius will be closed at this Office on Friday, the 17th instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 771.

The 14th June 1859.—NOTICE is hereby given, that the Mails for Akyab, Rangoon and Moulmein, for transmission per Steamer *Burmah*, will be closed at this Office on Saturday, the 18th instant, at 6 P. M.

PACKETS for the reception of Letters by the following Ships are open at this Office:—

NAMES OF VESSELS.	Agents.	Intended Departure.	For what Port.	Touching at	Remarks.
Steamer *Nemesis* ...	P. and O. S. N. Co. ..	18th June 1859	Suez ...	Madras, Ceylon and Aden.	
Ship *Tricolor* ...	Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co. ...	15th Ditto ...	Melbourne .		
„ *Granger* ...	Samuel Smith & Sons ..	12th Ditto ..	Cape of Good Hope.		

The 10th June 1859.

It is hereby notified that, unless marked for particular Ships, all letters received at the General Post Office, between Monday, the 6th June 1859, *and Sunday, the 12th June* 1859, *both dates inclusive, were despatched by the under-mentioned Vessels which sailed from Calcutta on dates specified :—*

Letters received on dates from and to	By what Ship despatched.	Bound to	REMARKS.
6th to 10th June 1859 ..	Steamer *Baltic* ...	Akyab, Rangoon and Moulmein ...	Left Town on the 11th June 1859.
6th and 7th „ „ ...	Ship *Prince Frederick William* ...	Cape of Good Hope	Ditto on the 8th „ „
6th to 9th „ „ ...	Ship *Helios* ...	Sydney ..	Ditto on the 10th „ „
8th and 9th „ „ ...	„ *Norma* ...	Cape of Good Hope	Ditto Ditto „ „
6th to 9th „ „ ...	„ *Zemindar* ...	Mauritius ..	Ditto Ditto „ „

The 14th June 1859.

Printed and Published for the Government by THOMAS JONES, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 15, 1859.

Statement of Prices Current in the under-mentioned Districts,

ARTICLES.	Patna.				Behar.						Sarun.			
	Patna.		Dinapore.		Gya.		Behar, 40 miles from Sudder Station.		Sherghotty, 20 miles from Sudder Station.		Chuprah Sudder Bazar.		Bhaugulpore.	
	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.
Attah ... .. per Rupee	16	0	14	8	14	0	15	8	13	8	15	0	20	0
Barley, (Jow) „ „ -	28	0	26	13	25	0	24	0	22	0	27	8	30	0
Bhoosa, White „ „ -	120	0	90	0	40	0	160	0	100	0	100	0	200	0
„ Missa „ „ -	140	0	110	0	120	0	180	0	120	0	110	0	250	0
Cotton „ „ -	2	0	1	10	2	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	0	0
Dal, Urhur „ „ -	24	0	24	0	19	0	17	0	18	0	21	8	22	8
„ Gram „ „ -	22	0	22	0	18	0	15	0	0	0	20	0	18	12
„ Khesaree „ „ -	28	0	28	0	22	0	22	0	19	0	24	0	26	4
„ Muskullye „ „ -	23	0	20	0	18	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	25	0
„ Moong „ „ -	21	0	18	0	17	0	13	0	10	0	12	0	0	0
„ Mussoor „ „ -	26	0	25	6	22	0	21	0	18	0	22	8	21	4
„ Muttur „ „ -	20	0	0	0	18	0	20	0	0	0	21	0	22	8
Firewood „ „ -	140	0	160	0	200	0	200	0	240	0	160	0	200	0
Ghee, Cows' „ „ -	1	10	0	0	2	4	1	14	0	0	1	4	1	14
„ Buffaloes' „ „ -	2	6	2	6	2	6	2	4	2	0	2	4	2	4½
Gram, (Boot) 1st sort „ -	30	0	28	0	23	0	22	0	19	0	24	0	30	0
„ „ 2nd sort „ -	31	8	29	1	23	8	22	8	19	8	24	8	31	4
Grass, Dry „ „ -	90	bdls	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	0
Joar „ „ -	25	0	0	0	24	0	18	0	0	0	20	0	0	0
Oil, Cocoanut „ „ -	2	8	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
„ Linseed „ „ -	4	0	4	4	5	0	5	4	5	8	3	12	2	8
„ Mustard „ „ -	4	0	3	12	5	8	5	8	5	0	3	8	4	1
Paddy, (Dhan) „ „ -	27	0	29	0	24	0	25	0	22	0	28	0	36	4
Potatoes „ „ -	40	0	26	4	25	0	25	0	0	0	0	0	20	0
Rice, Autub, Table or fine Grain	10	0	9	0	15	0	16	0	14	0	10	8	6	0
„ „ small Grain -	12	0	11	0	0	0	16	8	15	0	11	8	0	0
„ Moonghy „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ Ballam „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ Khairee „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ Sollie „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Khajla, or Nona or Pinky „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ditto cheapest sort „ „ -	22	8	0	0	18	0	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0
Salt, 1st sort „ „ -	0	8	8	0	7	12	0	0	7	0	8	4	8	12
„ 2nd sort „ „ -	10	0	8	8	8	0	0	0	0	0	8	8	0	0
„ Samber „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ Pangah „ „ -	9	8	8	8	7	12	7	0	0	0	8	8	8	12
Sugar Cane „ „ -	4	4	3	8	4	0	4	4	0	0	4	0	3	2
„ Date „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wheat, (Gaho) „ „ -	18	0	18	0	19	0	19	8	16	0	18	0	21	4

Stations, and Markets, as on the 31st May 1859.

Tirhoot.		Purnea.		Rajshahye.		Pubnah.		Rungpore.		Dinagepore.		Dacca.		Furreedpore.		Sylhet.		Cachar.	
Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.
16	0	16	0	12	12	14	0	10	2	8	8	10	0	8	0	8	0	0	0
30	0	45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	35	0	30	0	4	0	0	0
160	0	50	0	37	8	64	0	36	0	80	0	50	0	0	0	30	0	0	0
0	0	60	0	52	8	0	0	36	0	90	0	55	0	0	0	32	0	0	0
2	0	1	12	1	13¼	2	6	1	6½	1	9	1	12	1	6	2	0	5	5
17	0	16	0	18	12	21	4	11	13	13	0	16	0	16	0	13	0	10	5
15	0	16	0	16	0	13	0	9	0	17	0	16	0	0	0	13	0	12	12
21	0	38	0	35	10	50	0	23	10	25	0	37	8	0	0	27	0	21	4
20	0	0	0	18	0	21	0	14	10	15	0	21	0	10	0	14	0	0	0
10	0	14	0	12	0	16	0	9	0	6	0	12	0	8	0	11	0	12	12
19	0	30	0	24	0	32	0	18	0	19	0	16	0	31	0	13	0	10	5
21	0	20	0	22	8	38	12	14	10	17	0	32	0	30	0	22	8	0	0
160	0	200	0	200	0	280	0	256	bdls	160	0	140	0	100	0	180	0	11	bdls
1	0	1	8	1	14	2	8	1	6½	1	13	1	14	1	7	2	0	1	12
2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	1	11	2	6	1	12	1	7	0	0	1	11
24	0	30	0	26	4	30	0	11	13	25	0	23	8	0	0	25	0	12	12
25	0	32	0	28	2	23	12	11	13	0	0	24	8	0	0	27	0	0	0
0	0	32	bdls	0	0	3	bdls	0	0	4	puns	4	bdls	0	0	127	bdls	0	0
0	0	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	8	2	0	2	10	3	0	1	2	2	0	2	12	2	4	2	0	0	0
4	12	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	8	0	0
4	4	5	0	4	0	5	4	3	8	4	0	4	0	4	0	3	12	4	0
28	0	40	0	29	1	36	4	47	13	42	0	37	8	32	8	42	0	40	0
26	0	30	0	18	12	16	0	36	0	20	0	22	0	0	0	16	0	0	0
0	0	15	0	12	0	12	8	5	14	19	8	7	0	11	0	13	8	0	0
10	0	18	0	0	0	13	0	6	3	22	4	8	0	10	0	16	0	16	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	0	29	0	18	12	22	0	25	14	0	0	22	0	19	0	19	0	19	0
8	0	7	8	9	13	0	0	0	0	8	0	9	0	0	0	9	8	8	0
9	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	9	12	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	0	8	0	9	13	13	0	9	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0
0	0	3	0	3	6	1	0	3	6	3	12	2	12	2	8	2	12	3	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	3	12	5	0	0	0
19	0	22	0	19	11	27	8	23	10	16	0	14	0	17	8	11	0	0	0

Statement of Prices Current in the under-mentioned Districts,

ARTICLES.	Mymensing.	Backergunge.		Chittagong.	Tipperah.	Balloosh.	Nuddea.
		Burrisaul.	Nulchitty.				
	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.	Srs. C.
Attah ... ... per Rupee -	10 0	11 0	0 0	11 0	6 6	4 0	11 0
Barley, (Jow) „ „ -	0 0	12 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	26 8
Bhoosa, White „ „ -	0 0	40 0	100 0	37 0	0 0	0 0	40 0
„ Missa „ „ -	0 0	64 0	80 0	40 0	0 0	32 0	53 0
Cotton „ „ -	2 0	0 0	0 0	2 0	2 0	7 0	0 0
Dal, Urhur „ „ -	16 0	14 0	16 0	11 0	12 12	12 0	18 0
„ Gram „ „ -	15 0	13 8	13 0	12 0	12 12	12 0	16 0
„ Khesaree „ „ -	30 0	29 0	35 0	22 0	25 0	23 0	23 0
„ Muskullye „ „ -	17 0	20 1	0 0	20 0	16 0	16 0	17 0
„ Moong „ „ -	12 0	11 0	11 0	12 0	10 10	13 0	10 0
„ Mussoor „ „ -	21 0	13 0	13 0	15 0	16 0	0 0	21 4
„ Muttur „ „ -	25 0	22 0	22 0	16 0	13 4	0 0	21 4
Firewood „ „ -	0 0	32 bdls	120 0	14 bdls	32 bdls	8 bdls	160 0
Ghee, Cows' „ „ -	1 0	1 9	1 8	1 4	2 0	0 0	1 12
„ Buffaloes' „ „ -	0 0	0 0	0 0	1 8	0 0	1 10	0 0
Gram, (Boot) 1st sort „ -	20 0	22 0	20 0	16 0	18 4	0 0	26 10
„ „ 2nd sort „ -	22 0	24 0	22 0	18 0	0 0	14 0	30 8
Grass, Dry „ „ -	0 0	0 0	0 0	6 bdls	0 0	0 0	0 0
Joar „ „ -	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
Oil, Cocoanut „ „ -	2 1	2 12	3 0	2 8	2 4	2 6	2 13
„ Linseed „ „ -	0 0	2 8	0 0	1 12	0 0	3 0	4 0
„ Mustard „ „ -	3 8	3 12	5 0	4 8	4 0	3 6	3 12
Paddy, (Dhan) „ „ -	50 0	35 0	40 0	22 0	0 0	25 0	26 10
Potatoes „ „ -	30 0	9 0	0 0	8 0	10 10	0 0	13 0
Rice, Autub, Table or fine Grain	20 0	13 0	0 0	8 0	0 0	14 0	7 2
„ „ small Grain -	18 0	16 0	0 0	9 0	0 0	13 0	0 0
„ Moonghy „ „ -	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
„ Ballam „ „ -	0 0	18 8	18 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
„ Khairee „ „ -	0 0	0 0	20 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
„ Sollie „ „ -	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
Khajla, or Nona or Pinky „ -	0 0	21 0	21 0	0 0	22 1	0 0	0 0
Ditto cheapest sort „ „ -	28 0	0 0	0 0	15 0	20 10	17 0	15 4
Salt, 1st sort „ „ -	8 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
„ 2nd sort „ „ -	9 0	0 0	0 0	18 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
„ Samber „ „ -	9 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	7 1	0 0	0 0
„ Pangah „ „ -	8 0	9 0	10 0	0 0	9 2	10 8	10 0
Sugar Cane „ „ -	5 0	3 0	3 0	0 0	0 0	2 12	3 0
„ Date „ „ -	0 0	4 8	5 8	6 0	0 0	5 0	3 4
Wheat, (Gaho) „ „ -	16 0	14 0	0 0	20 0	0 0	11 0	18 0

Stations and Markets, as on the 31st May 1859.—(Continued.)

Barasat.		Jessore.		Moorshedabad.		Burdwan.		Bancoorah.		Beerbhoom.		Midnapore.						Cuttack.	
												Midnapore.		Bazar Baleeghare.		Bazar Contai.			
Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.
10	8	10	0	13	0	10	11	10	0	13	0	10	12	6	8	8	0	19	11
20	0	32	0	24	0	22	8	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	20	0	0	0
32	0	32	0	40	0	43	2	45	0	37	8	32	0	0	0	40	0	84	0
42	8	64	0	45	0	45	0	59	0	40	0	37	8	0	0	0	0	84	0
2	0	1	8	1	8	2	1	1	6	1	9½	1	10	1	12	1	10	1	15½
16	0	16	0	19	0	21	0	15	0	18	0	14	0	15	0	12	8	18	6
13	0	13	5	19	0	18	0	0	0	15	0	11	0	0	0	10	0	11	13
25	8	32	0	22	0	26	4	17	0	22	0	22	0	26	0	21	0	31	8
14	0	16	0	15	0	18	12	0	0	15	0	0	0	20	0	13	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	7	8	11	4	10	0	9	0	17	0	15	0	8	0	15	12
21	8	16	0	21	0	24	0	0	0	20	0	20	0	20	0	13	0	18	6
21	8	22	8	22	0	24	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0
160	0	64	bdls.	120	0	72	8	300	0	170	0	200	0	0	0	160	0	410	0
1	4	1	14	1	8	1	5	1	2	1	14	1	7	1	4	1	2	1	11½
1	10	0	0	1	11	1	15½	1	10	1	12	1	8	1	8	1	6	1	14½
20	0	0	0	31	0	24	12	0	0	22	0	17	0	20	0	12	8	19	11
21	4	0	0	32	0	26	4	0	0	0	0	18	0	21	0	16	0	22	12
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7½	bdls	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	12	3	0	2	4	3	12	2	0	2	4	2	12	0	0	2	0	2	10
3	4	0	0	3	8	2	4	0	0	4	8	3	0	4	8	3	8	3	15
4	0	3	2	3	4	4	14	4	14	4	8	4	0	4	0	3	4	5	4
21	4	50	0	23	0	24	12	25	4	24	0	30	0	36	0	36	0	76	2
16	0	20	0	20	0	18	12	0	0	16	0	16	0	0	0	10	0	19	13½
0	0	16	0	9	8	7	8	0	0	13	8	14	0	18	0	0	0	19	11
13	0	18	0	10	8	7	10	0	0	0	0	17	0	24	0	18	0	19	11
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	15	8	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
20	0	20	0	17	8	18	12	18	0	18	12	20	0	27	0	22	0	38	1
0	0	0	0	0	0	10	14	0	0	9	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	10	0	11	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	4½
10	0	8	0	7	8	10	8	8	12	0	0	10	0	12	15	15	0	0	0
3	4	0	0	3	0	3	15	0	0	3	8	4	3	4	8	4	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	8	0	0
16	0	16	0	17	8	15	12	14	8	18	0	15	0	16	0	13	0	28	4½

Statement of Prices Current in the under-mentioned Districts, Stations and Markets, as on the 31st May 1859.—(Concluded.)

ARTICLES.	Balasore.		Pooree.		Gowalparah.		Kamroop.		Manbhoom.		Akyab.		Ramree.		Darjeeling.	
	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.	Srs.	C.
Attah ... ... per Rupee -	14	0	15	12	9	0	7	0	10	10	3	0	0	0	8	0
Barley, (Jow) „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bhoosa, White „ „ -	53	0	42	0	0	0	0	0	64	0	26	8	0	0	0	0
„ Missa „ „ -	64	0	80	0	60	0	0	0	66	0	20	0	0	0	0	0
Cotton „ „ -	1	14	0	0	2	8	0	0	1	8	2	0	0	0	1	0
Dal, Urhur „ „ -	15	0	15	12	12	0	11	0	18	0	10	0	0	0	9	0
„ Gram „ „ -	10	0	12	7	10	0	8	0	13	0	9	0	0	0	9	0
„ Khesaree „ „ -	21	0	23	5	30	0	25	0	16	0	20	0	0	0	11	0
„ Muskullye „ „ -	0	0	19	11	18	0	14	0	15	0	9	0	0	0	8	0
„ Moong „ „ -	16	0	18	6	10	0	7	0	10	0	10	0	0	0	6	4
„ Mussoor „ „ -	16	0	12	7	20	0	18	0	14	0	10	0	0	0	10	0
„ Muttur „ „ -	0	0	0	0	30	0	18	0	16	0	8	0	0	0	0	0
Firewood „ „ -	240	0	0	0	7	bdls	16	bdls	400	0	0	0	100	billets	320	0
Ghee, Cows' „ „ -	1	4	1	10	1	6	1	12	1	14	1	5	0	0	1	8
„ Buffaloes' „ „ -	0	0	1	11½	1	6	1	4	2	0	1	8	0	0	2	4
Gram, (Boot) 1st sort „ -	15	0	17	1	14	0	0	0	18	0	9	0	0	0	12	0
„ „ 2nd sort „ -	0	0	0	0	30	0	14	0	20	0	10	0	0	0	13	0
Grass, Dry „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	bdls	0	0	0	0
Joar „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oil, Cocoanut— „ „ -	2	4	3	4	1	10	1	12	2	0	2	0	0	0	1	8
„ Linseed „ „ -	0	0	4	9½	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	0	0	0	12
„ Mustard „ „ -	4	8	4	9½	4	8	3	12	5	0	2	8	0	0	4	0
Paddy, (Dhan) „ „ -	52	0	68	0	40	0	0	0	40	0	30	0	26	0	0	0
Potatoes „ „ -	0	0	0	0	30	0	8	0	16	0	4	0	0	0	13	to16
Rice, Autub, Table or fine Grain	21	0	28	14	10	0	8	0	17	0	9	0	11	0	6	0
„ „ small Grain -	18	0	18	6	14	0	12	0	22	0	11	0	0	0	11	0
„ Moonghy „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ Ballam „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ Khairee „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ Sollie „ „ -	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Khajla, or Nona or Pinky „ -	0	0	0	0	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ditto cheapest sort „ „ -	30	0	39	14	0	0	18	0	24	0	0	0	12	0	15	0
Salt, 1st sort „ „ -	0	0	22	0	10	0	9	0	8	4	61	0	0	0	5	0
„ 2nd sort „ „ -	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	6	0
„ Samber „ „ -	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
„ Pangah „ „ -	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	60	0	0	0
Sugar Cane „ „ -	3	8	0	0	3	0	3	0	2	10	3	8	0	0	3	0
„ Date „ „ -	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	0
Wheat, (Gaho) „ „ -	21	0	24	5	30	0	0	0	18	0	11	0	0	0	0	0

NOTE.—The prices quoted for Mymensing are wholesale; for other Districts, retail.

By order of the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces,

E. T. TREVOR,
Secretary.

Printed by THOMAS JONES, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

The Calcutta Gazette,

EXTRAORDINARY.

FRIDAY, JUNE 17, 1859.

No. 1196 OF 1859.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort William, Home Department.

THE 17TH JUNE 1859.

A VACANCY having occurred in the Office of one of the Ordinary Members of the Council of the Governor General of India, and no person provisionally or otherwise appointed to succeed thereto being present on the spot, His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Council has been pleased, under the provisions of the Act 3 and 4 Wm. IV., C. 85, Section 64, to appoint Henry Byng Harington, Esquire, of the Bengal Civil Service, to be a temporary Ordinary Member of the said Council, and the said Henry Byng Harington, Esquire, has accordingly this day taken the Oaths and his Seat in the said Council, under the usual Salute from the Ramparts of Fort William.

By Order of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Council,

W. GREY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

PRINTED BY THOMAS JONES, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

No. 49.] [1509]

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, JUNE 18, 1859.

Home Department.

No. 1196.

Fort William, the 17th June 1859.

Notification.—A Vacancy having occurred in the Office of one of the Ordinary Members of the Council of the Governor General of India, and no person provisionally or otherwise appointed to succeed thereto being present on the spot, His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Council has been pleased, under the provisions of the Act 3 and 4 Wm. IV. C. 85, Section 64, to appoint Henry Byng Harington, Esquire, of the Bengal Civil Service, to be a temporary Ordinary Member of the said Council, and the said Henry Byng Harington, Esquire, has accordingly this day taken the Oaths and his Seat in the said Council, under the usual Salute from the Ramparts of Fort William.

By Order of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Council.

No. 1200.

The following Members of the Civil Service reported their departure for England by the Steamship *Candia*, which Vessel was left by the Pilot at Sea on the 5th instant :—

Mr. G. P. Money,
„ H. D. Willock,
„ G. J. Harvey.

W. Grey,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Foreign Department.

No. 3663.

Fort William, the 15th June 1859.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Major A. L. MacMullin, Officiating Commandant of the Bhopal Levy, to officiate as 1st Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General for Central India, during the absence on leave of Captain W. R. Shakespear, or until further orders.

No. 3664.

The 17th June 1859.

Major A. L. MacMullin, Officiating 1st Assistant to the Agent Governor General for Central India, assumed charge of his duties on the 5th instant.

No. 3665.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to grant to Mr. T. D. Forsyth, Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Oudh, leave of absence for three months, under Section XII. of the amended Absentee Rules, from the 15th July next, or from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 3666.

Lieutenant A. H. Eckford, Assistant Commissioner in Oudh, has obtained privilege leave from the 1st to the 8th instant.

No. 3667.

Mr. H. P. Kirke, of the Nagode Division Police, has obtained leave of absence on private affairs for three months, from the 25th instant, under Section VIII. of the revised Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

No. 3668.

Narrain Sawmy Naidoo, Extra Assistant, Raichore Doab, returned to his duty on the 16th ultimo.

No. 3669.

Lieutenant G. S. Dysart received charge of the Deputy Bheel Agency, Maunpore, on the 2nd instant.

No. 3670.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to accept the resignation, by Lieutenant J. A. Drake, 10th Regiment Native Infantry, of his appointment in the Oudh Military Police, and his services are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

No. 3671.

The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments in the Oudh Commission:—

Mr. D. Simson to be a Commissioner in Oudh.

Major J. W. Carnegie to be a Deputy Commissioner of the 1st Class.

Mr. P. Carnegy to be a Deputy Commissioner of the 2nd Class.

Captain J. R. Steel to be a Deputy Commissioner of the 3rd Class.

Lieutenant E. Clarke and Lieutenant F. E. Chamier to be Assistant Commissioners of the 1st Class.

Mr. R. M. King to be an Assistant Commissioner of the 2nd Class.

Mr. W. Wood to be an Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd Class.

Mr. P. Walker to be an Extra Assistant of the 2nd Class.

CECIL BEADON,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Financial Department.

No. 50.

Fort William, the 17th June 1859.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Appointment.—Messrs. E. F. Harrison and G. W. Moultrie to be Auditors of the Accounts of the Administrator General of Bengal, under Section XXXV. of Act VIII. of 1855, for the current official year 1859-60.

No. 51.

The following Extract is published for general information:—

No. 4692.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India, in the Financial Department, dated 3rd June 1859.

Read the following:—

From W. P. Palmer, Esq., Civil Auditor, Fort William, to C. H. Lushington, Esq., Secretary to the Government of India, Financial Department,—(No. 1537, dated 20th May 1859.)

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to request you will be good enough to submit the following case for the consideration and order of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council, to remove doubts which may arise, and especially when there exist no definite rules for guidance.

2. An Officer is permitted to *resign the Service* and obtains the usual preparatory leave to reach the port of embarkation, drawing half salary for that period, but *before the completion of the regulated time* he reaches the port and embarks for Europe.

3. The question to be determined relates to the stoppage of his half salary, whether it shall continue to be paid up to the date of his being admitted to annuity or only to that of his embarkation, in virtue of the usual certificate of the Pilot's leaving the Vessel in which he may be a passenger. In case of Furlough or Medical leave, the preparatory leave terminates from the date on which an Officer reports his departure from India, and his allowance for that period ceases from that date, differing from the recorded practice of this Office in cases of retirement from the Service, when Officers continue to draw a portion of their Indian allowance for some time after they have left India. I would propose that, for any interval between a retiring Officer's embarkation and the 1st of May, the date from which Annuities commence, that he should be permitted to draw only the regulated subsistence allowances of his rank, in lieu of half pay, which seems anomalous, and should this arrangement meet with approval and sanction, the Officers who are acting, or who may be permanently appointed to the post vacated by returning Officers will draw the full salary of that office from the date of the former Officer's embarkation.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT, RESOLUTION.

THE Governor General in Council is of opinion that the practice that prevails in the Office of the Civil Auditor at Fort William, of considering Officers of the Civil Service who obtain preparatory leave to reach the port of embarkation previous to resigning the Service, and who embark for Europe *before* the full period of such leave has expired, as being entitled to be treated as on leave subsequent to the date from which their departure from the port of embarkation is reckoned, is wrong. Preparatory leave, His Excellency in Council observes, is intended merely to give time for an Officer to *prepare* to embark, and it is no more than fair towards the Officer who is to succeed to the appointment about to be vacated by the Officer intending to resign the Service, that the preparatory leave granted to the latter Officer should, as in cases of Furlough and leave on Medical Certificate, be held to expire on the date from which his departure from the port of embarkation is reckoned.

COPY forwarded to the Civil Auditor, Fort William, in reply to his above letter, and transcripts furnished to the Civil Auditors, Agra, Madras, Bombay, and Lahore, respectively, for their information and guidance.

Copy also forwarded to the Departments* and the Governments† noted in the margin, and a copy published for general information.

*Home and Foreign Departments.
† Governments of Bengal, Agra, Madras, Bombay, and Punjab.

(A true Extract,)

C. HUGH LUSHINGTON,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

No. 52.

The 17th June 1859.

The following Statement of the Silver received and coined in the Mints of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, in April 1859, is published for general information :—

Statement of the Silver received and coined in the Mints of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, in April 1859.

Bombay.	Coined during the month, valued in	Rupees.			33,00,106
	Bullion or Coin received during the month, valued in Rupees.	Merchts.			47,28,341
		Govt.			3,52,931
Madras.	Coined during the month, valued in	Rupees.			...
	Bullion or Coin received during the month, valued in Rupees.	Merchts.			4,19,103
		Govt.			...
Calcutta.	Coined during the month, valued in	Rupees.			22,89,174
	Bullion or Coin received during the month, valued in Rupees.	Merchts.			29,65,533
		Govt.			88,866
				April 1859	

C. Hugh Lushington,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, 15th June 1859.

No. 863 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate :—

Assistant Surgeon Frank Powell, M. B., attached to the 3rd Regiment Sikh Infantry ... For eighteen months, under the new Regulations.

Ensign James May, of the Bengal Infantry ... For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.

Fort William, 16th June 1859.

No. 864 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications from the Foreign Department, are published in General Orders :—

No. 3515, *dated 8th June* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to accept the resignation, by Lieutenant J. Sadlier, of his appointment as Divisional Commandant, Oudh Military Police, and to place his services at the disposal of the Military Department.

No. 3516.—The services of Lieutenant F. H. Woodgate, Commanding the Kuppurthulla Contingent, and Conductor Bewsey, in charge of the Artillery of the Force, are placed at the disposal of the Military Department.

No. 3520, *dated* 10*th June* 1859.—Lieutenant F. J. H. Helbert, Assistant to the Agent Governor General for Central India, has obtained leave of absence, on Medical Certificate, to proceed to Bombay, preparatory to applying for further leave to Europe.

No. 3521, *dated* 10*th June* 1859.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant G. S. Dysart, of the 23rd Bengal Native Infantry, Commanding Bhopawur Levy, to be Deputy Bheel Agent and Political Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General for Central India at Maunpore.

No. 3593, *dated* 14*th June* 1859.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Lieutenant E. H. Woodcock, 55th Regiment Native Infantry, District Adjutant, to officiate as District Commandant, Oudh Military Police, *vice* Captain Orr, absent on sick leave. That portion of the General Order, dated 23rd May last, No. 2955, which appointed Lieutenant Woodgate to officiate as District Commandant, Oudh Military Police, is cancelled.

The services of Lieutenants Sadlier and Woodgate and Conductor Bewsey are placed at the disposal of the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 865 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications from the Public Works Department, are published in General Orders :—

No. 161, *dated* 10*th June* 1859.—Ensign A. Monies, late Adjutant of the Delhi Pioneers, Sub-Engineer 3rd Class, 7th Division Grand Trunk Road, is appointed a Probationary Assistant Engineer and posted to Attock, in the Peshawur Division.

No. 162.—*Transfers and Postings.*—The following transfers and postings in the Department Public Works, sanctioned by the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjaub, are confirmed :—

Captain O'Brien, 20th Foot, Officiating Executive Engineer, Goozrat Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road, to officiate as Executive Engineer, Sealkote Division.

Captain F. Davies, Executive Engineer, Hazara Division, to be Executive Engineer, Goozrat Division, Lahore and Peshawur Road.

No. 164.—*Notification.*—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel J. Laughton, Bengal Engineers, are re-placed at the disposal of the Military Department, with effect from the date on which he was relieved of the duties of Superintending Engineer, 2nd Circle, Punjab.

No. 166, *dated* 14*th June* 1859.—*Appointment.* Major W. H. Greathed, Deputy Consulting Engineer to the Government of India, in the Railway Department, to be Consulting Engineer to the Government, North-Western Provinces, in the same Department, with effect from the 25th ultimo.

No. 867.—Leave is also granted to Major Strachey, on Medical Certificate, till the 31st December 1859, to visit the Neilgherry Hills. Whether this shall be in extension or in cancelment of the above privilege leave, will be notified hereafter.

During Major Strachey's absence, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following arrangements in the Railway Department :—

The appointment of Consulting Engineer to the Government of India will be held in abeyance.

Major W. H. Greathed, Consulting Engineer to the Government, North-Western Provinces, will also officiate as Consulting Engineer to the Punjab Government; Major Medley continuing to act in the Department at Lahore, with the designation of Deputy Consulting Engineer to the Punjab Government.

Captain C. J. Hodgson to officiate as Consulting Engineer to the Government of Bengal. Captain Hodgson will also retain charge of the Office of the Consulting Engineer to the Government of India.

The services of Lieutenant Colonel Laughton, of Engineers, are placed at the disposal of the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 866 *of* 1859.—The following Notification issued by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, is published in General Orders :—

No. 3061, *dated 4th June* 1859.—*Appointment.*—Lieutenant E. H. D. Macpherson, 93rd Highlanders, to be Aide-de-Camp on the Personal Staff of the Lieutenant-Governor.

No. 867 *of* 1859.—The Pay, Batta and other Allowances for June 1859, of the Troops at the Presidency, and at the other Stations of the Army, will be issued on or after Saturday, the 9th proximo.

No. 868 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate :—

Lieutenant Hungerford Deedes Jackson, of the Regiment of Artillery.	For eighteen months under the new Regulations.

Fort William, 17th June 1859.

No. 869 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following report from the Major General Commanding the Oude Division of an Action with a body of Rebels at the Jerwah Pass on the 21st May 1859.

No. 239.

FROM MAJOR GENERAL J. HOPE GRANT,
Commanding Oudh Division,

TO THE ADJUTANT GENERAL OF THE ARMY.
Camp Ruttenpore, 24th May 1859.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to report, for the information of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, that Colonel Pinckney's move into Nepaul, having had the desired effect of driving the Rebels under the Nana, Bala Rao, and Mummoo Khan into the jungles in the North-East of Oudh, I broke up my Camp at Burgudwa, at midnight on the 20th and 21st instant; and arrived soon after sun-rise at the jungle covering the entrance to the Jerwah Pass, with Lieutenant-Colonel Walker's Field Force, as per margin.

2 Squadrons 2nd Dragoon Guards, Major Hutchinson, Commanding.
2 Guns, 14 Field Battery Royal Artillery, Lieutenant Smith, Commanding.
The 7th Punjab Infantry, Captain Stafford, Commanding.
Wing of Ferozepore Regiment, Lieutenant-Colonel Brasyer, Commanding.

Staff.

Lieutenant R. Biddulph, Deputy Assistant Adjutant General.
Major Wolseley, Deputy Assistant Quarter-Master General.
Major Wilmot, Deputy Judge Advocate General.
Cornet Torrens, Acting Aide-de-Camp.
Captain Haig, Sub-Assistant Commissary General.

I there received information that the Nana and Bala Rao with 2 Guns and 2,000 men were at the mouth of the Pass; and Mummoo Khan with 500 Followers a little to the West, on the same ground where I met Bala Rao's Force on the 4th of January last.

I therefore ordered the Cavalry and Artillery to encamp and sent Colonel Brasyer with the Wing of the Regiment of Ferozepore against Mummoo Khan's party, whilst I myself moved on the Jerwah Pass with the 7th Punjaub Infantry. The Rebel Infantry I found occupying the spurs of the mountain stretching into the jungle, on either side of the mouth of the Pass, whilst their 2 Guns, which were thus completely protected, opened fire from the gorge of the Pass.

I therefore sent a Company of the Sikhs under Lieutenants Gordon and Lewes, to climb up the hills to the left, and drive away their Infantry from their right flank; this Detachment advanced accordingly, driving back the Rebels until they reached the summit of the ridge.

The remainder of the Regiment, under Captain Stafford, cleared the right, but owing to the extreme heat, and the Troops having marched about 20 miles, we were unable to inflict any great loss on the Rebels. We killed about 50 of them, and took their 2 Guns and 32 prisoners.

Lieutenant-Colonel Brasyer in his advance met with no opposition, the party under Mummoo Khan dispersing in the hills and jungle upon his approach. The Regiment of Ferozepore were too tired to pursue, having made a forced march of nearly 30 miles to join me, which they did a few hours before we left Burgudwa.

I received every assistance from Lieutenant-Colonel Walker, 2nd Dragoon Guards, and the Officers Commanding the Corps engaged, as before mentioned; also from the Officers of my Staff, one of whom, Cornet Torrens, Acting Aide-de-Camp, was slightly wounded.

Major Bruce, C. B., Chief of Police, who has accompanied me since I left Lucknow, has kept me accurately informed of the movements of the Rebels.

I yesterday proceeded to Ghururbeer at the top of the first range of hills. The Pass is of a most difficult nature, and the last mile and a half is up a steep precipice. I found that I could not cross even my small force of Infantry, under six days; and I therefore abandoned the idea of crossing the hills.

We found several Rebels in the Pass in a dying state, unable to cross over from wounds or starvation; also Camels and Bullocks abandoned, and an Elephant and several Camels dead, showing the difficulties the Rebels must have had in crossing even in their disorganized state, without baggage or supplies.

Seven Camels were brought back by the Force, and an Elephant was captured on the 21st.

From intelligence since received, the Rebels have not yet ceased their flight, and they are now said to be crossing the second range, so that I consider there is no probability of their attempting to re-enter Oudh this season.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) J. HOPE GRANT, *Major-Genl.*,
Comdg. Oudh Division.

Return of Killed and Wounded in Action at the Jerwak Pass, on the 21st May 1859.

Camp Ruttenpore, 22nd May 1859.

Corps.	Rank and Names.	Remarks.
Division Staff...	Cornet ... H. R. Torrens, 2nd Dragoon Guards, Aide-de-Camp ...	Wounded slightly, (contused Gun-shot wound in right breast.)
7th Punjaub Infantry ..	Sepoy .. Heera Sing ...	Killed.
,,	Havildar ... Sudderdeen ...	Wounded slightly in hand.

(Signed) R. Biddulph,
Depy. Asst. Adjutant General,
Oudh Force.

Return of Ordnance captured in Action at the Jerwak Pass, on the 21st May 1859.

Camp Ruttenpore, 22nd May 1859.

No.	Nature of Gun.	Remarks.
1	6-Pounder, Brass ...	Native manufacture.
1	3-Ditto, Ditto ...	

(Signed) R. Biddulph,
Depy. Asst. Adjt. Genl.,
Oudh Force.

No. 550.

Forwarded, in original, by desire of the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief, for the information of His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

H. W. Norman, *Major,*
Offg. Adjt. Genl. of the Army.

Adjutant General's Office;
Head Quarters, Simla,
The 3rd June 1859

No. 870 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit Ressaidar Amanut Khan, of the 3rd Irregular Cavalry, to the 2nd Class of the Order of British India, with the title of "Bahadoor," in consideration of his excellent conduct on the occasion of his encounter with the Rebels who attempted to take the Fort of Garracottoh.

No. 871 *of* 1859.—*Erratum.*—In the 17th paragraph of Brigadier Faddy's Despatch, published in Government General Order, No. 535, and in Government General Order, No. 536, of the 19th April 1859, admitting certain men of the 2nd Sikh Cavalry to the Order of Merit, for Jemadar Acbar Khan, read Jemadar *Alyar Khan.*

Order Books to be corrected accordingly.

No. 872 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Non-Commissioned Officer is admitted to Pension, as specified opposite to his name, under the provisions of Minutes of Council of the 11th January 1797, and General Order of the 5th February 1820, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India:—

Serjeant William Caplin, of the 1st Troop 2nd Brigade Horse Artillery } Two Shillings per diem, payable in Europe.

No. 873 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit Naick Etwarrie, of the Gun Lascar Detail, attached to the 2nd Company 5th Battalion Artillery, to the 3rd Class of the Order of Merit, for his meritorious services during the recent mutiny, but more especially for his gallant behaviour in the Action with the Neemuch Rebels near Agra on the 5th July 1857.

No. 874 *of* 1859.—*Erratum.*—In Government General Order, No. 606, of the 29th April 1859, publishing the promotions of Lieutenant Colonels to the rank of Colonels in the Army, for Lieutenant Colonel William *Maxwell* Gabbett, Madras Artillery, read Lieutenant Colonel William *Maunsell* Gabbett, Madras Artillery.

Order Books to be corrected accordingly.

No. 875 *of* 1859.—The following Orders issued by the Hon'ble the Governor of the Punjaub, and published in the *Punjaub Gazette*, No. 43, of the 28th May 1859, are confirmed:—

1st Punjaub Cavalry.

No. 200, *dated* 28*th May* 1859.—Lieutenant F. P. Campbell, doing duty, is, at his own request, permitted to resign his appointment, in view to his rejoining his own Corps, Her Majesty's 79th Highlanders

No. 201.—The Kohat Division Order, dated 30th April last, by Major F. W. Lambert, Commanding, directing Assistant Surgeon W. H. Corbett, 8th Punjaub Infantry, to relieve Assistant Surgeon Jackson, 1st Punjaub Infantry, of the Medical charge of the Details of Cavalry and Artillery at that Station, with effect from the 1st May, is confirmed.

No. 202.—The Regimental Order, dated 16th instant, by Lieutenant G. N. Sanders, Commanding 6th Punjaub Infantry, appointing Lieutenant A. M. Stewart, Officiating Adjutant, to act as 2nd in Command, in addition to his other duties, during the period Lieutenant Sanders may act as Commandant, is confirmed.

No. 203.—The Bunnoo Station Order, dated 11th May 1859, by Captain J. P. W. Campbell, Commanding, directing, Assisting Surgeon G. Farrell, of the 2nd Punjaub Infantry, to receive Medical charge of No. 3 Punjaub Battery, Civil Establishments, Jail and Dispensary, consequent on the departure of Assistant Surgeon C. K. Webb, is confirmed.

No. 876 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Non-Commissioned Officer is admitted to Pension, as specified opposite to his name, under the provisions of Government General Order, No. 275, of the 15th February 1858, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India.—

Serjeant Major James Sinnott, late of the Artillery, at present attached to the Convalescent Depôt at Darjeeling.	Equivalent to 2*s.* 6*d.* per diem, payable in India.

No. 877 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to confer on the under-mentioned men, late of the 28th Regiment Native Infantry, now employed in the Rohilcund Auxiliary Police Levy, a reward of (100) one hundred Rupees each, and, to permit them to reckon their previous service towards Pension, in consideration of their faithful services and excellent conduct towards their Officers on the occasion of the mutiny of their Regiment, the 28th Native Infantry:—

Sepoy Mohun Sing,
Sepoy Sewunt Ditchit,
Sepoy Goordyal Ditchit.

No. 878 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on urgent private affairs:—

Lieutenant Alexander Fraser Tytler, of the 17th Madras Native Infantry ...	For six months, without pay.

No. 879 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to announce for general information, that Her Majesty's Government have appointed the under-mentioned gentlemen to officiate temporarily as Chaplains with Her Majesty's Presbyterian Troops sent out to India:—

The Reverend Mr. Paton,
The Reverend Mr. Milne.

No. 880 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate:—

Lieutenant Henry Ernest Thesiger Williams, Adjutant of the 3rd Madras European Regiment ...	For eighteen months.

No. 881 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit Ressaldar Shere Singh, Bahadoor, late of the 1st Oude Irregular Cavalry, and now attached to Meade's Horse, to the 1st Class of the Order of British India, with the title of Sirdar Bahadoor, in consideration of his conspicuous acts of loyalty to the State, and the very valuable services rendered by him during the recent disturbances.

R. J. H. Birch, *Major-Genl.*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Public Works Department.

General.—Establishments.

No. 168.

Fort William, the 14th June 1859.

Appointment.—Captain C. D. Newmarch, Executive Engineer 1st Class, is appointed to officiate as Chief Engineer, Pegu and Tenasserim Provinces, with effect from the 17th ultimo, until further orders.

No. 169.

Notification.—Mr. E. Hanlon, Overseer, Burdwan Division of Embankments, is dismissed from the Public Works Department.

No. 170.

The 16th June 1859.

Appointments.—Mr. M. Richards is appointed temporarily an Assistant Overseer in the Department Public Works and posted to Pegu.

No. 171.

Mr. J. Patmore is appointed a Probationary Assistant Overseer in the Department Public Works and posted to Pegu.

No. 172.

Lieutenant C. M. Browne, Bombay Engineers, 1st Class Assistant Engineer, Department Public Works in Bombay, is brought on the Bengal Public Works Establishment in that Grade, and posted to the Punjab, with effect from the date of his transfer to this Presidency.

Lieutenant Browne is also appointed Officiating Executive Engineer at Kohat, from date of his assuming charge.

No. 173.

Probationary Assistant Overseer Corporal H. Potter, attached to the Meerut Division, is permanently appointed to the Department Public Works, with effect from the 5th April last.

No. 174.

Probationary Assistant Overseer Private G. Stock and Mr. J. Holmes are appointed permanently to the Department Public Works.

No. 175.

Probationary Assistant Overseer Serjeant J. Kane, attached to the Burdwan Division of Embankments, is appointed permanently to the Department Public Works, with effect from the 5th April last.

No. 176.

Baboos Chunder Coomar Paul and Bissen Chunder Biswas, Probationary Assistant Overseers in the Sonthal Pergunnahs, are permanently appointed Assistant Overseers in the Department Public Works in Bengal.

No. 177

Probationary Assistant Overseer Baboo Gopal Chunder Bose, attached to the 2nd Division, Grand Trunk Road, is permanently appointed to the Department Public Works as an Assistant Overseer.

No. 178.

Posting.—Mr. G. Nolan, Probationary Assistant Engineer, Department Public Works, is posted to the 2nd Division, Grank Trunk Road.

No. 179.

Promotion.—Mr. H. Prince, (Civil Engineer,) Assistant Engineer 2nd Class, Department of Public Works, is promoted to the Grade of 1st Class Assistant Engineer, with effect from the 28th March 1859.

No. 180.

Appointment.—Probationary Assistant Overseer Trumpeter T. Smith, attached to the Southern Hidgellee Division, is appointed permanently to the Department of Public Works, with effect from the 5th April last.

H. Yule, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secretary to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 3818.

Appointments.—*The 15th June* 1859.—Mr. A. Morgan to officiate as Civil Assistant Surgeon of Bancoorah.

Baboo Brojonath Carfirma to be Sub Assistant Surgeon of Seebsagur.

Baboo Dumree Tewarry to be Sub Assistant Surgeon of Nowgong.

Leave of Absence.—*The 13th June* 1859.—Baboo Satcowry Roy, Deputy Collector attached to the Revenue Survey, 3rd or East Division, for two months, under Clause I., Section VII. of the revised Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

The 14th June 1859.—Mr. G. C. Fletcher, Judge of Chittagong, for fifteen months, on Medical Certificate, under Section VII. of the new revised Absentee Rules.

Captain W. C. Bird, Commandant, Sumbulpore Seebundy Levy, for four months, on Medical Certificate, from the date on which he availed himself of the same.

The 15th June 1859.—Mr. W. S. Seton-Karr, Judge of Jessore, for four days, under Clause I., Section XII. of the new revised Absentee Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 23rd ultimo.

A. R. Young,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

Judicial Department,

No. 1962.

Allahabad, the 30th May 1859.

Notifications.—Sheikh Wajuhoollah to be a Mahomedan Law Officer to the Sudder Dewanny and Nizamut Adawlut, North-Western Provinces, from the 7th February last.

No. 2056.

The 6th June 1859.

Mr. G. B. Willock, Assistant to the Magistrate and Collector of Futtehpoor, for three months, on Medical Certificate, *i. e.*, for twenty-seven days, under Clause 5, and for the remainder of the time under Clause 6, of Section VI. of the Absentee Rules.

No. 2114.

The 10th June 1859.

Assistant Surgeon E. McKillar, attached to the Jât Yeomanry Cavalry, to be Civil Assistant Surgeon of Meerut.

Public Works Department,

No. 1327.

The 10th June 1859.

Whereas it appears to the Honorable the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces, that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, *viz.* for the purpose of completing the extension line of the East Indian Railway from Calcutta to Delhie; it is hereby declared, that for the above purpose a strip of land of the average breadth of 200 feet, more or less, is required, commencing from a point on the East Indian extension Railway near Etmadpoor, in Zillah Agra, thence passing in the neighbourhood of Sasnee, Allyghurh and Khoorja, and terminating at a point on the left bank of the River Jumna, opposite to the City of Delhi.

This Declaration is made under Section II. of Act VI. of 1857.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

G. E. W. Couper,
Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces.

General Department,
No. 1322, *dated 3rd June* 1859.

The under-mentioned gentlemen who appeared before the Special Committees of Examination have been passed as follows :—

FOR THE HIGHER STANDARD.

Assistant Commissioners.

Mr. W. B. Jones ... with great credit.
Lieutenant G. J. F. Lewin.
Lieutenant J. Tighe.
Lieutenant J. R. G. G. Shortt ... with credit.
Captain H. Dwyer.
Lieutenant A. A. Munro.

Extra Assistants.

Lalla Hurgobind.
Mr. L. Cowan.

FOR THE LOWER STANDARD.

Assistant Commissioners.

Mr. C. E. Bernard.
Lieutenant G. G. Young.
Mr. J. G. Cordery.
Lieutenant J. W. H. Johnstone.
Mr. G. R. Elsmie.
Lieutenant W. G. Waterfield.
Mr. H. Hankey.
Lieutenant R. Hudlestone.
Mr. H. G. Paynter.
Mr. R. G. Melvill.
Lieutenant J. Chalmers.

Extra Assistants.

Faizul Hoosain.
Mr. F. R. Scarlett ... with credit.
Mehtab Singh.
Mr. J. C. Murphy.
Syud Sufdar Hoosain.
Ameen Chund ... with credit.
Gholam Hussun.
Gunga Pershad.

FOR CANTONMENT JOINT MAGISTRATE'S STANDARD.

Captain A. Le Gallais.

Public Works Department.

Leave.—Lieutenant G. Newmarch, Executive Engineer, Delhie Division of Public Works, has obtained twelve days' leave, on private affairs, from the 6th instant, or from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

Revenue Department,
No. 625, *dated 4th June* 1859.

Mr. Patrol Griffiths, of Customs Department, Punjab, has obtained three months' leave of absence, from the date he may avail himself of the same, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Service Leave Rules.

General Department,
No. 1313, *dated 2nd June* 1859.

Transfers.—Mr. G. Thomson, Extra Assistant Commissioner Leia District, is transferred to the Googaira District.

No. 1314.

Mr. C. Stephen, Extra Assistant Commissioner Googaira, whose temporary transfer to Googaira was notified in *Punjab Gazette* of the 19th May, will return to Ferozepore on being relieved by Mr. Thomson.

No. 1322, *dated 3rd June* 1859.

Powers.—The following Officers are vested with the full powers of a Collector and Magistrate, with effect from the 1st of April last :—

Assistant Commissioners.

Mr. W. B. Jones.
Lieutenant G. J. F. Lewin.
Lieutenant J. Tighe.
Lieutenant J. R. G. G. Shortt.
Captain H. Dwyer.
Lieutenant A. A. Munro.

Extra Assistants.

Lalla Hurgobind.
Mr. L. Cowan.

The following Officers are vested with the special powers of an Assistant :—

Assistant Commissioners.

Mr. C. E. Bernard.
Lieutenant G. G. Young.
Mr. J. G. Cordery.
Lieutenant J. W. H. Johnstone.
Mr. G. R. Elsmie.
Lieutenant W. G. Waterfield.
Lieutenant R. Hudlestone.
Mr. H. G. Paynter.
Mr. R. G. Melvill.
Lieutenant J. Chalmers.

Extra Assistants.

Faizul Hoosain.
Mr. T. R. Scarlett.
Mehtab Singh.
Mr. J. C. Murphy.
Syud Sufdar Hoosain.
Ameen Chund.
Gholam Hussun.
Gunga Pershad.

The special powers of an Assistant vested in Munnoo Lall, Deputy Collector of Rohtuck, in Punjab Orders dated 17th April 1858, are revoked.

Appointments and Postings.—Captain A. Le Gallais, whose appointment as Cantonment Joint Magistrate of Sealkote, on probation, was notified in the *Punjab Gazette*, of the 5th February last, having passed the prescribed Examination, is confirmed in his appointment, with effect from the 1st of April last.

No. 1312, *dated 2nd June* 1859.

Mr. T. Penn is appointed Officiating Extra Assistant Commissioner of the 3rd Class and posted to the Leia District.

No. 1315.

Mr. J. W. Smyth, Assistant Commissioner 3rd Class, is posted to the Umritsur District.

No. 1316.

Mr. D. G. Barkley, Assistant Commissioner 3rd Class, has been posted to Shahpore.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces and its Dependencies.

R. H. DAVIES,
Secy. to Govt., Punjab and its Dependencies

Notification.

I. The following Statement, showing the Out-turn of Manufactures in the Jails of the Lower Provinces for the year 1857-58, received from the Accountant to the Government of Bengal, is published for general information, in conformity with the Orders of Government, No. 139, dated the 23rd of February 1857 :—

Jails.	Total Amount of Out-turn of Manufactures.	Commission of 25 per cent. payable to the Jailor.	Balance 75 per cent. available for works of public utility.	Amount at credit at each Station and Out-station.
Patna ..	941 14 4	235 7 7	706 6 9	Patna ... 688 8 11
				Jhaoogunge ... 5 3 3
				Barh ... 10 3 8
				Dinapore ... 2 11 11
Bhaugulpore ...	1,121 2 10	280 4 8½	840 14 1½	Bhaugulpore ... 772 8 6
				Mudehpore ... 47 8 9½
				Dhorya ... 20 12 10
Monghyr ...	1,351 1 2½	337 12 3	1,013 4 11½	Monghyr ... 1,010 3 6
				Barh ... 3 1 5½
Tirhoot ...	102 13 5	25 11 4½	77 2 0½	Tirhoot ... 70 5 2½
				Duhera ... 6 12 10½
Pubna ...	410 4 9	102 9 2½	307 11 6½	Pubna ... 247 6 5½
				Serajgunge ... 60 5 1
Maldah ...	32 1 7	8 4 4½	23 13 2½	Maldah ... 23 13 2½
Dacca ...	2,710 10 10	679 2 8½	2,037 8 1½	Dacca ... 1,684 4 7
				Moonshegunge ... 167 5 1½
				Manickgunge ... 185 14 5½
Backergunge ...	722 2 3	180 8 6½	541 9 8½	Backergunge ... 541 9 8½
Tipperah ...	1,920 14 1	481 11 6½	1,445 2 6½	Tipperah ... 1,445 2 6½
Mymensing ...	2,539 3 11	634 12 11½	1'904 6 11½	Mymensing ... 1,789 12 5½
				Jumalpore ... 114 10 6
Chittagong ...	350 3 1	87 8 9½	262 10 3½	Chittagong ... 262 10 3½
Jessore ...	12,788 3 3½	3,197 4 9½	9,590 14 6½	Jessore ... 4,435 4 7½
				Magoorah ... 2,727 7 3
				Koolneah ... 2,428 2 8
Hooghly ...	11,154 12 6	2,788 11 1½	8,366 1 4½	Hooghly ... 7,169 10 10½
				Jehanabad ... 277 1 0
				Serampore ... 377 13 0
				Howrah ... 541 8 6
Bancoorah ...	1,502 6 9	375 9 8½	1,126 13 0½	Bancoorah ... 882 12 11
				Ranegunge ... 110 5 7½
				Bood Bood ... 101 2 6
				Gurbettah ... 32 8 0
				Midnapore ... 2,863 3 0
Midnapore ...	5,018 10 7	1,254 10 7½	3,763 15 11½	Gurbettah ... 5 4 5½
				Negwan ... 79 3 10½
				Tumlook ... 53 7 8
				Balasore ... 762 12 11½
Pooree ...	390 8 4½	97 10 1½	292 14 3	Pooree ... 292 14 3
Hazareebaugh ...	699 14 1	174 15 6½	524 14 6½	Hazareebaugh ... 476 4 10
				Burhee ... 48 9 8½
Durrung ...	153 3 2½	38 4 0	114 14 5½	Tezpore ... 106 14 1½
				Mungledye ... 8 0 4
Gowalparrah ...	122 13 4½	30 11 4	92 2 0½	Gowalparrah ... 92 2 0½
Luckimpore ...	72 4 8	18 1 2	54 3 6	Luckimpore ... 54 3 6
Cossiah Hills ...	12 9 3	3 2 3½	9 6 11½	Cossiah Hills ... 9 6 11½
Ramree ...	659 8 8	164 14 2	494 10 6	Ramree ... 494 10 6
Beerbhoom ...	Loss	0 0 0	0 0 0	
Burdwan ...	3,351 2 2	837 12 6½	2,513 5 7½	Cutwa ... 86 9 7
				Bood Bood ... 225 2 5
				Jehanabad ... 69 4 6
				Burdwan ... 2,132 5 1½
Dinagepore ...	1,572 11 6½	393 2 10½	1,179 8 8½	Maldah ... 1,179 8 8½
Noakhally ...	1,188 9 1	297 2 3½	891 6 9½	Noakhally ... 607 12 7½
				Duckin Shabazpore ... 283 10 2
Rajshahye ...	4,608 0 0	1,152 0 0	3,456 0 0	Rajeshahye ... 3,419 8 11
				Nattore ... 36 7 1
Sarun ...	483 15 7	120 15 10½	362 15 8½	Chuprah ... 304 5 11½
				Sewan ... 58 9 9
Nuddeah .	1,432 4 9½	358 1 2½	1,074 3 7½	Nuddeah ... 851 14 6½
				Santipore ... 155 8 4
				Kurrimpore ... 22 4 7
				Kallarooah ... 18 9 3
				Cutwa ... 25 14 11
Baraset ...	220 5 8	55 1 5	165 4 3	Baraset ... 149 9 1
				Kallarooah ... 15 11 2
24-Pergunnahs ...	28,428 13 5	7,107 3 4½	21,321 10 0½	24-Pergunnahs ... 21,321 10 0½
Sandoway ...	81 14 0	20 7 6	61 6 6	Sandoway ... 61 6 6

II. The Returns from the following Jails not having yet been submitted, the amount of profits on manufactures available for local purposes in those places will be published in a supplementary list :—

Moorshedabad.	Sylhet.	Behar.	Cuttack.	Jorehaut.
Purneah.	Furreedpore.	Shahabad.	Nowgong.	Akyab.
Rungpore.	Maunbhoom.	Chumparun.	Kamroop.	Cachar.

Fort William,
The 15th June 1859

F. J. MOUAT,
Inspector-General of Jails, L. P.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Seventh Sale of Opium, the provision of 1857-58, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Thursday, the 14th of July 1859, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 2,260 Chests, *viz.*:—

Behar Opium	1,915
Benares Ditto	345
Total Chests ...	2,260

2. The general conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 1st December 1858, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 19th and 29th July 1859, respectively, that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, Company's Paper or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the Sale, will be received after 4 P. M., of Tuesday, the 19th July 1859, and no Treasury Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M., of Friday, the 29th July 1859.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium of 1857-58 will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board however reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Wednesday, 10th August 1859	1915	345	2,260
Do. Friday, 9th September „	1915	345	2,260
Do. Friday, 14th October „	1915	345	2,260
Do. Monday, 7th November „	1915	345	2,260
Do. Monday, 5th December „	1934	379	2,313
	9,594	1,759	11,353

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 1st June 1859.

No. 211.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned dates have been fixed by the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, as the latest dates on which payment of Arrears of Revenue will be received in the Provinces of Cuttack, *viz.*:—

28th April for the 8 Punnee Kist.

8th November for the 16 Punnee Kist.

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

E. T. TREVOR,
Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 13th June 1859.

Notification No. 5.

MR. R. C. P. PERRY, Sub-Assistant Commissioner, received charge of the Treasury at Maunbhoom on the 11th instant.

R. P. HARRISON,
Acctt. to the Govt. of Bengal.

FORT WILLIAM;
Office of Acct., Govt. of Bengal,
The 13th June 1859.

No. 32.

Notification.

THE undersigned has the honor to notify to Civil and Military Officers in charge of Treasuries, that as he is in no way concerned in recovering Advances which may be at the personal debit of Officers, applications for the adjustment of such Advances should be made to the Accountant-General to the Government of India, Military Department, or to the proper Pay-master.

E. G. J. CHAMPNEYS, *Lieut.-Col.,*
Military Auditor General.

FORT WILLIAM;
Mily. Audr. Genl.'s Office,
The 13th May 1859.

Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

IN EQUITY.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE.

Bindasoondery Dossee,
Versus
A. B. Mackintosh and others.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Friday, the 1st day of July next, at the hour of one o'Clock in the afternoon, James Welch, Esquire, Receiver of the Supreme Court, and the Receiver appointed in the above Cause will put up for Lease for one year by public competition at his Office, all those 77½ Mouzahs or Villages being part of Dhee Daudpore within Pergunnah Satire, in the Zillah of Jessore, forming portion of the Estate of Isser Chunder Paul Chowdhoory, deceased, and commonly known by the name of Dhee Pavile upon such terms and conditions as will be then made known and upon such security as he may think fit.

Further particulars may be obtained on application at the Receiver's Office, Supreme Court.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE;
Supreme Court,
Calcutta, 9th June 1859.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE,
Supreme Court.

Aushootosh Day,
Versus
Raj Coomary Dossee.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the biddings for the Lease of Turruff Hadia, &c., have been postponed to Friday, the 1st July next, at 2 o'Clock P. M.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE;
Court House,
The 13th June 1859.

WEEKLY STATEMENT OF TRAFFIC PASSED THROUGH THE CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS FROM 7th TO 14th JUNE 1859.

FROM 7TH TO 14TH JUNE 1859.	NAMES OF CHOWKEYS.	CHARCOAL.			WOOD COAL.			PIECE GOODS. NATIVE PRODUCE.			PIECE GOODS, IMPORTED FABRICS.			HIDES.			COTTON.			CASTOR SEED.			CASTOR OIL.			INDIGO.			JAGGERY.			JUTE.			LIME.			MUSTARD SEED.			MUSTARD SEED OIL.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
CIRCULAR CANAL	Bamanghatta	...	...	...	...	..	..	.	...	.	...	.	..	4	1675	5700	..	...	.	..	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	12	7750	5700	14	11630	9075	6	6600	4800	60	36223	26700	1	350	75
	Chitpore ...	...	.	...	.	..	...	..	..	...	6	1675	bls. 100	...	...	...	2	1100	200	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	..		.	..	...	.	..	...	2	550	175	..	..	..
TOLLY' NULLAH	Samookpotta	..	...	...	1	300	200	.	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	3	1500	1200	...	...	...	..	..	...	15	9500	7100	.	.	..
	Russa ...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	..	..	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	.	...
	Kyderpore .	...	...	.	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	1	125	30	..	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	1	75	30	..	..	...	...	..	...	1	425	250	.	..	...

FROM 7TH TO 14TH, JUNE 1859.	NAMES OF CHOWKEYS	SALT.			SUGAR.			TOBACCO.			LINSEED.			PADDY.			PULSE.			PEAS.			RICE.			WHEAT.			LENTIL.			GRAIN.			SUNDRIES.	
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Total Number of Boats.	Total Maundage by Canal Measurement.
CIRCULAR CANAL	Bamanghatta ..	...	...	..	49	27025	19200	8	3080	2550	123	83975	56600	...	.	...	6	2925	2100	29	10900	7975	129	69275	42350	6	6400	5000	9	4225	2900	4	2350	1700	917	284100
	Chitpore ..	156	92950	51825	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	.	...	...	.	...	2	675	350	...	...	..	...	...	...	1	650	50	..	...	...	331	160450
TOLLY' NULLAH	Samookpotta ...	...	...	..		..	...	..	..	...	...	3200	2300	55	9950	7100	8	2550	1850	4	1600	1200	23	10700	8050	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	338	68150
	Russa ..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	..	..	4	100	67	...	...	...	...	...	...	59	3200	2380	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	286	11050
	Kyderpore ...	11	7350	5000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	.	...	...	..	...	..	...	..	...	..	..	.	...	...		...	2	150	100	264	67150

J. F. GALIFFE,
Collector and Magistrate of Canals.

Sheriff's Office; the 18th June 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery and also an Admiralty Sessions will be holden by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court-House in the Town of Calcutta, on Wednesday, the thirteenth day of July next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

W. F. GILMORE,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস ১৮ জুন ১৮৫৯ সাল

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ১৩ জুলাই ১৮৫৯ সাল বুধবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার কোর্ট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের কোর্ট উইলিএমের সুপ্রেম কোর্ট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়েরটরমিনর এবং এডমাইরেলটি অর্থাৎ মহা সমুদ্র সম্পর্কীয় মোকদ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশীয়ান যতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এ বিষয় সকলে স্মরন রাখুন।

W. F. GILMORE,
Sheriff.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

WITH reference to Government Notification No. 5, Fort William, Financial Department, 26th January 1855, notifying the intention of Government to dissolve its connexion with the Government Agency—

The Oriental Bank Corporation undertake the safe custody of Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal, and other local Stocks, free of all charge.

Will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, and remit at the current rates of exchange, or pay the same according to instructions, if to be remitted through the Corporation, Without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... 1-4th per Cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the purchase of Government or other Securities, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Corporation, ... Without charge.

WM. ANDERSON,
Agent.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION;
Calcutta, 29th January 1855.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 15th June 1859.

LIABILITIES.			ASSETS.		
	Co.'s Rs.			Co.'s Rs.	
Proprietors' Capital ...	1,07,00,000	0 0	Government Securities ...	23,92,000	0 0
Reserve Fund	1,97,534	10 10	Dues from Government ...	6,93,543	14 10
Current Accounts	1,11,20,945	7 0	Cash	1,36,77,906	1 9
Cash Credits Undrawn ...	5,58,043	1 3	Loans on Deposit of Securities ...	1,15,07,400	0 0
Other Claims	5,53,738	3 0	Discount Loans on ditto	68,74,400	0 0
Bank Notes	1,46,33,869	0 0	Accounts of Credit on ditto ...	7,70,900	0 0
Post Bills	3,35,039	15 5	Government Bills Discounted ...	2,48,101	13 5
Profit and Loss *(Rebate Account)* ...	69,521	9 6	Mint Certificates ditto	7,93,272	0 9
			Mercantile Bills ditto	10,25,052	14 1
			Dead Stock	1,96,115	2 2
Co.'s Rs.	3,81,68,691	15 0		3,81,68,691	15 0

Published by order of the Directors,
H. I. LEE,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

G. W. MOULTRIE,
Offg. Accountant.

Commercial Bank of India.

CALCUTTA BRANCH.

Rates of Exchange on London Joint Stock Bank.

		s.	d.	
At 6 months' sight	... ...	2	0¼	per Rupee
„ 3 „	... ...	1	11⅞	„
„ 30 days'	... ...	1	11⅞	„
„ 3 „	... ...	1	11½	„

The Bank grants Drafts on the Head Office, Bombay, and on its Branches in London, Shanghae, and Hong-Kong. Bills collected at any of the above places at a uniform charge of ¼ per Cent.

The Bank will undertake the purchase or sale of Government Paper, Bank Stock and other Securities, draw Interest and Dividends payable in Calcutta, when due, at a Commission of ¼ per Cent.

No charge made when the proceeds of Sale or amount of Interest or Dividends drawn is remitted in the Bank's Bills.

Rates of Interest allowed to Deposits subject to

3 months' notice of withdrawal, 4 p. ct. per annum.
6 ditto ditto ditto 5 „
2 ditto ditto ditto 6 „

Notice may be given when the money is deposited, or at any subsequent time; and it will be dispensed with in cases when the money is to be remitted through the Bank.

Current Accounts kept and Interest allowed at 2 per Cent. per annum on Balances of Rupees 500 and upwards, not exceeding Rupees 50,000, unless by special agreement.

Hours of business, 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. On Saturdays, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

W. S. FITZWILLIAM,
Agent.

27, TANK SQUARE,
Calcutta, 7th October 1858.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Jules Charles Imbert, of Bebee Rozio's Lane, in Bow Bazar, in Calcutta, an Assistant in the Military Department, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic. cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 16th day of June instant, and by an order of the same date, the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of Jules Charles Imbert, of Bebee Rozio's Lane, in Bow Bazar, in Calcutta, an Assistant in the Military Department, an Insolvent.

On Thursday, the 16th day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 6th day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

Chief Clerk's Office, 17th June 1859.

Notice.

A SPECIAL General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Calcutta Docking Company will be held on Thursday, the 28th instant, at 10 o'clock, to determine the mode of dealing with the proceeds of land sold.

By Order of the Directors,

J. H. MORGAN,
Superintendent.

14th June 1859.

Notice.

THE Interest of MR. GEORGE GILBERT in our Concern ceased on the 30th April 1858.

JESSOP & Co.

Required.

A TRANSLATOR thoroughly conversant with English and Oordoo. His duties will be to translate and to superintend the Persian Office, salary Rupees 100 per mensem. Apply to Deputy Commissioner, Gondah, in Oude.

Notice.

PLUNDERED OR DESTROYED during the Mutiny at Bareilly, in May 1857, the following 4 per Cent Government Promissory Notes, standing in the name of the Secretary of the Bareilly Dispensary Committee:—

No. 10298	31st March	1836	Rs.	2,000
„ 9799	1st May	1832	„	4,000
„ 11364	1st Nov.	1832	„	3,800
„ 4104	31st March	1836	„	1,000
„ 30237	30th June	1854	„	1,200
„ 7197	1st Feb.	1813	„	1,000

Payment of the Notes and Interest due on them has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application will be made for the issue of duplicates in favor of the original Holders.

H. R. WILSON,
Deputy Collector.

BAREILLY COLLECTORATE,
The 2nd June 1859.

Notice.

THE lower-half of a Government Promissory Note, No. 28381, of the 5 per Cent Loan of 1841-42, for Rupees 1,200, originally standing in the name of G. Beechy, Esquire, has been erroneously attached to the upper-half of some other Government Promissory Note for a similar amount, and originally standing in the same name. Payment of any Note having the half Note in question joined to it, has been stopped at the Treasury. Any person having the missing half of the above-mentioned Note, is requested to communicate with the undersigned.

CAREY AND BERNERS,
Solicitors.

7, *Hastings' Street.*

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE Government Promissory Note, No. 986 of 25445, of the 4 per Cent Loan of 1854-55, dated the 30th June 1854, for Company's Rupees 4000, originally standing in the name of Kajem Begum, and last endorsed by Mahadeo, Treasurer, the Proprietor, to the Pay Master, Oude Field Force. Payment of the above Note, and of Interest thereupon, has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government, for the issue of a Duplicate Note, in favor of the Proprietor.

MAHADEO,

Treasurer, Pay Office, Lucknow.

27th May 1859.

Lost or Destroyed.

THE Government Promissory Notes, Nos. 7559 and 7565 of 1842-43, of the four per Cent Loan of 1842-43, dated the 1st July 1843, for Company's Rupees 5000 each, originally standing in the name of the Agents to the Ferry Fund Committee at Shahabad, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of a Duplicate Note in favor of the Proprietor.

W. J. HERSCHEL,

Secy. to the Ferry Fund Committee.

SHAHABAD MAGISTRACY;
Arrah,
The 8th June 1859.

Notice.

THE Public are hereby cautioned not to purchase or mortgage the under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, *viz.*:—

Nos. 182, 183 and 22953, of the 4 per Cent. Loan of 1854-55, of 500 Rupees each, in favor of Mrs. E. M. Bellamy.

13th June 1859.

Plundered in Transit from Neemuch to Delhie.

THE Government Promissory Notes, Nos. 1578, 1579 and 1580, of 1856-57, dated 28th February 1857, for Company's Rupees 1,000 each, originally standing in the name of Mirza Hajee Mahomed Khan, the Proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Notes and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of duplicates in favor of the Proprietor.

MIRZA HAJEE MAHOMED KHAN.

AJMERE.
The 4th June 1859.

PLUNDERED at Khunna, in the Loodianah District, a Government Promissory Note, No. 36870 of 1127 of 1854-55, of the 4 per Cent. Loan, for Rupees 1,200, the property of Moobarack Ally, Bread Contractor, Sealkote.

Lost.

THE first-halves of the Bank of Bengal Notes, Nos. 02012F, 24921F, 24668F, for Rupees 100, and No. 13264A, for Rupees 10; and second-halves Nos. 09569, for Rupees 100 and 18819C, for Rupees 50, payment of which has been stopped at the Bank.

Lost.

THE left-half of a Bank of Bengal Note, No. 43117, for Rupees 100.

Notices issued by the Officiating Deputy Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 734.

The 13th June 1859.—NOTICE is hereby given, that an After-Packet for the P. and O. Company's Steamer *Nemesis* will be made up at this Office on Saturday, the 18th instant, at 1 P. M.

N. B.—The Public are particularly requested to observe that, in addition to Steam Postage, the Inland Postage to Kedgeree must be prepaid.

No. 771.

The 14th June 1859.—NOTICE is hereby given, that the Mails for Akyab, Rangoon and Moulmein, for transmission per Steamer *Burmah*, will be closed at this Office on Saturday, the 18th instant, at 6 P. M.

No. 797.

The 17th June 1859.—MAIL PACKETS for the Overland Mail, which leaves Bombay on the 5th proximo, will be closed at this Office at 5 P. M., on the 24th instant, *viâ* Marseilles only.

Letters and Papers for transmission *viâ* Bombay will be received up to 6 P. M., on every day prior to the 24th.

Rates of Postage.

Under ½	oz.	...	Rs.	0	6 0
„ ½	„	...	„	0	8 0
„ ¾	„	...	„	0	14 0
„ 1	„	...	„	1	0 0

No. 798.

Notice is hereby given, that in consequence of the departure of the Steamer *Nemesis* having been postponed, the Mails for England, and the intermediate Ports, will be closed at this Office on Saturday, the 18th instant, and the Steamer will leave Town on Monday morning, the 20th idem.

PACKETS for the reception of Letters by the following Ships are open at this Office:—

Names of Vessels.	Agents.	Intended Departure.	For what Port.	Touching at	Remarks.
Steamer *Burmah* ...	Mackinnon McKenzie and Co. ...	20th June 1859	Moulmein ..	Akyab & Rangoon.	
Ship *Blaudina Dudley* ...	M. Gregory ..	26th Ditto ...	Colombo.		
„ *Emily* ...	Ditto ..	26th Ditto ..	Moulmein.		

T. Garrett,
Offg. Depy. Post-Master General

Calcutta;
General Post Office,
The 17th June 1859.

Printed and Published for the Government by Thomas Jones, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

No. 50.] 1525]

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 22, 1859.

Legislative Council of India.

THE 18TH JUNE 1859.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General this day, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. XVI OF 1859.

An Act to explain Act XXX of 1858 (to provide for the administration of the Estate and for the payment of the debts of the late Nabob of the Carnatic.)

Preamble.

WHEREAS doubts have arisen whether certain debts contracted by Prince Azeem Jah Bahadoor during the infancy of the late Nabob of the Carnatic were debts or claims within the meaning of Section XIV or any subsequent Section of Act XXX of 1858; and whereas it is expedient to remove such doubts as well as other doubts which exist as to the power of the Supreme Court of Judicature at Madras to award costs in investigations under Section XXII of the said Act, and as to whether cases so investigated are appealable to Her Majesty in Council; It is declared and enacted as follows :—

Debts contracted by Prince Azeem Jah Bahadoor during the minority of the Nabob.

I. No debt contracted by the said Prince Azeem Jah Bahadoor during the minority of the said late Nabob shall be deemed a debt or claim within the meaning of the said Section XIV or any subsequent Section of the said Act, unless it shall be proved that it was necessary and proper that such debt should be incurred on behalf or for the use of the said Nabob, and that the same was so contracted; or unless the Governor in Council of Fort Saint George shall dispense with such proof.

Power to award costs.

II. Upon any investigation under Section XXII of the said Act, it shall be lawful for the Court, except as otherwise provided by the said Act, to award costs to either party and to cause the same to be levied in the same manner as costs in an ordinary suit.

Appeal to the Queen in Council.

III. It is hereby declared that it was not the intention of the said Act to exclude from appeal to Her Majesty in Council any awards orders or decisions of the said Supreme Court made upon any investigation under Section XXII as aforesaid.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE 18TH JUNE 1859.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council of India on the 18th June 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 22nd of August next :—

A Bill to empower Sessions Judges to pass sentence in certain cases without reference to the Sudder Court.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to empower Sessions Judges in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal to pass sentence in certain trials without reference to the Nizamut Adawlut; and whereas it is likewise expedient to remove the restriction now imposed by law upon Sessions Judges in regard to the minimum of punishment which they are competent to inflict in cases of perjury and certain cases of forgery described in Clause 2 Section IX Regulation XVII. 1817: It is enacted as follows :—

Laws repealed and modified.

I. Clause 3 Section VI. and Clause 3 Section IX Regulation XVII. 1817 of the Bengal Code are hereby repealed; and Section IX of the same Regulation, and Section IV Regulation VI. 1832 of the same Code are hereby modified.

II. When a person is convicted of the crime of rape, if the circumstances of the case shall not appear to call for a more severe punishment than imprisonment for seven years with labor in irons, the Sessions Judge before whom the trial is held shall himself pass sentence.

Sentence by Sessions Judge in case of conviction of rape.

III. When a person is convicted in a trial held under the provisions of Regulation VI. 1832, of a crime declared by a precedent of the Nizamut Adawlut to be a penal offence, if the circumstances of the case shall not appear to call for a more severe punishment than seven years' imprisonment with labor in irons, the Sessions Judge before whom the trial is held shall himself pass sentence. If, however, the crime of which the person has been convicted has not been declared to be a penal offence by a precedent of the Nizamut Adawlut, the Sessions Judge shall not proceed to pass sentence, but shall refer the case for the consideration of the Nizamut Adawlut, stating at length in the proceedings the opinion of the punchayet, assessors, or jury, and his own opinion, as to the crime proved, and the nature and extent of the punishment which should be awarded.

Sentence by Sessions Judge in case of conviction of a crime declared by the Sudder Court to be a penal offence.

IV. When a person is convicted of the crime of perjury or subornation of perjury or of forgery or of procuring forgery, as defined and made punishable by Regulations II. 1807 and XVII. 1817 of the Bengal Code, the Sessions Judge shall pass such sentence on the offender as he may consider adequate to the offence in reference to the particular circumstances of the case; provided that he shall in no case exceed the limit of the powers vested in him by Clause 2 Section IX of the Regulation last mentioned.

Sentence by Sessions Judge in case of conviction of perjury or forgery.

V. If in any case coming under the provisions of this Act, the Sessions Judge shall consider the sentence which he is empowered to pass inadequate to the guilt of the prisoner, he shall refer the case, with his sentiments, for the sentence of the Nizamut Adawlut in conformity to Section VI Act XXXI of 1841, which is hereby declared applicable to such cases.

Sessions Judge may refer a case to the Sudder Court.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE 18TH JUNE 1859.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council of India on the 18th June 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 22nd of September next:—

A Bill to amend Act XXII of 1855 *(for the regulation of Ports and Port-dues.)*

WHEREAS it is expedient that Port-dues, fees, and charges, leviable under Section XLIX of Act XXII of 1855, shall be recoverable by the Collector of Customs or other Officer authorized to collect such Port-dues, fees, and charges, in any Port, other than the Port in which any such dues, fees, or charges may, under the said Act, have become due: It is enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

I. If the Master of any Vessel in respect of which any Port-dues, fees, or charges shall be payable under the said Act, shall cause such Vessel to leave any Port without having discharged such dues, fees, or charges, it shall be lawful for the Collector of Customs or other Officer authorized to collect the same to require in writing the Collector of Customs or other Officer as aforesaid, in any other Port to which such Vessel may proceed or in which she may be, to levy such dues, fees, or charges; and every Collector or other Officer as aforesaid shall, on receipt of such requisition, proceed to levy such dues, fees, or charges in the manner prescribed in Section XLIX of the said Act; and a certificate purporting to be made and signed by the Collector of Customs or other Officer as aforesaid of the Port where the Port-dues, fees, or charges became payable, stating the amount so payable, shall be sufficient *primâ facie* proof of such amount in any proceeding under the said Section, and also (in case the amount payable is disputed) in any subsequent proceeding under Section LIX of the said Act.

Port-dues &c. payable in one Port, recoverable by Collector at any other Port.

II. If the Master of any such Vessel shall evade the payment of any Port-dues, fees, or charges payable under the said Act, he shall be liable on conviction to a penalty not exceeding five times the amount so payable. In any proceeding before a Magistrate for the adjudication of the said penalty, any such certificate as is mentioned in Section I of this Act, stating that the Master has evaded such payment, shall be sufficient *primâ facie* proof of the evasion, unless the Master shall show to the satisfaction of the Magistrate that the departure of the Vessel without having discharged the dues, fees, or charges payable was caused by stress of weather or that there was lawful or reasonable ground for such departure.

Penalty for evading payment of Port-dues &c.

III. This Act shall be read with and taken as a part of the said Act XXII of 1855, save that any Magistrate having jurisdiction under the said Act in any Port, River, or Channel to which the Vessel may proceed or in which she may be found, shall be deemed to have jurisdiction in any proceeding under this Act.

Construction of Act.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE 18TH JUNE 1859.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council of India on the 18th June 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 22nd of September next:—

A Bill for regulating Public Conveyances in the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, and the several Stations of the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca.

WHEREAS it is expedient to regulate certain Public Conveyances in the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, and the several Stations of the Settle-

Preamble.

ment of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca; It is enacted as follows :—

Law repealed.

I. Act IV of 1841 *(for regulating Public Conveyances in the Islands of Bombay and Colaba, and the Harbour of Bombay)* and Sections LXXVIII, LXXIX, and LXXX of Act XIII of 1856 *(for regulating the Police of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, and the several Stations of the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca)* are hereby repealed except as to any act or offence done or committed before this Act shall come into operation.

Carriages to be registered.

II. Every wheeled Carriage, whatever may be its form or construction, used in standing or plying in any public street or road within any of the said Towns and Stations for the purpose of carrying persons for hire; and every wheeled Carriage, whatever may be its form or construction, which may be hired for such purpose for any time less than a day or for a certain distance or by the job, although such Carriage does not ordinarily stand or ply for hire in any public street or road, shall be registered in the Office of the Commissioner of Police.

Form of Register.

III. The following particulars shall be entered in the Register.

1st. The number assigned to the Carriage in the Register; such number to be from time to time assigned by the Commissioner of Police.

2nd. The name and residence of the Owner of the Carriage.

3rd. The number of persons the Carriage is permitted to carry.

The registration shall be made and the numbers assigned annually upon such day in each year as the Commissioner of Police shall appoint. Any person becoming possessed within the year of any such Carriage which has not been registered, may obtain registration on application at the Office of the Commissioner of Police. When any registered Carriage is transferred within the year, it shall be registered anew in the name of the person to whom it has been transferred. A fee of one Rupee shall be paid for such registration.

Penalty for not registering.

IV. Whoever keeps any Carriage required by this Act to be registered, without being so registered, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees. Any Police Officer of the Town or Station where the Carriage may be, may seize any such Carriage (provided the same be not employed at the time of seizure in the conveyance of passengers) together with the horses or other animals drawing the same. If the Carriage as aforesaid be not claimed or if the fine be not paid within ten days, such Carriage, together with the animals seized with it, may be sold by auction, and the proceeds applied to the payment of the fine, and all costs and charges incurred on account of the detention and sale, and the surplus (if any), if not claimed by the owner within a further period of twenty days, shall be forfeited to the State.

Registry Plate.

V. The owner of every Carriage registered under this Act shall cause to be affixed on some conspicuous place on the outside of the Carriage, a plate distinctly showing the registered number of the Carriage and the number of passengers permitted to be carried.

Penalty.

VI. The owner of any Carriage required by this Act to be registered, having a plate affixed to his Carriage without having registered the Carriage under this Act, or having a plate resembling the plates issued by the Commissioner of Police affixed to his Carriage, shall be liable to a fine of fifty Rupees.

Registry may be refused or cancelled.

VII. The Commissioner of Police may refuse to register any Carriage under this Act or may cancel the registration thereof whenever it may appear to him that such Carriage, or any Horse or Harness used with any such Carriage is unserviceable or unsafe, or otherwise unfit for public accommodation or use.

Fares how to be fixed.

VIII. The rates or fares as well for time as distance to be paid for Carriages plying for hire in the public streets in the said Towns and Stations shall be fixed in the manner following:

In the Towns of Calcutta and Madras such rates or fares shall from time to time be fixed by the Commissioner of Police, with the sanction of the Local Government.

In the Town of Bombay such rates or fares shall from time to time be fixed by the Court of Petty Sessions, with the sanction of the Local Government.

In the several Stations of the Straits' Settlement such rates or fares shall from time to time be fixed by the Quarter Sessions of the Station, with the sanction of the Governor.

The rates so fixed shall be published four times in the *Government Gazette* and in such of the public Newspapers as shall be directed by the Commissioner of Police.

Commissioner of Police to fix Stands.

Penalty for causing obstruction by plying for hire elsewhere.

IX. The Commissioner of Police shall from time to time appoint Stands for Carriages plying for hire in the public streets. Every driver of a Carriage registered under this Act who shall (elsewhere than at some Stand or place appointed for the purpose by the Commissioner of Police) stand or loiter for the purpose of being hired, and who shall thereby cause any obstruction in or upon any public street, road, or place shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten Rupees.

Penalty if driver refuse to let to hire a Carriage standing at a Stand appointed for Carriages.

X. Any driver of a Carriage registered under this Act standing at any of the Stands for Carriages appointed by the Commissioner of Police, or plying for hire in the public streets, who refuses or neglects without reasonable excuse to drive such Carriage to any place within the Town or Station where such Carriage may be to which he is directed to drive by the person hiring or wishing to hire such Carriage, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees.

XI. The driver of any Carriage registered under this Act, who shall be guilty of wanton or furious driving, or cause hurt or damage by carelessness or wilful misbehaviour, or who shall be drunk during his employment, or make use of insulting or abusive language or gesture, or otherwise misbehave, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees, and in case of hurt or damage, the Magistrate may order a sum not exceeding fifty Rupees to be paid by the proprietors of such Carriage as compensation for the hurt or damage.

Penalty for furious driving, damage by carelessness, wilful misbehaviour, drunkenness, and insolence.

XII. Any driver of a Carriage registered under this Act who suffers the same to stand for hire across any street or alongside of any other Carriage, or who refuses to give way, if he conveniently can, to any other Carriage, or who obstructs or hinders the driver of any other Carriage in taking up or setting down any person into or from such other Carriage, or who wrongfully in a forcible manner prevents or endeavours to prevent the driver of any other Carriage from being hired, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees.

Driver causing obstruction in street.

XIII. If the driver of a Carriage registered under this Act leave the same without some proper person to take care of it in any street or at any place of public resort or entertainment, whether it be hired or not, he shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees, and any Police Constable may drive such Carriage to a place of safety.

Penalty for leaving Carriage without control.

XIV. Any proprietor or driver of a Carriage, the fares for which are fixed by this Act, who shall take as a fare a larger sum than he is authorized by law to take, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees, and the Magistrate shall order the amount of such overcharge to be forthwith paid to the party aggrieved. In default of payment such amount shall be recoverable as a fine.

Penalty for taking more than legal fare.

XV. Any driver of a Carriage registered under this Act, if required to wait with such Carriage at any place (after he has been hired) for a longer time than one hour, may demand a reasonable sum, as a deposit from the person hiring and requiring him to wait, over and above the sum to which he is entitled for driving to such place. Any driver of a hired Carriage refusing to wait or going away before expiration of the time for which the deposit offered or made shall be a sufficient compensation, or refusing to account for such deposit when paid, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Deposit may be demanded for waiting.

Penalty for refusing to wait or going away before expiry of time for which deposit has been made, or not accounting for deposit.

XVI. If any person hiring a Carriage registered under this Act refuse to pay on demand to the proprietor or driver of such Carriage the fare legally payable or (if the Carriage be a Carriage not plying for hire in the public streets) the sum agreed to be paid, such fare or sum may be recovered before a Magistrate as a fine, together with such compensation to the proprietor or driver for loss of time in attending before the Magistrate as to the Magistrate seems reasonable.

Penalty for refusing to pay legal fare

XVII. Any person using a Carriage registered under this Act, who wilfully injures the same, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees, and shall also pay to the proprietor of the Carriage compensation for the injury. The amount of such compensation shall be ascertained by a Magistrate, and shall be recoverable as a fine.

Penalty for wilful injury to Carriage.

XVIII. All property left in any Carriage registered under this Act shall be deposited by the driver at the nearest Police Station within twenty-four hours if not sooner claimed by the owner, such property to be returned to the person who shall prove to the Commissioner of Police that the same belonged to him, on payment of all expenses reasonably incurred, or of such reasonable sum to the driver as the Commissioner shall award.

All property found in registered Carriages to be made over to Police.

XIX. In case of any dispute between the hirer and driver of a Carriage registered under this Act, the hirer may require the driver to drive to the Police Court of the Town or Station where the dispute may arise, when the complaint may be determined by a Magistrate without summons, or, if no Magistrate be at that time sitting, then to the nearest Police Station, when the complaint shall be entered and tried by a Magistrate at his next sitting.

Disputes to be settled by Magistrate.

XX. When a complaint is made before a Magistrate against the driver of a Carriage registered under this Act for any offence committed by him against the provisions of this Act, such Magistrate shall forthwith summon the proprietor of the Carriage personally to appear, and to produce the driver of such Carriage to answer the complaint. If such proprietor being duly summoned, shall neglect or refuse personally to appear, or to produce the driver according to such summons, without a reasonable excuse to be allowed by the Magistrate, he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding forty Rupees, and so from time to time as often as he shall be so summoned, until such driver shall be produced by him. Provided always that if such proprietor shall neglect or refuse to appear and produce such driver on the second or any subsequent summons requiring him so to do, without a reasonable excuse to be allowed as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate to proceed to hear and determine the complaint in the absence of the proprietor and driver, or of either of them, and to give judgment against such proprietor for the fine incurred by reason of such offence.

Proprietors of Carriages to be summoned to appear and produce the drivers.

On neglect on second summons Magistrate may proceed.

XXI. No Palankeen shall ply for hire within any of the said Towns or Stations unless duly registered at the Police Office. The Register shall state the number assigned to the Palankeen, and the name and residence of the owner. The registration shall be in force for one year, and every change of ownership within that time shall be therein noted. A fee of one Rupee shall be paid on

Palankeens.

registration. The owner of every such Palankeen shall cause to be painted on a conspicuous part of it the registered number thereof. The owner of every Palankeen, plying for hire without being duly registered or not having the prescribed number painted on it, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees.

Commissioner of Police may refuse to register Palankeen.

XXII. The Commissioner of Police may refuse to register any Palankeen, or may cancel the registration thereof, whenever it may appear to him to be unserviceable or unfit for public accommodation or use.

Fares for Palankeens.

XXIII. The rates or fares for Palankeens registered under Section XXI, shall be fixed in the same manner and with the like sanction as the rates or fares to be paid for Carriages.

In Calcutta, Bombay, and the Ports of the Straits' Settlements, Passenger Boats to be registered.

XXIV. No Boat shall ply for passengers in the Ports of Calcutta or Bombay, or in any Port of the said Settlement, unless duly registered at the Police Office. The following particulars shall be entered in the Register.

First.—Number of the Boat.

Second.—Name and residence of the owner, and of the manjee.

Third.—Number of the crew.

Fourth.—Number of persons the Boat is permitted to carry.

Registration.

The registration shall be in force for one year; and every change of the owner or manjee within that time shall be therein noted. A fee of one Rupee shall be paid on registration.

Name of owner or manjee, number, &c., to be painted.

The owner or manjee of every such registered Boat shall cause to be painted on a conspicuous part of it the registered number thereof, the number of the crew, and the number of passengers permitted to be carried.

Penalty.

The owner or manjee of a Boat plying for passengers without being duly registered, or carrying more passengers, or with a less crew, than is stated in the register, or not having the prescribed particulars painted on it, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Penalty for neglecting or delaying to report accident to a registered Boat attended with loss of life.

XXV. Whenever any accident shall occur to a Boat registered under this Act, which accident is attended with loss of the life of any one of the crew or passengers, the manjee or if the manjee be not forthcoming, the owner of the Boat shall report the circumstances at the Police Office, and if the manjee or the owner, as the case may be, without lawful excuse, neglect or delay to make such report, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Commissioner may refuse to register unsafe Boats.

XXVI. The Commissioner of Police may refuse to register any Boat, or may cancel the registration thereof, whenever it may appear to him to be in an unsafe state.

Fares for Boats.

XXVII. The rates or fares for Boats registered under Section XXIV and plying for passengers in any of the said Ports, shall be fixed in the same manner and with the like sanction as the rates or fares to be paid for Carriages in the Town or Station to which such Port belongs.

Disputes concerning fares for Boats and Palankeens to be settled by a Magistrate.

XXVIII. In case of any dispute concerning the fare payable for any Boat or any Palankeen registered under this Act, the same may be settled by a Magistrate; and the provisions of Section XX shall be applicable in such case.

Adjudication of penalties.

XXIX. All offences against this Act shall be heard and determined by a Police Magistrate. The provisions of Act XIII of 1856, relating to the adjudication of fines and penalties and the enforcing payment thereof, shall apply to fines and penalties imposed under this Act, and to all sums of money hereby made recoverable as fines.

Interpretation.

XXX. The following words and expressions in this Act shall have the meanings hereby assigned to them, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction (that is to say),

"Magistrate."

The word "Magistrate" in this Act shall mean a Magistrate of Police appointed under Act XIII of 1856, acting for the Town or Station where the matter requiring the cognizance of the Magistrate arises.

"Commissioner of Police."

The words "Commissioner of Police" shall mean the Commissioner of Police so appointed and acting.

Number.

Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number.

Gender.

Words importing the masculine gender shall include females.

"Town."

The word "Town" shall include all places within the local limits of the jurisdiction of Her Majesty's Supreme Courts of Judicature at Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay.

"Station."

The word "Station" shall mean any of the Stations of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Home Department.

No. 1228.

Fort William, the 21st June 1859.

Notification.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council has been pleased to grant twelve months' leave, under Medical Certificate, to Mr. C. Burbank, Commander of the Government Steamer *Fire Queen.*

W. Grey,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Foreign Department.

No. 3726.

Fort William, the 17th June 1859.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. C. Hutchinson to be Deputy Superintendent of the Land Transport Train between Indore and Agra, as a temporary arrangement.

Cecil Beadon,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, the 17th June 1859.

No. 882 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate :—

Lieutenant Henry Loftus Alexander Tottenham, of the 67th Regiment Native Infantry, attached to the Kemaoon Battalion ..	For eighteen months.

Fort William, the 20th June 1859.

No. 883 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Council calls the attention of the English Soldiers of Her Majesty's Indian Forces to this General Order.

On entering the Service of the East India Company, every Soldier was attested in the following manner :—

Among the "Questions to be put separately "by the Justice to a Recruit on enlisting," was this one.

8. "Are you willing to be attested to serve "in the East India Company's (Infantry, Cavalry or Artillery, as the case might be,) "for the term "of * * * * *, provided the said Company should "so long require your services, and also for "such further term, not exceeding two years, as "shall be directed by the Commanding Officer on "any Foreign Station."

He then made the following declaration before the Justice on attestation :

"I ——— do declare, that the above questions "have been separately put to me ; that the answers thereto have been read over to me ; and "that they are the same that I gave, and "are true."

He then took the following oath :

"I ——— do make oath, that I will be faithful "and bear true allegiance to Her Majesty, Her "Heirs and Successors, and that I will, as in duty "bound, honestly and faithfully defend Her "Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, in Person, "Crown, and Dignity, against all Enemies, and "will observe and obey all orders of Her Majesty, "Her Heirs and Successors, and of the Generals "and Officers set over me."

"And that I also will be true to the said "Company, and will duly observe and obey all "their orders, and the orders of their Generals "and Officers who shall be lawfully set over me."

The First part of the oath is not a mere oath of allegiance, but an oath both of allegiance and of Military Service. It is not an oath taken by Civilians ; for when a Civilian takes an oath of allegiance, he swears that he will be faithful and bear true allegiance to the Queen, and nothing more. But it is precisely the same oath as that under which every Soldier of Her Majesty's Service, enlisted in England and elsewhere, engages to serve in the Royal Army, and it is the *only* Oath administered to a Recruit on attestation for Her Majesty's Service.

The Second part of the oath binds the Soldier to serve the East India Company faithfully, and to obey orders, precisely in the same terms as those in which in the first part of the oath he has sworn to serve the Queen.

Every man who took this oath bound himself to serve the Crown as well as the Company, but with a clear understanding that he was to serve in India only, and exclusively in the British Forces of the Company, as distinct from the ordinary Service of the Crown.

It having been deemed expedient by the Legislature of the United Kingdom that the East India Company should cease to administer the Government of India in trust for the Crown, an Act of Parliament was passed on the 2nd of August 1858, "For the better Government of India"—The Act of the 21st and 22nd Victoria, Chapter 106.

Of this Statute, the Fifty-sixth Section enacted as follows :—

"The Military and Naval Forces of the East "India Company shall be deemed to be the In-"dian Military and Naval Forces of Her Majesty, "and shall be under the same obligations to serve "Her Majesty as they would have been under "to serve the said Company, and shall be liable "to serve within the same territorial limits only, "for the same terms only, and be entitled to the "like Pay, Pensions, Allowances and privileges, "and the like advantages as regards Promotion "and otherwise, as if they had continued in the "Service of the said Company : such Forces, and "all persons hereafter enlisting in or entering "the same, shall continue and be subject to all "Acts of Parliament, Laws of the Governor "General of India in Council, and Articles of "War, and all other Laws, Regulations and Pro-"visions, relating to the East India Company's "Military and Naval Forces respectively, as if "Her Majesty's Indian Military and Naval "Forces respectively had throughout such Acts, "Laws, Articles, Regulations and Provisions "been mentioned or referred to, instead of such "Forces of the said Company ; and the pay and "expenses of and incident to Her Majesty's "Indian Military and Naval Forces shall be "defrayed out of the Revenues of India."

Under this Section of the Act, the Forces of the East India Company are not transferred to the Crown, so as to place them on the same footing as Her Majesty's Troops of the Line, but the most careful provision is made to preserve inviolate the terms of Service under which the men enlisted, so that no man shall be required to serve out of India, nor in any British Regiments other than those which composed the Army of the Company, and that the Pay, Pension, and all other rights and privileges heretofore enjoyed by them in the Service of the Company, shall continue in every respect to be enjoyed by them.

The sole change made by the Act of Parliament is in the *designation* of the Troops. It is enacted that they shall be deemed to be "the Indian Military Forces of Her Majesty."

The Service is precisely what it was before; its local limits, its peculiar advantages, its entire distinctness from the ordinary Service of the Crown, are exactly what they have heretofore been. But the Forces which bore the name of the Hon'ble East India Company's Forces, so long as that Company administered the Government of India in trust for the Queen, have now the honor of being known as the Indian Forces of the Queen herself.

Some portion however of these Troops, shortly after the Act of Parliament came into force, came forward to claim a bounty or their discharge, on the ground that they had been transferred without their consent from the Service of the Company to the Service of the Crown, as to a different Service from that into which they enlisted.

This claim received all proper consideration where it was becomingly made; it was submitted by the Government of India to Her Majesty's Government; it was the subject of careful deliberation, and it was pronounced inadmissible by the Law Advisers and Ministers of the Crown.

The bulk of the English Soldiers of Her Majesty's Indian Forces is composed of men who well represent those who, during the Administration of the Company have shed their blood side by side with the Royal Troops serving in India, to establish the supremacy of the British power, and to sustain the glory of England; and many amongst them have by their valour and discipline during the last two eventful years rendered invaluable service in the repression and punishment of mutiny and rebellion. The Viceroy and Governor General in Council has placed reliance on the loyalty and good sense of the great body of these men, and he has looked confidently to their setting a good example to their younger comrades. He has not been disappointed.

But a strong feeling prevails among some, chiefly the younger Soldiers, that they have not been dealt with justly, and some have been guilty of acts of disobedience and misconduct.

These were quickly put down. Afterwards, by order of the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief, Courts of Enquiry were opened, before which the men were called upon to make their representations, and to state unreservedly the grounds of their claims. The proceedings of these Courts are now before the Government.

The Government is satisfied that the objections of the men are founded, in the case of many of them, on an honest conviction that their rights have been overlooked. This conviction has been strengthened by the expression of opinions from high Authority in England, which naturally have had a powerful effect on the minds of the men. It has been put forward by the men for the most part in a soldier-like and respectful manner, after the first excitement had passed away, consequently upon the orders and warnings of the Commander-in-Chief.

Such being the case, and it being the desire of the Government of India that there should not be even an appearance of injustice done to any Soldier, His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Council has determined, with the full concurrence of the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief, that every Non-Commissioned Officer and Soldier in the three Presidencies who enlisted for the East India Company's Forces, shall, if he desire it, be allowed to take his discharge, under the provisions of the Act for limiting the time of service in the Army,* which directs that Soldiers taking their discharge shall be conveyed to England and there finally discharged; and that in the mean while they shall continue to be subject to the Mutiny Act and Articles of War.

* 10th and 11th Victoria, chap. 37.

Each man will be duly paid up and settled with to the date of his embarkation; from which date, according to the Regulations of the Local Forces, pay will cease.

The representations of the men, as recorded by the Courts of Enquiry assembled for this purpose at Meerut and other Stations, will be transmitted for the consideration of Her Majesty's Government. But the Viceroy and Governor General in Council distinctly announces, that he is not authorized to hold out any hope that the Government of Her Majesty will recede from the decision to which it has already come, in regard to re-enlistment and bounty.

The offer of discharge now determined upon, will be made under arrangements to be ordered by the Commanders-in-Chief respectively at the three Presidencies; and the decision of every man who elects to remain in the Service, is to be entered in the Regimental Records, and will be considered final.

Men accepting their discharge under this order, will not be permitted to enlist into any Regiment in India, whether of the Line or of Her Majesty's Indian Forces. They will be sent to the Port of embarkation, under the orders of their Excellencies the Commanders-in-Chief in Bengal, Madras and Bombay, and will be provided with passage to England.

No. 884 *of* 1859.—Circumstances having recently come to the knowledge of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council, which show that the 5th European Regiment, stationed at Berhampore, has conducted itself in a manner which leads him to doubt whether the privilege conferred by the General Order No. 883, of this day's date, can properly be extended to that Corps, His Excellency in Council has determined that the 5th European Regiment shall be excluded from the operation of the said Order, until enquiry shall have been made into its conduct, and a report received thereon.

No. 885 *of* 1859.—The following Notification, from the Home Department, is published in General Orders :—

No. 1106, *dated* 17*th June* 1859.—*Notification.*—A Vacancy having occurred in the Office of one of the Ordinary Members of the Council of the Governor General of India, and no person provisionally or otherwise appointed to succeed thereto being present on the spot, His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India in Council has been pleased, under the provisions of the Act 3 and 4 Wm. IV. C. 85, Section 64, to appoint Henry Byng Harington, Esquire, of the Bengal Civil Service, to be a temporary Ordinary Member of the said Council, and the said Henry Byng Harington, Esquire, has accordingly this day taken the Oaths and his Seat in the said Council, under the usual Salute from the Ramparts of Fort William.

No. 886 *of* 1859.—The following Notification, issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, is published in General Orders :—

No. 3818.—*Appointments.*—*The* 15*th June* 1859.—Assistant Surgeon A. Morgan to officiate as Civil Assistant Surgeon of Buncoorah.

No. 887 *of* 1859.—The following Notification, issued by the Honorable the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces, is published in General Orders :—

No. 2114, *dated* 19*th June* 1859.—Assistant Surgeon E. McKillar, attached to the Jât Yeomanry Cavalry, to be Civil Assistant Surgeon at Meerut.

No. 888 *of* 1859.—Mr. Alexander Baber Douglas, whose appointment as a Cadet of Infantry upon the Bengal Establishment was announced in Government General Order No. 276, of the 1st March 1859, having satisfied Government on the points of qualification prescribed by existing Regulations, is admitted into the Service as a Cadet of Infantry on this Establishment from the 14th instant, and promoted to the rank of Ensign, leaving the date of his Commission for future adjustment.

Fort William, the 21*st June* 1859.

No. 889 *of* 1859.—The following Order, issued by the Government of Bombay, is confirmed :—

No. 4, *dated* 23*rd May* 1859.—Granting leave of absence to Europe, on Medical Certificate, to Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel George Timins, of the 34th Native Infantry ...	For eighteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 890 *of* 1859.—Lieutenant C. H. Grace, of the 30th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, is allowed leave of absence, on private affairs, for three months, from the 2nd instant, to remain at the Presidency.

No. 891 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Colonel H. P. Burn, Superintendent of Army Clothing, to be Member of a Special Committee to assemble at Bombay.

Major M. J. Turnbull, Army Clothing Agent 2nd Division, will, in addition to his own duties, take charge of the Office of Superintendent of Army Clothing, during the absence of Colonel Burn, on Special duty.

No. 892 *of* 1859.—With reference to General Order by the Governor General, dated 1st September 1849, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to notify that the Establishment and maintenance of Bands is to be considered compulsory in all the European Corps of Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces.

No. 893 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Men, are admitted to Pension as specified opposite to their respective names, under the provisions of Minutes of Council of the 11th January 1797, and General Order of the 5th February 1820, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India :—

Quarter-Master Serjeant William Nicholls, of the 1st Company, 1st Battalion Artillery ...	2 Shillings per diem payable in Europe.
Serjeant Patrick Fleming, attached to the 2nd European Bengal Fusiliers ...	30 Rupees per month payable in India.
Serjeant Michael Shannahan, of the 1st Infantry Company, European Invalid Battalion.	Ditto ditto.
Hospital Serjeant John Phillips, of the 2nd Battalion Artillery, attached to the Peshawur Artillery Division ..	Ditto ditto.
Gunner Henry Johnson, of the 1st Company, 1st Battalion Artillery ...	1 Shilling per diem payable in Europe.

No. 894 *of* 1859.—The promotion of Conductor Michael Donnelly, of the Army Commissariat Department, to the Grade of Assistant Commissary, as announced in Government General Order No. 1497, of the 5th November last, is cancelled.

No. 895 *of* 1859.—Duffadar Jehangeer Khan, of the late 3rd Oude Irregular Cavalry, was promoted to the rank of Jemadar, from the 22nd July 1857, and to that of Naib Ressaldar, from the 1st December 1857.

Naib Ressaldar Jehangeer Khan is transferred to Hodson's Horse.

No. 896 *of* 1859.—The following paragraph of a Military letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 155, dated 6th ultimo, is published for general information :—

"I have to acquaint you, that Mr. St. George Kirke, (son of Major Kirke, 12th Regiment Bengal Native Infantry, murdered during the mutinies near Nowgong,) now residing at Mussoorie, North-Western Provinces in India, has been appointed a Cadet of Infantry upon the Bengal Establishment, subject to the usual conditions and to his being found qualified agreeably to the prescribed test. His Order of Rank will be transmitted in due course."

No. 897 *of* 1859.—The following Order, issued by the Government of Bombay, is confirmed :—

No. 494 *of the 2nd May* 1859.—Granting leave of absence to Europe, on Medical Certificate, to Captain James Crofton, of the Corps of Engineers, Department of Public Works, Punjaub ...	For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 898 *of* 1859.—The following List of Rank of Cadets appointed for the Bengal Presidency, is published for general information :—

No. 2 of 1859.

LIST OF RANK OF CADETS FOR THE BENGAL ENGINEERS, CAVALRY AND INFANTRY.

For the Engineers.

To Rank from the 12th December 1856, the day on which they passed their Public Examination, and in the following order, *viz* :—

Oliver Beauchamp Coventry St. John. Quitted Chatham, 25th February 1859 ...	Overland, 4th May.
Arthur Herbert Bagge. Quitted Chatham, 23rd October 1858	Overland, 20th January.

To Rank from the 12th June 1857, the day on which he passed his Public Examination, *viz* :—

Henry Ravenshaw Thuillier. Quitted Chatham, 11th February 1859 ...	Overland, 20th March.

To Rank from the 12th June 1857, the day on which they passed their Public Examination and in the following order, provided they take their departure within the prescribed period, *viz* :—

Alexander John William Cumming. Quitted Catham, 6th April 1859.

Thomas Claridge Manderson. Quitted Chatham, 6th April 1859.

For the Cavalry.

To Rank from the date of departure from Southampton of the Overland Mail, by which they proceeded, and in the following order, *viz* :—

Arthur William Roberts Clement Edward Benthall ...	20th February 1859.
Frederick Elliott Farquharson	4th March 1859.

For the Infantry.

To Rank from the date of departure from Southampton of the Overland Mail, by which they proceeded, and in the following order, *viz* :—

Charles Harley Bridges ... Hugh Gilliat Oldham ... Steuart Colquhoun Mactier .. Ives McLean Urquhart ...	4th February 1859.

To Rank from the date of the transmission by the Overland Mail of the Despatch announcing his appointment, subject to the Regulations as to passing the prescribed Examination, *viz* :—

Alexander Bishop Chalmers, (abroad) ...	Para. *viâ* Marseilles, 12th February 1859.

To Rank from the date of the departure from Southampton of the Overland Mail by which they proceeded and in the following order, *viz* :—

Adam Wilson Graham ... Edward Maximilian Bethune Hugh Wilson Williams ... Astell Harrison ...	20th February 1859.

To Rank from the date of the sailing from Gravesend of the Ship by which he proceeded, *viz* :—

John Watson Munro ...	*Undaunted*, 26th February 1859.

To Rank from the date of the departure from Southampton of the Overland Mail by which they proceeded, and in the following order, *viz* :

Francis Monro Newbery ... Charles Mercer ... Thomas James Quin ...	4th March 1859.

To Rank from the date of transmission by the Overland Mail of the Despatch announcing their appointment, subject to the Regulations as to passing the prescribed Examination, and in the following order, *viz* :—

James Salisbury Tait, (abroad) ... Henry Bathurst Hanna, (abroad) ..	Para. *viâ* Marseilles, 12th March 1859.

To Rank from the date of the sailing from Gravesend of the Ships by which they respectively proceeded, and in the following order, *viz*:—

Christopher Middlemass ... } *Ida Ziegler*,
Neville Fraser Parker... ... } 9th April 1859.

Charles William Riggs ... { *Canning*, 20th April 1859.

To Rank from the date of the departure from Southampton of the Overland Mail by which they proceeded, and in the following order, *viz*:—

Charles Nisbet Hodgson ... } 20th April 1859.
Thomas Fraser Bruce ... }

To Rank from the date of the departure from Southampton of the Overland Mail by which he proceeded, provided he arrive at Calcutta by the 3rd September next, *viz*:—

Walter Robert Hamilton, 27th April *viâ* Bombay.

To Rank from the date of the departure from Southampton of the Overland Mail by which he proceeded, *viz*:—

Arthur Cortlandt Anderson, 4th May.

(Signed) W. E. Baker, *Colonel*,
Military Secretary.

India Office, }—
11*th May* 1859. }

(True Copy)

(Signed) J. C. Melvill,
Asst. Under-Secy. of State.

India House, London, }
18*th May* 1859. }

No. 899 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjaub Provinces, are published in General Orders :—

Dated 3*rd June* 1859.—*Leave.*—Lieutenant G. Newmarch, Executive Engineer, Delhi Division of Public Works, has obtained twelve days' leave on private affairs, from the 6th instant, or from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

Dated 3*rd June* 1859.—*Appointments and Postings.*—Captain A. Le Gallais, whose appointment as Cantonment Joint Magistrate of Sealkote, on probation, was notified in the *Punjab Gazette*, of the 5th February last, having passed the prescribed Examination, is confirmed in his appointment, with effect from the 1st of April last.

No. 900 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, from the Public Works Department, are published in General Orders :—

No. 168, *dated* 14*th June* 1859.—*Appointment.*—Captain C. D. Newmarch, Executive Engineer 1st Class, is appointed to officiate as Chief Engineer, Pegu and Tenasserim Provinces, with effect from the 17th ultimo, until further orders.

No. 172, *dated* 16*th June* 1859.—Lieutenant C. M. Browne, Bombay Engineers, 1st Class Assistant Engineer, Department Public Works in Bombay, is brought on the Bengal Public Works Establishment in that Grade, and posted to the Punjab, with effect from the date of his transfer to this Presidency.

Lieutenant Browne is also appointed Officiating Executive Engineer at Kohat, from date of his assuming charge.

No. 901 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, from the Foreign Department, are published in General Orders :—

No. 3663, *dated* 15*th June* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Major A. L. MacMullin, Officiating Commandant of the Bhopal Levy, to officiate as 1st Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General for Central India, during the absence on leave of Captain W. R. Shakespear, or until further orders.

No. 3670, *dated* 17*th June* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to accept the resignation, by Lieutenant J. A. Drake, 10th Regiment Native Infantry, of his appointment in the Oudh Military Police, and his services are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

No. 3671.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments in the Oudh Commission :—

Major J. W. Carnegie to be a Deputy Commissioner of the 1st Class.

Captain J. R. Steel to be a Deputy Commissioner of the 3rd Class.

Lieutenant E. Clarke and Lieutenant F. E. Chamier to be Assistant Commissioners of the 1st Class.

The services of Lieutenant Drake, of the 10th Native Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in Chief.

No. 902 *of* 1859.—Captain J. A. Angus, of the 9th Regiment Native Infantry, Officiating Sub-Assistant Commissary General, is allowed leave of absence for two months from this date to visit the Presidency, preparatory to applying for furlough to Europe, under the old Regulations.

R. J. H. Birch, *Major-General*,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Public Works Department.

General.—Establishments.

No. 181.

Fort William, the 18*th June* 1859.

Appointments.—Lieutenant S. T. Trevor, Executive Engineer 3rd Class, is appointed to officiate as Assistant to Chief Engineer, Pegu and Tenasserim Provinces, until further orders.

Lieutenant F. T. Pollock, lately nominated Executive Engineer, Toungoo, but at present employed on the Survey Duty of the Town and Suburbs of Rangoon, is appointed to officiate as Executive Engineer, Rangoon Town, in addition to his own duties, until further orders.

The foregoing arrangements to have effect from the 21st ultimo.

No. 182.

Transfer.—Overseer Serjeant R. Hardy is transferred from the North-Western Provinces to Pegu.

Alex. Fraser, *Captain*,
for Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 3917.

Appointments.—*The 6th June* 1859.—Mr. R. O. Heywood to be Collector of Monghyr.

The 13th June 1859.—Mr. W. Cornell, to the charge of the Sub-Division of Moonsheegunge, and to exercise the powers described in Section I. Act X. of 1854.

The 15th June 1859.—Mr. J. M. G. Cheek and Baboo Debnath Chowdry to be Members of the Ferry Fund Committee of Baraset.

The 16th June 1859.—Lieutenant H. T. Gordon to be Professor of Constructive Design in the Civil Engineering College at the Presidency.

Mr. S. C. Hampton to be a Member of the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Bancoorah, and to officiate also as Secretary to the Committee.

The 17th February 1859.—Captain A. K. Comber to be 2nd Class Principal Assistant to the Commissioner of Assam.

Lieutenant H. Sconce to officiate as 2nd Class Principal Assistant to the Commissioner of Assam.

Captain E. P. Lloyd to be a Junior Assistant to the Commissioner of Assam.

Leave of Absence.—*The 17th June* 1859.—Syud Sukhawut Hossein, Additional Principal Sudder Ameen of Chittagong, for two months, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 2nd instant.

Notifications.—*The 15th June* 1859.—No person will be permanently appointed an Inspector of Schools who has not passed an Examination in the Vernacular of the same Standard as that fixed for the newly appointed Members of the Civil Service.

The 18th June 1859.—The appointments of Messrs. T. P. Larkins and H. B. Simson, of the 14th ultimo, notified in the *Gazette* of the 18th idem, page 1242, have been cancelled.

The 15th June 1859.—The Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to extend Act No. VIII. of 1859, entitled "An Act for simplifying the Procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature not established by Royal Charter," to the Non-Regulation Districts of Hazareebaugh, Lohardduggah, and Maunbhoom, in the South-West Frontier Agency.

2. As, for good and sufficient reasons, it is considered expedient that the present restrictions on the sale of landed property in those Districts should continue in force, Section CCV. of the aforesaid Act is hereby declared subject to the proviso, that no sale of lands shall be made in the Districts of Hazareebaugh, Lohardduggah and Maunbhoom without the sanction of the Commissioner of the Province had and obtained as heretofore.

A. R. Young,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces.

Errata.—In *Punjab Gazette* of the 4th instant, General Department, No. 1322, dated 3rd June 1859, instead of "*passed by the Central Committee subject to the confirmation of the Supreme Government*" read "passed with the concurrence of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor."

In *Punjab Gazette* of the 1st instant, General Department, No. 1294, dated 31st May 1859, appointing Mr. A. A. Roberts, Commissioner of Jhelum, to officiate as Financial Commissioner in the Punjab from the date of departure on "*Furlough of Mr. D. F. McLeod*" read "on leave on Medical Certificate of Mr. D. F. McLeod."

Appointment.—Major J. Becher, Deputy Commissioner of Hazara, has been deputed to Cashmeer for six months.

General Department,

No. 1349, *dated 7th June* 1859.

Leave.—Captain Bean, Cantonment Joint Magistrate of Rawul Pindee, has obtained thirty days' privilege leave from the date he may avail himself of the same. Captain DeQuincey, of Her Majesty's 70th Regiment, will officiate as Cantonment Joint Magistrate, during the absence on leave of Captain Bean.

Public Works Department,

No. 1263, *dated 8th June* 1859.

Mr. Sub-Engineer D. Oliver, Upper Sirhind Division, has obtained four and a half months' leave, on Medical Certificate, with effect from the 1st instant.

Privilege leave for one month has been granted to the Reverend H. Murray, Chaplain of Meean Meer, by the Right Reverend The Lord Bishop of Calcutta.

General Department.

No. 1361.

Mr. J. Taylor, Assistant Commissioner Umballa, has obtained two months' indulgence leave from the 5th instant, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Service Rules.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces and its Dependencies.

R. H. Davies,

Secy. to Govt., Punjab and its Dependencies.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Seventh Sale of Opium, the provision of 1857-58, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Thursday, the 14th of July 1859, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 2,260 Chests, *viz.*:—

Behar Opium	1,915
Benares Ditto	345
Total Chests ...	2,260

2. The general conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 1st December 1858, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 19th and 29th July 1859, respectively, that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, Company's Paper or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the Sale, will be received after 4 P. M., of Tuesday, the 19th July 1859, and no Treasury Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M., of Friday, the 29th July 1859.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium of 1857-58 will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board however reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Wednesday, 10th August 1859	1915	345	2,260
Do. Friday, 9th September	1915	345	2,260
Do. Friday, 14th October	1915	345	2,260
Do. Monday, 7th November	1915	345	2,260
Do. Monday, 5th December	1834	379	2,213
	9,594	1,759	11,353

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 1st June 1859.

No. 211.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned dates have been fixed by the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, as the latest dates on which payment of Arrears of Revenue will be received in the Provinces of Cuttack, *viz.*:—

28th April for the 8 Punnee Kist.
8th November for the 16 Punnee Kist.

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

E. T. TREVOR,
Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 13th June 1859.

Notice.

THE General Treasury will be closed on Saturday, the 2nd July 1859, on account of the Hindoo Holiday Ruth Jattra.

J. I. HARVEY,
Sub-Treasurer.

GENERAL TREASURY,
The 21st June 1859.

Notification.

BILLS at par on the Public Treasuries of the under-mentioned Districts may be had on application to the Accountant to the Government of Bengal:—

Districts.	*Amounts available on this date.*
Backergunge, ...	20,000
Balasore, ...	20,000
Bullooah, ...	20,000
Chittagong, ...	2,00,000
Cuttack, C. D., ...	60,000
Dacca, ...	1,00,000
Gowalparah, ...	50,000
Jessore, ...	25,000
Jorehaut, ...	1,50,000
Kamroop, ...	20,000
Luckimpore, ...	1,50,000
Mymensing, ...	50,000
Pooree, ...	20,000
Purneah, ...	1,00,000
Pubnah, ...	20,000
Sylhet, ...	40,000
Tipperah, ...	1,30,000

R. P. HARRISON,
Acct. to the Govt. of Bengal.

BENGAL ACCTT.'S OFFICE,
The 21st June 1859.

N. B.—These Treasuries will be cleared shortly if the amounts available are not taken up in Bills.

Bills applied for after 2 P. M. will not be issued till the following day.

Bills will not be granted for less than Rupees 50.

Notification.

IN continuation of the Notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated 11th December 1858, Military Pay Masters and Officers in charge of Treasuries generally under the Governments of India, Bengal, the North-Western Provinces and Punjab, are informed that Bills of Exchange on the General Treasury at Madras, should be drawn on and Advices addressed to the Accountant General, Madras. In no case are Bills on Madras to be drawn at sight, but at one day's sight instead.

Bills of Exchange on the General Treasury, Calcutta, should in like manner be drawn on, and the Advices sent to the Accountant-General to the Government of India at Calcutta.

E. DRUMMOND,
Acctt. Genl. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM;
Accountant General's Office, Durbar and Revenue Dept.,
The 16th June 1859.

Notification No. 6.

Mr. H. Michel, Sub-Assistant Commissioner, received charge of the Luckimpore Treasury on the 30th ultimo.

R. P. Harrison,
Acctt. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Fort William;
Office of Acct., Govt. of Bengal,
The 10th June 1859.

No. 32.

Notification.

The undersigned has the honor to notify to Civil and Military Officers in charge of Treasuries, that as he is in no way concerned in recovering Advances which may be at the personal debit of Officers, applications for the adjustment of such Advances should be made to the Accountant-General to the Government of India, Military Department, or to the proper Pay-master.

E. G. J. Champneys, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Military Auditor General.

Fort William;
Mily. Audr. Genl.'s Office,
The 13th May 1859.

Sheriff's Office; the 18th June 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery and also an Admiralty Sessions will be holden by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court-House in the Town of Calcutta, on Wednesday, the thirteenth day of July next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

W. F. Gilmore,
Sheriff.

সেরিফ আফিস ১৮ জুন ১৮৫৯ সাল

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ১৩ জুলাই ১৮৫৯ সাল বুধবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার ফোর্ট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের ফোর্ট উইলিএমের সুপ্রেম কোর্ট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়েরটরমিনর এবং এডমাইরেলটি অর্থাৎ মহা সমুদ সম্পর্কীয় মোকদ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশীয়ান জতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এ বিষয় সকলে স্মরন রাখুন।

W. F. Gilmore,
Sheriff.

REPORT showing the smallest depth of water in the Bhaugiruttee, Jellinghee and Matabangah Rivers, also their rise and fall from 6th to 12th June 1859.

Names of Rivers.	Smallest depth of Water.	Rise.	Remarks on the Phenomena of the River, during the week.
Bhaugirutte River.	F. Is.	F. Is.	
Above its entrance Bar in Ganges	7 6	4 9½	Navigation will be well open for Steamers when Gauge reads 8 feet at Berhampore, and which ought to be on the 20th instant.
On the entrance Bar ..	6 9		
From thence to Jungypore, 14 miles	6 6		
From Jungypore to Berhampore, 45 miles	7 0		
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 54 miles ..	6 6		
And from Cutwa to Nuddea, 63 miles ..	7 6		
Jellinghee River.			
From its entrance to Bansemarree	2 0		
From Bansemarree to Teeahkattah	2 6		
From Teeahkattah to Chundipore	2 9		
And from Chundipore to Moisgunge ..	4 0		
Matabangah River.			
From its entrance to Alickdeah ...	Closed.		
From Alickdeah to Seebpore ...	3 0		

Height of water on Gauge at Berhampore on the 12th June 1859 + 4 feet 9 inches.

Note—Gauge 16th June + 6 feet 3 inches.

T. N. Armstrong, *C. E.*,
Supdt., Nuddea Rivers.

Camp Berhampore,
The 16th June 1859.

Abstract Statement of the Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund on the 3rd Quarter of the Official Year 1858-59, compared with the Corresponding Quarter of the Year 1857-58.

	In the 3rd Quarter ending 31st January 1859.	In the 3rd Quarter ending 31st January 1858.
Balance at the Credit of the Fund on the Government Books at the beginning of the 3rd Quarter of each year, Company's Rupees	13,60,339 0 9	12,71,650 6 2
Receipts and Credits during the 3rd Quarter of each year, Company's Rupees	46,745 6 0	41,877 0 0
Total, Company's Rupees	14,07,084 6 9	13,13,527 15 2
DEDUCT.		
Pensions paid in the Quarter under Review, Company's Rupees ..	32,914 2 11	27,674 5 6
Fixed Office Establishment and Contingencies, &c., Company's Rupees	3,273 9 6	3,115 4 0
Interest on Reserve Fund passed to Subscribers qualified to share therein during the Quarter, Company's Rupees ...	6,655 15 3	6,554 15 9
Total, Company's Rupees	42,843 11 8	37,344 9 3
Balance on the 31st January of each Quarter under Review on the Government Books, inclusive of Interest for the past Official Year, Company's Rupees	13,64,240 11 1	12,76,183 5 11
MONTHLY RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS.		
Subscriptions, Company's Rupees	15,079 1 2	14,240 3 11
Deduct Pensions to Incumbents, Office Charges and Estimated Contingencies, and proceeds of Surplus divided among qualified Members of five years' standing at 40 per Cent. in the Widows' Fund, and 30 per Cent. in the Children's Fund, Company's Rupees	14,191 9 11	12,835 11 10
Net Monthly Income, exclusive of Interest upon Capital, Company's Rupees	1,487 7 3	1,404 8 1

	Number of Subscribers.	Nominees in the Widows' Fund.	Nominees in the Children's Fund.
In 1858-59	582	499	855
In 1857-58	547	461	808

R. A. FINK,
E. W. HOLLINGBERRY, } *Auditors, U. S. F. P. Fund.*

Published by Order of the Directors,

R. C. TULLOH, *Secretary.*

GEO. W. KELLNER,
Accountant and Collector.

FUND OFFICE,
The 6th June 1859.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

WITH reference to Government Notification No. 5, Fort William, Financial Department, 26th January 1855, notifying the intention of Government to dissolve its connexion with the Government Agency—

The Oriental Bank Corporation undertake the safe custody of Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal; and other local Stocks, free of all charge.

Will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, and remit at the current rates of exchange, or pay the same according to instructions, if to be remitted through the Corporation. Without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... 1-4th per Cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the purchase of Government or other Securities, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Corporation, ... Without charge.

WM. ANDERSON,
Agent.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION;
Calcutta, 29th January 1855.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Jules Charles Imbert, of Bebee Rozio's Lane, in Bow Bazar, in Calcutta, an Assistant in the Military Department, an Insolvent.

On Thursday, the 16th day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 6th day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

Chief Clerk's Office, 17th June 1859.

In the matter of George Newbiggin, of No. 11, Clive Street, in Calcutta, Engineer, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic. cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 21st day of June instant, and by an order of the same date, the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Robertson, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 21st June 1859.

Notice.

A SPECIAL General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Calcutta Docking Company will be held on Thursday, the 28th instant, at 10 o'clock, to determine the mode of dealing with the proceeds of land sold.

By Order of the Directors,

J. H. MORGAN,
Superintendent.

14th June 1859.

Assam Company.

INCORPORATED UNDER ACTS XIX. OF 1845 AND IV. OF 1855.

Notice of Dividend.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at a General Meeting of Shareholders held in London, on Friday, the 6th May last, a Dividend of TEN PER CENT. on the paid up Capital of the Company was declared, which will be payable to Proprietors in India on and after *Friday, the 24th instant.*

T. E. CARTER,
Secy., Assam Company.

No. 1, BARRETTO'S LANE;
Calcutta, the 18th June 1859.

Notice.

THE Interest of MR. GEORGE GILBERT in our Concern ceased on the 30th April 1858.

JESSOP & Co.

Required.

A TRANSLATOR thoroughly conversant with English and Oordoo. His duties will be to translate and to superintend the Persian Office, salary Rupees 100 per mensem. Apply to Deputy Commissioner, Gondah, in Oude.

Notice.

THE lower-half of a Government Promissory Note, No. 28381, of the 5 per Cent Loan of 1811-42, for Rupees 1,200, originally standing in the name of G. Beechy, Esquire, has been erroneously attached to the upper-half of some other Government Promissory Note for a similar amount, and originally standing in the same name. Payment of any Note having the half Note in question joined to it, has been stopped at the Treasury. Any person having the missing half of the abovementioned Note, is requested to communicate with the undersigned.

CAREY AND BERNERS,
Solicitors.

7, *Hastings' Street.*

Plundered in Transit from Neemuch to Dolhie.

THE Government Promissory Notes, Nos. 1578, 1579 and 1580, of 1856-57, dated 28th February 1857, for Company's Rupees 1,000 each, originally standing in the name of Mirza Hajee Mahomed Khan, the Proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Notes and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of duplicates in favor of the Proprietor.

MIRZA HAJEE MAHOMED KHAN.

AJMERE.
The 4th June 1859.

Notice.

PLUNDERED at Khunna, in the Loodianah District, a Government Promissory Note, No. 30870 of 1127 of 1854-55, of the 4 per Cent. Loan, for Rupees 1,200, the property of Moobarack Ally, Bread Contractor, Sealkote.

Lost or Destroyed.

THE Government Promissory Notes, Nos. 7559 and 7565 of 1842-43, of the four per Cent Loan of 1842-43, dated the 1st July 1843, for Company's Rupees 5000 each, originally standing in the name of the Agents to the Ferry Fund Committee at Shahabad, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note and of Interest thereupon has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of a Duplicate Note in favor of the Proprietor.

W. J. HERSCHEL,
Secy. to the Ferry Fund Committee.

SHAHABAD MAGISTRACY ;
Arrah,
The 8th June 1859.

Lost.

FIRST-halves of the Bank of Bengal Notes, (Colored Form) Nos. 04746 and 27820, for 10 Rupees each, the payment of which has been stopped at the Bank.

Lost.

SECOND-half of a Bank of Bengal Note, (new issue,) No. 38356, for 10 Rupees, payment stopped at the Bank.

Notice issued by the Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 1604.

THE Public are hereby informed, that in consequence of the War which has broken out, the Austrian Packets hitherto plying between Alexandria and Trieste have been withdrawn, and letters, &c., to the United Kingdom or the Continent of Europe cannot be forwarded *viâ Trieste* until further orders, and no Mail for the Austrian Post Office at Alexandria will be made up in future.

All letters, &c., for the Ionian Islands will hereafter be forwarded in the Mail for Malta, a branch Packet, to proceed twice a month, having been established between Malta and Corfu ; all letters for the Ionian Islands must be prepaid at the Packet Rate of postage, *i. e.*, four annas for ¼ ounce, and eight annas for 1 ounce, and adding eight annas for every additional ounce or fraction of an ounce.

C. K. DOVE,
Post-Master General of Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
The 21st June 1859.

Notices issued by the Post-Master of Bengal.

No. 797.

The 17th June 1859.—MAIL PACKETS for the Overland Mail, which leaves Bombay on the 5th proximo, will be closed at this Office at 5 P. M., on the 24th instant, *viâ* Marseilles only.

Letters and Papers for transmission *viâ* Bombay will be received up to 6 P. M., on every day prior to the 24th.

Rates of Postage.

Under ¼	oz.	...	Rs.	0	6	0
„ ½	„	...	„	0	8	0
„ ¾	„	...	„	0	14	0
„ 1	„	...	„	1	0	0

No. 859.

The 20th June 1859.—The Overland Mail per Steamer *Bengal* will be closed on Saturday, the 2nd proximo, at 6 P. M.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius, and Australia, can be sent by this opportunity.

Postage.	Weight.	*Viâ* Marseilles.			*Viâ* Southampton.		
	Under ¼ ounce	Rs.	0	6	0	Rs.	0	0	0
	„ ½ „	„	0	8	0	„	0	4	0
	„ ¾ „	„	0	14	0	„	0	0	0
	„ 1 „	„	1	0	0	„	0	8	0
	„ 2 ounces	„	2	0	0	„	1	0	0

MEMORANDUM showing the Date and Hour of Arrival at the Calcutta Post Office of the Mails which left England on the 10th May 1859, *and the time occupied in sorting the Letters and Papers for delivery.*

Name of the Steamer.	Date and hour at which the Mails were landed at Garden Reach.	Hour at which the Mails arrived at the General Post Office.	Hour at which the Window Delivery commenced.	Hour at which the Peons left Office.	Delivery.	No. of Boxes of Letters. Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.	No. of Boxes of Newspapers and Books. Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.
Ganges.	18th June 1859, at 6 P. M.	7½ P. M.	10¼ P. M.	10½ P. M.	3 hours.	5	2	7	42	21	63
						One Box per *Viscount Canning.*				Grand Total	70
										France	2 Boxes.
										Mauritius	1 Ditto.
										Hong-Kong	1 Ditto.
										Singapore	1 Ditto.
										Galle	1 Ditto.
										Suez	1 Packet.
										Penang	1 Ditto.
										Bombay	1 Ditto.
										Malta	1 Bag.
										Gibraltar	1 Ditto.
										Alexandria	1 Ditto.
										Aden	1 Ditto.
										Sydney	1 Ditto.
										Australia	3 Ditto.
										Ditto	15 Packets
										Total ...	102

The 20th June 1859.

Printed and Published for the Government by THOMAS JONES, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 22, 1859.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section XI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Behar, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of this District, on the 5th July 1859, for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 7th June 1859:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 302.—Mehal Subbulpoor Koondla Oorf Khyroo Chuck, Monsoomey Bungalee Chuck, Pergunnah Ekil; recorded proprietors, Muhamud Fyz Ally, Jŭwad Ally, Mudud Ally, Musst. Boodhun, Munsoor Ally, Danish Ally, Joomye, Shaik Boozoorg Ally, Oorf Mujnoo, Immambux, Kurrimbux, Musst. Wuzeerun, Muhamudbux, Musst. Nujjo, Musst. Bundha, Kuramut Hosain, Nadir Ally, Musst. Kadray Oorf Chunda, Musst. Wuzeerun, Shaikh Kasim Ally, Musst. Kajo, Enaet Ally, and Musst. Luckhun, maliks and occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 16-3-1½.

No. 822.—Mehal Koorwah Bullopoor, Arazee Inglis, Pergunnah Urwul; recorded proprietor, Bhakur Sahoo, occupant and malgoozars; sudder jumma, rupees 0-8-10¾.

No. 915.—Mehal Suckree, Arazee Inglis, Pergunnah Urwal; recorded proprietor, Beharee Sahoo, occupant and malgoozar; sudder jumma, rupees 2-0-0.

No. 1010.—Mehal Chewtah, Ilissa Misfee Uz Durroobust Dakhilee Kumalpoor, Pergunnah Uncha; recorded proprietors, Syud Gholam Ubdoolrushud, Shah Utteeboolla, Syud Ameeroolla, Musst. Fusseehun oorf Ummun, Musst. Fyzun oorf Gheeso, Ubdool Ruzuq and Syud Ubdool Kureem, maliks and malgoozars; sudder jumma, rupees 40-4-3.

Class II.—Estates not Permanently-settled.

No. 1210.—Mehal Durrooah, Pergunnah Bellaunja; recorded proprietors, Balgobindram Patuck, Joygobindram Patuck, Jaygopalram Patuck, Dabeeram, Surroopdhareeram, and Teelukdhareeram, maliks; sudder jumma, rupees 60-0-0.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 1669.—Mehal Maunpoor Tetrawan, Lot 4, Pergunnah Behar; recorded proprietors, Mussts. Wuzeerun and Phakun, occupants and maliks; sudder jumma, rupees 22-14-0.

No. 2085.—Mehal Chuck Ubdoolrushud, Uz Ruqbey, Jullalpoor Kako, Nisfee Jullalpoor, Muckdoompoor Kako, Fureedunpoor Kako, and Chuck Jullalpoor, Pergunnah Bhellawur; recorded proprietors, Shaikh Mosahib Ally, Shaikh Chundoo, Musst. Fusechay, Shaikh Bhuttun, Mobaruk Ally, and Musst. Nazo, occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 15-8-11.

No. 2107.—Mehal Chuck, Gooha Uz Ruqbey Burhowrah, Pergunnah Bhellawur; recorded proprietors, Shaikh Gholam Hosain, Ubbool Hosain, Oorf Busharut Hosain, Musst. Oomatool Fatimah, Kuneez Fatimah, Musst. Azeemoon Nissa, Jhugroo Patuck, Shaikh Yar Ally, Oorf Ainoollah, Musst. Ameerun, Shaikh Wajid Hosain, Musst. Fuzeellulool Nissa, Musst. Phukun, Musst. Muhboobun Oorf Zabun, Meer Gholam Hoosanee, Muzhur Hosain, Waez Hosain, Iltaf Hosain, Welaet Hosain, Tujamool Hosain and Musst. Nuzeerun, malgoozars; sudder jumma, rupees 44-4-10.

Class IV.—Arrears due on account of Estates.

No. 2116.—Mehal Simrah, Chuck Simrah, Pergunnah Bhellawur; recorded proprietors, Musst. Muckdoomun, Nujmoodeen, Nuseebun, Musst. Ameerum and Wuheedun, occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 540-15-6, including malikana from which the rights and interests of Musst. Muckdooman, heiress of Musst. Mudeehun, deceased, surety of Busharut Hosain, the son of Chaudry Khadim Hosain and farmer of Mouzah Samadhee Boozoorg, Pergunnah Tilhara, Zillah Patna, will be sold on account of Arrears of rent due from him.

Class II.—Estates not Permanently-settled.

No. 2223.—Mehal Nugurwa Turree, &c., 20 kullums, Pergunnah Putchrookhee; recorded proprietors, Tekait Juggurnath Sing, Rugboer Sing, Nursing Narain, and Ruttun Chunder, maliks and occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 1,116-7-11.

No. 2227.—Mehal Puchturwah, Chuprah Gaghan, Boozoorg Ghagun, Khoord Muncardeep, Chuck Dooaroe, Hunmut Khajooree, Munjlahdeep, Jognee Khoord, and Mahoo Chuck, 11 kullums, Pergunnah Pulchrookhee; recorded proprietor, Gungapershad, occupant; sudder jumma, rupees 825-0-0.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 2310.—Mehal Surthoa Ruttun oorf Beeroopoor, Pergunnah Telhara, in the Hulka of Pergunnah Ookree; recorded proprietor, Himmut Sing; sudder jumma, rupees 802-15-6.

No. 3931.—Mehal Hissa Rampoor, Pergunnah Kotoomba; recorded proprietors, Mahtha Ramsuhaz, Soobuns loll, Thummun Sing and others; maliks and malgoozars; sudder jumma, rupees 64-0-0.

No. 4743.—Mehal Ghanspoor Bhogdad, Pergunnah Ekil; recorded proprietors, Shaikh Yar Ally oorf Ainoollah, Mussamut Fuzeelut Oonnissa, Mussamut Joomah, Ubdool Summid, Oomatool Nissa, Muhamud Hossein, Mussamut Luteefun, Muhamud Ahsun, Mussamut Zaheday and Mussamut Munjun, maliks and malgoozars; sudder jumma, rupees 14-7-0.

No. 4746.—Mehal Dhunnoutee Ekhtearpoor, Oorf Meer Chuck, Pergunnah Ekil; recorded proprietors, Shaikh Yar Ally Oorf Ainoolah, Mussamut Fuzeeluttoon Nissa, Mussamut Jooma, Mussamut Oomatool Nissa, Muhamud Hossain, Mussamut Luteefun, Shaikh Muhamud Ahsun, Ubdool Summud, Mussamut Zaheday, Mussamut Munjun, maliks and malgoozars; sudder jumma, rupees 10-11-11.

D. CUNLIFFE,
Collector.

BEHAR COLLECTORSHIP;
Gyah,
The 13th June 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Bhaugulpore, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Tuesday, the 5th July 1859, or 20th Ausar 1266, for Arrears of Revenue:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 277.—Mouzah Shahpoor Tumownee, Pergunnah Colgong; recorded proprietors, Mudun Thakoor, Bheekary Loll and Bujrung Shoye; sudder jumma, rupees 524-6-4½.

J. R. MUSPRATT,
Collector.

BHAUGULPORE;
Collector's Office,
The 16th June 1859.

PRINTED BY THOMAS JONES, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

No. 51.] [1541]

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, JUNE 25, 1859.

Legislative Council of India.

THE 18TH JUNE 1859.

THE following Act, passed by the Legislative Council of India, received the assent of the Right Honorable the Governor General this day, and is hereby promulgated for general information :—

ACT No. XVI OF 1859.

An Act to explain Act XXX of 1858 *(to provide for the administration of the Estate and for the payment of the debts of the late Nabob of the Carnatic.)*

Preamble.

WHEREAS doubts have arisen whether certain debts contracted by Prince Azeem Jah Bahadoor during the infancy of the late Nabob of the Carnatic were debts or claims within the meaning of Section XIV or any subsequent Section of Act XXX of 1858; and whereas it is expedient to remove such doubts as well as other doubts which exist as to the power of the Supreme Court of Judicature at Madras to award costs in investigations under Section XXII of the said Act, and as to whether cases so investigated are appealable to Her Majesty in Council; It is declared and enacted as follows :—

Debts contracted by Prince Azeem Jah Bahadoor during the minority of the Nabob.

I. No debt contracted by the said Prince Azeem Jah Bahadoor during the minority of the said late Nabob shall be deemed a debt or claim within the meaning of the said Section XIV or any subsequent Section of the said Act, unless it shall be proved that it was necessary and proper that such debt should be incurred on behalf or for the use of the said Nabob, and that the same was so contracted; or unless the Governor in Council of Fort Saint George shall dispense with such proof.

Power to award costs.

II. Upon any investigation under Section XXII of the said Act, it shall be lawful for the Court, except as otherwise provided by the said Act, to award costs to either party and to cause the same to be levied in the same manner as costs in an ordinary suit.

Appeal to the Queen in Council.

III. It is hereby declared that it was not the intention of the said Act to exclude from appeal to Her Majesty in Council any awards orders or decisions of the said Supreme Court made upon any investigation under Section XXII as aforesaid.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE 18TH JUNE 1859.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council of India on the 18th June 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 22nd of August next :—

A Bill to empower Sessions Judges to pass sentence in certain cases without reference to the Sudder Court.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to empower Sessions Judges in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal to pass sentence in certain trials without reference to the Nizamut Adawlut; and whereas it is likewise expedient to remove the restriction now imposed by law upon Sessions Judges in regard to the minimum of punishment which they are competent to inflict in cases of perjury and certain cases of forgery described in Clause 2 Section IX Regulation XVII. 1817: It is enacted as follows :—

Laws repealed and modified.

I. Clause 3 Section VI. and Clause 3 Section IX Regulation XVII. 1817 of the Bengal Code are hereby repealed; and Section IX of the same Regulation, and Section IV Regulation VI. 1832 of the same Code are hereby modified.

II. When a person is convicted of the crime of rape, if the circumstances of the case shall not appear to call for a more severe punishment than imprisonment for seven years with labor in irons, the Sessions Judge before whom the trial is held shall himself pass sentence.

Sentence by Sessions Judge in case of conviction of rape.

III. When a person is convicted in a trial held under the provisions of Regulation VI. 1832, of a crime declared by a precedent of the Nizamut Adawlut to be a penal offence, if the circumstances of the case shall not appear to call for a more severe punishment than seven years' imprisonment with labor in irons, the Sessions Judge before whom the trial is held shall himself pass sentence. If, however, the crime of which the person has been convicted has not been declared to be a penal offence by a precedent of the Nizamut Adawlut, the Sessions Judge shall not proceed to pass sentence, but shall refer the case for the consideration of the Nizamut Adawlut, stating at length in the proceedings the opinion of the punchayet, assessors, or jury, and his own opinion, as to the crime proved, and the nature and extent of the punishment which should be awarded.

Sentence by Sessions Judge in case of conviction of a crime declared by the Sudder Court to be a penal offence.

IV. When a person is convicted of the crime of perjury or subornation of perjury or of forgery or of procuring forgery, as defined and made punishable by Regulations II. 1807 and XVII. 1817 of the Bengal Code, the Sessions Judge shall pass such sentence on the offender as he may consider adequate to the offence in reference to the particular circumstances of the case; provided that he shall in no case exceed the limit of the powers vested in him by Clause 2 Section IX of the Regulation last mentioned.

Sentence by Sessions Judge in case of conviction of perjury or forgery.

V. If in any case coming under the provisions of this Act, the Sessions Judge shall consider the sentence which he is empowered to pass inadequate to the guilt of the prisoner, he shall refer the case, with his sentiments, for the sentence of the Nizamut Adawlut in conformity to Section VI Act XXXI of 1841, which is hereby declared applicable to such cases.

Sessions Judge may refer a case to the Sudder Court.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE 18TH JUNE 1859.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council of India on the 18th June 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 22nd of September next:—

A Bill to amend Act XXII of 1855 *(for the regulation of Ports and Port-dues.)*

WHEREAS it is expedient that Port-dues, fees, and charges, leviable under Section XLIX of Act XXII of 1855, shall be recoverable by the Collector of Customs or other Officer authorized to collect such Port-dues, fees, and charges, in any Port, other than the Port in which any such dues, fees, or charges may, under the said Act, have become due: It is enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

I. If the Master of any Vessel in respect of which any Port-dues, fees, or charges shall be payable under the said Act, shall cause such Vessel to leave any Port without having discharged such dues, fees, or charges, it shall be lawful for the Collector of Customs or other Officer authorized to collect the same to require in writing the Collector of Customs or other Officer as aforesaid, in any other Port to which such Vessel may proceed or in which she may be, to levy such dues, fees, or charges; and every Collector or other Officer as aforesaid shall, on receipt of such requisition, proceed to levy such dues, fees, or charges in the manner prescribed in Section XLIX of the said Act; and a certificate purporting to be made and signed by the Collector of Customs or other Officer as aforesaid of the Port where the Port-dues, fees, or charges became payable, stating the amount so payable, shall be sufficient *primâ facie* proof of such amount in any proceeding under the said Section, and also (in case the amount payable is disputed) in any subsequent proceeding under Section LIX of the said Act.

Port-dues &c. payable in one Port, recoverable by Collector at any other Port.

II. If the Master of any such Vessel shall evade the payment of any Port-dues, fees, or charges payable under the said Act, he shall be liable on conviction to a penalty not exceeding five times the amount so payable. In any proceeding before a Magistrate for the adjudication of the said penalty, any such certificate as is mentioned in Section I of this Act, stating that the Master has evaded such payment, shall be sufficient *primâ facie* proof of the evasion, unless the Master shall show to the satisfaction of the Magistrate that the departure of the Vessel without having discharged the dues, fees, or charges payable was caused by stress of weather or that there was lawful or reasonable ground for such departure.

Penalty for evading payment of Port-dues &c.

III. This Act shall be read with and taken as a part of the said Act XXII of 1855, save that any Magistrate having jurisdiction under the said Act in any Port, River, or Channel to which the Vessel may proceed or in which she may be found, shall be deemed to have jurisdiction in any proceeding under this Act.

Construction of Act.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE 18TH JUNE 1859.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council of India on the 18th June 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 22nd of September next:—

A Bill for regulating Public Conveyances in the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, and the several Stations of the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca.

WHEREAS it is expedient to regulate certain Public Conveyances in the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, and the several Stations of the Settle-

Preamble.

ment of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca; It is enacted as follows :—

Law repealed.

I. Act IV of 1841 *(for regulating Public Conveyances in the Islands of Bombay and Colaba, and the Harbour of Bombay)* and Sections LXXVIII, LXXIX, and LXXX of Act XIII of 1856 *(for regulating the Police of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, and the several Stations of the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca)* are hereby repealed except as to any act or offence done or committed before this Act shall come into operation.

Carriages to be registered.

II. Every wheeled Carriage, whatever may be its form or construction, used in standing or plying in any public street or road within any of the said Towns and Stations for the purpose of carrying persons for hire; and every wheeled Carriage, whatever may be its form or construction, which may be hired for such purpose for any time less than a day or for a certain distance or by the job, although such Carriage does not ordinarily stand or ply for hire in any public street or road, shall be registered in the Office of the Commissioner of Police.

Form of Register.

III. The following particulars shall be entered in the Register.

1st. The number assigned to the Carriage in the Register; such number to be from time to time assigned by the Commissioner of Police.

2nd. The name and residence of the Owner of the Carriage.

3rd. The number of persons the Carriage is permitted to carry.

The registration shall be made and the numbers assigned annually upon such day in each year as the Commissioner of Police shall appoint. Any person becoming possessed within the year of any such Carriage which has not been registered, may obtain registration on application at the Office of the Commissioner of Police. When any registered Carriage is transferred within the year, it shall be registered anew in the name of the person to whom it has been transferred. A fee of one Rupee shall be paid for such registration.

Penalty for not registering.

IV. Whoever keeps any Carriage required by this Act to be registered, without being so registered, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees. Any Police Officer of the Town or Station where the Carriage may be, may seize any such Carriage (provided the same be not employed at the time of seizure in the conveyance of passengers) together with the horses or other animals drawing the same. If the Carriage as aforesaid be not claimed or if the fine be not paid within ten days, such Carriage, together with the animals seized with it, may be sold by auction, and the proceeds applied to the payment of the fine, and all costs and charges incurred on account of the detention and sale, and the surplus (if any), if not claimed by the owner within a further period of twenty days, shall be forfeited to the State.

Registry Plate.

V. The owner of every Carriage registered under this Act shall cause to be affixed on some conspicuous place on the outside of the Carriage, a plate distinctly showing the registered number of the Carriage and the number of passengers permitted to be carried.

Penalty.

VI. The owner of any Carriage required by this Act to be registered, having a plate affixed to his Carriage without having registered the Carriage under this Act, or having a plate resembling the plates issued by the Commissioner of Police affixed to his Carriage, shall be liable to a fine of fifty Rupees.

Registry may be refused or cancelled.

VII. The Commissioner of Police may refuse to register any Carriage under this Act or may cancel the registration thereof whenever it may appear to him that such Carriage, or any Horse or Harness used with any such Carriage is unserviceable or unsafe, or otherwise unfit for public accommodation or use.

Fares how to be fixed.

VIII. The rates or fares as well for time as distance to be paid for Carriages plying for hire in the public streets in the said Towns and Stations shall be fixed in the manner following:

In the Towns of Calcutta and Madras such rates or fares shall from time to time be fixed by the Commissioner of Police, with the sanction of the Local Government.

In the Town of Bombay such rates or fares shall from time to time be fixed by the Court of Petty Sessions, with the sanction of the Local Government.

In the several Stations of the Straits' Settlement such rates or fares shall from time to time be fixed by the Quarter Sessions of the Station, with the sanction of the Governor.

The rates so fixed shall be published four times in the *Government Gazette* and in such of the public Newspapers as shall be directed by the Commissioner of Police.

Commissioner of Police to fix Stands.

IX. The Commissioner of Police shall from time to time appoint Stands for Carriages plying for hire in the public streets. Every driver of a Carriage registered under this Act who shall (elsewhere than at some Stand or place appointed for the purpose by the Commissioner of Police) stand or loiter for the purpose of being hired, and who shall thereby cause any obstruction in or upon any public street, road, or place shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten Rupees.

Penalty for causing obstruction by plying for hire elsewhere.

Penalty if driver refuse to let to hire a Carriage standing at a Stand appointed for Carriages.

X. Any driver of a Carriage registered under this Act standing at any of the Stands for Carriages appointed by the Commissioner of Police, or plying for hire in the public streets, who refuses or neglects without reasonable excuse to drive such Carriage to any place within the Town or Station where such Carriage may be to which he is directed to drive by the person hiring or wishing to hire such Carriage, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees.

XI. The driver of any Carriage registered under this Act, who shall be guilty of wanton or furious driving, or cause hurt or damage by carelessness or wilful misbehaviour, or who shall be drunk during his employment, or make use of insulting or abusive language or gesture, or otherwise misbehave, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees, and in case of hurt or damage, the Magistrate may order a sum not exceeding fifty Rupees to be paid by the proprietors of such Carriage as compensation for the hurt or damage.

Penalty for furious driving, damage by carelessness, wilful misbehaviour, drunkenness, and insolence.

XII. Any driver of a Carriage registered under this Act who suffers the same to stand for hire across any street or alongside of any other Carriage, or who refuses to give way, if he conveniently can, to any other Carriage, or who obstructs or hinders the driver of any other Carriage in taking up or setting down any person into or from such other Carriage, or who wrongfully in a forcible manner prevents or endeavours to prevent the driver of any other Carriage from being hired, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees.

Driver causing obstruction in street.

XIII. If the driver of a Carriage registered under this Act leave the same without some proper person to take care of it in any street or at any place of public resort or entertainment, whether it be hired or not, he shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees, and any Police Constable may drive such Carriage to a place of safety.

Penalty for leaving Carriage without control.

XIV. Any proprietor or driver of a Carriage, the fares for which are fixed by this Act, who shall take as a fare a larger sum than he is authorized by law to take, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees, and the Magistrate shall order the amount of such overcharge to be forthwith paid to the party aggrieved. In default of payment such amount shall be recoverable as a fine.

Penalty for taking more than legal fare.

XV. Any driver of a Carriage registered under this Act, if required to wait with such Carriage at any place (after he has been hired) for a longer time than one hour, may demand a reasonable sum, as a deposit from the person hiring and requiring him to wait, over and above the sum to which he is entitled for driving to such place. Any driver of a hired Carriage refusing to wait or going away before expiration of the time for which the deposit offered or made shall be a sufficient compensation, or refusing to account for such deposit when paid, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Deposit may be demanded for waiting.

Penalty for refusing to wait or going away before expiry of time for which deposit has been made, or not accounting for deposit.

XVI. If any person hiring a Carriage registered under this Act refuse to pay on demand to the proprietor or driver of such Carriage the fare legally payable or (if the Carriage be a Carriage not plying for hire in the public streets) the sum agreed to be paid, such fare or sum may be recovered before a Magistrate as a fine, together with such compensation to the proprietor or driver for loss of time in attending before the Magistrate as to the Magistrate seems reasonable.

Penalty for refusing to pay legal fare.

XVII. Any person using a Carriage registered under this Act, who wilfully injures the same, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees, and shall also pay to the proprietor of the Carriage compensation for the injury. The amount of such compensation shall be ascertained by a Magistrate, and shall be recoverable as a fine.

Penalty for wilful injury to Carriage.

XVIII. All property left in any Carriage registered under this Act shall be deposited by the driver at the nearest Police Station within twenty-four hours if not sooner claimed by the owner, such property to be returned to the person who shall prove to the Commissioner of Police that the same belonged to him, on payment of all expenses reasonably incurred, or of such reasonable sum to the driver as the Commissioner shall award.

All property found in registered Carriages to be made over to Police.

XIX. In case of any dispute between the hirer and driver of a Carriage registered under this Act, the hirer may require the driver to drive to the Police Court of the Town or Station where the dispute may arise, when the complaint may be determined by a Magistrate without summons, or, if no Magistrate be at that time sitting, then to the nearest Police Station, when the complaint shall be entered and tried by a Magistrate at his next sitting.

Disputes to be settled by Magistrate.

XX. When a complaint is made before a Magistrate against the driver of a Carriage registered under this Act for any offence committed by him against the provisions of this Act, such Magistrate shall forthwith summon the proprietor of the Carriage personally to appear, and to produce the driver of such Carriage to answer the complaint. If such proprietor being duly summoned, shall neglect or refuse personally to appear, or to produce the driver according to such summons, without a reasonable excuse to be allowed by the Magistrate, he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding forty Rupees, and so from time to time as often as he shall be so summoned, until such driver shall be produced by him. Provided always that if such proprietor shall neglect or refuse to appear and produce such driver on the second or any subsequent summons requiring him so to do, without a reasonable excuse to be allowed as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate to proceed to hear and determine the complaint in the absence of the proprietor and driver, or of either of them, and to give judgment against such proprietor for the fine incurred by reason of such offence.

Proprietors of Carriages to be summoned to appear and produce the drivers.

On neglect on second summons Magistrate may proceed.

XXI. No Palankeen shall ply for hire within any of the said Towns or Stations unless duly registered at the Police Office. The Register shall state the number assigned to the Palankeen, and the name and residence of the owner. The registration shall be in force for one year, and every change of ownership within that time shall be therein noted. A fee of one Rupee shall be paid on

Palankeens.

registration. The owner of every such Palankeen shall cause to be painted on a conspicuous part of it the registered number thereof. The owner of every Palankeen, plying for hire without being duly registered or not having the prescribed number painted on it, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees.

Commissioner of Police may refuse to register Palankeen.

XXII. The Commissioner of Police may refuse to register any Palankeen, or may cancel the registration thereof, whenever it may appear to him to be unserviceable or unfit for public accommodation or use.

Fares for Palankeens.

XXIII. The rates or fares for Palankeens registered under Section XXI, shall be fixed in the same manner and with the like sanction as the rates or fares to be paid for Carriages.

In Calcutta, Bombay, and the Ports of the Straits' Settlements, Passenger Boats to be registered.

XXIV. No Boat shall ply for passengers in the Ports of Calcutta or Bombay, or in any Port of the said Settlement, unless duly registered at the Police Office. The following particulars shall be entered in the Register.

First.—Number of the Boat.

Second.—Name and residence of the owner, and of the manjee.

Third.—Number of the crew.

Fourth.—Number of persons the Boat is permitted to carry.

Registration.

The registration shall be in force for one year; and every change of the owner or manjee within that time shall be therein noted. A fee of one Rupee shall be paid on registration.

Name of owner or manjee, number, &c., to be painted.

The owner or manjee of every such registered Boat shall cause to be painted on a conspicuous part of it the registered number thereof, the number of the crew, and the number of passengers permitted to be carried.

Penalty.

The owner or manjee of a Boat plying for passengers without being duly registered, or carrying more passengers, or with a less crew, than is stated in the register, or not having the prescribed particulars painted on it, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Penalty for neglecting or delaying to report accident to a registered Boat attended with loss of life.

XXV. Whenever any accident shall occur to a Boat registered under this Act, which accident is attended with loss of the life of any one of the crew or passengers, the manjee or if the manjee be not forthcoming, the owner of the Boat shall report the circumstances at the Police Office, and if the manjee or the owner, as the case may be, without lawful excuse, neglect or delay to make such report, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Commissioner may refuse to register unsafe Boats.

XXVI. The Commissioner of Police may refuse to register any Boat, or may cancel the registration thereof, whenever it may appear to him to be in an unsafe state.

Fares for Boats.

XXVII. The rates or fares for Boats registered under Section XXIV and plying for passengers in any of the said Ports, shall be fixed in the same manner and with the like sanction as the rates or fares to be paid for Carriages in the Town or Station to which such Port belongs.

Disputes concerning fares for Boats and Palankeens to be settled by a Magistrate.

XXVIII. In case of any dispute concerning the fare payable for any Boat or any Palankeen registered under this Act, the same may be settled by a Magistrate; and the provisions of Section XX shall be applicable in such case.

Adjudication of penalties.

XXIX. All offences against this Act shall be heard and determined by a Police Magistrate. The provisions of Act XIII of 1856, relating to the adjudication of fines and penalties and the enforcing payment thereof, shall apply to fines and penalties imposed under this Act, and to all sums of money hereby made recoverable as fines.

Interpretation.

XXX. The following words and expressions in this Act shall have the meanings hereby assigned to them, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction (that is to say),

"Magistrate."

The word "Magistrate" in this Act shall mean a Magistrate of Police appointed under Act XIII of 1856, acting for the Town or Station where the matter requiring the cognizance of the Magistrate arises.

"Commissioner of Police."

The words "Commissioner of Police" shall mean the Commissioner of Police so appointed and acting.

Number.

Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number.

Gender.

Words importing the masculine gender shall include females.

"Town."

The word "Town" shall include all places within the local limits of the jurisdiction of Her Majesty's Supreme Courts of Judicature at Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay.

"Station."

The word "Station" shall mean any of the Stations of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Home Department.

No. 1246.

Fort William, the 22nd June 1859.

Notification.—The following orders contained in a Despatch, No. 52 of 1859, dated the 12th May, from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, are published for general information:—

Mr. Coutts Trotter, of the Bengal Civil Establishment, has been permitted to resign the Service, on account of ill health.

An extension of leave for six months, on Medical Certificate, has been granted to Mr. H. P. A. B. Riddell, of the Bengal Civil Service.

No. 1247.

Fort William, the 24th June 1859.

Lieutenant J. Crawford, 23rd Madras Light Infantry, assumed charge of the Office of Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General for the suppression of Meriah Sacrifices and Female Infanticide in the Hill Tracts of Orissa, on the 13th instant.

No. 1248.

Major A. L. MacMullin assumed charge of the duties of Deputy Opium Agent in Malwa, on the 5th instant.

W. Grey,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Foreign Department.

No. 3774.

Fort William, the 22nd June 1859.

His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Captain B. Hawes, 2nd European Bengal Fusiliers, to officiate as Political Assistant in Nimar and Political Agent, Western Malwa, during the absence on leave of Major R. H. Keatinge, or until further orders.

No. 3775.

Assistant Surgeon J. A. Currie, of the 8th Irregular Cavalry, is appointed to the Medical charge of the Civil Station of Seetapore, as a temporary arrangement.

No. 3776.

The 24th June 1859.

Dr. J. M. Hyslop, Civil Surgeon of Bagdad, resumed charge of his duties on the 19th April last.

No. 3777.

Captain J. C. Brook re-assumed the Command of the Meywar Bheel Corps from Captain R. M. S. Annesley, on the 26th ultimo.

No. 3778

Lieutenant Colonel A. Macleod, Military Assistant to the Commissioner of Mysore, returned to his duty on the 2nd instant.

No. 3779

Mr. W. C. Capper, Deputy Commissioner in Oudh, reported his arrival at the Presidency on the 18th instant.

No. 3780.

The leave of absence for one month, granted to the Revd. P. W. Kellner, Officiating Chaplain of Seetapore, in Oudh, in General Order dated the 20th ultimo, No. 2954, is cancelled.

Cecil Beadon,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, 24th June 1859.

No. 903 *of* 1859.—The following Notification from the Public Works Department is published in General Orders:—

No. 181, *dated 18th June* 1859.—*Appointments.* Lieutenant S. T. Trevor, Executive Engineer 3rd Class, is appointed to officiate as Assistant to Chief Engineer, Pegu and Tenasserim Provinces, until further orders.

Lieutenant F. T. Pollock, lately nominated Executive Engineer, Toungoo, but at present employed on the Survey Duty of the Town and Suburbs of Rangoon, is appointed to officiate as Executive Engineer, Rangoon Town, in addition to his own duties, until further orders.

The foregoing arrangements to have effect from the 21st ultimo.

No. 904 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal are published in General Orders:—

No. 3917, *dated 16th June* 1859.—*Appointments.* Lieutenant H. T. Gordon to be Professor of Constructive Design in the Civil Engineering College at the Presidency.

The 17th February 1859.—Captain A. K. Comber to be 2nd Class Principal Assistant to the Commissioner of Assam.

Lieutenant H. Sconce to officiate as 2nd Class Principal Assistant to the Commissioner of Assam.

Captain E. P. Lloyd to be a Junior Assistant to the Commissioner of Assam.

No. 905 *of* 1859.—The following Notification issued by the Government of the Punjaub Provinces is published in General Orders:—

Appointment.—Major J. Becher, Deputy Commissioner of Hazara, has been deputed to Cashmeer for six months.

No. 906 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate :—

Lieutenant Francis Henry Hanmer, of the 34th Regiment Native Infantry ... } For two years, under the old Regulations.

No. 907 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on Furlough, on private affairs:—

Lieutenant Colonel Robert Raikes Kinleside, of the Regiment of Artillery ... } For fifteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 908 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to make the following promotions :—

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To what Rank promoted.	From what date.	In whose room.
44th N.I.	Lieut. the Hon'ble William Murray Fraser	Captain ..	19th June 1859.	Captain H. W. Hailes, deceased.
	Ensign William Stephen Alexander Lockhart .	Lieutenant		

No. 909 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to promote and admit the under-mentioned Native Officers and Men of Hodson's Horse to the Order of Merit, as specified opposite to their respective names, for their conspicuous gallantry before the Enemy in the field, on the dates mentioned :—

	Rank and Names.	*Rewards.*	*From what date.*
1st Regt.	Woordie Major Nusrut Jung Khan...	3rd Class Order of Merit.	
„	Naib Ressaldar Jehangir Khan ...	„ „ ...	26th October 1858.
„	Kote Duffadar Khushal Singh ...	„ „	
„	Ressaldar Man Singh ...	From 2nd to 1st Class Order of Merit ...	13th June 1858.
„	Ressaidar Futteh Alli Shah ...	From 3rd to 2nd Class Order of Merit ...	„ „
„	Naib Ressaldar Meerza Jewun Beg.	3rd Class Order of Merit ...	20th March 1858.
„	Duffadar Morad Khan ...	„ „ ...	21st Feb. „
„	„ Bahadoor Singh ...	„ „ ...	19th March „
„	Sowar Bodeh Khan ...	„ „ ...	13th June „
2nd Regt.	„ Nutha Singh ...	„ „ ...	24th Oct. „
„	Jemadar Hoosain Alli Khan ...	„ „ ...	13th June „
„	Jemadar Pakun Sing ...	„ „ ...	13th Sept. „
„	Kote Duffadar Ibrahim Khan ...	„ „ ...	18th Feb. „
„	Duffadar Sirdool Singh ...	From 2nd to 1st Class Order of Merit ...	13th June „
„	Sowar Jhundah Shah ...	3rd Class Order of Merit ...	„ „
„	„ Jowalla Singh ...	„ „ ...	18th Sept. „
„	„ Kurreemoollah ...	„ „ ...	„ „
„	„ Ruttun Singh ...	„ „ ...	„ „
„	„ Nehal Singh ...	„ „ ...	„ „
„	„ Kuzan Singh ...	„ „ ...	„ „

No. 910 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following temporary promotions :—

Quarter Master General's Department.

Major D. C. Shute, Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General of the Army, 1st Class, to officiate as Assistant Quarter Master General of the Army, from the date on which Captain Lumsden proceeded on Furlough, and until further orders.

Captain B. E. Bacon, Officiating Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General of the Army, 2nd Class, to officiate as Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General of the Army, 1st Class, *vice* Shute.

Lieutenant E. T. Sadler, Officiating Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General, to officiate as Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General of the Army, 2nd Class, *vice* Bacon.

No. 911 *of* 1859.—The leave of absence, on Sick Certificate, under the old Regulations, to proceed to Sea and the Mauritius, granted to Ensign D. S. Ogilvy, 20th Madras Native Infantry, doing duty with the Madras Sappers and Miners, in Government General Order No. 772, of the 18th May 1858, and extended in Government General Order No. 1693, of the 21st December last, is further extended for a period of twelve months, on the same account.

No. 912 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned individual is admitted to Pension, as specified opposite to his name, under the provisions of Minutes of Council of the 11th January 1797, and General Order of the 5th February 1820, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India :—

Conductor James Roche, of the Ordnance Commissariat Department ... } Two Shillings per diem, (as Serjeant,) payable in Europe.

No. 913 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit Subadar Kunnie Persaud, Jemadar Peer Khan, and Havildars Ramdial Sing, Thakoor Sing and Doorga Sing, of the 13th Punjaub Infantry, to the 3rd Class of the Order of Merit, in the Rank they held in the 74th Regiment Native Infantry on the 11th May 1857, for their conspicuous loyalty to the State.

No. 914 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit Ressaldar Alladad Khan, late of the 1st Punjab Cavalry, and now of Hodson's Horse, to the 1st Class of the Order of British India, with the title of Sirdar

Bahadoor, for his distinguished fidelity and good services rendered to the State throughout the late disturbances.

No. 915 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers have returned to their duty on this Establishment without prejudice to their Rank :—

	Date of Arrival at Fort William.
Captain and Brevet Colonel Arthur Mitford Becher, C. B., of the 61st Native Infantry, Quarter Master General of the Army ...	16th June 1859, (the date of arrival of the Steamer *Bengal*, on which they embarked.)
Captain Henry Alexander Cockburn, 53rd Native Infantry, 2nd in Command Meade's Irregular Cavalry ...	
Lieutenant Thomas Taylor, 14th Native Infantry ...	
Lieutenant Jonathan Keer, 60th Native Infantry, Deputy Assistant Commissary General, 1st Class ...	
Assistant Surgeon Charles Plank, of the Medical Department ...	

No. 916 *of* 1859.—Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned gentlemen to be Cadets for the Engineers and Infantry and Assistant Surgeons in Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces at the Presidency of Bengal. They are accordingly admitted into the Service, and the Cadets of Engineers and Infantry are promoted to the Rank of Lieutenant and Ensign respectively, leaving the date of their Commission for future adjustment :—

	Date of Arrival at Fort William.
Engineers.	16th June 1859, (the date of arrival of the Steamer *Bengal*, on which they embarked.)
Mr. Oliver Beauchamp Coventry St. John ...	
Infantry.	
Mr. Arthur Cortlandt Anderson ...	
Mr. Pearson Boyd ...	
Medical Department.	
Mr. William John Thomson...	
Mr. Edwin Clement Bensley...	
Mr. John Ellis, M. B. ...	
Mr. John Duncan, M. D. ...	
Mr. Edward Ord Tandy ...	
Mr. Francis Parsons ...	

No. 917 *of* 1859.—Rank is assigned to the under-mentioned Lieutenants, Cornets and Ensigns, from the dates specified :—

Corps of Engineers.	
Lieutenant Oliver Beauchamp Coventry St. John ...	12th December 1856.
Lieutenant Arthur Herbert Bagge ...	
Lieutenant Henry Ravenshaw Thuillier ...	12th June 1857.
Lieutenant Alexander John William Cumming, (not arrived) ...	
Lieutenant Thomas Claridge Manderson, (not arrived) ...	
Cavalry.	
Cornet Arthur William Roberts ...	20th Feb. 1859.
Cornet Clement Edward Benthall ...	
Cornet Frederick Elliott Farquharson ...	4th March 1859.
Infantry.	
Ensign John Munro Sym ...	11th December, and to stand above Ensign C. A. E. S. Carter. *Vide* G. G. O., No. 392 of 22nd March.
„ Charles Harley Bridges	4th Feb. 1859.
„ Hugh Gilliat Oldham .	
„ Stuart Colquhoin MacTier ...	
„ Ives Maclean Urquhart	
„ Adam Wilson Graham	20th Feb. 1859.
„ Edward Maximilian Bethune ...	
„ Hugh Wilson Williams	
„ Astell Harrison ...	
„ John Watson Munro, (not arrived) ...	20th Feb. 1859.
„ Francis Monro Newberry ...	4th March 1859.
„ Charles Mercer ...	
„ Thomas James Quin ...	
„ Christopher Middlemass, (not arrived)...	9th April 1859.
„ Neville Fraser Parker, (not arrived) ...	
„ Charles William Riggs, (not arrived) ...	20th April 1859.
„ Charles Nesbit Hodgson ...	
„ Thomas Fraser Bruce .	
„ Walter Robert Hamilton, (not arrived) ...	27th April 1859.
„ Arthur Cortlandt Anderson ...	4th May 1859.

No. 918 *of* 1859.—Rank is assigned to the under-mentioned Cornet and Ensigns, from the dates specified opposite to their respective names :—

Cavalry.	
Cornet H. C. Creak, ... 4th March 1859.	And will stand immediately below Mr. F. E. Farquharson, of List of Cadets, No. 2 of 1859.
Infantry.	
Ensign J. May, ... 20th Feb. 1859.	And will stand immediately below Mr. A. Harrison, of List of Cadets, No. 2 of 1859.
Ensign W. H. Becket, ... 20th Feb. 1859.	
Ensign F. J. Wheeler, ... 4th Mar. 1859.	And will stand immediately below Mr. T. J. Quin, of List of Cadets, No. 2 of 1859.
Ensign W. H. Senior, ... 4th Mar. 1859.	
Ensign J. L. Ferris, ... 4th Mar. 1859.	
Ensign A. B. Chalmers, .. 4th Mar. 1859.	

Ensign A. B. Douglas, ... 20th April 1859.	And will stand immediately below Mr. T. F. Bruce, of List of Cadets, No. 2 of 1859.

No. 919 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to notify that Rohilcund has ceased to be a Divisional Command, and has been constituted a Field Force or 1st Class Brigade Command, with a Staff of a Brigade Major, a Deputy Assistant Quarter Master General, and a Deputy Judge Advocate General.

No. 920 *of* 1859.—The services of Lieutenant F. J. Mackeson, of the 74th Regiment Native Infantry, being no longer required with the 1st Bengal Police Battalion, are placed at the disposal of the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief.

R. J. H. Birch, *Major-General,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Public Works Department.

General.—Establishments.

No. 183.

Fort William, the 21st June 1859.

Notification.—Lieutenant R. Anderson, Her Majesty's 95th Regiment, whose services have been made available by the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief for temporary employment in the Department of Public Works at Seronge, to have the position of Probationary Assistant Engineer.

No. 184.

Appointment.—Corporal A. K. MacNamara, of the Sappers and Miners, is appointed a Probationary Assistant Overseer in the Public Works Department, and posted to the North-Western Provinces.

No. 185.

The 23rd June 1859.

Posting.—The under-mentioned Special Assistant Engineers of the Department of Public Works in Bengal, are posted as follows:—

Mr. W. O'Neill to the 2nd Division Grand Trunk Road,

Mr. A. J. L. Perrier to the Barrackpore Division.

Mr. L. F. Byrne to the Presidency Division.

H. Yule, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 3992.

Appointments.—*The 18th June* 1859.—Mr. O. S. Stack, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Moorshedabad, is transferred to Rajshahye, where he will exercise the powers of a Covenanted Assistant to a Magistrate, under Regulations XIII. of 1797 and IX. of 1807.

Lieutenant C. T. Hitchins to be Commandant of the 7th Bengal Police Battalion, from the date on which Captain Plowden made over charge to him of the Regiment, to the date of his being relieved of that charge by Captain Fagan.

The 20th June 1859.—Mr. F. Tucker to be Collector of Jessore.

Mr. S. F. Davis to be Magistrate of Tipperah.

Mr. E. Drummond to be Magistrate of Rungpore.

Messrs. C. Hollings, L. A. Cooke, and Moulavy Hossein Bux to be Members of the Municipal Committee of Gya.

The 22nd June 1859.—Mr. C. Limond to officiate as Collector of Tipperah.

Leave of Absence.—*The 18th June* 1859.—Mr. A. R. C. Eckford, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Rajshahye, for three months, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 25th March last.

Baboo Doorgapersaud Ghose, Additional Principal Sudder Ameen of Chittagong, for six months on Medical Certificate, in extension of the leave granted to him on the 31st March last.

The 22nd June 1859.—Mr. A. Fleming, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Sarun, six weeks' preparatory leave, under the Financial Resolution of the 14th January last, making over charge of the Medical duties of the Station to the Sub-Assistant Surgeon of the Sarun Dispensary.

Baboo Muddoo Soodun Bachusputty, Provincial Pundit of the 24-Pergunnahs, for eight days, on Medical Certificate, under Clause 2, Section V. of the Uncovenanted Absentee Rules.

Notification.—*The 15th June* 1859.—The Sub-Division of Gopaulgunge, in the District of Jessore, will in future be called the Sub-Division of Nurail, and the Head Quarters of the Officer in charge will be located at Moheshkhola.

A. R. Young,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Seventh Sale of Opium, the provision of 1857-58, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Thursday, the 14th of July 1859, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 2,260 Chests, *viz.*:—

Behar Opium	1,915
Benares Ditto	345
Total Chests ...	2,260

2. The general conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 1st December 1858, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 19th and 29th July 1859, respectively, that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, Company's Paper or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the Sale, will be received after 4 P. M., of Tuesday, the 19th July 1859, and no Treasury Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M., of Friday, the 29th July 1859.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium of 1857-58 will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board however reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Wednesday, 10th August 1859 -	1915	345	2,260
Do. Friday, 9th September „ -	1915	345	2,260
Do. Friday, 14th October „ -	1915	345	2,260
Do. Monday, 7th November „ -	1915	345	2,260
Do. Monday, 5th December „ -	1934	379	2,313
	9,594	1,759	11,353

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 1st June 1859.

Notice.

IT is hereby notified for general information, that the Behar Provision Opium of 1858-59, to be sold in the year 1860, consists of 15,246 Chests.

2. The final report of the Benares Opium has not yet been received, but the quantity is expected to be about 6,000 Chests.

By order of the Board of Revenue,

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 24th June 1859.

No. 211.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned dates have been fixed by the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, as the latest dates on which payment of Arrears of Revenue will be received in the Provinces of Cuttack, *viz.*:—

28th April for the 8 Punnee Kist.
8th November for the 16 Punnee Kist.

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

E. T. TREVOR,
Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 13th June 1859.

Notice.

THE General Treasury will be closed on Saturday, the 2nd July 1859, on account of the Hindoo Holiday Ruth Jattra.

J. I. HARVEY,
Sub-Treasurer.

GENERAL TREASURY,
The 21st June 1859.

Notification.

IN continuation of the Notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated 11th December 1858, Military Pay Masters and Officers in charge of Treasuries generally under the Governments of India, Bengal, the North-Western Provinces and Punjab, are informed that Bills of Exchange on the General Treasury at Madras, should be drawn on and Advices addressed to the Accountant General, Madras. In no case are Bills on Madras to be drawn at sight, but at one day's sight instead.

Bills of Exchange on the General Treasury, Calcutta, should in like manner be drawn on, and the Advices sent to the Accountant-General to the Government of India at Calcutta.

E. DRUMMOND,
Acctt. Genl. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM;
Accountant General's Office, Durbar and Revenue Dept.,
The 16th June 1859.

Notification.

THE undersigned has the honor to notify for the information of Treasury Officers under the Government of India that Bills and Communications, &c., relating to the receipt or issue of monies into, or from any of the Treasuries in the District of Malabar, should be addressed to the Deputy Collector in charge at Calicut.

E. DRUMMOND,
Acct. Genl. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM;
Accountant General's Office, Durbar and Revenue Dept.,
The 21st June 1859.

WEEKLY STATEMENT OF TRAFFIC PASSED THROUGH THE CIRCULAR AND EASTERN CANALS FROM 15th TO 22nd JUNE 1859.

From 15th to 22nd June 1859.	Names of Chowkeys.	Charcoal.			Wood Coal.			Piece Goods. Native Produce.			Piece Goods, Imported Fabrics.			Hides.			Cotton.			Castor Seed.			Castor Oil.			Indigo.			Jaggery.			Jute.			Lime.			Mustard Seed.			Mustard Seed Oil.		
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.
Circular Canal	Bamanghatta	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1775	11200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	10375	7835	6	4925	2700	2	1600	1400	30	14375	10300	1	500	400
	Chitpore	3	3400	2400	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	4675	bls. 320	..	..	...	3	1100	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tolly' Nullah	Samookpotta	..	...	...	2	450	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	4725	3300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	975	800
	Russa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Kyderpore	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...

From 15th to 22nd June 1859.	Names of Chowkeys.	Salt.			Sugar.			Tobacco.			Linseed.			Paddy.			Pulse.			Peas.			Rice.			Wheat.			Lentil.			Grain.			Sundries.	
		Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Number of Boats.	Maundage by Canal Measurement.	Maundage of Cargo by estimate.	Total Number of Boats.	Total Maundage by Canal Measurement.
Circular Canal	Bamanghatta	...	..	...	47	38500	27550	5	975	725	54	44950	33500	2	475	400	6	3175	2800	25	5325	5950	58	38075	29000	6	3525	2400	5	2100	1600	1	1200	1000	402	116700
	Chitpore	109	61325	26150	..	...	...	...	...	...	2	425	250	..	..	...	...	..	...	1	300	100	2	1750	925	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	276	125000
Tolly' Nullah	Samookpotta	...	...	...	...	..	...	4	1400	1000	2	3000	1800	28	5400	2380	2	600	450	4	975	750	25	8800	6450	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	147	62275
	Russa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	1	25	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	89	4750	3065	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	255	11350
	Kyderpore	17	12650	8090	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	183	49950

J. F. GALIFFE,
Collector and Magistrate of Canals.

No. 32.

Notification.

The undersigned has the honor to notify to Civil and Military Officers in charge of Treasuries, that as he is in no way concerned in recovering Advances which may be at the personal debit of Officers, applications for the adjustment of such Advances should be made to the Accountant-General to the Government of India, Military Department, or to the proper Pay-master.

E. G. J. Champneys, *Lieut.-Col.*,
Military Auditor General.

Fort William;
Mily. Audr. Genl.'s Office,
The 13th May 1859.

Sheriff's Office; the 18th June 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery and also an Admiralty Sessions will be holden by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court-House in the Town of Calcutta, on Wednesday, the thirteenth day of July next, at 12 o'clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

W. F. Gilmore,
Sheriff.

শরিফ আফিস ১৮ জুন ১৮৫৯ সাল

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ১৩ জুলাই ১৮৫৯ সাল বুধবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার কোর্ট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের কোর্ট উইলিএমের সুপ্রেম কোর্ট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়েরটরমিনর এবং এডমাইরেলটি অর্থাৎ মহা সমুদ সম্পর্কীয় মোকদ্দমা নিষ্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশীয়ান জতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এ বিষয় সকলে স্মরন রাখুন।

W. F. Gilmore,
Sheriff.

CUSTOMS.

List of Packages lying unclaimed on the Custom House Wharf.

Date of Landing.	Mark or Address of Packages.	Ships.
1858, May 5th ...	1 Chest Tea, Captain Read, 12th N. I. ...	Str. Lightning.
Nov. 9th ...	1 Cases Unknown, C in triangle N H M ...	Kirkham.
Ditto 17th ...	1 Iron Rail, no mark ..	Fort William.
Ditto 20th ...	10 Cases Merchandize A S in diamond C ..	Aetos.
Dec. 6th ..	2 Chests unknown, ...	Englishman.
1859, January 8th ...	10 Quarter Casks ditto F in diamond ...	Bosphorus.
Ditto 9th ...	1 Case ditto, P in triangle W G ..	Plantagenet.
Ditto 20th ...	4 Cases ditto, ditto ..	Ditto.
February 23rd ..	3 Casks ditto, I G S ..	Hougomont.
March 4th ...	39 Casks ditto, J G S ...	Swithamley.
Ditto 5th ..	1 Case ditto, P C F in diamond ..	Albion.
Ditto 10th ...	1 Cask ditto, I G S ...	Hougomont.
Ditto 23rd ...	2 Small Packages, B C ...	Str. Fiery Cross.
Ditto „ ...	1 Small Package, ditto, B ...	Ditto.
April 16th ..	9 Bundles Iron, no mark ...	Howden.
Ditto „ ...	11 Pieces ditto, ditto ..	Ditto.
Ditto 18th ..	8 Bags Tobacco Leaf, ditto ...	Atiet Rohoman.
Ditto 27th ...	1 Tin Box Merchandize, Messrs. Fraser and Co. ...	Str. Viscount Canning.
May 17th ..	1 Small Parcel Unknown, Dr. Anderson, care of Dr. Thompson	Str. Lancefield.
Ditto „ ..	1 Case ditto, 31st Regiment ...	Granger.
Ditto 25th ...	1 Box Tin, C F I C ...	Merse.
June 14th ...	5 Bages Copper Cash, B F and Co. ...	Str. Fiery Cross.
Unknown ...	1 Case Unknown, Wairisright, Esq., H. M. 32nd Regiment ..	Str. Armenian.
Ditto ..	1 Cask ditto, no mark ...	Unknown.

Calcutta Custom House,
The 24th June 1859.

F. J. Cockburn,
Officiating Collector of Customs.

Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

IN EQUITY.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE.

Bindasoondery Dossee,

Versus

A. B. Mackintosh and others.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Friday, the 1st day of July next, at the hour of one o'Clock in the afternoon, James Welch, Esquire, Receiver of the Supreme Court, and the Receiver appointed in the above Cause will put up for Lease for one year by public competition at his Office, all those 77½ Mouzahs or Villages being part of Dhee Daudpore within Pergunnah Satire, in the Zillah of Jessore, forming portion of the Estate of Isser Chunder Paul Chowdhoory, deceased, and commonly known by the name of Dhee Pavile upon such terms and conditions as will be then made known and upon such security as he may think fit.

Further particulars may be obtained on application at the Receiver's Office, Supreme Court.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE;
Supreme Court,
Calcutta, 9th June 1859.

TO BE PEREMPTORILY SOLD, pursuant to an Order of the Supreme Court of Judicature, at Fort William in Bengal, bearing date the eighth day of July one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, made in a certain cause wherein Thackoordass Gossain and James Bernard Smelt are Plaintiffs, and Hurro Chunder Lahoorce is Defendant, with the approbation of John Cochrane, Esquire, the Master of the said Court, at his Office in the Court-House, on Tuesday, the 10th day of July next, at noon.

Lot. No. 1.—The Right, Title and Interest of the said Hurro Chunder Lahooree of and in the following properties, that is to say, all that upper-roomed brick-built messuage, tenement or dwelling-house, No. 9½, with a piece or parcel of land thereunto belonging, containing by estimation one Cottah and eight Chittacks, more or less, situate, lying and being at Sibtollah Lane, in the Town of Calcutta, and butted and bounded as follows; that is to say, on the East by a house and land of one Ram Chund Dutt; on the West by a house and land of Prawn Kisto Dutt; on the South by a house and land of Gooroo Doss Dutt and others; and on the North by a lane there.

Lot. No. 2.—All that lower-roomed brick-built dwelling-house, No. 207, and eight tiled huts, with the piece or parcel of land or ground thereunto belonging, and on part whereof the same are erected and built, containing by estimation eight Cottahs, more or less, situate at Lall Bazar, in the Town of Calcutta, and butted and bounded as follows; that is to say, on the East by the house and land of Denonauth Dhur; on the West by the house and land of Bindabun Mullick; on the South by the Public Road; and on the North by the Public Drain.

Lot. No. 3.—All that Talook, called or known by the name of Soochya, in Pergunnah Ballea, in Zillah of Hooghly, paying an Annual rent of Company's Rupees three hundred and two, four annas and eight pie to the Rajah of Burdwan.

Lot. No. 4.—All that upper-roomed brick-built messuage, tenement or dwelling-house, and a tank, with the piece or parcel of land thereunto belonging, containing by estimation four biggahs, more or less, situate at a place called Sunkey Bangah, at Puttol Dangah, in Calcutta, butted and bounded as follows; that is to say, on the North by the Public Road; on the West and South by the Public Drain; and on the East by the land of Bindoo Bassenee Dossee.

Further Particulars may be had at the Master's Office, Supreme Court, or of Mr. Thomas Owen, Solicitor for the Plaintiff.

JOHN COCHRANE,
Master.

THOMAS OWEN,
Solicitor for the Plaintiff.

CALCUTTA SUPREME COURT;
Master's Office,
The 20th June 1859.

TO BE SOLD, pursuant to a Decree of the Supreme Court of Judicature, at Fort William in Bengal, bearing date the eleventh day of November one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, made in a certain Cause wherein Monohur Dass is Complainant and Kissory Mohun Bose is Defendant, with the approbation of the Master of the said Court, at his Office, in the Court-House, on a day, of which due notice will be hereafter given, the following property that is to say—

All that upper-roomed messuage, tenement or dwelling-house, with the piece or parcel of land or ground thereunto attached and belonging, and on part whereof the same is erected and built, containing by estimation two biggahs, eight cottahs and two chittacks, (be the same a little more or less,) situate and lying at Simlah, in the Town of Calcutta, butted and bounded as follows, (that is to say,) on the North by the house and premises now or formerly the property of one Petumber Gossain, and at present in the occupation of Dinnonauth and Juddoonauth Gossains, grandsons of the said Petumber Gossain; on the West by the house and premises belonging to and in the occupation of Turanee Churn Seal; on the South by a Public Drain; and on the East by the Public Street called Manicktollah Street.

Further particulars may be had at the Master's Office, Supreme Court, or of Mr. A. M. Gasper, Attorney for the Complainant, at his Office, No. 11, Hare Street, Calcutta.

JOHN COCHRANE,
Master.

A. M. GASPER,
Complainant's Attorney.

CALCUTTA SUPREME COURT;
Master's Office,
The 17th June 1859.

PURSUANT to a Decretal Order of the Supreme Court of Judicature, at Fort William in Bengal, made in a certain Cause, wherein Thomas Francis and others are Plaintiffs, and George Deveril and others are Defendants, on and bearing date the 17th day of March 1859, the Creditors of Benjamin Deveril, late of the Province of Jessore, who died on or about the year of Christ 1825, are forthwith required to come in and prove their respective debts before John Cochrane, Esquire, the Master of the said Court, at his Office in the Court-House, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the said Order.

JOHN COCHRANE,
Master.

P. J. PAUL.
Plaintiffs' Attorney.

CALCUTTA SUPREME COURT;
Master's Office,
The 22nd June 1859.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the Week ending 22nd June 1859.

LIABILITIES.				ASSETS.			
Proprietors' Capital ...	1,07,00,000	0	0	Government Securities ...	23,92,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	1,97,534	10	10	Dues from Government ...	4,13,315	1	2
Current Accounts ...	1,18,31,628	11	7	Cash	1,52,56,736	9	9
Cash Credits Undrawn ...	3,72,397	0	2	Loans on Deposit of Securities ...	1,11,08,100	0	0
Other Claims	5,87,305	3	7	Discount Loans on ditto ...	68,28,800	0	0
Bank Notes	1,35,17,481	0	0	Accounts of Credit on ditto ...	6,73,800	0	0
Post Bills	5,90,661	5	11	Government Bills discounted ...	1,03,826	10	8
Profit and Loss (*Rebate Account*) ...	71,647	5	6	Mint Certificates ditto ...	25,467	4	8
				Mercantile Bills ditto	8,80,494	9	2
				Dead Stock	1,86,115	2	2
Co.'s Rs.	3,78,68,655	5	7	Co.'s Rs.	3,78,68,655	5	7

G. W. MOULTRIE,
Offg. Accountant.

Published by order of the Directors,
H. L. LEE,
Offg. Secretary and Treasurer.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

WITH reference to Government Notification No. 5, Fort William, Financial Department, 26th January 1855, notifying the intention of Government to dissolve its connexion with the Government Agency—

The Oriental Bank Corporation undertake the safe custody of Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal, and other local Stocks, free of all charge.

Will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, and remit at the current rates of exchange, or pay the same according to instructions, if to be remitted through the Corporation, Without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... 1-4th per Cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the purchase of Government or other Securities, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Corporation, ... Without charge.

WM. ANDERSON,
Agent.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION;
Calcutta, 29th January 1855.

Commercial Bank of India.

CALCUTTA BRANCH.

Rates of Exchange on London Joint Stock Bank.

		s.	d.	
At 6 months' sight	2	0¼	per	Rupee
„ 3 „ „	1	11¾		„
„ 30 days' „	1	11¾		„
„ 3 „ „	1	11¾		„

The Bank grants Drafts on the Head Office, Bombay, and on its Branches in London, Shanghae, and Hong-Kong. Bills collected at any of the above places at a uniform charge of ¼ per Cent.

The Bank will undertake the purchase or sale of Government Paper, Bank Stock and other Securities, draw Interest and Dividends payable in Calcutta, when due, at a Commission of ¼ per Cent.

No charge made when the proceeds of Sale or amount of Interest or Dividends drawn is remitted in the Bank's Bills.

Rates of Interest allowed to Deposits subject to

3 months' notice of withdrawal, 4 p. ct. per annum.
6 ditto ditto ditto 5 „
2 ditto ditto ditto 6 „

Notice may be given when the money is deposited, or at any subsequent time; and it will be dispensed with in cases when the money is to be remitted through the Bank.

Current Accounts kept and Interest allowed at 2 per Cent. per annum on Balances of Rupees 500 and upwards, not exceeding Rupees 50,000, unless by special agreement.

Hours of business, 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. On Saturdays, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

W. S. FITZWILLIAM,
27, TANK SQUARE, *Agent.*
Calcutta, 7th October 1858.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Richard Spencer Ford, heretofore carrying on business in co-partnership at No. 1 Hastings Street, in Calcutta, and at Rangoon, with Archibald Paxton and Richard Underwood, under the style and firm of Messrs. A. Paxton and Co., as Saddlers, Harness and Boot Makers, and lately carrying on business on his own individual account, under the style or firm of Messrs. R. S. Ford and Co., as Saddlers, Harness and Boot Makers, at No. 1 Hastings Street aforesaid, and Hide Broker, an Insolvent.

Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court, on Friday, the 1st day of July next, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent, desirous of opposing such application, must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

Downing, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Gopaul Chunder Seal, late of Manicktollah Street, Simlah, in Calcutta, formerly a Section Writer employed in the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut, and afterwards a Dealer in the Securities of the Government of India, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of Act XI. vic. cap. XXI. was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 22nd day of June instant, and by an order of the same date the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Ogilvie and Barrow, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Gopaul Chunder Seal, late of Manicktollah Street, Simlah, in Calcutta, formerly a Section Writer employed in the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut, and afterwards a Dealer in the Securities of the Government of India, an Insolvent.

Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court, on Friday, the 1st day of July next, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent, desirous of opposing such application, must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

Ogilvie and Barrow, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Gopaul Chunder Seal, late of Manicktollah Street, Simlah, in Calcutta, formerly a Section Writer employed in the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut, and afterwards a Dealer in the Securities of the Government of India, an Insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 22nd day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 6th day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Ogilvie and Barrow, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Francis Frederick Wills, lately carrying on business at Calcutta as a Merchant and Agent, under the several styles or firms of Wills and Co., and Wills Brothers and Co., and Goddard Wills and Co., an Insolvent.

On Thursday, the 23rd day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 3rd day of September next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Carey and Berners, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 21th June 1859.

Notice.

A SPECIAL General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Calcutta Docking Company will be held on Thursday, the 28th instant, at 10 o'clock, to determine the mode of dealing with the proceeds of land sold.

By Order of the Directors,

J. H. MORGAN,
Superintendent.

14*th June* 1859.

Assam Company.

INCORPORATED UNDER ACTS XIX. OF 1845 AND IV. OF 1855.

Notice of Dividend.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at a General Meeting of Shareholders held in London, on Friday, the 6th May last, a DIVIDEND of TEN PER CENT. on the paid up Capital of the Company was declared, which will be payable to Proprietors in India on and after *Friday, the 24th instant.*

T. E. CARTER,
Secy., Assam Company.

No. 1, BARRETTO'S LANE;
Calcutta, the 18*th June* 1859.

Notice.

THE Interest of MR. GEORGE GILBERT in our Concern ceased on the 30th April 1858.

JESSOP & Co.

Required.

A TRANSLATOR thoroughly conversant with English and Oordoo. His duties will be to translate and to superintend the Persian Office. Salary Rupees 100 per mensem. Apply to Deputy Commissioner, Gondah, in Oude.

Plundered in Transit from Neemuch to Delhie.

THE Government Promissory Notes, Nos. 1578, 1579 and 1580, of 1856-57, dated 28th February 1857, for Company's Rupees 1,000 each, originally standing in the name of Mirza Hajee Mahomed Khan, the Proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Notes, and of Interest thereupon, has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of duplicates in favor of the Proprietor.

MIRZA HAJEE MAHOMED KHAN.

AJMERE.
The 4th June 1859.

Notice.

PLUNDERED at Khunna, in the Loodianah District, a Government Promissory Note, No. 36870 of 1127 of 1854-55, of the 4 per Cent. Loan, for Rupees 1,200, the property of Moobarack Ally, Bread Contractor, Sealkote.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

THE Government Promissory Note, No. 38510, of the Five per Cent. Loan of 1856-57, dated the 28th February 1857, for Company's Rupees 500, originally standing in the name of Henry Hanson, the Proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note, and of Interest thereupon, has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of a Duplicate Note in favor of the Proprietor.

HENRY HANSON,
Quarter Master Serjeant, H. M.'s 53rd Regt.

Lost.

FIRST-HALF of a Bank of Bengal Note, No. 01813C for Rupees 50, payment of which has been stopped.

Lost.

Two first halves of Bank of Bengal Notes, No. A. 35801 and 28574 for ten Rupees each. Payment has been stopped at the Bank.

Lost.

FIRST-HALF of a Bank of Bengal Note, No. 27761B for Rupees 25, payment of which has been stopped at the Bank.

Notices issued by the Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 1694.

THE Public are hereby informed, that in consequence of the War which has broken out, the Austrian Packets hitherto plying between Alexandria and Trieste have been withdrawn, and letters, &c., to the United Kingdom or the Continent of Europe cannot be forwarded *vid Trieste* until further orders, and no Mail for the Austrian Post Office at Alexandria will be made up in future.

All letters, &c., for the Ionian Islands will hereafter be forwarded in the Mail for Malta, a branch Packet, to proceed twice a month, having been established between Malta and Corfu; all letters for the Ionian Islands must be prepaid at the Packet Rate of postage, *i. e.*, four annas for ½ ounce, and eight annas for 1 ounce, and adding eight annas for every additional ounce or fraction of an ounce.

C. K. DOVE,
Post-Master General of Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
The 21st June 1859.

No. 859.

The 20th June 1859.—The Overland Mail per Steamer *Bengal* will be closed on Saturday, the 2nd proximo, at 6 P. M.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius, and Australia, can be sent by this opportunity.

	Weight.	*Vid* Marseilles.	*Vid* Southampton.
Postage.	Under ½ ounce	Rs. 0 6 0	Rs. 0 0 0
	„ ½ „ „	0 8 0	„ 0 4 0
	„ ¾ „ „	0 14 0	„ 0 0 0
	„ 1 „ „	1 0 0	„ 0 8 0
	„ 2 ounces „	2 0 0	„ 1 0 0

No. 906.

The 24th June 1859.—Notice is hereby given, that, in consequence of the departure of the Steamer *Fiery Cross* having been postponed, the Mails for Penang, Singapore and Hong-Kong will be closed at this Office, on Saturday the 25th June, at 6 P. M.

Printed and Published for the Government by THOMAS JONES. *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

SATURDAY, JUNE 25, 1859.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section XI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Behar, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of this District, on the 5th July 1859, for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 7th June 1859:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 362.—Mehal Subbulpoor Koondla Oorf Khyroo Chuck, Monsoomey Bungalee Chuck, Pergunnah Ekil; recorded proprietors, Muhamud Fyz Ally, Juwad Ally, Mudud Ally, Musst. Boodhun, Munsoor Ally, Danish Ally, Joomye, Shaik Boozoorg Ally, Oorf Mujnoo, Immambux, Kurrimbux, Musst. Wuzeerun, Muhamudbux, Musst. Nujjo, Musst. Bundha, Kuramut Hosain, Nadir Ally, Musst. Kadray Oorf Chunda, Musst. Wuzeerun, Shaikh Kasim Ally, Musst. Kajo, Enaet Ally, and Musst. Luckhun, maliks and occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 16-3-1½.

No. 822.—Mehal Koorwah Bullopoor, Arazee Inglis, Pergunnah Urwul; recorded proprietor, Bhakur Sahoo, occupant and malgoozars; sudder jumma, rupees 0-8-10¾.

No. 915.—Mehal Suckree, Arazee Inglis, Pergunnah Urwal; recorded proprietor, Beharee Sahoo, occupant and malgoozar; sudder jumma, rupees 2-6-9.

No. 1010.—Mehal Chewtah, Hissa Misfee Uz Durroobust Dakhilee Kumalpoor, Pergunnah Uncha; recorded proprietors, Syud Gholam Ubdoolrushud, Shah Uttoeboolla, Syud Ameeroolla, Musst. Fusseehun oorf Ummun, Musst. Fyzun oorf Gheeso, Ubdool Ruzuq and Syud Ubdool Kureem, maliks and malgoozars; sudder jumma, rupees 40-4-3.

Class II.—Estates not permanently-settled.

No. 1210.—Mehal Durrooah, Pergunnah Bellaunja; recorded proprietors, Balgobindram Patuck, Joygobindram Patuck, Jaygopalram Patuck, Dabeeram, Surroopdhareeram, and Teelukdhareeram, maliks; sudder jumma, rupees 60-0-0.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 1669.—Mehal Maunpoor Tetrawan, Lot 4, Pergunnah Behar; recorded proprietors, Mussts. Wuzeerun and Phakun, occupants and maliks; sudder jumma, rupees 22-14-0.

No. 2085.—Mehal Chuck Ubdoolrushud, Uz Ruqbey, Jullalpoor Kako, Nisfee Jullalpoor, Muckdoompoor Kako, Fureedunpoor Kako, and Chuck Jullalpoor, Pergunnah Bhellawur; recorded proprietors, Shaikh Mosahib Ally, Shaikh Chundoo, Musst. Fuseehay, Shaikh Bhuttun, Mobaruk Ally, and Musst. Nazo, occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 15-8-11.

No. 2107.—Mehal Chuck, Gooha Uz Ruqbey Burhowrah, Pergunnah Bhellawur; recorded proprietors, Shaikh Gholam Hosain, Ubbool Hosain, Oorf Busharut Hosain, Musst. Oomatool Fatimah, Kuneez Fatimah, Musst. Azeemoon Nissa, Jhugroo Patuck, Shaikh Yar Ally, Oorf Ainoollah, Musst. Ameerun, Shaikh Wajid Hosain, Musst. Fuzeellulool Nissa, Musst. Phukun, Musst. Muhboobun Oorf Zabun, Meer Gholam Hoosanee, Muzhur Hosain, Waez Hosain, Iltaf Hosain, Welaet Hosain, Tujamool Hosain and Musst. Nuzeerun, malgoozars; sudder jumma, rupees 44-4-10.

Class IV.—Arrears due on account of Estates.

No. 2116.—Mehal Simrah, Chuck Simrah, Pergunnah Bhellawur; recorded proprietors, Musst. Muckdoomun, Nujmoodeen, Nuseebun, Musst. Ameerum and Wuheedun, occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 540-15-6, including malikana from which the rights and interests of Musst. Muckdooman, heiress of Musst. Mudeehun, deceased, surety of Busharut Hosain, the son of Chandry Khadim Hosain and farmer of Mouzah Samadhee Boozoorg, Pergunnah Tilhara, Zillah Patna, will be sold on account of Arrears of rent due from him.

Class II.—Estates not permanently-settled.

No. 2223.—Mehal Nugurwa Turree, &c., 20 kullums, Pergunnah Putchrooklee; recorded proprietors, Tekait Juggurnath Sing, Rugbeer Sing, Nursing Narain, and Ruttun Chunder, maliks and occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 1,116-7-11.

No. 2227.—Mehal Puchturwah, Chuprah Gaghan, Boozoorg Ghagun, Khoord Muneeardeep, Chuck Dooaree, Hunmut Khajooree, Munjlahdeep, Jognee Khoord, and Mahoo Chuck, 11 kullums, Pergunnah Pulchrookhee; recorded proprietor, Gungapershad, occupant; sudder jumma, rupees 825-0-0.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 2310.—Mehal Surthooa Ruttun oorf Beeroopoor, Pergunnah Telhara, in the Hulka of Pergunnah Ookree; recorded proprietor, Himmut Sing; sudder jumma, rupees 892-15-6.

No. 3931.—Mehal Hissa Rampoor, Pergunnah Kotoomba; recorded proprietors, Mahtha Ramsuhaz, Soobuns loll, Thummun Sing and others; maliks and malgoozars; sudder jumma, rupees 64-0-0.

No. 4743.—Mehal Ghanspoor Bhogdad, Pergunnah Ekil; recorded proprietors, Shaikh Yar Ally oorf Ainoollah, Mussamut Fuzeelut Oonnissa, Mussamut Joomah, Ubdool Summid, Oomatool Nissa, Muhamud Hossein, Mussamut Luteefun, Muhamud Ahsun, Mussamut Zaheday and Mussamut Munjun, maliks and malgoozars; sudder jumma, rupees 14-7-9.

No. 4746.—Mehal Dhunnoutee Ekhtearpoor, Oorf Meer Chuck, Pergunnah Ekil; recorded proprietors, Shaikh Yar Ally Oorf Ainoolah, Mussamut Fuzeeluttoon Nissa, Mussamut Jooma, Mussamut Oomatool Nissa, Muhamud Hossain, Mussamut Luteefun, Shaikh Muhamud Ahsun, Ubdool Summud, Mussamut Zaheday, Mussamut Munjun, maliks and malgoozars; sudder jumma, rupees 10-11-11.

D. CUNLIFFE,
Collector.

BEHAR COLLECTORSHIP;
Gyah,
The 18th June 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Bhaugulpore, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Tuesday, the 5th July 1859, or 20th Ausar 1266, for Arrears of Revenue:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 277.—Mouzah Shahpoor Tumownee, Pergunnah Colgong; recorded proprietors, Mudun Thakoor, Bheekary Loll and Bujrung Shoye; sudder jumma, rupees 524-6-4¾.

J. R. MUSPRATT,
Collector.

BHAUGULPORE;
Collector's Office,
The 16th June 1859.

PRINTED BY THOMAS JONES, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 29, 1859.

Legislative Council of India.

THE 18TH JUNE 1859.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council of India on the 18th June 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 22nd of August next:—

A Bill to empower Sessions Judges to pass sentence in certain cases without reference to the Sudder Court.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to empower Sessions Judges in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal to pass sentence in certain trials without reference to the Nizamut Adawlut; and whereas it is likewise expedient to remove the restriction now imposed by law upon Sessions Judges in regard to the minimum of punishment which they are competent to inflict in cases of perjury and certain cases of forgery described in Clause 2 Section IX Regulation XVII. 1817: It is enacted as follows:—

Laws repealed and modified.

I. Clause 3 Section VI. and Clause 3 Section IX Regulation XVII. 1817 of the Bengal Code are hereby repealed; and Section IX of the same Regulation, and Section IV Regulation VI. 1832 of the same Code are hereby modified.

Sentence by Sessions Judge in case of conviction of rape.

II. When a person is convicted of the crime of rape, if the circumstances of the case shall not appear to call for a more severe punishment than imprisonment for seven years with labor in irons, the Sessions Judge before whom the trial is held shall himself pass sentence.

Sentence by Sessions Judge in case of conviction of a crime declared by the Sudder Court to be a penal offence.

III. When a person is convicted in a trial held under the provisions of Regulation VI. 1832, of a crime declared by a precedent of the Nizamut Adawlut to be a penal offence, if the circumstances of the case shall not appear to call for a more severe punishment than seven years' imprisonment with labor in irons, the Sessions Judge before whom the trial is held shall himself pass sentence. If, however, the crime of which the person has been convicted has not been declared to be a penal offence by a precedent of the Nizamut Adawlut, the Sessions Judge shall not proceed to pass sentence, but shall refer the case for the consideration of the Nizamut Adawlut, stating at length in the proceedings the opinion of the punchayet, assessors, or jury, and his own opinion, as to the crime proved, and the nature and extent of the punishment which should be awarded.

Sentence by Sessions Judge in case of conviction of perjury or forgery.

IV. When a person is convicted of the crime of perjury or subornation of perjury or of forgery or of procuring forgery, as defined and made punishable by Regulations II. 1807 and XVII. 1817 of the Bengal Code, the Sessions Judge shall pass such sentence on the offender as he may consider adequate to the offence in reference to the particular circumstances of the case; provided that he shall in no case exceed the limit of the powers vested in him by Clause 2 Section IX of the Regulation last mentioned.

Sessions Judge may refer a case to the Sudder Court.

V. If in any case coming under the provisions of this Act, the Sessions Judge shall consider the sentence which he is empowered to pass inadequate to the guilt of the prisoner, he shall refer the case, with his sentiments, for the sentence of the Nizamut Adawlut in conformity to Section VI Act XXXI of 1841, which is hereby declared applicable to such cases.

W. MORGAN,

Clerk of the Council.

THE 18TH JUNE 1859.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council of India on the 18th June 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 22nd of September next:—

A Bill to amend Act XXII of 1855 *(for the regulation of Ports and Port-dues.)*

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient that Port-dues, fees, and charges, leviable under Section XLIX of Act XXII of 1855, shall be recoverable by the Collector of Customs or other Officer authorized to collect such Port-dues, fees, and charges, in any Port, other than the Port in which any such dues, fees, or charges may, under the said Act, have become due: It is enacted as follows:—

Port-dues &c. payable in one Port, recoverable by Collector at any other Port.

I. If the Master of any Vessel in respect of which any Port-dues, fees, or charges shall be payable under the said Act, shall cause such Vessel to leave any Port without having discharged such dues, fees, or charges, it shall be lawful for the Collector of Customs or other Officer authorized to collect the same to require in writing the Collector of Customs or other Officer as aforesaid, in any other Port to which such Vessel may proceed or in which she may be, to levy such dues, fees, or charges; and every Collector or other Officer as aforesaid shall, on receipt of such requisition, proceed to levy such dues, fees, or charges in the manner prescribed in Section XLIX of the said Act; and a certificate purporting to be made and signed by the Collector of Customs or other Officer as aforesaid of the Port where the Port-dues, fees, or charges became payable, stating the amount so payable, shall be sufficient *primâ facie* proof of such amount in any proceeding under the said Section, and also (in case the amount payable is disputed) in any subsequent proceeding under Section LIX of the said Act.

Penalty for evading payment of Port-dues &c.

II. If the Master of any such Vessel shall evade the payment of any Port-dues, fees, or charges payable under the said Act, he shall be liable on conviction to a penalty not exceeding five times the amount so payable. In any proceeding before a Magistrate for the adjudication of the said penalty, any such certificate as is mentioned in Section I of this Act, stating that the Master has evaded such payment, shall be sufficient *primâ facie* proof of the evasion, unless the Master shall show to the satisfaction of the Magistrate that the departure of the Vessel without having discharged the dues, fees, or charges payable was caused by stress of weather or that there was lawful or reasonable ground for such departure.

Construction of Act.

III. This Act shall be read with and taken as a part of the said Act XXII of 1855, save that any Magistrate having jurisdiction under the said Act in any Port, River, or Channel to which the Vessel may proceed or in which she may be found, shall be deemed to have jurisdiction in any proceeding under this Act.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

THE 18TH JUNE 1859.

THE following Bill was read a second time in the Legislative Council of India on the 18th June 1859, and was referred to a Select Committee who are to report thereon after the 22nd of September next:—

A Bill for regulating Public Conveyances in the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, and the several Stations of the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to regulate certain Public Conveyances in the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, and the several Stations of the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca; It is enacted as follows:—

Law repealed.

I. Act IV of 1841 *(for regulating Public Conveyances in the Islands of Bombay and Colaba, and the Harbour of Bombay)* and Sections LXXVIII, LXXIX, and LXXX of Act XIII of 1856 *(for regulating the Police of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, and the several Stations of the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca)* are hereby repealed except as to any act or offence done or committed before this Act shall come into operation.

Carriages to be registered.

II. Every wheeled Carriage, whatever may be its form or construction, used in standing or plying in any public street or road within any of the said Towns and Stations for the purpose of carrying persons for hire; and every wheeled Carriage, whatever may be its form or construction, which may be hired for such purpose for any time less than a day or for a certain distance or by the job, although such Carriage does not ordinarily stand or ply for hire in any public street or road, shall be registered in the Office of the Commissioner of Police.

Form of Register.

III. The following particulars shall be entered in the Register.

1st. The number assigned to the Carriage in the Register; such number to be from time to time assigned by the Commissioner of Police.

2nd. The name and residence of the Owner of the Carriage.

3rd. The number of persons the Carriage is permitted to carry.

The registration shall be made and the numbers assigned annually upon such day in each year as the Commissioner of Police shall appoint. Any person becoming possessed within the year of any such Carriage which has not been registered, may obtain registration on application at the Office of the Commissioner of Police. When any registered Carriage is transferred within the year, it shall be registered anew in the name of the person to whom it has been transferred. A fee of one Rupee shall be paid for such registration.

Penalty for not registering.

IV. Whoever keeps any Carriage required by this Act to be registered, without being so registered, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees. Any Police Officer of the Town or Station where the Carriage may be, may seize any such Carriage (provided the

same be not employed at the time of seizure in the conveyance of passengers) together with the horses or other animals drawing the same. If the Carriage as aforesaid be not claimed or if the fine be not paid within ten days, such Carriage, together with the animals seized with it, may be sold by auction, and the proceeds applied to the payment of the fine, and all costs and charges incurred on account of the detention and sale, and the surplus (if any), if not claimed by the owner within a further period of twenty days, shall be forfeited to the State.

Registry Plate.

V. The owner of every Carriage registered under this Act shall cause to be affixed on some conspicuous place on the outside of the Carriage, a plate distinctly showing the registered number of the Carriage and the number of passengers permitted to be carried.

Penalty.

VI. The owner of any Carriage required by this Act to be registered, having a plate affixed to his Carriage without having registered the Carriage under this Act, or having a plate resembling the plates issued by the Commissioner of Police affixed to his Carriage, shall be liable to a fine of fifty Rupees.

Registry may be refused or cancelled.

VII. The Commissioner of Police may refuse to register any Carriage under this Act or may cancel the registration thereof whenever it may appear to him that such Carriage, or any Horse or Harness used with any such Carriage is unserviceable or unsafe, or otherwise unfit for public accommodation or use.

Fares how to be fixed.

VIII. The rates or fares as well for time as distance to be paid for Carriages plying for hire in the public streets in the said Towns and Stations shall be fixed in the manner following:

In the Towns of Calcutta and Madras such rates or fares shall from time to time be fixed by the Commissioner of Police, with the sanction of the Local Government.

In the Town of Bombay such rates or fares shall from time to time be fixed by the Court of Petty Sessions, with the sanction of the Local Government.

In the several Stations of the Straits' Settlement such rates or fares shall from time to time be fixed by the Quarter Sessions of the Station, with the sanction of the Governor.

The rates so fixed shall be published four times in the *Government Gazette* and in such of the public Newspapers as shall be directed by the Commissioner of Police.

Commissioner of Police to fix Stands.

IX. The Commissioner of Police shall from time to time appoint Stands for Carriages plying for hire in the public streets. Every driver of a Carriage registered under this Act who shall (elsewhere than at some Stand or place appointed for the purpose by the Commissioner of Police) stand or loiter for the purpose of being hired, and who shall thereby cause any obstruction in or upon any public street, road, or place shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten Rupees.

Penalty for causing obstruction by plying for hire elsewhere.

Penalty if driver refuse to let to hire a Carriage standing at a Stand appointed for Carriages.

X. Any driver of a Carriage registered under this Act standing at any of the Stands for Carriages appointed by the Commissioner of Police, or plying for hire in the public streets, who refuses or neglects without reasonable excuse to drive such Carriage to any place within the Town or Station where such Carriage may be to which he is directed to drive by the person hiring or wishing to hire such Carriage, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees.

Penalty for furious driving, damage by carelessness, wilful misbehaviour, drunkenness, and insolence.

XI. The driver of any Carriage registered under this Act, who shall be guilty of wanton or furious driving, or cause hurt or damage by carelessness or wilful misbehaviour, or who shall be drunk during his employment, or make use of insulting or abusive language or gesture, or otherwise misbehave, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees, and in case of hurt or damage, the Magistrate may order a sum not exceeding fifty Rupees to be paid by the proprietors of such Carriage as compensation for the hurt or damage.

Driver causing obstruction in street.

XII. Any driver of a Carriage registered under this Act who suffers the same to stand for hire across any street or alongside of any other Carriage, or who refuses to give way, if he conveniently can, to any other Carriage, or who obstructs or hinders the driver of any other Carriage in taking up or setting down any person into or from such other Carriage, or who wrongfully in a forcible manner prevents or endeavours to prevent the driver of any other Carriage from being hired, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees.

Penalty for leaving Carriage without control.

XIII. If the driver of a Carriage registered under this Act leave the same without some proper person to take care of it in any street or at any place of public resort or entertainment, whether it be hired or not, he shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees, and any Police Constable may drive such Carriage to a place of safety.

Penalty for taking more than legal fare.

XIV. Any proprietor or driver of a Carriage, the fares for which are fixed by this Act, who shall take as a fare a larger sum than he is authorized by law to take, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees, and the Magistrate shall order the amount of such overcharge to be forthwith paid to the party aggrieved. In default of payment such amount shall be recoverable as a fine.

Deposit may be demanded for waiting.

XV. Any driver of a Carriage registered under this Act, if required to wait with such Carriage at any place (after he has been hired) for a longer time than one hour, may demand a reasonable sum, as a deposit from the person hiring and requiring him to wait, over and above the sum to which he is entitled for driving to such place. Any driver of a hired Carriage refusing to wait or going away before expiration of the time for which the deposit offered or made shall be a sufficient compensation, or refusing to account for

Penalty for refusing to wait or going away before expiry of time for which deposit has been made, or not accounting for deposit.

such deposit when paid, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Penalty for refusing to pay legal fare.

XVI. If any person hiring a Carriage registered under this Act refuse to pay on demand to the proprietor or driver of such Carriage the fare legally payable or (if the Carriage be a Carriage not plying for hire in the public streets) the sum agreed to be paid, such fare or sum may be recovered before a Magistrate as a fine, together with such compensation to the proprietor or driver for loss of time in attending before the Magistrate as to the Magistrate seems reasonable.

Penalty for wilful injury to Carriage.

XVII. Any person using a Carriage registered under this Act, who wilfully injures the same, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees, and shall also pay to the proprietor of the Carriage compensation for the injury. The amount of such compensation shall be ascertained by a Magistrate, and shall be recoverable as a fine.

All property found in registered Carriages to be made over to Police.

XVIII. All property left in any Carriage registered under this Act shall be deposited by the driver at the nearest Police Station within twenty-four hours if not sooner claimed by the owner, such property to be returned to the person who shall prove to the Commissioner of Police that the same belonged to him, on payment of all expenses reasonably incurred, or of such reasonable sum to the driver as the Commissioner shall award.

Disputes to be settled by Magistrate.

XIX. In case of any dispute between the hirer and driver of a Carriage registered under this Act, the hirer may require the driver to drive to the Police Court of the Town or Station where the dispute may arise, when the complaint may be determined by a Magistrate without summons, or, if no Magistrate be at that time sitting, then to the nearest Police Station, when the complaint shall be entered and tried by a Magistrate at his next sitting.

Proprietors of Carriages to be summoned to appear and produce the drivers.

XX. When a complaint is made before a Magistrate against the driver of a Carriage registered under this Act for any offence committed by him against the provisions of this Act, such Magistrate shall forthwith summon the proprietor of the Carriage personally to appear, and to produce the driver of such Carriage to answer the complaint. If such proprietor being duly summoned, shall neglect or refuse personally to appear, or to produce the driver according to such summons, without a reasonable excuse to be allowed by the Magistrate, he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding forty Rupees, and so from time to time as often as he shall be so summoned, until such driver shall be produced by him. Provided always that if such proprietor shall neglect or refuse to appear and produce such driver on the second or any subsequent summons requiring him so to do, without a reasonable excuse to be allowed as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Magistrate to proceed to hear and determine the complaint in the absence of the proprietor and driver, or of either of them, and to give judgment against such proprietor for the fine incurred by reason of such offence.

On neglect on second summons Magistrate may proceed.

Palankeens.

XXI. No Palankeen shall ply for hire within any of the said Towns or Stations unless duly registered at the Police Office. The Register shall state the number assigned to the Palankeen, and the name and residence of the owner. The registration shall be in force for one year, and every change of ownership within that time shall be therein noted. A fee of one Rupee shall be paid on registration. The owner of every such Palankeen shall cause to be painted on a conspicuous part of it the registered number thereof. The owner of every Palankeen, plying for hire without being duly registered or not having the prescribed number painted on it, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees.

Commissioner of Police may refuse to register Palankeen.

XXII. The Commissioner of Police may refuse to register any Palankeen, or may cancel the registration thereof, whenever it may appear to him to be unserviceable or unfit for public accommodation or use.

Fares for Palankeens.

XXIII. The rates or fares for Palankeens registered under Section XXI, shall be fixed in the same manner and with the like sanction as the rates or fares to be paid for Carriages.

In Calcutta, Bombay, and the Ports of the Straits' Settlements, Passenger Boats to be registered.

XXIV. No Boat shall ply for passengers in the Ports of Calcutta or Bombay, or in any Port of the said Settlement, unless duly registered at the Police Office. The following particulars shall be entered in the Register.

First.—Number of the Boat.

Second.—Name and residence of the owner, and of the manjee.

Third.—Number of the crew.

Fourth.—Number of persons the Boat is permitted to carry.

Registration.

The registration shall be in force for one year; and every change of the owner or manjee within that time shall be therein noted. A fee of one Rupee shall be paid on registration.

Name of owner or manjee, number, &c., to be painted.

The owner or manjee of every such registered Boat shall cause to be painted on a conspicuous part of it the registered number thereof, the number of the crew, and the number of passengers permitted to be carried.

Penalty.

The owner or manjee of a Boat plying for passengers without being duly registered, or carrying more passengers, or with a less crew, than is stated in the register, or not having the prescribed particulars painted on it, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Penalty for neglecting or delaying to report accident to a registered Boat attended with loss of life.

XXV. Whenever any accident shall occur to a Boat registered under this Act, which accident is attended with loss of the life of any one of the crew or passengers, the manjee or if the manjee be not forthcoming, the owner of the Boat shall report the circumstances at the Police Office, and if the manjee or

the owner, as the case may be, without lawful excuse, neglect or delay to make such report, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Commissioner may refuse to register unsafe Boats.

XXVI. The Commissioner of Police may refuse to register any Boat, or may cancel the registration thereof, whenever it may appear to him to be in an unsafe state.

Fares for Boats.

XXVII. The rates or fares for Boats registered under Section XXIV and plying for passengers in any of the said Ports, shall be fixed in the same manner and with the like sanction as the rates or fares to be paid for Carriages in the Town or Station to which such Port belongs.

Disputes concerning fares for Boats and Palankeens to be settled by a Magistrate.

XXVIII. In case of any dispute concerning the fare payable for any Boat or any Palankeen registered under this Act, the same may be settled by a Magistrate; and the provisions of Section XX shall be applicable in such case.

Adjudication of penalties.

XXIX. All offences against this Act shall be heard and determined by a Police Magistrate. The provisions of Act XIII of 1856, relating to the adjudication of fines and penalties and the enforcing payment thereof, shall apply to fines and penalties imposed under this Act, and to all sums of money hereby made recoverable as fines.

Interpretation.

XXX. The following words and expressions in this Act shall have the meanings hereby assigned to them, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction (that is to say),

"Magistrate."

The word "Magistrate" in this Act shall mean a Magistrate of Police appointed under Act XIII of 1856, acting for the Town or Station where the matter requiring the cognizance of the Magistrate arises.

"Commissioner of Police."

The words "Commissioner of Police" shall mean the Commissioner of Police so appointed and acting.

Number.

Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number.

Gender.

Words importing the masculine gender shall include females.

"Town."

The word "Town" shall include all places within the local limits of the jurisdiction of Her Majesty's Supreme Courts of Judicature at Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay.

"Station."

The word "Station" shall mean any of the Stations of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca.

W. MORGAN,
Clerk of the Council.

Home Department.

No. 1267.

Fort William, the 28th June 1859.

Notification.—Mr. W. H. Elliott, of the Civil Service, reported his departure for England per Steam-ship *Candia*, which Vessel was left by the Pilot at Sea on the 5th instant.

No. 1268.

Mr. R. H. Williamson received charge of the Office of Director-General of the Post Office of India, on the 25th instant.

W. GREY,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Foreign Department.

Fort William, the 28th June 1859.

No. 3842.

Lieutenant B. Cracroft, Adjutant, Nagode Divisional Police, has obtained leave of absence, on private affairs, from the 2nd to the 25th proximo.

No. 3843.

Lieutenant F. D. Hawkins, District Commandant Oudh Military Police, has obtained leave of absence, under Medical Certificate, for fourteen days from the 25th instant, or from such date as he may avail himself of it.

CECIL BEADON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Financial Department.

No. 53.

Fort William, the 27th June 1859.

Notification.—The services of Lieutenant Colonel Baird Smith, C. B., Master of the Calcutta Mint, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Public Works Department.

Appointments.—Dr. T. Boycott, Assay Master, will officiate as Master of the Calcutta Mint, during the absence of Lieutenant-Colonel Baird Smith, C. B., or until further orders.

Dr. J. F. Shekleton, Deputy Assay Master, will officiate as Assay Master of the Calcutta Mint, during the absence of Dr. Boycott, or until further orders.

C. HUGH LUSHINGTON,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Military Department.

Fort William, the 28th June 1859.

No. 921 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, from the Foreign Department, are published in General Orders :—

No. 3774, *dated 22nd June* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Captain B. Hawes, 2nd European Bengal Fusiliers, to officiate as Political Assistant in Nimar and Political Agent, Western Malwa, during the absence on leave of Major R. H. Keatinge, or until further orders.

No. 3775.—Assistant Surgeon J. A. Currie, of the 8th Irregular Cavalry, is appointed to the Medical charge of the Civil Station of Seetapore, as a temporary arrangement.

No. 922 *of* 1859.—The following Notification, from the Public Works Department, is published in General Orders :—

No. 183, *dated* 21*st June* 1859.—*Notification.*—Lieutenant R. Anderson, Her Majesty's 95th Regiment, whose services have been made available by the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief for temporary employment in the Department of Public Works at Seronge, to have the position of Probationary Assistant Engineer.

No. 923 *of* 1859.—The following Notifications, issued by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, are published in General Orders :—

No. 3992.—*Appointments.*—*The* 18*th June* 1859.—Lieutenant C. T. Hitchins to be Commandant of the 7th Bengal Police Battalion, from the date on which Captain Plowden made over charge to him of the Regiment, to the date of his being relieved of that charge by Captain Fagan.

The 22*nd June* 1859.—Mr. A. Fleming, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Sarun, six weeks' preparatory leave, under the Financial Resolution of the 14th January last.

No. 924 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers are permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on Sick Certificate :—

Lieutenant Francis Sawbridge Cherry, of the 4th Regiment Madras Light Cavalry ...	For one year, under the new Regulations.
Lieutenant Harry Cavaye Stevens, of the 4th Regiment Madras Light Cavalry ...	For one year, under the new Regulations.

No. 925 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit Naick Hubeeboolah Khan and Sepoy Fakeer Sha, of the 5th Punjaub Infantry, to the 3rd Class of the Order of Merit, from the 13th May 1859, in consideration of their conspicuous gallantry in action at Kurwania Sota on that date, on which occasion Bukht Khan, the Rebel leader, during the Seige of Delhi and many of his Followers were slain.

No. 926 *of* 1859.—The services of Lieutenant W. Phaire, of the 54th Regiment Native Infantry, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 927 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer of the Infantry, is promoted to the rank of Captain by Brevet, from the date expressed opposite to his name :—

Lieutenant Robert Walthall Thomas Russell, of the 43rd Regiment Native Light Infantry ...	25th June 1859

No. 928 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment :—

Surgeon James Peter Brougham, M. D., Surgeon to the General Hospital, to be also Presidency Surgeon, *vice* Surgeon Anderson, appointed Superintending Surgeon.

No. 929 *of* 1859.—The following paragraph of a Military letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State, for India, No. 176, dated 26th ultimo, is published for general information :—

"I have to acquaint you, that Mr. Charles Walter Babington, now residing in India, has been appointed a Cadet of Infantry upon the Bengal Establishment, subject to the usual conditions and to his being found qualified agreeably to the prescribed test. His Order of Rank will be transmitted in due course."

No. 930 *of* 1859.—That portion of Government General Order No. 51, of the 23rd February 1829, fixing the dates at which the Pension Pay Master for the Stations of Benares, Dinapore and Monghyr is to commence his payments at the several Stations is cancelled, and the Pension Pay Master will, in future, make his payments at the Stations of Benares, Dinapore and Monghyr Half-yearly in such rotation as may be fixed by the Accountant-General.

No. 931 *of* 1859.—The following paragraphs of a Military letter from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, No. 177, dated 26th May 1859, are published for general information :—

Para. 1. The under-mentioned Officers have been permitted to return to their duty, *viz* :

Colonel A. Becher, C. B.
Captain B. P. Lloyd.
" M. Thomson.
Lieutenant Thomas Taylor.
" W. C. S. Clarke.
" F. Stephenson.
" H. R. B. Worsley.
" Jonathan Keer.
Asst. Surgeon B. Simpson, M. D., in August.
" A. A. Mantell, M. D.

2. The under-mentioned Officers have been granted extensions of leave for the periods specified, *viz* :—

Colonel	T. F. Flemyng ...	Six Months.
"	James Travers ...	"
"	J. S. Hodgson ...	"
Major	J. G. Gaitskell ...	"
Captain	G. F. Carnegie ...	"
"	E. H. Willoughby ...	"

Lieutenant	C. S. Maclean ...	Six Months.
,,	H. G. Delafosse ...	,,
,,	J. Watson ...	Four ,,
,,	F. K. Bacon ...	Six ,,
,,	W. A. Battine ...	,,
,,	J. A. Grant ...	,,
,,	W. F. Leicester ...	,,
Asst. Surgeon	H. W. Robinson	,,
,,	G. O. Baillie ...	,,
,,	W. F. Clark ...	,,
,,	M. W. Mott ...	,,

3. Lieutenant-Colonel R. E. Knatchbull has been granted an extension of his leave of absence for six months. This extension will reckon as service in India for the retiring Pension.

4. Lieutenant E. J. Goodridge, Invalid Pension List, has also been granted an extension of leave for six months.

5. The under-mentioned Officers have been permitted to retire from the Service, from the dates specified, *viz* :—

Major John Macdonald, 66th Native Infantry, from the 1st April 1859.

Major G. O. B. Ottley, 5th European Infantry Regiment, from the 31st March 1859.

Captain R. J. Stannus, 16th Native Infantry, from the 23rd July 1858.

Captain C. W. Ford, 42nd Native Infantry, from the 10th September 1858.

Captain A. B. Hawes, 38th Native Infantry, from the 22nd October 1858.

No. 932 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit Ressaldars Ahmud Syed Khan and Goolam Nabee Khan, of the 4th Regiment Irregular Cavalry, to the 3rd Class of the Order of Merit, in consideration of their conspicuous acts of loyalty during the recent disturbances.

No. 933 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officers have returned to their duty on this Establishment, without prejudice to their rank :—

	Date of Arrival at Fort William.
Assistant Surgeon John Dick Wylie, M. D., of the Medical Department ..	21st June 1859.
Lieutenant Henry Lockhart Gleig, of the 32nd Regiment Native Infantry ...	24th June 1859.
Assistant Surgeon Alfred Adams Mantell, M. D., Civil, Balasore, on leave for fifteen months ...	

No. 934 *of* 1859.—The following Extracts, from the *London Gazettes*, of the 6th and 17th May 1859, are published for general information :—

War Office, 6th May 1859.

Her Majesty has also been graciously pleased to confirm the grant of the decoration of the Victoria Cross to the under-mentioned Officer of Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces, which decoration has been provisionally conferred upon him by the Commander-in-Chief in India, for distinguished gallantry displayed by him in that Country, when serving under his immediate Command, as recorded against his name, *viz* :—

Regiment.	Rank and Name.	Act of Bravery for which conferred.
1st Bengal European Fusiliers.	Lieutenant Thomas Adair Butler. Date of Act of Bravery, 9th March 1858.	"Of which success the Skirmishers on "the other side of the river were subse- "quently apprised by Lieutenant Butler, "of the Bengal Fusiliers, who swam "across the Goomtee, and climbing the "parapet, remained in that position for a "considerable time, under a heavy fire of "musketry, until the work was occupied." (Extract of Lieutenant-General Sir James Outram's Memorandum of operations carried on under his command at the Siege of Lucknow, published in the Governor General's *Gazette Extraordinary*, of the 5th April 1858, and re-published in General Orders by the Commander-in-Chief in India, on the 27th of December 1858.)

Lieutenant Charles Johnson Nicholson, of the 51th Regiment Bengal Native Infantry, (doing duty at the East India Depôt at Warley, *vice* Gordon, resigned,) to have the rank of Lieutenant in the Army while so employed. Dated 6th May 1859.

War Office, 16th May 1859.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to make and ordain Special Statute of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, authorizing the following appointments to the said Order :—

To be Extra Members of the Military Division of the Second Class, or Knights Commanders, *viz.*

Major General Henry Gee Roberts, Bombay Army.

Major General George Cornish Whitlock, Madras Army.

To be Extra Members of the Military Division of the 3rd Class, or Companions, *viz.*

Lieutenant-Colonel Townshend James William Hungerford, Bengal Artillery.

No. 935 *of* 1859.—Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint the under-mentioned gentlemen to be Cadets for the Cavalry and Infantry, Assistant Surgeons and Veterinary Surgeons in Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces at the Presidency of Bengal. They are accordingly admitted into the Service, and the Cadets are promoted to the rank of Cornet and Ensign, leaving the dates of their Commissions for future adjustment :—

	Date of Arrival at Fort William.
Cavalry.	
Mr. Robert Melvill Jennings ...	24th June 1859.
Infantry.	
,, Michael William Balfe ...	
,, Francis George Hearn ...	
,, Edwin Clarence O'Bryen Horseford ...	
,, Robert Nelson McNair ...	
,, Frank Hall Berwick Marsh	
,, John Henry Campbell ..	
Medical Department.	
,, Rivers Mantell, M. B. ...	
,, Henry Seymour Smith, M. B. ...	
Veterinary.	
Mr. James Quallett ...	21st June 1859, and to rank as Veterinary Surgeon from that date.

No. 936 *of* 1859.—Mr. A. D'Souza, Sub-Assistant Ganjam Topographical Survey, is promoted from 3rd to 2nd Class, with effect from the 19th February 1859.

No. 937 *of* 1859.—The following Orders, issued by the Commissioner of the Province to the Nagpore Irregular Force, is confirmed as a temporary arrangement :—

No. 11, *dated* 11*th June* 1859.—Appointing Lieutenant G. Warmer, of the 32nd Madras Native Infantry, to officiate as Adjutant of the 1st Infantry, Nagpore Irregular Force, *vice* Lieutenant Pereira, temporarily re-placed at the disposal of the Government of Fort St. George for Regimental duty.

No. 938 *of* 1859.—The following Order, issued by the Government of Bombay, is confirmed :—

No. 510, *dated 2nd June* 1859.—Granting leave of absence to Europe, on Medical Certificate, to Lieutenant and Brevet Captain William Henry Phillips, of the 59th Regiment Native Infantry ...	For eighteen months, under the new Regulations.

No. 939 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on Furlough, on private affairs :—

Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel John Hall Smyth, of the Regiment of Artillery.	For one year, under the new Regulations.

No. 940 *of* 1859.—Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Raikes Kinleside, of the Regiment of Artillery, is allowed leave of absence, from the 25*th* July to the 1st September 1859, to visit Bombay, preparatory to proceeding to Europe, on Furlough, on private affairs, under the new Regulations.

No. 941 *of* 1859.—Second Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Hurronauth Mitter, attached to the Vaccine Department, Calcutta, having been pronounced qualified for advancement, is promoted to the First Class from the 27th May 1859, the date on which he passed the prescribed Examination.

No. 942 *of* 1859.—The services of Lieutenant T. N. Baker, of the 31st Native Infantry, Second in Command of the 2nd Seikh Police Corps, are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department.

That portion of Government General Order No. 477, dated 6th April 1859, placing Lieutenant Baker at the disposal of the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief, is cancelled.

No. 943 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit Resaldar Shaik Rehmon, of the Southern Muratha Horse, to the Second Class of the Order of British India, with the title of "Bahadoor," in consideration of his long and faithful service and for the zeal, courage and ability displayed by him during the recent disturbances and more particularly at the storm and re-capture of Kolapore in December 1857.

No. 944 *of* 1859.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to admit Duffadar Mahomed Buksh, of the 1st Regiment Hodson's Horse, to the Third Class of the Order of Merit, for conspicuous gallantry in action with the Rebels at Jurwah, on the 31st March 1859.

No. 945 *of* 1859.—The Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council is pleased to make the following Promotions and Alteration of Rank :—

Promotions.

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To what Rank promoted.	From what date.	In whose room.
Infantry..	Lieut.-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel Francis Rowcroft, C. B. ...	Colonel ...	15th May 1859	General A. Duncan, deceased.
	Major Francis Elliot Voyle ...	Lieut.-Colonel		
39th N.I	Captain Thomas Pownall ...	Major ...	4th June „	Lieut.-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel Sir T. Seaton, K. C. B., retired.
	Lieut. and Brevet Captain George Huntly Gordon ...	Captain ...		
	Ensign Woodburn Francis Bartleman ...	Lieutenant ...		

Alteration of Rank.

Corps.	Rank and Names.	To Rank from	In whose room.
Infantry ...	Lieut.-Colonel Brooke Boyd ...	15th May 1859	Colonel F. Rowcroft, C. B., promoted.
68th N.I.	Major Peter Archibald Roberton ...		
	Captain Alfred Francis ...		
	Lieutenant Henry Vansittart Riddell ...		

No. 946 *of* 1859.—The services of the undermentioned Medical Officers are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces:—

Assistant Surgeon D. B. Smith, of the Artillery Division, Meerut.

Assistant Surgeon W. H. Kirton.

Assistant Surgeon C. E. Raddock, of the 4th Irregular Cavalry.

Assistant Surgeon J. D. Wylie.

Assistant Surgeon C. Plank.

No. 947 *of* 1859.—The leave of absence, to proceed to Europe, on Sick Certificate, under the new Regulations, granted to Surgeon R. Whittall, of the Medical Department, in Government General Order No. 1184, of the 19th November 1855, is extended to the 29th November 1857, the date on which that Officer reported his arrival at Kurrachee.

No. 948 *of* 1859.—The under-mentioned Unposted Cornets are posted to the Corps specified:—

Cornet	Arthur William Roberts	5th	Eur. Light	Cavy.
„	Clement Edward Benthall	4th	„ „	„
„	Frederick Elliott Farquharson	2nd	„ „	„
„	Henry Charles Creak	2nd	„ „	„

R. J. H. Birch, *Major-General,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Public Works Department.

General.—Establishments.

No. 186.

Fort William, the 24th June 1859.

Appointment.—Lieutenant R. G. Smyth, Assistant Engineer 2nd Class and Assistant to the Garrison Engineer, Lucknow, is appointed Officiating Garrison Engineer, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

No. 187.

Promotion.—Mr. J. D. Smithe, Executive Engineer 3rd Class, Public Works Department, is promoted to the grade of 2nd Class Executive Engineer, with effect from the 11th April last.

No. 188.

Posting.—The under-mentioned Probationary Assistant Engineers of the Public Works Department in Bengal, are posted as follows:—

Baboo Khetter Mohun Bose to the Garrison of Fort William.

Baboo Khetternath Bhuttacharjee to the Southern Hidgellee Division.

Mr. Peter Nouville ..
Baboo Gopal Chunder Coondoo } to the Burdwan Division.

Baboo Tincowrie Ghose .
Baboo Radhica Narain Ghose ... } to the Nuddea Rivers.

Baboo Mohesh Chunder Bose ... }
Baboo Gopal Chunder Mookerjee .. } to the Patna Division.

Baboo Ramessur Nauth to the Northern Hidgellee Division.

Baboo Judoo Nauth Seal to the Midnapoor Division.

No. 189.

The 25th June 1859.

Notification.—Captain F. G. Stainforth, 61st Native Infantry, temporarily holding the position of Probationary Assistant Engineer, Department Public Works, in the Punjab, is confirmed in his appointment.

H. Yule, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

No. 4069.

Appointments.—*The 24th June* 1859.—Moulavy Zainooddeen Hossein, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Mudhypoorah, is transferred to Backergunge, where he will exercise the full powers of a Magistrate.

Mr. W. C. Costley, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, to the charge of the Sub-Division of Mudhypoorah, and to exercise the full powers of a Magistrate in Bhaugulpore and Purneah.

The 25th June 1859.—Captain W. Agnew to be Deputy Commissioner of Assam.

Mr. A. T. Maclean, to the charge of the Sub-Division of Damoorhoodah, and to exercise the special powers of an Assistant Magistrate described in Clause 3, Section II. Regulation III. of 1821, and the powers of an Assistant Collector described in Section XXI. Regulation VIII. of 1831, and Section I. Act X. of 1854 in Nuddea.

Mr. H. F. J. Kean to be Assistant to the Magistrate and the Collector of Dinagepore.

Leave of Absence.—*The 22nd June* 1859.—The Reverend M. R. Burge, Chaplain of Dinapore, for seven months, on Medical Certificate, under the Financial Notification of the 29th April 1850.

Notifications.—*The 25th June* 1859.—Mr. W. S. Seton-Karr, Judge of Jessore, having returned to his duties on the 21st instant, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him on the 15th idem is cancelled.

The services of Lieutenant-Colonel J. Butler, Deputy Commissioner of Assam, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India, in the Military Department, in consequence of his promotion.

The Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to sanction the formation of a Sub-Division in the District of Nuddea, to be called the Sub-Division of Damoorhoodah, and composed of the following Thanuahs with its Head Quarters at Damoorhoodah, *viz*:—

Damoorhoodah.
Hardee.
Dowlutgunge.

A. R. Young,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces.

No. 965.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT,

Allahabad, the 13th June 1859.

Notifications.—Deputy Collector Mahomed Mobeen is posted to the District of Moozaffernuggur, as a temporary arrangement.

No. 2137.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT,

The 14th June 1859.

Wuzeer Khan, late Thannadar of Bhagput, in the District of Meerut, having been found guilty of rebellion during the late disturbances, is hereby declared incapable of serving Government in any capacity whatever. The following Descriptive Roll of that individual is hereby published for general information :—

Descriptive Roll of Wuzeer Khan, prisoner, sentenced to transportation beyond Seas, and despatched from the Meerut Central Prison on the 20th January 1859, *to the Superintendent of Allipore Prison.*

1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.		13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.
Current No. of prisoner.	Name of prisoner.	No. of Session Judge's & Niz. Adawlut's Warrant.	Register No. of prisoner in Zillah Jail.	Age.	Father's name.	Place of Residence, Zillah, Pergunnah, Village.	In what Zillah and by what Authority sentenced.	Crime, term and date of sentence.	Date of transfer in transportation or banishment to Allipore.	*Descriptive Roll.* Features, Complexion and Marks.	*Height.* Feet.	Inches.	Single or married, and what family.	Religion, caste, grade or profession.	Read or write, what language.	On prisoner's connections, former conviction and course of life.	On prisoner's temper and disposition and conduct in prison.	
1	Wuzeer Khan.	0	763	34	Emam Buksh.	Chetpoor.	Meerut, by order of the Magistrate.	Rebellion. For five years, 8th February 1858.	20th January 1859.	Long face, wheat complexion, open eyebrows, long nose, black beard and moostaches. A scar on the left cheek, a ditto on the back of the left thigh, &c., a ditto on the right thigh, a pock-mark on the right arm.	5	4¼	Married.	Puthan, late Thannadar of Bagput.	Reads and writes Persian.	A son named Abdool Rulman, and never was confined before.	Temper very good, and has conducted himself well all the time he has been in the Jail.	

(Signed) J. C. CORBYN,

Offg. Supdt. Meerut Central Prison.

No. 2155.

The 16*th June* 1859.

Leave of Absence.—Lieutenant J. C. Wood, Deputy Commissioner of Hoshungabad, for ten days, from the date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

No. 2168A.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT,

The 17*th June* 1859.

The services of Assistant Surgeon R. Cockburn, Civil Assistant Surgeon of Moradabad, are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

No. 998.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT,

The 18*th June* 1859.

The appointment of Mr. G. B. Maconochie, to be a 2nd Class Deputy Collector and Deputy Magistrate, in the Etawah District, notified in Orders of the 6th January 1858, No. 42, is to date from the 29th December 1857.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

G. E. W. COUPER,
Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

No. 363.

Allahabad, the 17*th June* 1859.

Appointment.—Captain J. S. Rawlins, 44th Native Infantry, and Officiating Commandant of the Mynpoorie Police, to be Commandant of the Saharunpore District Police, in room of Captain Clarke, who resigns the appointment.

No. 369.

The 22*nd June* 1859.

Notifications.—The services of Ressaldar Meean Pirthee Sing, of the Banda District Military Police, are placed at the disposal of the Punjab Government, for employment in the Punjab Mounted Police, with effect from the 1st instant.

No. 373.

The services of Jemadar Sheikh Wuzeer-oodeen, of the Goruckpore Seikh Police Corps, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Oude, for employment in the Oude Military Police.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, North-Western Provinces,

G. W. WILLIAMS, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Mily. Secy. to Govt., N. W. P.

Orders by the Lieutenant-Governor.

Punjab Provinces.

General Department,

No. 1376, *dated* 11*th June* 1859.

Leave.—Mr. T. C. Vaughan, Extra Assistant Commissioner of Kussoor, has obtained two months' privilege leave from 15th July, proximo, or from the date he may avail himself of the same, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Service Leave Rules.

Revenue Department,

No. 658.

Mr. H. Tapsell, Collector of Customs Hansie, has obtained three months' privilege leave from the 12th instant, or from such date as he may avail himself of the same, under Section VII. of the Uncovenanted Service Leave Rules.

General Department,

No. 1379.

Transfer.—The transfer of Lieutenant Ommanney to the Punjab, (whose appointment as Assistant Commissioner was notified in the *Punjab Gazette* of the 11th May last) will, under the orders of the Supreme Government, date from 1st April 1859.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor, Punjab Provinces and its Dependencies.

R. H. DAVIES,
Secy. to Govt., Punjab and its Dependencies.

Opium Notification.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Seventh Sale of Opium, the provision of 1857-58, will be held at the Exchange Hall, on Thursday, the 14th of July 1859, at 11 A. M., and will comprise 2,260 Chests, *viz.*:—

Behar Opium	1,915
Benares Ditto	345
Total Chests ...	2,260

2. The general conditions of the Sale now advertized will be the same as usual. They may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 1st December 1858, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 19th and 29th July 1859, respectively, that is to say, no Sub-Treasurer's Receipts, Company's Paper or other Public Securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers at the Sale, will be received after 4 P. M., of Tuesday, the 19th

July 1859, and no Treasury Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P. M., of Friday, the 29th July 1859.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertized for Sale, the following quantities more or less of Behar and Benares Opium of 1857-58 will be brought to Sale in the present year, on or about the dates specified below. The Board however reserve to themselves the right of altering these dates should circumstances render it expedient to do so.

	Behar about Chests.	Benares about Chests.	Total about Chests.
On or about Wednesday, 10th August 1859	1915	345	2,260
Do. Friday, 9th September "	1915	345	2,260
Do. Friday, 14th October "	1915	345	2,260
Do. Monday, 7th November "	1915	345	2,260
Do. Monday, 5th December "	1934	379	2,313
	9,594	1,759	11,353

By Order of the Board of Revenue,

RIVERS THOMPSON,

Offg. Junior Secretary.

FORT WILLIAM,
The 1st June 1859.

Notice.

THE General Treasury will be closed on Saturday, the 2nd July 1859, on account of the Hindoo Holiday Ruth Jattra.

J. I. HARVEY,

Sub-Treasurer.

GENERAL TREASURY,
The 21st June 1859.

Notification.

IN continuation of the Notification in the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated 11th December 1858, Military Pay Masters and Officers in charge of Treasuries generally under the Governments of India, Bengal, the North-Western Provinces and Punjab, are informed that Bills of Exchange on the General Treasury at Madras, should be drawn on and Advices addressed to the Accountant General, Madras. In no case are Bills on Madras to be drawn at sight, but at one day's sight instead.

Bills of Exchange on the General Treasury, Calcutta, should in like manner be drawn on, and the Advices sent to the Accountant-General to the Government of India at Calcutta.

E. DRUMMOND,

Acctt. Genl. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM;
Accountant General's Office,
Durbar and Revenue Dept.,
The 16th June 1859.

Notification.

THE undersigned has the honor to notify for the information of Treasury Officers under the Government of India that Bills and Communications, &c., relating to the receipt or issue of monies into, or from any of the Treasuries in the District of Malabar, should be addressed to the Deputy Collector in charge at Calicut.

E. DRUMMOND,

Acct. Genl. to the Govt. of India.

FORT WILLIAM;
Accountant General's Office,
Durbar and Revenue Dept.,
The 21st June 1859.

No. 32.

Notification.

THE undersigned has the honor to notify to Civil and Military Officers in charge of Treasuries, that as he is in no way concerned in recovering Advances which may be at the personal debit of Officers, applications for the adjustment of such Advances should be made to the Accountant-General to the Government of India, Military Department, or to the proper Pay-master.

E. G. J. CHAMPNEYS, *Lieut.-Col.,*

Military Auditor General.

FORT WILLIAM;
Mily. Audr. Genl.'s Office,
The 13th May 1859.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Effects of the late W. BUTLER, ESQUIRE, C. S., are under the Seal of this Court, and will be made over to any person legally authorized to receive the same.

T. C. TROTTER,

Judge.

JUDGE'S OFFICE;
Zillah Behar,
The 23rd June 1859.

Notice.

THE Effects of the late Henry Rundall, an Engineer on board the Steamer *Monghyr*, who died at Raj Ghaut Benares, on the 9th April 1859, are under the Seal of this Court, and will be made over to any person duly and legally authorized to receive them.

S. J. BECHER,

Judge.

DEWANNY ADAWLUT;
City Benares,
The 24th June 1859.

REPORT showing the smallest depth of water in the Bhaugiruttee, Jellinghee and Matabangah Rivers, from 13th to 19th June 1859.

Names of Rivers.	Smallest depth of Water.	Rise.	Remarks on the Phenomena of the River, during the week.
Bhaugirutte River.	F. Is.	F. Is.	
Above its entrance in the Ganges ...	8 3	2 5	Rise at entrance during last week, 2 feet 5 inches. Navigation open for Steamers. Careful Piloting required at Nugurand Sathye. Shoals from the sinuous channel existing.
On the entrance Bar...	7 6		
From thence to Jungypore ...	7 0		
From Jungypore to Berhampore ...	7 6		
From Berhampore to Cutwa ...	7 0		
And from Cutwa to Nuddea ..	7 0		
Jellinghee River.			
At its entrance ..	Closed.		
From thence to Bansemarree ...	2 0		
From Bansemarree to Teeahkattah ..	2 9		This River will be open by 1st proximo.
From Teeahkattah to Sonatullah ...	3 6		
And from Sonatullah to Moisgunge ..	4 6		
Matabangah River.			
On its entrance Bar ...	9 0		
From thence to Haut Boleah ...	6 6		
From Haut Boleah to Katchikattah ...	3 6		Toll Collections have commenced from the 17th June 1859.
From Katchikattah to Kishengunge ...	3 6		
And from Kishengunge to Seebpore ...	3 9		

Height of water on Gauge at Berhampore on the 19th June 1859 + 7 feet 9 inches.

T. N. Armstrong, *C. E.*,
Supdt., Nuddea Rivers.

Kishnaghur,
The 23rd June 1859.

Note.—Gauge 20th June + 8 feet 1 inch.

Sheriff's Office; the 18th June 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery and also an Admiralty Sessions will be holden by the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William, and the places subordinate thereto, at the Court-House in the Town of Calcutta, on Wednesday, the thirteenth day of July next, at 12 o'Clock at noon.

The Court will open on the first day of the Sessions at 12 o'Clock at noon, and upon each succeeding day precisely at 11 o'Clock in the forenoon, of which all persons are required to take notice.

W. F. Gilmore,
Sheriff.

সরিফ আফিস ১৮ জুন ১৮৫৯ সাল

সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে আগামি ১৩ জুলাই ১৮৫৯ সাল বুধবার দুই প্রহরের সময় কলিকাতার কোর্ট উইলিএমের এবং তাহার অন্তঃপাতি যে সকল স্থান তন্নিমিত্ত বঙ্গ দেশের কোর্ট উইলিএমের সুপ্রেম কোর্ট আপন আদালত ঘরে ওয়েরটরমিনর এবং এডমাইরেলটি অর্থাৎ মহা সমুদ সম্পর্কীয় মোকদ্দমা নিস্পত্তি জন্য এক সেশিয়ান অর্থাৎ মিছিল করিবেন।

এই সেশীয়ান জতকাল পর্য্যন্ত বসিবেক তাহার প্রথম দিবস দুই প্রহরের সময় তাহার পর প্রতি দিবস এগারো ঘণ্টার সময় বসিবেক এ বিষয় সকলে স্মরন রাখুন।

W. F. Gilmore,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale; Calcutta, 29th June 1859.

Notice is hereby given, that on Thursday, the fourteenth day of July next, precisely at the hour of 12 o'Clock at noon, the Sheriff of Calcutta will put up to Public Sale, at the lower Verandah of the Court House, near the entrance into the Sheriff's Office, by Virtue of a Writ of *Fieri Facias* in his hands against the Effects of Gobind Chunder Sein—

1. The right, title and interest of the said Gobind Chunder Sein, of, in, and to a Talook with Katcharcebatty, consisting of eight Mouzahs, *viz.*, Mouzah Rawah, Mouzah Cotye, Mouzah Aushutcone, Mouzah Parbuttypore, Mouzah Puschcemparrah, Mouzah Connyepore, Mouzah Thakoorpooskurnee and Mouzah Rughoonundunpore, situate, lying and being at Rawah, in Pergunnah Jahanabad, and in the Zillah of Hooghly, the Sudder Malgoojaree of which is Company's Rupees 4,431-7-5.

2. And also the right, title and interest of the said Gobind Chunder Sein, of, in, and to another Talook with Katcharcebatty, consisting o two Mouzahs, *viz.*, Mouzah Aushpore, Mouzah Boolchund, situate, lying and being at Aushpore, in Pergunnah Shomurshye, and in the Zillah aforesaid, the Sudder Malgoojaree of which is Company's Rupees 3,892-2-2.

The Conditions of Sale may be known by applying at the Sheriff's Office.

W. F. Gilmore,
Sheriff.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE,
Supreme Court.

Aushootosh Day,
Versus
Raj Coomary Dossee.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the biddings for the Lease of Turruff Hadia, &c., have been postponed to Friday, the 1st July next, at 2 o'Clock P. M.

RECEIVER'S OFFICE;
Court House,
The 13th June 1859.

PURSUANT to a Decretal Order of the Supreme Court of Judicature, at Fort William in Bengal, made in a certain Cause, wherein Chundernauth Biswas is the Complainant, and Bissonauth Biswas, Sumboonauth Biswas, Cossinauth Biswas and Tarrucknauth Biswas are the Defendants, on and bearing date the twenty-second of July, in the year of Christ one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two, the Creditors of Prawnkissen Biswas, who died on or about the twelfth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six and of Hurrendernarain Biswas, who died on or about the twentieth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, and both respectively of Kurdah, in the Twenty-four-Pergunnahs, in the Province of Bengal, Hindoo Zemindars, deceased, are required to come in and prove their respective claims before John Cochrane, Esquire, the Master of the said Court, at his Office in the Court House, on or before the twenty-fifth day of July next, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Decretal Order.

JOHN COCHRANE,
Master.

W. H. OWEN,
Solicitor for the Defendant
Tarrucknauth Biswas.

CALCUTTA SUPREME COURT;
Master's Office,
The 25th June 1859.

PURSUANT to a Decretal Order of the Supreme Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, made in a certain Cause, wherein Henry Burkinyoung and Charles Gould are Plaintiffs, and the Administrator General is Defendant, bearing date the ninth day of May, One thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, the Creditors of Charlotte Louisa Kirk, late of Cawnpore, in the North-Western Provinces of India, Widow, who died on or about the sixteenth day of July, One thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, are forthwith required to come in and prove their respective debts before John Cochrane, Esquire, the Master of the said Court, at his Office in the Court House, on or before the 22nd day of July next, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Decretal Order.

JOHN COCHRANE,
Master.

S. E. COLLIS,
Plaintiffs' Solicitor.

CALCUTTA SUPREME COURT;
Master's Office,
The 23rd June 1859.

Abstract of Administrator General's Balance on the 31st December 1858.

Amount due to 723 Estates ...	2,29,460	15	10	Amount due by 328 Estates ..	1,44,785	14	7
„ „ 23 Trusts .	12,715	0	1	„ „ 22 Trusts ...	7,661	3	6
„ Audit Fund	1,787	8	0	Balance as follows :—			
„ Dividend Account ...	1,68,788	2	4	In General Treasury 2,00,000 0 0			
„ Sundry Estates Old Account ...	809	8	0	„ Bank of Bengal 60,452 1 10			
„ Suspense Account Sir T. Turton .	771	0	11	„ Administrator General's hands ... 3,133 8 5	2,63,585	10	3
„ Late Administrator General's Account ..	457	2	8				
„ Administrator General's Account ...	1,248	6	6				
Total, Rupees ..	4,16,032	12	4	Total, Rupees ..	4,16,032	12	4

Balance of Government Securities held by the Administrator General.

	Sicca Rupees.	Co.'s Rupees.
Belonging to Sundry Estates ...	15,21,983	78,77,400
„ „ Sundry Trusts ..	2,19,800	5,88,800
Suspense Account Sir T. Turton ..		38,500
Total, Rupees ..	17,41,783	85,04,700

E. F. HARRISON,
G. W. MOULTRIE,
Auditors of the Accounts of the Administrator General of Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
28th May 1859.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

WITH reference to Government Notification No. 5, Fort William, Financial Department, 26th January 1855, notifying the intention of Government to dissolve its connexion with the Government Agency—

The Oriental Bank Corporation undertake the safe custody of Government Paper, Shares in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Bengal, and other local Stocks, free of all charge.

Will draw Interest and Dividends on the same as they fall due, and remit at the current rates of exchange, or pay the same according to instructions, if to be remitted through the Corporation. Without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ... 1-4th per Cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the purchase of Government or other Securities, ... 1-4th per Cent.

On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Corporation, ... Without charge.

WM. ANDERSON,
Agent.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION;
Calcutta, 29th January 1855.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Gopaul Chunder Seal, late of Manicktollah Street, Simlah, in Calcutta, formerly a Section Writer employed in the Sudder Dewanny Adawlut, and afterwards a Dealer in the Securities of the Government of India, an Insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 22nd day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 6th day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Oehme and Barrow, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of Francis Frederick Wills, lately carrying on business at Calcutta, as a Merchant and Agent, under the several styles or firms of Wills and Co., and Wills Brothers and Co., and Goddard, Wills and Co., an Insolvent.

On Thursday, the 23rd day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 3rd day of September next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Carey and Berners, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 24th June 1859.

In the matter of George Newbiggin, of No. 11, Clive Street, in Calcutta, Engineer, an Insolvent.

On Monday, the 27th day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 3rd day of September next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Robertson, *Attorney.*

In the matter of George Newbiggin, of No. 11, Clive Street, in Calcutta, Engineer, an Insolvent.

Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court, on Tuesday, the 5th day of July next, at the hour of 10 o'Clock in the forenoon.

☞ *"Any Creditor of the said Insolvent, desirous of opposing such application, must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid."*

Robertson, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Richard Spencer Ford, heretofore carrying on business at No. 1, Hastings' Street, in Calcutta, and at Rangoon with Archibald Paxton and Richard Underwood, under the style and firm of Messrs. A. Paxton and Co., Saddlers, Harness and Boot-makers, and lately carrying on business on his own and individual account, under the style or firm of Messrs. R. S. Ford and Co., as Saddlers, Harness and Boot-makers at No. 1, Hastings' Street, and Hide Broker, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic. cap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on the 24th day of June instant, and by an order of the same date, the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

Downing, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Richard Spencer Ford, heretofore carrying on business in co-partnership at No. 1, Hastings' Street, in Calcutta, and at Rangoon with Archibald Paxton and Richard Underwood, under the style and firm of Messrs. A. Paxton and Co., as Saddlers, Harness and Boot-makers, and lately carrying on business on his own individual account, under the style or firm of Messrs. R. S. Ford and Co., as Saddlers, Harness and Boot-makers, at No. 1, Hastings' Street, and Hide Broker, an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 24th day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 6th day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined by the said Court.

Downing, *Attorney.*

In the matter of Ralph Thorpe, a Major in the Bengal Invalid Establishment of Her Majesty's Army, an Insolvent. } Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court, on Tuesday, the 5th day of July next, at the hour of 10 o'Clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent, desirous of opposing such application, must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

Judge, Judge and Watkins, *Attorneys.*

In the matter of George Henry Stapleton, a Draughtsman in the Surveyor General's Office, an Insolvent. } Notice, that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court, on Tuesday, the 5th day of July next, at the hour of 10 o'Clock in the forenoon.

☞ "*Any Creditor of the said Insolvent, desirous of opposing such application, must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*"

Pittar and Payne, *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, 28th June 1859.

Required.

A Translator thoroughly conversant with English and Oordoo. His duties will be to translate and to superintend the Persian Office. Salary Rupees 100 per mensem. Apply to Deputy Commissioner, Gondah, in Oude.

Underwriters Screw Steam and Tug Company "Limited."

In pursuance of a requisition made by certain Shareholders in the above Company, representing one-fifth of the Capital thereof, an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Office of the Company, No. 7, Commercial Buildings, Strand, at the hour of 4 P. M., on Tuesday, the 5th day of July next, for the purpose of taking into consideration the articles of Association of the said Company, and adding a clause therein with reference to the pledge of Shares in such Company and the Registration of such pledge.

By order of the Directors,

Dutts, Linzee & Co.,
Secretaries, U. S. S. & T. Co. "Ld."

Calcutta, June 27, 1859.

Calcutta Docking Company.

Notice.

The Special General Meeting of the Proprietors of the Calcutta Docking Company is postponed until Tuesday, the 12th of July.

By Order of the Directors,

J. H. Morgan,
Superintendent.

28th June 1859.

Notice.

The Interest of Mr. George Gilbert in our Concern ceased on the 30th April 1858.

Jessop & Co.

Notice.

The Public are hereby cautioned not to purchase or mortgage the under-mentioned Government Promissory Notes, *viz.* :—

Nos. 182, 183 and 22953, of the 4 per Cent Loan of 1854-55, of 500 Rupees each, in favor of Mrs. E. M. Bellamy.

13*th June* 1859.

STOLEN on the night of the 20th day of June instant, from the Office of the Gollah Barree Dock Yard Sulkea, the under-mentioned several Government Promissory Notes, namely, a Note No. 70981 of 1856-57, of the new 5 per Cent Loan for Rupees 5,000; a Note No. 70982 of 1856-57, of the new 5 Cent Loan of Rupees 5,000; a Note No. 70983 of 1856-57, of the new 5 per Cent Loan for Rupees 2,000, and a Note No. 63608 of 1856-57, of the new 5 per Cent Loan for Rupees 2,000, all of which several Notes were originally standing in the name of Sreemutty Sunkury Dossee, the Proprietress, who never endorsed the said Notes or any of them to any other person. Payment of the above Notes and of the Interest thereupon respectively has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of Duplicate Notes in favor of the Proprietress.

Lost, Stolen or Destroyed.

The Government Promissory Note, No. 38510, of the Five per Cent. Loan of 1856-57, dated the 28th February 1857, for Company's Rupees 500, originally standing in the name of Henry Hanson, the Proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note, and of Interest thereupon, has been stopped at the Loan Office, and application is about to be made to Government for the issue of a Duplicate Note in favor of the Proprietor.

Henry Hanson,
Quarter Master Serjeant, H. M.'s 53rd Regt.

Notice.

The Government Promissory Note, No. 3265 of 6361, of the four per Cent. Loan of 1835-36, for Rupees 1,000, standing in the name of Mr. R. E. D. Smith, and never endorsed by him, having been lost at Agra on the outbreak of the mutiny, the Public are hereby cautioned against negotiating the same. Payment of the Note and of the Interest thereon has been stopped at the Loan Office of the General Treasury, and application is about being made to Government for the issue of a Duplicate.

Gillanders, Arbut hnot & Co.

Calcutta, 28th June 1859.

Lost.

Half of a Bank of Bengal Note, No. 09340C, for Company's Rupees fifty. Payment of which has been stopped at the Bank.

Rutteram Kissen Chund.

Notices issued by the Post-Master General of Bengal.

No. 1694.

THE Public are hereby informed, that in consequence of the War which has broken out, the Austrian Packets hitherto plying between Alexandrian and Trieste have been withdrawn, and letters, &c., to the United Kingdom or the Continent of Europe cannot be forwarded *viâ Trieste* until further orders, and no Mail for the Austrian Post Office at Alexandria will be made up in future.

All letters, &c., for the Ionian Islands will hereafter be forwarded in the Mail for Malta, a branch Packet, to proceed twice a month, having been established between Malta and Corfu; all letters for the Ionian Islands must be prepaid at the Packet Rate of postage, *i. e.*, four annas for ½ ounce, and eight annas for 1 ounce, and adding eight annas for every additional ounce or fraction of an ounce.

C. K. DOVE,
Post-Master General of Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
The 21st June 1859.

No. 859.

The 20th June 1859.—The Overland Mail per Steamer *Bengal* will be closed on Saturday, the 2nd proximo, at 6 P. M.

Letters for Madras, Ceylon, the Straits, China, Mauritius, and Australia, can be sent by this opportunity.

	Weight.	*Viâ* Marseilles.	*Viâ* Southampton
Postage.	Under ½ ounce	Rs. 0 6 0	Rs. 0 0 0
	½ „ „	0 8 0	„ 0 4 0
	¾ „ „	0 14 0	„ 0 0 0
	1 „ „	1 0 0	„ 0 8 0
	2 ounces „	2 0 0	„ 1 0 0

MEMORANDUM showing the Date and Hour of Arrival at the Calcutta Post Office of the Mails which left England on the 26th May 1859, *and the time occupied in sorting the Letters and Papers for delivery.*

Name of the Steamer.	Date and hour at which the Mails were landed at Garden Reach.	Hour at which the Mails arrived at the General Post Office.	Hour at which the Window Delivery commenced.	Hour at which the Peons left Office.	Delivery.	No. of Boxes of Letters. Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.	No. of Boxes of Newspapers and Books. Southampton.	Marseilles.	Total.
Nubia	24th June 1859, at 7¾ P. M.	10¾ P. M.	25th 1 P. M.	1¼ P. M.	2 hours. 15 M.	5	3	8	43	20	63
										Grand Total	71
										France	3
										Ceylon	1
										Madras	1
										Alexandria	1 Bag.
										Gibraltar	1 Ditto.
										Malta	1 Ditto.
										Suez	1 Packet.
										Aden	1 Ditto.
										Galle	2 Ditto.
										Total ...	83

The 25th June 1859.

It is hereby notified that, unless marked for particular Ships, all letters received at the Calcutta Post Office, between Monday, the 20th June 1859, *and Sunday, the 26th June* 1859, *both dates inclusive, were despatched by the under-mentioned Vessels which sailed from Calcutta on dates specified:—*

Letters received on dates from and to	By what Ship despatched.	Bound to	Remarks.
20th June 1859 ..	Steamer *Burmah* ...	Rangoon and Moulmein ...	Left Town on the 21st June 1859.
20th to 25th „ „ ...	„ *Lightning* ...	Penang, Singapore and Hong-Kong.	„ „ 26th „ „
20th to 25th „ „ ...	Ship *Bellaire* ...	Mauritius ..	„ „ „ „

The 28th June 1859.

Printed and Published for the Government by THOMAS JONES, *at the Office of the Bengal Secretariat, Calcutta.*

SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 29, 1859.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section XI. Act I. of 1845, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Behar, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of this District, on the 5th July 1859, for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 7th June 1859:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 362.—Mehal Subbulpoor Koondla Oorf Khyroo Chuck, Monsoomey Bungalee Chuck, Pergunnah Ekil; recorded proprietors, Muhamud Fyz Ally, Juwad Ally, Mudud Ally, Musst. Boodhun, Munsoor Ally, Danish Ally, Joomye, Shaik Boozoorg Ally, Oorf Mujnoo, Immambux, Kurrimbux, Musst. Wuzeerun, Muhamudbux, Musst. Nujjo, Musst. Bundha, Kuramut Hosain, Nadir Ally, Musst. Kadray Oorf Chunda, Musst. Wuzeerun, Shaikh Kasim Ally, Musst. Kajo, Enaet Ally, and Musst. Luckhun, maliks and occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 16-3-1¼.

No. 822.—Mehal Koorwah Bullopoor, Arazee Inglis, Pergunnah Urwul; recorded proprietor, Bhakur Sahoo, occupant and malgoozars; sudder jumma, rupees 0-8-10¾.

No. 915.—Mehal Suckree, Arazee Inglis, Pergunnah Urwal; recorded proprietor, Beharee Sahoo, occupant and malgoozar; sudder jumma, rupees 2-6-0.

No. 1010.—Mehal Chewtah, Hissa Misfee Uz Durroobust Dakhilee Kumalpoor, Pergunnah Uncha; recorded proprietors, Syud Gholam Ubdoolrushud, Shah Utteeboolla, Syud Ameeroolla, Musst. Fusseehun oorf Ummun, Musst. Fyzun oorf Gheeso, Ubdool Ruzuq and Syud Ubdool Kureem, maliks and malgoozars; sudder jumma, rupees 10-4-3.

Class II.—Estates not permanently-settled.

No. 1210.—Mehal Durrooah, Pergunnah Bellaunja; recorded proprietors, Balgobindram Patuck, Joygobindram Patuck, Jaygopalram Patuck, Dabeeram, Surroopdhareeram, and Teelukdhareeram, maliks; sudder jumma, rupees 60-0-0.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 1669.—Mehal Maunpoor Tetrawan, Lot 4, Pergunnah Behar; recorded proprietors, Mussts. Wuzeerun and Phakun, occupants and maliks; sudder jumma, rupees 22-14-0.

No. 2085.—Mehal Chuck Ubdoolrushud, Uz Ruqbey, Jullalpoor Kako, Nisfee Jullalpoor, Muckdoompoor Kako, Fureedunpoor Kako, and Chuck Jullalpoor, Pergunnah Bhellawur; recorded proprietors, Shaikh Mosahib Ally, Shaikh Chundoo, Musst. Fuseehay, Shaikh Bhuttun, Mobaruk Ally, and Musst. Nazo, occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 15-8-11.

No. 2107.—Mehal Chuck, Gooha Uz Ruqbey Burhowrah, Pergunnah Bhellawur; recorded proprietors, Shaikh Gholam Hosain, Ubbool Hosain, Oorf Busharut Hosain, Musst. Oomatool Fatimah, Kuneez Fatimah, Musst. Azeemoon Njssa, Jhugroo Patuck, Shaikh Yar Ally, Oorf Ainoollah, Musst. Ameerun, Shaikh Wajid Hosain, Musst. Fuzeellulool Nissa, Musst. Phukun, Musst. Muhboobun Oorf Zabun, Meer Gholam Hoosance, Muzhur Hosain, Waez Hosain, Iltaf Hosain, Welaet Hosain, Tujamool Hosain and Musst. Nuzeerun, malgoozars; sudder jumma, rupees 44-4-10.

Class IV.—Arrears due on account of Estates.

No. 2116.—Mehal Simrah, Chuck Simrah, Pergunnah Bhellawur; recorded proprietors, Musst. Muckdoomun, Nujmoodeen, Nuseebun, Musst. Ameerum and Wuheedun, occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 510-15-6, including malikana from which the rights and interests of Musst. Muckdooman, heiress of Musst. Mudeehun, deceased, surety of Busharut Hosain, the son of Chandry Khadim Hosain and farmer of Mouzah Samadhee Boozoorg, Pergunnah Tilhara, Zillah Patna, will be sold on account of Arrears of rent due from him.

Class II.—Estates not permanently-settled.

No. 2223.—Mehal Nugurwa Turree, &c., 20 kullums, Pergunnah Putchrookhee; recorded proprietors, Tekait Juggurnath Sing, Rugbeer Sing, Nursing Narain, and Ruttun Chunder, maliks and occupants; sudder jumma, rupees 1,116-7-11.

No. 2227.—Mehal Puchturwah, Chuprah Gaghan, Boozoorg Ghagun, Khoord Muneeardeep, Chuck Dooaree, Hunmut Khajooree, Munjlahdeep, Jognee Khoord, and Mahoo Chuck, 11 kullums, Pergunnah Pulchrookhee; recorded proprietor, Gungapershad, occupant; sudder jumma, rupees 825-0-0.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 2310.—Mehal Surthooa Ruttun oorf Beeroopoor, Pergunnah Telhara, in the Hulka of Pergunnah Ookree; recorded proprietor, Himmut Sing; sudder jumma, rupees 892-15-6.

No. 3931.—Mehal Hissa Rampoor, Pergunnah Kotoomba; recorded proprietors, Mahtha Ramsuhaz, Soobuns loll, Thummun Sing and others; maliks and malgoozars; sudder jumma, rupees 64-0-0.

No. 4743.—Mehal Ghanspoor Bhogdad, Pergunnah Ekil; recorded proprietors, Shaikh Yar Ally oorf Ainoollah, Mussamut Fuzeelut Oonnissa, Mussamut Joomah, Ubdool Summid, Oomatool Nissa, Muhamud Hossein, Mussamut Luteefun, Muhamud Ahsun, Mussamut Zaheday and Mussamut Munjun, maliks and malgoozars; sudder jumma, rupees 14-7-9.

No. 4746.—Mehal Dhunnoutee Ekhtearpoor, Oorf Meer Chuck, Pergunnah Ekil; recorded proprietors, Shaikh Yar Ally Oorf Ainoolah, Mussamut Fuzeeluttoon Nissa, Mussamut Jooma, Mussamut Oomatool Nissa, Muhamud Hossain, Mussamut Luteefun, Shaikh Muhamud Ahsun, Ubdool Summud, Mussamut Zaheday, Mussamut Munjun, maliks and malgoozars; sudder jumma, rupees 10-11-11.

D. CUNLIFFE,
Collector.

BEHAR COLLECTORSHIP;
Gyah,
The 13th June 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the under-mentioned Estate, in Zillah Bhaugulpore, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on Tuesday, the 5th July 1859, or 20th Ausar 1266, for Arrears of Revenue:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estate.

No. 277.—Mouzah Shahpoor Tumownee, Pergunnah Colgong; recorded proprietors, Mudun Thakoor, Bheekary Loll and Bujrung Shoye; sudder jumma, rupees 524-6-4¾.

J. R. MUSPRATT,
Collector.

BHAUGULPORE;
Collector's Office,
The 16th June 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act XI. of 1859, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Monghyr, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 9th July 1859, for Arrears of Revenue and other demands which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as Arrears of Revenue due on the 7th June 1859:—

Clause I.—Permanently-settled Mehals.

No. 547.—Tuppeh Surrounjah Oovaynee, Pergunnah Furkeah; recorded proprietors, Boonead Singh and others; sudder jumma, rupees 563-15-0.

No. 851.—Mouzah Ooleepore, Pergunnah Mulkee; recorded proprietors, Surrubjit Roy and others; sudder jumma, rupees 1,228-5-9.

W. T. TUCKER,
Collector.

MONGHYR;
Collector's Office,
The 20th June 1859.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI. Act XI. of 1859, that the under-mentioned Estates, in Zillah Shahabad, will be put up to public and unreserved Sale, for Arrears of Revenue, at the Office of the Collector of that District, on Monday, the 18th July 1859, corresponding with 3rd Sawun 1266 F. S.:—

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 308.—Mehal Kaimnuggur, Pergunnah Barragawan, Tilluck Rai, Suhdumun Rai, Ramghoolam Rai, Shewchurn Rai, Abheeman Rai, Achumbhit Rai and Shewraj Sing, recorded proprietors; sudder jumma, rupees 666-12-8.

No. 2385.—Mehal Dhunaij, Pergunnah Sasseram, Mussamut Bhawut Kooer, Peeary Lall, Bahadoor Rai, Sreeuns Doss *alias* Nunhai Lall, Joogun Lall, Moonsubrit Doss and Anunt Doss *alias* Leewur Doss, recorded proprietors; sudder jumma, rupees 704. This Estate is under Butwarrah and only the share of Mussamut Bhawut Kooer is for sale under Section XXXIII. Regulation XIX. of 1814.

A. HOPE,
Offg. Collector.

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE;
Buxar,
The 21st June 1859.

PRINTED BY THOMAS JONES, AT THE BENGAL SECRETARIAT OFFICE.

S-264=